



SAR TEST REPORT (Mobile Phone)

REPORT NO.: SA970123L04

MODEL NO.: MC7596

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TESTED: Feb. 01 ~ Feb. 04, 2008

ISSUED: Feb. 27, 2008

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1. CERTIFICATION

PRODUCT: EDA (Enterprise Digital Assistant)

MODEL: MC7596

BRAND: Symbol

APPLICANT: Symbol Technologies, Inc.

TESTED: Feb. 01 ~ Feb. 04, 2008

TEST SAMPLE: PROTOTYPE

STANDARDS: FCC Part 2 (Section 2.1093)

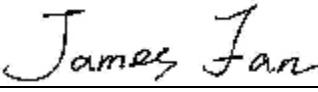
FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01)

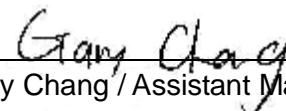
RSS-102

IEEE 1528-2003

The above equipment (model: MC7596) have been tested by **Advance Data Technology Corporation**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's EMC characteristics under the conditions specified in this report.

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APPROVED BY :  , **DATE:** Mar. 03, 2008
Gary Chang / Assistant Manager



2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

PRODUCT	EDA (Enterprise Digital Assistant)
MODEL NO.	MC7596
FCC ID	H9PMC7596
POWER SUPPLY	3.7Vdc from rechargeable lithium battery 5.4Vdc from power adapter
CLASSIFICATION	Portable device, production unit
MODULATION TYPE	GMSK / 8PSK / BPSK
FREQUENCY RANGE	Tx Frequency: 824.2MHz ~ 848.8MHz (GSM band) 1850.2MHz ~ 1909.8MHz (WCDMA band) Rx Frequency: 869.2MHz ~ 893.8MHz (GSM band) 1930.2MHz ~ 1989.8MHz (WCDMA band)
CHANNEL FREQUENCIES UNDER TEST AND ITS CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	GSM850 band: 1.905W / 824.2MHz for channel 128 1.950W / 836.6MHz for channel 190 1.995W / 848.8MHz for channel 251 WCDMA850 band: 0.385W / 826.4MHz for channel 4132 0.385W / 836.4MHz for channel 4182 0.393W / 846.6MHz for channel 4233 PCS1900 band: 0.933W / 1850.2MHz for channel 512 0.955W / 1880.0MHz for channel 661 0.912W / 1909.8MHz for channel 810 WCDMA1900 band: 0.428W / 1852.4MHz for channel 9262 0.494W / 1880.0MHz for channel 9400 0.459W / 1907.6MHz for channel 9538

MAX. AVERAGE SAR (1g)	Head: 0.665W/kg (GSM850) 0.610W/kg (WCDMA850) 0.642W/kg (GSM1900) 0.771W/kg (WCDMA1900)	
	Body: 0.141W/kg (GSM850) 0.045W/kg (WCDMA850) 0.040W/kg (GSM1900) 0.044W/kg (WCDMA1900)	
ANTENNA TYPE	Monopole antenna	
MAX. ANTENNA GAIN	850MHz: 4.0dBi	1900MHz: 2.0dBi
DATA CABLE	Refer to NOTE	
I/O PORTS	Refer to user's manual	
ASSOCIATED DEVICES	Battery	
EUT EXTREME VOL. RANGE	3.7Vdc to 4.2Vdc	

NOTE:

- The applicant defined the normal working voltage of the battery is from 3.7Vdc to 4.2Vdc.
- The models as identified below are identical to each other except of the following options:
 - Keypad: Numeric / QWERTY
 - Barcode reader: 1D laser scanner / 2D Imager

BRAND	MODEL	DESCRIPTION
Symbol	MC7596	HSDPA 1D Numeric
Symbol	MC7596	HSDPA 2D QWERTY

**the worst case had been marked by boldface.

- The EUT is an EDA (Enterprise Digital Assistant). The functions of EUT listed as below:

	REFERENCE REPORT
WLAN 802.11a/b/g (15.247) + Bluetooth	SA970123L04-2
WLAN 802.11a (15.407)	SA970123L04-3
GSM850 / WCDMA850	SA970123L04
PCS1900 / WCDMA1900	
Mobile + WLAN + Bluetooth (Co-located)	SA970123L04-1

4. The communicated functions of EUT listed as below:

		GSM850MHz	PCS1900MHz	WCDMA850MHz	WCDMA1900MHz	With 802.11a/b/g + Bluetooth + GPS functions
2G	GSM	√	√			
	GPRS	√	√			
	EDGE	√	√			
3G	WCDMA			√	√	
	Release 5 HSDPA			√	√	

5. The EUT has one lithium battery listed as below:

LI-LON BATTERY	
BRAND:	MOTOROLA
MODEL:	82-71364-05 Rev A
RATING:	3.7Vdc, 3600mAh

6. The following accessories are for support units only.

PRODUCT	BRAND	MODEL	DESCRIPTION
RS232 charging cable	Motorola	25-102776-01R	1.2m non-shielded cable with one core
USB charging cable	Motorola	25-102775-01R	1.5m shielded cable with one core
Headset	Motorola	50-11300-050R	VR10 headset 0.8m non-shielded cable with one core
Power Supply Adaptor	Motorola	EADP-16BB A	I/P: 100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 0.4A O/P: 5.4Vdc, 3A 1.8m non-shielded cable without core
Holster	Motorola	SG-MC7011110-01R	Ridged holster

7. Hardware version: 1c.

8. Software version: BSP16.

9. IMEI Code: 00440168000 000 ~ 00440168000 999.

10. The above EUT information was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.



2.2 SAR MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS FOR WCDMA

The following procedures were followed according to FCC “SAR Measurement Procedure for 3G Devices”, October 2007.

Ø Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1” s” for WCDMA/HSDPA or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HSDPA, HSPA) should be tabulated in the SAR report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations should be clearly identified.

Ø Head SAR Measurement

SAR for head exposure configurations in voice mode is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1” s” . SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 kbps AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel.

Ø Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations in voice and data modes is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1”s. SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn, when supported by the DUT, are not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCHn configuration, are less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than those measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel with an applicable RMC configuration for the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR with 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the DUT, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn for a DUT using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

Ø Handsets with Release 5 HSDPA

Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA, using the additional body SAR procedures in the “Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices” section of this document, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA should be tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.



2.3 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, this product must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01- 01)

RSS-102

IEEE 1528-2003

All test items have been performed and recorded as per the above standards.



2.4 GENERAL INFORMATION OF THE SAR SYSTEM

DASY4 (software 4.7 Build 53) consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY4 software defined. The DASY4 software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

ET3DV6 ISOTROPIC E-FIELD PROBE

CONSTRUCTION	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycoether).
FREQUENCY	10MHz to 3GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30MHz to 3GHz)
DYNAMIC RANGE	5 μ W/g to > 100mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
OPTICAL SURFACE DETECTION	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
DIMENSIONS	Overall length: 330mm (Tip Length: 16mm) Tip diameter: 6.8mm (Body diameter: 12mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7mm
APPLICATION	General dosimetric measurements up to 3GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms (ET3DV6)

NOTE

1. The Probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG. Please reference "APPENDIX D" for the Calibration Certification Report.
2. For frequencies above 800MHz, calibration in a rectangular wave-guide is used, because wave-guide size is manageable.
3. For frequencies below 800MHz, temperature transfer calibration is used because the wave-guide size becomes relatively large.



TWIN SAM V4.0

CONSTRUCTION The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.

SHELL THICKNESS 2 ± 0.2 mm

FILLING VOLUME Approx. 25 liters

DIMENSIONS Height: 810 mm; Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm

SYSTEM VALIDATION KITS:

CONSTRUCTION	Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun Enables measurement of feedpoint impedance with NWA Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with brain simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor
CALIBRATION	Calibrated SAR value for specified position and input power at the flat phantom in brain simulating solutions
FREQUENCY	835, 1900
RETURN LOSS	> 20 dB at specified validation position
POWER CAPABILITY	> 100 W ($f < 1\text{GHz}$); > 40 W ($f > 1\text{GHz}$)
OPTIONS	Dipoles for other frequencies or solutions and other calibration conditions upon request

DEVICE HOLDER FOR SAM TWIN PHANTOM

CONSTRUCTION

The device holder for the GSM900/DCS1800/PCS1900 GSM/GPRS/CDMA Mobile Phone device is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered. The device holder for the portable device makes up of the polyethylene foam. The dielectric parameters of material close to the dielectric parameters of the air.

DATA ACQUISITION ELECTRONICS

CONSTRUCTION

The data acquisition electronics (DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplex, a fast 16 bit AD converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe is mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The input impedance of the DAE3 box is 200M Ω ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

2.5 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE SPATIAL PEAK SAR EVALUATION

The DASY4 post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the micro-volt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	dcp _i
Device parameters:	- Frequency	F
	- Crest factor	Cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

V _i	=compensated signal of channel i	(i = x, y, z)
U _i	=input signal of channel I	(i = x, y, z)
Cf	=crest factor of exciting field	(DASY parameter)
dcp _i	=diode compression point	(DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E-field probes: } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{Conv}F}}$$

$$\text{H-field probes: } H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

V_i = compensated signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$ for ($i = x, y, z$)
E-field Probes

$\text{Conv}F$ = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

F = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{r \cdot 1'000}$$

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³



Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid. The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1 g and 10 g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

1. The extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
2. The calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
3. The generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
4. The interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
5. The extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
6. The calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1 g and 10 g.

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors that is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is less than 30 degree.

In the Area Scan, the gradient of the interpolation function is evaluated to find all the extreme of the SAR distribution. The uncertainty on the locations of the extreme is less than 1/20 of the grid size. Only local maximum within -2 dB of the global maximum are searched and passed for the Cube Scan measurement. In the Cube Scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the lowest measurement points to the inner phantom surface (the extrapolation distance). The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5mm.



The maximum search is automatically performed after each area scan measurement. It is based on splines in two or three dimensions. The procedure can find the maximum for most SAR distributions even with relatively large grid spacing. After the area scanning measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The following scan can directly use this position for reference, e.g., for a finer resolution grid or the cube evaluations. The 1g and 10g peak evaluations are only available for the predefined cube 7 x 7 x 7 scans. The routines are verified and optimized for the grid dimensions used in these cube measurements. The measured volume of 30 x 30 x 30mm contains about 30g of tissue. The first procedure is an extrapolation (incl. boundary correction) to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid (42875 points). In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is then moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.



3. DESCRIPTION OF SUPPORT UNITS

The EUT has been tested as an independent unit together with other necessary accessories or support units. The following support units or accessories were used to form a representative test configuration during the tests.

NO.	PRODUCT	BRAND	MODEL NO.	SERIAL NO.	CALIBRATED UNTIL
1	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU200	101372	Nov. 25, 2008

NO.	SIGNAL CABLE DESCRIPTION OF THE ABOVE SUPPORT UNITS
1	NA

NOTE: All power cords of the above support units are non shielded (1.8m).

4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

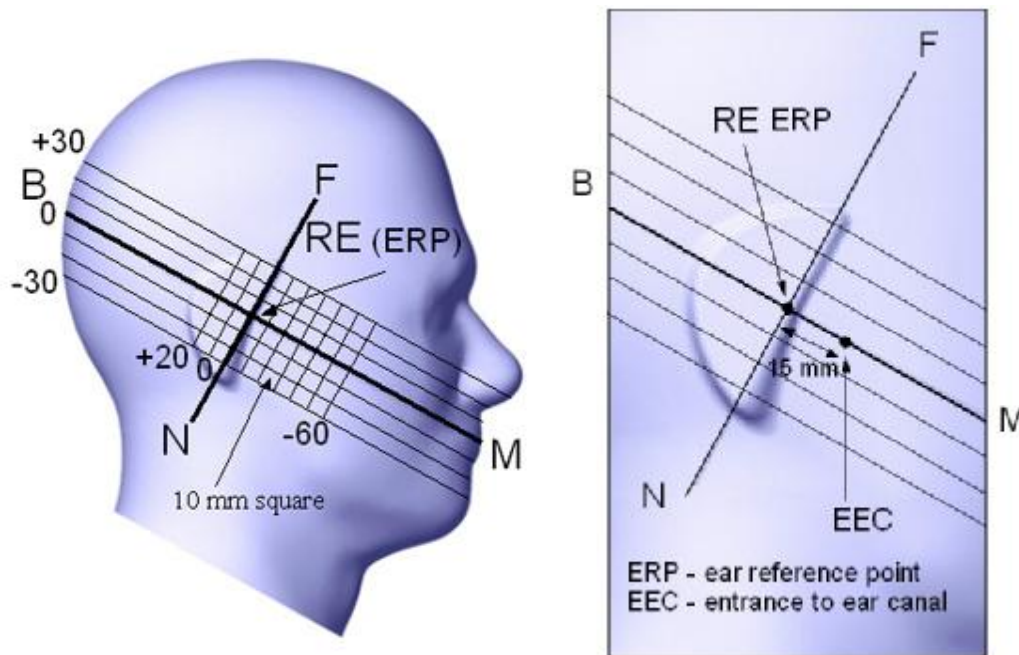


FIGURE 3.1

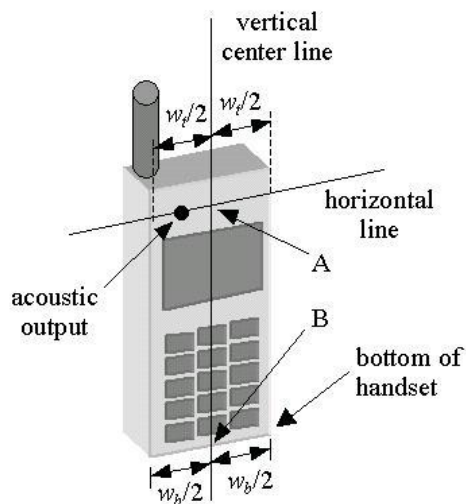


FIGURE 3.1a

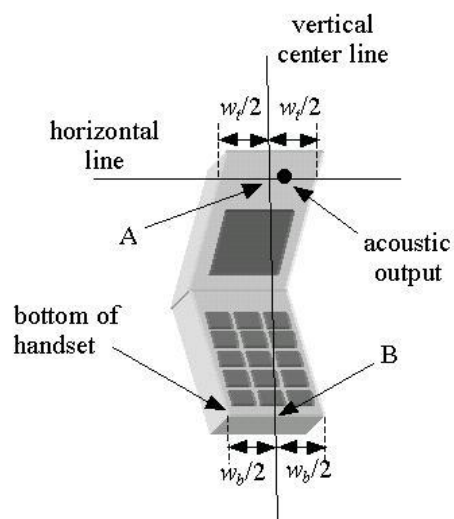
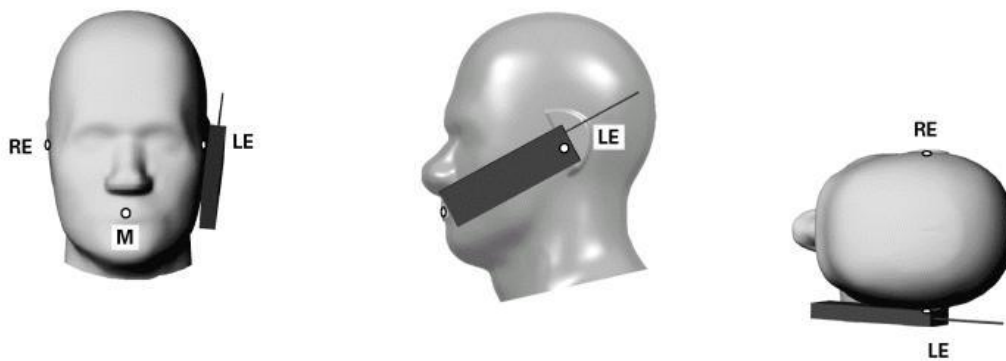


FIGURE 3.1b

4.2.1 TOUCH/CHEEK TEST POSITION

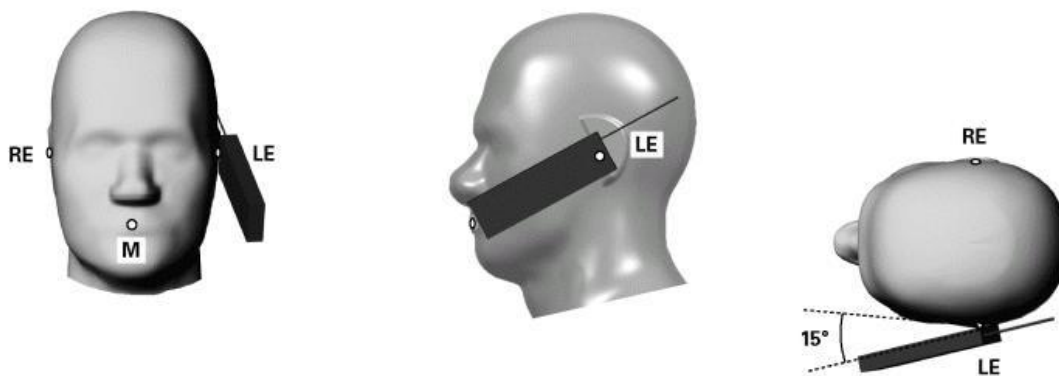
The head position in Figure 3.1, the ear reference points ERP are 15mm above entrance to ear canal along the B-M line. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the B-M (Back Mouth) line. The handset device in Figure 3.1a and 3.1b, The vertical centerline pass through two points on the front side of handset: the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A) and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The vertical centerline is perpendicular to the horizontal line and pass through the center of the acoustic output. The point A touches the ERP and the vertical centerline of the handset is parallel to the B-M line. While maintaining the point A contact with the ear(ERP), rotate the handset about the line NF until any point on handset is in contact with the cheek of the phantom



TOUCH/CHEEK POSITION FIGURE

4.2.2 TILT TEST POSITION

Adjust the device in the cheek position. While maintaining a point of the handset contact in the ear, move the bottom of the handset away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees.



TILT POSITION FIGURE

4.2.3 BODY-WORN CONFIGURATION

The handset device attached the belt clip or the holster. The keypad face of the handset is against with the bottom of the flat phantom face and the bottom of the keypad face contact to the bottom of the flat phantom.

When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

4.2 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODE

TEST MODE	COMMUNICATION MODE	MODULATION TYPE	ASSESSMENT POSITION	TESTED CHANNEL	REMARK
1	GSM850	GMSK	A / Cheek	128, 190, 251	
2		GMSK	A / Tilt	128, 190, 251	
3		GMSK	B / Cheek	128, 190, 251	
4		GMSK	B / Tilt	128, 190, 251	
5		GMSK	C : Body / Front	128, 190, 251	
6	GPRS850 TS2	GMSK	C : Body / Front	251	
7	GPRS850 TS1	GMSK	C : Body / Front	251	
8	E-GPRS850 TS2	8PSK	C : Body / Front	251	
9	E-GPRS850 TS1	8PSK	C : Body / Front	251	
10	WCDMA850	BPSK	A / Cheek	4132, 4182, 4233	
11		BPSK	A / Tilt	4132, 4182, 4233	
12		BPSK	B / Cheek	4132, 4182, 4233	
13		BPSK	B / Tilt	4132, 4182, 4233	
14		BPSK	C : Body / Front	4132, 4182, 4233	
15	HSDPA850	BPSK	C : Body / Front	4233	
16	PCS1900	GMSK	A / Cheek	512, 661, 810	
17		GMSK	A / Tilt	512, 661, 810	
18		GMSK	B / Cheek	512, 661, 810	
19		GMSK	B / Tilt	512, 661, 810	
20		GMSK	C : Body / Front	512, 661, 810	
21	GPRS1900 TS2	GMSK	C : Body / Front	661	
22	GPRS1900 TS1	GMSK	C : Body / Front	661	
23	E-GPRS1900 TS2	8PSK	C : Body / Front	661	
24	E-GPRS1900 TS1	8PSK	C : Body / Front	661	

For model:
HSDPA 2D
QWERTY

TEST MODE	COMMUNICATION MODE	MODULATION TYPE	ASSESSMENT POSITION	TESTED CHANNEL	REMARK
25	WCDMA1900	BPSK	A / Cheek	9262, 9400, 9538	For model: HSDPA 2D QWERTY
26		BPSK	A / Tilt	9262, 9400, 9538	
27		BPSK	B / Cheek	9262, 9400, 9538	
28		BPSK	B / Tilt	9262, 9400, 9538	
29		BPSK	C : Body / Front	9262, 9400, 9538	
30	HSDPA1900	BPSK	C : Body / Front	9400	
31	GSM850	GMSK	B / Tilt	128	For model: HSDPA 1D Numeric
32	WCDMA850	BPSK	B / Tilt	4233	
33	PCS1900	GMSK	B / Tilt	810	
34	WCDMA1900	BPSK	B / Tilt	9400	

NOTE: Assessment position A: Right head position, B: Left head position, C: Body position, please refer to appendix E for the photo.

4.3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

THE EUT OF THIS MODE IS WITH MODEL HSDPA 2D QWERTY:

ITEM		1	2	3	4
PART OF ASSESSMENT		HEAD POSITION			
COMMUNICATION MODE		GSM850			
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)			
128	824.2 (Low)	0.487	0.576	0.537	0.665
190	836.6 (Mid.)	0.396	0.468	0.427	0.545
251	848.8 (High)	0.316	0.373	0.333	0.441

ITEM		5	6	7	8	9
PART OF ASSESSMENT		BODY POSITION				
COMMUNICATION MODE		GSM850	GPRS850 TS2	GPRS850 TS1	E-GPRS850 TS2	E-GPRS850 TS1
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)				
128	824.2 (Low)	0.120	-	-	-	-
190	836.6 (Mid.)	0.095	-	-	-	-
251	848.8 (High)	0.141	0.080	0.084	0.052	0.027

ITEM		10	11	12	13
PART OF ASSESSMENT		HEAD POSITION			
COMMUNICATION MODE		WCDMA850			
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)			
4132	826.4 (Low)	0.425	0.424	0.391	0.512
4182	836.4 (Mid.)	0.510	0.500	0.460	0.603
4233	846.6 (High)	0.496	0.521	0.472	0.610

ITEM		14	15
PART OF ASSESSMENT		BODY POSITION	
COMMUNICATION MODE		WCDMA850	HSDPA850
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)	
4132	826.4 (Low)	0.042	-
4182	836.4 (Mid.)	0.043	-
4233	846.6 (High)	0.045	0.030

NOTE: The worst value of each communication has been marked by boldface.

ITEM		16	17	18	19
PART OF ASSESSMENT		HEAD POSITION			
COMMUNICATION MODE		PCS1900			
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)			
512	1850.2 (Low)	0.300	0.427	0.405	0.515
661	1880.0 (Mid.)	0.378	0.525	0.507	0.631
810	1909.8 (High)	0.423	0.550	0.537	0.642

ITEM		20	21	22	23	24
PART OF ASSESSMENT		BODY POSITION				
COMMUNICATION MODE		PCS1900	GPRS1900 TS2	GPRS1900 TS1	E-GPRS1900 TS2	E-GPRS1900 TS1
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)				
512	1850.2 (Low)	0.035	-	-	-	-
661	1880.0 (Mid.)	0.040	0.029	0.028	0.027	0.013
810	1909.8 (High)	0.037	-	-	-	-

ITEM		25	26	27	28
PART OF ASSESSMENT		HEAD POSITION			
COMMUNICATION MODE		WCDMA1900			
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)			
9262	1852.4 (Low)	0.584	0.642	0.669	0.758
9400	1880.0 (Mid.)	0.551	0.654	0.697	0.771
9538	1907.6 (High)	0.503	0.573	0.601	0.642

ITEM		29	30
PART OF ASSESSMENT		BODY POSITION	
COMMUNICATION MODE		WCDMA1900	HSDPA1900
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)	
9262	1852.4 (Low)	0.038	-
9400	1880.0 (Mid.)	0.044	0.039
9538	1907.6 (High)	0.040	-

NOTE: The worst value of each communication has been marked by boldface.

THE EUT OF THIS MODE IS WITH MODEL HSDPA 1D Numeric:

ITEM		31	32	33	34
PART OF ASSESSMENT		HEAD POSITION			
COMMUNICATION MODE		GSM850	WCDMA850	PCS1900	WCDMA1900
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MEASURED VALUE OF 1g SAR (W/kg)			
128	824.2 (Low)	0.585	-	-	-
4233	846.6 (High)	-	0.524	-	-
810	1909.8 (High)	-	-	0.575	-
9400	1880.0 (Mid.)	-	-	-	0.683

NOTE: The worst value of each communication has been marked by boldface

5. TEST RESULTS

5.1 TEST PROCEDURES

The EUT (EDA (Enterprise Digital Assistant)) makes a phone call to the communication simulator station. Establish the simulation communication configuration rather the actual communication. Then the EUT could continuous the transmission mode. Adjust the PCL of the base station could controlled the EUT to transmitted the maximum output power. The base station also could control the transmission channel. The SAR value was calculated via the 3D spline interpolation algorithm that has been implemented in the software of DAS4 SAR measurement system manufactured and calibrated by SPEAG. According to the IEEE 1528 / EN 50361, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Verification of the power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power reference measurement

The area scan with 15mm x 15mm grid was performed for the highest spatial SAR location. Consist of 11 x 13 points while the scan size is the 150mm x 180mm. The zoom scan with 30mm x 30mm x 30mm volume was performed for SAR value averaged over 1g and 10g spatial volumes.



In the zoom scan, the distance between the measurement point at the probe sensor location (geometric center behind the probe tip) and the phantom surface is 4.0 mm and maintained at a constant distance of ± 1.0 mm during a zoom scan to determine peak SAR locations. The distance is 4mm between the first measurement point and the bottom surface of the phantom. The secondary measurement point to the bottom surface of the phantom is with 9mm separation distance. The cube size is 7 x 7 x 7 points consist of 343 points and the grid space is 5mm.

The measurement time is 0.5 s at each point of the zoom scan. The probe boundary effect compensation shall be applied during the SAR test. Because of the tip of the probe to the Phantom surface separated distances are longer than half a tip probe diameter.

In the area scan, the separation distance is 4mm between the each measurement point and the phantom surface. The scan size shall be included the transmission portion of the EUT. The measurement time is the same as the zoom scan. At last the reference power drift shall be less than $\pm 5\%$.

5.2 MEASURED SAR RESULTS

GSM850 BAND RIGHT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.3°C Humidity : 57%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Feb. 01, 2008
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODULATION TYPE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
128	824.2 (Low)	GMSK	1.905	1.883	-1.15	1	0.487
190	836.6 (Mid.)	GMSK	1.950	1.925	-1.28	1	0.396
251	848.8 (High)	GMSK	1.995	1.968	-1.35	1	0.316
128	824.2 (Low)	GMSK	1.905	1.878	-1.42	2	0.576
190	836.6 (Mid.)	GMSK	1.950	1.920	-1.54	2	0.468
251	848.8 (High)	GMSK	1.995	1.962	-1.65	2	0.373

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



GSM850 BAND LEFT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.3°C Humidity : 57%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE	Feb. 01, 2008	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODULATION TYPE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
128	824.2 (Low)	GMSK	1.905	1.881	-1.26	3	0.537
190	836.6 (Mid.)	GMSK	1.950	1.924	-1.33	3	0.427
251	848.8 (High)	GMSK	1.995	1.968	-1.35	3	0.333
128	824.2 (Low)	GMSK	1.905	1.877	-1.47	4	0.665
190	836.6 (Mid.)	GMSK	1.950	1.920	-1.54	4	0.545
251	848.8 (High)	GMSK	1.995	1.964	-1.55	4	0.441

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



**GSM850/GPRS850 TS2/GPRS850 TS1/E-GPRS850 TS2/E-GPRS850 TS1
BAND BODY POSITION**

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.3°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.2°C Humidity : 55%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Feb. 02, 2008
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODULATION TYPE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
128	824.2 (Low)	GMSK	1.905	1.889	-0.84	5	0.120
190	836.6 (Mid.)	GMSK	1.950	1.932	-0.92	5	0.095
251	848.8 (High)	GMSK	1.995	1.975	-1.00	5	0.141
251	848.8 (High)	GMSK	1.350	1.336	-1.04	6	0.080
251	848.8 (High)	GMSK	1.950	1.928	-1.13	7	0.084
251	848.8 (High)	8PSK	0.245	0.241	-1.63	8	0.052
251	848.8 (High)	8PSK	0.389	0.382	-1.80	9	0.027

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WCDMA850 BAND RIGHT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.3°C Humidity : 57%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE	Feb. 01, 2008	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODULATION TYPE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
4132	826.4 (Low)	BPSK	0.385	0.383	-0.52	10	0.425
4182	836.4 (Mid.)	BPSK	0.385	0.382	-0.78	10	0.510
4233	846.6 (High)	BPSK	0.393	0.390	-0.76	10	0.496
4132	826.4 (Low)	BPSK	0.385	0.381	-1.04	11	0.424
4182	836.4 (Mid.)	BPSK	0.385	0.380	-1.30	11	0.500
4233	846.6 (High)	BPSK	0.393	0.388	-1.27	11	0.521

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WCDMA850 BAND LEFT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.3°C Humidity : 57%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE	Feb. 01, 2008	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODULATION TYPE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
4132	826.4 (Low)	BPSK	0.385	0.382	-0.78	12	0.391
4182	836.4 (Mid.)	BPSK	0.385	0.381	-1.04	12	0.460
4233	846.6 (High)	BPSK	0.393	0.389	-1.02	12	0.472
4132	826.4 (Low)	BPSK	0.385	0.380	-1.30	13	0.512
4182	836.4 (Mid.)	BPSK	0.385	0.379	-1.56	13	0.603
4233	846.6 (High)	BPSK	0.393	0.387	-1.53	13	0.610

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WCDMA850/HSDPA850 BAND BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.3°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.2°C Humidity : 55%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE	Feb. 02, 2008	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODULATION TYPE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
4132	826.4 (Low)	BPSK	0.385	0.379	-1.56	14	0.042
4182	836.4 (Mid.)	BPSK	0.385	0.378	-1.82	14	0.043
4233	846.6 (High)	BPSK	0.393	0.386	-1.78	14	0.045
4233	846.6 (High)	BPSK	0.382	0.375	-1.83	15	0.030

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



PCS1900 BAND RIGHT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.0°C, Liquid Temperature : 20.9°C Humidity : 55%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE	Feb. 03, 2008	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODULATION TYPE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
512	1850.2 (Low)	GMSK	0.933	0.925	-0.86	16	0.300
661	1880.0 (Mid.)	GMSK	0.955	0.944	-1.15	16	0.378
810	1909.8 (High)	GMSK	0.912	0.901	-1.21	16	0.423
512	1850.2 (Low)	GMSK	0.933	0.923	-1.07	17	0.427
661	1880.0 (Mid.)	GMSK	0.955	0.944	-1.15	17	0.525
810	1909.8 (High)	GMSK	0.912	0.901	-1.21	17	0.550

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



PCS1900 BAND LEFT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.0°C, Liquid Temperature : 20.9°C Humidity : 55%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE	Feb. 03, 2008	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODULATION TYPE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
512	1850.2 (Low)	GMSK	0.933	0.921	-1.29	18	0.405
661	1880.0 (Mid.)	GMSK	0.955	0.942	-1.36	18	0.507
810	1909.8 (High)	GMSK	0.912	0.899	-1.43	18	0.537
512	1850.2 (Low)	GMSK	0.933	0.920	-1.39	19	0.515
661	1880.0 (Mid.)	GMSK	0.955	0.941	-1.47	19	0.631
810	1909.8 (High)	GMSK	0.912	0.898	-1.54	19	0.642

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



**PCS1900/GPRS1900 TS2/GPRS1900 TS1/E-GPRS1900 TS2/E-GPRS1900 TS1
BAND BODY POSITION**

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.1°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.3°C Humidity : 58%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Feb. 04, 2008
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODULATION TYPE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
512	1850.2 (Low)	GMSK	0.933	0.928	-0.54	20	0.035
661	1880.0 (Mid.)	GMSK	0.955	0.949	-0.63	20	0.040
810	1909.8 (High)	GMSK	0.912	0.905	-0.77	20	0.037
661	1880.0 (Mid.)	GMSK	0.661	0.656	-0.76	21	0.029
661	1880.0 (Mid.)	GMSK	0.933	0.924	-0.96	22	0.028
661	1880.0 (Mid.)	8PSK	0.229	0.226	-1.31	23	0.027
661	1880.0 (Mid.)	8PSK	0.363	0.358	-1.38	24	0.013

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WCDMA1900 BAND RIGHT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.0°C, Liquid Temperature : 20.9°C Humidity : 55%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE	Feb. 03, 2008	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODULATION TYPE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
9262	1852.4 (Low)	BPSK	0.428	0.425	-0.70	25	0.584
9400	1880.0 (Mid.)	BPSK	0.494	0.490	-0.81	25	0.551
9538	1907.6 (High)	BPSK	0.459	0.455	-0.87	25	0.503
9262	1852.4 (Low)	BPSK	0.428	0.424	-0.93	26	0.642
9400	1880.0 (Mid.)	BPSK	0.494	0.489	-1.01	26	0.654
9538	1907.6 (High)	BPSK	0.459	0.454	-1.09	26	0.573

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WCDMA1900 BAND LEFT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.0°C, Liquid Temperature : 20.9°C Humidity : 55%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE	Feb. 03, 2008	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODULATION TYPE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
9262	1852.4 (Low)	BPSK	0.428	0.424	-0.93	27	0.669
9400	1880.0 (Mid.)	BPSK	0.494	0.489	-1.01	27	0.697
9538	1907.6 (High)	BPSK	0.459	0.454	-1.09	27	0.601
9262	1852.4 (Low)	BPSK	0.428	0.423	-1.17	28	0.758
9400	1880.0 (Mid.)	BPSK	0.494	0.488	-1.21	28	0.771
9538	1907.6 (High)	BPSK	0.459	0.453	-1.31	28	0.642

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WCDMA1900/HSDPA1900 BAND BODY POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.1°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.3°C Humidity : 58%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE	Feb. 04, 2008	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODULATION TYPE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
9262	1852.4 (Low)	BPSK	0.428	0.426	-0.47	29	0.038
9400	1880.0 (Mid.)	BPSK	0.494	0.491	-0.61	29	0.044
9538	1907.6 (High)	BPSK	0.459	0.455	-0.87	29	0.040
9400	1880.0 (Mid.)	BPSK	0.473	0.468	-1.06	30	0.039

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



GSM850 BAND LEFT / TILT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.3°C Humidity : 57%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE	Feb. 01, 2008	
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODULATION TYPE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
128	824.2 (Low)	GMSK	1.905	1.892	-0.68	31	0.585

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WCDMA850 BAND LEFT / TILT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.5°C, Liquid Temperature : 21.3°C Humidity : 57%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Feb. 01, 2008
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODULATION TYPE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
4233	846.6 (High)	BPSK	0.393	0.390	-0.76	32	0.524

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



PCS1900 BAND LEFT / TILT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.0°C, Liquid Temperature : 20.9°C Humidity : 55%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Feb. 03, 2008
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODULATION TYPE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
810	1909.8 (High)	GMSK	0.912	0.902	-1.10	33	0.575

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.



WCDMA1900 BAND LEFT / TILT HEAD POSITION

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITION		Air Temperature : 22.0°C, Liquid Temperature : 20.9°C Humidity : 55%RH					
TESTED BY		Sam Onn			DATE		Feb. 03, 2008
CHAN.	FREQ. (MHz)	MODULATION TYPE	CONDUCTED POWER (W)		POWER DRIFT (%)	DEVICE TEST POSITION MODE	MEASURED 1g SAR (W/kg)
			BEGIN TEST	AFTER TEST			
9400	1880.0 (Low)	BPSK	0.494	0.489	-1.01	34	0.683

NOTE:

1. Test configuration of each mode is described in section 3.
2. In this testing, the limit for General Population Spatial Peak averaged over **1g, 1.6W/kg**, is applied.
3. Please see the Appendix A for the data.
4. The variation of the EUT conducted power measured before and after SAR testing should not over 5%.

5.3 SAR LIMITS

HUMAN EXPOSURE	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over 1 g)	1.6	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

NOTE:

1. This limits accord to 47 CFR 2.1093 – Safety Limit.
2. The EUT property been complied with the partial body exposure limit under the general population environment.

5.4 RECIPES FOR TISSUE SIMULATING LIQUIDS

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom, the phantom must be filled with 25 liters of tissue simulation liquid.

The following ingredients are used :

- **WATER-** Deionized water (pure H₂O), resistivity ≈ 16 M - as basis for the liquid
- **SUGAR-** Refined sugar in crystals, as available in food shops - to reduce relative permittivity
- **SALT-** Pure NaCl - to increase conductivity
- **CELLULOSE-** Hydroxyethyl-cellulose, medium viscosity (75-125 mPa.s, 2% in water, 20_C),
CAS # 54290 - to increase viscosity and to keep sugar in solution
- **PRESERVATIVE-** Preventol D-7 Bayer AG, D-51368 Leverkusen, CAS # 55965-84-9 - to prevent the spread of bacteria and molds
- **DGMBE-** Diethylenglycol-monobuthyl ether (DGMBE), Fluka Chemie GmbH, CAS # 112-34-5 - to reduce relative permittivity

THE RECIPES FOR 835MHz SIMULATING LIQUID TABLE

INGREDIENT	HEAD SIMULATING LIQUID 835MHz (HSL-835)	MUSCLE SIMULATING LIQUID 835MHz (MSL-835)
Water	40.28%	50.07%
Cellulose	02.41%	NA
Salt	01.38%	0.94%
Preventol D-7	00.18%	0.09%
Sugar	57.97%	48.2%
Dielectric Parameters at 22°C	f = 835MHz $\epsilon = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ S/m	f = 835MHz $\epsilon = 55.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.05 \pm 5\%$ S/m



THE RECIPES FOR 1900MHz SIMULATING LIQUID TABLE

INGREDIENT	HEAD SIMULATING LIQUID 1900MHz (HSL-1900)	MUSCLE SIMULATING LIQUID 1900MHz (MSL-1900)
Water	55.24%	70.16%
DGMBE	44.45%	29.44%
Salt	0.306%	00.39%
Dielectric Parameters at 22°C	f= 1900MHz $\epsilon = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ S/m}$	f= 1900MHz $\epsilon = 53.3 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\% \text{ S/m}$



Testing the liquids using the Agilent Network Analyzer E8358A and Agilent Dielectric Probe Kit 85070D. The testing procedure is following as

1. Turn Network Analyzer on and allow at least 30 min. warm up.
2. Mount dielectric probe kit so that interconnecting cable to Network Analyzer will not be moved during measurements or calibration.
3. Pour de-ionized water and measure water temperature ($\pm 1^\circ$).
4. Set water temperature in Agilent-Software (Calibration Setup).
5. Perform calibration.
6. Validate calibration with dielectric material of known properties (e.g. polished ceramic slab with $>8\text{mm}$ thickness $\epsilon' = 10.0$, $\epsilon'' = 0.0$). If measured parameters do not fit within tolerance, repeat calibration (± 0.2 for ϵ' : ± 0.1 for ϵ'').
7. Conductivity can be calculated from ϵ'' by $\sigma = \omega \epsilon_0 \epsilon'' = \epsilon'' f \text{ [GHz]} / 18$.
8. Measure liquid shortly after calibration. Repeat calibration every hour.
9. Stir the liquid to be measured. Take a sample ($\sim 50\text{ml}$) with a syringe from the center of the liquid container.
10. Pour the liquid into a small glass flask. Hold the syringe at the bottom of the flask to avoid air bubbles.
11. Put the dielectric probe in the glass flask. Check that there are no air bubbles in front of the opening in the dielectric probe kit.
12. Perform measurements.
13. Adjust medium parameters in DASY4 for the frequencies necessary for the measurements ('Setup Config', select medium (e.g. Brain 900 MHz) and press 'Option'-button.

Select the current medium for the frequency of the validation (e.g. Setup Medium Brain 900 MHz).



FOR GSM850 BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-835		MSL-835	
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.3		21.2	
TESTED DATE		Feb. 01, 2008		Feb. 02, 2008	
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		Sam Onn	
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE
824.7	Permittivity (ϵ)	41.60	42.70	55.20	56.60
835.0		41.50	42.50	55.20	56.50
836.6		41.50	42.50	55.20	56.40
848.8		41.50	42.40	55.20	56.30
824.7	Conductivity (σ) S/m	0.90	0.91	0.97	0.99
835.0		0.90	0.92	0.97	1.00
836.6		0.90	0.92	0.97	1.00
848.8		0.91	0.94	0.99	1.01
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C		f= 835MHz $\epsilon= 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 0.97 \pm 5\% \text{ S/m}$		f= 835MHz $\epsilon= 55.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.05 \pm 5\% \text{ S/m}$	



FOR WCDMA850 BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-835		MSL-835	
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		21.3		21.2	
TESTED DATE		Feb. 01, 2008		Feb. 02, 2008	
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		Sam Onn	
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE
826.4	Permittivity (ϵ)	41.60	42.60	55.20	56.50
835.0		41.50	42.50	55.20	56.50
836.4		41.50	42.50	55.20	56.40
846.6		41.50	42.40	55.20	56.30
826.4	Conductivity (σ) S/m	0.90	0.91	0.97	0.99
835.0		0.90	0.92	0.97	1.00
836.4		0.90	0.92	0.97	1.00
846.6		0.91	0.93	0.98	1.01
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C		f= 835MHz $\epsilon= 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 0.97 \pm 5\%$ S/m		f= 835MHz $\epsilon= 55.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.05 \pm 5\%$ S/m	



FOR PCS1900 BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-1900		MSL-1900	
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		20.9		21.3	
TESTED DATE		Feb. 03, 2008		Feb. 04, 2008	
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		Sam Onn	
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE
1850.2	Permittivity (ϵ)	40.00	40.30	53.30	54.80
1880.0		40.00	40.20	53.30	54.70
1900.0		40.00	40.20	53.30	54.60
1909.8		40.00	40.10	53.30	54.60
1850.2	Conductivity (σ) S/m	1.40	1.37	1.52	1.49
1880.0		1.40	1.41	1.52	1.52
1900.0		1.40	1.44	1.52	1.54
1909.8		1.40	1.45	1.52	1.56
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C		f= 1900MHz $\epsilon= 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ S/m}$		f= 1900MHz $\epsilon= 53.3 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.52 \pm 5\% \text{ S/m}$	



FOR WCDMA1900 BAND SIMULATING LIQUID

LIQUID TYPE		HSL-1900		MSL-1900	
SIMULATING LIQUID TEMP.		20.9		21.3	
TESTED DATE		Feb. 03, 2008		Feb. 04, 2008	
TESTED BY		Sam Onn		Sam Onn	
FREQ. (MHz)	LIQUID PARAMETER	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE	STANDARD VALUE	MEASUREMENT VALUE
1852.4	Permittivity (ϵ)	40.00	40.30	53.30	54.80
1880.0		40.00	40.20	53.30	54.70
1900.0		40.00	40.20	53.30	54.60
1907.6		40.00	40.10	53.30	54.60
1852.4	Conductivity (σ) S/m	1.40	1.37	1.52	1.48
1880.0		1.40	1.41	1.52	1.52
1900.0		1.40	1.44	1.52	1.54
1907.6		1.40	1.45	1.52	1.55
Dielectric Parameters Required at 22°C		f= 1900MHz $\epsilon= 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ S/m}$		f= 1900MHz $\epsilon= 53.3 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma= 1.52 \pm 5\% \text{ S/m}$	



5.5 TEST EQUIPMENT FOR TISSUE PROPERTY

ITEM	NAME	BAND	TYPE	SERIES NO.	CALIBRATED UNTIL
1	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E8358A	US41480538	Nov. 11, 2008
2	Dielectric Probe	Agilent	85070D	US01440176	NA

- NOTE:** 1. Before testing the measurement, all test equipment shall have 30 min warm up.
2. The tolerance ($k=1$) specified by Agilent for general dielectric measurements, deriving from inaccuracies in the calibration data, analyzer drift, and random errors, are usually $\pm 2.5\%$ and $\pm 5\%$ for measured permittivity and conductivity, respectively. However, the tolerances for the conductivity is smaller for material with large loss tangents, i.e., less than $\pm 2.5\%$ ($k=1$). It can be substantially smaller if more accurate methods are applied.



6. SYSTEM VALIDATION

The system validation was performed in the flat phantom with equipment listed in the following table. Since the SAR value is calculated from the measured electric field, dielectric constant and conductivity of the body tissue and the SAR is proportional to the square of the electric field. So, the SAR value will be also proportional to the RF power input to the system validation dipole under the same test environment. In our system validation test, 250mW RF input power was used.

6.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

ITEM	NAME	BAND	TYPE	SERIES NO.	CALIBRATED UNTIL
1	SAM Phantom	S & P	QD000 P40 CA	PT-1150	NA
2	Synthesized Signal Generator	Anritsu	68247B	984703	May 18, 2008
3	E-Field Probe	S & P	ET3DV6	1790	Nov. 19, 2008
5	DAE	S & P	DAE3 V1	579	Mar. 22, 2008
6	Robot Positioner	Staubli Unimation	NA	NA	NA
7	Validation Dipole	S & P	D835V2	4d021	May 28, 2008
		S & P	D1900V2	5d036	Apr. 22, 2008

NOTE: Before starting the measurement, all test equipment shall be warmed up for 30min.



6.2 TEST PROCEDURE

Before you start the system performance check, need only to tell the system with which components (probe, medium, and device) are performing the system performance check; the system will take care of all parameters. The dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM Twin Phantom with the correct distance holder in place. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking (little cross) and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. Accurate positioning is not necessary, since the system will search for the peak SAR location, except that the dipole arms should be parallel to the surface. The device holder for the EUT can be left in place but should be rotated away from the dipole.

1.The "Power Reference Measurement" and "Power Drift Measurement" jobs are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the amplifier output power. If it is too high (above ± 0.1 dB), the system performance check should be repeated; some amplifiers have very high drift during warm-up. A stable amplifier gives drift results in the DASY system below ± 0.02 dB.

2.The "Surface Check" job tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ± 0.1 mm). In that case it is better to abort the system performance check and stir the liquid. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe. (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^\circ$.) However, varying breaking indices of different liquid compositions might also influence the distance. If the indicated difference varies from the actual setting, the probe parameter "optical surface

3. The "Area Scan" job measures the SAR above the dipole on a plane parallel to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate location of the peak SAR. The proposed scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement; due to the symmetric field, the peak detection is reliable. If a finer graphic is desired, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing and orientation have no influence on the SAR result.

4. The "Zoom Scan" job measures the field in a volume around the peak SAR value assessed in the previous "Area Scan" job (for more information see the application note on SAR evaluation).

About the validation dipole positioning uncertainty, the constant and low loss dielectric spacer is used to establish the correct distance between the top surface of the dipole and the bottom surface of the phantom, the error component introduced by the uncertainty of the distance between the liquid (i.e., phantom shell) and the validation dipole in the DASY4 system is less than ± 0.1 mm.

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \left(\frac{(a + d)^2}{a^2} - 1 \right)$$

As the closest distance is 10mm, the resulting tolerance $SAR_{tolerance} [\%]$ is <2%.



6.3 VALIDATION RESULTS

SYSTEM VALIDATION TEST OF SIMULATING LIQUID					
FREQUENCY (MHz)	REQUIRED SAR (mW/g)	MEASURED SAR (mW/g)	DEVIATION (%)	SEPARATION DISTANCE	TESTED DATE
HSL 835	2.30 (1g)	2.29	-0.43	15mm	Feb. 01, 2008
MSL 835	2.46 (1g)	2.41	-2.03	15mm	Feb. 02, 2008
HSL 1900	9.44 (1g)	9.10	-3.60	10mm	Feb. 03, 2008
MSL 1900	9.59 (1g)	9.26	-3.44	10mm	Feb. 04, 2008
TESTED BY	Sam Onn				

NOTE: Please sees Appendix for the photo of system validation test.

6.4 SYSTEM VALIDATION UNCERTAINTIES

In the table below, the system validation uncertainty with respect to the analytically assessed SAR value of a dipole source as given in the IEEE 1528 standard is given. This uncertainty is smaller than the expected uncertainty for mobile phone measurements due to the simplified setup and the symmetric field distribution.

Error Description	Tolerance (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(C)		Standard Uncertainty (±%)		(vi)
				(1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)	
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	4.8	Normal	1	1	1	4.8	4.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
Boundary effect	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
Integration Time	0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0	0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe positioning	2.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Dipole								
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Input power and SAR drift measurement	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						8.4	8.1	∞
Coverage Factor for 95%						k _p =2		
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						16.8	16.2	

NOTE: About the system validation uncertainty assessment, please reference the section 7.

7. MEASUREMENT SAR PROCEDURE UNCERTAINTIES

The assessment of spatial peak SAR of the hand handheld devices is according to IEEE 1528. All testing situation shall be met below these requirements.

- The system is used by an experienced engineer who follows the manual and the guidelines taught during the training provided by SPEAG.
- The probe has been calibrated within the requested period and the stated uncertainty for the relevant frequency bands does not exceed 4.8% (k=1).
- The validation dipole has been calibrated within the requested period and the system performance check has been successful.
- The DAE unit has been calibrated within the within the requested period.
- The minimum distance between the probe sensor and inner phantom shell is selected to be between 4 and 5mm.
- The operational mode of the DUT is CW, CDMA, FDMA or TDMA (GSM, DCS, PCS, IS136 and PDC) and the measurement/integration time per point is >500 ms.
- The dielectric parameters of the liquid have been assessed using Agilent 85070D dielectric probe kit or a more accurate method.
- The dielectric parameters are within 5% of the target values.
- The DUT has been positioned as described in section 3.

7.1 PROBE CALIBRATION UNCERTAINTY

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 50361, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO17025. The uncertainties are stated on the calibration certificate. For the most relevant frequency bands, these values do not exceed 4.8% (k=1). If evaluations of other bands are performed for which the uncertainty exceeds these values, the uncertainty tables given in the summary have to be revised accordingly.

7.2 ISOTROPY UNCERTAINTY

The axial isotropy tolerance accounts for probe rotation around its axis while the hemispherical isotropy error includes all probe orientations and field polarizations. These parameters are assessed by SPEAG during initial calibration. In 2001, SPEAG further tightened its quality controls and warrants that the maximal deviation from axial isotropy is ± 0.20 dB, while the maximum deviation of hemispherical isotropy is ± 0.40 dB, corresponding to $\pm 4.7\%$ and $\pm 9.6\%$, respectively. A weighting factor of c_p equal to 0.5 can be applied, since the axis of the probe deviates less than 30 degrees from the normal surface orientation.

7.3 BOUNDARY EFFECT UNCERTAINTY

The effect can be estimated according to the following error approximation formula

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = SAR_{be} [\%] \times \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} e^{-\frac{d_{be}}{d/2}}$$

$$d_{be} + d_{step} < 10mm$$

The parameter d_{be} is the distance in mm between the surface and the closest measurement point used in the averaging process; d_{step} is the separation distance in mm between the first and second measurement points; δ is the minimum penetration depth in mm within the head tissue equivalent liquids (i.e., $\delta = 13.95$ mm at 3GHz); SAR_{be} is the deviation between the measured SAR value at the distance d_{be} from the boundary and the wave-guide analytical value SAR_{ref} . DASY4 applies a boundary effect compensation algorithm according to IEEE 1528, which is possible since the axis of the probe never deviates more than 30 degrees from the normal surface orientation. $SAR_{be} [\%]$ is assessed during the calibration process and SPEAG warrants that the uncertainty at distances larger than 4mm is always less than 1%. In summary, the worst case boundary effect SAR tolerance [%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is $< \pm 0.8\%$.

7.4 PROBE LINEARITY UNCERTAINTY

Field probe linearity uncertainty includes errors from the assessment and compensation of the diode compression effects for CW and pulsed signals with known duty cycles. This error is assessed using the procedure described in IEEE 1528. For SPEAG field probes, the measured difference between CW and pulsed signals, with pulse frequencies between 10 Hz and 1 kHz and duty cycles between 1 and 100, is $< \pm 0.20$ dB ($< \pm 4.7\%$).

7.5 READOUT ELECTRONICS UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties related to the probe readout electronics (DAE unit), including the gain and linearity of the instrumentation amplifier, its loading effect on the probe, and accuracy of the signal conversion algorithm, have been assessed accordingly to IEEE 1528. The combination (root-sum-square RSS method) of these components results in an overall maximum error of $\pm 1.0\%$.

7.6 RESPONSE TIME UNCERTAINTY

The time response of the field probes is assessed by exposing the probe to a well-controlled electric field producing SAR larger than 2.0 W/kg at the tissue medium surface. The signal response time is evaluated as the time required by the system to reach 90% of the expected final value after an on/of switch of the power source. Analytically, it can be expressed as:

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \left(\frac{T_m}{T_m + te^{-T_m/t} - t} - 1 \right)$$

where T_m is 500 ms, i.e., the time between measurement samples, and τ the time constant. The response time τ of SPEAG's probes is < 5 ms. In the current implementation, DASY4 waits longer than 100 ms after having reached the grid point before starting a measurement, i.e., the response time uncertainty is negligible.

7.7 INTEGRATION TIME UNCERTAINTY

If the device under test does not emit a CW signal, the integration time applied to measure the electric field at a specific point may introduce additional uncertainties due to the discretization and can be assessed as follows

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \sum_{all\ sub-frames} \frac{t_{frame}}{t_{integration}} \frac{slot_{idle}}{slot_{total}}$$

The tolerances for the different systems are given in Table 7.1, whereby the worst-case $SAR_{tolerance}$ is 2.6%.

System	$SAR_{tolerance} \%$
CW	0
CDMA*	0
WCDMA*	0
FDMA	0
IS-136	2.6
PDC	2.6
GSM/DCS/PCS	1.7
DECT	1.9
Worst-Case	2.6

TABLE 7.1

7.8 PROBE POSITIONER MECHANICAL TOLERANCE

The mechanical tolerance of the field probe positioner can introduce probe positioning uncertainties. The resulting SAR uncertainty is assessed by comparing the SAR obtained according to the specifications of the probe positioner with respect to the actual position defined by the geometric center of the probe sensors. The tolerance is determined as:

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \frac{d_{ph}}{d/2}$$

The specified repeatability of the RX robot family used in DASYS4 systems is $\pm 25 \mu\text{m}$. The absolute accuracy for short distance movements is better than $\pm 0.1 \text{mm}$, i.e., the $SAR_{tolerance} [\%]$ is better than 1.5% (rectangular).

7.9 PROBE POSITIONING

The probe positioning procedures affect the tolerance of the separation distance between the probe tip and the phantom surface as:

$$SAR_{tolerance} [\%] = 100 \times \frac{d_{ph}}{d/2}$$

where d_{ph} is the maximum deviation of the distance between the probe tip and the phantom surface. The optical surface detection has a precision of better than 0.2 mm, resulting in an $SAR_{tolerance} [\%]$ of <2.9% (rectangular distribution). Since the mechanical detection provides better accuracy, 2.9% is a worst-case figure for DASYS4 system.

7.10 PHANTOM UNCERTAINTY

The SAR measurement uncertainty due to SPEAG phantom shell production tolerances has been evaluated using

$$SAR_{tolerance}[\%] \cong 100 \times \frac{2d}{a}, \quad d \ll a$$

For a maximum deviation d of the inner and outer shell of the phantom from that specified in the CAD file of ± 0.2 mm, and a 10mm spacing a between source and tissue liquid, the calculated phantom uncertainty is $\pm 4.0\%$.

7.11 DASY4 UNCERTAINTY BUDGET

Error Description	Tolerance (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(C _i)		Standard Uncertainty (±%)		(v _i)
				(1g)	(10g)	(1g)	(10g)	
Measurement Equipment								
Probe Calibration	4.8	Normal	1	1	1	4.8	4.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary effect	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	1.0	Normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	0.8	Normal	1	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
Integration Time	2.6	Normal	1	1	1	2.6	2.6	∞
Noise	0.0	Normal	1	0	0	0	0	∞
Mechanical Constraints								
Scanning System	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Phantom Shell	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	875
Physical Parameters								
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.5	2	1.4	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	4.3	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.5	1.7	1.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	4.3	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.5	1.5	1.2	∞
Power Drift	5	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Post-Processing								
Extrapolation and Integration	1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						9.9	9.7	
Coverage Factor for 95%						kp=2		
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						19.9	19.3	

TABLE 7.2

The table 7.2: Worst-Case uncertainty budget for DASY4 assessed according to IEEE 1528. The budget is valid for the frequency range 300MHz ~ 3GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerable smaller.



8. INFORMATION ON THE TESTING LABORATORIES

We, ADT Corp., were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved by the following approval agencies according to ISO/IEC 17025.

USA	FCC, UL, A2LA
GERMANY	TUV Rheinland
JAPAN	VCCI
NORWAY	NEMKO
CANADA	INDUSTRY CANADA , CSA
R.O.C.	TAF, BSMI, NCC
NETHERLANDS	Telefication
SINGAPORE	GOST-ASIA (MOU)
RUSSIA	CERTIS (MOU)

Copies of accreditation certificates of our laboratories obtained from approval agencies can be downloaded from our web site:

www.adt.com.tw/index.5/phtml. If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Linko EMC/RF Lab:

Tel: 886-2-26052180

Fax: 886-2-26051924

Hsin Chu EMC/RF Lab:

Tel: 886-3-5935343

Fax: 886-3-5935342

Hwa Ya EMC/RF/Safety/Telecom Lab:

Tel: 886-3-3183232

Fax: 886-3-3185050

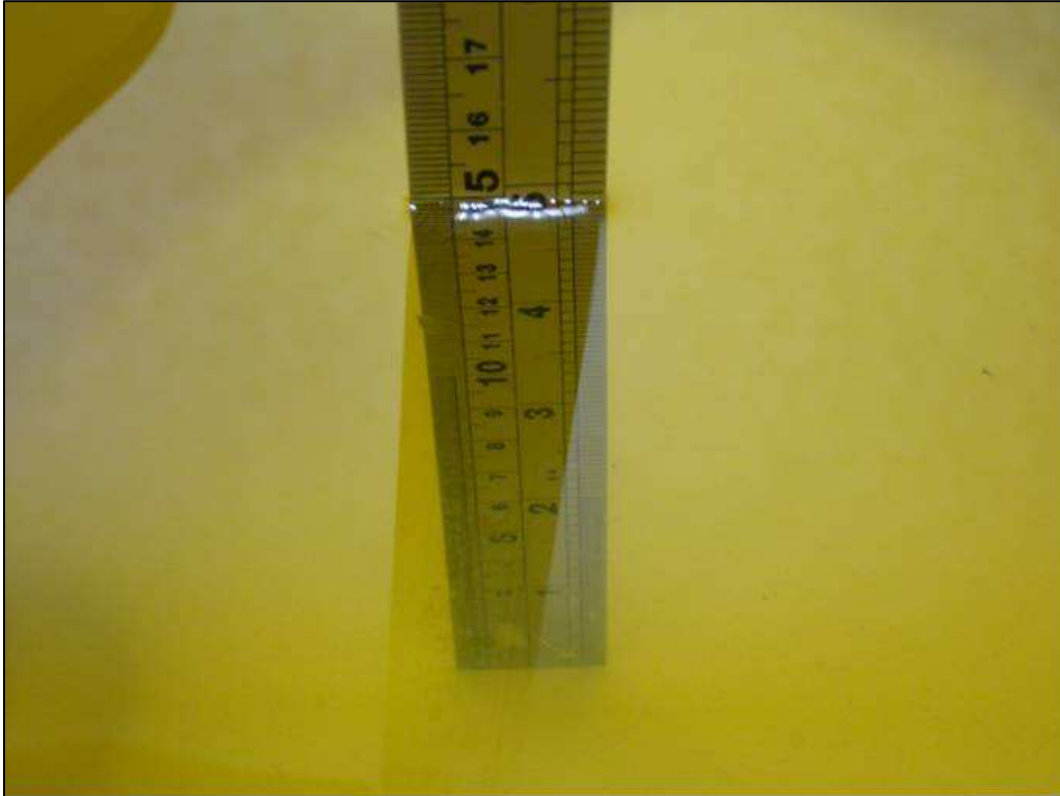
Web Site: www.adt.com.tw

The address and road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

APPENDIX A: TEST DATA

Liquid Level Photo

Tissue HSL835MHz D=150mm



Tissue MSL835MHz D=151mm



Tissue HSL1900MHz D=152mm



Tissue MSL1900MHz D=150mm



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M01-Right Head-Cheek-GSM850-Ch128

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 824.2 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 824.2 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Low Channel 128/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,
dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.470 mW/g

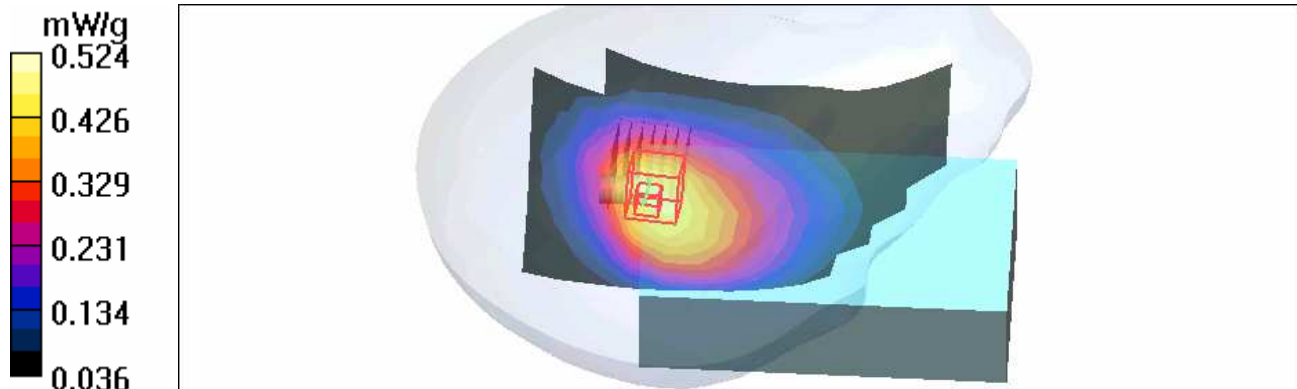
Touch position - Low Channel 128/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.8 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.681 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.487** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.333 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.524 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M01-Right Head-Cheek-GSM850-Ch190

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 836.6 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used : $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Mid Channel 190/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.388 mW/g

Touch position - Mid Channel 190/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

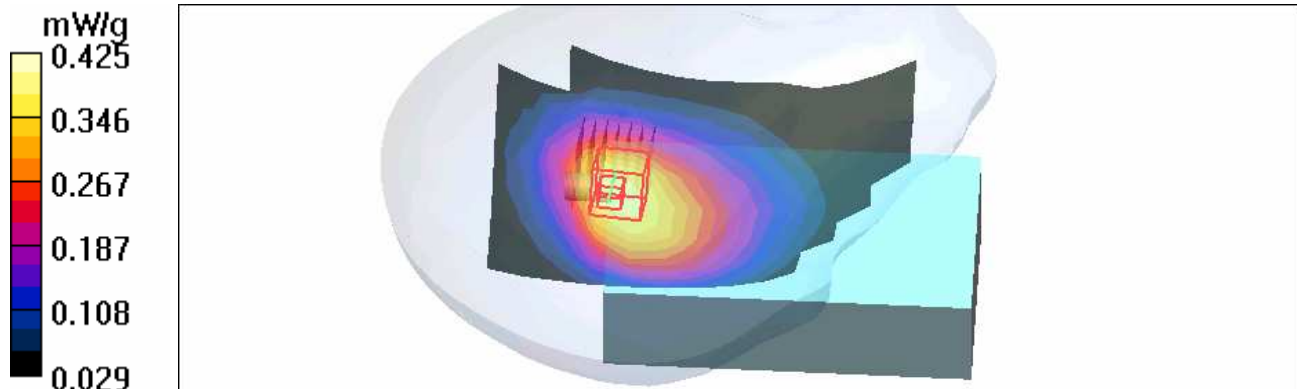
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.3 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.547 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.396 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.272 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.425 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M01-Right Head-Cheek-GSM850-Ch251

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 848.8 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 848.8 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.94$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - High Channel 251/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.304 mW/g

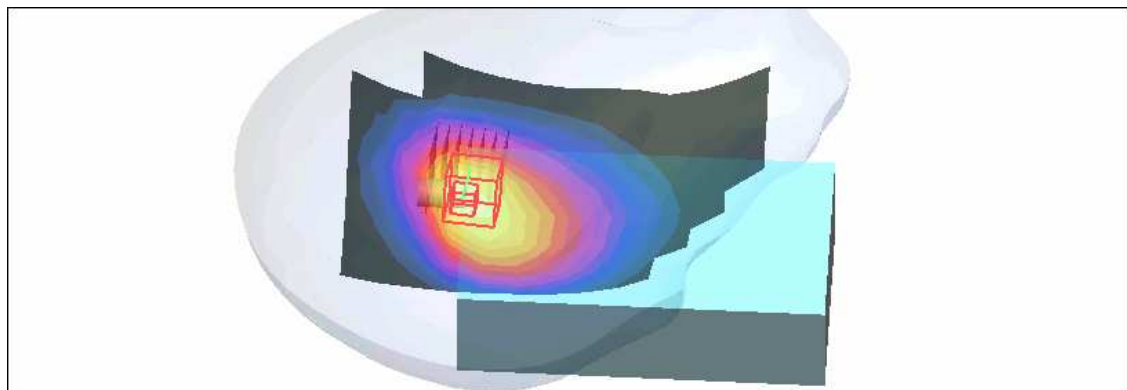
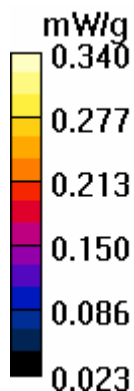
Touch position - High Channel 251/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.444 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.316 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.217 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.340 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M02-Right Head-Tilt-GSM850-Ch128

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 824.2 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Low Channel 128/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.600 mW/g

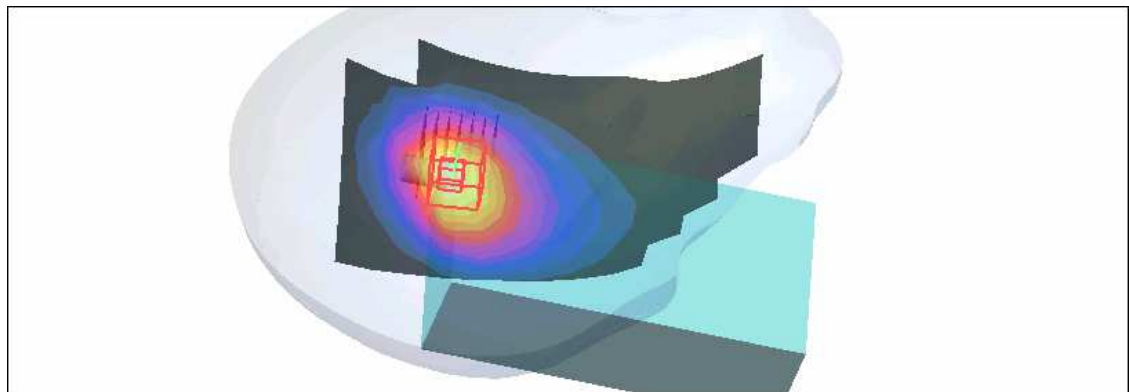
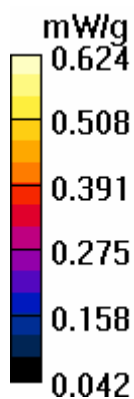
Tilt position - Low Channel 128/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.2 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.815 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.576 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.381 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.624 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M02-Right Head-Tilt-GSM850-Ch190

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 836.6 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used : $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;
Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Mid Channel 190/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.495 mW/g

Tilt position - Mid Channel 190/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

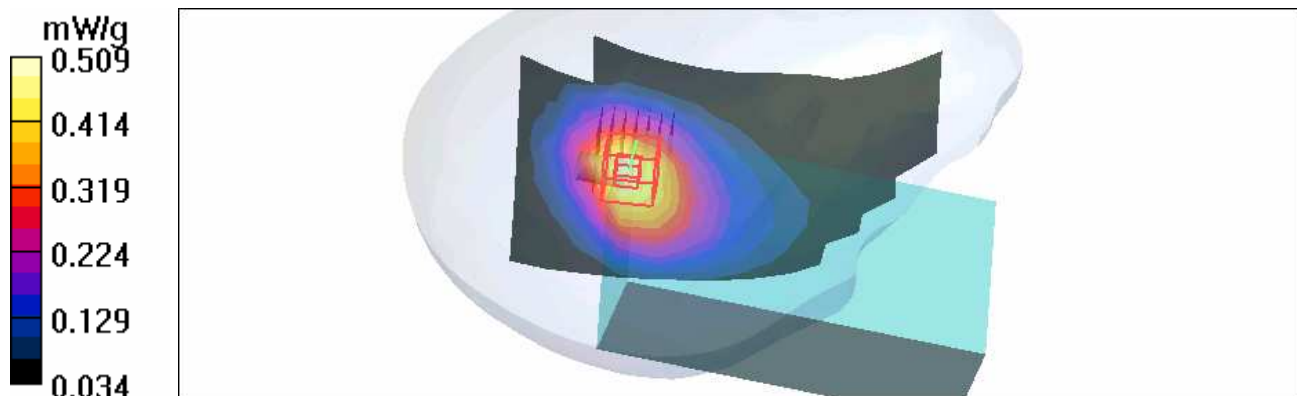
$dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.6 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.655 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.468 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.309 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.509 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M02-Right Head-Tilt-GSM850-Ch251

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 848.8 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.94$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

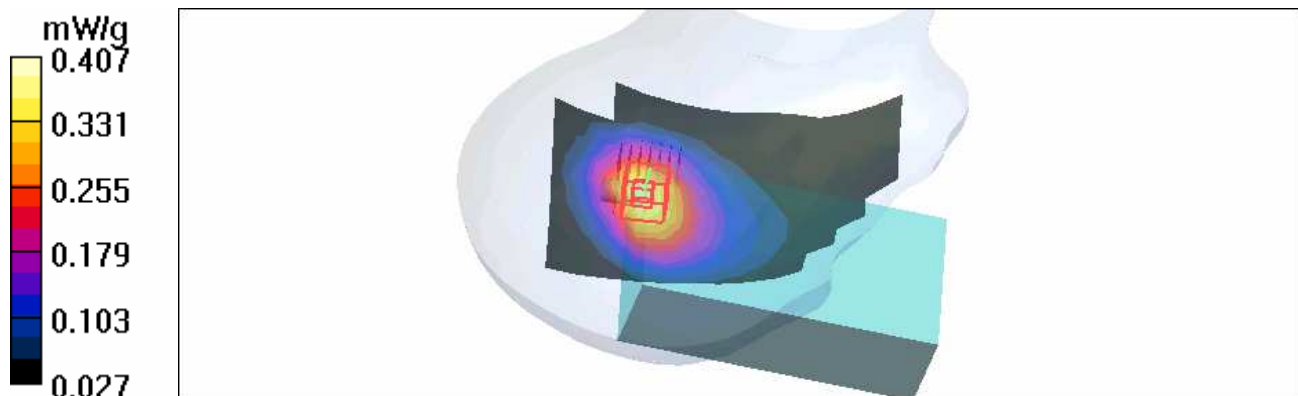
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - High Channel 251/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.388 mW/g

Tilt position - High Channel 251/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.9 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.534 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.373 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.244 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.407 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M03-Left Head-Cheek-GSM850-Ch128

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 824.2 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 824.2 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Low Channel 128/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.562 mW/g

Touch position - Low Channel 128/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

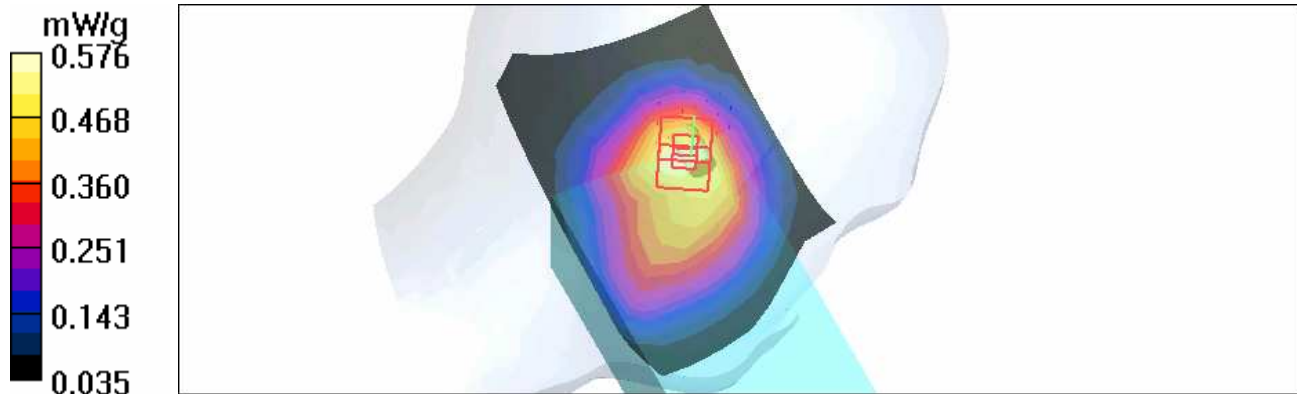
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.3 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.787 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.537 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.354 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.576 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M03-Left Head-Cheek-GSM850-Ch190**DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 836.6 MHz**

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used : $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Mid Channel 190/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.445 mW/g

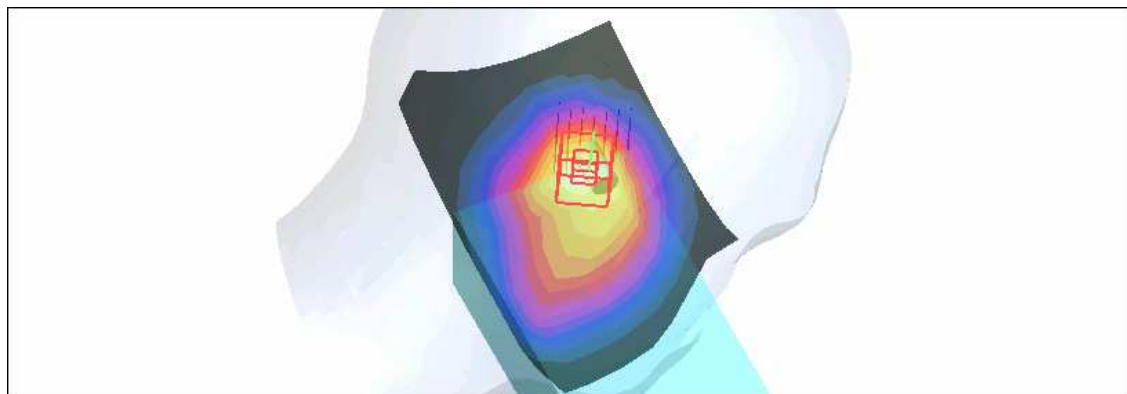
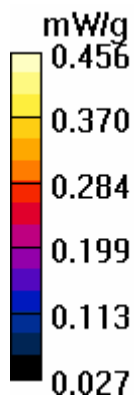
Touch position - Mid Channel 190/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.628 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.427 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.280 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.456 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M03-Left Head-Cheek-GSM850-Ch251

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 848.8 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 848.8 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.94$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - High Channel 251/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.342 mW/g

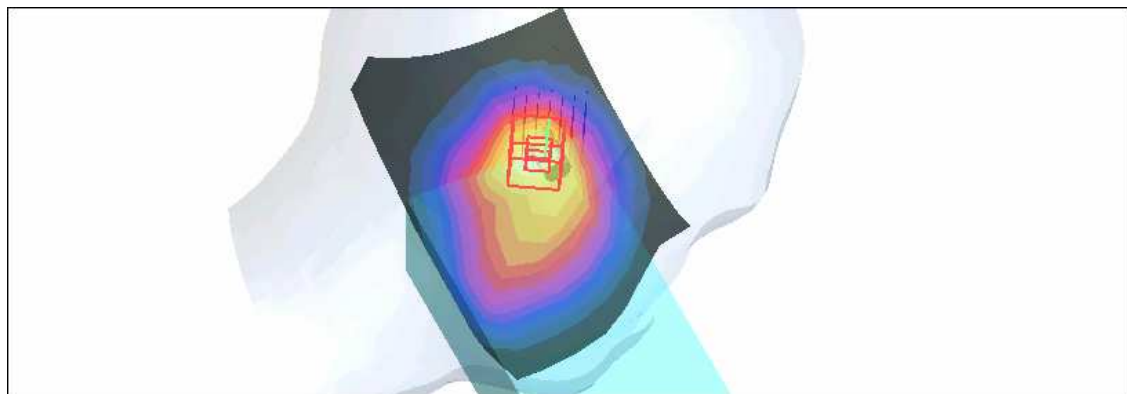
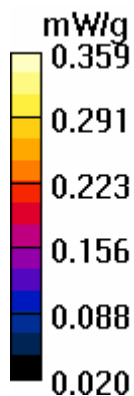
Touch position - High Channel 251/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.6 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.489 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.333 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.359 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M04-Left Head-Tilt-GSM850-Ch128

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 824.2 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Low Channel 128/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.651 mW/g

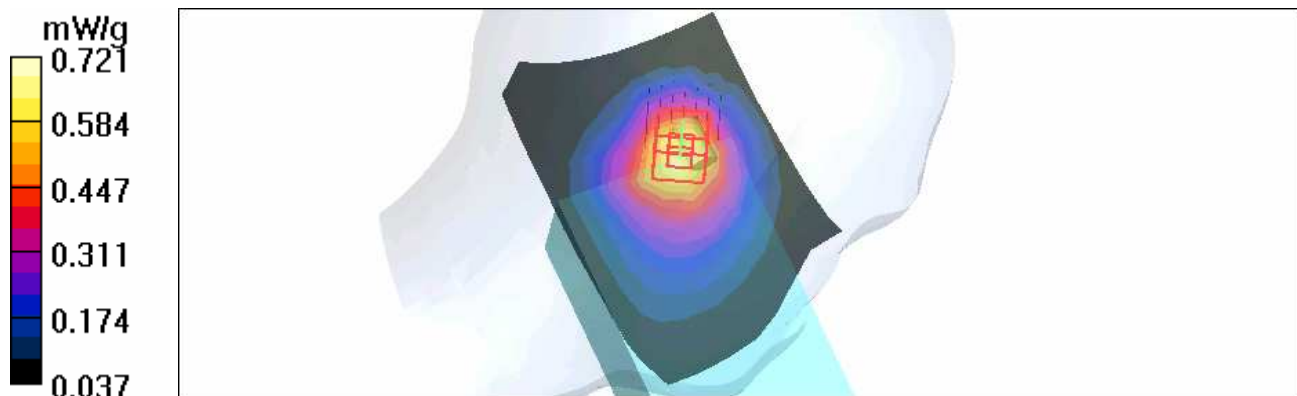
Tilt position - Low Channel 128/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

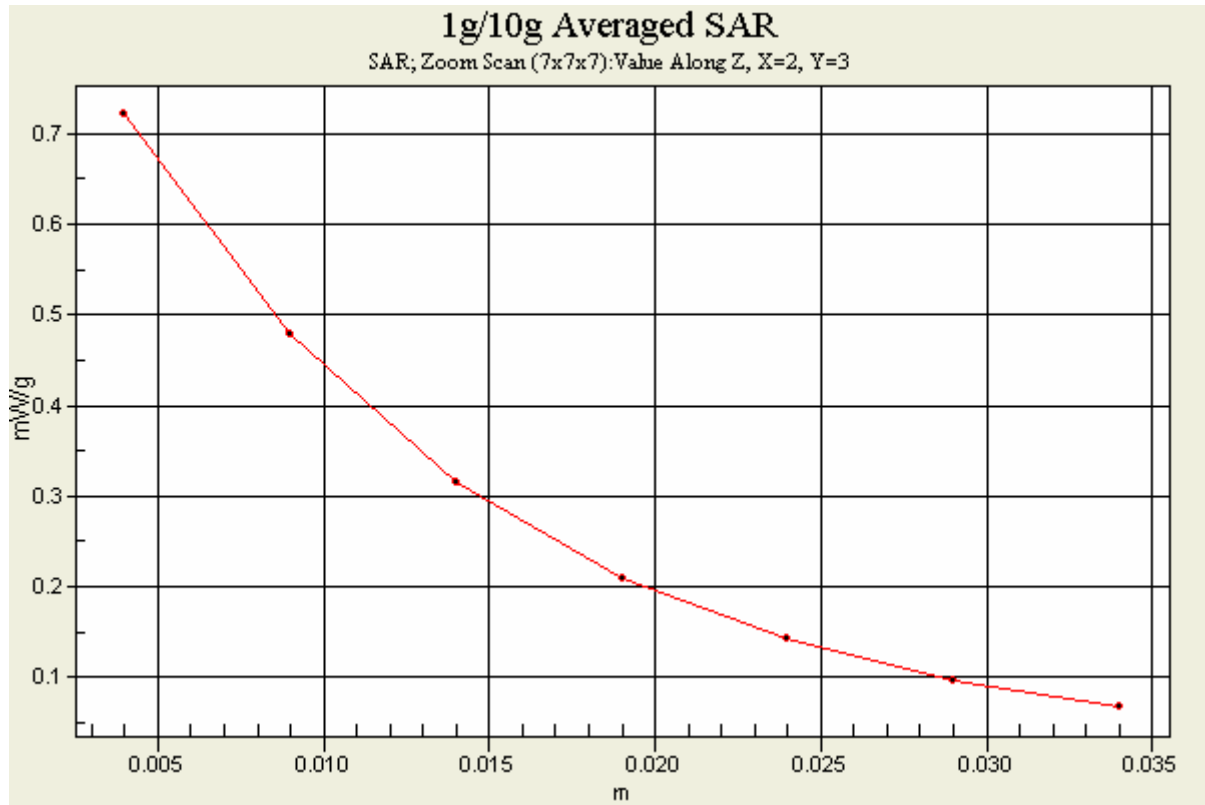
Reference Value = 26.1 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.00 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.665 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.423 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.721 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M04-Left Head-Tilt-GSM850-Ch190

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 836.6 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used : $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;
Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Mid Channel 190/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.541 mW/g

Tilt position - Mid Channel 190/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

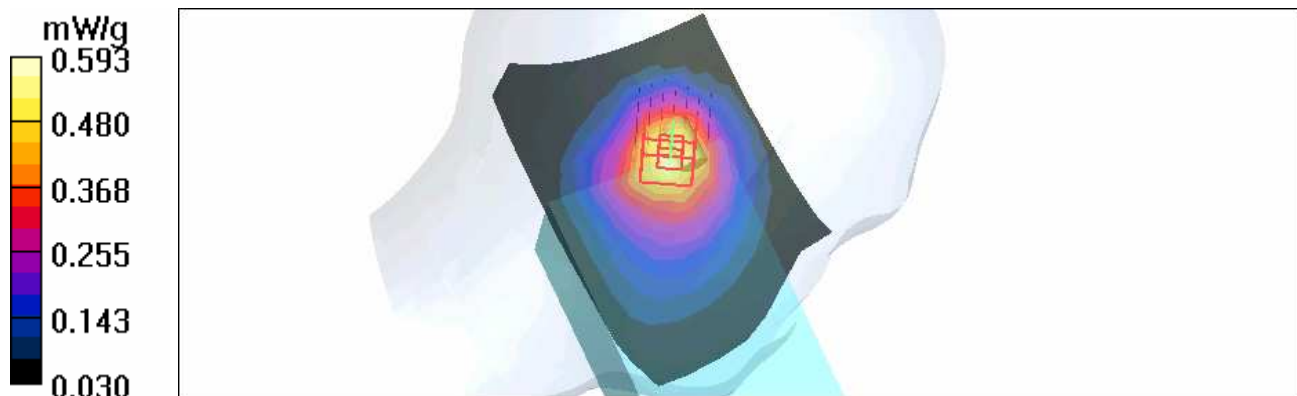
$dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 23.7 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.813 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.545 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.347 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.593 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M04-Left Head-Tilt-GSM850-Ch251

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 848.8 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.94$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

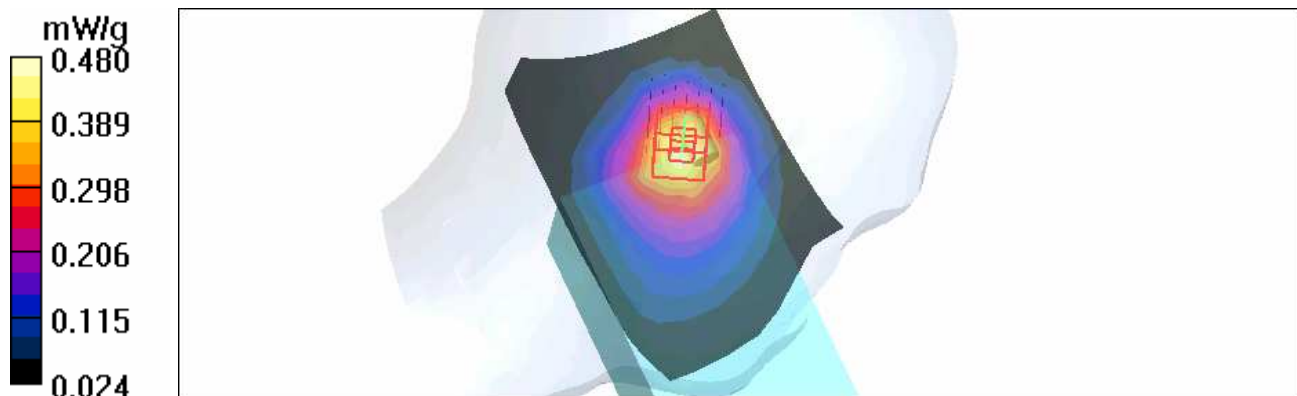
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - High Channel 251/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.439 mW/g

Tilt position - High Channel 251/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 21.2 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.660 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.441 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.281 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.480 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M05-Body Worn-GSM850-Ch128**DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 824.2 MHz**

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 824.2 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: GMSK

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.15, 6.15, 6.15) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel 128/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.127 mW/g

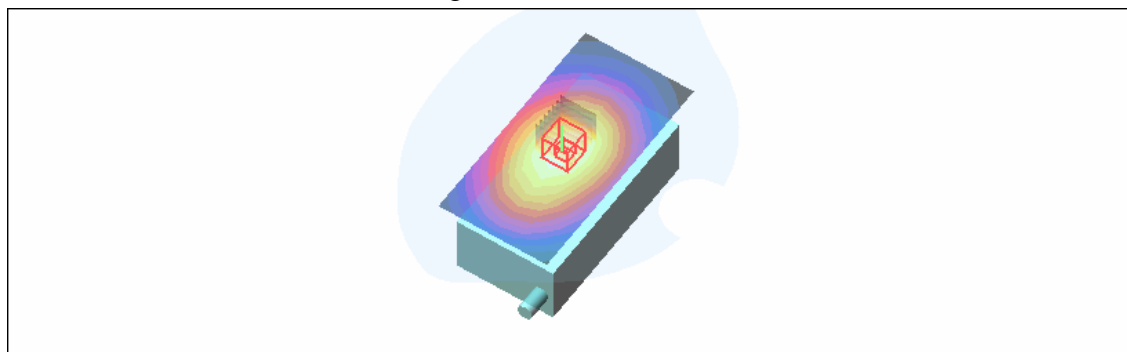
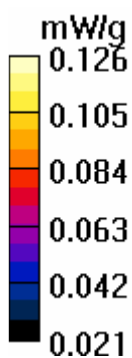
Low Channel 128/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.8 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.143 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.120 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.082 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.126 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M05-Body Worn-GSM850-Ch190

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 836.6 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 836.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: GMSK

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.15, 6.15, 6.15) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 190/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.100 mW/g

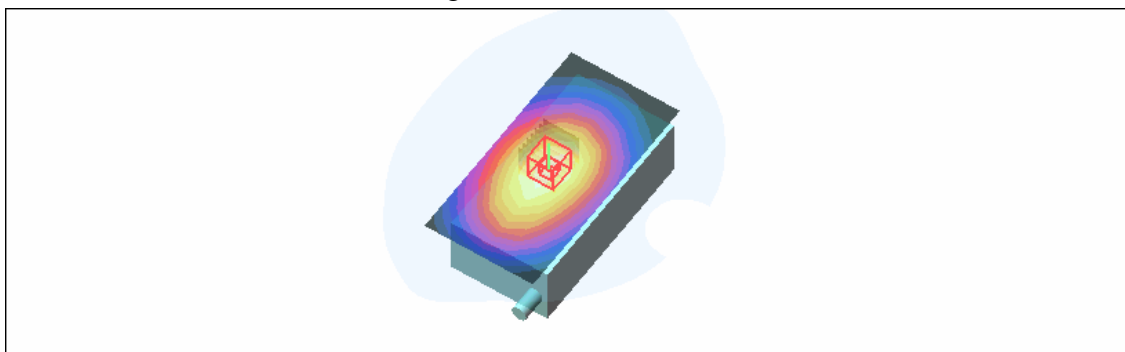
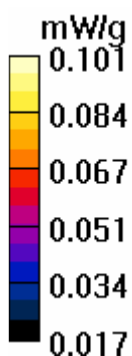
Mid Channel 190/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.116 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.095 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.072 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.101 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M05-Body Worn-GSM850-Ch251

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 848.8 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 848.8 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: GMSK

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.15, 6.15, 6.15) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 251/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.126 mW/g

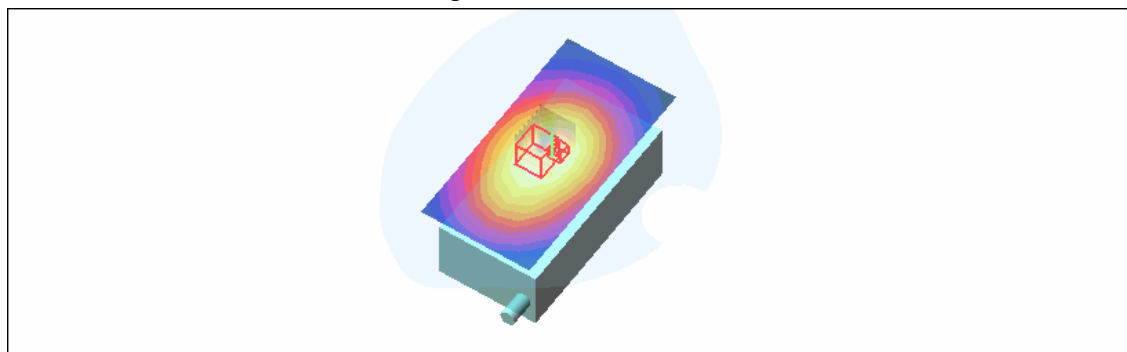
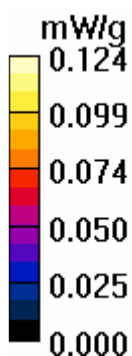
High Channel 251/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.360 W/kg

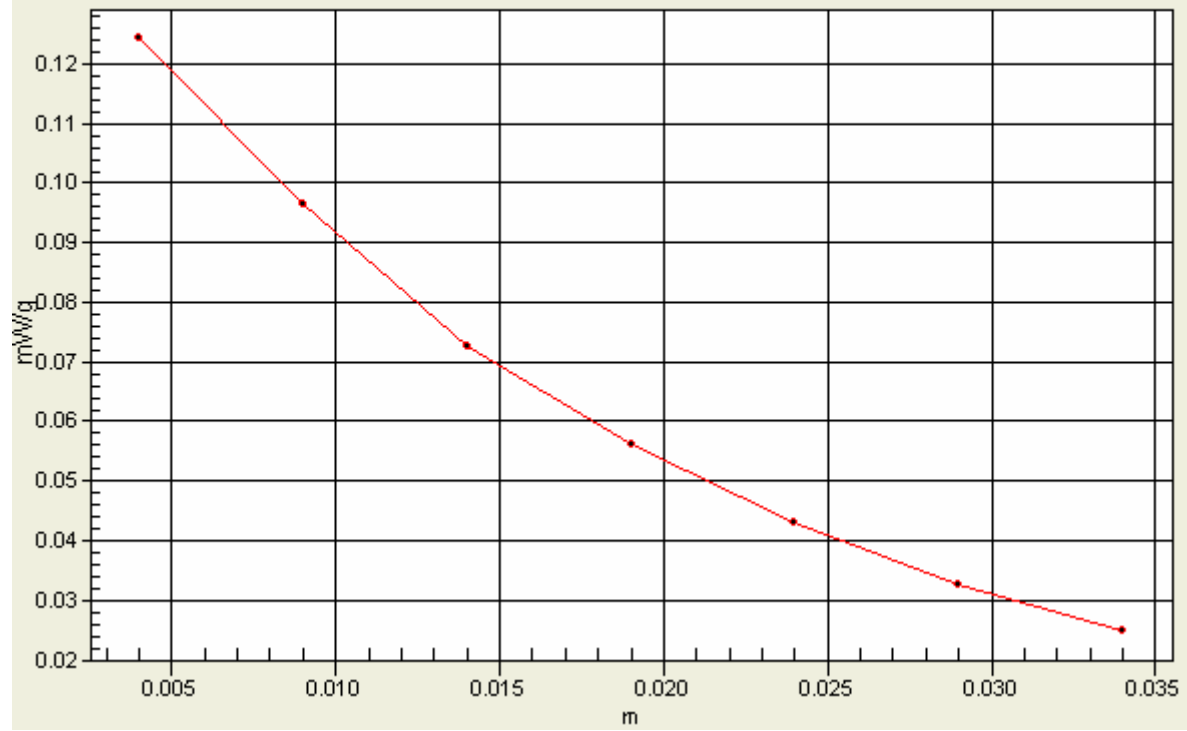
SAR(1 g) = 0.141 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.091 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.124 mW/g



1g/10g Averaged SAR

SAR; Zoom Scan (7x7x7): Value Along Z, X=2, Y=3



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M06-Body Worn-GPRS850 TS2-Ch251

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 848.8 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 848.8 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: GMSK / UL 2 time slots

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.15, 6.15, 6.15) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 251/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

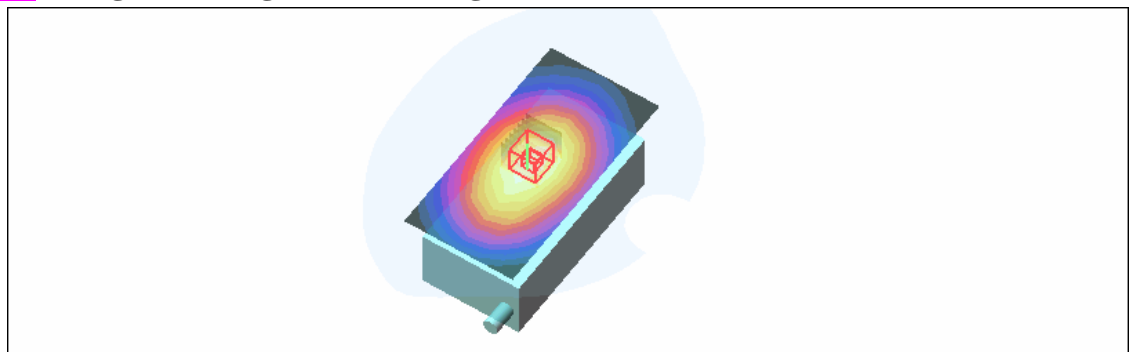
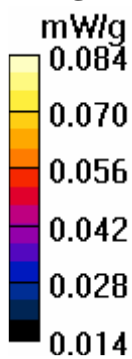
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.084 mW/g

High Channel 251/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.62 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.096 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.080** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M07-Body Worn-GPRS850 TS1-Ch251

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 848.8 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 848.8 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid Level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: GMSK / UL 1 time slot

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.15, 6.15, 6.15) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 251/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.090 mW/g

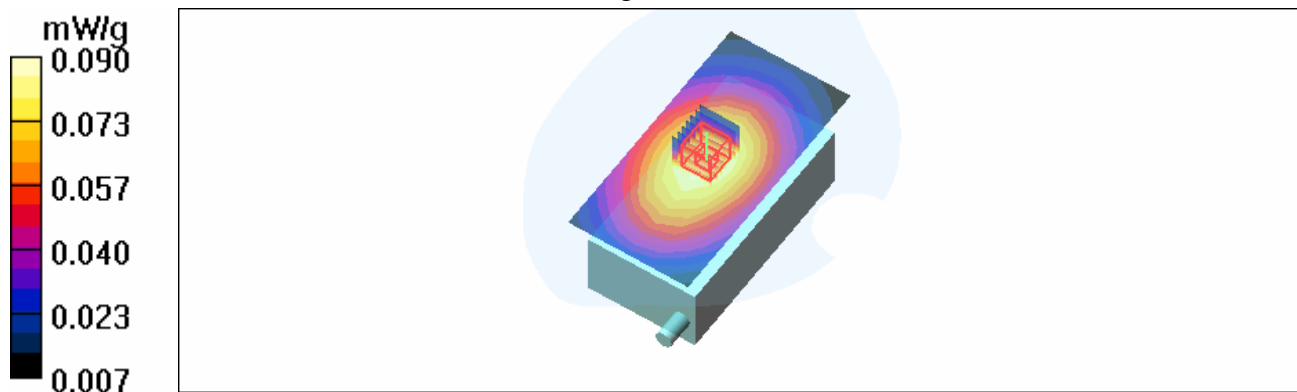
High Channel 251/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.78 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.102 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.084 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.089 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M08-Body Worn-E-GPRS850 TS2-Ch251

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 848.8 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 848.8 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: 8PSK / UL 2 time slots

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.15, 6.15, 6.15) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 251/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

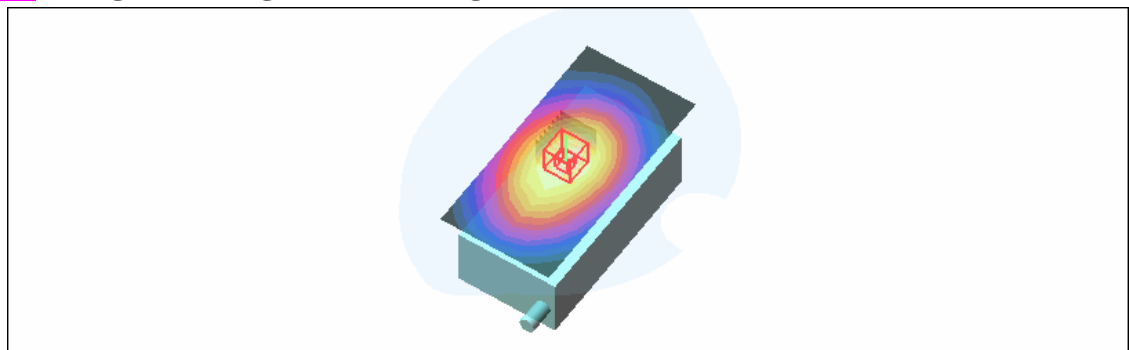
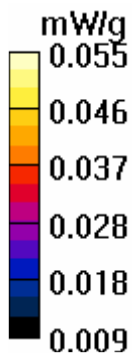
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.055 mW/g

High Channel 251/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.69 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.064 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.052** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M09-Body Worn-E-GPRS850 TS1-Ch251

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 848.8 MHz

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 848.8 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid Level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: 8PSK / UL 1 time slot
Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.15, 6.15, 6.15) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 251/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

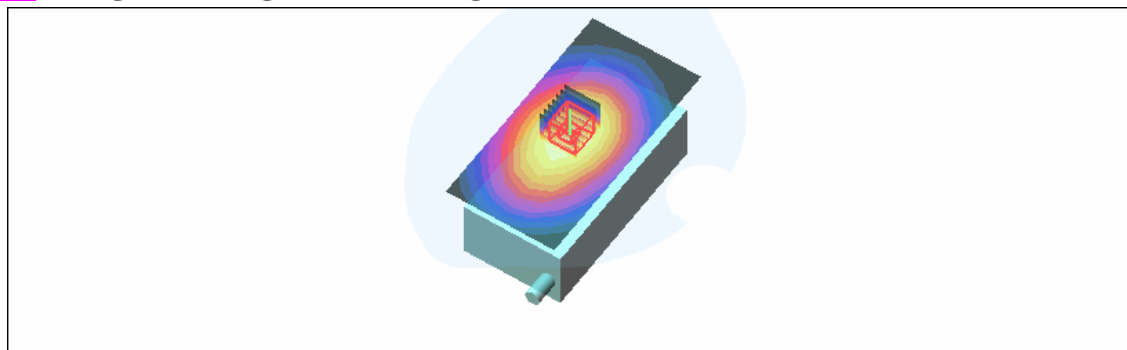
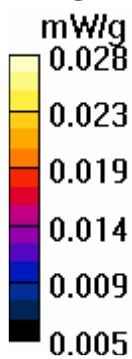
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.028 mW/g

High Channel 251/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.49 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.033 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.027** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.020 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M10-Right Head-Cheek-WCDMA850-Ch4132

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 826.4 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 826.4 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Low Channel 4132/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,
dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.475 mW/g

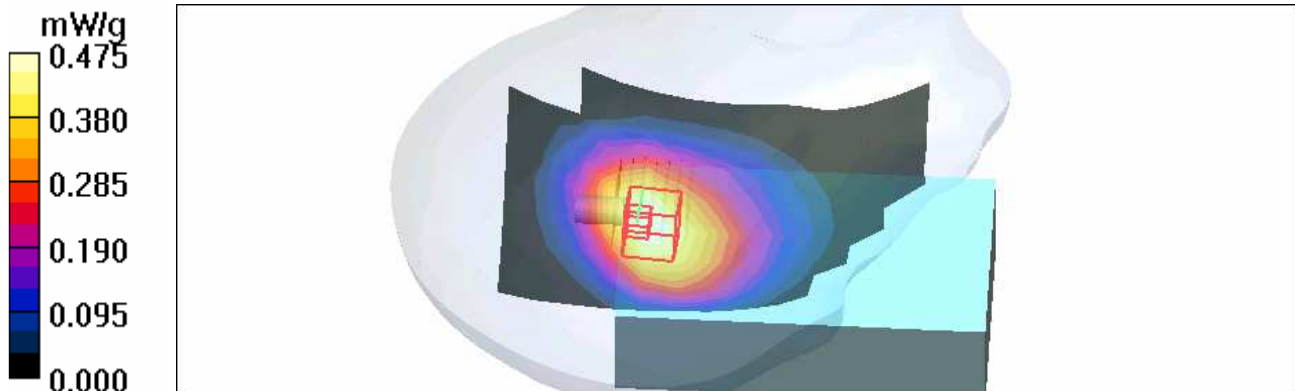
Touch position - Low Channel 4132/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.7 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.583 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.425 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.300 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.462 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M10-Right Head-Cheek-WCDMA850-Ch4182

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 836.4 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 836.4 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Mid Channel 4182/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.524 mW/g

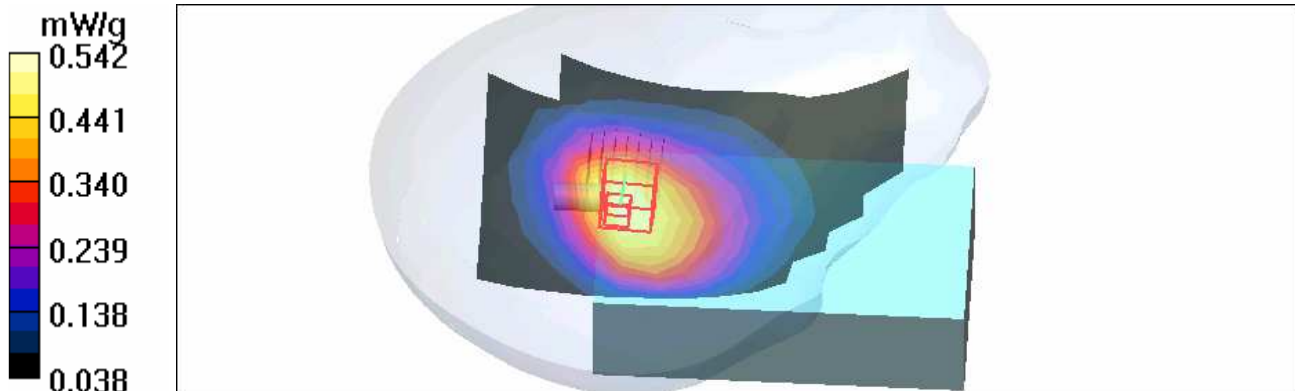
Touch position - Mid Channel 4182/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.5 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.705 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.510 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.353 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.542 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M10-Right Head-Cheek-WCDMA850-Ch4233**DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 846.6 MHz**

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 846.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used : $f = 846.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.93 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;

Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - High Channel 4233/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.548 mW/g

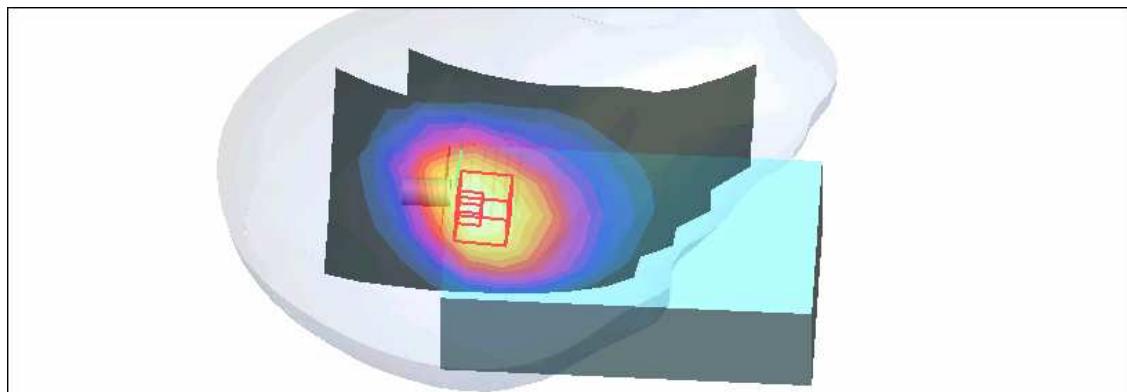
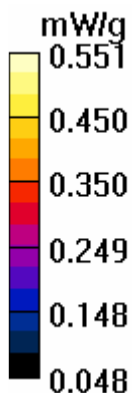
Touch position - High Channel 4233/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.2 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.700 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.496 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.356 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.551 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M11-Right Head-Tilt-WCDMA850-Ch4132

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 826.4 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used : $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Low Channel 4132/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.416 mW/g

Tilt position - Low Channel 4132/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

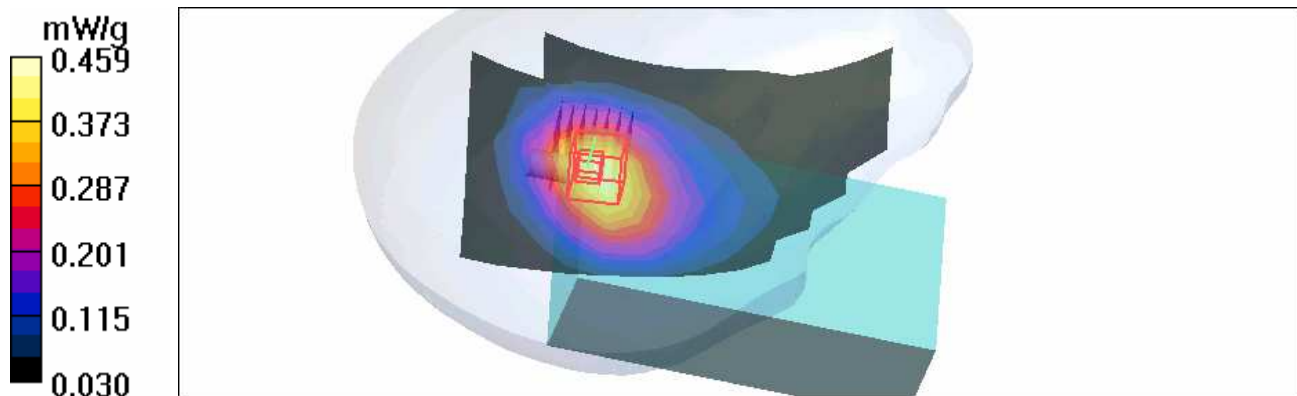
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.7 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.589 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.424 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = 0.283 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.459 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M11-Right Head-Tilt-WCDMA850-Ch4182

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 836.4 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Mid Channel 4182/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.495 mW/g

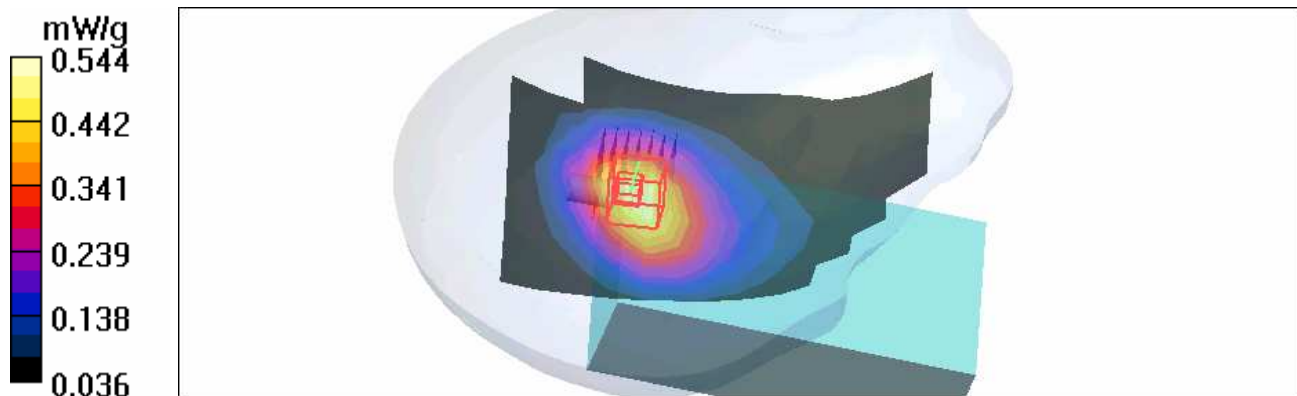
Tilt position - Mid Channel 4182/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.705 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.500 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.332 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.544 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M11-Right Head-Tilt-WCDMA850-Ch4233

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 846.6 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used : $f = 846.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.93 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;
Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - High Channel 4233/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.500 mW/g

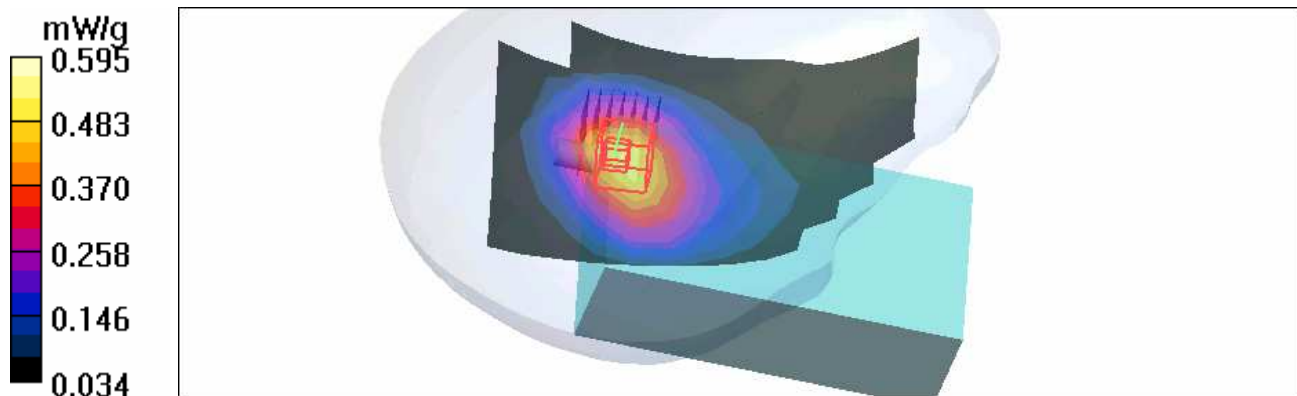
Tilt position - High Channel 4233/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.8 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.783 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.521 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = 0.338 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.595 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M12-Left Head-Cheek-WCDMA850-Ch4132

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 826.4 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 826.4 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used : $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Low Channel 4132/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,
dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.404 mW/g

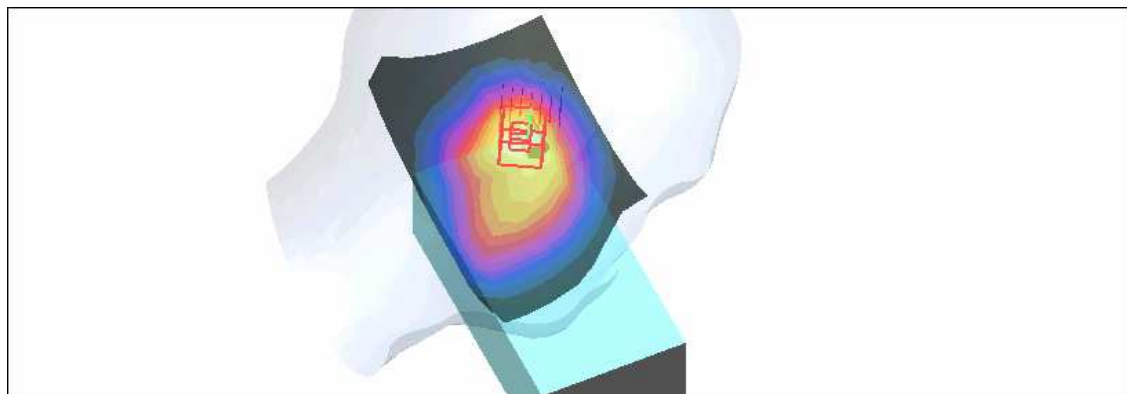
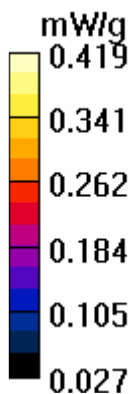
Touch position - Low Channel 4132/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.6 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.561 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.391 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.260 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.419 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M12-Left Head-Cheek-WCDMA850-Ch4182**DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 836.4 MHz**

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 836.4 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Mid Channel 4182/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.486 mW/g

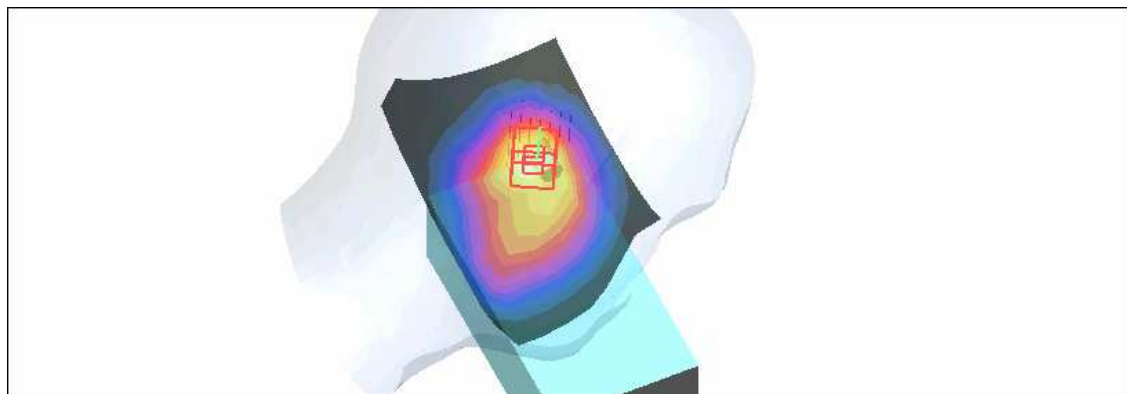
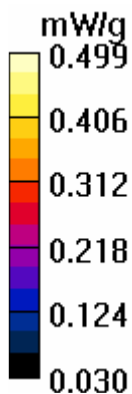
Touch position - Mid Channel 4182/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.670 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.460 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.303 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.499 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M12-Left Head-Cheek-WCDMA850-Ch4233

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 846.6 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 846.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used : $f = 846.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.93 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;

Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - High Channel 4233/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.470 mW/g

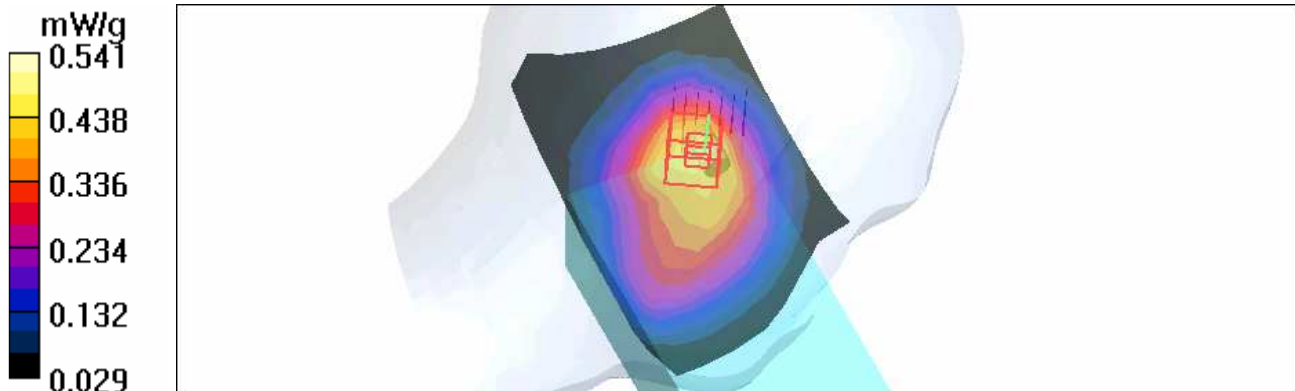
Touch position - High Channel 4233/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.6 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.718 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.472 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.306 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.541 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M13-Left Head-Tilt-WCDMA850-Ch4132**DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 826.4 MHz**

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used : $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Low Channel 4132/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.515 mW/g

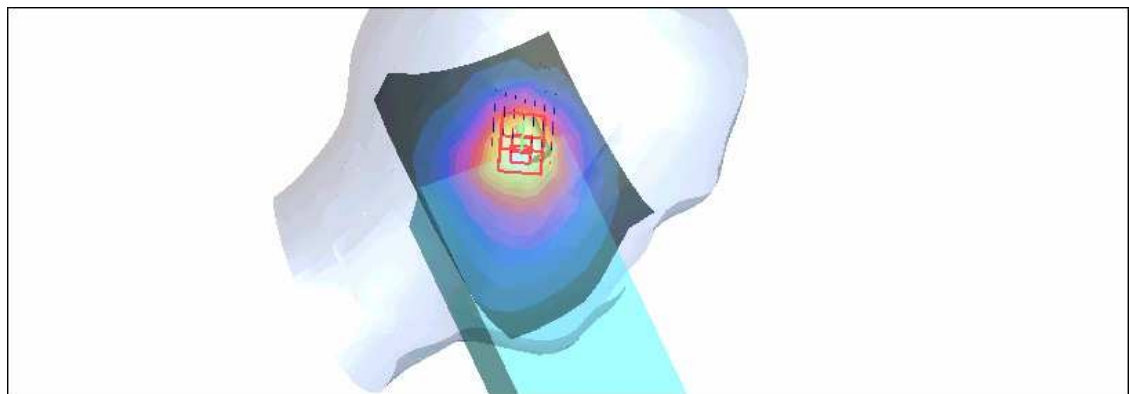
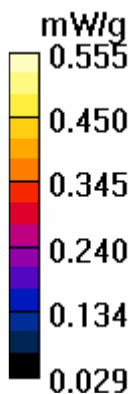
Tilt position - Low Channel 4132/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.8 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.747 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.512 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.330 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.555 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M13-Left Head-Tilt-WCDMA850-Ch4182

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 836.4 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Mid Channel 4182/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.600 mW/g

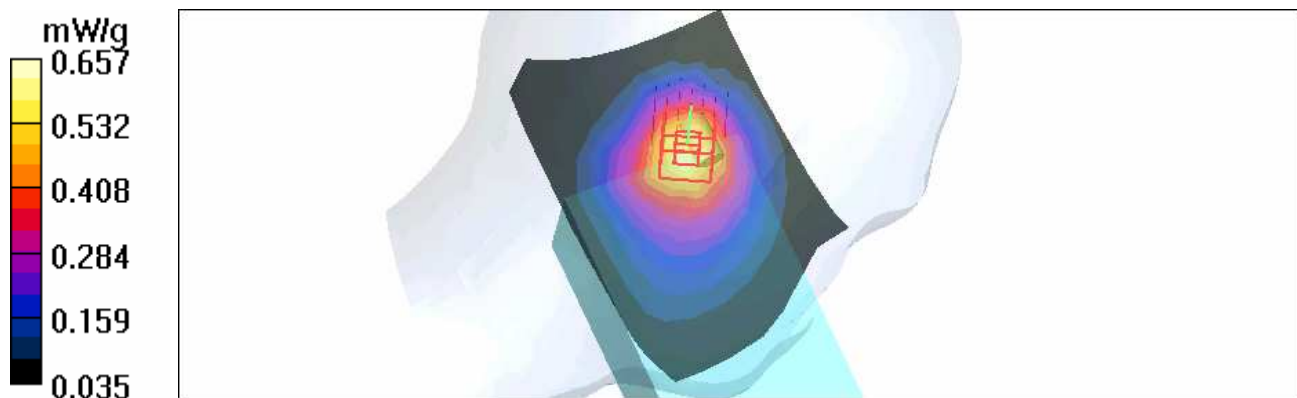
Tilt position - Mid Channel 4182/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.3 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.902 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.603 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.387 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.657 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

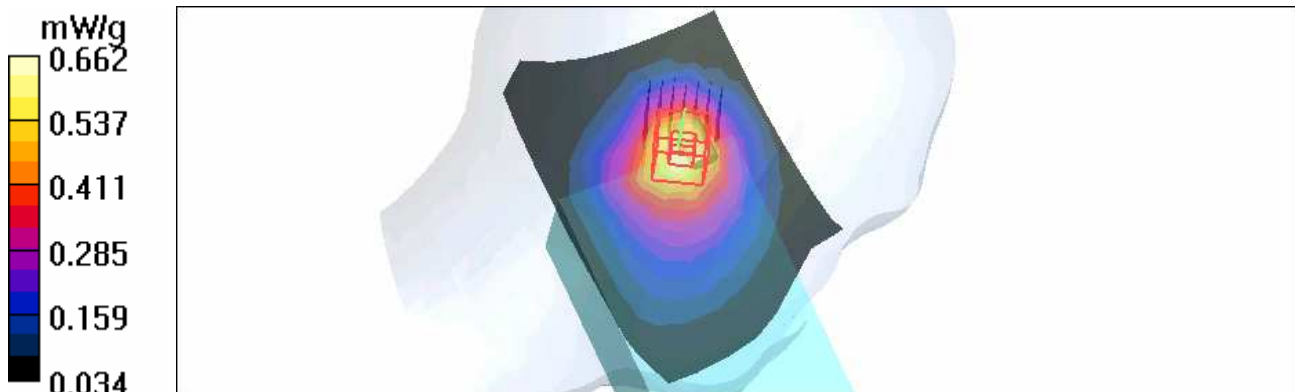
M13-Left Head-Tilt-WCDMA850-Ch4233

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 846.6 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used : $f = 846.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.93 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;
Liquid level: 150 mm
Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK
Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

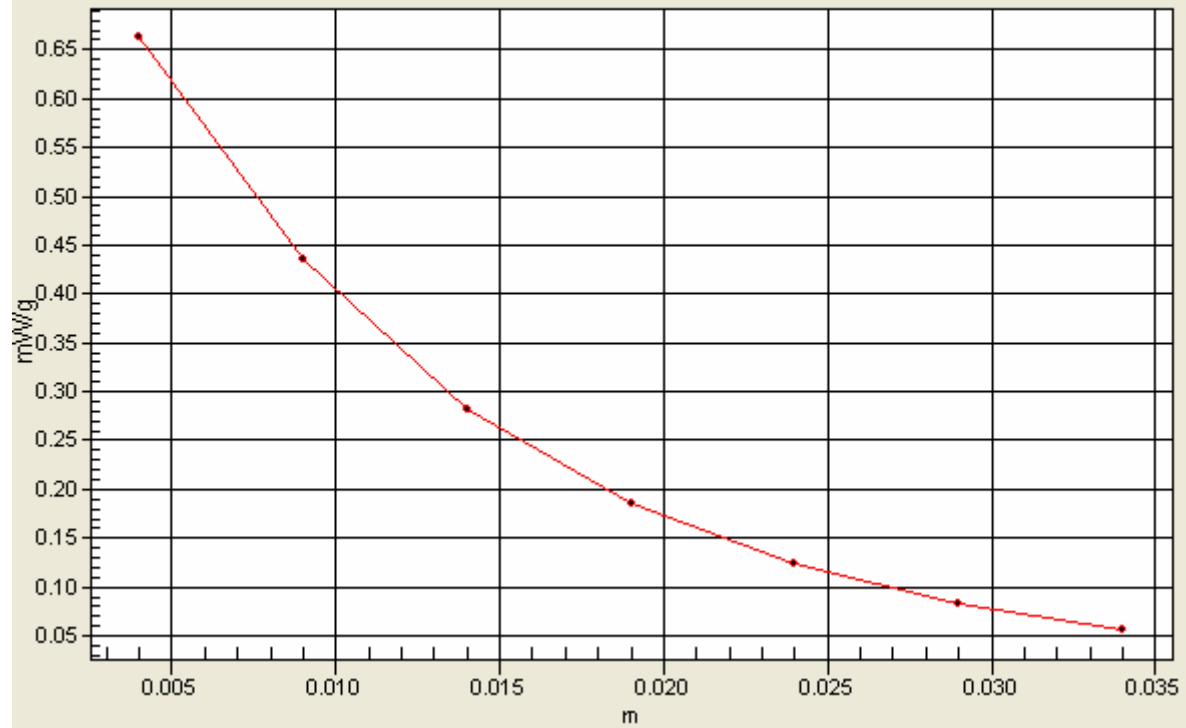
Tilt position - High Channel 4233/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$,
 $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.613 mW/g

Tilt position - High Channel 4233/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
 $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 22.8 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.916 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.610 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.389 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.662 mW/g



1g/10g Averaged SAR

SAR; Zoom Scan (7x7x7): Value Along Z, X=3, Y=3



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M14-Body Worn-WCDMA850-Ch4132

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 826.4 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 826.4 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 826.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.15, 6.15, 6.15) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel 4132/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.054 mW/g

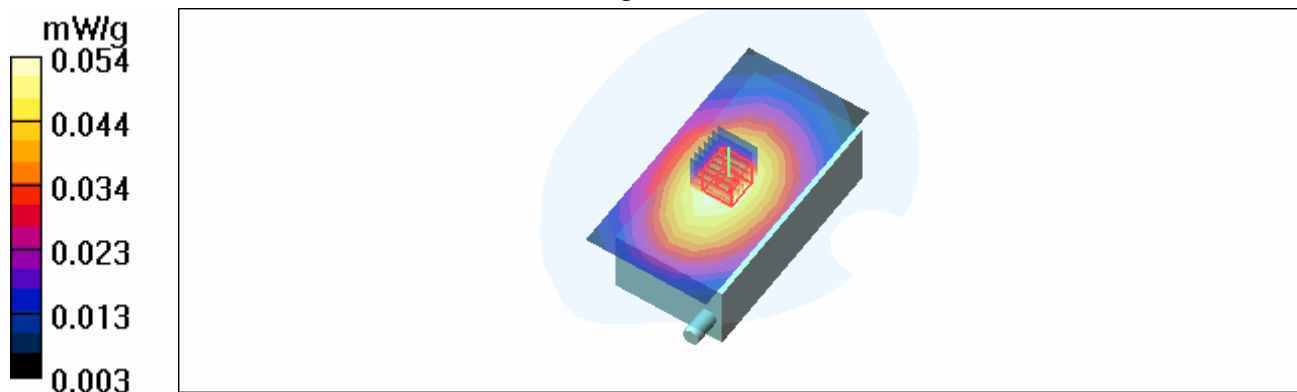
Low Channel 4132/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.68 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.053 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.042 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.033 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.046 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M14-Body Worn-WCDMA850-Ch4182

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 836.4 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 836.4 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.15, 6.15, 6.15) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 4182/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

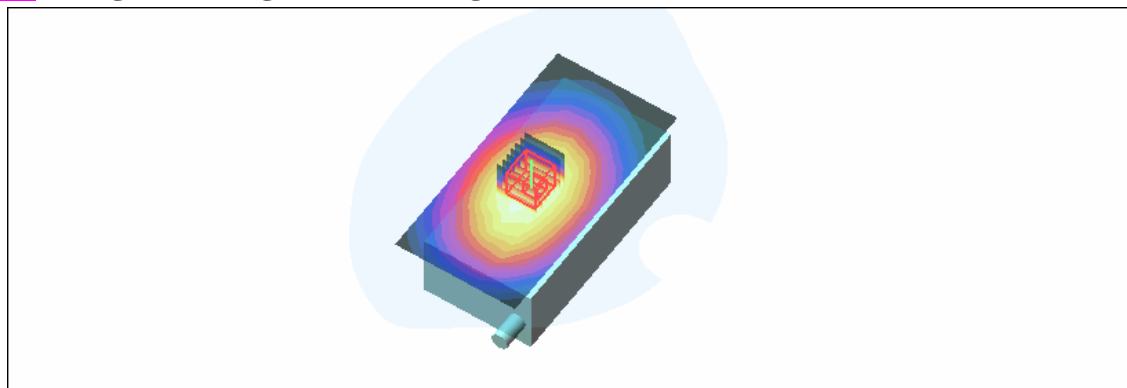
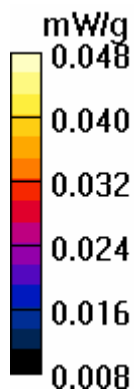
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.048 mW/g

Mid Channel 4182/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.14 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.055 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.043** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.034 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M14-Body Worn-WCDMA850-Ch4233

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 846.6 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 846.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.15, 6.15, 6.15) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 4233/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

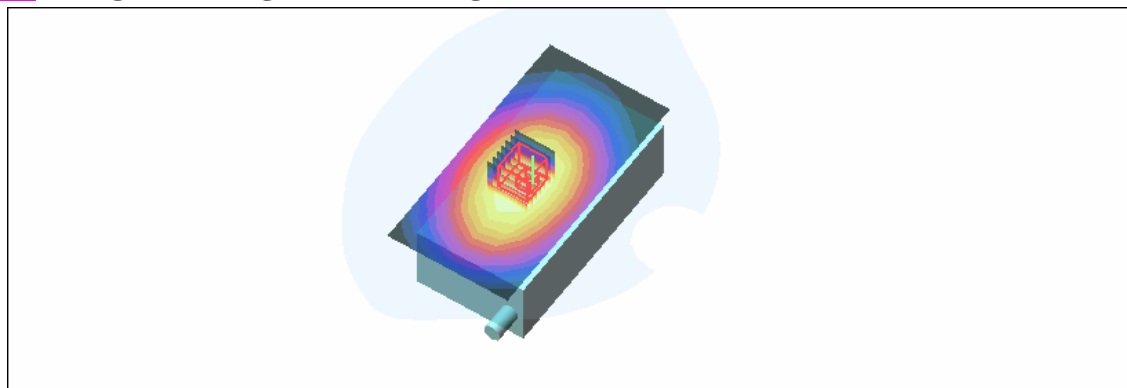
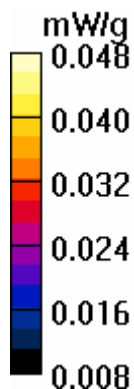
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.048 mW/g

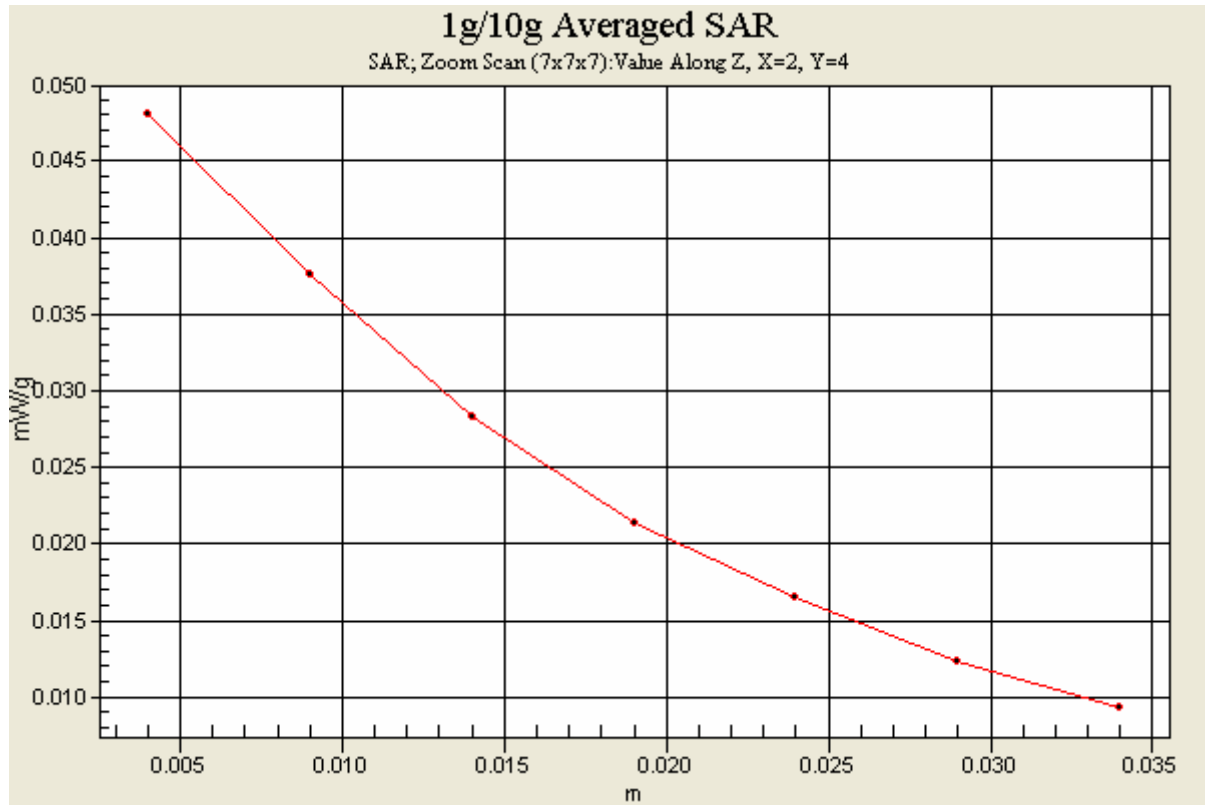
High Channel 4233/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.14 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.055 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.045** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.035 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M15-Body Worn-HSDPA850-Ch4233

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 846.6 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 846.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 151 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.3 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.2 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.15, 6.15, 6.15) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 4233/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.030 mW/g

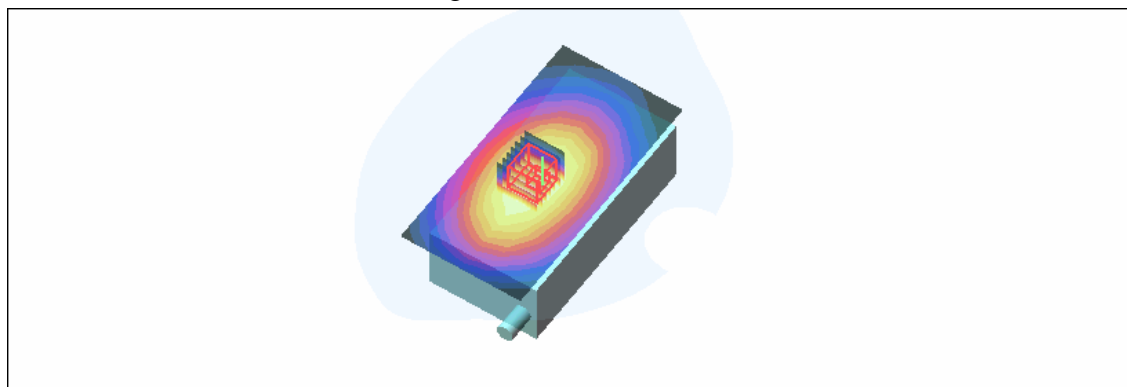
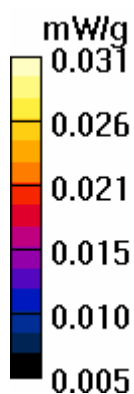
High Channel 4233/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.75 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.036 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.030 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.031 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M16-Right Head-Cheek-PCS1900-Ch512

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1850.2 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Low Channel 512/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.318 mW/g

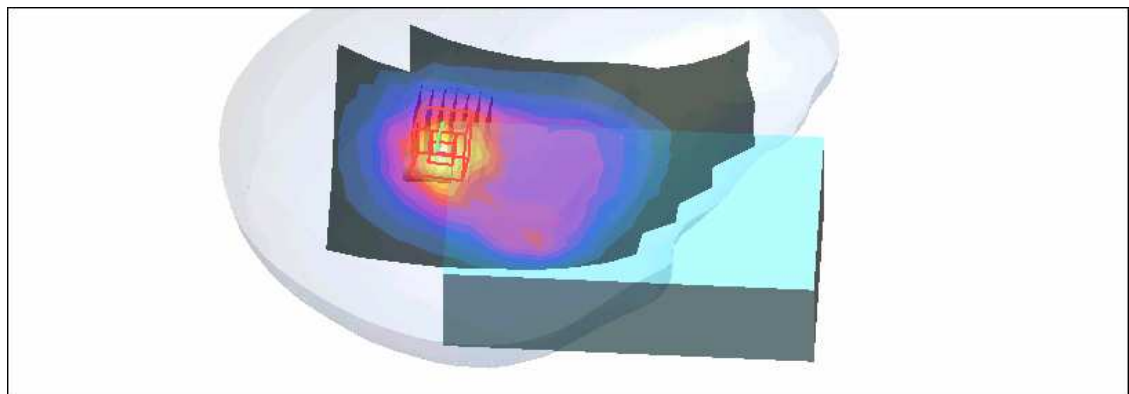
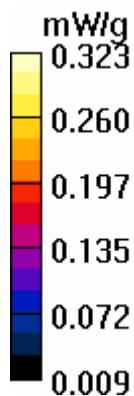
Touch position - Low Channel 512/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.1 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.508 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.300 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.171 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.323 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M16-Right Head-Cheek-PCS1900-Ch611

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1880 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Mid Channel 661/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.399 mW/g

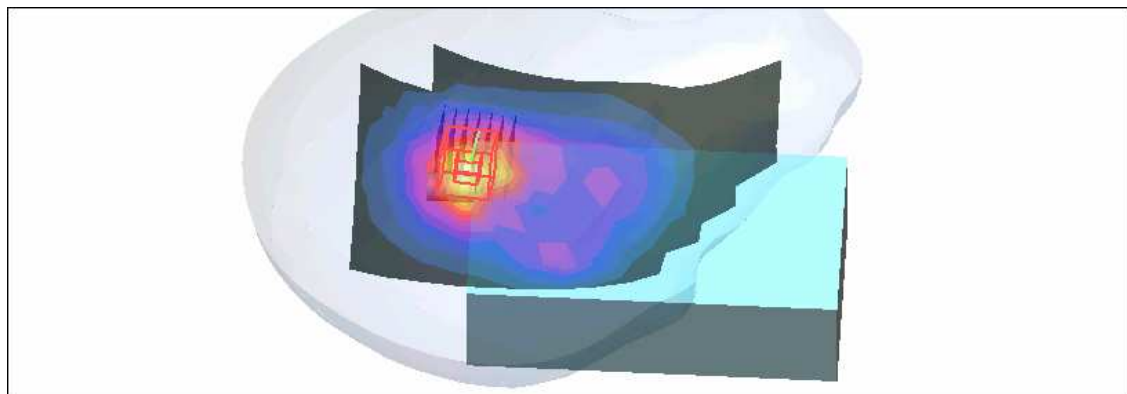
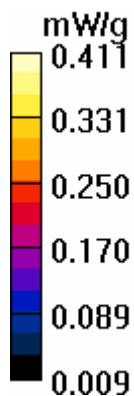
Touch position - Mid Channel 661/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.7 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.657 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.378 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.210 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.411 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M16-Right Head-Cheek-PCS1900-Ch810

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1909.8 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - High Channel 810/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.421 mW/g

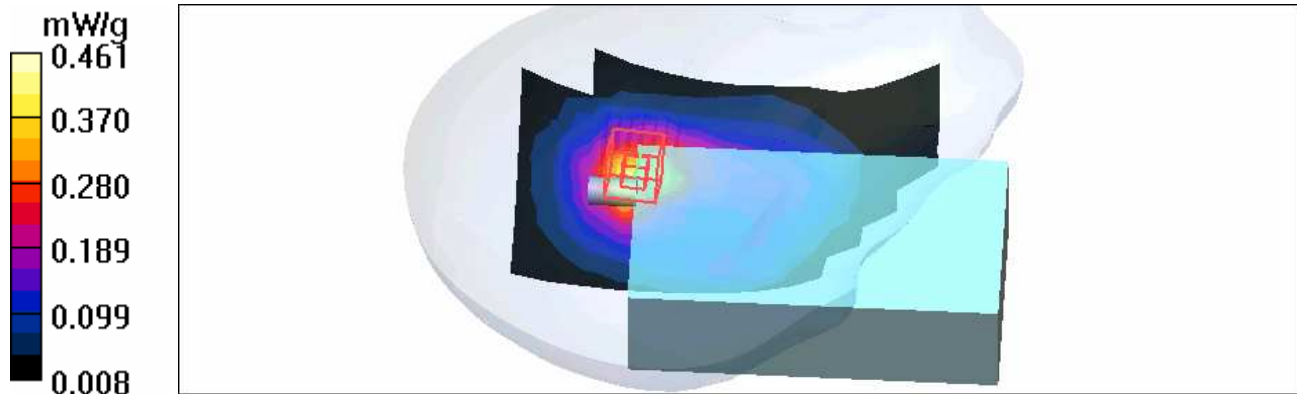
Touch position - High Channel 810/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.6 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.739 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.423 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = 0.234 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.461 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M17-Right Head-Tilt-PCS1900-Ch512

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1850.2 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Low Channel 512/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.459 mW/g

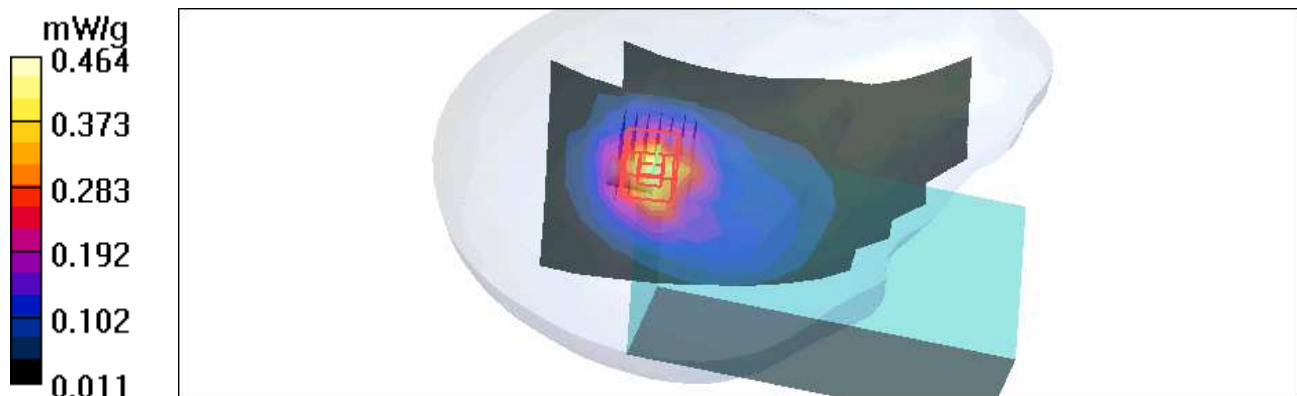
Tilt position - Low Channel 512/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.1 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.742 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.427 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.237 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.464 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M17-Right Head-Tilt-PCS1900-Ch661**DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1880 MHz**

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

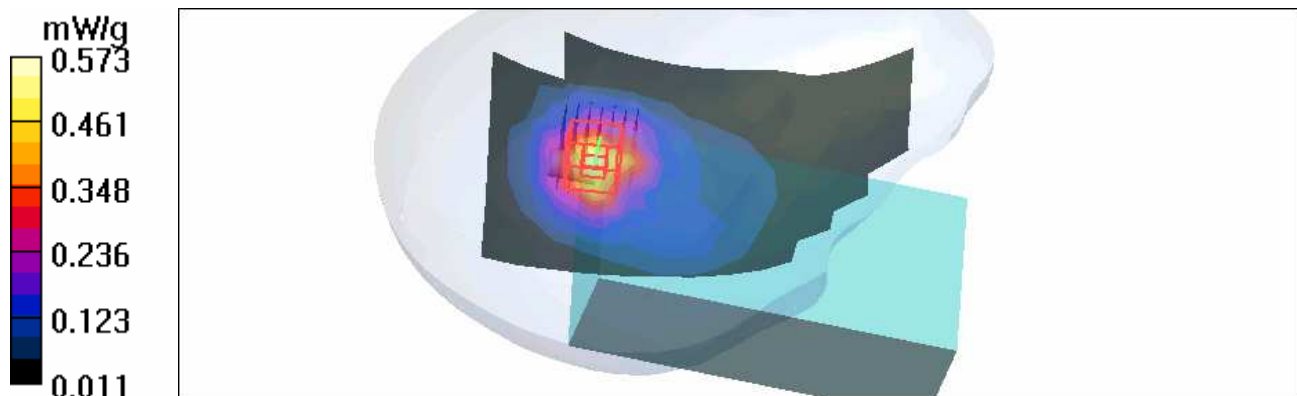
Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Mid Channel 661/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.553 mW/g**Tilt position - Mid Channel 661/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.5 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.920 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.525 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.289 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.573 mW/g

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M17-Right Head-Tilt-PCS1900-Ch810

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1909.8 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - High Channel 810/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.579 mW/g

Tilt position - High Channel 810/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

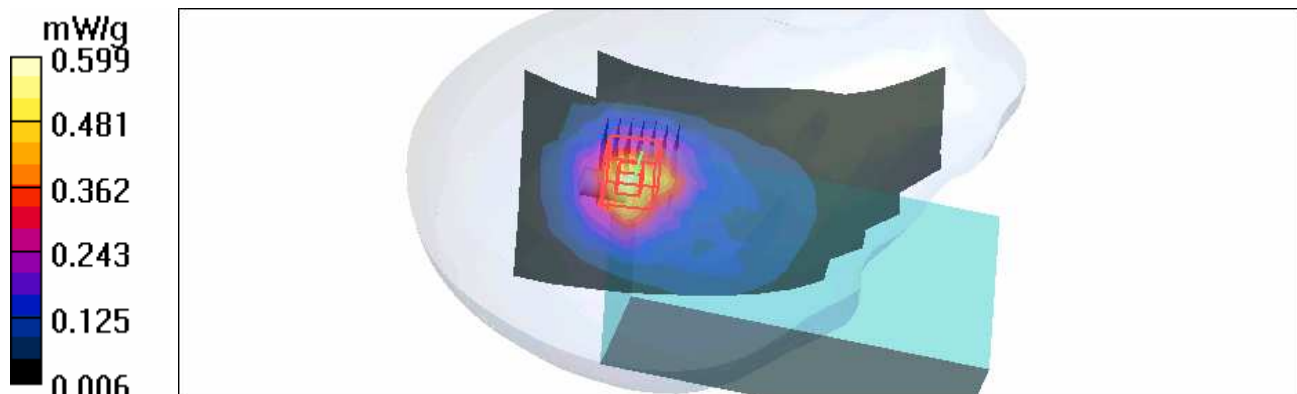
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.6 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.965 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.550 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.304 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.599 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M18-Left Head-Cheek-PCS1900-Ch512

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1850.2 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Low Channel 512/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.415 mW/g

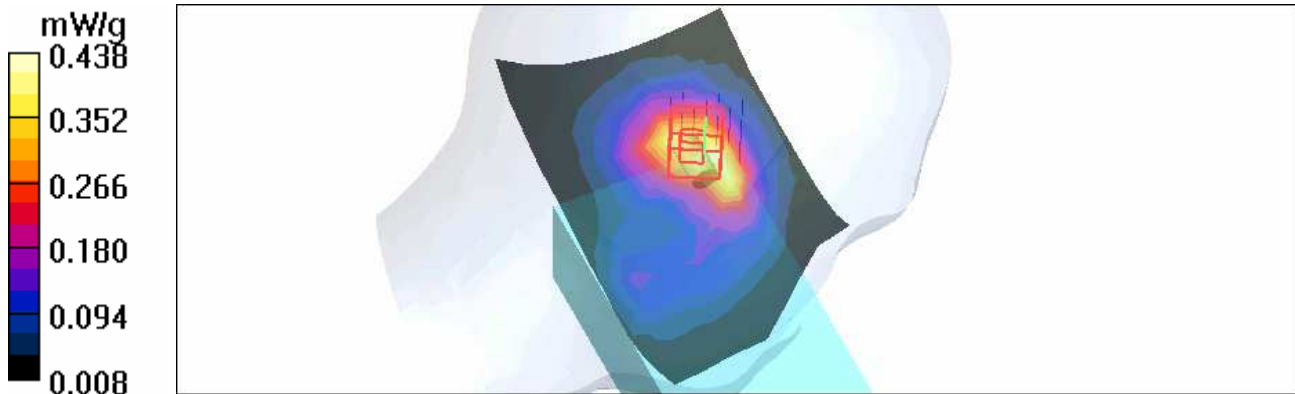
Touch position - Low Channel 512/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.702 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.405** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.233 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.438 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M18-Left Head-Cheek-PCS1900-Ch661

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1880 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Mid Channel 661/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.511 mW/g

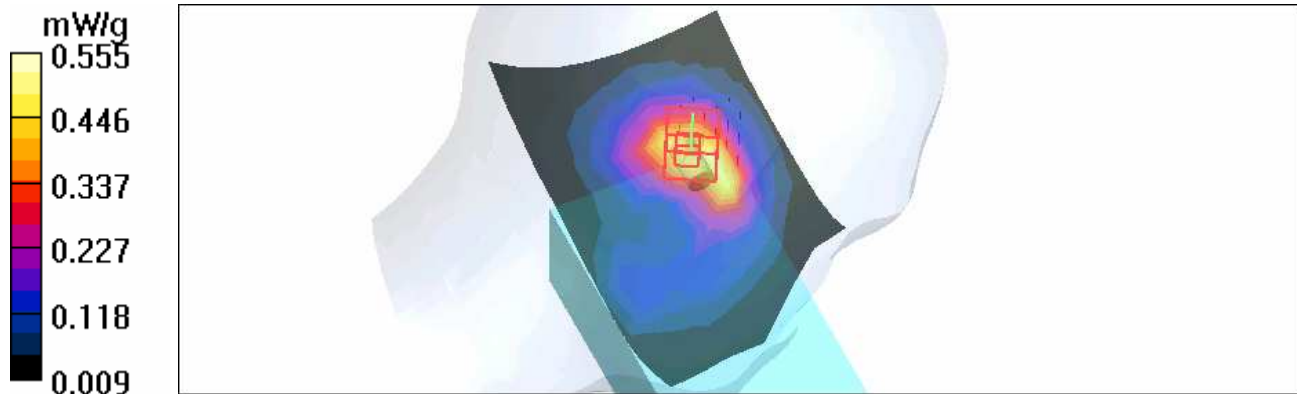
Touch position - Mid Channel 661/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.7 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.920 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.507** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.286 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.555 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M18-Left Head-Cheek-PCS1900-Ch810

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1909.8 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - High Channel 810/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.542 mW/g

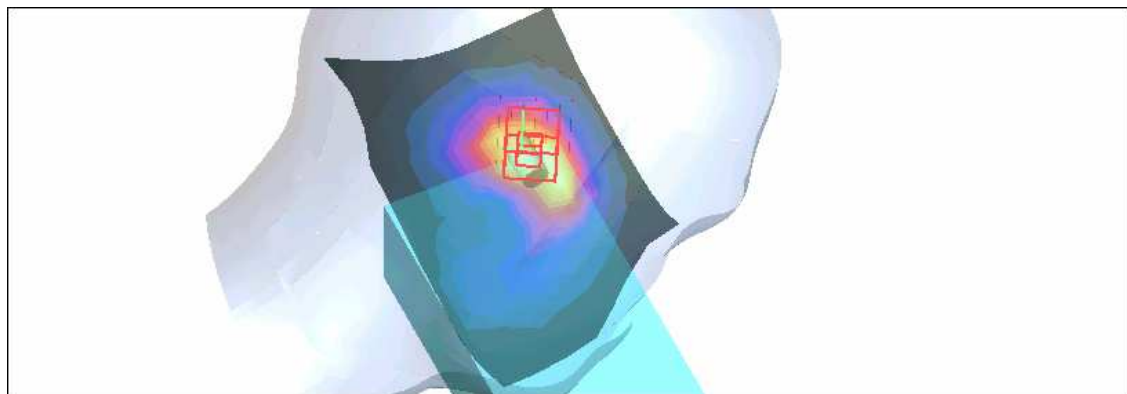
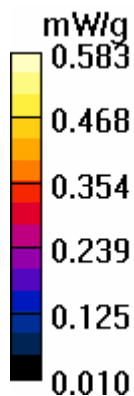
Touch position - High Channel 810/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.979 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.537** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.583 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M19-Left Head-Tilt-PCS1900-Ch512

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1850.2 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

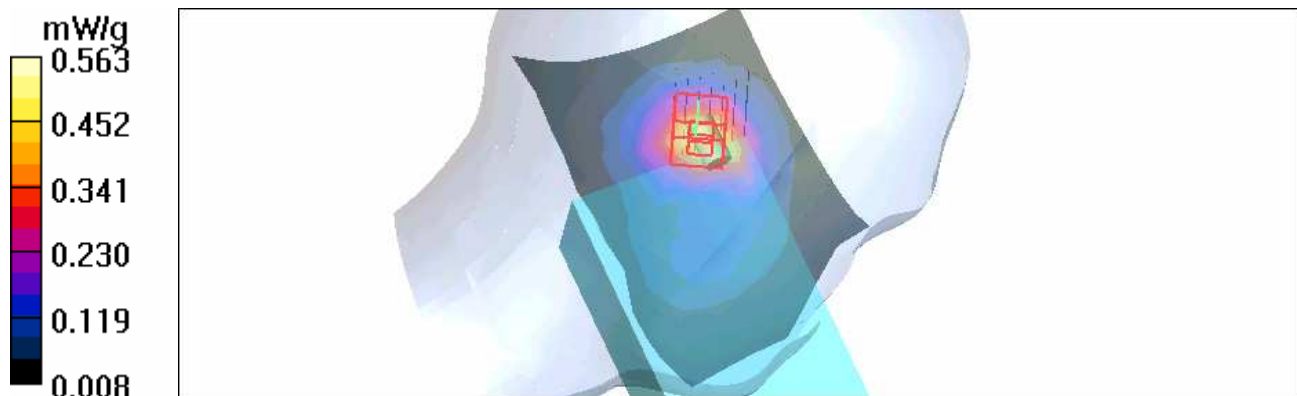
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Low Channel 512/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.499 mW/g

Tilt position - Low Channel 512/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 12.6 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.927 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.515 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.287 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.563 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M19-Left Head-Tilt-PCS1900-Ch661

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1880 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

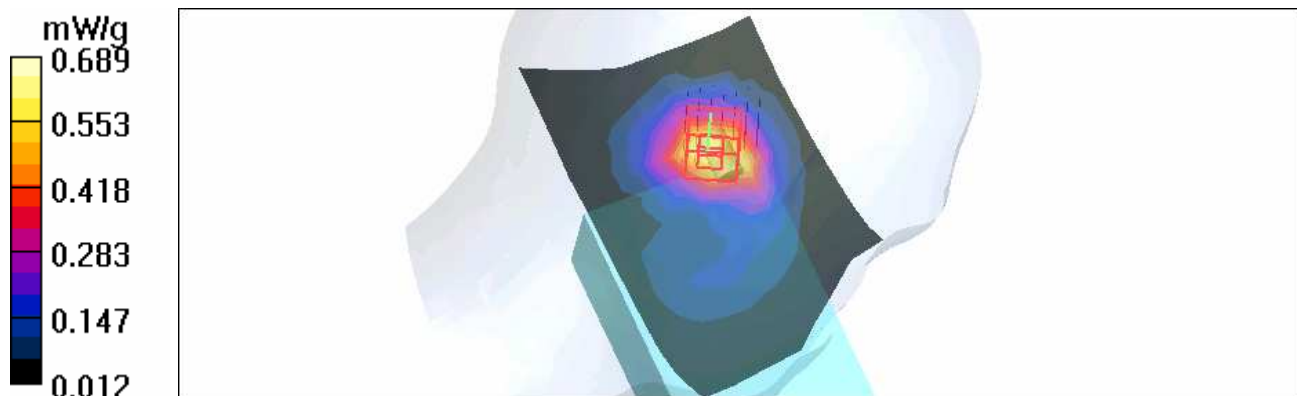
Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Mid Channel 661/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.653 mW/g

Tilt position - Mid Channel 661/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.5 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.12 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.631 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.351 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.689 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M19-Left Head-Tilt-PCS1900-Ch810

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1909.8 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

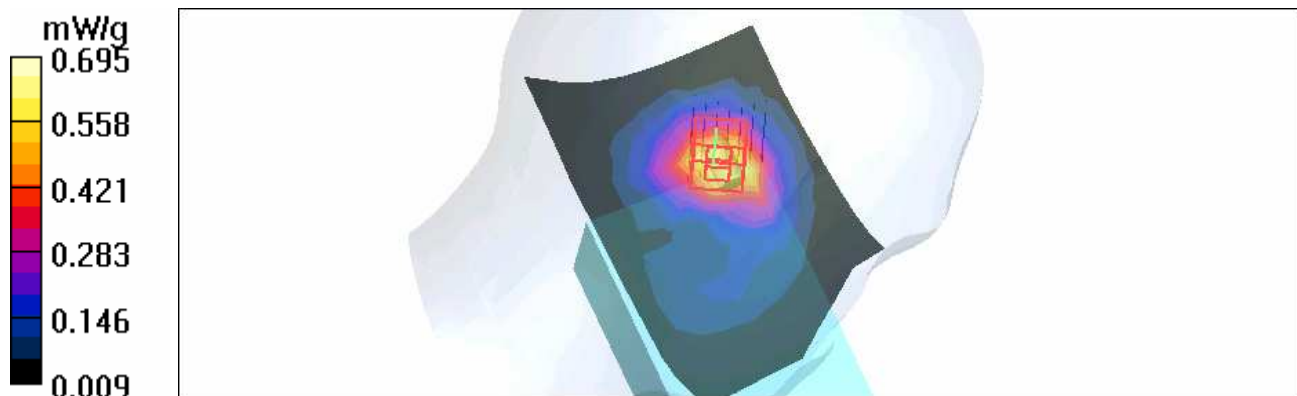
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

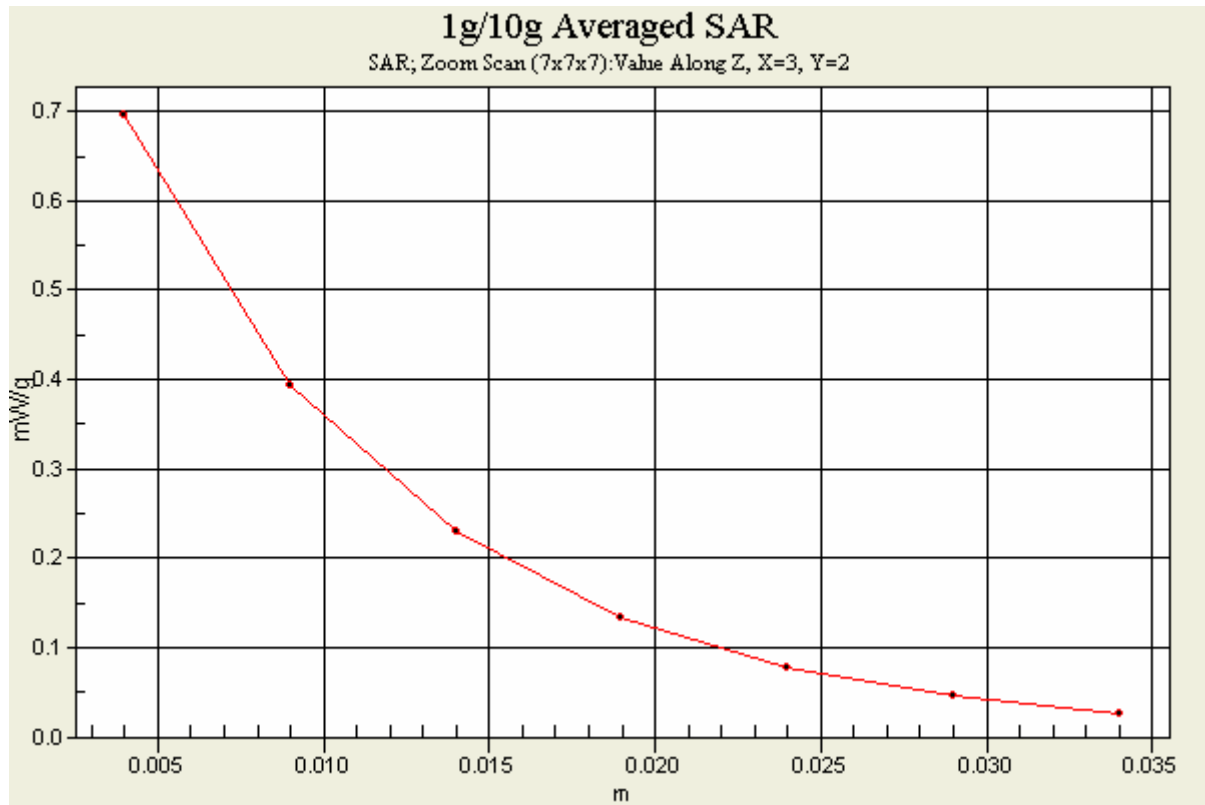
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - High Channel 810/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.609 mW/g

Tilt position - High Channel 810/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.3 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.642 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.363 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.695 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M20-Body Worn-GSM1900-Ch512**DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1850.2 MHz**

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: GMSK

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.1 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel 512/Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.037 mW/g

Low Channel 512/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.69 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.055 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.035 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.023 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.038 mW/g

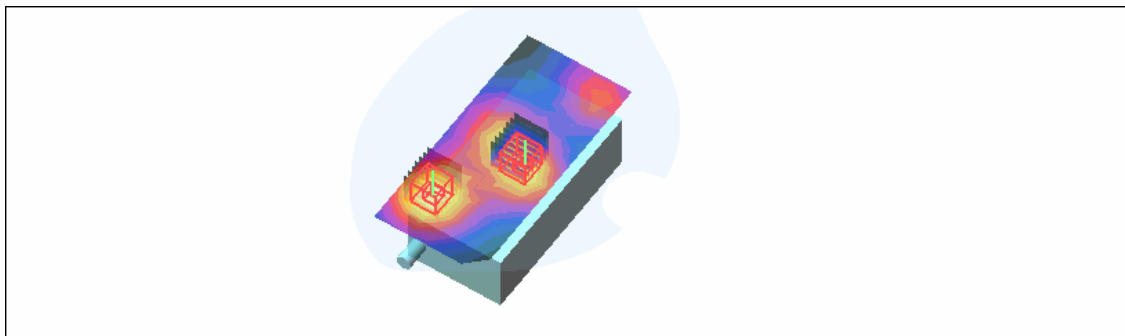
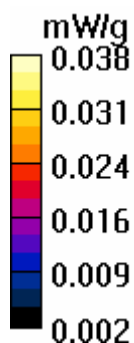
Low Channel 512/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.69 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.046 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.031 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.029 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M20-Body Worn-GSM1900-Ch661

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1880 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: GMSK

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.1 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 661/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.041 mW/g

Mid Channel 661/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.04 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.064 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.040 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.026 mW/g

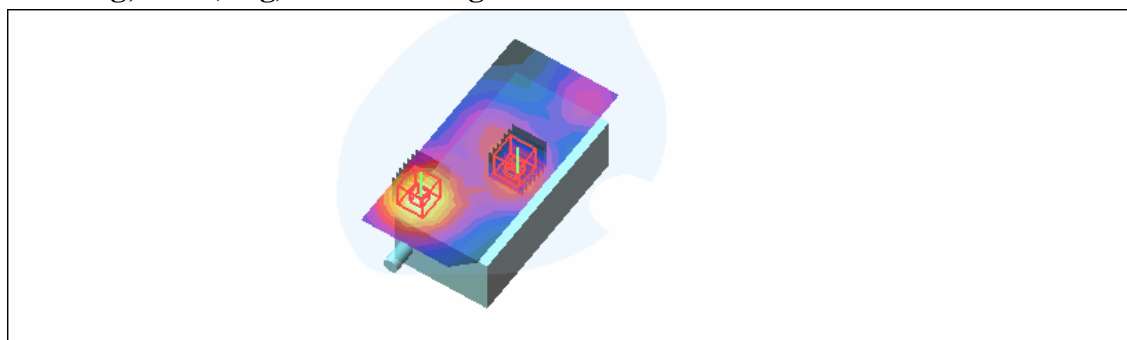
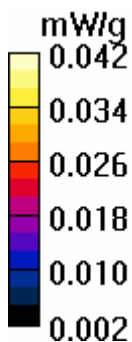
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.042 mW/g

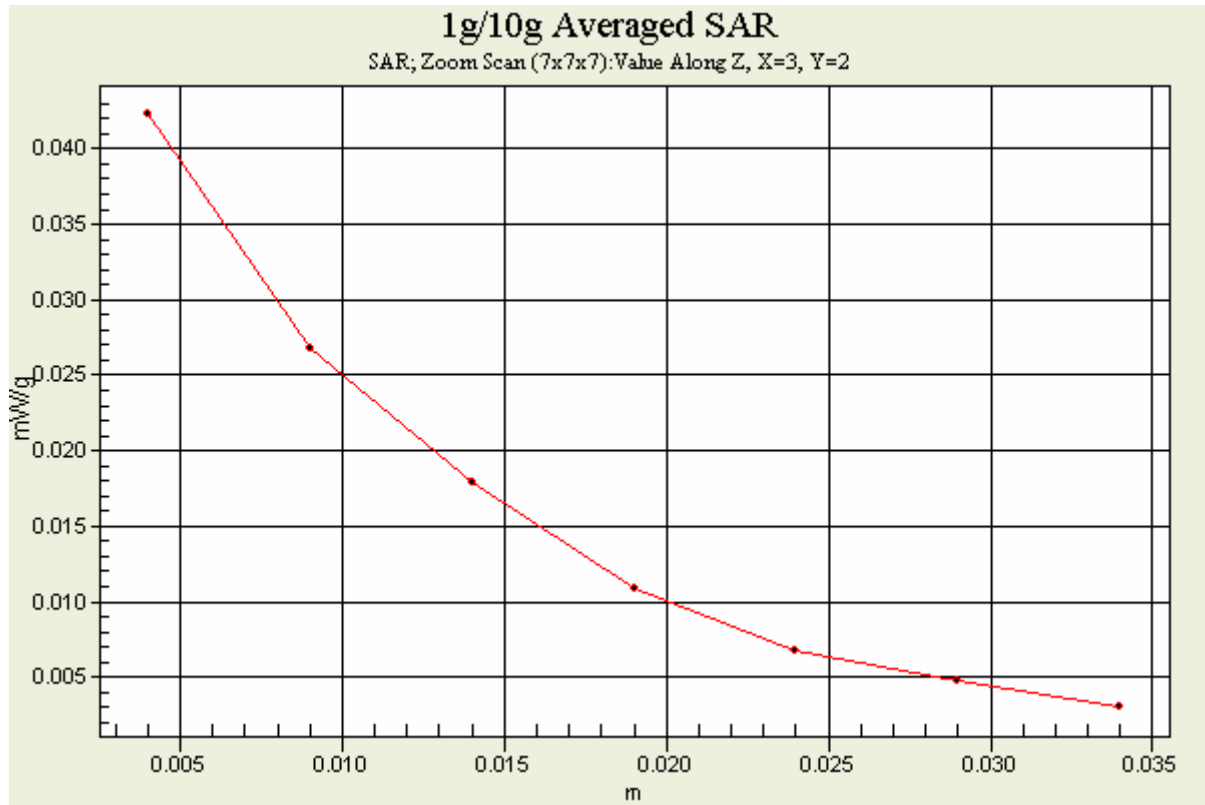
Mid Channel 661/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.04 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.062 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.039 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.025 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M20-Body Worn-GSM1900-Ch810

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1909.8 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.56 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid Level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: GMSK

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.1 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 810/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.040 mW/g

High Channel 810/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.01 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.059 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.037 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.024 mW/g

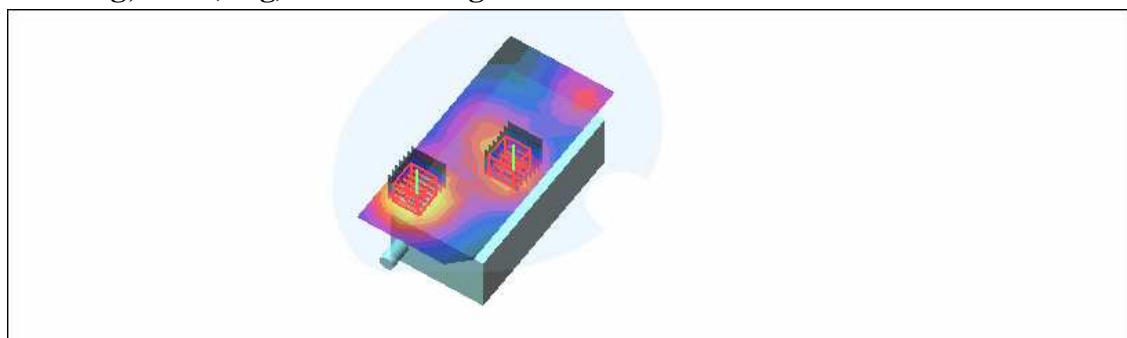
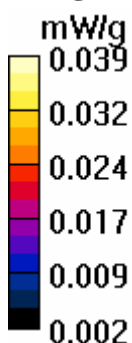
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.039 mW/g

High Channel 810/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.01 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.058 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.037 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.024 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M21-Body Worn-GPRS1900 TS2-Ch661**DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1880 MHz**

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: GMSK / UL 2 time slots

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.1 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 661/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.030 mW/g

Mid Channel 661/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.42 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.047 W/kg

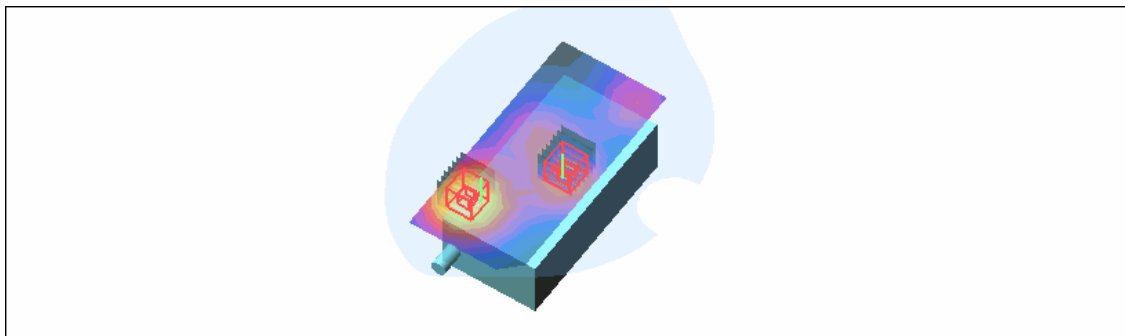
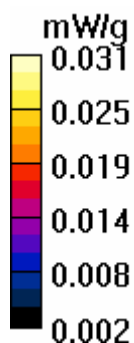
SAR(1 g) = 0.029 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.031 mW/g

Mid Channel 661/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.42 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.047 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.028 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g

Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M22-Body Worn-GPRS1900 TS1-Ch661

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1880 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: GMSK / UL 1 time slot

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.1 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 661/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.030 mW/g

Mid Channel 661/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.42 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.045 W/kg

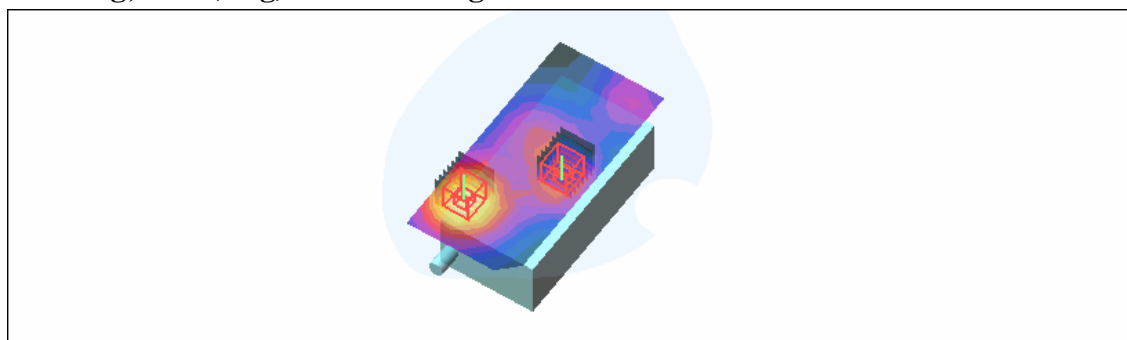
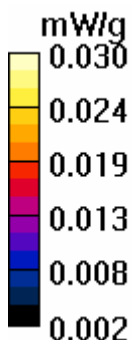
SAR(1 g) = **0.028** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g

Mid Channel 661/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.42 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.046 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.028 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M23-Body Worn-E-GPRS1900 TS2-Ch661

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1880 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:4

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: 8PSK / UL 2 time slots

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.1 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 661/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.028 mW/g

Mid Channel 661/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.34 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.043 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.027** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 mW/g

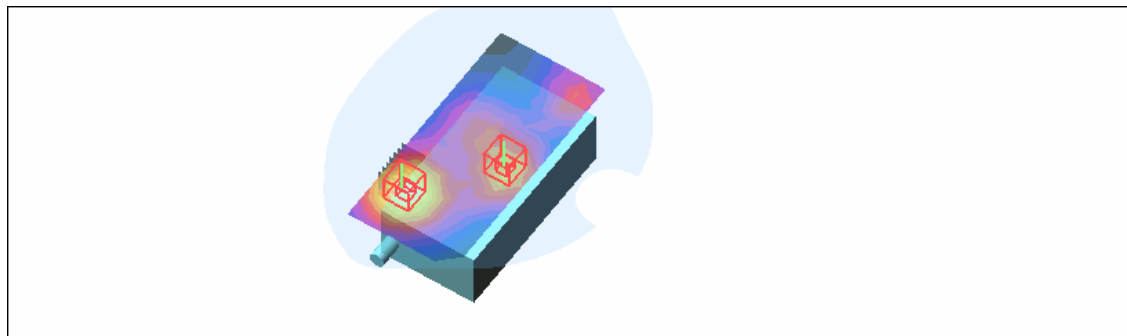
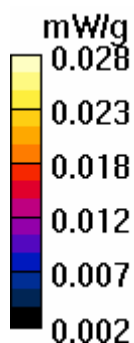
Mid Channel 661/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.34 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.042 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.025** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.027 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M24-Body Worn-E-GPRS1900 TS1-Ch661

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1880 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: 8PSK / UL 1 time slot
Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.1 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 661/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.014 mW/g

Mid Channel 661/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.32 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.024 W/kg

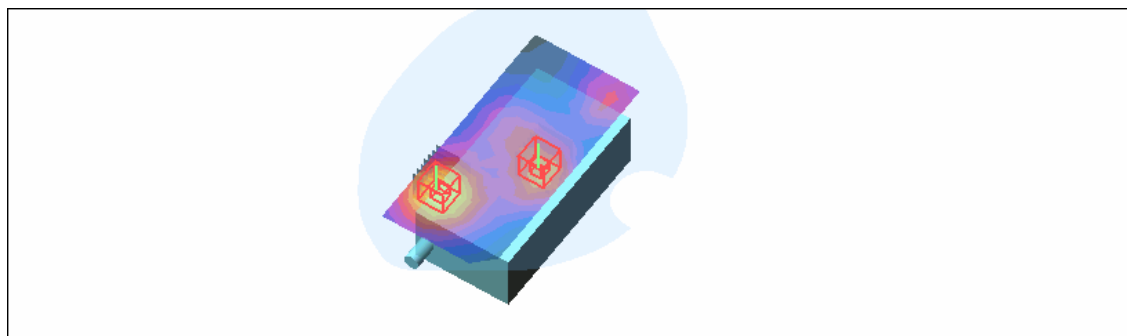
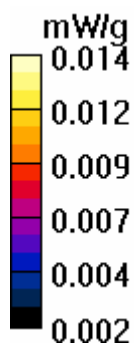
SAR(1 g) = **0.013** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00841 mW/g

Mid Channel 661/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.32 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.024 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.013 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00775 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M25-Right Head-Cheek-WCDMA1900-Ch9262

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1852.4 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Low Channel 9262/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.576 mW/g

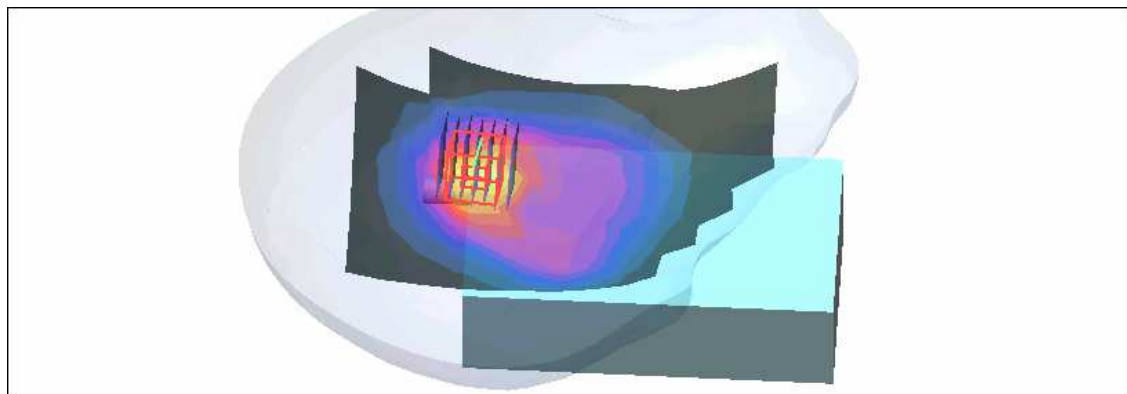
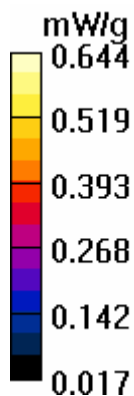
Touch position - Low Channel 9262/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.0 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.584 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.327 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.644 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M25-Right Head-Cheek-WCDMA1900-Ch9400

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1880 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.41 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;

Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Mid Channel 9400/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.587 mW/g

Touch position - Mid Channel 9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

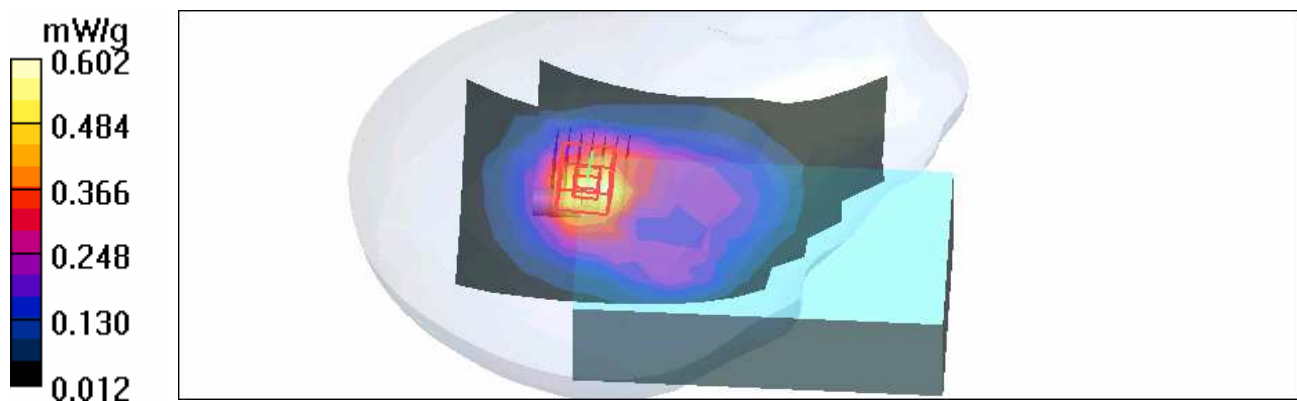
$dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 16.6 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.959 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.551 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.307 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.602 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M25-Right Head-Cheek-WCDMA1900-Ch9538**DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1907.6 MHz**

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - High Channel 9538/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.523 mW/g

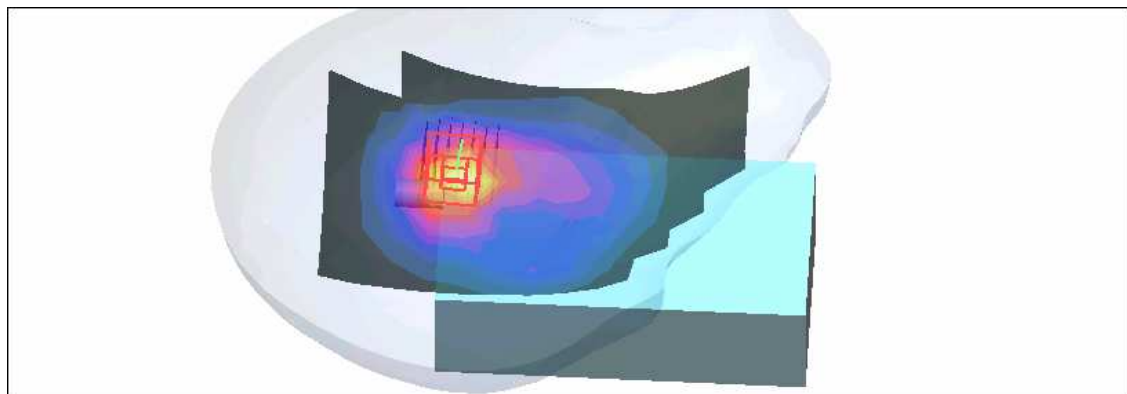
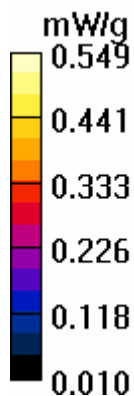
Touch position - High Channel 9538/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.1 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.877 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.503** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.278 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.549 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M26-Right Head-Tilt-WCDMA1900-Ch9262

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1852.4 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Low Channel 9262/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.691 mW/g

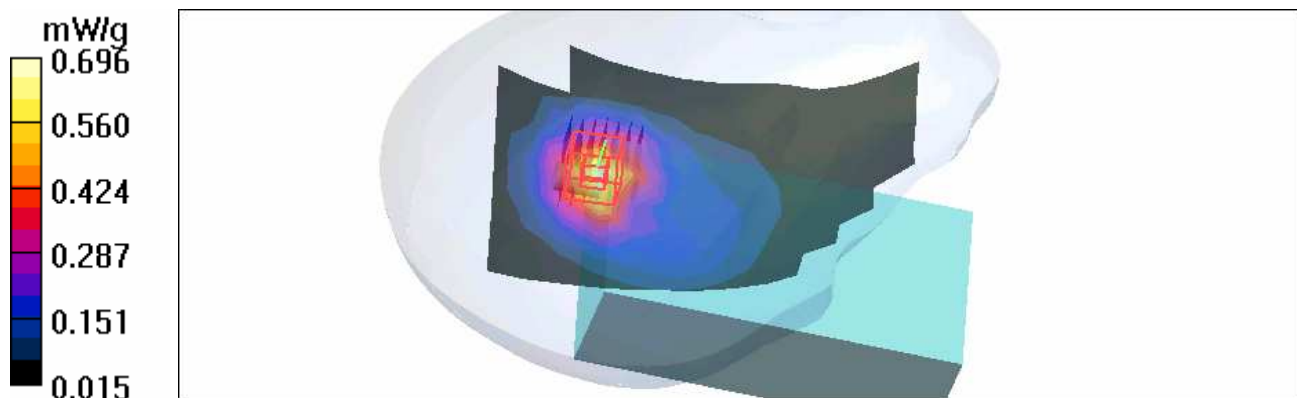
Tilt position - Low Channel 9262/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.0 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.642 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.357 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.696 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M26-Right Head-Tilt-WCDMA1900-Ch9400

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1880 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Mid Channel 9400/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.706 mW/g

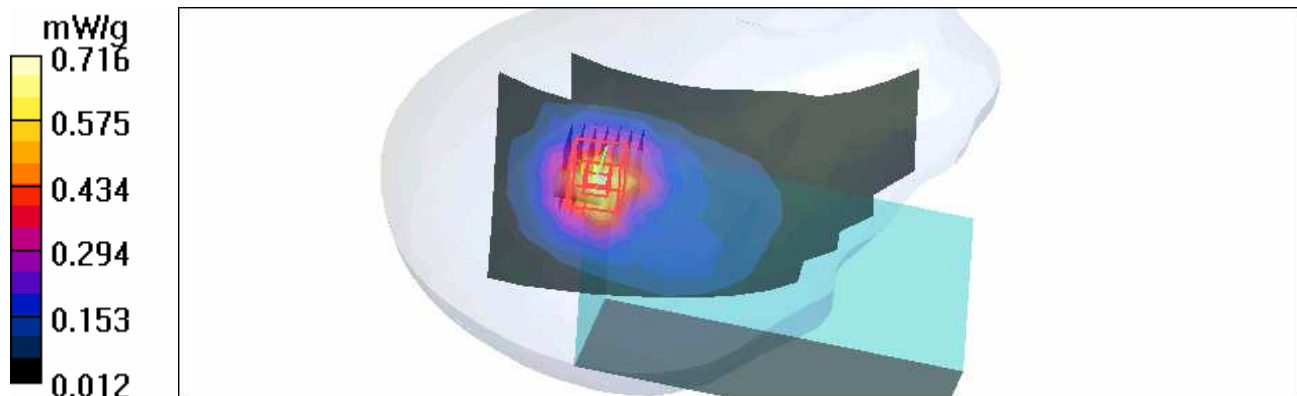
Tilt position - Mid Channel 9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.0 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.654 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.364 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.716 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M26-Right Head-Tilt-WCDMA1900-Ch9538**DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1907.6 MHz**

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Right Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - High Channel 9538/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.614 mW/g

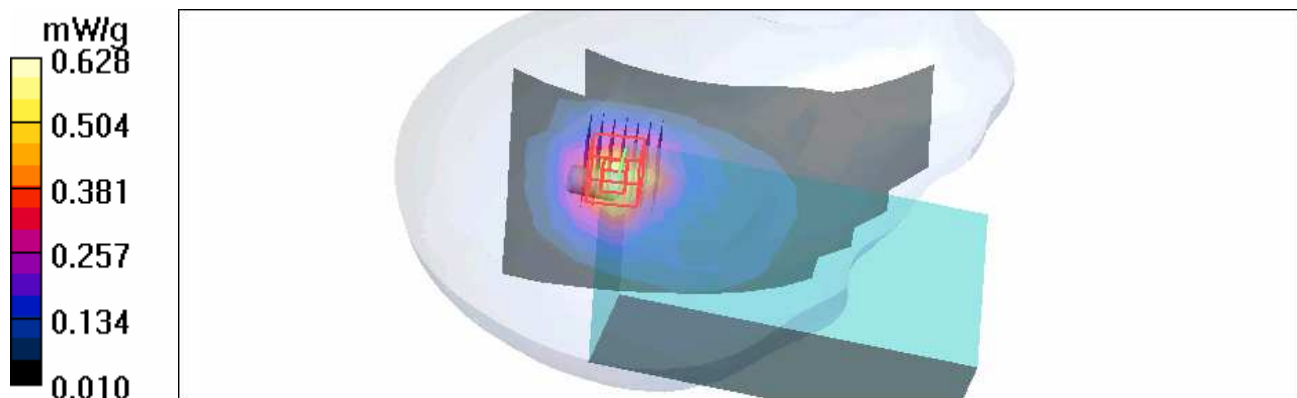
Tilt position - High Channel 9538/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.00 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.573 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = 0.317 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.628 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M27-Left Head-Cheek-WCDMA1900-Ch9262

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1852.4 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Low Channel 9262/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.636 mW/g

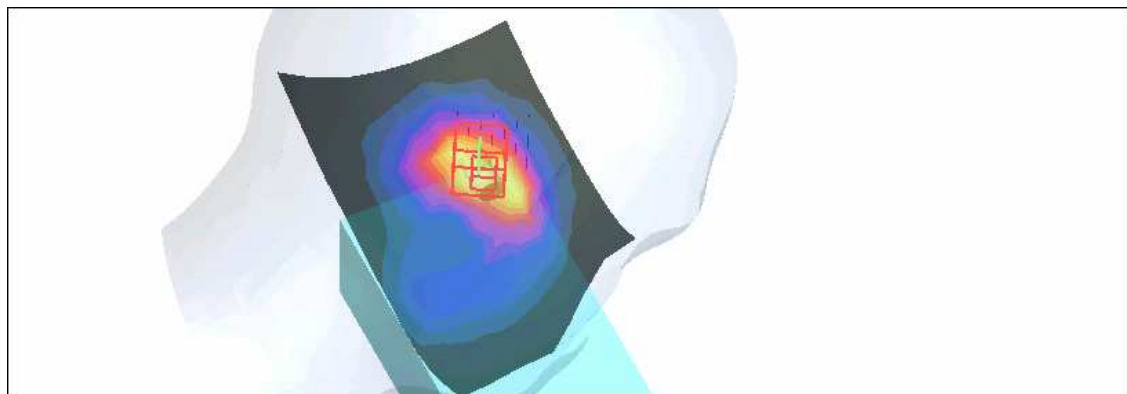
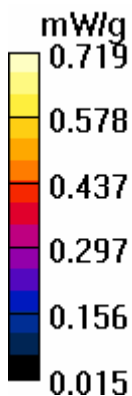
Touch position - Low Channel 9262/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.669 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.382 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.719 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M27-Left Head-Cheek-WCDMA1900-Ch9400

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1880 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - Mid Channel 9400/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.669 mW/g

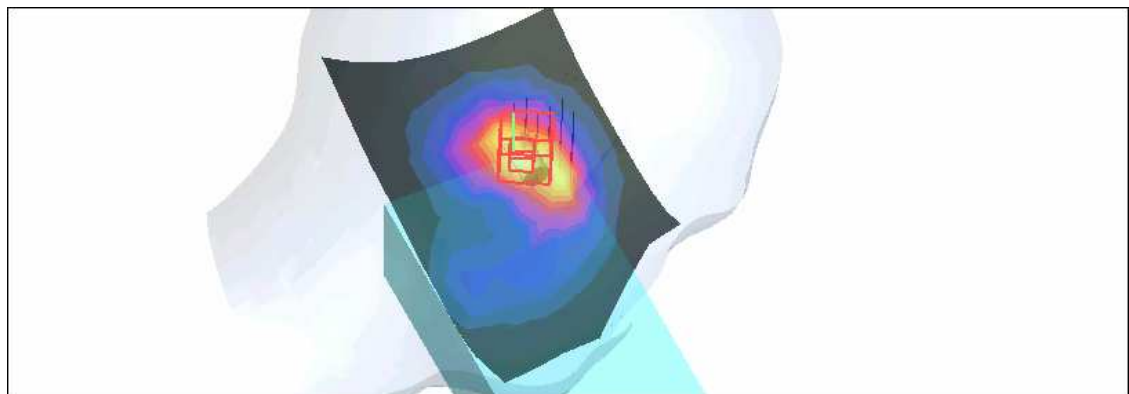
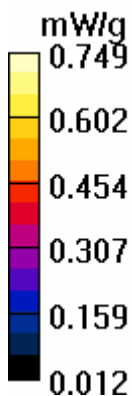
Touch position - Mid Channel 9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.3 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.697 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.392 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.749 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M27-Left Head-Cheek-WCDMA1900-Ch9538

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1907.6 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Cheek ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Touch position - High Channel 9538/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.600 mW/g

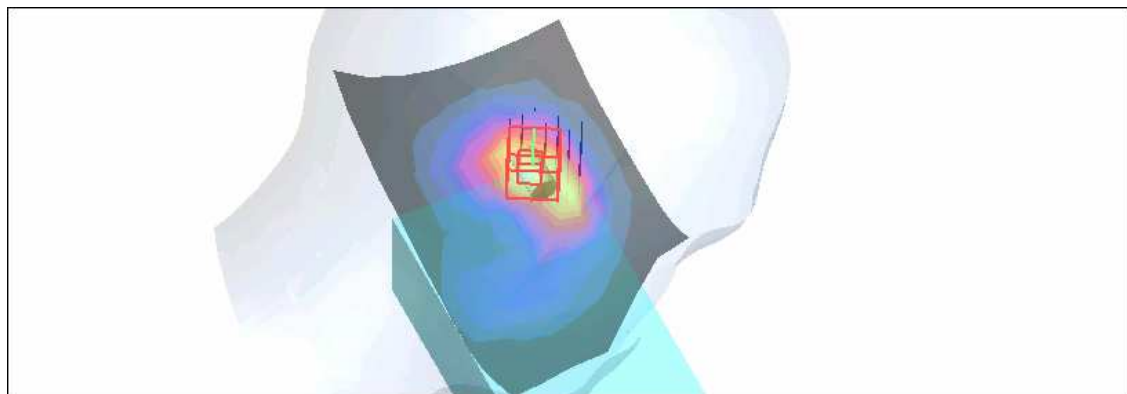
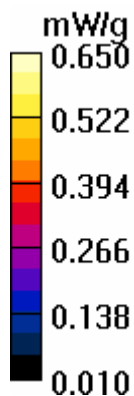
Touch position - High Channel 9538/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.0 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.601 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.337 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.650 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M28-Left Head-Tilt-WCDMA1900-Ch9262

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1852.4 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Low Channel 9262/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.814 mW/g

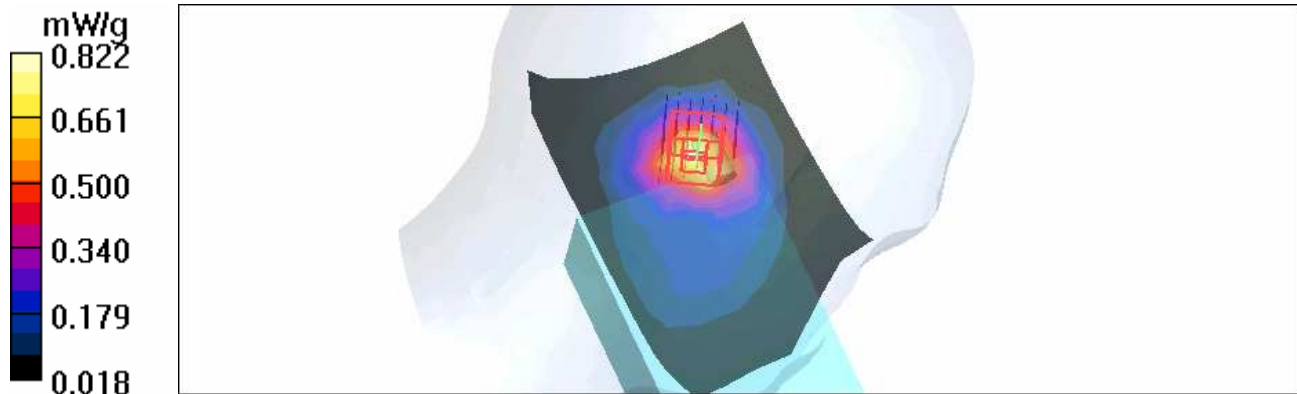
Tilt position - Low Channel 9262/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.6 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.758** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.426 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.822 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M28-Left Head-Tilt-WCDMA1900-Ch9400

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1880 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Mid Channel 9400/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm,
dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.825 mW/g

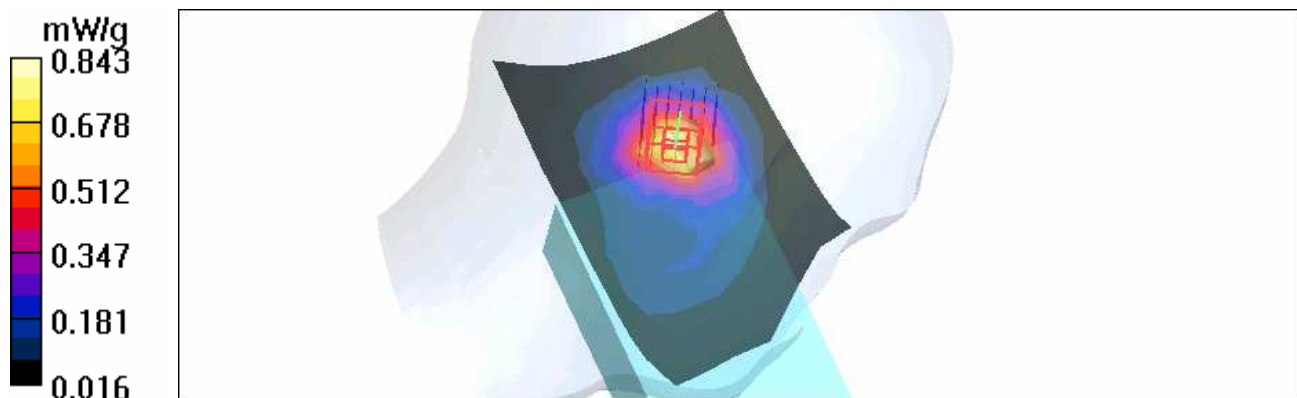
Tilt position - Mid Channel 9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

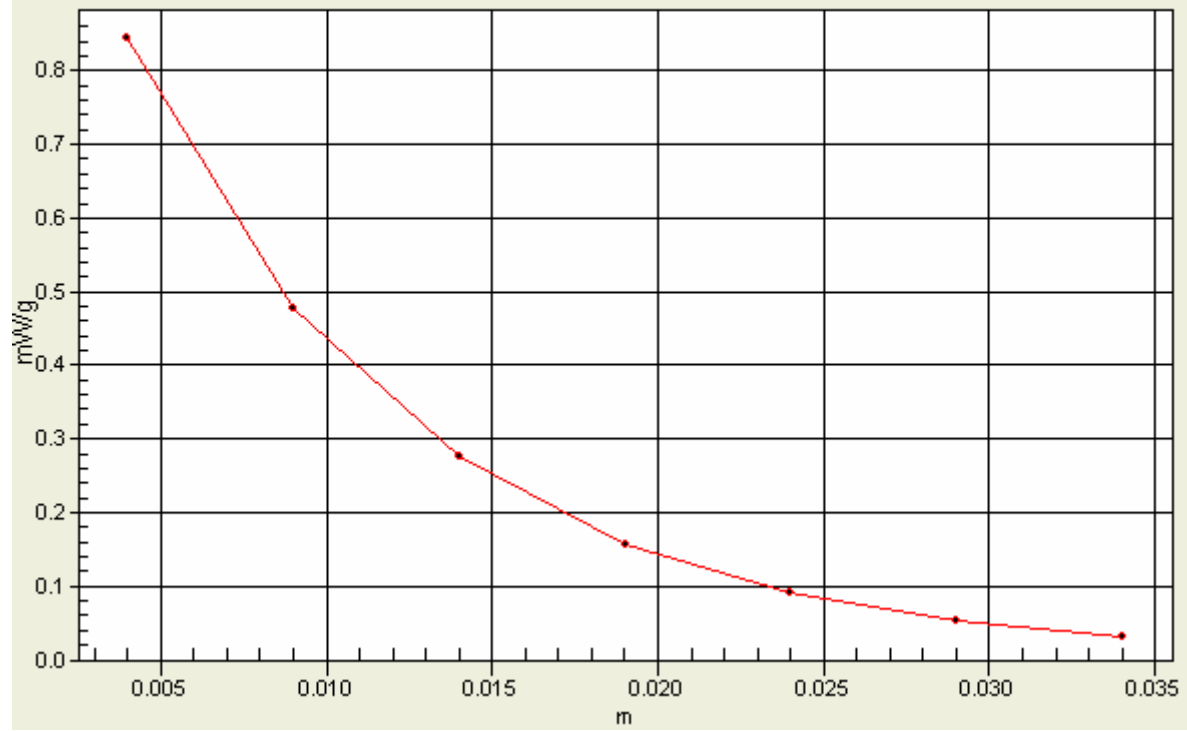
SAR(1 g) = 0.771 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.432 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.843 mW/g



1g/10g Averaged SAR

SAR; Zoom Scan (7x7x7): Value Along Z, X=3, Y=3



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M28-Left Head-Tilt-WCDMA1900-Ch9538

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1907.6 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - High Channel 9538/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.675 mW/g

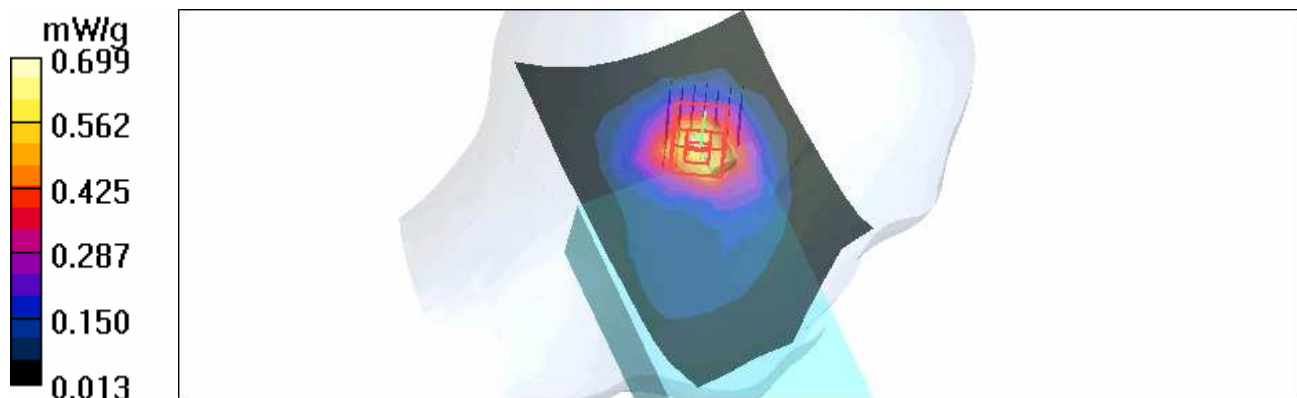
Tilt position - High Channel 9538/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.642 mW/g**; SAR(10 g) = 0.360 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.699 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M29-Body Worn-WCDA1900-Ch9262

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1852.4 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.1 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Low Channel 9262/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.042 mW/g

Low Channel 9262/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.05 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.058 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.038 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.025 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.040 mW/g

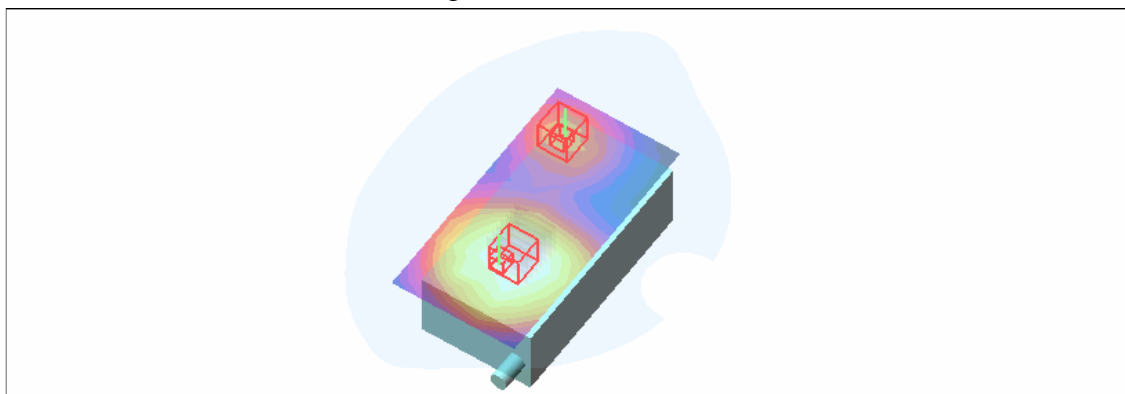
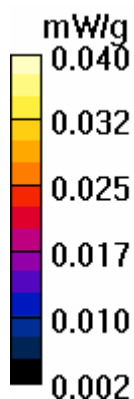
Low Channel 9262/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.05 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.041 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.026 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.027 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M29-Body Worn-WCDA1900-Ch9400

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1880 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.1 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 9400/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.043 mW/g

Mid Channel 9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.96 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.065 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.044 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.045 mW/g

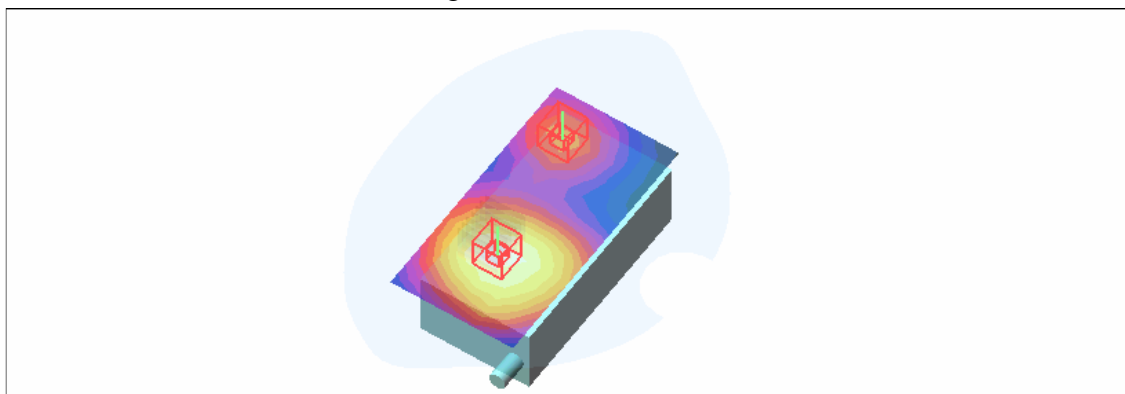
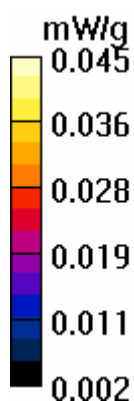
Mid Channel 9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

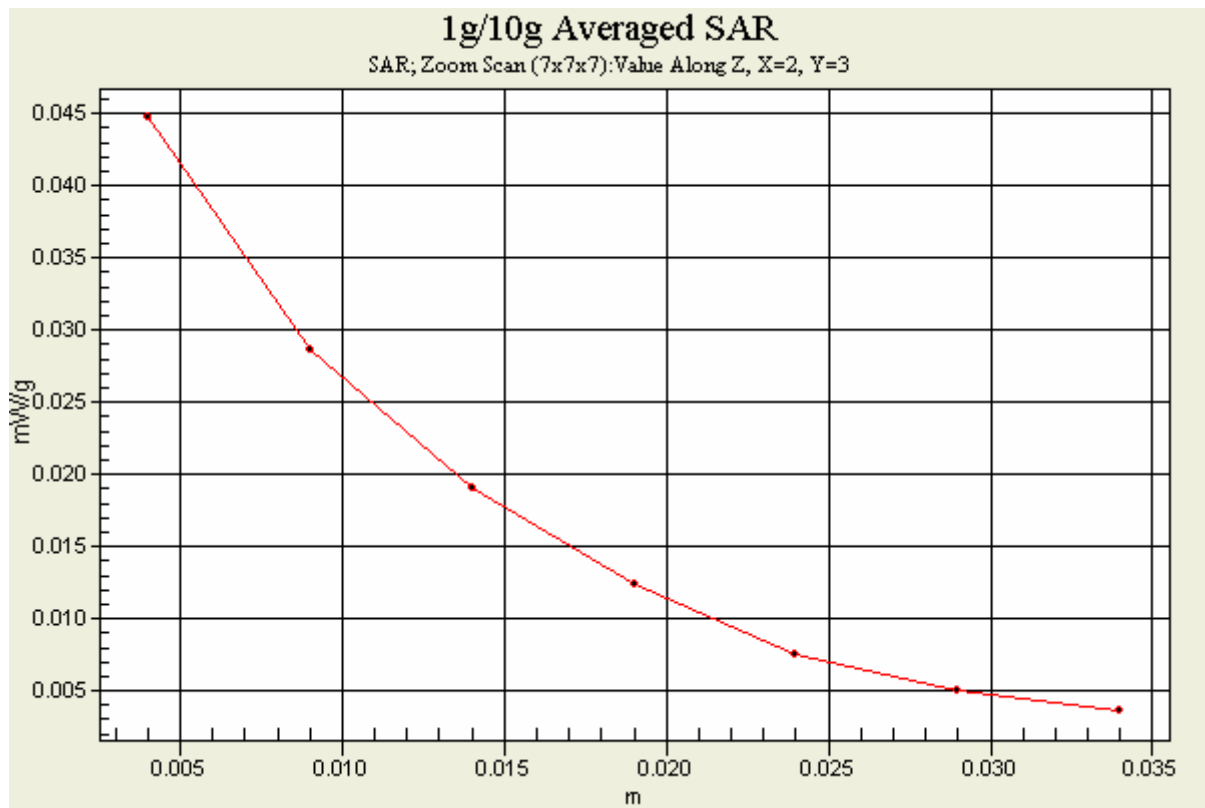
Reference Value = 3.96 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.047 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.029 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.031 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M29-Body Worn-WCDA1900-Ch9538

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1907.6 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.55 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Liquid Level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.1 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

High Channel 9538/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.042 mW/g

High Channel 9538/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.85 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.060 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.040 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.027 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.043 mW/g

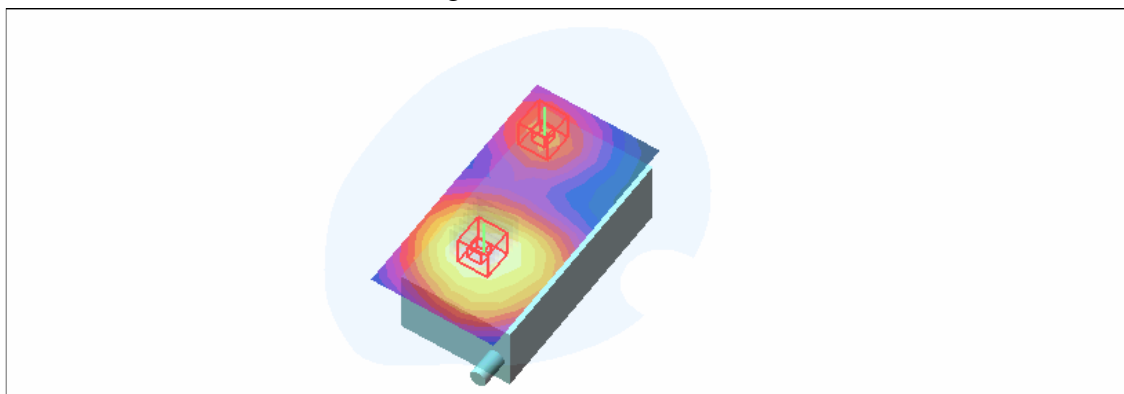
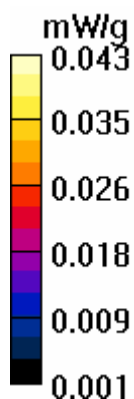
High Channel 9538/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.85 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.044 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.028 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.030 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M30-Body Worn-HSDPA1900-Ch9400

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1880 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz ; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid Level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; DUT test position : Body ; Modulation Type: BPSK

Separation Distance : 0 mm (The front side of the EUT to the Phantom)

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air Temp. : 22.1 degrees ; Liquid Temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579 ; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12 ; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53 ; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mid Channel 9400/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.045 mW/g

Mid Channel 9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.93 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.065 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.039 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.026 mW/g

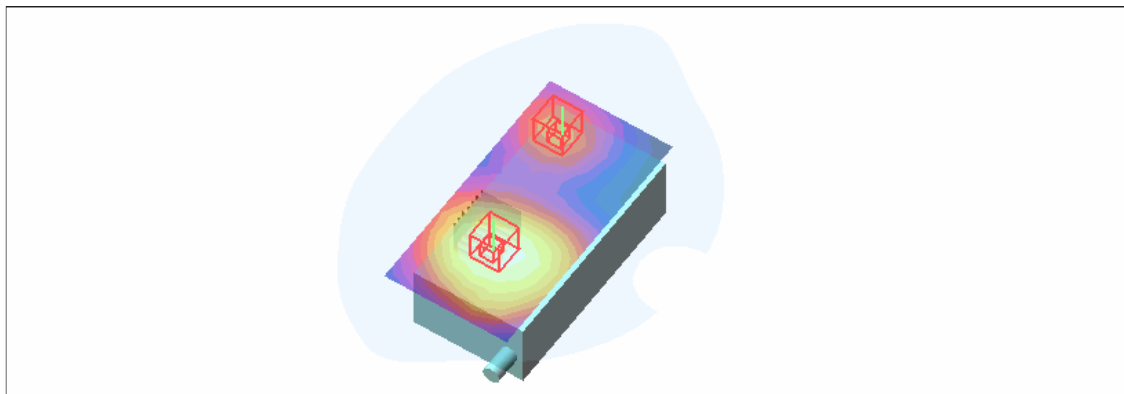
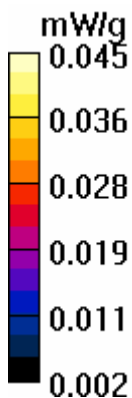
Mid Channel 9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.93 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.044 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.029 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.031 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M31-Left Head-Tilt-GSM850-Ch128 (1D)**DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 824.2 MHz**

Communication System: PCS 850 ; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level: 150 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Low Channel 128/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.572 mW/g

Tilt position - Low Channel 128/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

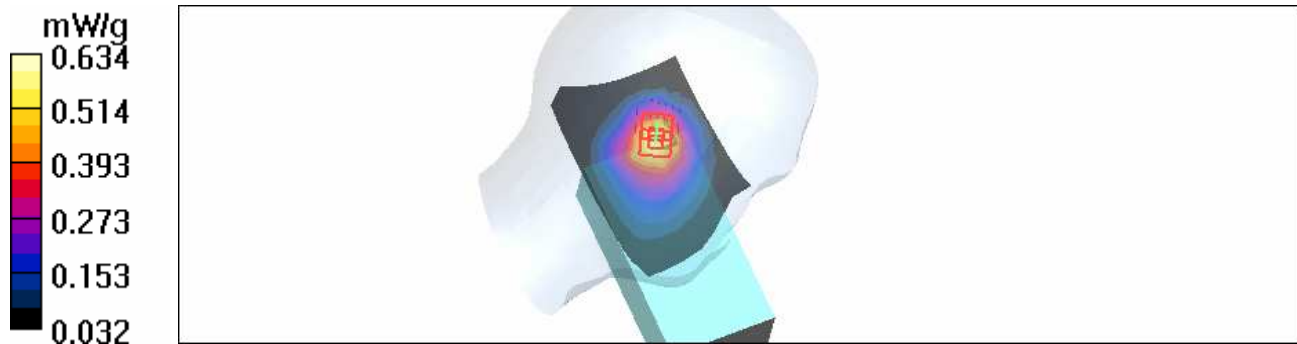
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.4 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.881 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.585 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.372 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.634 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

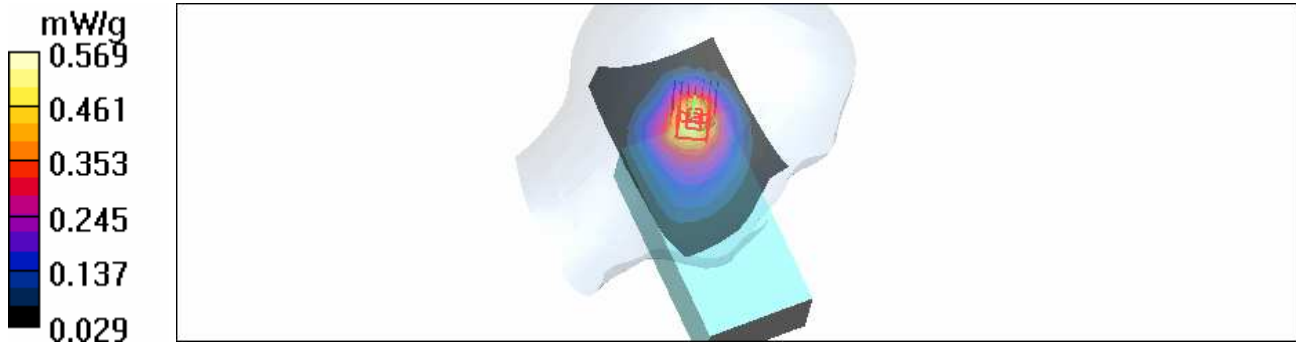
M32-Left Head-Tilt-WCDMA850-Ch4233 (1D)

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 846.6 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA ; Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL835 Medium parameters used : $f = 846.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.93 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$;
Liquid level: 150 mm
Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK
Antenna Type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees
DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - High Channel 4233/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$,
 $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.526 mW/g

Tilt position - High Channel 4233/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
 $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 15.3 V/m
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.787 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.524 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.334 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.569 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M33-Left Head-Tilt-PCS1900-Ch810 (1D)

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1909.8 MHz

Communication System: PCS 1900 ; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: GMSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - High Channel 810/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.546 mW/g

Tilt position - High Channel 810/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

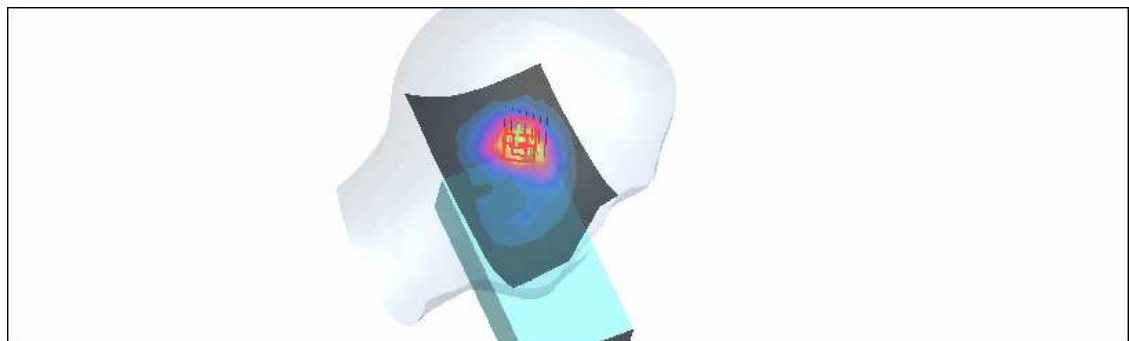
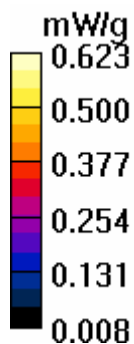
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.3 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.575 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.325 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.623 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

M34-Left Head-Tilt-WCDMA1900-Ch9400 (1D)

DUT: EDA ; Type: MC7596 ; Test Frequency: 1880 MHz

Communication System: WCDMA1900 ; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;

Liquid level: 152 mm

Phantom section: Left Section ; DUT test position : Tilt ; Modulation type: BPSK

Antenna type : External Antenna ; Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23

- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Tilt position - Mid Channel 9400/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.731 mW/g

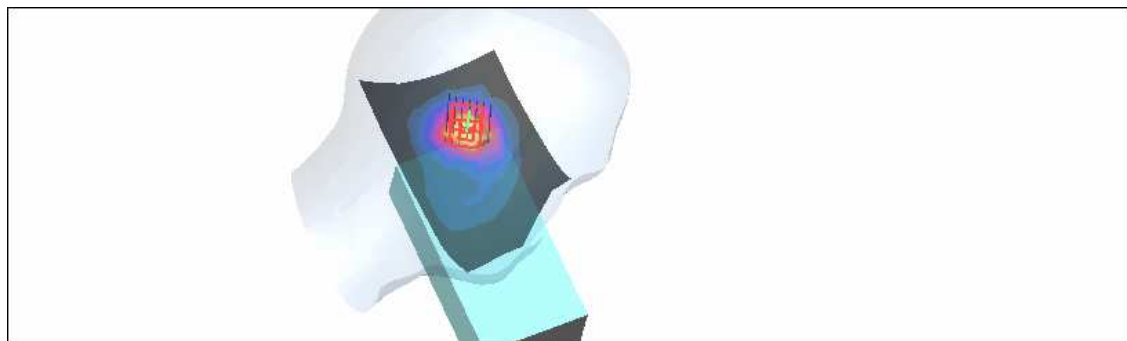
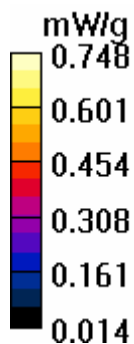
Tilt position - Mid Channel 9400/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.7 V/m

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.683 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.383 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.748 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-HSL 835MHz

DUT: Dipole 850 MHz ; Type: D835V2 ; Serial: 4d021 ; Test Frequency: 835 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level : 150 mm
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 15 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom)
Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.65, 6.65, 6.65) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.40 mW/g

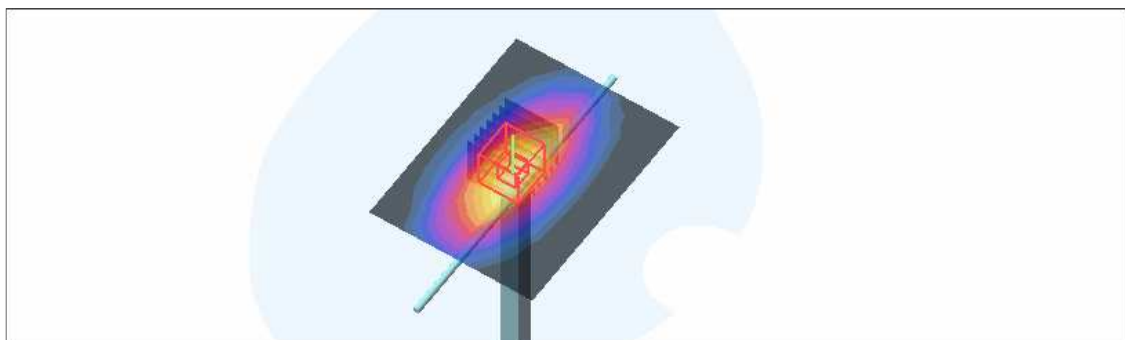
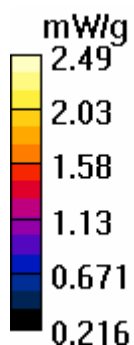
d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.096 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.49 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-MSL 835MHz

DUT: Dipole 850 MHz ; Type: D835V2 ; Serial: 4d021 ; Test Frequency: 835 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
Medium: MSL835; Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 1$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level : 150 mm
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 15 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom)
Air temp. : 22.5 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(6.15, 6.15, 6.15) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.44 mW/g

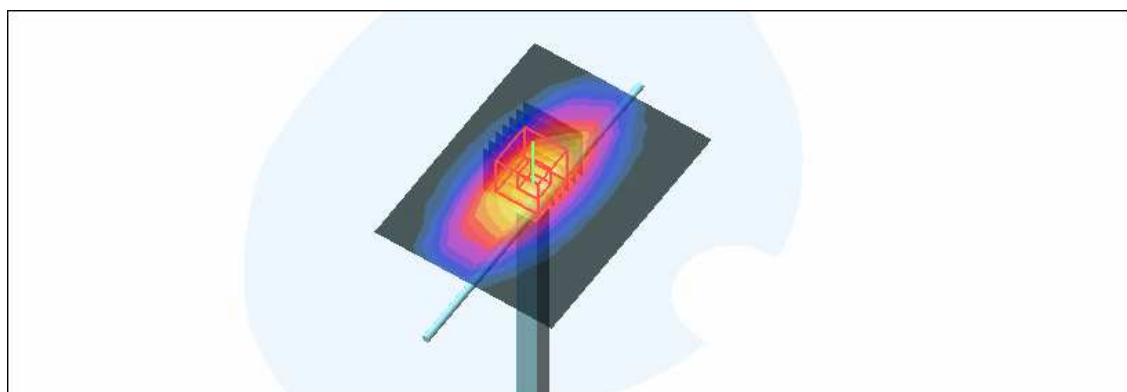
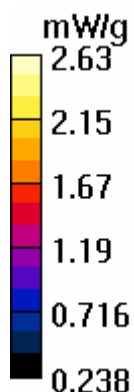
d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.120 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.38 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.41 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.63 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-HSL 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz ; Type: D1900V2 ; Serial: 5d036 ; Test Frequency: 1900 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
Medium: HSL1900;Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ;
Liquid level : 152 mm
Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom)Air temp. : 22.0 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 20.9 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.80 mW/g

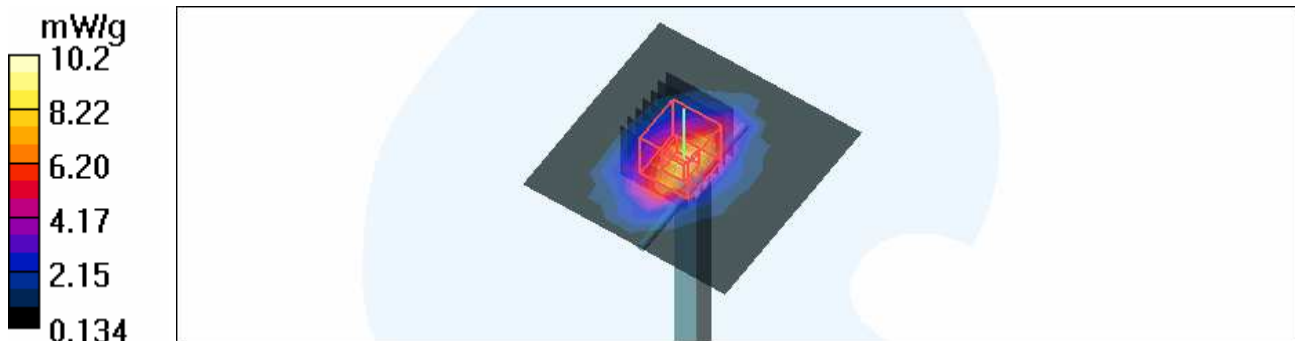
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.084 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.75 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.2 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Advance Data Technology

System Validation Check-MSL 1900MHz

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz ; Type: D1900V2 ; Serial: 5d036 ; Test Frequency: 1900 MHz

Communication System: CW ; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Modulation type: CW
Medium: MSL1900; Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ ; Liquid level : 150 mm

Phantom section: Flat Section ; Separation distance : 10 mm (The feetpoint of the dipole to the Phantom) Air temp. : 22.1 degrees ; Liquid temp. : 21.3 degrees

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1790 ; ConvF(4.58, 4.58, 4.58) ; Calibrated: 2007/11/20
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn579; Calibrated: 2007/3/23
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP 1202
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.0 mW/g

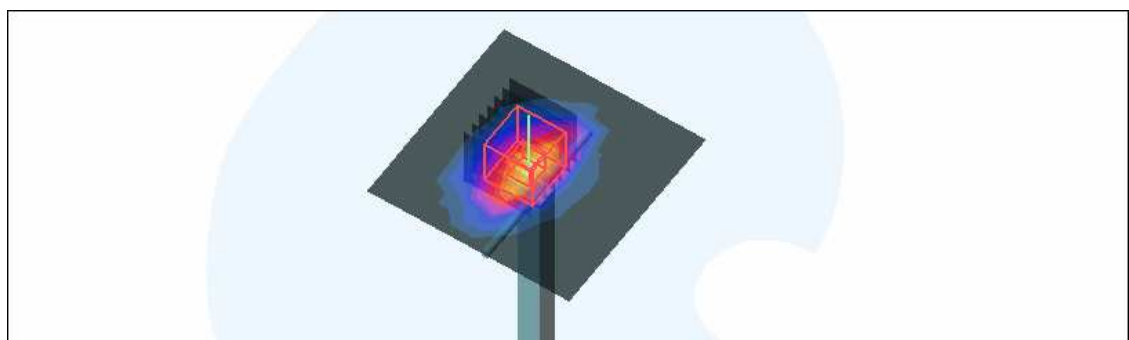
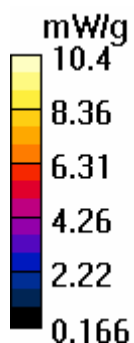
d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.054 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.26 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.91 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.4 mW/g



APPENDIX B: ADT SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM



APPENDIX C: PHOTOGRAPHS OF SYSTEM VALIDATION





APPENDIX D: SYSTEM CERTIFICATE & CALIBRATION

D1: SAM PHANTOM

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Certificate of conformity / First Article Inspection

Item	SAM Twin Phantom V4.0
Type No	QD 000 P40 CA
Series No	TP-1150 and higher
Manufacturer / Origin	Untersee Composites Hauptstr. 69 CH-8559 Fruthwilen Switzerland

Tests

The series production process used allows the limitation to test of first articles. Complete tests were made on the pre-series Type No. QD 000 P40 AA, Serial No. TP-1001 and on the series first article Type No. QD 000 P40 BA, Serial No. TP-1006. Certain parameters have been retested using further series units (called samples).

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Shape	Compliance with the geometry according to the CAD model.	IT'IS CAD File (*)	First article, Samples
Material thickness	Compliant with the requirements according to the standards	2mm +/- 0.2mm in specific areas	First article, Samples
Material parameters	Dielectric parameters for required frequencies	200 MHz – 3 GHz Relative permittivity < 5 Loss tangent < 0.05.	Material sample TP 104-5
Material resistivity	The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards	Liquid type HSL 1800 and others according to the standard.	Pre-series, First article

Standards

- [1] CENELEC EN 50361
- [2] IEEE P1528-200x draft 6.5
- [3] IEC PT 62209 draft 0.9

(*) The IT'IS CAD file is derived from [2] and is also within the tolerance requirements of the shapes of [1] and [3].

Conformity

Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the uncertainty requirements of SAR measurements specified in standard [1] and draft standards [2] and [3].

Date 28.02.2002

Signature / Stamp

F. Bombault

**Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**

Zeughausstrasse 43, CH-8004 Zurich
Tel. +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Johannes Kofler



D2: DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE



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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No. **ET3-1790_Nov07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN 1790**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01 v6
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **November 20, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00719)	Aug-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671)	Mar-08
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00720)	Aug-08
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	4-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan07)	Jan-08
DAE4	SN: 654	20-Apr-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Apr07)	Apr-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: November 20, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1790

Manufactured:	May 28, 2003
Last calibrated:	November 23, 2006
Recalibrated:	November 20, 2007

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1790

Sensitivity in Free Space ^A			Diode Compression ^B	
NormX	2.10 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP X	92 mV
NormY	2.11 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Y	92 mV
NormZ	1.77 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Z	92 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL	900 MHz	Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm	
	Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance	3.7 mm	4.7 mm
	SAR _{be} [%] Without Correction Algorithm	6.2	3.3
	SAR _{be} [%] With Correction Algorithm	0.8	0.5

TSL	1750 MHz	Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm	
	Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance	3.7 mm	4.7 mm
	SAR _{be} [%] Without Correction Algorithm	12.2	8.1
	SAR _{be} [%] With Correction Algorithm	0.9	0.0

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center	2.7 mm
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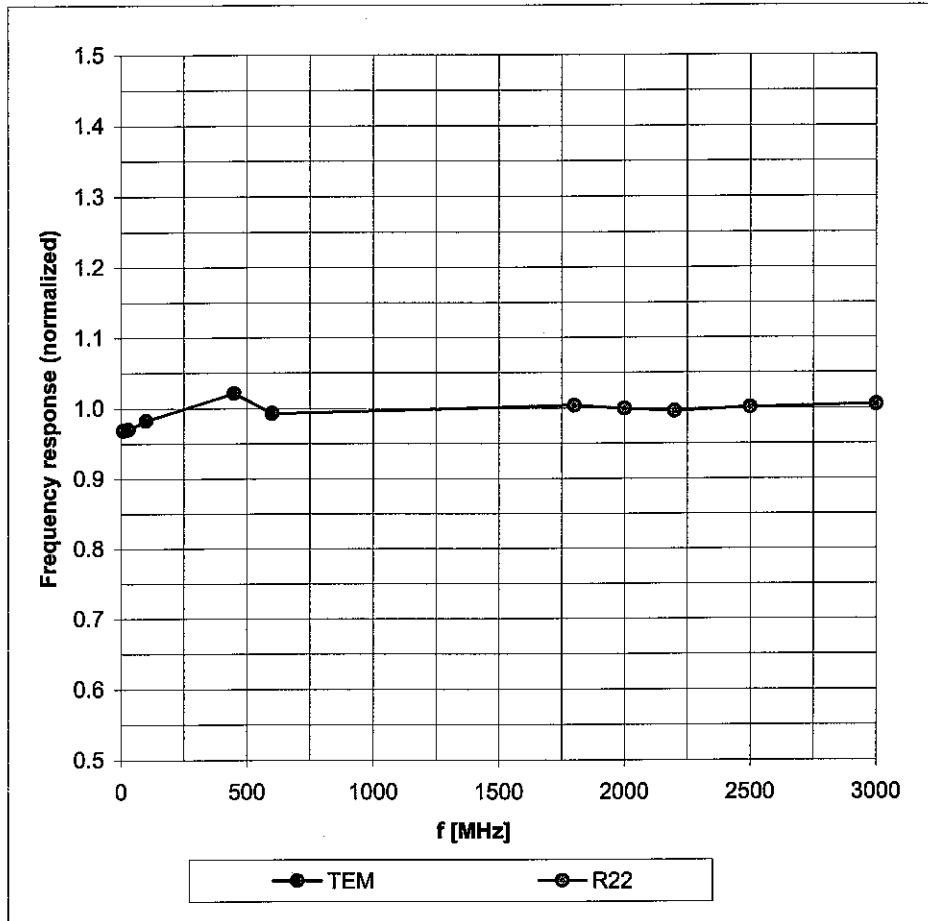
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

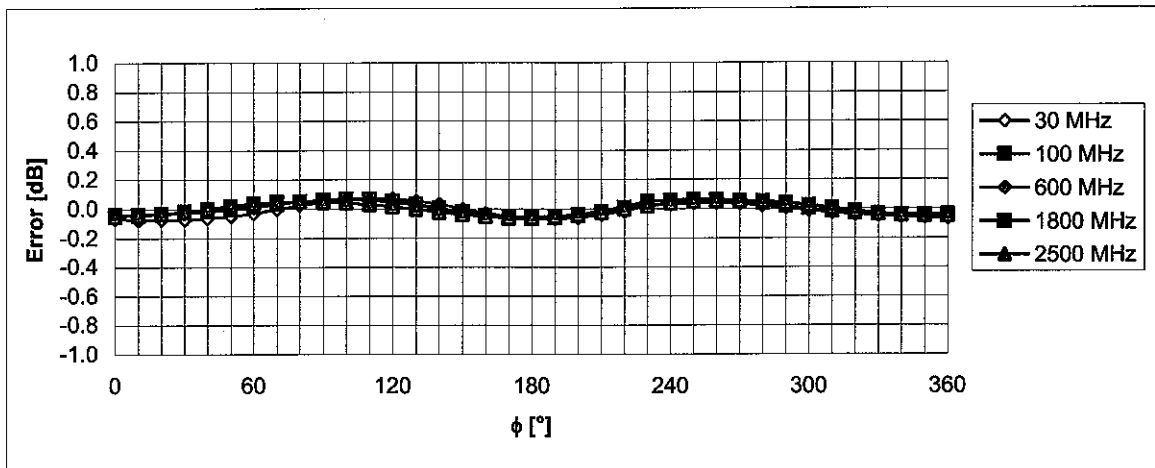
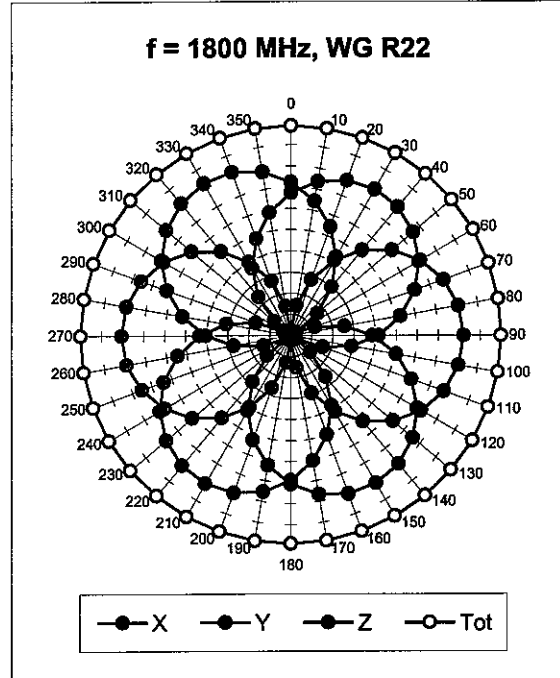
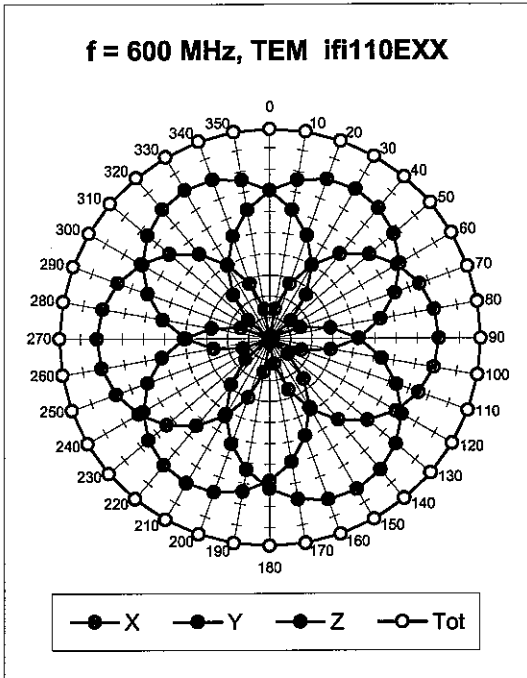
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



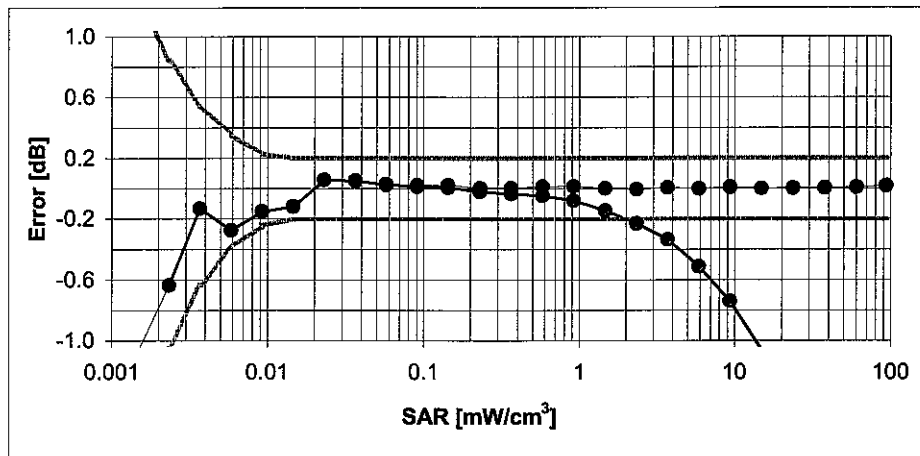
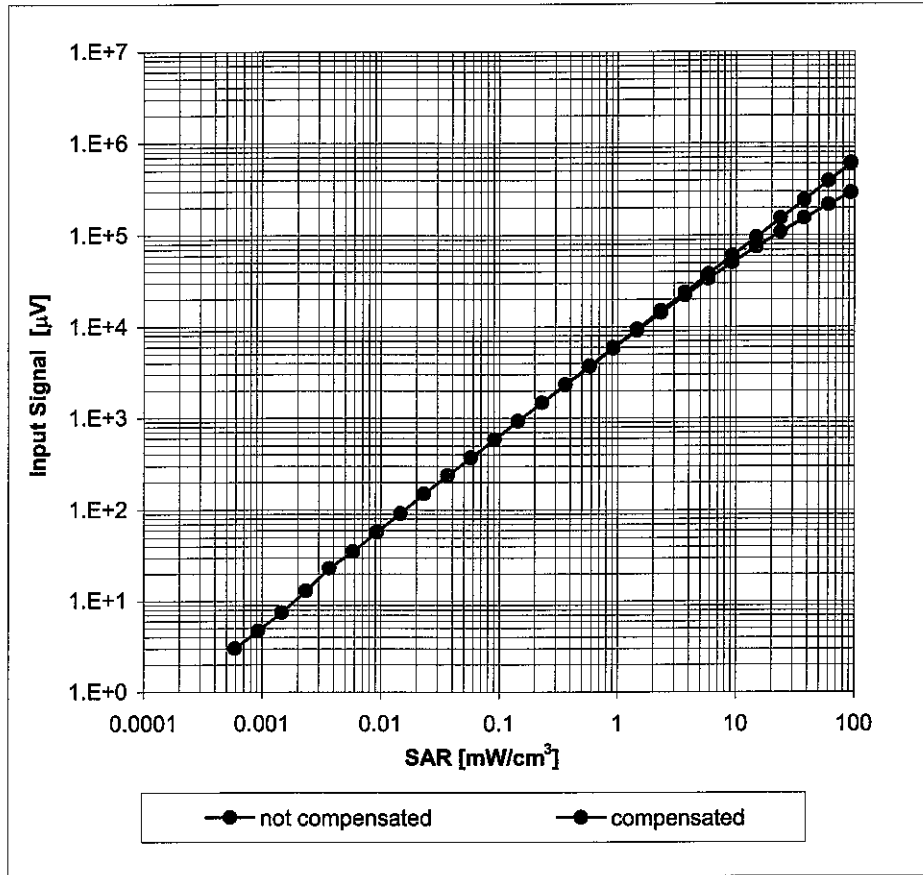
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



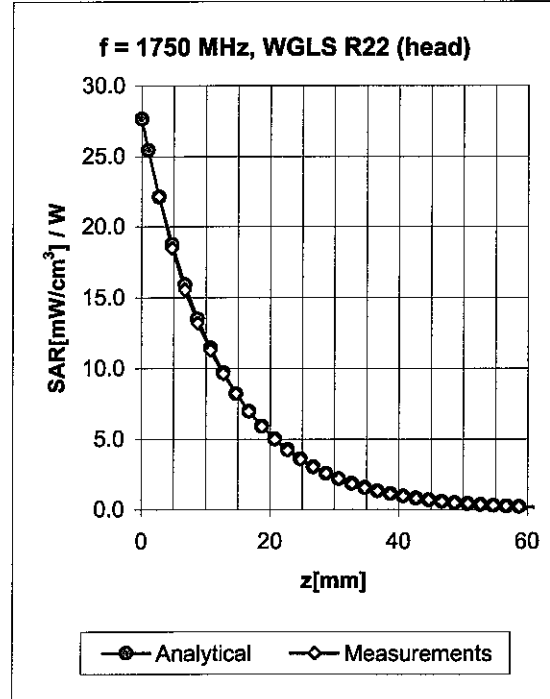
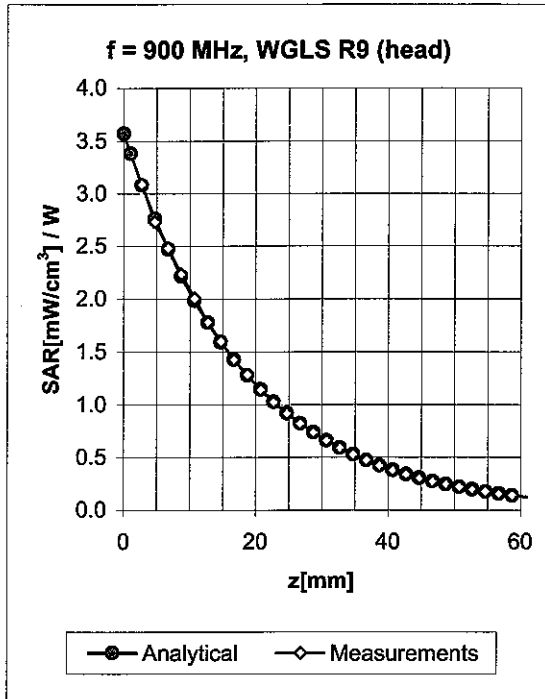
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment

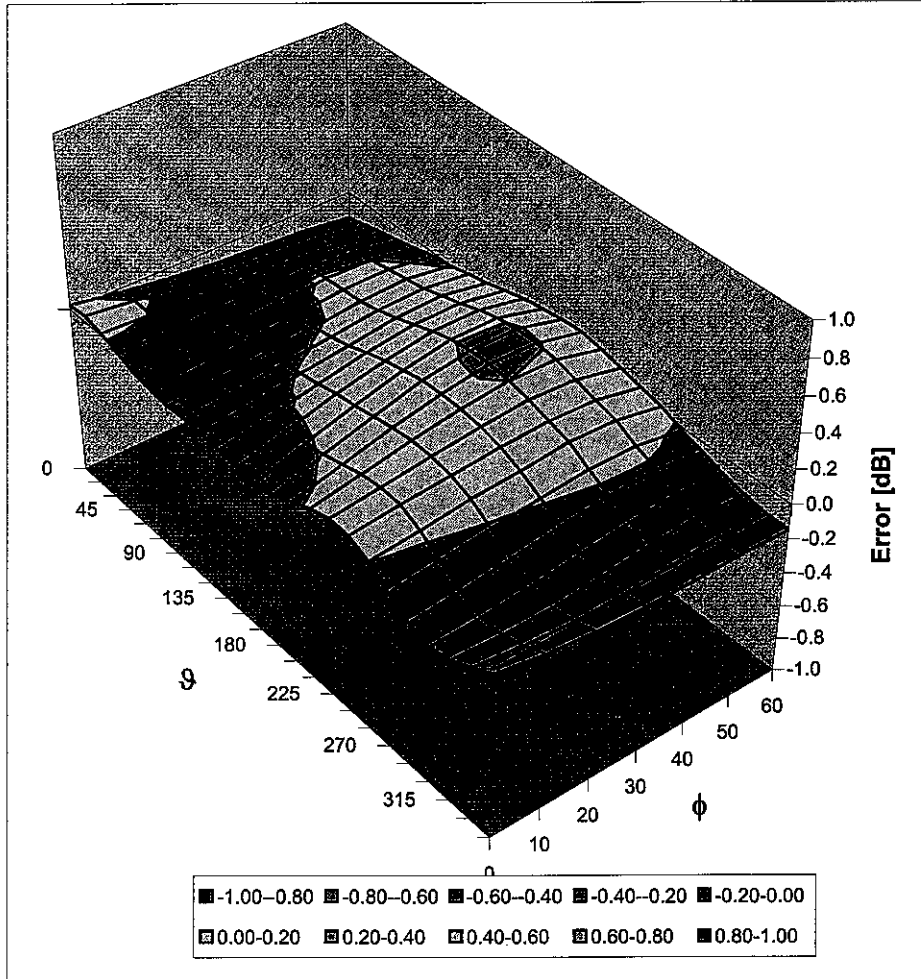


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.59	2.17	6.65 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.59	2.28	5.42 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.63	2.14	5.10 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.74	1.94	4.74 ± 11.8% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.67	2.06	6.15 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.57	2.54	4.98 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.60	2.49	4.58 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.66	2.27	4.16 ± 11.8% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ , ϑ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)



D3: DAE



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE3-579_Mar07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 579**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06.v12
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)**

Calibration date: **March 23, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	13-Oct-06 (Elcal AG, No: 5492)	Oct-07
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Oct-06 (Elcal AG, No: 5478)	Oct-07
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Calibrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1002	15-Jun-06 (SPEAG, in house check)	In house check Jun-07

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Eric Hainfeld	Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bornholt	R&D Director	

Issued: March 23, 2007

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- **DC Voltage Measurement:** Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- **Connector angle:** The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
- **DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:** Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
- **Common mode sensitivity:** Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
- **Channel separation:** Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
- **AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:** Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
- **Input Offset Measurement:** Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
- **Input Offset Current:** Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
- **Input resistance:** DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
- **Low Battery Alarm Voltage:** Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
- **Power consumption:** Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 μ V, full range = -100...+300 mV
Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.413 \pm 0.1% (k=2)	404.494 \pm 0.1% (k=2)	404.245 \pm 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.95259 \pm 0.7% (k=2)	3.97903 \pm 0.7% (k=2)	3.93943 \pm 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	0 $^{\circ}$ \pm 1 $^{\circ}$
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Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Input (μV)	Reading (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	200000	200000.1	0.00
Channel X + Input	20000	20006.33	0.03
Channel X - Input	20000	-19997.11	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200000	200000.5	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20000	20004.32	0.02
Channel Y - Input	20000	-20000.97	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200000	199999.9	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20000	20004.59	0.02
Channel Z - Input	20000	-19999.75	0.00

Low Range	Input (μV)	Reading (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel X + Input	200	199.93	-0.03
Channel X - Input	200	-200.74	0.37
Channel Y + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel Y + Input	200	199.24	-0.38
Channel Y - Input	200	-200.94	0.47
Channel Z + Input	2000	2000	0.00
Channel Z + Input	200	199.04	-0.48
Channel Z - Input	200	-201.32	0.66

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	6.88	6.91
	- 200	-5.38	-6.84
Channel Y	200	4.74	6.33
	- 200	-2.86	-7.65
Channel Z	200	8.17	8.22
	- 200	-9.67	-10.56

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	0.28	0.44
Channel Y	200	1.03	-	2.52
Channel Z	200	-2.54	0.78	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16336	17367
Channel Y	16187	16706
Channel Z	15808	16822

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input 10M Ω

	Average (μ V)	min. Offset (μ V)	max. Offset (μ V)	Std. Deviation (μ V)
Channel X	-1.09	-2.34	-0.23	0.35
Channel Y	-2.38	-3.71	-1.13	0.33
Channel Z	0.31	-1.04	1.49	0.37

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

	Zeroing (MOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	0.2001	201.8
Channel Y	0.2001	204.8
Channel Z	0.2001	206.1

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.0	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9



D4: SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No. **D835V2-4d021 May07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 4d021**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **May 29, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)	Aug-07
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)	Aug-07
Reference Probe ET3DV6 (HF)	SN 1507	19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct06)	Oct-07
DAE4	SN 601	30-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan07)	Jan-08

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
RF generator Agilent E4421B	MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	In house check: Oct-07

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	

Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
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Issued: May 30, 2007

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz \pm 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	41.6 \pm 6 %	0.90 mho/m \pm 6 % ¹
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.9 \pm 0.2) °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.30 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.20 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	9.21 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.52 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.08 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	6.09 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.0 ± 6 %	0.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.5 ± 0.2) °C	---	---

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.46 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.84 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	9.52 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.63 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.52 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	6.36 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.4 Ω - 3.6 j Ω
Return Loss	- 26.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.3 Ω - 5.7 j Ω
Return Loss	- 24.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.392 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	April 22, 2004

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 24.05.2007 12:05:47

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

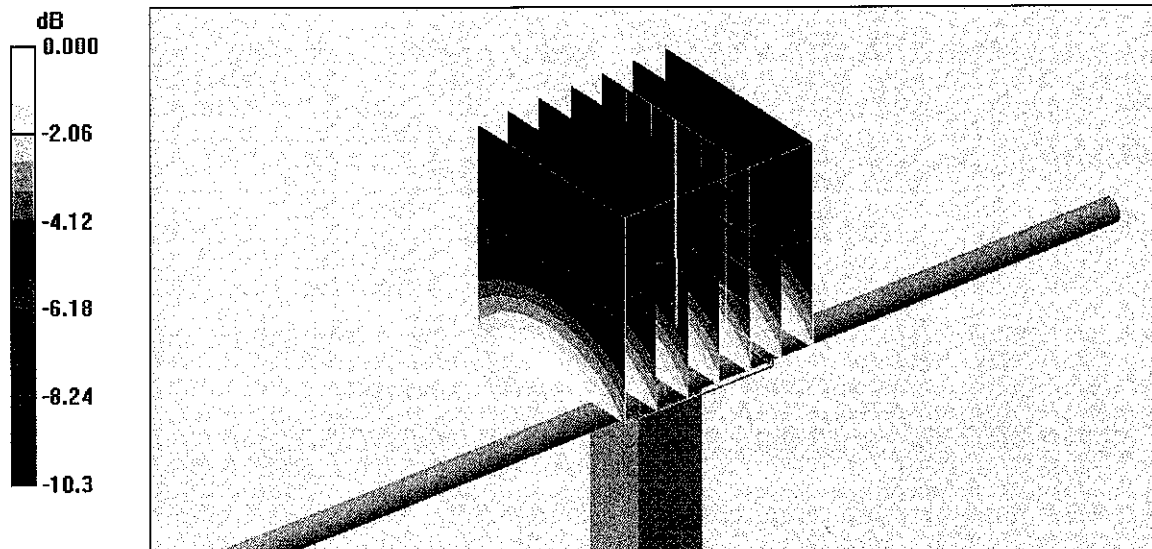
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.30 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.49 mW/g



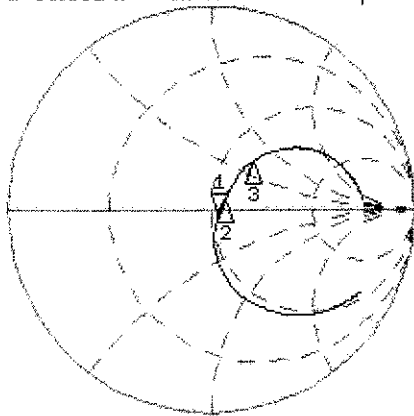
0 dB = 2.49mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

24 May 2007 10:40:33

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 53.381 Ω -3.6074 Ω 52.837 pF 835.000 000 MHz

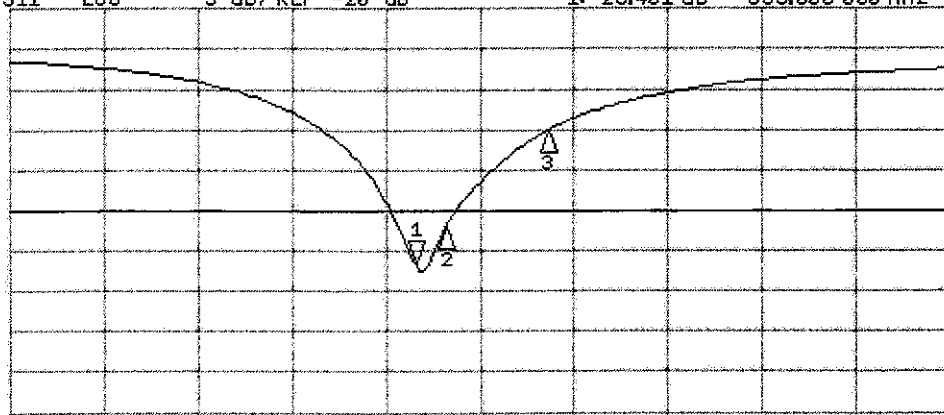
*
De1
Cor
Avg
16
↑



CH1 Markers
2: 56.750 Ω
4.8125 Ω
850.000 MHz
3: 65.687 Ω
33.449 Ω
900.000 MHz

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -26.401 dB 835.000 000 MHz

Cor
Avg
16
↑



CH2 Markers
2: -22.219 dB
850.000 MHz
3: -10.264 dB
900.000 MHz

START 635.000 000 MHz STOP 1 100.000 000 MHz

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 29.05.2007 13:00:23

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900;

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(5.75, 5.75, 5.75); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

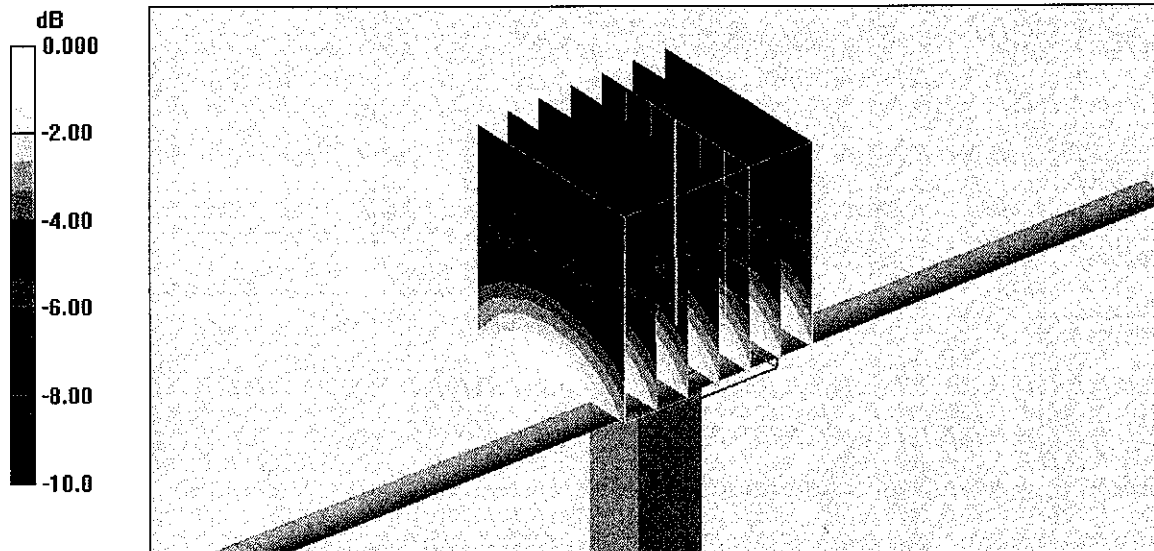
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 54.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.004 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.66 mW/g



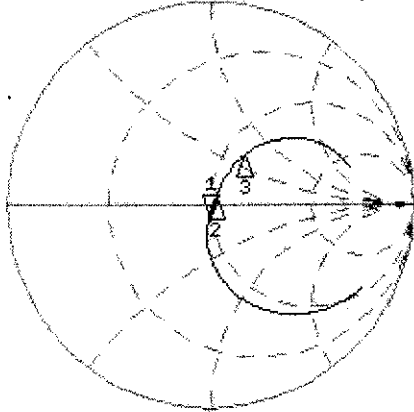
0 dB = 2.66mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

29 May 2007 11:20:41

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 49.252 Ω -5.7402 Ω 33.205 pF 835.000 000 MHz

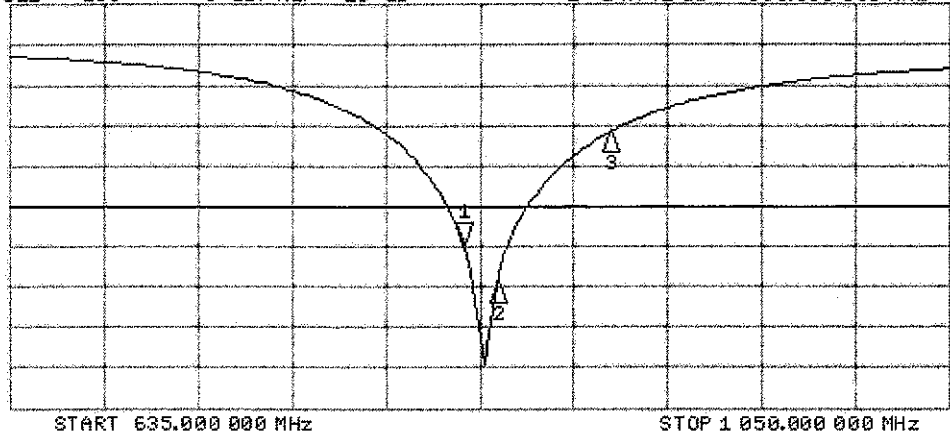
*
Del
Cor
Avg
16
↑



CH1 Markers
2: 52.180 Ω
2.6738 Ω
850.000 MHz
3: 50.529 Ω
31.471 Ω
900.000 MHz

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -24.742 dB 835.000 000 MHz

Cor
Avg
16
↑



CH2 Markers
2: -29.540 dB
850.000 MHz
3: -10.790 dB
900.000 MHz



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ADT (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d036_Apr07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d036**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **April 23, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	03-Oct-06 (METAS, No. 217-00608)	Oct-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)	Aug-07
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No 217-00591)	Aug-07
Reference Probe ET3DV6	SN: 1507	19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct06)	Oct-07
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3025	19-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct06)	Oct-07
DAE4	SN 601	30-Jan-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan07)	Jan-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
RF generator Agilent E4421B	MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	In house check: Oct-07

Calibrated by:	Name Claudio Leubler	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature

Issued: April 26, 2007

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz \pm 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	39.5 \pm 6 %	1.46 mho/m \pm 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.5 \pm 0.2) °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.44 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	37.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	36.7 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.01 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹	normalized to 1W	19.8 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.0 ± 6 %	1.58 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.0 ± 0.2) °C	---	---

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.59 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	38.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	36.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.21 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ²	normalized to 1W	20.4 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$52.3 \Omega + 5.6 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$48.3 \Omega + 5.1 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.3 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.197 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 8, 2003

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 23.04.2007 14:58:35

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d036

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

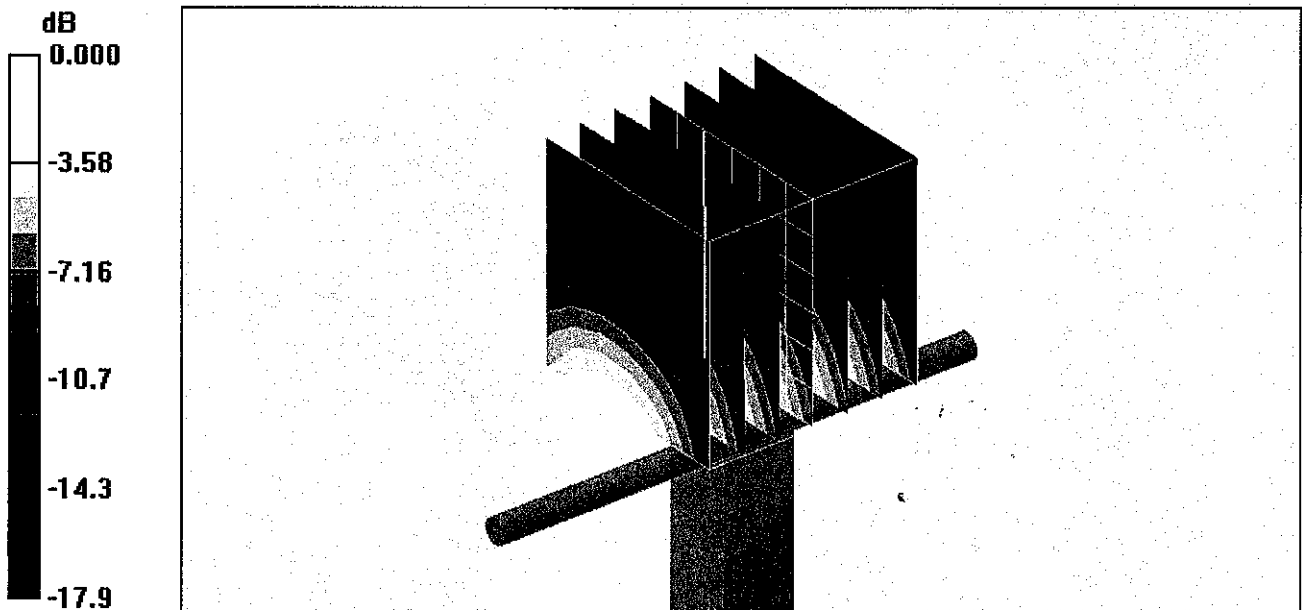
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.040 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.01 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.5 mW/g



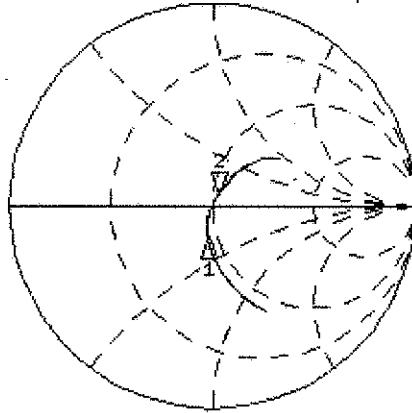
0 dB = 10.5mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

23 Apr 2007 12:01:06

CH1 S11 1 U FS 2: 52.252 Ω 5.5723 Ω 466.76 pF 1.900.000 000 MHz

*
Del
Cor

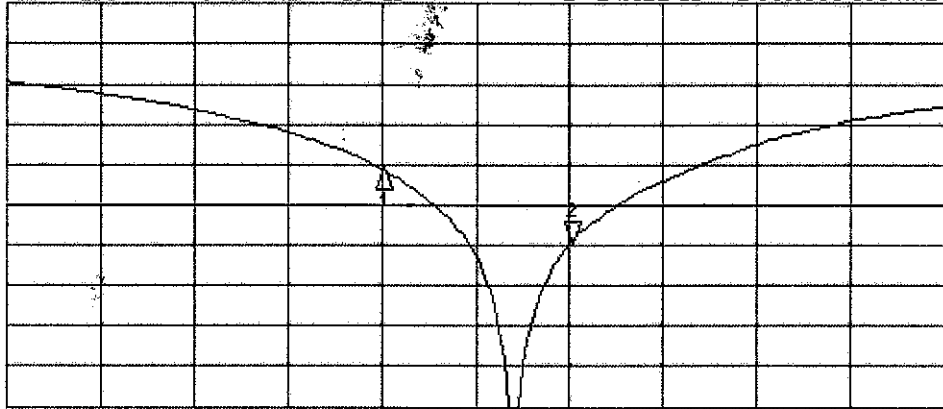


CH1 Markers
1: 45.258 Ω
-15.309 Ω
1.90000 GHz

Avg
16
↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 2: -24.622 dB 1.900.000 000 MHz

Cor
Avg
16
↑



CH2 Markers
1: -15.593 dB
1.90000 GHz

START 1 1.500.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 1.900.000 000 MHz

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 23.04.2007 16:40:49

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d036

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.58$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 19.10.2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

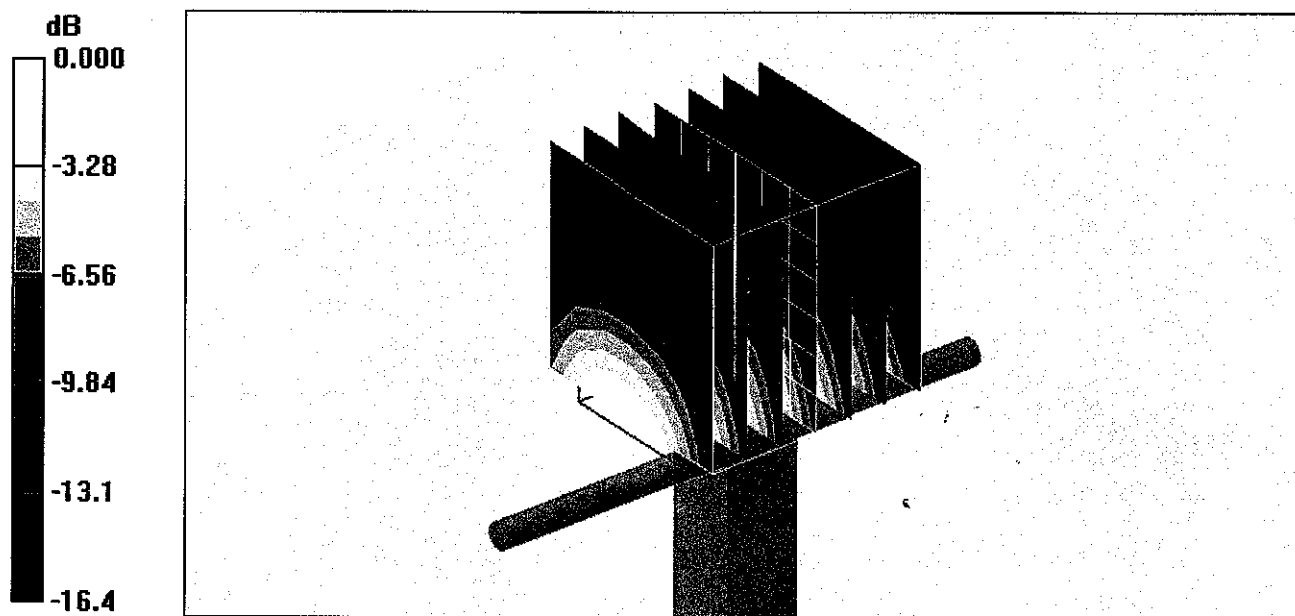
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.023 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.59 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.21 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 mW/g



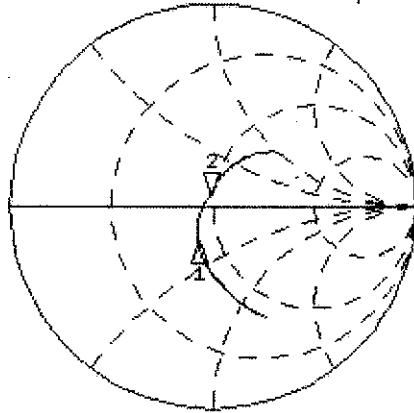
0 dB = 10.7mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

23 Apr 2007 12:01:56

CH1 S11 1 U FS 2: 48.322 Ω 5.1035 Ω 427.50 pF 1 900.000 000 MHz

*
Del
Cor

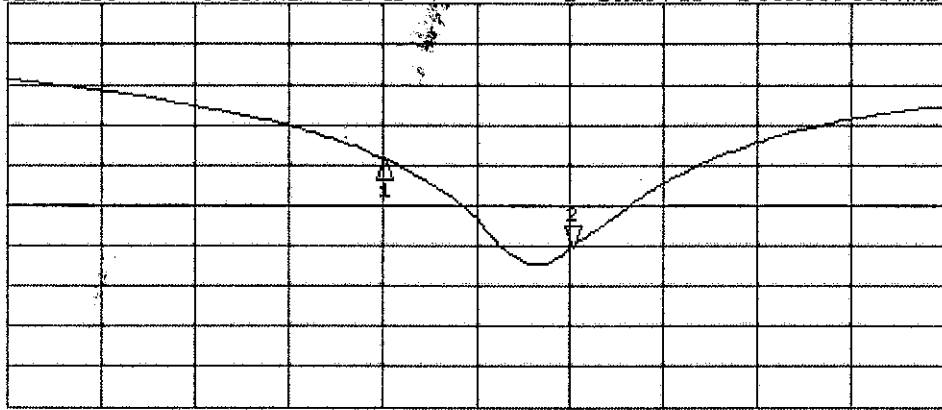


CH1 Markers
1: 48.777 Ω
-15.461 Ω
1.80000 GHz

Avg
16
↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 2: -25.264 dB 1 900.000 000 MHz

Cor
Avg
16
↑



CH2 Markers
1: -14.177 dB
1.80000 GHz

START 1 500.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 1000.000 000 MHz