

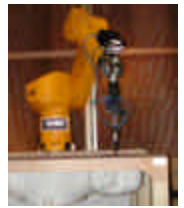
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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (SAR EVALUATION)



APPLICANT NAME & ADDRESS:

Symbol Technologies, Inc.
One Symbol Plaza MS B5
Holtsville, NY 11742-1300

DATE & LOCATION OF TESTING:

Dates of Tests: April 15-28, 2005
Test Report S/N: 0504120255
Test Site: PCTEST Lab, Columbia MD

FCC ID:	H9PMC9090
APPLICANT:	SYMBOL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

EUT Type: Handheld Terminal
Tx/Rx Frequency: 2402 – 2480 MHz / 2412 – 2462 MHz (CCK/OFDM)
5180 – 5320 MHz / 5745 – 5825 MHz (OFDM)
Max. RF Output Power: 19.30 / 19.62 dBm Peak Conducted (2.4 GHz CCK/OFDM)
18.95 dBm Peak Conducted (5.8 GHz OFDM)
18.94 dBm Peak Conducted (5.2 GHz OFDM)
Max. SAR Measurement: 0.077 W/kg 802.11b Body SAR; 0.067 W/kg 802.11g Body SAR;
0.173 W/kg 802.11a (5300MHz) Body SAR;
0.281 W/kg 802.11a (5800MHz) Body SAR
Trade Name/Model(s): MC9090-KKOH9AFFA7WW/-SKOH9AFA7WW/-GKOHBEGA7WW
FCC Classification(s): Digital Transmission System (DTS)
Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (NII)
FCC Rule Part(s): §2.1093; FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [July 2001]
Application Type: Certification
Test Device Serial No.: *identical prototype* [S/N: #ALP81783, ALP8163, ALP81775]

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (2001) and IEEE Std. 1528 - 2003. The WLAN tested for this filing has previously been certified under Symbol FCC ID: H9P2121160. The unit comes in three model types. Each type has its own body worn accessory. All were evaluated for SAR. S/N: ALP8163 was evaluated first and engineering judgments were from this unit with respect to channel and data rate worse cases.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.


Alfred Cirwithian
Vice President Engineering



Model:
KKOH9AFFA7W



Model:
KKOH9AFA7WW



Model:
SKOH9AFA7WW





PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 1 of 34

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTRODUCTION / SAR DEFINITION	3
2.	SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP.....	4
3.	DASY4 E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM.....	5
4.	Probe Calibration Process	6
5.	PHANTOM & EQUIVALENT TISSUES.....	7
6.	TEST SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS.....	8
7.	DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT & PHANTOM SPECS.....	9
8.	DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS	10
9.	TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS	11
10.	ANSI/IEEE C95.1 - 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS.....	12
11.	MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES	13-14
12.	SYSTEM VERIFICATION.....	15-16
13.	SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY.....	15
14.	SAR DATA SUMMARY.....	17-35
15.	SAR TEST EQUIPMENT	36
16.	CONCLUSION	33
17.	REFERENCES.....	34

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 2 of 34

1. INTRODUCTION / SAR DEFINITION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radiofrequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.[1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in *IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz*. (c) 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, New York 10017.[2] The measurement procedure described in *IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave*[3] is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in *Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields*, NCRP Report No. 86 (c) NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814.[6] SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (r). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 1.1).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{r \, dV} \right)$$

Figure 1.1
SAR Mathematical Equation


SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = s E^2 / r$$

where:

- S = conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)
- r = mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m³)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION	symbol	Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 3 of 34

2. SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

Robotic System

Measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY4 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium III computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 2.1).

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Gateway Pentium 4 2.53 GHz computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

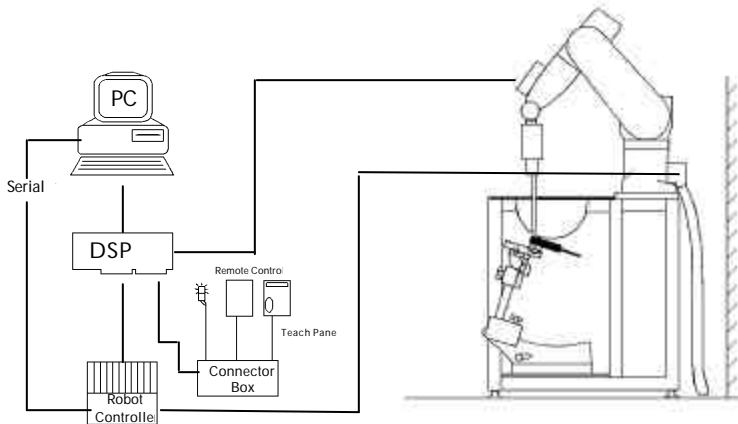


Figure 2.1 SAR Measurement System Setup

System Electronics

The DAE3 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in [7].

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 4 of 34

3. DASY4 E-FIELD PROBE SYSTEM

Probe Measurement System



Figure 3.1 DAE System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6, designed in the classical triangular configuration [7] (see Fig. 3.2) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multifiber line ending at the front of the probe tip (see Fig. 3.3). It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting (see Fig.3.1). The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

Probe Specifications

- Calibration: In air from 10 MHz to 6 GHz
In brain and muscle simulating tissue at
Frequencies of 150 MHz, 450 MHz, 835 MHz,
900 MHz, 1900MHz, 2450MHz, 5300MHz,
& 5800MHz
- Frequency: 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
(30 MHz to 6 GHz)
- Directivity: ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)
 ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal probe axis)
- Dynamic: 5 :W/g to > 100 mW/g;
- Range: Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
- Dimensions: Overall length: 330 mm
Tip length: 16 mm
Body diameter: 12 mm
Tip diameter: 3 mm
Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2 mm
- Application: General dosimetry up to 6 GHz
Compliance tests of mobile phones
Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

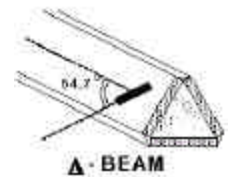


Figure 3.1 Triangular Probe Configuration



Figure 3.2 Probe Thick-Film Technique

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 5 of 34

4. PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in [8] with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in [9] and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space Efield from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz (see Fig. 4.1), and in a waveguide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

Temperature Assessment *

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe (see Fig. 4.2).

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

- Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),
- C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
- ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E- field;

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{r}$$

where:

- σ = simulated tissue conductivity,
- ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

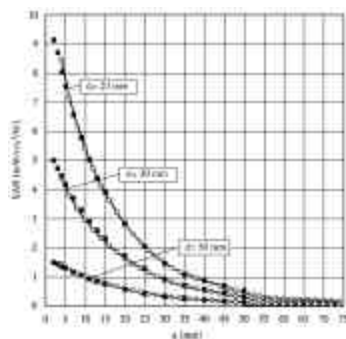


Figure 4.1 E-Field and Temperature measurements at 900MHz [7]

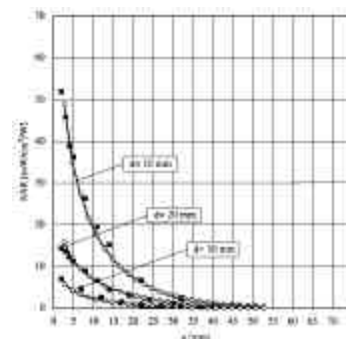


Figure 4.2 E-Field and temperature measurements at 1.9GHz [7]

*NOTE: The temperature calibration was not performed by PCTEST. For information use only.

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 6 of 34

5. PHANTOM & EQUIVALENT TISSUES

SAM Phantom



Figure 5.1 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users [11][12]. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (see Fig. 5.1)

Brain & Muscle Simulating Mixture Characterization

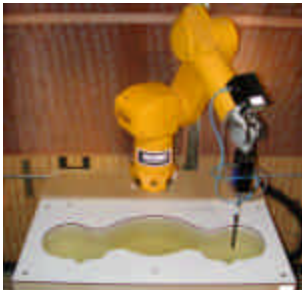


Figure 5.2 Simulated Tissue

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 6.1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 have been incorporated in the following table. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Hartsgrrove [13].(see Fig. 5.2)

Table 5.1 Composition of the Brain & Muscle Tissue Equivalent Matter

INGREDIENTS		SIMULATING TISSUE			
		2450MHz Brain	2450MHz Muscle	5800MHz Brain	5800MHz Muscle
Mixture Percentage					
WATER		62.70	73.2	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
DGBE		0.000	26.7	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
SUGAR		0.000	0.000	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
SALT		0.5	0.04	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
BACTERIACIDE		0.000	0.000	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
HEC		0.000	0.000	Propriety Recipe	Propriety Recipe
Dielectric Constant	Target	40.3	52.7	35.84	48.2
Conductivity (S/m)	Target	1.88	1.95	5.28	6.000

Device Holder for Transmitters



Figure 5.2 Mounting Device

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0, the Mounting Device (see Fig. 5.2) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation point is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatably be positioned according to the FCC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

* Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produce infinite number of configurations [12]. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 7 of 34

7. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT & PHANTOM SPECS

Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure:

1. The SAR measurement was taken at a selected spatial reference point to monitor power variations during testing. This fixed location point was measured and used as a reference value.
2. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 3.9mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm x 15mm.
3. Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume of 32mm x 32mm x 34mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 7 x 7 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see Fig. 7.1):
 - a. The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm [15]. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axis. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - b. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions) [15][16]. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as procedure #1, was re-measured. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation is repeated.



Figure 7.1 Sample SAR Area Scan

Deviation from measurement procedure - None

Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Twin Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Fig. 7.2). The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimized reflections from the upper surface. The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15cm to minimize reflections from the upper surface.



Figure 7.2 SAM Twin Phantom shell

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 9 of 34

8. DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

EAR Reference Point

Figure 8.1 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 9.2. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 8.2). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

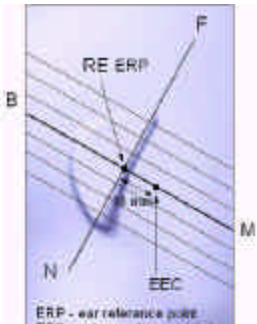


Figure 8.2 Close-up side view of ERPs



Figure 8.1 Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom

Handset Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 8.3). The "test device reference point" was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it's top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.

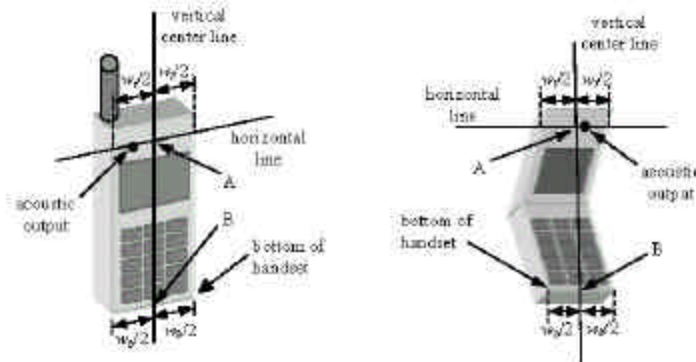


Figure 8.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 10 of 34

9. TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS

Body Holster /Belt Clip Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.5). A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.





Figure 9.5 Body Belt Clip & Holster Configurations

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration where a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. All test position spacings are documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

In all cases SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. Worst-case positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.

In order for users to be aware of the body-worn operating requirements for meeting RF exposure compliance, operating instructions and cautions statements are included in the user's manual.

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 11 of 34

10. ANSI/IEEE C95.1 - 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.



Table 10.1. Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure [2]

	HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS	
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Brain	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

1 The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

2 The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

3 The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 12 of 34

11. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES 5 GHz Band

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = cxf/e	i = cxg/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i (1 - g)	c _i (10 - g)	1 - g u _i (± %)	10 - g u _i (± %)	v _i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E1.1	4.8	N	1	1	1	8.3	8.3	∞
Axial Isotropy	E1.2	4.7	R	√3	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E1.2	9.6	R	√3	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E1.3	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E1.4	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E1.5	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E1.6	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E1.7	0.8	R	√3	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E1.8	2.6	R	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E5.1	3.0	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E5.2	0.4	R	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E5.3	2.9	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E4.2	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E3.2.1	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder Uncertainty	E3.1.1	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.6.2	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E2.1	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E2.2	5.0	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E2.2	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E2.2	5.0	R	√3	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E2.2	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.5	1.5	1.2	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)				RSS			12.3	12.1	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							24.6	24.2	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE 1528-2003

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 13 of 34

11. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES 2.4 GHz Band

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = cxf/e	i = cxg/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c_i (1 - g)	c_i (10 - g)	1 - g u_i (± %)	10 - g u_i (± %)	v_i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E1.1	4.8	N	1	1	1	4.8	4.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	E1.2	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E1.2	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E1.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E1.4	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E1.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E1.6	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E1.7	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E1.8	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E5.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E5.2	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E5.3	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E4.2	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E3.2.1	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder Uncertainty	E3.1.1	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	5.6.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E2.1	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E2.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E2.2	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E2.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E2.2	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.5	1.5	1.2	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)			RSS				10.3	10.0	
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							20.6	20.1	

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE 1528-2003

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION			Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal		FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 14 of 34

13. SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY

See Measurement Result Data Pages

The EUT was placed into continuous transmit mode using the manufacturer's software. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4].

Device Test Conditions

The EUT is powered through the internal battery. In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the maximum output power. If a power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated.

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 15 of 34

12.1 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Tissue Verification

Table 12.1.1 Simulated Tissue Verification [5]

MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS									
	04-15-2005	2450MHz Brain		2450MHz Muscle		5800MHz Brain		5800MHz Muscle	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ϵ		39.20	40.43	52.70	53.50	35.30	-	48.20	-
Conductivity: σ		1.800	1.86	1.950	1.94	5.270	-	6.000	-
MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS									
	04-18-2005	2450MHz Brain		2450MHz Muscle		5300MHz Brain		5300MHz Muscle	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ϵ		39.20	40.38	52.70	53.62	35.30	-	48.20	47.42
Conductivity: σ		1.800	1.74	1.950	1.97	5.270	-	6.000	5.36
MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS									
	04-18-2005	5800MHz Brain		5800MHz Muscle					
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ϵ		35.30	36.18	48.20	46.60	--	--	--	--
Conductivity: σ		5.270	5.42	6.000	6.10	--	--	--	--

Test System Validation

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at 835MHz, 1900MHz, 2450MHz, 5300MHz and 5800MHz by using the system validation kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 12.1.2 System Validation [5]

System Validation TARGET & MEASURED							
Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp(°C)	Input Power (W)	Tissue	Targeted SAR _{1g} (mW/g)	Measured SAR _{1g} (mW/g)	Deviation (%)
04/15/2005	23.3	20.4	0.100	2450MHz Brain	5.240	5.360	2.29
04/18/2005	23.5	20.7	0.100	2450MHz Brain	5.240	5.430	3.62
04/19/2005	23.6	20.8	0.025	5800MHz Brain	2.250	2.41	5.77

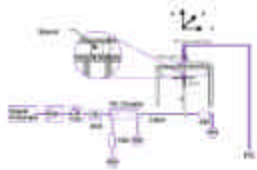


Figure 12.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup

PCTEST SAR REPORT	FCC CERTIFICATION			Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 16 of 34

14. SAR DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

Model: MC9090-KKOH9AFFA7WW



14.1 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR – w/ Holster)											
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER [‡]		Test Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)								
2437	06	DSSS	19.32	19.30	Back	5.5	-	-	Diversity	2.3 cm	0.010
2437	06	DSSS	19.31	19.31	Front/ LCD	5.5	-	-	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.024
2437	06	DSSS	19.33	19.33	Front/ LCD	5.5	-	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.026
2437	06	DSSS	19.30	19.30	Front/ LCD	5.5	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.047
2437	06	DSSS	19.29	19.29	Front/ LCD	1	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.046
2437	06	DSSS	19.34	19.34	Front/ LCD	2	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.047
2437	06	DSSS	19.38	19.38	Front/ LCD	5.5	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.047
2437	06	DSSS	19.30	19.33	Front/ LCD	11	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.048
2437	06	DSSS	19.31	19.34	Front/ LCD	11	-	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.047
2437	06	DSSS	19.30	19.32	Front/ LCD	11	SD	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.047
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT					Muscle						
Spatial Peak					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)						
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					averaged over 1 gram						

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
 2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.
- | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| [‡] Power Measured | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Conducted | <input type="checkbox"/> | ERP | <input type="checkbox"/> | EIRP |
| 4. SAR Measurement System | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | DASY4 | <input type="checkbox"/> | IDX | | |
| Phantom Configuration | <input type="checkbox"/> | Left Head | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Flat Phantom | <input type="checkbox"/> | Right Head |
| 5. SAR Configuration | <input type="checkbox"/> | Head | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Body | <input type="checkbox"/> | Hand |
| 6. Test Signal Call Mode | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Software | <input type="checkbox"/> | Base Station Simulator | | |
7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1



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PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 17 of 34

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9090-KKOH9AFFA7WW

14.2 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11g, Body SAR – w/ Holster)											
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER [†]		Test Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)								
2437	06	DSSS	19.31	19.32	Front/ LCD	6	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.039
2437	06	DSSS	19.32	19.30	Front/ LCD	9	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.044
2437	06	DSSS	19.35	19.33	Front/ LCD	12	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.042
2437	06	DSSS	19.32	19.30	Front/ LCD	18	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.041
2437	06	DSSS	19.30	19.29	Front/ LCD	24	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.032
2437	06	DSSS	19.29	19.27	Front/ LCD	36	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.023
2437	06	DSSS	19.34	19.32	Front/ LCD	48	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.028
2437	06	DSSS	19.32	19.33	Front/ LCD	54	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.012
2437	06	DSSS	19.35	19.32	Front/ LCD	9	-	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.041
2437	06	DSSS	19.32	19.31	Front/ LCD	9	SD	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.043
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT					Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						
Spatial Peak											
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population											

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
 2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.
- | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| †Power Measured | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Conducted | <input type="checkbox"/> | ERP | <input type="checkbox"/> | EIRP |
| 4. SAR Measurement System | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | DASY4 | <input type="checkbox"/> | IDX | | |
| Phantom Configuration | <input type="checkbox"/> | Left Head | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Flat Phantom | <input type="checkbox"/> | Right Head |
| 5. SAR Configuration | <input type="checkbox"/> | Head | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Body | <input type="checkbox"/> | Hand |
| 6. Test Signal Call Mode | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Software | <input type="checkbox"/> | Base Station Simulator | | |
7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1



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PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 18 of 34

14. SAR DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9090-KKOH9AFFA7WW

14.3 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (Bluetooth, Body SAR – w/ Holster)											
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER [†]		Test Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)								
2441	39	FHSS	-0.16	-0.18	Front/ LCD	-	-	On	Aux	2.5 cm	0.004
2441	39	FHSS	-0.15	-0.17	Front/ LCD	-	-	On	Aux	2.5 cm	0.004
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT					Muscle						
Spatial Peak					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)						
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					averaged over 1 gram						

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
 2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.
- [†]Power Measured Conducted ERP EIRP
 4. SAR Measurement System DASY4 IDX
 Phantom Configuration Left Head Flat Phantom Right Head
 5. SAR Configuration Head Body Hand
 6. Test Signal Call Mode Software Base Station Simulator
7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1



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PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 19 of 34

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)



Mixture Type: 5800MHz Muscle
P/N: MC9090-KKOH9AFFA7WW

14.4 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11a, Body SAR – w/ Holster)											
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER [†]		Test Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)								
5260	52	OFDM	18.96	18.94	Front/ LCD	24	-	-	Diversity	2.5 cm	0.054
5260	52	OFDM	18.94	18.93	Front/ LCD	24	-	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.060
5260	52	OFDM	18.92	18.90	Front/ LCD	24	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.086
5260	52	OFDM	18.96	18.97	Front/ LCD	6	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.152
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.95	Front/ LCD	9	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.153
5260	52	OFDM	18.94	18.92	Front/ LCD	12	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.113
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.96	Front/ LCD	18	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.104
5260	52	OFDM	18.95	18.91	Front/ LCD	24	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.086
5260	52	OFDM	18.93	18.90	Front/ LCD	36	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.091
5260	52	OFDM	18.96	18.94	Front/ LCD	48	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.086
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.93	Front/ LCD	54	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.085
5260	52	OFDM	18.95	18.94	Front/ LCD	9	-	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.151
5260	52	OFDM	18.94	18.91	Front/ LCD	9	SD	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.149
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT						Muscle					
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram					

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a
 2. All modes of operation were investigated including all data rates (Mbps), and worst-case results are reported.
 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.
- †Power Measured Conducted ERP EIRP
4. SAR Measurement System DASY4 IDX
- Phantom Configuration Left Head Flat Phantom Right Head
5. SAR Configuration Head Body Hand
6. Test Signal Call Mode Software Base Station Simulator
7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1


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PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 20 of 34

12.2 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Tissue Verification

Table 12.2.1 Simulated Tissue Verification [5]

MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS									
	04-21-2005	2450MHz Brain		2450MHz Muscle		5300MHz Brain		5300MHz Muscle	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ϵ		39.20	40.29	52.70	53.62	36.00	-	49.00	47.42
Conductivity: σ		1.800	1.86	1.950	1.97	1.800	-	5.300	5.36
MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS									
	04-21-2005	5300MHz Brain			5300MHz Muscle				
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.4	Target			Measured				
Dielectric Constant: ϵ		35.30			36.18				
Conductivity: σ		5.270			5.42				

Test System Validation

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at 835MHz, 1900MHz, 2450MHz, 5300MHz and 5800MHz by using the system validation kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 12.2.2 System Validation [5]

System Validation TARGET & MEASURED							
Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp(°C)	Input Power (W)	Tissue	Targeted SAR _{1g} (mW/g)	Measured SAR _{1g} (mW/g)	Deviation (%)
04/21/2005	23.5	20.7	0.100	2450MHz Brain	5.240	5.48	4.58
04/21/2005	23.6	20.8	0.025	5800MHz Brain	2.250	2.34	4.00
04-22/2005	23.6	20.8	0.025	5800MHz Brain	2.250	2.340	4.00

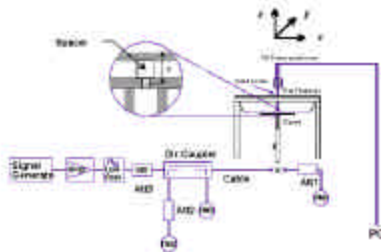


Figure 12.2 Dipole Validation Test Setup

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 22 of 34

SAR DATA SUMMARY

Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9090-SKOH9AFA7WW

14.1.1 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR – w/ Holster)												
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER [†]		Test Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)	
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)									
2437	06	DSSS	19.33	19.32	Front/ LCD	11	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.063	
2437	06	DSSS	19.34	19.33	Front/ LCD	11	-	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.060	
2437	06	DSSS	19.33	19.31	Front/ LCD	11	SD	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.061	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT						Muscle						
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)						
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram						

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

- | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| †Power Measured | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Conducted | <input type="checkbox"/> | ERP | <input type="checkbox"/> | EIRP |
| 4. SAR Measurement System | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | DASY4 | <input type="checkbox"/> | IDX | | |
| Phantom Configuration | <input type="checkbox"/> | Left Head | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Flat Phantom | <input type="checkbox"/> | Right Head |
| 5. SAR Configuration | <input type="checkbox"/> | Head | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Body | <input type="checkbox"/> | Hand |
| 6. Test Signal Call Mode | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Software | <input type="checkbox"/> | Base Station Simulator | | |
7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1



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PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 23 of 34

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9090-SKOH9AFA7WW

14.2.1 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11g, Body SAR – w/ Holster)											
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER [‡]		Test Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)								
2437	06	DSSS	19.64	19.64	Front/ LCD	9	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.064
2437	06	DSSS	19.62	19.63	Front/ LCD	9	-	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.061
2437	06	DSSS	19.63	19.64	Front/ LCD	9	SD	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.063
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT					Muscle						
Spatial Peak					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)						
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					averaged over 1 gram						

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.
- [‡]Power Measured Conducted ERP EIRP
 4. SAR Measurement System DASY4 IDX
 Phantom Configuration Left Head Flat Phantom Right Head
 5. SAR Configuration Head Body Hand
 6. Test Signal Call Mode Software Base Station Simulator
7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1



Alfred Cirwihian
Vice President Engineering

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 24 of 34

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 5300MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9090-SKOH9AFA7WW

14.3.1 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11a, Body SAR – w/ Holster)											
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER [†]		Test Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)								
5260	52	OFDM	18.96	18.95	Front/ LCD	9	-	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.145
5260	52	OFDM	18.95	18.96	Front/ LCD	9	-	2441	Aux	2.5 cm	0.139
5260	52	OFDM	18.96	18.96	Front/ LCD	9	SD	-	Aux	2.5 cm	0.142
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT					Muscle 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						
Spatial Peak											
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population											

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

- | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| †Power Measured | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Conducted | <input type="checkbox"/> | ERP | <input type="checkbox"/> | EIRP |
| 4. SAR Measurement System | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | DASY4 | <input type="checkbox"/> | IDX | | |
| Phantom Configuration | <input type="checkbox"/> | Left Head | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Flat Phantom | <input type="checkbox"/> | Right Head |
| 5. SAR Configuration | <input type="checkbox"/> | Head | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Body | <input type="checkbox"/> | Hand |
| 6. Test Signal Call Mode | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Software | <input type="checkbox"/> | Base Station Simulator | | |
7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1



Alfred Cirwithian
Vice President Engineering

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 25 of 34

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 5800MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9090-SKOH9AFA7WW

14.4.1 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11a, Body SAR – w/ Holster)												
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER [‡]		Test Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)	
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)									
5805	161	OFDM	18.93	18.95	Front/ LCD	9	-	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.045	
5805	161	OFDM	18.95	18.94	Front/ LCD	9	-	2441	Main	2.5 cm	0.043	
5805	161	OFDM	18.93	18.95	Front/ LCD	9	SD	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.040	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT						Muscle						
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)						
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram						

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

- | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| ‡Power Measured | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Conducted | <input type="checkbox"/> | ERP | <input type="checkbox"/> | EIRP |
| 4. SAR Measurement System | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | DASY4 | <input type="checkbox"/> | IDX | | |
| Phantom Configuration | <input type="checkbox"/> | Left Head | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Flat Phantom | <input type="checkbox"/> | Right Head |
| 5. SAR Configuration | <input type="checkbox"/> | Head | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Body | <input type="checkbox"/> | Hand |
| 6. Test Signal Call Mode | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Software | <input type="checkbox"/> | Base Station Simulator | | |

7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1



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Vice President Engineering

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 26 of 34

12.3 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Tissue Verification

Table 12.3.1 Simulated Tissue Verification [5]

MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS									
	04-25-2005	2450MHz Brain		2450MHz Muscle		5300MHz Brain		5300MHz Muscle	
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.4	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Dielectric Constant: ϵ		39.20	40.42	52.70	53.58	36.00	-	49.00	47.61
Conductivity: σ		1.800	1.83	1.950	1.95	1.800	-	5.300	5.45
MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS									
	04-26-2005	5300MHz Brain			5300MHz Muscle				
Liquid Temperature (°C)	20.4	Target		Measured		Target		Measured	
Dielectric Constant: ϵ		35.30		36.22		48.20		46.83	
Conductivity: σ		5.270		5.39		6.000		6.42	

Test System Validation

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at 835MHz, 1900MHz, 2450MHz, 5300MHz and 5800MHz by using the system validation kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 12.3.2 System Validation [5]

System Validation TARGET & MEASURED							
Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp(°C)	Input Power (W)	Tissue	Targeted SAR _{1g} (mW/g)	Measured SAR _{1g} (mW/g)	Deviation (%)
04/25/2005	23.4	20.6	0.100	2450MHz Brain	5.240	5.49	4.77
04/26/2005	20.8	20.8	0.025	5800MHz Brain	2.250	2.35	4.44

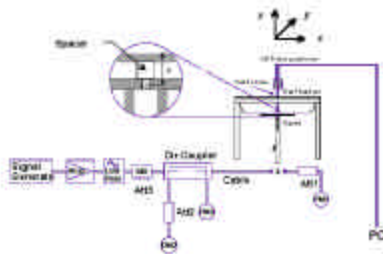


Figure 12.3 Dipole Validation Test Setup

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 27 of 34

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9090-GKOHBEGA7WW

14.1.2 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR – w/ Holster)												
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER [‡]		Test Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)	
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)									
2437	06	DSSS	19.32	19.33	Front/ LCD	11	-	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.077	
2437	06	DSSS	19.35	19.34	Front/ LCD	11	-	2441	Main	2.5 cm	0.062	
2437	06	DSSS	19.33	19.35	Front/ LCD	11	SD	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.064	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT					Muscle							
Spatial Peak					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)							
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					averaged over 1 gram							

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.

- | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| [‡] Power Measured | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Conducted | <input type="checkbox"/> | ERP | <input type="checkbox"/> | EIRP |
| 4. SAR Measurement System | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | DASY4 | <input type="checkbox"/> | IDX | | |
| Phantom Configuration | <input type="checkbox"/> | Left Head | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Flat Phantom | <input type="checkbox"/> | Right Head |
| 5. SAR Configuration | <input type="checkbox"/> | Head | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Body | <input type="checkbox"/> | Hand |
| 6. Test Signal Call Mode | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Software | <input type="checkbox"/> | Base Station Simulator | | |
7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1



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PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 28 of 34

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9090-GKOHBEGA7WW



14.2.2 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11g, Body SAR – w/ Holster)											
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER [‡]		Test Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)								
2437	06	OFDM	19.58	19.60	Front/ LCD	9	-	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.067
2437	06	OFDM	19.60	19.59	Front/ LCD	9	-	2441	Main	2.5 cm	0.060
2437	06	OFDM	19.59	19.61	Front/ LCD	9	SD	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.064
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT					Muscle						
Spatial Peak					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)						
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					averaged over 1 gram						

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.
- | | | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| ‡Power Measured | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conducted | <input type="checkbox"/> ERP | <input type="checkbox"/> EIRP |
| 4. SAR Measurement System | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DASY4 | <input type="checkbox"/> IDX | |
| Phantom Configuration | <input type="checkbox"/> Left Head | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Flat Phantom | <input type="checkbox"/> Right Head |
| 5. SAR Configuration | <input type="checkbox"/> Head | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Body | <input type="checkbox"/> Hand |
| 6. Test Signal Call Mode | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Software | <input type="checkbox"/> Base Station Simulator | |
7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1



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PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 29 of 34

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 2450MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9090-GKOHBEGA7WW

14.3.2 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11a, Body SAR – w/ Holster)											
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER [†]		Test Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)								
5260	52	OFDM	18.95	18.96	Front/ LCD	9	-	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.281
5260	52	OFDM	18.96	18.97	Front/ LCD	9	-	2441	Main	2.5 cm	0.276
5260	52	OFDM	18.97	18.97	Front/ LCD	9	SD	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.279
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT					Muscle						
Spatial Peak					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)						
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					averaged over 1 gram						

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.
- [†]Power Measured Conducted ERP EIRP
4. SAR Measurement System DASY4 IDX
 Phantom Configuration Left Head Flat Phantom Right Head
 5. SAR Configuration Head Body Hand
 6. Test Signal Call Mode Software Base Station Simulator
 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1



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Vice President Engineering

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 30 of 34

SAR DATA SUMMARY (Continued)

Mixture Type: 5300MHz Muscle

P/N: MC9090-GKOHBEGA7WW



14.4.2 MEASUREMENT RESULTS (IEEE 802.11a, Body SAR – w/ Holster)											
FREQUENCY		Modulation	Begin / End Average POWER [‡]		Test Position	Data Rate (Mbps)	Memory Card	BT (MHz)	Antenna	Separation Distance (cm)	SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)								
5805	161	OFDM	18.89	18.91	Front/ LCD	9	-	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.173
5805	161	OFDM	18.93	18.92	Front/ LCD	9	-	2441	Main	2.5 cm	0.168
5805	161	OFDM	18.92	18.91	Front/ LCD	9	SD	-	Main	2.5 cm	0.170
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT					Muscle						
Spatial Peak					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)						
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					averaged over 1 gram						

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the antenna-head position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [July 2001].
 2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
 3. Battery is fully charged for all readings. Standard Batteries are the only options.
- [‡]Power Measured Conducted ERP EIRP
4. SAR Measurement System DASY4 IDX
 Phantom Configuration Left Head Flat Phantom Right Head
 5. SAR Configuration Head Body Hand
 6. Test Signal Call Mode Software Base Station Simulator
 7. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
 8. Liquid tissue depth is 15.1 cm. ± 0.1



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PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 31 of 34

15. SAR TEST EQUIPMENT

Equipment Calibration

Table 15.1 Test Equipment Calibration

EQUIPMENT SPECIFICATIONS			
Type	Calibration Date	Serial Number	
Stäubli Robot RX60L	October 2004	599131-01	
Stäubli Robot Controller	October 2004	PCT592	
Stäubli Teach Pendant (Joystick)	October 2004	3323-00161	
Micron Computer, 450 MHz Pentium III, Windows NT	October 2004	PCT577	
SPEAG EDC3	October 2004	321	
SPEAG DAE3	January 2004	455	
SPEAG E-Field Probe ES3DV2	September 2003	3022	
SPEAG Dummy Probe	October 2004	PCT583	
SPEAG SAM Twin Phantom V4.0	October 2004	PCT666	
SPEAG Light Alignment Sensor	October 2004	205	
PCTEST Validation Dipole D300V2	September 2003	PCT301	
SPEAG Validation Dipole D835V2	January 2004	PCT512	
SPEAG Validation Dipole D1900V2	January 2004	PCT613	
Brain Equivalent Matter (300MHz)	April 2005	PCTBEM601	
Brain Equivalent Matter (835MHz)	April 2005	PCTBEM101	
Brain Equivalent Matter (1900MHz)	April 2005	PCTBEM301	
Muscle Equivalent Matter (300MHz)	April 2005	PCTMEM701	
Muscle Equivalent Matter (835MHz)	April 2005	PCTMEM201	
Muscle Equivalent Matter (1900MHz)	April 2005	PCTMEM401	
Microwave Amp. Model: 5S1G4, (800MHz - 4.2GHz)	January 2004	22332	
Gigatronics 8651A Power Meter	January 2004	1835299	
HP-8648D (9kHz ~ 4GHz) Signal Generator	January 2004	PCT530	
Amplifier Research 5S1G4 Power Amp	January 2004	PCT540	
HP-8753E (30kHz ~ 3GHz) Network Analyzer	January 2004	PCT552	
HP85070B Dielectric Probe Kit	January 2004	PCT501	
Ambient Noise/Reflection, etc.	January 2004	Anechoic Room PCT01	Anechoic Room PCT01

NOTE:

The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by waveguide technique procedure. Dipole Validation measurement is performed by PCTEST Lab. before each test. The brain simulating material is calibrated by PCTEST using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material.

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 32 of 34

16. CONCLUSION

Measurement Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.[3]

PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 33 of 34

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PCTEST SAR REPORT		FCC CERTIFICATION		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
SAR Filename: 050412255	Test Dates: April 15-28, 2005	EUT Type: Handheld Terminal	FCC ID: H9PMC9090	Page 34 of 34

APPENDIX A: SAR TEST DATA

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090-KKOH9FFA7WW Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81763

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Muscle ($\sigma = 1.94$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 53.5$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-15-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.3°C; Tissue Temp: 20.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Side, Ch.06, 11Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Aux Antenna

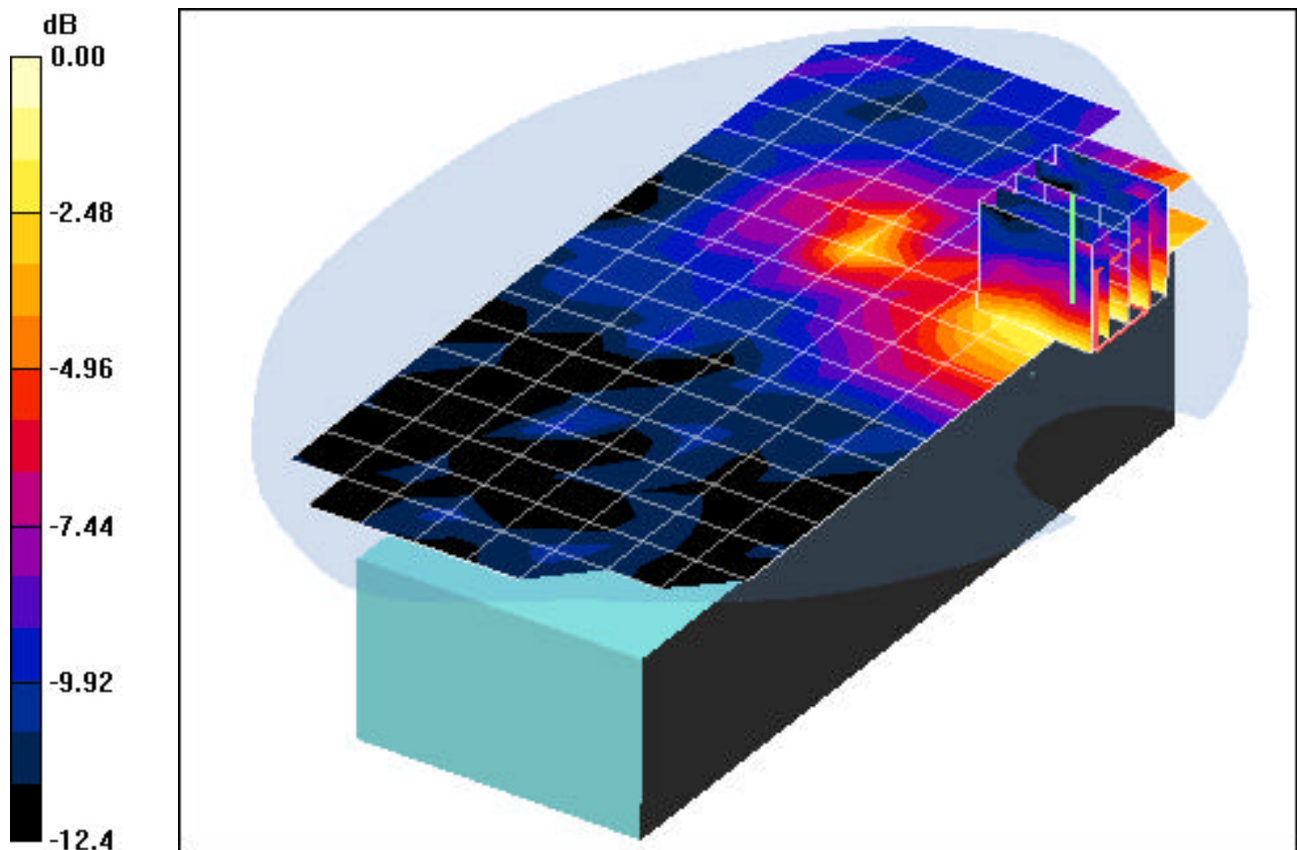
Area Scan (9x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.44 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.084 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.048 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.029 mW/g



0 dB = 0.059mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090-KKOH9FFA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81763

Communication System: IEEE 802.11g; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Muscle ($\sigma = 1.97$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 53.62$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-18-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 20.7°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Side, Ch.06, 9Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Aux Antenna

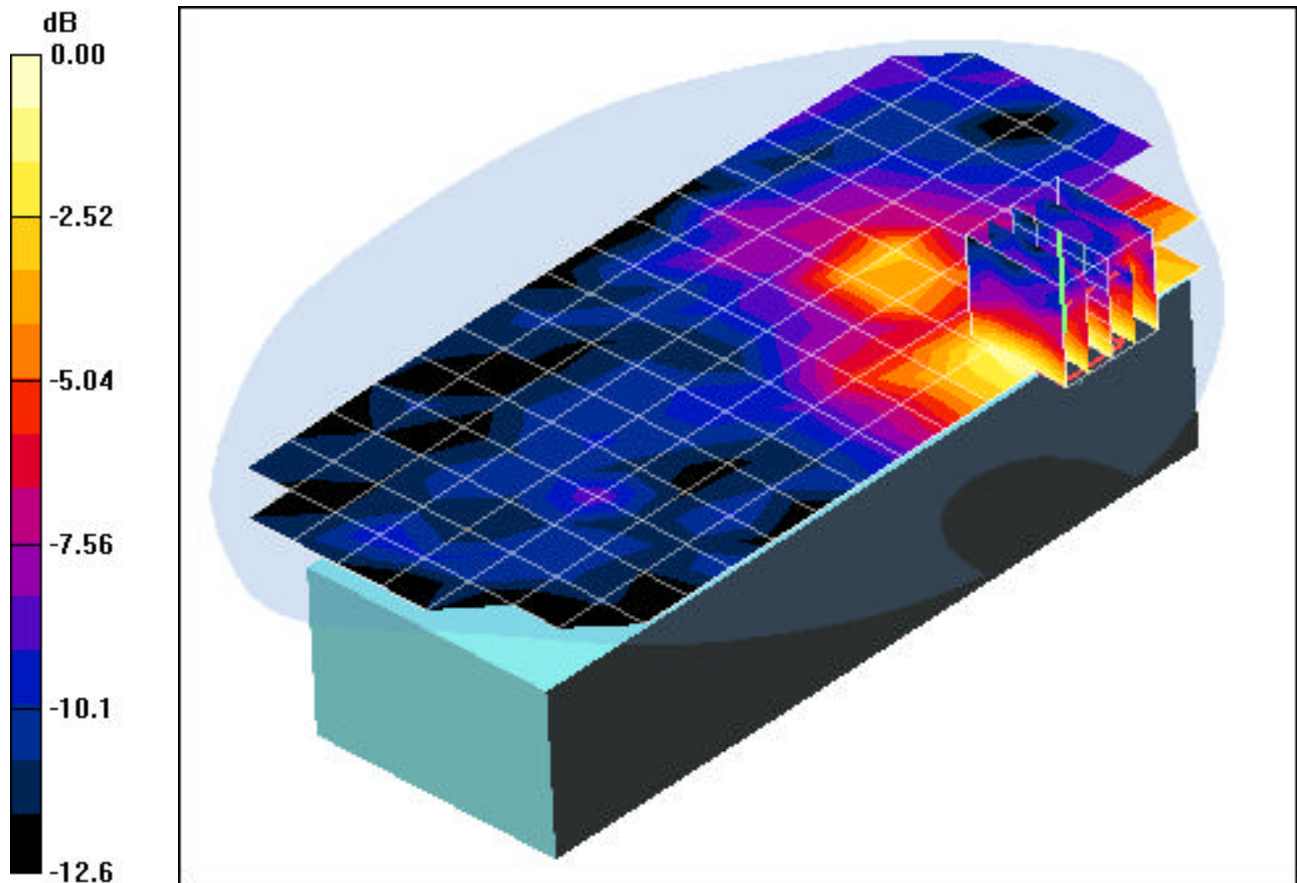
Area Scan (9x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.51 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.075 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.044 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.025 mW/g



0 dB = 0.053mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090-KKOH9FFA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81763

Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Muscle ($\sigma = 1.94$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 53.5$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-15-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.3°C; Tissue Temp: 20.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Side, BT Only, Ch.39, 2441MHz, Li-Ion Battery

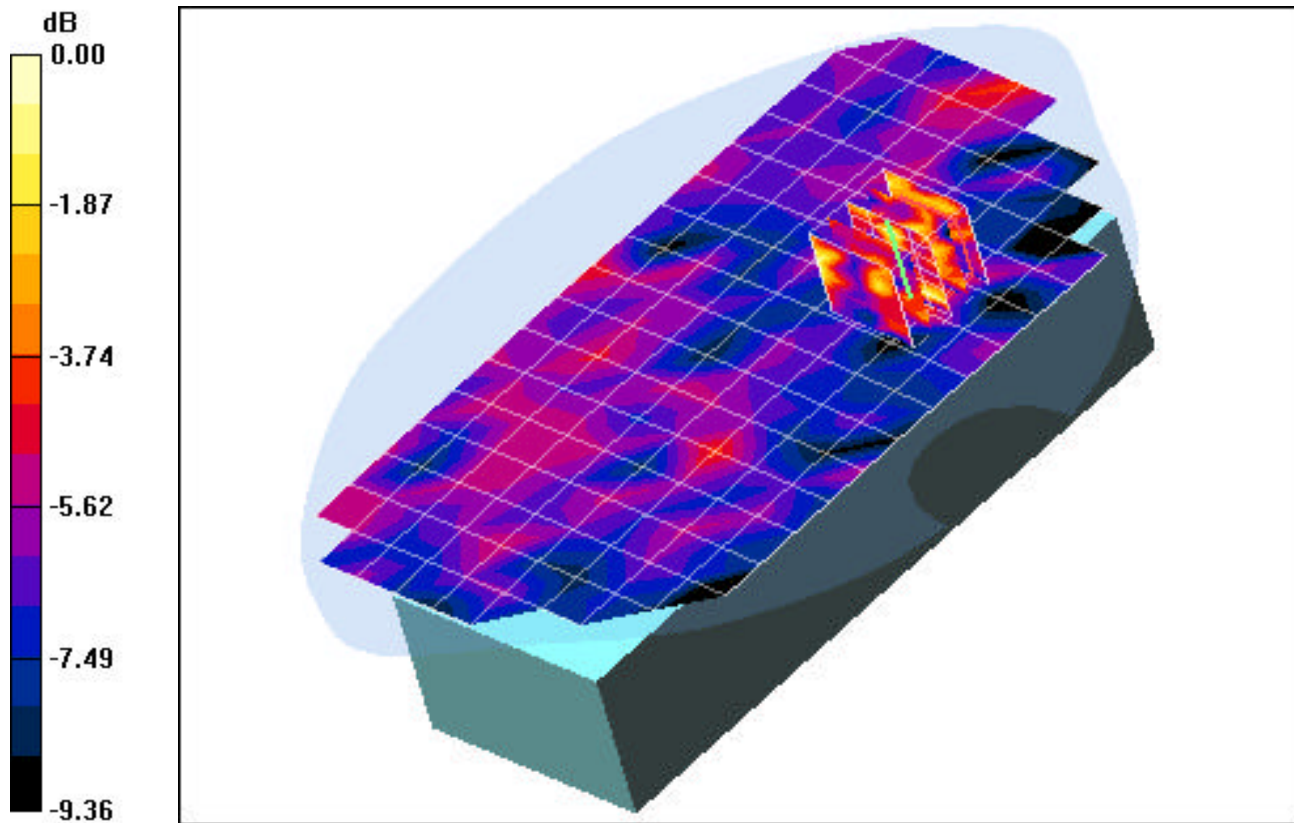
Area Scan (10x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.885 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.012 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00382 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00144 mW/g



0 dB = 0.012mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL ML9090-KKOH9FFA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; S/N: ALP81763

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5300 Muscle ($\sigma = 5.36$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 47.42$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-19-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 20.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(3.72, 3.72, 3.72); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Side, Ch.52, 9Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Aux Antenna

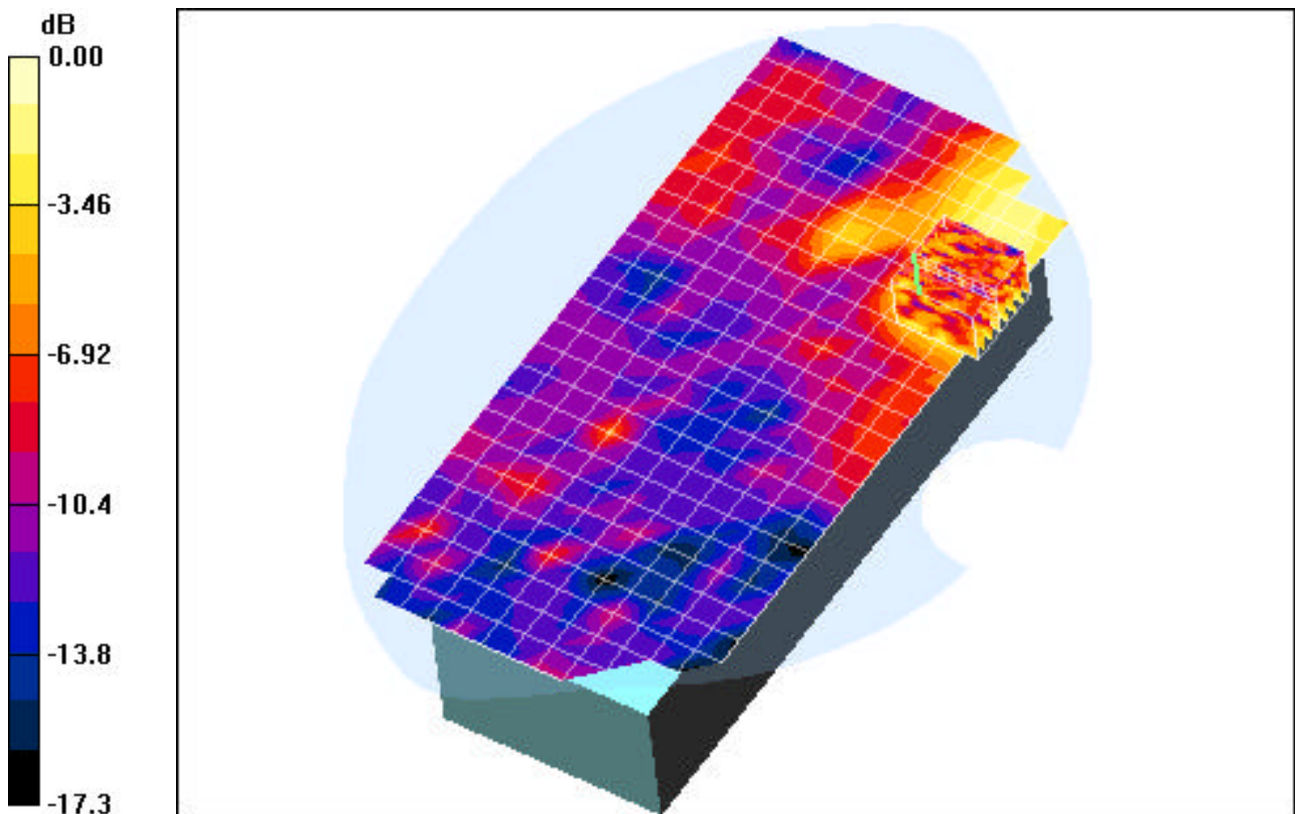
Area Scan (13x26x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 1.45 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.678 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.153 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/g



0 dB = 0.249mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090- KKOH9FFA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81763

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5805 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5800 Muscle ($\sigma = 6.1$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 46.6$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-21-2004; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 20.7°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(3.48, 3.48, 3.48); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Side, Ch.161, 9Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Main Antenna

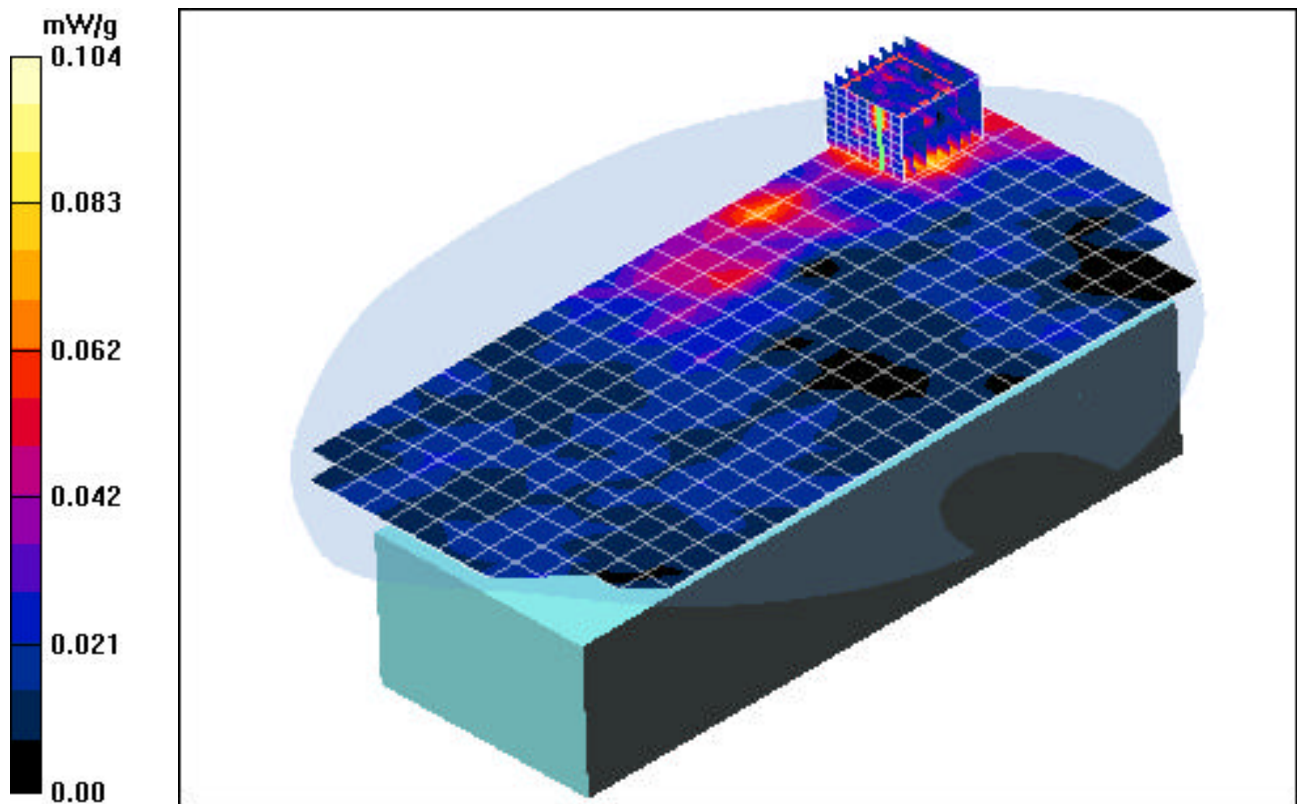
Area Scan (13x26x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 1.44 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.332 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.076 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.037 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090- KKOH9FFA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81763

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Muscle ($\sigma = 1.94 \text{ mho/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 53.5$, $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-15-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.3°C; Tissue Temp: 20.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Side, Ch.06, 11Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Aux Antenna

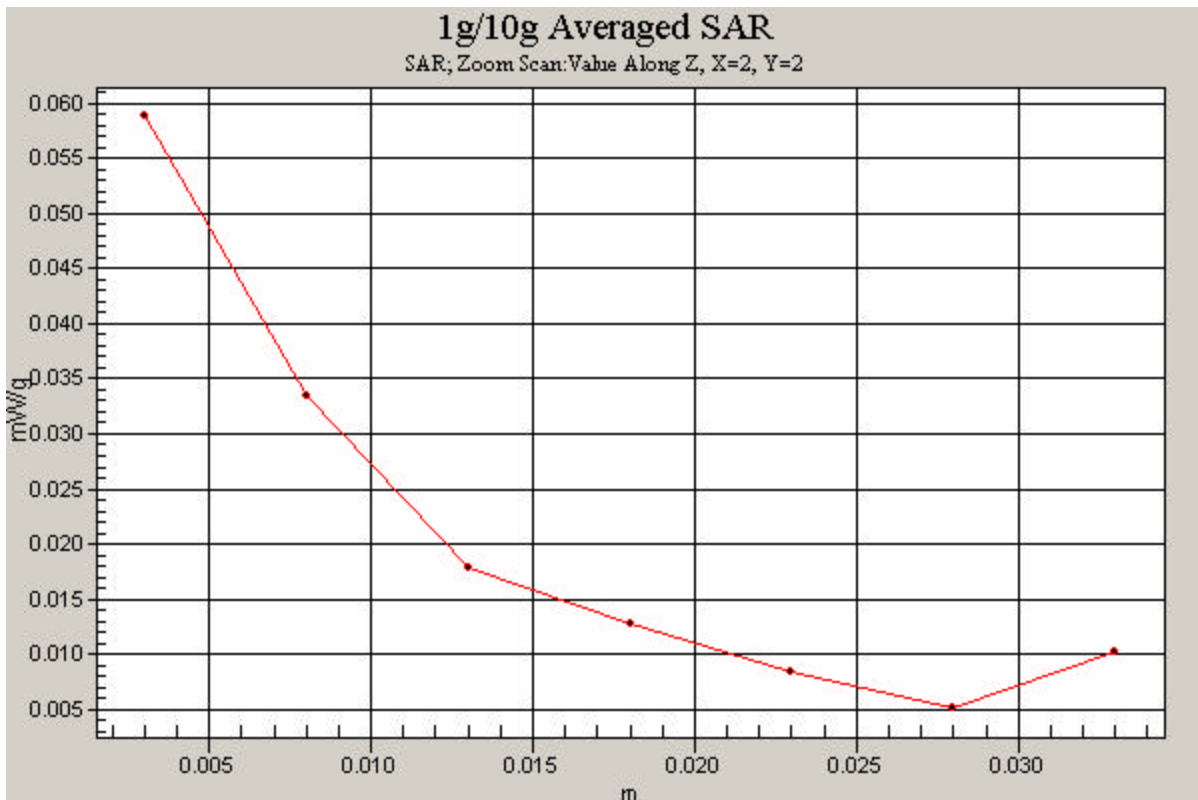
Area Scan (9x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.44 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.084 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.048 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.029 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090-KKOH9FFA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81763

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5300 Muscle ($\sigma = 5.36$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 47.42$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-19-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 20.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(3.72, 3.72, 3.72); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Side, Ch.52, 9Mbps, Li Ion Battery, Aux Antenna

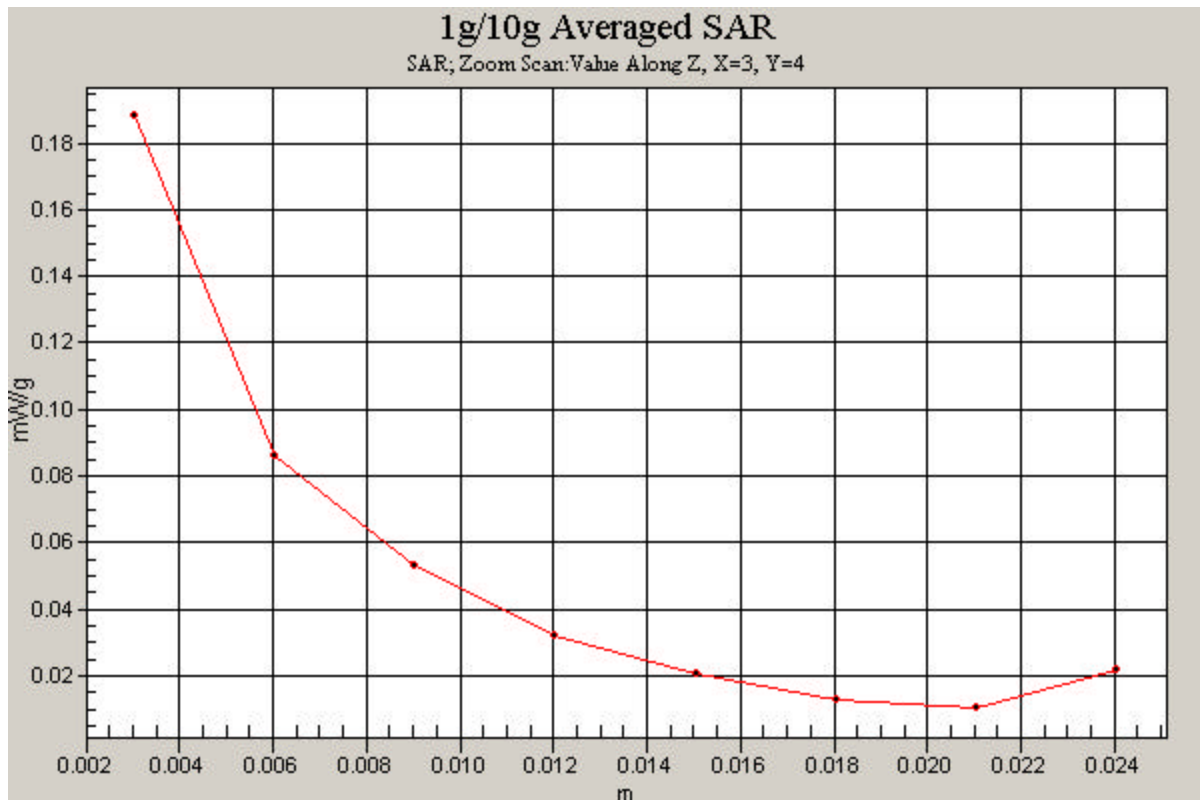
Area Scan (13x26x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 1.45 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.678 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.153 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090-KKOH9FFA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81763

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5805 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5800 Muscle ($\sigma = 6.1 \text{ mho/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 46.6$, $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-21-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 20.7°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(3.48, 3.48, 3.48); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE3 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Side, Ch.161, 9Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Main Antenna

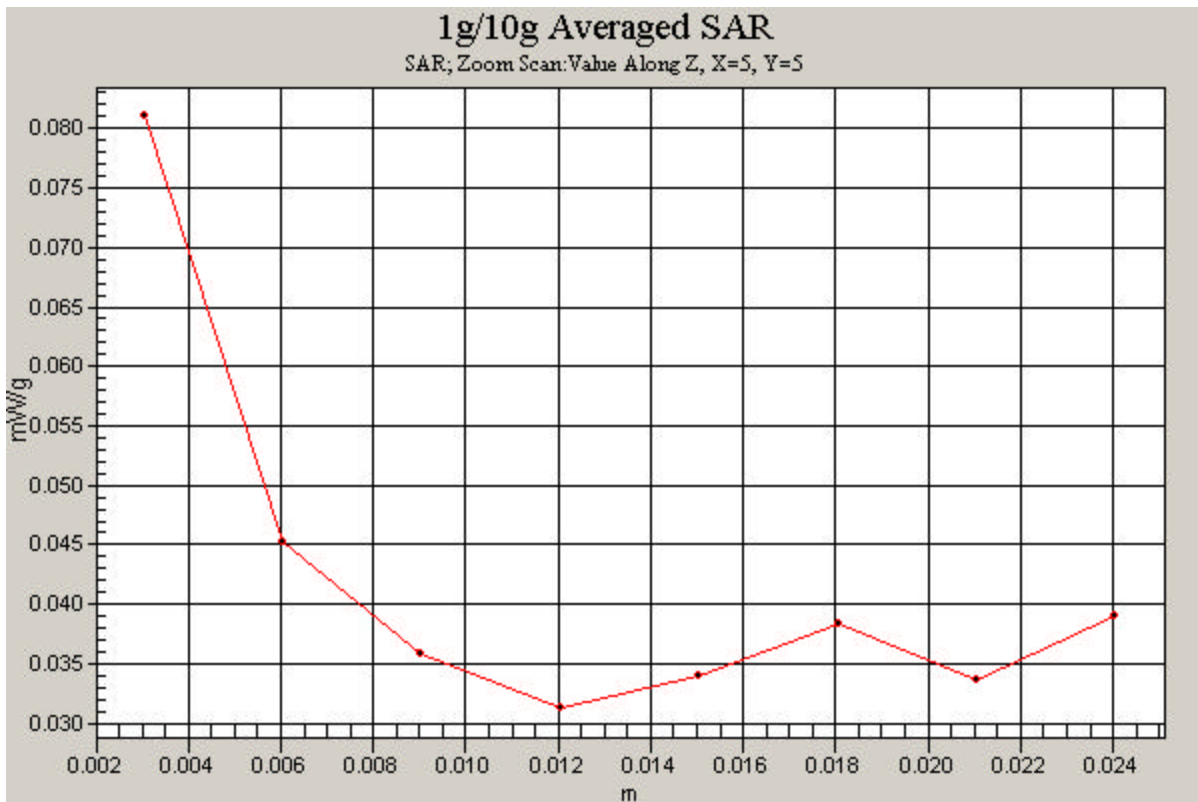
Area Scan (13x26x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 1.44 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.332 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.076 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.037 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090-SKOH9AFA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81783

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Muscle ($\sigma = 1.97$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 53.62$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-21-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 20.7°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/Holster, Ch.06, 11Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Aux Antenna

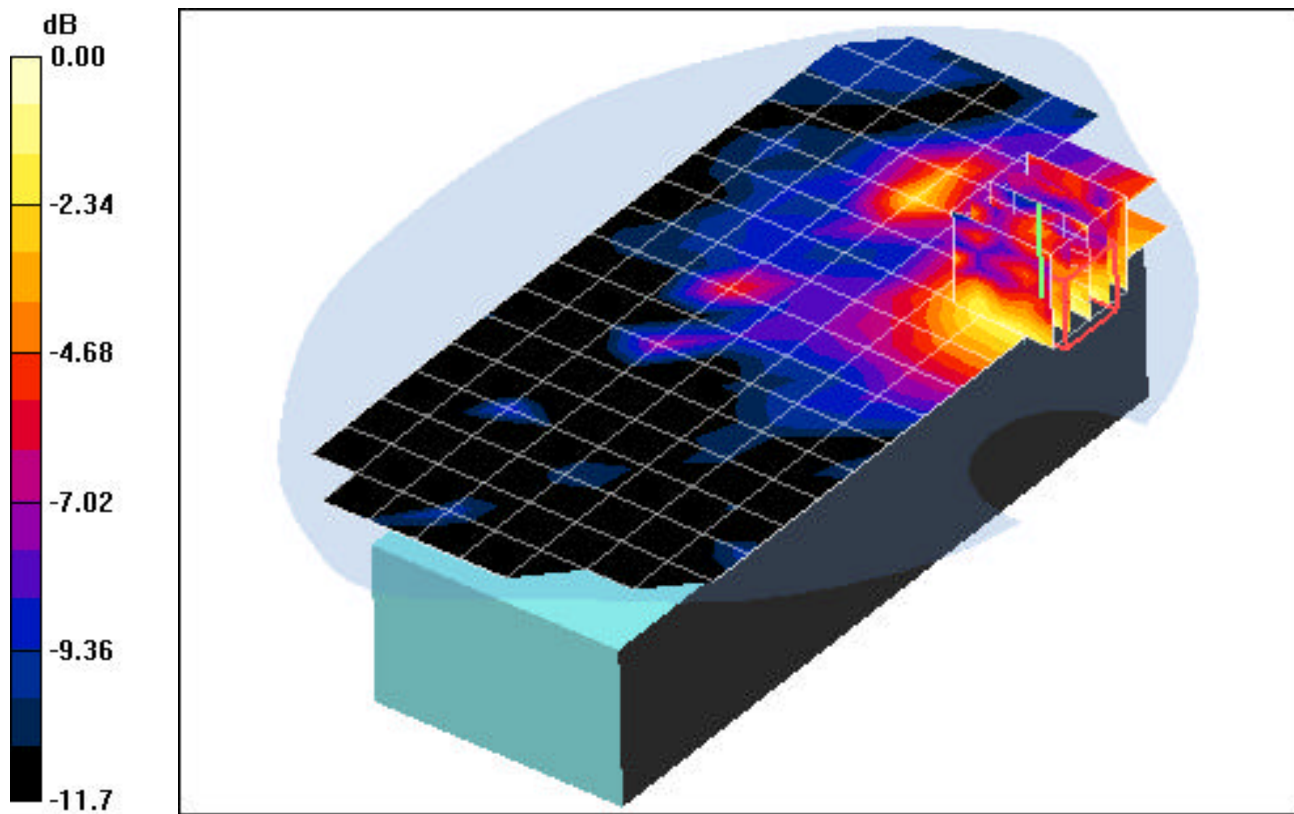
Area Scan (9x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.05 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.080 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.063 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.035 mW/g



0 dB = 0.072mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090 SKOH9AFA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81783

Communication System: IEEE 802.11g; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Muscle ($\sigma = 1.97$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 53.62$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-21-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 20.7°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Side, Ch.06, 9Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Aux Antenna

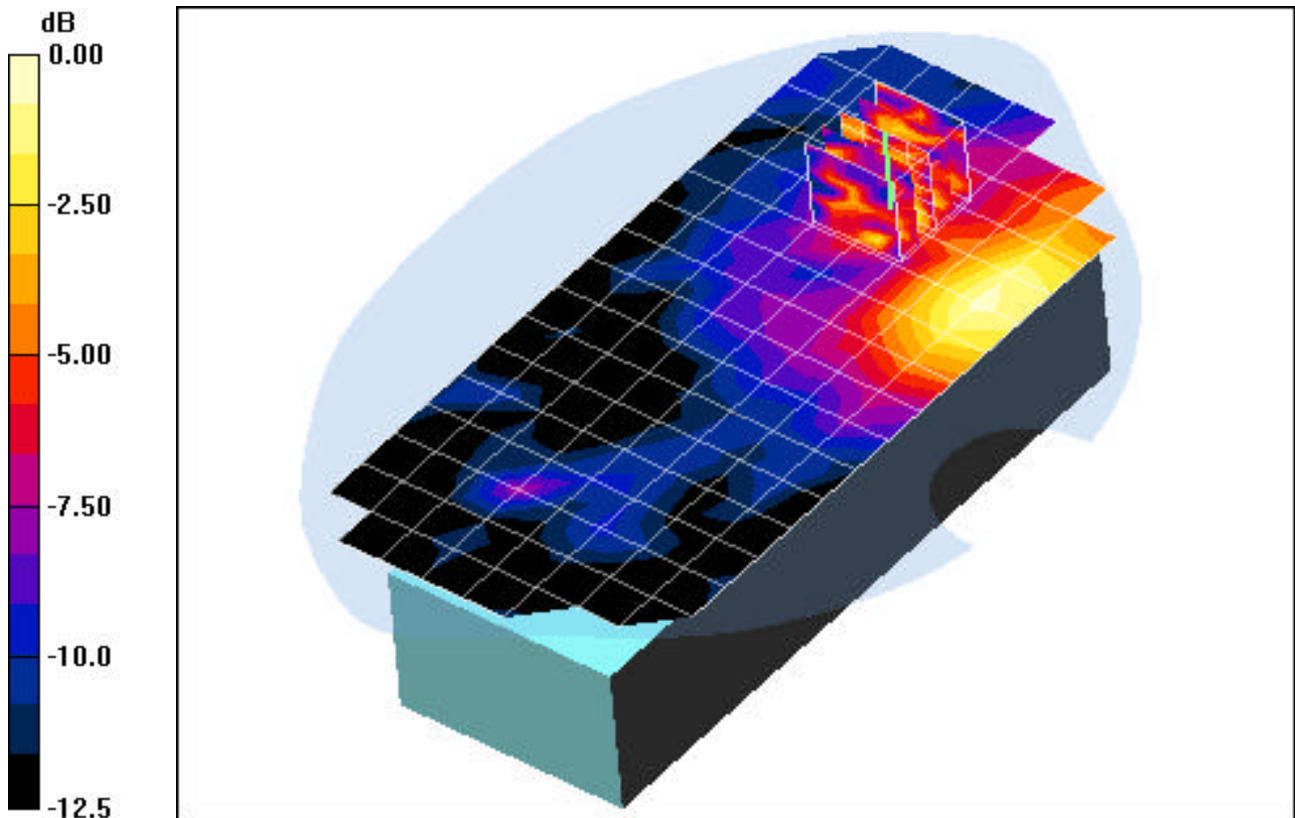
Area Scan (9x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.06 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.126 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.064 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 mW/g



0 dB = 0.068mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090-SKOH9AFA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81783

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5300 Muscle ($\sigma = 5.36$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 47.42$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-22-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 20.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(3.72, 3.72, 3.72); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Side, Ch.52, 9Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Aux Antenna

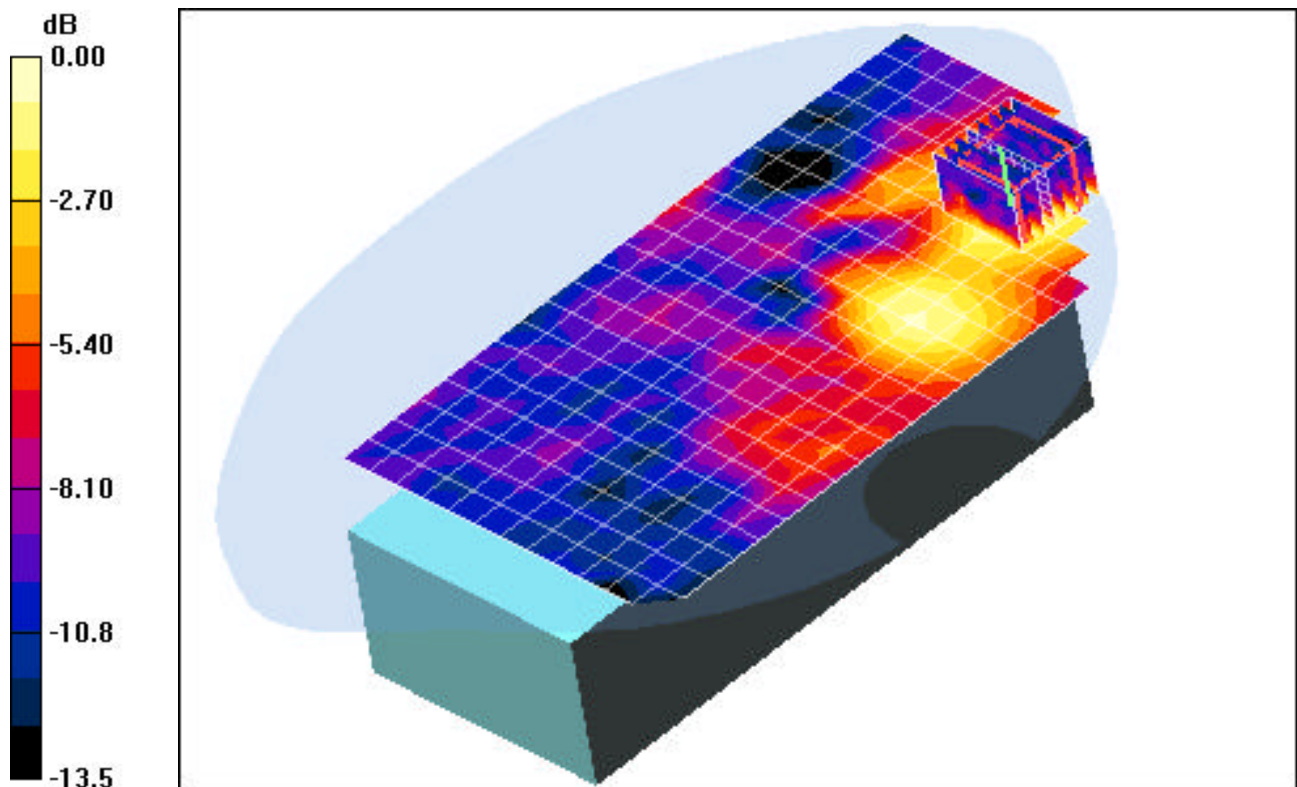
Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 1.33 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.487 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.145 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.067 mW/g



0 dB = 0.187mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090-SKOH9AFA7WWW ; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81783

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5805 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5800 Muscle ($\sigma = 6.1$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 46.6$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-22-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 20.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(3.48, 3.48, 3.48); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Side, Ch.161, 9Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Main Antenna

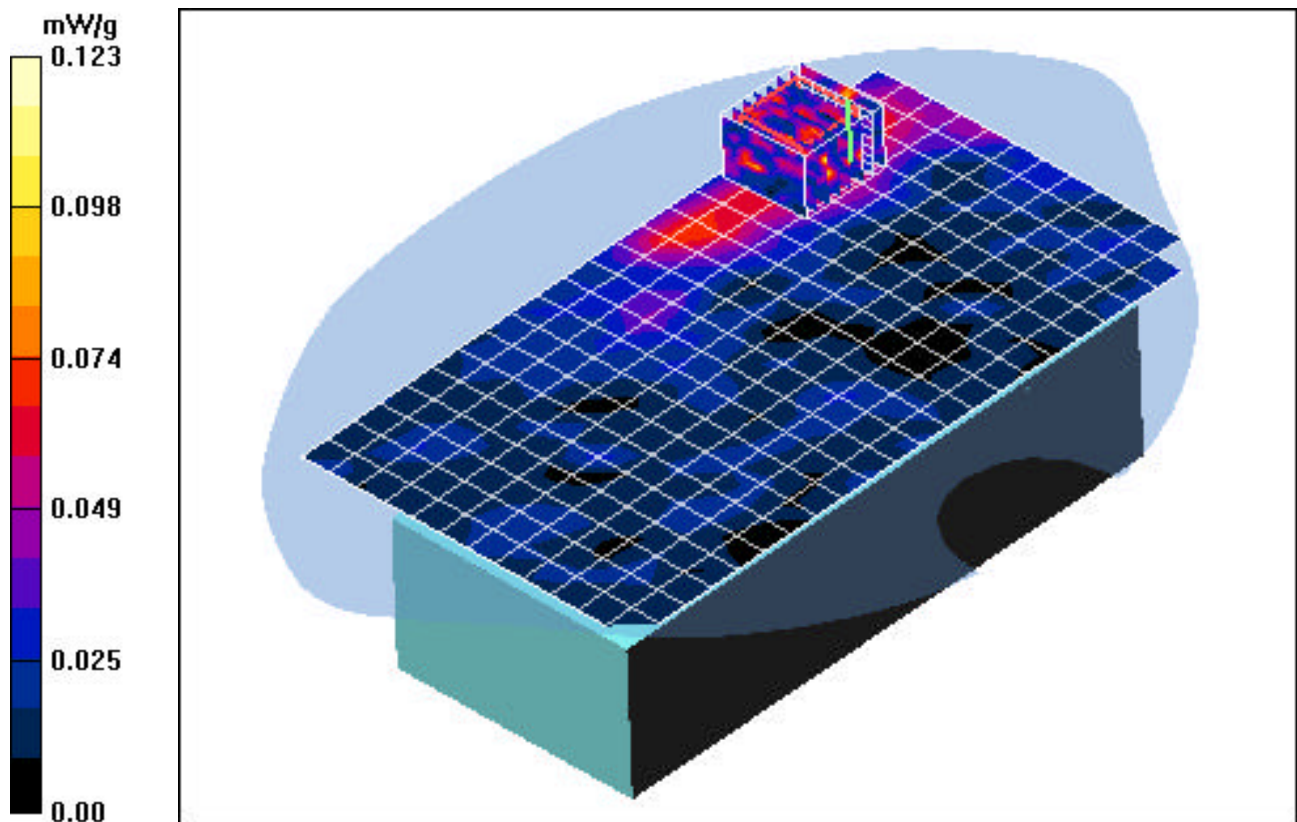
Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 1.33 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.322 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.045 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090 SKOH9AFA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81783

Communication System: IEEE 802.11g; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Muscle ($\sigma = 1.97 \text{ mho/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 53.62$, $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-21-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 20.7°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Side, Ch.06, 9Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Aux Antenna

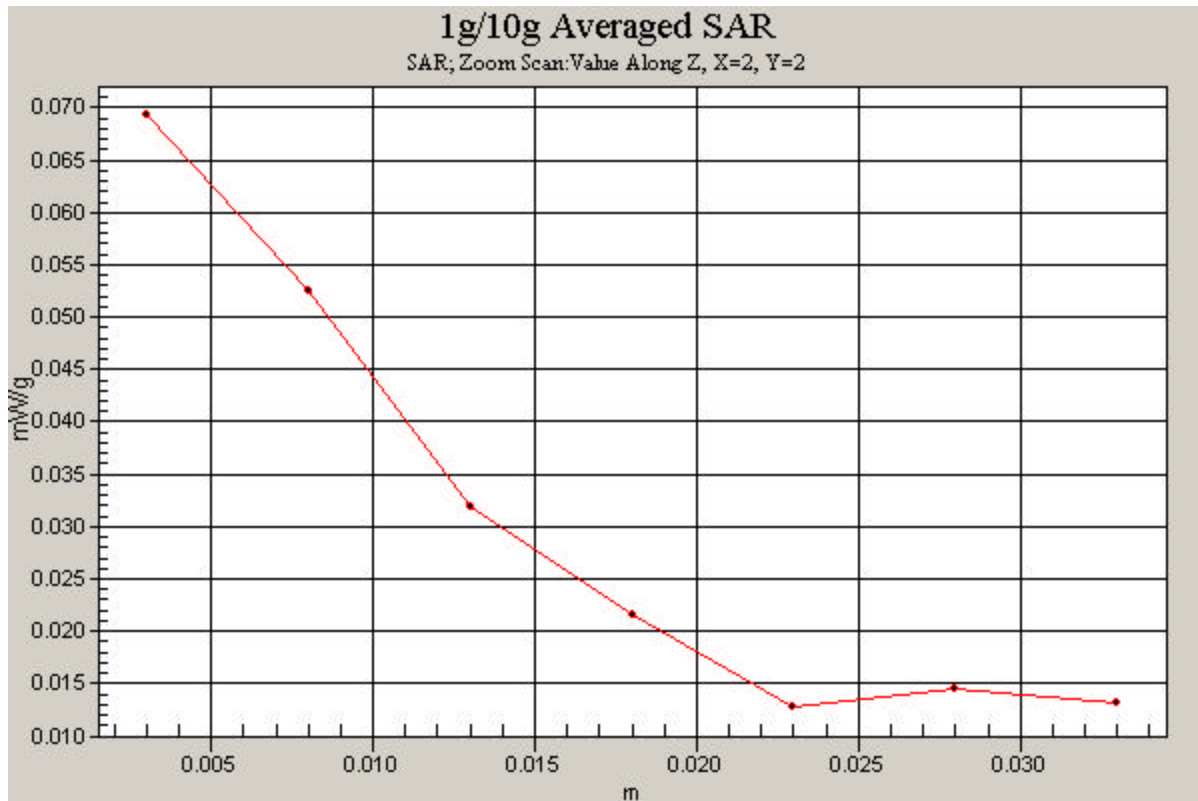
Area Scan (9x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.06 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.126 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.064 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 mW/g
mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090-SKOH9AFA7WWW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81783

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 5300 Muscle ($\sigma = 5.36$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 47.42$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)
Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: 04-22-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 20.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(3.72, 3.72, 3.72); Calibrated: 10/26/2004
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004
Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Side, Ch.52, 9Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Aux Antenna

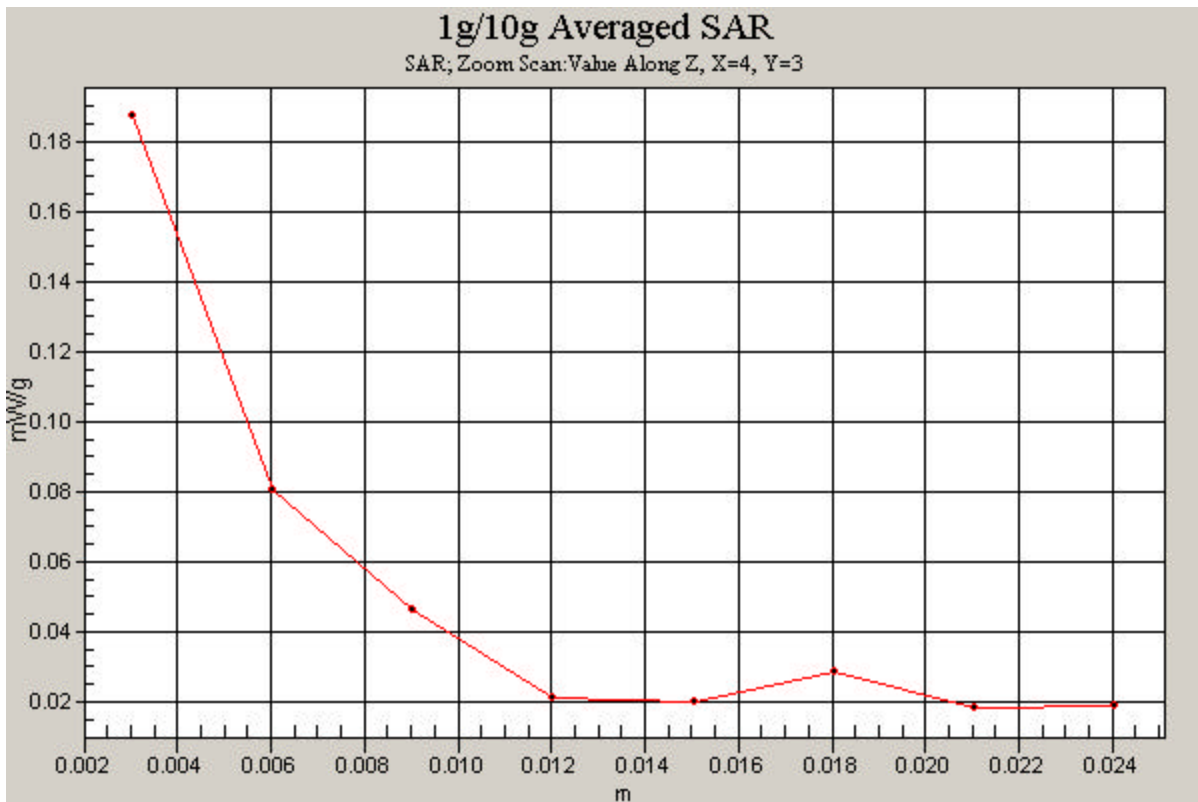
Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 1.33 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.487 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.145 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.067 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090-GKOHBEGA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81775

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Muscle ($\sigma = 1.95$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 53.58$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-25-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 20.6°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Downward, Ch.6, 11Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Main Antenna

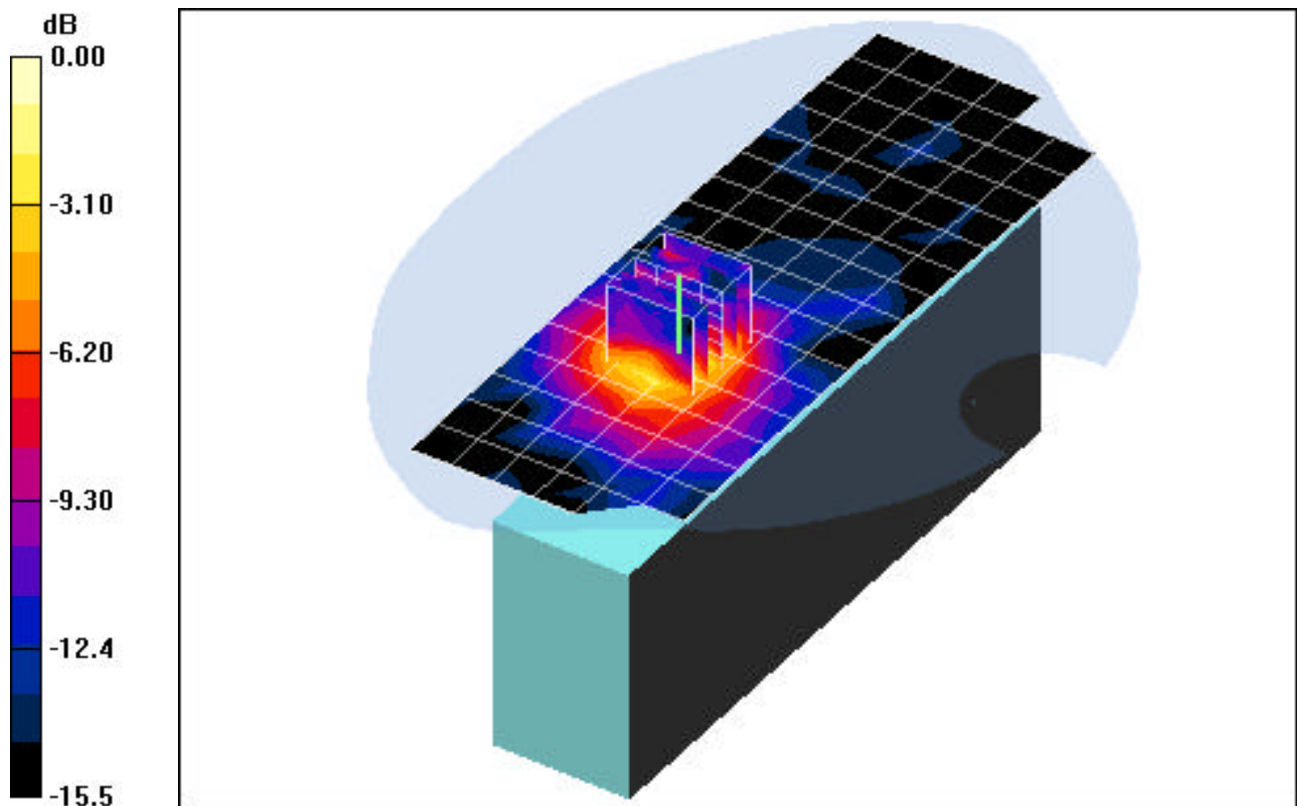
Area Scan (7x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.17 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.149 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.077 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.042 mW/g



0 dB = 0.097mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090-GKOHBEGA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81775

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Muscle ($\sigma = 1.95$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 53.58$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-25-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 20.6°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Downward, Ch.6, 9Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Main Antenna

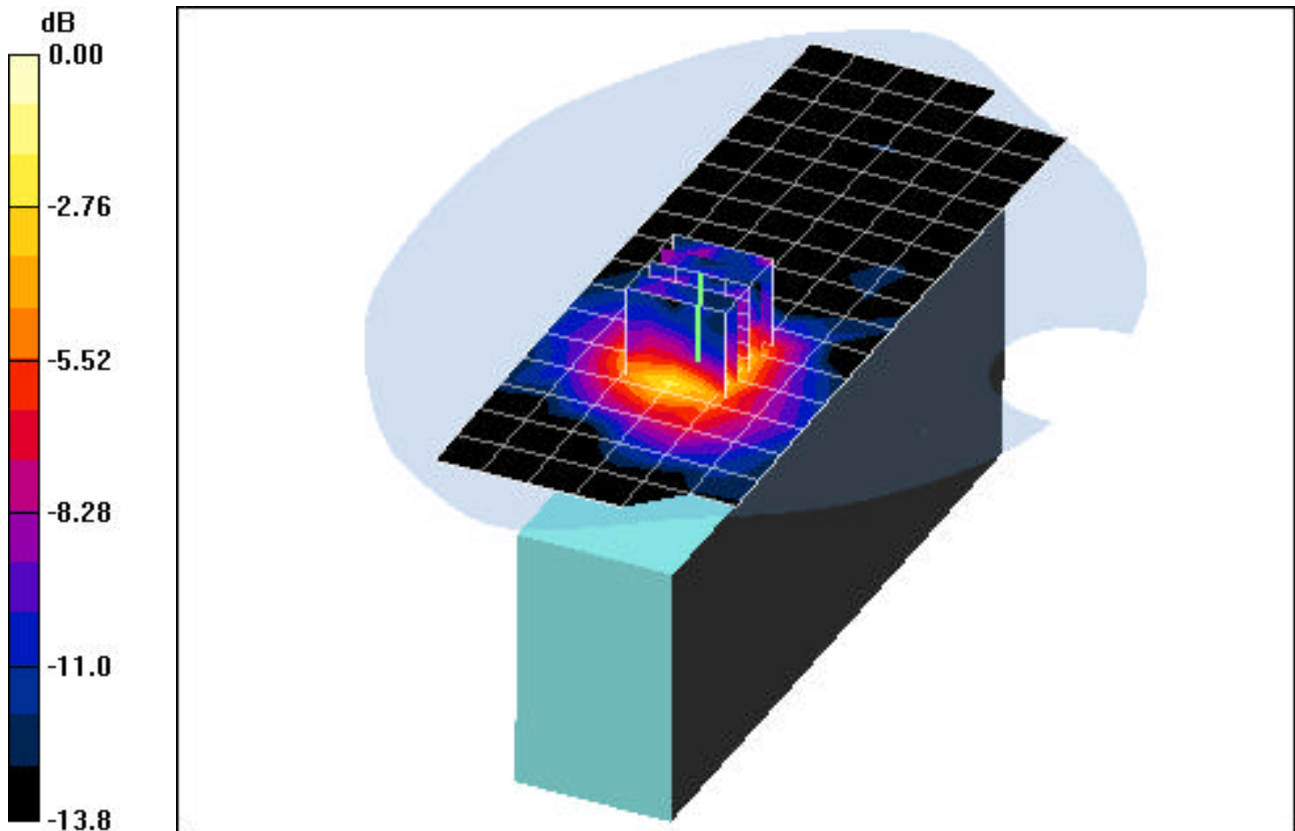
Area Scan (7x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.40 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.130 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.067 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.036 mW/g



0 dB = 0.083mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090-GKOHBEGA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81775

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5300 Muscle ($\sigma = 5.45$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 47.61$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-26-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 20.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(3.72, 3.72, 3.72); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Downward, Ch.52, 9Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Main Antenna

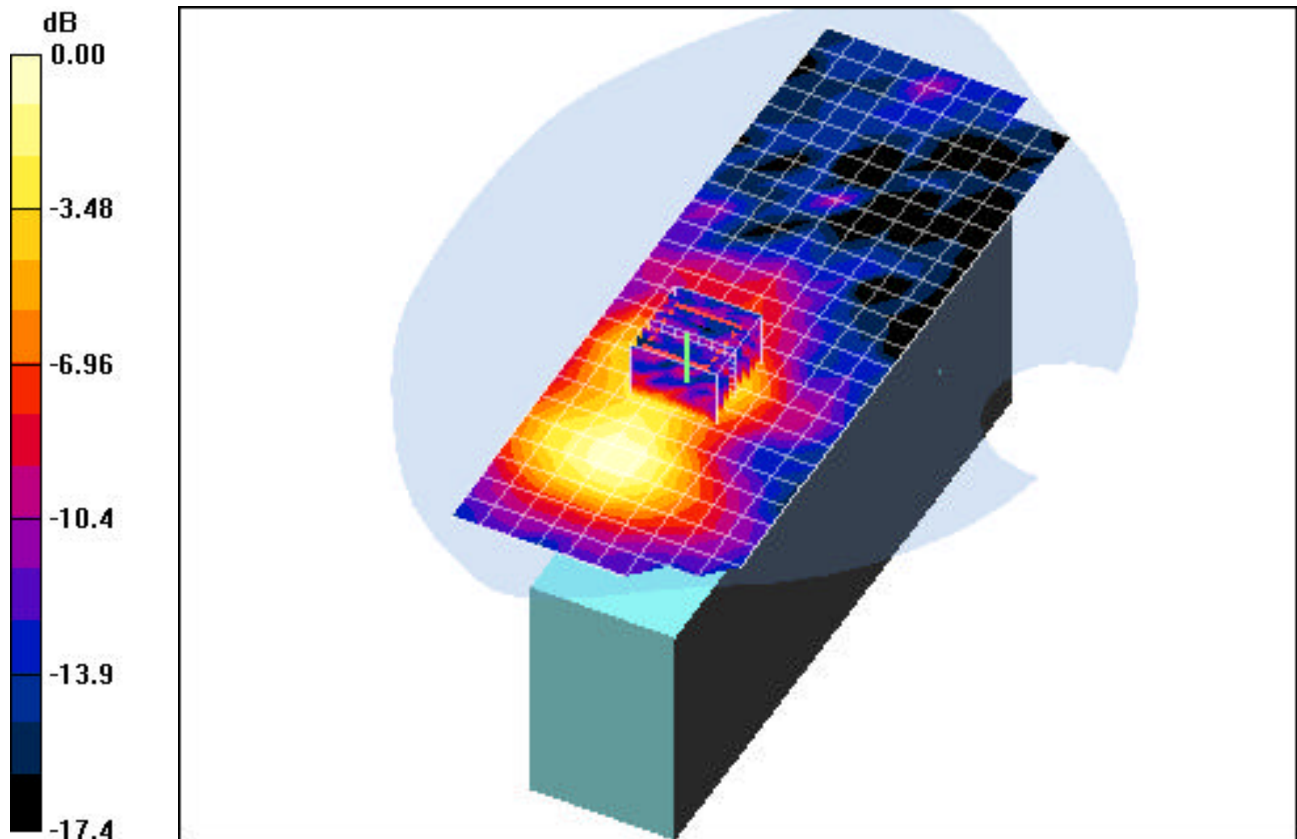
Area Scan (10x26x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 2.81 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.785 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.281 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.107 mW/g



0 dB = 0.401mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090-GKOHBEGA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81775

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5805 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5800 Muscle ($\sigma = 6.42$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 46.83$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-26-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 20.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(3.48, 3.48, 3.48); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Downward, Ch.161, 9Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Main Antenna

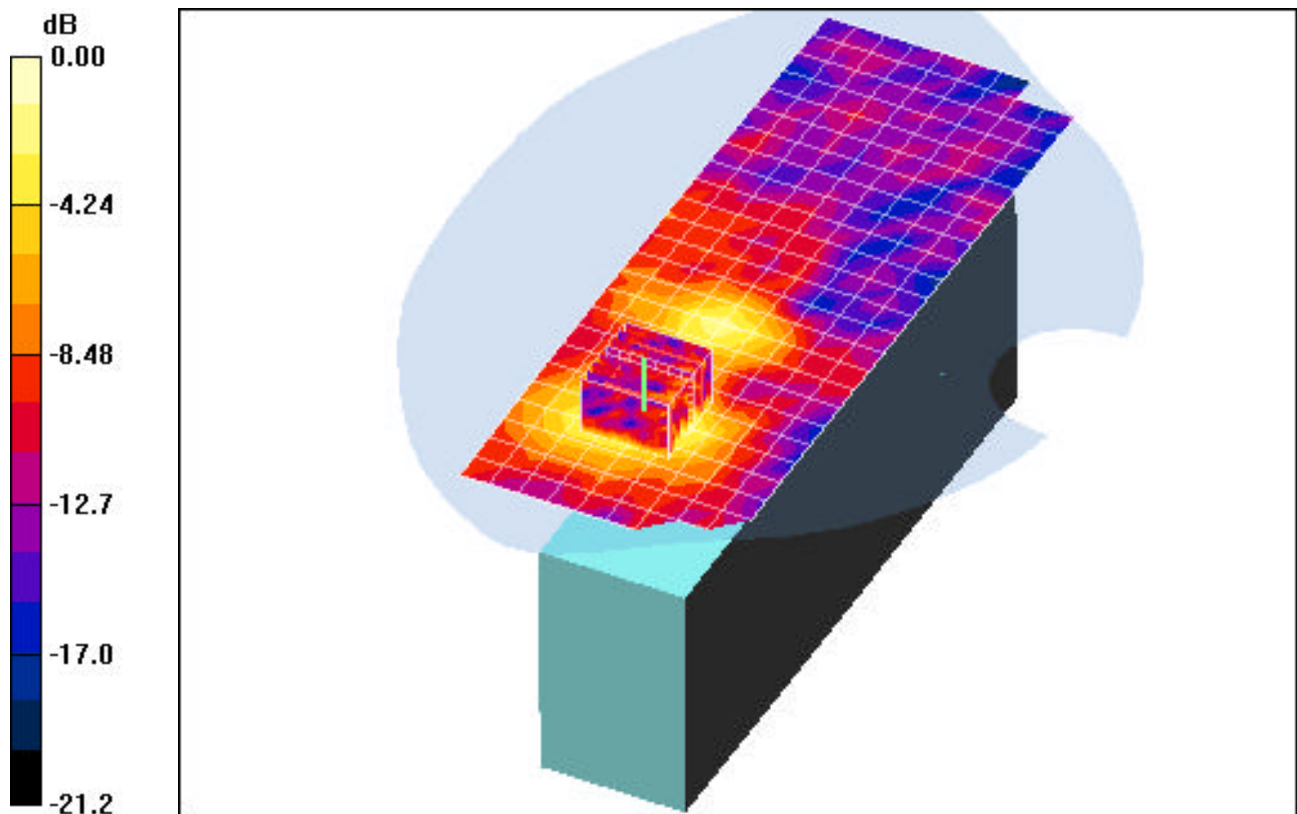
Area Scan (10x26x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 0.954 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.606 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.173 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/g



0 dB = 0.232mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090-GKOHBEGA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81775

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 2450 Muscle ($\sigma = 1.95$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 53.58$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)
Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: 04-25-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 20.6°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.27, 6.27, 6.27); Calibrated: 10/26/2004
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004
Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Downward, Ch.6, 11Mbps. Li-Ion Battery, Main Antenna

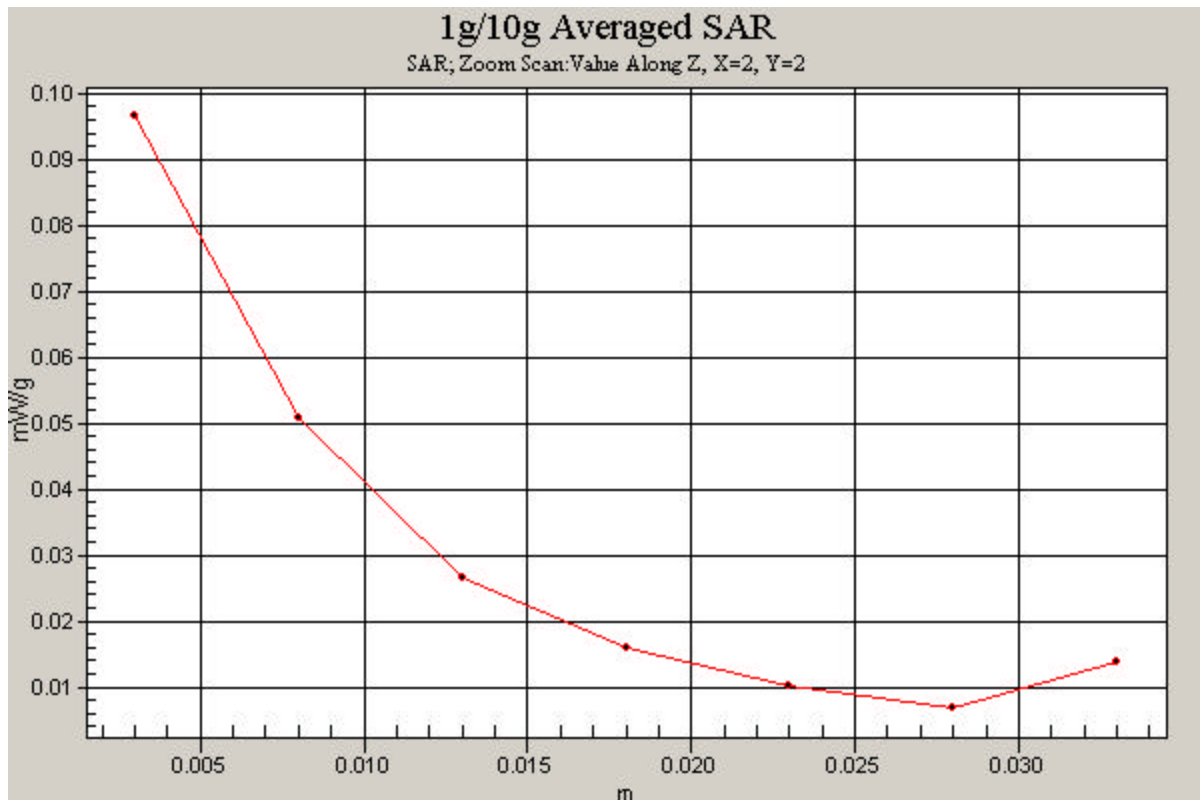
Area Scan (7x18x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.17 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.149 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.077 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.042 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090-GKOHBEGA7WW; Type: Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81775

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 5300 Muscle ($\sigma = 5.45 \text{ mho/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 47.61$, $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)
Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: 04-26-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 20.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(3.72, 3.72, 3.72); Calibrated: 10/26/2004
Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004
Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Downward, Ch.52, 9Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Main Antenna

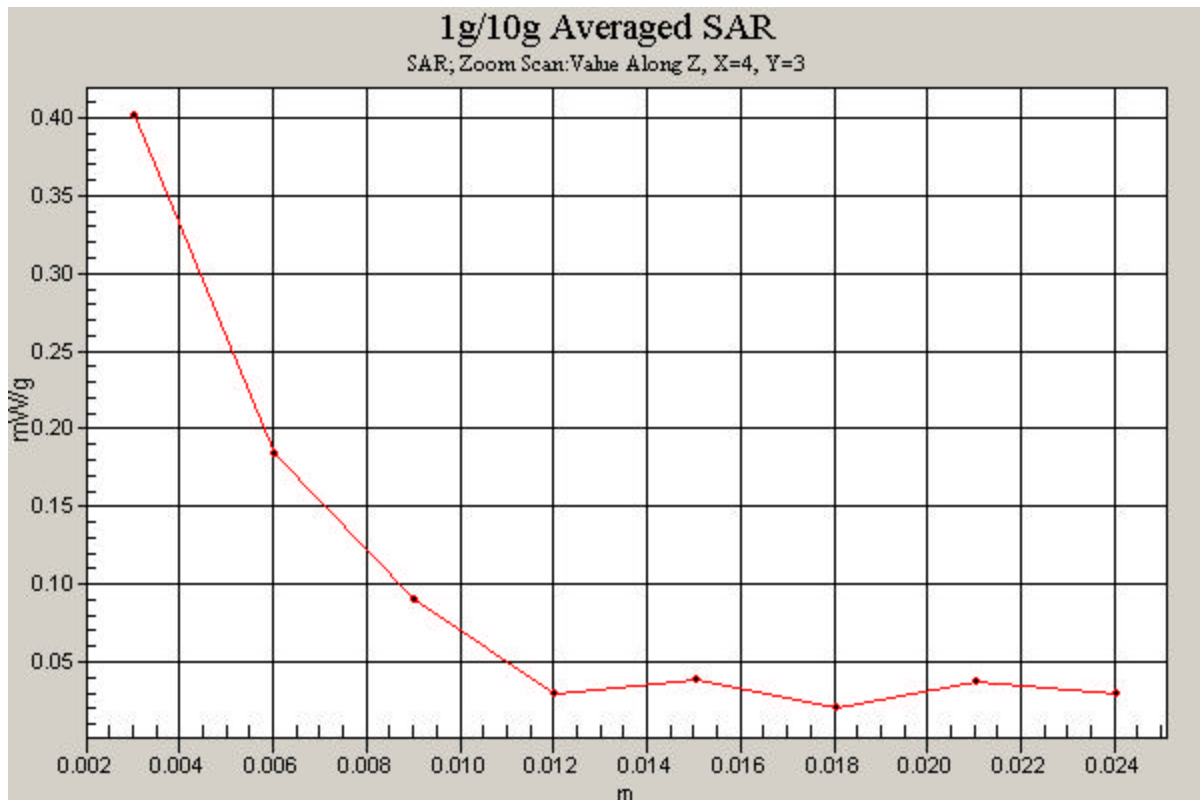
Area Scan (10x26x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 2.81 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.785 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.281 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.107 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SYMBOL MC9090-GKOHBEGA7WW; Handheld Pocket PC; SN: ALP81775

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5805 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5800 Muscle ($\sigma = 6.42 \text{ mho/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 46.83$, $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Phantom section: Flat Section; Distance: 2.5cm. from DUT to Flat Phantom

Test Date: 04-26-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 20.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(3.48, 3.48, 3.48); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body, w/ Holster, LCD Downward, Ch.161, 9Mbps, Li-Ion Battery, Main Antenna

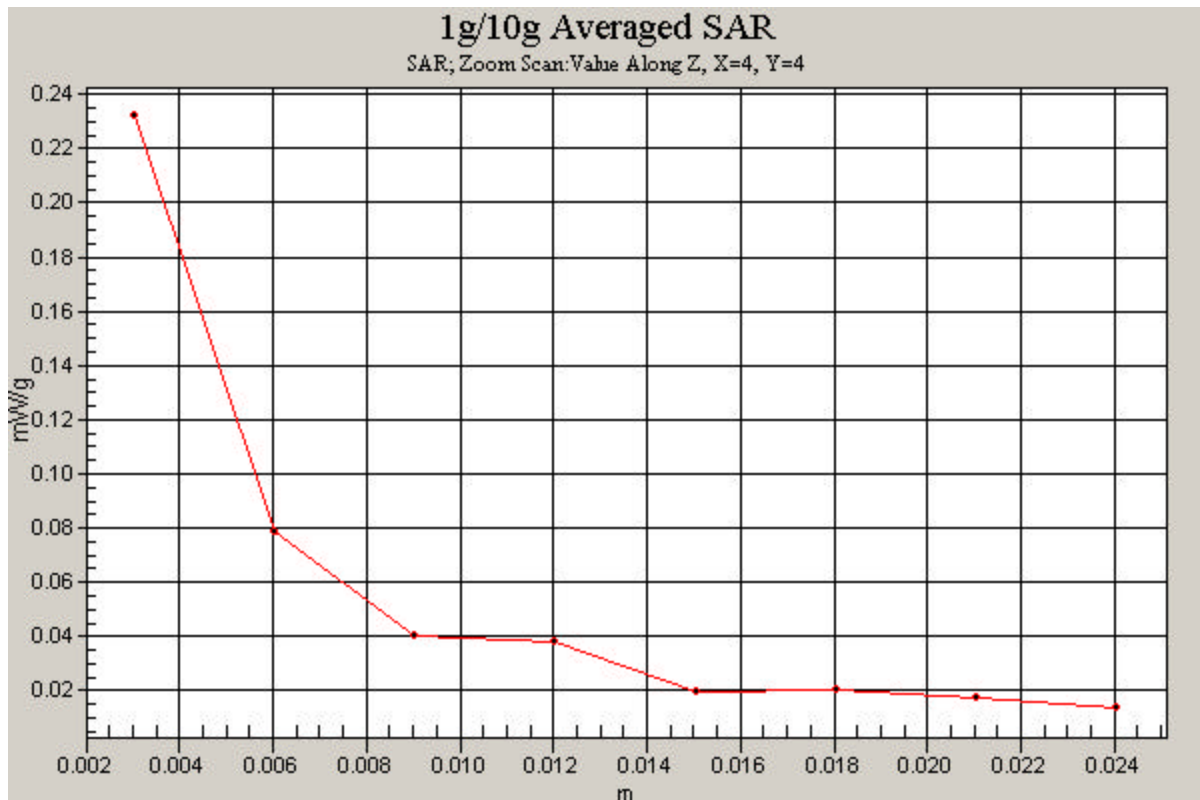
Area Scan (10x26x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 0.954 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.606 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.173 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/g



APPENDIX B: DIPOLE VALIDATION

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN: 719

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Brain ($\sigma = 1.86$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 40.43$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: 04-15-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.3°C; Tissue Temp: 20.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.33, 6.33, 6.33); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

2450MHz Dipole Validation

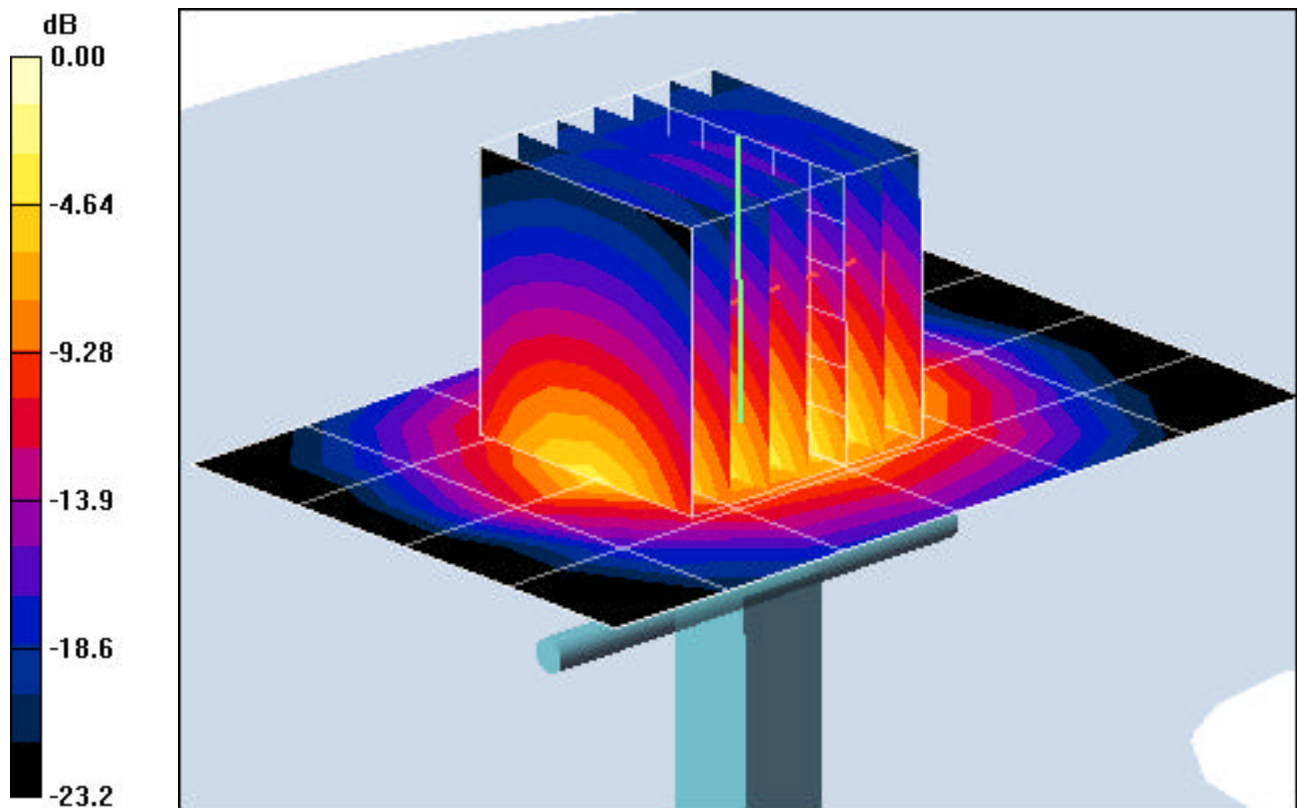
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100mW)

SAR(1 g) = 5.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 mW/g

Target SAR(1 g) = 5.24 mW/g; Deviation = +2.29%



0 dB = 7.18mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN:719

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Brain ($\sigma = 1.74$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 40.38$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: 04-18-2003; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 20.7°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.33, 6.33, 6.33); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

2450MHz Dipole Validation

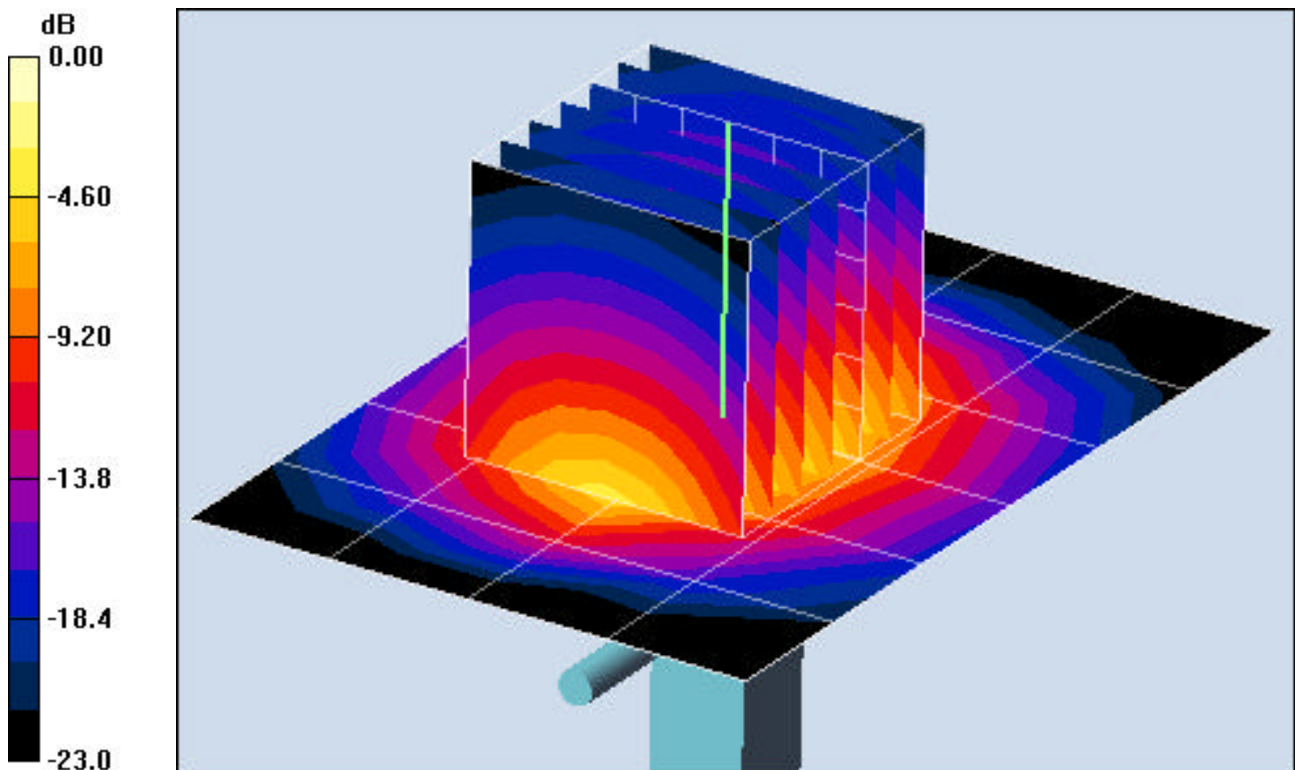
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 5.43 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.52 mW/g

Target SAR(1 g) = 5.24 mW/g; Deviation = +3.62 %



0 dB = 7.34mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1007

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5800 Brain ($\sigma = 5.42$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 36.18$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: 04-19-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 20.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(3.74, 3.74, 3.74); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

5800MHz Dipole Validation

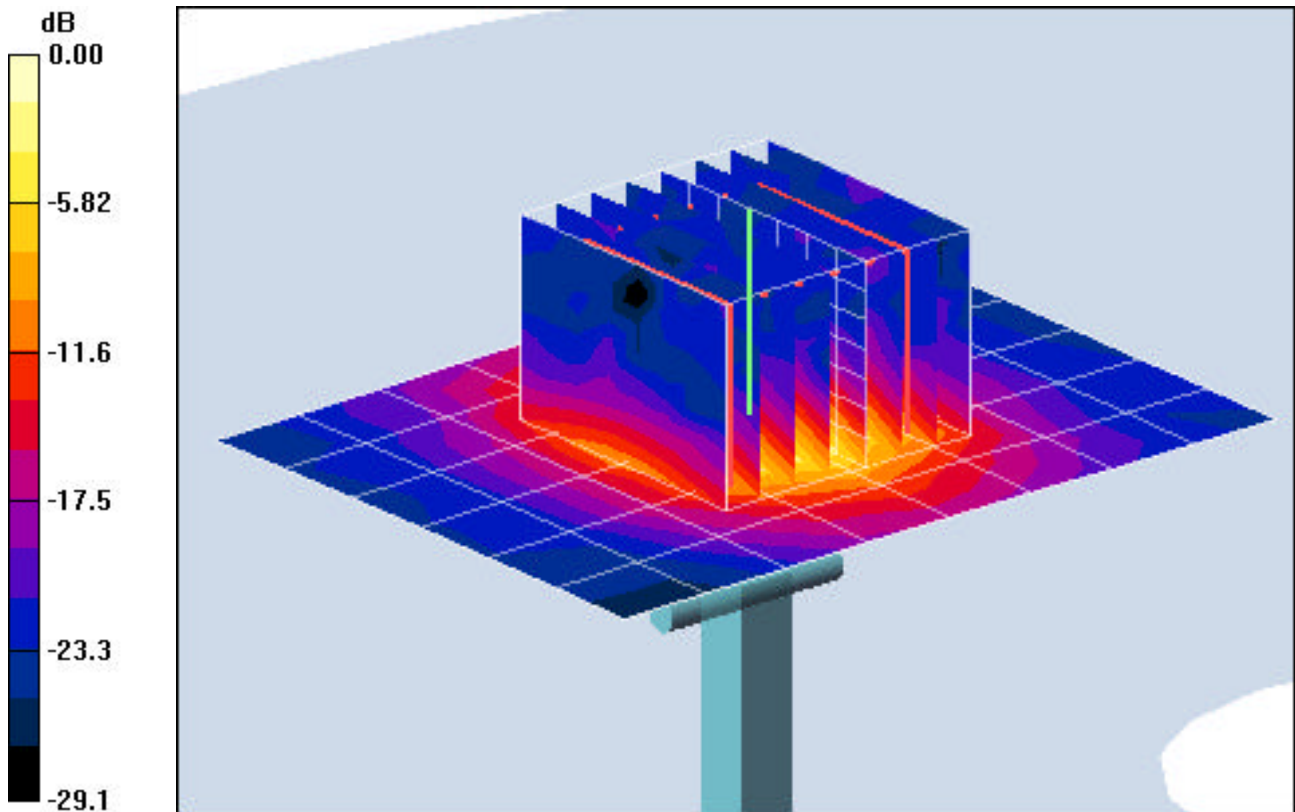
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Input Power = 14.0 dBm (25mW)

SAR (1g) = 2.41 mW/g; SAR (10g) = 0.663 mW/g

Target SAR(1 g) = 2.25 mW/g; Deviation = +5.77%



0 dB = 3.56mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1007

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5800 Brain ($\sigma = 5.42$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 36.18$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: 04-21-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 20.9°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(3.74, 3.74, 3.74); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

5800MHz Dipole Validation

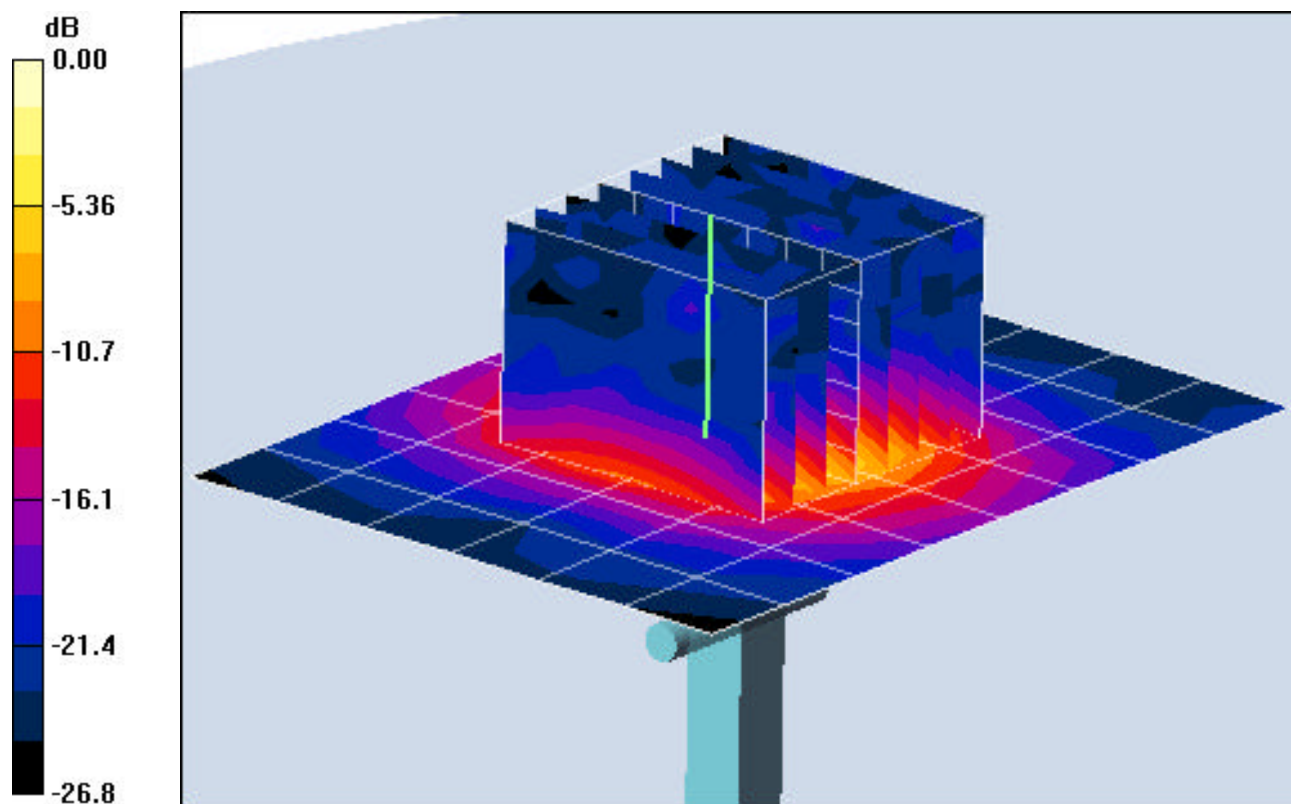
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Input Power = 14.0dBm (25 mW)

SAR (1 g) = 2.37 mW/g; SAR (10g) = 0.654 mW/g

Target SAR(1 g) = 2.25 mW/g; Deviation = +5.33 %



0 dB = 3.48mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN:719

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Brain ($\sigma = 1.86$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 40.29$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: 04-21-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 20.7°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.33, 6.33, 6.33); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

2450MHz Dipole Validation

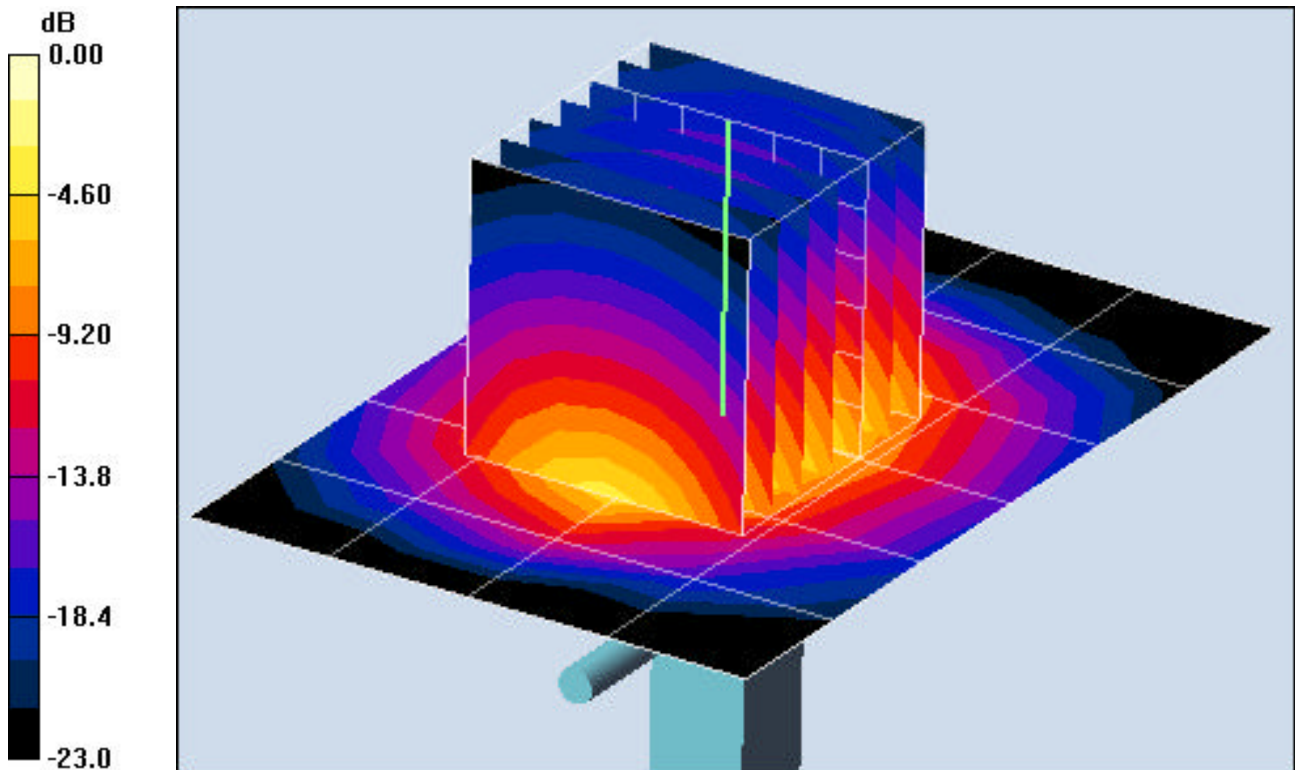
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 5.48 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.67 mW/g

Target SAR(1 g) = 5.24 mW/g; Deviation = +4.58 %



0 dB = 7.52mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1007

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5800 Brain ($\sigma = 5.42$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 36.18$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: 04-22-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 20.7°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(3.74, 3.74, 3.74); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

5800MHz Dipole Validation

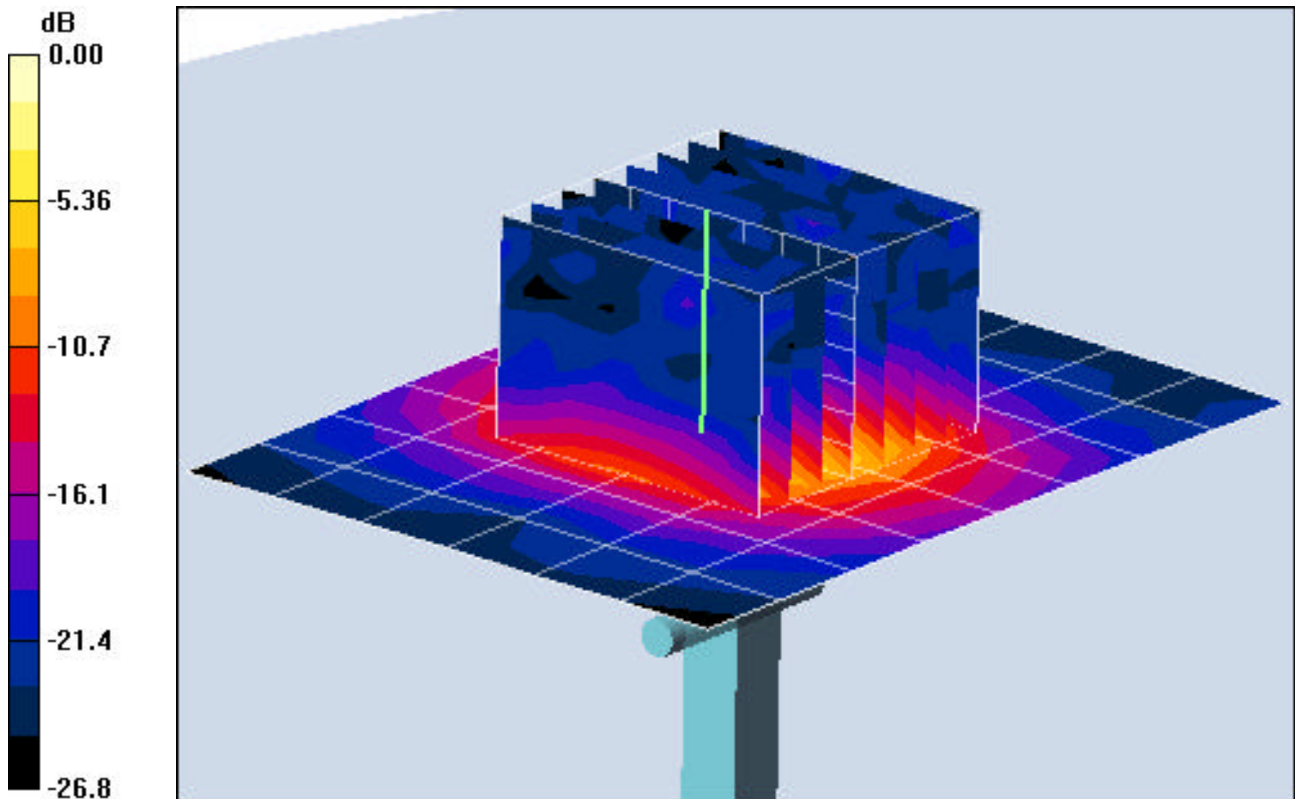
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Input Power = 14.0dBm (25 mW)

SAR (1 g) = 2.34 mW/g; SAR (10g) = 0.651 mW/g

Target SAR(1 g) = 2.25 mW/g; Deviation = +4.00 %



0 dB = 3.41mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; SN:719

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Brain ($\sigma = 1.83$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 40.42$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: 04-25-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 20.6°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(6.33, 6.33, 6.33); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

2450MHz Dipole Validation

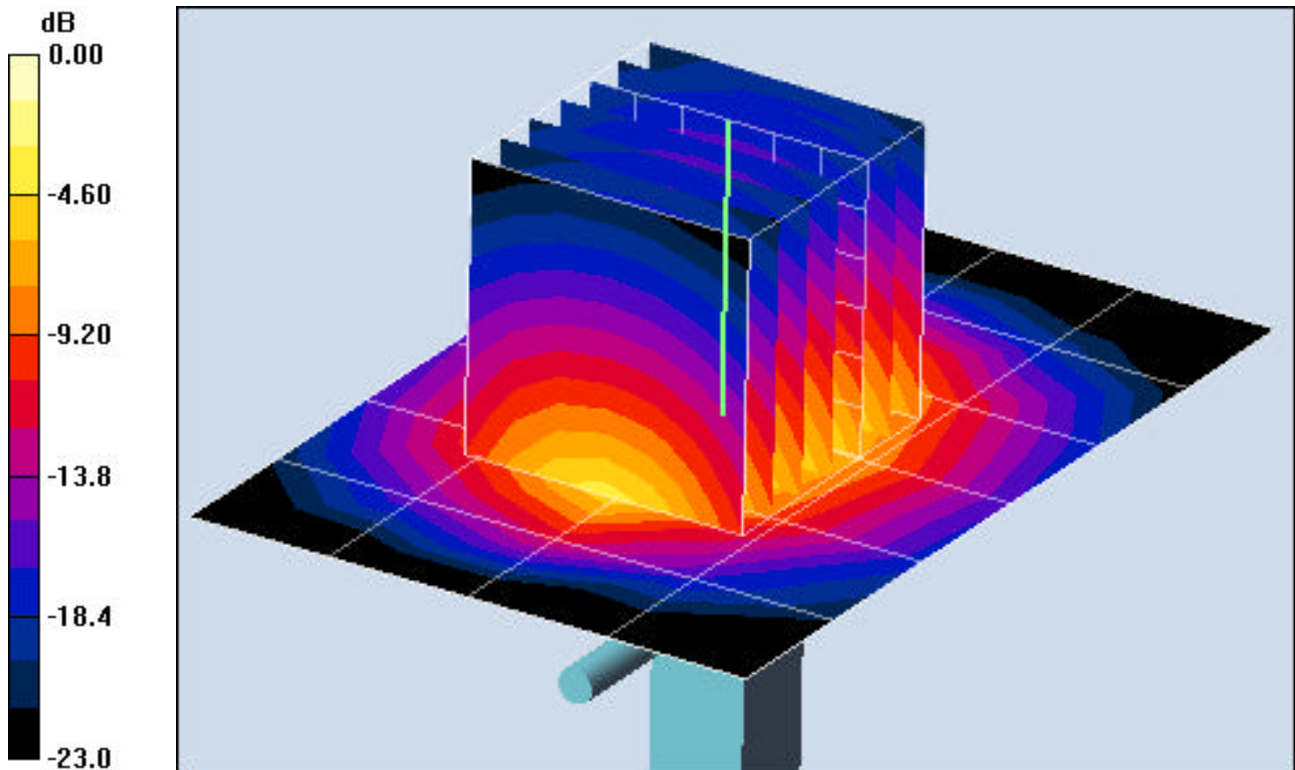
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 5.49 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.73 mW/g

Target SAR(1 g) = 5.24 mW/g; Deviation = +4.77 %



0 dB = 7.51mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; SN: 1007

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5800 Brain ($\sigma = 5.39$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 36.22$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section

Test Date: 04-26-2005; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 20.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3550; ConvF(3.74, 3.74, 3.74); Calibrated: 10/26/2004

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn637; Calibrated: 9/22/2004

Phantom: SAM 12b; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1197

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

5800MHz Dipole Validation

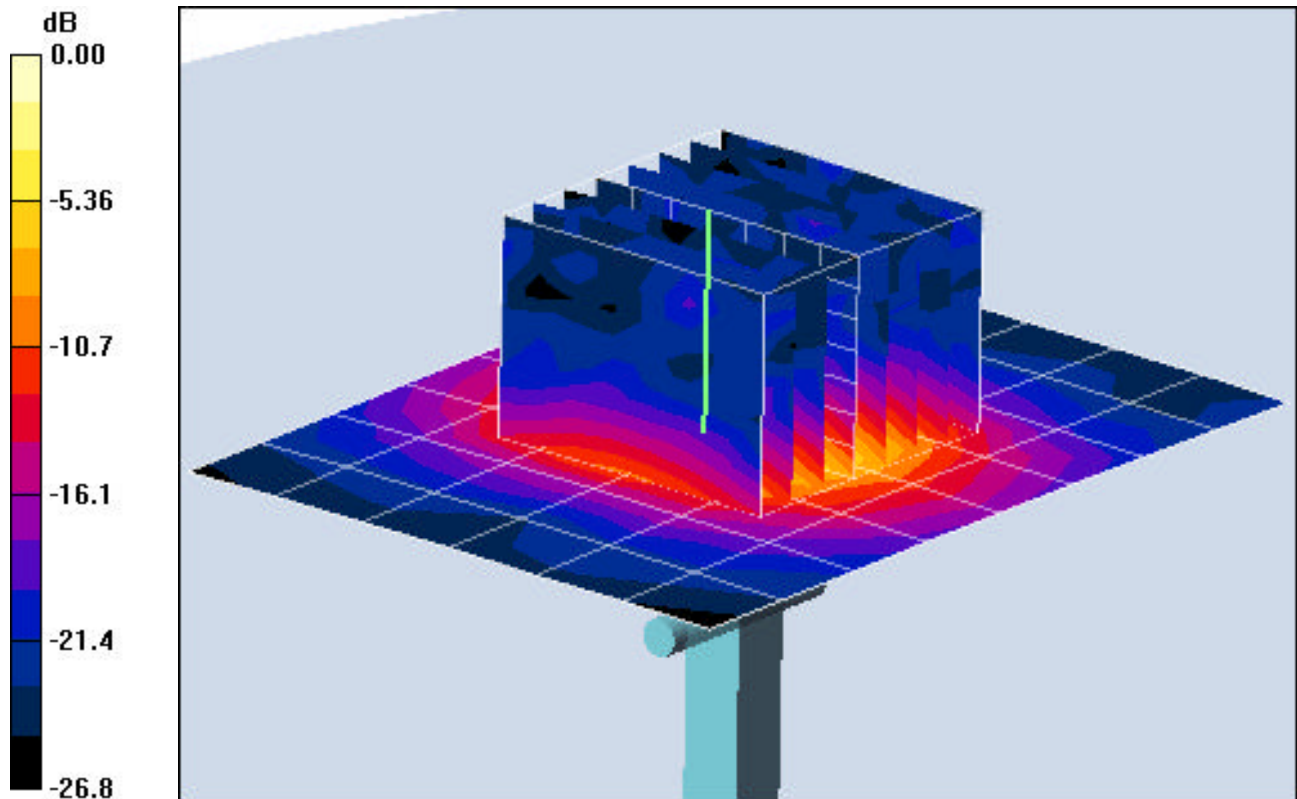
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Input Power = 14.0dBm (25 mW)

SAR (1 g) = 2.35 mW/g; SAR (10g) = 0.661 mW/g

Target SAR(1 g) = 2.25 mW/g; Deviation = +4.44 %



0 dB = 3.53mW/g

APPENDIX C: PROBE CALIBRATION



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **EX3-3550_Oct04**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3550**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v5 and QA CAL-12.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **October 26, 2004**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00403)	Aug-05
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389)	May-05
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-00404)	Aug-05
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN:3013	8-Jan-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan04)	Jan-05
DAE4	SN: 617	26-May-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_May04)	May-05

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct 05
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	In house check: Nov 04

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: October 30, 2004

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * *frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY 4.3 B17 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3550

Manufactured:	May 19, 2004
Calibrated:	October 26, 2004

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3550

Sensitivity in Free Space^A

NormX	0.47 ± 9.9%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormY	0.49 ± 9.9%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormZ	0.47 ± 9.9%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$

Diode Compression^B

DCP X	92 mV
DCP Y	92 mV
DCP Z	92 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		2.0 mm	3.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	3.8	1.1
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.4

TSL **1750 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		2.0 mm	3.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	4.8	2.4
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.8	0.9

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center **1.0** mm

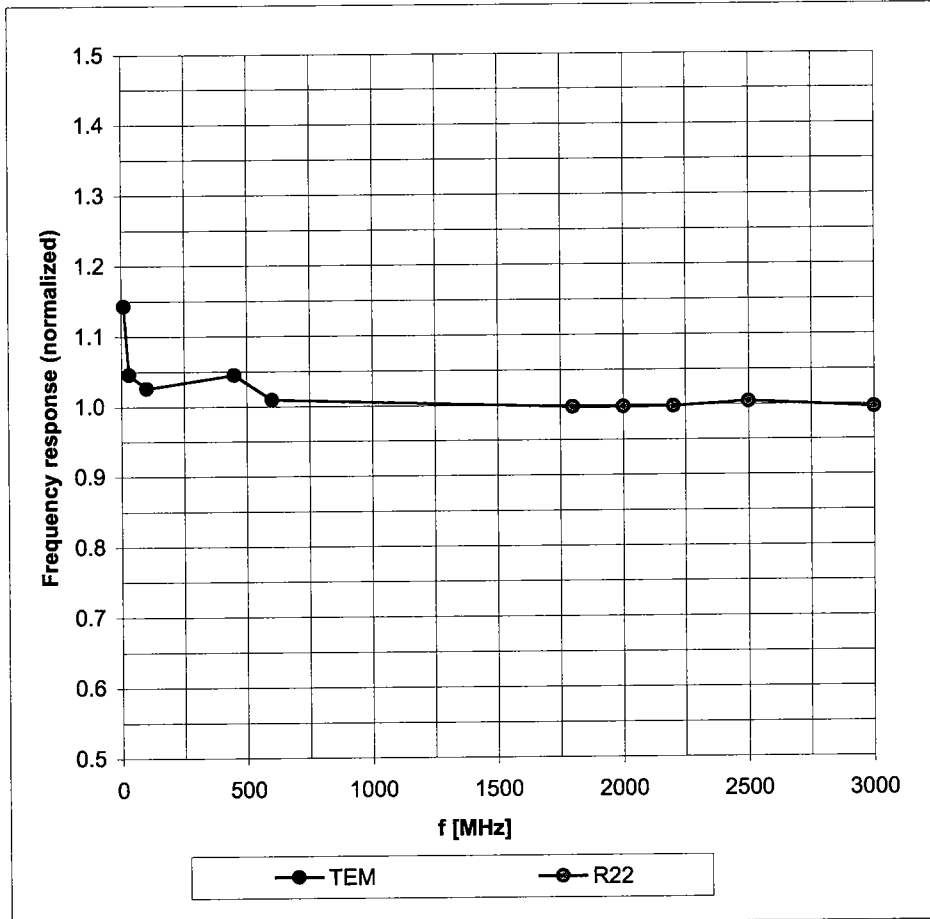
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

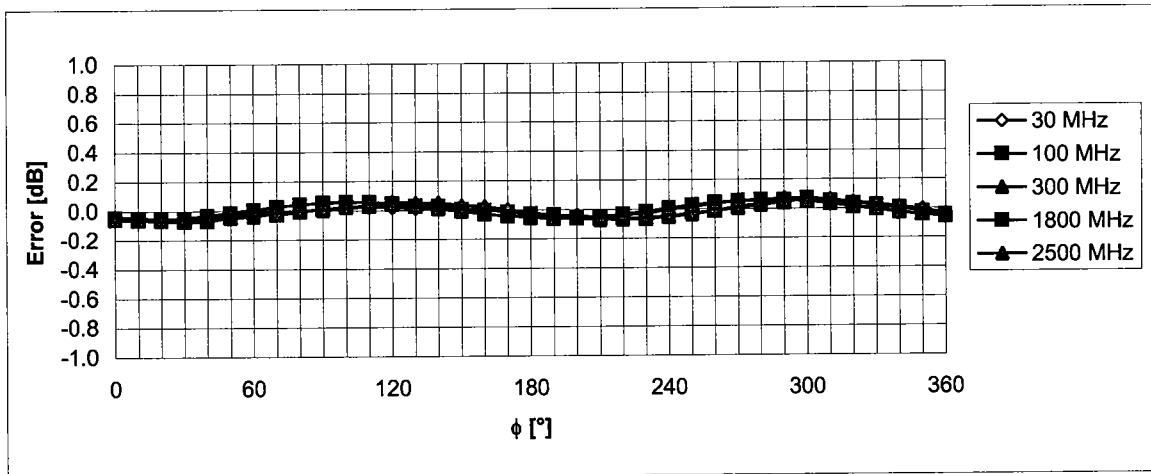
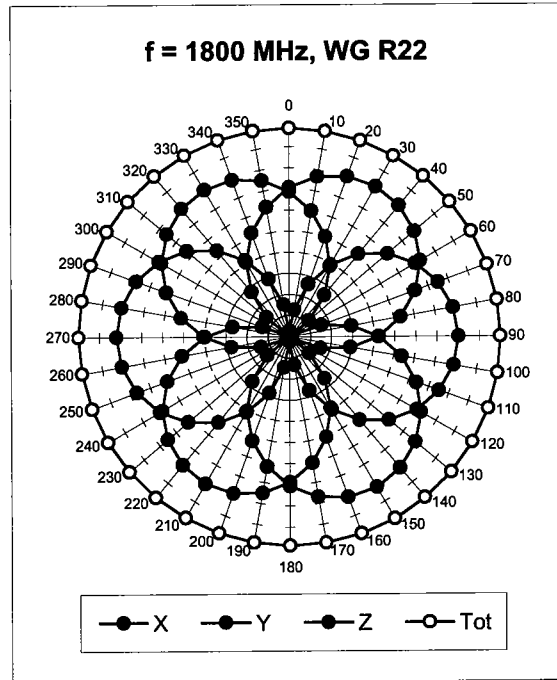
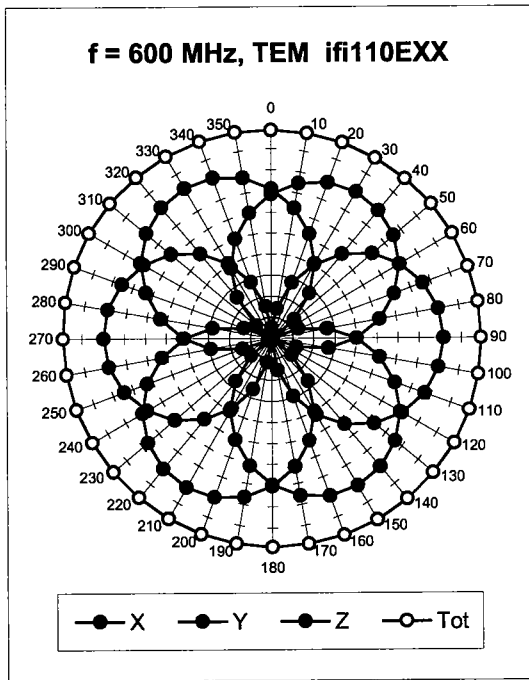
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



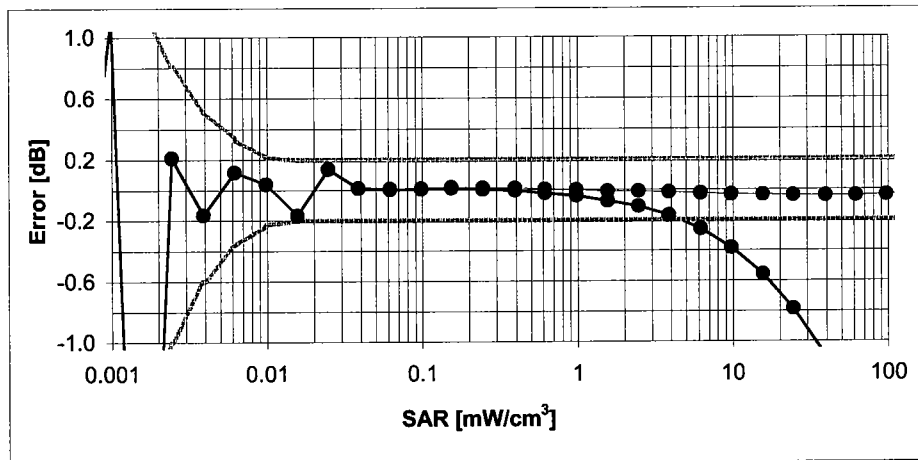
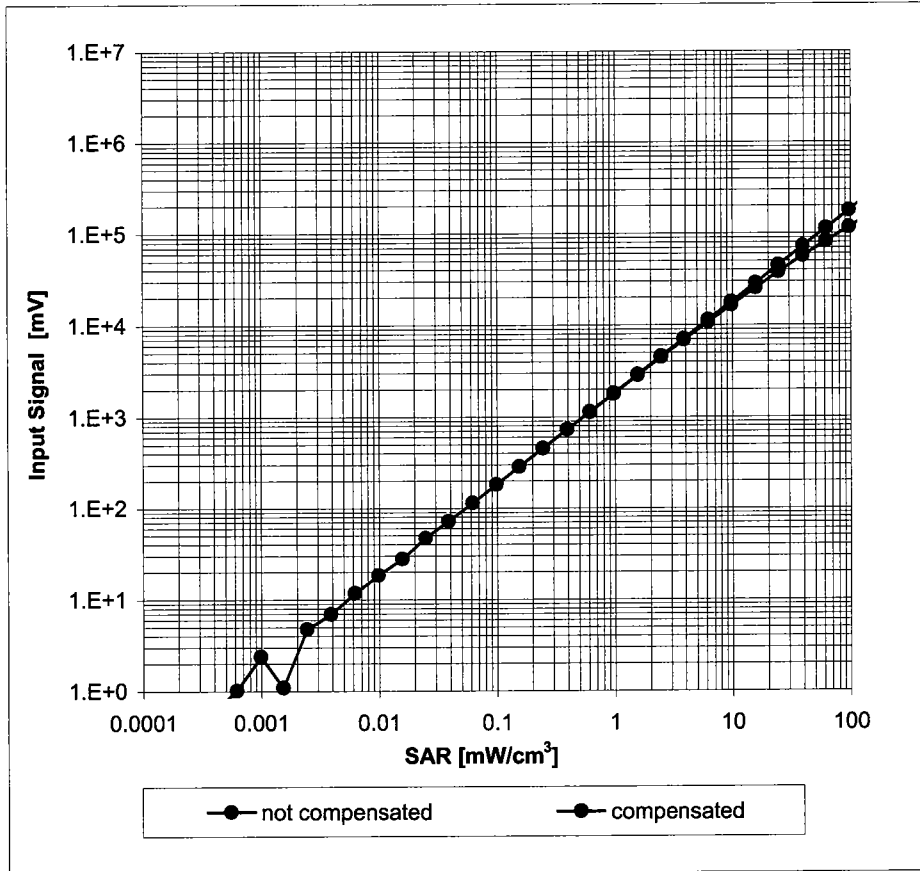
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



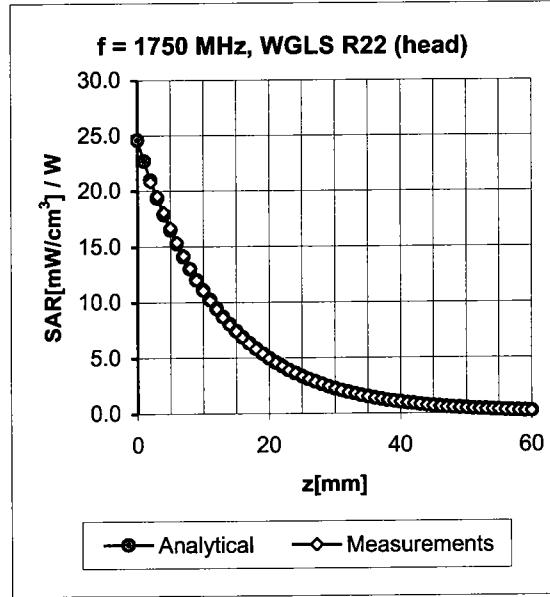
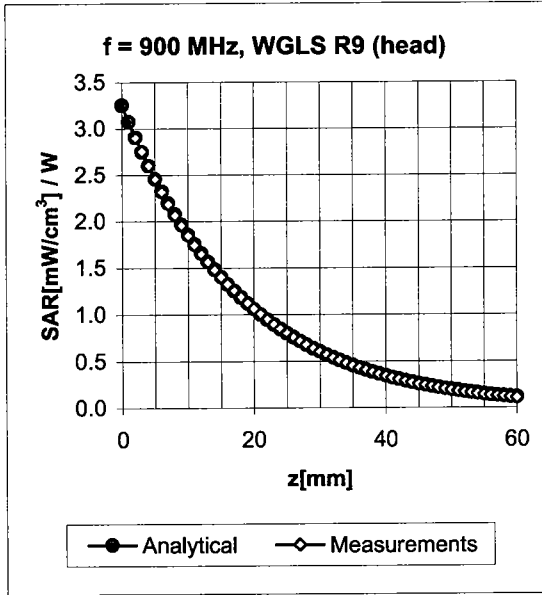
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment

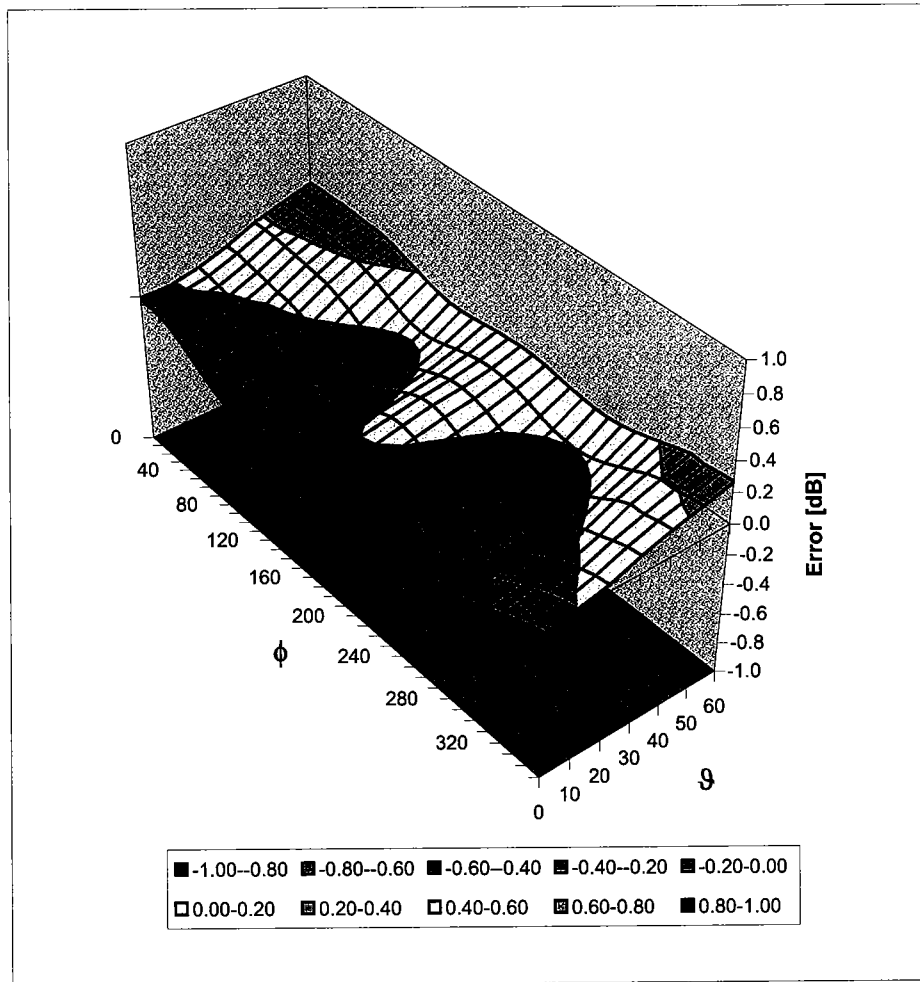


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	43.5 ± 5%	0.87 ± 5%	-0.03	2.33	8.28 ± 13.3% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.92	0.65	8.12 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.97	0.62	7.76 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1640	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.3 ± 5%	1.29 ± 5%	0.69	0.73	7.28 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.64	0.80	6.97 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.54	0.96	6.75 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.57	0.88	6.62 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.61	0.78	6.33 ± 11.8% (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	56.7 ± 5%	0.94 ± 5%	-0.08	2.62	8.05 ± 13.3% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.98	0.65	7.99 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	1.01	0.63	7.75 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1640	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.8 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.58	0.99	6.82 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.50	1.16	6.48 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.47	1.32	6.35 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.64	0.83	6.53 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.83	0.64	6.27 ± 11.8% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY 4.3 B17 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

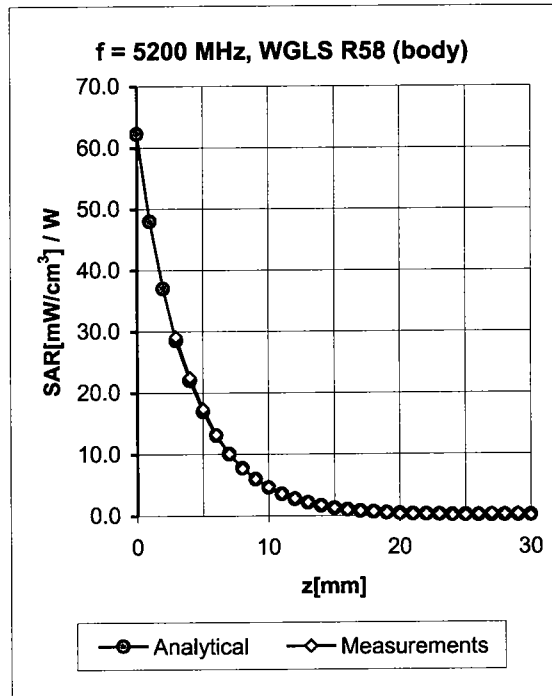
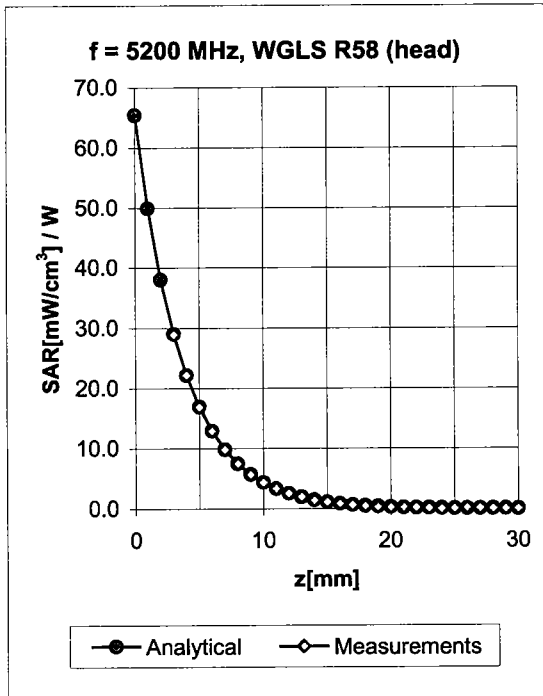
Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ, ϑ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Appendix^D



f [MHz] ^D	Validity [MHz]	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
5200	± 50	Head	36.0 ± 5%	4.76 ± 5%	0.45	1.80	4.17 ± 13.6% (k=2)
5500	± 50	Head	35.6 ± 5%	4.96 ± 5%	0.47	1.80	3.77 ± 13.6% (k=2)
5800	± 50	Head	35.3 ± 5%	5.27 ± 5%	0.48	1.80	3.74 ± 13.6% (k=2)
5200	± 50	Body	49.0 ± 5%	5.30 ± 5%	0.50	1.90	3.72 ± 13.6% (k=2)
5500	± 50	Body	48.6 ± 5%	5.65 ± 5%	0.50	1.95	3.47 ± 13.6% (k=2)
5800	± 50	Body	48.2 ± 5%	6.00 ± 5%	0.50	1.95	3.48 ± 13.6% (k=2)

^D Accreditation for ConvF assessment above 3000 MHz is currently applied for. Accreditation is expected at the beginning of 2005.