

**DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE  
SAR EVALUATION**

**Test Lab**

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**Applicant Information**

**DTC COMMUNICATIONS INC.**  
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<b>FCC Rule Part(s):</b>	<b>§2.1093</b>
<b>Test Procedure(s):</b>	<b>FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01)</b>
<b>FCC ID:</b>	<b>H25VXS250</b>
<b>Model(s):</b>	<b>VxS-250</b>
<b>Device Type:</b>	<b>Wireless FM Audio/Video Transmitter Worn on Body</b>
<b>Modulation:</b>	<b>FM</b>
<b>Tx Frequency Range:</b>	<b>2450 - 2500 MHz</b>
<b>Conducted Pwr. Tested:</b>	<b>24.6 dBm</b>
<b>Antenna Type:</b>	<b>Dual Patch</b>
<b>Battery Type:</b>	<b>1.5V AA Lithium Battery (x4)</b>
<b>Body-Worn Accessory:</b>	<b>Cotton Vest</b>
<b>Max. SAR Level Measured:</b>	<b>2.70 W/kg</b>

Celltech Research Inc. declares under its sole responsibility that this device was found to be in compliance with the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) RF exposure requirements specified in FCC §2.1093 and was tested in accordance with the measurement standards and procedures specified in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01 (Occupational Environment / Controlled Exposure).

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

This test report shall not be reproduced partially, or in full, without the prior written approval of Celltech Research Inc. The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.



**Russell Pipe**  
Senior Compliance Technologist  
Celltech Research Inc.



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## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This measurement report demonstrates that the DTC Communications Inc. Model: VxS-250 Wireless FM Audio/Video Transmitter (body-worn) FCC ID: H25VXS250 complies with the RF exposure requirements and procedures specified in FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 (see reference [1]). The test procedures described in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, Edition 01-01 (see Reference [2]) were employed. A description of the product, operating configuration, detailed summary of the test results, methodology and procedures used in the evaluation, equipment used, and the various provisions of the rules are included within this test report.

## 2.0 DESCRIPTION of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

<b>FCC Rule Part(s)</b>	§2.1093
<b>FCC Test Procedure</b>	OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (01-01)
<b>Device Type</b>	Wireless FM Audio/Video Transmitter Worn on Body
<b>FCC ID</b>	H25VXS250
<b>Model(s)</b>	VxS-250
<b>Serial No.</b>	Pre-production
<b>Modulation</b>	FM
<b>Tx Frequency Range</b>	2450 - 2500 MHz
<b>RF Conducted Power Tested</b>	24.6 dBm
<b>Antenna Type(s)</b>	Dual Patch
<b>Battery Type(s)</b>	1.5V AA Lithium Battery (x4)
<b>Body-Worn Accessory</b>	Cotton Vest

### 3.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

Celltech Research SAR measurement facility utilizes the Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY™) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™) of Zurich, Switzerland. The DASY system is comprised of the robot controller, computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, specific anthropomorphic mannequin (SAM) phantom, and various planar phantoms for brain or body SAR evaluations. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF). A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The Staubli robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card. The DAE3 utilizes a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe-mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.



DASY3 SAR Measurement System with SAM phantom

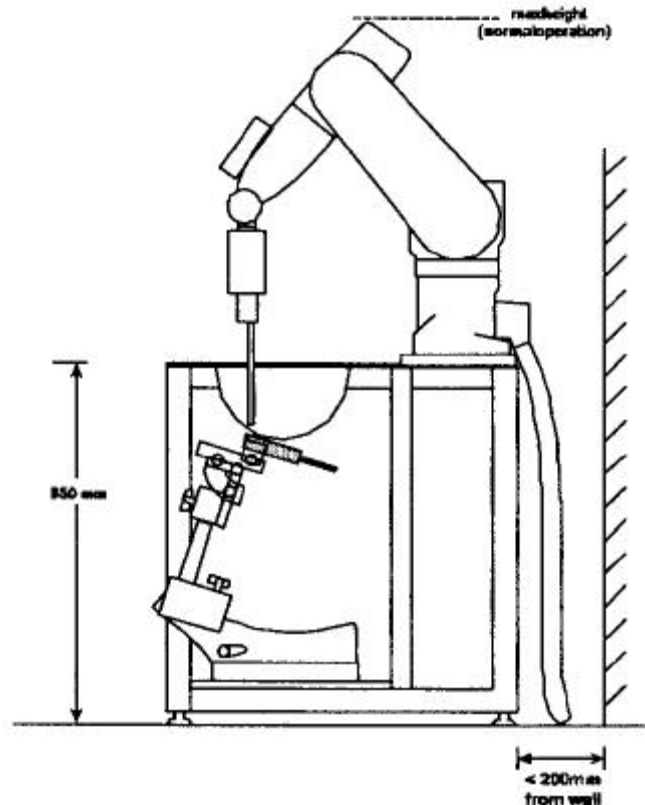


Figure 1. DASY3 Compact Version - Side View

#### 4.0 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

The measurement results were obtained with the EUT tested in the conditions described in this report. Detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT are reported in Appendix A.

BODY-WORN SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS									
Freq. (MHz)	Channel	Mode	Conducted Power (dBm)		Phantom Section	Antenna Position	Antenna Side	Separation Distance (cm)	Measured SAR 1g (w/kg)
			Before	After					
2475	Mid	CW	24.6	24.5	Planar	Inside Vest Front	Back	0.0	0.136
2475	Mid	CW	24.6	24.5	Planar	Inside Vest Back	Back	0.0	0.167
2475	Mid	CW	24.6	24.5	Planar	Outside Vest Front	Front	0.0	2.70
2450	Low	CW	24.6	24.5	Planar	Outside Vest Front	Front	0.0	1.35
2500	High	CW	24.6	24.5	Planar	Outside Vest Front	Front	0.0	2.26
2475	Mid	CW	24.6	24.5	Planar	Outside Vest Back	Front	0.0	0.960
2450	Low	CW	24.6	24.5	Planar	Outside Vest Back	Front	0.0	0.911
2500	High	CW	24.6	24.5	Planar	Outside Vest Back	Front	0.0	0.758
<b>ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT</b> <b>BODY: 8.0 W/kg (averaged over 1 gram)</b> <b>Spatial Peak - Controlled Exposure / Occupational</b>									
<b>Test Date(s)</b>		09/05/02			<b>Relative Humidity</b>		32 %		
<b>Measured Mixture Type</b>		2450MHz Muscle			<b>Atmospheric Pressure</b>		101.4 kPa		
<b>Dielectric Constant <math>\epsilon_r</math></b>		<b>Target</b>		<b>Measured</b>		<b>Ambient Temperature</b>		23.9 °C	
		52.7 (±5%)		50.1					
<b>Conductivity <math>\sigma</math> (mho/m)</b>		<b>Target</b>		<b>Measured</b>		<b>Fluid Temperature</b>		23.7 °C	
		1.95 (±5%)		2.00					
<b><math>\rho</math> (Kg/m<sup>3</sup>)</b>		1000			<b>Fluid Depth</b>		≥ 15 cm		

Back of Antenna (facing body) = Non-radiating side  
 Front of Antenna (facing away from body) = Radiating side

## 5.0 DETAILS OF SAR EVALUATION

The DTC COMMUNICATIONS INC. Model: VxS-250 Wireless FM Audio/Video Transmitter Worn on Body FCC ID: H25VXS250 was found to be compliant for localized Specific Absorption Rate (Controlled Exposure) based on the test provisions and conditions described below. The SAR test setup photographs are shown in Appendix G.

1. The EUT was tested for body-worn SAR with the front patch antenna placed in the front pouch of the cotton vest. The back side (non-radiating side) of the front patch antenna was facing parallel to the planar phantom and the inside front section of the cotton vest was touching the planar phantom.
2. The EUT was tested for body-worn SAR with the rear patch antenna placed in the rear pouch of the cotton vest. The back side (non-radiating side) of the rear patch antenna was facing parallel to the planar phantom and the inside rear section of the cotton vest was touching the planar phantom.
3. The EUT was tested for body-worn SAR with the front patch antenna placed in the front pouch of the cotton vest. The front side (radiating side) of the front patch antenna was facing parallel to the planar phantom and the outside front section of the cotton vest was touching the planar phantom.
4. The EUT was tested for body-worn SAR with the rear patch antenna placed in the rear pouch of the cotton vest. The front side (radiating side) of the rear patch antenna was facing parallel to the planar phantom and the outside rear section of the cotton vest was touching the planar phantom.
5. The EUT was evaluated for SAR at maximum power and the unit was operated for an appropriate period prior to the evaluation in order to minimize drift. The conducted power levels were measured before and after each test according to the procedures described in FCC §2.1046. If the conducted power level varied more than 5% from the initial power level, then the EUT was retested. Any unusual anomalies over the course of the test also warranted a re-evaluation.
6. The device was placed in unmodulated continuous transmit mode (CW) for the duration of the tests via the power switch on the transmitter of the EUT.
7. The location of the maximum spatial SAR distribution (Hot Spot) was determined relative to the device and its antenna.
8. The EUT was tested with fully-charged Lithium batteries.

## 6.0 EVALUATION PROCEDURES

- a. (i) The evaluation was performed in the applicable area of the phantom depending on the type of device being tested. For devices held to the ear during normal operation, both the left and right ear positions were evaluated in accordance with FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01) using the SAM phantom.  
(ii) For body-worn and face-held devices a planar phantom was used.
- b. The SAR was determined by a pre-defined procedure within the DASY3 software. Upon completion of a reference and optical surface check, the exposed region of the phantom was scanned near the inner surface with a grid spacing of 20mm x 20mm.
- c. A 5x5x7 matrix was performed around the greatest spatial SAR distribution found during the area scan of the applicable exposed region. SAR values were then calculated using a 3-D spline interpolation algorithm and averaged over spatial volumes of 1 and 10 grams.

## 7.0 SYSTEM VALIDATION

Prior to the assessment, the system was verified in the planar section of the SAM phantom with a 2450MHz dipole. The fluids were verified using an 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit and an 8753E Network Analyzer. A forward power of 250 mW was applied to the dipole and system was verified to a tolerance of  $\pm 10\%$ . See Appendix B for system validation test plot, Appendix C for detailed dipole calibration procedures, and Appendix E for printout of measured fluid dielectric parameters.

SYSTEM VALIDATION											
Test Date	Equiv. Tissue	Target SAR 1g (w/kg)	Measured SAR 1g (w/kg)	Dielectric Constant $\epsilon_r$		Conductivity $\sigma$ (mho/m)		$\rho$ (Kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Ambient Temp.	Fluid Temp.	Fluid Depth
				Target	Measured	Target	Measured				
09/05/02	2450MHz (Brain)	14.2	14.6	39.2 $\pm 5\%$	39.0	1.80 $\pm 5\%$	1.86	1000	23.9 °C	23.5 °C	$\geq 15$ cm

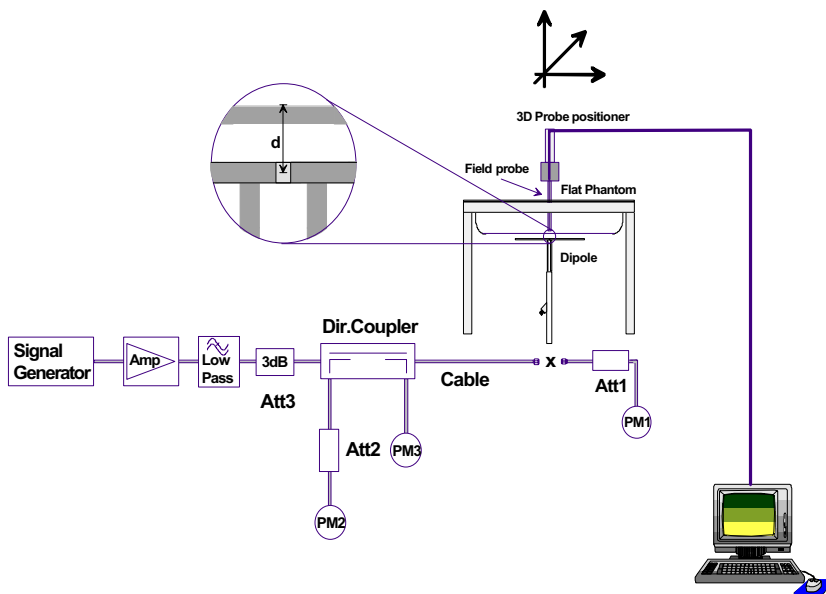


Figure 3. System Validation Setup Diagram



2450MHz Dipole Validation Setup

## 8.0 EQUIVALENT TISSUES

The 2450MHz brain and body mixtures consist of Glycol-monobutyl, water, and salt (body mixture only). The fluid was prepared according to standardized procedures and measured for dielectric parameters (permittivity and conductivity).

TISSUE MIXTURES		
INGREDIENT	2450MHz Brain Mixture (System Validation)	2450MHz Body Mixture (EUT Evaluation)
Water	55.20 %	69.95 %
Glycol Monobutyl	44.80 %	30.00 %
Salt	-	0.05 %

## 9.0 SAR SAFETY LIMITS

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/Kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Notes:

1. Uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their potential exposure.
2. Controlled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have knowledge of their potential exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.



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## 10.0 ROBOT SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

### Specifications

**POSITIONER:** Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX60L  
**Repeatability:** 0.02 mm  
**No. of axis:** 6

### Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

#### Cell Controller

**Processor:** Pentium III  
**Clock Speed:** 450 MHz  
**Operating System:** Windows NT  
**Data Card:** DASY3 PC-Board

#### Data Converter

**Features:** Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic  
**Software:** DASY3 software  
**Connecting Lines:** Optical downlink for data and status info.  
Optical uplink for commands and clock

### PC Interface Card

**Function:** 24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing  
Link to DAE3  
16-bit A/D converter for surface detection system  
serial link to robot  
direct emergency stop output for robot

### E-Field Probe

**Model:** ET3DV6  
**Serial No.:** 1387  
**Construction:** Triangular core fiber optic detection system  
**Frequency:** 10 MHz to 6 GHz  
**Linearity:**  $\pm 0.2$  dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

### Phantom

**Type:** SAM V4.0C  
**Shell Material:** Fiberglass  
**Thickness:**  $2.0 \pm 0.1$  mm  
**Volume:** Approx. 20 liters

## 11.0 PROBE SPECIFICATION (ET3DV6)

Construction:	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g. glycol)
Calibration:	In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz In brain simulating tissue at frequencies of 900 MHz and 1.8 GHz (accuracy $\pm 8\%$ )
Frequency:	10 MHz to >6 GHz; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity:	$\pm 0.2$ dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.4$ dB in brain tissue (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynam. Rnge:	5 $\mu$ W/g to >100 mW/g; Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB
Srfce. Detect.	$\pm 0.2$ mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Dimensions:	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application:	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phone



ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

## 12.0 SAM PHANTOM V4.0C

The SAM phantom V4.0C is a fiberglass shell phantom with a 2.0 mm shell thickness for left and right head and flat planar area integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the fiberglass shell corresponds to the phantom defined by SCC34-SC2. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections.



SAM Phantom

## 13.0 DEVICE HOLDER

The DASY3 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of  $65^\circ$ . The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections.



Device Holder

## 14.0 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM		
EQUIPMENT	SERIAL NO.	CALIBRATION DATE
<b>DASY3 System</b> -Robot -ET3DV6 E-Field Probe -300MHz Validation Dipole -450MHz Validation Dipole -900MHz Validation Dipole -1800MHz Validation Dipole -2450MHz Validation Dipole -SAM Phantom V4.0C -Small Planar Phantom -Large Planar Phantom	599396-01 1387 135 136 054 247 150 N/A N/A N/A	N/A Feb 2002 Oct 2001 Oct 2001 June 2001 June 2001 Oct 2001 N/A N/A N/A
<b>85070C Dielectric Probe Kit</b>	N/A	N/A
<b>Gigatronics 8652A Power Meter</b> -Power Sensor 80701A -Power Sensor 80701A	1835272 1833535 1833542	Feb 2002 Feb 2002 Mar 2002
<b>E4408B Spectrum Analyzer</b>	US39240170	Nov 2001
<b>8594E Spectrum Analyzer</b>	3543A02721	Feb 2002
<b>8753E Network Analyzer</b>	US38433013	Feb 2002
<b>8648D Signal Generator</b>	3847A00611	Feb 2002
<b>5S1G4 Amplifier Research Power Amplifier</b>	26235	N/A

## 15.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Error Description	Uncertainty Value ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	$C_i$ 1g	Standard Uncertainty ±% (1g)	$v_i$ or $v_{eff}$
<b>Measurement System</b>						
Probe calibration	± 4.8	Normal	1	1	± 4.8	∞
Axial isotropy of the probe	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	(1- $c_p$ )	± 1.9	∞
Spherical isotropy of the probe	± 9.6	Rectangular	√3	( $c_p$ )	± 3.9	∞
Spatial resolution	± 0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.0	∞
Boundary effects	± 5.5	Rectangular	√3	1	± 3.2	∞
Probe linearity	± 4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.7	∞
Detection limit	± 1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout electronics	± 1.0	Normal	1	1	± 1.0	∞
Response time	± 0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration time	± 1.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.8	∞
RF ambient conditions	± 3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Mech. constraints of robot	± 0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	± 0.2	∞
Probe positioning	± 2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 1.7	∞
Extrapolation & integration	± 3.9	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
<b>Test Sample Related</b>						
Device positioning	± 6.0	Normal	√3	1	± 6.7	12
Device holder uncertainty	± 5.0	Normal	√3	1	± 5.9	8
Power drift	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3		± 2.9	∞
<b>Phantom and Setup</b>						
Phantom uncertainty	± 4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid conductivity (target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid conductivity (measured)	± 10.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 3.5	∞
Liquid permittivity (target)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid permittivity (measured)	± 5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	± 1.7	∞
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>					<b>± 13.7</b>	
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)</b>					<b>± 27.5</b>	

Measurement Uncertainty Table in accordance with IEEE Std 1528 (Draft - see reference [3])

## 16.0 REFERENCES

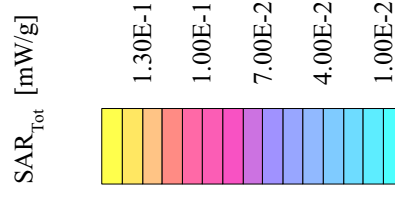
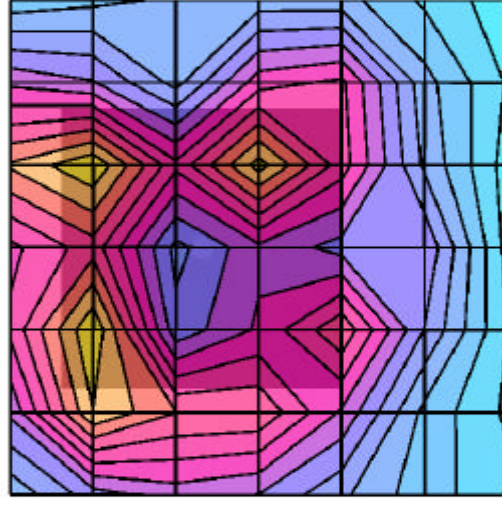
- [1] Federal Communications Commission, "Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices", Rule Part 47 CFR §2.1093: 1999.
- [2] Federal Communications Commission, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC, Washington, D.C.: June 2001.
- [3] IEEE Standards Coordinating Committee 34, Std 1528-200X, "DRAFT Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques".

## APPENDIX A - SAR MEASUREMENT DATA

# DTC Communications Inc. FCC ID: H25VXS250

SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°, 0°)  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.30,4.30,4.30); Crest factor: 1.0  
2450 MHz Muscle:  $\sigma = 2.00 \text{ mho/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 50.1$ ,  $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Cube 5x5x7; Powerdrift: -0.11 dB  
SAR (1g): 0.136 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.0719 mW/g

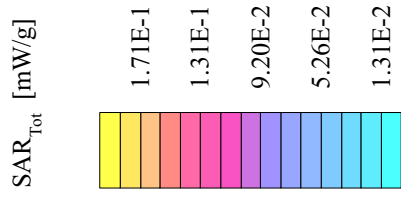
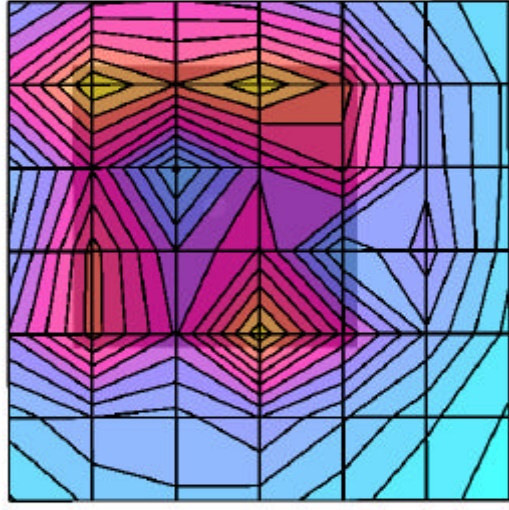
Body-Worn SAR - Back Side of Front Antenna (Non-Radiating Side)  
Inside Front of Vest Touching Planar Phantom  
VxS-250 Wireless FM Audio/Video Transmitter  
Dual Patch Antenna (Front-of-Vest Antenna)  
1.5V AA Lithium Batteries (x4)  
Continuous Wave Mode  
Mid Channel [2475 MHz]  
Conducted Power: 24.6 dBm  
Ambient Temp. 23.9°C; Fluid Temp. 23.7°C  
Date Tested: September 5, 2002



# DTC Communications Inc. FCC ID: H25VXS250

SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°, 0°)  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.30,4.30,4.30); Crest factor: 1.0  
2450 MHz Muscle:  $\sigma = 2.00 \text{ mho/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 50.1$ ,  $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Cube 5x5x7; Powerdrift: -0.12 dB  
SAR (1g): 0.167 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.0887 mW/g

Body-Worn SAR - Back Side of Rear Antenna (Non-Radiating Side)  
Inside Back of Vest Touching Planar Phantom  
VxS-250 Wireless FM Audio/Video Transmitter  
Dual Patch Antenna (Back-of-Vest Antenna)  
1.5V AA Lithium Batteries (x4)  
Continuous Wave Mode  
Mid Channel [2475 MHz]  
Conducted Power: 24.6 dBm  
Ambient Temp. 23.9°C; Fluid Temp. 23.7°C  
Date Tested: September 5, 2002

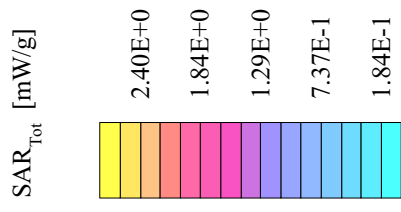
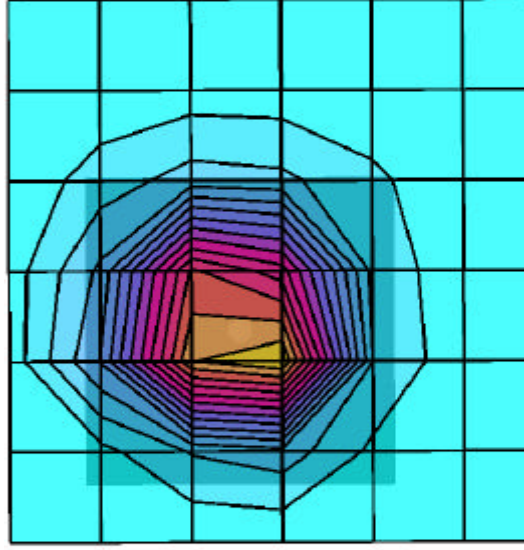




# DTC Communications Inc. FCC ID: H25VXS250

SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°, 0°)  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.30,4.30,4.30); Crest factor: 1.0  
2450 MHz Muscle:  $\sigma = 2.00 \text{ mho/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 50.1$ ,  $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Cube 5x5x7; Powerdrift: -0.14 dB  
SAR (1g): 2.70 mW/g, SAR (10g): 1.40 mW/g

Body-Worn SAR - Front Side of Front Antenna (Radiating Side)  
Outside Front of Vest Touching Planar Phantom  
VxS-250 Wireless FM Audio/Video Transmitter  
Dual Patch Antenna (Front-of-Vest Antenna)  
1.5V AA Lithium Batteries (x4)  
Continuous Wave Mode  
Mid Channel [2475 MHz]  
Conducted Power: 24.6 dBm  
Ambient Temp. 23.9°C; Fluid Temp. 23.7°C  
Date Tested: September 5, 2002



# DTC Communications Inc. FCC ID: H25VXS250

SAM Phantom; Flat Section

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.30,4.30,4.30); Crest factor: 1.0  
2450 MHz Muscle:  $\sigma = 2.00$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 50.1$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>

## Z-Axis Extrapolation at Peak SAR Location

Body-Worn SAR - Front Side of Front Antenna (Radiating Side)

Outside Front of Vest Touching Planar Phantom

VxS-250 Wireless FM Audio/Video Transmitter

Dual Patch Antenna (Front-of-Vest Antenna)

1.5V AA Lithium Batteries (x4)

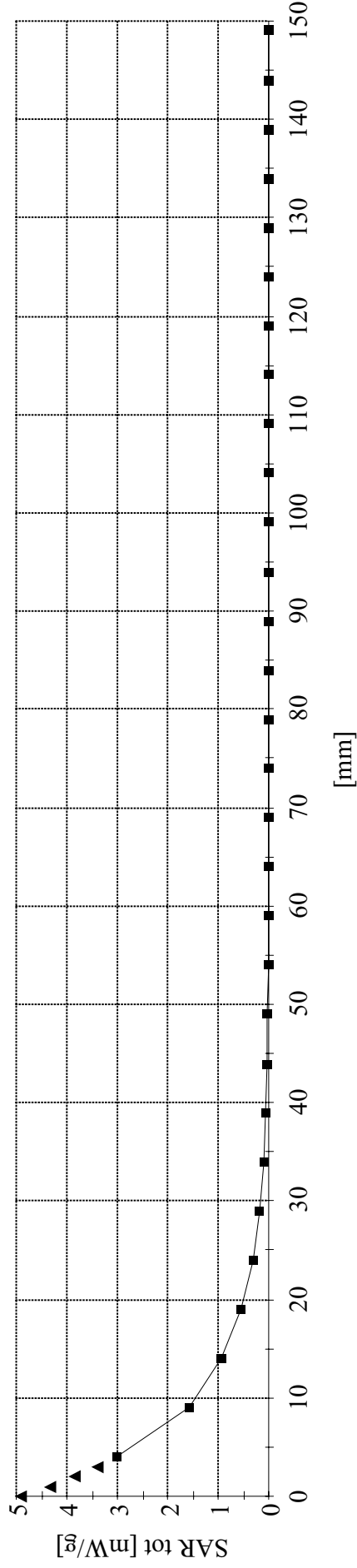
Continuous Wave Mode

Mid Channel [2475 MHz]

Conducted Power: 24.6 dBm

Ambient Temp. 23.9°C; Fluid Temp. 23.7°C

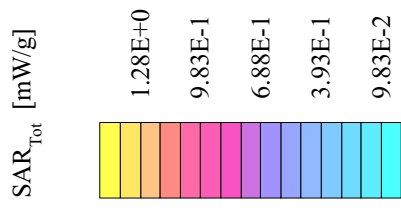
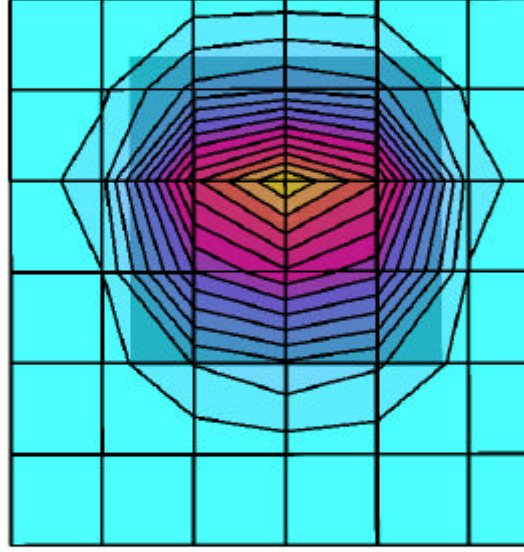
Date Tested: September 5, 2002



# DTC Communications Inc. FCC ID: H25VXS250

SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°, 0°)  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.30,4.30,4.30); Crest factor: 1.0  
2450 MHz Muscle:  $\sigma = 2.00 \text{ mho/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 50.1$ ,  $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Cube 5x5x7; Powerdrift: -0.10 dB  
SAR (1g): 1.35 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.733 mW/g

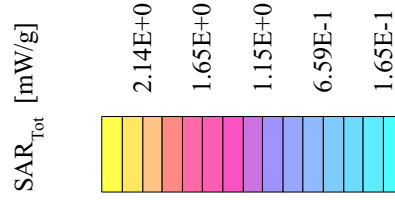
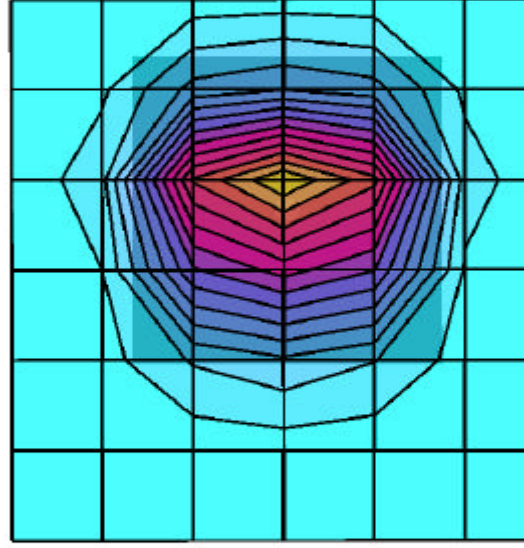
Body-Worn SAR - Front Side of Front Antenna (Radiating Side)  
Outside Front of Vest Touching Planar Phantom  
VxS-250 Wireless FM Audio/Video Transmitter  
Dual Patch Antenna (Front-of-Vest Antenna)  
1.5V AA Lithium Batteries (x4)  
Continuous Wave Mode  
Low Channel [2450 MHz]  
Conducted Power: 24.6 dBm  
Ambient Temp. 23.9°C; Fluid Temp. 23.7°C  
Date Tested: September 5, 2002



# DTC Communications Inc. FCC ID: H25VXS250

SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°, 0°)  
 Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.30,4.30,4.30); Crest factor: 1.0  
 2450 MHz Muscle:  $\sigma = 2.00 \text{ mho/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 50.1$ ,  $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
 Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
 Cube 5x5x7; Powerdrift: -0.04 dB  
 SAR (1g): 2.26 mW/g, SAR (10g): 1.22 mW/g

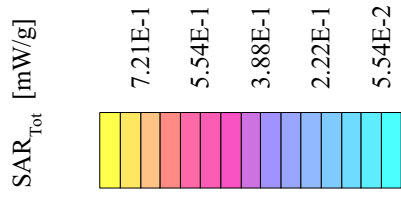
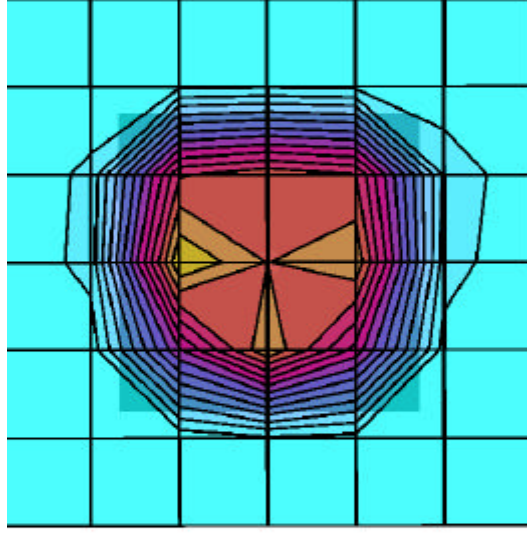
Body-Worn SAR - Front Side of Front Antenna (Radiating Side)  
 Outside Front of Vest Touching Planar Phantom  
 VxS-250 Wireless FM Audio/Video Transmitter  
 Dual Patch Antenna (Front-of-Vest Antenna)  
 1.5V AA Lithium Batteries (x4)  
 Continuous Wave Mode  
 High Channel [2500 MHz]  
 Conducted Power: 24.6 dBm  
 Ambient Temp. 23.9°C; Fluid Temp. 23.7°C  
 Date Tested: September 5, 2002



# DTC Communications Inc. FCC ID: H25VXS250

SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°, 0°)  
 Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.30,4.30,4.30); Crest factor: 1.0  
 2450 MHz Muscle:  $\sigma = 2.00 \text{ mho/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 50.1$ ,  $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
 Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
 Cube 5x5x7; Powerdrift: -0.11 dB  
 SAR (1g): 0.960 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.460 mW/g

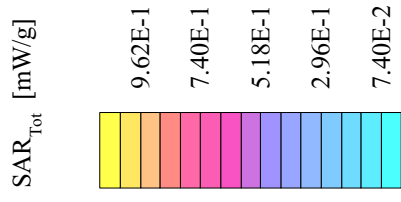
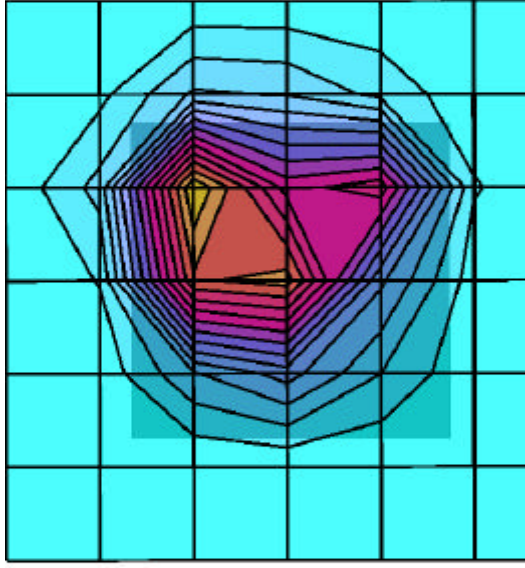
Body-Worn SAR - Front Side of Rear Antenna (Radiating Side)  
 Outside Back of Vest Touching Planar Phantom  
 VxS-250 Wireless FM Audio/Video Transmitter  
 Dual Patch Antenna (Back-of-Vest Antenna)  
 1.5V AA Lithium Batteries (x4)  
 Continuous Wave Mode  
 Mid Channel [2475 MHz]  
 Conducted Power: 24.6 dBm  
 Ambient Temp. 23.9°C; Fluid Temp. 23.7°C  
 Date Tested: September 5, 2002



# DTC Communications Inc. FCC ID: H25VXS250

SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°, 0°)  
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.30,4.30,4.30); Crest factor: 1.0  
2450 MHz Muscle:  $\sigma = 2.00 \text{ mho/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 50.1$ ,  $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
Cube 5x5x7; Powerdrift: -0.07 dB  
SAR (1g): 0.911 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.482 mW/g

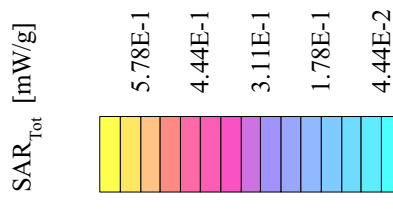
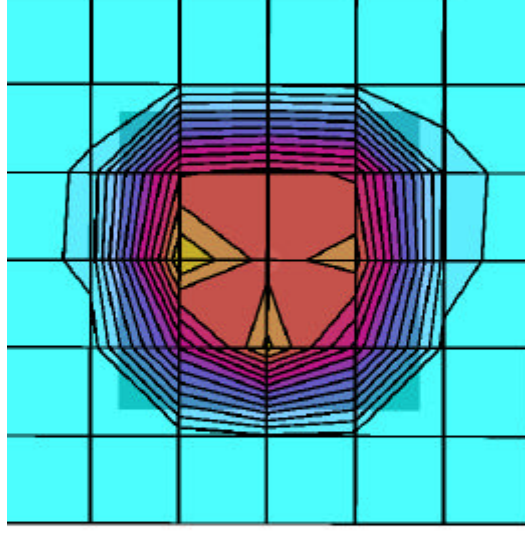
Body-Worn SAR - Front Side of Rear Antenna (Radiating Side)  
Outside Back of Vest Touching Planar Phantom  
VxS-250 Wireless FM Audio/Video Transmitter  
Dual Patch Antenna (Back-of-Vest Antenna)  
1.5V AA Lithium Batteries (x4)  
Continuous Wave Mode  
Low Channel [2450 MHz]  
Conducted Power: 24.6 dBm  
Ambient Temp. 23.9°C; Fluid Temp. 23.7°C  
Date Tested: September 5, 2002



## DTC Communications Inc. FCC ID: H25VXS250

SAM Phantom; Flat Section; Position: (90°, 0°)  
 Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1387; ConvF(4.30,4.30,4.30); Crest factor: 1.0  
 2450 MHz Muscle:  $\sigma = 2.00 \text{ mho/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 50.1$ ,  $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$   
 Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0  
 Cube 5x5x7; Powerdrift: -0.08 dB  
 SAR (1g): 0.758 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.362 mW/g

Body-Worn SAR - Front Side of Rear Antenna (Radiating Side)  
 Outside Back of Vest Touching Planar Phantom  
 VxS-250 Wireless FM Audio/Video Transmitter  
 Dual Patch Antenna (Back-of-Vest Antenna)  
 1.5V AA Lithium Batteries (x4)  
 Continuous Wave Mode  
 High Channel [2500 MHz]  
 Conducted Power: 24.6 dBm  
 Ambient Temp. 23.9°C; Fluid Temp. 23.7°C  
 Date Tested: September 5, 2002



## **APPENDIX B - SYSTEM VALIDATION**



# Dipole 2450MHz

SAM Phantom; Flat Section

Probe: ET3DV6 - SNI387; ConvF(4.70,4.70,4.70); Crest factor: 1.0; 2450 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.86 \text{ mho/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 39.0$ ,  $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

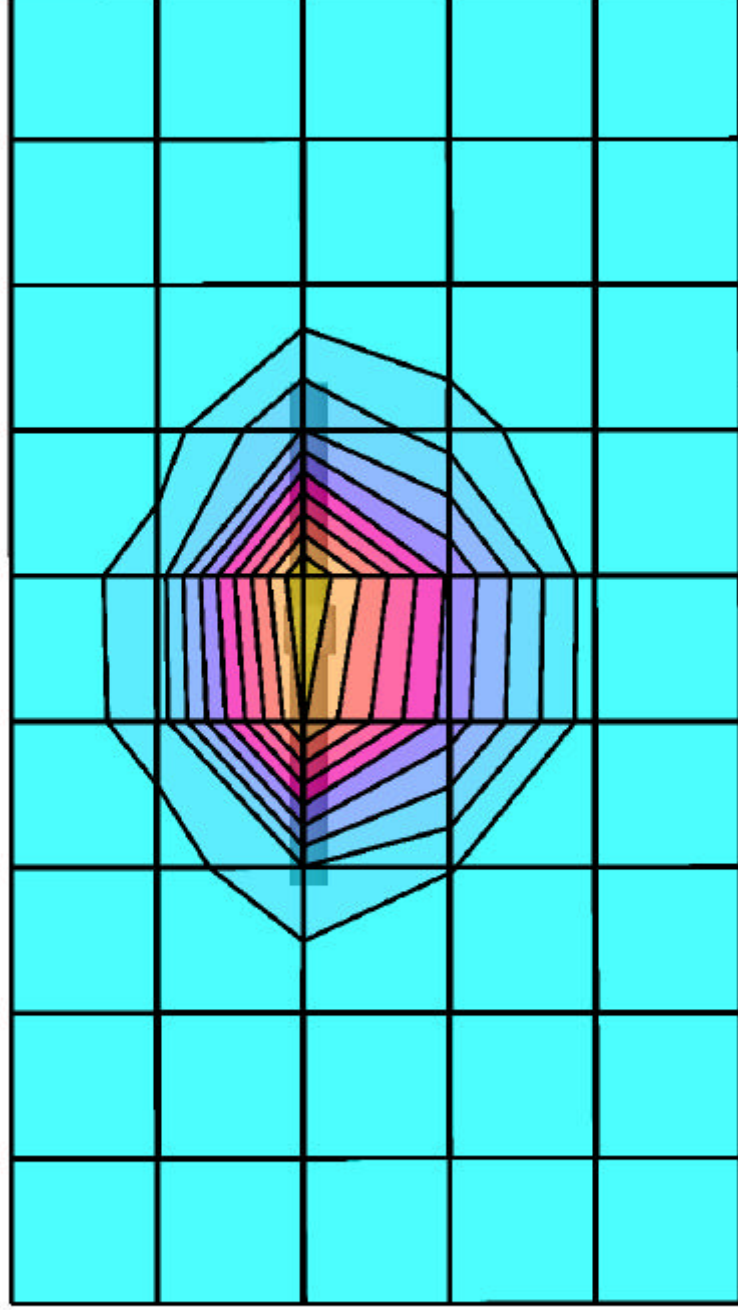
Cube 5x5x7; Peak: 31.4 mW/g, SAR (1g): 14.6 mW/g, SAR (10g): 6.58 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 6.1 (5.6, 6.5) [mm]; Ambient Temp. 23.9°C; Fluid Temp. 23.5°C

Powerdrift: -0.03 dB

Conducted Power: 250mW

Validation Date: September 5, 2002



## APPENDIX C - DIPOLE CALIBRATION

## 2450MHz SYSTEM VALIDATION DIPOLE

Type:

2450MHz Validation Dipole

Serial Number:

150

Place of Calibration:

Celltech Research Inc.

Date of Calibration:

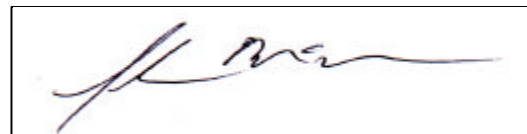
October 24, 2001

Celltech Research Inc. hereby certifies that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above.

Calibrated by:



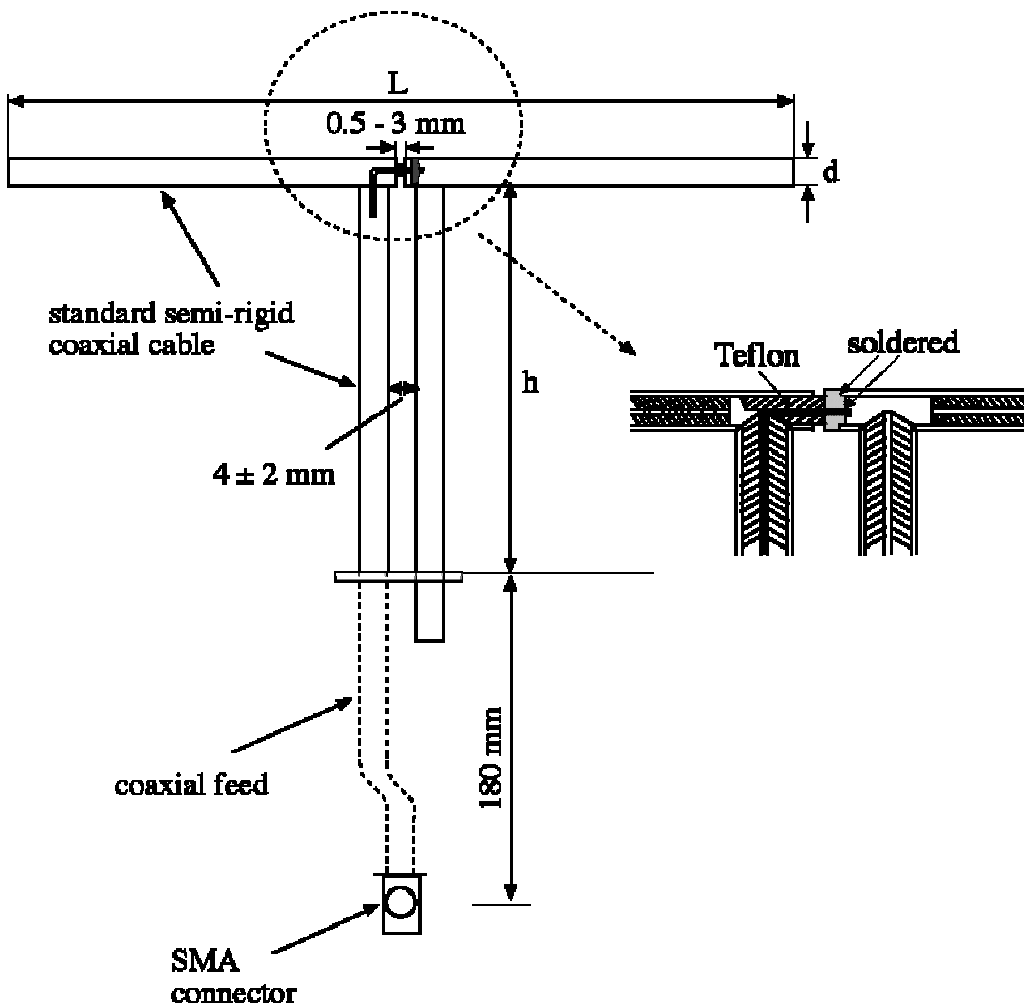
Approved by:



## 1. Dipole Construction & Electrical Characteristics

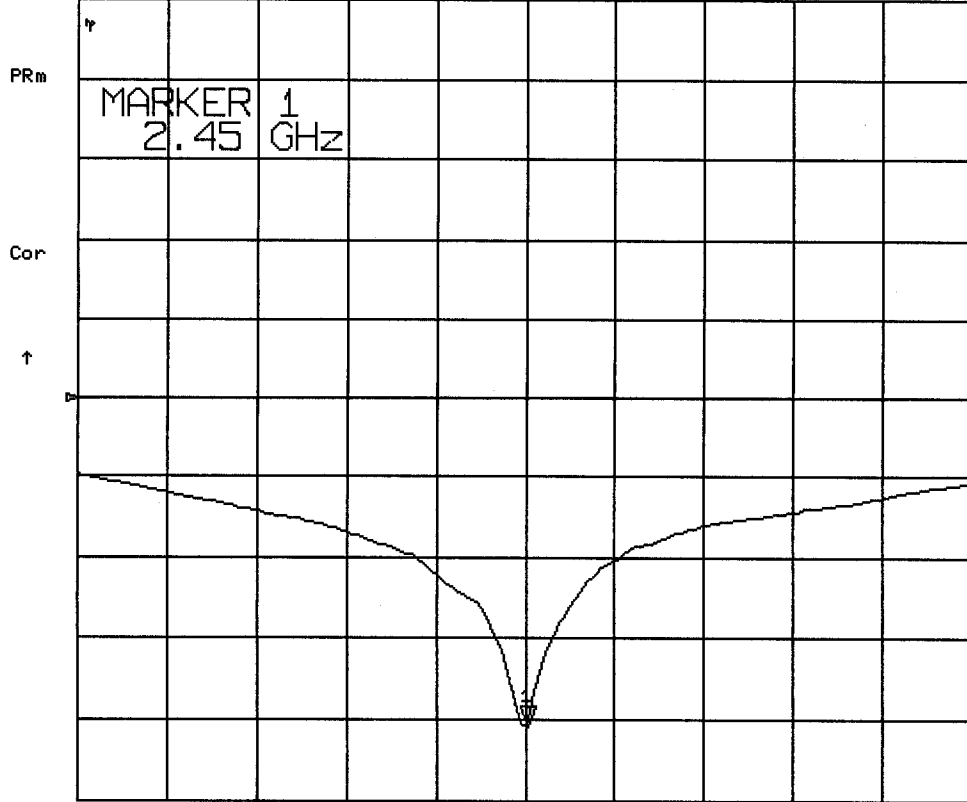
The validation dipole was constructed in accordance with the IEEE Std "Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques". The electrical properties were measured using an HP 8753E Network Analyzer. The network analyzer was calibrated to the validation dipole N-type connector feed point using an HP85032E Type N calibration kit. The dipole was placed parallel to a planar phantom at a separation distance of 10.0mm from the simulating fluid using a loss-less dielectric spacer. The measured input impedance is:

Feed point impedance at 2450MHz	$\text{Re}\{Z\} = 49.268\Omega$ $\text{Im}\{Z\} = 0.4121\Omega$
Return Loss at 2450MHz	-40.897dB



9 Nov 2001 09:52:05

CH1 S11 LOG 10 dB/REF 0 dB 1:-40.897 dB 2:450.000 000 MHz

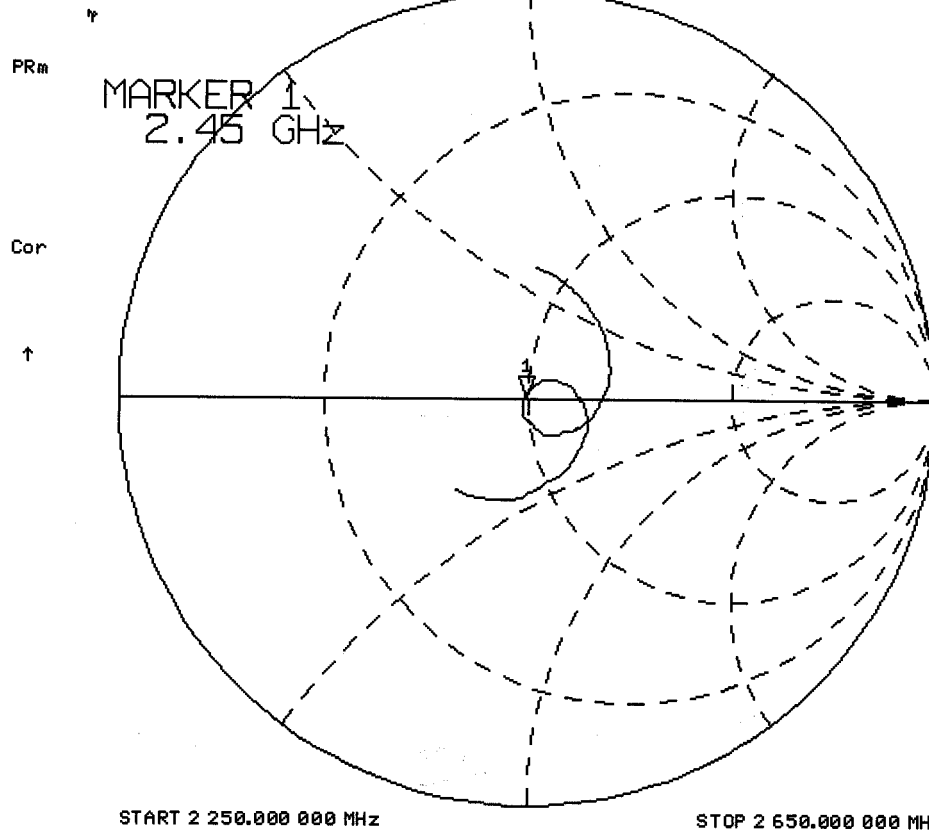


START 2 250.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 650.000 000 MHz

9 Nov 2001 09:52:18

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 49.268  $\Omega$  0.4121  $\Omega$  26.771 pH 2 450.000 000 MHz



## Validation Dipole Dimensions

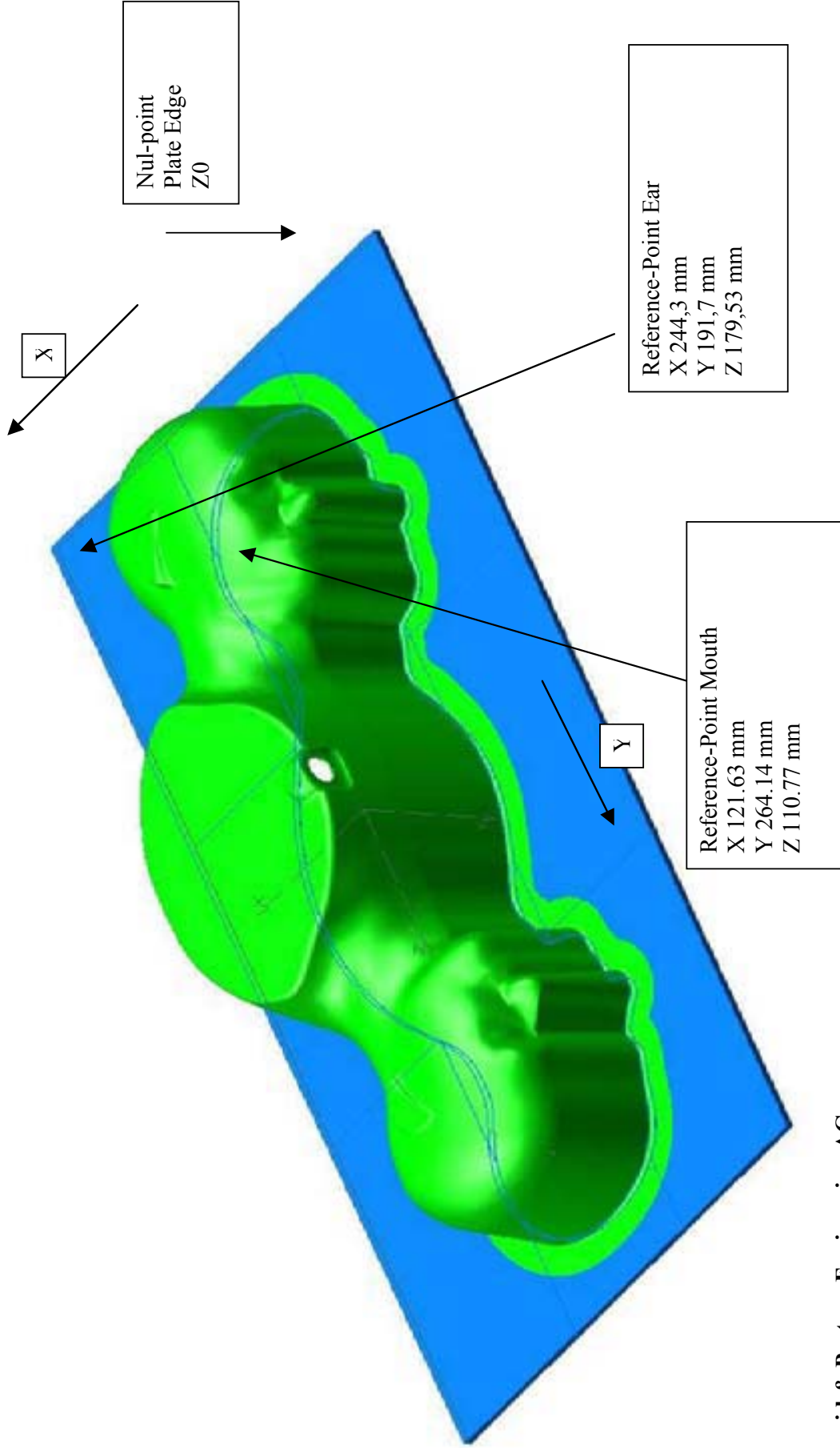
Frequency (MHz)	L (mm)	h (mm)	d (mm)
300	420.0	250.0	6.2
450	288.0	167.0	6.2
835	161.0	89.8	3.6
900	149.0	83.3	3.6
1450	89.1	51.7	3.6
1800	72.0	41.7	3.6
1900	68.0	39.5	3.6
2000	64.5	37.5	3.6
2450	51.8	30.6	3.6
3000	41.5	25.0	3.6

## 2. Validation Phantom

The validation phantom is the SAM (Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin) phantom manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The SAM phantom is a Fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell corresponds to the phantom defined by SCC34-SC2. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.

**Shell Thickness:**  $2 \pm 0.1$  mm  
**Filling Volume:** Approx. 20 liters  
**Dimensions:** 50 cm (W) x 100 cm (L)

# SAM Twin-Phantom





## 2450MHz Dipole Calibration



## 2450MHz Dipole Calibration



### **3. Measurement Conditions**

The planar phantom was filled with brain simulating tissue having the following electrical parameters at 2450MHz:

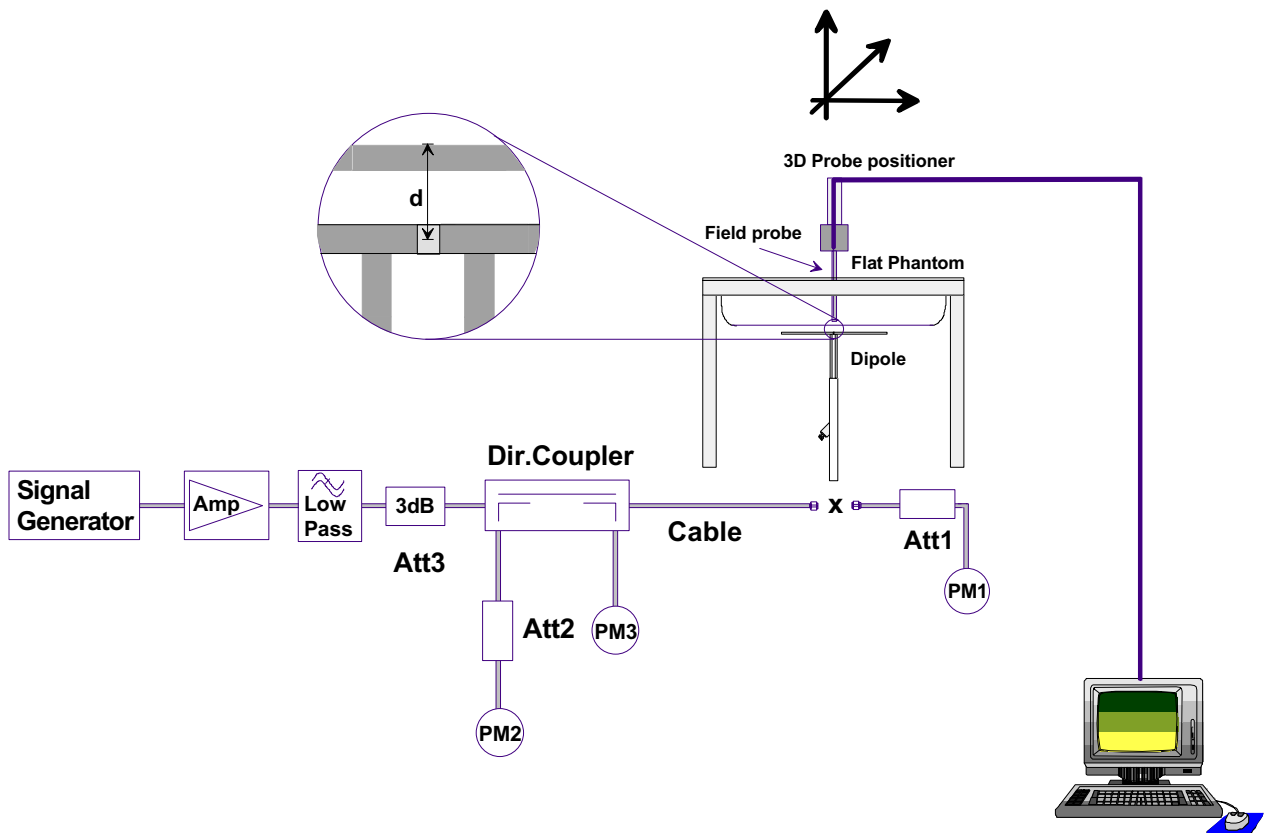
Relative Permittivity:	39.2	± 5%
Conductivity:	1.80 mho/m	± 5%
Temperature:	23.1°C	

The 2450MHz simulating tissue consists of the following ingredients:

<b>Ingredient</b>	<b>Percentage by weight</b>
Water	55.20 %
Glycol Monobutyl	44.80 %
Target Dielectric Parameters at 22°C	$\epsilon_r = 39.2$ $\sigma = 1.80 \text{ S/m}$

#### 4. SAR Measurement

The SAR measurement was performed with the E-field probe in mechanical detection mode only. The setup and determination of the forward power into the dipole was performed using the following procedures.



First, the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the dipole connector (X). The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the dipole connector (taking into account the attenuation of Att1) as read by power meter PM2. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2. If the signal generator does not allow adjustment in 0.01dB steps, the remaining difference at PM2 must be taken into consideration. PM3 records the reflected power from the dipole to ensure that the value is not changed from the previous value. The reflected power should be 20dB below the forward power.

Ten SAR measurements were performed in order to achieve repeatability and to establish an average target value.

### Validation Dipole SAR Test Results

Validation Measurement	SAR @ 0.25W Input averaged over 1g	SAR @ 1W Input averaged over 1g	SAR @ 0.25W Input averaged over 10g	SAR @ 1W Input averaged over 10g	Peak SAR @ 0.25W Input
Test 1	14.2	56.80	6.33	25.32	30.5
Test 2	14.3	57.20	6.34	25.36	30.8
Test 3	14.2	56.80	6.33	25.32	30.4
Test 4	14.1	56.40	6.32	25.28	30.1
Test 5	14.3	57.20	6.33	25.32	30.7
Test 6	14.0	56.00	6.31	25.24	30.0
Test 7	14.2	56.80	6.33	25.32	30.4
Test 8	14.2	56.80	6.33	25.32	30.5
Test 9	14.4	57.60	6.34	25.36	30.8
Test10	14.2	56.80	6.32	25.28	30.4
Average Value	14.21	56.84	6.32	25.31	30.46

The results have been normalized to 1W (forward power) into the dipole.

Averaged over 1cm (1g) of tissue: 56.84 mW/g

Averaged over 10cm (10g) of tissue: 25.31 mW/g

# Dipole 2450MHz

SAM Phantom; Flat Section

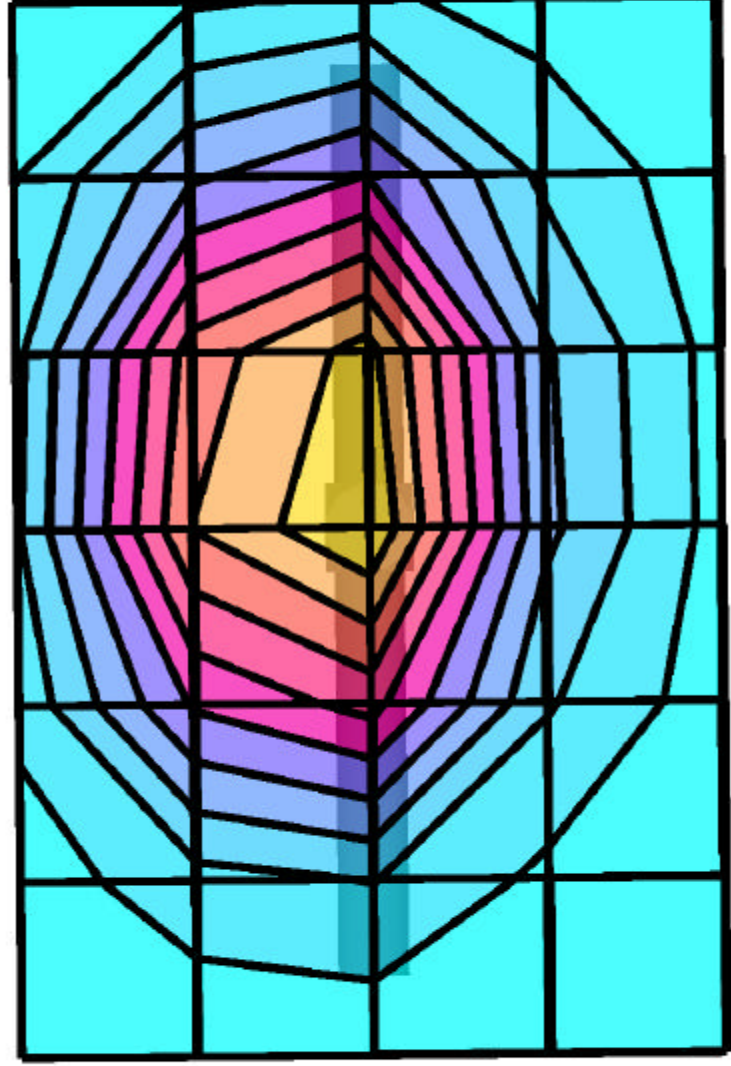
Probe: ET3DV6 - SNI1590; ConvF(4.93,4.93,4.93); Crest factor: 1.0; 2450 MHz Brain:  $\sigma = 1.80$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 39.2$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Cube 5x5x7: Peak: 30.5 mW/g, SAR (1g): 14.2 mW/g, SAR (10g): 6.33 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 6.2 (5.9, 7.0) [mm]; Ambient Temp: 21.5°C; Fluid Temp: 23.1°C

Powerdrift: 0.03 dB

Calibration Date: October 24, 2001



## APPENDIX D - PROBE CALIBRATION

# Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

## Calibration Certificate

### Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:

**ET3DV6**

Serial Number:

**1387**

Place of Calibration:

**Zurich**

Date of Calibration:

**February 22, 2002**

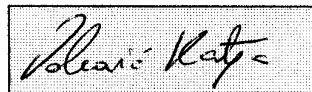
Calibration Interval:

**12 months**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:



Approved by:





# Probe ET3DV6

SN:1387

Manufactured:	September 21, 1999
Last calibration:	September 22, 1999
Recalibrated:	February 22, 2002

Calibrated for System DASY3

## DASY3 - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1387

### Sensitivity in Free Space

NormX	<b>1.58</b> $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormY	<b>1.67</b> $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormZ	<b>1.67</b> $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$

### Diode Compression

DCP X	<b>97</b>	mV
DCP Y	<b>97</b>	mV
DCP Z	<b>97</b>	mV

### Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head	<b>900 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
Head	<b>835 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.90 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
ConvF X	<b>6.6</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	<b>6.6</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Alpha <b>0.40</b>
ConvF Z	<b>6.6</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Depth <b>2.38</b>
Head	<b>1800 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
Head	<b>1900 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
ConvF X	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Alpha <b>0.57</b>
ConvF Z	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)		Depth <b>2.18</b>

### Boundary Effect

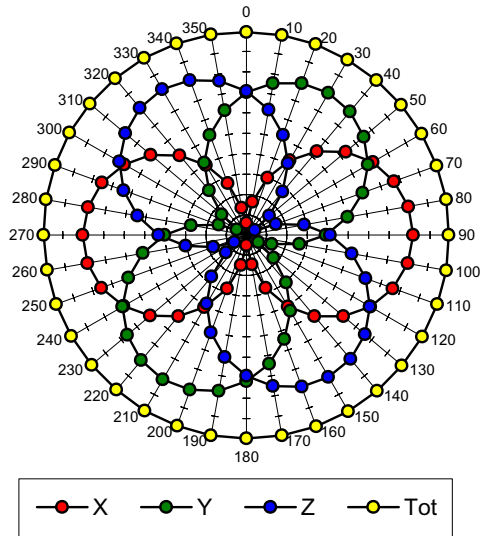
Head	<b>900 MHz</b>	<b>Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm</b>	
	Probe Tip to Boundary	<b>1 mm</b>	<b>2 mm</b>
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] Without Correction Algorithm	9.7	5.4
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] With Correction Algorithm	0.3	0.6
Head	<b>1800 MHz</b>	<b>Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm</b>	
	Probe Tip to Boundary	<b>1 mm</b>	<b>2 mm</b>
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] Without Correction Algorithm	11.5	7.3
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.3

### Sensor Offset

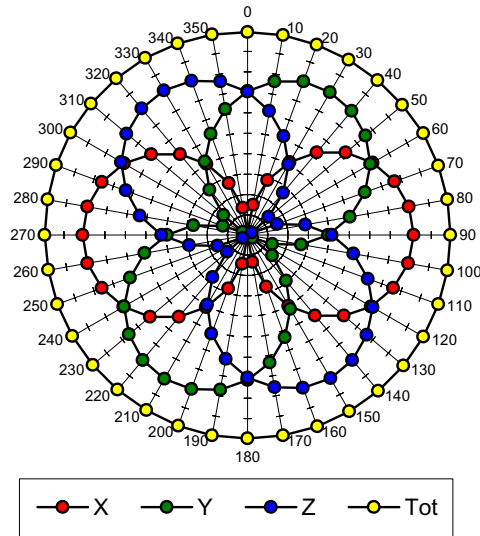
Probe Tip to Sensor Center	<b>2.7</b>	mm
Optical Surface Detection	<b>1.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2</b>	mm

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ , $\theta = 0^\circ$ )

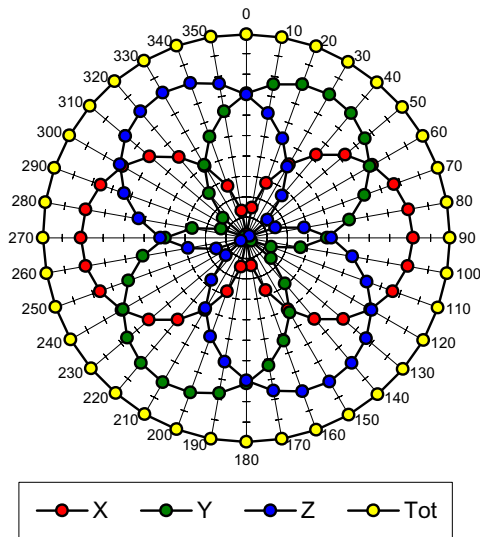
**f = 30 MHz, TEM cell ifi110**



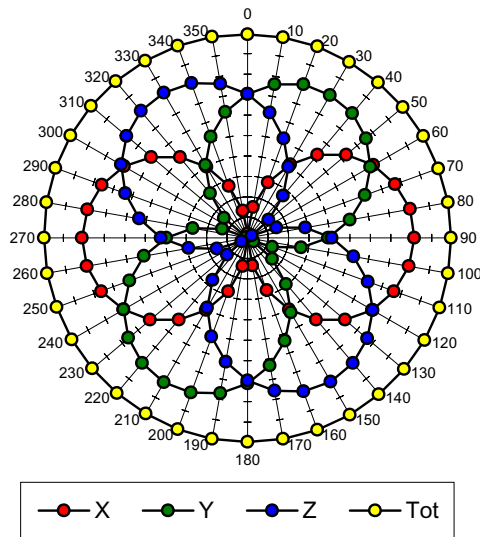
**f = 100 MHz, TEM cell ifi110**

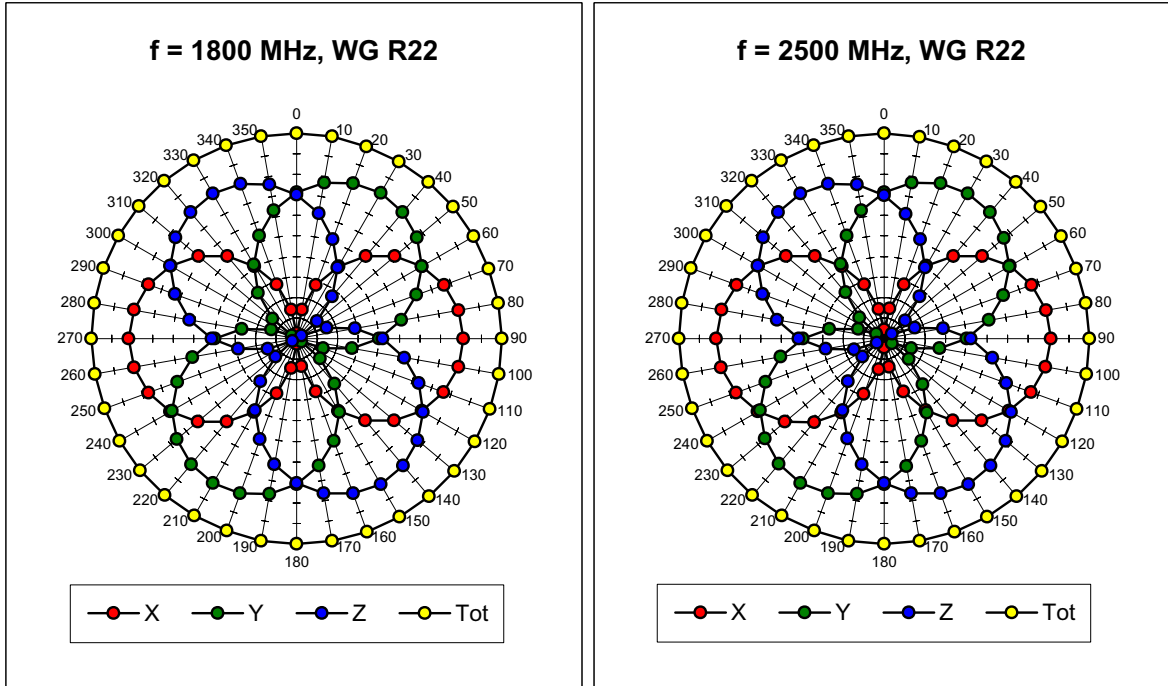


**f = 300 MHz, TEM cell ifi110**

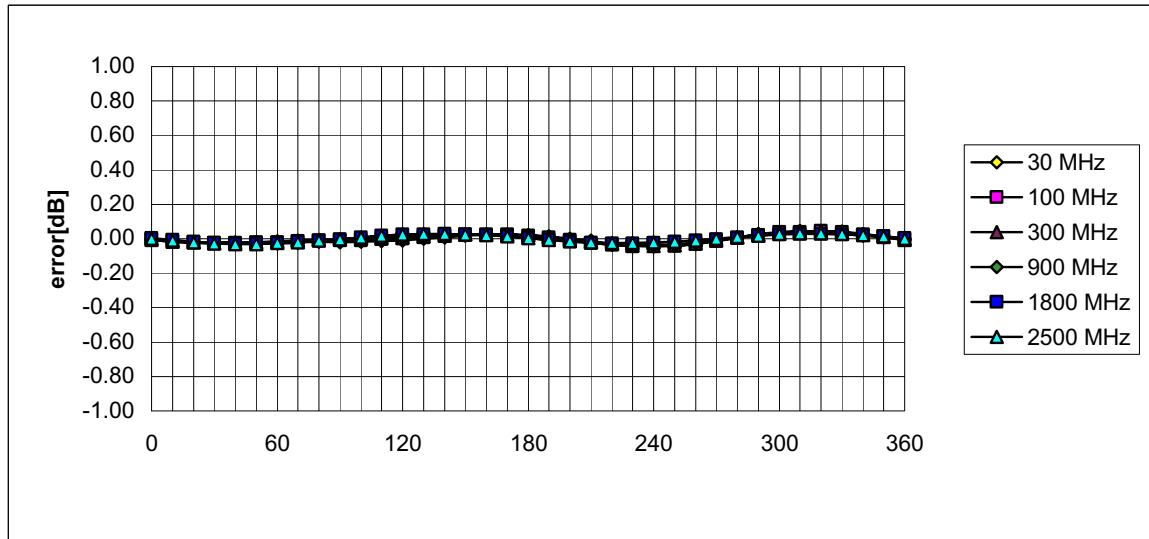


**f = 900 MHz, TEM cell ifi110**



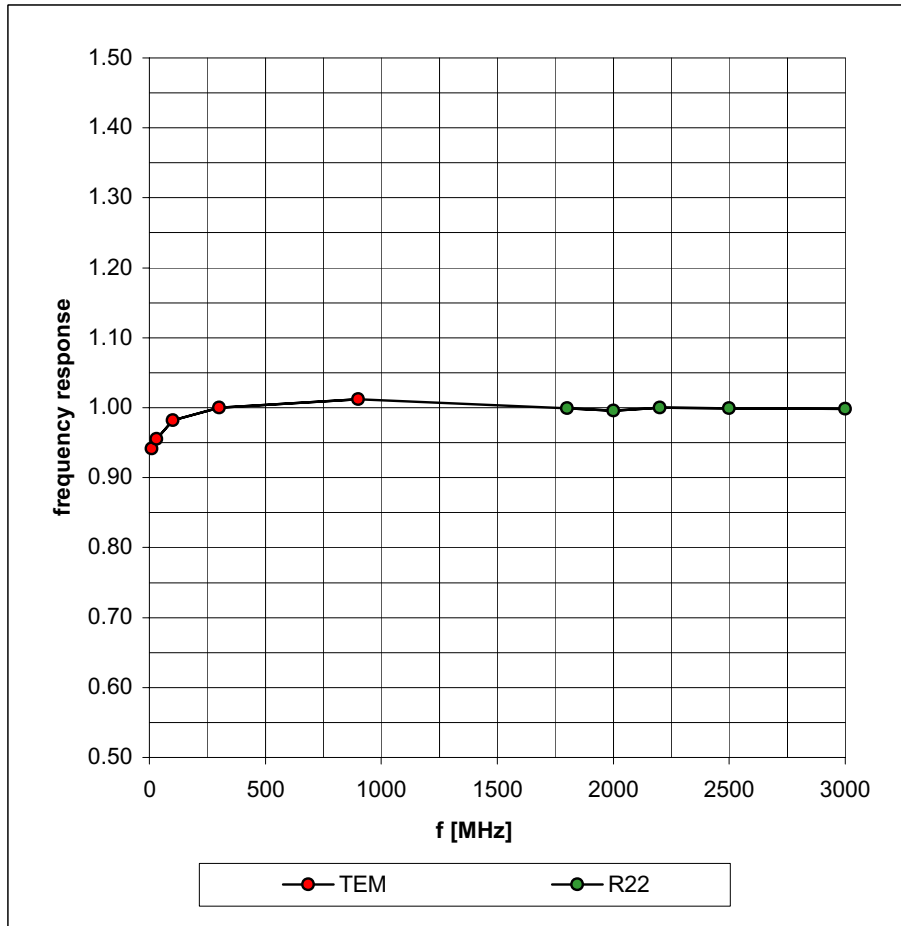


### Isotropy Error ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

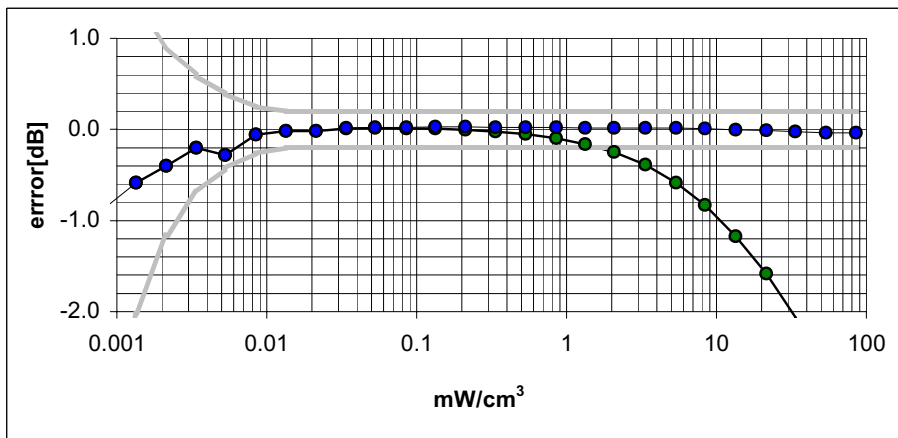
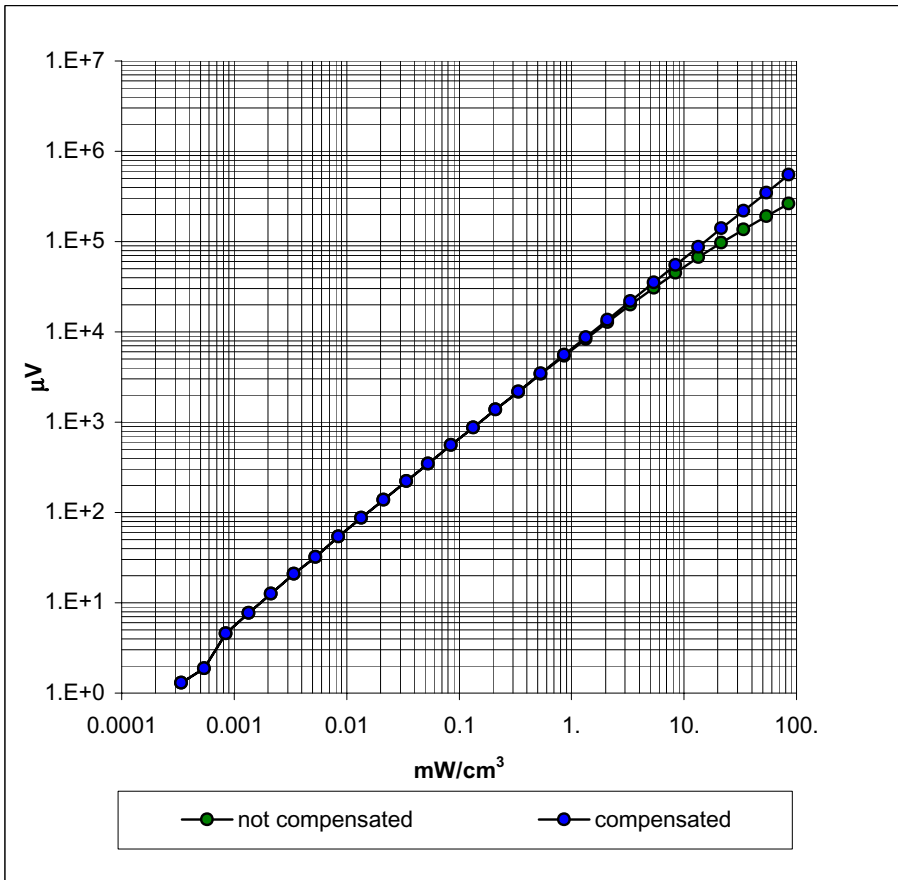


# Frequency Response of E-Field

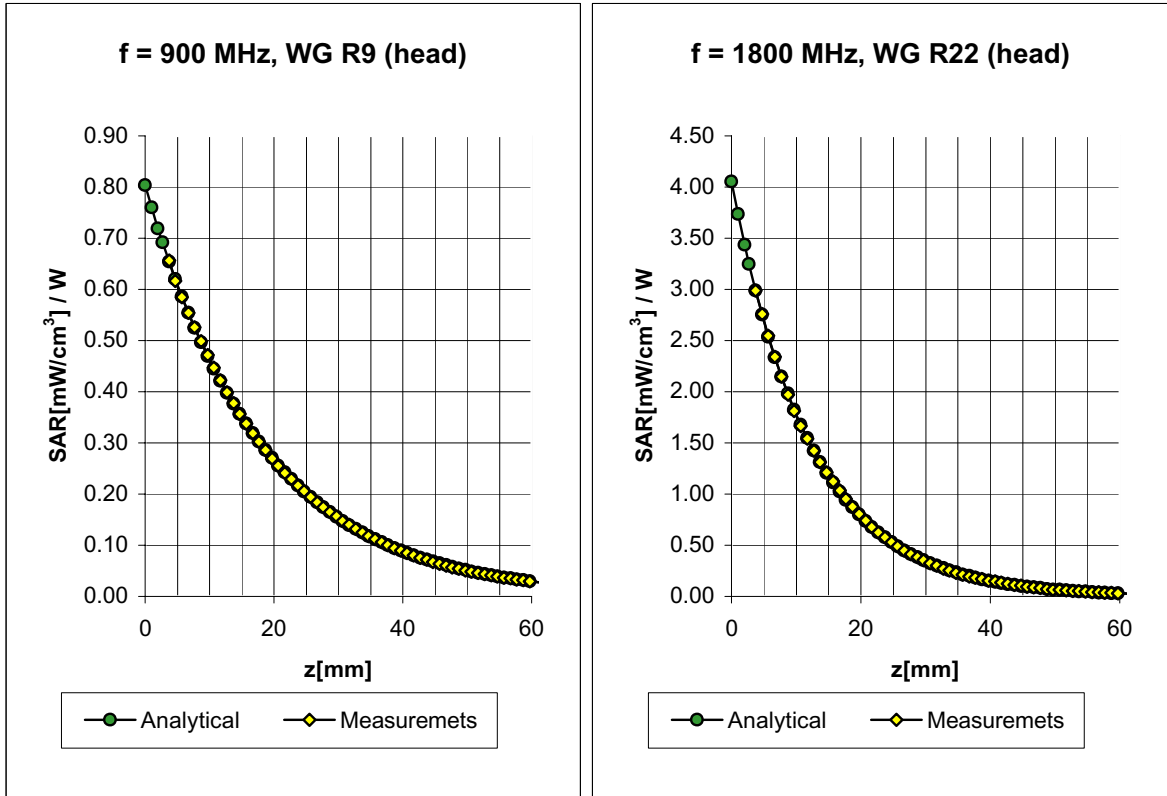
( TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>brain</sub>) ( Waveguide R22 )



# Conversion Factor Assessment

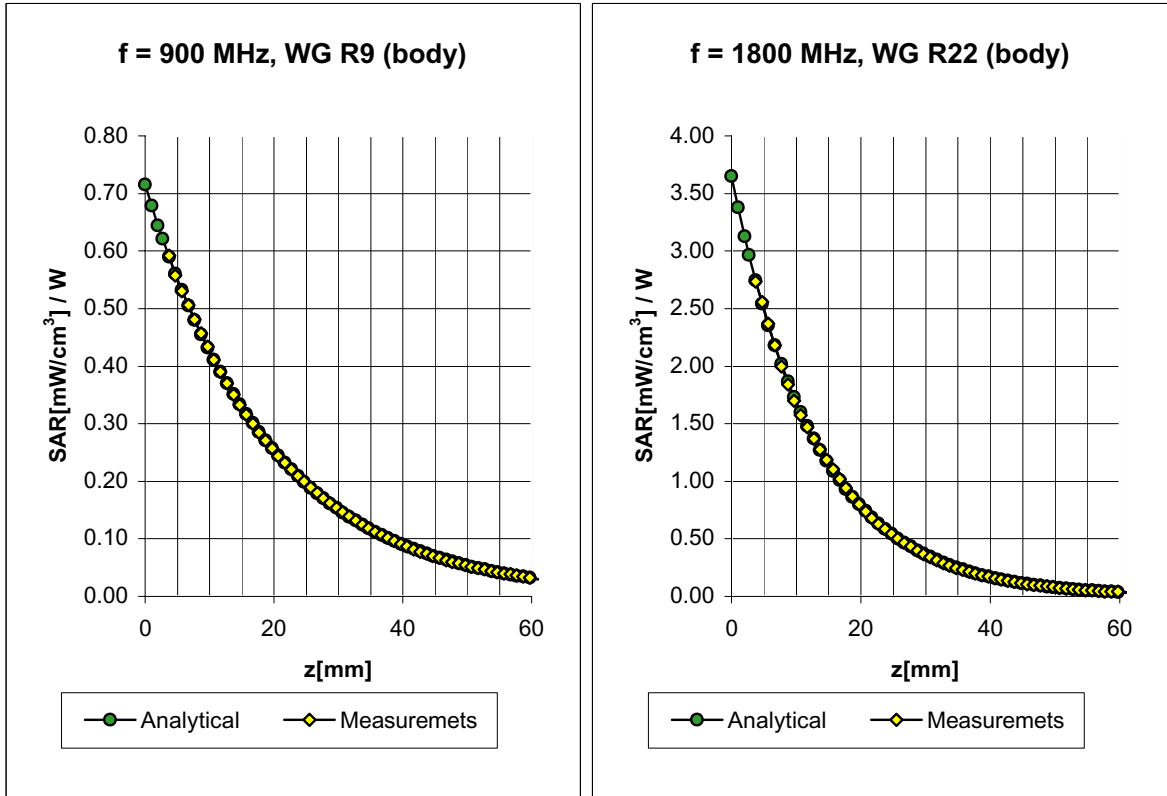


Head	<b>900 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
Head	<b>835 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.90 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
	ConvF X	<b>6.6</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>6.6</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.40</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>6.6</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>2.38</b>
Head	<b>1800 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
Head	<b>1900 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
	ConvF X	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.57</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>2.18</b>

ET3DV6 SN:1387

February 22, 2002

# Conversion Factor Assessment



<b>Body</b>	<b>900 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 55.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.05 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
<b>Body</b>	<b>835 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 55.2 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
	ConvF X	<b>6.3</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>6.3</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.42</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>6.3</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>2.44</b>
<b>Body</b>	<b>1800 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
<b>Body</b>	<b>1900 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
	ConvF X	<b>5.0</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>5.0</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.76</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>5.0</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>2.01</b>

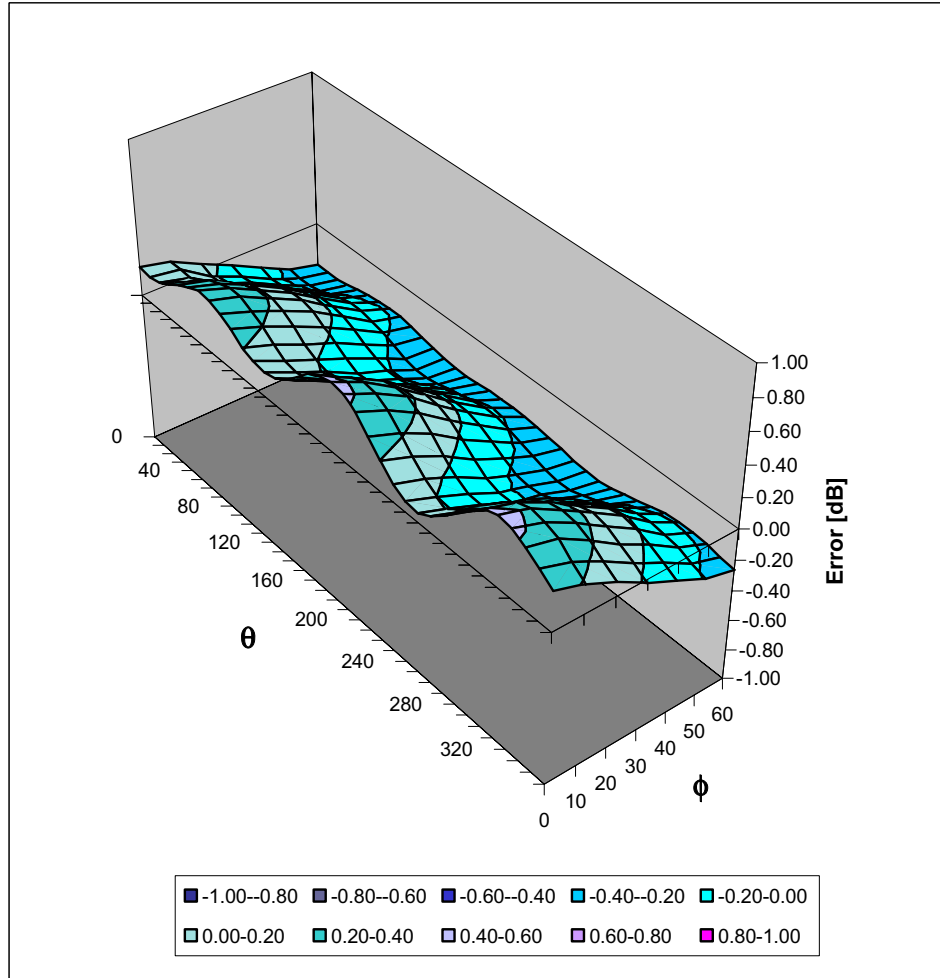
ET3DV6 SN:1387

February 22, 2002



# Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ( $\theta, \phi$ ),  $f = 900$  MHz



## Additional Conversion Factors for Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:

**ET3DV6**

Serial Number:

**1387**

Place of Assessment:

**Zurich**

Date of Assessment:

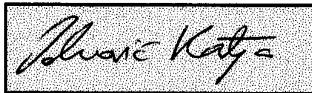
**February 25, 2002**

Probe Calibration Date:

**February 22, 2002**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies that conversion factor(s) of this probe have been evaluated on the date indicated above. The assessment was performed using the FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. Since the evaluation is coupled with measured conversion factors, it has to be recalculated yearly, i.e., following the re-calibration schedule of the probe. The uncertainty of the numerical assessment is based on the extrapolation from measured value at 900 MHz or at 1800 MHz.

Assessed by:



## Dosimetric E-Field Probe ET3DV6 SN:1387

Conversion Factor ( $\pm$  standard deviation)

150 MHz	ConvF	$9.2 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 52.3$ $\sigma = 0.76 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
300 MHz	ConvF	$8.0 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 45.3$ $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
450 MHz	ConvF	$7.3 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 43.5$ $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
2450 MHz	ConvF	$4.7 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 39.2$ $\sigma = 1.80 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
150 MHz	ConvF	$8.8 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 61.9$ $\sigma = 0.80 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue)
450 MHz	ConvF	$7.7 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 56.7$ $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue)
2450 MHz	ConvF	$4.3 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 52.7$ $\sigma = 1.95 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue)

## **APPENDIX E - MEASURED FLUID DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS**

# 2450MHz System Validation

## Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Brain)

September 05, 2002

Frequency	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$
2.350000000 GHz	39.4686	13.3840
2.360000000 GHz	39.4230	13.3972
2.370000000 GHz	39.3979	13.4359
2.380000000 GHz	39.3847	13.4904
2.390000000 GHz	39.3563	13.5557
2.400000000 GHz	39.2921	13.5921
2.410000000 GHz	39.2129	13.6134
2.420000000 GHz	39.1878	13.6362
2.430000000 GHz	39.1630	13.6647
2.440000000 GHz	39.0986	13.7088
2.450000000 GHz	39.0416	13.7152
2.460000000 GHz	38.9798	13.7120
2.470000000 GHz	38.9570	13.7256
2.480000000 GHz	38.9504	13.7593
2.490000000 GHz	38.8978	13.8265
2.500000000 GHz	38.8661	13.8806
2.510000000 GHz	38.7963	13.8983
2.520000000 GHz	38.7616	13.9529
2.530000000 GHz	38.7066	13.9751
2.540000000 GHz	38.6431	14.0057
2.550000000 GHz	38.6032	13.9805

# 2450MHz EUT Evaluation (Body)

## Measured Fluid Dielectric Parameters (Muscle)

September 05, 2002

Frequency	$\epsilon'$	$\epsilon''$
2.400000000 GHz	50.3501	14.4921
2.405000000 GHz	50.3188	14.5117
2.410000000 GHz	50.2987	14.5435
2.415000000 GHz	50.2726	14.5608
2.420000000 GHz	50.2558	14.5854
2.425000000 GHz	50.2293	14.6108
2.430000000 GHz	50.2076	14.6308
2.435000000 GHz	50.1965	14.6563
2.440000000 GHz	50.1759	14.6825
2.445000000 GHz	50.1460	14.6947
2.450000000 GHz	50.1368	14.7148
2.455000000 GHz	50.1116	14.7543
2.460000000 GHz	50.0937	14.7635
2.465000000 GHz	50.0743	14.7892
2.470000000 GHz	50.0521	14.8002
2.475000000 GHz	50.0415	14.8265
2.480000000 GHz	50.0265	14.8400
2.485000000 GHz	50.0133	14.8516
2.490000000 GHz	49.9941	14.8670
2.495000000 GHz	49.9706	14.8696
2.500000000 GHz	49.9485	14.8672
2.505000000 GHz	49.9221	14.8847
2.510000000 GHz	49.8862	14.9032
2.515000000 GHz	49.8617	14.9187
2.520000000 GHz	49.8192	14.9459
2.525000000 GHz	49.8147	14.9624
2.530000000 GHz	49.7877	14.9781
2.535000000 GHz	49.7495	15.0079
2.540000000 GHz	49.7336	15.0319
2.545000000 GHz	49.7044	15.0509
2.550000000 GHz	49.6947	15.0676
2.555000000 GHz	49.6795	15.0913
2.560000000 GHz	49.6681	15.1178
2.565000000 GHz	49.6508	15.1335

## **APPENDIX F - SAM PHANTOM CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY**

# Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

## Certificate of conformity / First Article Inspection

Item	SAM Twin Phantom V4.0
Type No	QD 000 P40 BA
Series No	TP-1002 and higher
Manufacturer / Origin	Untersee Composites Hauptstr. 69 CH-8559 Fruthwilen Switzerland

### Tests

The series production process used allows the limitation to test of first articles. Complete tests were made on the pre-series Type No. QD 000 P40 AA, Serial No. TP-1001 and on the series first article Type No. QD 000 P40 BA, Serial No. TP-1006. Certain parameters have been retested using further series units (called samples).

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Shape	Compliance with the geometry according to the CAD model.	IT'IS CAD File (*)	First article, Samples
Material thickness	Compliant with the requirements according to the standards	2mm +/- 0.2mm in specific areas	First article, Samples
Material parameters	Dielectric parameters for required frequencies	200 MHz – 3 GHz Relative permittivity < 5 Loss tangent < 0.05.	Material sample TP 104-5
Material resistivity	The material has been tested to be compatible with the liquids defined in the standards	Liquid type HSL 1800 and others according to the standard.	Pre-series, First article

### Standards

- [1] CENELEC EN 50361
- [2] IEEE P1528-200x draft 6.5
- [3] IEC PT 62209 draft 0.9

(\*) The IT'IS CAD file is derived from [2] and is also within the tolerance requirements of the shapes of [1] and [3].

### Conformity

Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the uncertainty requirements of SAR measurements specified in standard [1] and draft standards [2] and [3].

Date 18.11.2001

Signature / Stamp



**Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**



Zeughausstrasse 43, CH-8004 Zurich  
Tel. +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79



## **APPENDIX G - SAR TEST SETUP & EUT PHOTOGRAPHS**

**BODY SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS**  
**Back Side of Front Patch Antenna (Non-Radiating Side)**  
**Inside Front of Vest Touching Planar Phantom**



**BODY SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS**  
**Back Side of Rear Patch Antenna (Non-Radiating Side)**  
**Inside Back of Vest Touching Planar Phantom**



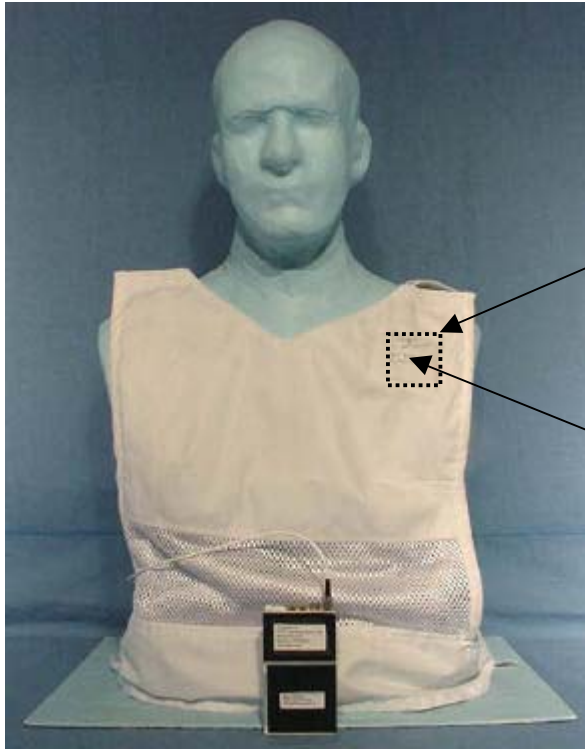
**BODY SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS**  
**Front Side of Front Patch Antenna (Radiating Side)**  
**Outside Front of Vest Touching Planar Phantom**



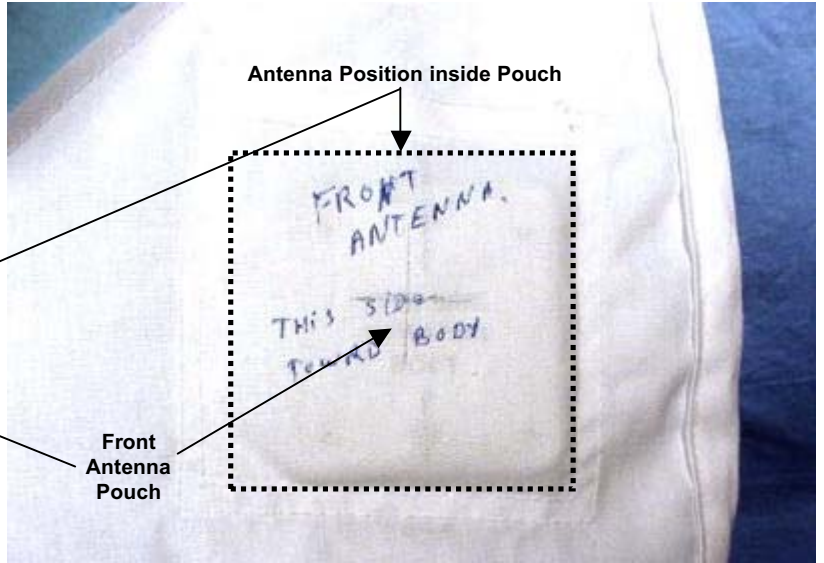
**BODY SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS**  
**Front Side of Rear Patch Antenna (Radiating Side)**  
**Outside Back of Vest Touching Planar Phantom**



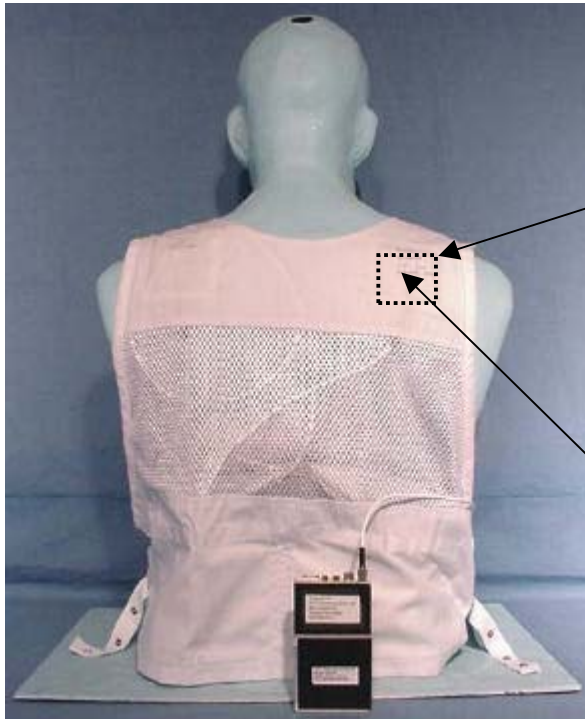
**EUT PHOTOGRAPHS**  
Inside of Vest



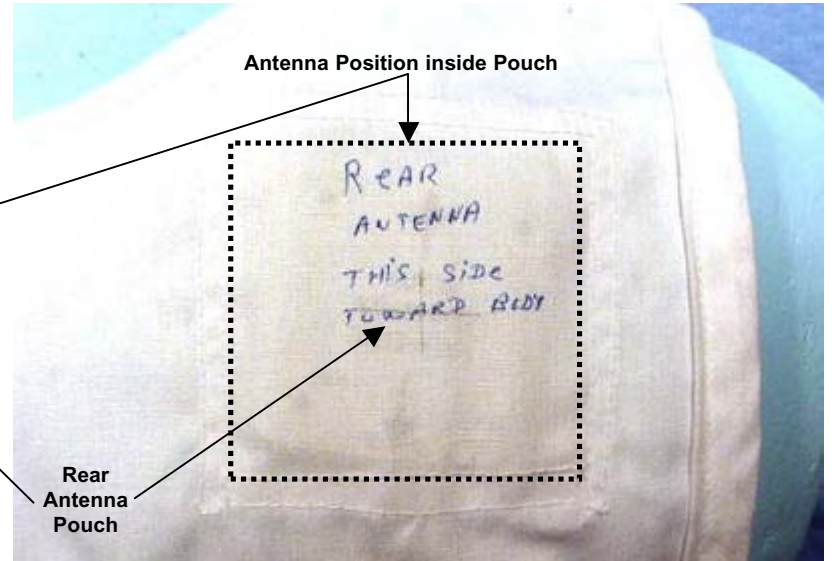
Inside Front of Vest - Back Side of Antenna



Inside Front of Vest - Back Side of Antenna (Non-Radiating Side facing body)

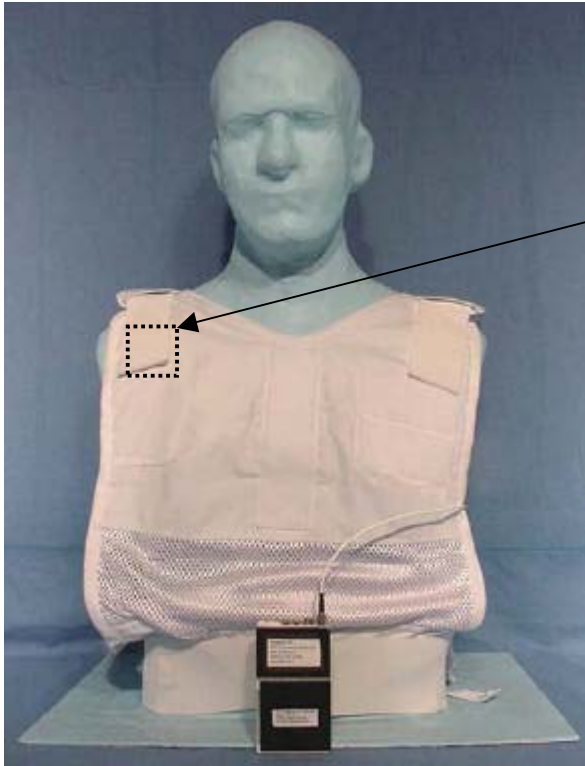


Inside Back of Vest - Back Side of Antenna

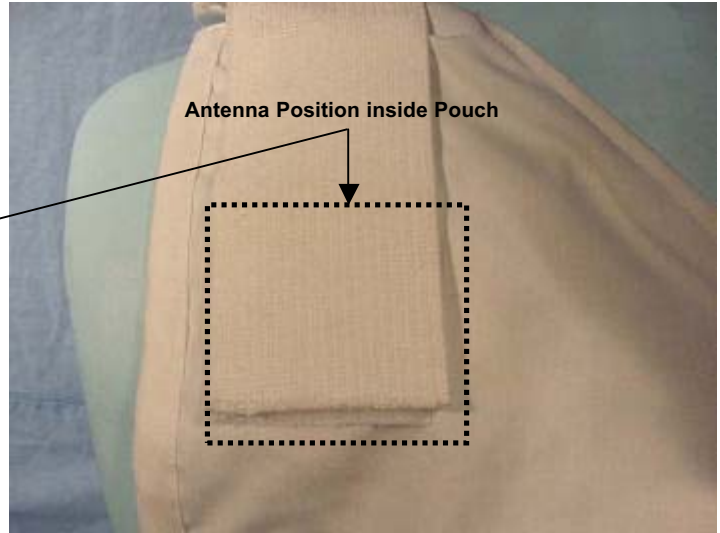


Inside Back of Vest - Back Side of Antenna (Non-Radiating Side facing body)

**EUT PHOTOGRAPHS**  
Outside of Vest



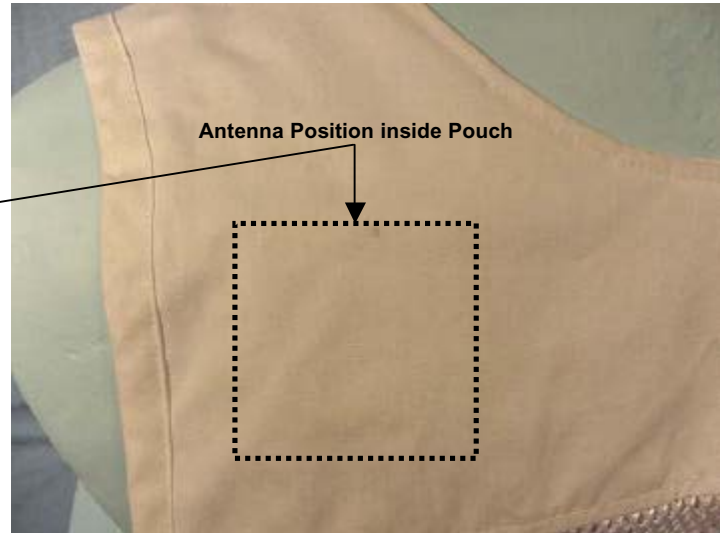
Outside Front of Vest - Front Side of Antenna



Outside Front of Vest - Front Side of Antenna (Radiating Side)

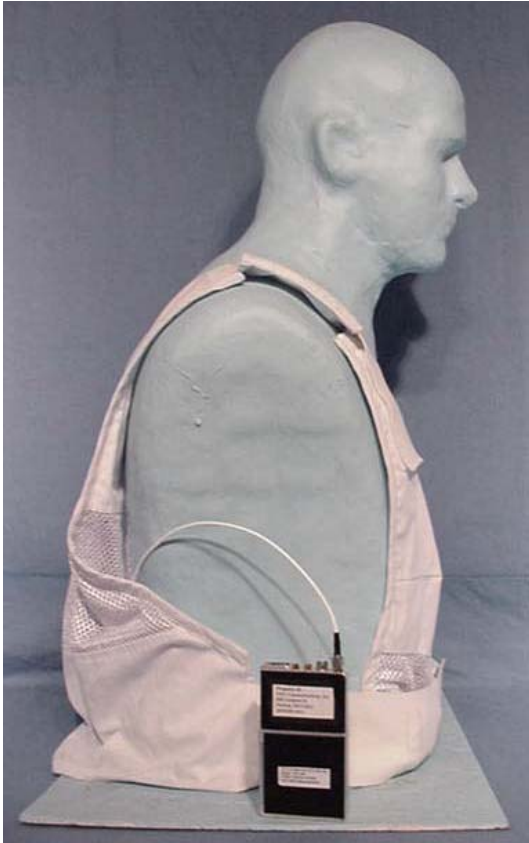


Outside Back of Vest - Front Side of Antenna

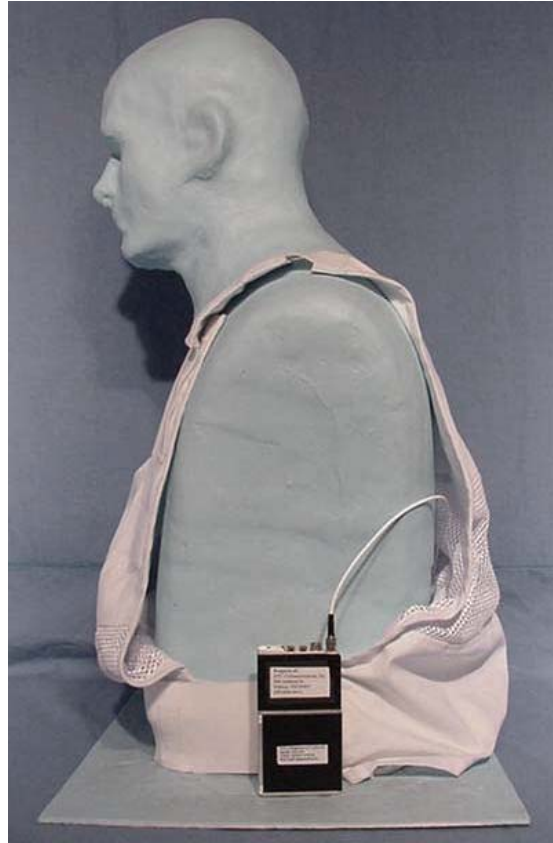


Outside Back of Vest - Front Side of Antenna (Radiating Side)

**EUT PHOTOGRAPHS**  
**Vest & Transmitter**



**Right Side of Vest**



**Left Side of Vest**



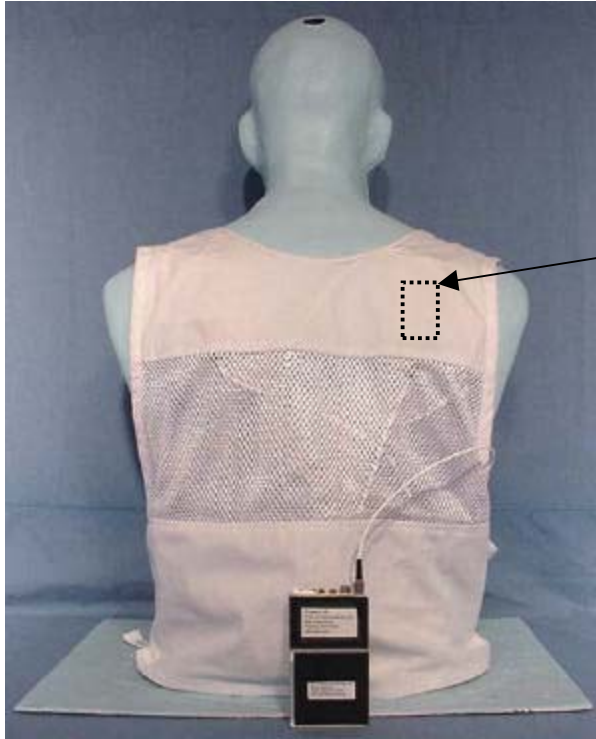
**Transmitter in Vest Pouch (Velcro Open)**



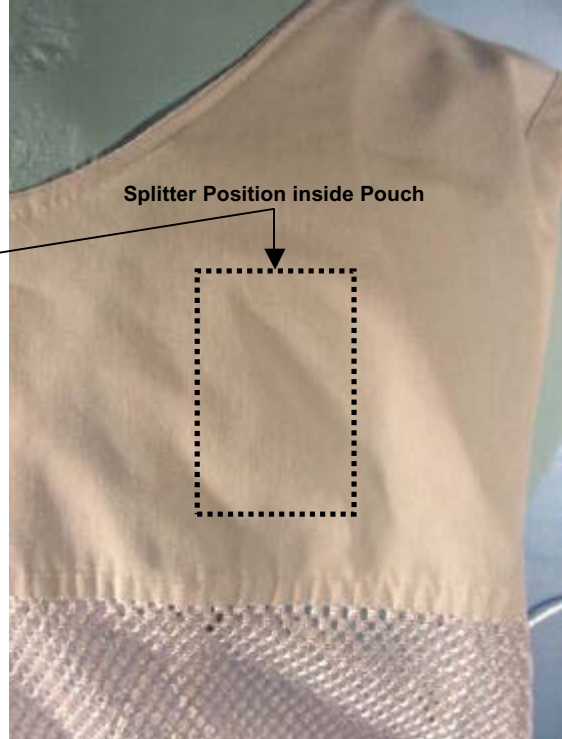
**Transmitter in Vest Pouch (Velcro Closed)**



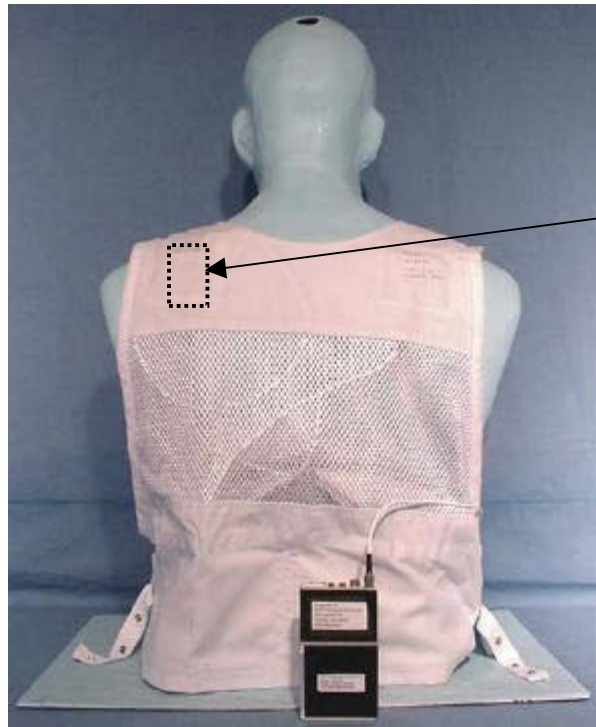
**EUT PHOTOGRAPHS**  
**Vest & Splitter**



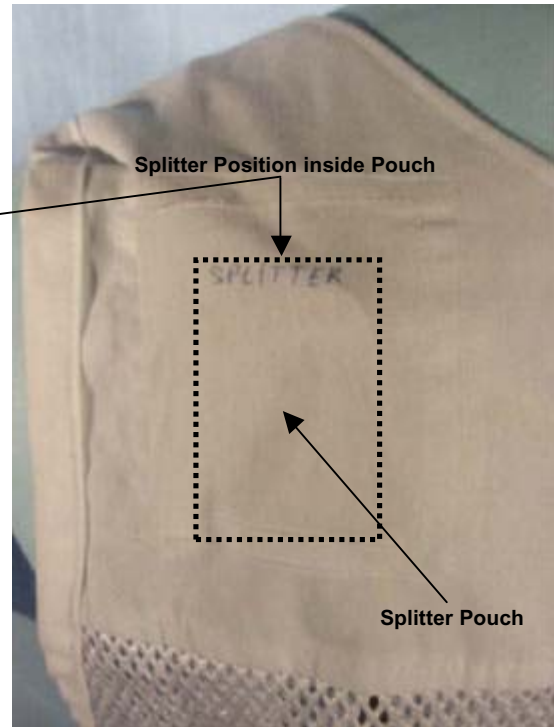
Outside Back of Vest - Splitter in Vest Pouch



Outside Back of Vest - Splitter in Vest Pouch

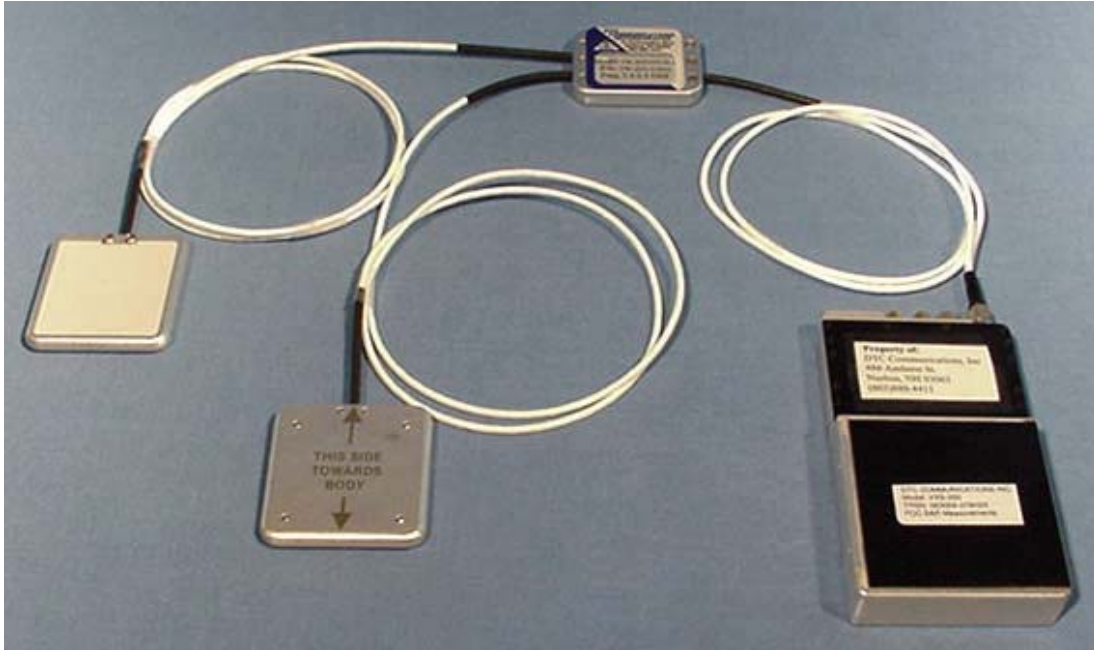


Inside Back of Vest - Splitter in Vest Pouch

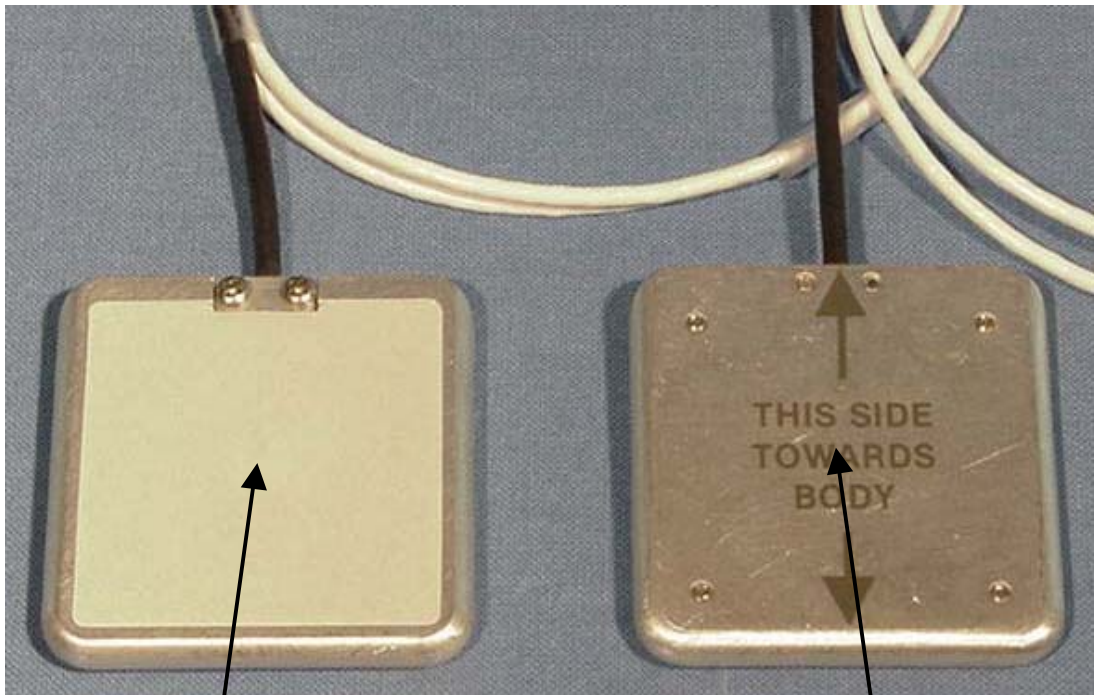


Inside Back of Vest - Splitter in Vest Pouch

### EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



**EUT: Transmitter, Splitter, & Dual Patch Antenna**

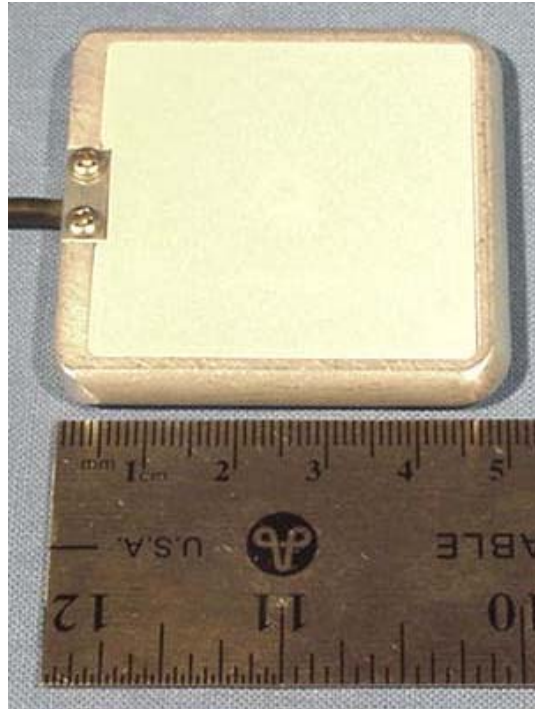
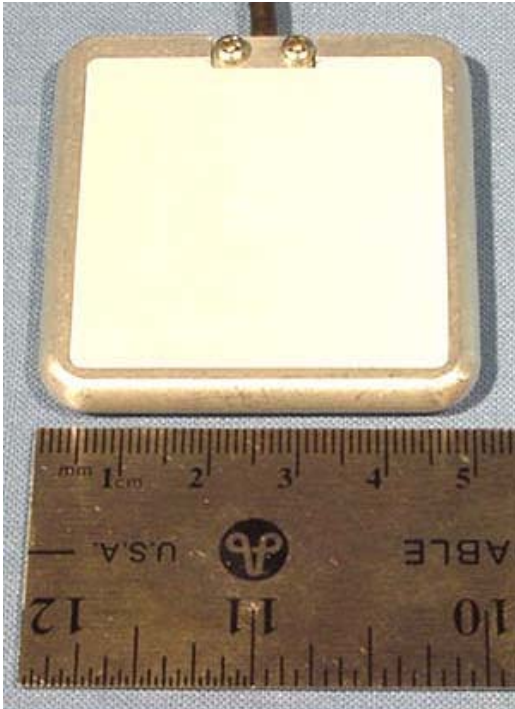


**Radiating Side**

**Dual Patch Antenna**

**Non-Radiating Side**

### EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Splitter Front Side



Splitter Back Side

### EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



Front of Transmitter



Back of Transmitter



Back of Transmitter with Lithium Batteries