## PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

6660 - B Dobbin Road • Columbia, MD 21045 • USA Telephone 410.290.6652 / Fax 410.290.6654

http://www.pctestlab.com (email: randy@pctestlab.com)





### **APPLICANT NAME & ADDRESS:**

Symbol Technologies, Inc. One Symbol Plaza MS B5 Holtsville, NY 11742-1300

### **DATE & LOCATION OF TESTING:**

Dates of Tests: July 18-19 & August 3-10, 2005 Dates of Additional Tests: November 14-15, 2005 Test Report S/N: 0508160575-R1 Test Site: PCTEST Lab, Columbia MD

FCC ID:	H9PMC9094
APPLICANT:	SYMBOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
EUT Type:	Handheld Terminal
Tx/Rx Frequency:	2402 - 2480 MHz / 2412 - 2462 MHz (CCK/OFDM)
5	5180 – 5320 MHz / 5745 – 5825 MHz (OFDM)
	824.2 – 848.8 MHz / 1850.2 – 1909.8 MHz (GSM 850/1900)
Max. RF Output Power:	19.37 / 19.32 dBm Peak Conducted (2.4 GHz CCK/OFDM)
	18.46 dBm Peak Conducted (5.8 GHz OFDM)
	18.98 dBm Peak Conducted (5.2 GHz OFDM)
	33.00 dBm Peak Conducted (GSM 850MHz)
-	30.00 dBm Peak Conducted (GSM 1900MHz)
Max. SAR Measurement:	0.082 W/kg 802.11b Body SAR; 0.063 W/kg 802.11g Body SAR;
	0.146 W/kg 802.11a (5.3MHz) Body SAR;
	0.147 W/kg 802.11a (5.8MHz) Body SAR;
	0.382 W/kg GSM (850MHz) Body SAR; 0.417 GSM (1900MHz) Body SAR
Trade Name/Model(s):	MC9094-KKCHJEHA6WW/-SKCHJAHA6WW
FCC Classification(s):	Digital Transmission System (DTS)
	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (NII)
	Licensed Non-Broadcast Transmitter (TNB)
FCC Rule Part(s):	§2.1093; FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [July 2001]
Application Type:	Certification
Test Device Serial No.:	identical prototype [S/N: #ALP82778, ALP83162]
Report Revision(s):	Data added to support the alternate GSM Antenna

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (2001) and IEEE Std. 1528 - 2003. The WLAN tested for this filing has previously been certified under Symbol FCC ID: H9P2121160. The unit comes in two model types. Each type has its own body worn accessory. All were evaluated for SAR. S/N: ALP82778 was evaluated first and engineering judgments were from this unit with respect to channel and data rate worse cases.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.

Alfred Cirwithian Vice President Engineering

### 

Model:

SKCHJAHA6WW

Model: KKCHJEHA6WW

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION <b>symbol</b>		Reviewed by: Quality Manager	
<b>SAR Filename:</b> 0508160575-R1	Test Dates: July 18-19 * Aug. 3-10, 2005	Add. Test Dates: Nov. 14-15, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9094	Page 1 of 34



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTRODUCTION / SAR DEFINITION	3
2.	SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP	4
3.	DASY4 E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM	5
4.	PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS	6
5.	PHANTOM & EQUIVALENT TISSUES	7
6.	TEST SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS	8
7.	DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT & PHANTOM SPECS	
8.	DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS	0
9.	TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS	1
10.	ANSI/IEEE C95.1 - 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS	2
11.	MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES 5 GHz Band	4
12.	SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY	5
13.	SYSTEM VERIFICATION	6
14.	&15. SAR DATA SUMMARY	1
16.	SAR TEST EQUIPMENT	2
17.	CONCLUSION	3
18.	REFERENCES	4

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manage	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 2 of 34
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094	



## 1. INTRODUCTION / SAR DEFINITION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radiofrequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.[1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. (c) 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017.[2] The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave[3] is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 (c) NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814.[6] SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

## **SAR Definition**

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 1.1).

Figure 1.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

SAR = 
$$\sigma E^2 / \rho$$
  
where:  
 $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)  
 $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m³)  
 $E$  = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT  SAR Filename: 0508160575-R1	FCC CERTIFICATION Symbol				Reviewed by: Quality Manager
	Test Dates: July 18-19 * Aug. 3-10, 2005	Add. Test Dates: Nov. 14-15, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9094	Page 3 of 34



## 2. SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

### Robotic System

Measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY4 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium III computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 2.1).

### System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Gateway Pentium 4 2.53 GHz computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

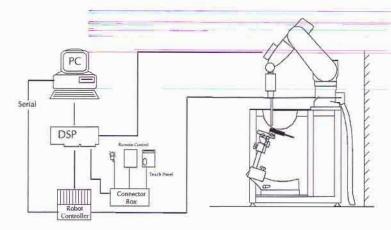


Figure 2.1 SAR Measurement System Setup

### System Electronics

The DAE3 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in [7].

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIF	CATION 99	mbel	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 4 of 34
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094	



## DASY4 E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM

## **Probe Measurement System**



Figure 3.1 DAE System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6, designed in the classical triangular configuration [7] (see Fig. 3.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip (see Fig. 3.3). It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2<sup>nd</sup> order fitting (see Fig.3.1). The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

## **Probe Specifications**

Calibration: In air from 10 MHz to 6 GHz

In brain and muscle simulating tissue at

Frequencies of 150 MHz, 450 MHz, 835 MHz, 900 MHz, 1900MHz, 2450MHz, 5300MHz,

& 5800MHz

Frequency: 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity:  $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ 

(30 MHz to 6 GHz)

Directivity:  $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB in HSL}$  (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal probe axis)

Dynamic: 5 : W/g to > 100 mW/g;Range: Linearity:  $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ 

Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm

Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 3 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2 mm

Application: General dosimetry up to 6 GHz

Compliance tests of mobile phones

Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

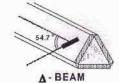


Figure 3.1 Triangular Probe Configuration



Figure 3.2 Probe Thick-Film Technique

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT  SAR Filename: 0508160575-R1	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manage
	Test Dates: July 18-19 * Aug. 3-10, 2005	Add. Test Dates: Nov. 14-15, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9094



## 4. PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS

### **Dosimetric Assessment Procedure**

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in [8] with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in [9] and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe is tested.

## Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz (see Fig. 4.1), and in a waveguide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

## Temperature Assessment \*

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe (see Fig. 4.2).

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

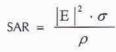
where:

 $\Delta t$  = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to  $\Delta T/\Delta t$ , the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E-field;



where:

σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

p = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

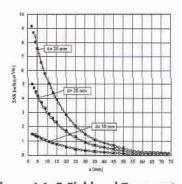


Figure 4.1 E-Field and Temperature measurements at 900MHz [7]

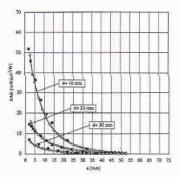


Figure 4.2 E-Field and temperature measurements at 1.9GHz [7]

\*NOTE: The temperature calibration was not performed by PCTEST. For information use only.

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST.	FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 6 of 34
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094	



# 5. PHANTOM & EQUIVALENT TISSUES

#### SAM Phantom



Figure 5.1 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users [11][12]. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 5.1)

## **Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization**



Figure 5.2 Simulated Tissue

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxethylcellullose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 6.1). Preservation with a bacteriacide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 have been incorporated in the following table. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not bee specified in P1528 are derived from the issue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Hartsgrove [13].(see Fig. 5.2)

Table 5.1 Composition of the Brain & Muscle Tissue Equivalent Matter

		SIMULATING TISSU	JE		
INGREDIENTS		2450MHz Brain	2450MHz Muscle	5800MHz Brain	5800MHz Muscle
Mixture Percentage		1/20			Transaction 1
WATER		62.70	73.2	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
DGBE		0.000	26.7	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
SUGAR		0.000	0.000	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
SALT		0.5	0.04	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
BACTERIACIDE		0.000	0.000	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
HEC		0.000	0.000	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
Dielectric Constant	Target	40.3	52.7	35.84	48.2
Conductivity (S/m)	Target	1.88	1.95	5.28	6.000

### **Device Holder for Transmitters**



Figure 5.2 Mounting Device

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0, the Mounting Device (see Fig. 5.2) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatably be positioned according to the FCC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

\* Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations [12]. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT  SAR Filename: 0508160575-R1	POTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager	
	Test Dates: July 18-19 * Aug. 3-10, 2005	Add. Test Dates: Nov. 14-15, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9094	Page 7 of 34



#### **TEST SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS** 6.

## **Automated Test System Specifications**

#### Positioner

Robot:

Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX60L

Repeatability:

0.02 mm

No. of axis:

6

### Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor:

Pentium 4

Clock Speed:

2.53 GHz

Operating System: Windows XP Professional

**Data Converter** 

Features:

Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, & control logic

Figure 6.1 DASY4 Test System

Software:

DASY4 software

Connecting Lines:

Optical downlink for data and status info.

Optical uplink for commands and clock

#### PC Interface Card

Function:

24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing

Link to DAE3

16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system

serial link to robot

direct emergency stop output for robot

#### **E-Field Probes**

Model:

EX3DV4

S/N: 3550

Construction:

Triangular core

Frequency:

10 MHz to 6 GHz

Linearity:

± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)

### Phantom

Phantom:

SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0)

Shell Material:

**VIVAC** Composite

Thickness:

 $2.0 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ 

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIF	CATION	mbei	Reviewed by: Quality Manage
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 8 of 34
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094	



## 7. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT & PHANTOM SPECS

#### Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure:

- The SAR measurement was taken at a selected spatial reference point to monitor power variations during testing. This fixed location point was measured and used as a reference value.
- 2. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 3.9mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm x 15mm.
- 3. Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume of 32mm x 32mm x 34mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 7 x 7 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see Fig. 7.1):
- a. The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm [15]. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
- b. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions) [15][16]. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
- c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
- 4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as procedure #1, was re-measured. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation is repeated.



## Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Twin Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Fig. 7.2). The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimized reflections from the upper surface. The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15cm to minimize reflections from the upper surface.



Figure 7.2 SAM Twin Phantom shell

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT  SAR Filename: 0508160575-R1	PCTEST	FCC CERTIFICATION		mbei	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
	Test Dates: July 18-19 * Aug. 3-10, 2005	Add. Test Dates: Nov. 14-15, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9094	Page 9 of 34



Figure 7.1 Sample SAR Area Scan



# 8. DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

#### **EAR Reference Point**

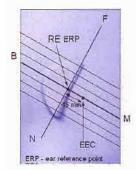


Figure 8.2 Close-up side view of ERPs

Figure 8.1 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 9.2. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 8.2). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].



Figure 8.1 Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom

#### Handset Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 8.3). The "test device reference point" was than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.

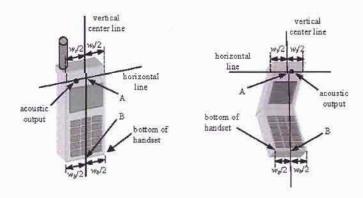


Figure 8.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	POTEST	FCC CERTIF	CATION	ymhei	Reviewed by: Quality Manager	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 10 of 34	
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094		



## TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS

## Body Holster /Belt Clip Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to

the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.5). A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.





Figure 9.5 Body Belt Clip & Holster Configurations

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration where a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. All test position spacings are documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

In all cases SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. Worst-case positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.

In order for users to be aware of the body-worn operating requirements for meeting RF exposure compliance, operating instructions and cautions statements are included in the user's manual.

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	<u> PCTEST</u>	FCC CERTIF	ICATION	mbei	Reviewed by: Quality Manager	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 11 of 34	
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094		



## 10. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 - 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

#### Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

### Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 10.1. Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure [2]

	HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS	
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT  General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR <sup>1</sup> Brain	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR <sup>2</sup> Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR <sup>3</sup> Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

<sup>3</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIF	ICATION >	mbol	Reviewed by: Quality Manager	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 12 of 34	
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094		

<sup>1</sup> The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

<sup>2</sup> The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.



# **MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES 5 GHz Band**

a)	b	С	d	e= f(d,k)	Ŧ.	g	h = cxf/e	i = cxg/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c <sub>i</sub> (1 - g)	c <sub>i</sub> (10 - g)	1 - g u <sub>i</sub> (± %)	10 - g u <sub>i</sub> (± %)	, v <sub>i</sub>
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E1.1	4.8	N	1	1	7	8.3	8.3	00
Axial Isotropy	E1.2	4.7	R	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	.00
Hemishperical Isotropy	E1.2	9.6	R	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	00
Boundary Effect	E1.3	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	00
Linearity	E1.4	4.7	R	√3	- 1	1. "	2.7	2.7	00
System Detection Limits	E1.5	1.0	R	√3	76	1	0.6	0.6	co
Readout Electronics	E1.6	1.0	N	1	1	7	1.0	1.0	00
Response Time	E1.7	0.8	R	√3	416	1	0.5	0.5	00
Integration Time	E1.8	2.6	R	√3	1	্ৰ	1.5	1.5	00
RF Ambient Conditions	E5.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	200
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E5.2	0.4	R	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	00
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E5.3	2.9	R	√3	1	7	1.7	1.7	00
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E4.2	1.0	R	√3	Ť	T	0.6	0.6	00
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E3.2.1	2.9	N	1	1	i i	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder Uncertainty	E3.1.1	3.6	N	1	î	1	3.6	3.6	5
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.6.2	5.0	R	√3	1	ાં	2.9	2.9	00
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E2.1	4.0	R	√3	1	71	2.3	2.3	00
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E2.2	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	00
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E2.2	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	.00
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E2.2	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4	000
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E2.2	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.5	1.5	1.2	80
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)			RSS				12.3	12.1	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							24.6	24.2	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE 1528-2003

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	POTEST	FCC CERTIF	ICATION	ymbol	Reviewed by: Quality Manager	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 13 of 34	
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094		



# 11. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES 2.4 GHz Band

á	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = cxf/e	i = cxg/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c <sub>i</sub> (1 - g)	c <sub>i</sub> (10 - g)	1 - g u <sub>i</sub> (± %)	10 - g u <sub>i</sub> (± %)	vi
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E1.1	4.8	N	1	j	1	4.8	4.8	00
Axial Isotropy	E1.2	4.7	R	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	00
Hemishperical Isotropy	E1.2	9.6	R	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	00
Boundary Effect	E1.3	1.0	R	√3	- 1	1	0.6	0.6	00
Linearity	E1.4	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	00
System Detection Limits	E1.5	1.0	R	√3	i	1	0.6	0.6	00
Readout Electronics	E1.6	1.0	N	1	î	1	1.0	1.0	00
Response Time	E1.7	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	00
Integration Time	E1.8	2.6	R	√3	1		1.5	1.5	00:
RF Ambient Conditions	E5.1	3.0	R	√3	1_	1	1.7	1.7	00
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E5.2	0.4	R	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	00
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E5.3	2.9	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	00
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E4.2	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	00
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E3.2.1	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder Uncertainty	E3.1.1	3.6	N	1	1	9	3.6	3.6	5
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.6.2	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	00
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E2.1	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2,3	00
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E2.2	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	00
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E2.2	2.5	И	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.0	00
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E2.2	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4	00
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E2.2	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.5	1.5	1.2	00
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)			RSS				10.3	10.0	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							20.6	20.1	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE 1528-2003

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIF	CATION	mbel	Reviewed by: Quality Manager	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 14 of 34	
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094		



## 12. SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY

# See Measurement Result Data Pages

For 802.11 modes the EUT was placed into continuous transmit mode using the manufacturer's software. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. GSM modes were tested using Rhode & Schwarz CMU200/ Universal Radio Communication Tester.

## **Device Test Conditions**

The EUT is powered through the internal battery. In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the maximum output power. If a power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated.

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIF	ICATION Sys	mbel	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 15 of 34
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094	



# 13.1 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

## **Tissue Verification**

Table 12.1.1 Simulated Tissue Verification [5]

			MEASURED	TISSUE	PARAMETERS				
	07-18-	835N	1Hz Brain	835M	Hz Muscle	1900/	MHz Brain	1900MHz Muscle	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant	: ε	41.50	42.15	55.20	54.10	40.00	40.21	53.00	52.90
Conductivity: σ		0.900	0.90	0.970	0.98	1.40	1.42	1.52	1.58
			MEASURED	TISSUE	PARAMETERS				
	08-03-	2450	MHz Brain	2450N	IHz Muscle	5300	MHz Brain	5300M	Hz Muscle
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ε		39.20	40.78	52.70	52.67	36.00	- ·	49.00	2
Conductivity: σ		1.800	1.83	1.950	1.98	1,800	-	5.300	
			MEASURED	TISSUE F	ARAMETERS				
	08-10-	5300	MHz Brain	5300MHz Muscle		5800MHz Brain		5800MHz Muscle	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant	: ε	35.99	36.41	48.90	48.52	35.30	34.92	48.20	48.27
Conductivity: σ		4.88	4.63	5.42	5.37	5.27	5.46	6.00	5.96
			MEASURED	TISSUE F	ARAMETERS		· ·		
	11-14- 835MHz Brain		IHz Brain	835M	Hz Muscle	1900	MHz Brain	1900M	Hz Muscle
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant	: ε	41.50	42.15	55,20	54.10	40.00	40.21	53.00	52.90
Conductivity: σ		0.900	0.90	0.970	0.98	1.40	1.42	1.52	1.58

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PGTEST	FCC CERTIF	FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 16 of 34	
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094		



## **Test System Validation**

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the  $\pm 10\%$  of the specifications at 835MHz, 1900MHz, 2450MHz, 5300MHz and 5800MHz by using the system validation kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 12.1.2 System Validation [5]

		Syster	n Validatio	n TARGET & MEASU	RED		
Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp(°C)	Input Power (W)	Tissue	Targeted SAR1g (mW/g)	Measured SAR1g (mW/g)	Deviation (%)
07/18/2005	23.4	20.6	0.250	835 MHz Brain	2.375	2.46	3.56
07/19/2005	23.5	20.8	0.100	1900 MHz Brain	3.970	4.16	4.78
08/03/2005	23.2	20.5	1 1000			5.39	2.86
08/04/2005	23.4	20.6	0.100	2450MHz Brain	5.240	5.43	3.62
08/05/2005	23.5	20.6				5.45	4.00
08/08/2005	23.6	20.7	0.025 5200 MHz Bra	5200 MHz Brain	2.170	2.09	-3.68
08/09/2005	23.7	20.8	0.025	5200 MITIZ Braili	2.170	2.23	2.76
08/10/2005	23.5	20.6	0.025	5800MHz Brain	2.250	2.41	7.11
11/14/2005	23.5	21.3	0.250	835 MHz Brain	2.375	2.42	1.89
11/15/2005	23.4	21.7	0.250	033 MITZ Brain	2.3/3	2.36	-0.63
11/14/2005	23.6	21.1	0.100	1900 MHz Brain	3.970	4.02	1.25
11/15/2005	23.1	22.0	0.100	1900 MITZ Brain	3.970	3.94	-0.75

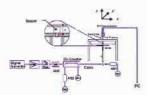




Figure 12.1.3 Dipole Validation Test Setup

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	SAPCTEST	FCC CERTIF	ICATION Sy	mbai	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 17 of 34
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094	



# 14. SAR DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type:

835MHz Muscle

P/N:

MC9094-KKCHJEHA6WW

FREQUI	ENCY	Modulation	Begin / End Average Test POWER* Position	WLAN 802.11abg	Data Rate	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance	SAR (W/kg)		
MHz	Ch.		(dE	Bm)	-21-00-00	MHz	(Mbps)		in' c		(cm)	20.000
836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Front	2	2	2	727	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.016
836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Back			5	<u> </u>	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.172
836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Back	8		SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.198
836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Back	2437	11	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.237
836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Back	2437	12	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.207
836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Back	5260	18	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.212
836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Back	5785	18	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.209
**836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Back	2437	18	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.210

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT

**Spatial Peak** 

Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Muscle
1.6 W/kg (mW/g)
averaged over 1 gram

#### NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data bit rates, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

EIRP \*Power Measured Conducted ERP SAR Measurement System X DASY4 IDX Left Head Phantom Configuration Right Head  $\times$ Flat Phantom 5. SAR Configuration X Body Hand Base Station Simulator Test Signal Call Mode Software 6.

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1
- 9. \*\* Alternate GSM Antenna tested, worst-case results reported.

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	<u> PCTEST</u>	FCC CERTIF	ICATION SY	missi	Reviewed by: Quality Manage	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 18 of 34	
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094		



Mixture Type:

1900MHz Muscle

P/N:

MC9094-KKCHJEHA6WW

FREQUE	NCY	Modulation	Ave	/ End rage VER‡	Test Position	WLAN 802.11abg	Data Rate	Mem. Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dB	m)		(MHz)	(Mbps)		a s		(cm)	
1880.0	661	GSM	30.0	30.0	Front	12	_	2	02	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.019
1880.0	661	GSM	30.0	30.0	Back	-	0	2	72	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.178
1880.0	661	GSM	30.0	30.0	Back		7	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.191
1880.0	661	GSM	30.0	30.0	Back	2437	11	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.185
1880.0	661	GSM	30.0	30.0	Back	2437	12	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.172
1880.0	661	GSM	30.0	30.0	Back	5260	18	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.204
1880.0	661	GSM	30.0	30.0	Back	5785	18	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.251
**1880.0	661	GSM	30.0	30.0	Back	5785	18	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.417
		Spatial Peak olled Exposur Population				Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

#### NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data bit rates, and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	*Power Measured	X	Conducted		ERP	EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	×	DASY4		IDX	
	Phantom Configuration		Left Head	$\boxtimes$	Flat Phantom	Right Hea
5.	SAR Configuration		Head	X	Body	Hand
6.	Test Signal Call Mode	X	Software		Base Station Simulator	

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1
- 9. \*\* Alternate GSM Antenna tested, worst-case results reported.



PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	CONTEST  Congress Wresten Lar  Con 1 1 14191 is 1419	FCC CERTIF	ICATION 59	mbel	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 19 of 34
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094	



Mixture Type:

2450MHz Muscle

P/N:

MC9094-KKCHJEHA6WW

FREQU	ENCY	Modulation	Ave	/ End rage VER‡	Test Position	Data Rate	BT (MHz)	Memory Card	GSM 850/1900	Antenna	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dE	Bm)		(Mbps)			(MHz)		(cm)	
2437	06	DSSS	19.42	19.41	Front	5.5	q	15	- 2	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.045
2437	06	DSSS	19.43	19,42	Back	5.5	Œ	(27)	2	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.009
2437	06	DSSS	19.39	19.40	Front	5.5	2	3	¥	Main	2.5 cm	0.056
2437	06	DSSS	19.42	19.42	Front	5.5	6	82	B	Aux	2.5 cm	0.059
2437	06	DSSS	19.41	19.40	Front	17	2		7.	Aux	2.5 cm	0.043
2437	06	DSSS	19.39	19.39	Front	2	-	:-	=	Aux	2.5 cm	0.048
2437	06	DSSS	19.43	19.43	Front	11	~	-	•	Aux	2.5 cm	0.064
2437	06	DSSS	19.41	19.39	Front	11	2441	SD	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.068
2437	06	DSSS	19.40	19.41	Front	11	2441	SD	836.6	Aux	2.5 cm	0.082
2437	06	DSSS	19.42	19.42	Front	11	2441	SD	1880.0	Aux	2.5 cm	0.079
		C95.1 1992 - Spatial Peak olled Exposur Population						1.6 W	Muscle /kg (mW/g ed over 1 gram			

### NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options. 3.

\*Power Measured

ERP

EIRP

SAR Measurement System

☑ DASY4

□ IDX

Right Head

Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration 5.

□ Left Head

□ Head

⊠ Body

Hand

Test Signal Call Mode 6.

Software

☐ Base Station Simulator

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.

Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	<u> </u>	FCC CERTIF	ICATION	missi	Reviewed by: Quality Manage	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 20 of 34	
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094		



Mixture Type:

2450MHz Muscle

P/N:

MC9094-KKCHJEHA6WW

FREQU	ENCY	Modulation	Ave	/ End rage VER <sup>‡</sup>	Test Position	GSM 850/1900	Data Rate	Mem. Card	Mem. Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance	SAR (W/kg
MHz	Ch.		(di	3m)		(MHz)	(Mbps)				(cm)	3	
2437	06	OFDM	19.34	19.33	Front	2	6	(4)	14	Aux	2.5 cm	0.045	
2437	06	OFDM	19.33	19.32	Front	¥	9	12	2	Aux	2.5 cm	0.047	
2437	06	OFDM	19.34	19.34	Front	2	12	ne.	:4	Aux	2.5 cm	0.051	
2437	06	OFDM	19.33	19.35	Front		18	820	22	Aux	2.5 cm	0.042	
2437	06	OFDM	19.35	19.34	Front		24	بغو	9	Aux	2.5 cm	0.044	
2437	06	OFDM	19.34	19.33	Front	=	36	7,50	107	Aux	2.5 cm	0.039	
2437	06	OFDM.	19.35	19.34	Front	+	48	191	1.5	Aux	2.5 cm	0.041	
2437	06	OFDM	19.33	19.35	Front	-	54	155	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.043	
2437	06	OFDM	19.34	19.34	Front	-	12	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.049	
2437	06	OFDM	19.35	19.36	Front	836.6	12	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.053	
2437	06	OFDM	19.34	19.35	Front	1880.0	12	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.057	
		95.1 1992 - S Spatial Peak Iled Exposure Population						6 W/k	iscle g (mW/ over 1 gran				

#### NOTES:

The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].

All modes of operation were investigated including all data bit rates, and worst-case results are reported. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

Software

3.

\*Power Measured 4. SAR Measurement System ☑ DASY4 Phantom Configuration Left Head SAR Configuration 5. Head

X Flat Right Head X Hand Body

Base Station

EIRP

Test Signal Call Mode 6. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.

Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIF	ICATION SY	mbel	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 21 of 34
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094	



Mixture Type:

5300MHz Muscle

P/N:

MC9094-KKCHJEHA6WW

# 14.5 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11a/ 5.2 GHz, Body SAR - w/ Holster)

FREQUE	NCY	Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER*		Test Position	GSM 850/1900	Data Rate	Mem. Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dE	Bm)	t - distanse	(MHz)	(Mbps)		21 (2		(cm)	13.89 320
5260	52	OFDM	18.96	18.98	Front	•	24	25	15	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.084
5260	52	OFDM	18.98	18.97	Back		24	- 2	35	Main	2.5 cm	0.007
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.97	Front	572	24	=		Aux	2.5 cm	0.096
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.98	Front	(5)	24	7.	5.±	Aux	2.5 cm	0.104
5260	52	OFDM	18.98	18.98	Front	:=:	6	÷	150	Aux	2.5 cm	0.092
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.97	Front		9	*)	36	Aux	2.5 cm	0.107
5260	52	OFDM	18.96	18.96	Front	æ	12	=	341	Aux	2.5 cm	0.118
5260	52	OFDM	18.96	18.97	Front		18	<u>=</u>	(4)	Aux	2.5 cm	0.134
5260	52	OFDM	18.98	18.97	Front	•	36	3	1941	Aux	2.5 cm	0.127
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.98	Front	2:	48	2	æ.	Aux	2.5 cm	0.105
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.98	Front	273	54	ă		Aux	2.5 cm	0.098
5260	52	OFDM	18.96	18.96	Front	(E)	18	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.132
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.98	Front	836.6	18	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.146
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.97	Front	1880.0	18	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.139

### ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT

Spatial Peak

Uncontrolled Exposure/General **Population** 

Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

#### NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
- Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

\*Power Measured

EIRP

4. SAR Measurement System Phantom Configuration

☑ DASY4 ☐ Left Head

FRP □ IDX

П

Right Head П

5. SAR Configuration

☐ Head

☑ Flat Phantom ■ Body

 $\Box$ Hand

6. Test Signal Call Mode

☑ Software

☐ Base Station Simulator

- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIF	ICATION Sy	mbol	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 22 of 34
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094	



# SAR DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type:

5800MHz Muscle

Model:

MC9094-KKCHJEHA6WW

FREQUENCY	Modulation	Ave	/ End rage VER‡	Position	Data Rate	850/1900	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance	SAR (W/kg)	
MHz	Ch.		(di	Bm)		Mbps	(MHz)	3771.75			(cm)	111/11/11/11/11
5805	161	OFDM	18.48	18.47	Front	18	-			Diversity	2.5 cm	0.079
5805	161	OFDM	18.47	18.46	Front	18	.5	- "	2.	Main	2.5 cm	0.103
5805	161	OFDM	18.49	18.48	Front	18	-	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.112
5805	161	OFDM	18.48	18.48	Front	18		SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.117
5805	161	OFDM	18.47	18.47	Front	18	836.6	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.121
5805	161	OFDM	18.48	18.49	Front	18	1880.0	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.128
		Spatial Peal olled Exposur Population	re/Gener		Muscl 1.6 W/kg (i averaged over				kg (mW			

### NOTES:

 The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].

2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.

3.	Battery is fully charged	for all readings	Standard Batteries are the only options	

\*Power Measured ☐ ERP ☐ EIRP 4. SAR Measurement System ☑ DASY4 IDX Phantom Configuration □ Left Head Right Head 5. SAR Configuration ☐ Head Body Hand 6. Test Signal Call Mode □ Base Station Simulator

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.

8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PETEST	FCC CERTIF	ICATION	ymbel	Reviewed by: Quality Manage	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 23 of 34	
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094		



Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9094-KKCHJEHA6WW

FREQUENCY	Modulation	Ave	/ End rage VER‡	Test Position	Data Rate	ate 850/1900	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	AND	SAR (W/kg)	
MHz	Ch.		(dE	Bm)		Mbps	(MHz)				(cm)	
2441	39	FHSS	-0.16	-0.18	Front	#	+	*	-	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.003
2441	39	FHSS	-0.15	-0.17	Front	2	<u>s</u>	SD	3	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.002
		C95.1 1992 - Spatial Peak olled Exposur Population	re/Gene		1.6 W/k				uscle kg (mW l over 1 gra	/g) m		

#### NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

		Tally on the same	사이지 중투 목표시인경임 (2017)이 되어 있었습니다.	Section No. 12	47/48/2014F6		
	*Power Measured	$\boxtimes$	Conducted		ERP		EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	X	DASY4		IDX		
	Phantom Configuration		Left Head	$\times$	Flat Phantom		Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration		Head	X	Body		Hand
6,	Test Signal Call Mode	X	Software		Base Station Simul	lator	

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIF	ICATION Sy	mbel	Reviewed by: Quality Manager	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 24 of 34	
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094		



# 15. SAR DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type:

835MHz Muscle

Model:

MC9094-SKCHJAHA6WW

FREQUI	ENCY	Modulation		nd Average VER‡	Test	WLAN 802.11	Memory	ВТ	Antenna	Separation Distance	SAR
MHz	Ch.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(dl	Bm)	Position	a/b/g (MHz)	Card	(MHz)		(cm)	(W/kg
836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Front	340	9	(#)	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.019
836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Back	227	=	2	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.169
836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Back	550	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.170
836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Back	2437	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.182
836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Back	2437	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.164
836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Back	5260	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.206
836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Back	5805	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.193
**836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Front	2*2	Е	1+	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.043
**836.6	190	GSM	33.00	33.00	Back	176	*	-	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.382
		C95.1 1992 Spatial Pe	ak		1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				W/g)		

### NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

\*Power Measured

 □ ERP

EIRP

4. SAR Measurement System

☑ DASY4

Left Head

□ IDX

☐ Right Head

Phantom Configuration

5. SAR Configuration

□ Head

222 170**9**00000

6. Test Signal Call Mode

□ Software

Body

Base Station Simulator

☐ Hand

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.

- 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1
- 9. \*\* Alternate GSM Antenna tested, worst-case results reported.

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIF	ICATION SY	mbel	Reviewed by: Quality Manage	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 25 of 34	
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094		



Mixture Type:

1900MHz Muscle

P/N:

MC9094-SKCHJAHA6WW

FREQUI	NCY	Modulation		nd Average NER‡	Test	WLAN 802.11	Memory	вт	Antenna	Separation Distance	SAR
MHz	Ch.	Wiodulation	(di	Bm)	Position	a/b/g (MHz)	Card	(MHz)	Ainteilla	(cm)	(W/kg
1880.0	661	GSM	30.00	30.00	Front		(4)	=	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.021
1880.0	661	GSM	30.00	30.00	Back	-	:=:	TE I	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.163
1880.0	661	GSM	30.00	30.00	Back	-	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.174
1880.0	661	GSM	30.00	30.00	Back	2437	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.243
1880.0	661	GSM	30.00	30.00	Back	2437	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.199
1880.0	661	GSM	30.00	30.00	Back	5260	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.201
1880.0	661	GSM	30.00	30.00	Back	5805	SD	2441	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.187
**1880.0	661	GSM	30,00	30.00	Front	5#1	-	35	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.007
**1880.0	661	GSM	30.00	30.00	Back	:±:		Sec. 1	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.395
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT  Spatial Peak  Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						1.6 V	Muscle //kg (m ged over 1	W/g)		

### NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/QET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

\*Power Measured ERP EIRP SAR Measurement System X DASY4 IDX Flat Phantom Phantom Configuration Left Head X Right Head SAR Configuration 5. X Body Head Hand 6. Trest Signal Call Mode Software Base Station Simulator

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1
- 9. \*\* Alternate GSM Antenna tested, worst-case results reported.

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIF	ICATION 9	mbol	Reviewed by: Quality Manager	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 26 of 34	
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094		



# **SAR DATA SUMMARY**

Mixture Type:

2450MHz Muscle

Model:

MC9094-SKCHJAHA6WW

FREQU	ENCY	Modulation	Modulation Avera		Begin / End Average POWER <sup>‡</sup>		Test Position	Data Rate	50,757	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	<b>Antenna</b> Diversity	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dE	Bm)		Mbps	-							
2437	06	DSSS	19.42	19.41	Front	5.5								
2437	06	DSSS	19.43	19.42	Back	5.5	-	-	14.1	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.007		
2437	06	DSSS	19.39	19.40	Front	5.5	٥	2		Main	2.5 cm	0.055		
2437	06	DSSS	19.42	19.42	Front	5.5	=	9	12	Aux	2.5 cm	0.059		
2437	06	DSSS	19.41	19.40	Front	1	2	9	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.047		
2437	06	DSSS	19.39	19.39	Front	2	3	š	5	Aux	2.5 cm	0.048		
2437	06	DSSS	19.43	19.43	Front	11	5	= =	s	Aux	2.5 cm	0.062		
2437	06	DSSS	19.41	19.39	Front	11		SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.068		
2437	06	DSSS	19.40	19.41	Front	11	836.6	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.063		
2437	06	DSSS	19.42	19.42	Front	11	1880.0	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.065		
		Spatial Peak olled Exposur Population	•		Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

#### NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

\*Power Measured Conducted ERP EIRP SAR Measurement System DASY4 Phantom Configuration Left Head  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$ Flat Phantom Right Head □ Head 5. SAR Configuration X Body Hand Test Signal Call Mode Software 6. Base Station Simulator

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	POTEST	FCC CERTIF	ICATION 39	mbai	Reviewed by: Quality Manage	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 27 of 34	
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094		



Mixture Type:

900MHz Muscle

P/N:

MC9094-SKCHJAHA6WW

FREQU	ENCY	Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER*		Test Data Rate	GSM 850/1900	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance	SAR (W/kg)	
MHz	Ch.		(di	Bm)	rosition	Mbps	(MHz)	Caru	(WITIZ)		(cm)	(W/kg)
2437	06	OFDM	19.34	19.33	Front	6	(4)	14.	192	Aux	2.5 cm	0.049
2437	06	OFDM	19.33	19.32	Front	9	Ψt	=	1 SE	Aux	2.5 cm	0.052
2437	06	OFDM	1934	19.34	Front	12	128		121	Aux	2.5 cm	0.054
2437	06	OFDM	19.33	19.35	Front	18	lan.	120	8	Aux	2.5 cm	0.060
2437	06	OFDM	19.35	19.34	Front	24	50	- 5	25.	Aux	2.5 cm	0.056
2437	06	OFDM	19.34	19.33	Front	36	9		- 25	Aux	2.5 cm	0.054
2437	06	OFDM	19.35	19.34	Front	48	-		×	Aux	2.5 cm	0.049
2437	06	OFDM	19.33	19.35	Front	54	-		-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.048
2437	06	OFDM	19.34	19.34	Front	18	÷	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.050
2437	06	OFDM	19.35	19.36	Front	18	836.6	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.061
2437	06	OFDM	19.34	19.35	Front	18	1880.0	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.063
	ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT  Spatial Peak Incontrolled Exposure/General Population					<u> </u>		1.6 W/k	scle g (mW/ over 1 gran			

## NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

ERP EIRP \*Power Measured Conducted IDX SAR Measurement System DASY4 Flat Phantom Left Head Right Head Phantom Configuration SAR Configuration Head X Body Hand 5. Software Test Signal Call Mode Base Station Simulator 6.

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIF	ICATION 🤧	mbel	Reviewed by: Quality Manage
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 28 of 34
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094	



# **SAR DATA SUMMARY**

Mixture Type:

2450MHz Muscle

P/N:

MC9094-SKCHJAHA6WW

FREQU	ENCY	Modulation	Ave	/ End rage VER‡	Test Position	GSM 850/1900	Data Rate	Mem.	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dE	Bm)		(MHz)	(Mbps)	O COACSTON			(cm)	
5260	52	OFDM	18.96	18.98	Front	178	24	-	*	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.089
5260	52	OFDM	18.98	18.97	Back	:=:	24	(#)	21	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.006
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.97	Front	(4)	24	=	21	Main	2.5 cm	0.093
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.98	Front	a	24	- 2	i i i	Aux	2.5 cm	0.109
5260	52	OFDM	18.98	18.98	Front	14	6	12	725	Aux	2.5 cm	0.097
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.97	Front	2	9	8	N=	Aux	2.5 cm	0.103
5260	52	OFDM	18.96	18.96	Front	-	12	Œ	120	Aux	2.5 cm	0.112
5260	52	OFDM	18.96	18.97	Front	-	18	ä	i±!	Aux	2.5 cm	0.128
5260	52	OFDM	18.98	18.97	Front		36	*	3.63	Aux	2.5 cm	0.122
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.98	Front	-	48	~	6 <b>*</b> 1	Aux	2.5 cm	0.108
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.98	Front		54	-	~	Aux	2.5 cm	0.101
5260	52	OFDM	18.96	18.96	Front	-	18	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.129
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.98	Front	836.6	18	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.134
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.97	Front	1880.0	18	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.139

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak

18Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram

Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population

### NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

\*Power Measured

Left Head

☐ ERP

EIRP

4. SAR Measurement System

☑ DASY4

☐ IDX ☑ Flat Phantom

☐ Right Head

Phantom Configuration

5. SAR Configuration

□ Head

**⊠** Body

□ Hand

6. Test Signal Call Mode

Software
 Software

☐ Base Station Simulator

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.

8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST  Control Of control of	FCC CERTIF	ICATION 9	mbol	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 29 of 34
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094	



Mixture Type:

5800MHz Muscle

P/N:

MC9094-SKCHJAHA6WW

FREQU	ENCY	Modulation	Ave	rage VER*	Test Position	GSM 850/1900	Data Rate	Mem. Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance	SAR (W/kg
MHz	Ch.		(d)	Bm)		(MHz)	(Mbps)		w.e.sez		(cm)	(11/18/
5805	161	OFDM	18.48	18.47	Front	34	18	316	==	Aux	2.5 cm	0.118
5805	161	OFDM	18.47	18.46	Front	· ·	18	Ε.	1-2	Aux	2.5 cm	0.129
5805	161	OFDM	18.49	18.48	Front	===	18	5	123	Aux	2.5 cm	0.133
5805	161	OFDM	18.48	18.48	Front	( <u>*</u> :	18	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.138
5805	161	OFDM	18.47	18.47	Front	836.6	18	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.142
5805	161	OFDM	18.48	18.48	Front	1880.0	18	SD	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.147
		E C95.1 1992 LIMIT Spatial Peak led Exposure Population						6 W/k	iscle g (mW/ over 1 gran		-	

#### NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

	*Power Measured	$\boxtimes$	Conducted		ERP	EIRP
4.	SAR Measurement System	X	DASY4		IDX	
	Phantom Configuration		Left Head	X	Flat Phantom	Right Head
5.	SAR Configuration		Head	X	Body	Hand
5	Test Signal Call Mode	$\boxtimes$	Software		Base Station Simulator	

- 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm.  $\pm$  0.1

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIF	CATION	mbel	Reviewed by: Quality Manager	
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 30 of 34	
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094		



Mixture Type:

5300MHz Muscle

P/N:

MC9094-SKCHJAHA6WW

The second of th	Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER*		Test	GSM 850/1900	Data Rate	2000 TO 10 T	Antenna	Separation Distance	SAR	
MHz	Ch.		(dl	Bm)	Position	(MHz)	(Mbps)		0.000.000.000.000	(cm)	(W/kg
2441	39	FHSS	-0.17	-0.18	Front		-		Fixed	2.5 cm	0.003
2441	39	FHSS	-0.16	-0.17	Front		5D	(#)	Fixed	2.5 cm	0.003
	M. Sarra	C95.1 1992 Spatial Pea Exposure/Ge	ık					Muscle .6 W/kg (mW averaged over 1 gra			

#### NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
- 2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
- 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

\*Power Measured

⊠ Conducted

□ ERP

□ EIRP

4. SAR Measurement System

Test Signal Call Mode

☑ DASY4

□ IDX

Phantom Configuration

☐ Left Head

Base Station Simulator

☐ Right Head

SAR Configuration

☐ Head

☑ Software

Body

☐ Hand

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.

8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	PCTEST	FCC CERTIF	ICATION Sy	mbol	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 31 of 34
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094	



# 16. SAR TEST EQUIPMENT

## **Equipment Calibration**

Table 15.1 Test Equipment Calibration

Туре		Calibration Date	Serial Number
Stäubli Robot RX60L		October 2006	599131-01
Stäubli Robot Controller		October 2006	PCT592
Stäubli Teach Pendant (Joystick)		October 2006	3323-00161
Micron Computer, 450 MHz Pentium	III, Windows NT	October 2006	PCT577
SPEAG EDC3		October 2006	321
SPEAG DAE3		January 2006	455
SPEAG E-Field Probe ES3DV2		September 2005	3022
SPEAG Dummy Probe		October 2006	PCT583
SPEAG SAM Twin Phantom V4.0		October 2006	PCT666
SPEAG Light Alignment Sensor	ri -	October 2006	205
PCTEST Validation Dipole D300V2		September 2006	PCT301
SPEAG Validation Dipole D835V2		January 2005	PCT512
SPEAG Validation Dipole D1900V2		January 2005	PCT613
Brain Equivalent Matter (300MHz)		May/ July/ November 2005	PCTBEM601
Brain Equivalent Matter (835MHz)		May/ July/ November 2005	PCTBEM101
Brain Equivalent Matter (1900MHz)		May/ July/ November 2005	PCTBEM301
Muscle Equivalent Matter (300MHz)		May/ July/ November 2005	PCTMEM701
Muscle Equivalent Matter (835MHz)		May/ July/ November 2005	PCTMEM201
Muscle Equivalent Matter (1900MHz)		May/ July/ November 2005	PCTMEM401
Microwave Amp. Model: 5S1G4, (800	MHz - 4.2GHz)	January 2005	22332
Gigatronics 8651A Power Meter		January 2005	1835299
HP-8648D (9kHz ~ 4GHz) Signal Generator		January 2005	PCT530
Amplifier Research 5S1G4 Power	Amp	January 2005	PCT540
HP-8753E (30kHz ~ 3GHz) Netwo	rk Analyzer	January 2005	PCT552
HP85070B Dielectric Probe Kit		January 2005	PCT501
Ambient Noise/Reflection, etc.	Anechoic Room	January 2005	PCT01

### NOTE:

The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by waveguide technique procedure. Dipole Validation measurement is performed by PCTEST Lab, before each test. The brain simulating material is calibrated by PCTEST using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material.

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT	SAPETEST CONTROL OF THE PERSON	FCC CERTIF	ICATION	mbei	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 32 of 34
0508160575-RT	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094	



## 17. CONCLUSION

#### Measurement Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.[3]

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIF	ICATION	ymbel	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename:	Test Dates: July 18-19 *	Add. Test Dates:	EUT Type:	FCC ID:	Page 33 of 34
0508160575-R1	Aug. 3-10, 2005	Nov. 14-15, 2005	Handheld Terminal	H9PMC9094	



## 18. REFERENCES

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radiofrequency Radiation, Aug. 1996.
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 1991, American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields, 300kHz to 100GHz, New York: IEEE, Aug. 1992.
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 1991, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, 1992.
- [4] Federal Communications Commission, OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01), Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields, July 2001.
- [5] IEEE Standards Coordinating Committee 34 IEEE Std. 1528-2003, Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications
- [6] NCRP, National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements, Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for RadioFrequency Electromagnetic Fields, NCRP Report No. 86, 1986. Reprinted Feb. 1995.
- [7] T. Schmid, O. Egger, N. Kuster, Automated E-field scanning system for dosimetric assessments, IEEE Transaction on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, Jan. 1996, pp. 105-113.
- [8] K. Pokovic, T. Schmid, N. Kuster, Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies, ICECOM97, Oct. 1997, pp. 120-124.
- [9]K. Poković, T. Schmid, and N. Kuster, *E-field Probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids*, Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, June 23-25, 1996, pp. 172-175.
- [10] Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Application Note: Data Storage and Evaluation, June 1998, p2.
- [11] V. Hombach, K. Meier, M. Burkhardt, E. Kuhn, N. Kuster, *The Dependence of EM Energy Absorption upon Human Head Modeling at 900 MHz*, IEEE Transaction on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44 no. 10, Oct. 1996, pp. 1865-1873.
- [12] N. Kuster and Q. Balzano, Energy absorption mechanism by biological bodies in the near field of dipole antennas above 300MHz, IEEE Transaction on Vehicular Technology, vol. 41, no. 1, Feb. 1992, pp. 17-23.
- [13] G. Hartsgrove, A. Kraszewski, A. Surowiec, Simulated Biological Materials for Electromagnetic Radiation Absorption Studies, University of Ottawa, Bioelectromagnetics, Canada: 1987, pp. 29-36.
- [14] Q. Balzano, O. Garay, T. Manning Jr., Electromagnetic Energy Exposure of Simulated Users of Portable Cellular Telephones, IEEE Transactions on Vehicular Technology, vol. 44, no.3, Aug. 1995.
- [15] W. Gander, Computermathematick, Birkhaeuser, Basel, 1992.
- [16] W.H. Press, S.A. Teukolsky, W.T. Vetterling, and B.P. Flannery, *Numerical Recepies in C*, The Art of Scientific Computing, Second edition, Cambridge University Press, 1992.
- [17] Federal Communications Commission, OET Bulletin 65, Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields. Supplement C, Dec. 1997.
- [18] N. Kuster, R. Kastle, T. Schmid, Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with known precision, IEEE Transaction on Communications, vol. E80-B, no. 5, May 1997, pp. 645-652.
- [19] CENELEC CLC/SC111B, European Prestandard (prENV 50166-2), Human Exposure to Electromagnetic Fields High-frequency: 10kHz-300GHz, Jan. 1995.
- [20] Prof. Dr. Niels Kuster, ETH, Eidgenössische Technische Hoschschule Zürich, Dosimetric Evaluation of the Cellular Phone.

PCTEST™ SAR REPORT  SAR Filename: 0508160575-R1	Test Dates: July 18-19 * Aug. 3-10, 2005	FCC CERTIFICATION		mbol	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
		Add. Test Dates: Nov. 14-15, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9094	Page 34 of 34