

# CPE-0001 user manual

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## **Chapter 1. Introduction**

### **1.1 ProductDescription**

CPE-0001 Wireless Broadband Router supports IEEE 802.11b/g/n/ac standard, dual band, and Gigabit LAN and WAN, thus providing the wireless speed of 867Mbps in the 5GHz frequency band and 300Mbps in the 2.4GHz frequency band at the same time, which is 16 times faster than that of the traditional 11g access point. With its outstanding stability of high-speed wireless transmission and enhanced reliability, the CPE-0001 can provide users with excellent multimedia streaming through their mobile devices anywhere, anytime in the home and office.

## 1.2 Product Features

- **IEEE Compliant Wireless LAN and WiredLAN**
  - Compliant with IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n/ac dual band [2.4G (300Mbps) and 5G (867Mbps)] wireless
  - Equipped with 4x 10/100/1000Mbps Fast Ethernet ports and 1x 10/100/1000Mbps WAN ethernet port which supports auto MDI/MDI-X
- **Fixed Network BroadbandRouter**
  - Supports WAN connection types: DHCP, static IP, PPPoE
  - Supports DDNS and DHCP Servers
- **Mobile network**
  - Supports 2G/3G and LTE technology
  - Supports auto APN settings
- **Comprehensive Wireless Advanced Features**
  - Supports AP /client / repeater mode
  - Supports WMM(Wi-Fi Multimedia) and wireless QoS to enhance the efficiency of multimedia application
  - Supports multiple SSID
  - Supports TX and RX restrict
- Secure Network Connection**
  - Supports Wi-Fi Protected Setup(WPS)
  - Support WEP/WPA/WPA2 wireless security encryption
  - Supports NAT firewall, IP / URL-based access control and MAC address filtering
- **Advanced Networking Function for Specific Application**
  - Supports Bandwidth Control (QoS) based on different local IP addresses
  - Supports NTP, Port Forwarding, UPnP and DMZ for various networking applications
  - Supports USB storage(Samba)
- **Easy Installation and Management**
  - Web-based UI and Quick Setup Wizard for easy configuration
  - Remote Management allows configuration from a remote site
  - System status monitoring includes DHCP Client List and System Log

### 1.3 Product Specifications

<b>Model</b>	CPE-0001 1200Mbps 802.11ac Dual Band Wireless Gigabit Router	
<b>Hardware Specifications</b>		
<b>Interface</b>	WAN Port:	1 x 10/100/1000 Mbps auto MDI/MDI-X RJ45 port
	LAN Port:	4 x 10/100/1000 Mbps auto MDI/MDI-X RJ45 port (LAN1~4)
<b>Antenna</b>	Gain:	2x3dBi 2.4g/5G external antenna 2x3dBi LTE external antenna
<b>Button</b>	1 x reset button	
<b>LED Indicators</b>	POWR x 1 WAN x 1 LAN x 4 WLAN x 2 LTE Signal x 3 WPS x 1 vSIM x 1 LTE x 1	
<b>Material</b>	Plastic	
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	200 x 128 x 33 mm (W x D x H)	
<b>Weight</b>	322g	
<b>Power Requirement</b>	12V DC, 1.5A	
<b>Power Consumption</b>	10.6W	
<b>Wireless Interface Specifications</b>		
<b>Standard</b>	IEEE 802.11ac 5GHz IEEE 802.11a/n 5GHz IEEE 802.11b/g/n 2.4GHz	
<b>Frequency Band</b>	Simultaneous 2.4GHz and 5GHz	
<b>Modulation Type</b>	802.11ac: OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM / 256QAM) 802.11a/g/n: OFDM (BPSK / QPSK / 16QAM / 64QAM) 802.11b: DSSS (DBPSK / DQPSK / CCK)	
<b>Data Rates</b>	2.4GHz up to 300Mbps 5GHz up to 867Mbps	
<b>Channel</b>	2.4GHz FCC (America): 2.412~2.462GHz (11 Channels) ETSI (Europe): 2.412~2.472GHz (13 Channels)	
	5GHz 2412~2472MHz 5150~5250MHz 5250~5350MHz 5470~5725MHz 5725~5850MHz <b>*The actual channels in application will vary depending on the regulation in different regions and countries.</b>	

<b>Channel Width</b>	802.11ac: 20/40/80MHz 802.11n: 20/40MHz
<b>Max. RF Power / EIRP</b>	2.4GHz: <30dBm 5GHz: <30dBm
<b>Receive Sensitivity</b>	2.4GHz 11b (11Mbps): -79dBm 11g (54Mbps): -68dBm 11n (20M) mode: -67dBm 11n (40M) mode: -64dBm 5GHz 11a: -74dBm 11n (20M) mode: -70dBm 11n (40M) mode: -67dBm 11ac (20M) mode: -67dBm 11ac (40M) mode: -61dBm 11ac (80M) mode: -57dBm
<b>SSID</b>	2.4GHz: 1 Root SSID and 4 Guest SSID 5GHz: 1 Root SSID and 4 Guest SSID
<b>Wireless Management Features</b>	
<b>Encryption Security</b>	WEP WPA/WPA2 personal mixed mode
<b>Wireless Security</b>	Wireless ACL MAC address filtering Supports WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup )
<b>Max. Supported Clients</b>	2.4GHz wireless: 32 5GHz wireless: 32
<b>Wireless Extender</b>	Supports repeater
<b>Router Features</b>	
<b>Internet Connection Type</b>	Shares data and Internet access for users, supporting the following Internet accesses: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ 2G/3G/LTE Mobile network</li> <li>■ ETH Router mode</li> </ul> ->DHCP ->Static IP ->PPPoE
<b>Firewall</b>	NAT firewall, SPI firewall Built-in NAT server which supports Port Forwarding and DMZ Built-in firewall with URL filtering, and MAC address filtering
<b>LAN</b>	Built-in DHCP server supporting static IP address distribution Supports packet statistics
<b>USB Sharing</b>	Samba
<b>3G&amp;LTE</b>	Supports 3G or LTE technology Supports auto and manual APN settings Supports Fail-Over backup
	Web-based (HTTP) management interface

<b>System Management</b>	Remote management (WAN Access Control)
	Supports UPnP, DDNS
	SNTP synchronization
	System log
<b>Standards Conformance</b>	
<b>IEEE Standards</b>	IEEE 802.11n (2T2R, up to 300Mbps) IEEE 802.11g IEEE 802.11b IEEE 802.11i IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-TX
<b>Other Protocols and Standards</b>	TCP/IP, DHCP, ICMP, NAT, PPPoE, SNTP
<b>Regulatory</b>	CE, RoHS, WEEE
<b>Environment</b>	
<b>Temperature</b>	Operating: 0 ~ 40 degrees C Storage: -40 ~ 70 degrees C
<b>Humidity</b>	Operating: 10 ~ 90% (non-condensing) Storage: 5 ~ 95% (non-condensing)

## Chapter 2. Hardware Installation

Please follow the instructions below to connect the CPE-0001 to the existing network devices and your computers.

### 2.1 Hardware Description

**Dimensions:** 200 x 128 x 33 mm (W x D x H)

**Diagram:**



Figure 2-1





Figure 2-2

## 2.1.1 Front LED

The front LED provides a simple interface monitoring the router. [Figure 2-1-1](#) shows the front LED of the CPE-0001.

### Front LED



Figure 2-1-1 CPE-0001 Top View

## 2.1.2 LED Indications

The LEDs on the front panel indicate instant status of port links, wireless data activity, system power, LTE, USB and WPS, and help monitor and troubleshoot when needed. [Figure 2-1-1](#) and [Table 2-1](#) show the LED indications of the Wireless Router.

LED	STATE	FUNCTION
POWER	On	Device power on
	Off	Device power off
2.4G	On	The 2.4GHz Wi-Fi is activated.
	Flash	Device is transmitting data wirelessly over 2.4GHz.
	Off	The 2.4GHz Wi-Fi is disabled.
5.8G	On	The 5.8GHz Wi-Fi is activated.
	Flash	Device is transmitting data wirelessly over 5.8GHz.
	Off	The 5.8GHz Wi-Fi is disabled.
LTE	On	LTE is connected
	Flash	LTE is connecting to the internet
	Off	Both SIM not working
LAN1-4	On	Link is established.
	Flash	Packets are transmitting or receiving.
	Off	LAN port is not connected.
WAN	On	Link is established.
	Flash	Packets are transmitting or receiving.
	Off	WAN port is not connected.
Signal LED	1 LED	LTE signal is weak
	2 LED	LTE signal is fine
	3 LED	LTE signal is good
VSIM Indicator	On	VSIM works fine
	Off	VSIM doesn't work(out of service)
WPS LED	Flash	WPS is triggered
	Off	WPS is connected or disable

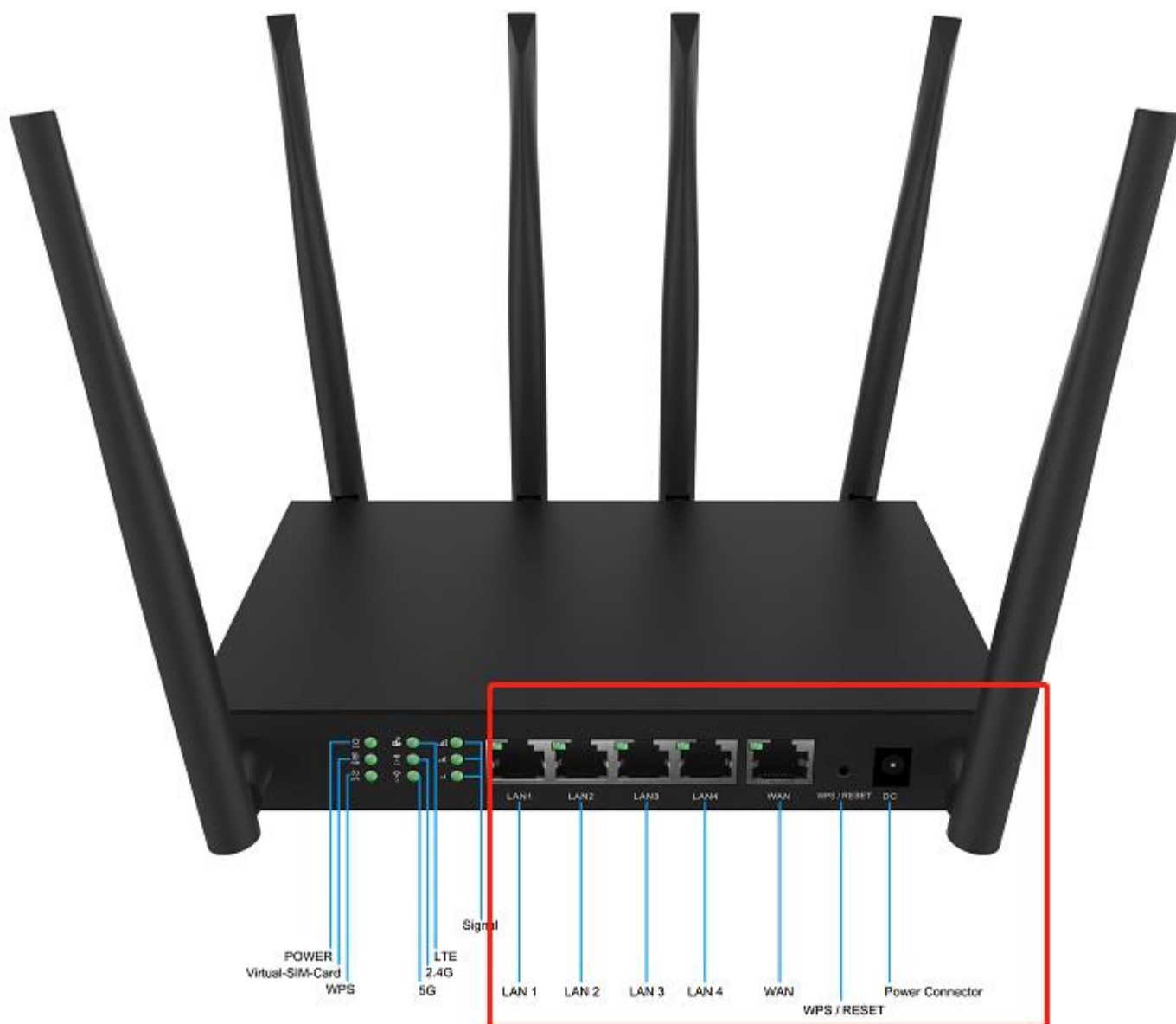
Table 2-1 LED Indications

### 2.1.3 RearPanel

The rear panel provides the physical connectors connected to the power adapter and any other network device.

[Figure 2-1-3](#) shows the rear panel of the CPE-0001.

**Rear Panel**



**Figure 2-1-3** Rear Panel of the CPE-0001

Interface	Description
<b>Reset/WPS</b>	Press it gently for 5 seconds and then release it. The system restores to the factory default settings.Press it will enable WPS functiont
<b>WAN</b>	Connect to the Cable/xDSL Modem or the Ethernet
<b>LAN1-4</b>	Connect to the user's PC or network devices
<b>Power</b>	Connect to the power adapter provided in the package

**Table 2-2** Interface Indications

## Chapter 3. Connecting to the Router

### 3.1 System Requirements

- Broadband Internet Access Service (Cable/xDSL/Ethernet connection)
- One Cable/xDSL Modem that has an RJ45 connector (not necessary if the Router is connected directly to the Ethernet.)
- PCs with a working Ethernet Adapter and an Ethernet cable with RJ45 connectors
- PC subscribers use Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows 7/8/10, MAC OS 9 or later, or Linux, UNIX or other platforms compatible with **TCP/IP** protocols
- The above PC is installed with a Web browser



1. The Router in the following instructions means CPE-0001.
2. It is recommended to use Internet Explorer 7.0 or above to access the Router.

### 3.2 Installing the Router

Before installing the Router, make sure your PC is connected to the Internet through the broadband service successfully at this moment. If there is any problem, please contact your local ISP. After that, please install the Router according to the following steps. Don't forget to pull out the power plug and keep your hands dry.

**Step 1.** Power off your PC, Cable/xDSL Modem and the Router.

**Step 2.** Locate an optimum location for the Router. The best place is usually at the center of your wireless network.

**Step 3.** Connect the PC or Switch/Hub in your LAN to the LAN Ports of the Router with Ethernet cable

**Step 4.** Connect the power adapter to the power socket on the Router, and the other end into an electrical outlet. Then power on the Router.

**Step 5.** Power on your PC and Cable/xDSLModem.

## Chapter 4. Quick Installation Guide

This chapter will show you how to configure the basic functions of your Wireless Router using **Quick Setup** within minutes.



A computer with wired Ethernet connection to the Wireless Router is required for the first-time configuration.

### 4.1 Manual Network Setup - TCP/IP Configuration

The default IP address of the Wireless Router is **192.168.0.1** and the default Subnet Mask is **255.255.255.0**. These values can be changed as you desire in the web UI of the Wireless Router. In this section, we use all the default values for description.

Whether the Wireless Router is configured via wired or wireless connection, the PC needs to be assigned an IP address first. Before you connect the local PC to the Wireless Router via wired or wireless connection, please configure the IP address for your PC in the following two ways first.

- **Obtaining an IP address automatically**
- **Configuring the IP address manually**

In the following sections, we'll introduce how to install and configure the TCP/IP correctly in **Windows 7**. And the procedures in other operating systems are similar. First, make sure your Ethernet Adapter is working, and refer to the Ethernet adapter's manual if needed.

#### 4.1.1 Obtaining an IP Address Automatically

##### Summary:

1. Set up the TCP/IP Protocol in "**Obtain an IP address automatically**" mode on your PC.
2. Then the Wireless Router built-in DHCP server will assign IP address to the PC automatically.

If you are sure the DHCP server of Wireless Router is enabled, you can set up the TCP/IP Protocol in "**Obtain an IP address automatically**" mode on your PC. And then the Wireless Router built-in DHCP server will assign an IP address to the PC automatically.

#### 1. Installing TCP/IP Component

- 1) On the Windows taskbar, click the **Start** button, point to **Control Panel**, and then click it.

2) Under the **Network and Internet** icon, click on the **View network status and tasks**. And then click **Change adapter settings**.

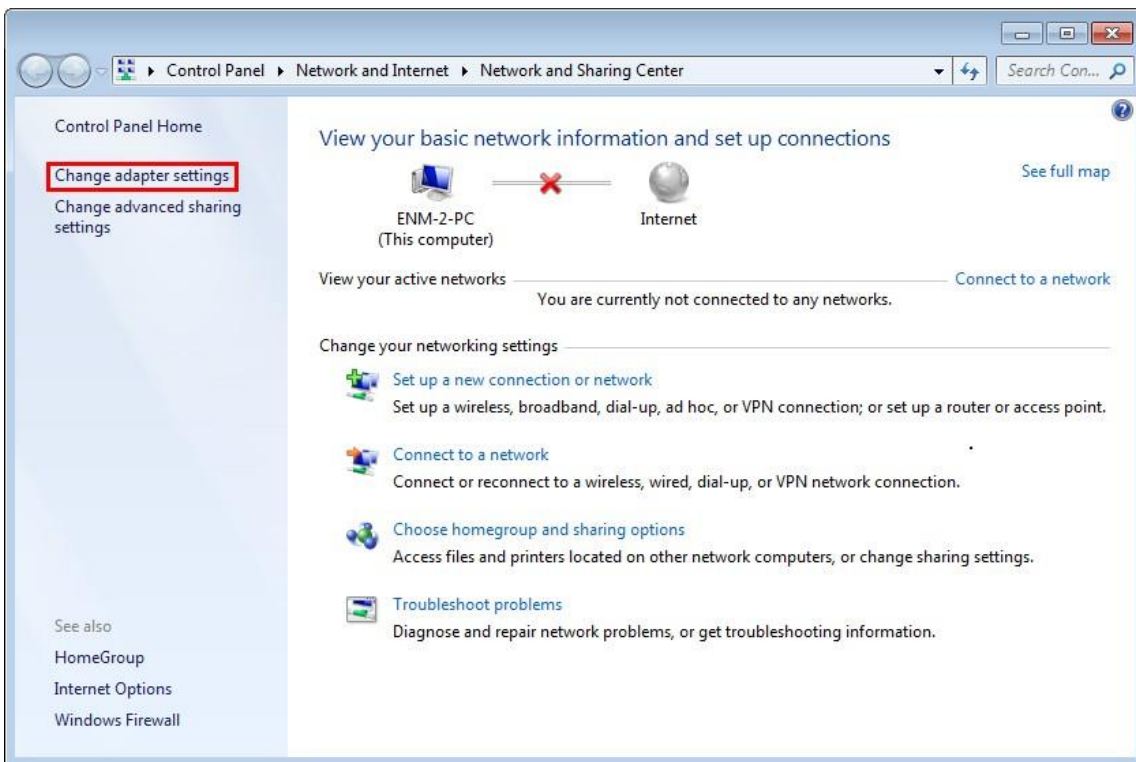


Figure 4-1 Change Adapter Settings

3) Right-click on the **Wireless Network Connection**, and select **Properties** in the appearing window.

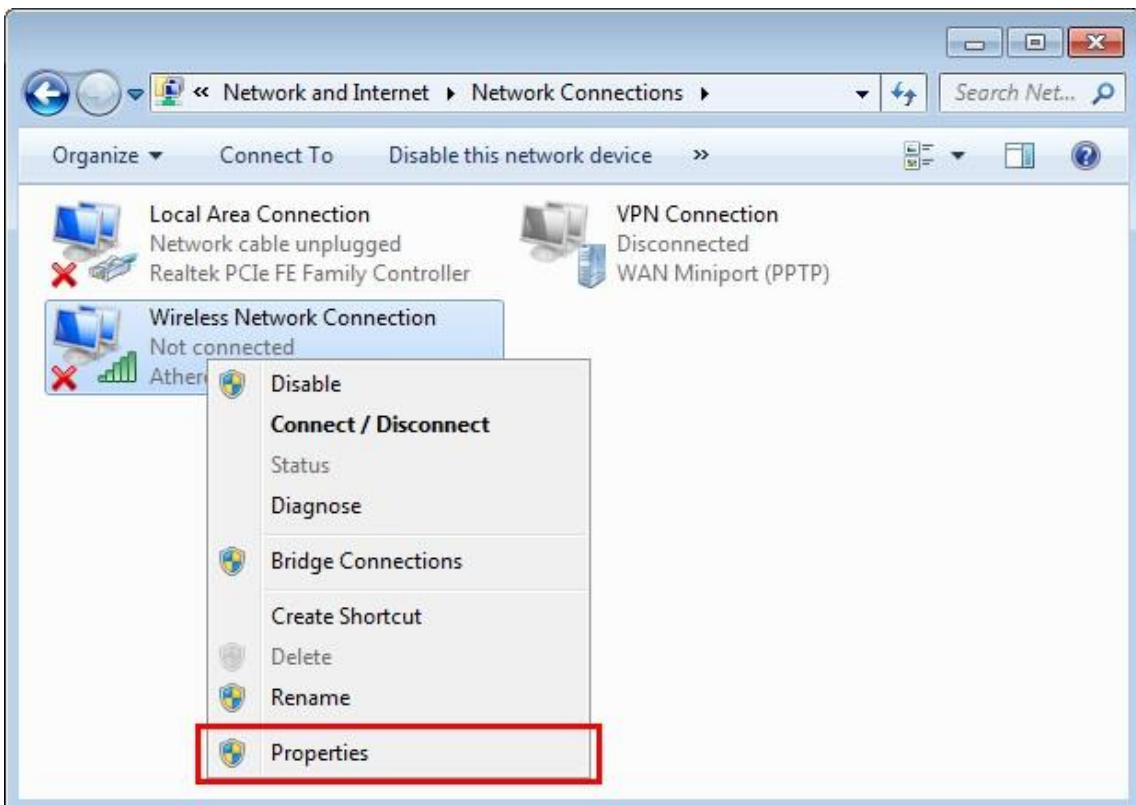


Figure 4-2 Network Connection Properties



- 4) In the prompt window shown below, double-click on the **Internet Protocol Version 4(TCP/IPv4)**.

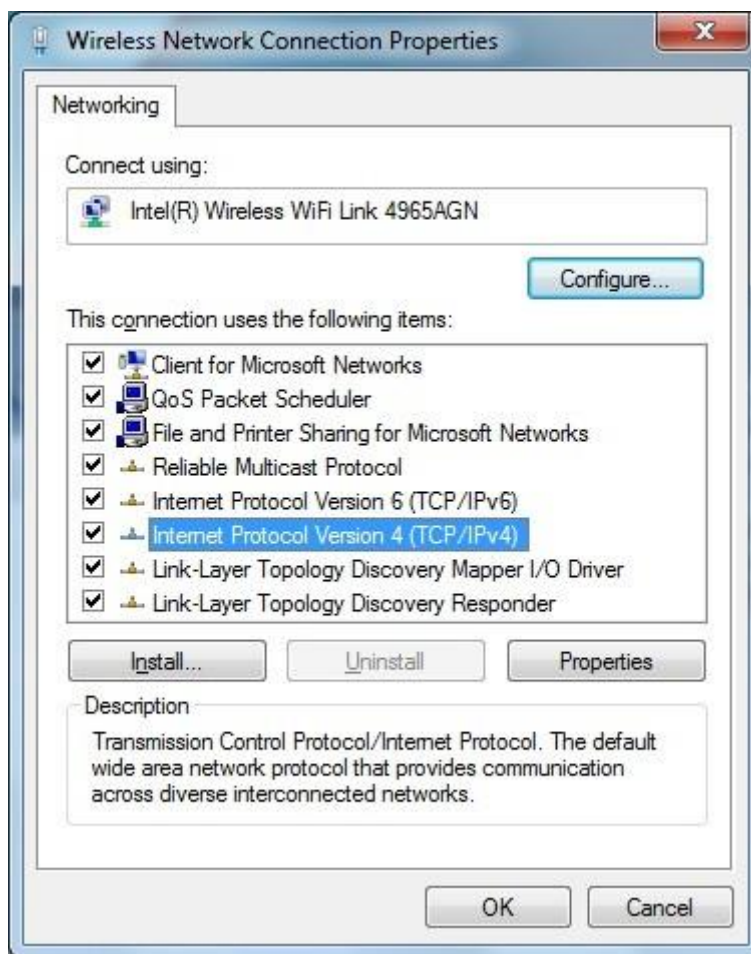


Figure 4-3 TCP/IP Setting

- 5) Choose **Obtain an IP address automatically**, and **Obtain DNS server address automatically** as shown in the figure below. Then click **OK** to save your settings.

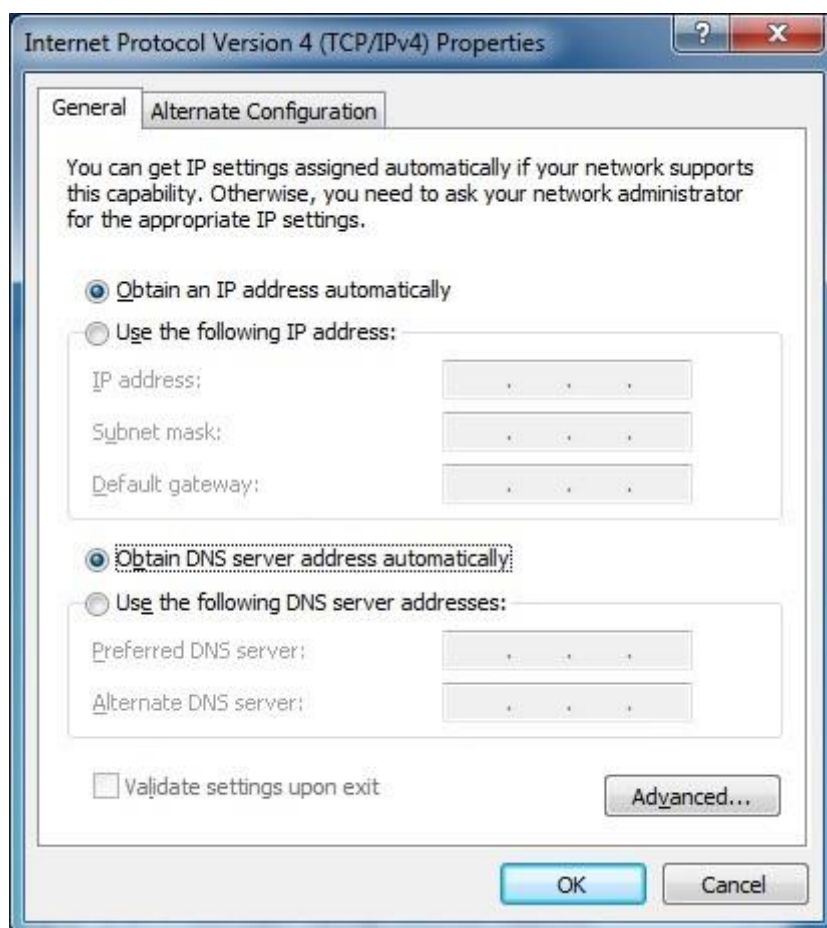


Figure 4-4 Obtain an IP Address Automatically

## 4.1.2 Configuring the IP Address Manually

Summary:

- Set up the TCP/IP Protocol for your PC.
- Configure the network parameters. The IP address is **192.168.0.xxx** ("xxx" is any number from 2 to 254), Subnet Mask is **255.255.255.0**, and Gateway is **192.168.0.1** (The Router's default IP address)

If you are sure the DHCP server of Wireless Router is disabled, you can configure the IP address manually. The IP address of your PC should be 192.168.0.xxx (the same subnet of the IP address of the Wireless Router, and "xxx" is any number from 2 to 254), Subnet Mask is 255.255.255.0, and the Gateway is 192.168.0.1 (The default IP address of the Wireless Router)

1) Continue the settings from the last figure. Select **Use the following IP address** radio button.

2) If the LAN IP address of the Wireless Router is 192.168.0.1, enter IP address 192.168.0.x (x is from 2 to 254), and Subnet mask 255.255.255.0

3) Enter the LAN IP address of the Wireless Router (the default IP is 192.168.0.1) into the default gateway field.

4) Select **Use the following DNS server addresses** radio button. In the preferred DNS Server field, you can enter the DNS server IP address provided by your local ISP. Then click OK to save your settings.

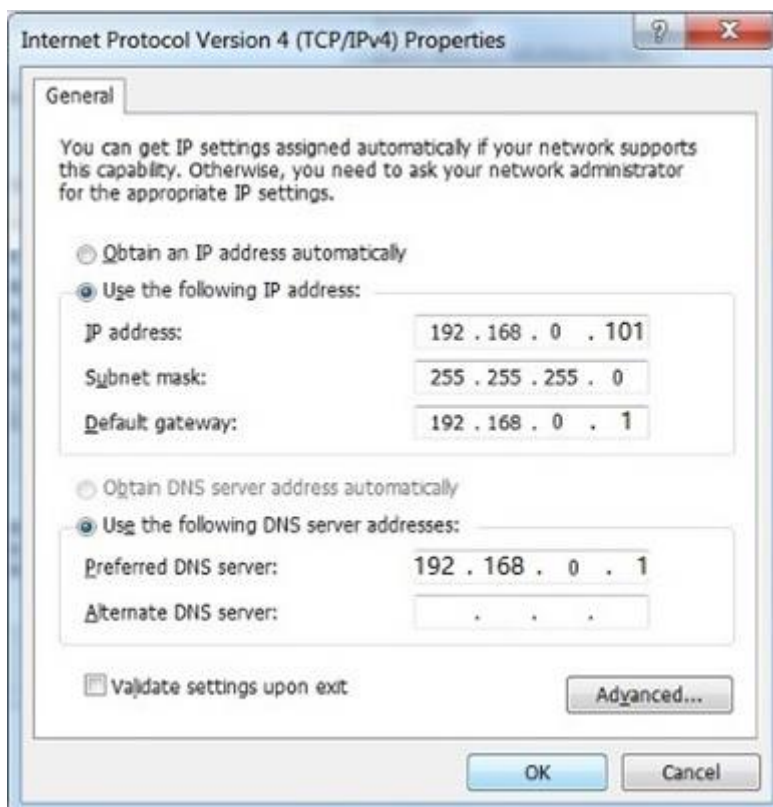


Figure 4-5 IP and DNS Server Addresses

Now, you can run the Ping command in the **command prompt** to verify the network connection between your PC and the Router. The following example is in **Windows 7 OS**. Please follow the steps below:

1. Click on **Start**
2. Type "**cmd**" in the Searchbox.

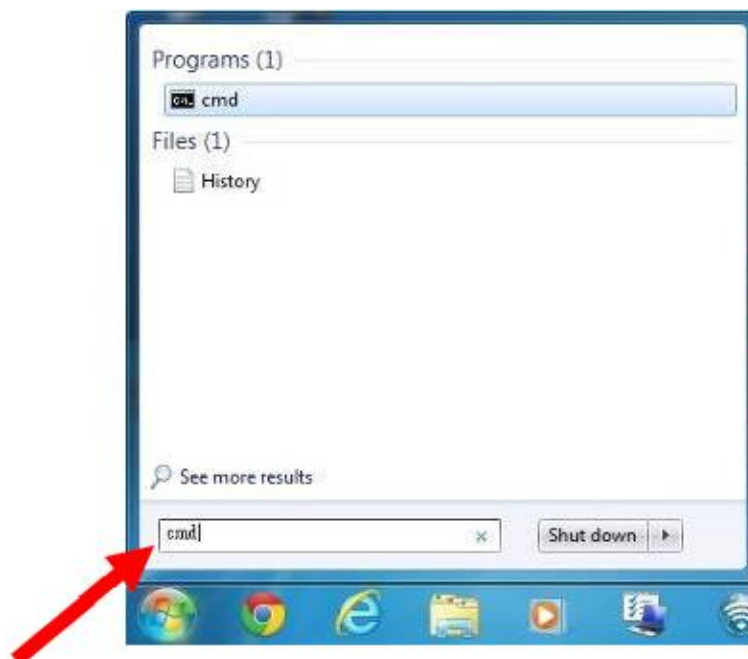


Figure 4-6

3. Open a command prompt, and type ping **192.168.0.1**, and then press **Enter**.
  - If the result displayed is similar to [Figure 4-7](#), it means the connection between your PC and the Router has been established well.

```
C:\Users\lenovo>ping 192.168.0.1

Pinging 192.168.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64
Reply from 192.168.0.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64

Ping statistics for 192.168.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\Users\lenovo>
```

**Figure 4-7** Successful Ping Command

- If the result displayed is similar to [Figure 4-8](#), it means the connection between your PC and the Router has failed.

```
C:\Users\lenovo>ping 192.168.0.1

Pinging 192.168.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.

Ping statistics for 192.168.0.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

C:\Users\lenovo>
```

**Figure 4-8** Failed Ping Command

If the address is 0.0.0.0, check your adapter installation, security settings, and the settings on your router. Some firewall software programs may block a DHCP request on newly installed adapters.

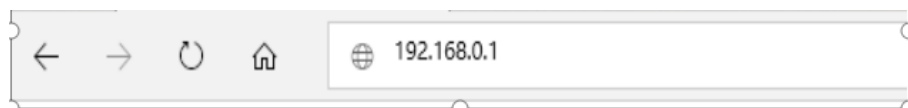


If the Router's IP address is 192.168.0.1, your PC's IP address must be within the range of 192.168.0.2 ~ 192.168.0.254.

## 4.2 Starting Setup in the Web UI

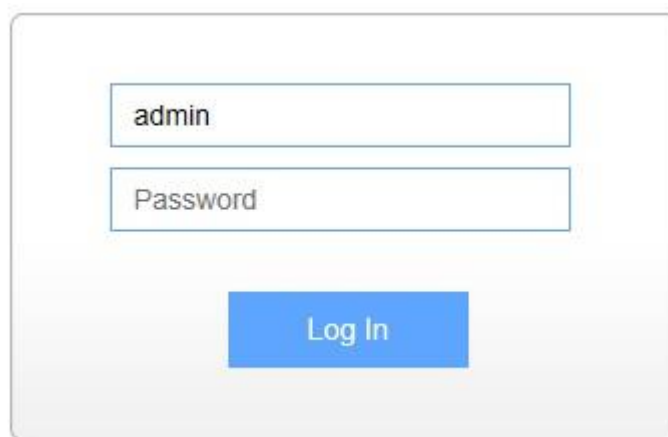
It is easy to configure and manage the CPE-0001 with the web browser.

**Step1.** To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser and enter the default IP address <http://192.168.0.1> in the web address field of the browser.



**Figure 4-9** Login the Router

After a moment, a login window will appear. Enter **admin** for the User Name and Password, both in lower case letters. Then click the **Log In** button or press the **Enter** key.

A screenshot of a login window. It features two text input fields. The first field contains the text "admin". The second field is labeled "Password". Below the input fields is a blue button with the text "Log In" in white.

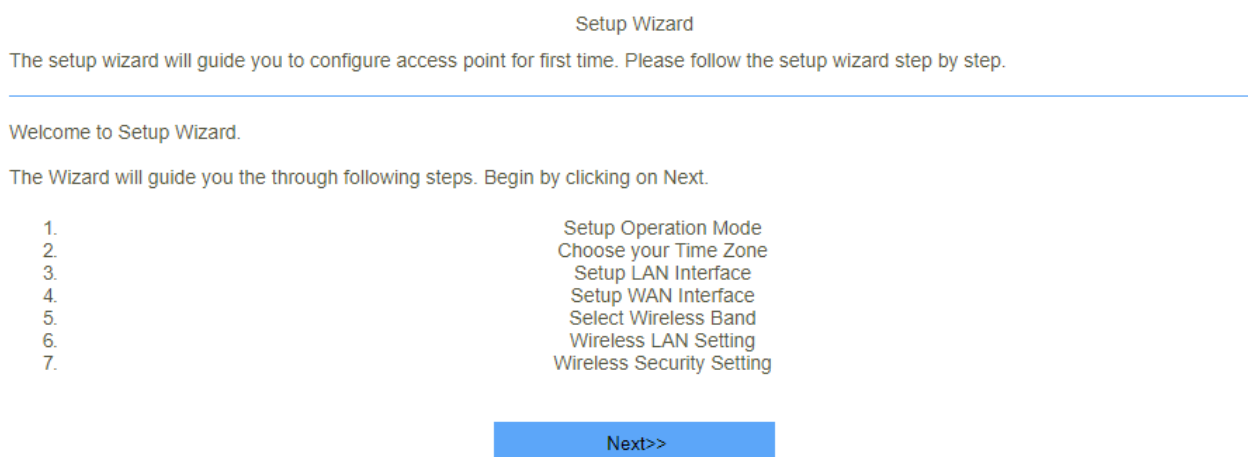
**Figure 4-10** Login Window

Default IP Address: **192.168.0.1**

Default User Name: **admin**

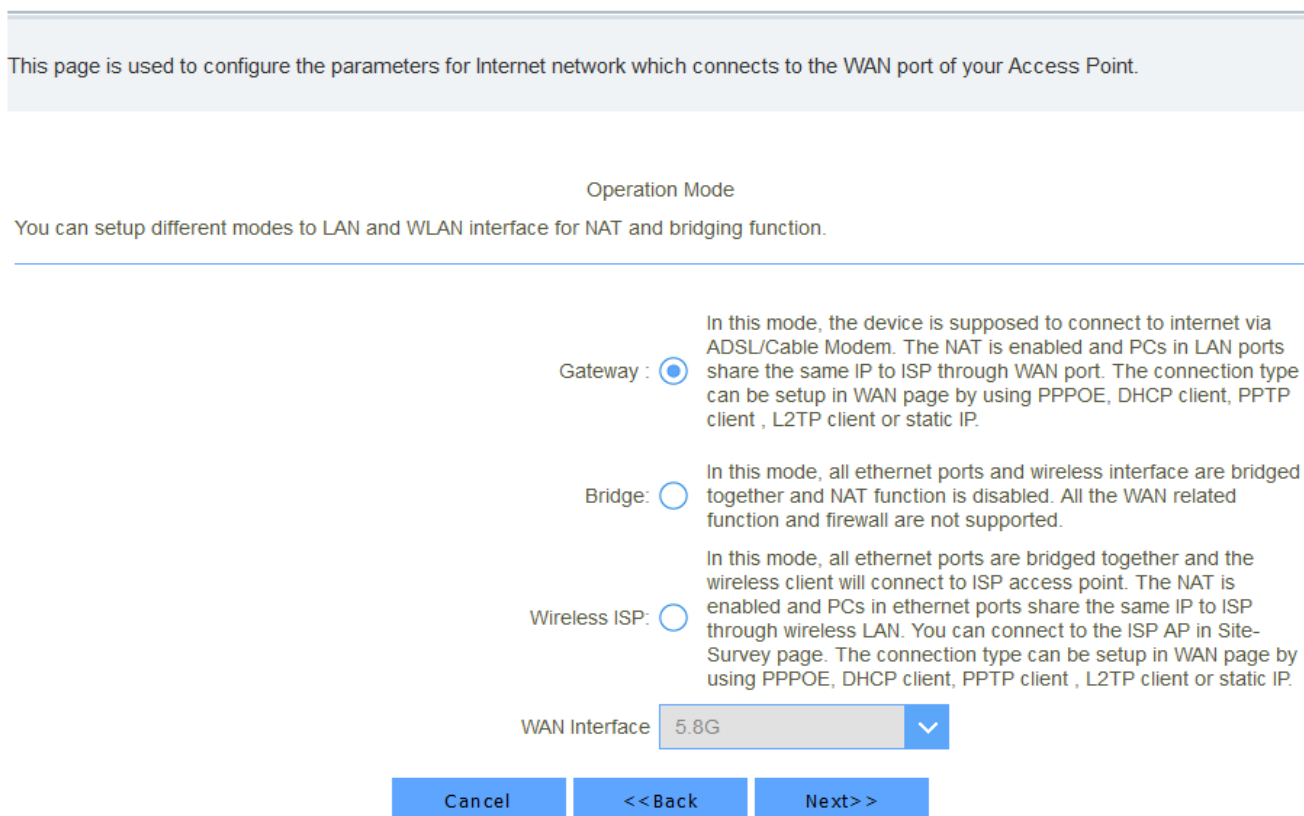
Default Password: **admin**

After entering the user name and password, click the red “X”, the **Wizard Setup** page screen appears as [Figure 4-11](#).



**Figure 4-11** CPE-0001 Web UI Screenshot

**Step2.** Choose “Next” and you can configure the router Operation Mode by yourself.



**Figure 4-12** Configure the Operation Mode.

**Step3.** Choose “Next” and you can configure the Time Zone Setting.

## Time Zone Setting

You can maintain the system time by synchronizing with a public time server over the Internet.

---

Enable NTP client update:

Automatically Adjust Daylight Saving:

Time Zone Select : (GMT+04:00)Abu Dhabi, Muscat

NTP server : 131.188.3.220 - Europe

**Figure 4-13** Configure the Time Zone Setting.

**Step4.** Choose “Next” and you can configure the LAN Interface Setup.

## LAN Interface Setup

This page is used to configure the parameters for local area network which connects to the LAN port of your Access Point. Here you may change the setting for IP address, subnet mask, DHCP, etc.

---

IP Address: 192.168.0.1

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

**Figure 4-14** Configure LAN Interface Setup.

**Step5.** Choose “Next” and you can configure the WAN Interface Setup.

## WAN Interface Setup

---

WAN Access Type: DHCP Client

**Figure 4-15** Configure WAN Interface setup.

**Step6.** Choose “Next” and you can configure the Wi-Fi Interface Setup.

Wireless Band: 2.4G+5G Concurrent

Cancel <<Back Next>>

Figure 4-16 Configure Wi-Fi Interface setup.

**Step 7.** Please enter the **Wi-Fi Settings**. Then click **Next** button for Wi-Fi security setup and finished.

Wireless 5GHz Basic Settings  
 This page is used to configure the parameters for wireless LAN clients which may connect to your Access Point. Here you may change wireless encryption settings as well as wireless network parameters.

Band: 5 GHz (A+N+AC)

Mode: AP

Network Type: Infrastructure

SSID: dlink-5g-3266

Channel Width: 80MHz

Channel Number: Auto

Enable Mac Clone (Single Ethernet Client):

Add to Profile:

Cancel <<Back Next>>

Figure 4-17 Wi-Fi Settings

Wireless 5GHz Security Setup  
 This page allows you setup the wireless security. Turn on WEP or WPA by using Encryption Keys could prevent any unauthorized access to your wireless network.

Encryption: WPA Mixed

Pre-Shared Key Format: Passphrase

Pre-Shared Key: abjkh65425

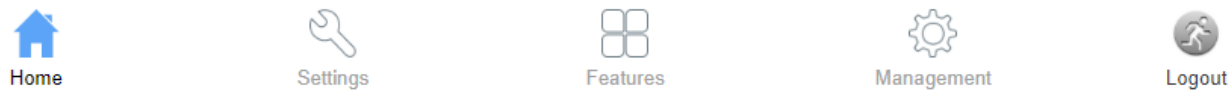
Cancel <<Back Next

Figure 4-18 Wi-Fi Security Settings



# Chapter 5. Configuring the Router

This chapter delivers a detailed presentation of router’s functions and features under 4 main menus shown below, allowing you to manage the router with ease.



## Internet

	IPv4	IPv6	Mobile network
MAC Address	Connection Type	Network Status	Connection Uptime
f4:8c:eb:93:26:6f		Disconnected	
IP Address	Default Gateway	Primary DNS Server	Secondary DNS Server
Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Figure 5-1 Router’s Functions

## 5.1 Home

### 5.1.1 Internet

#### Internet

IPv4	<u>IPv6</u>	<u>Mobile network</u>	
MAC Address f4:8c:eb:93:26:6f	Connection Type	Network Status Disconnected	Connection Uptime
IP Address Not Available	Default Gateway Not Available	Primary DNS Server Not Available	Secondary DNS Server Not Available

Figure 5-1-1 Router IPv4 Status

#### Internet

<u>IPv4</u>	IPv6	<u>Mobile network</u>	
MAC Address f4:8c:eb:93:26:6f	Connection Type DHCPv6	Network Status Disconnected	Connection Uptime
WAN IPv6 Address Not Available	Default Gateway Not Available	Primary DNS Server Not Available	Secondary DNS Server Not Available

Figure 5-1-2 Router IPv6 Status

#### Internet


<u>IPv4</u>	<u>IPv6</u>	<u>Mobile network</u>	
Signal Intensity 	Network Provider	Network Status Disconnected	Connection Uptime
IP Address Not Available	Default Gateway Not Available	Primary DNS Server Not Available	Secondary DNS Server Not Available
IMEI 860425040413369	Net Type		

Figure 5-1-3 Router Mobile network Status

### 5.1.2 CPE-0001

On this page, you can view information about the current LAN and Wi-Fi status of the CPE-0001.

## DWR-M960

IPv4 Network		IPv6 Network	
MAC Address:	f4:8c:eb:99:32:66	Link-Local Address:	fe80::1
Router IP Address:	192.168.0.1	Router IPv6 Address:	Not Available
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0		

System		CPU	
Uptime:	0 Day 0:10:52	CPU Usage:	16.29%
Build Time:	Sun Feb 24 14:41:01 CST 2019	Memory (Free/Total):	76768/103344

Wi-Fi 2.4GHz		Wi-Fi 5GHz	
Status:	Up	Status:	Up
Wi-Fi Name (SSID):	dlink-2g-3266	Wi-Fi Name (SSID):	dlink-5g-3266
Encryption:	WPA2 Mixed	Encryption:	WPA2 Mixed
BSSID:	f4:8c:eb:93:26:68	BSSID:	f4:8c:eb:93:26:60

Figure 5-1-4CPE-0001 Info

## 5.1.3 ConnectedClients

This page shows the IP addresses and host names of all the PCs in your network

## Connected Clients

IP Address	MAC Address
192.168.0.2	08:57:00:ec:32:71

Figure 5-1-5 Connected Clients

## 5.2 Settings

### 5.2.1 WAN

On this page, you can configure the parameters of the WAN interface.

This page is used to configure the parameters for Internet network which connects to the WAN port of your Access Point. Here you may change the access method to static IP, DHCP, PPPoE by click the item value of WAN Access type.

IPv4      IPv6      Status

Connect name:  ▼

Enable:

WAN Access Type:  ▼

MTU:  (1280-1500 bytes)

Enable VLAN:

**Figure 5-2-1 WAN**

#### 5.2.1.1. IPv4

There are four wan connection can be use, each wan connection can be configured as difference mode, such as DHCP router mode, PPPoE router mode, Static router mode, and each wan connection can be configured to have VLAN tag, this will more helpful for user to meet different environment usage.

#### **DHCP**

Choose “**DHCP**” and the router will automatically obtain IP addresses, subnet masks and gateway addresses from your ISP.

Connect name:

Enable:

WAN Access Type:

MTU:  (1280-1500 bytes)

Enable VLAN:

Figure 5-2-2 DHCP

Object	Description
MTU	You can keep the maximum transmission unit (MTU) as default.
VLAN ID	Enter the VLAN ID value provided by your ISP.
WAN Type	From this feature, user can distinguish different services.

## StaticIP

If your ISP offers you static IP Internet connection type, select "**Static IP**" and then enter IP address, subnet mask, primary DNS and secondary DNS information provided by your ISP in the corresponding fields.

Connect name:

Enable:

WAN Access Type:

IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

Default Gateway:

MTU:  (1400-1500 bytes)

DNS 1:

DNS 2:

Enable VLAN:

Figure 5-2-3 Static IP

Object	Description
<b>IP Address</b>	Enter the WAN IP address provided by your ISP. Inquire your ISP if you are not clear.
<b>Subnet Mask</b>	Enter WAN Subnet Mask provided by your ISP.
<b>Default Gateway</b>	Enter the WAN Gateway address provided by your ISP.
<b>DNS 1</b>	Enter the necessary DNS address provided by your ISP.
<b>DNS 2</b>	Enter the other DNS address if your ISP provides you with 2 such addresses, and it is optional.
<b>MTU</b>	You can keep the maximum transmission unit (MTU) as default.
<b>VLAN ID</b>	Enter the VLAN ID value provided by your ISP.
<b>WAN Type</b>	From this feature, user can distinguish different services.

## PPPoE

Select PPPoE, if your ISP is using a PPPoE connection and provide you with PPPoE user name and password information.

Connect name:

Enable:

WAN Access Type:

User Name:

Password:

Service Name:

MTU:  (1360-1492 bytes)

Connection Type:

Enable VLAN:

**Figure 5-2-4 PPPoE**

Object	Description
<b>Username</b>	Enter the User Name provided by your ISP.
<b>Password</b>	Enter the password provided by your ISP.
<b>VLAN ID</b>	Enter the VLAN ID value provided by your ISP.
<b>WAN Type</b>	From this feature, user can distinguish different services.
<b>Service Name</b>	Type the name of this router.
<b>MTU</b>	You can keep the maximum transmission unit (MTU) as default.
<b>Connection Type</b>	Select "Continuous", "Connect on Demand" or "Manual".

### 5.2.1.2. IPv6

You can config IPv6 in this page. It's support 3 kinds of IPv6 origin types.

Enable IPv6:

Origin Type:

---

IP Address:  :  :  :  :  :  :  :  /

Default Gateway:  :  :  :  :  :  :  :  /

DNS:  :  :  :  :  :  :  :  /

---

Enable MLD Proxy:

**Figure 5-2-5 IPv6 Static**

Object	Description
<b>Origin Type</b>	Current origin type STATIC.
<b>IP Address</b>	WAN IPv6 address.
<b>Default Gateway</b>	WAN IPv6 default gateway.
<b>DNS</b>	WAN IPv6 DNS.
<b>Enable MLD Proxy</b>	Enable or disable MLD.

Enable IPv6:

Origin Type:

---

Address Mode:

DUID: 0003000100e04c8196c9

PD Enable:

Rapid-commit Enable:

DNS:  :  :  :  :  :  :  :  /

---

Enable MLD Proxy:

Figure 5-2-6 IPv6 auto

Object	Description
Origin Type	Current origin type AUTO.
Address Mode	WAN IPv6 address mode, including stateless and stateful address mode.
PD Enable	WAN IPv6 prefix delegation.
Rapid-commit Enable	Rapid commit switch.
DNS	WAN IPv6 DNS.
Enable MLD Proxy	Enable or disable MLD.

Enable IPv6:

Origin Type:

---

6RD IPv6 Prefix:  :  :  :  :  :  :  :  /

WAN IPv4 Address:  /

6RD Border Relay IPv4 Address:

DNS:  :  :  :  :  :  :  :  /

---

Enable MLD Proxy:

Figure 5-2-7 IPv6 6RD



Object	Description
Origin Type	Current origin type 6RD.
6RD IPv6 Prefix	WAN IPv6 prefix delegation
WAN IPv4 Address	WAN IPv4 address.
6RD Border Relay IPv4 Address	Border Relay IPv4 Address.
DNS	WAN IPv6 DNS.
Enable MLD Proxy	Enable or disable MLD.

### 5.2.1.3. Status

This page will show all the status of the wan connections.

IPv4		IPv6			Status		
Connect name	Enable	Type	Vlan ID	Status	IP Address	Gateway	DNS
WAN1	Disabled						
WAN2	Disabled						
WAN3	Disabled						
WAN4	Disabled						

Figure 5-2-8 Status

## 5.2.2 Mobile network

### 5.2.2.1. Basic Settings

This page is used to configure the parameters for Internet network which 3G or LTE.

This page is used to switch between physical sim card and virtual sim card.

Basic Settings

SIM TYPE:  ▼

Figure 5-2-9 Mobile network

Object	Description
SIM TYPE	Switch sim type between physical sim and virtual sim

### 5.2.3 Operation Mode

You can setup different modes to LAN and WLAN interface for NAT and bridging function.

Gateway:  In this mode, the device is supposed to connect to internet via ADSL/Cable Modem. The NAT is enabled and PCs in LAN ports share the same IP to ISP through WAN port. The connection type can be setup in WAN page by using PPPOE, DHCP client, PPTP client, L2TP client or static IP.

Bridge mode:  In this mode, all ethernet ports and wireless interface are bridged together and NAT function is disabled. All the WAN related function and firewall are not supported.

Wireless ISP:  In this mode, all ethernet ports are bridged together and the wireless client will connect to ISP access point. The NAT is enabled and PCs in ethernet ports share the same IP to ISP through wireless LAN. You can connect to the ISP AP in Site-Survey page. The connection type can be setup in WAN page by using PPPOE, DHCP client, PPTP client, L2TP client or static IP.

WAN Interface: 5.8G

Figure 5-2-16 Operation Mode

5.2.4 Wi-Fi  
5.2.4.1. Wi-Fi

WLAN interface: 2.4G

Disable Wireless LAN Interface:

Country or Region: UNITED ARAB

Band: 2.4 GHz (B+G+N)

Mode: AP

SSID: dlink-2g-3266

Channel Width: 20MHz

Control Sideband: Upper

Channel Number: Auto

BroadcastSSID: On

WMM: On

Data Rate: Auto

Associated Clients:

Enable Universal Repeater Mode:

Figure 5-2-17 2.4GHz Wi-Fi

Object	Description
--------	-------------

<b>WLAN interface</b>	You may choose which interface to config, for example 2.4G or 5G interface (some model support 5G).
<b>Disable Wireless LAN Interface</b>	You may choose to enable or disable Wireless function.
<b>Band</b>	Set the wireless mode to which you need. Default is " <b>Mixed 802.11b/g/n</b> ". It is strongly recommended that you set the Band to "802.11b/g/n", and all of 802.11b, 802.11g, and 802.11n wireless stations can connect to the CPE-0001
<b>Mode</b>	WLAN working mode, such AP, client, WDS and AP+WDS.
<b>MultipleAP</b>	You can set guest SSID from this button.
<b>Network Type</b>	You can config WLAN network type with this parameter.
<b>SSID</b>	Set a name (SSID) for your wireless network. The ID of the wireless network. User can access the wireless network through it only. However, if you switch to Client Mode, this field becomes the SSID of the AP you want to connect with.
<b>Channel Width</b>	Select a proper channel bandwidth to enhance wireless performance. When there are 11b/g and 11n wireless clients, please select the 802.11n mode of 20/40MHz frequency band.
<b>Control Sideband</b>	Control channels are only applicable if your gateway is operating at 40 MHz bandwidth and the 802.11n mode is configured as Automatic.
<b>Channel Number</b>	For an optimal wireless performance, you may select the least interferential channel. It is advisable that you select an unused channel or "Auto" to let device detect and select the best possible channel for your wireless network to operate on from the drop-down list.
<b>Broadcast SSID</b>	You may choose to visible or invisible SSID broadcast. When it is enabled, the router SSID will be broadcast in the wireless network, so that it can be scanned by wireless clients and they can join the wireless network with this SSID.
<b>WMM</b>	WMM provides basic Quality of service (QoS) features to IEEE 802.11 networks. WMM prioritizes traffic according to four Access Categories: voice, video, best effort, and background.
<b>Associated Clients</b>	This option shows you all the clients which connected to this SSID.
<b>Enable Universal Repeater Mode</b>	Repeater mode

## 5.2.4.2. Security

Select SSID:

Encryption:

Authentication Mode:  Enterprise (RADIUS)  Personal (Pre-Shared Key)

WPA Cipher Suite:  TKIP  AES

WPA2 Cipher Suite:  TKIP  AES

Pre-Shared Key Format:

Pre-Shared Key:

Figure 5-2-18 Wi-Fi security

Object	Description
Select SSID	Set a name (SSID) for your wireless network. User can access the wireless network through the ID only. However, if you switch to client mode, this field becomes the SSID of the AP you want to connect with.
Encryption	Select the security mode from the <b>Encryption</b> dropdown list. There are 4 options in the Security Mode dropdown list: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Disable</li> <li>■ WEP</li> <li>■ WPA2</li> <li>■ WPA-Mixed</li> </ul>
Pre-Shared Key	Enter the Wi-Fi password

## 5.2.4.3. ACL

Wireless ACL Mode:

MAC Address:

Comment:

Figure 5-2-19 Wi-Fi security

Object	Description
<b>Wireless ACL Mode</b>	If you choose 'Allowed Listed', only those clients whose wireless MAC addresses are in the access control list will be able to connect to your Access Point. When 'Deny Listed' is selected, these wireless clients on the list will not be able to connect the Access Point.
<b>MAC Address</b>	The MAC address of the client.
<b>Comment</b>	Comment

#### 5.2.4.4. Site Survey

This page provides tool to scan the wireless network. If any Access Point or IBSS is found, you could choose to connect it manually when client mode is enabled.

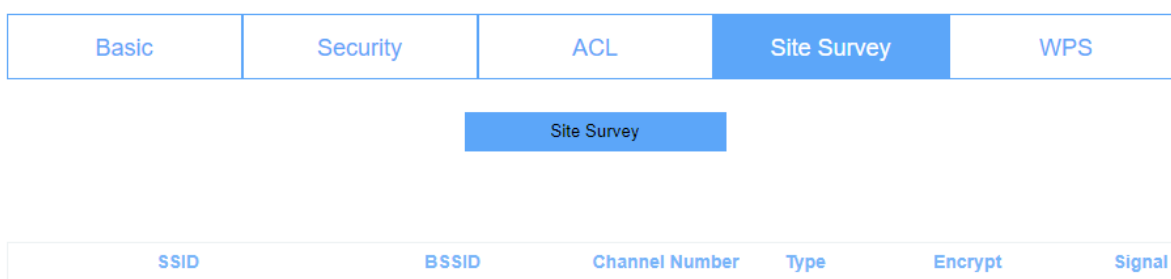


Figure 5-2-20 Site Survey

#### 5.2.4.5. WPS

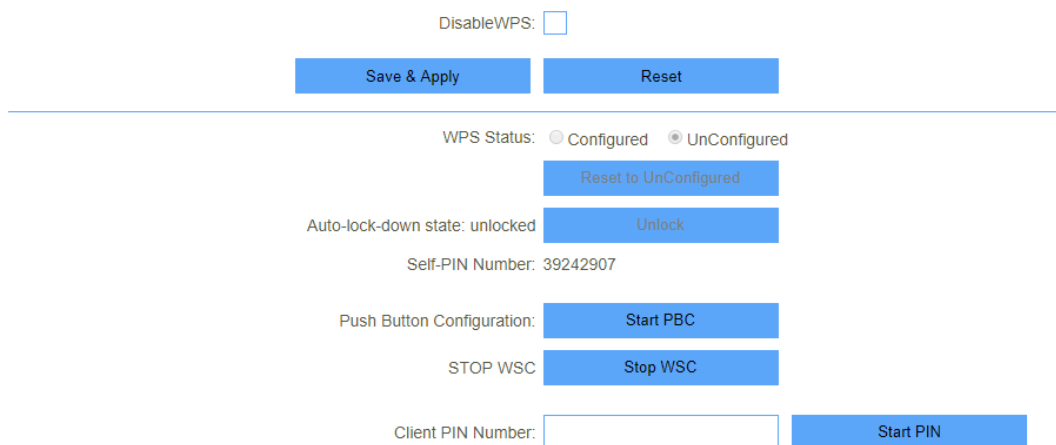


Figure 5-2-21 WPS

Object	Description
<b>WPS</b>	This page allows you to change the setting for WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup). Using this feature could let your wireless client automatically synchronize its setting and connect to the Access Point in a minute without any hassle.
<b>Disable WPS</b>	Enable or disable WPS function.

## 5.2.5 LAN

### 5.2.5.1. IPv4

This page is used to configure the parameters for local area network which connects to the LAN port of your Access Point. Here you may change the setting for IP address, subnet, DHCP, etc.

IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

Default Gateway:

WORK MODE:  ▼

DHCP Client Range:  -

Lease Time:  (1 ~ 10080 minutes)

Static DHCP:

Domain Name:

802.1d Spanning Tree:  ▼

Figure 5-2-22 LAN IPv4

Object	Description
<b>LAN IP Address</b>	Router's LAN IP. The default is <b>192.168.0.1</b> . You can change it according to your needs.
<b>Subnet Mask</b>	Router's LAN subnet mask.
<b>WORK MODE</b>	If it is selected, the router serves as the DHCP server and automatically assigns IP addresses to all computers in the LAN.
<b>DHCP Client Range</b>	Enter the start and end IP address of all the available successive IPs.
<b>Lease Time</b>	Select the time for using one assigned IP from the dropdown list. After the lease time, the AP automatically assigns new IP addresses to all connected computers.
<b>Static DHCP</b>	This page allows you reserve IP addresses, and assign the same IP address to the network device with the specified MAC address any time it requests an IP address. This is almost the same as when a device has a static IP address except that the device must still request an IP address from the DHCP server.
<b>Domain Name</b>	Set the domain name of the server.
<b>802.1d Spanning Tree</b>	Enable or disable spanning tree function.

### 5.2.5.2. Static DHCP

If user want to reserve specific IP for some device, you can bind the mac and the IP in this page.

Enable Static DHCP:

IP Address:

MAC Address:

Comment:

Static DHCP List

IP Address	MAC Address	Comment	Select
------------	-------------	---------	--------

Figure 5-2-23 Static DHCP

### 5.2.5.3. IPv6

This page shows the information of IPv6.

IP Address:  :  :  :  :  :  :  :  /

Configuring DHCPv6 Server

Enable:

DNS Addr:

Interface Name:

Addr Pool

From:

To:

Figure 5-2-24 IPv6

Object	Description
IP Address	Router's LAN IPv6 address.
DNS Addr	Router's LAN DNS server.
Interface Name	If it is selected, the router serves as the DHCP server and automatically assigns IPv6 addresses to all computers in the LAN.
Addr Pool	Enter the start and end IPv6 address of all the available successive IPv6 address.

## 5.2.5.4. RADVD

Enable:

radvdinterfacename:

MaxRtrAdvInterval:

MinRtrAdvInterval:

MinDelayBetweenRAs:

AdvManagedFlag:

AdvOtherConfigFlag:

AdvLinkMTU:

AdvReachableTime:

AdvRetransTimer:

AdvCurHopLimit:

AdvDefaultLifetime:

AdvDefaultPreference:

AdvSourceLLAddress:

UnicastOnly:

Prefix1

Enabled:

prefix:

AdvOnLinkFlag:

AdvAutonomousFlag:

AdvValidLifetime:

AdvPreferredLifetime:

AdvRouterAddr:

if6to4:

This page shows the information of IPv6 RADVD.

Figure 5-2-25 RADVD

Object	Description
radvdinterfacename	Enter the interface name.
MaxRtrAdvInterval	Enter the max retry advertisement interval.
MinRtrAdvInterval	Enter the min retry advertisement interval.
MinDelayBetweenRAs	Enter the min delay between router advertisement.
AdvManagedFlag	Enable or disable the advertisement managed flag.
AdvOtherConfigFlag	Enable or disable the advertisement other config flag.
AdvLinkMTU	Enter the advertisement link MTU.
AdvReachableTime	Enter the advertisement reachable time.



<b>AdvRetransTimer</b>	Enter the advertisement retrains timer.
<b>AdvCurHopLimit</b>	Enter the advertisement current hop limit
<b>AdvDefaultLifetime</b>	Enter the advertisement default life time.
<b>AdvDefaultPreference</b>	Select from “high”, “medium” or “low” for the advertisement default preference.
<b>AdvSourceLLAddress</b>	Enable or disable advertisement source link local address.
<b>UnicastOnly</b>	Enable or disable unicast only.
<b>Prefix1 Enabled</b>	Enable or disable prefix.
<b>prefix</b>	Enter the prefix and prefix length.
<b>AdvOnLinkFlag</b>	Enable or disable advertisement on link flag.
<b>AdvAutonomousFlag</b>	Enable or disable advertisement autonomous flag.
<b>AdvValidLifetime</b>	Enter advertisement valid life time.
<b>AdvPreferredLifetime</b>	Enter advertisement preferred life time.
<b>AdvRouterAddr</b>	Enable or disable advertisement router address.
<b>If6to4</b>	Enter the interface 6to4.

### 5.2.5.5. TUNNEL 6 over 4

This page used for Tunnel 6 over 4.

Enabled:

Save

Figure 5-2-26 TUNNEL 6 over 4

Object	Description
Enable	Enable or disable tunnel 6 over 4.

### 5.2.6 VPN

#### 5.2.6.1. PPTP

This page is used to configure the parameters for Internet network which connects to the PPTP server.

PPTP	L2TPv2	L2TPv3	Status
------	--------	--------	--------

Enable:

Server:

Username:

Password:

MTU:  (1360-1492 bytes)

MPPE:

MPPC:

Save & Apply

Figure 5-2-27 PPTP

Object	Description
<b>Server</b>	Type the name of PPTP Server.
<b>Username</b>	Enter the user name provided by your ISP.
<b>Password</b>	Enter the password provided by your ISP.
<b>MTU</b>	You can keep the maximum transmission unit (MTU) as default.

### 5.2.6.2. L2TPv2

This page is used to configure the parameters for Internet network which connects to the L2TPv2 server.

Enable:

Server:

Username:

Password:

MTU:  (1360-1492 bytes)

Save & Apply

**Figure 5-2-28L2TP**

Object	Description
<b>Server</b>	Type the name of L2TP Server.
<b>Username</b>	Enter the user name provided by your ISP.
<b>Password</b>	Enter the password provided by your ISP.
<b>MTU</b>	You can keep the maximum transmission unit (MTU) as default.

### 5.2.6.3. L2TPv3

This page is used to configure the parameters for Internet network which connects to peer by L2TPv3.

PPTP	L2TPv2	L2TPv3	Status
------	--------	--------	--------

Enable:

Local Host Address:  (0.0.0.0 is autoconfig)

Remote Host Address:

Local Udp Port:  (1 ~ 65535)

Remote Udp Port:  (1 ~ 65535)

Tunnel Address:  (172.10.12.1/24)

Remote Tunnel Address:  (172.10.13.1/24)

Tunnel Id:  (1 ~ 4294967295)

Remote Tunnel Id:  (1 ~ 4294967295)

Session Id:  (1 ~ 4294967295)

Remote session Id:  (1 ~ 4294967295)

MTU:  (1360-1488 bytes)

**Figure 5-2-29L2TPv3**

Object	Description
<b>Local Host Address</b>	The address of the LAN side device of local, eg:192.168.0.2
<b>Remote Host Address</b>	The address of the LAN side device of remote host, eg:192.168.8.2
<b>Local Udp Port</b>	Lan side device udp port.
<b>Remote Udp Port</b>	Remote device udp port
<b>Tunnel Address</b>	Wan interface ip address
<b>Remote Tunnel Address</b>	Remote device wan interface ip address
<b>Tunnel Id</b>	Local device tunnel id
<b>Remote Tunnel Id</b>	Remote device tunnel id
<b>Session Id</b>	Local device session id
<b>Remote session Id</b>	Remote device session id
<b>MTU</b>	You can keep the maximum transmission unit (MTU) as default.

#### 5.2.6.4. Status

This page shows the status information for PPTP , L2TPv2 and L2TPv3

PPTP	L2TPv2	L2TPv3	Status
------	--------	--------	--------

Connect name	Enable	Server IP Address	Local IP Address	Remote IP Address	Status
PPTP	Disabled				
L2TP	Disabled				
L2TPv3	Disabled				

**Figure 5-2-30VPN status**

## 5.3 Features

### 5.3.1 QoS

Enable QoS:

Automatic Uplink Speed:

Automatic Downlink Speed:

Name:

QoS Type:

protocol:

Local IP Address:

Local Port:

Remot IP Address:

Remote Port:

Mode:

Uplink Bandwidth (Kbps):

Downlink Bandwidth (Kbps):

Remark DSCP:  (0-63)

Comment:

Figure 5-3-1 QoS

Object	Description
<b>Automatic Uplink Speed</b>	Automatic uplink speed.
<b>Manual Uplink Speed (Kbps)</b>	Set the download speed of your Internet access
<b>Automatic Downlink Speed</b>	Automatic downlink speed.
<b>Manual Downlink Speed (Kbps)</b>	Set the upload speed of your Internet access
<b>Name</b>	QoS rule name.

## 5.3.2 Firewall

### 5.3.2.1. Advanced

Enable DMZ:

Enable UPnP:

Enable IGMP Proxy:

Enable Telnet Access on LAN:

Enable Telnet Access on WAN:

Enable Ping Access on WAN:

Enable Web Server Access on WAN:

Enable IPsec pass through on VPN connection:

Enable PPTP pass through on VPN connection:

Enable L2TP pass through on VPN connection:

Figure 5-3-2 Advanced

Object	Description
Enable DMZ	Enable or disable DMZ function
Enable UPnP	Enable or disable UPnP function
Enable IGMP Proxy	Enable or disable IGMP Proxy function
Enable Telnet Access on LAN	Enable or disable Telnet by lan access
Enable Telnet Access on WAN	Enable or disable Telnet by wan access
Enable Ping Access on WAN	Enable or disable Enable Ping Access on WAN function
Enable Web Server Access on WAN	Enable or disable Enable Web Server Access on WAN function.
Enable IPsec pass through on VPN connection	Enable or disable IPSEC to pass through IPSEC communication data.
Enable PPTP pass through on VPN connection	Enable or disable PPTP to pass through PPTP communication data.
Enable L2TP pass through on VPN connection	Enable or disable L2TP to pass through L2TP communication data.

#### 5.3.2.2. Dos

A denial-of-service (DoS) attack is characterized by an explicit attempt by hackers to prevent legitimate users of a service from using that service.

Enable DoS Prevention  
 Whole System Flood: SYN  0 Packets/Second  
 Whole System Flood: FIN  0 Packets/Second  
 Whole System Flood: UDP  0 Packets/Second  
 Whole System Flood: ICMP  0 Packets/Second  
 Per-Source IP Flood: SYN  0 Packets/Second  
 Per-Source IP Flood: FIN  0 Packets/Second  
 Per-Source IP Flood: UDP  0 Packets/Second  
 Per-Source IP Flood: ICMP  0 Packets/Second  
 TCP/UDP PortScan:  Low Sensitivity   
 ICMP Smurf  
 IP Land  
 IP Spoof  
 IP TearDrop  
 PingOfDeath  
 TCP Scan  
 TCP SynWithData  
 UDP Bomb

Figure 5-3-3 DoS

### 5.3.2.3. IP Filtering

Enable IP Filtering  
 Enable IPv4  
 Enable IPv6  
 Local IPv4 Address:   
 Local IPv6 Address:   
 Protocol: Both   
 Comment:

ip Filter Table

Local IP Address	Protocol	Comment	Select
<input type="button" value="Delete Selected"/>		<input type="button" value="Delete All"/>	<input type="button" value="Reset"/>

Figure 5-3-4 IP Filtering

Object	Description
Enable IP Filtering	Enable or disable IP Filtering function.
Enable IPv4	Enable or disable IPv4 Filtering feature.
Enable IPv6	Enable or disable IPv6 Filtering feature.
Local IPv4 Address	Set LAN side source IPv4 address
Local IPv6 Address	Set LAN side source IPv6 address
Protocol	Select "TCP", "UDP" or "Both"
Comment	Comment for the rule.

### 5.3.2.4. PortFiltering

Enable Port Filtering:

Enable IPv4:

Enable IPv6:

Port Range:  -

Protocol:

Comment:

port Filter Table

Port Range	Protocol	IP Version	Comment	Select
<input type="button" value="Delete Selected"/>		<input type="button" value="Delete All"/>		<input type="button" value="Reset"/>

**Figure 5-3-5 Port Filtering**

Object	Description
Enable Port Filtering	Enable or disable IP Filtering function.
Enable IPv4	Enable or disable IPv4 Port Filtering feature.
Enable IPv6	Enable or disable IPv6 Port Filtering feature.
Port Range	Set the port range for port filtering
Protocol	Select "TCP", "UDP" or "Both"
Comment	Comment for the rule.

### 5.3.2.5. MAC Filtering

Mode:  Blacklist  Whitelist

MAC Address:  Clone MAC

Comment:

Save & Apply Reset

mac Filter Table

MAC Address	Comment	Select
<span>Delete Selected</span> <span>Delete All</span> <span>Reset</span>		

Figure 5-3-6 MAC Filtering

Object	Description
Model	You can set working model here, Black and White.
MAC Address	Enter a MAC address
Comment	Comment info.

### 5.3.3 Port Forwarding

Enable Port Forwarding:

Local IP Address:

Local Port Start:

Local Port End:

Protocol: Both

Remote IP Address:

Remote Port Start:

Remote Port End:

Comment:

Save & Apply Reset

Current Port Forwarding Table

Local IP Address	Local Port Range	Protocol	Remote IP Address	Remote Port Range	Status	Comment	Select
<span>Delete Selected</span> <span>Delete All</span> <span>Reset</span>							

Figure 5-3-7 Port Forwarding

Object	Description
Enable Port Forwarding	Enable or disable Port Forwarding function.



<b>Local IP Address</b>	Enter a LAN IP address
<b>Local Port Start</b>	Enter LAN side start port.
<b>Local Port End</b>	Enter LAN side end port.
<b>Protocol</b>	Select "TCP", "UDP" or "Both".
<b>Remote IP Address</b>	Enter a WAN IP address
<b>Remote Port Start</b>	Enter the external start port
<b>Remote Port End</b>	Enter the external end port
<b>Comment</b>	Enter the port number

### 5.3.4 URLFilter

URL filter is used to deny LAN users from accessing the internet. Block those URLs which contain keywords listed below. Please note: URL Filter can not filter the HTTPS encrypted domain name.

Enable URL Filtering:

Deny URL address(black list):

Allow URL address(white list):

URL Address:

url Filter Table

URL Address	Select

Figure 5-3-8 URL Filter

Object	Description
<b>Enable URL Filtering</b>	Enable or disable URL Filtering function.
<b>Deny URL address (black list)</b>	Blocking access to the URL list.
<b>Allow URL address (white list)</b>	Allowing access to the URL list.
<b>URL Address</b>	Block or allow access URL.

### 5.3.5 Route

This menu shows you the current default route and static route. Static Route reduces route selection problems and corresponding data overload and accelerates data packet forwarding.

#### 5.3.5.1. Default Route

You can select which wan connection as default gateway route.if not ,system will auto select a connect up wan as default gateway route.

Connect name	Type	VlanMuxId	Action
WAN1	dhcp	--	
LTE	dhcp	--	<input type="button" value="UP"/>

Figure 5-3-9 Default Route

### 5.3.5.2. Static Route

Enable Static Route:

IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

Gateway:

Metric:

Interface:  ▼

Static Route Table

Destination IP Address	Netmask	Gateway	Metric	Interface	Status	Select
------------------------	---------	---------	--------	-----------	--------	--------

Figure 5-3-10 Static Route

Object	Description
<b>Enable Static Route</b>	Enable or disable Static route.
<b>IP Address</b>	Enter the destination network
<b>Subnet Mask</b>	Enter the network mask
<b>Gateway</b>	Enter the network gateway
<b>Metric</b>	Enter the routing metric
<b>Interface</b>	Select the interface

### 5.3.6 DynamicDNS

The Wireless Router supports **Dynamic Domain Name Service (DDNS)**. The dynamic DNS service allows a dynamic public IP address to be associated with a static host name in any of the many domains, and allows access to a specified host from various locations on the Internet. Click a hyperlinked URL in the form of `hostname.dyndns.org` and allow remote access to a host. Many ISPs assign public IP addresses using DHCP, so locating a specific host on the LAN using the standard DNS is difficult. For example, if you are running a public web server or VPN server on your LAN, DDNS ensures that the host can be located from the Internet even if the public IP address changes. DDNS requires that an account be set up with one of the supported DDNS service providers

Enable DDNS:

Service Provider: DynDNS ▼

Domain Name: host.dyndns.org

User Name/Email: admin

Password/Key: .....

Save & Apply      Reset

Figure 5-3-11 DDNS

Object	Description
Server Provider	Select server from the drop-down list <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ DynDNS</li> <li>■ TZO</li> </ul>
Domain Name	Enter the host name
User Name/Email	Enter the user name
Password/Key	Enter the password

## 5.4 Management

### 5.4.1 Time

#### 5.4.1.1. NTP Server

Current Time: 2019 - 2 - 24 18 : 52 : 53

Copy LAN time:

Time Zone Select: (GMT+04:00)Abu Dhabi, Muscat

Enable NTP client update:

Automatically Adjust Daylight Saving:

NTP server:  ntp1.dlink.com

Figure 5-4-1 NTP Server

Object	Description
Current Time	Select the time zone in your area
Copy LAN time	Copy time from computer.
Time Zone Select	Select time zone from the drop box.
Enable NTP client update	Enable or disable NTP client update.
Automatically Adjust Daylight Saving	Enable or disable daylight saving if you need this function
NTP Server	Select the well know NTP Server.
Manual IP Setting	Enter the server manually.

#### 5.4.1.2. Auto Reboot

This feature can do the Reboot automatically at a specified time. Please note: "Auto Reboot" depend on the "NTP Server", you have to enable the 'NTP Server' when use this feature.

Days:  (Run time long, unit: days)

Hours Range:  -  (The system will restart at this hour interval)

Enable:

Figure 5-4-3 Auto Reboot

## 5.4.2 SystemLog

Enable Log:   
 System All:   
 Wireless:   
 DoS:   
 Enable Remote Log:   
 Log Server IP Address:

---

Figure 5-4-4 System Log

Object	Description
Enable Log	Enable or disable Log function.
System All	Print all log information.
Wireless	Print wireless log information.
DoS	Print DoS log information.
Enable Remote Log	Enable or disable “Logging to Syslog Server”
Log Server IP Address	Enter the Syslog server IP address

## 5.4.3 SystemSettings

### 5.4.3.1. Administrator

Connect name:    
 User Name:   
 New Password:   
 Confirmed Password:

Figure 5-4-5 Administrator

Object	Description
<b>Connect name</b>	Modify admin or user account.
<b>Username</b>	Enter the new username.
<b>Password</b>	Enter the new password.
<b>Confirmed Password</b>	Enter the new password again.

#### 5.4.3.2. System

This screen allows you to back up, restore, and erase the router's current settings. Once you have the router working correctly, you should back up the information to have it available if something goes wrong. When you back up the settings, they are saved as a file on your computer. You can restore the router's settings from this file.



Figure 5-4-6 System

Object	Description
<b>Save settings to file</b>	Save the setting to local PC
<b>Load settings from File</b>	Load the settings from local PC
<b>Reset Settings to Default</b>	Restore the device to factory default
<b>Reboot the device</b>	Press the button to reboot the device



When you load new configuration, the original configuration will be lost. Please back up the current configuration before loading a new one. In this way, if the new configuration file has an error, you can load the backup file.



**DO NOT** shut down your router when loading a configuration file. Otherwise, the router may be damaged.

## 5.4.4 Statistics

### 5.4.4.1. User Statistics

This page shows each user's total traffic statistics and LTE traffic statistics.

User Statistics		Interface Statistics		
IP Addr	Total Down	Total Up	Lte Down	Lte Up
192.168.0.2	0 Bytes	0 Bytes	0 Bytes	0 Bytes

Figure 5-4-7 User Statistics

### 5.4.4.2. Interface Statistics

This page shows the packet counters for transmission and reception regarding to wireless and Ethernet networks.

User Statistics		Interface Statistics	
Wireless 1 LAN	Sent Bytes	83300	
	Received Bytes	0	
Wireless 2 LAN	Sent Bytes	182284	
	Received Bytes	76	
Ethernet LAN1	Sent Bytes	12157147	
	Received Bytes	1600333	
Ethernet LAN2	Sent Bytes	15598833	
	Received Bytes	1121566	
Ethernet LAN3	Sent Bytes	0	
	Received Bytes	0	
Ethernet LAN4	Sent Bytes	0	
	Received Bytes	0	
WAN	Sent Bytes	0	
	Received Bytes	0	
LTE	Sent Bytes	0	
	Received Bytes	0	

Refresh

Figure 5-4-8 Interface Statistics

### 5.4.5 TR069

This page is used to configure the TR069. Here you may change the setting for the ACS's parameters.

TR069:  Disabled  Enabled

ACS:

User Name:

Password:

Periodic Inform Enable:  Disabled  Enabled

Periodic Inform Interval:

---

**Connection Request**

User Name:

Password:

Path:

Port:

---

**Certificat Management**

CA Certificat:

Figure 5-4-9 TR069

Object	Description
TR069	Enable or disable TR069.
ACS	ACS server domain or IP Address.
User Name	User name for connection to ACS.
Password	Password for connection to ACS.
Periodic Inform Enable	Enable or disable periodic inform.
Periodic Inform Interval	Periodic inform interval.
Connection Request User Name	User Name used form ACS connection to TR069.
Connection Request Password	Password used form ACS connection to TR069.
Path	Connection request path.
Port	Connection port.










## 5.4.6 Upgrade

### 5.4.6.1. Firmware Upgrade

You install new version of the router's software using this page. From time to time, we may release new versions of the Router's firmware. Firmware updates contain improvements and fixes the current problems. On this page, you can check the firmware version and upgrade firmware.

---

  
Time  
System Log  
System Settings  
Statistics  
Diagnostics  
TR069  
Upgrade

---

This page allows you upgrade the Access Point firmware to new version. Please note, do not power off the device during the upload because it may crash the system.

Firmware Version: v1.1.1

Select File:

**Figure 5-4-10 Upgrade**



**DONOT** turn off the power or press the Reset button when updating the firmware. Otherwise, the router may be damaged.

### 5.4.6.2. LTE Fota Upgrade

This page allows you upgrade the Mobile module firmware to new version. Please note, do not power off the device during the upload because it may crash the system.

Firmware Version: ML3111\_2.0.269.2314\_18101723\_R

**Figure 5-4-11 Fota Upgrade**



**DONOT** turn off the power or press the Reset button when updating the lte firmware. Otherwise, the lte module may be damaged.



AT	BE	CY	CZ	DK	EE	FI
FR	DE	EL	HU	IE	IT	LV
LT	LU	MT	NL	PL	PT	SK
SI	ES	SE	UK	BG	RO	HR

## FCC Statement

### 15.19 Labeling requirements.

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

### 15.21 Information to user.

Any Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

### 15.105 Information to the user.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

### RF Exposure information:

- This radio is designed for and classified as "General population/uncontrolled Use"
- During operation, the separation distance between user and the antenna shall be at least 20cm, this separation distance will ensure that there is sufficient distance from a properly installed