# CLIMAX TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. No. 258, Sinhu 2nd Rd., Neihu District Taipei City 114 Taiwan ( R.O.C.)

Federal Communications Commission Authorization and Evaluation Division Equipment Authorization Branch 7435 Oakland Mills Road Columbia, MD 21046

# Applicant's declaration concerning RF Radiation Exposure

We hereby indicate that the product Product description: Home Security Gateway Model No: HSGWxx-xxxxx Series (x=0~9, A~Z or blank)

The equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. The integral antennas used for this transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter within the host device.

A safety statement concerning minimum separation distances from enclosure of the Product: Home Security Gateway will be integrated in the user's manual to provide end-users with transmitter operating conditions for satisfying RF exposure compliance.

The appropriate information can be drawn from the test report no: W6M22003-19782-C-1, W6M22003-19782-P-247 and the accompanying calculations.

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Date: 2020-05-15

Signature

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Registration number: W6M22003-19782-C-1

FCC ID: GX9HSGW3GDT32

# 3.2 Equivalent isotropic radiated power (EIRP)

FCC Rule: 15.247(b)(3)

EIRP = max. conducted output power + antenna gain EIRP = 14.01 dBm+ ( 4.33 dBi [antenna gain claimed by manufacturer]) = 18.34 dBm = 68.23 mW

# 3.3 Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation

# according to 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091

FCC OET Bulletin 65 Edition 97.01 determines the equations for predicting RF fields and applicable limits.

The prediction for power density in the far-field but will over-predict power density in the near field, where it could be used for walking a "worst case" or conservative prediction.

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 20 cm normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

### **MPE Calculation Method**

### (A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time $ E ^2$ , $ H ^2$ or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	$(900/f^2)*$	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			f/300	6
1500-100,000			5	6

### (B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/em <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time $ E ^2$ , $ H ^2$ or S (minutes)	
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30	
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	$(180/f^2)*$	30	
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30	
300-1500			f/1500	30	
1500-100,000			1.0	30	



Registration number: W6M22003-19782-C-1 FCC ID: GX9HSGW3GDT32 E = Electric field (V/m) P = output power (W) G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric) d = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m)The formula can be changed to

$$Pd = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2}$$
  
mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

Established separation distance is 20 cm.

Operating frequency band: 802.11b, g, n 20MHz: 2412-2462 MHz, 802.11n 40MHz: 2422-2452 MHz The product meets RF exposure requirement.

Because the power density of 0.0136 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> at 2412 MHz is below the power density limit of 1 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>.

Limits:

Limit for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure					
Frequency (MHz)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )				
1500 - 100.000	1.0				



Report Number: W6M22003-19782-P-24 FCC ID: GX9HSGW3GDT32

### **10 Maximum Permissible Exposure**

## **10.1** Applicable Standard

Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess limit for maximum permissible exposure. In accordance with 47 CFR FCC Part 2 Subpart J, section 2.1091 this device has been defined as a mobile device whereby a distance of 0.2 m normally can be maintained between the user and the device.

## 10.2 MPE Calculation Method

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time $ E ^2$ , $ H ^2$ or S (minutes)
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	(900/f <sup>2</sup> )*	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500			f/300	6
1500-100.000			5	6

#### (A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure

#### (B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time $ E ^2$ , $ H ^2$ or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	$(180/f^2)^*$	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz \*Plane-wave equivalent power density

E (V/m) • 
$$\frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$
 Power Density:  $Pd$  (W/m<sup>2</sup>) •  $\frac{E^2}{377}$ 

E = Electric field (V/m) P = output power (W) G = EUT Antenna numeric gain (numeric) d = Separation distance between radiator and human body (m) The formula can be changed to

$$Pd = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{377 \times d^2}$$



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Frequency	Max outp (dBm)	out power / (W)	Antenna Gain	Power Density(S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Test Result
GSM 850	33.71	2.35	-0.37	0.43	1.0	Complies
PCS 1900	29.28	0.85	1.02	0.21	1.0	Complies
WCDMA Band 2	23.97	0.25	1.02	0.06	1.0	Complies
WCDMA Band 5	24.56	0.29	-0.37	0.05	1.0	Complies

From the peak EUT RF output power, the minimum mobile separation distance, d=0.2 m, as well as the gain of the used antenna, the RF power density can be obtained.