



RF EXPOSURE REPORT

REPORT NO.: SA960622H02G

MODEL NO.: LA-5127C2

FCC ID: H9PLA5127C2

ACCORDING: FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure
IEEE C95.1

APPLICANT: Symbol Technologies Inc.

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ISSUED BY : Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services
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RF Exposure Measurement

1. Introduction

In this document, we try to prove the safety of radiation harmfulness to the human body for our product. The limit for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) specified in FCC 1.1310 is followed. The Gain of the antenna used in this product is measured in a Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) calibrated for antenna measurement in our lab, and also the maximum total power input to the antenna is measured. Through the Friis transmission formula and the maximum gain of the antenna, we can calculate the distance, away from the product, where the limit of MPE is reached.

Although the Friis transmission formula is a far field assumption, the calculated result of that is an over-prediction for near field power density. We will take that as the worst case to specify the safety range.

2. RF Exposure Limit

According to FCC 1.1310: The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Average Time (minutes)
(A)Limits For Occupational / Control Exposures				
300-1500	F/300	6
1500-100,000	5	6
(B)Limits For General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure				
300-1500	F/1500	30
1500-100,000	1.0	30

F = Frequency in MHz

3. Friis Formula

Friis transmission formula : $P_d = (P_{out} * G) / (4 * \pi * r^2)$

where

P_d = power density in mW/cm^2

P_{out} = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

$\pi = 3.1416$

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

P_d is the limit of MPE, $1 mW/cm^2$. If we know the maximum Gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the MPE value at distance 20cm.

Ref. : David K. Cheng, *Field and Wave Electromagnetics*, Second Edition,
Page 640, Eq. (11-133).

4. EUT Operating condition

The software provided by Manufacturer enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

5. Classification

The antenna of this product, under normal use condition, is at least 20cm away from the body of the user. So, this device is classified as **Mobile Device**.

6. TEST RESULTS

6.1 Antenna Gain

There are two antennas provided to this EUT, please refer to the following table:

Item	Model No.	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Type	Antenna Connector	Condition (*)	Net gain (dBi)
1	Printrionics-HG2403R D-RSF	3	Dipole	R-SMA	Condition 1: 1dB	Condition 1: 2
					Condition 2: 0.9dB	Condition 2: 2.1
*There will have two conditions for this antenna: Condition 1: RF Cable(10mm)+PCB trace(10mm) / Cable loss:HG2403RD-RSF Short cable(Include PCB Trace):1dB Condition 2: RF Cable(268mm)/ cable loss:HG2403RD-RSF Long cable: 0.9dB						
Item	Model No.	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Type	Antenna Connector	Cable loss	Net gain (dBi)
2	ML-2452-APA2-01	3	Dipole	R-SMA	0.9dB	2.1

The maximum Gain is 2.1dBi or 1.62181 (numeric)

6.2 Output Power Into Antenna & RF Exposure value at distance 20cm:

802.11b:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	2412	41.7	0.013	1.0
6	2437	72.4	0.023	1.0
11	2462	40.7	0.013	1.0

802.11g:

Channel	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power to Antenna (mW)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit of Power Density (mW/cm ²)
1	2412	41.7	0.013	1.0
6	2437	95.5	0.031	1.0
11	2462	40.7	0.013	1.0

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