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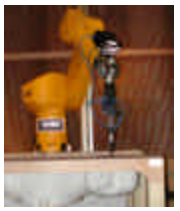

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)

APPLICANT NAME & ADDRESS:
Symbol Technologies, Inc.
One Symbol Plaza MS B5
Holtsville, NY 11742-1300

DATE & LOCATION OF TESTING:
Dates of Tests: May 4-11 & July 18-20, 2005
Test Report S/N: 0505060351-R1
Test Site: PCTEST Lab, Columbia MD

FCC ID:	**H9PMC9097**
APPLICANT:	**SYMBOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.**

EUT Type:	**Handheld Terminal**
Tx/Rx Frequency:	**2402 – 2480 MHz / 2412 – 2462 MHz (CCK/OFDM)** **5180 – 5320 MHz / 5745 – 5825 MHz (OFDM)** **806 – 825 MHz / 896 – 902 MHz (IDEN 800/900)**
Max. RF Output Power:	**19.37 / 19.32 dBm Peak Conducted (2.4 GHz CCK/OFDM)** **18.46 dBm Peak Conducted (5.8 GHz OFDM)** **18.98 dBm Peak Conducted (5.2 GHz OFDM)** **28.23 dBm Peak Conducted (IDEN 800MHz)** **28.33 dBm Peak Conducted (IDEN 900MHz)** **28.23 dBm Peak Conducted (WIDEN 800MHz)** **28.33 dBm Peak Conducted (WIDEN 900MHz)**
Max. SAR Measurement:	**0.056 W/kg 802.11b Body SAR; 0.052 W/kg 802.11g Body SAR;** **0.149 W/kg 802.11a (5.3MHz) Body SAR;** **0.125 W/kg 802.11a (5.8MHz) Body SAR;** **0.158 W/kg IDEN (800MHz) Body SAR; 0.143 IDEN (900MHz) Body SAR** **0.128 W/kg WIDEN (800MHz) Body SAR; 0.157 WIDEN (900MHz) Body SAR**
Trade Name/Model(s):	**MC9097-SKTH9EHA7WW/-KKTH9EHA7WW**
FCC Classification(s):	**Digital Transmission System (DTS)** **Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (NII)** **Licensed Non-Broadcast Transmitter (TNB)**
FCC Rule Part(s):	**§2.1093; FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [July 2001]**
Application Type:	**Certification**
Test Device Serial No.:	***identical* prototype [S/N: #ALP82117, ALP82022]**

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (2001) and IEEE Std. 1528 - 2003. The WLAN tested for this filing has previously been certified under Symbol FCC ID: H9P2121160. The unit comes in two model types. Each type has its own body worn accessory. All were evaluated for SAR. S/N: ALP82022 was evaluated first and engineering judgments were from this unit with respect to channel and data rate worse cases.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.

Alfred Cirwithian
Vice President Engineering

Model:
KKTH9EHA7WW

Model:
SKTH9AHA7WW

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1. INTRODUCTION / SAR DEFINITION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radiofrequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.[1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in *IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz*. (c) 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017.[2] The measurement procedure described in *IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave*[3] is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in *Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields,"* NCRP Report No. 86 (c) NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814.[6] SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (r). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 1.1).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dU}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dU}{r\,dv}\right)$$

Figure 1.1
SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = s\,E^2 / r$$

where:

s	=	conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)
r	=	mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m^3)
E	=	Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

2. SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

Robotic System

Measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY4 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium III computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 2.1).

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Gateway Pentium 4 2.53 GHz computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

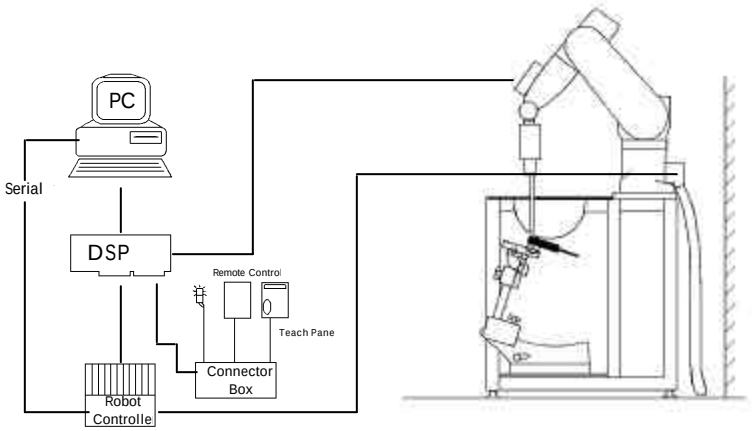

Figure 2.1 SAR Measurement System Setup

System Electronics

The DAE3 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in [7].

3. DASY4 E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM

Probe Measurement System

Figure 3.1 DAE System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6, designed in the classical triangular configuration [7] (see Fig. 3.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip (see Fig. 3.3). It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting (see Fig.3.1). The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

Probe Specifications

Calibration:	In air from 10 MHz to 6 GHz
	In brain and muscle simulating tissue at
	Frequencies of 150 MHz, 450 MHz, 835 MHz, 900 MHz, 1900MHz, 2450MHz, 5300MHz, & 5800MHz
Frequency:	10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
	(30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity:	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)
	± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal probe axis)
Dynamic:	5 :W/g to > 100 mW/g;
Range:	Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions:	Overall length: 330 mm
	Tip length: 16 mm
	Body diameter: 12 mm
	Tip diameter: 3 mm
	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2 mm
Application:	General dosimetry up to 6 GHz
	Compliance tests of mobile phones
	Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

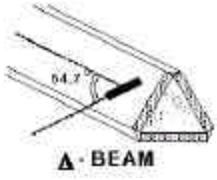

Figure 3.1 Triangular Probe Configuration

Figure 3.2 Probe Thick-Film Technique

4. PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in [8] with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in [9] and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz (see Fig. 4.1), and in a waveguide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

Temperature Assessment *

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe (see Fig. 4.2).

$$SAR = C\frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot s}{r}$$

where:

σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm^3 for brain tissue)

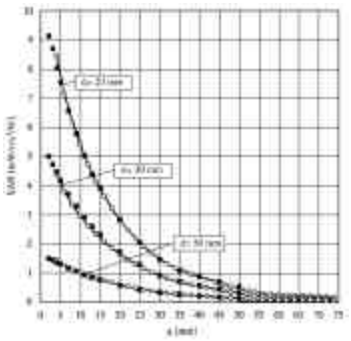

Figure 4.1 E-Field and Temperature measurements at 900MHz [7]

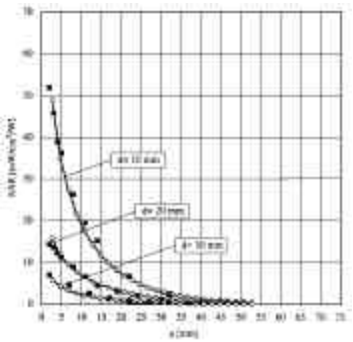

Figure 4.2 E-Field and temperature measurements at 1.9GHz [7]

**NOTE: The temperature calibration was not performed by PCTEST. For information use only.*

5. PHANTOM & EQUIVALENT TISSUES

SAM Phantom

Figure 5.1 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users [11][12]. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 5.1)

Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization

Figure 5.2 Simulated Tissue

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxethylcellullose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 6.1). Preservation with a bacteriacide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 have been incorporated in the following table. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not bee specified in P1528 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Hartsgrove [13].(see Fig. 5.2)

Table 5.1 Composition of the Brain & Muscle Tissue Equivalent Matter

INGREDIENTS		SIMULATING TISSUE			
		2450MHz Brain	2450MHz Muscle	5800MHz Brain	5800MHz Muscle
Mixture Percentage					
WATER		62.70	73.2	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
DGBE		0.000	26.7	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
SUGAR		0.000	0.000	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
SALT		0.5	0.04	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
BACTERIACIDE		0.000	0.000	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
HEC		0.000	0.000	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
Dielectric Constant	Target	40.3	52.7	35.84	48.2
Conductivity (S/m)	Target	1.88	1.95	5.28	6.000

Device Holder for Transmitters

Figure 5.2 Mounting Device

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0, the Mounting Device (see Fig. 5.2) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatably be positioned according to the FCC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

* Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations [12]. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.

6. TEST SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

Automated Test System Specifications

Positioner

Robot: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX60L

Repeatability: 0.02 mm

No. of axis: 6

Figure 6.1 DASY4 Test System

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor: Pentium 4

Clock Speed: 2.53 GHz

Operating System: Windows XP Professional

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, & control logic

Software: DASY4 software

Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.
Optical uplink for commands and clock

PC Interface Card

Function: 24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing
Link to DAE3
16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system
serial link to robot
direct emergency stop output for robot

E-Field Probes

Model: EX3DV4 S/N: 3550

Construction: Triangular core

Frequency: 10 MHz to 6 GHz

Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Phantom

Phantom: SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0)

Shell Material: VIVAC Composite

Thickness: 2.0 ± 0.2 mm

7. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT & PHANTOM SPECS

Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure:

1. The SAR measurement was taken at a selected spatial reference point to monitor power variations during testing. This fixed location point was measured and used as a reference value.
2. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 3.9mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm x 15mm.
3. Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume of 32mm x 32mm x 34mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 7 x 7 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see Fig. 7.1):

Figure 7.1 Sample SAR Area Scan

a. The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm [15]. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

b. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions) [15][16]. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.

c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as procedure #1, was re-measured. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation is repeated.

Deviation from measurement procedure - None

Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Twin Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Fig. 7.2). The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimized reflections from the upper surface. The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15cm to minimize reflections from the upper surface.

Figure 7.2 SAM Twin Phantom shell

8. DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

EAR Reference Point

Figure 8.1 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 9.2. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 8.2). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

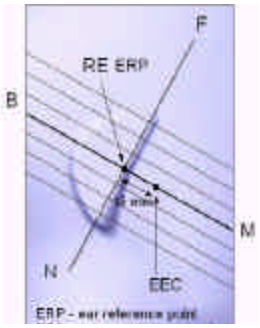

Figure 8.2 Close-up side view of ERPs

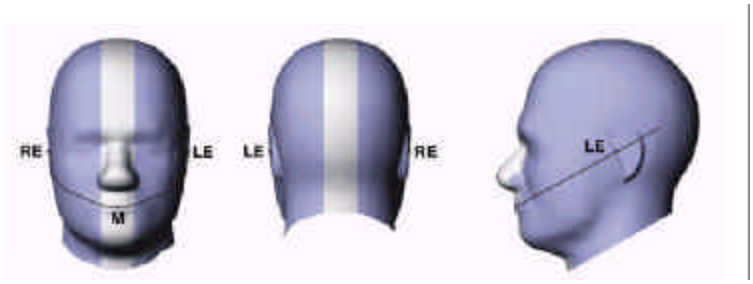

Figure 8.1 Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom

Handset Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 8.3). The "test device reference point" was than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.

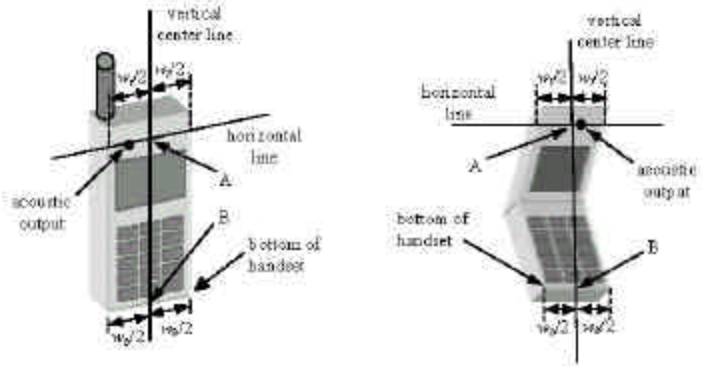

Figure 8.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

9. TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS

Body Holster /Belt Clip Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.5). A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Figure 9.5 Body Belt Clip & Holster Configurations

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration where a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. All test position spacings are documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

In all cases SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. Worst-case positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.

In order for users to be aware of the body-worn operating requirements for meeting RF exposure compliance, operating instructions and cautions statements are included in the user's manual.

10. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 - 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 10.1. Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure [2]

	HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS	
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR [1] Brain	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR [2] Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR [3] Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

1 The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2 The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3 The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

11. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES 5 GHz Band

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = cxf/e	i = cxg/e	k
Uncertainty Component	**Sec.**	**Tol. (± %)**	**Prob. Dist.**	**Div.**	**c_i (1 - g)**	**c_i (10 - g)**	**1 - g u_i (± %)**	**10 - g u_i (± %)**	**v_i**
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E1.1	4.8	N	1	1	1	8.3	8.3	∞
Axial Isotropy	E1.2	4.7	R	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E1.2	9.6	R	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E1.3	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E1.4	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E1.5	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E1.6	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E1.7	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E1.8	2.6	R	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E5.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E5.2	0.4	R	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E5.3	2.9	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E4.2	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E3.2.1	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder Uncertainty	E3.1.1	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.6.2	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E2.1	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E2.2	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E2.2	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E2.2	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E2.2	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.5	1.5	1.2	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)			RSS				12.3	12.1	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							24.6	24.2	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE 1528-2003

11. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES 2.4 GHz Band

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = cxf/e	i = cxg/e	k
Uncertainty Component	**Sec.**	**Tol. (± %)**	**Prob. Dist.**	**Div.**	**c_i (1 - g)**	**c_i (10 - g)**	**1 - g u_i (± %)**	**10 - g u_i (± %)**	**v_i**
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E1.1	4.8	N	1	1	1	4.8	4.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	E1.2	4.7	R	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E1.2	9.6	R	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E1.3	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E1.4	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E1.5	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E1.6	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E1.7	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E1.8	2.6	R	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E5.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E5.2	0.4	R	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E5.3	2.9	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E4.2	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E3.2.1	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder Uncertainty	E3.1.1	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.6.2	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E2.1	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E2.2	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E2.2	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E2.2	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E2.2	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.5	1.5	1.2	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)			RSS				10.3	10.0	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							20.6	20.1	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE 1528-2003

13. SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY

See Measurement Result Data Pages

The EUT was placed into continuous transmit mode using the manufacturer's software. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4].

Device Test Conditions

The EUT is powered through the internal battery. In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the maximum output power. If a power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated.

12.1 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Tissue Verification

Table 12.1.1 Simulated Tissue Verification [5]

MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS									
	05-04-2005	835MHz Brain		835MHz Muscle		900MHz Brain		900MHz Muscle	
Liquid	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		41.50	42.61	55.20	52.58	41.50	-	55.00	52.67
Conductivity: σ		0.900	0.88	0.970	0.99	0.97	-	1.05	1.02
MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS									
	05-09-2005	2450MHz Brain		2450MHz Muscle		5300MHz Brain		5300MHz Muscle	
Liquid	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		39.20	40.56	52.70	53.62	36.00	-	49.00	-
Conductivity: σ		1.800	1.84	1.950	1.93	1.800	-	5.300	-
MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS									
	05-10-2005	5300MHz Brain		5300MHz Muscle		5800MHz Brain		5800MHz Muscle	
Liquid	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		35.99	-	48.90	47.65	35.30	35.81	48.20	46.74
Conductivity: σ		4.88	-	5.42	5.49	5.27	5.39	6.00	5.98
MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS									
	07-20-2005	835MHz Brain		835MHz Muscle		900MHz Brain		900MHz Muscle	
Liquid	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		35.99	42.16	42.61	54.10	52.58	-	42.61	53.20
Conductivity: σ		4.88	0.90	0.88	0.98	0.99	-	0.88	1.01

Test System Validation

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the ±10% of the specifications at 835MHz, 1900MHz, 2450MHz, 5300MHz and 5800MHz by using the system validation kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 12.1.2 System Validation [5]

System Validation TARGET & MEASURED							
Date:	**Amb. Temp (℃)**	**Liquid Temp(℃)**	**Input Power (W)**	**Tissue**	**Targeted SAR_{1g} (mW/g)**	**Measured SAR_{1g} (mW/g)**	**Deviation (%)**
05/04/2005	23.6	20.8	**0.250**	**835 MHz Brain**	**2.375**	2.430	2.31
05/05/2005	23.7	20.9	**0.250**	**835 MHz Brain**	**2.375**	2.480	4.42
05/09/2005	23.5	20.7	**0.100**	**2450MHz Brain**	**5.240**	5.460	4.19
05/10/2005	23.8	20.9	**0.025**	**5800MHz Brain**	**2.250**	2.390	6.22
0718/2005	23.4	20.6	**0.250**	**835 MHz Brain**	**2.375**	2.410	1.47
07/19/2005	23.5	20.8	**0.250**	**835 MHz Brain**	**2.375**	2.450	3.15
07/20/2005	23.6	20.9	**0.100**	**2450MHz Brain**	**5.240**	5.410	3.24
07/20/2005	23.6	20.9	**0.025**	**5800MHz Brain**	**2.250**	2.330	3.55

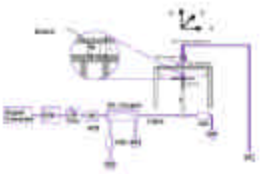

Figure 12.1.3 Dipole Validation Test Setup

13. SAR DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9097-KKTH9EHA7WW

13.1 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡		Test Position	IDEN 800/900 (MHz)	WIDEN 800/900 (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Mem.Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)										
2437	06	DSSS	19.39	19.38	Front	-	-	5.5	-	-	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.032
2437	06	DSSS	19.38	19.39	Back	-	-	5.5	-	-	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.007
2437	06	DSSS	19.38	19.38	Front	-	-	5.5	-	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.036
2437	06	DSSS	19.38	19.40	Front	-	-	5.5	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.043
2437	06	DSSS	19.39	19.38	Front	-	-	1	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.031
2437	06	DSSS	19.38	19.37	Front	-	-	2	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.039
2437	06	DSSS	19.37	19.38	Front	-	-	11	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.047
2437	06	DSSS	19.39	19.39	Front	-	-	11	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.053
2437	06	DSSS	19.37	19.39	Front	815.47	-	11	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	**0.056**
2437	06	DSSS	19.39	19.40	Front	898.99	-	11	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.050
2437	06	DSSS	19.40	19.38	Front	-	815.47	11	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.052
2437	06	DSSS	19.38	19.39	Front	-	898.99	11	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.048

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT	Muscle
Spatial Peak	1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	averaged over 1 gram

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data bit rates, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	‡Power Measured	☒	Conducted	☐	ERP	☐	EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	☒	DASY4	☐	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration	☐	Left Head	☒	Flat Phantom	☐	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	☐	Head	☒	Body	☐	Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode	☒	Software	☐	Base Station Simulator		

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

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Vice President Engineering

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9097-KKTH9EHA7WW

13.2 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11g, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡		Test Position	IDEN 800/900 (MHz)	WIDEN 800/900 (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Mem. Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)										
2437	06	DSSS	19.32	19.32	Front	-	-	6	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.039
2437	06	DSSS	19.33	19.33	Front	-	-	9	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.047
2437	06	DSSS	19.32	19.32	Front	-	-	12	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.038
2437	06	DSSS	19.32	19.33	Front	-	-	18	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.040
2437	06	DSSS	19.32	19.32	Front	-	-	24	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.036
2437	06	DSSS	19.33	19.31	Front	-	-	36	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.032
2437	06	DSSS	19.31	19.32	Front	-	-	48	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.029
2437	06	DSSS	19.32	19.33	Front	-	-	54	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.026
2437	06	DSSS	19.32	19.32	Front	-	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	**0.052**
2437	06	DSSS	19.33	19.34	Front	815.47	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.049
2437	06	DSSS	19.32	19.33	Front	898.99	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.050
2437	06	DSSS	19.34	19.32	Front	-	815.47	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.049
2437	06	DSSS	19.33	19.34	Front	-	898.99	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.050

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data bit rates, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	‡Power Measured	☒	Conducted	☐	ERP	☐	EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	☒	DASY4	☐	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration	☐	Left Head	☒	Flat Phantom	☐	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	☐	Head	☒	Body	☐	Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode	☒	Software	☐	Base Station Simulator		

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

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SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9097-KKTH9EHA7WW

13.3 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (Bluetooth, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡		Test Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Memory Card	IDEN 800/900 (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)								
2441	39	FHSS	-0.16	-0.18	Front	-	-	-	Fixed	2.5 cm	**0.002**
2441	39	FHSS	-0.15	-0.17	Front	-	SD	-	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.002
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					**Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) **averaged over 1 gram						

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	‡Power Measured	☒	Conducted	☐	ERP	☐	EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	☒	DASY4	☐	IDX ☐		
	Phantom Configuration	☐	Left Head	☒	Flat Phantom	☐	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	☐	Head	☒	Body	☐	Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode	☒	Software	❑	Base Station Simulator		

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

Alfred Cirwithian
Vice President Engineering

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 5800MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9097-KKTH9EHA7WW

13.4 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11a, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡		Test Position	IDEN 800/900 (MHz)	WIDEN 800/900 (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Mem. Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)										
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.96	Front	-	-	24	-	-	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.057
5260	52	OFDM	18.98	18.97	Front	-	-	24	-	-	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.006
5260	52	OFDM	18.98	18.96	Front	-	-	24	-	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.063
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.98	Front	-	-	24	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.081
5260	52	OFDM	18.98	18.97	Front	-	-	6	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.138
5260	52	OFDM	18.98	18.97	Front	-	-	9	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.142
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.96	Front	-	-	12	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.137
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.98	Front	-	-	18	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.116
5260	52	OFDM	18.98	18.97	Front	-	-	36	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.103
5260	52	OFDM	18.98	18.98	Front	-	-	48	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.098
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.97	Front	-	-	54	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.92
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.96	Front	-	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.143
5260	52	OFDM	18.98	18.98	Front	815.47	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	**0.149**
5260	52	OFDM	18.98	18.97	Front	898.99	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.146
5260	52	OFDM	18.96	18.97	Front	-	815.47	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.142
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.98	Front	-	898.99	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.137

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT	Muscle
Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data bit rates, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.
4. ‡Power Measured ☒ Conducted ☐ ERP ☐ EIRP
   SAR Measurement System ☒ DASY4 ☐ IDX
   Phantom Configuration ☐ Left Head ☒ Flat Phantom ☐ Right Head
5. SAR Configuration ☐ Head ☒ Body ☐ Hand
6. Test Signal Call Mode ☒ Software ❑ Base Station Simulator
7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

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SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 5800MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9097-KKTH9EHA7WW

13.5 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11a, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡		Test Position	IDEN 800/900 (MHz)	WIDEN 800/900 (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Mem. Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)										
5805	161	OFDM	18.46	18.48	Front	-	-	9	-	-	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.062
5805	161	OFDM	18.48	18.47	Front	-	-	9	-	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.081
5805	161	OFDM	18.48	18.48	Front	-	-	9	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.102
5805	161	OFDM	18.47	18.46	Front	-	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.109
5805	161	OFDM	18.46	18.47	Front	815.47	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	**0.114**
5805	161	OFDM	18.48	18.47	Front	898.99	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.112
5805	161	OFDM	18.50	18.49	Front	-	815.47	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.107
5805	161	OFDM	18.49	18.48	Front	-	898.99	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.110

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	‡Power Measured	☒	Conducted	☐	ERP	☐ EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	☒	DASY4	☐	IDX	
	Phantom Configuration	☐	Left Head	☒	Flat Phantom	☐ Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	☐	Head	☒	Body	☐ Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode	☒	Software	☐	Base Station Simulator	

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

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SAR DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type: 835MHz Muscle

Model: MC9097-KKTH9EHA7WW

13.6 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IDEN 800MHz, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡ (dBm)		Test Position	Data Rate Mbps	WLAN 802.11 a/b/g (MHz)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.											
815.47	758	IDEN	28.23	28.24	Front	-	-	-	-	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.006
815.47	758	IDEN	28.24	28.22	Back	-	-	-	-	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.119
815.47	758	IDEN	28.25	28.23	Back	-	-	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.118
815.47	758	IDEN	28.25	28.23	Back	11	2437	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.125
815.47	758	IDEN	28.24	28.21	Back	9	2437	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.123
815.47	758	IDEN	28.22	28.24	Back	9	5260	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.146
815.47	758	IDEN	28.23	28.22	Back	9	5805	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	**0.158**
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					**Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram**							

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

‡Power Measured	☒	Conducted	☐	ERP	☐	EIRP	
4. SAR Measurement System	☒	DASY4	☐	IDX			
Phantom Configuration	☐	Left Head	☒	Flat Phantom	☐	Right Head	
5. SAR Configuration	☐	Head	☒	Body	☐	Hand	
6. Test Signal Call Mode	☒	Software	☐	Base Station Simulator			

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

Alfred Cirwithian
Vice President Engineering

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 900MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9097-KKTH9EHA7WW

13.7 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IDEN 900MHz, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡ (dBm)		Test Position	Data Rate Mbps	WLAN 802.11 a/b/g (MHz)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.											
898.99	239	IDEN	28.34	28.32	Front	-	-	-	-	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.004
898.99	239	IDEN	28.31	28.33	Back	-	-	-	-	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.107
898.99	239	IDEN	28.32	28.34	Back	-	-	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.110
898.99	239	IDEN	28.32	28.34	Back	11	2437	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.116
898.99	239	IDEN	28.32	28.30	Back	9	2437	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.113
898.99	239	IDEN	28.34	28.34	Back	9	5260	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.124
898.99	239	IDEN	28.33	28.32	Back	9	5805	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	**0.136**
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT **Spatial Peak** **Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population**					**Muscle** **1.6 W/kg (mW/g)** averaged over 1 gram							

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	‡Power Measured	☒	Conducted	☐	ERP	☐	EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	☒	DASY4	☐	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration	☐	Left Head	☒	Flat Phantom	☐	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	☐	Head	☒	Body	☐	Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode	☒	Software	☐	Base Station Simulator		

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

Alfred Cirwithian
Vice President Engineering

SAR DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type: 835MHz Muscle

Model: MC9097-KKTH9EHA7WW

13.8 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (WIDEN 800MHz, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡ (dBm)		Test Position	Data Rate Mbps	WLAN 802.11 a/b/g (MHz)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.											
815.47	758	WIDEN	28.24	28.25	Front	-	-	-	-	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.003
815.47	758	WIDEN	28.24	28.23	Back	-	-	-	-	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.085
815.47	758	WIDEN	28.25	28.24	Back	-	-	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.098
815.47	758	WIDEN	28.23	28.23	Back	11	2437	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.105
815.47	758	WIDEN	28.24	28.23	Back	9	2437	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.102
815.47	758	WIDEN	28.25	28.24	Back	9	5260	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	**0.128**
815.47	758	WIDEN	28.24	28.22	Back	9	5805	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.113
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					**Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram**							

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

‡Power Measured	☒	Conducted	☐	ERP	☐	EIRP	
4. SAR Measurement System	☒	DASY4	☐	IDX			
Phantom Configuration	☐	Left Head	☒	Flat Phantom	☐	Right Head	
5. SAR Configuration	☐	Head	☒	Body	☐	Hand	
6. Test Signal Call Mode	☒	Software	☐	Base Station Simulator			

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

Alfred Cirwithian
Vice President Engineering

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 900MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9097-KKTH9EHA7WW

13.9 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (WIDEN 900MHz, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡ (dBm)		Test Position	Data Rate Mbps	WLAN 802.11 a/b/g (MHz)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.											
898.99	239	WIDEN	28.33	28.34	Front	-	-	-	-	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.004
898.99	239	WIDEN	28.34	28.33	Back	-	-	-	-	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.107
898.99	239	WIDEN	28.33	28.33	Back	-	-	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.111
898.99	239	WIDEN	28.34	28.34	Back	11	2437	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.131
898.99	239	WIDEN	28.32	28.33	Back	9	2437	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.112
898.99	239	WIDEN	28.34	28.35	Back	9	5260	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.138
898.99	239	WIDEN	28.35	28.33	Back	9	5805	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	**0.157**
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT **Spatial Peak** **Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population**					**Muscle** **1.6 W/kg (mW/g)** averaged over 1 gram							

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	‡Power Measured	☒	Conducted	☐	ERP	☐	EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	☒	DASY4	☐	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration	☐	Left Head	☒	Flat Phantom	☐	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	☐	Head	☒	Body	☐	Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode	☒	Software	☐	Base Station Simulator		

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

14.1 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Tissue Verification

Table 14.1 Simulated Tissue Verification [5]

MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS									
	05-04-2005	835MHz Brain		835MHz Muscle		1900MHz Brain		1900MHz Muscle	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		41.50	42.61	55.20	52.58	41.50	-	55.00	52.67
Conductivity: σ		0.900	0.88	0.970	0.99	0.970	-	1.05	1.02
MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS									
	05-09-2005	2450MHz Brain		2450MHz Muscle		5300MHz Brain		5300MHz Muscle	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		39.20	38.86	52.70	53.62	35.30	-	48.20	-
Conductivity: σ		1.800	1.84	1.950	1.93	5.270	-	6.000	-
MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS									
	05-10-2005	5300MHz Brain		5300MHz Muscle		5800MHz Brain		5800MHz Muscle	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		35.30	-	48.90	47.65	35.30	36.48	48.20	46.74
Conductivity: σ		5.270	-	5.42	5.49	5.27	5.39	6.00	5.98
MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS									
	07-20-2005	835MHz Brain		835MHz Muscle		900MHz Brain		900MHz Muscle	
Liquid	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		35.99	42.16	42.61	54.10	52.58	-	42.61	53.20
Conductivity: σ		4.88	0.90	0.88	0.98	0.99	-	0.88	1.01

Test System Validation

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the ±10% of the specifications at 835MHz, 1900MHz, 2450MHz, 5300MHz and 5800MHz by using the system validation kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 14.2 System Validation [5]

System Validation TARGET & MEASURED							
Date:	**Amb. Temp (℃)**	**Liquid Temp(℃)**	**Input Power (W)**	**Tissue**	**Targeted SAR_{1g} (mW/g)**	**Measured SAR_{1g} (mW/g)**	**Deviation (%)**
05/04/2005	23.6	20.8	**0.250**	**835 MHz Brain**	**2.375**	2.430	2.31
05/05/2005	23.7	20.9	**0.250**	**835 MHz Brain**	**2.375**	2.480	4.42
05/09/2005	23.5	20.7	**0.100**	**2450MHz Brain**	**5.240**	5.460	4.19
05/10/2005	23.6	20.8	**0.025**	**5800MHz Brain**	**2.250**	2.390	6.22
05/11/2005	23.7	20.9	**0.025**	**5800MHz Brain**	**2.250**	2.330	3.55
0718/2005	23.4	20.6	**0.250**	**835 MHz Brain**	**2.375**	2.410	1.47
07/19/2005	23.5	20.8	**0.250**	**835 MHz Brain**	**2.375**	2.450	3.15
07/20/2005	23.6	20.9	**0.100**	**2450MHz Brain**	**5.240**	5.410	3.24
07/20/2005	23.6	20.9	**0.025**	**5800MHz Brain**	**2.250**	2.330	3.55

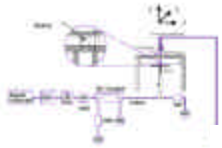

Figure 14.3 Dipole Validation Test Setup

14. SAR DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type: 835MHz Muscle

Model: MC9097-SKTH9EHA7WW

15.1 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IDEN 800MHz, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡ (dBm)		Test Position	WLAN 802.11 a/b/g (MHz)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.										
815.47	758	IDEN	28.22	28.23	Front	-	-	-	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.008
815.47	758	IDEN	28.23	28.23	Back	-	-	-	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.102
815.47	758	IDEN	28.24	28.23	Back	-	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.105
815.47	758	IDEN	28.22	28.21	Back	2437	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.124
815.47	758	IDEN	28.23	28.24	Back	2437	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.116
815.47	758	IDEN	28.24	28.23	Back	5260	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	**0.129**
815.47	758	IDEN	28.22	28.23	Back	5805	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.122
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					**Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram**						

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	‡Power Measured	☒	Conducted	☐	ERP	☐	EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	☒	DASY4	☐	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration	☐	Left Head	☒	Flat Phantom	☐	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	☐	Head	☒	Body	☐	Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode	☒	Software	☐	Base Station Simulator		

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

Alfred Ciwithian
Vice President Engineering

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 900MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9097-SKTH9EHA7WW

15.2 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IDEN 900MHz, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡		Test Position	WLAN 802.11 a/b/g (MHz)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)								
898.99	239	IDEN	28.33	28.34	Front	-	-	-	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.004
898.99	239	IDEN	28.34	28.32	Back	-	-	-	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.126
898.99	239	IDEN	28.32	28.34	Back	-	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.135
898.99	239	IDEN	28.34	28.32	Back	2437	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	**0.143**
898.99	239	IDEN	28.33	28.33	Back	2437	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.131
898.99	239	IDEN	28.34	28.33	Back	5260	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.137
898.99	239	IDEN	28.32	28.34	Back	5805	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.140
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					**Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram**						

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	‡Power Measured	☒	Conducted	☐	ERP	☐	EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	☒	DASY4	☐	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration	☐	Left Head	☒	Flat Phantom	☐	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	☐	Head	☒	Body	☐	Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode	☒	Software	☐	Base Station Simulator		

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

Alfred Cirwithian
Vice President Engineering

15. SAR DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type: 835MHz Muscle

Model: MC9097-SKTH9EHA7WW

15.3 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (WIDEN 800MHz, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡ (dBm)		Test Position	WLAN 802.11 a/b/g (MHz)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.										
815.47	758	WIDEN	28.28	28.26	Front	-	-	-	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.003
815.47	758	WIDEN	28.26	28.25	Back	-	-	-	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.064
815.47	758	WIDEN	28.24	28.26	Back	-	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.093
815.47	758	WIDEN	28.25	28.23	Back	2437	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.102
815.47	758	WIDEN	28.26	28.24	Back	2437	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.097
815.47	758	WIDEN	28.25	28.25	Back	5260	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	**0.117**
815.47	758	WIDEN	28.24	28.23	Back	5805	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.112
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					**Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram**						

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	‡Power Measured	☒	Conducted	☐	ERP	☐	EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	☒	DASY4	☐	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration	☐	Left Head	☒	Flat Phantom	☐	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	☐	Head	☒	Body	☐	Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode	☒	Software	☐	Base Station Simulator		

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

Alfred Ciwithian
Vice President Engineering

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 900MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9097-SKTH9EHA7WW

15.4 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (WIDEN 900MHz, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡ (dBm)		Test Position	WLAN 802.11 a/b/g (MHz)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.										
898.99	239	WIDEN	28.25	28.26	Front	-	-	-	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.004
898.99	239	WIDEN	28.24	28.25	Back	-	-	-	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.115
898.99	239	WIDEN	28.26	28.23	Back	-	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.122
898.99	239	WIDEN	28.25	28.25	Back	2437	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.128
898.99	239	WIDEN	28.26	28.24	Back	2437	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.124
898.99	239	WIDEN	28.24	28.23	Back	5260	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	0.136
898.99	239	WIDEN	28.25	28.26	Back	5805	SD	2441	Fixed Int.	2.5 cm	**0.148**
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					**Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram**						

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	‡Power Measured	☒	Conducted	☐	ERP	☐	EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	☒	DASY4	☐	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration	☐	Left Head	☒	Flat Phantom	☐	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	☐	Head	☒	Body	☐	Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode	☒	Software	☐	Base Station Simulator		

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

Alfred Cirwithian
Vice President Engineering

SAR DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9097-SKTH9EHA7WW

15.5 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (802.11b, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡		Test Position	IDEN 800/900 (MHz)	WIDEN 800/900 (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Mem. Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)										
2437	06	DSSS	19.35	19.36	Front	-	-	11	-	-	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.019
2437	06	DSSS	19.36	19.34	Back	-	-	11	-	-	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.007
2437	06	DSSS	19.34	19.35	Back	-	-	11	-	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.031
2437	06	DSSS	19.36	19.34	Back	-	-	11	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.042
2437	06	DSSS	19.37	19.35	Back	-	-	11	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.043
2437	06	DSSS	19.35	19.37	Back	815.47	-	11	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	**0.047**
2437	06	DSSS	19.36	19.36	Back	898.99	-	11	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.045
2437	06	DSSS	19.37	19.36	Back	-	815.47	11	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.039
2437	06	DSSS	19.35	19.32	Back	-	898.99	11	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.040

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT	Muscle
Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	‡Power Measured	☒	Conducted	☐	ERP	☐	EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	☒	DASY4	☐	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration	☐	Left Head	☒	Flat Phantom	☐	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	☐	Head	☒	Body	☐	Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode	☒	Software	☐	Base Station Simulator		

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

Alfred Ciriwithian
Vice President Engineering

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9097-SKTH9EHA7WW

15.6 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11g, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡		Test Position	IDEN 800/900 (MHz)	WIDEN 800/900 (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Mem. Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)										
2437	06	OFDM	19.31	19.32	Front	-	-	9	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.039
2437	06	OFDM	19.34	19.31	Front	-	-	9	-	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.041
2437	06	OFDM	19.31	19.32	Front	815.47	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	**0.045**
2437	06	OFDM	19.32	19.32	Front	898.99	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.043
2437	06	OFDM			Front	-	815.47	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.041
2437	06	OFDM			Front	-	898.99	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.040

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT	Muscle
Spatial Peak	1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	averaged over 1 gram

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	‡Power Measured	☒	Conducted	☐	ERP	☐	EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	☒	DASY4	☐	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration	☐	Left Head	☒	Flat Phantom	☐	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	☐	Head	☒	Body	☐	Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode	☒	Software	☐	Base Station Simulator		

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

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SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 5300MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9097-SKTH9EHA7WW

15.7 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11a, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡		Test Position	IDEN 800/900 (MHz)	IDEN 800/900 (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Mem. Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)										
5260	52	OFDM	18.92	18.93	Front	-	-	9	-	-	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.038
5260	52	OFDM	18.94	18.96	Front	-	-	9	-	-	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.071
5260	52	OFDM	18.93	18.91	Front	-	-	9	-	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.064
5260	52	OFDM	18.92	18.92	Front	-	-	9	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.093
5260	52	OFDM	18.95	18.96	Front	-	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.116
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.95	Front	815.47	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	**0.124**
5260	52	OFDM	18.95	18.95	Front	898.99	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.119
5260	52	OFDM	18.93	18.94	Front	-	815.47	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.120
5260	52	OFDM	18.95	18.96	Front	-	898.99	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.118

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT	Muscle
Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	‡Power Measured	☒	Conducted	☐	ERP	☐	EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	☒	DASY4	☐	IDX		
	Phantom Configuration	☐	Left Head	☒	Flat Phantom	☐	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	☐	Head	☒	Body	☐	Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode	☒	Software	☐	Base Station Simulator		

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 5800MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9097-SKTH9EHA7WW

15.8 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11a, Body SAR – w/ Holster)

FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER‡		Test Position	IDEN 800/900 (MHz)	WIDEN 800/900 (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Mem. Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)										
5805	161	OFDM	18.46	18.45	Front	-	-	9	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.070
5805	161	OFDM	18.46	18.46	Front	-	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.096
5805	161	OFDM	18.45	18.47	Front	815.47	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.122
5805	161	OFDM	18.48	18.46	Front	898.99	-	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	**0.125**
5805	161	OFDM	18.45	18.43	Front	-	815.47	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.114
5805	161	OFDM	18.47	18.48	Front	-	898.99	9	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.121

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT	Muscle
Spatial Peak	1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	averaged over 1 gram

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	‡Power Measured	☒	Conducted	☐ ERP	☐	EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	☒	DASY4	☐ IDX		
	Phantom Configuration	☐	Left Head	☒ Flat Phantom	☐	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration	☐	Head	☒ Body	☐	Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode	☒	Software	☐ Base Station Simulator		

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

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16. SAR TEST EQUIPMENT

Equipment Calibration

Table 15.1 Test Equipment Calibration

EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS			
Type		**Calibration Date**	**Serial Number**
Stäubli Robot RX60L		October 2004	599131-01
Stäubli Robot Controller		October 2004	PCT592
Stäubli Teach Pendant (Joystick)		October 2004	3323-00161
Micron Computer, 450 MHz Pentium III, Windows NT		October 2004	PCT577
SPEAG EDC3		October 2004	321
SPEAG DAE3		January 2004	455
SPEAG E-Field Probe ES3DV2		September 2003	3022
SPEAG Dummy Probe		October 2004	PCT583
SPEAG SAM Twin Phantom V4.0		October 2004	PCT666
SPEAG Light Alignment Sensor		October 2004	205
PCTEST Validation Dipole D300V2		September 2004	PCT301
SPEAG Validation Dipole D835V2		January 2004	PCT512
SPEAG Validation Dipole D1900V2		January 2004	PCT613
Brain Equivalent Matter (300MHz)		May/ July 2005	PCTBEM601
Brain Equivalent Matter (835MHz)		May/ July 2005	PCTBEM101
Brain Equivalent Matter (1900MHz)		May/ July 2005	PCTBEM301
Muscle Equivalent Matter (300MHz)		May/ July 2005	PCTMEM701
Muscle Equivalent Matter (835MHz)		May/ July 2005	PCTMEM201
Muscle Equivalent Matter (1900MHz)		May/ July 2005	PCTMEM401
Microwave Amp. Model: 5S1G4, (800MHz - 4.2GHz)		January 2004	22332
Gigatronics 8651A Power Meter		January 2004	1835299
HP-8648D (9kHz ~ 4GHz) Signal Generator		January 2004	PCT530
Amplifier Research 5S1G4 Power Amp		January 2004	PCT540
HP-8753E (30kHz ~ 3GHz) Network Analyzer		January 2004	PCT552
HP85070B Dielectric Probe Kit		January 2004	PCT501
Ambient Noise/Reflection, etc.	January 2004	Anechoic Room PCT01	Anechoic Room PCT01

NOTE:

The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by waveguide technique procedure. Dipole Validation measurement is performed by PCTEST Lab. before each test. The brain simulating material is calibrated by PCTEST using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material.

17. CONCLUSION

Measurement Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.[3]

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