RTA300W-D73 ADSL Router User's Manual

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Rev:01

Safety Notes

For Installation

- Use only the type of power source indicated on the marking labels.
- Use only the power adapter supplied with the product.
- Do not overload wall outlet or extension cords as this may increase the risk of electric shock or file. If the power cord is frayed, replace it with a new one.
- Proper ventilation is necessary to prevent the product overheating. Do not block or cover the slots and openings on the device, which are intended for ventilation and proper operation. It is recommended to mount the product with a stack.
- Do not place the product near any source of heat or expose it to direct sunshine.
- Do not expose the product to moisture. Never spill any liquid on the product.
- Do not attempt to connect with any computer accessory or electronic product without instructions from qualified service personnel. This may result in risk of electronic shock or file.
- Do not place this product on an unstable stand or table.

For Using

- Power off and unplug this product from the wall outlet when it is not in use or before cleaning. Pay attention to the temperature of the power adapter. The temperature might be high.
- After powering off the product, power on the product at least 15 seconds later.
- Do not block the ventilating openings of this product.
- When the product is expected to be not in use for a period of time, unplug the power cord of the product to prevent it from the damage of storm or sudden increases in rating.

For Service

Do not attempt to disassemble or open covers of this unit by yourself. Nor should you attempt to service the product yourself, which may void the user's authority to operate it. Contact qualified service personnel under the following conditions:

- If the power cord or plug is damaged or frayed.
- If liquid has been spilled into the product.
- If the product has been exposed to rain or water.
- If the product does not operate normally when the operating instructions are followed.
- If the product has been dropped or the cabinet has been damaged.
- If the product exhibits a distinct change in performance.

Warning

- This equipment must be installed and operated in accordance with provided instructions and a minimum 20 cm spacing must be provided between computer mounted antenna and person's body (excluding extremities of hands, wrist and feet) during wireless modes of operation.
- This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
- FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement: The equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and your body.

Caution

- Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the authority to operate equipment.
- This Transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

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Before You Use

Thank you for choosing the Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line (ADSL) Router. With the asymmetric technology, this device runs over standard copper phone lines and provides a downstream rate at up to 8 Mbps and upstream rate at up to 1 Mbps. In addition, ADSL allows you to have both voice and data services in use simultaneously all over one phone line.

Equipped with Ethernet LAN interface, this ADSL Router can be connected to a LAN or a single Ethernet-equipped PC. A built-in dynamic host configuration protocol (DHCP) server automatically assigns IP addresses to PCs on the LAN, and with Network Address Translation (NAT) these PCs can communicate with the outside world with only one public IP. This ADSL Router provides an ideal Internet access solution for the corporate environment, the small office and the home user.

Features

ADSL Compliance

For Annex A ADSL Router

- ANSI T1.413 Issue 2
- ITU G.992.1 Annex A (G.dmt)
- ITU G.992.2 Annex A (G.lite)
- ITU G.994.1 (G.hs)

For Annex B ADSL Router

- ITU G.992.1 Annex B (G.dmt)
- ITU G.994.1 (G.hs)

ATM Features

- Compliant to ATM Forum UNI 3.1 / 4.0 Permanent Virtual Circuits (PVCs)
- Support up to 8 AAL5 Virtual Circuit Channels (VCCs) for UBR, CBR, VBR-rt, and VBR-nrt with traffic shaping
- TR-037 Auto PVC ^{*1}(auto-provisioning)
- RFC1483 (RFC2684) LLC Encapsulation and VC Multiplexing over AAL5
- RFC2364 Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) over AAL5
- RFC2225 Classical IP and ARP over ATM
- RFC2516 PPP over Ethernet: support Relay (Transparent Forwarding) and Client functions
- OAM F4/F5 End-to-End/Segment Loopback Cells

Bridging Features

- Supports self-learning bridge specified in IEEE 802.1D Transparent Bridging
- Supports up to 4000 learning MAC addresses
- Transparent bridging among 10/100 Mb Ethernet and 802.11b LAN interfaces

Routing Features

- UPnP IGD^{*2} (Internet Gateway Device) with NAT traversal capability support
- NAT (Network Address Translation) / PAT (Port Address Translation) let multiple users on the LAN to access the internet for the cost of only one IP address and enjoy various multimedia applications.
- ALGs (Application Level Gateways): such as NetMeeting, FTP, Quick Time, mIRC, Real Player, CuSeeMe, etc.

- Multiple Virtual Servers (e.g., Web, FTP, Mail servers) can be setup on user's local network.
- Static routes, RFC1058 RIPv1, RFC1723 RIPv2.
- DNS Relay and DNS Server *3
- ARP Proxy

Security Features

- PAP (RFC1334), CHAP (RFC1994) for PPP session
- Firewall support IP packets filtering based on IP address/Port number/Protocol type and TCP code field flags
- Intrusion Detection provides protection from a number of attacks (such as SYN/FIN/RST Flood, Smurf, WinNuke, Echo Scan, Xmas Tree Scan, etc)
- WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) encryption uses RC4 with 64/128 bit key length (for wireless ADSL router only)

Wireless LAN Features

- Fully compatible to IEEE 802.11b standard and allow operating range up to 300 meters (open space) and 100 meters (indoor).
- The Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) technology is exploited.
- Seamless roaming within the 802.11 and 802.11b wireless LAN infrastructure
- Low power consumption via efficient power management

Configuration and Management

- User-friendly embedded web configuration interface with password protection
- Remote management accesses control
- Telnet session for local or remote management
- HTTP firmware upgrades via web browser GUI directly
- Distribute IP addresses to end users via DHCP server provided by ADSL router
- SNMPv1/v2c agent with MIB-II, PPP MIB, ADSL Line MIB.

Note:

*1 This is optional. TR-037 Autopvc provisioning can be provided on demand.

- *2 This is optional. UPnP IGD and NAT Traversal function can be provided on demand.
- *3 This is optional. DNS server can be provided on demand.

System Requirements

For using this, you have to make sure you have the following that installed on the clients:

For Ethernet Clients

- Operating System must be Windows98/2000/NT/ME/XP
- 10/100 Base-T NIC
- 10/100 Base-T(UTP) network cable
- 🔶 🛛 A Hub

For USB Clients

- Operating System must be Windows98/2000/NT/ME/XP
- USB cable

Unpacking

Check the contents of the package against the pack contents checklist below. If any of the items is missing, then contact the dealer from whom the equipment was purchased.

- ADSL Router
- Power Adapter and Cord
- RJ-11 ADSL Line Cable
- RJ-45 Ethernet Cable
- USB Cable
- Quick Start Guide
- Driver & Utility Software CD

Depending on the service type your vendor offers, you may be provide with the devices below:

- Splitter (for G.dmt version)
- Micro filter (for G.lite version)

Subscription for ADSL Service

To use the ADSL Router, you have to subscribe for ADSL service from your broadband service provider. According to the service type you subscribe, you will get various IP addresses:

- **Dynamic IP:** If you apply for dial-up connection, you will be given an Internet account with username and password. You will get a dynamic IP by dialing up to your ISP.
- Static IP address: If you apply for full-time connectivity, you may get either one static IP address or a range of IP addresses from your ISP. The number of IP addresses varies according to different ADSL service provider.

Chapter 1: Overview

Physical Outlook

Front Panel

The following illustration shows the front panel of the ADSL Router:



Front Panel for RTA300UW/RTA300BUW

LED Indicators

The ADSL Router is equipped with LEDs on the front panel as described in the table below (from left to right):

LED	Color	Status	Description
PWR	Green	Unlit	Power off.
		Solid	Power on.
DIAG	Green	Unlit	Power off or initial self-test of the unit is OK.
		Blinking	When software downloading or updating operation parameters located in FLASH memory is in progress.
		Solid	Initial self-test failure or programming FLASH memory failure.
LAN1	Green	Unlit	Power off or no Ethernet carrier is present.
to LAN4		Blinking	Ethernet carrier is present and user data is going through Ethernet port.
LAN		Solid	Ethernet carrier is present.
USB	Green	Unlit	Power off or wait for USB connection going up.
		Blinking	User data is going through USB port.
		Solid	USB connection is OK.
WLAN	Green	Unlit	Power off or no radio signal (WLAN card is not present or fails to function).
		Blinking	Traffic is going through Wireless LAN interface.
		Solid	Wireless LAN interface ready to work.
DSL	Green	Unlit	Power off or ADSL line connection is handshaking or training is in progress.
		Blinking	User data is going through ADSL port.
		Solid	ADSL line connection is OK.

Rear Panel

The following figure illustrates the rear panel of your ADSL Router.



DSL: RJ-11 connector

LAN: Ethernet RJ-45 connector

USB: USB Connector

Console: Console connector

(): Power switch

12VDC: Power connector

Note: The Router incorporates a four-port switch for connection to your local Ethernet network. The Ethernet ports are marked LOCAL, and are capable of operation at either 10 Mbps (10 BASE-T) or 100 Mbps (100 BASE-Tx).

Chapter 2: Installation

Choosing a place for the ADSL Router

- 1. Place the ADSL Router close to ADSL wall outlet and power outlet for the cable to reach it easily.
- 2. Avoid placing the device in places where people may walk on the cables. Also keep it away from direct sunshine or heat sources.
- 3. Place the device on a flat and stable stand.

Connecting the ADSL Router

Follow the steps below to connect the related devices.

1. Remove the end of the phone line from your phone connector and plug it onto the "LINE" port of the POTS Splitter. Use another phone line to connect your phone and splitter. Plug this phone line onto the "PHONE" port of the ADSL splitter, and plug the other end of the line onto your phone.



- 2. Use the line to connect the ADSL splitter (MODEM port) and router's DSL port.
- 3. Please attach one end of the Ethernet cable with RJ-45 connector to the LAN port of your ADSL Router.



4. Connect the other end of the cable to the Ethernet port of the client PC.



5. If you want to connect to a hub for used by many devices, please connect the other end to the uplink port of the hub.



6. Connect the supplied power adapter to the **PWR** port of your ADSL Router, and plug the other end to a power outlet.



7. Turn on the power switch.

Note:

For Full Rate (G.dmt) standard, a POTS Splitter is necessary on subscriber's premise to keep the telephone and ADSL signals separated, giving them the capability to provide simultaneous Internet access and telephone service on the same line. To connect a POTS Splitter:

- 1. Connect the port **Phone** to your telephone.
- 2. Connect the port Modem to your ADSL Router.
- 3. Connect the port **Line** to the ADSL wall jack.

USB Driver Installation

If the ADSL Router is connected to a PC through USB interface, you will be prompted for the USB drivers when plugging the USB cable to the PC. Refer to the relevant operating system to install the USB drivers. Otherwise, you may skip this chapter.

For Windows 98

Step 1 When plugging the USB cable to the PC, the system will automatically detect the USB ADSL Router. When Add New Hardware Wizard window announces detecting of the USB device, click Next.

Note: If the USB device is not detected, check the USB cable between the PC and the device. Also verify that the device is power on.



Step 2 When prompted for driver files, select Search for the best driver... and click Next.



Step 3 Insert the Installation CD into your CD-ROM drive. Select CD-ROM drive and click Next .



- Step 4 When the system finds the driver, click Next.
- Step 5 When Windows has finished installing the driver required, click Finish.



Step 6 After the USB driver installation, the system will automatically detect the USB ADSL Gateway. When Add New Hardware Wizard window announces detecting of the USB device, click Next.



- Step 7 Repeat steps 2-4.
- Step 8 Click Finish to complete the installation.

	Arkey USB ADSL Gateway
	Windows has finished installing the software that your new hardware device requires.
~	Trich Corcel

Step 9 When you are prompted with System Settings Change dialog box, click Yes to restart your computer.

System Settings Change			
?	To finish setting up your new hardware, you must restart your computer. Do you want to restart your computer now?		
	Yes <u>N</u> o		

For Windows ME

Step 1 While plugging the USB cable to the PC, the system will automatically detect the USB ADSL Router. When Add New Hardware Wizard window announces detecting of the USB device, select Specify the location of the driver (Advanced) and click Next.

Note: If the USB device is not detected, check the USB cable between the PC and the device. Also verify that the device is power on.

	Windows has found the following new hardware: Askey USB ADBL Router Windows can automatically search for and install software that supports your hardware. If your hardware cane with
8	What would you like to do? C gutomatic basich for a better driver (Recommended) (* [greedy the location of the driver (Advanced))
_	(Erf: Next) Carcel

Step 2 Insert the Installation CD into your CD-ROM drive. Select the **Search for the best drive for your device** option and then check the **Removable Media** box. Then click **Next**.



- Step 3 While the system finds the driver, click Next.
- Step 4 Click **Finish** to complete the installation.

Add Now Hardware Wit	Askey USB Vistual Bus for Helium Windows has finished installing the new hardware device.
	Trich Frich Cornel

Step 5 After the USB driver installation, the system will automatically detect the USB ADSL Gateway. When Found New Hardware Wizard window announces detecting of the USB device, choose specify the location of the driver(Advanced) item and click Next.



- Step 6 Repeat steps 2-4.
- Step 7 Click Finish to complete the installation.
- Step 8 When you are prompted with System Settings Change dialog box, click Yes to restart your computer.



For Windows 2000

Step 1 When plugging the USB cable to the PC, the system will automatically detect the USB ADSL Router. When Found New Hardware Wizard window announces detecting of the USB device, click Next.

Note: If the USB device is not detected, check the USB cable between the PC and the device. Also verify that the device is powered on.



Step 2 Select Search for a suitable device... and click Next.

and New Hardware Witcard
Install Hardware Device Drivers A device driver is a software program that enables a hardware driver to west with an operating system.
This visual will complete the installation for the device
Ge Adap USB AD IL Ruder
A device driver is a software programitial trainer a handware device work. Windows needs driver this for pour new device. To locate driver this and complete the installation dick Next
What do you want the wiced to do?
(* Seach to a suitable drives for nu device (seconomical)
 Digitize a list of the known drivers to this device so that I can obcove a specific driver
(Book Heart) Cancer

Step 3 When you are prompted for driver files, insert the Installation CD into your CD-ROM drive. Select CD-ROM drives and click Next.



- Step 4 Wilen the system finds the driver, click Next.
- Step 5 Click **Finish** to complete the installation.



Step 6 After USB driver installation, the system will automatically detect the USB ADSL Gateway. When Found New Hardware Wizard window announces detecting of the USB device, click Next.

Found New Hardware Woord	
	Welcome to the Found New Hardware Wizard The word helps you withit a device driver for a hardware drives
	To continue, click New!
	Entry Darcel

- Step 7 Repeat steps 2-4.
- Step 8 A Digital Signature Not Found dialog box appears to ask you to continue the installation or stop the procedure. Please click **Yes**. Then Windows XP copied the drivers from the Software Utility CD.

Digital Signature Not Fou	nd	×
	The Microsoft digital signature affirms that software has been tested with Windows and that the software has no been altered since it was tested. The software you are about to install does not contain a Microsoft digital signature. Therefore, there is no guarantee that this software works correctly with Windows. Askey USB ADSL Gateway Hypou want to search for Microsoft digitally signed software, visit the Windows Update Web site at http://windowsupdate.microsoft.com to see if one is available.	*
	Yes No More Info	

Step 9 Click Finish to complete the installation.

Found New Hardware World	Completing the Found New Hardware Wizard Askey USB ADSL Balancey Windows has inched installing the software for this device.
	To clase the wizerd, clask Finals,
	Fred Fred

For Windows XP

Step 1 When plugging the USB cable to the PC, the system will automatically detect the USB ADSL Router. When Found New Hardware Wizard window announces detecting of the USB device, click Next.

Note: If the USB device is not detected, check the USB cable between the PC and the device. Also verify that the device is power on.

Found New Hardware Wa	and
	Welcome to the Found New Hardware Wizard The wordhips you wind software for
	Askey USB ADSL Router
	If your hardware came with an installation CD or flappy disk, insert it nom.
	'what do you want the victad to do?
	jostal he sitives admirically (Reconnected) instal hos a list or greatic location (Advanced)
	Click Next to centinue.
	Carcel

Step 2 The Windows will copy the drivers form the Software Utility CD.

Please wet	while the woord matalia the address	200
9	Ackay USB Vetal But for Holizes	
	gw200ut asi Ta C W40104/0 astas 2014aas	

Step 3 When the driver for USB Virtual Bus are copied onto your computer, click Finish for next step.



Step 4 After USB driver installation, the system will automatically detect the USB ADSL Gateway. When Found New Hardware Wizard window announces detecting of the USB device, click Next.

Found New Handware V	Noard -
20	Welcome to the Found New Hardware Wizard
	This instant helps you with a software for
1000	Askey USB ADGL Galoway
	If your hardware case with an installation CD or Rappy disk, insert it now.
	What do you want the vicent to do?
	(initial the software automatically (Feccemended) (initial how a list or greatic location (Advanced)
	Click Next to centinue.
	Sant Beda Carol

- Step 5 Repeat steps 2-3.
- Step 6 A Hardware Installation dialog box about digital signature appears to ask you to continue the installation or stop the procedure. Please click **Continue Anyway**. Then Windows XP copied the drivers from the Software Utility CD.



Step 7 Click Finish to complete the installation.



Uninstall the USB Driver

For Windows 98

- Step 1 Click on the **Start** menu, point to **Settings** and click on **Control Panel**.
- Step 2 Select Add/Remove Programs.
- Step 3 On the Install/Uninstall tab, select USB ADSL Gateway Driver from the list box.
- Step 4 Click the Add/Remove button.
- Step 5 A confirmation driver deletion dialog box appears, please click the Yes button.
- Step 6 A dialog box appears to ask you to unplug the USB cable. Please unplug it and click **OK**.
- Step 7 Now, the USB drivers are removed.

For Windows ME

- Step 1 Click on the Start menu, point to Settings and click on Control Panel.
- Step 2 Select Add/Remove Programs.
- Step 3 On the Install/Uninstall tab, select USB ADSL Gateway Driver from the list box.
- Step 4 Click the Add/Remove button.
- Step 5 A confirmation driver deletion dialog box appears, please click the Yes button.
- Step 6 A dialog box appears to ask you to unplug the USB cable. Please unplug it and click **OK**.
- Step 7 Now, the USB drivers are removed.

For Windows 2000

- Step 1 Click on the Start menu, point to Settings and click on Control Panel.
- Step 2 Select Add/Remove Programs.
- Step 3 Select USB ADSL Gateway Driver from the list box.
- Step 4 Click the **Change/Remove** button.
- Step 5 A confirmation driver deletion dialog box appears, please click the Yes button.
- Step 6 A dialog box appears to ask you to unplug the USB cable. Please unplug it and click **OK**.
- Step 7 Now, the USB drivers are removed.

For Windows XP

- Step 1 Click on the Start menu, point to Settings and click on Control Panel.
- Step 2 Select Add/Remove Programs.
- Step 3 Select USB ADSL Gateway Driver from the list box.
- Step 4 Click the **Change/Remove** button.
- Step 5 A confirmation driver deletion dialog box appears, please click the Yes button.
- Step 6 A dialog box appears to ask you to unplug the USB cable. Please unplug it and click **OK**.
- Step 7 Now, the USB drivers are removed.

Chapter 3: Connection Mode

Prior to configuring the ADSL Router, you must decide whether to configure the ADSL Router as a bridge or as a router. This chapter presents some deployment examples for your reference. Each mode includes its general configure procedures. For more detailed information about web configuration, refer to "Web Configuration".

- Bridge Mode
- Router Mode
- MER Mode
- PPPoA+ NAT Mode
- PPPoE + NAT Mode
- Multiple PVCs Mode

For making sure that you can connect the ADSL to your computer well and get into Internet successfully, please make sure the following first.

1. Make sure you have installed a network interface card onto your computer.

2. Make sure the connection between the ADSL and your computer is OK.

3. Check to see the TCP/IP protocol and set the IP address as "Auto Get IP Address".

When you are sure all above is Ok, you can open the Browser and type in "192.168.1.1" and start to do the web configuration with different connection modes.

This chapter is going to introduce the function of each connection mode and tell you the basic configuring steps that you have to do. If you did not follow the configuring steps for using these connection modes, you might get some connection problems and cannot connect to Internet well.

Bridge Mode





Description:

In this example, the ADSL Router acts as a bridge which bridging PC IP address from LAN to WAN. PC IP address can be a static public address that is pre-assigned by ISP or a dynamic public address that is assigned by ISP DHCP server, or can be got from PPPoE software.

Therefore, it does not require a public IP address. It only has a default private IP address (192.168.1.1) for management purpose.

- 1. Choose a client PC and set the IP as 192.168.1.x (x is between 2 and 254) and the gateway as 192.168.1.1.
- 2. Start up your browser and type **192.168.1.1** as the address to enter the web-based manager.
- 3. Go to Configuration >WAN Configuration > Create a New PVC and select the Data Mode –RFC1483 Bridged. Then click Next button.
- 4. Enter the VPI/VCI values provided by your ISP and select the encapsulation type as LLC/SNAP or VC MUX. Then click Apply.
- 5. Save the configuration from System >Save Configuration and System >Restart to restart your router for initiating these settings.

Router Mode



* BRAS : Broadband Remote Access Server

Description:

In this deployment environment, we make up a private IP network of 192.168.1.1. NAT function is enabled (on ADSL Router or use another NAT box connected to hub) to support multiple clients to access the Router and some public servers (WWW, FTP).

If you apply for multiple IP addresses from your ISP, you can assign these public IP addresses to the ADSL Router and public server, e.g., Web or FTP server. Typically the first IP is network address, the second is used as router IP address and the last one is subnet broadcasting. Other remaining IP addresses can be assigned to PCs on the LAN.

For example: You are given the IP addresses 10.251.2.0 ~ 10.251.2.7. Then:

10.251.2.0 is network IP address10.251.2.1 is assigned to router IP address.10.251.2.7 is subnet broadcasting10.251.2.2~10.251.2.6 can be assigned to public servers on the LAN.

- 1. Start up your browser and type **192.168.1.1** as the address to enter this ADSL web-based manager.
- 2. Go to Configuration > WAN Configuration > Create a new PVC. and select the Data Mode RFC1483 Routed. Then click Next button.
- 3. Enter the VPI/VCI values provided by your ISP and select the encapsulation type as LLC/SNAP or VC MUX. Then click Apply.
- Set IP configuration for Local WAN IP Address. Choose Specify an IP Address item. Please set as the following example,
 IP Address: 10.3.80.105(should be the one that you get from ISP)
 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.248(should be the one that you get from ISP)
 Check on Enable NAT on this interface and click Apply.
- Go to Configuration > LAN Configuration and set as the following Primary IP: 192.168.1.1, Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 Secondary IP: 10.3.80.105, Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.248 (should be the one that you get from ISP) Then click Apply.
- 6. Go to Configuration > IP Route and click Create a New Route to add a new route. Destination Address: leave default Netmask: leave default Forward packets to: Interface Then click Apply.
- 7. Go to **Configuration > DNS** and enable **DNS Relay** setting and click **Next**. On the DNS Relay web page, enter the DNS Server IP address, for example **168.95.1.1** (you should get this value from your ISP).
- 8. Save the configuration from System >Save Configuration and System >Restart to restart your router for initiating these settings.

9. Then you have set the web configuration successfully. And you can surf on the Internet.

Note:

If you have multiple PCs on the LAN, you may enable DHCP function on the private or public IP address. The ADSL Router implements a built-in DHCP server, which assigns IP addresses to the clients PCs on the LAN.

MER Mode



Description:

In this deployment environment, we make up a private IP network of 192.168.1.1. NAT function is enabled to support multiple clients to access Internet.

In this example, the ADSL Router acts as NAT device which translate a private IP address into a public address. Therefore multiple users can share with one public IP address to access Internet through this router. The public address can be a static public address that is pre-assigned by ISP or a dynamic public address that is assigned by ISP DHCP server.

- 1. Start up your browser and type **192.168.1.1** as the address to enter this ADSL web-based manager.
- 2. Go to Configuration > WAN Configuration > Create a new PVC. and select the Data Mode RFC1483 MER. Then click Next button.
- 3. Enter the VPI/VCI values provided by your ISP and select the encapsulation type as LLC/SNAP or VC MUX. Then click Apply.
- Set IP configuration for Local WAN IP Address. Choose Specify an IP Address item. Please set as the following example, IP Address: 10.3.86.105 (should be the one that you get from ISP) Subnet Mask: 255.255.25.0 (should be the one that you get from ISP)
- 5. Go to Configuration > IP Route and click Create a new route to add a new route. Configure the settings as the following example, Destination Address: leave default leave default
 Forward packets to: Then click Apply.
- 6. Go to **Configuration > DNS** and enable **DNS Relay** setting and click **Next**. On the DNS Relay web page, enter the DNS Server IP address, for example **168.95.1.1** (you should get this value from your ISP).
- 7. Save the configuration from System >Save Configuration and System >Restart to restart your router for initiating these settings.
- 8. Then you have set the web configuration successfully. And you can surf on the Internet.

PPPoA + NAT Mode



* BRAS : Broadband Remote Access Server

Description:

In this deployment environment, the PPPoA session is between the ADSL WAN interface and BRAS. The ADSL Router gets a public IP address from BRAS when connecting to DSLAM. The multiple client PCs will get private IP address from the DHCP server enabled on private LAN. The enabled NAT mechanism will translate the IP information for clients to access the Internet.

- 1. Start up your browser and type 192.168.1.1 as the address to enter this ADSL web-based manager.
- 2. Go to **Configuration > WAN Configuration > Create a new PVC** and select the Data Mode **PPPoA**. Then click **Next** button.
- 3. Enter the VPI/VCI values provided by your ISP and select the encapsulation type as LLC/SNAP or VC MUX.
- 4. Fill in the User Name and Password (you should get from ISP). Check on Enable NAT on this interface and click Apply.
- 5. Go to **Configuration > DNS** and enable **DNS Relay** setting and click **Next**. On the DNS Relay web page, enter the DNS Server IP address, for example **168.95.1.1** (you should get this value from your ISP).
- 6. Save the configuration by execute **System** >**Save** and **System** >**Restart** to restart your router for initiating these settings.

PPPoE + NAT Mode



* BRAS : Broadband Remote Access Server

Description:

In this deployment environment, the PPPoE session is between the ADSL WAN interface and BRAS. The ADSL Router gets a public IP address from BRAS when connecting to DSLAM. The multiple client PCs will get private IP address from the DHCP server enabled on private LAN. The enabled NAT mechanism will translate the IP information for clients to access the Internet.

- 1. Start up your browser and type **192.168.1.1** as the address to enter this ADSL web-based manager.
- 2. Go to **Configuration > WAN Configuration > Create a new PVC** and select the Data Mode **PPPoE**. Then click **Next** button.
- 3. Enter the VPI/VCI values provided by your ISP and select the encapsulation type as LLC/SNAP or VC MUX.
- 4. Fill in the User Name and Password (you should get from ISP). Check on Enable NAT on this interface and click Apply.
- 5. Go to **Configuration > DNS** and enable **DNS Relay** setting and click **Next**. On the DNS Relay web page, enter the DNS Server IP address, for example **168.95.1.1** (you should get this value from your ISP).
- 6. Save the configuration by execute **System** >**Save** and **System** >**Restart** to restart your router for initiating these settings.

PPPoE Relay





Description:

In this example, the ADSL Router acts as a bridge which bridging PC IP address from LAN to WAN. Client PCs on the LAN should be equipped with PPPoE software to get public IP address from BRAS.

That is to say, the router does not require a public IP address. It only has a default private IP address (192.168.1.1) for management purpose.

Configuration:

- 1. Choose a client PC and set the IP as 192.168.1.x (x is between 2 and 254) and the gateway as 192.168.1.1. Or enter the IP address that came from the ISP DHCP server of the Router.
- 2. Start up your browser and type **192.168.1.1** as the address to enter the web-based manager.
- 3. Go to Configuration >WAN Configuration > Create a New PVC and select the Data Mode –RFC1483 Bridged. Then click Next button.
- 4. Enter the VPI/VCI values provided by your ISP and select the encapsulation type as LLC/SNAP or VC MUX. Then click Apply.
- 5. Save the configuration from **System** >**Save Configuration** and **System** >**Restart** to restart your router for initiating these settings.
- 6. Run Windows PPPoE client application. Fill in the User Name and Password (you should get from ISP).



7. Click Connect.



Multiple PVCs Mode

Description:

As this ADSL Router supports multiple PVCs in the ADSL loop, you are allowed to configure several logical channels in one physical loop. You can use mixed encapsulation types by applying them to different PVCs. When the system starts up, it will connect to CO site through the PVCs according to the sequence they are created. Therefore the default route will be the last PVC you created. You can also modify the default route manually from the **IPRoute** page.

The traffic from CPE side will be sent to different PVCs according to the routing rules.

- 1. Start up your browser and type 192.168.1.1 as the address to enter this ADSL web-based manager.
- 2. Create the first PVC (e.g. PVC1) using the **RFC1483** data mode. Refer to the section of "Router Mode" for details.
- 3. Create the second PVC (e.g.PVC2) using the **PPPoE** data mode. Refer to the section of "PPPoE + NAT Mode" for details.
- 4. Save the configuration by execute **System** >**Save** and **System** >**Restart** to restart your router for initiating these settings.

Chapter 4: Configuration

In order to access the Internet through the router, each host on your network must install/setup TCP/IP. Please follow the steps below for select a network adapter.

Setting TCP/IP on Client PC

To access the ADSL Router via Ethernet, the host computer must meet the following requirements:

- With Ethernet network interface.
- Must have TCP/IP installed.
- Set client PC with obtain an IP address automatically or set fix IP address.
- With a web browser installed: Internet Explorer 5.x or later.

The ADSL Router is configured with the **default IP address of 192.168.1.1** and subnet mask of **255.255.255.0.** As the DHCP server is **Enable** by default, The DHCP clients should be able to access the ADSL Router. Or you could assign an IP address to the host PC first for initial configuration.

You also can manage the ADSL Router through a web browser-based manager: ADSL ROUTER CONTROL PANEL. The ADSL Router manager uses the HTTP protocol via a web browser to allow you to set up and manage the device.

To configure the device via web browser, at least one properly-configured PC must be connected to the network (either connected directly or through an external hub/switch to the LAN port of the device).

If TCP/IP is not already installed, follow the steps below for installation.

For Windows 98

1. Click on the Start menu, point to Settings and click on Control Panel.



2. Double-click the Network icon.

🗟 Control I	Panel			-	
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9			4	9	
Printers	Region	nal So p≕	indo	System	-
				JB My Con	pulei 🏑

3. The **Network** window appears. On the **Configuration** tab, check out the list of installed network components.

Option 1: If you have **no** TCP/IP protocol, click **Add**. **Option 2:** If you have TCP/IP protocol, go to Step 6.

Nutwork.	E2 E2
Network Configuration Internetication Access Cerinal The following perivok components are installed Client for Microsoft Nativeska Microsoft Family Logon Dial Up Adapte Dial Up Adapte T07/0Pbatt 82595 & set Ethernet T07/0Pbatt 82595 & set Ethernet	Your network interface card. Check out if TCP/IP for your NIC is
Parsay Network Lagon Clean for Microsoft Betworks	installed or not.
Ele and Part Shating	
Descriptor	

4. Highlight **Protocol** and click **Add**.



5. On the left side of the windows, highlight Microsoft and then select TCP/IP on the right side. Then click OK.



6. When returning to Network window, highlight TCP/IP protocol for your NIC and click Properties.

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TCP/IP is the protocol	you use to p	PRINCIPAL PRINCI	interest and
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7. On IP Address tab:

Enable **Specify an IP address** option. Enter the **IP Address**: 192.168.1.x (x is between 2 and 254) and **Subnet Mask**: 255.255.255.0 as in figure below. On **Gateway** tab: Add a gateway IP address: 192.168.1.1.

TCP/IP Properties		TCP/IP Properties	
Bindings Advanced NetBIOS		Bindergs	Advanced
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An IP address can be automatically assigned to this compute It your retwork does not automatically assign IP addresses, your network administrator for an address, and fren type it in the space below.	e. cifi	The fast gateway The oddects with reachings are used	e the installed Gateway in the lat will be the co t
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8. When returning to Network window, click OK.

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The following perivoit components are included	
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CK. Care	*

9. Wait for Windows copying files.

Copying Files
Source:
Windows 98 CD-ROM
Destination:
Searing
5895
Cancel

10. When prompted with System Settings Change dialog box, click Yes to restart your computer.

System S	offinge Change 🔤
•	You must restat your computer before the new settings will take effect.
	Do you want to restart your computer now?
	<u>Yes</u> No
For Windows NT

1. Click Start, point to Settings, and then click Control Panel.



2. Double-click the Network icon.

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2	õ	<u>52</u>	- <u>-</u> 2	9 7	
Hodens	Moure	Mulimedia	Network	0000	2
Configures net	verk hardware ar	ve software			

3. The Network window appears. On the Protocols tab, check out the list of installed network components.

Option 1: If you have **no** TCP/IP Protocol, click **Add**. **Option 2:** If you have TCP/IP Protocol installed, go to Step 7.

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0K	Cancel

4. Highlight TCP/IP Protocol and click OK.

Select Network Protocol	2 ×
Click the Network Protocol that you want to initial, then click () you have an installation click for this comparised, click Have Did	C H
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ModELI Polscal ModEli Polscal ModEli II Polscal Second Environment Figure To Part Tunneling Protocol Second Environment TESEP Protocol	4
Hove Disk	-
OK b Care	

5. Click **Yes** to use DHCP.

TCP/IP	Setup 🖂
♪	If there is a DHCP server on your network, TCP/IP can be configured to dynamically provide an IP address. If you are not sure, ask your system administrator. Do you wish to use DHCP?
	Jail Ha

6. Insert the Windows NT CD into your CD-ROM drive and type the location of the CD. Then click **Continue**.

Windows	NT Setup	
ÿ	Setup needs to copy some 'virindows NT Nex. Setup reli look to the tiles in the location specified below. If you went Setup to back in a different place, type the new location. When the location is correct, clock Continue	Canitrue
	1.086	

7. Returning to the Network window, you will find the TCP/IP Protocol among the list. Select TCP/IP Protocol and click Properties.

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8. Enable Specify an IP address option. Enter the IP Address: 192.168.1.x (x is between 2 and 254) and Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 and Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1 as in figure below.

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An IP address cards by a DHCP server. I ad your retrief, and the space below.	e automatically assigned to the re- pour relevant does net have a D electrates to se address, and the	frech sard HCP server, HCP server, HCP server,
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Sport Heak:	255,255,255,3	
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9. When returning to Network window, click Close.

Network. 😨 🗵
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Add. Beacove Boperties (2013) Decemption Transport Control Photocol/Intervet Protocol. The delault wide areas network gradecol for a provider a communication across diverse interconnected networks.
Ooxe Prysel

10. When prompted with Network Settings Change dialog box, click Yes to restart your computer.



For Windows 2000

1. From the Start menu, point to Settings and then click Network and Dial-up Connections.



2. Right-click the Local Area Connection icon and then click Properties.



3. On the General tab, check out the list of installed network components.

Option 1: If you have **no** TCP/IP Protocol, click **Install**.

Option 2: If you have TCP/IP Protocol, go to Step 6.

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Install_ Descaption Torrestation Core vide and retroit Core vide and retroit Core Strate access in Lask	Unestall of Protocol/Interver Prot protocol fine provides an connected networks bat when same sched	Properties took The default mesure allon

4. Highlight **Protocol** and then click **Add**.



5. Click Internet Protocol(TCP/IP) and then click OK.

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Gink the Netwoor	oli: Pratocal that you want to install, then click: Dif. If you have fails for this congeneent, click Have Diak.
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6. When returning to Local Area Connection Properties window, highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and then click Properties.

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7. Under the **General** tab, enable **Use the following IP Address**. Enter the **IP address**: **192.168.1.x** (x is between 2 and 254), **Subnet Mask**: **255.255.255.0** and **Default gateway**: **192.168.1.1**. Then click **OK**. When prompted to restart your computer, reboot it to enable the settings.

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· Use the following DHS or	ever addresses
Palarad DNS pavar	

For Windows ME

- Step 1 Click on the Start menu, point to Settings and click on Control Panel.
- Step 2 Double-click the Network icon.
- Step 3 The **Network** window appears. On the **Configuration** tab, check out the list of installed network components.

Option 1: If you have no TCP/IP protocol, click Add.

Option 2: If you have TCP/IP protocol, go to Step 6.

- Step 4 Highlight Protocol and click Add.
- Step 5 On the left side of the windows, highlight **Microsoft** and then select **TCP/IP** on the right side. Then click **OK**.
- Step 6 While returning to Network window, highlight TCP/IP protocol for your NIC and click Properties.



Step 7 On the **IP Address** tab, select **Specify an IP address**. Enter the **IP address**: **192.168.1.x** (x is between 2 and 254), **Subnet Mask**: **255.255.255.0** and **Default gateway**: **192.168.1.1**. Then click **OK**.

CHS Configuration Bateway WINS Configuration PAddecs An IP addecs contre astonatically assigned to the compater If your network does not addreaded assigned to the compater spour network addreaded addreaded assign IP addreader, and your network addreaded addreaded assigned to the space balance (P Option on P addreaded addreaded and the space balance (P Addreas: 192.168.1.100) Sybret Mask: 255.255.255.0 (P Option to network media	Bindings	Adv	renced	Net	2018
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	P Detect com	ection to re	Nezik roedia		

Step 8 While returning to the Network window, click OK.

- Step 9 Wait for Windows copying files.
- Step 10 When prompted with the System Settings Change dialog box, click Yes to restart your computer.

For Windows XP

- Step 1 From the Start menu, point to Control Panel and then click Network and Internet Connections.
- Step 2 Click Network Connection and then click Properties.
- Step 3 On the General tab, check out the list of installed network components.
 - Option 1: If you have no TCP/IP Protocol, click Install.

Option 2: If you have TCP/IP Protocol, go to Step 6.

- Step 4 Highlight **Protocol** and then click **Add**.
- Step 5 Click Internet Protocol(TCP/IP) and then click OK.
- Step 6 On the Local Area Connection Properties window, highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and then click Properties.



Step 7 Under the General tab, enable Use the following IP address. Enter the IP address: 192.168.1.x (x is between 2 and 254), Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 and Default gateway: 192.168.1.1. Then click Ok.

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General	
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Ewlened DNS server	
Alternate DHS verver.	
	Adjurced.
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Configure PC to get IP address from DHCP

If your ADSL Router operates as a DHCP server for the client PCs on the LAN, you should configure the client PCs to obtain a dynamic IP address. Please follow the previous section to install TCP/IP component. Only that you do not need to specify an IP address when configuring TCP/IP properties.

The following section describe the procedures for CPEs to get IP address:

For Windows 98

On the IP Address tab, select Obtain an IP address automatically. Then click OK.

TCP/IP Properties	×
Bindings Advanced NetBDS DNS Configuration Gateway WINS Configuration IP Address	•
An IP address can be automatically assigned to this computer. If your network does not automatically assign IP addresses, ask your network administrator for an address, and then type it in the space below.	
IF Obtain an IP address automatically	
C Specily an IP address:	
JP Addeers	
Sybret Mask:	
DK. Cancel	

For Windows NT

On the IP Address tab, click on the drop-down arrow of Adapter to select required adapter. Enable Obtain an IP address from a DHCP server and then click OK.

Microsoft TCP/IP P	roperties		開図
IP Address DAIS	WINS Address	Routing	
An P address can by a DHCP sever ant your retrient the space below	be extensional If your network adventifiants for	v actigned to 0 doer not fram an address, an	to retival, card a DHOP server, differ type it in
[]]] Intel 82585-1	Based Etherne	1	-
17 Oktor on 17	abbres from a	DRCP when	
C Spectrus	Pakino -		
	-		
	1	-	
			Afrened
	OK.	Cares	viech

When prompted with the message below, click Yes to continue.

Microsoft	тсрлр 🖂
⚠	DHCP protocol will attempt to automatically configure your workstation during system initialization. Any parameters specified in these property pages will override any values obtained by DHCP. Do you want to enable DHCP?
	<u>Yes</u> <u>N</u> o

For Windows 2000

Enable Obtain an IP address automatically and then click OK.

Internet Protocol (TCP/3P) Pro	operties 🔹 🛛
General	
You can get IP settings assigne this capability. Otherwise, you re the appropriate IP settings.	d automatically if your retwork supports and to ask your network administrator for
Obtain an IP address auto	matically
C Use the following IP adds	
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	OK Careel

For Windows ME

On the IP Address tab, select Obtain an IP address automatically. Then click OK.

CP/IP Properties
Bindings Advanced NetBIDS DNS Configuration Gateway WINS Configuration P Address
An IP address can be automatically assigned to this computer. If your network does not automatically assign IP addresses, ask your network administrator for an address, and then type it in the space below.
F Dbain an IP address automatically
C Specily an IP address
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DK. Cancel

For Windows XP

On the IP Address tab, select Obtain an IP address automatically. Then click OK.

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You can get IP settings assigned this capability. Otherwood, you ne the appropriate IP settings.	i dicetta suce il glassimicato a t renta dicettor suce, dia at ton	Appensi mater for
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	40	wanced.
	OK.	Cancel

Renew IP Address on Client PC

There is a chance that your PC does not renew its IP address after the ADSL Router is on line and the PC can not access the Internet. Please follow the procedures below to renew PC's IP address.

For Windows 98

1. Select **Run** from the **Start** menu.



2. Type winipcfg in the dialog box and the click OK.



3. When the figure below appears, click Release and then Renew to get an IP address.



For Windows NT

1. Select **Run** from the **Start** menu.

	ÐĮ.	WinZip	
		Programs	•
딩	\bigcirc	Documents	,
cstat	Б.	Settings	,
Work	3	Eind	,
NT	۹	Help	
Smop	2	flun 📐	
Win)	Shyl Down	
1	Start		

2. Type **cmd** in the dialog box and the click **OK**.

llun	2	×
7	Type the name of a plogram, folder, or document, and Windows will open it for you.	
Open		1
	🖬 Burin Béperde Hendy Space	
	OK Cancel Browse	É
	OK Cancel Browse.	

- 3. Type **ipconfig** at prompt. Then you will see the IP information from DHCP server.
- 4. If you want to get a new IP address, type **ipconfig** /**release** to release the previous IP address and then type **ipconfig** /**renew** to get a new one.

For Windows 2000

1. From the Start menu, point to Programs, Accessories and then click Command Prompt.



- 2. Type **ipconfig** at prompt. Then you will see the IP information from DHCP server.
- 3. If you want to get a new IP address, type **ipconfig** /**release** to release the previous IP address and then type **ipconfig** /**renew** to get a new one.

For Windows ME

- 1. Select **Run** from the **Start** menu.
- 2. Type winipcfg in the dialog box and the click OK.
- 3. When the figure below appears, click **Release** and then **Renew** to get an IP address.

IP Configurati Tale 12515 Based Obersel . Adapter Addess IP Addess 192.155.100.2 Subret Mack 265.265.258.0 192168-1001 Detail Gelenny Regen Mare Info >1 Folgin All Re 110

For Windows XP

- 1. From the **Start** menu, point to **Programs**, **Accessories** and then click **Command Prompt**.
- 2. Type **ipconfig** at prompt. Then you will see the IP information from DHCP server.
- 3. If you want to get a new IP address, type **ipconfig/release** to release the previous IP address and then type **ipconfig/renew** to get a new one.

Chapter 5: Web Configuration

Using Web-Based Manager

Once your host PC is properly configured, please proceed as follows:

- 1. Start your web browser and type the private IP address of the ADSL Router in the URL field: 192.168.1.1.
- 2. After connecting to the device, you will be prompted to enter username and password. By default, the username is **admin** and the password is **admin**. See the following **example** for running under Windows XP.

Constant for 1922	168.1.2	† X
9		
WebAdnin		
User manac	🖸 admen	۲
Persward:		
	T Remember my password	
	OK	Cancal

If you login successfully, the main page of **ADSL ROUTER-CONTROL PANEL** appears. From now on the ADSL Router acts as a web server sending HTML pages/forms on your request. You can fill in these pages/forms and apply them to the ADSL Router.

Outline of Web Manager

The home page is composed of 3 areas:

 Quick Start System Status Configuration 	[Quick Start] DSL Line status: Handshaking Running Profiles: Refresh				Refresh	
	VPI/VCI	Data Encap	NAT	Local WAN IP	On-Line Time	Action
	0/38	PPPOA VC MUX	enabled	0.0.0.0	00:00:00:00	Connect
	0/38 Please :	PPPoA VC MUX	enabled	file for your gat	eway: RFC1	Connect 483 Bridge

- **Title**: It indicates the title of this management interface.
- Main Menu: Includes Quick start, System, Status, and Configuration.

Quick Start: Allows you to select some pre-defined profile to have basic configuration. **System:** The system menu includes the sub-menus of Device Info, Administration, Save Configuration, Upgrade Firmware and Reset Router.

Status: Displays the current status of the ADSL Router, including DSL Connection, WAN

Connection, Traffic Counter, Routing Table and DHCP Table.

Configuration: It displays the configuration categories of the ADSL Router, including DSL, LAN, WLAN, WAN, IP Route, DNS, Security, Virtual Server and UPnP settings.

You can move the mouse cursor over the sub-menu to display the hierarchy popup menu. Clicking on each of the item will bring out its content in main window accordingly.

Main Window: It is the current workspace of the web management, containing configuration or status information.

To Have the New Settings Take Effect

The ADSL Router uses the following mechanism to enable new settings:

■ Apply button.

When **Apply** is clicked, your customizations will only be stored to the DRAM. If you do not execute **Save** & **Restart**, the customizations will not take effect for rebooting the ADSL Router next time.

■ Save & Restart button.

When **Save** is clicked, your customizations will be saved to the flash memory. After clicking **Restart**, your customizations take effect.

Quick start

On this page you can see some pre-defined connection services. Select that you want to be used connection mode and execute the **Apply and Save** to change and save configuration.

[Qui	ck Start]					
DSL Lir	ne status: Handsh	aking			6	Befreeb
Running	Promes.	-		0		Autom
VPIPVCI	Data Encap	NAT	LOCAL WAN IP	Or	I-Line Time	Action
0/100	PPPaA VC MUX	enabled	0.0.0.0	1	00:00:00:00	Connect
Please s Apply	select the pre-defi y and Save	ned pro	file for your rou	ter.	PPPoA Rou RFC1483 B RFC1483 R RFC1483 M	ter ridge outer ÆR Route
					PPPoE Rout	ter.

This application provides some pre-defined profile for you to select for the router. Please use the drop-down menu to the right side and select the one which suits for your system. Then click on Apply and Save to show the selected profile data.

Click on the **Connect** button to choose the one to be connected to your ISP. Enter the **Username** and **Password** provide by ISP and then click the **connect** button.

[Quick Sta	rt]-0/100 PPPoE LLC/SNAP
PPP connection	status: disabled
User Name:	
Password:	
Connect	

If you want block the connection, just click the **Action** mode—**Disconnect** button. If you choose any one of RFC series profiles, there is no Connect button on the Action mode. In addition, you can click on the item below **VPI/VCI** to show/modify the more detail configurations.

System

Device Information

This page shows the basic information of your ADSL Router, including the hardware board and software version, etc. It provides a general overview of your ADSL Router.

Administrative Security

There are three types of administration, Account, Remote Access and Web Port.

[Administration]						
Account	Remote Access	Web Port				
Account						
User Accounts currently created: User Modify Delete admin Modify						
Create a new user						

Account

It limits this web-based manager access to users with the correct user name and password. After entering user name & password, click **Apply**. By default, both the user name and password values are **admin**.

Clicking Create a new user to add a new user account. After that, specify required User Name and Password.

Administration: Create User Account

Usemame:	
Password	
Confirm Password	

To modify the password of the user account, just click **Modify** field of the user account and enter the new password. Clicking on **Delete** of that user account will delete the user account.

Account						
User	Modify	Delete	y created.			
test	Modify	Delete				
admin	Modify	Delete				

Note: After clicking **Apply** to change the user name and password, the new setting takes effect immediately. When you continue to access other pages, you will be prompted to re-login with new user name and password immediately.

To save the new settings to flash memory and take effect next time your reboot the ADSL Router, after clicking **Apply**, you should perform the task of **Save Configuration**.

Remote Access

This function allows remote client to access this router from WAN side. You can set the lease time and click **Enable** to enable this setting. To disable this function, just click **Disable**.

Remote Access	
Allow remote access to this	router.
Allow access for: 30	minutes. (min: 1, max: 1440)
Enable	

Web Port

The default web server port is 80. You can change the web server port to another one and then click **Apply** to enable this setting.

Web Port

This router currently runs on the web server port '80'.





To activate new setting, you must save configuration and then restart your router.

Note: Clicking **Apply** will enable the new setting right away. When you continue to access other pages, you will need to re-login at new web port.

Quick Configuration

This web page allows you to backup the configuration settings to your computer for retrieving next time. Click on Backup button to backup your configuration to your hard disk.

In addition, to retrieve the saved configuration and use again, use Browse to locate the backup configuration file. After selecting the desired file, please click Restore to use it for current web page.

[Quick Configuration]	
This page allows you to backup or restore configuration from yo	the configuration settings to your computer our computer.
Backup Configuration	
Backup configuration to your co	omputer.
Backup	
Restore Configuration	
Restore configuration from a pr	reviously saved file.
Configuration File	Browlat .
Restore	

Save Configuration

This page allows you to save all current configuration settings to non-volatile memory. Please wait for several seconds to complete this process.

[Save	Configuration]	
---	------	-----------------	--

This page allows you to save all current configuration settings to non-volatile memory. Please wait for several seconds to complete this process.

WARNING: DO NOT turn off your router during saving configuration.

Save

Upgrade Software

The ADSL Router supports the upgrading by using HTTP. To transfer the firmware file, follow the steps below:

- 1. Download and unzip the new software file from vendor.
- 2. In the File Name of Firmware field, click Browse to locate the upgrade file.
- 3. Click the Upgrade button.

Current firm	ware version			
WARNING	: DO NOT tur	n off your route	er during firmwar	e upgrades.
File Name	of Firmware:		Browse	
Unorade				

Therefore please wait after clicking Upgrade button.

After upgrading, the original configuration will still exist and not reset to the factory defaults.

Reset Router

This page allows you to restart your router for invoking new configuration. After restarting, you should wait for several seconds to let the system come up. When restarting the system, your brower session will be disconnected. Please wait until the device finish restarting.



Note: If **Reset to factory default settings** is checked, the settings will return to factory defaults, including the **Username** and **Password**.

Status

DSL Connection

This page shows the DSL line connection status as below:

[DSL Connection]

Refresh

Line Mode	Inactive	Line State	Show Time
DS Speed	8000 Kbps	US Speed	1024 Kbps
DS Latency	Interleave	US Latency	Interleave
Trellis Coding	Enabled	Loss of Signal	0
Line Attenuation	0 dB	Loss of Frame	0
Noise Margin	14dB	CRC Error	0
Line Up Count	1	Error Second	0 seconds
Line Up Time	0:00:03:41	System Up Time	0:00:04:23

Line Mode: The ADSL Router supports multi-mode standard.

DS (Downstream)/US (Upstream) Speed: The downstream/upstream speed of the DSL line.

DS/US Latency: Displays whether a fast or interleaved latency path is specified.

Trellis coding: Indicates trellis coding is enabled or disabled. Trellis coding is a method of providing better performance in a noisy environment. It helps to transmit at faster line rates with lower error rates, thus providing a faster overall throughput in a moderately noisy environment.

Line Attenuation: Indicates the signal attenuation caused by line length. It increases with line length and frequency and decreases as wire diameter increases.

Noise Margin: Signal to noise ratio. The ratio of good data (signal) to bad (noise) on the line that is expressed in

decibels (dB).

Loss of Signal /Frame: Indicates the loss of signals or frames detected.

CRC Error: Cyclic Redundancy Checksum generated.

Line Up Count: The number of times that you connect to.

Line Up Time: The duration time of the line connecting.

Error Second: The accumulated seconds of the seconds during which packet error message occur.

System Up Time: The time from system startup.

WAN Connection

This page shows all the ATM PVC interfaces you defined. For each ATM PVC interface, it shows the parameter you defined for ATM PVC name, VPI/VCI values, Mode, Encapsulation Type and Local WAN IP address.

[WAN Connection]

Refresh

PVC Name	VPI	VCI	Mode	Encap Type	Local WAN IP
ppp-0	0	100	PPPoE	LLC/SNAP	0.0.0.0

Traffic Counter

This page shows the records of data going through the LAN and WAN interface. For each interface, cumulative totals are displayed for **Sent/Received Packets** and **Sent/Received Bytes**.

[Traffic Counter]

The statistic of user data going through your router is list below. Refresh

Connection	Tx Packets	Rx Packets	Tx Bytes	Rx Bytes
Ethernet	8/0	0/0	179868	62341
USB	9/0	0/0	1028	0
Wireless Lan	9/0	0/0	1028	0
0 / 100 (vpi/vci)	0/0	0/0	0	0

By clicking Refresh, all the records will be reset.

Routing Table

This page shows all the routing rules of data packets going through your ADSL Router if it runs in routing mode. By clicking **Refresh**, all the records will be reset.

[Routing Table]

All of current routing rules in your router are listed below.

Refresh

Destination	Netmask	Gateway / Interface	Cost	Timeout	Attribute
0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	ppp-0	1	0	static

DHCP Table

This page shows all DHCP clients who get their IP addresses from your ADSL Router. For each DHCP client, it shows the **Host Name**, **MAC Address**, **IP Address** and the **Lease Time**.

[DHCP Table]							
All clients wh	io got their IP ad	ddresses fro	m your	router	are list	ed below	
Refresh							
Host Name	MAC Address	IP Address	Lease	Time			

Wireless Client

This page shows wireless clients that associated to the router. For each client, it shows the MAC Address and the On-Line Time.



All wireless LAN Clients cuttently associated to your router are listed below.

Refresh

MAC Address On-Line Time

Configuration

DSL Configuration

DSL Line Mode: The ADSL Router supports multi-mode standard: Auto, G.lite, G.dmt and ANSI T1.413. Choose an appropriate line mode according to the setting of DSLAM in central office and then click Apply.

[DSL Configuration]

Refresh			
Line Mode	Inactive	Line State	Show Time
DS Speed	8000 Kbps	US Speed	1024 Kbps
DS Latency	Interleave	US Latency	Interleave
Trellis Coding	Enabled	Loss of Signal	0
Line Attenuation	0 dB	Loss of Frame	0
Noise Margin	14dB	CRC Error	0
Line Up Count	1	Error Second	0 seconds
Line Up Time	0:00:03:41	System Up Time	0:00:04:23

Current DSL Line Mode : Auto



The DSL line mode you specify will be applied to the entire ADSL Router unit. All ATM PVC profiles created will use the same line mode. Consult your ISP to find out which option applies to your DSL line.

LAN Configuration

For the LAN Configuration, there are two types that you have to know, IP Address and DHCP Server.

[LAN Configuration] **IP Address DHCP Server IP Address** Primary IP Address IP Address: 192 168 Subnet Mask 255 255 255 Secondary IP Address IP Address: 0 Subnet Mask: 0 Apply

Note: there may be a short pause between clicking Apply and receiving a response

IP Address

LAN Configuration allows you to define the public/private IP address over the LAN interface.

Primary IP Address: Private IP address is used for the purpose of system management. When it is assigned, PC on the LAN is able to use the specified address to access this ADSL Router through Ethernet.

By default, the IP address and subnet mask is **192.168.1.1** and **255.255.255.0** respectively. This will give you an available range of IP addresses from 192.168.1.2 to 192.168.1.254 that can be assigned to PCs on the LAN.

Secondary IP Address: If you applied for multiple IP address from your ISP, you will have a range of IP address for the ADSL Router and other network devices on the LAN. You can fill in the IP address assigned by ISP in the public IP address field.

DHCP Server

This page allows you to enable DHCP server on LAN interface and then your router can assign IP addresses to those PCs connected to your router.

IP Address		DHCP Server
DHCP Serve	er	
The DHCP Server i	s currently enabled.	
Lease Time: IP range Domain Name Ser Gateway Domain Name Subnet Mask	01:00:00:00 192:168:1.2 - 192:168:1.254 vers: 192:168:1.1 192:168:1.1 lan 255:255:255:0	
Please select the D C Disabled Enabled Cedigure	HCP Server to be	

The ADSL Router implements a built-in DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server, which dynamically assigns IP addresses and DNS server to the PCs on the LAN. DHCP function spares you the hassle of manually assigning a fixed IP address to each PC on the LAN. It is probably you already have a DHCP server on your network and you do not enable this function. By default the DHCP Server is enabled on private LAN interface (192.168.1.0).

DHCP lease time:	Specify the time that a network device can lease a private IP address before the ADSL Router reassigning the IP address.
Default Gateway:	You check the Report this host as the default gateway box to use this host as the default gateway or fill in an IP address as the default gateway.
Domain Name Serve	ers: You can check the Report this host as the DNS server box to use this host as the default DNS. Or you can uncheck the box and manually set up the DNS IP address in the Primary/Secondary DNS IP address fields. The DNS server addresses will be passed to the DHCP clients along with the IP addresses. The DHCP clients use the DNS to map a domain name to its corresponding IP address and vice versa.

Click **Configure** to get advanced settings. Please enter the requiring information and click **Apply** to inoke the configurations

DHCP Server

DHCP Server is only applied on LAN Primary IP Interface currently.

Please enter details for DHCP Server configuration:

Start IP Address:	192.168.1.2	
End IP Address:	192.168.1.254	
DHCP lease time	1 days 0	hours 0 minutes
Default Gateway		
Report this host as the default gatewa	ay 🗷	
Default Gateway	0.0.0.0	
Domain Name Servers		
Report this host as DNS server	1	
Primary DNS server address	0.0.0.0	
Secondary DNS server address	0.0.0.0	
Domain Name:	lan	

Apply

WLAN Configuration

This setting is available for wireless router only.

This section shows you how to configure the wireless LAN setting. To types are provided here, Basic Setup and Association Control.

Basic Setup

	Basi	c Setup	Association Contro
Bas	sic Setup		
Wire	ess SSID : rta0	40uw-30B9C0	
Desi	red Channel : cha	nnel 6 [2437 MHz] 🖌	
Authe	entication Type: Aut	• 🖌	
Wired	d Equivalent Privad	y Mechanism: OFF	
nroug ut W	nired Equivalent Ph th wireless LAN will EP keys.	be encrypted. Please select en	icryption key length and fill
Jse p	asscode to generat	e WEP keys:	Generate
۲	64-bit Encryption k	ey Length	
	WEP Key 1:	00-00-00-00	
	WEP Key 1:	(e.g., 1a-01-d2-8c-3b)	
	WEP Key 1: WEP Key 2:	(e.g., 1a-01-d2-8c-3b) 00-00-00-00-00	
	WEP Key 1: WEP Key 2: WEP Key 3:	00-00-00-00 (e.g., 1a-01-d2-8c-3b) 00-00-00-00-00 00-00-00-00-00	
	WEP Key 1: WEP Key 2: WEP Key 3: WEP Key 4:	00-00-00-00 (e.g., 1a-01-d2-8c-3b) 00-00-00-00-00 00-00-00-00-00	
0	WEP Key 1: WEP Key 2: WEP Key 3: WEP Key 4: 128-bit Encryption	00-00-00-00 (e.g., 1a-01-d2-8c-3b) 00-00-00-00-00 00-00-00-00-00 00-00-00-	
0	WEP Key 1: WEP Key 2: WEP Key 3: WEP Key 4: 128-bit Encryption WEP Key 1:	00-00-00-00 (e.g., 1a-01-d2-8c-3b) 00-00-00-00-00 00-00-00-00-00 00-00-00-	00-00-00
0	WEP Key 1: WEP Key 2: WEP Key 3: WEP Key 4: 128-bit Encryption WEP Key 1:	00-00-00-00 (e.g., 1a-01-d2-8c-3b) 00-00-00-00-00 00-00-00-00-00 00-00-00-	00-00-00-00 3-90-66-aa-bb-25)
0	WEP Key 1: WEP Key 2: WEP Key 3: WEP Key 4: 128-bit Encryption WEP Key 1: WEP Key 2:	00-00-00-00 (e.g., 1a-01-d2-8c-3b) 00-00-00-00-00 00-00-00-00-00 00-00-00-	00-00-00-00 3-90-66-aa-bb-25) 30-00-00-00
0	WEP Key 1: WEP Key 2: WEP Key 3: WEP Key 4: 128-bit Encryption WEP Key 1: WEP Key 2: WEP Key 3:	00-00-00-00 (e.g., 1a-01-d2-8c-3b) 00-00-00-00-00 00-00-00-00-00 00-00-00-	00-00-00-00 3-90-66-aa-bb-25) 00-00-00-00
0	WEP Key 1: WEP Key 2: WEP Key 3: WEP Key 4: 128-bit Encryption WEP Key 1: WEP Key 2: WEP Key 3: WEP Key 4:	00-00-00-00 (e.g., 1a-01-d2-8c-3b) 00-00-00-00-00 00-00-00-00-00 00-00-00-	00-00-00-00 3-90-66-aa-bb-25) 00-00-00-00 00-00-00-00

Wireless SSID (Service Set Identity): A name that uniquely identifies a wireless domain. All wireless clients that want to communicate with the ADSL Router must have the same SSID as it.

Frequency Domain: The frequency in which the radio links are about to be established.

Desired Channel: The frequency in which the radio links are about to be established. Select channel that you want. Usually the wireless clients will scan the whole operable channels and then select the desired communications channel automatically.

Authentication Type: The ADSL Router supports three authentication types: **Open System, Shared key** and **Auto**. This should be considered with the WEP(Wired Equivalent Privacy) mechanism.

Wired Equivalent Privacy Mechanism

The privacy security function can enhance wireless media security by encryption technology. All wireless clients must set the same encryption key to maintain the tightened communication with the ADSL Router properly. The Authenticate Algorithm options are:

When the wired Equivalent Privacy Mechanism is Turns off. Using Open-key as authentication algorithm, you are running the risk of allowing some unauthorized wireless LAN cards that have the capability of eavesdropping your SSID to associate itself to the device.

Turns on encryption. Wired Equivalent Privacy Mechanism is Turns on. You should select the encryption key length as 64 or 128 bit key. Then enter the encryption key in Key Entry fields.

Note: When Wired Equivalent Privacy Mechanism is enabled, the wireless client must be configured with exactly the same encryption level (64 or 128-bit) and encryption key as identified in the ADSL Router, so that access to the unit is allowed.

In addition, you can press the Generate button to use the passcode for generating WEP keys.

Association Control

You can enable this control to associate to your router with other wireless clients. Select **Enabled** and enter the MAC address on the Client's MAC Address box. Then click **Apply**.

Basic Setup	Association Control
Association Control	
Association control function is currently enabled.	
Please select the Association Control to be: C Disabled Enabled	
Client's MAC Address :	(e.g., 00:90:96:1A:2B:3C)

WAN Configuration

The ADSL Router supports for Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) over ADSL. To set up connections over the WAN, you have to define ATM PVC interface for each remote connection. On this page, you can create, modify and delete PVC interface.

TM PVCs	currently	created:			Refi	resh
PVC Name	VPI/VCI	Data Encap	NAT	Local WAN IP	Modify	Delete
pp-0	0/100	PPPOE LLC/SNAP	enabled	0.0.0.0	Modify	Delete

You can select an existing ATM PVC interface and click **Modify** to edit its parameters or click **Delete** if you want to delete it.

To add a new PVC interface, click Create a new PVC and follow these steps:

1. Select one of connection type in the Data Mode (RFC1483 Bridged, RFC1483 Routed, RFC1483 MER, PPPoA or PPPoE) and click **Next**.

[WAN Configuration] - Create ATM PVC Connection

Data Mode:

RFC1483 Bridged

RFC1483 Routed

RFC1483 MER

PPPoA

PPPoE



2. Fill in the VPI/VCI values and select ATM Service Type, Encapsulation Type and PCR.

ATM Properties		
VPI:	0	(min: 0, max 255)
VCE	32	(min: 32, max 4095)
ATM Service Type:	UBR (Unspecif	ied Bit Rate)
PCR (Peak Cell Rate)	2500	cells per second (min: 10, max: 2500)
Encapsulation Type:	LLC/SNAP .]
Apply		

- 3. Click Apply.
- 4. At RFC1483 Routed, RFC1483 MER and PPP mode Configuration, you can select Specify an IP address or Server assigned IP address.

IP Configuration	
Local WAN IP Address:	None
	Specify an IP Address
	IP Address: 0.0.0.0
	Subnet Mask: 0.0.0.0
	C Server assigned IP Address (via DHCP client)
Enable NAT on this is	nterface



- 5. Unless your ATM PVC is set on RFC1483 Bridged mode, you can check NAT box to enable NAT function.
- 6. If you are using PPP configuration mode, you need to fill in the user name and password and you can set the PPP session to Dial on demand or Always on mode.

PPP Configuration		
User name:		
Password:		
Service name:		
Service Server:		
Session established by: 👁 [Dial On Demand	
lf th	there are no data traffic during 20 is PPP session will be terminated.	minutes,
C A	llways On	
Enable NAT on this in	terface	
Annly		

The parameters are described as below:

VPI (Virtual Path Identifier): Identifies the virtual path between endpoints in an ATM network. The valid range is from 0 to 255.

VCI (Virtual Channel Identifier): Identifies the virtual channel endpoints in an ATM network. The valid range is from 32 to 4095 (1 to 31 is reserved for well-known protocols).

ATM Service Type: Currently, the ADSL Router supports the UBR (Unspecified Bit Rate) service type.

- PCR (Peak Cell Rate): Specify the PCR cells per second.
- **Encapsulation Type:** There are two types for your choosing, VC MUX or LLC/SNAP. Select the encapsulation based on the setting of the ISP. Consult your ISP for this information.
- Local WAN IP Address: On Router mode, selecting None means you have public LAN IP address setting. If you select Specify an IP address, you can specify a WAN IP provided by ISP for your router. If Server assigned IP address is selected, the router will get a dynamic WAN IP address whenever it connects to the remote server or ISP.

Note: If a fixed WAN IP is entered, note that this IP address and the subnet mask could not be the same with the public LAN interface.

Enable NAT on this interface: If your LAN interface is set on primary LAN you should check the box of the Enable Network Address Translation. NAT translates a private IP within one network to a public IP address.

User Name/Password: The user name and password used to access the remote server or ISP.

- **Dial On Demand**: If checked, under disconnected status, if any client PC sends out request for connection, the ADSL Router will dial the ISP automatically. In this case, if the system administrator wants to disconnect the PPP session, just click the **Disconnect** button at Quick Start page.
- Always On:Enabling this feature will send echo request to ISP. This prevents the connection from being
hung up by ISP.
The parameters for PPPoE configuration are generally the same as those of PPPoA. The
additional parameters are:
- Service Name: Enter the name of your PPPoE service here.
- Service Server: Enter the name of your PPPoE service server here.

Note: When you initially add an PVC for the PPP connection and connect to ISP, a default routing of **0.0.0.0** is added automatically to the IP Static Routing. If you set up more than one PVC profiles and the first PVC is deleted, then you have to manually add the default routing.

IP Route

	Stat	tic Route		D	ynamic Rout	ing
Static R	oute					
tatic routes	currently c	reated:				
tatic routes Destination	currently c Netmask	reated: Gateway / Interface	Delete			

Static Route

This page shows all static route status and allows you to add new static IP route or delete IP route. A Static IP Routing is a manually defined path, which determines the data transmitting route. If your local network is composed of multiple subnets, you may want to specify a routing path to the routing table.

You can click Create a new route to add new route.

Static Route - Create New Route

Destination Address:	(for default route: 0.0.0.0 or leave blank)
Netmask	(for default route: 0.0.0.0 or leave blank)
Forward packets to: @ Gateway Addre	ss.
C Interface:	bbb-0
Apply	

Destination Address:	The destination IP address of the network where data packets are to be sent.
Netmask:	The subnet mask of the destination IP address.
Forward packets to:	If you want add a rout on LAN side, you should choose the Gateway Address . Enter the router address and then click Apply . If you want add a rout on WAN side, you should choose the Interface . Select ATM PVC interface and then click Apply .

Dynamic Routing

Routing Information Protocol (RIP) is utilized as a means of exchanging routing information between routers. It helps the routers to determine optimal routes. This page allows you to enable/disable this function.

Dynamic Routing

Receive Mode is currently configured to 'RIP disabled'. Transmit Mode is currently configured to 'RIP disabled'.

RIP is only applied on LAN Primary IP Interface currently.

Please enter details for RIP configuration:

Receive Mode:	RIP disabled	-
Transmit Mode:	RIP disabled	*

Apply

By default, RIP is disabled with **Disabled** selected. You are allowed to enable RIP over the primary LAN interface. Upon each interface, you can customize the RIP on **Receive Mode** and **Transmit Mode** respectively.

Receive Mode:	It incorporates the RIP information when receiving the RIP packets. From the drop-down list select which RIP version should be accepted, RIP disable, RIPv1, RIPv2 and both.
Transmit Mode:	It broadcasts the routing table. From the drop-down list select which RIP version should be broadcasted, RIP disable, RIPv1, RIPv2 and both.

DNS

DNS Relay

On this page you can choose to disable or enable DNS Relay function. If your DNS is disabled and you choose to enable DNS relay, after selecting the **Enabled** option, please click **Configure** and then specify up to three DNS IP addresses in the **DNS server 1-3 IP address** fields. Then click **Apply** to enable the DNS relay function.

[DNS]	
Relay	Server
DNS Relay	
The DNS Relay is currently disabled	
Please select the DNS Relay to be © Disabled © Enabled	
Configure	

While the ADSL supports DNS Relay, it is regarded as a DNS server that is responsible for forwarding the name address inquiry for the host. On the Router mode, the manager must type in the DNS server address of the ISP manually. For example, if you are the first time to log in DNS Relay page, when you choose Enabled and enter this page by clicking **Configure**, the page will show **DNS server 1-3 IP address** fields. Enter the addresses and click **Apply**.

Yet, on MER, PPPoA or PPPoE mode, ADSL will get the DNS server address automatically from ISP. The manager does not need to type in the DNS server address. Simply click Enabled item On DNS Relay settings and leave the address entry lines blank. Finally, click Apply. DNS Relay will be invoked.

DNS Relay

The DNS Relay is currently disabled.

Please enter details for DNS Relay configuration:

DNS Server 1 IP address:	
DNS Server 2 IP address:	
DNS Server 3 IP address:	

Apply

If you have been setting before, the page will show all the DNS Relay status. To disable DNS relay, just select the **Disabled** option then click **Configure**. To modify setting select enable and click **Configure** again.

DNS Relay

The DNS Relay is currently enabled. Relaying to:

168.95.1.1 (manual input)

DNS Server

The DNS server address will be passed to the DHCP clients along with the IP address and the DHCP clients use the DNS to map a domain name to its corresponding IP address and vice versa.

	[DNS]	
	Relay	Server
	DNS Server	
	The DNS Server is currently enabled and the domain name is 1	lan'.
	Please select the DNS Server to be: C Disabled Enabled	
	Apply	
	Create a new DNS hostname entry manually	Refresh
	The DNS hostname table containing all current DNS clients cre Host Name IP Address Creator Delete	ated.
DNS Server:	Select Enabled or Disabled to enable/disable the DNS The DNS hostname table shows all the current DNS cli or manually created. If it created by manual client, you table. If you want to change the domain name, please select F fill in Domain Name and click Apply .	server and then click Configure . ients, whether created by DHCP client can delete the hostname entry on the Enabled and click Configure . Then

Create New DNS Hostname Entry: To add new hostname entry, please click Create a new DNS hostname entry manually button. Then fill in the Hostname and IP address and click Apply.

DNS Server - Create New Hostname Entry

Please enter details for the hostname of new DNS client:

Hostname:	
P Address:	
Apply	

Delete Hostname Entry: To delete the hostname entry, select the required one from the DNS hostname table. After confirming the data, click Delete.

The DNS hostname table containing all current DNS clients created: Host Name IP Address Creator Delete SAVE1 192.168.1.2 Manual Delete

Note:

1. When DNS Relay is disabled, the DNS server function is invalid.

2. If DNS IP is left as 0.0.0.0, then you should specify the DNS on each client PC.

Security

Firewall

This page is used to set the firewall for your system. Please choose one from the provided items and click Apply to enable it.

Firewa	ll :	Intrusion Detection
Firewall		
The firewall function is currently	disabled.	
Please select the firewall to be © Off (Firewall Disabled) O Low O Medium O High O Block (All Traffic Blocked) O Advanced (User Define)	"The firewall will not a you may have enable Please check the virt	ffect any virtual server id wal server configuration "

Click on The table of default policies for various security levels to see the traffic blocked status for each setting.

The deault policies for va Dther application service he firewall is enabled.	rious sect s which a	urity re n	leve ot lis	els a sted	re aț here	opli e ar	ed as be e blocke
Security Level		L	w	Med	lium	Hi	gh
Service	Port	In	Out	In	Out	In	Out
HTTP(tcp)	80	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
DNS(udp)	53	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
FTP(tcp)	21	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Telnet(tcp)	23	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
ICMP	0	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
HTTP-SSL(tcp)	443	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
News-nntp(tcp)	119	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
SMTP(tcp)	25	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
POP3(tcp)	110	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
RealAudio/Video(tcp)	554	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
RealAudio/Video(tcp)	7070-7071	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
RealAudio/Video(udp)	6770-7170	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
MS Media Player(tcp/udp)	1755	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
H.323(tcp)	1720	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
T.120(tcp)	1503	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
MSN Messenger(tcp)	1863	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
ICQ(tcp)	5190	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
ICQ Chat(tcp)	7152	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
(Yes:	allow; No:	bloci	()				

The higher the security level is, the more traffic blocked for the service is.

When the firewall is disabled, it will be OK for accessing in/out Internet, and the router will support PPTP packet and IP Sec Packet for passing through. Yet, when the firewall is enabled with choosing Low, Medium or High, your system will follow the rule listed on the table of default policies for managing the access in/out Internet to forward packet. If you found some software cannot work properly while enabling firewall, but can work while disabling firewall, you have to select Advance (User define) to configure the policies manually by setting mapping protocol (TCP, UDP) and port number. And set the Direction in Bound as **Allow** or **Block**, out Bound as **Allow**.

To have a user define firewall setting, please select Advanced (User Define) firewall and click Apply. A button named Create a new filtering rule will appear. Click on the Create a new filtering rule button.

Firewall			Intrusion Detection				
irewall	- Create a N	ew Filterin	g Rule				
Please ente	r details for the filter	ing rule:					
Protocol Typ	e TCP a	50					
Source							
P Address	203.67.235.1	Subnet Mask	255 255 255 0				
Destination	1						
P Address	61 222 78 241	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.248				
Port Range							
Start:	1723	End	1723				
Direction							
n Bound	Block ·	Out Bound.	Alon -				

Destination: Type in the destination IP address and subnet mask.

Port Range: Enter the start and end point number.

Source:

Direction: The way of the data transmission. In Bound means the data is transferred from outside onto your computer. Out Bound means the data is transferred from your computer onto outside through Internet. **Block** stops the data transmission, **Allow** lets the data pass through.

After configuring the settings, please click Apply and the new one you created will be shown on the table.

[Secu	urity]									
		Intrusion Detection								
Apply Apply Note: The Cre	e lable of de ste a new Dt	nne) Iauli policies ering rule	for various a	r the virtual serv ecurity levels	er con	igure	Bou."			
he rules for IP packet filtering crea Seurce		Destination		Port Range		Direction				
Protocol	IP Addr	Netmask	IP Addr	Netmask	Start	End	In	Out	Modify	Delet
TCP	203.67.235.1	255.255.255.0	61.222.78.241	255.255.255.248	1723	1723	Block	Allow	Middly	Delete
TCP	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	1503	1503	Black	Allow	Minkfy	Delete
TCP	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	1728	1720	Block	Allow	Medify	Delete
ICMP	0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	N/A.	N/A	Alsw	Aliw	Medify	Delete
UDP	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0000	0.0.0.0	1755	1755	Block	Alow	Medify	Delete
TCP	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	1755	1755	Block	Aliw	Medify	Delete

Intrusion Detection

This page displays the rules for intrusion detection. The purpose of intrusion detection is to detect any attacks that penetrate and destroy the firewall & standard detection systems. In addition, it is used to proactively prevent attacks without human intervention before any damage can occur.

[Security]			
Firewall		Intru	usion Detectio
Intrusion Detection			
intrusion Detection is currently enabled.			
Disabled Enabled Modify Bules The rules for intraction created			
Use Blacklist	faise		
Use Victim Protection	fales		
DOS Attack Block Duration	1800		
Scan Attack Block Duration	86410		
Victim Protection Block Duration	601		
Maximum TCP Open Handshaking Count	100		
Maximum Ping Count	15		
Maximum ICMP Count	103		

DOS Attack Block Duration: It defines the duration that the suspicious host will be blocked once DOS activity is detected. The unit is defined in second.

Scan Attack Block Duration: It defines the duration that the suspicious host will be blocked once Scan activity is detected. The unit is defined in second.

Victim Protection Block Duration: This is to protect victims from spoofing style attacks -- a destination blocking entry is added to black list. It specifies the default duration we are going to keep it in the list to avoid the continuous attack against this victim. The unit is defined in second.

Maximum TCP Open Handshaking Count: The maximum number of unfinished TCP handshaking session will trigger IDS for SYN flood per second.

Maximum Ping Count: The maximum number of PINGs per second will trigger IDS for echo storm.

Maximum ICMP Count: The maximum number of ICMP packets other than ICMP echo (PING) per second will trigger IDS for ICMP flood.

You can select **Disable** and click **Apply** to disabled intrusion detection. Select Enabled to invoke this function. In addition, click **Modify Rules** to enter or modify details for the rules if necessary. After finishing the modification, click **Apply**.
Please enter details for the rules:	
Use Blacklist:	false 💌
Use Victim Protection:	false 💌
DOS Attack Block Duration:	1800
Scan Attack Block Duration:	86400
Victim Protection Block Duration:	600
Maximum TCP Open Handshaking Count	100
Maximum Ping Count:	15
Maximum ICMP Count:	100

Intrusion Detection - Modify Rules

Virtual Server

This page shows all virtual server rules configured in your ADSL Router.

Apply

The Router implements NAT to let your entire local network appear as a single machine to the Internet. The typical situation is that you have local servers for different services and you want to make them publicly accessible. With NAT applied, it will translate the internal IP addresses of these servers to a single IP address that is unique on the Internet. NAT function not only eliminates the need for multiple public IP addresses but also provides a measure of security for your LAN.

When the router receives an incoming IP packet requesting for access to your local server, the router will recognize the service type according to the port number in this packet (e.g., port 80 indicates HTTP service and port 21 indicates FTP service). By specifying the port number, you tell the router which service should be forwarded to the local IP address you specify.

After you setting the virtual server you should modify the filter rule whichever port and service you set on virtual server. Because the firewall has protect the route by filter rule so that you should update the filter rule after you set up virtual server.



Protocol:

Select a protocol type used by the service that will be forwarded.

TCP/IP Port:

The Router supports port mapping function that translates a standard port number to a nonstandard number. Incoming data packets sent to a specific IP port can be mapped to the port you specify. The most often used port numbers include: 21 (FTP), 80 (HTTP), 23 (Telnet) and 25(SMTP) **IP Address**: Specify the internal IP address to which the packets are forwarded.

/irtual Serv	ers currently External P	/ creat	ed: Internal H	lost		
PVC Name	Protocol	Port	IP Address	Port	Modify	Delete

In the virtual server list table, you may select required entry to modify or delete it by clicking **Modify** or **Delete**. In order to add new virtual server service entry, click **Create a new server** button.

[Virtual Server] - Create a New Server

Please enter deta	ils for new virtual server:
ATM PVC Name:	ppp-0
External Packet	
Protocol:	TCP 💌
TCP/IP Port:	☉ User Define as 0 (min: 1, max: 65534)
	Pre-defined: 80 (HTTP)
Internal Host	
IP Address:	10.3.1.244
TCP/IP Port:	8080 (min: 1, max: 65534)
Apply	

Then follow the steps below:

- 1. Select the ATM PVC interface.
- 2. Select the protocol type from the drop-down list.
- 3. Select a service in TCP /IP Port field and enter the port number you want to use.
- 4. Enter the IP address of the internal server in the IP Address filed and enter the TCP/IP port information in the TCP/IP Port field.
- 5. Click Apply to commit the setting.

Setting Up DMZ Host

Direct Mapping Zone (DMZ) uses a technology that makes Router forwarding all incoming packet to internal specific server. To setup DMZ host for your router, please click **Setup DMZ Host** button.

[Virtual Server] - Setup DMZ Host

Please enter details for DMZ host:		
ATM PVC Name:	ppp-0	
Protocol:	Any	
IP Address:	10.3.1.244	
Apply		

Then follow the steps below:

- 1. Select the ATM PVC interface.
- 2. Enter the IP address of the internal server in the IP Address filed.
- 3. Click **Apply** to commit the setting.

UPnP (Optional)

Universal plug and play (UPnP) is an architecture for pervasive peer to peer network connectivity of intelligent appliances and PCs of all form factors. It is designed to bring easy-to-use, flexible, standards-based connectivity to ad-hoc or unmanaged networks whether in the home, in a small business, public spaces, or attached to the Internet.

To enable UPnP function, just check the Enable UPnP Function box and then click Apply to activate the function.



Only **Windows XP** supports UPnP function. Before checking this function for proper using, you have to install UPnP component to your computer first. Otherwise, the function will not take effect even click on "Enable UPnP IGD Function.

Please follow the steps below for installing UPnP components.

- 1. Click on the Start menu, point to Settings and click on Control Panel.
- Select Add or Remove Programs > Add/Remove Windows Components to open Windows Components Wizard dialog box.



3. Select Network Services and click Details. Click the Universal Plug and Play check box.



- 4. Click Ok. The system will install UPnP components automatically.
- 5. After finishing the installation, go to **My Network Places**. You will find an icon (ex: RTA220U IGD) for UPnP function.



6. Double click the icon, the ADSL router will open another web page with port (280) for UPnP function. The IE address will be changed as shown as the following graphic.



7. Now, the NAT traversal function will be provided. The ADSL router will create virtual server automatically for mapping while the router detecting the computer running some Internet applications.

Virtual Servers currently created:

	External Packet		Internal H	lost			
PVC Name	Protocol	Port	IP Address	Port	Modify	Delete	
ppp-0	UDP	14650 (User Define)	192.168.1.2	14650	Modify	Delete	
ppp-0	TCP	15530 (User Define)	192.168.1.2	15530	Modify	Delete	

Chapter 6: Troubleshooting

If the suggested solutions in this section do not resolve your issue, contact your system administrator or Internet service provider.

Problems with LAN

PCs on the LAN can not get IP addresses from the ADSL Router.

The chances are that the interface used as DHCP server is modified and the client PCs do not renew IP addresses.

If your DHCP server is enabled on Private IP Address previously and you modify the interface to Public IP Address, the client PCs should renew IP addresses.

The PC on the LAN cannot access the Web page of the ADSL Router.

Check that your PC is on the same subnet with the ADSL Router.

The virtual server can't be access after setting virtual server.

Check the filter rule of the port that virtual server service setting for example, the virtual server service set FTP 21 you need update the filter rule of the ftp 21 **Direction** setting: Choose filter the packets that incoming action (In Bound) are **Allow** on the interface.

Problems with WAN

You cannot access the Internet.

- If your ADSL Router is set to routing mode and you use private IP addresses on the LAN, go to WAN Configuration > ATM PVC > Setup the ATM PVC Interface page. Make sure that Enable network address Translation (NAT) is checked.
- Check the IP settings:
 Go to LAN Configuration > IP Address page, ensure you specify IP address on Public IP Address field.

Or go to WAN Configuration > ATM PVC > Setup the ATM PVC Interface page, ensure you specify IP address on Specified Local WAN IP address field

Check the physical connection between the ADSL Router and the LAN.

If the LAN LED on the front panel is off or keeps blinking, there may be problem on the cable connecting to the ADSL Router.

At the DOS prompt, ping the IP address of the ADSL Router, e.g, ping 192.168.1.1. If the following response occurs:

Relay from 192.168.1.1 bytes=32 time=100ms TTL=253

Then the connection between the ADSL Router and the network is OK.

If you get a failed ping with the response of:

Request time out

Then the connection is fail. Check the cable between the ADSL Router and the network.

Check the DNS setting of the ADSL Router.

At the DOS prompt, ping the IP address of the DNS provided by your ISP. For example, if your DNS IP is 168.95.1.1, then ping 168.95.1.1. If the following response occurs:

Relay from 168.95.1.1 bytes=32 time=100ms TTL=253

Then the connection to the DNS is OK.

If you get a failed ping with the response of:

Request time out

Then the DNS is not reachable. Check your DNS setting on the ADSL Router.

Problems with Upgrading

The following lists the error messages that you may see during upgrading and the action to take.

Error: All the ADSL LEDs light up and cannot light off as usual.

Possible cause: When users execute firmware upgrade and save settings to the router, the power for the router is lost for some unknown reasons, the normal web page for the router might be damaged.(see the graphic below) After power on your router, the LEDs might not work normally.

 Upgrade Firmware 	[Upgrade Firmware]					
	This router currently runs in the Recovery Image due to normal firmware is damaged. Please upload workable firmware to rescue it:					
	WARNING: DO NOT turn off your router during firmware upgrades.					
	File Name of Firmware:					
	Upgrade					
	Note: The status of firmware upgrades will be displayed after firmware upload complete. Therefore please wait after clicking Upgrade button.					

Action: Use the browser to connect to the router for executing image upgrade.

Error Message: invalid checksum

Possible cause: The firmware file to be used is damaged or the file format is wrong. **Action**: Make sure that your firmware file format is valid or get a new firmware file.

Error Message: invalid hardcode

Possible cause: The firmware file is not compatible with the model of your ADSL Router. **Action**: Download a compatible firmware from the web.

- Error Message: unknown flags type
 Possible cause: The firmware version is not compatible.
 Action: Download a compatible firmware from the web.
- Error Message: internal isfs error / internal flashfs error
 Possible cause: System error occurs. It may be caused by the lack of memory.
 Action: Reboot your ADSL Router and perform the upgrade task again.
- Error Message: invalid file format
 Possible cause: The firmware file format is invalid.
 Action: Check the file format is correct, otherwise download a firmware file with correct format.
- Error Message: get an error message

Possible cause: The TFTP server responses with error message.

Action: Make sure the file name you enter is correct. Otherwise the TFTP server may response with the error message "File not found".

Error Message: transfer time out

Possible cause: The transfer session is interrupted.

Action:

- a. Make sure the TFTP server is on the same subnet with the ADSL Router.
- b. Make sure you the IP address of the TFTP server you specify is correct and that your TFTP server is started.
- c. If error still occurs, reboot your ADSL Router and perform the upgrade task again.
- **Error Message**: firmware update in process

Possible cause: The upgrade is already in process.

Action: Do not turn off your ADSL Router otherwise you will cause damage to the device.

Error Message: no remote server IP

Possible cause: The IP address of the TFTP server is not specified. **Action**: Specify the IP address of the TFTP server is not specified.

Error Message: can't allocate update buffer
 Possible cause: It may be caused by the lack of memory.
 Action: Reboot your ADSL Router and perform the upgrade task again.

Chapter 7: Glossary

ARP (Address Resolution Protocol)

ARP is a TCP/IP protocol for mapping an IP address to a physical machine address that is recognized in the local network, such as an Ethernet address.

A host wishing to obtain a physical address broadcasts an ARP request onto the TCP/IP network. The host on the network that has the IP address in the request then replies with its physical hardware address.

Inverse ARP (In-ARP), on the other hand, is used by a host to discover its IP address. In this case, the host broadcasts its physical address and a RARP server replies with the host's IP address.

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol)

When operates as a DHCP server, the ADSL Router assign IP addresses to the client PCs on the LAN. The client PCs "leases" these Private IP addresses for a user-defined amount of time. After the lease time expires, the private IP address is made available for assigning to other network devices.

The DHCP IP address can be a single, fixed public IP address, an ISP assigned public IP address, or a private IP address.

If you enable DHCP server on a private IP address, a public IP address will have to be assigned to the NAT IP address, and NAT has to be enabled so that the DHCP IP address can be translated into a public IP address. By this, the client PCs are able to access the Internet.

LAN (Local Area Network) & WAN (Wide Area Network)

A LAN is a computer network limited to the immediate area, usually the same building or floor of a building. A WAN, on the other hand, is an outside connection to another network or the Internet.

The Ethernet side of the ADSL Router is called the LAN port. It is a twisted-pair Ethernet 10Base-T interface. A hub can be connected to the LAN port. More than one computers, such as server or printer, can be connected through this hub to the ADSL Router and composes a LAN.

The DSL port of the ADSL Router composes the WAN interface, which supports PPP or RFC 1483 connecting to another remote DSL device.

NAT (Network Address Translation) IP Address

NAT is an Internet standard that translates a private IP within one network to a public IP address, either a static or dynamic one. NAT provides a type of firewall by hiding internal IP addresses. It also enables a company to use more internal IP addresses.

If the IP addresses given by your ISP are not enough for each PC on the LAN and the ADSL Router, you need to use NAT. With NAT, you make up a private IP network for the LAN and assign an IP address from that network to each PC. One of some public addresses is configured and mapped to a private workstation address when accesses are made through the gateway to a public network.

For example, the ADSL Router is assigned with the public IP address of 168.111.2.1. With NAT enabled, it creates a Virtual LAN. Each PC on the Virtual LAN is assigned with a private IP address with default value of 192.168.1.2 to 192.168.2.254. These PCs are not accessible by the outside world but they can communicate with the outside world through the public IP 168.111.2.1.

Private IP Address

Private IP addresses are also LAN IP addresses, but are considered "illegal" IP addresses to the Internet. They are private to an enterprise while still permitting full network layer connectivity between all hosts inside an enterprise as well as all public hosts of different enterprises.

The ADSL Router uses private IP addresses by assigning them to the LAN that cannot be directly accessed by the Internet or remote server. To access the Internet, private network should have an agent to translate the private IP address to public IP address.

Public IP Address

Public IP addresses are LAN IP addresses that can be considered "legal" for the Internet, because they can be recognized and accessed by any device on the other side of the DSL connection. In most cases they are allocated by your ISP.

If you are given a range of fixed IP addresses, then one can be assigned to the router and the others to network devices on the LAN, such as computer workstations, ftp servers, and web servers.

PVC (Permanent Virtual Circuit)

A PVC is a logical point-to-point circuit between customer sites. PVCs are low-delay circuits because routing decisions do not need to be made along the way. Permanent means that the circuit is preprogrammed by the carrier as a path through the network. It does not need to be set up or torn down for each session.

RIP (Routing Information Protocol)

RIP is a routing protocol that uses the distance-vector routing algorithms to calculate leasthops routes to a destination. It is used on the Internet and is common in the NetWare environment. It exchanges routing information with other routers. It includes V1, V2 and V1&V2, which controls the sending and receiving of RIP packets over Ethernet.

UDP (User Datagram Protocol)

UDP is a connectionless transport service that dispenses with the reliability services provided by TCP. UDP gives applications a direct interface with IP and the ability to address a particular application process running on a host via a port number without setting up a connection session.

Virtual Server

You can designate virtual servers, e.g., a FTP, web, telnet or mail server, on your local network and make them accessible to the outside world. A virtual server means that it is not a dedicated server -- that is, the entire computer is not dedicated to running on the public network but in the private network.

VPI (Virtual Path Identifier) & VCI (Virtual Channel Identifier)

A VPI is a 8-bit field while VCI is a 16-bit field in the ATM cell header. A VPI identifies a link formed by a virtual path and a VCI identifies a channel within a virtual path. In this way, the cells belonging to the same connection can be distinguished. A unique and separate VPI/VCI identifier is assigned in advance to indicate which type of cell is following, unassigned cells, physical layer OAM cells, metasignalling channel or a generic broadcast signaling channel. Your ISP should supply you with the values.

Appendix: Specifications

Software

ADSL Compliance

For Annex A ADSL Router

- ANSI T1.413 Issue 2
- ITU G.992.1 Annex A (G.dmt)
- ITU G.992.2 Annex A (G.lite)
- ITU G.994.1 (G.hs)

For Annex B ADSL Router

- ITU G.992.1 Annex B (G.dmt)
- ITU G.994.1 (G.hs))

ATM Features

- Compliant to ATM Forum UNI 3.1 / 4.0 Permanent Virtual Circuits (PVCs)
- Support up to 8 AAL5 Virtual Circuit Channels (VCCs) for UBR, CBR, VBR-rt, and VBR-nrt with traffic shaping
- TR-037 Auto PVC (auto-provisioning)
- RFC1483 (RFC2684) LLC Encapsulation and VC Multiplexing over AAL5
- RFC2364 Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) over AAL5
- RFC2225 Classical IP and ARP over ATM
- RFC2516 PPP over Ethernet: support Relay (Transparent Forwarding) and Client functions
- OAM F4/F5 End-to-End/Segment Loopback Cells

Bridging Features

- Supports self-learning bridge specified in IEEE 802.1D Transparent Bridging
- Supports up to 4000 learning MAC addresses
- Transparent bridging among 10/100 Mb Ethernet and 802.11b LAN interfaces

Routing Features

- UPnP IGD (Internet Gateway Device) with NAT traversal capability support
- NAT (Network Address Translation) / PAT (Port Address Translation) let multiple users on the LAN to access the internet for the cost of only one IP address and enjoy various multimedia applications.
- ALGs (Application Level Gateways): such as NetMeeting, FTP, Quick Time, mIRC, Real Player, CuSeeMe, etc.
- Multiple Virtual Servers (e.g., Web, FTP, Mail servers) can be setup on user's local network.
- Static routes, RFC1058 RIPv1, RFC1723 RIPv2.
- DNS Relay
- ARP Proxy

Security Features

- PAP (RFC1334), CHAP (RFC1994) for PPP session
- Firewall support IP packets filtering based on IP address/Port number/Protocol type and TCP code field flags

- Intrusion Detection provides protection from a number of attacks (such as SYN/FIN/RST Flood, Smurf, WinNuke, Echo Scan, Xmas Tree Scan, etc)
- WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) encryption uses RC4 with 64/128 bit key length (for wireless ADSL router only)

Wireless LAN Features

- Fully compatible to IEEE 802.11b standard and allow operating range up to 300 meters (open space) and 100 meters (indoor).
- The Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) technology is exploited.
- Seamless roaming within the 802.11 and 802.11b wireless LAN infrastructure
- Low power consumption via efficient power management

Configuration and Management

- User-friendly embedded web configuration interface with password protection
- Remote management accesses control
- Telnet session for local or remote management
- HTTP firmware upgrades via web browser GUI directly
- Distribute IP addresses to end users via DHCP server provided by ADSL router
- SNMPv1/v2c agent with MIB-II, PPP MIB, ADSL Line MIB

Hardware

Interface

- One RJ-11 port for ADSL connection
- Four RJ-45 port for IEEE 802.3 10/100 Base-T auto-sensing Ethernet connection
- One USB port compliant to USB v1.1 for 12 Mbps connection rate
- One hidden reset button for restoring to factory default settings

Regulatory Approvals and Compliance

- EMI/Immunity: FCC part 15 and part 68 Class B
- Safety: UL, CE

Power Requirement and Operation Environment Requirement

- Power Adaptor: Input 110±10 or 230±10 VAC; Output 12 VDC, 1A
- Power Consumption: less than 10 Walt
- Ambient Temperature: 0 to 45°C (32 to 113°F)
- Relative Humidity: 20% to 90% (non-condensing)

Physical

- Dimensions: 159mm(L) x 122mm(W) x 41.5mm(H)
- Weight: 282g