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SAR TEST REPORT (15.407)

REPORT NO.: SA981021L04-1

MODEL NO.: MC75A0

RECEIVED: Oct. 21, 2009

TESTED: Oct. 21 ~ Oct. 27, 2009

ISSUED: Oct. 30, 2009

APPLICANT: Symbol Technologies, Inc.

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ISSUED BY: Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services
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1. CERTIFICATION

PRODUCT: EDA (Enterprise Digital Assistant)
MODEL NO.: MC75A0
BRAND: Symbol
APPLICANT: Symbol Technologies, Inc.
TESTED: Oct. 21 ~ Oct. 27, 2009
TEST SAMPLE: ENGINEERING SAMPLE
STANDARDS: **FCC Part 2 (Section 2.1093)**
FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01)
RSS-102

The above equipment (model: MC75A0) has been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's EMC characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

PREPARED BY : Andrea Hsia , **DATE:** Oct. 30, 2009
Andrea Hsia / Specialist

TECHNICAL ACCEPTANCE : Long Chen , **DATE:** Oct. 30, 2009
Responsible for RF Long Chen / Senior Engineer

APPROVED BY : Gary Chang , **DATE:** Oct. 30, 2009
Gary Chang / Assistant Manager



2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

EUT	EDA (Enterprise Digital Assistant)	
MODEL NO.	MC75A0	
FCC ID	H9PMC75A0	
IC ID	1549D-MC75A0	
POWER SUPPLY	3.7Vdc (Li-Lon battery) 5.4Vdc (Adapter)	
MODULATION TYPE	64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK	
MODULATION TECHNOLOGY	OFDM	
TRANSFER RATE	54.0/ 48.0/ 36.0/ 24.0/ 18.0/ 12.0/ 9.0/ 6.0Mbps	
OPERATING FREQUENCY	5180 ~ 5320MHz & 5500 ~ 5700MHz	
NUMBER OF CHANNEL	5180 ~ 5320MHz: 8 5500 ~ 5700MHz: 11	
CHANNEL FREQUENCIES UNDER TEST AND ITS CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	Main antenna (AV power)	Aux. antenna (AV power)
	9.8dBm / Ch36: 5180MHz	10.1dBm / Ch36: 5180MHz
	10.0dBm / Ch40: 5200MHz	10.2dBm / Ch40: 5200MHz
	9.9dBm / Ch44: 5220MHz	10.1dBm / Ch44: 5220MHz
	9.9dBm / Ch48: 5240MHz	10.1dBm / Ch48: 5240MHz
	10.0dBm / Ch52: 5260MHz	10.2dBm / Ch52: 5260MHz
	10.2dBm / Ch56: 5280MHz	10.5dBm / Ch56: 5280MHz
	10.3dBm / Ch60: 5300MHz	10.6dBm / Ch60: 5300MHz
	10.9dBm / Ch64: 5320MHz	11.2dBm / Ch64: 5320MHz
	12.1dBm / Ch100: 5500MHz	12.1dBm / Ch100: 5500MHz
	12.1dBm / Ch104: 5520MHz	12.3dBm / Ch104: 5520MHz
	12.1dBm / Ch108: 5540MHz	12.2dBm / Ch108: 5540MHz
	11.1dBm / Ch112: 5560MHz	11.3dBm / Ch112: 5560MHz
	11.1dBm / Ch116: 5580MHz	11.2dBm / Ch116: 5580MHz
	11.1dBm / Ch120: 5600MHz	11.2dBm / Ch120: 5600MHz
	13.2dBm / Ch124: 5620MHz	13.3dBm / Ch124: 5620MHz
13.2dBm / Ch128: 5640MHz	13.2dBm / Ch128: 5640MHz	
13.2dBm / Ch132: 5660MHz	13.2dBm / Ch132: 5660MHz	
13.3dBm / Ch136: 5680MHz	13.4dBm / Ch136: 5680MHz	
9.0dBm / Ch140: 5700MHz	9.2dBm / Ch140: 5700MHz	
AVERAGE SAR (1g)	Head	Body:
	1.3W/kg	0.3W/kg
ANTENNA TYPE	Refer to NOTE3 as below	
ANTENNA CONNECTOR	Refer to NOTE3 as below	
DATA CABLE	Refer to NOTE5 as below	
I/O PORTS	Refer to user's manual	
ACCESSORY DEVICES	Battery	

NOTE:

- The models identified as below are identical to each other except of the following options:
 - Keypad: Numeric / QWERTY
 - Barcode reader: 1D laser scanner / BB Imager

BRAND	MODEL	DESCRIPTION
Symbol	MC75A0	HSDPA 1D Numeric
Symbol	MC75A0	HSDPA BB QWERTY

**the worst case had been marked by boldface.

- The EUT uses the following Li-Lon batteries:

BATTERY 1 (1X)	
BRAND:	MOTOROLA
PART NUMBER:	82-71364-04 Rev A
RATING:	3.7Vdc, 1950mAh, 7.21Wh

BATTERY 2 (1.5X)	
BRAND:	MOTOROLA
PART NUMBER:	82-71364-05 Rev D
RATING:	3.7Vdc, 3600mAh, 13.3Wh

*Battery 2 was chosen as the representative for testing.

- The EUT used two antennas listed as below:

ANTENNA ITEM	Antenna Type	Antenna Connector	Antenna Gain (dBi)	
			2.4GHz	5.0GHz
Main Antenna	inverted F	IPEX	-4.39	2.05
Aux. Antenna	Planar inverted	IPEX	2.31	3.29

**For final tested, Aux. antenna was chosen for tested and presented in the test report.

- The EUT is an EDA (Enterprise Digital Assistant). The functions of EUT listed as below:

	REFERENCE REPORT
WLAN 802.11b/g	SA981021L04
WLAN 802.11a (5745~5825 MHz)	
WLAN 802.11a (5180 ~ 5320MHz, 5500 ~ 5700MHz)	SA981021L04-1
Bluetooth	SA981021L04-2

- The following accessories are for optional units only.

PRODUCT	BRAND	MODEL	DESCRIPTION
RS232 charging cable	Motorola	25-102776-01R	1.2m non-shielded cable with one core
USB charging cable	Motorola	25-102775-01R	1.5m shielded cable with one core
Headset	Motorola	50-11300-050R	VR10 headset 0.8m non-shielded cable with one core
Power Supply Adaptor	Motorola	EADP-16BB A	I/P: 100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 0.4A O/P: 5.4Vdc, 3A 1.8m non-shielded cable without core
Fabric holster	Motorola	SG-MC7521215-01R	-
Ridged holster	Motorola	SG-MC7011110-02R	-

- The above EUT information was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.

2.2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, this product must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC Part 2 (2.1093)

FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01- 01)

RSS-102

IEEE 1528-2003

All test items have been performed and recorded as per the above standards.

2.3 GENERAL INFORMATION OF THE SAR SYSTEM

DASY5 (**software 5.0 Build 125**) consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY5 software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.



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EX3DV4 ISOTROPIC E-FIELD PROBE

CONSTRUCTION	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
FREQUENCY	10 MHz > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
DIRECTIVITY	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
DYNAMIC RANGE	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
DIMENSIONS	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
APPLICATION	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

NOTE

1. The Probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG. Please reference "APPENDIX D" for the Calibration Certification Report.
2. For frequencies above 800MHz, calibration in a rectangular wave-guide is used, because wave-guide size is manageable.
3. For frequencies below 800MHz, temperature transfer calibration is used because the wave-guide size becomes relatively large.

TWIN SAM V4.0

CONSTRUCTION	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 62209-1 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.
SHELL THICKNESS	2 ± 0.2 mm
FILLING VOLUME	Approx. 25liters
DIMENSIONS	Height: 810mm; Length: 1000mm; Width: 500mm



SYSTEM VALIDATION KITS:

CONSTRUCTION	Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions. Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor
CALIBRATION	Calibrated SAR value for specified position and input power at the flat phantom in brain simulating solutions
FREQUENCY	5200MHz, 5500MHz
RETURN LOSS	> 20dB at specified validation position
POWER CAPABILITY	> 100W (f < 1GHz); > 40W (f > 1GHz)
OPTIONS	Dipoles for other frequencies or solutions and other calibration conditions upon request

DEVICE HOLDER FOR SAM TWIN PHANTOM

CONSTRUCTION	The device holder for the mobile phone device is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered. The device holder for the portable device makes up of the polyethylene foam. The dielectric parameters of material close to the dielectric parameters of the air.
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DATA ACQUISITION ELECTRONICS

CONSTRUCTION

The data acquisition electronics (DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplex, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe is mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE3 box is 200M Ω ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

2.4 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The DASY5 post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the micro-volt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	dcp _i
Device parameters:	- Frequency	F
	- Crest factor	Cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

V _i	=compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
U _i	=input signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
Cf	=crest factor of exciting field	(DASY parameter)
dcp _i	=diode compression point	(DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field probes: } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

$$\text{H-field probes: } H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

- V_i = compensated signal of channel I (i = x, y, z)
- Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$ for E-field Probes (i = x, y, z)
- ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
- a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
- F = carrier frequency [GHz]
- E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
- H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

- SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
- E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
- σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
- ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid. The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree.



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The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7 x 7 x 7 scans. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements. The measured volume of 30 x 30 x 30mm contains about 30g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid (42875 points). In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

3. DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit.

4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES AND CONFIGURATIONS

4.1. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODE

Test tool is CTxRxLocal provided by client. It can control EUT to transmit continuously at specific channel, output power level, data rates and 100 % duty signal.

“Per KDB 248277, for each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.”

Comparing output power of all modulations and data rates of each mode can find the lowest data rates has max output power. Therefore, EUT will set under lowest data rates to test.

“Per KDB 447498, when the SAR procedures require multiple channels to be tested and the 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is less than 0.8 W/kg and peak SAR is less than 1.6w/kg, where the transmission band corresponding to all channels is ≤ 100 MHz, testing for the other channels is not required.”

“Per KDB 447498, when the SAR procedures require multiple channels to be tested and the 1-g SAR for the highest output channel is less than 0.4 W/kg and peak SAR is less than 0.8W/kg, where the transmission band corresponding to all channels is ≤ 200 MHz, testing for the other channels is not required.”



ITEM	TEST MODE	MODULATION	ASSESSMENT POSITION	TESTED CHANNEL	TX ANTENNA
1	802.11a	BPSK	A / Cheek with BB Imager	40, 52, 60, 64, 100, 104, 116, 120, 124, 136, 140	Main
2	802.11a	BPSK	A / Cheek with BB Imager	136	Aux.
3	802.11a	BPSK	A / Tilt with BB Imager	40, 52, 60, 64, 100, 104, 116, 120, 124, 136, 140	Main
4	802.11a	BPSK	B / Cheek with BB Imager	40, 52, 60, 64, 100, 104, 116, 120, 124, 136, 140	Main
5	802.11a	BPSK	B / Tilt with BB Imager	40, 52, 60, 64, 100, 104, 116, 120, 124, 136, 140	Main
6	802.11a	BPSK	C : Body / Front with Ridged Holster & BB Imager	40, 64, 136	Main
7	802.11a	BPSK	C : Body / Front with Ridged Holster & BB Imager	136	Aux.
8	802.11a	BPSK	C : Body / Bottom with Fabric Holster & BB Imager	136	Main
9	802.11a	BPSK	A / Cheek with 1D laser scanner	136	Main
10	802.11a	BPSK	A / Cheek with BB Imager & Battery 1	136	Main

NOTE: Assessment position A: Right head position, B: Left head position, C: Body position; please refer to the test set up photo.

4.2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

ITEM	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
PART OF ASSESSMENT	HEAD POSITION					BODY POSITION			HEAD POSITION		
TEST MODE	802.11a										
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)									
40	5200	0.587	-	0.497	0.693	0.603	0.243	-	-	-	-
52	5260	0.744	-	0.650	0.860	0.744	-	-	-	-	-
60	5300	0.909	-	0.828	1.080	0.962	-	-	-	-	-
64	5320	0.974	-	0.994	1.240	1.030	0.255	-	-	-	-
100	5500	1.000	-	0.874	1.140	0.939	-	-	-	-	-
104	5520	0.989	-	0.778	1.120	0.876	-	-	-	-	-
116	5580	0.740	-	0.595	0.948	0.657	-	-	-	-	-
120	5600	0.702	-	0.538	0.823	0.610	-	-	-	-	-
124	5620	0.962	-	0.795	1.170	0.906	-	-	-	-	-
136	5680	1.100	0.477	0.895	1.260	1.010	0.271	0.235	0.213	1.070	1.090
140	5700	0.505	-	0.329	0.669	0.431	-	-	-	-	-

NOTE: The worst value has been marked by boldface.

5. TEST RESULTS

5.1 TEST PROCEDURES

Use the software to control the EUT channel and transmission power. Then record the conducted power before the testing. Place the EUT to the specific test location. After the testing, must writing down the conducted power of the EUT into the report. The SAR value was calculated via the 3D spline interpolation algorithm that has been implemented in the software of DASY5 SAR measurement system manufactured and calibrated by SPEAG. According to the IEEE 1528 standards, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Verification of the power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power reference measurement

The area scan was performed for the highest spatial SAR location. The zoom scan with 30mm x 30mm x 30mm volume was performed for SAR value averaged over 1g and 10g spatial volumes.



In the zoom scan, the distance between the measurement point at the probe sensor location (geometric center behind the probe tip) and the phantom surface is 3mm and maintained at a constant distance of $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$ during a zoom scan to determine peak SAR locations. The distance is 3mm between the first measurement point and the bottom surface of the phantom. The secondary measurement point to the bottom surface of the phantom is with 8mm separation distance. The cube size is 7 x 7 x 7 points consists of 343 points and the grid space is 5mm.

The measurement time is 0.5s at each point of the zoom scan. The probe boundary effect compensation shall be applied during the SAR test. Because of the tip of the probe to the Phantom surface separated distances are longer than half a tip probe diameter.

In the area scan, the separation distance is 3mm between the each measurement point and the phantom surface. The scan size shall be included the transmission portion of the EUT. The measurement time is the same as the zoom scan. At last the reference power drift shall be less than $\pm 5\%$.



5.2 MEASURED SAR RESULTS

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 23.1°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C Humidity : 61%RH				
TESTED BY			Dylan Chiou	DATE		Oct. 21, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (dBm)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST				
40	5200	802.11a	10.0		0.178	1	0.587
52	5260	802.11a	10.0		0.048	1	0.744
60	5300	802.11a	10.3		0.146	1	0.909
64	5320	802.11a	10.9		0.052	1	0.974
100	5500	802.11a	12.1		-0.197	1	1.000
104	5520	802.11a	12.1		0.022	1	0.989
116	5580	802.11a	11.1		-0.074	1	0.740
120	5600	802.11a	11.1		0.153	1	0.702
124	5620	802.11a	13.2		0.012	1	0.962
136	5680	802.11a	13.3		-0.193	1	1.100

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 4.1.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 23.1°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.7°C Humidity : 63%RH				
TESTED BY			Dylan Chiou	DATE		Oct. 22, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (dBm)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST				
140	5700	802.11a	9.0		-0.100	1	0.505

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 4.1.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 23.1°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C Humidity : 61%RH				
TESTED BY			Dylan Chiou	DATE		Oct. 21, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (dBm)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST				
136	5680	802.11a	13.4		0.162	2	0.477

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 4.1.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 23.1°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.7°C Humidity : 63%RH				
TESTED BY			Dylan Chiou	DATE		Oct. 22, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (dBm)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST				
40	5200	802.11a	10.0		0.185	3	0.497
52	5260	802.11a	10.0		-0.139	3	0.650
60	5300	802.11a	10.3		0.084	3	0.828
64	5320	802.11a	10.9		-0.018	3	0.994
100	5500	802.11a	12.1		0.076	3	0.874
104	5520	802.11a	12.1		0.119	3	0.778
116	5580	802.11a	11.1		0.104	3	0.595
120	5600	802.11a	11.1		0.02	3	0.538
124	5620	802.11a	13.2		0.107	3	0.795
136	5680	802.11a	13.3		0.11	3	0.895
140	5700	802.11a	9.0		0.193	3	0.329

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 4.1.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 23.3°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.9°C Humidity : 61%RH				
TESTED BY			Dylan Chiou	DATE		Oct. 23, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (dBm)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST				
40	5200	802.11a	10.0		-0.151	4	0.693
52	5260	802.11a	10.0		-0.0746	4	0.860
60	5300	802.11a	10.3		-0.09	4	1.080
64	5320	802.11a	10.9		-0.096	4	1.240
100	5500	802.11a	12.1		-0.074	4	1.140
104	5520	802.11a	12.1		0.119	4	1.120
116	5580	802.11a	11.1		-0.033	4	0.948
120	5600	802.11a	11.1		-0.05	4	0.823
124	5620	802.11a	13.2		-0.038	4	1.170
136	5680	802.11a	13.3		0.136	4	1.260
140	5700	802.11a	9.0		0.184	4	0.669

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 4.1.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 23.0°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.8°C Humidity : 62%RH				
TESTED BY			Dylan Chiou	DATE		Oct. 24, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (dBm)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST				
40	5200	802.11a	10.0		0.122	5	0.603
52	5260	802.11a	10.0		0.175	5	0.744
60	5300	802.11a	10.3		0.155	5	0.962
64	5320	802.11a	10.9		0.135	5	1.030
100	5500	802.11a	12.1		0.031	5	0.939
104	5520	802.11a	12.1		0.105	5	0.876
116	5580	802.11a	11.1		0.090	5	0.657
120	5600	802.11a	11.1		-0.029	5	0.610
124	5620	802.11a	13.2		0.169	5	0.906
136	5680	802.11a	13.3		0.088	5	1.010
140	5700	802.11a	9.0		0.162	5	0.431

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 4.1.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



A D T

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 23.1°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.8°C Humidity : 63%RH				
TESTED BY			Dylan Chiou	DATE		Oct. 25, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (dBm)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST				
40	5200	802.11a	10.0		-0.064	6	0.243
64	5320	802.11a	10.9		-0.187	6	0.255
136	5680	802.11a	13.3		0.159	6	0.271
136	5680	802.11a	13.4		-0.121	7	0.235
136	5680	802.11a	13.3		0.031	8	0.213

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 4.1.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION			Air Temperature : 23.1°C, Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C Humidity : 61%RH				
TESTED BY			Dylan Chiou	DATE		Oct. 21, 2009	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	TEST MODE	CONDUCTED POWER (dBm)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST				
136	5680	802.11a	13.3		-0.093	9	1.070
136	5680	802.11a	13.3		-0.193	10	1.090

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 4.1.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over 1g, **1.6 W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

5.3 SAR LIMITS

HUMAN EXPOSURE	SAR (W/kg)	
	(GENERAL POPULATION / UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE ENVIRONMENT)	(OCCUPATIONAL / CONTROLLED EXPOSURE ENVIRONMENT)
Spatial Average (whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over 1 g)	1.6	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands / wrists / feet / ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

NOTE:

1. This limits accord to 47 CFR 2.1093 – Safety Limit.
2. The EUT property been complied with the partial body exposure limit under the general population environment.

5.4 RECIPES FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom, the phantom must be filled with 25 liters of tissue simulation liquid.

The following ingredients are used :

- **WATER-** Deionized water (pure H₂O), resistivity ≈ 16 M - as basis for the liquid
- **SUGAR-** Refined sugar in crystals, as available in food shops - to reduce relative permittivity
- **SALT-** Pure NaCl - to increase conductivity
- **CELLULOSE-** Hydroxyethyl-cellulose, medium viscosity (75-125mPa.s, 2% in water, 20_C),
CAS # 54290 - to increase viscosity and to keep sugar in solution
- **PRESERVATIVE-** Preventol D-7 Bayer AG, D-51368 Leverkusen, CAS # 55965-84-9 - to prevent the spread of bacteria and molds
- **DGMBE-** Diethylenglycol-monobuthyl ether (DGMBE), Fluka Chemie GmbH, CAS # 112-34-5 - to reduce relative permittivity

THE INFORMATION FOR 5GHz SIMULATING LIQUID

The 5GHz liquids was purchased from SPEAG.

Body liquid model: HSL 5800, P/N: SL AAH 5800 AA

Head liquid model: M 5800, P/N: SL AAM 580 AD

5GHz liquids contain the following ingredients:

Water 64 - 78%

Mineral Oil 11 - 18%

Emulsifiers 9 - 15%

Additives and Salt 2 - 3%

Testing the liquids using the Agilent Network Analyzer E8358A and Agilent Dielectric Probe Kit 85070D. The testing procedure is following as

1. Turn Network Analyzer on and allow at least 30min. warm up.
2. Mount dielectric probe kit so that interconnecting cable to Network Analyzer will not be moved during measurements or calibration.
3. Pour de-ionized water and measure water temperature ($\pm 1^\circ$).
4. Set water temperature in Agilent-Software (Calibration Setup).
5. Perform calibration.
6. Validate calibration with dielectric material of known properties (e.g. polished ceramic slab with $>8\text{mm}$ thickness $\epsilon' = 10.0$, $\epsilon'' = 0.0$). If measured parameters do not fit within tolerance, repeat calibration (± 0.2 for ϵ' : ± 0.1 for ϵ'').
7. Conductivity can be calculated from ϵ'' by $\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon'' = \epsilon'' f [\text{GHz}] / 18$.
8. Measure liquid shortly after calibration. Repeat calibration every hour.
9. Stir the liquid to be measured. Take a sample ($\sim 50\text{ml}$) with a syringe from the center of the liquid container.
10. Pour the liquid into a small glass flask. Hold the syringe at the bottom of the flask to avoid air bubbles.
11. Put the dielectric probe in the glass flask. Check that there are no air bubbles in front of the opening in the dielectric probe kit.
12. Perform measurements.
13. Adjust medium parameters in DASY5 for the frequencies necessary for the measurements ('Setup Config', select medium (e.g. Brain 900MHz) and press 'Option'-button.
14. Select the current medium for the frequency of the validation (e.g. Setup Medium Brain 900MHz).



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FOR WLAN 5GHz BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-5800		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		22.6		
TEST DATE		Oct. 21, 2009		
TESTED BY		Dylan Chiou		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
5200	Permittivity (ϵ)	35.99	36.40	1.15
5240		35.94	36.40	1.28
5260		35.92	36.40	1.34
5300		35.87	36.30	1.19
5320		35.85	36.30	1.26
5500		35.64	36.00	1.00
5520		35.62	35.90	0.79
5580		35.55	35.80	0.70
5600		35.53	35.80	0.76
5620		35.51	35.80	0.83
5680		35.44	35.60	0.46
5700		35.41	35.60	0.52
5200		Conductivity (σ) S/m	4.66	4.62
5240	4.70		4.68	-0.34
5260	4.72		4.70	-0.35
5300	4.76		4.74	-0.37
5320	4.78		4.77	-0.17
5500	4.96		4.98	0.35
5520	4.98		5.00	0.34
5580	5.04		5.08	0.70
5600	5.07		5.10	0.69
5620	5.09		5.13	0.88
5680	5.15		5.20	1.03
5700	5.17	5.22	1.02	
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C				



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-5800		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		22.7		
TEST DATE		Oct. 22, 2009		
TESTED BY		Dylan Chiou		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
5200	Permittivity (ϵ)	35.99	36.50	1.43
5240		35.94	36.40	1.28
5260		35.92	36.40	1.34
5300		35.87	36.30	1.19
5320		35.85	36.30	1.26
5500		35.64	36.00	1.00
5520		35.62	36.00	1.07
5580		35.55	35.80	0.70
5600		35.53	35.80	0.76
5620		35.51	35.80	0.83
5680		35.44	35.70	0.74
5700		35.41	35.60	0.52
5200	Conductivity (σ) S/m	4.66	4.63	-0.54
5240		4.70	4.68	-0.34
5260		4.72	4.70	-0.35
5300		4.76	4.75	-0.16
5320		4.78	4.77	-0.17
5500		4.96	4.98	0.35
5520		4.98	5.00	0.34
5580		5.04	5.08	0.70
5600		5.07	5.11	0.89
5620		5.09	5.13	0.88
5680		5.15	5.20	1.03
5700		5.17	5.23	1.21
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C				



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-5800		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		22.9		
TEST DATE		Oct. 23, 2009		
TESTED BY		Dylan Chiou		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
5200	Permittivity (ϵ)	35.99	36.50	1.43
5240		35.94	36.40	1.28
5260		35.92	36.40	1.34
5300		35.87	36.30	1.19
5320		35.85	36.30	1.26
5500		35.64	36.00	1.00
5520		35.62	36.00	1.07
5580		35.55	35.80	0.70
5600		35.53	35.80	0.76
5620		35.51	35.80	0.83
5680		35.44	35.70	0.74
5700		35.41	35.60	0.52
5200		Conductivity (σ) S/m	4.66	4.64
5240	4.70		4.69	-0.13
5260	4.72		4.71	-0.14
5300	4.76		4.76	0.05
5320	4.78		4.78	0.04
5500	4.96		4.99	0.55
5520	4.98		5.01	0.54
5580	5.04		5.09	0.90
5600	5.07		5.12	1.09
5620	5.09		5.14	1.07
5680	5.15		5.21	1.22
5700	5.17		5.24	1.40
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C				



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-5800		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		22.8		
TEST DATE		Oct. 24, 2009		
TESTED BY		Dylan Chiou		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
5200	Permittivity (ϵ)	35.99	36.50	1.43
5240		35.94	36.40	1.28
5260		35.92	36.40	1.34
5300		35.87	36.30	1.19
5320		35.85	36.30	1.26
5500		35.64	36.00	1.00
5520		35.62	36.00	1.07
5580		35.55	35.80	0.70
5600		35.53	35.80	0.76
5620		35.51	35.80	0.83
5680		35.44	35.70	0.74
5700		35.41	35.60	0.52
5200		Conductivity (σ) S/m	4.66	4.64
5240	4.70		4.69	-0.21
5260	4.72		4.71	-0.21
5300	4.76		4.76	0.00
5320	4.78		4.78	0.00
5500	4.96		5.00	0.81
5520	4.98		5.02	0.80
5580	5.04		5.10	1.19
5600	5.07		5.12	0.99
5620	5.09		5.15	1.18
5680	5.15		5.22	1.36
5700	5.17		5.24	1.35
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C				



A D T

LIQUID TYPE		MSL-5800		
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		22.8		
TEST DATE		Oct. 25, 2009		
TESTED BY		Dylan Chiou		
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	ERROR PERCENTAGE (%)
5200	Permittivity (ϵ)	49.01	50.30	2.62
5320		48.85	50.00	2.35
5500		48.61	49.70	2.25
5680		48.36	49.30	1.94
5200	Conductivity (σ) S/m	5.30	5.27	-0.55
5320		5.44	5.45	0.19
5500		5.65	5.71	1.07
5680		5.86	5.98	2.05
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C				



A D T

5.5 TEST EQUIPMENT FOR TISSUE PROPERTY

ITEM	NAME	BRAND	TYPE	SERIES NO.	DATE OF CALIBRATION	DUE DATE OF CALIBRATION
1	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E8358A	US41480538	Nov. 27, 2008	Nov. 26, 2009
2	Dielectric Probe	Agilent	85070D	US01440176	NA	NA

NOTE:

1. Before starting, all test equipment shall be warmed up for 30min.
2. The tolerance ($k=1$) specified by Agilent for general dielectric measurements, deriving from inaccuracies in the calibration data, analyzer drift, and random errors, are usually $\pm 2.5\%$ and $\pm 5\%$ for measured permittivity and conductivity, respectively. However, the tolerances for the conductivity is smaller for material with large loss tangents, i.e., less than $\pm 2.5\%$ ($k=1$). It can be substantially smaller if more accurate methods are applied.



A D T

6. SYSTEM VALIDATION

The system validation was performed in the flat phantom with equipment listed in the following table. Since the SAR value is calculated from the measured electric field, dielectric constant and conductivity of the body tissue and the SAR is proportional to the square of the electric field. So, the SAR value will be also proportional to the RF power input to the system validation dipole under the same test environment. In our system validation test, 250mW RF input power was used.

6.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

ITEM	NAME	BRAND	TYPE	SERIES NO.	DATE OF CALIBRATION	DUE DATE OF CALIBRATION
1	SAM Phantom	S & P	QD000 P40 CA	TP-1150	NA	NA
2	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY45092849	Nov. 19, 2008	Nov. 18, 2009
3	E-Field Probe	S & P	EX3DV4	3590	Apr. 28, 2009	Apr. 27, 2010
4	DAE	S & P	DAE	579	Jul. 17, 2009	Jul. 16, 2010
5	Robot Positioner	Staubli Unimation	NA	NA	NA	NA
6	Validation Dipole	S & P	D5GHzV2	1019	Feb. 20, 2009	Feb. 19, 2010

NOTE: Before starting the measurement, all test equipment shall be warmed up for 30min.

6.2 TEST PROCEDURE

Before the system performance check, we need only to tell the system which components (probe, medium, and device) are used for the system performance check; the system will take care of all parameters. The dipole must be placed beneath the flat section of the SAM Twin Phantom with the correct distance holder in place. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking (little cross) and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. Accurate positioning is not necessary, since the system will search for the peak SAR location, except that the dipole arms should be parallel to the surface. The device holder for mobile phones can be left in place but should be rotated away from the dipole.

1. The "Power Reference Measurement" and "Power Drift Measurement" jobs are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the amplifier output power. If it is too high (above ± 0.1 dB), the system performance check should be repeated; some amplifiers have very high drift during warm-up. A stable amplifier gives drift results in the DASY system below ± 0.02 dB.
2. The "Surface Check" job tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1 mm). In that case it is better to abort the system performance check and stir the liquid.



3. The "Area Scan" job measures the SAR above the dipole on a plane parallel to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR. The proposed scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement; due to the symmetric field, the peak detection is reliable. If a finer graphic is desired, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result.
4. The "Zoom Scan" job measures the field in a volume around the peak SAR value assessed in the previous "Area Scan" job (for more information see the application note on SAR evaluation).

About the validation dipole positioning uncertainty, the constant and low loss dielectric spacer is used to establish the correct distance between the top surface of the dipole and the bottom surface of the phantom, the error component introduced by the uncertainty of the distance between the liquid (i.e., phantom shell) and the validation dipole in the DASY5 system is less than ± 0.1 mm.

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \left(\frac{(a + d)^2}{a^2} - 1 \right)$$

As the closest distance is 10mm, the resulting tolerance $SAR_{tolerance}[\%]$ is <2%.



6.3 VALIDATION RESULTS

SYSTEM VALIDATION TEST OF SIMULATING LIQUID					
FREQUENCY (MHz)	REQUIRED SAR (mW/g)	MEASURED SAR (mW/g)	DEVIATION (%)	SEPARATION DISTANCE	TESTED DATE
HSL5200	7.60 (1g)	7.53	-0.92	10mm	Oct. 21, 2009
HSL5500	7.66 (1g)	8.06	5.22	10mm	Oct. 21, 2009
HSL5200	7.60 (1g)	7.22	-5.00	10mm	Oct. 22, 2009
HSL5500	7.66 (1g)	7.74	1.04	10mm	Oct. 22, 2009
HSL5200	7.60 (1g)	7.57	-0.39	10mm	Oct. 23, 2009
HSL5500	7.66 (1g)	8.08	5.48	10mm	Oct. 23, 2009
HSL5200	7.60 (1g)	7.73	1.71	10mm	Oct. 24, 2009
HSL5500	7.66 (1g)	8.04	4.96	10mm	Oct. 24, 2009
MSL5200	7.69 (1g)	7.57	-1.56	10mm	Oct. 25, 2009
MSL5500	8.30 (1g)	8.14	-1.93	10mm	Oct. 25, 2009
TESTED BY	Dylan Chiou				

NOTE: Please see Appendix for the photo of system validation test.

6.4 SYSTEM VALIDATION UNCERTAINTIES

In the table below, the system validation uncertainty with respect to the analytically assessed SAR value of a dipole source as given in the IEEE 1528 standard is given. This uncertainty is smaller than the expected uncertainty for mobile phone measurements due to the simplified setup and the symmetric field distribution.

Error Description	Tolerance (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(C _i)		Standard Uncertainty (±%)		(v _i)
				(1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)	
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.88	3.88	∞
Boundary effects	2.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	1.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	1	0.30	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.50	1.50	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	0.80	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	9.90	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	5.72	5.72	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	4.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Dipole Related								
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	2.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	145
Input Power Drift	5.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Phantom and Tissue parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	2.88	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	1.84	1.24	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.41	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	3.31	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	1.99	1.62	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						12.09	11.84	
Coverage Factor for 95%						Kp=2		
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						24.18	23.67	

NOTE: About the system validation uncertainty assessment, please reference the section 7.

7. MEASUREMENT SAR PROCEDURE UNCERTAINTIES

The assessment of spatial peak SAR of the hand handheld devices is according to IEEE 1528 / EN 62209-1. All testing situation shall be met below these requirements.

- The system is used by an experienced engineer who follows the manual and the guidelines taught during the training provided by SPEAG.
- The probe has been calibrated within the requested period and the stated uncertainty for the relevant frequency bands does not exceed 4.8% (k=1).
- The validation dipole has been calibrated within the requested period and the system performance check has been successful.
- The DAE unit has been calibrated within the within the requested period.
- The minimum distance between the probe sensor and inner phantom shell is selected to be between 4 and 5mm.
- The operational mode of the DUT is CW, CDMA, FDMA or TDMA (GSM, DCS, PCS, IS136 and PDC) and the measurement/integration time per point is >500 ms.
- The dielectric parameters of the liquid have been assessed using Agilent 85070D dielectric probe kit or a more accurate method.
- The dielectric parameters are within 5% of the target values.
- The DUT has been positioned as described in section 3.

7.1. PROBE CALIBRATION UNCERTAINTY

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO17025. The uncertainties are stated on the calibration certificate. For the most relevant frequency bands, these values do not exceed 4.8% (k=1). If evaluations of other bands are performed for which the uncertainty exceeds these values, the uncertainty tables given in the summary have to be revised accordingly.

7.2. ISOTROPY UNCERTAINTY

The axial isotropy tolerance accounts for probe rotation around its axis while the hemispherical isotropy error includes all probe orientations and field polarizations. These parameters are assessed by SPEAG during initial calibration. In 2001, SPEAG further tightened its quality controls and warrants that the maximal deviation from axial isotropy is $\pm 0.20\text{dB}$, while the maximum deviation of hemispherical isotropy is $\pm 0.40\text{dB}$, corresponding to $\pm 4.7\%$ and $\pm 9.6\%$, respectively. A weighting factor of c_p equal to 0.5 can be applied, since the axis of the probe deviates less than 30 degrees from the normal surface orientation.

7.3. BOUNDARY EFFECT UNCERTAINTY

The effect can be estimated according to the following error approximation formula

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = SAR_{be} [\%] \times \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{e^{-\frac{d_{be}}{\delta/2}}}{\delta/2}$$

$$d_{be} + d_{step} < 10\text{mm}$$

The parameter d_{be} is the distance in mm between the surface and the closest measurement point used in the averaging process; d_{step} is the separation distance in mm between the first and second measurement points; δ is the minimum penetration depth in mm within the head tissue equivalent liquids (i.e., $\delta = 13.95\text{mm}$ at 3GHz); SAR_{be} is the deviation between the measured SAR value at the distance d_{be} from the boundary and the wave-guide analytical value SAR_{ref} . DASY5 applies a boundary effect compensation algorithm according to IEEE 1528, which is possible since the axis of the probe never deviates more than 30 degrees from the normal surface orientation. $SAR_{be} [\%]$ is assessed during the calibration process and SPEAG warrants that the uncertainty at distances larger than 4mm is always less than 1%. In summary, the worst case boundary effect SAR tolerance [%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is $< \pm 0.8\%$.

7.4. PROBE LINEARITY UNCERTAINTY

Field probe linearity uncertainty includes errors from the assessment and compensation of the diode compression effects for CW and pulsed signals with known duty cycles. This error is assessed using the procedure described in IEEE 1528 / EN 62209-1. For SPEAG field probes, the measured difference between CW and pulsed signals, with pulse frequencies between 10Hz and 1kHz and duty cycles between 1 and 100, is $< \pm 0.20\text{dB}$ ($< \pm 4.7\%$).

7.5. READOUT ELECTRONICS UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties related to the probe readout electronics (DAE unit), including the gain and linearity of the instrumentation amplifier, its loading effect on the probe, and accuracy of the signal conversion algorithm, have been assessed accordingly to IEEE 1528 / EN 62209-1. The combination (root-sum-square RSS method) of these components results in an overall maximum error of $\pm 1.0\%$.

7.6. RESPONSE TIME UNCERTAINTY

The time response of the field probes is assessed by exposing the probe to a well-controlled electric field producing SAR larger than 2.0W/kg at the tissue medium surface. The signal response time is evaluated as the time required by the system to reach 90% of the expected final value after an on/of switch of the power source. Analytically, it can be expressed as:

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \left(\frac{T_m}{T_m + \tau e^{-T_m/\tau} - \tau} - 1 \right)$$

where T_m is 500 ms, i.e., the time between measurement samples, and τ the time constant. The response time τ of SPEAG's probes is $< 5\text{ms}$. In the current implementation, DASYS5 waits longer than 100 ms after having reached the grid point before starting a measurement, i.e., the response time uncertainty is negligible.

7.7. INTEGRATION TIME UNCERTAINTY

If the device under test does not emit a CW signal, the integration time applied to measure the electric field at a specific point may introduce additional uncertainties due to the discretization and can be assessed as follows

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \sum_{all\ sub-frames} \frac{t_{frame}}{t_{integration}} \frac{slot_{idle}}{slot_{total}}$$

The tolerances for the different systems are given in Table 7.1, whereby the worst-case $SAR_{tolerance}$ is 2.6%.

System	$SAR_{tolerance}$ %
CW	0
CDMA*	0
WCDMA*	0
FDMA	0
IS-136	2.6
PDC	2.6
GSM/DCS/PCS	1.7
DECT	1.9
Worst-Case	2.6

TABLE 7.1

7.8. PROBE POSITIONER MECHANICAL TOLERANCE

The mechanical tolerance of the field probe positioner can introduce probe positioning uncertainties. The resulting SAR uncertainty is assessed by comparing the SAR obtained according to the specifications of the probe positioner with respect to the actual position defined by the geometric center of the probe sensors. The tolerance is determined as:

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \frac{d_{ph}}{\delta/2}$$

The specified repeatability of the RX robot family used in DASY5 systems is $\pm 25\mu\text{m}$. The absolute accuracy for short distance movements is better than $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$, i.e., the $SAR_{tolerance}[\%]$ is better than 1.5% (rectangular).

7.9. PROBE POSITIONING

The probe positioning procedures affect the tolerance of the separation distance between the probe tip and the phantom surface as:

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \frac{d_{ph}}{\delta/2}$$

where d_{ph} is the maximum deviation of the distance between the probe tip and the phantom surface. The optical surface detection has a precision of better than 0.2mm, resulting in an $SAR_{tolerance}[\%]$ of <2.9% (rectangular distribution). Since the mechanical detection provides better accuracy, 2.9% is a worst-case figure for DASY5 system.

7.10. PHANTOM UNCERTAINTY

The SAR measurement uncertainty due to SPEAG phantom shell production tolerances has been evaluated using

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] \cong 100 \times \frac{2d}{a}, \quad d \ll a$$

For a maximum deviation d of the inner and outer shell of the phantom from that specified in the CAD file of $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$, and a 10mm spacing a between source and tissue liquid, the calculated phantom uncertainty is $\pm 4.0\%$.

7.11. DASY5 UNCERTAINTY BUDGET

Error Description	Tolerance (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(C _i)		Standard Uncertainty (±%)		(v _i)
				(1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)	
Measurement Equipment								
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.55	6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	1.90	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	3.88	3.88	∞
Boundary effects	2.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Linearity	4.70	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	1.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	Normal	1	1	1	0.30	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.80	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration Time	2.60	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.50	1.50	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	0.80	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	9.90	Rectangular	√3	1	1	5.72	5.72	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	4.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	0.89	Normal	1	1	1	0.89	0.89	9
Device Holder	3.60	Normal	1	1	1	3.60	3.60	5
Power Drift	5.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Phantom and Tissue parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	2.88	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	1.84	1.24	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	1.73	1.41	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	3.31	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	1.99	1.62	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						12.59	12.35	
Coverage Factor for 95%						Kp=2		
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						25.18	24.70	

TABLE 7.3



A D T

8. INFORMATION ON THE TESTING LABORATORIES

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved by the following approval agencies according to ISO/IEC 17025.

USA	FCC, NVLAP
GERMANY	TUV Rheinland
JAPAN	VCCI
NORWAY	NEMKO
CANADA	INDUSTRY CANADA, CSA
R.O.C.	TAF, BSMI, NCC
NETHERLANDS	Telefication
SINGAPORE	GOST-ASIA (MOU)
RUSSIA	CERTIS (MOU)

Copies of accreditation certificates of our laboratories obtained from approval agencies can be downloaded from our web site: www.adt.com.tw/index.5/phtml. If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Linko EMC/RF Lab:
Tel: 886-2-26052180
Fax: 886-2-26051924

Hsin Chu EMC/RF Lab:
Tel: 886-3-5935343
Fax: 886-3-5935342

Hwa Ya EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:
Tel: 886-3-3183232
Fax: 886-3-3185050

Web Site: www.adt.com.tw

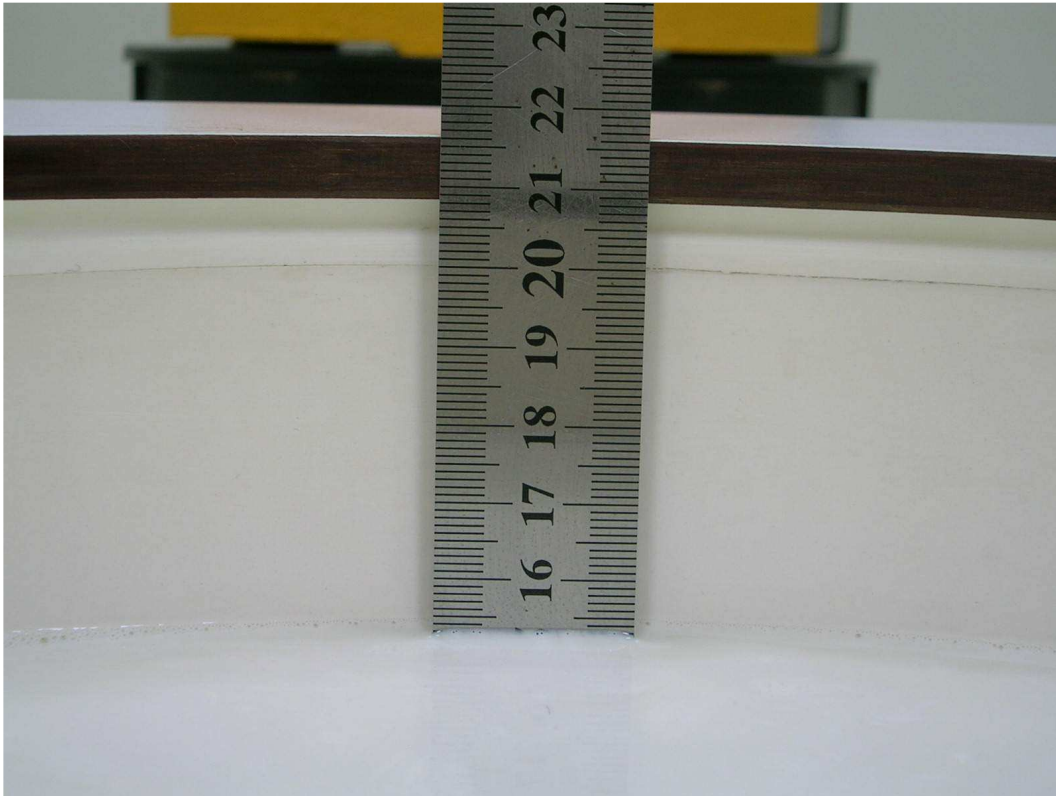
The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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APPENDIX A: TEST DATA

Liquid Level Photo

Tissue HSL5800MHz D=153mm



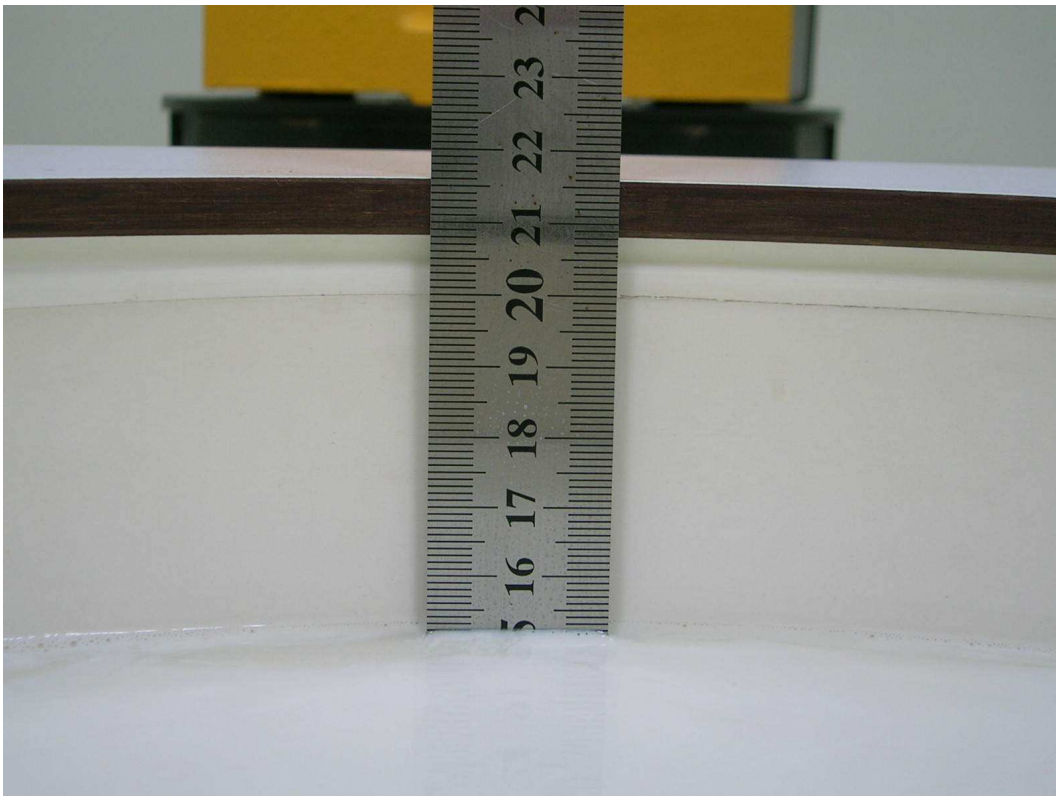
Tissue HSL5800MHz D=150mm



Tissue HSL5800MHz D=150mm



Tissue HSL5800MHz D=152mm



Tissue MSL5800MHz D=151mm



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M01-2D Right Head Check 11A Ch40 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5200 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.62$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(5.34, 5.34, 5.34) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17

- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Low Channel 40/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.714 mW/g

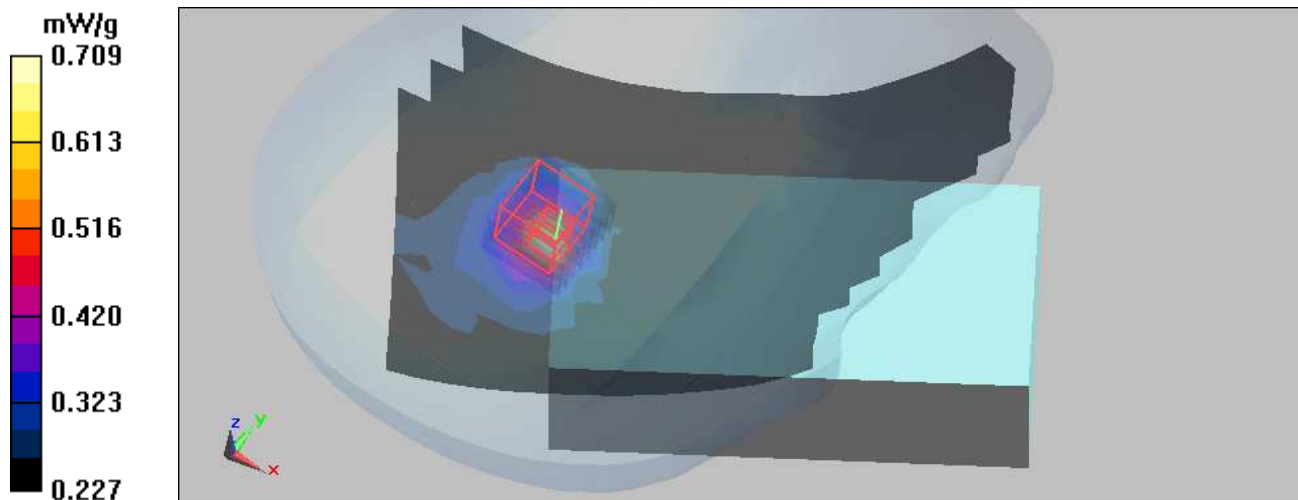
Touch Position - Low Channel 40/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 8.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.178 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.587** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.389 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.709 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M01-2D Right Head Check 11A Ch52 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5260 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.7$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Mid Channel 52/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.860 mW/g

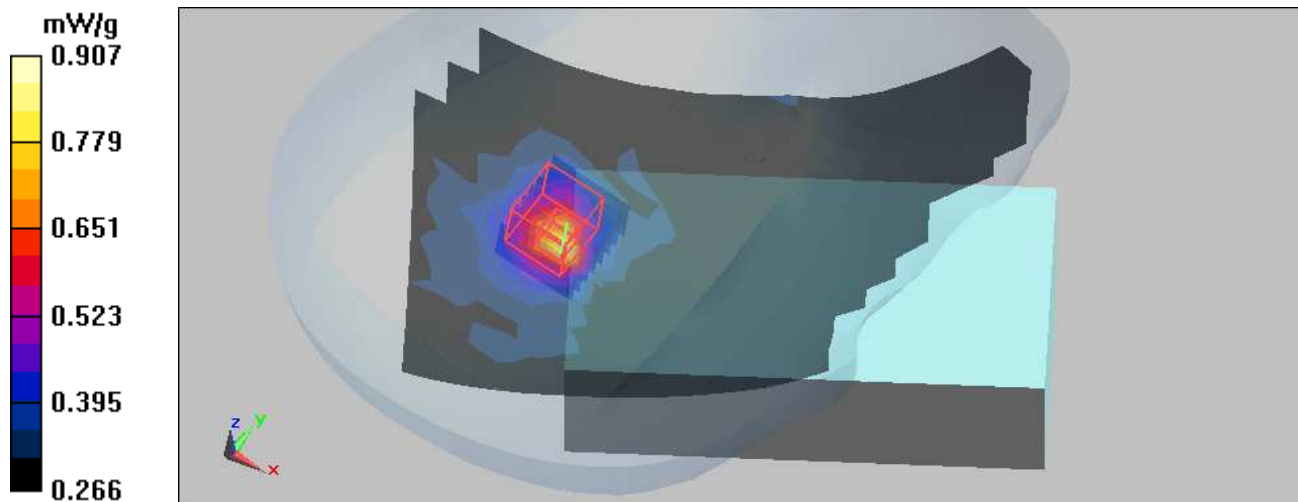
Touch Position - Mid Channel 52/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.048 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.96 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.744 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = **0.481 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.907 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M01-2D Right Head Check 11A Ch60 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5300 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.74$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Mid Channel 60/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 mW/g

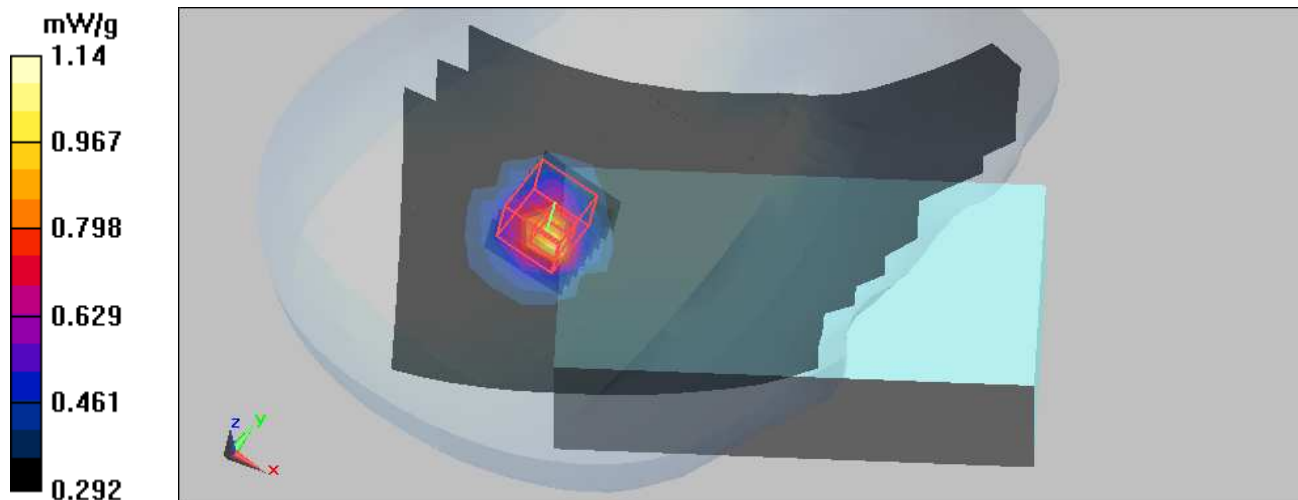
Touch Position - Mid Channel 60/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 10.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.146 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.64 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.909** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.542** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M01-2D Right Head Check 11A Ch64 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5320 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5320 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.77 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Mid Channel 64/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 mW/g

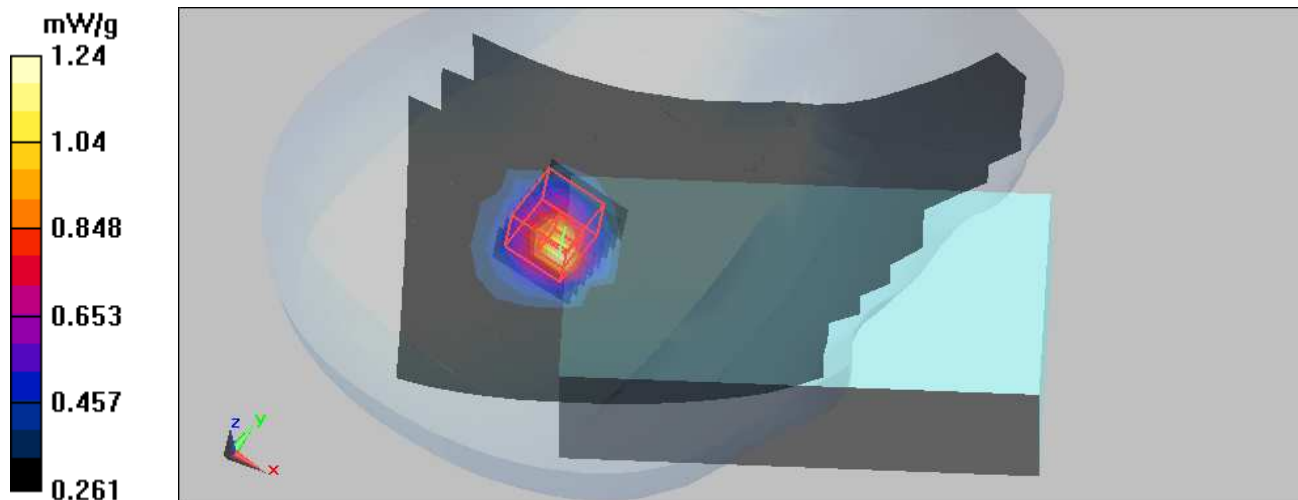
Touch Position - Mid Channel 64/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.052 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.974 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = **0.538 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M01-2D Right Head Check 11A Ch100 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5500 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17

- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Mid Channel 100/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 mW/g

Touch Position - Mid Channel 100/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

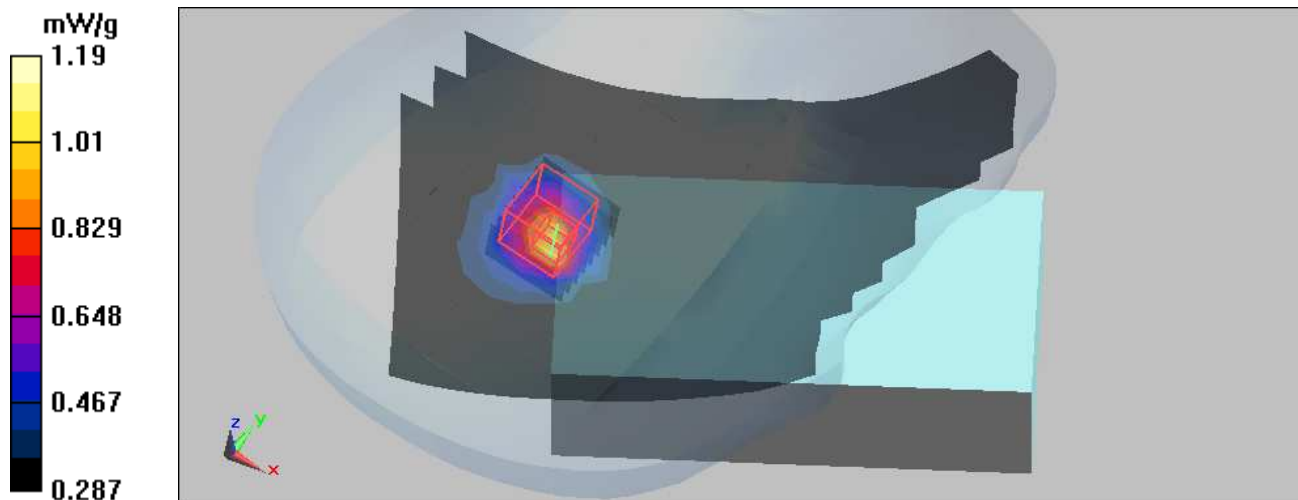
dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 11.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.197 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.564 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M01-2D Right Head Check 11A Ch104 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5520 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520$ MHz; $\sigma = 5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17

- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Mid Channel 104/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 mW/g

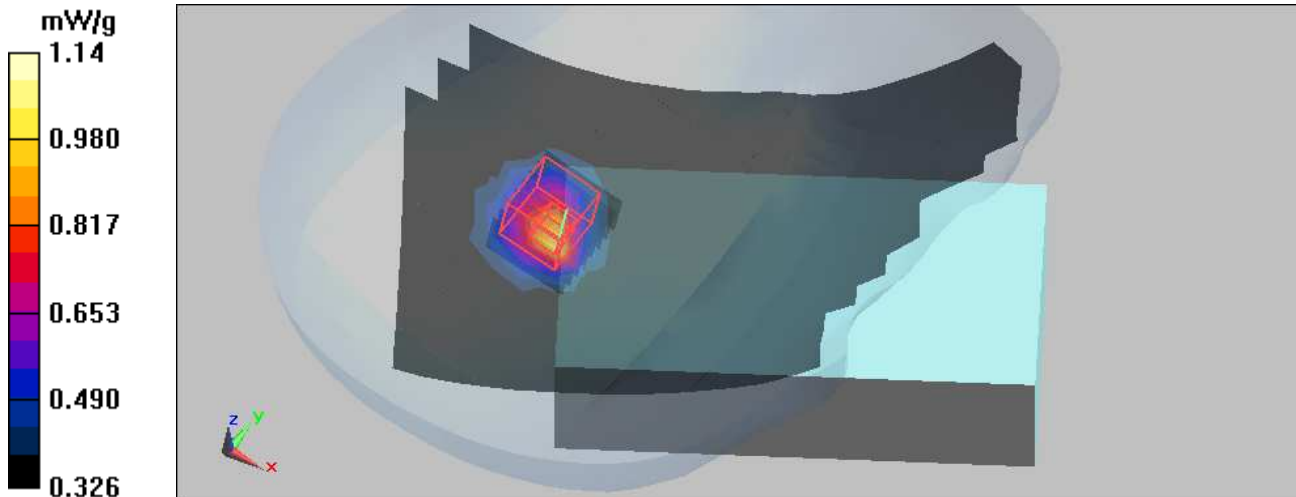
Touch Position - Mid Channel 104/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.78 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.989** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.589** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M01-2D Right Head Check 11A Ch116 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5580 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5580$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.08$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17

- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Mid Channel 116/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.863 mW/g

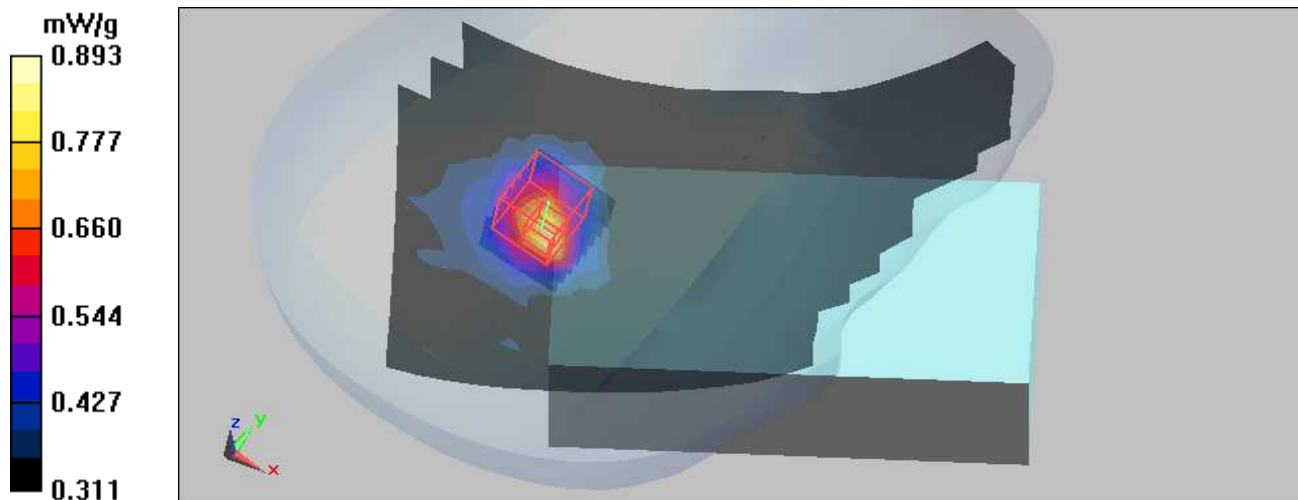
Touch Position - Mid Channel 116/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 10.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.074 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.740** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.497** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.893 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M01-2D Right Head Check 11A Ch120 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5600 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Mid Channel 120/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.775 mW/g

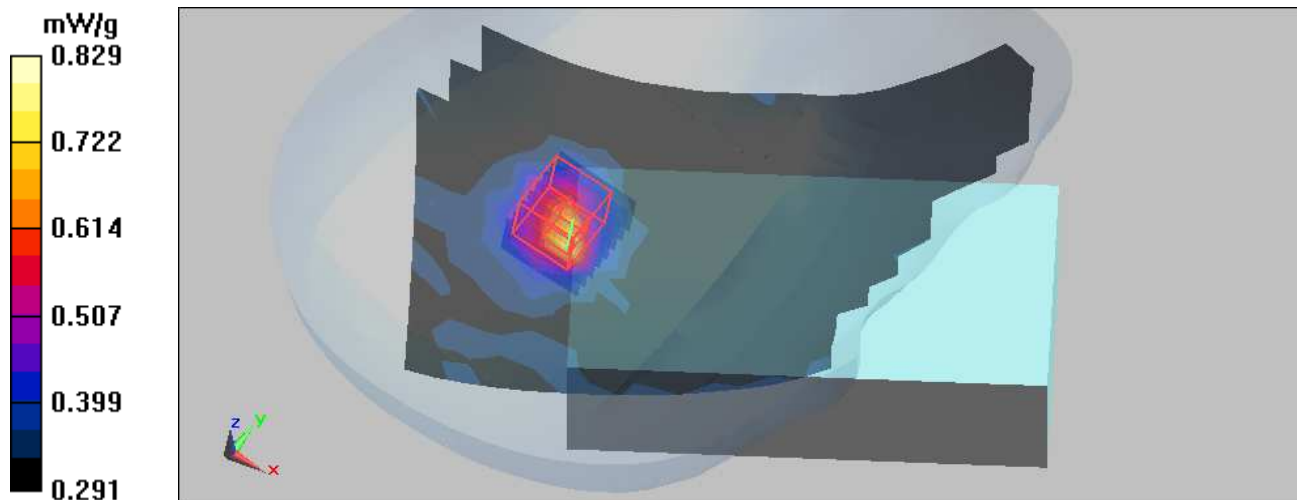
Touch Position - Mid Channel 120/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.153 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.702** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.483** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.829 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M01-2D Right Head Check 11A Ch124 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5620 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5620$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.13$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17

- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Mid Channel 124/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 mW/g

Touch Position - Mid Channel 124/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

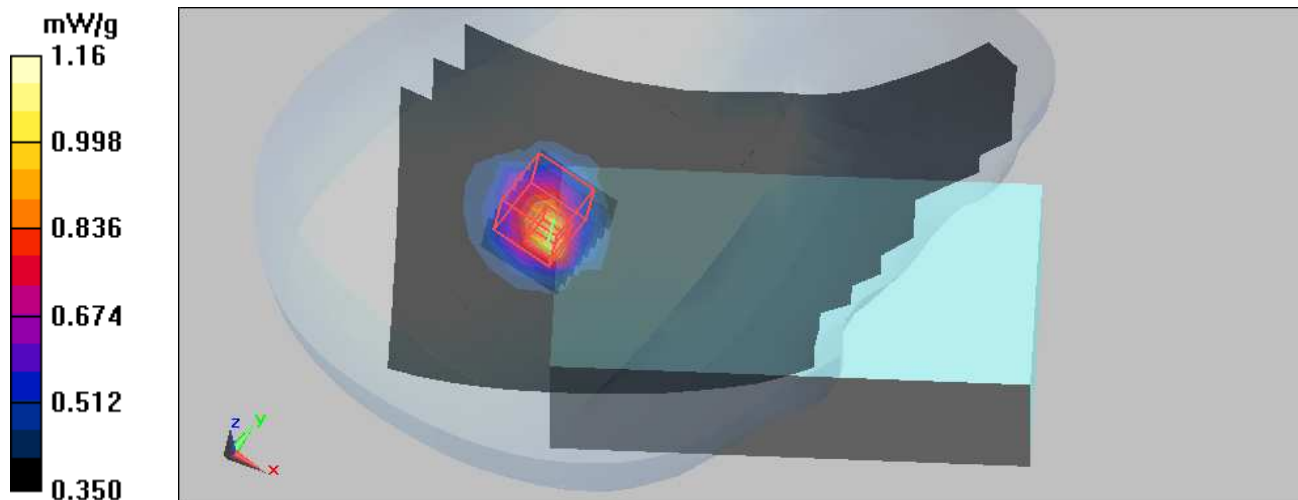
dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 10.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.88 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.962** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.606** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M01-2D Right Head Check 11A Ch136 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5680 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5680$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.2$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - High Channel 136/Area Scan (15x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.2 mW/g

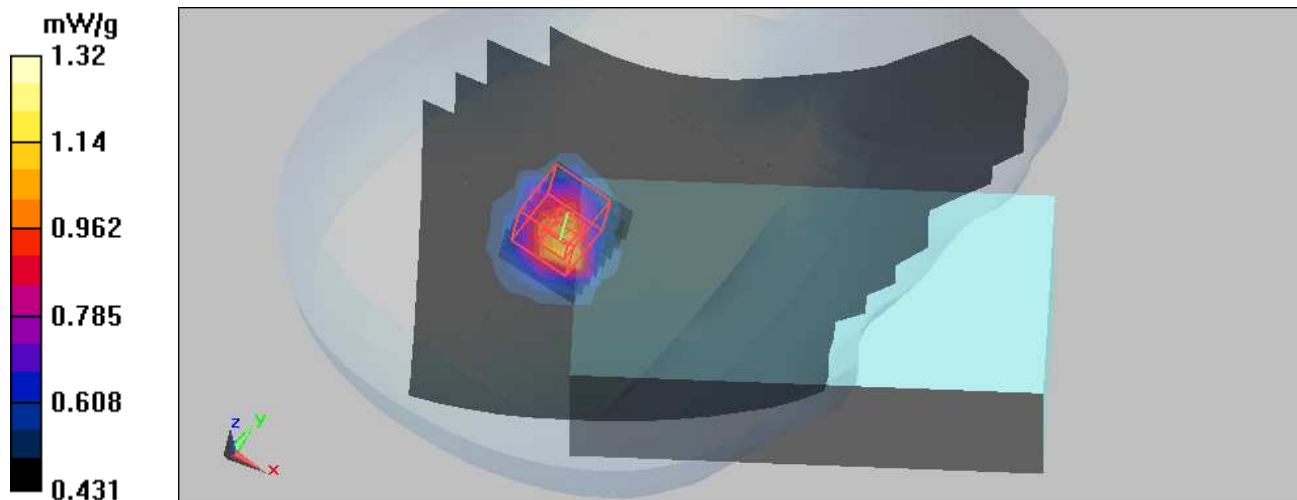
Touch Position - High Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.193 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.707 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M01-2D Right Head Check 11A Ch140 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5700 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5700$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.22$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - High Channel 140/Area Scan (15x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.553 mW/g

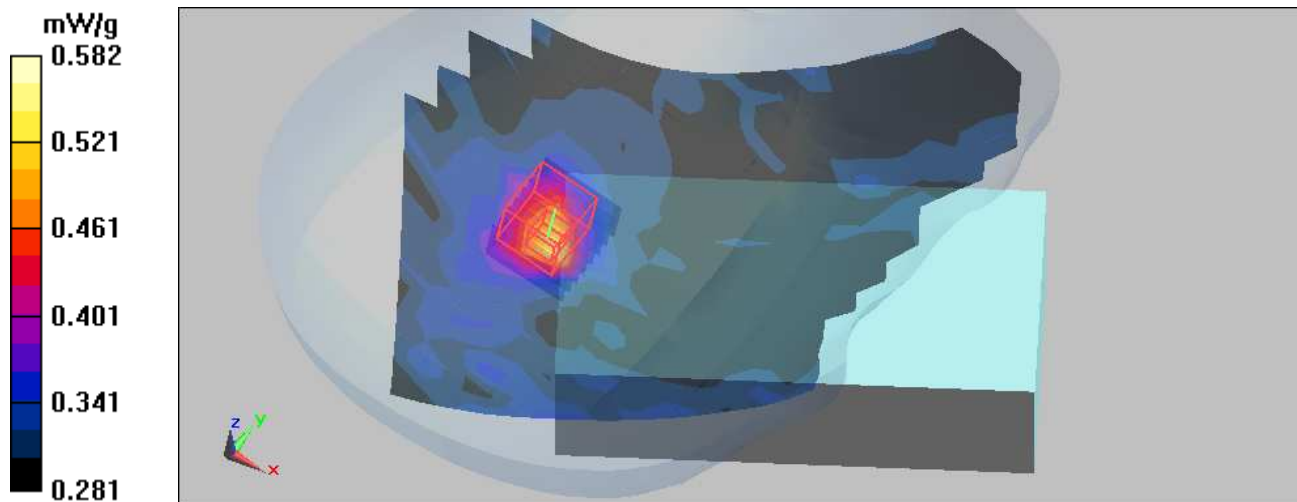
Touch Position - High Channel 140/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.100 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.784 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.505** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.413 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.582 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M02-2D Right Head Check 11A Ch136 / Aux Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5680 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5680$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.2$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - High Channel 136/Area Scan (15x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.399 mW/g

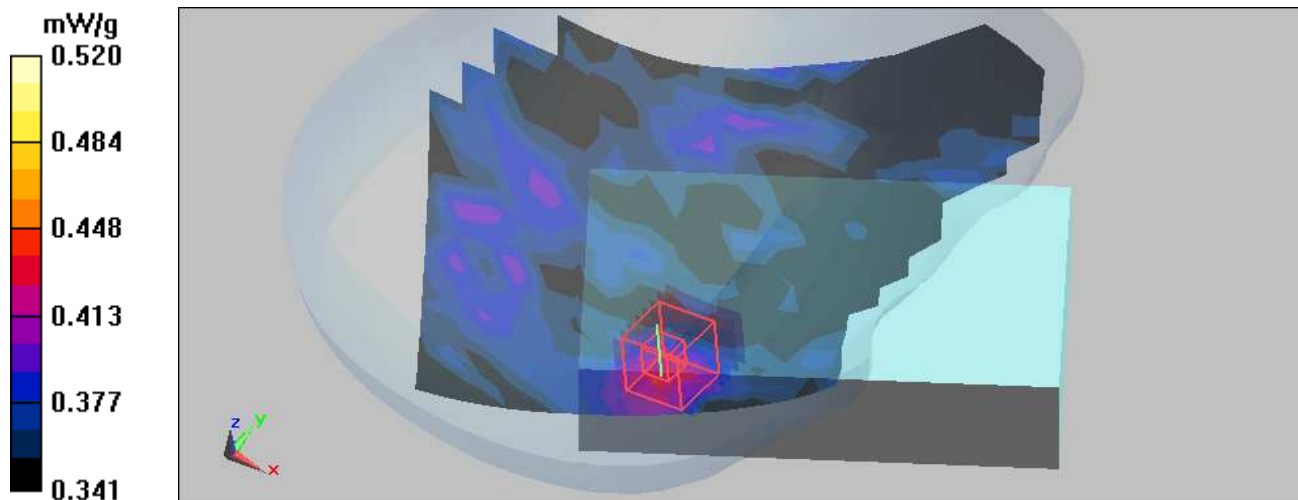
Touch Position - High Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 7.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.162 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.522 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.477 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.453 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.520 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M03-2D Right Head Tilt 11A Ch40 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.63$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(5.34, 5.34, 5.34) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Low Channel 40/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.662 mW/g

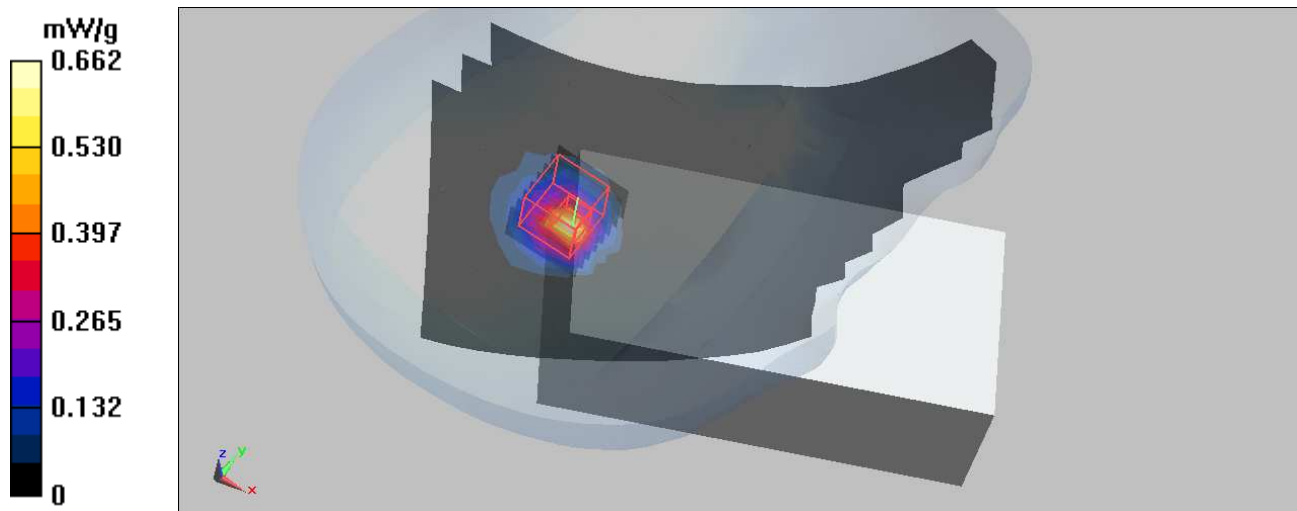
Tilt Position - Low Channel 40/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.185 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.497 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.240 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.652 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M03-2D Right Head Tilt 11A Ch52 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.7$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Mid Channel 52/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.862 mW/g

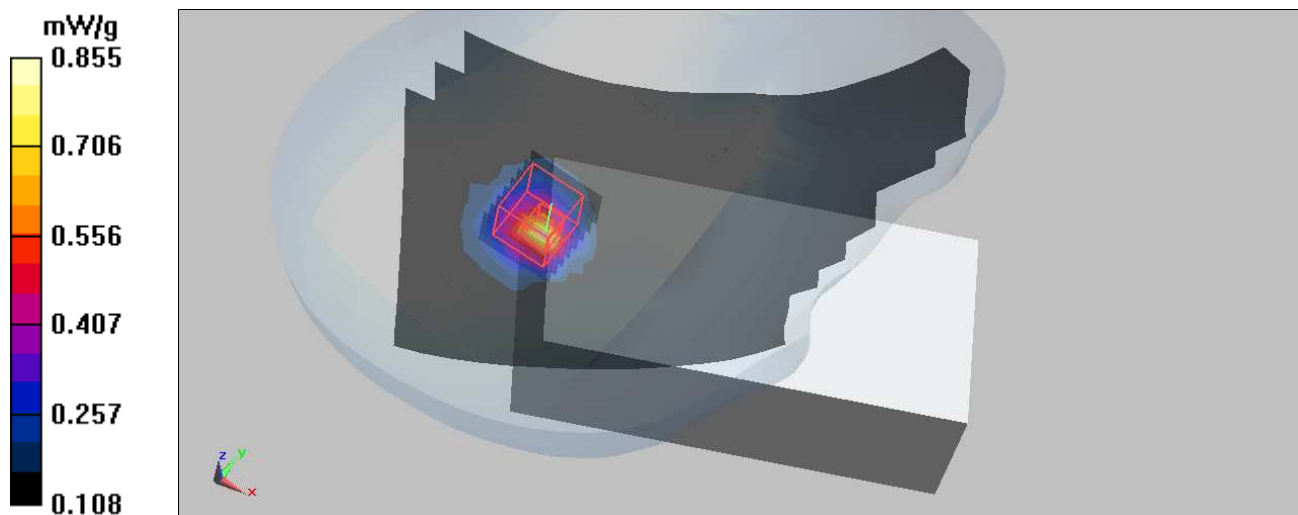
Tilt Position - Mid Channel 52/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.139 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.650 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.296 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.855 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M03-2D Right Head Tilt 11A Ch60 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.75$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Mid Channel 60/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 mW/g

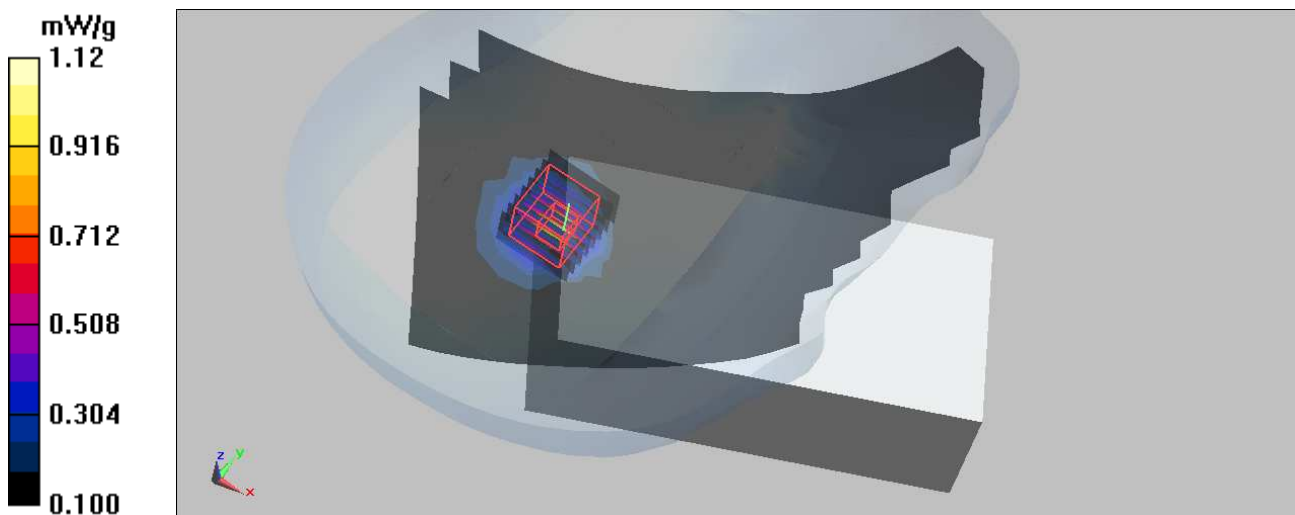
Tilt Position - Mid Channel 60/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 10.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.084 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.828 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.366 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M03-2D Right Head Tilt 11A Ch64 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5320 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5320$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.77$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Mid Channel 64/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.36 mW/g

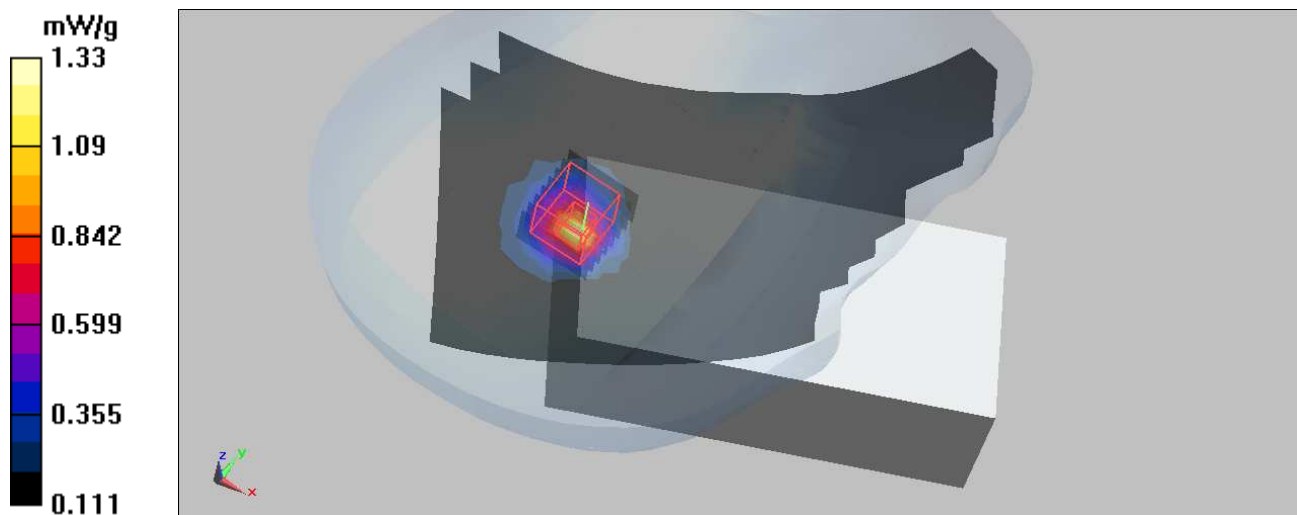
Tilt Position - Mid Channel 64/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 11.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.994 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = 0.414 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.33 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M03-2D Right Head Tilt 11A Ch100 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Mid Channel 100/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 mW/g

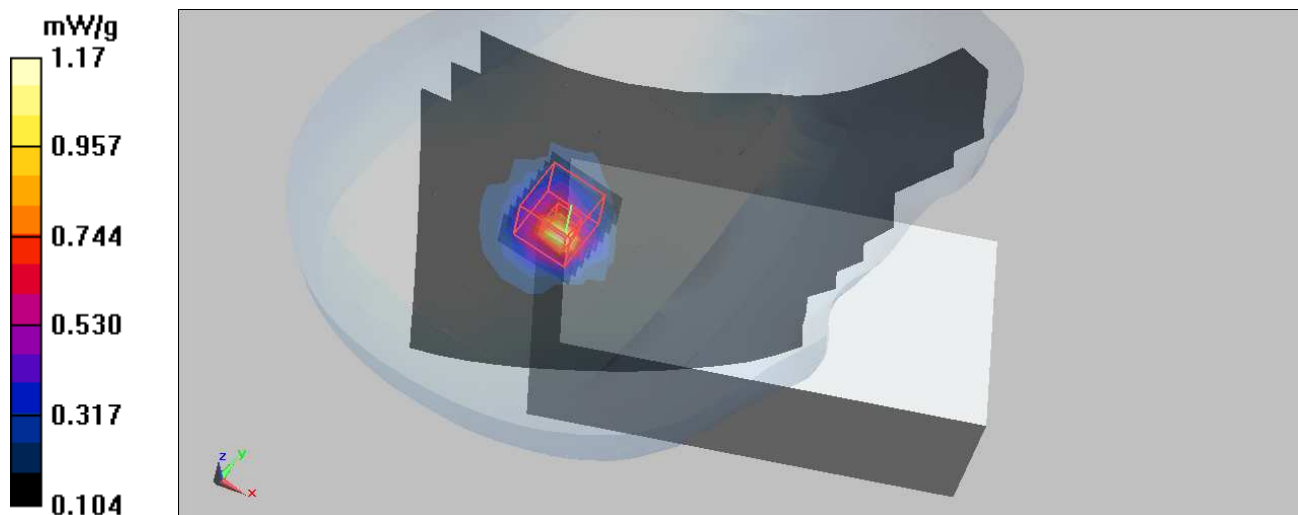
Tilt Position - Mid Channel 100/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 10.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.874** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.378 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M03-2D Right Head Tilt 11A Ch104 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520$ MHz; $\sigma = 5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Mid Channel 104/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 mW/g

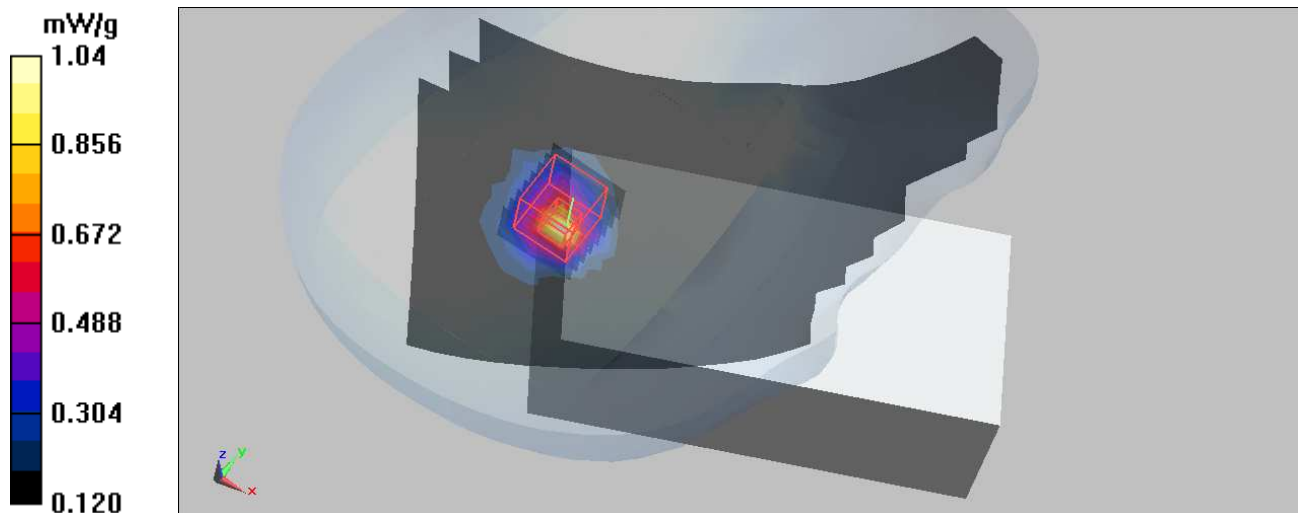
Tilt Position - Mid Channel 104/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.119 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.778** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.351** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M03-2D Right Head Tilt 11A Ch116 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5580$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.08$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Mid Channel 116/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.783 mW/g

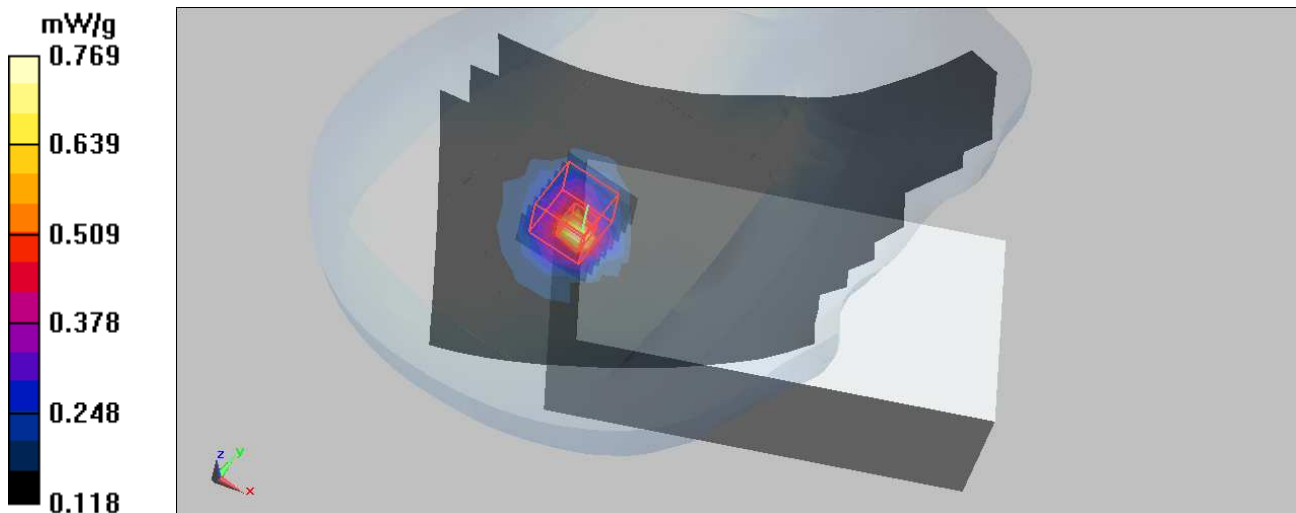
Tilt Position - Mid Channel 116/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 8.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.104 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.595** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.291** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.769 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M03-2D Right Head Tilt 11A Ch120 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.11$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Mid Channel 120/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.691 mW/g

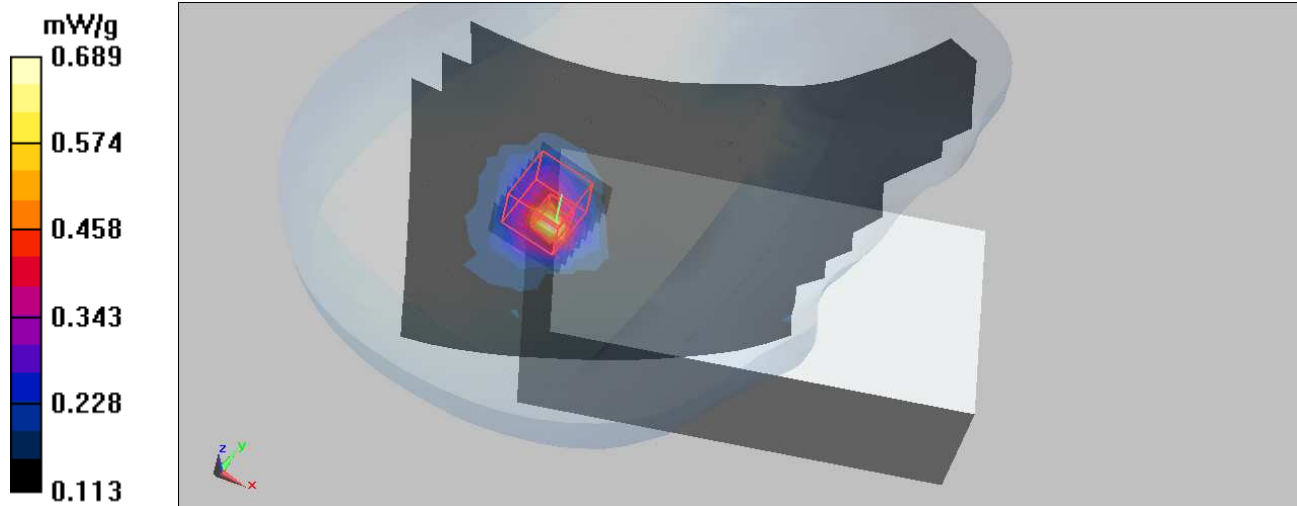
Tilt Position - Mid Channel 120/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 8.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.538** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.271** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.689 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M03-2D Right Head Tilt 11A Ch124 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5620 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5620$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.13$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17

- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Mid Channel 124/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 mW/g

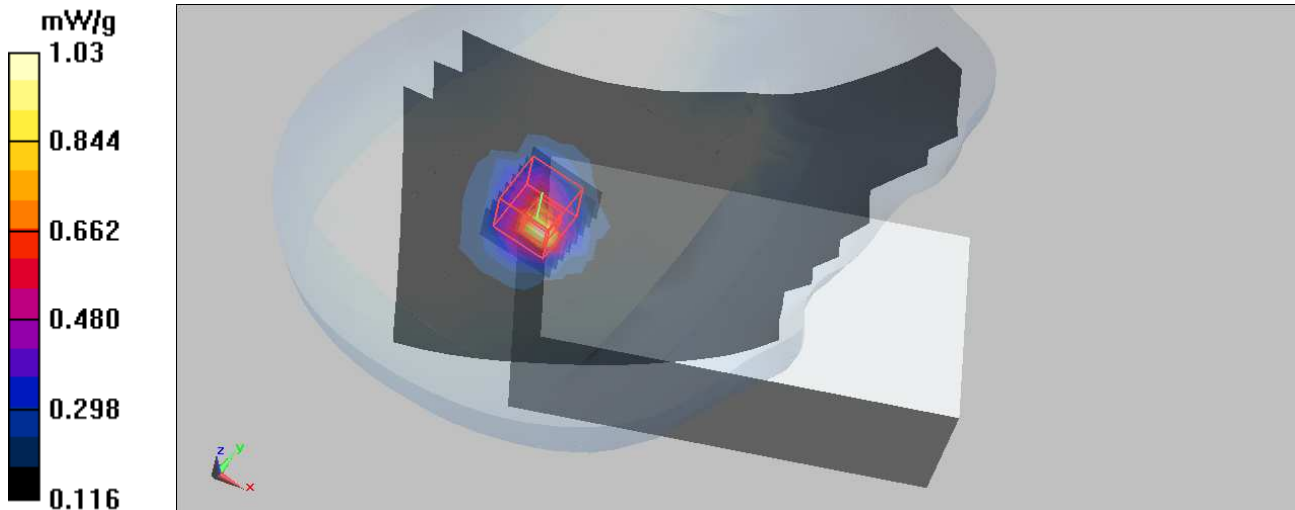
Tilt Position - Mid Channel 124/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 8.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.107 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.795** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.355** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M03-2D Right Head Tilt 11A Ch136 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5680 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5680$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.2$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - High Channel 136/Area Scan (15x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.2 mW/g

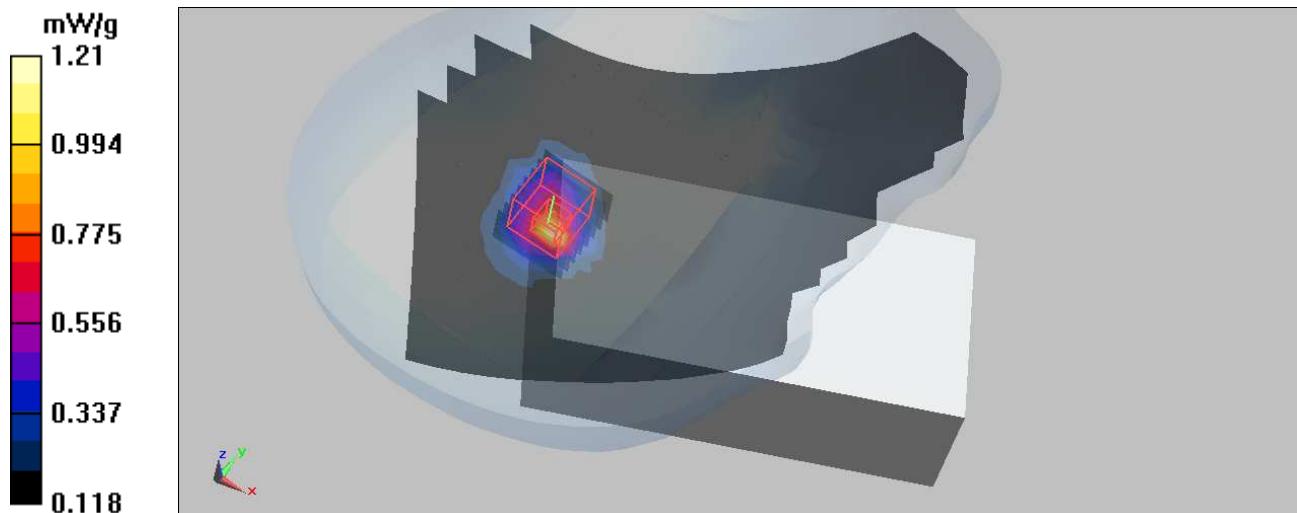
Tilt Position - High Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 8.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.110 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.895** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.382** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M03-2D Right Head Tilt 11A Ch140 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5700 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5700$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.23$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - High Channel 140/Area Scan (15x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.442 mW/g

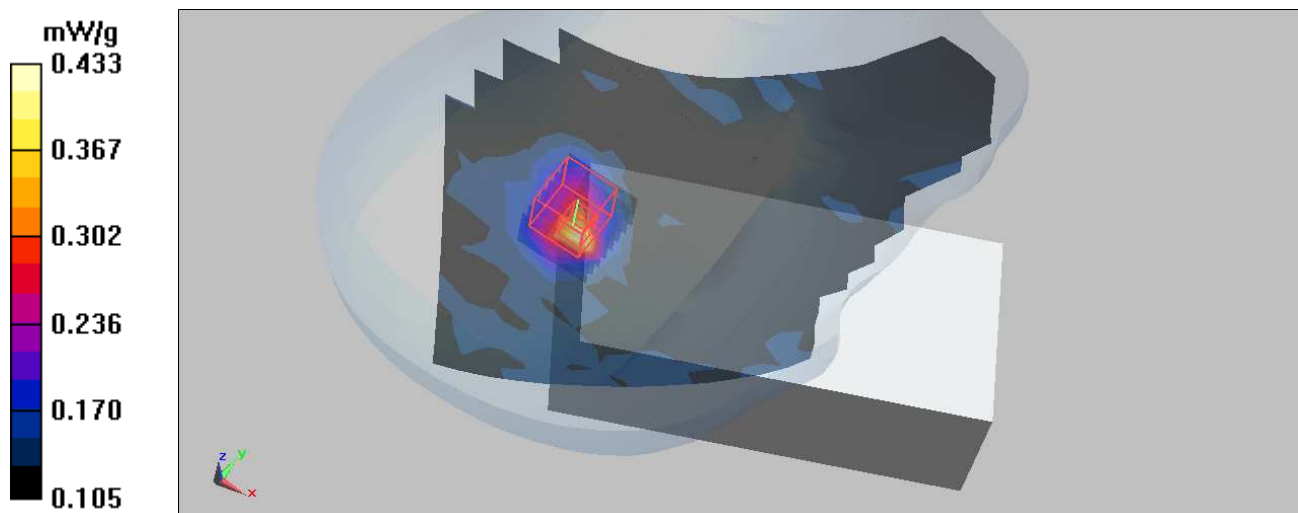
Tilt Position - High Channel 140/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 5.51 V/m; Power Drift = 0.193 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.779 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.329 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = **0.199 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.433 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M04-2D Left Head Check 11A Ch40 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5200 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.64$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(5.34, 5.34, 5.34) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Low Channel 40/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.696 mW/g

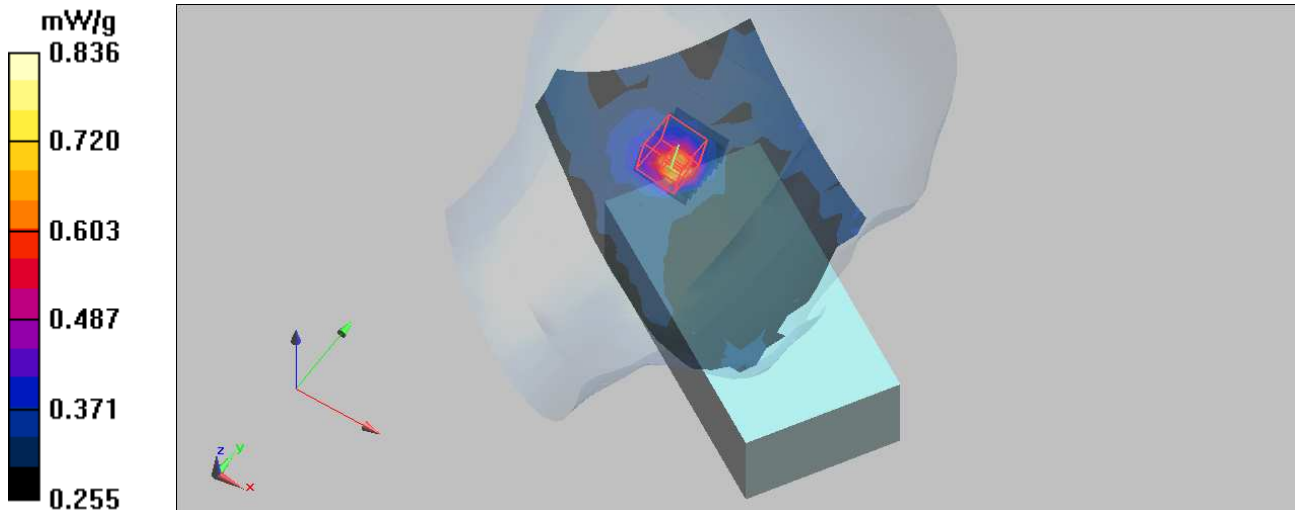
Touch Position - Low Channel 40/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 12.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.151 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.85 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.693** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.437 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.836 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M04-2D Left Head Check 11A Ch52 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5260 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.71 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Mid Channel 52/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.827 mW/g

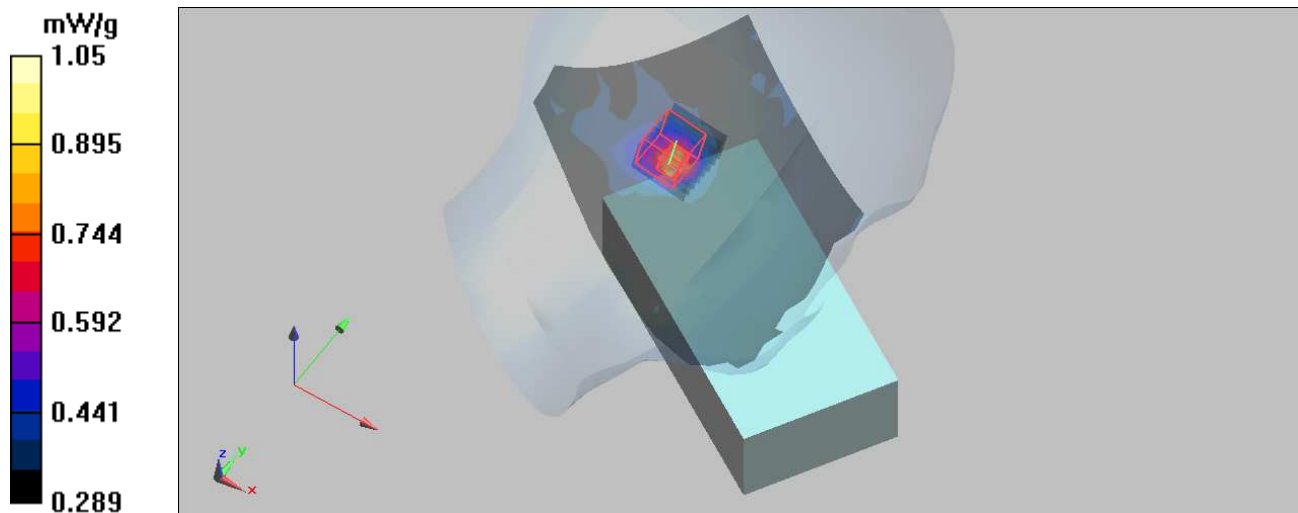
Touch Position - Mid Channel 52/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 13.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0746 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.49 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.860 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = **0.519 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M04-2D Left Head Check 11A Ch60 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5300 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.76$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Mid Channel 60/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 mW/g

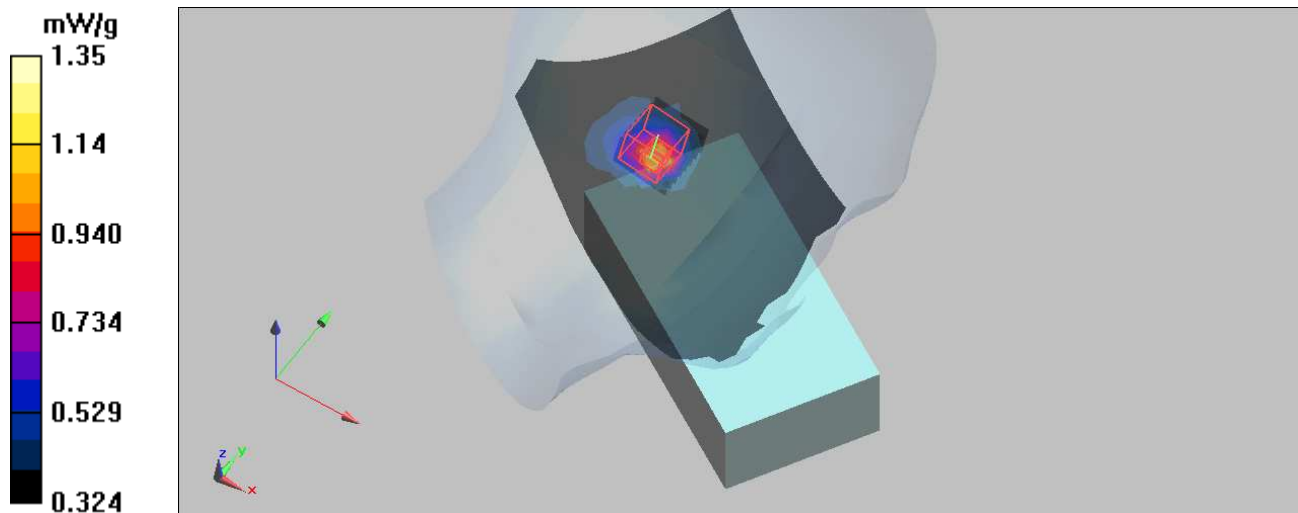
Touch Position - Mid Channel 60/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 15.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.090 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.08 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.593 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M04-2D Left Head Check 11A Ch64 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5320 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5320$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.78$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Mid Channel 64/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 mW/g

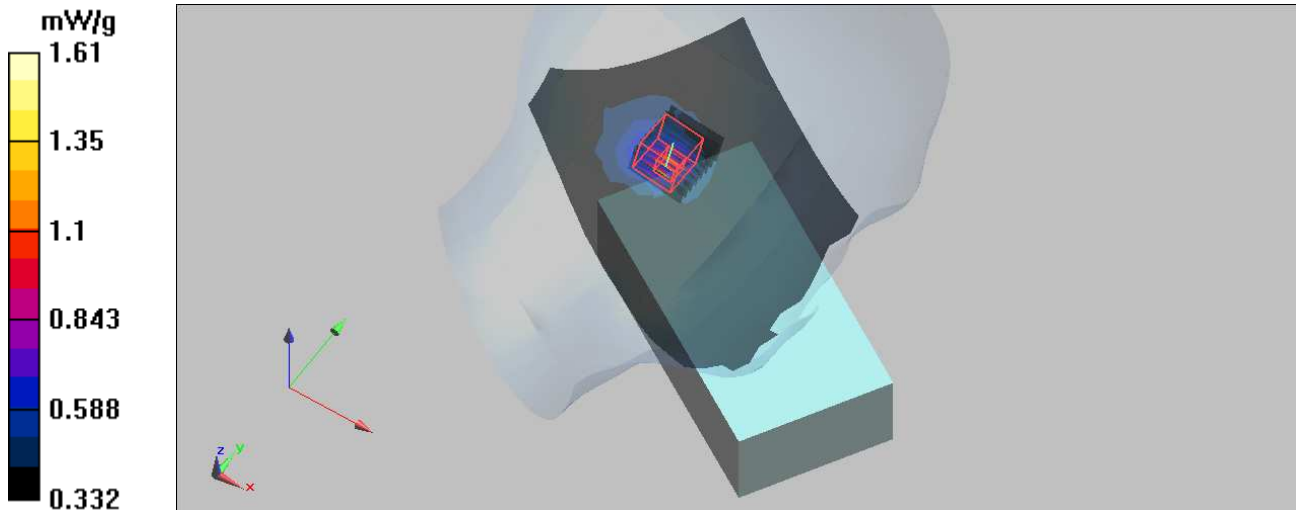
Touch Position - Mid Channel 64/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 16.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.096 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.24 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.655 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.61 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M04-2D Left Head Check 11A Ch100 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5500 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17

- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Mid Channel 100/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 mW/g

Touch Position - Mid Channel 100/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

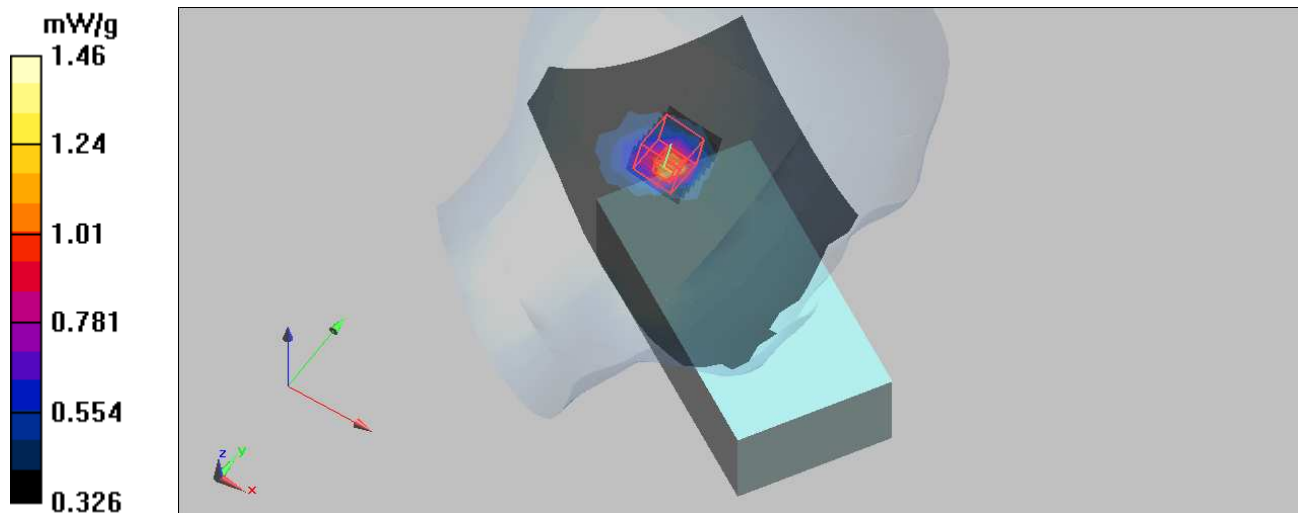
dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 15.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.074 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.74 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.14 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.612 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.46 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M04-2D Left Head Check 11A Ch104 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5520 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.01 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Mid Channel 104/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.1 mW/g

Touch Position - Mid Channel 104/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

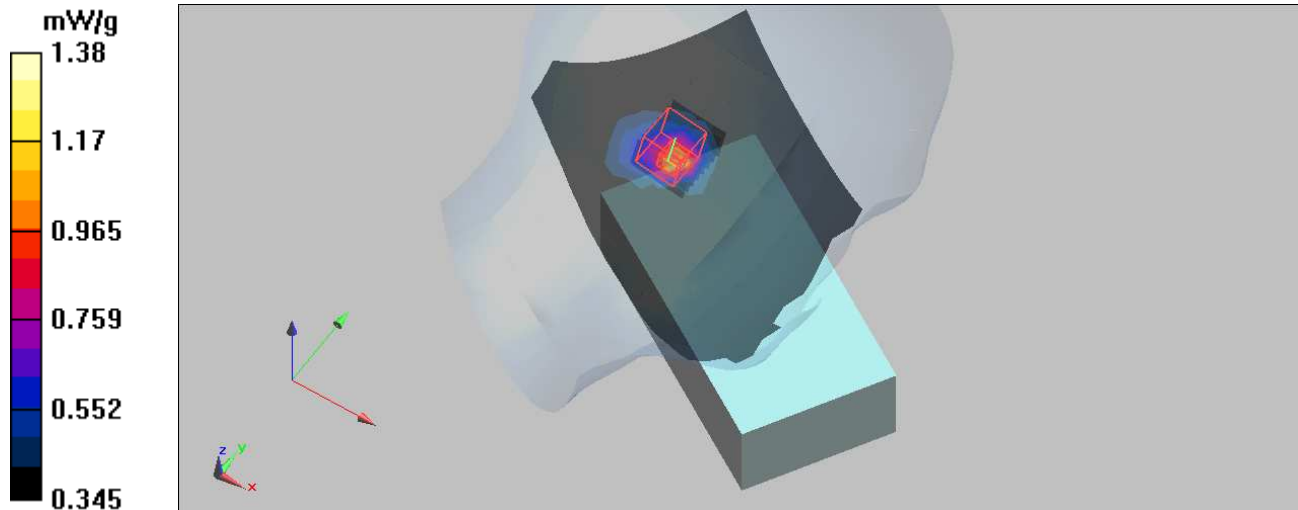
$dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.119 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.99 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.12 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.628 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.38 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M04-2D Left Head Check 11A Ch116 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5580 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5580$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.09$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Mid Channel 116/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.920 mW/g

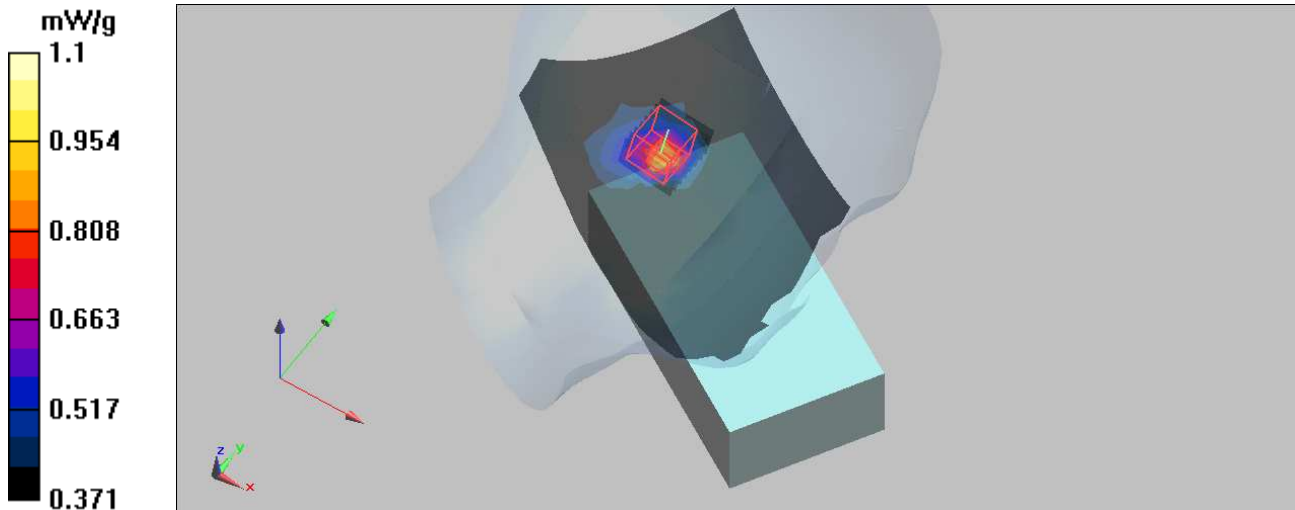
Touch Position - Mid Channel 116/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 13.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.948** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.574** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.1 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M04-2D Left Head Check 11A Ch120 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5600 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.12 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17

- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Mid Channel 120/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.859 mW/g

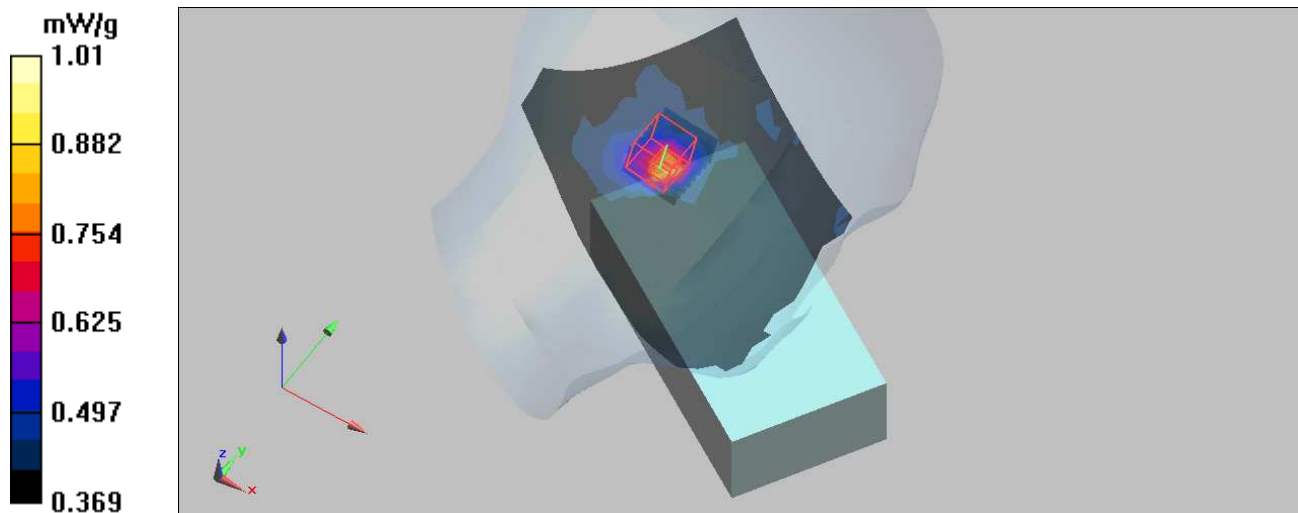
Touch Position - Mid Channel 120/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.050 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.823 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.553 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M04-2D Left Head Check 11A Ch124 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5620 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5620$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.14$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - Mid Channel 124/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 mW/g

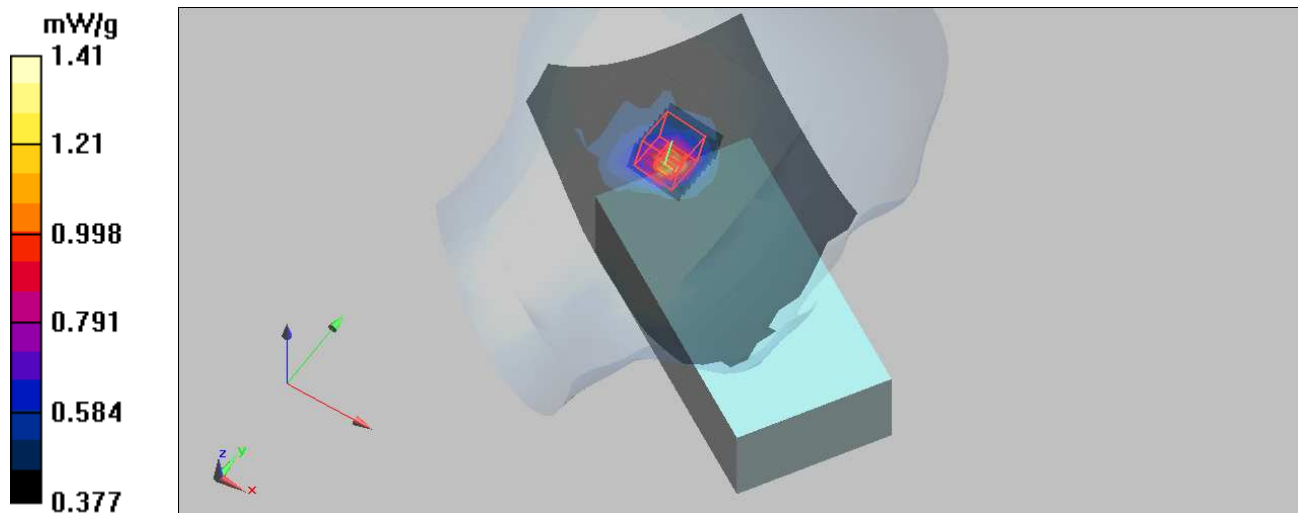
Touch Position - Mid Channel 124/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 15.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.038 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.17 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.660 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.41 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M04-2D Left Head Check 11A Ch136 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5680 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5680 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.21 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - High Channel 136/Area Scan (15x23x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 mW/g

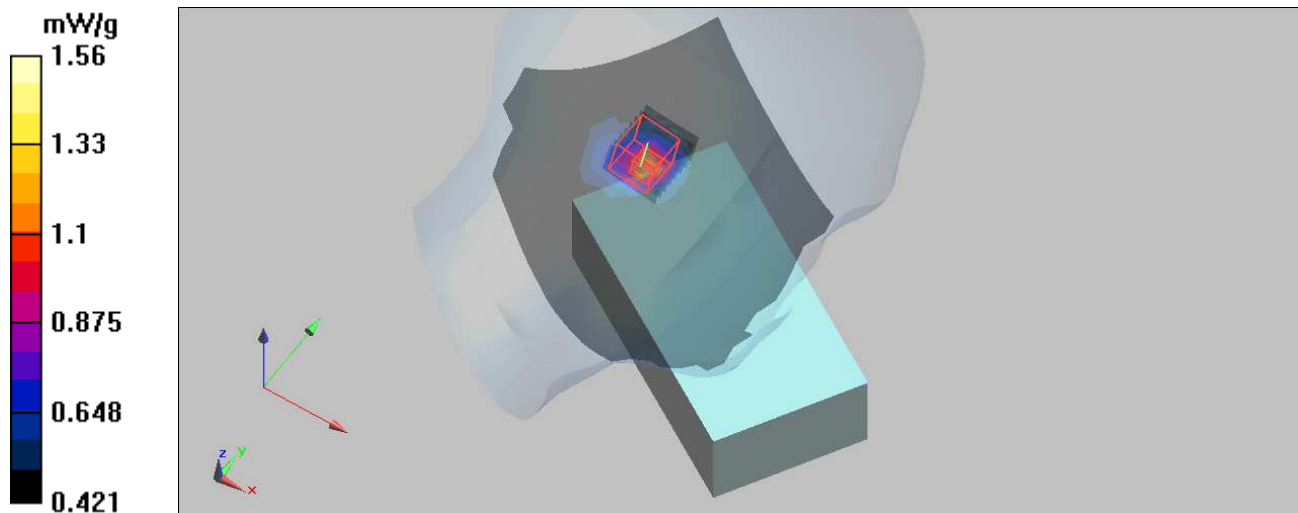
Touch Position - High Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4.3\text{mm}$, $dy=4.3\text{mm}$, $dz=3\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.136 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.32 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.26 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.705 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.56 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M04-2D Left Head Check 11A Ch140 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5700 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5700$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.24$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - High Channel 140/Area Scan (15x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.661 mW/g

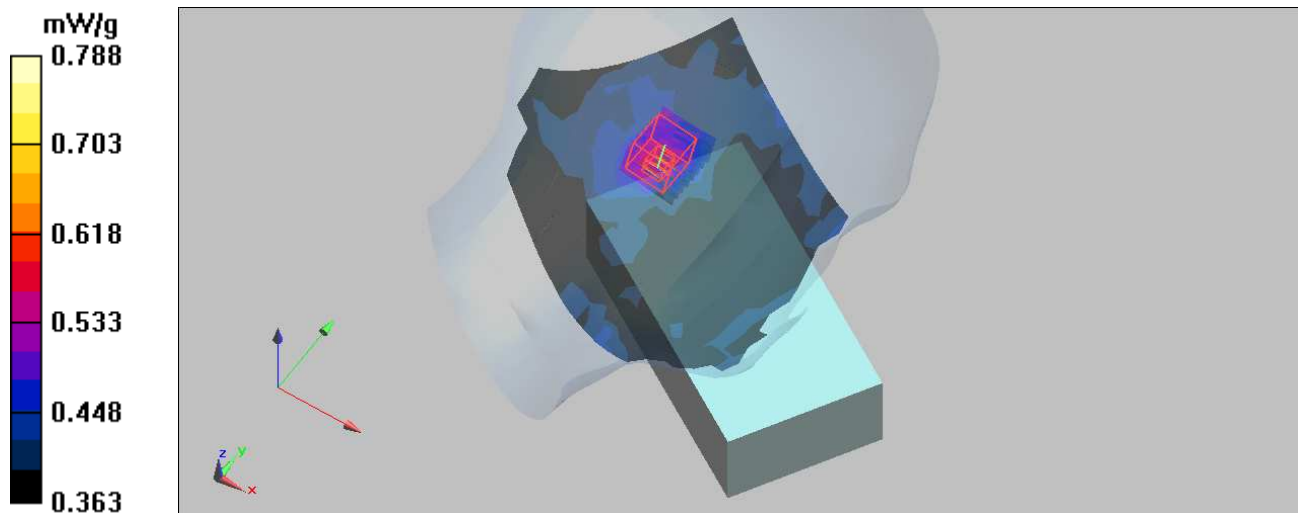
Touch Position - High Channel 140/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 11.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.184 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.32 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.669** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.533** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.788 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M05-2D Left Head Tilt 11A Ch40 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.64$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(5.34, 5.34, 5.34) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Low Channel 40/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.695 mW/g

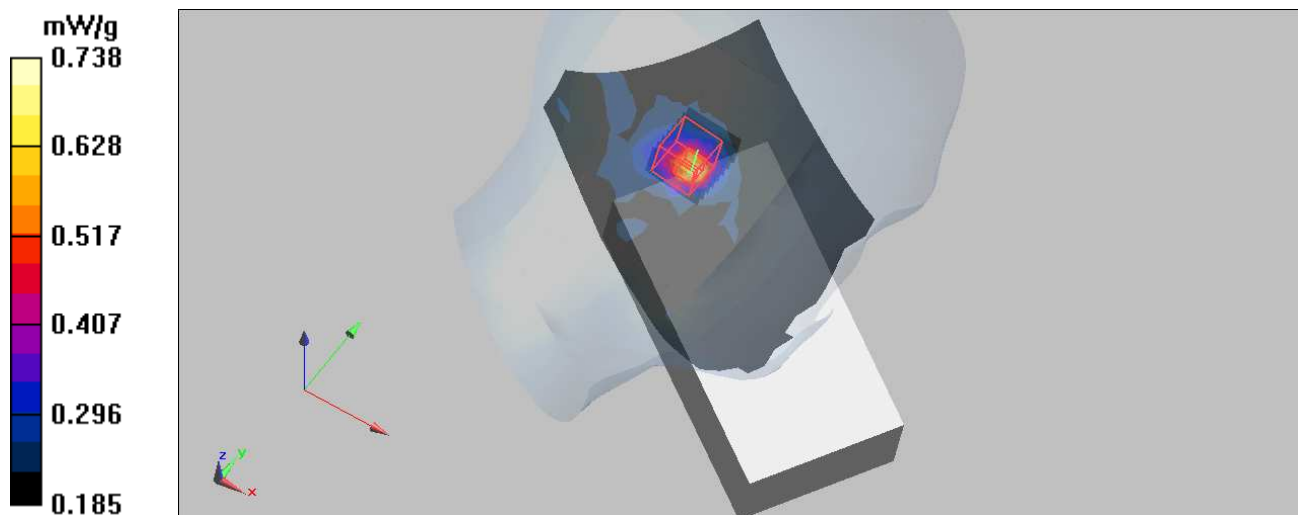
Tilt Position - Low Channel 40/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 12 V/m; Power Drift = 0.122 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.603 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.341 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.738 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M05-2D Left Head Tilt 11A Ch52 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5260$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.71$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Mid Channel 52/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.869 mW/g

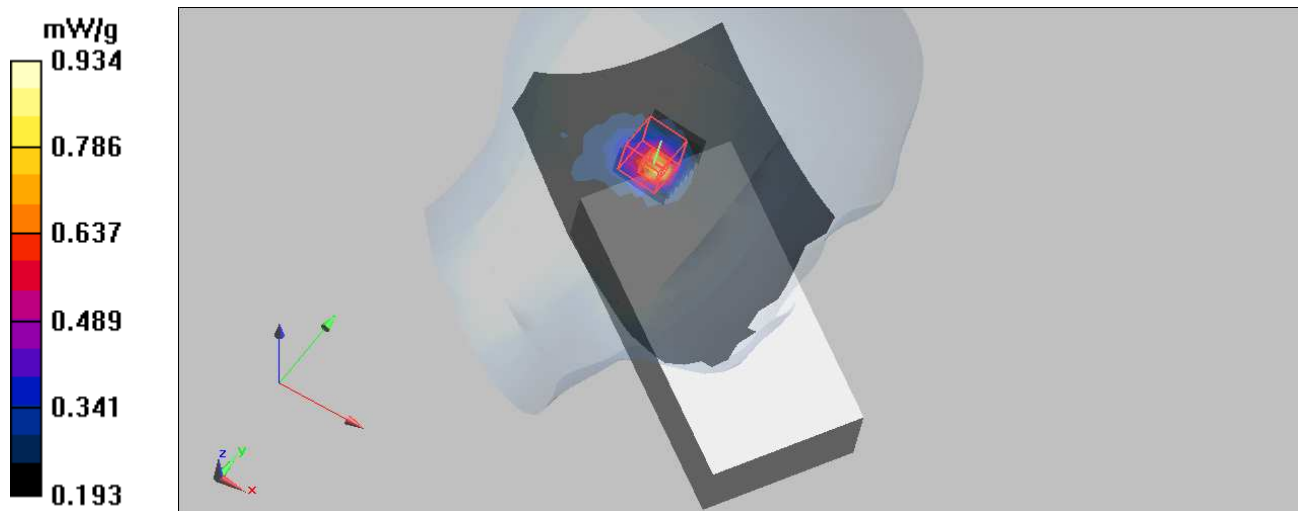
Tilt Position - Mid Channel 52/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 13.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.175 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.744 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.384 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.934 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M05-2D Left Head Tilt 11A Ch60 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.76$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Mid Channel 60/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 mW/g

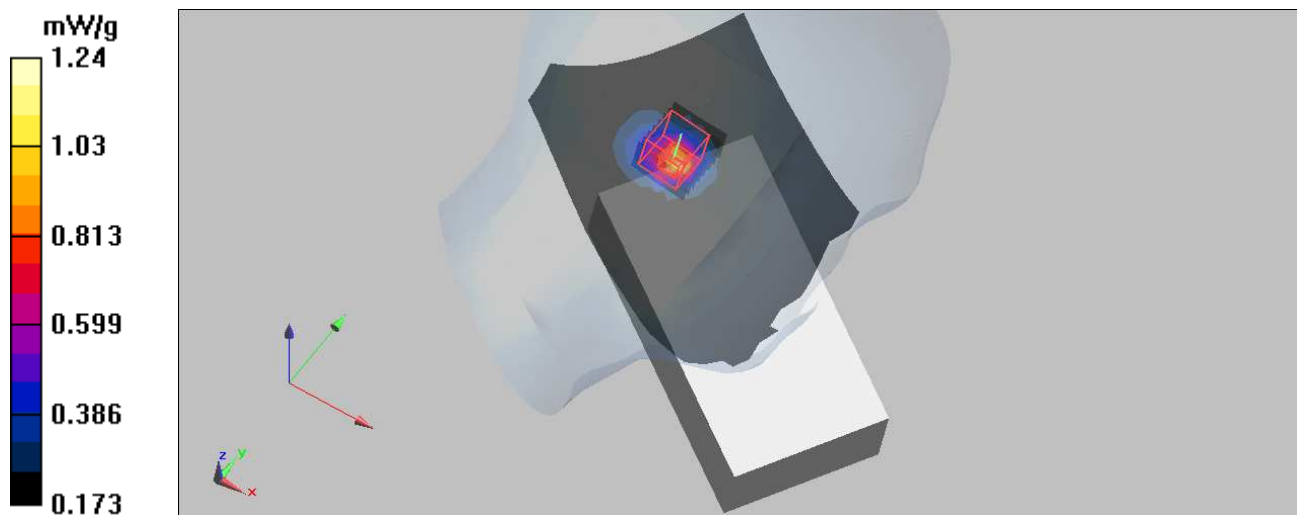
Tilt Position - Mid Channel 60/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 15.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.155 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.962 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.451 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M05-2D Left Head Tilt 11A Ch64 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5320 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5320$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.78$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Mid Channel 64/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 mW/g

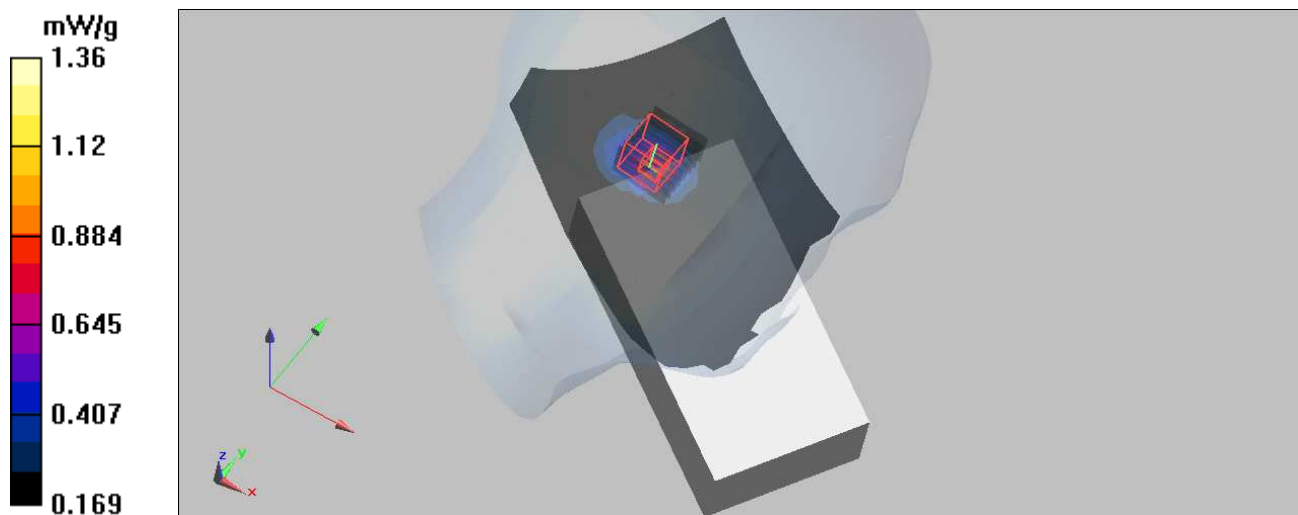
Tilt Position - Mid Channel 64/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 16.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.135 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.03 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.470 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.36 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M05-2D Left Head Tilt 11A Ch100 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Mid Channel 100/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 mW/g

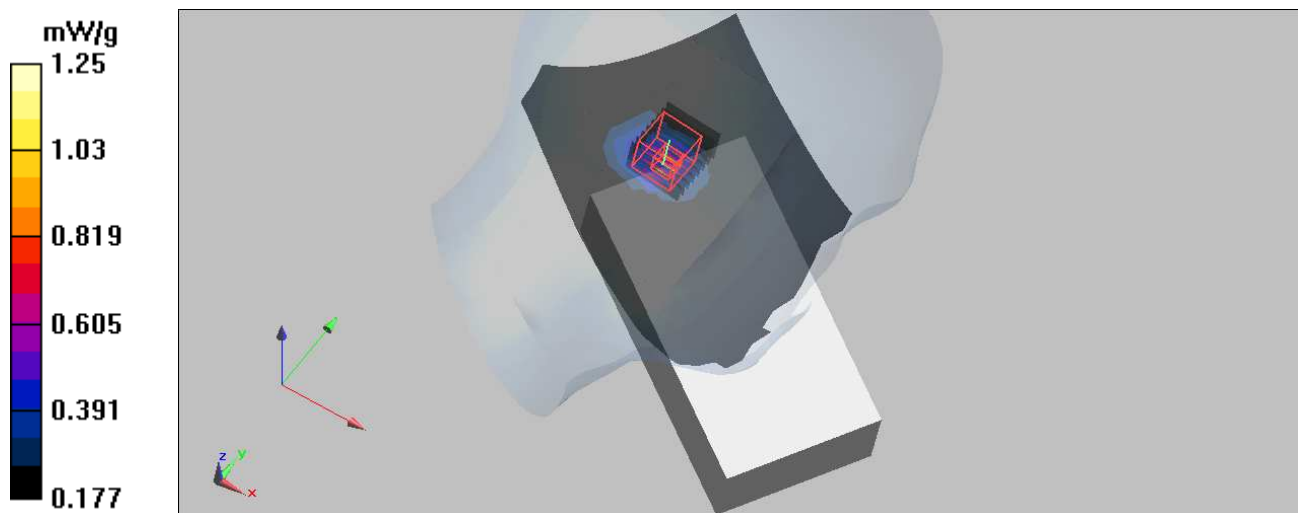
Tilt Position - Mid Channel 100/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 14.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.939 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = 0.434 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M05-2D Left Head Tilt 11A Ch104 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5520$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.02$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Mid Channel 104/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.999 mW/g

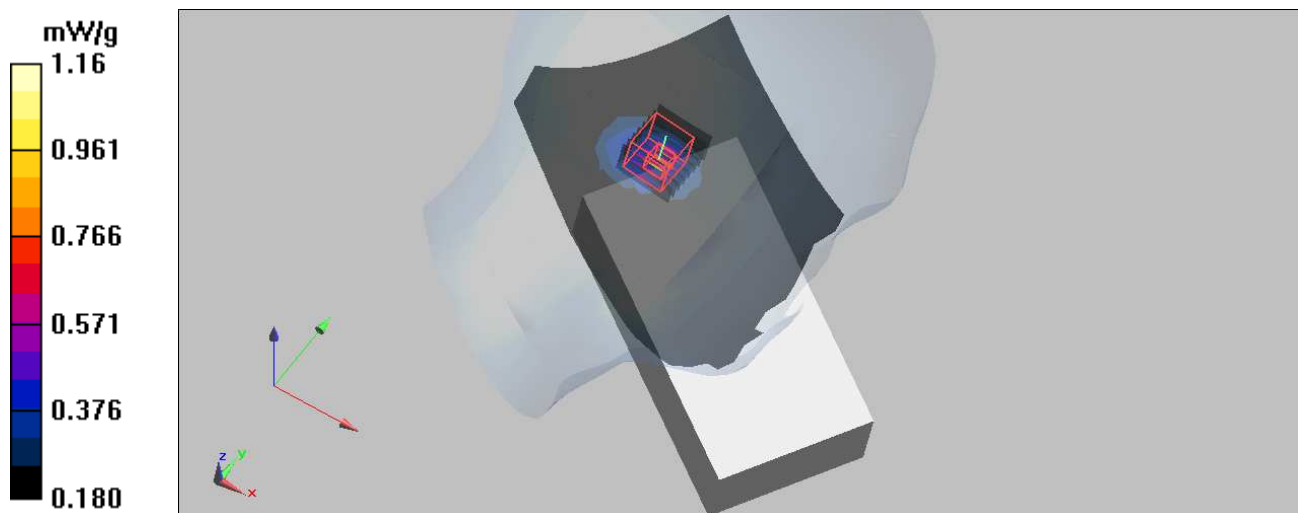
Tilt Position - Mid Channel 104/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 14.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.105 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.876** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.413** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M05-2D Left Head Tilt 11A Ch116 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5580$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Mid Channel 116/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.777 mW/g

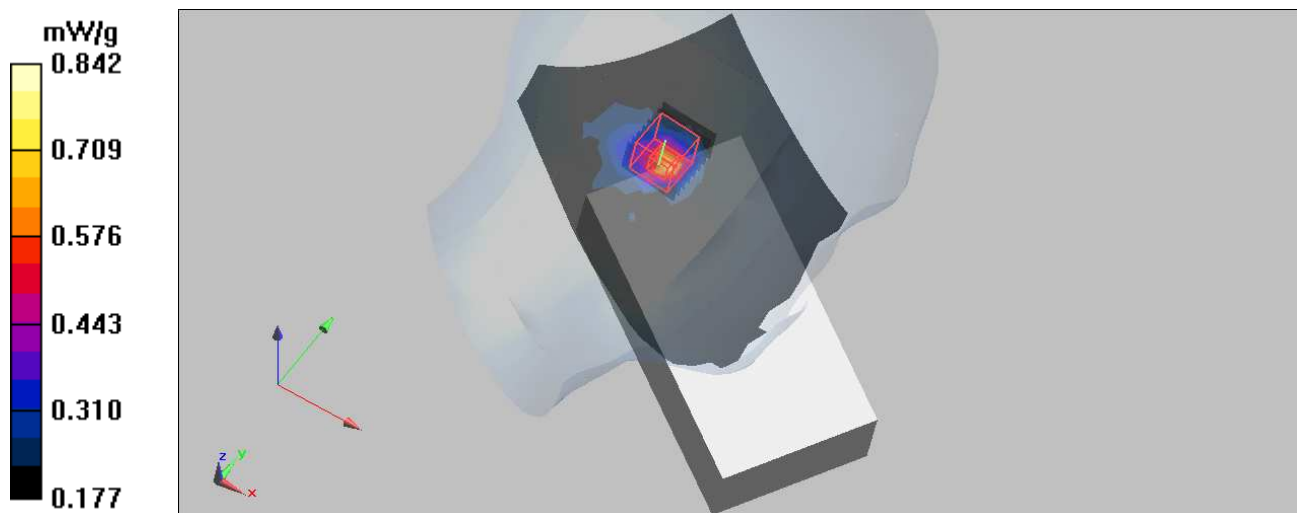
Tilt Position - Mid Channel 116/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 12.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.657** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.344 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.842 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M05-2D Left Head Tilt 11A Ch120 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.12$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Mid Channel 120/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.670 mW/g

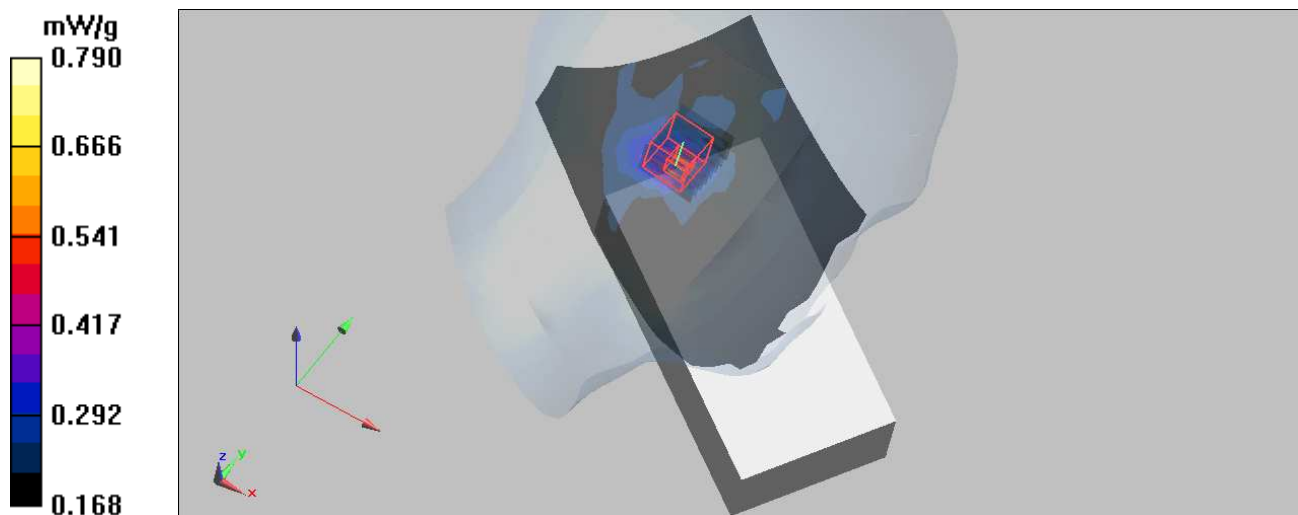
Tilt Position - Mid Channel 120/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 11.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.029 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.610** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.326 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.790 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M05-2D Left Head Tilt 11A Ch124 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5620 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5620$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.15$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - Mid Channel 124/Area Scan (13x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.972 mW/g

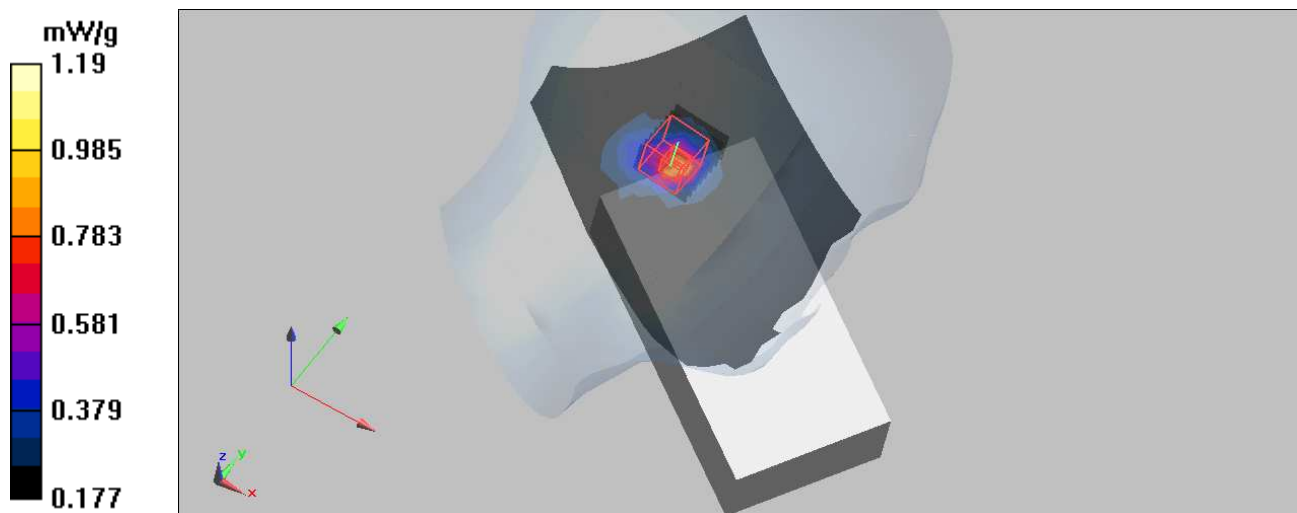
Tilt Position - Mid Channel 124/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 13.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.169 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.74 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.906** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.415** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M05-2D Left Head Tilt 11A Ch136 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5680 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5680$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.22$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - High Channel 136/Area Scan (15x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.1 mW/g

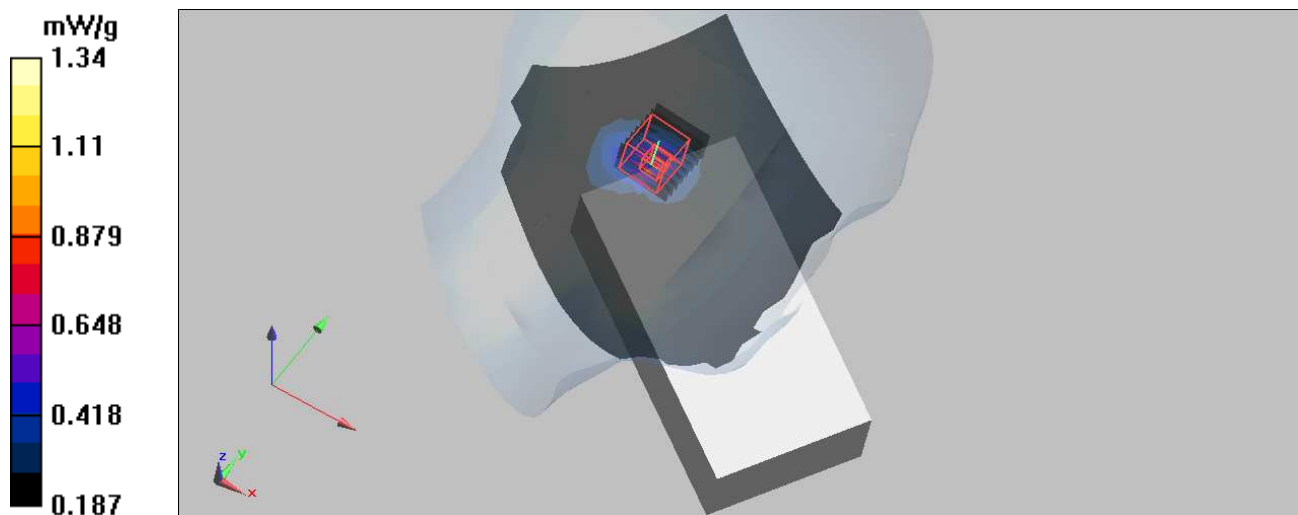
Tilt Position - High Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 14.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.088 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **1.01** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.452** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.34 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M05-2D Left Head Tilt 11A Ch140 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5700 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5700$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.24$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt Position - High Channel 140/Area Scan (15x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.448 mW/g

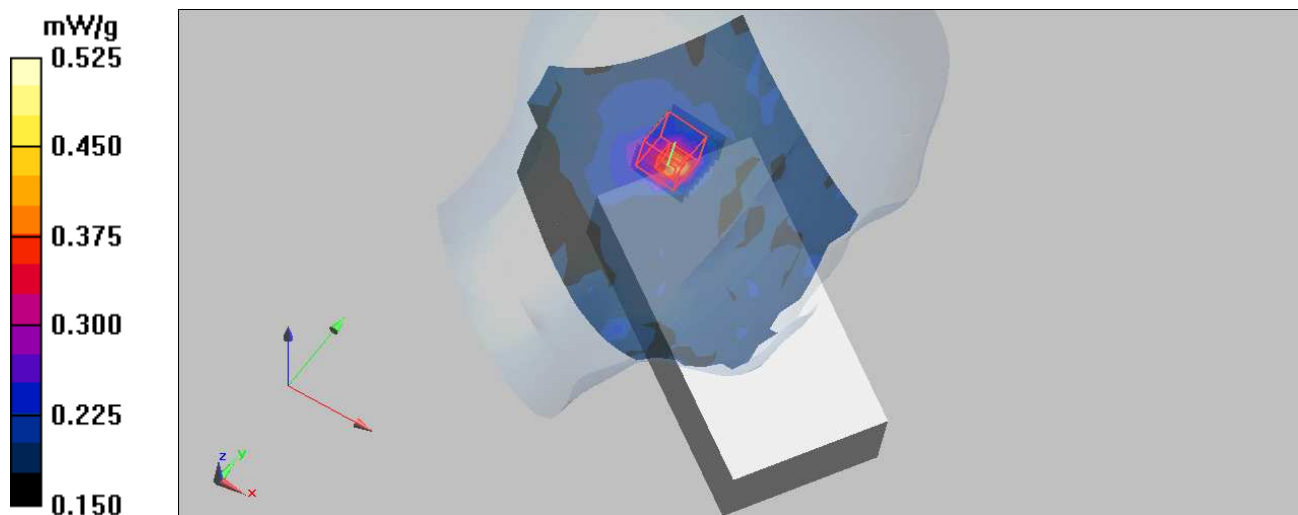
Tilt Position - High Channel 140/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 9.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.162 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.431** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.273** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.525 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M06-2D Body Front (Hard Holster) 11A Ch40 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5200 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.27$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK

Separation Distance : 25 mm (The Front side of the EUT with Holster to the Phantom)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2009/7/17

- Phantom: SAM with CRP ; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125 ; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

BODY Position - Channel 40/Area Scan (13x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.241 mW/g

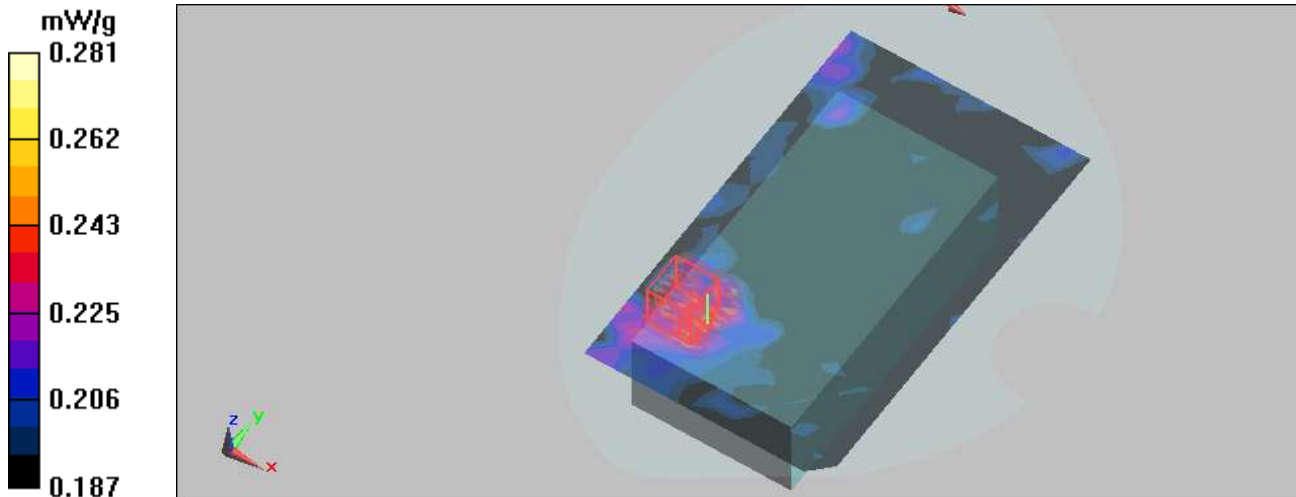
BODY Position - Channel 40/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0642 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.274 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.243** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.235** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.274 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M06-2D Body Front (Hard Holster) 11A Ch64 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5320 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5320 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.45 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK

Separation Distance : 25 mm (The Front side of the EUT with Holster to the Phantom)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.72, 4.72, 4.72) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2009/7/17

- Phantom: SAM with CRP ; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125 ; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

BODY Position - Channel 64/Area Scan (13x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.276 mW/g

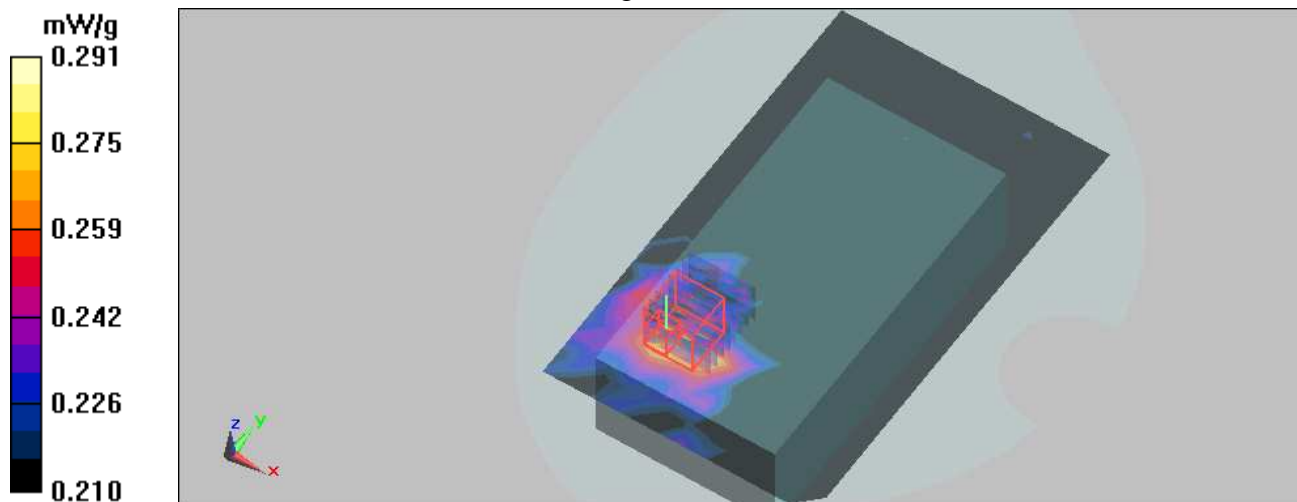
BODY Position - Channel 64/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.187 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.605 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.255 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.235 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.291 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M06-2D Body Front (Hard Holster) 11A Ch136 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5680 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5680$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK

Separation Distance : 25 mm (The Front side of the EUT with leather to the Phantom)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.07, 4.07, 4.07) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2009/7/17

- Phantom: SAM with CRP ; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125 ; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

BODY Position - Channel 136/Area Scan (13x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.270 mW/g

BODY Position - Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.17 V/m; Power Drift = 0.159 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.354 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.271 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.258 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.326 mW/g

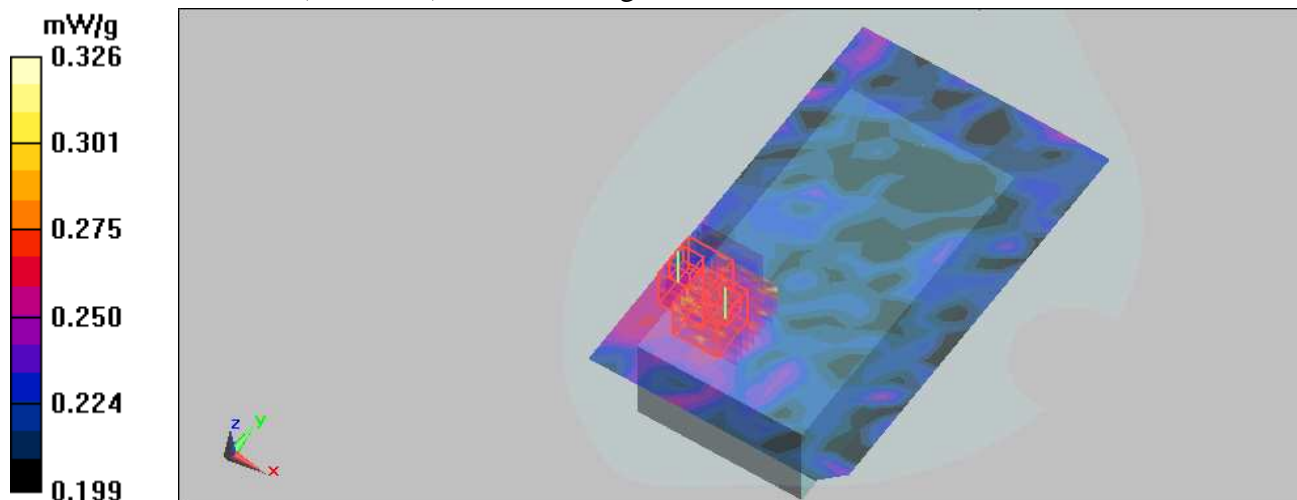
BODY Position - Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.17 V/m; Power Drift = 0.159 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.376 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.268 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.262 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.376 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M07-2D Body Front (Hard Holster) 11A Ch136 / Aux Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5680 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5680$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK

Separation Distance : 25 mm (The Front side of the EUT with Holster to the Phantom)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.07, 4.07, 4.07) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2009/7/17

- Phantom: SAM with CRP ; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125 ; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

BODY Position - Channel 136/Area Scan (13x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.259 mW/g

BODY Position - Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.121 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.268 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.235 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.221 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.268 mW/g

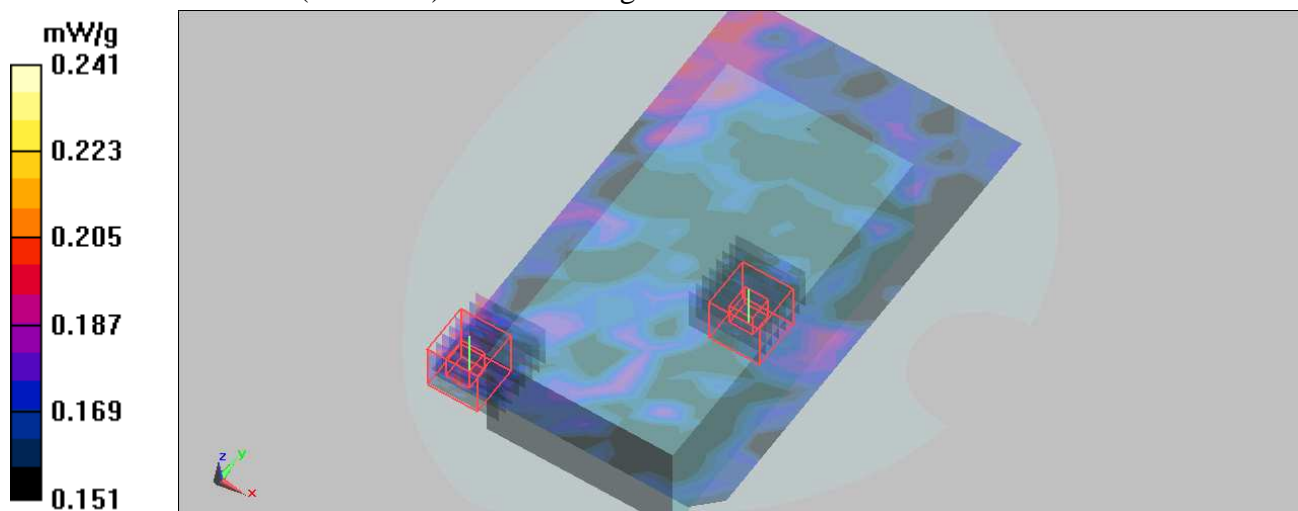
BODY Position - Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.121 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.241 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.216 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.205 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.241 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M08-2D Body Bottom (Leather Holster) 11A Ch136 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5680 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5680$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK

Separation Distance : 28 mm (The bottom side of the EUT with Holster to the Phantom)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.07, 4.07, 4.07) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2009/7/17

- Phantom: SAM with CRP ; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125 ; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

BODY Position - Channel 136/Area Scan (13x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.537 mW/g

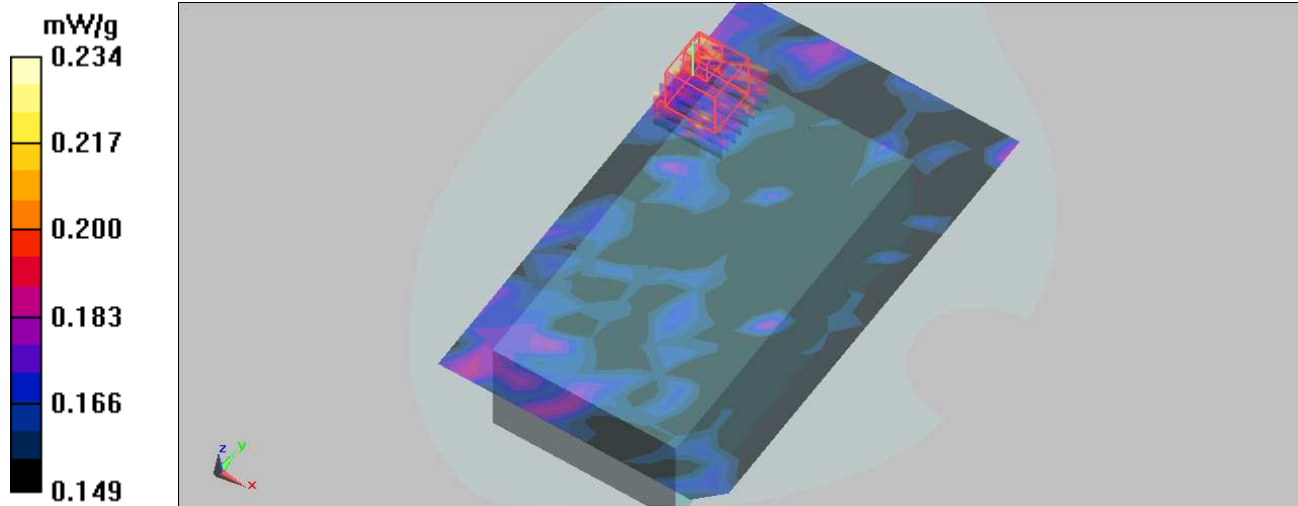
BODY Position - Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 6.23 V/m; Power Drift = 0.031 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.234 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.213** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = **0.200** mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.234 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M09-1D Right Head Check 11A Ch136 / Main Ant

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5680 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5680$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.2$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - High Channel 136/Area Scan (15x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 mW/g

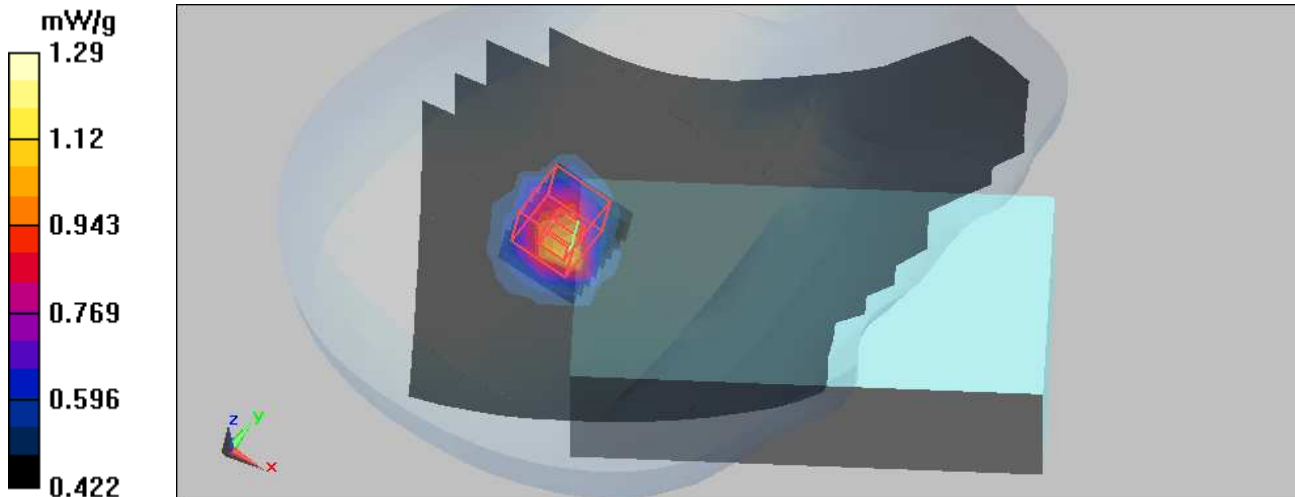
Touch Position - High Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.093 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.692 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

M10-2D Right Head Check 11A Ch136 / Main Ant / 1x Battery

DUT: PDA ; Type: MC 75A0

Communication System: 802.11a ; Frequency: 5680 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5800 Medium parameters used: $f = 5680$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.2$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.61, 4.61, 4.61) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Touch Position - High Channel 136/Area Scan (15x23x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 mW/g

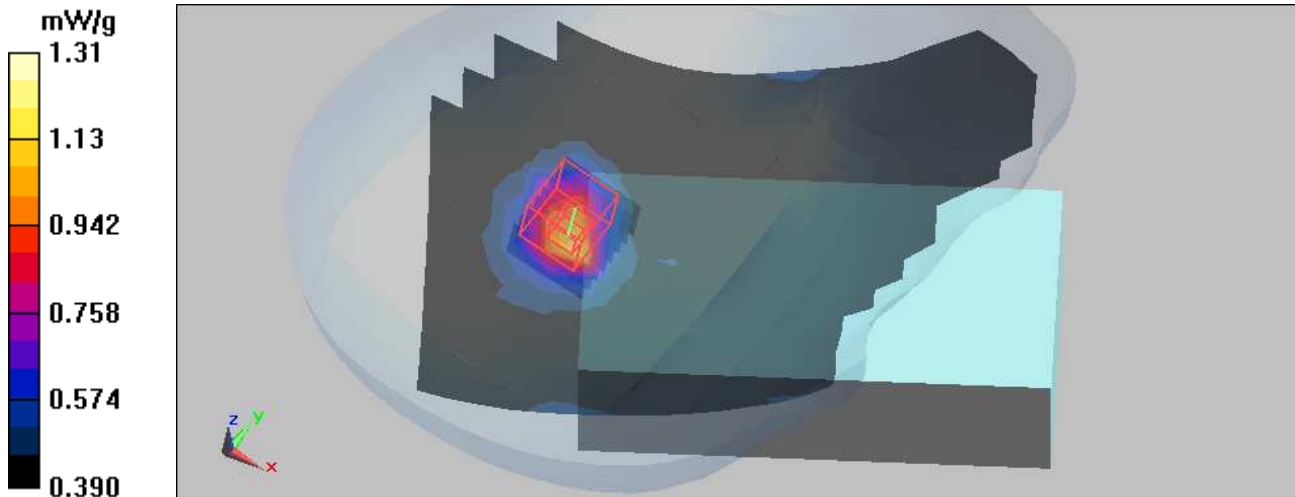
Touch Position - High Channel 136/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.193 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.35 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.703 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.31 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

System validation 5200MHz HSL

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz ; Type: D5GHzV2 ; Serial: 1019 ; Test Frequency: 5200 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW

Medium: HSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.62$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level : 153 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 23.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.6 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(5.34, 5.34, 5.34) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

f=5200, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.58 mW/g

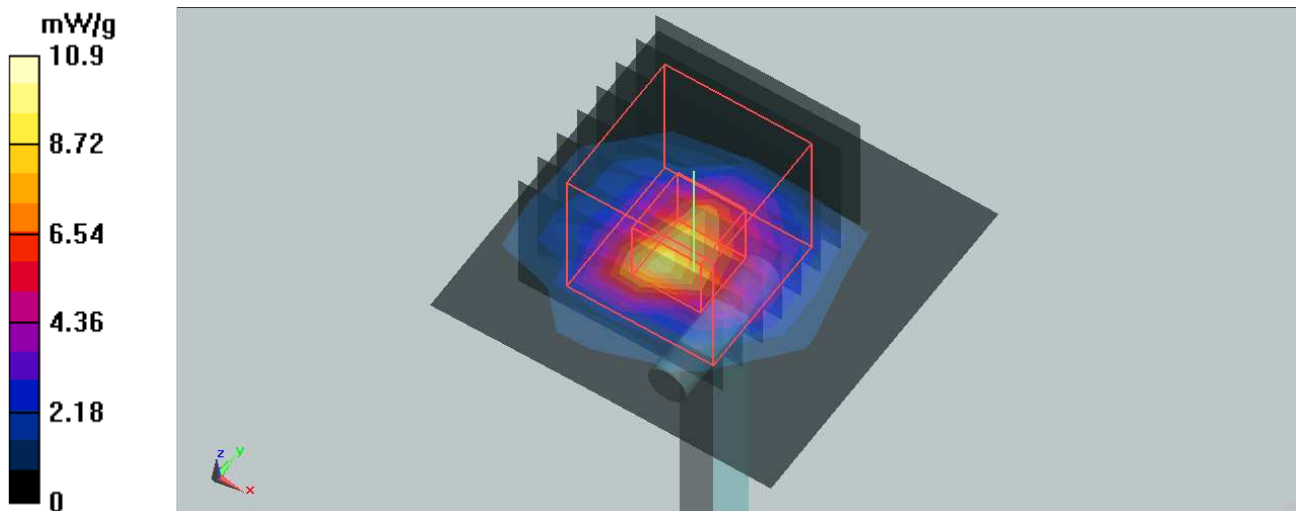
f=5200, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 50.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.53 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

System validation 5500MHz HSL

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz ; Type: D5GHzV2 ; Serial: 1019 ; Test Frequency: 5500 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
Medium: HSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level : 153 mm
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 23.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.6 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

f=5500, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 mW/g

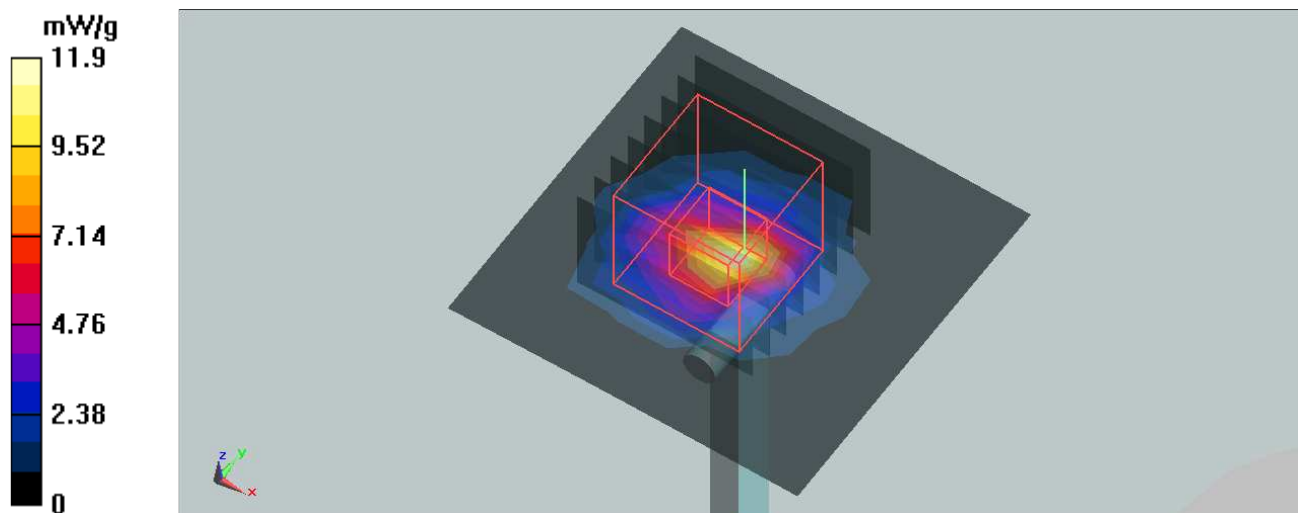
f=5500, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 51.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.136 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.06 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

System validation 5200MHz HSL

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz ; Type: D5GHzV2 ; Serial: 1019 ; Test Frequency: 5200 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW

Medium: HSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.63$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom)

Air temp. : 23.2 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(5.34, 5.34, 5.34) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17

- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

f=5200, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.18 mW/g

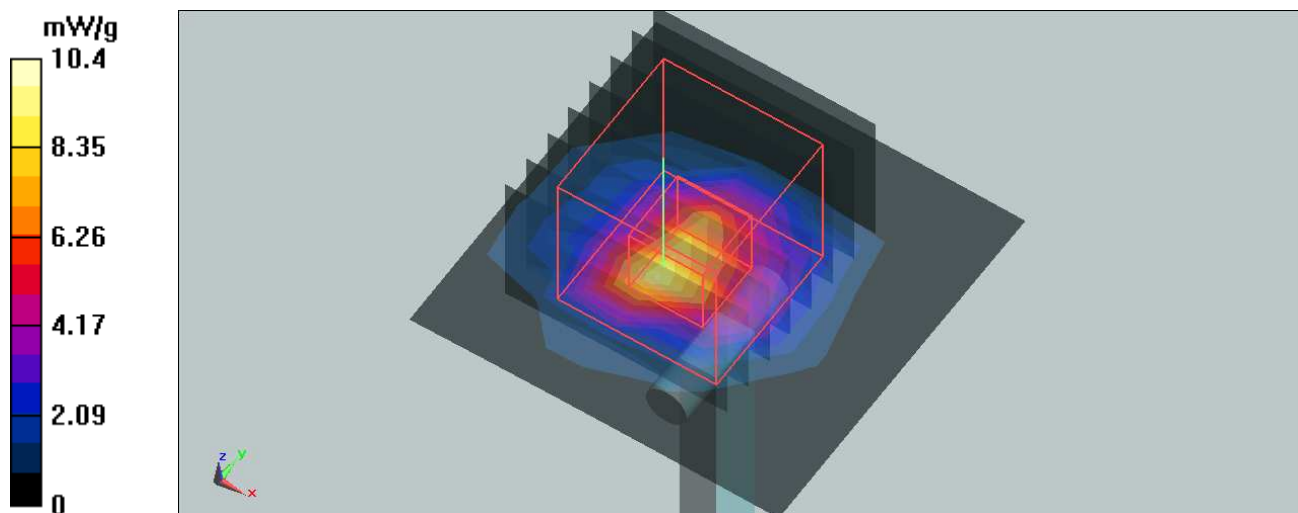
f=5200, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 50.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.22 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.02 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.4 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

System validation 5500MHz HSL

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz ; Type: D5GHzV2 ; Serial: 1018 ; Test Frequency: 5500 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: HSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
 Liquid level : 150 mm
 Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom)
 Air temp. : 23.2 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

f=5500, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 mW/g

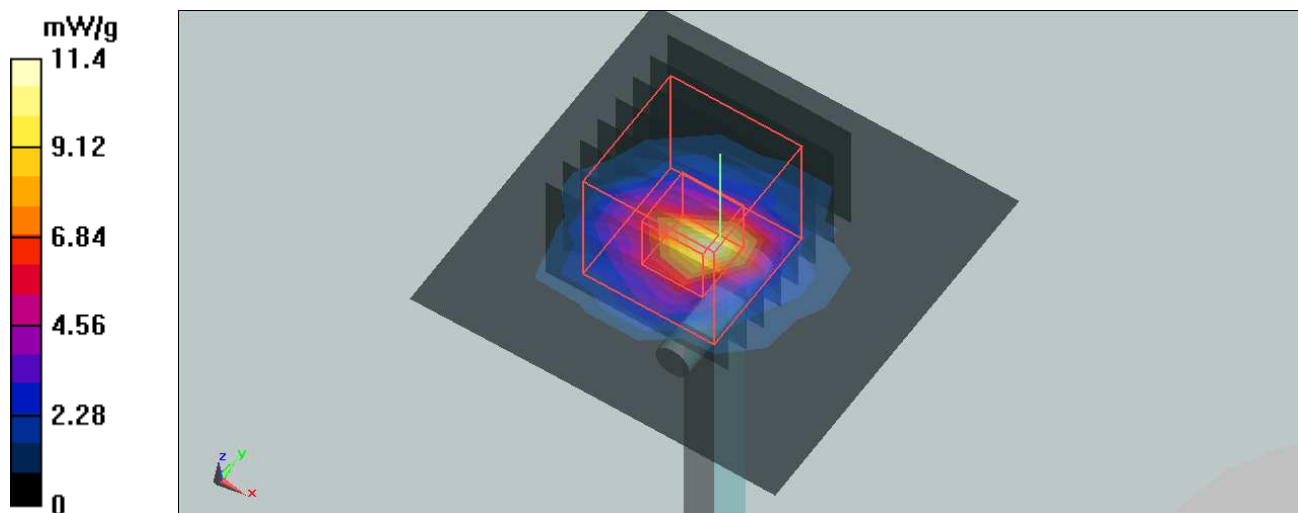
f=5500, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 51.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.136 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.74 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.4 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

System validation 5200MHz HSL

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz ; Type: D5GHzV2 ; Serial: 1019 ; Test Frequency: 5200 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW

Medium: HSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.64$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 23.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.9 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(5.34, 5.34, 5.34) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

f=5200, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.62 mW/g

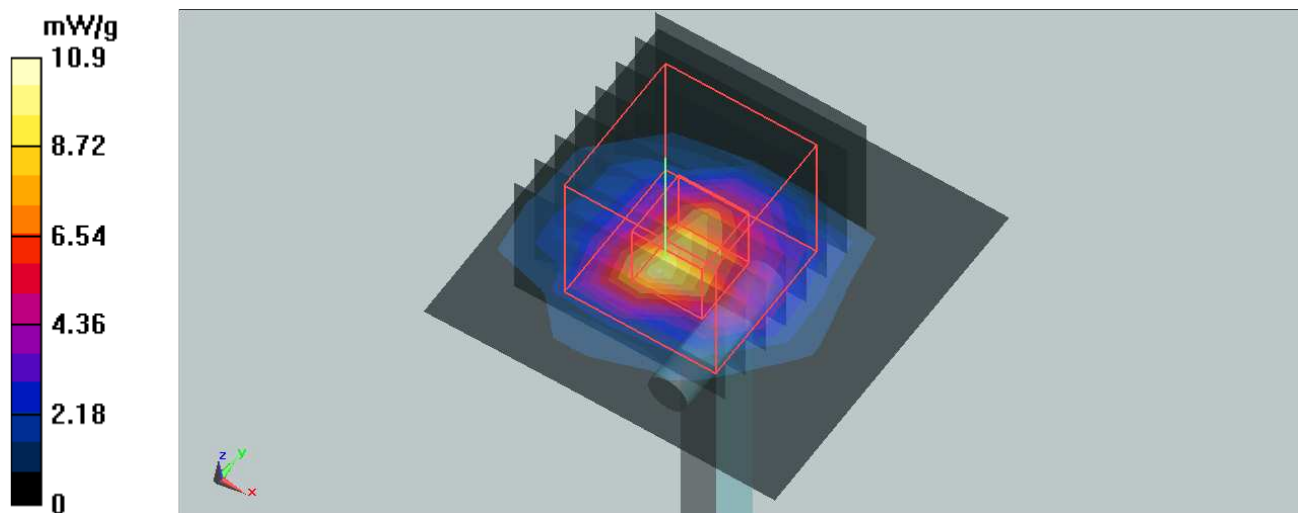
f=5200, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 50.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.57 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

System validation 5500MHz HSL

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz ; Type: D5GHzV2 ; Serial: 1019 ; Test Frequency: 5500 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW

Medium: HSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 23.3 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.9 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

f=5500, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 mW/g

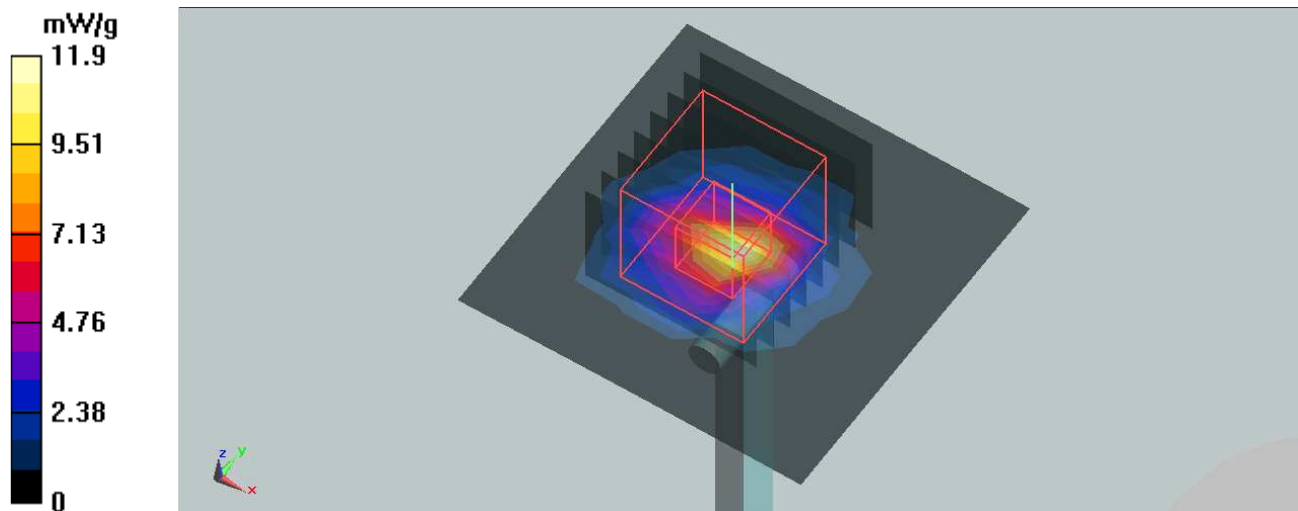
f=5500, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 51.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.136 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.08 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

System validation 5200MHz HSL

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz ; Type: D5GHzV2 ; Serial: 1018 ; Test Frequency: 5200 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW

Medium: HSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.64$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom)

Air temp. : 23.2 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(5.34, 5.34, 5.34) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28

- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17

- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

f=5200, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.83 mW/g

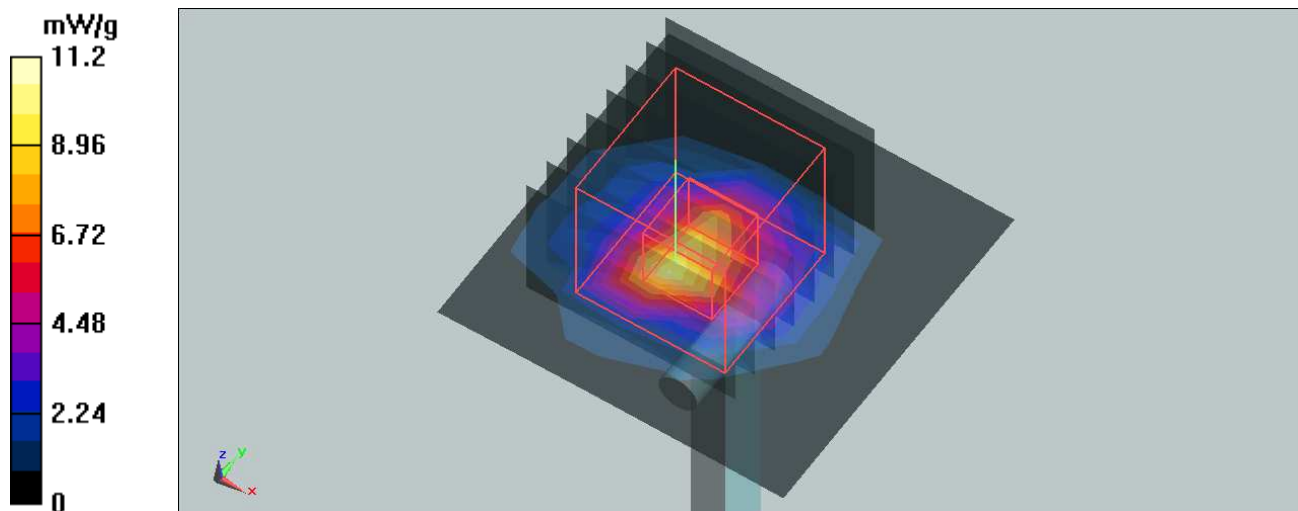
f=5200, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 50.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.73 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

System validation 5500MHz HSL

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz ; Type: D5GHzV2 ; Serial: 1018 ; Test Frequency: 5500 MHzCommunication System: CW ; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
Medium: HSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 36$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 23.2 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.0 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.79, 4.79, 4.79) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

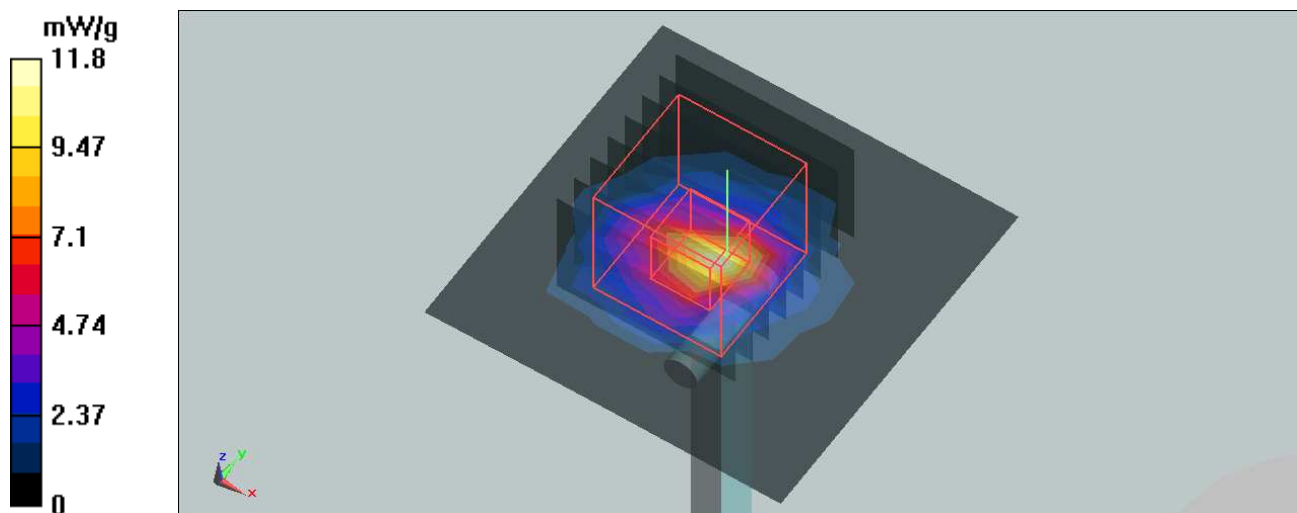
f=5500, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 mW/g**f=5500, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 51.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.136 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.04 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

System validation 5200MHz MSL

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz ; Type: D5GHzV2 ; Serial: 1019 ; Test Frequency: 5200 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: MSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.27$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 23.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.8 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

f=5200, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10 mW/g

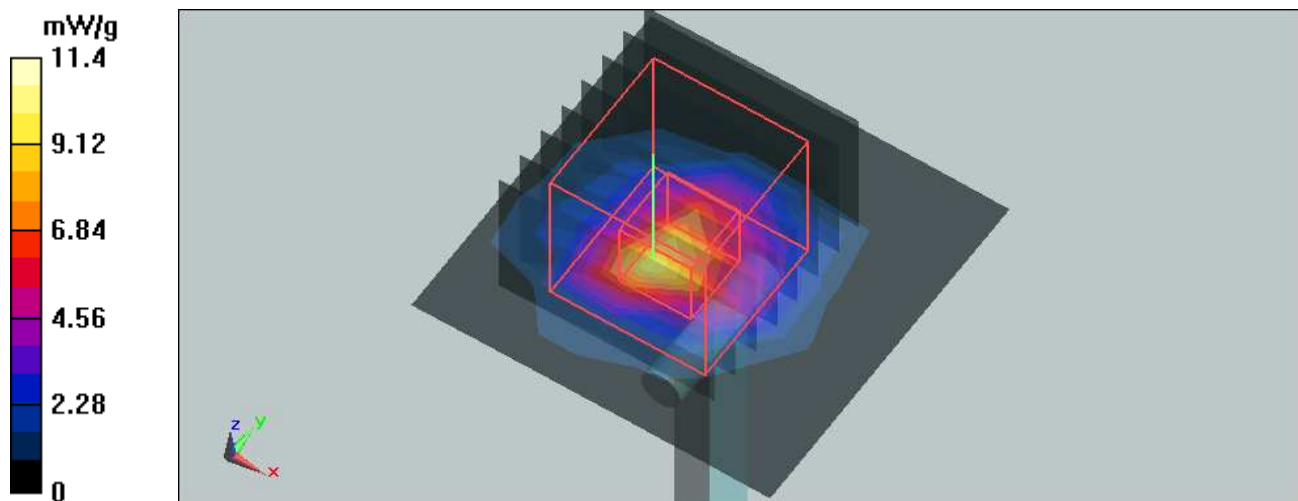
f=5200, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 47.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.100 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.57 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.4 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT

System validation 5500MHz MSL

DUT: Dipole 5 GHz ; Type: D5GHzV2 ; Serial: 1019 ; Test Frequency: 5500 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
 Medium: MSL5800; Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.71$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 49.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 23.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 22.8 degrees

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3590 ; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42) ; Calibrated: 2009/4/28
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2009/7/17
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1485
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

f=5500, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 mW/g

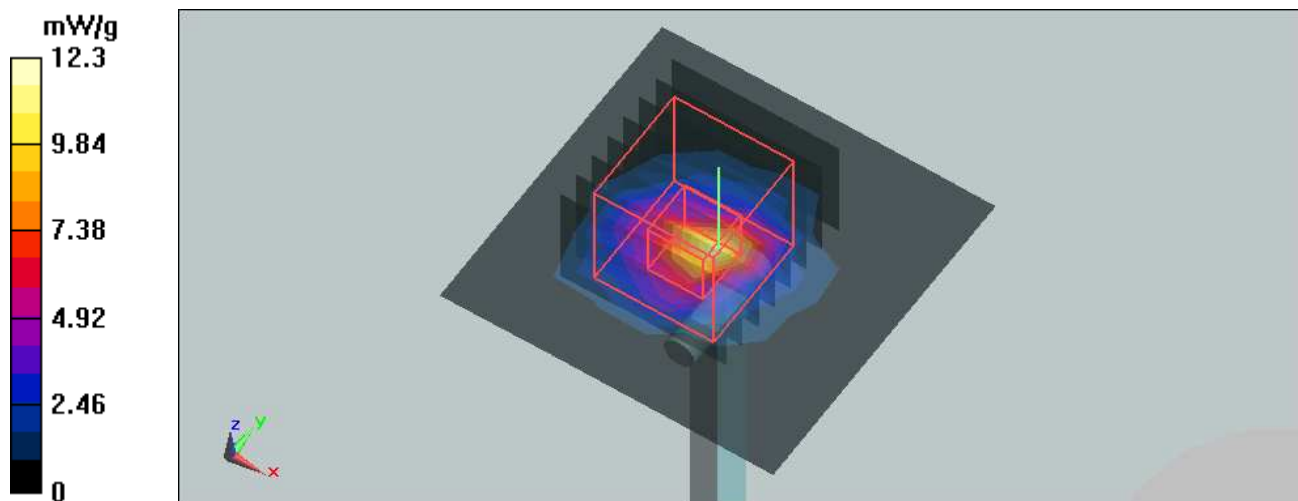
f=5500, d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x8)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 47.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.112 dB

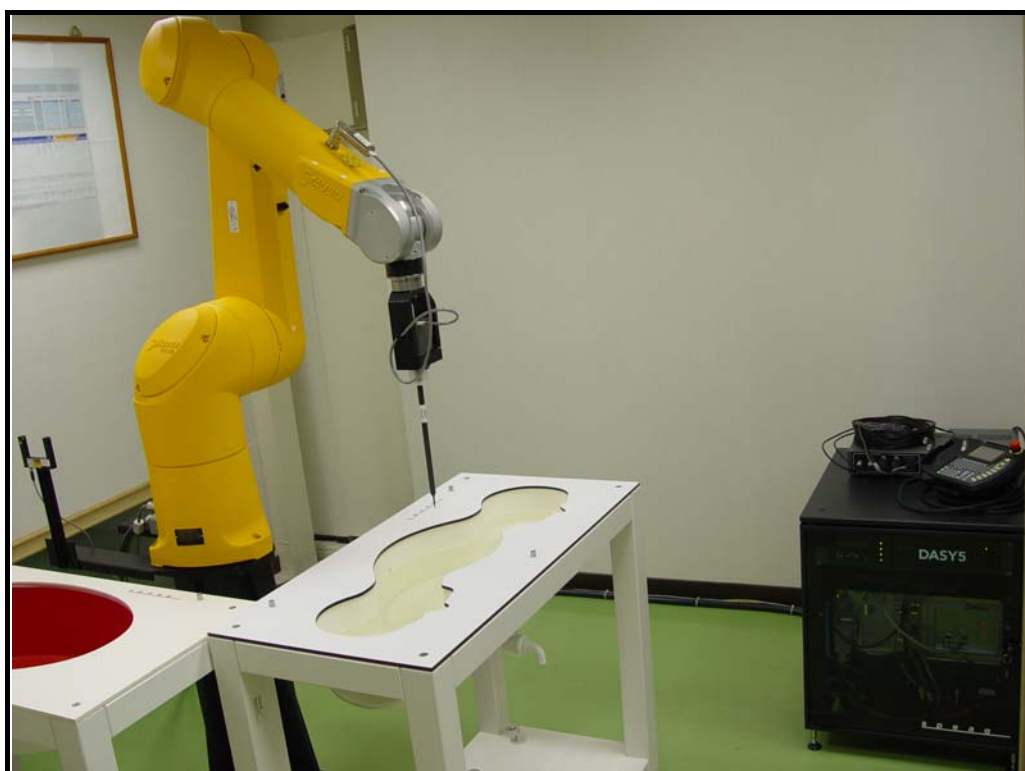
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.14 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 mW/g



APPENDIX B: BV ADT SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM



APPENDIX C: PHOTOGRAPHS OF SYSTEM VALIDATION

