



SAR TEST REPORT

(Mobile Phone)

REPORT NO.: SA981105L04-3

MODEL NO.: MC75A6

RECEIVED: Nov. 06, 2009

TESTED: Apr. 13 ~ Apr. 23, 2010

ISSUED: Jun. 14, 2010

APPLICANT: Symbol Technologies, Inc.

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U.S.A.

ISSUED BY: Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.)
Ltd., Taoyuan Branch

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1. CERTIFICATION

PRODUCT: EDA (Enterprise Digital Assistant)
MODEL: MC75A6
BRAND: Symbol
APPLICANT: Symbol Technologies, Inc.
TESTED: Apr. 13 ~ Apr. 23, 2010
TEST SAMPLE: ENGINEERING SAMPLE
STANDARDS: **FCC Part 2 (Section 2.1093)**
FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01)
RSS-102

The above equipment (model: MC75A6) have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's EMC characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

PREPARED BY : Pettie Chen , **DATE** : Jun. 14, 2010
Pettie Chen / Specialist

TECHNICAL ACCEPTANCE : Mason Chang , **DATE** : Jun. 14, 2010
Responsible for RF Mason Chang / Engineer

APPROVED BY : Gary Chang , **DATE** : Jun. 14, 2010
Gary Chang / Assistant Manager

REVISED VERSION	REVISED DATE	DESCRIPTION
Ver. 1	Apr. 29, 2010	1. Reduce output power of WLAN. 2. TX diversity function is disabled by software. Only main antenna can transmit.
Ver. 2	Jun. 09, 2010	Modified the general information
Ver. 3	Jun. 14, 2010	Modified the type error
Ver. 4	Jun. 14, 2010	Modified the description about test report



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2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

EUT	EDA (Enterprise Digital Assistant)	
MODEL NO.	MC75A6	
FCC ID	H9PMC75A6	
POWER SUPPLY	3.7Vdc (Li-ion battery) 5.4Vdc (Adapter)	
CLASSIFICATION	Portable device, production unit	
MODULATION TYPE	GMSK / 8PSK / BPSK	
FREQUENCY RANGE	Tx Frequency: 824MHz ~ 849MHz 1850MHz ~ 1910MHz Rx Frequency: 869MHz ~ 894MHz 1930MHz ~ 1990MHz	
CHANNEL FREQUENCIES UNDER TEST AND ITS CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	GSM 850 band	WCDMA 850 band
	32.6dBm/CH 190: 836.6MHz	23.1dBm/CH 4182: 836.4MHz
	PCS 1900 band	WCDMA 1900 band
	29.7dBm/CH 661: 1880.0MHz	23.2dBm/CH 9262: 1852.4MHz 23.4dBm/CH 9400: 1880.0MHz 23.1dBm/CH 9538: 1907.6MHz
MAX. AVERAGE SAR (1g)	Head	Body
	1.3W/kg	0.1W/kg
ANTENNA TYPE	Monopole antenna	
MAX. ANTENNA GAIN	850MHZ: -0.54dBi	1900MHZ: 1.28dBi
DATA CABLE	Refer to NOTE as below	
I/O PORTS	Refer to user's manual	
ACCESSORY DEVICES	Battery	

NOTE:

- The EUT is an EDA (Enterprise Digital Assistant). The test data are separated into following test reports:

	REFERENCE REPORT
SAR test report-247 2.4G WLAN	SA981105L04
SAR test report-247 5G WLAN	
SAR test report-407 5G WLAN	SA981105L04-1
SAR test report-247 BLUETOOTH	SA981105L04-2
SAR test report-GSM 850 / WCDMA 850	SA981105L04-3
SAR test report-GSM 1900 / WCDMA 1900	
SAR collocated report-WLAN 802.11a + MOBILE	SA981105L04-4
SAR collocated report-simultaneously Voice and data mode	SA981105L04-5
SAR collocated report- simultaneously WLAN 802.11 a + Voice and data mode	SA981105L04-6
SAR supplement report-preliminary and worst case finding supplement data	SA981105L04-7



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2. The models identified as below are identical to each other except of the following options:
 - Keypad: Numeric / QWERTY
 - Barcode reader: 1D laser scanner / BB Imager

BRAND	MODEL	DESCRIPTION
Symbol	MC75A6	HSDPA 1D Numeric
Symbol	MC75A6	HSDPA 1D QWERTY
Symbol	MC75A6	HSDPA BB Numeric
Symbol	MC75A6	HSDPA BB QWERTY

3. The EUT uses the following Li-ion batteries:

BATTERY 1 (1.5X)	
BRAND:	MOTOROLA
PART NUMBER:	82-71364-05 Rev D
RATING:	3.7Vdc, 3600mAh, 13.3Wh

BATTERY 2 (2.5X)	
BRAND:	MOTOROLA
PART NUMBER:	82-71364-06 Rev C
RATING:	3.7Vdc, 4800mAh, 17.7Wh

*The applicant defined the normal working voltage of the battery is from 3.7Vdc to 4.2Vdc.

*The EUT have been pre-tested and found "BB / QWERTY + 1.5X battery" was the worst case configuration for final test.

4. The communicated functions of EUT listed as below:

		850MHz	1900MHz	With 802.11a/b/g + Bluetooth
2G	GSM	√	√	
	GPRS	√	√	
	E-GPRS	√	√	
3G	WCDMA	√	√	
	Release 5 HSDPA	√	√	

5. The following accessories are for support units only.

PRODUCT	BRAND	MODEL	DESCRIPTION
RS232 charging cable	Motorola	25-102776-01R	1.2m non-shielded cable with one core
USB charging cable	Motorola	25-102775-01R	1.5m shielded cable with one core
Headset	Motorola	50-11300-050R	VR10 headset 0.8m non-shielded cable with one core
Power Supply Adaptor	Motorola	EADP-16BB A	I/P: 100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 0.4A O/P: 5.4Vdc, 3A 1.8m non-shielded cable without core
Fabric holster	Motorola	SG-MC7521215-01R	Contain metal
Ridged holster	Motorola	SG-MC7011110-02R	Contain metal

6. Hardware version: EVT1A.

7. Software version: BSP_21.03.

8. IMEI Code: 35528203000001x to 35528203999999x (x=0~9)

9. The above EUT information was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.



2.2 SAR MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS FOR WCDMA

The following procedures were followed according to FCC “SAR Measurement Procedure for 3G Devices”, October 2007.

➤ Output Power Verification

GSM MODE

Find the worst data rate which has max output power to measure power of L/M/H channel.

Test channel	Ch190 of 850 band	Ch661of 1900 band
Data rates	Output power(dBm)	Output power(dBm)
FULL RATE VERSION 1	32.64	29.74
FULL RATE VERSION 2	32.45	29.64
HALF RATE VERSION 1	32.44	29.65
FULL RATE DATA 4800	32.34	29.54
FULL RATE DATA 9600	32.53	29.62
FULL RATE DATA 14400	32.54	29.51
HALF RATE DATA 2400	32.35	29.63
HALF RATE DATA 4800	32.42	29.51

According to above table, data rate seems not affecting the RF output power. Full rate version 1 was selected for worst-case power measurement as tabulated below:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency(MHz)	Output power(dBm)
850	128	824.2	32.62
	190	836.6	32.64
	251	848.8	32.51
1900	512	1850.2	29.63
	661	1880.0	29.74
	810	1909.8	29.52



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GPRS MODE

Find the worst data rate which has max output power to measure power of L/M/H channel.

Test channel	Ch190 of 850 band	Ch661of 1900 band
Data rates (kbs)	Output power of time slot 1 (dBm)	Output power of time slot 1 (dBm)
9.05	32.41	29.55
13.4	32.34	29.43
15.6	32.32	29.44
21.4	32.25	29.32

Again data rate seems not affecting the RF output power. 9.05kb/s was selected to measure output power as tabulated below:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency(MHz)	1 Time slot (dBm)	2 Time slots (dBm)
850	128	824.2	32.33	30.82
	190	836.6	32.41	30.84
	251	848.8	32.32	30.91
1900	512	1850.2	29.53	27.92
	661	1880	29.55	27.93
	810	1909.8	29.42	27.81



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EGPRS MODE

Find the worst data rate which has max output power to measure power of L/M/H channel

Test channel	Ch190 of 850 band	Ch661of 1900 band
Data rates (kbs)	Output power of time slot 1 (dBm)	Output power of time slot 1 (dBm)
22.4	27.72	26.13
29.6	27.64	26.05
4.8	27.45	25.93
54.4	27.53	26.14
59.2	27.44	26.06

Again data rate seems not affecting the RF output power. 22.4kb/s was selected to measure output power as tabulated below:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency(MHz)	1 Time slot (dBm)	2 Time slots (dBm)
850	128	824.2	27.54	25.81
	190	836.6	27.72	25.62
	251	848.8	27.63	25.53
1900	512	1850.2	25.92	23.83
	661	1880.0	26.13	24.24
	810	1909.8	25.84	23.91



WCDMA – RMC

Find the worst data rate which has max output power to measure power of L/M/H channel

WCDMA/RMC 12.2K/Loop 1/ TPC all "1 / M channel

Test channel	Ch4182of 850 band	Ch9400 of 1900 band
Data rates	Output power(dBm)	Output power(dBm)
12.2k Downlink/Uplink	23.15	23.42
64k Downlink/Uplink	22.84	23.35
144k Downlink/Uplink	22.89	23.33
384k Downlink/Uplink	22.72	23.31
64k Downlink/ 12.2k Uplink	22.81	23.29
144k Downlink/ 12.2k Uplink	22.89	23.31
144k Downlink/ 64k Uplink	22.87	23.34
384k Downlink/ 12.2k Uplink	22.79	23.27
384k Downlink/ 64k Uplink	22.83	23.29
384k Downlink/ 144k Uplink	22.78	23.32
BTFD	22.73	23.31
12.2k + HSDPA 34.108	22.59	23.24
12.2k HSDPA	22.82	23.35

Lowest data rate was selected for the test.

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's" for WCDMA using a 12.2kbps RMC with TP C set to all "1's" in test loop mode 1

Conducted power should meet the requirement of 3GPP 34.121 Table 5.2.2 (Output power = 24dBm, tolerance = +1.7dB ~-3.7dB)



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Conducted power is tabulated as below table. All measured values comply with the limitation range.

Conducted power table of WCDMA –RMC

BAND	CHANNEL NO.	FREQUENCY (MHz)	OUTPUT POWER (dBm)	LIMITATION RANGE
850	4132	826.4	23.24	20.3~25.7
	4182	836.4	23.15	
	4233	846.6	23.13	
1900	9262	1852.40	23.25	
	9400	1880.00	23.42	
	9538	1907.60	23.13	



WCDMA – AMR

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1’s” for WCDMA using a 4.75~12.2kbps AMR with TPC set to all "1's" in test loop mode 1

Conducted power should meet the requirement of 3GPP 34.121 Table 5.2.2 (Output power = 24dBm, tolerance = +1.7dB ~-3.7dB)

Conducted power is tabulated as below table. All measured values comply with the limitation range.

WCDMA-AMR 850

Codec mode	Source codec bit-rate	Frequency (MHz)			Limitation Range
		826.4	836.4	846.6	
AMR_12.20	12,20 kbps	23.10	22.90	23.00	20.3~25.7
AMR_10.20	10,20 kbps	22.95	22.82	22.89	
AMR_7.95	7,95 kbps	22.92	22.97	22.92	
AMR_7.40	7,40 kbps	22.98	22.91	22.97	
AMR_6.70	6,70 kbps	22.96	22.92	22.98	
AMR_5.90	5,90 kbps	23.02	22.94	22.91	
AMR_5.15	5,15 kbps	23.11	22.98	23.12	
AMR_4.75	4,75 kbps	23.06	22.89	23.03	

WCDMA-AMR 1900

Codec mode	Source codec bit-rate	Frequency (MHz)			Limitation Range
		1852.4	1880	1907.6	
AMR_12.20	12,20 kbps	23.10	23.30	23.00	20.3~25.7
AMR_10.20	10,20 kbps	23.08	23.34	23.04	
AMR_7.95	7,95 kbps	23.11	23.35	23.12	
AMR_7.40	7,40 kbps	23.09	23.32	23.03	
AMR_6.70	6,70 kbps	23.02	23.31	23.02	
AMR_5.90	5,90 kbps	23.07	23.36	23.08	
AMR_5.15	5,15 kbps	23.13	23.38	23.14	
AMR_4.75	4,75 kbps	22.97	23.34	23.09	

Lowest data rate was selected for the test.

Max power of WCDMA-AMR is less than 1/4 dB higher than WCDMA-RMC

Therefore, SAR of WCDMA-AMR is not required.

BAND	Max power of WCDMA-RMC	Max power of WCDMA-AMR
850	23.24	23.12
1900	23.42	23.38



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HSDPA

Conducted power of HSDPA is measured with the parameters shown below as described in KDB 941225, using an FRC with H-set 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC set to all "1's"

Sub-Test 1 Setup for Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	CM (dB) ⁽²⁾
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	12/15 ⁽³⁾	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.

Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Conducted power should meet the requirement of 3GPP 34.121 table 5.2A.2
Power class of this EUT is class 3.

Maximum Output Powers with HS-DPCCH for test

Ratio of β_c to β_d for all values of β_{hs}	Power Class 3		Power Class 4	
	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)	Power (dBm)	Tol (dB)
$\beta_c / \beta_d = 2/15, 12/15$	+24	+1.7/-3.7	+21	+2.7/-2.7
$\beta_c / \beta_d = 15/8$	+23	+2.7/-3.7	+20	+3.7/-2.7
$\beta_c / \beta_d = 15/4$	+22	+3.7/-3.7	+19	+4.7/-2.7

Note: For the purpose of the test Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$

Note: The above table is from standard for reference only



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Conducted power is tabulated below. All measured values comply with the limitation range.

RMC 12.2K/Loop 1/TPC all "1"/ FRC with H-set 1 to 4

Conducted power of HSPDA Release 5 850 band					
H-set	Sub-test	826.4	8363.4	846.4	Limitation range (dBm)
1	1	22.62	22.74	22.78	20.3 ~ 25.7
	2	21.69	21.74	21.86	20.3 ~ 25.7
	3	21.34	21.28	21.42	19.3 ~ 25.7
	4	20.12	20.14	20.36	18.3 ~ 25.7
2	1	22.67	22.45	22.83	20.3 ~ 25.7
	2	21.45	21.13	21.48	20.3 ~ 25.7
	3	21.16	20.78	21.25	19.3 ~ 25.7
	4	19.53	19.72	19.83	18.3 ~ 25.7
3	1	22.73	22.68	22.84	20.3 ~ 25.7
	2	21.68	21.63	21.79	20.3 ~ 25.7
	3	21.66	21.57	21.64	19.3 ~ 25.7
	4	20.64	20.46	21.05	18.3 ~ 25.7
4	1	22.79	22.76	22.87	20.3 ~ 25.7
	2	21.63	21.54	21.67	20.3 ~ 25.7
	3	21.15	21.04	21.13	19.3 ~ 25.7
	4	19.98	19.92	20.18	18.3 ~ 25.7

Conducted power of HSPDA Release 5 1900 band					
H-set	Sub-test	18524	1880.00	1907.60	Limitation range (dBm)
1	1	22.83	23.32	22.96	20.3 ~ 25.7
	2	21.51	21.98	21.54	20.3 ~ 25.7
	3	21.02	21.46	21.07	19.3 ~ 25.7
	4	19.96	20.25	19.98	18.3 ~ 25.7
2	1	22.95	23.41	23.02	20.3 ~ 25.7
	2	21.79	22.16	21.86	20.3 ~ 25.7
	3	20.95	21.81	21.42	19.3 ~ 25.7
	4	20.11	20.29	20.23	18.3 ~ 25.7
3	1	23.04	23.47	23.08	20.3 ~ 25.7
	2	21.92	22.42	21.95	20.3 ~ 25.7
	3	21.86	22.35	21.91	19.3 ~ 25.7
	4	20.92	21.33	21.06	18.3 ~ 25.7
4	1	23.11	23.54	23.09	20.3 ~ 25.7
	2	21.96	22.42	21.92	20.3 ~ 25.7
	3	21.24	21.93	21.54	19.3 ~ 25.7
	4	20.23	20.68	20.16	18.3 ~ 25.7



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2.3 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, this product must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01- 01)

RSS-102

IEEE 1528-2003

All test items have been performed and recorded as per the above standards.



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2.4 GENERAL INFORMATION OF THE SAR SYSTEM

DASY5 (software 5.0 Build 125) consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY5 software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

EX3DV3 ISOTROPIC E-FIELD PROBE

CONSTRUCTION	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
FREQUENCY	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
DIRECTIVITY	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
DYNAMIC RANGE	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
DIMENSIONS	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
APPLICATION	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

NOTE

1. The Probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG. Please reference "APPENDIX D" for the Calibration Certification Report.
2. For frequencies above 800MHz, calibration in a rectangular wave-guide is used, because wave-guide size is manageable.
3. For frequencies below 800MHz, temperature transfer calibration is used because the wave-guide size becomes relatively large.



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TWIN SAM V4.0

CONSTRUCTION The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.

SHELL THICKNESS 2 ± 0.2 mm

FILLING VOLUME Approx. 25 liters

DIMENSIONS Height: 810 mm; Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm

SYSTEM VALIDATION KITS:

CONSTRUCTION Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun
Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA
Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions
Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor

CALIBRATION Calibrated SAR value for specified position and input power at the flat phantom in brain simulating solutions

FREQUENCY 835, 1900

RETURN LOSS > 20 dB at specified validation position

POWER CAPABILITY > 100 W ($f < 1\text{GHz}$); > 40 W ($f > 1\text{GHz}$)

OPTIONS Dipoles for other frequencies or solutions and other calibration conditions upon request



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DEVICE HOLDER FOR SAM TWIN PHANTOM

CONSTRUCTION The device holder for the GSM900/DCS1800/PCS1900 GSM/GPRS/CDMA Mobile Phone device is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered. The device holder for the portable device makes up of the polyethylene foam. The dielectric parameters of material close to the dielectric parameters of the air.

DATA ACQUISITION ELECTRONICS

CONSTRUCTION The data acquisition electronics (DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplex, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe is mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE3 box is 200M Ω ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



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2.5 TEST EQUIPMENT

FOR SAR MEASUREMENT

ITEM	NAME	BRAND	TYPE	SERIES NO.	DATE OF CALIBRATION	DUE DATE OF CALIBRATION
1	SAM Phantom	S & P	QD000 P40 CA	TP-1485	NA	NA
2	Signal Generator	Anritsu	68247B	984703	May 21, 2009	May 20, 2010
3	E-Field Probe	S & P	EX3DV3	3504	Jan. 26, 2010	Jan. 25, 2011
4	DAE	S & P	DAE	510	Dec. 16, 2009	Dec. 15, 2010
5	Robot Positioner	Staubli Unimation	NA	NA	NA	NA
6	Validation Dipole	S & P	D835V2	4d021	May 25, 2009	May 24, 2010
			D1900V2	5d036	Feb. 23, 2010	Feb. 22, 2011
7	Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41291763	Sep. 30, 2009	Sep. 29, 2010
8	Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441181	Sep. 30, 2009	Sep. 29, 2010

NOTE: Before starting the measurement, all test equipment shall be warmed up for 30min.

FOR TISSUE PROPERTY

ITEM	NAME	BRAND	TYPE	SERIES NO.	DATE OF CALIBRATION	DUE DATE OF CALIBRATION
1	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E8358A	US41480538	Dec. 03, 2009	Dec. 02, 2010
2	Dielectric Probe	Agilent	85070D	US01440176	NA	NA

NOTE:

1. Before starting, all test equipment shall be warmed up for 30min.
2. The tolerance ($k=1$) specified by Agilent for general dielectric measurements, deriving from inaccuracies in the calibration data, analyzer drift, and random errors, are usually $\pm 2.5\%$ and $\pm 5\%$ for measured permittivity and conductivity, respectively. However, the tolerances for the conductivity is smaller for material with large loss tangents, i.e., less than $\pm 2.5\%$ ($k=1$). It can be substantially smaller if more accurate methods are applied.



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2.6 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The DASY5 post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the micro-volt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	dcp _i
Device parameters:	- Frequency	F
	- Crest factor	Cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

V _i	=compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
U _i	=input signal of channel I	(i = x, y, z)
Cf	=crest factor of exciting field	(DASY parameter)
dcp _i	=diode compression point	(DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field probes: } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{Conv}F}}$$

$$\text{H-field probes: } H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

V_i = compensated signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$ for ($i = x, y, z$)
E-field Probes

$\text{Conv}F$ = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

F = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³



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Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid. The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1 g and 10 g.

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree.

In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extreme of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extreme is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maximum within -2 dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Cube Scan measurement. In the Cube Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5mm.



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The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7 x 7 x 7 scans. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements. The measured volume of 30 x 30 x 30mm contains about 30g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid (42875 points). In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is then moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.



A D T

3. DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

NO.	PRODUCT	BRAND	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.
1	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU200	104484

NO.	SIGNAL CABLE DESCRIPTION OF THE ABOVE SUPPORT UNITS
1	NA

NOTE: All power cords of the above support units are non shielded (1.8m).

4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

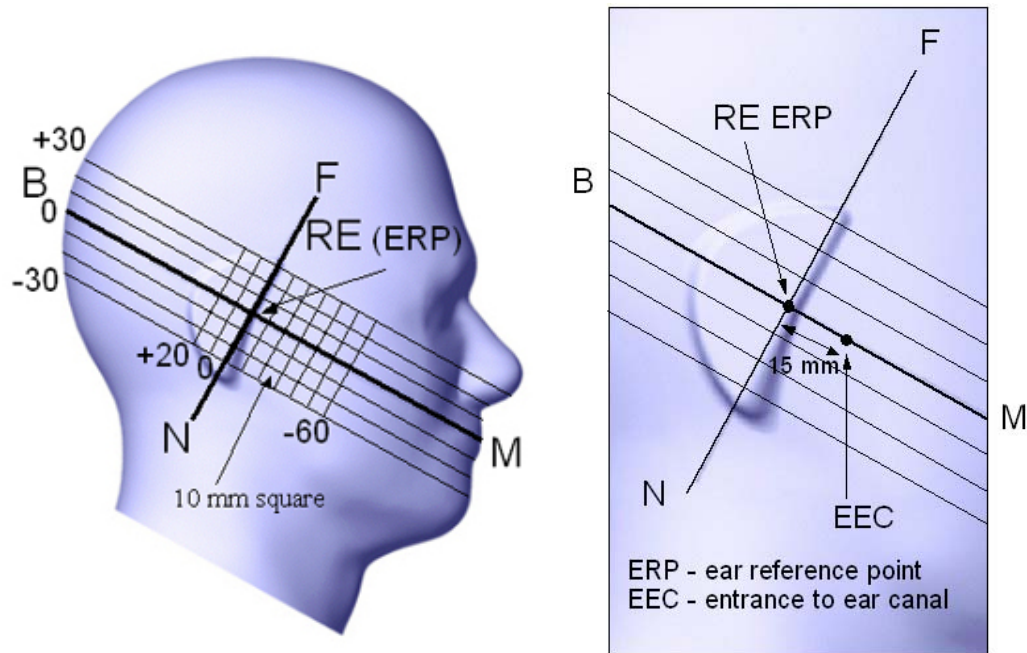


FIGURE 3.1

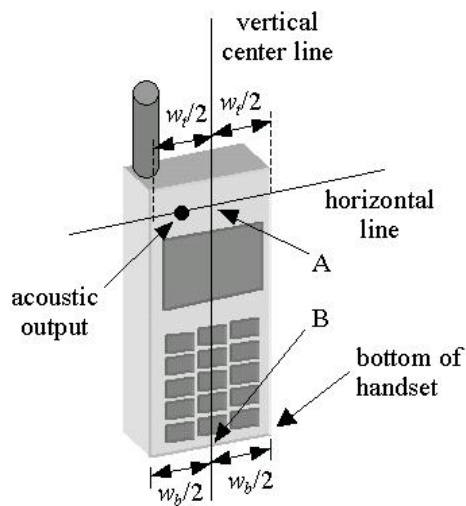


FIGURE 3.1a

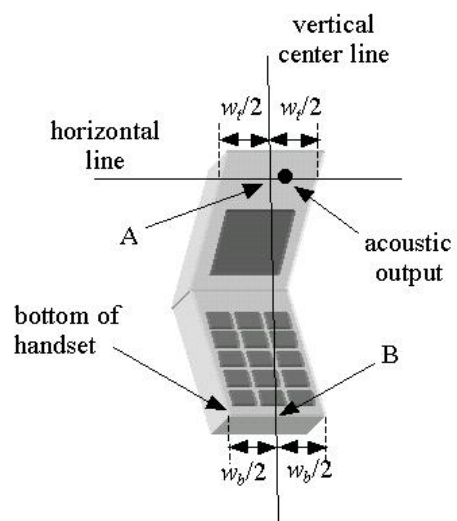
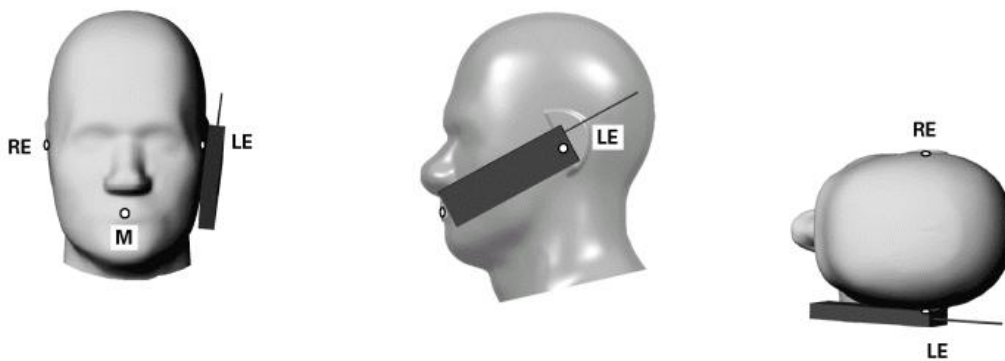


FIGURE 3.1b

4.1.1 TOUCH/CHEEK TEST POSITION

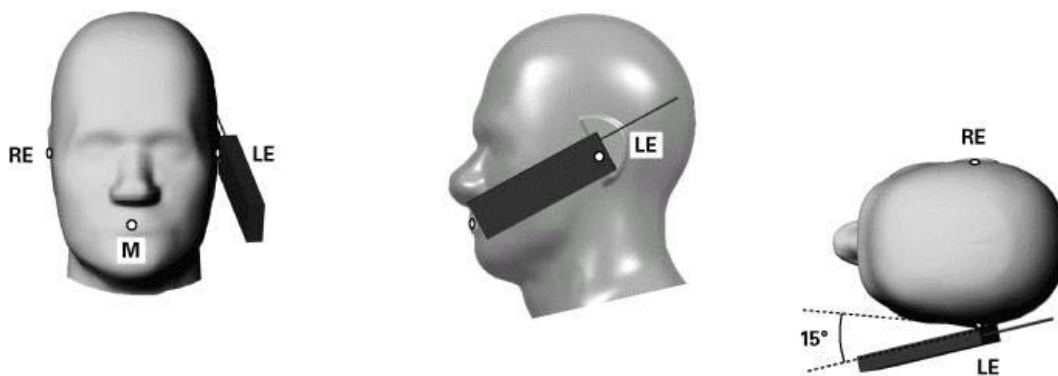
The head position in Figure 3.1, the ear reference points ERP are 15mm above entrance to ear canal along the B-M line. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the B-M (Back Mouth) line. The handset device in Figure 3.1a and 3.1b, The vertical centerline pass through two points on the front side of handset: the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A) and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The vertical centerline is perpendicular to the horizontal line and pass through the center of the acoustic output. The point A touches the ERP and the vertical centerline of the handset is parallel to the B-M line. While maintaining the point A contact with the ear(ERP), rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on handset is in contact with the cheek of the phantom



TOUCH/CHEEK POSITION FIGURE

4.1.2 TILT TEST POSITION

Adjust the device in the cheek position. While maintaining a point of the handset contact in the ear, move the bottom of the handset away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees.



TILT POSITION FIGURE

4.1.3 BODY-WORN CONFIGURATION

The handset device attached the belt clip or the holster. The keypad face of the handset is against with the bottom of the flat phantom face and the bottom of the keypad face contact to the bottom of the flat phantom.

When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.



A D T

5. RECIPES FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom, the phantom must be filled with 25 liters of tissue simulation liquid.

The following ingredients are used :

- **WATER-** Deionized water (pure H₂O), resistivity ≈ 16 M - as basis for the liquid
- **SUGAR-** Refined sugar in crystals, as available in food shops - to reduce relative permittivity
- **SALT-** Pure NaCl - to increase conductivity
- **CELLULOSE-** Hydroxyethyl-cellulose, medium viscosity (75-125 mPa.s, 2% in water, 20_C),
CAS # 54290 - to increase viscosity and to keep sugar in solution
- **PRESERVATIVE-** Preventol D-7 Bayer AG, D-51368 Leverkusen, CAS # 55965-84-9 - to prevent the spread of bacteria and molds
- **DGMBE-** Diethylenglycol-monobuthyl ether (DGMBE), Fluka Chemie GmbH, CAS # 112-34-5 - to reduce relative permittivity

THE RECIPES FOR 835MHz SIMULATING LIQUID TABLE

INGREDIENT	HEAD SIMULATING LIQUID 835MHz (HSL-835)	MUSCLE SIMULATING LIQUID 835MHz (MSL-835)
Water	40.28%	50.07%
Cellulose	02.41%	NA
Salt	01.38%	0.94%
Preventtol D-7	00.18%	0.09%
Sugar	57.97%	48.2%
Dielectric Parameters at 22°C	f = 835MHz $\epsilon = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.9 \pm 5\%$ S/m	f = 835MHz $\epsilon = 55.2 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ S/m



A D T

THE RECIPES FOR 1900MHz SIMULATING LIQUID TABLE

INGREDIENT	HEAD SIMULATING LIQUID 1900MHz (HSL-1900)	MUSCLE SIMULATING LIQUID 1900MHz (MSL-1900)
Water	55.24%	70.16%
DGMBE	44.45%	29.44%
Salt	0.306%	00.39%
Dielectric Parameters at 22°C	f= 1900MHz $\epsilon= 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.40 \pm 5\%$ S/m	f= 1900MHz $\epsilon= 53.3 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.52 \pm 5\%$ S/m

Testing the liquids using the Agilent Network Analyzer E8358A and Agilent Dielectric Probe Kit 85070D. The testing procedure is following as

1. Turn Network Analyzer on and allow at least 30 min. warm up.
2. Mount dielectric probe kit so that interconnecting cable to Network Analyzer will not be moved during measurements or calibration.
3. Pour de-ionized water and measure water temperature ($\pm 1^\circ$).
4. Set water temperature in Agilent-Software (Calibration Setup).
5. Perform calibration.
6. Validate calibration with dielectric material of known properties (e.g. polished ceramic slab with >8mm thickness $\epsilon' = 10.0$, $\epsilon'' = 0.0$). If measured parameters do not fit within tolerance, repeat calibration (± 0.2 for ϵ' : ± 0.1 for ϵ'').
7. Conductivity can be calculated from ϵ'' by $\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon'' = \epsilon'' f$ [GHz] / 18.
8. Measure liquid shortly after calibration. Repeat calibration every hour.
9. Stir the liquid to be measured. Take a sample (~50ml) with a syringe from the center of the liquid container.
10. Pour the liquid into a small glass flask. Hold the syringe at the bottom of the flask to avoid air bubbles.
11. Put the dielectric probe in the glass flask. Check that there are no air bubbles in front of the opening in the dielectric probe kit.
12. Perform measurements.
13. Adjust medium parameters in DASY5 for the frequencies necessary for the measurements ('Setup Config', select medium (e.g. Brain 900 MHz) and press 'Option'-button.

Select the current medium for the frequency of the validation (e.g. Setup Medium Brain 900 MHz).



A D T

FOR GSM 850 & WCDMA 850 BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-835		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		22.7		
TEST DATE		Apr. 13, 2010		
TESTED BY		Dylan Chiou		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
824.5	Permittivity (ϵ)	41.50	43.10	3.86
835.0		41.50	43.00	3.61
836.5		41.50	43.00	3.61
846.5		41.50	42.90	3.37
824.5	Conductivity (σ) S/m	0.90	0.86	-4.44
835.0		0.90	0.87	-3.33
836.5		0.90	0.88	-2.22
846.5		0.90	0.89	-1.11
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C		f= 835MHz $\epsilon= 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 0.90 \pm 5\%$ S/m		

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-835		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		22.7		
TEST DATE		Apr. 22, 2010		
TESTED BY		Dylan Chiou		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
824.2	Permittivity (ϵ)	41.50	43.30	4.34
824.5		41.50	43.30	4.34
835.0		41.50	43.20	4.10
836.5		41.50	43.10	3.86
824.2	Conductivity (σ) S/m	0.90	0.87	-3.33
824.5		0.90	0.87	-3.33
835.0		0.90	0.88	-2.22
836.5		0.90	0.88	-2.22
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C		f= 835MHz $\epsilon= 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 0.90 \pm 5\%$ S/m		



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		MSL-835		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		22.5		
TEST DATE		Apr. 23, 2010		
TESTED BY		Dylan Chiou		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
824.2	Permittivity (ϵ)	55.20	54.70	-0.91
824.5		55.20	54.70	-0.91
835.0		55.20	54.70	-0.91
836.5		55.20	54.70	-0.91
824.2	Conductivity (σ) S/m	0.97	0.98	1.03
824.5		0.97	0.98	1.03
835.0		0.97	0.98	1.03
836.5		0.97	0.98	1.03
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C		f= 835MHz $\epsilon= 55.2 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 0.97 \pm 5\%$ S/m		



A D T

FOR PCS 1900 & WCDMA 1900 BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-1900		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		22.6		
TEST DATE		Apr. 14, 2010		
TESTED BY		Dylan Chiou		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
1852.4	Permittivity (ϵ)	40.00	40.8	2.00
1880.0		40.00	40.7	1.75
1900.0		40.00	40.7	1.75
1907.6		40.00	40.7	1.75
1852.4	Conductivity (σ) S/m	1.40	1.37	-2.14
1880.0		1.40	1.41	0.71
1900.0		1.40	1.43	2.14
1907.6		1.40	1.45	3.57
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C		f= 1900MHz $\epsilon= 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.40 \pm 5\%$ S/m		



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-1900		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		22.5		
TEST DATE		Apr. 22, 2010		
TESTED BY		Dylan Chiou		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
1850.2	Permittivity (ϵ)	40.00	40.90	2.25
1852.4		40.00	40.90	2.25
1880.0		40.00	40.90	2.25
1900.0		40.00	40.90	2.25
1907.6		40.00	41.00	2.50
1909.8		40.00	41.00	2.50
1850.2	Conductivity (σ) S/m	1.40	1.38	-1.43
1852.4		1.40	1.38	-1.43
1880.0		1.40	1.42	1.43
1900.0		1.40	1.44	2.86
1907.6		1.40	1.45	3.57
1909.8		1.40	1.45	3.57
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C		f= 1900MHz $\epsilon= 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.40 \pm 5\%$ S/m		



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		MSL-1900		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		22.6		
TEST DATE		Apr. 24, 2010		
TESTED BY		Dylan Chiou		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
1880.0	Permittivity	53.30	53.50	0.38
1900.0	(ϵ)	53.30	53.50	0.38
1880.0	Conductivity	1.52	1.54	1.32
1900.0	(σ) S/m	1.52	1.57	3.29
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C		f= 1900MHz $\epsilon= 53.3 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.52 \pm 5\%$ S/m		



6. SYSTEM VALIDATION

The system validation was performed in the flat phantom with equipment listed in the following table. Since the SAR value is calculated from the measured electric field, dielectric constant and conductivity of the body tissue and the SAR is proportional to the square of the electric field. So, the SAR value will be also proportional to the RF power input to the system validation dipole under the same test environment. In our system validation test, 250mW RF input power was used.

6.1 TEST PROCEDURE

Before you start the system performance check, need only to tell the system with which components (probe, medium, and device) are performing the system performance check; the system will take care of all parameters. The dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM Twin Phantom with the correct distance holder in place. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking (little cross) and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. Accurate positioning is not necessary, since the system will search for the peak SAR location, except that the dipole arms should be parallel to the surface. The device holder for the EUT can be left in place but should be rotated away from the dipole.

1.The "Power Reference Measurement" and "Power Drift Measurement" jobs are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the amplifier output power. If it is too high (above ± 0.1 dB), the system performance check should be repeated; some amplifiers have very high drift during warm-up. A stable amplifier gives drift results in the DASY system below ± 0.02 dB.

2.The "Surface Check" job tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1 mm). In that case it is better to abort the system performance check and stir the liquid.



3. The "Area Scan" job measures the SAR above the dipole on a plane parallel to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR. The proposed scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement; due to the symmetric field, the peak detection is reliable. If a finer graphic is desired, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result.

4. The "Zoom Scan" job measures the field in a volume around the peak SAR value assessed in the previous "Area Scan" job (for more information see the application note on SAR evaluation).

About the validation dipole positioning uncertainty, the constant and low loss dielectric spacer is used to establish the correct distance between the top surface of the dipole and the bottom surface of the phantom, the error component introduced by the uncertainty of the distance between the liquid (i.e., phantom shell) and the validation dipole in the DASY5 system is less than ± 0.1 mm.

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \left(\frac{(a + d)^2}{a^2} - 1 \right)$$

As the closest distance is 10mm, the resulting tolerance $SAR_{tolerance} [\%]$ is $< 2\%$.



6.2 VALIDATION RESULTS

SYSTEM VALIDATION TEST OF SIMULATING LIQUID					
FREQUENCY (MHz)	REQUIRED SAR (mW/g)	MEASURED SAR (mW/g)	DEVIATION (%)	SEPARATION DISTANCE	TESTED DATE
HSL 835	2.37 (1g)	2.45	3.38	15mm	Apr. 13, 2010
HSL 1900	10.00 (1g)	10.30	3.00	10mm	Apr. 14, 2010
HSL 835	2.37 (1g)	2.45	3.38	15mm	Apr. 22, 2010
HSL 1900	10.00 (1g)	10.50	5.00	10mm	Apr. 22, 2010
MSL 835	2.54 (1g)	2.41	-5.12	15mm	Apr. 23, 2010
MSL 1900	10.30 (1g)	11.00	6.80	10mm	Apr. 24, 2010
TESTED BY	Dylan Chiou				

NOTE: Please see Appendix for the photo of system validation test.



6.3 SYSTEM VALIDATION UNCERTAINTIES

In the table below, the system validation uncertainty with respect to the analytically assessed SAR value of a dipole source as given in the IEEE 1528 standard is given. This uncertainty is smaller than the expected uncertainty for mobile phone measurements due to the simplified setup and the symmetric field distribution.

Error Description	Tolerance (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(C _i)		Standard Uncertainty (±%)		(v _i)
				(1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)	
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	5.50	Normal	1	1	1	5.50	5.50	∞
Axial Isotropy	0.50	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	0.20	0.20	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	2.60	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	1.05	1.05	∞
Boundary effects	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	0.60	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.35	0.35	∞
System Detection Limits	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	1	0.30	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.50	1.50	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	0.40	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.23	0.23	∞
Probe Positioning	2.90	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.67	1.67	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Dipole Related								
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	2.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	145
Input Power Drift	5.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Phantom and Tissue parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	4.40	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	2.82	1.89	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.41	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	4.34	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	2.60	2.13	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						8.95	8.40	
Coverage Factor for 95%						Kp=2		
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						17.89	16.80	

NOTE: About the system validation uncertainty assessment, please reference the section 7.



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7. TEST RESULTS

7.1 TEST PROCEDURES

The EUT (EDA (Enterprise Digital Assistant)) makes a phone call to the communication simulator station. Establish the simulation communication configuration rather the actual communication. Then the EUT could continuous the transmission mode. Adjust the PCL of the base station could controlled the EUT to transmitted the maximum output power. The base station also could control the transmission channel. The SAR value was calculated via the 3D spline interpolation algorithm that has been implemented in the software of DASY5 SAR measurement system manufactured and calibrated by SPEAG. According to the IEEE 1528 / EN 50361, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Verification of the power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power reference measurement

The area scan with 15mm x 15mm grid was performed for the highest spatial SAR location. Consist of 11 x 13 points while the scan size is the 150mm x 180mm. The zoom scan with 30mm x 30mm x 30mm volume was performed for SAR value averaged over 1g and 10g spatial volumes.



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In the zoom scan, the distance between the measurement point at the probe sensor location (geometric center behind the probe tip) and the phantom surface is 4.0 mm and maintained at a constant distance of ± 1.0 mm during a zoom scan to determine peak SAR locations. The distance is 4mm between the first measurement point and the bottom surface of the phantom. The secondary measurement point to the bottom surface of the phantom is with 9mm separation distance. The cube size is 7 x 7 x 7 points consist of 343 points and the grid space is 5mm.

The measurement time is 0.5 s at each point of the zoom scan. The probe boundary effect compensation shall be applied during the SAR test. Because of the tip of the probe to the Phantom surface separated distances are longer than half a tip probe diameter.

In the area scan, the separation distance is 4mm between the each measurement point and the phantom surface. The scan size shall be included the transmission portion of the EUT. The measurement time is the same as the zoom scan. At last the reference power drift shall be less than $\pm 5\%$.



7.2 MEASURED SAR RESULTS

HEAD POSITION

Configuration: Barcode reader: BB Imager, 1.5x Battery

Stand-alone SAR (1g)				
HEAD	RIGHT		LEFT	
Mode	CHEEK	TILT	CHEEK	TILT
WCDMA 850				
Ch 4182: 826.4MHz	0.517	0.536	0.56	0.639
GSM 850				
Ch 190: 836.6MHz	0.385	0.398	0.433	0.465
WCDMA 1900				
Ch 9262: 1852.4MHz	0.605	0.731	1.02	1.21
Ch 9400: 1880.0MHz	0.708	0.873	1.22	1.32
Ch 9538: 1907.6MHz	0.689	0.839	1.06	1.29
PCS 1900				
Ch 661: 1880MHz	0.408	0.454	0.534	0.679

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 4.1.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.
5. Temperature of Liquid is 22±1°C
6. Per DA-02-1438A1, when 1-g SAR for the middle channel is less than 0.8 W/kg, testing for the other channels is not required.
7. The EUT have been pre-tested and found "BB / QWERTY + 1.5X battery" was the worst case configuration for final test



BODY POSITION

1900 MHz band

Configuration:

Front: Barcode reader: BB Imager, 1.5x Battery, Ridged holster, Headset

Bottom: Barcode reader: BB Imager, 1.5x Battery, Fabric holster, Headset

Stand-alone SAR (1g)		
	BODY	
Mode	Front	Bottom
GPRS 1900 TS1		
Ch 661: 1880.0MHz	0.073	
GPRS 1900 TS2		
Ch 661: 1880.0MHz	0.104	0.049
E GPRS 1900 TS1		
Ch 661: 1880.0MHz	0.036	
E GPRS 1900 TS2		
Ch 661: 1880.0MHz	0.070	0.033
WCDMA 1900		
Ch 9400: 1880.0MHz	0.148	0.068
HSDPA 1900		
Ch 9400: 1880.0MHz	0.132	0.060

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 4.1.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.
5. Temperature of Liquid is 22±1°C
6. Per DA-02-1438A1, when 1-g SAR for the middle channel is less than 0.8 W/kg, testing for the other channels is not required.
7. The EUT have been pre-tested and found "BB / QWERTY + 1.5X battery" was the worst case configuration for final test
8. For body position, the EUT front facing the phantom was tested with Ridged holster and the EUT bottom facing the phantom was tested with fabric holster. This is due to the facts that The correspond holster will limit the orientation of EUT when it is stored in the holster.



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BODY POSITION

850 MHz band

Configuration:

Front: Barcode reader: BB Imager, 1.5x Battery, Ridged holster, Headset

Bottom: Barcode reader: BB Imager, 1.5x Battery, Fabric holster, Headset

Stand-alone SAR (1g)		
	BODY	
Mode	Front	Bottom
GPRS 850 TS1		
Ch 190: 836.6MHz	0.097	
GPRS 850 TS2		
Ch 190: 836.6MHz	0.135	0.125
E GPRS 850 TS1		
Ch 190: 836.6MHz	0.032	
E GPRS 850 TS2		
Ch 190: 836.6MHz	0.062	0.058
WCDMA 850		
Ch 4182: 826.4MHz	0.122	0.103
HSDPA 850		
Ch 4182: 826.4MHz	0.105	0.089

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 4.1.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, 1.6W/kg, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.
5. Temperature of Liquid is 22±1°C
6. Per DA-02-1438A1, when 1-g SAR for the middle channel is less than 0.8 W/kg, testing for the other channels is not required
7. The EUT have been pre-tested and found "BB / QWERTY + 1.5X battery" was the worst case configuration for final test
8. For body position, the EUT front facing the phantom was tested with Ridged holster and the EUT bottom facing the phantom was tested with fabric holster. This is due to the facts that The correspond holster will limit the orientation of EUT when it is stored in the holster.



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7.3 SAR LIMITS

HUMAN EXPOSURE	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over 1 g)	1.6	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

NOTE:

1. This limits accord to 47 CFR 2.1093 – Safety Limit.
2. The EUT property been complied with the partial body exposure limit under the general population environment.



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8. INFORMATION ON THE TESTING LABORATORIES

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

Copies of accreditation certificates of our laboratories obtained from approval agencies can be downloaded from our web site:

www.adt.com.tw/index.5/phtml. If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Linko EMC/RF Lab:

Tel: 886-2-26052180

Fax: 886-2-26051924

Hsin Chu EMC/RF Lab:

Tel: 886-3-5935343

Fax: 886-3-5935342

Hwa Ya EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:

Tel: 886-3-3183232

Fax: 886-3-3185050

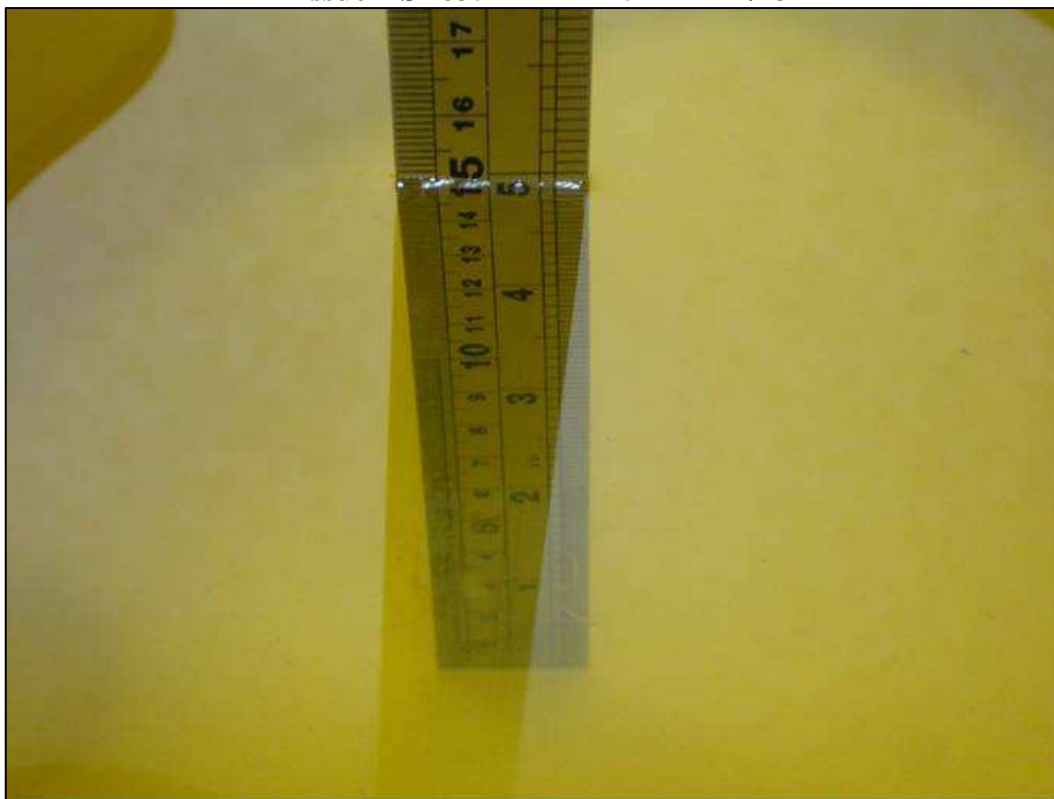
Web Site: www.adt.com.tw

The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

APPENDIX A: TEST DATA

Liquid Level Photo

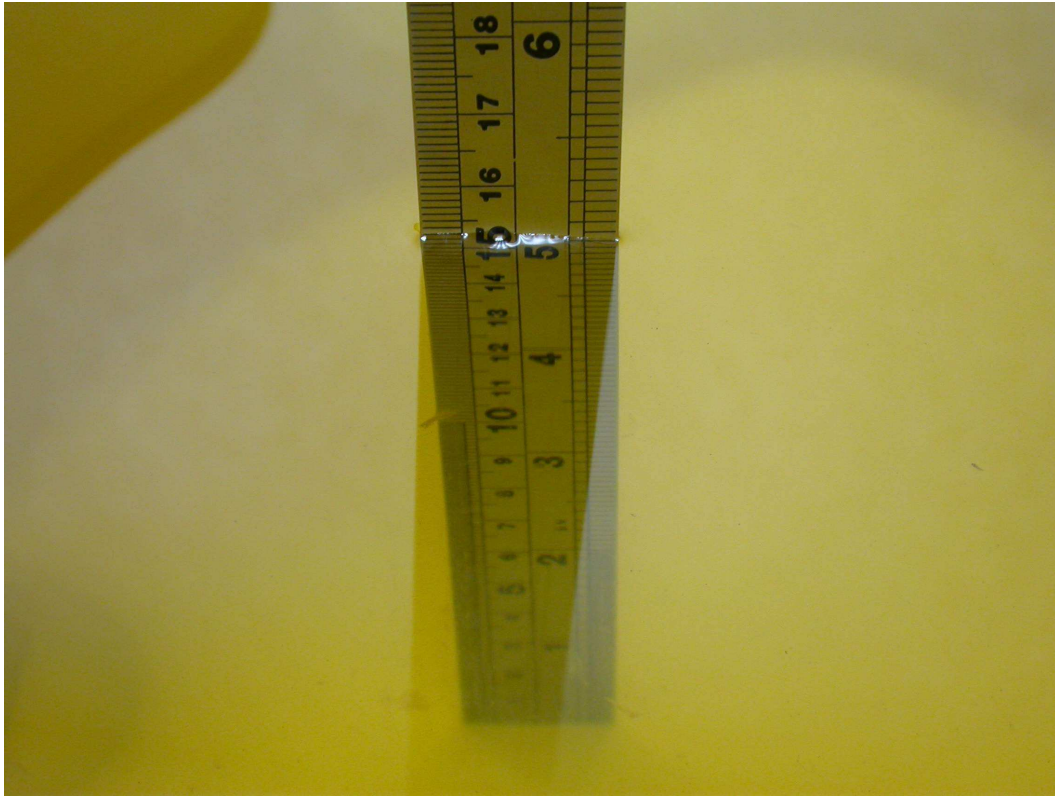
Tissue HSL835MHz D=151mm - 4/13



Tissue HSL1900MHz D=150mm - 4/14



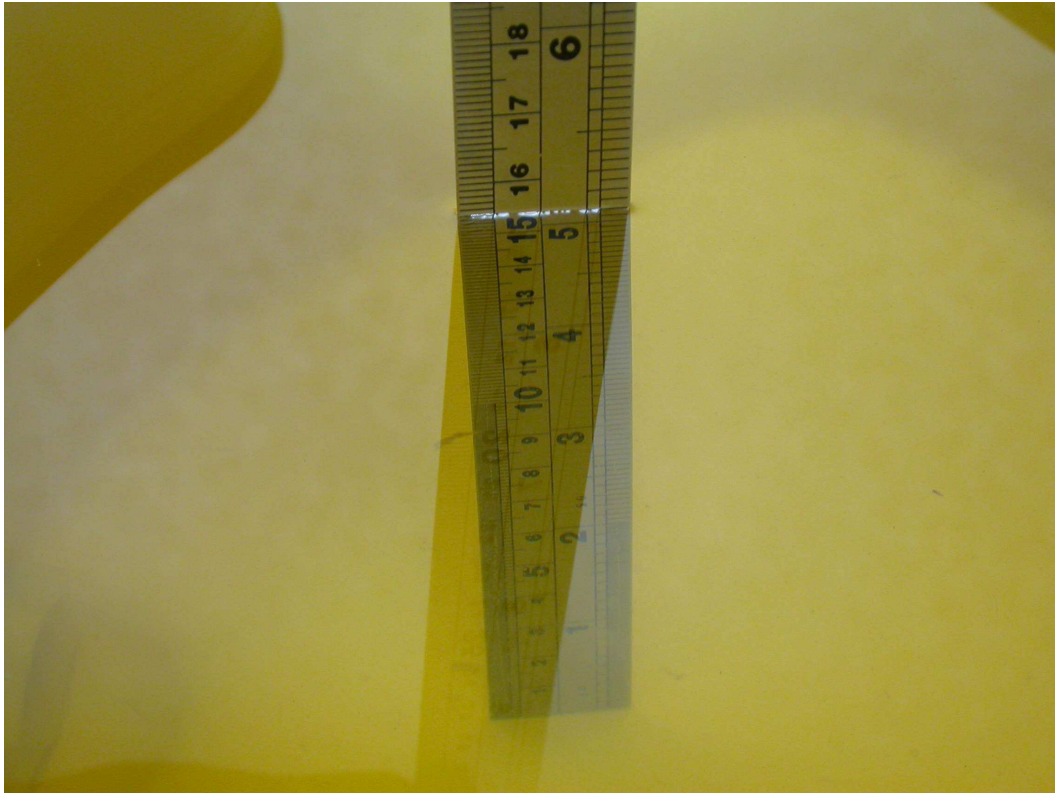
Tissue HSL835MHz D=153mm - 4/22



Tissue HSL1900MHz D=150mm - 4/22



Tissue MSL835MHz D=155mm - 4/23



Tissue MSL1900MHz D=151mm - 4/24



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M01-A6_2D-Right Head-Cheek-WCDMA850-Ch4182 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC75A6

Communication System: UMTS_3G ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Touch Position - Mid Ch4182/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.597 mW/g

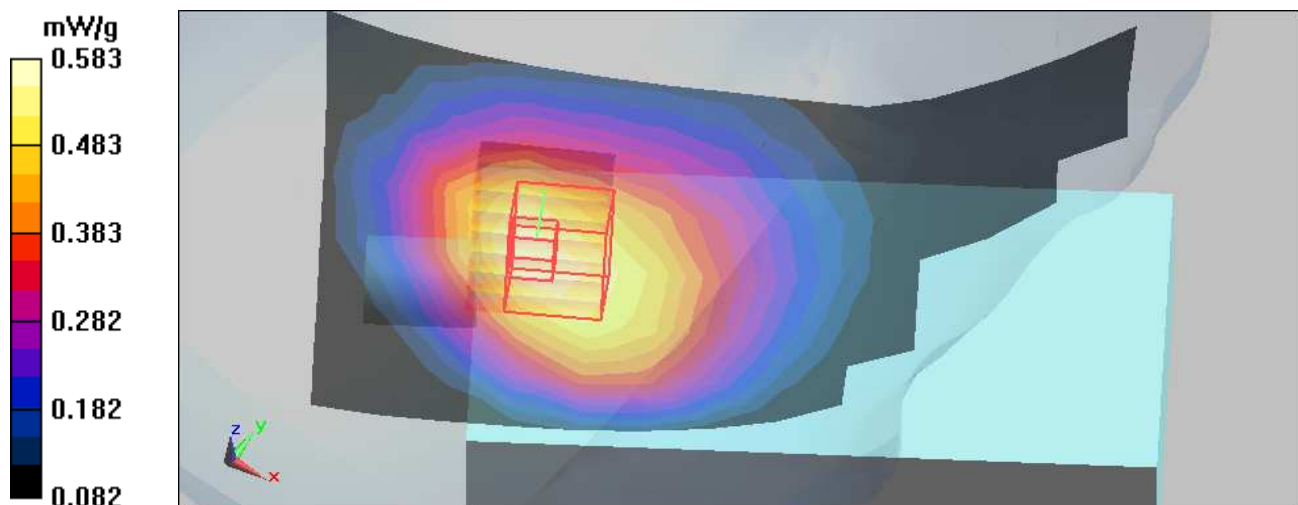
Touch Position - Mid Ch4182/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 24.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.054 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.733 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.517 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = 0.380 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.583 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M02-A6_2D-Right Head-Tilt-WCDMA850-Ch4182 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC75A6

Communication System: UMTS_3G ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Tilt Position - Mid Ch4182/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.581 mW/g

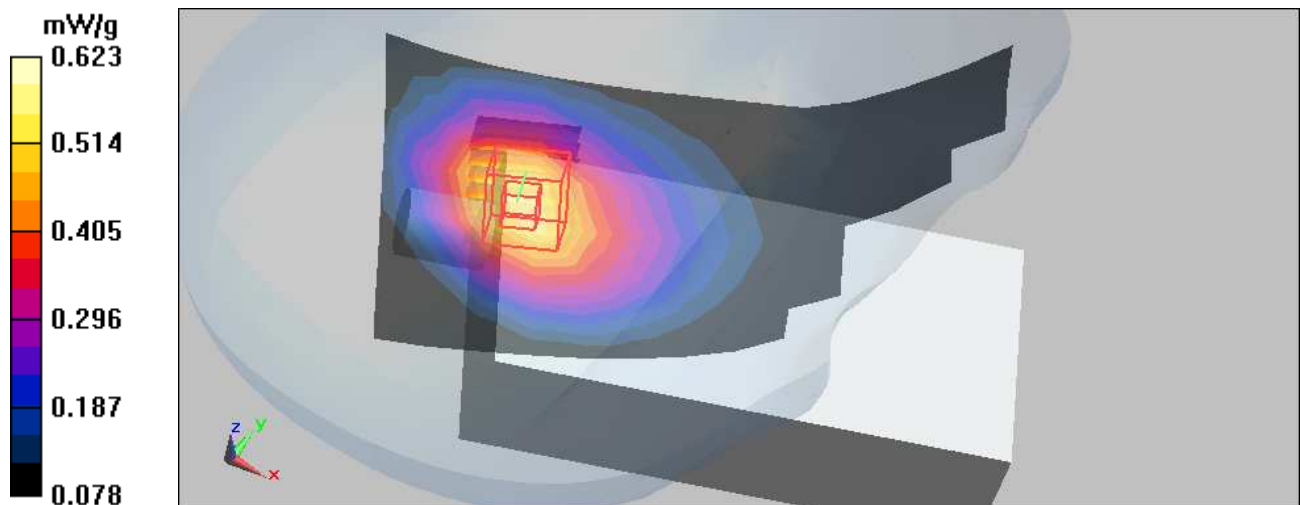
Tilt Position - Mid Ch4182/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 23.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.036 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.782 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.536 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.361 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.623 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M03-A6_2D-Left Head-Cheek-WCDMA850-Ch4182 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC75A6

Communication System: UMTS_3G ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Touch Position - Mid Ch4182/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.670 mW/g

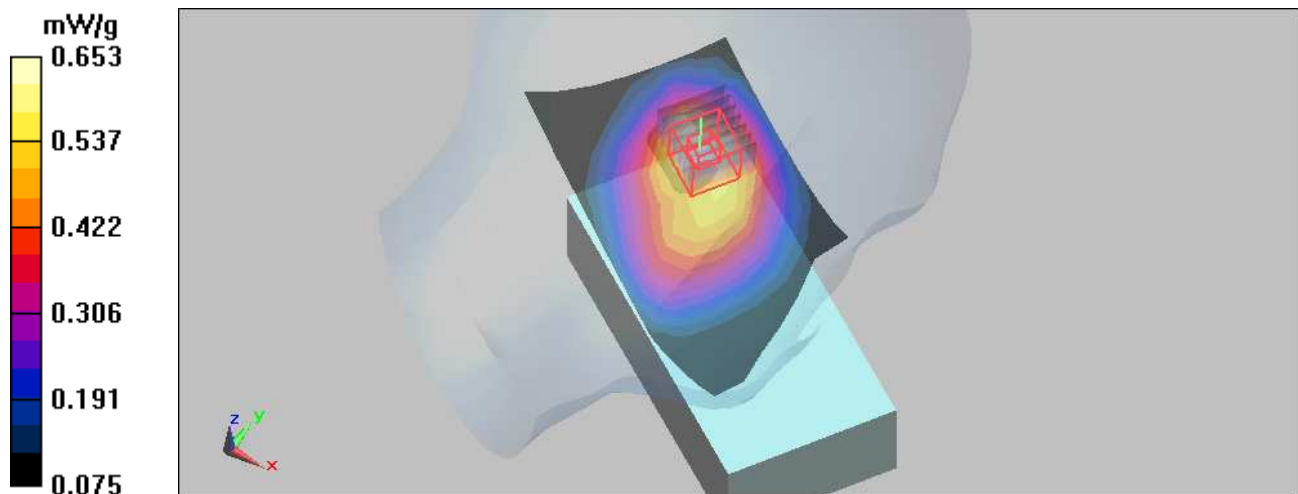
Touch Position - Mid Ch4182/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$,
 $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 24.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.157 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.849 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.560 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = 0.377 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.653 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M04-A6_2D-Left Head-Tilt-WCDMA850-Ch4182 / 1.5x BattBatt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC75A6

Communication System: UMTS_3G ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL850 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.88$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Tilt Position - Mid Ch4182/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.725 mW/g

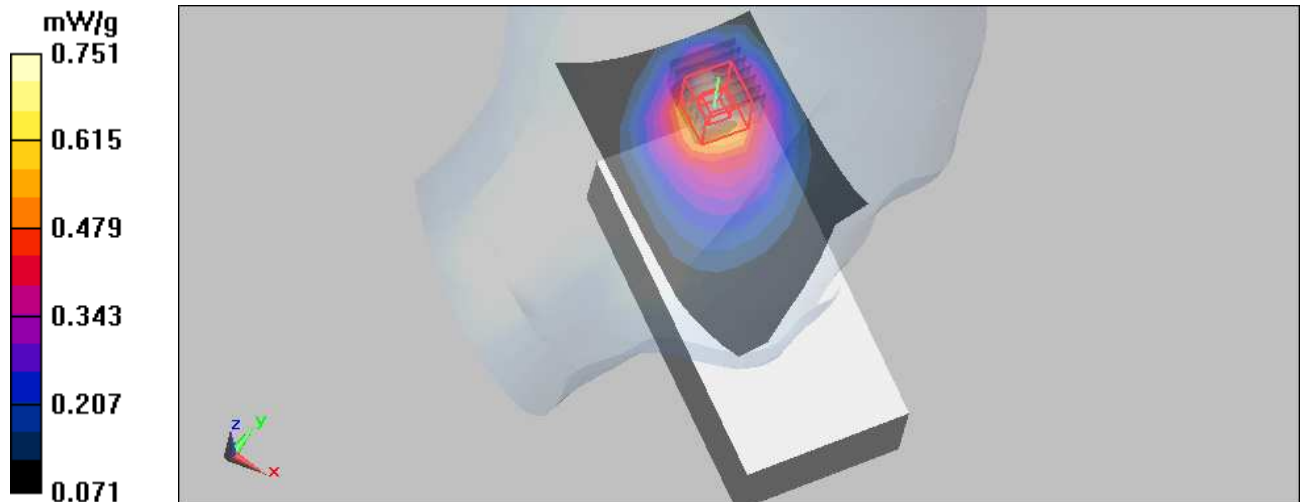
Tilt Position - Mid Ch4182/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.070 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.986 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.639** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.412 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.751 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M05-A6_2D-Right Head-Cheek-GSM 850-Ch190 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: GSM 850 ; Frequency: 836.5MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5\text{MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.88\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: GMSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM ; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Touch Position - Mid Ch190 /Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.413 mW/g

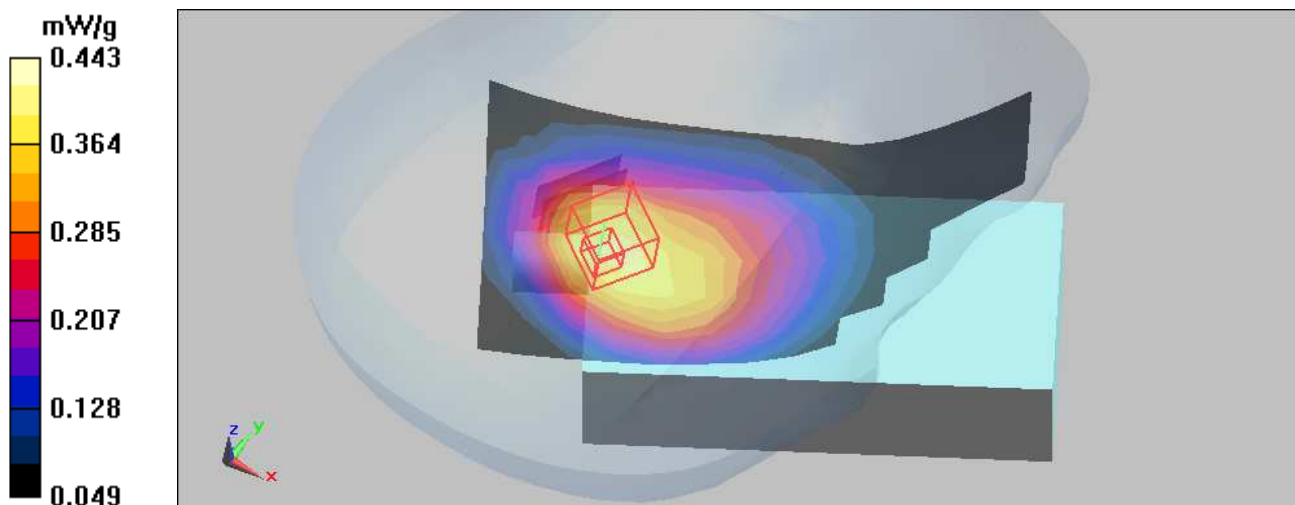
Touch Position - Mid Ch190 /Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$,
 $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.163 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.564 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.385 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.266 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.443 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M06-A6_2D-Right Head-Tilt-GSM 850-Ch190 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: GSM 850 ; Frequency: 836.5MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5\text{MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM ; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Tilt Position - Mid Ch190 /Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.429 mW/g

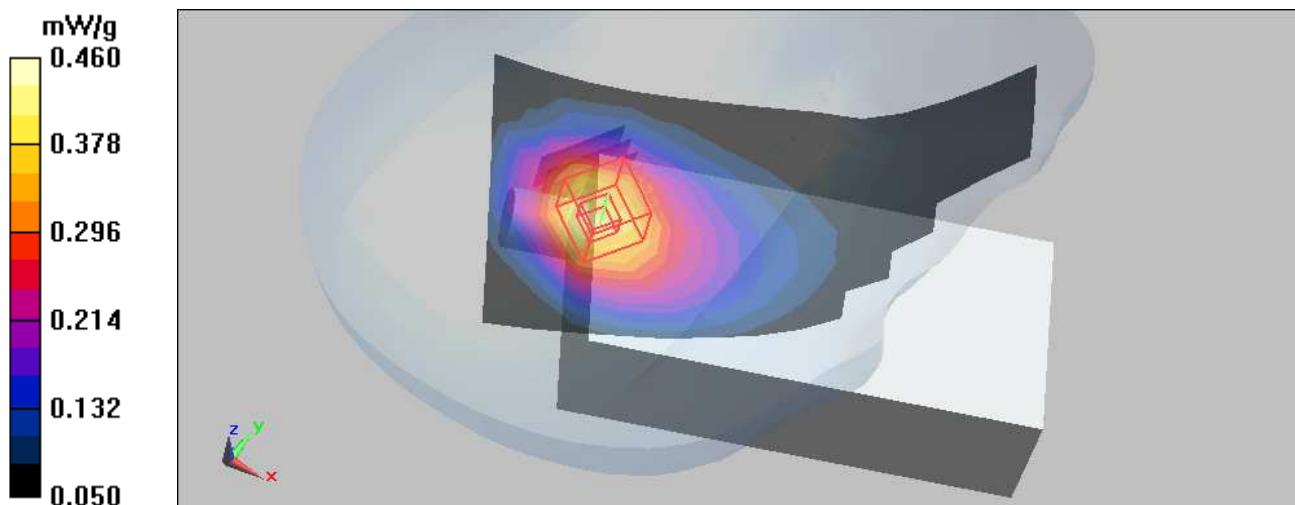
Tilt Position - Mid Ch190 /Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.596 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.398 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.263 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.460 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M07-A6_2D-Left Head-Cheek-GSM850-Ch190 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: GSM 850 ; Frequency: 836.5MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5\text{MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.88\text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000\text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: GMSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM ; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Touch Position - Mid Ch190 /Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.498 mW/g

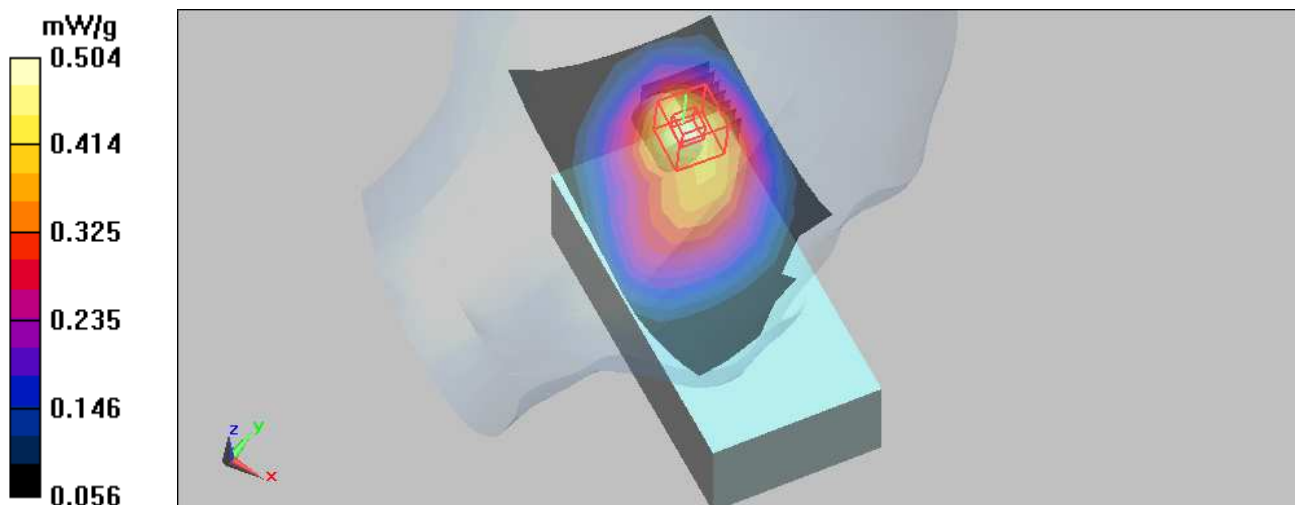
Touch Position - Mid Ch190 /Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$,
 $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 19.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.665 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.433 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.287 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.504 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M08-A6_2D-Left Head-Tilt-GSM850-Ch190 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: GSM 850 ; Frequency: 836.5MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5\text{MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM ; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Tilt Position - Mid Ch190 /Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.514 mW/g

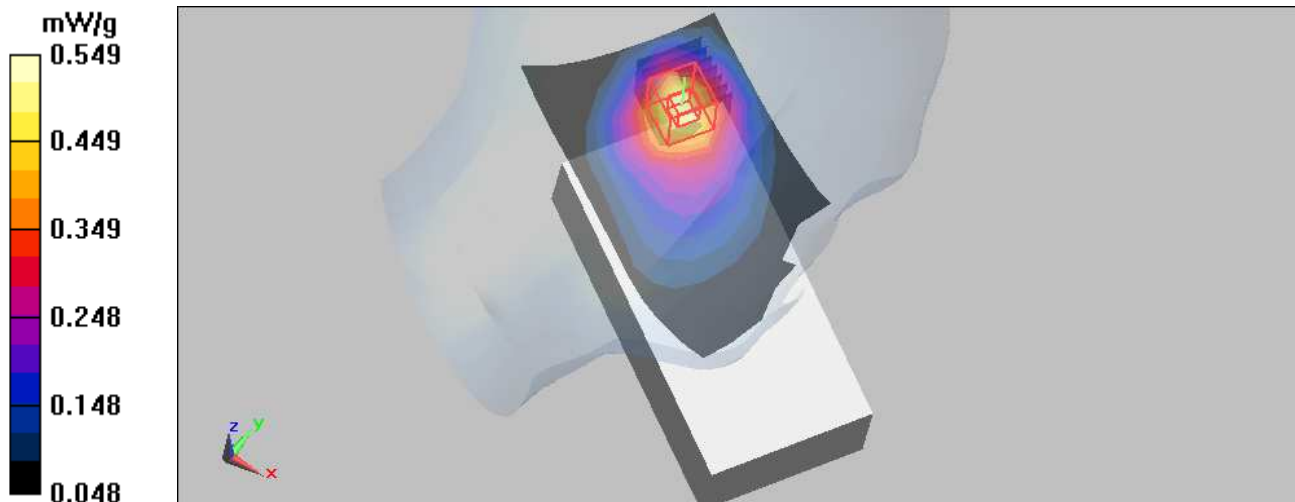
Tilt Position - Mid Ch190 /Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 19.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.730 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.465 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.296 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.549 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M09-A6_2D-Right Head-Cheek-WCDMA1900-Ch9262 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC75A6

Communication System: UMTS_3G ; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used : $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Touch Position - Low Ch9262/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.690 mW/g

Touch Position - Low Ch9262/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 19.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.047 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.605 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.351 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.741 mW/g

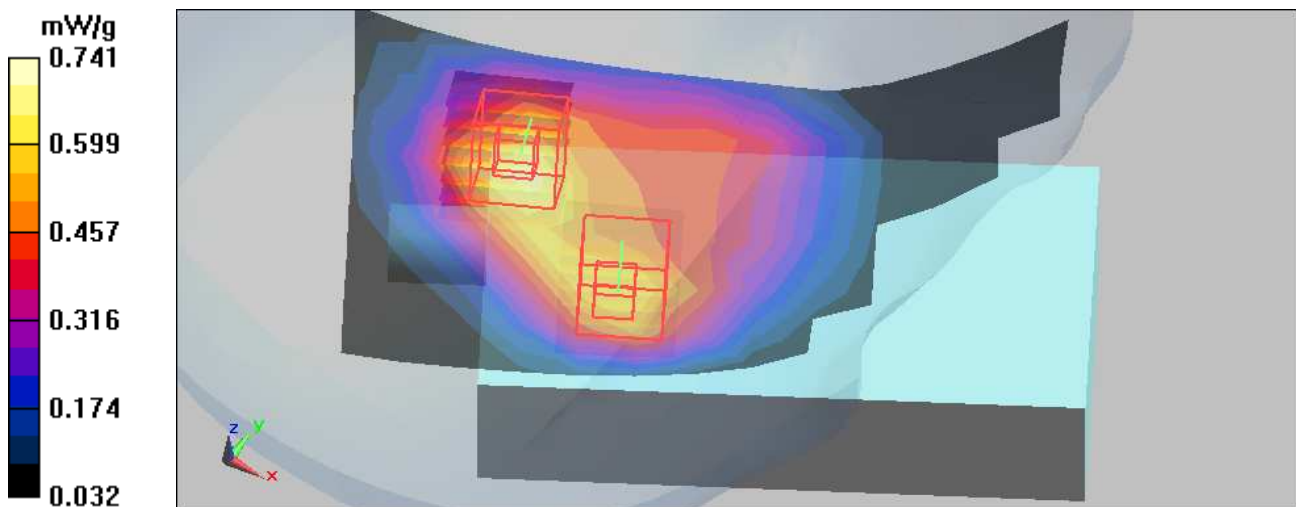
Touch Position - Low Ch9262/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 19.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.047 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.787 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.537 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.348 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.622 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M10-A6_2D-Right Head-Cheek-WCDMA1900-Ch9400 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC75A6

Communication System: UMTS_3G ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Touch Position - Mid Ch9400 /Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.782 mW/g

Touch Position - Mid Ch9400 /Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.708 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.406 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.859 mW/g

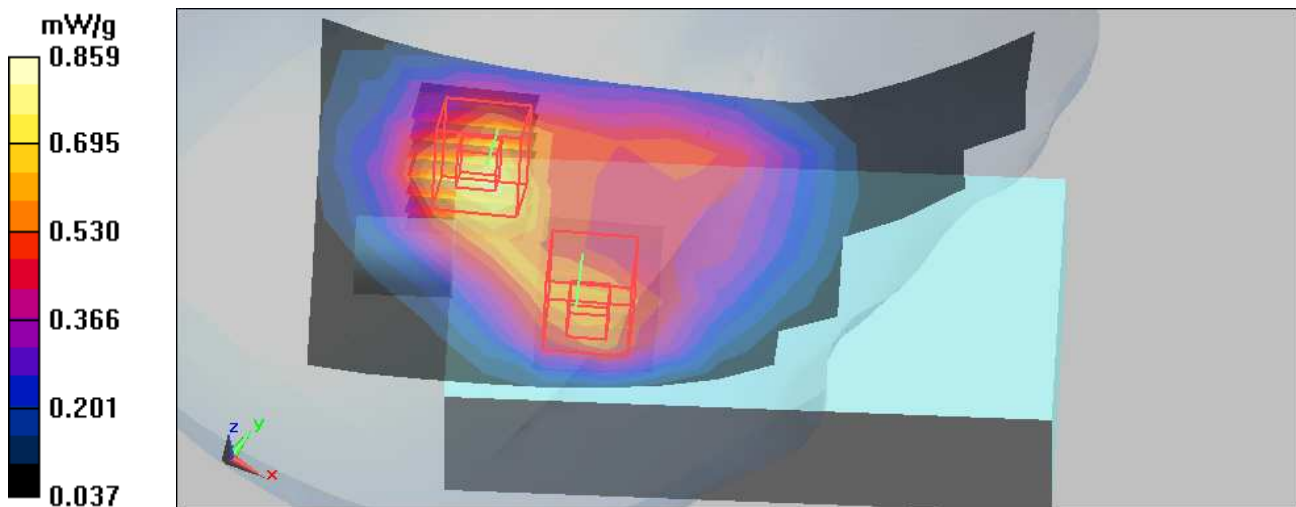
Touch Position - Mid Ch9400 /Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 20 V/m; Power Drift = -0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.837 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.563 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.359 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.663 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M11-A6_2D-Right Head-Cheek-WCDMA1900-Ch9538 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC75A6

Communication System: UMTS_3G ; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used : $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Touch Position - High Ch9538/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.755 mW/g

Touch Position - High Ch9538/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 18.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.054 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.689 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.390 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.835 mW/g

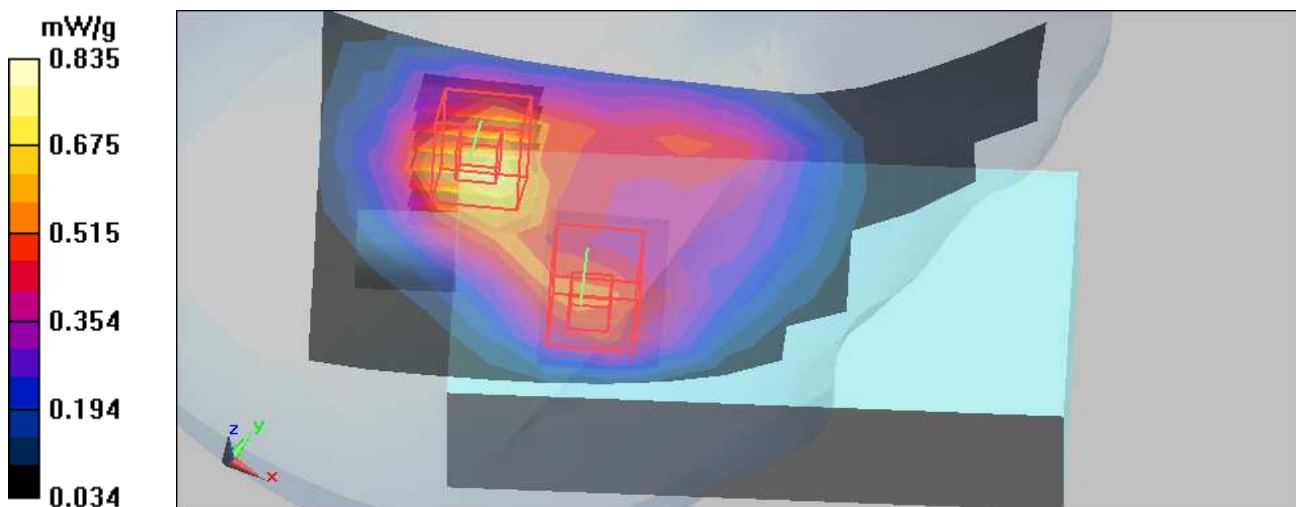
Touch Position - High Ch9538/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 18.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.054 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.723 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.486 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.307 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.566 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M12-A6_2D-Right Head-Tilt-WCDMA1900-Ch9262 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC75A6

Communication System: UMTS_3G ; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used : $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Tilt Position - Low Ch9262/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.793 mW/g

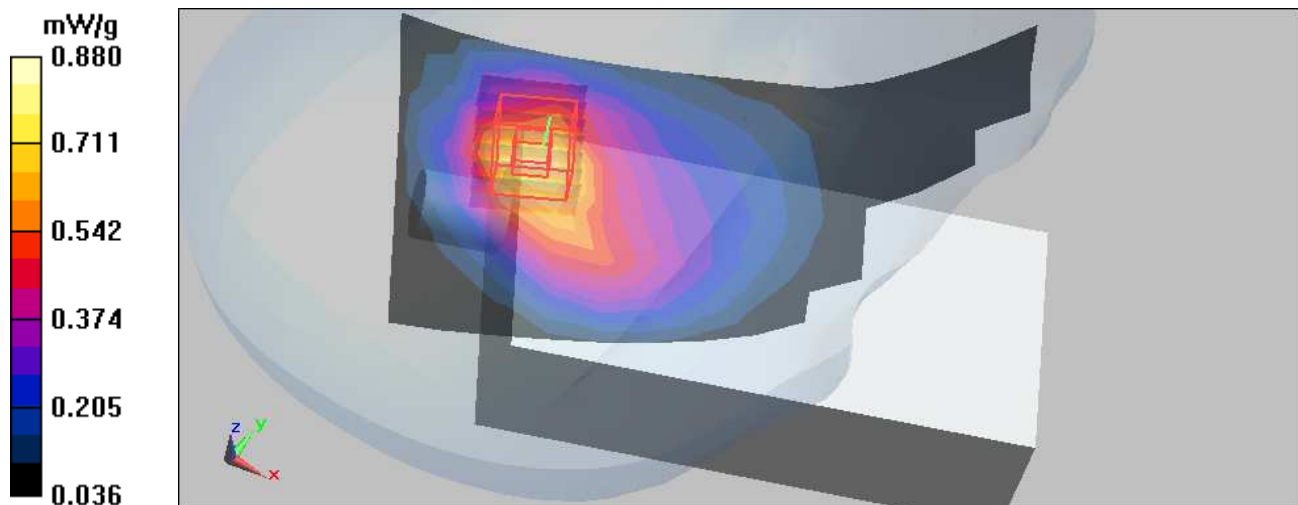
Tilt Position - Low Ch9262/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 21.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.071 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.731 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = 0.422 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.880 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M13-A6_2D-Right Head-Tilt-WCDMA1900-Ch9400 / 1.5x Batt**DUT: EDA ; Type: MC75A6**

Communication System: UMTS_3G ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Tilt Position - Mid Ch9400/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.929 mW/g

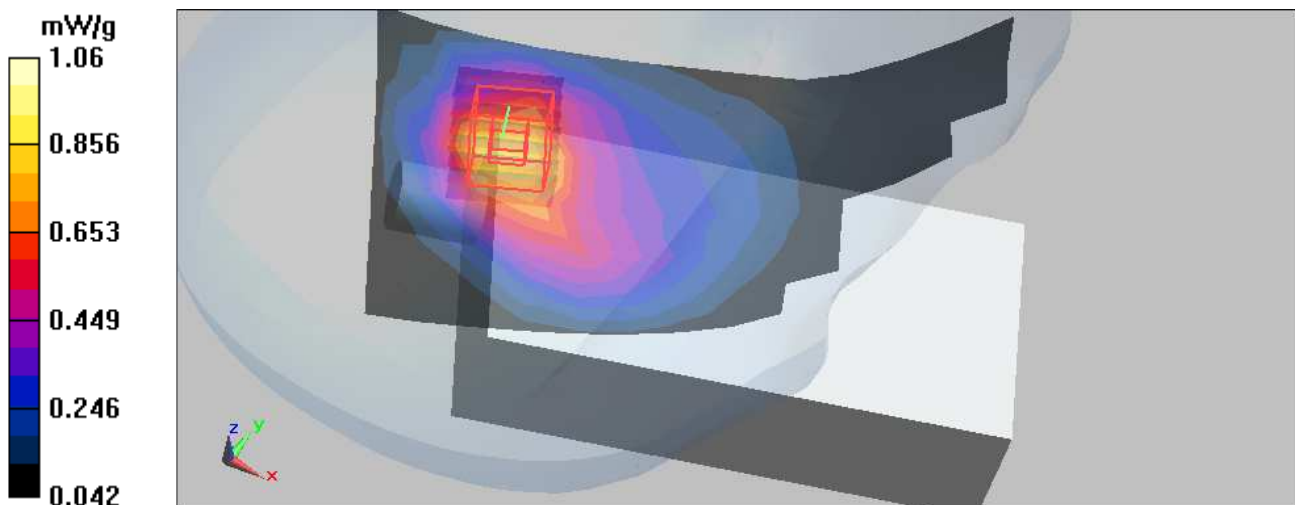
Tilt Position - Mid Ch9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 21.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.873 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.493 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M14-A6_2D-Right Head-Tilt-WCDMA1900-Ch9538 / 1.5x Batt**DUT: EDA ; Type: MC75A6**

Communication System: UMTS_3G ; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used : $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

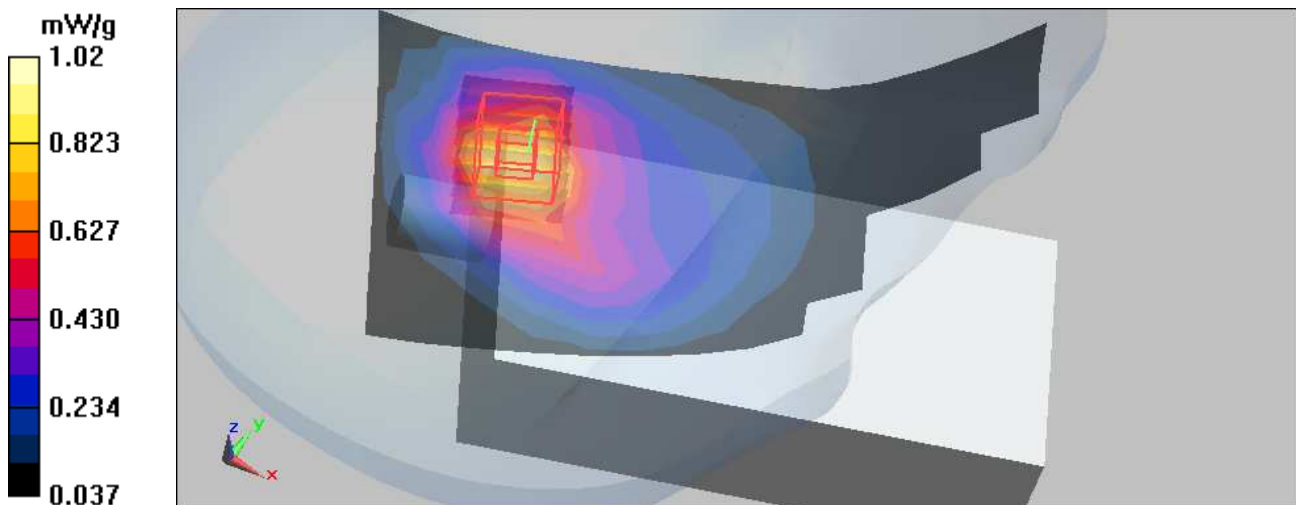
Tilt Position - High Ch9538/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.909 mW/g**Tilt Position - High Ch9538/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 19.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.077 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.839** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.473 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M15-A6_2D-Left Head-Cheek-WCDMA1900-Ch9262 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC75A6

Communication System: UMTS_3G ; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used : $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Touch Position - Low Ch9262/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.1 mW/g

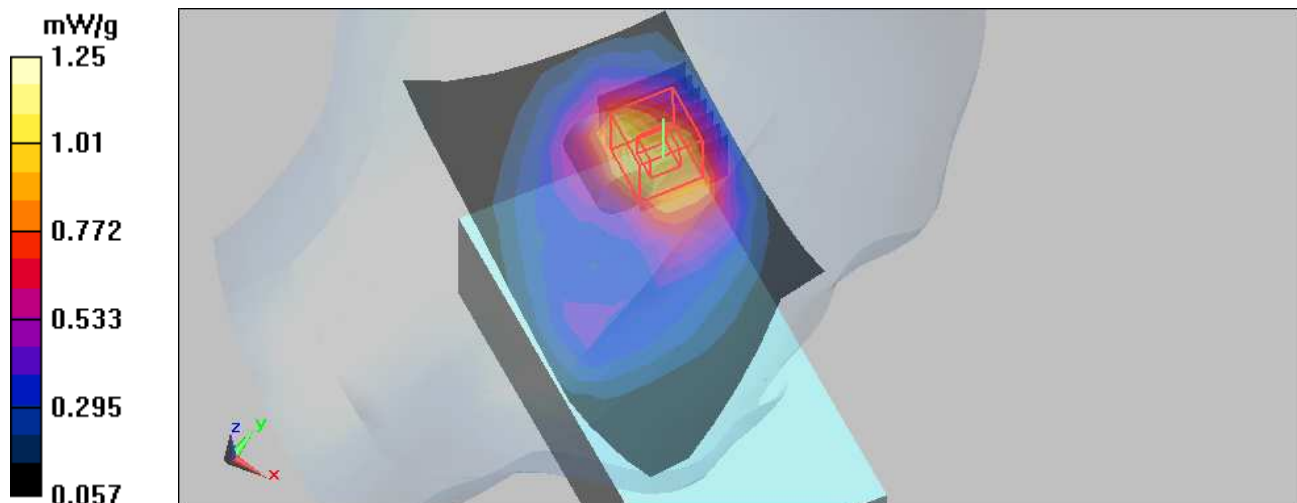
Touch Position - Low Ch9262/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 18.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.128 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.02 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.593 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M16-A6_2D-Left Head-Cheek-WCDMA1900-Ch9400 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC75A6

Communication System: UMTS_3G ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Touch Position - Mid Ch9400 /Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 mW/g

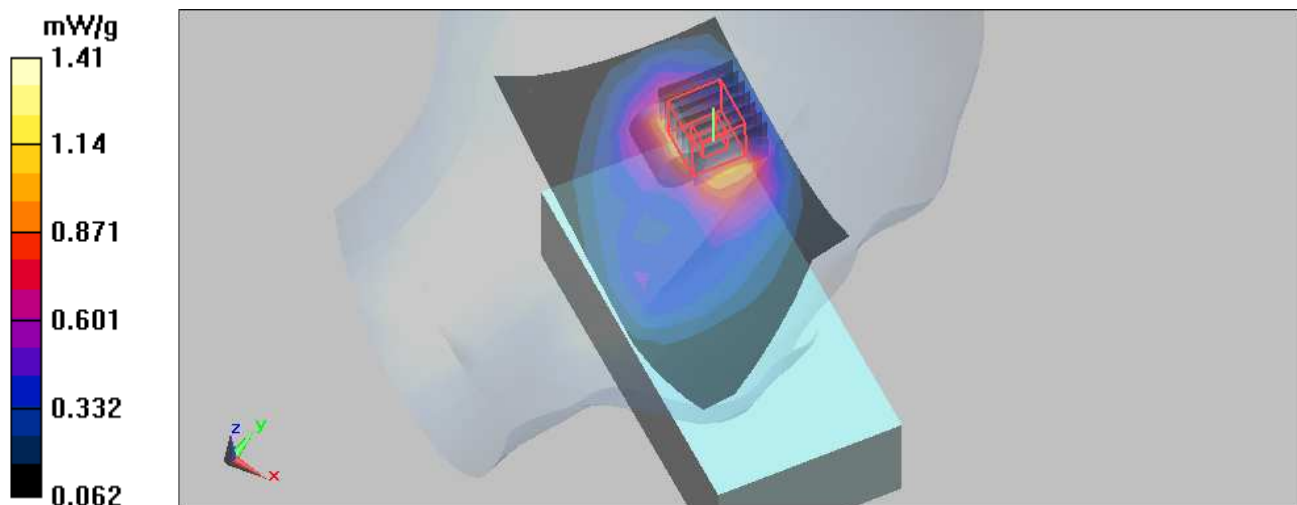
Touch Position - Mid Ch9400 /Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$,
 $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 20.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0074 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.91 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.22 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.665 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.41 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M17-A6_2D-Left Head-Cheek-WCDMA1900-Ch9538 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC75A6

Communication System: UMTS_3G ; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Touch Position - High Ch9538/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 mW/g

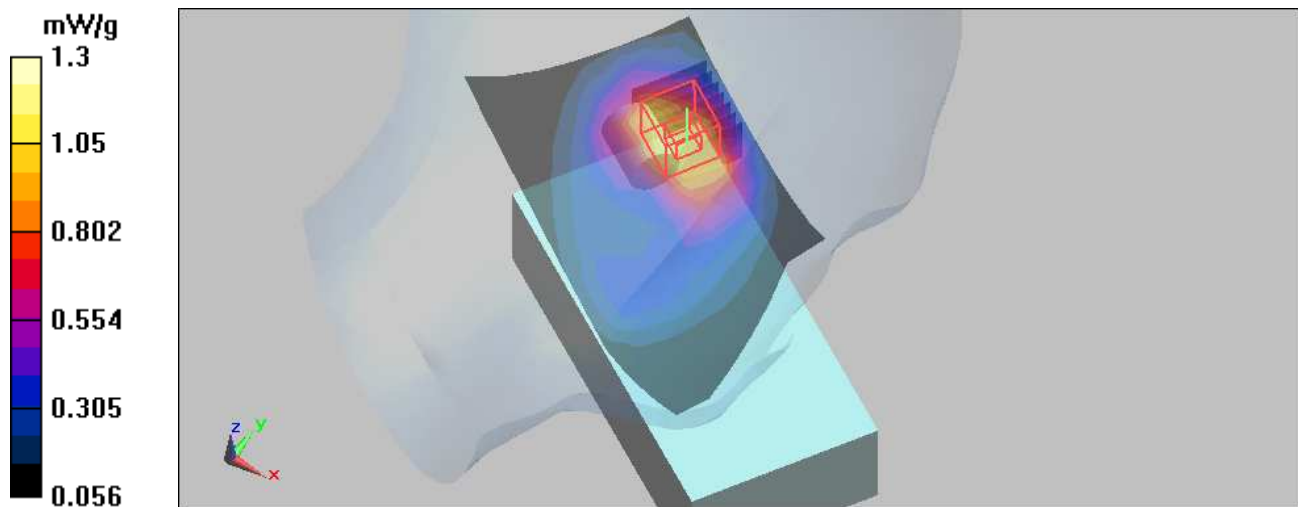
Touch Position - High Ch9538/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 18.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00362 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.78 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.06 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.606 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.3 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M18-A6_2D-Left Head-Tilt-WCDMA1900-Ch9262 / 1.5x Batt**DUT: EDA ; Type: MC75A6**

Communication System: UMTS_3G ; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used : $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

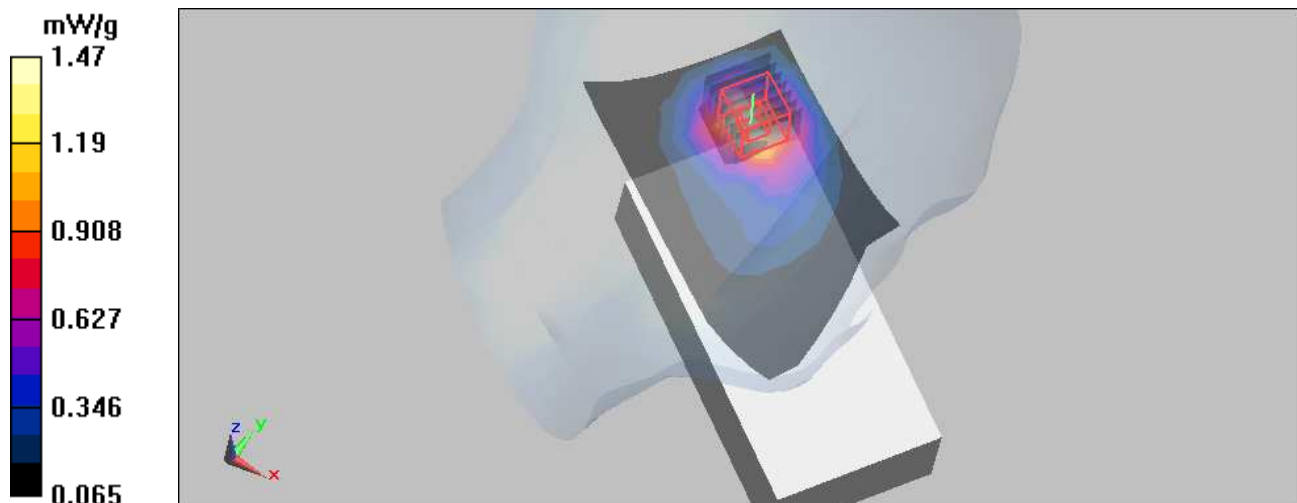
Tilt Position - Low Ch9262/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.42 mW/g**Tilt Position - Low Ch9262/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 21.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00505 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.21 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.686 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.47 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M19-A6_2D-Left Head-Tilt-WCDMA1900-Ch9400 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC75A6

Communication System: UMTS_3G ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Tilt Position - Mid Ch9400/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.63 mW/g

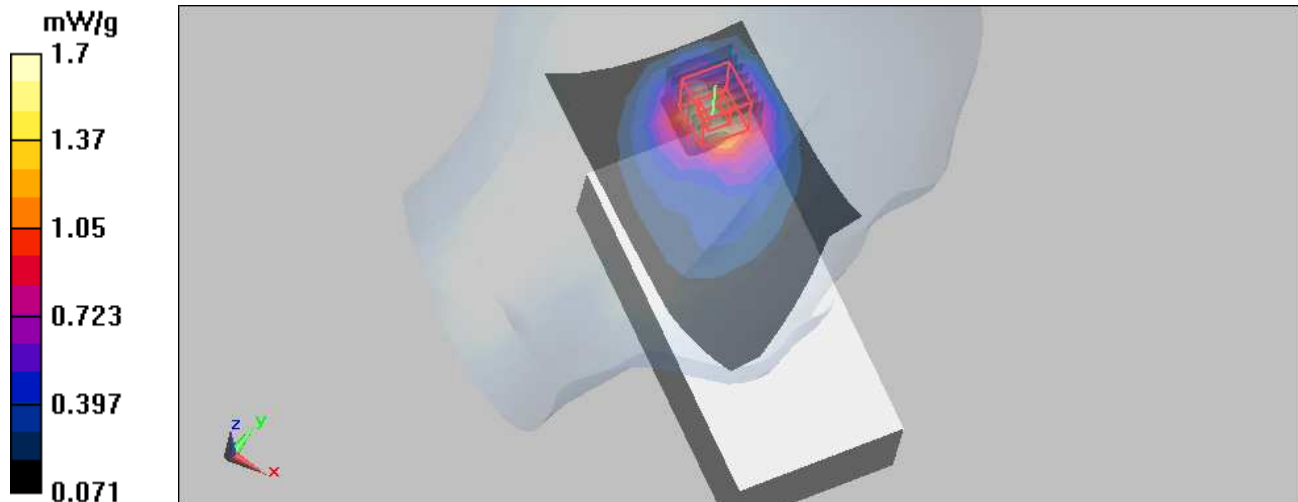
Tilt Position - Mid Ch9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 21.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.043 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.32 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.789 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.7 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M20-A6_2D-Left Head-Tilt-WCDMA1900-Ch9538 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC75A6

Communication System: UMTS_3G ; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used : $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Tilt Position - High Ch9538/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.52 mW/g

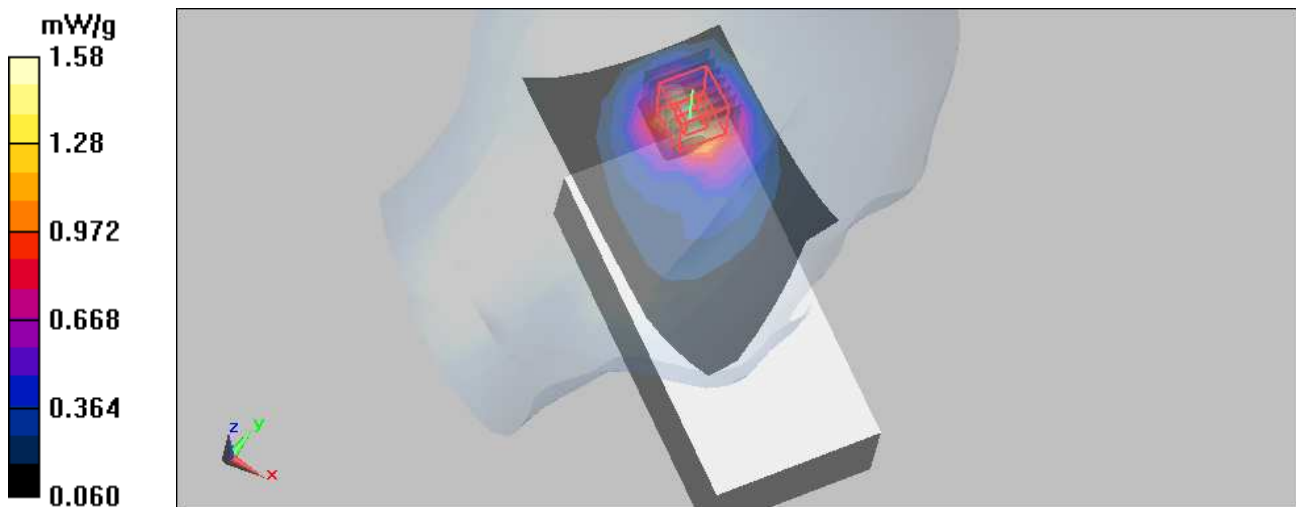
Tilt Position - High Ch9538/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 19.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00464 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.730 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.58 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M21-A6_2D-Right Head-Cheek-PCS 1900-Ch661 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: GMSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Touch Position - Mid Ch661 /Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.473 mW/g

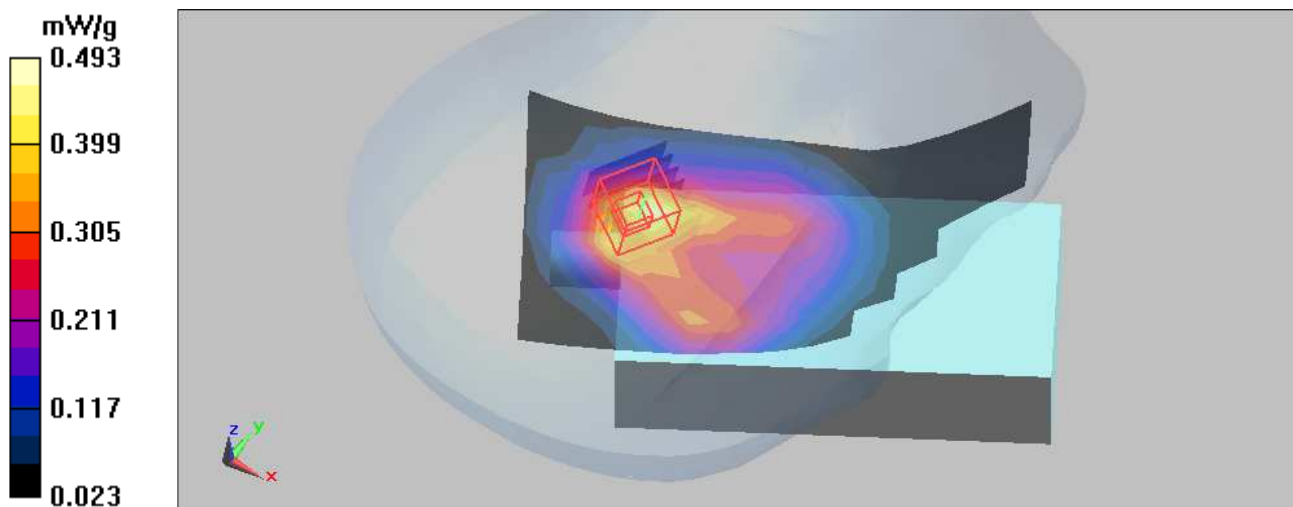
Touch Position - Mid Ch661 /Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 13.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.150 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.696 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.408 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.231 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.493 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M22-A6_2D-Right Head-Tilt-PCS 1900-Ch661 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Tilt Position - Mid Ch661 /Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.466 mW/g

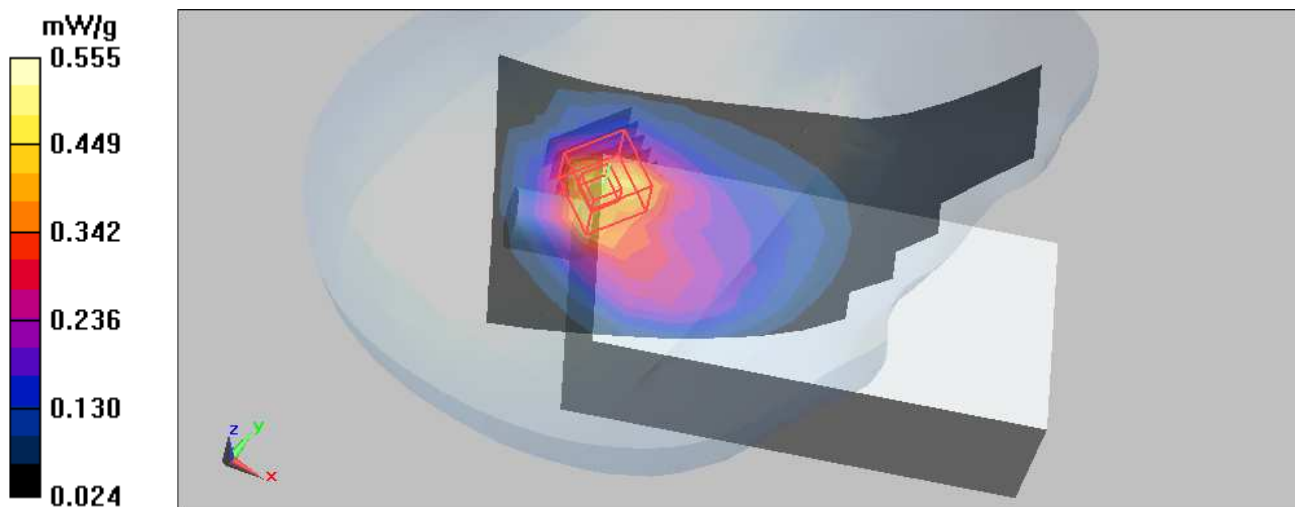
Tilt Position - Mid Ch661 /Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 14.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.123 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.766 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.454 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.258 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.555 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M23-A6_2D-Left Head-Cheek-PCS 1900-Ch661 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.42 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: GMSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Touch Position - Mid Ch661 /Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.608 mW/g

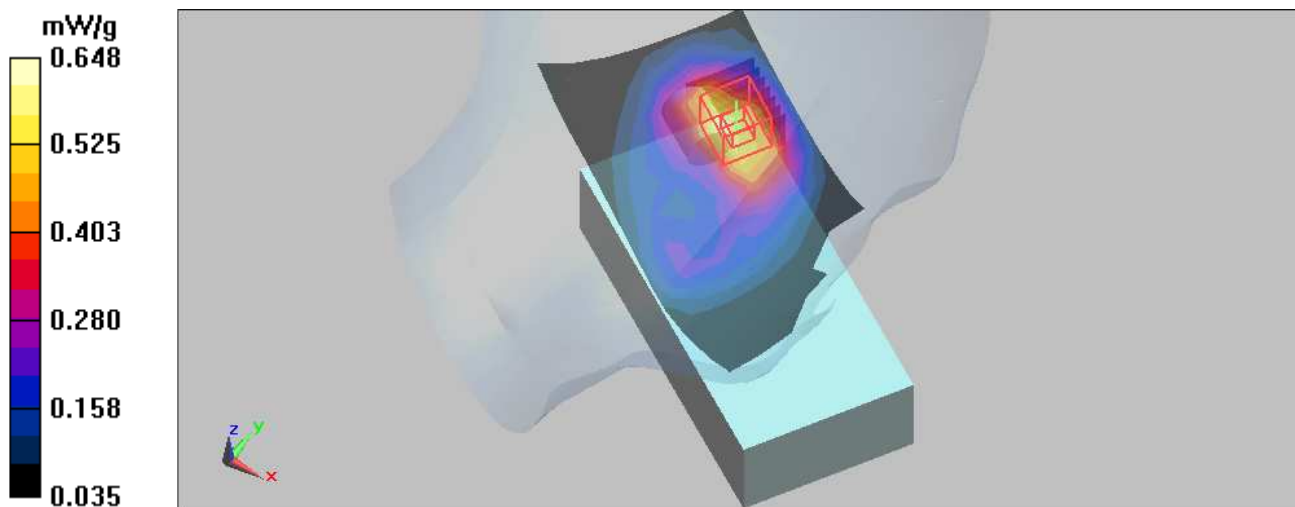
Touch Position - Mid Ch661 /Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13 V/m; Power Drift = 0.011 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.893 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.534 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.309 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.648 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M24-A6_2D-Left-Head-Tilt GSM 1900-Ch661 / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Tilt Position - Mid Ch661 /Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.762 mW/g

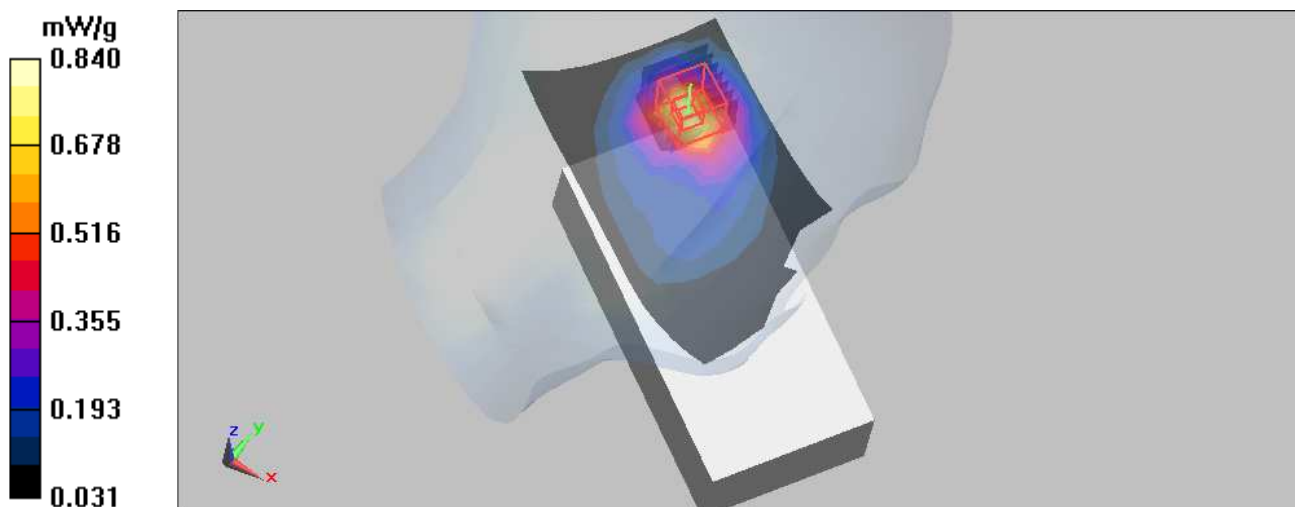
Tilt Position - Mid Ch661 /Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 14.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.072 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.679 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.380 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.840 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M25-A6_2D-Body-GPRS 1900 TS1-Ch661 / LCD Up / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: GMSK / UL 1 time slot

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM ; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid Ch661/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.087 mW/g

Flat Section Mid Ch661/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 5.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.140 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.116 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.073 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.046 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.086 mW/g

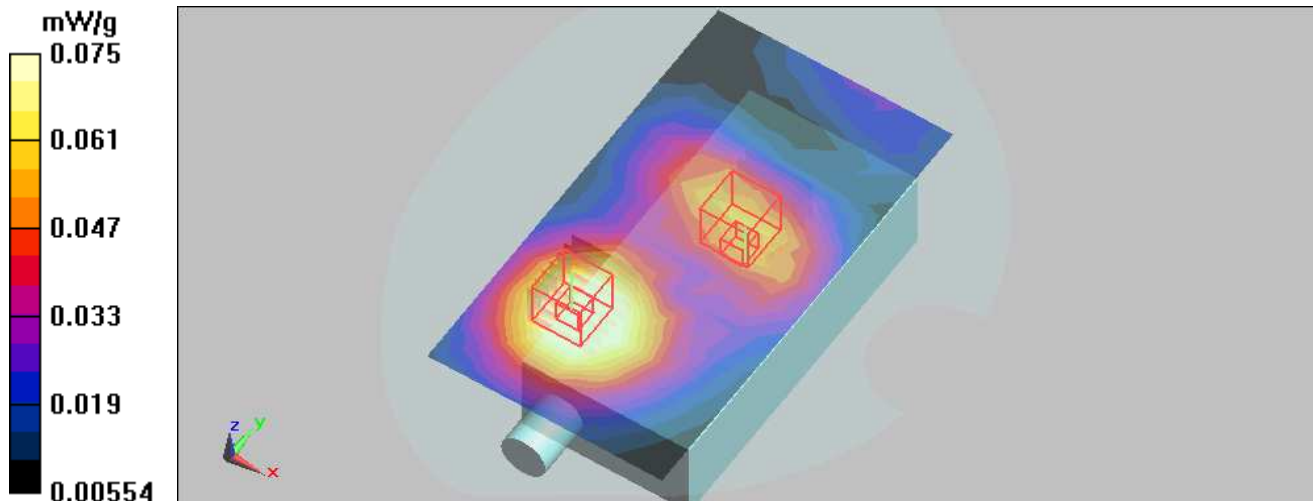
Flat Section Mid Ch661/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 5.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.140 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.095 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.062 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.039 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.075 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M26-A6_2D-Body-GPRS 1900 TS2-Ch661 / LCD Up / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: GMSK / UL 2 time slots

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM ; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid Ch661/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.125 mW/g

Flat Section Mid Ch661/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.124 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.169 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.104 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.122 mW/g

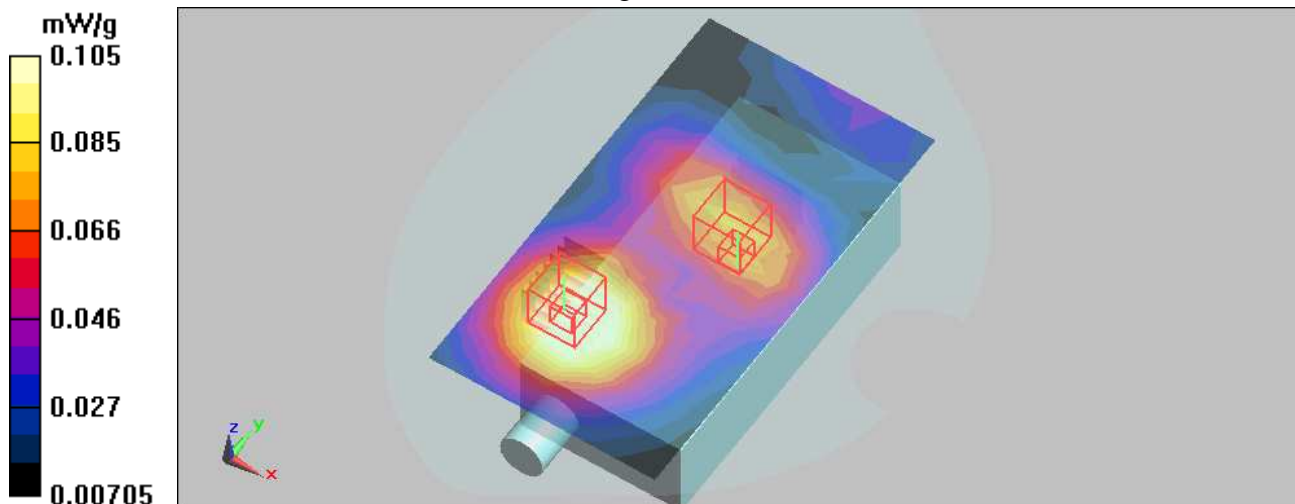
Flat Section Mid Ch661/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.124 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.136 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.087 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.105 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M27-A6_2D-Body-GPRS 1900 TS2-Ch661 / LCD Down / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: GMSK / UL 2 time slots

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The back side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM ; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid Ch661/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.057 mW/g

Flat Section Mid Ch661/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 5.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.036 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.080 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.049 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.032 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.058 mW/g

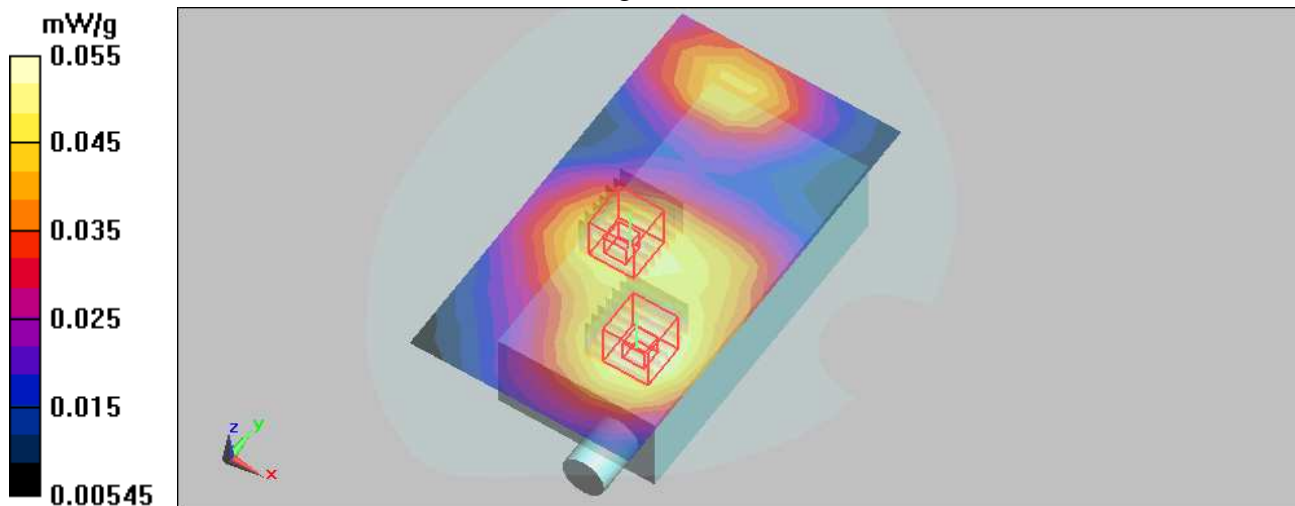
Flat Section Mid Ch661/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 5.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.036 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.071 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.046 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.055 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M28-A6_2D-Body-EGPRS 1900 TS1-Ch661 / LCD Up / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: 8PSK / UL time 1 slot

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM ; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid Ch661/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.041 mW/g

Flat Section Mid Ch661/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 4.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.190 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.061 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.036 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.043 mW/g

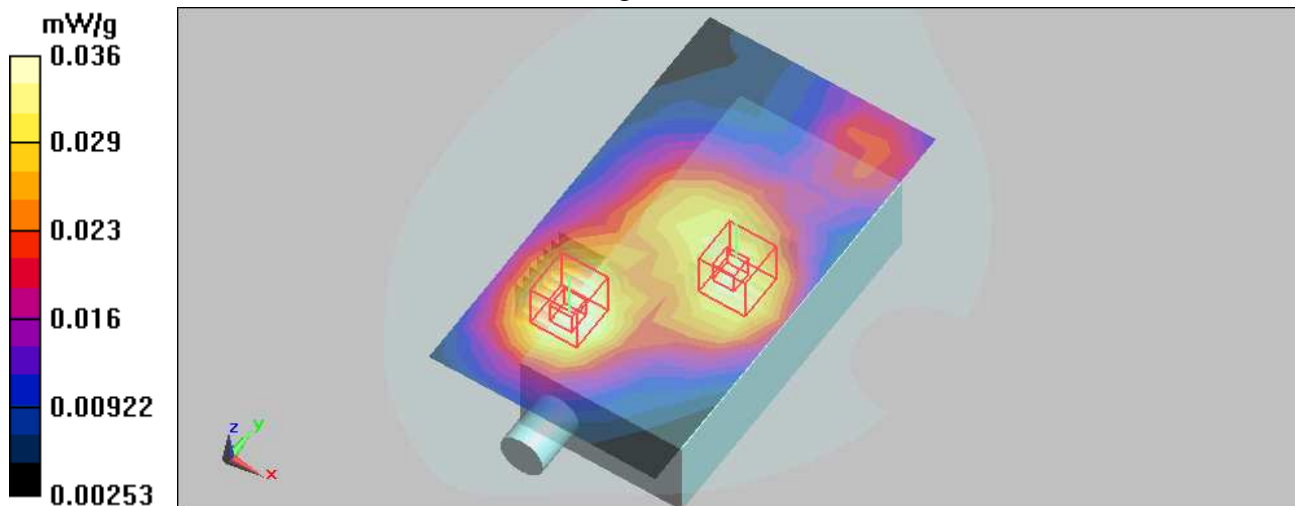
Flat Section Mid Ch661/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 4.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.190 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.048 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.031 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.036 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M29-A6_2D-Body-EGPRS 1900 TS2-Ch661 / LCD Up / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: 8PSK / UL time 2 slots

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM ; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid Ch661/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.082 mW/g

Flat Section Mid Ch661/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.51 V/m; Power Drift = 0.047 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.110 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.070 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 mW/g

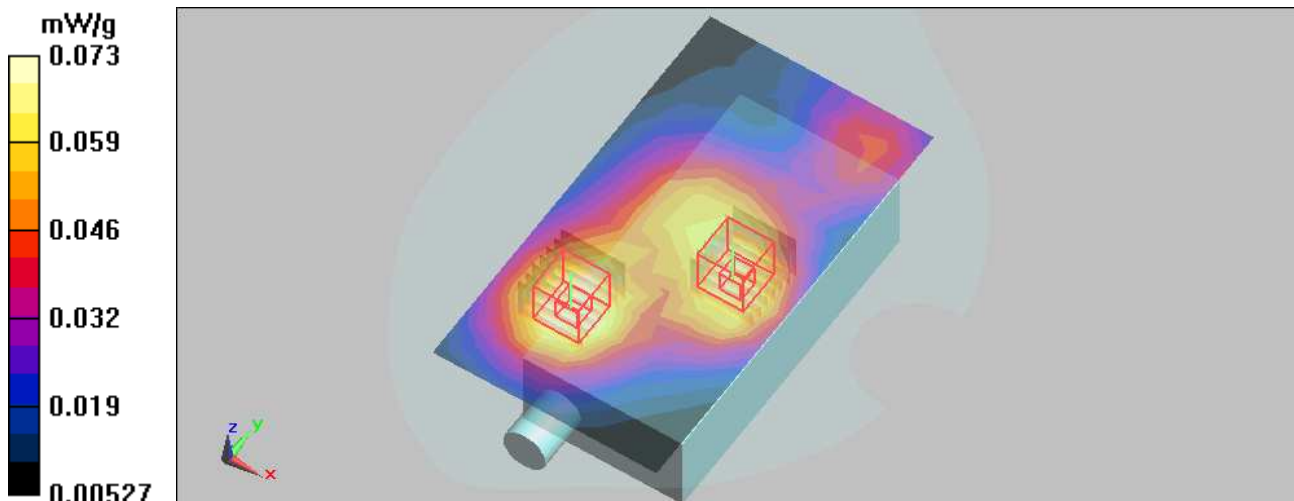
Flat Section Mid Ch661/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.51 V/m; Power Drift = 0.047 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.095 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.062 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.041 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.073 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M30-A6_2D-Body-EGPRS 1900 TS2-Ch661 / LCD Down / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: 8PSK

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The back side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM ; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid Ch661/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.039 mW/g

Flat Section Mid Ch661/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 4.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.052 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.033 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.038 mW/g

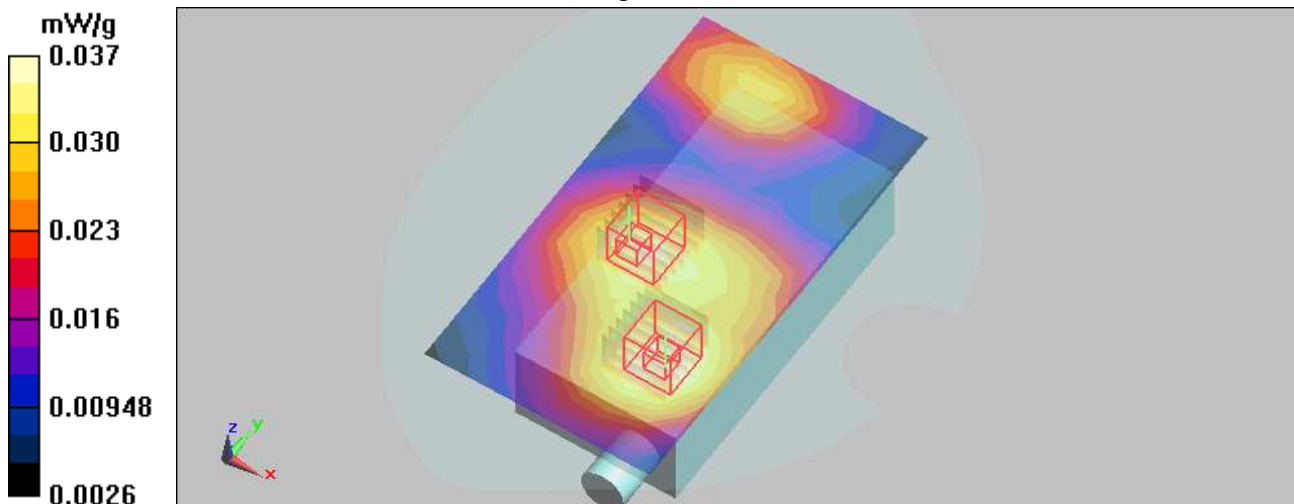
Flat Section Mid Ch661Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 4.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.050 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.031 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.037 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M31-Body-A6_2D-WCDMA 1900-Ch9400 / LCD Up / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK Separation

Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid Ch9400/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.171 mW/g

Flat Section Mid Ch9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.115 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.236 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.148 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.092 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.175 mW/g

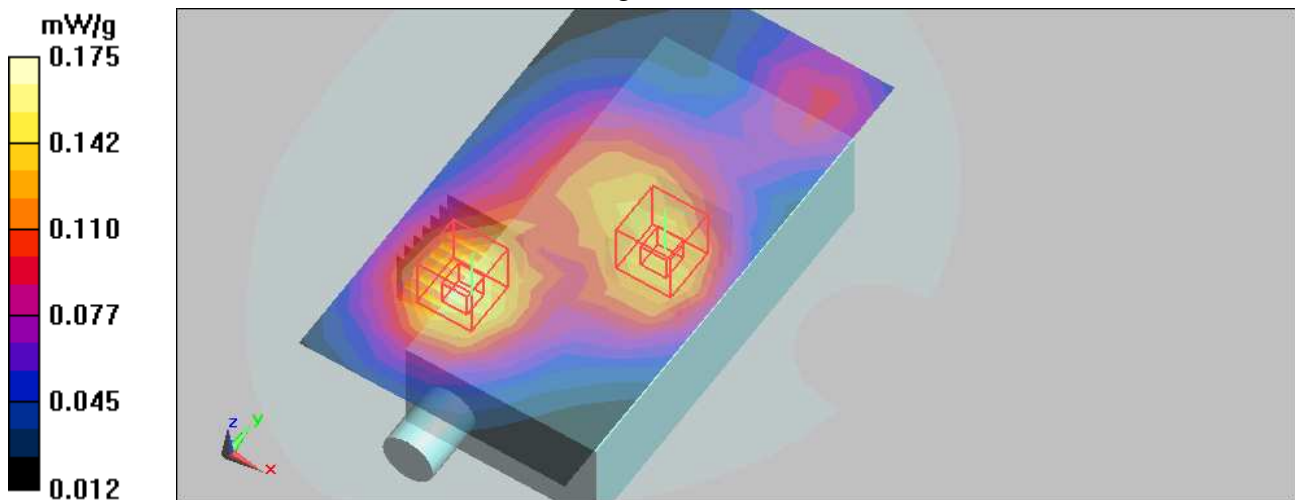
Flat Section Mid Ch9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.115 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.203 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.132 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.154 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M32-Body-A6_2D-WCDMA1900-Ch9400 / LCD Down / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK Separation

Distance : 0 mm (The back side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid Ch9400/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.080 mW/g

Flat Section Mid Ch9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00345 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.106 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.068 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 mW/g

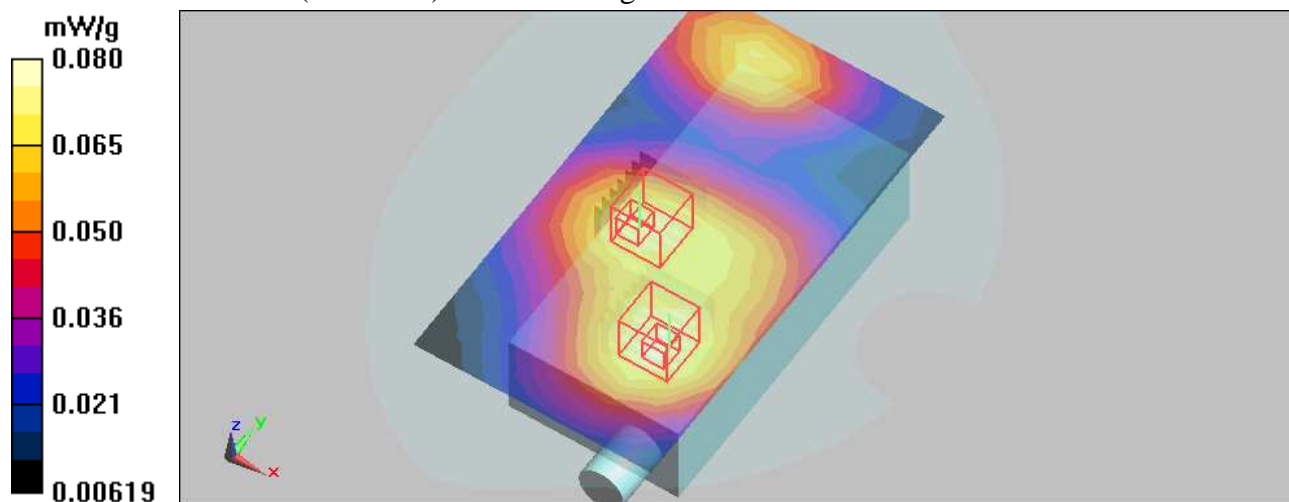
Flat Section Mid Ch9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00345 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.098 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.065 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.043 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.076 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M33-Body-A6_2D-HSDPA 1900-Ch9400 / LCD Up / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK Separation

Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid Ch9400/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.154 mW/g

Flat Section Mid Ch9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 8.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.212 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.132 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.082 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.157 mW/g

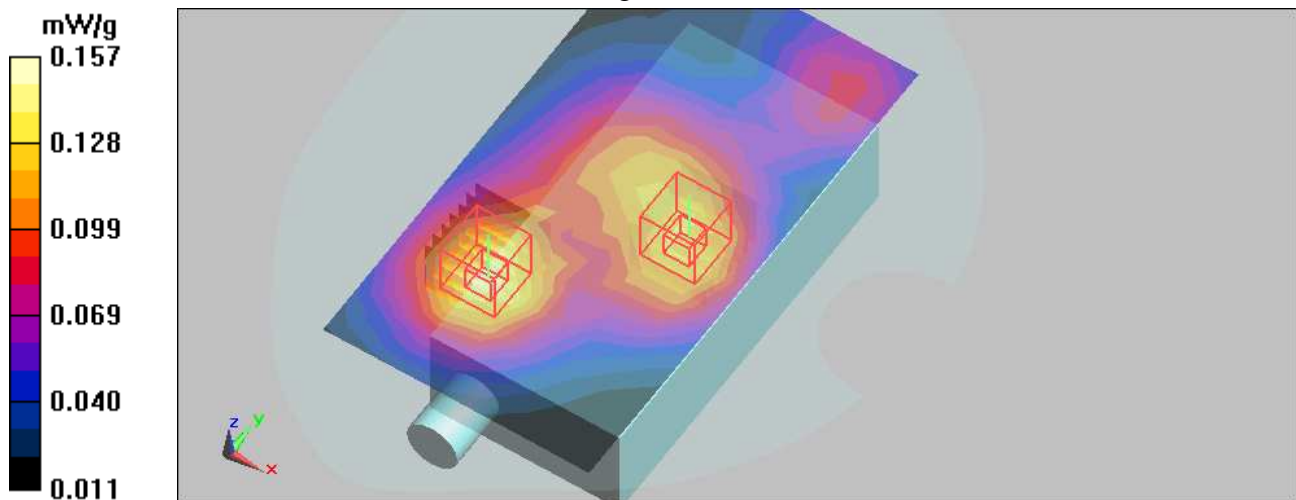
Flat Section Mid Ch9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 8.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.179 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.118 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.137 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M34-Body-A6_2D-HSDPA1900-Ch9400 / LCD Down / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK Separation

Distance : 0 mm (The back side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid Ch9400/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.070 mW/g

Flat Section Mid Ch9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.029 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.094 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.060 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.039 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.071 mW/g

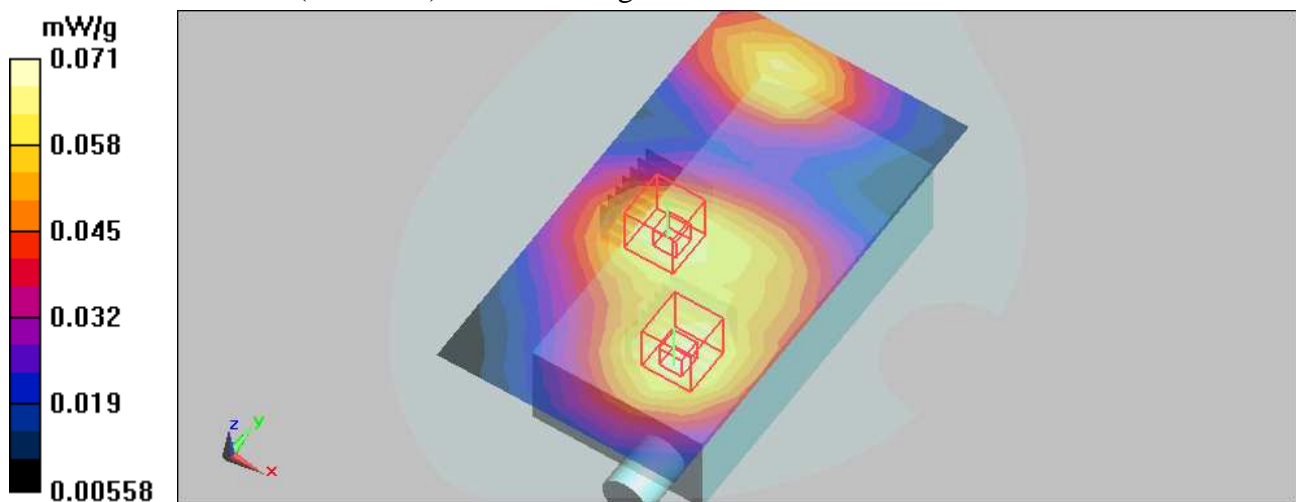
Flat Section Mid Ch9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.029 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.088 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.057 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.066 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M35-A6_2D-Body-GPRS 850 TS1-Ch190 / LCD Up / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: GSM 850 ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: GMSK / UL 1TIME

SLOTS Separation Distance : 0 mm (The back side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM ; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid CH190 TS1/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.105 mW/g

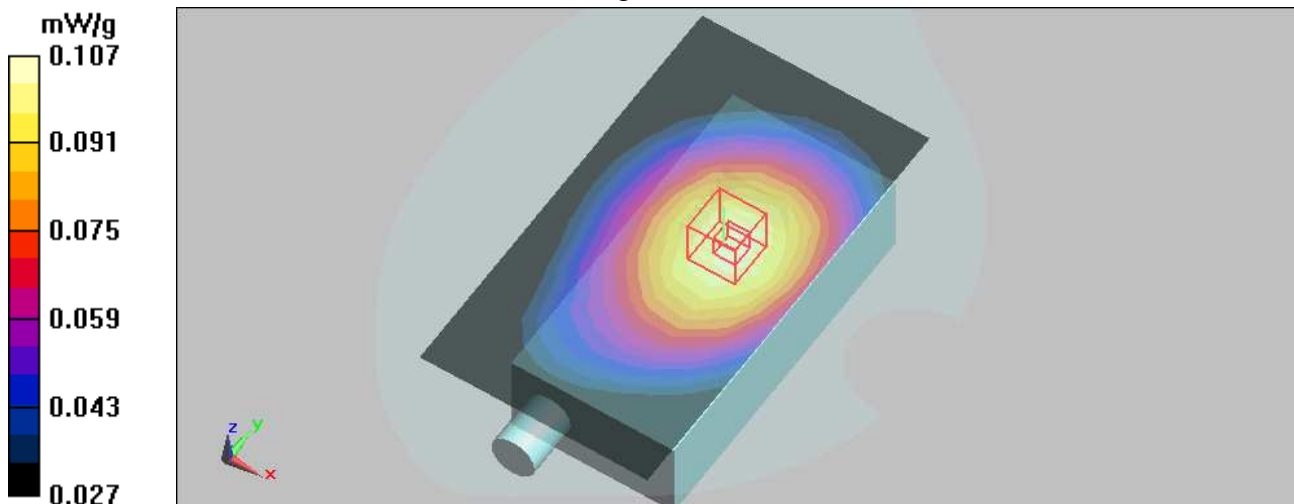
Flat Section Mid CH190 TS1/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 10 V/m; Power Drift = 0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.126 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.097 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.107 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M36-A6_2D-Body-GPRS 850 TS2-Ch190 / LCD Up / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: GSM 850 ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: GMSK / UL 2TIME

SLOTS Separation Distance : 0 mm (The back side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM ; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid CH190 TS2/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.146 mW/g

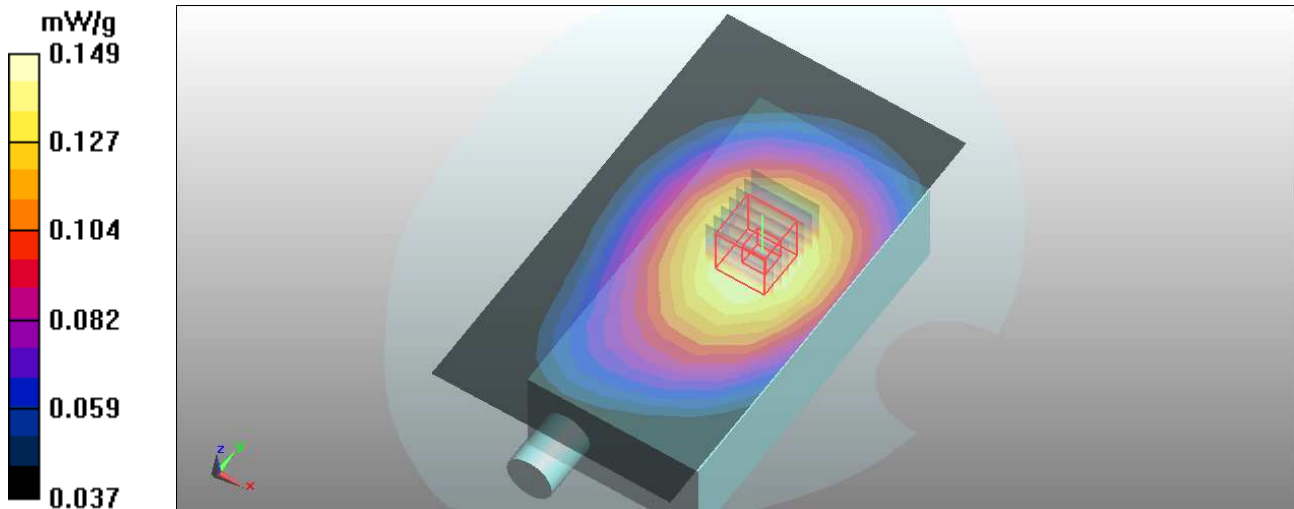
Flat Section Mid CH190 TS2/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 12 V/m; Power Drift = 0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.174 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.135** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.102** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.149 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M37-A6_2D-Body-GPRS 850 TS2-Ch190 / LCD Down / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: GSM 850 ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: GMSK / UL 2TIME

SLOTS Separation Distance : 0 mm (The back side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM ; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid CH190 TS2/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.137 mW/g

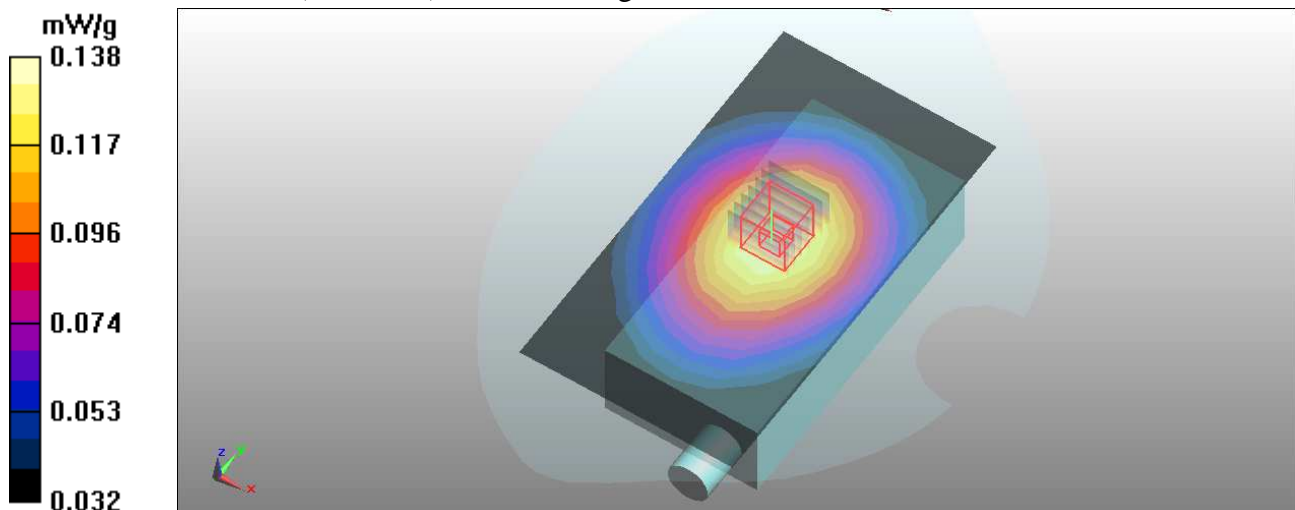
Flat Section Mid CH190 TS2/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$,
 $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000267 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.163 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.125 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = **0.094 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.138 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M38-A6_2D-Body-EGPRS 850 TS1-Ch190 / LCD Up / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: GSM 850 ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: 8PSK / UL 1TIME SLOTS

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The back side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM ; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid CH190 TS1/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.034 mW/g

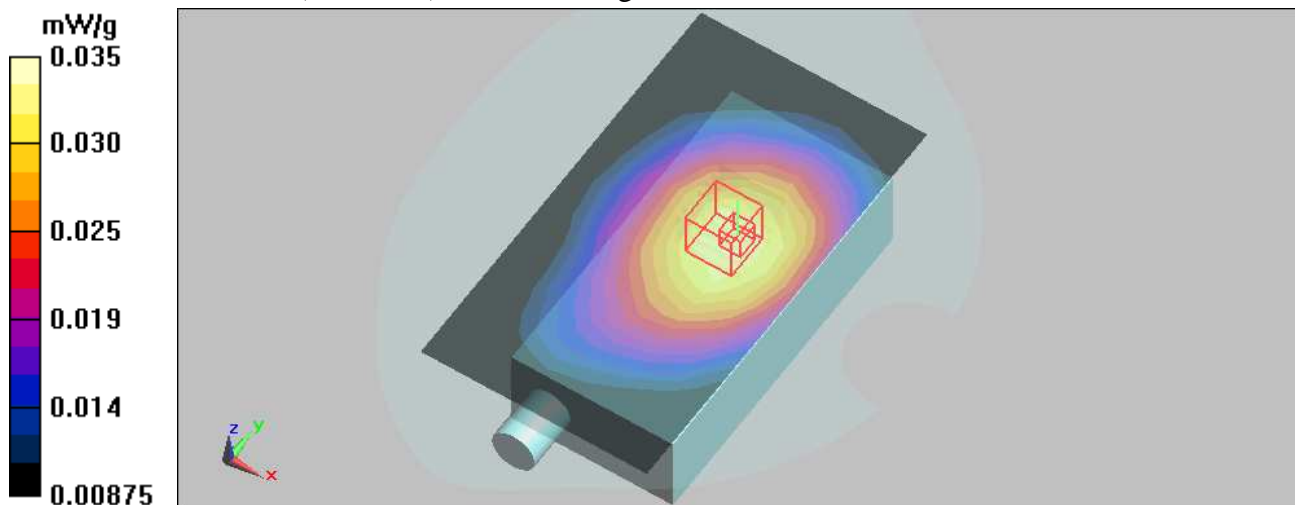
Flat Section Mid CH190 TS1/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$,
 $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.136 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.042 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.032 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = **0.024 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.035 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M39-A6_2D-Body-EGPRS 850 TS2-Ch190 / LCD Up / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: GSM 850 ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: 8PSK / UL 2TIME SLOTS

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The back side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

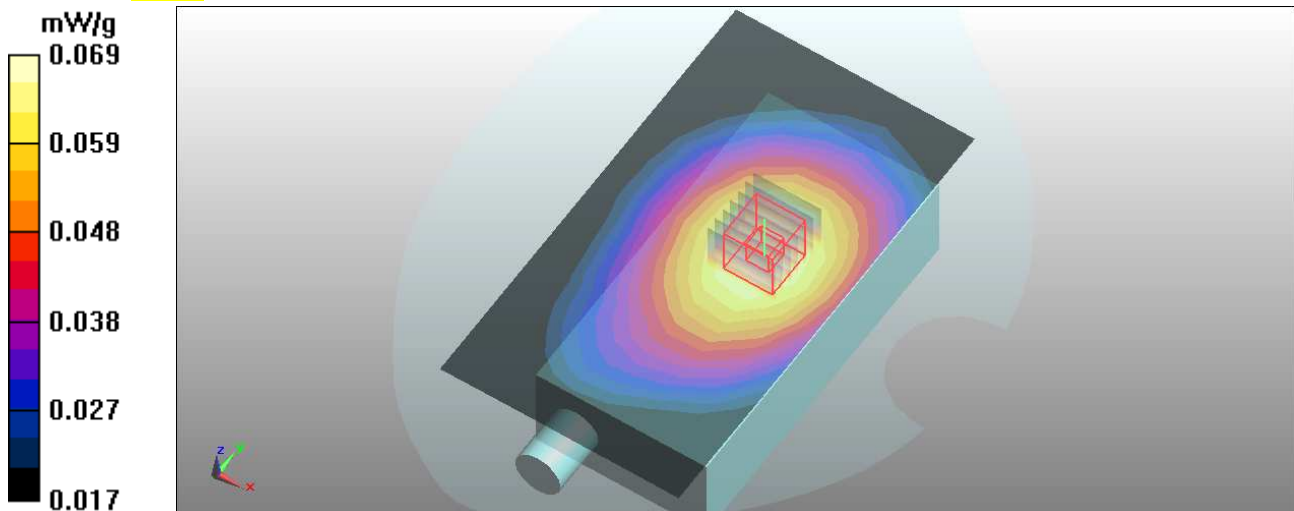
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM ; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid CH190 TS2/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.069 mW/g**Flat Section Mid CH190 TS2/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 8.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.080 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.062** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 mW/g

Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M40-A6_2D-Body-EGPRS 850 TS2-Ch190 / LCD Down / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: GSM 850 ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: 8PSK / UL 2TIME SLOTS

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The back side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM ; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid CH190 TS2/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.063 mW/g

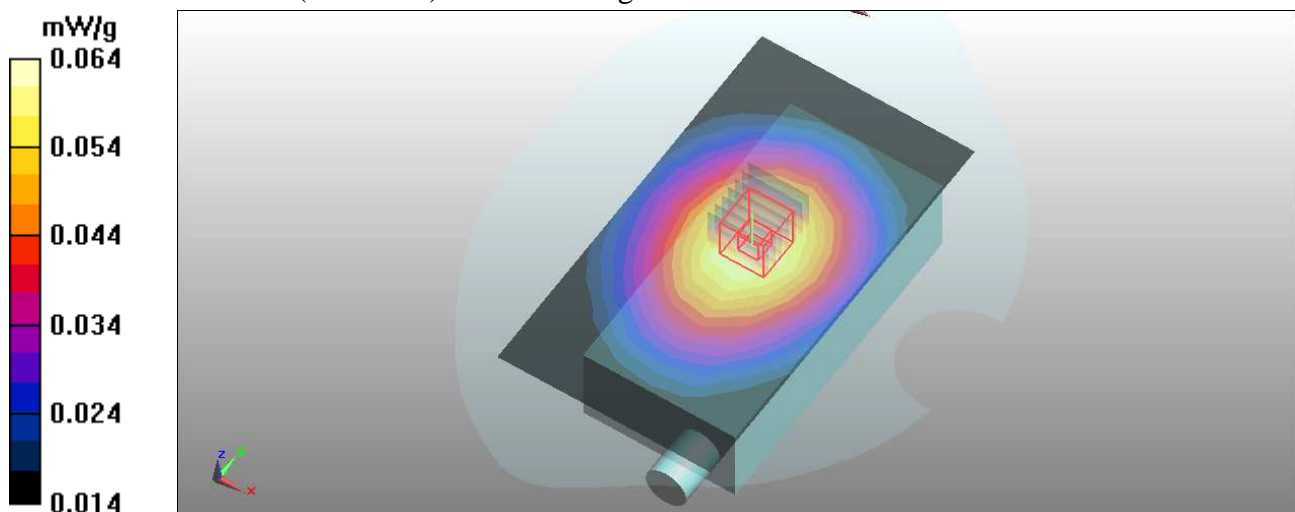
Flat Section Mid CH190 TS2/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 8.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.080 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.077 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.058 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = **0.044 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.064 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M41-Body-A6_2D-WCDMA 850-Ch4182 / LCD Up / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: WCDMA Band 5 ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK Separation
 Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid Ch4182/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.132 mW/g

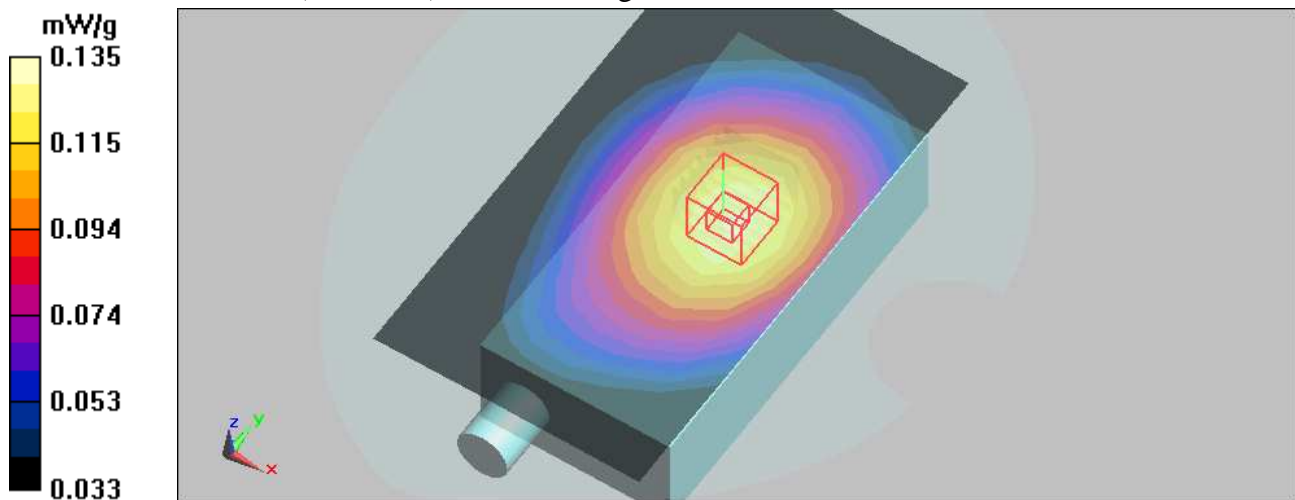
Flat Section Mid Ch4182/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 11.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.105 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.159 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.122 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = 0.092 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.135 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M42-Body-A6_2D-WCDMA850-Ch4182 / LCD Down / 1.5x Batt**DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6**

Communication System: WCDMA Band 5 ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK Separation
Distance : 0 mm (The back side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid Ch4182/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.110 mW/g

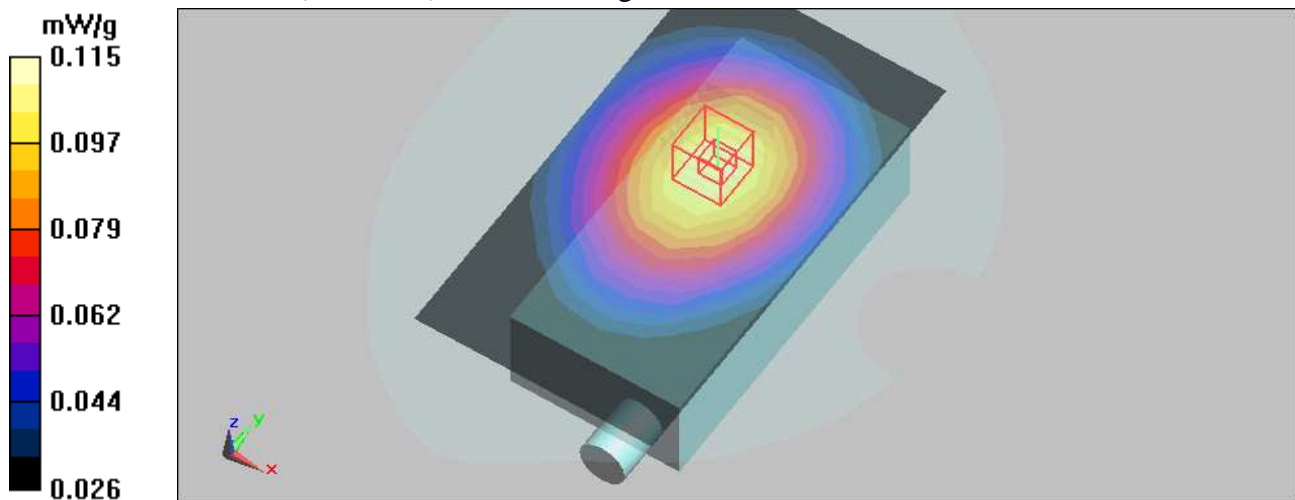
Flat Section Mid Ch4182/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 10.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.135 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.103 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = **0.077 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.115 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M43-Body-A6_2D-HSDPA 850-Ch4182 / LCD Up / 1.5x Batt

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6

Communication System: WCDMA Band 5 ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: HPSK Separation
 Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid Ch4182/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.113 mW/g

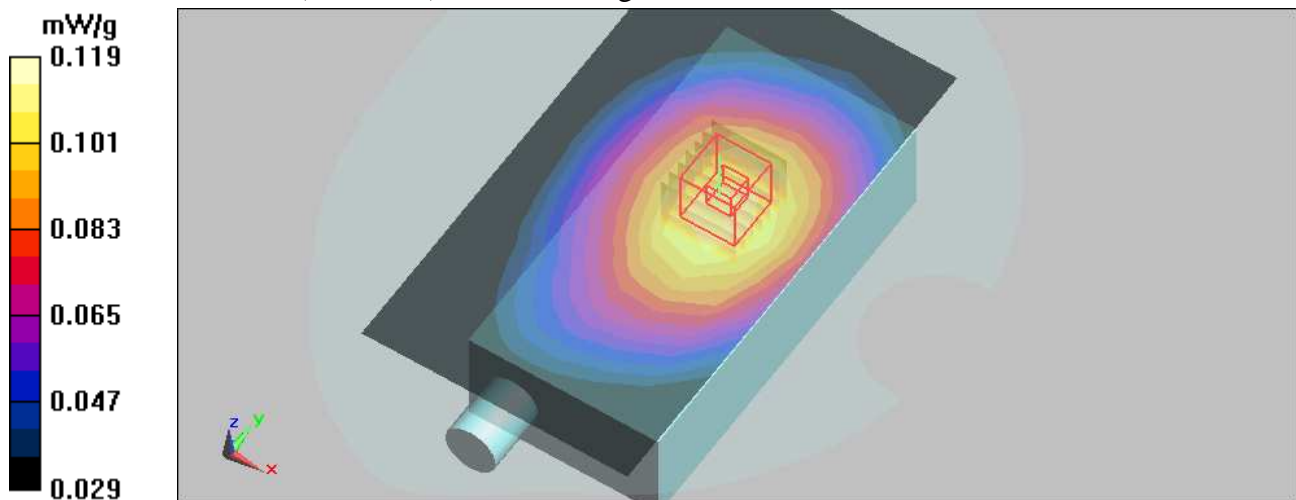
Flat Section Mid Ch4182/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 10.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.119 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.141 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.105 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = **0.079 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.119 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M44-Body-A6_2D-HSDPA850-Ch4182 / LCD Down / 1.5x Batt**DUT: EDA ; Type: MC 75A6**

Communication System: WCDMA Band 5 ; Frequency: 836.5 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: HPSK Separation
Distance : 0 mm (The back side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Flat Section Mid Ch4182/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.094 mW/g

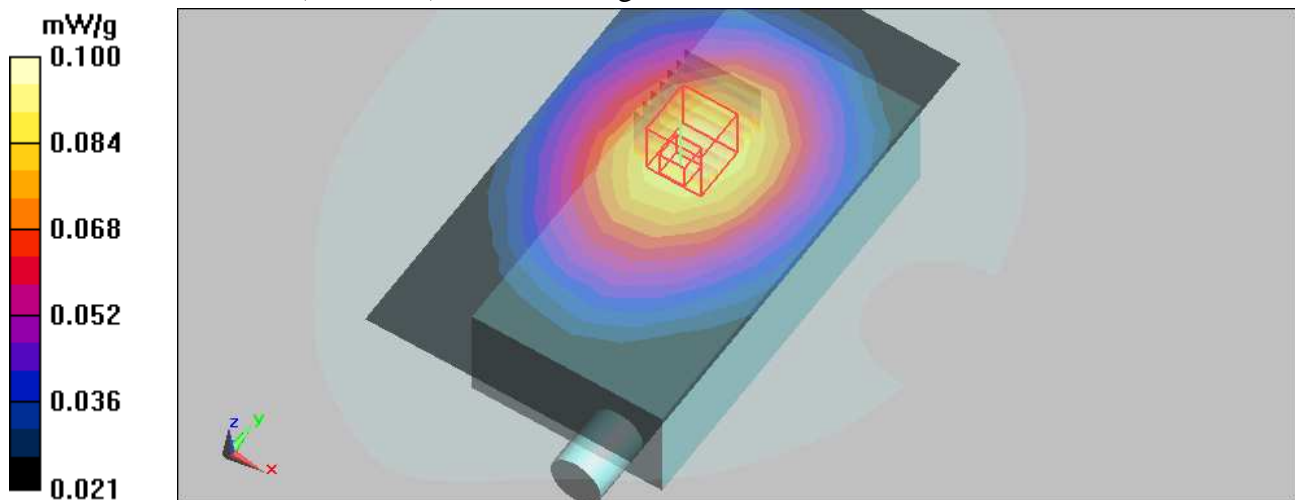
Flat Section Mid Ch4182/Zoom Scan (7x7x9)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.85 V/m; Power Drift = -0.135 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.120 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.089** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.066 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.100 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

System Performance Check-HSL835 MHz 4-13

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz ; Type: D835V2 ; Serial: 4d021 ; Test Frequency: 835 MHz

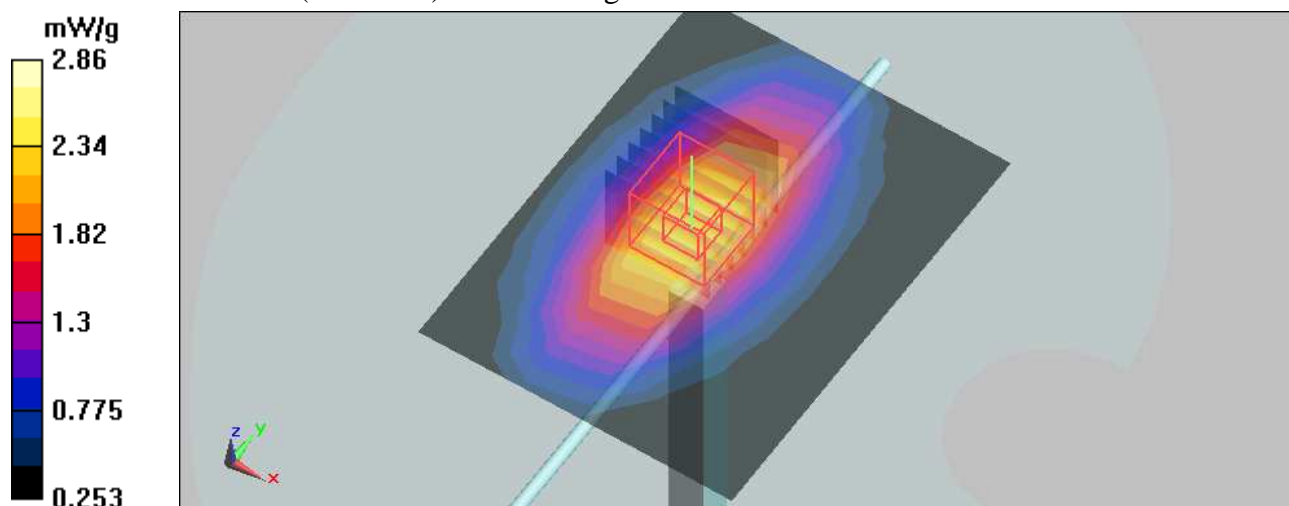
Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: HSL850; Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;
 Liquid level : 151 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 15 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 23.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.7 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.51 mW/g

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 47.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.081 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.69 W/kg
 SAR(1 g) = **2.45 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.86 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

System Performance Check-HSL1900 4-14

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz ; Type: D1900V2 ; Serial: 5d036 ; Test Frequency: 1900 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 23.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.6 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

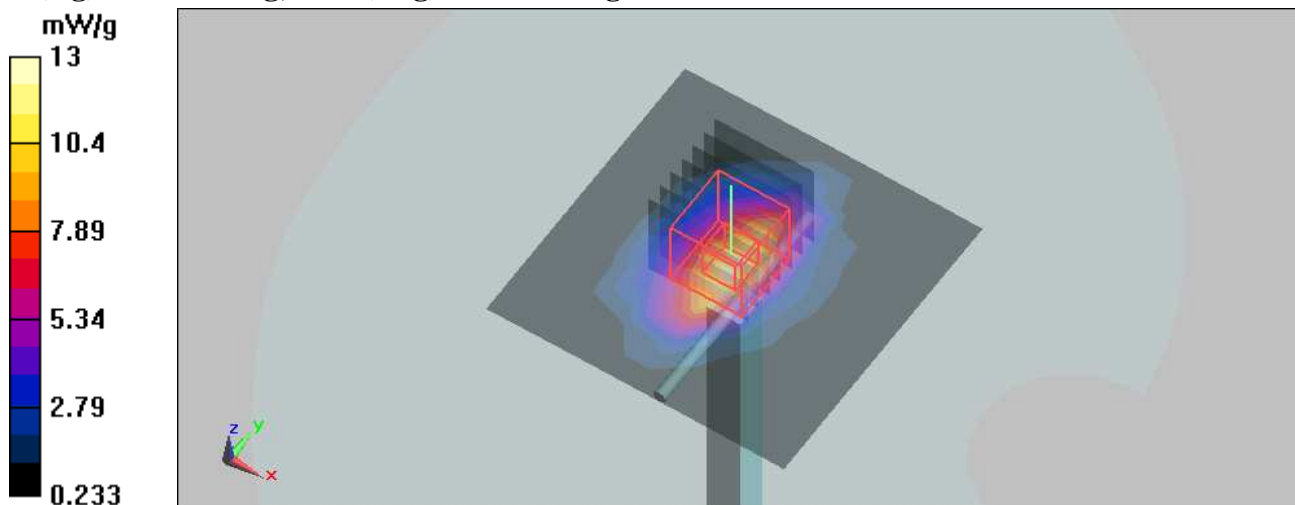
System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13 mW/g

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.101 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.39 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

System Performance Check-HSL835MHz 4-22

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz ; Type: D835V2 ; Serial: 4d021 ; Test Frequency: 835 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: HSL850; Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 43.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;
 Liquid level : 153 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 15 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 23.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.7 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.76 mW/g

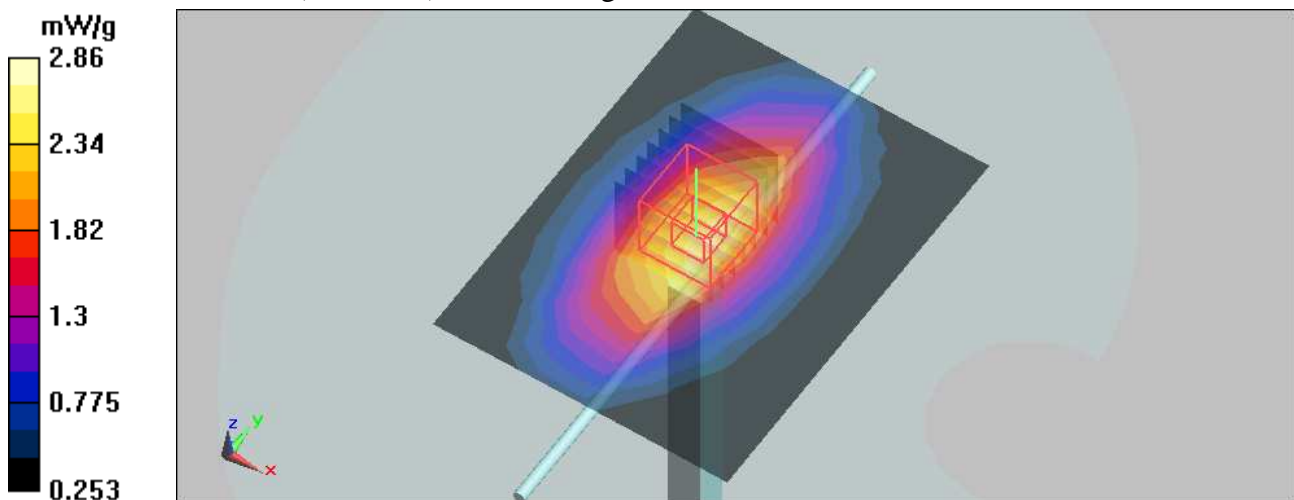
System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.176 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **2.45 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.86 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

System Performance Check-HSL1900 MHz 4-22

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz ; Type: D1900V2 ; Serial: 5d036 ; Test Frequency: 1900 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
 Liquid level : 150 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 23.4 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.5 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.2, 8.2, 8.2); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

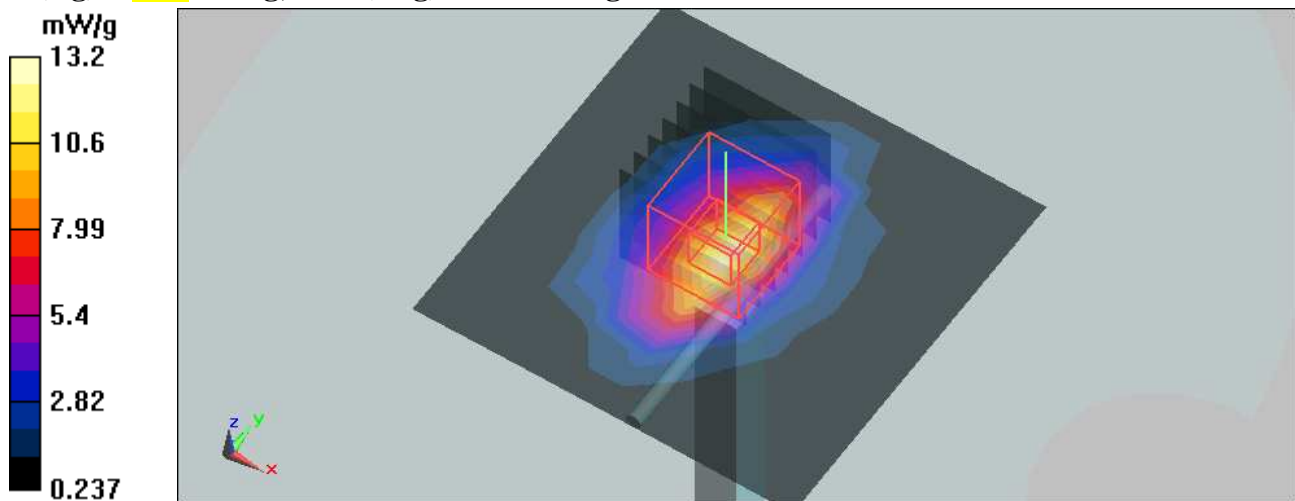
System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm /Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.2 mW/g

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm /Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.142 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **10.5 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = 5.47 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

System Performance Check-MSL835MHz 4-23

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz ; Type: D835V2 ; Serial: 4d021 ; Test Frequency: 835 MHz

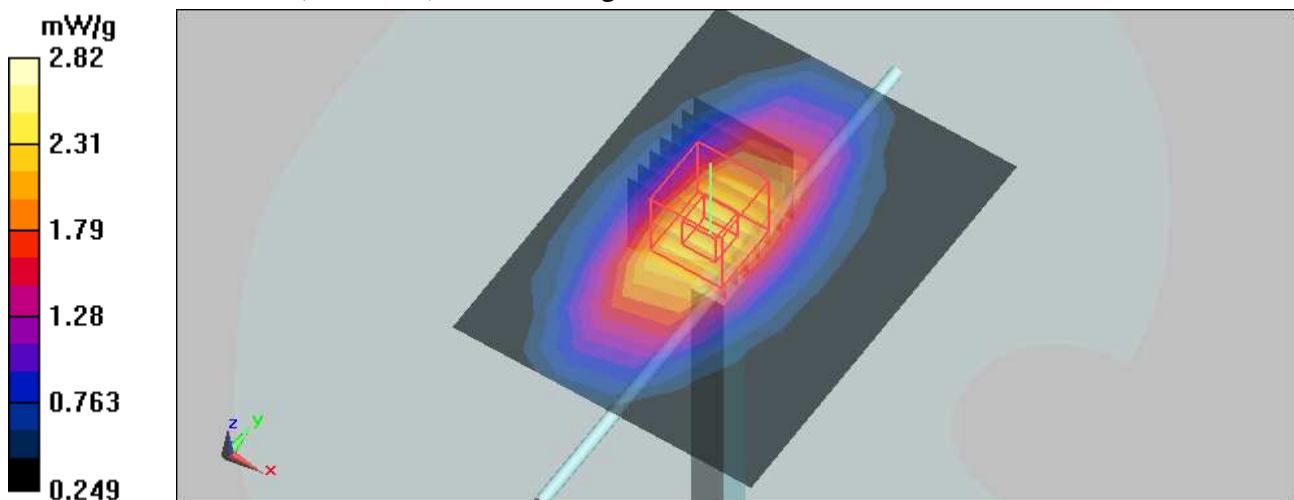
Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: MSL850; Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;
 Liquid level : 155 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 15 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 23.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.5 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(9.83, 9.83, 9.83); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.45 mW/g

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/d=15mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 44.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.091 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.62 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.41 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 mW/g
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.82 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

System Performance Check-MSL1900MHz 4-23

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz ; Type: D1900V2 ; Serial: 5d036 ; Test Frequency: 1900 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: MSL1900;Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 151 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom)Air temp. : 23.2 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.6 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3504; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2010/1/26
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn510; Calibrated: 2009/12/16
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.8 mW/g

System Performance Check at Frequencies above 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.014 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **11** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.73 mW/g

