

# FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART C CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT

#### **FOR**

# TRANSCEIVER MODULE

**MODEL NUMBER: RXX9000-09XXF** 

FCC ID: GT3FC003

REPORT NUMBER: 07J10915-1

**ISSUE DATE: APRIL 11, 2007** 

Prepared for

SMK CORPORATION 5-5 TOGOSHI 6-CHOME SHINAGAWA-KU, TOKOYO 142-8511, JAPAN

*Prepared by* 

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES
47173 BENICIA STREET
FREMONT, CA 94538, USA

TEL: (510) 771-1000 FAX: (510) 661-0888



# **Revision History**

	Issue		
Rev.	Date	Revisions	Revised By
	04/11/07	Initial Issue	T. Chan

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS	4
2.	TEST METHODOLOGY	5
3.	FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION	5
4.	CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY	5
4.	I. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	5
4.2	2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	5
5.	EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST	6
5	I. DESCRIPTION OF EUT	6
5.2	2. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER	6
5.3		
5.4		
5.3		
5.0		
6.	TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT	9
7.	LIMITS AND RESULTS	10
7	1. CHANNEL TESTS FOR THE 2400 TO 2483.5 MHz BAND	10
	7.1.1. 6 dB BANDWIDTH	
	7.1.2. 99% BANDWIDTH	
	7.1.3. PEAK OUTPUT POWER	
	7.1.4. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE	
	7.1.5. AVERAGE POWER	
	7.1.6. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	
	7.1.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	31
7.2	2. RADIATED EMISSIONS	38
	7.2.1. TRANSMITTER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	
	7.2.2. TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHz FOR 2400 TO 2483.5 MHz BAND	
	7.2.3. WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSIONS BELOW 1 GHz	51
7	3. POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	55
8.	SETUP PHOTOS	59
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#### DATE: APRIL 11, 2007 FCC ID GT3FC003

## 1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

**COMPANY NAME:** SMK CORPORATION

5-5 TOGOSHI 6-CHOME SHINSGAWA-KU

TOKYO, 142-8511 JAPAN

**EUT DESCRIPTION:** TRANSCEIVER MODULE

MODEL: RXX9000-09XXF

**SERIAL NUMBER:** N/A

**DATE TESTED:** MARCH 21-23, 2007

#### APPLICABLE STANDARDS

STANDARD TEST RESULTS

FCC PART 15 SUBPART C NO NON-COMPLIANCE NOTED

Compliance Certification Services, Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

**Note**: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

Approved & Released For CCS By:

Tested By:

THU CHAN

EMC SUPERVISOR

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

MENGISTU MEKURIA EMC ENGINEER

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION SERVICES

# ANSCEIVER MODULE FCC ID GT3FC003

# 2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003, FCC CFR 47 Part 2 and FCC CFR 47 Part 15.

## 3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 47173 Benicia Street, Fremont, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at http://www.ccsemc.com.

## 4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

#### 4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

## 4.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Radiated Emission, 30 to 200 MHz	+/- 3.3 dB
Radiated Emission, 200 to 1000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Radiated Emission, 1000 to 2000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.9 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

DATE: APRIL 11, 2007

# 5. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

## 5.1. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

This EUT is a 2.4GHz ISM band small-power transceiver module using DSSS modulation.

The radio module is manufactured by SMK Corporation.

## 5.2. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

The transmitter has a maximum peak conducted output power as follows:

2400 to 2483.5 MHz Authorized Band

Frequency Range	Output Power	Output Power	
(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	
2405 - 2480	-0.35	0.92	

## 5.3. DESCRIPTION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS

The radio utilizes a permanently attached / integrated antenna with a maximum gain of 0.6 dBi.

#### 5.4. SOFTWARE AND FIRMWARE

QG\_SMAC\_TXRX\_v04 (Conducted Use) QG\_SMAC\_TXRX\_v02 (Radiated RX, TX Use)

		Condition	LED/Buzzer
STEP 1	Power ON	Stand by mode	Turn off
STEP 2	SW ON	TX Continuous (L: 2405MHz)	= = =
STEP 3	SW ON	TX Continuous (M: 2445MHz)	== = =
STEP 4	SW ON	TX Continuous (H: 2480MHz)	= == =
STEP 5	SW ON	RX Continuous (L: 2405MHz)	== == =
STEP 6	SW ON	RX Continuous (M: 2445MHz)	= = ==
STEP 7	SW ON	RX Continuous (H: 2480MHz)	== = ==

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# 5.5. WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION AND MODE

The worst-case channel is determined as the channel with the highest output power. The highest measured output power was 2480 MHz.

Thus all emissions tests were made in the 802.15.4 mode, 2405-2480 MHz, 1Mb/s.

# 5.6. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP

# **SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST							
Description Manufacturer Model Serial Number FCC ID							
Test Fixture	SMK	FD5001-02	N/A	N/A			
DC Adapter	KGCOMP	TAS2901	N/A	N/A			

#### **I/O CABLES**

	I/O CABLE LIST							
Cable	Cable Port # of Connector Cable Cable Remarks							
No.		Identical	Type	Type	Length			
		Ports						
1	AC	1	US 115V	Un-shielded	2m	NA		
2	DC	1	DC	Un-shielded	2m	NA		

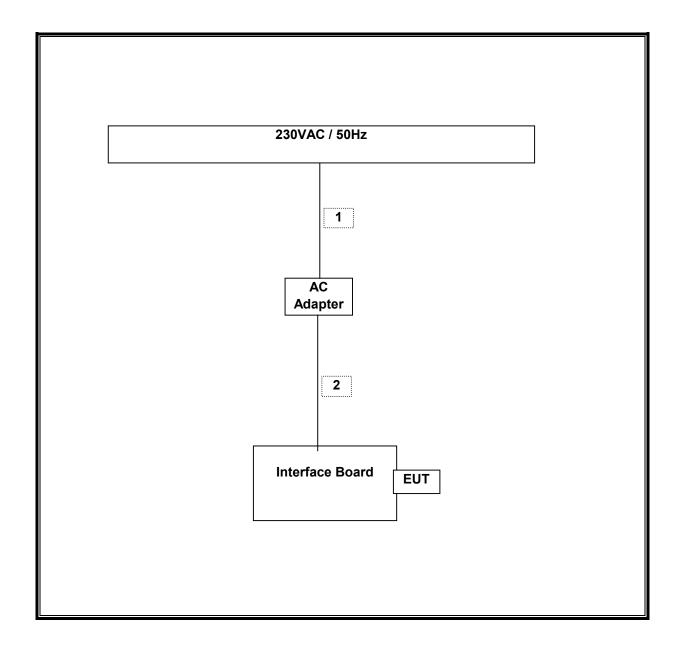
#### **TEST SETUP**

The EUT is installed in a test fixture during the tests. Test software exercised the radio card.

DATE: APRIL 11, 2007

FCC ID GT3FC003

# **SETUP DIAGRAM FOR TESTS**



# 6. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST						
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Due		
Spectrum Analyzer 9KHz ~ 26.5 GHz	Agilent / HP	E4407B	MY41444592	10/6/2007		
Power Meter	Agilent / HP	438B	3125U09516	2/15/2008		
Power Sensor 10MHz - 18GHz	Agilent / HP	8481A	2237A31744	1/11/2008		
2.4-2.5 GHz Reject Filter	Micro-Tronics	BRM50702	1	CNR		
Preamplifier, 1 ~ 26.5 GHz	Agilent / HP	8449B	3008A00369	8/1/2007		
Antenna, Horn 1 ~ 18 GHz	ETS	3117	29301	4/22/2007		
Spectrum Analyzer, 1.8 GHz	Agilent / HP	8591A	3009A00791	10/12/2007		
Preamplifier, 1300 MHz	Agilent / HP	8447D	2944A06589	8/3/2007		
LISN, 10 kHz ~ 30 MHz	FCC	50/250-25-2	114	8/30/2007		
EMI Test Receiver	R & S	ESHS 20	827129/006	6/3/2007		
Quasi-Peak Adaptor	Agilent / HP	85650A	3145A01654	1/21/2008		
SA Display Section 2	Agilent / HP	85662A	2816A16696	4/7/2008		

# 7. LIMITS AND RESULTS

# 7.1. CHANNEL TESTS FOR THE 2400 TO 2483.5 MHz BAND

#### **7.1.1. 6 dB BANDWIDTH**

#### LIMIT

§15.247 (a) (2) For direct sequence systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 100 kHz and the VBW is set to 300 kHz. The sweep time is coupled.

#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

802.15.4 Mode

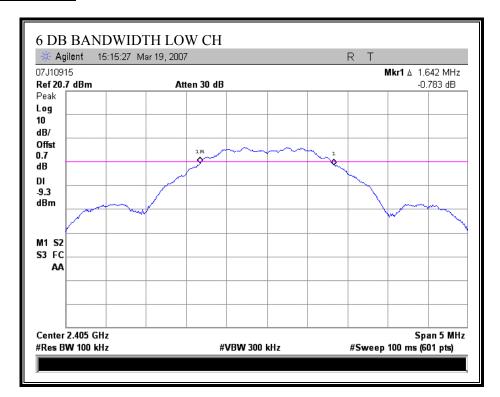
Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	2405	1642	500	1142
Middle	2445	1650	500	1150
High	2480	1650	500	1150

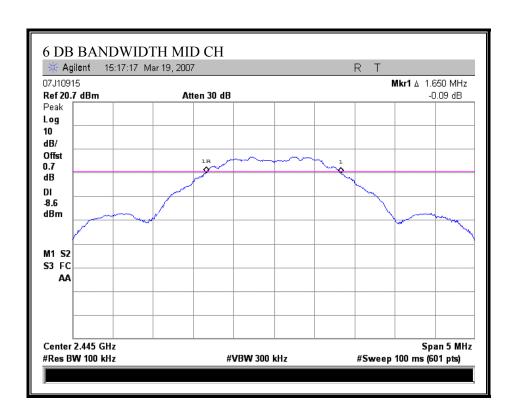
DATE: APRIL 11, 2007

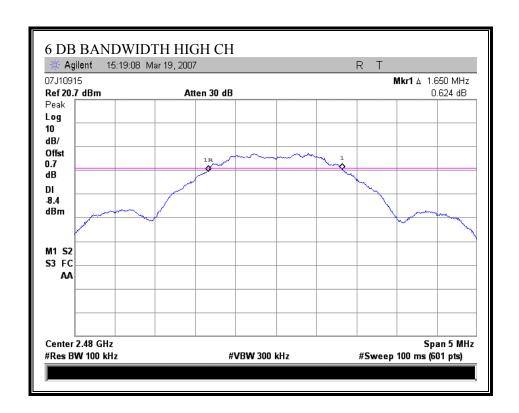
FCC ID GT3FC003

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# **6 DB BANDWIDTH**







#### 7.1.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

#### **LIMIT**

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

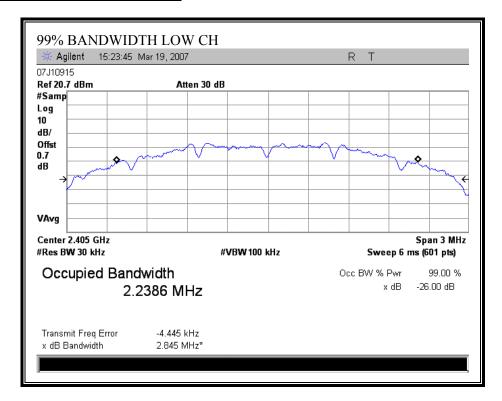
The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the 99 % bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal 99% bandwidth function is utilized.

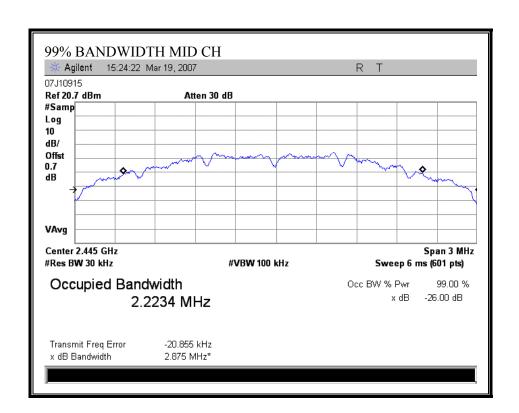
#### **RESULTS**

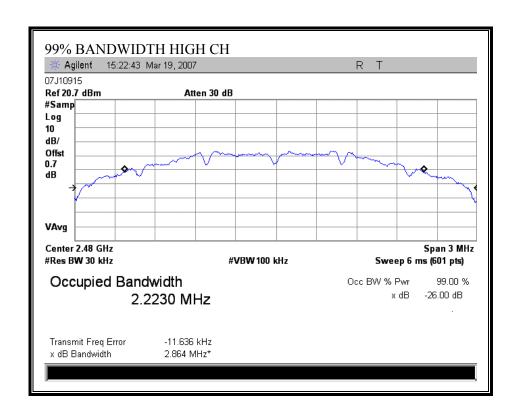
No non-compliance noted:

Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	2405	2.238
Middle	2445	2.223
High	2480	2.223

#### 99% BANDWIDTH (802.15.4 MODE)







#### 7.1.3. PEAK OUTPUT POWER

#### **PEAK POWER LIMIT**

§15.247 (b) The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

\$15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz , and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

§15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

§15.247 (b) (4) (i) Systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer and the analyzer's internal channel power integration function is used to integrate the power over a bandwidth greater than or equal to the 99% bandwidth.

The test is performed in accordance with FCC document "Measurement of Digital Transmission Systems Operating under Section 15.247", March 23, 2005. The transmitter operates continuously therefore Power Output Option 2, Method # 1 is used.

DATE: APRIL 11, 2007

FCC ID GT3FC003

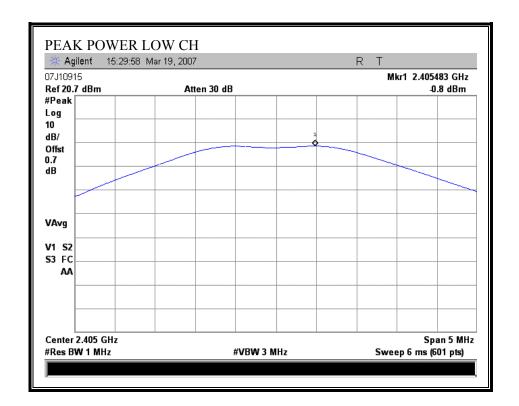
# **RESULTS**

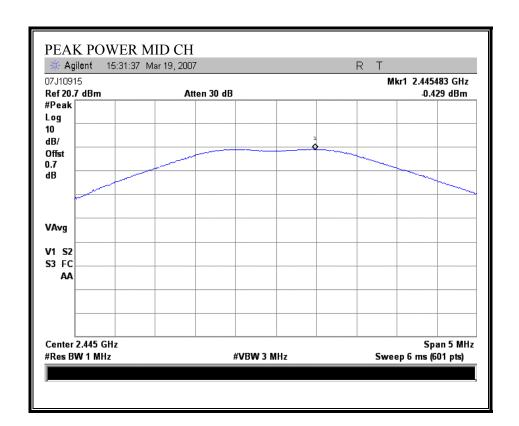
The maximum antenna gain is 0.6 dBi, therefore the limit is 30 dBm.

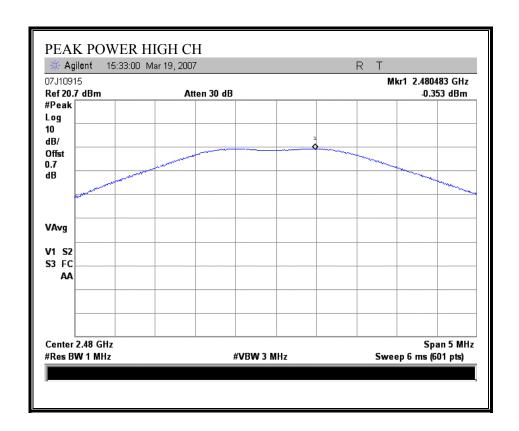
No non-compliance noted:

Channel	Frequency	Peak Power	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	2405	-0.80	30	-30.80
Middle	2445	-0.43	30	-30.43
High	2480	-0.35	30	-30.35

# **OUTPUT POWER**







#### 7.1.4. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

#### **LIMITS**

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Lin	nits for Occupational	I/Controlled Exposu	res	
0.3–3.0 3.0–30 30–300 300–1500 1500–100,000	614 1842/f 61.4	1.63 4.89/f 0.163	*(100) *(900/f²) 1.0 f/300 5	6 6 6 6
(B) Limits	for General Populati	ion/Uncontrolled Exp	posure	
0.3–1.34	614 824/f	1.63 2.19/f	*(100) *(180/f²)	30 30

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)-Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2 f/1500 1.0	30 30 30

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density
NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.
NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

#### **CALCULATIONS**

Given

$$E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G)/d}$$

and

$$S = E ^2 / 3770$$

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$d = \sqrt{((30 * P * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

Changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d(cm) = 100 * d(m)$$

yields

$$d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

$$d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$$

where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$ 

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

$$P(mW) = 10 ^ (P(dBm) / 10)$$
 and

$$G (numeric) = 10 ^ (G (dBi) / 10)$$

yields

$$d = 0.282 * 10 ^ ((P + G) / 20) / \sqrt{S}$$

where

d = MPE distance in cm

P = Power in dBm

G = Antenna Gain in dBi

 $S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2$ 

Rearranging terms to calculate the power density at a specific distance yields

$$S = 0.0795 * 10 ^ ((P + G) / 10) / (d^2)$$

#### **LIMITS**

From  $\S1.1310$  Table 1 (B), the maximum value of S = 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted: (MPE distance equals 20 cm)

Mode	MPE	Output	Antenna	Power
	Distance	Power	Gain	Density
	(cm)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(mW/cm^2)
		` '		

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

# 7.1.5. AVERAGE POWER

#### **AVERAGE POWER LIMIT**

None; for reporting purposes only.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

The cable assembly insertion loss of 0.7 dB was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

TX Continuous Mode

Channel	Frequency Power	
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	2405	-1.38
Middle	2445	-1.00
High	2480	-0.79

DATE: APRIL 11, 2007

FCC ID GT3FC003

#### 7.1.6. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

#### LIMIT

§15.247 (d) For direct sequence systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

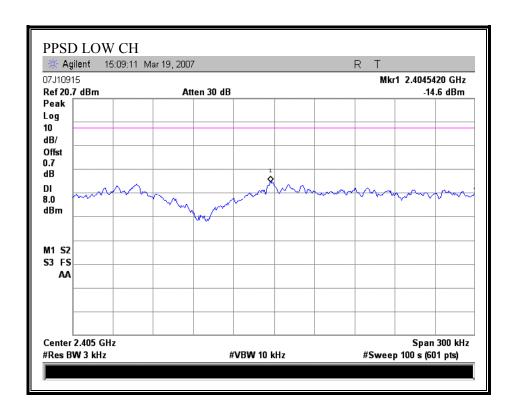
The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer, the maximum level in a 3 kHz bandwidth is measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 3 kHz and VBW > 3 kHz, sweep time = span / 3 kHz, and video averaging is turned off. The PPSD is the highest level found across the emission in any 3 kHz band.

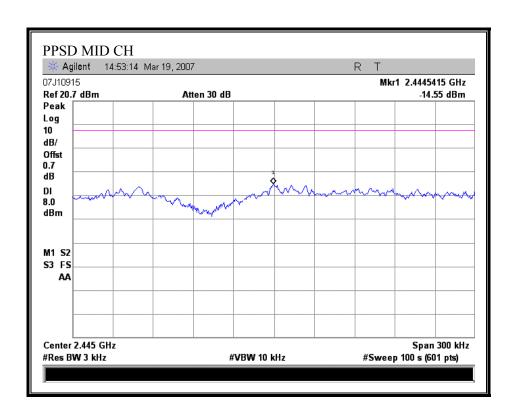
#### **RESULTS**

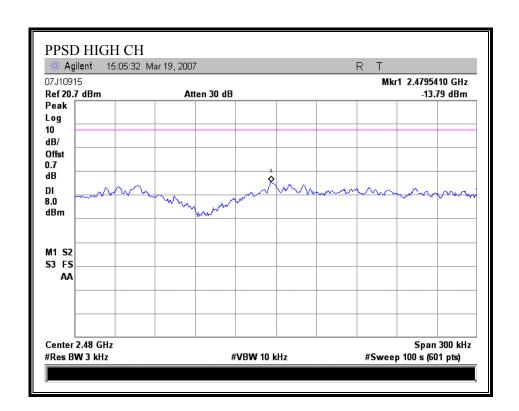
No non-compliance noted:

Channel	Frequency	PPSD	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	2405	-14.60	8	-22.60
Middle	2445	-14.55	8	-22.55
High	2480	-13.79	8	-21.79

# PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.15.4 MODE)







# 7.1.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

#### LIMITS

§15.247 (c) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in \$15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Conducted power was measured based on the use of a peak measurement, therefore the required attenuation is 20 dB.

Conducted power was measured based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, therefore the required attenuation is 30 dB.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

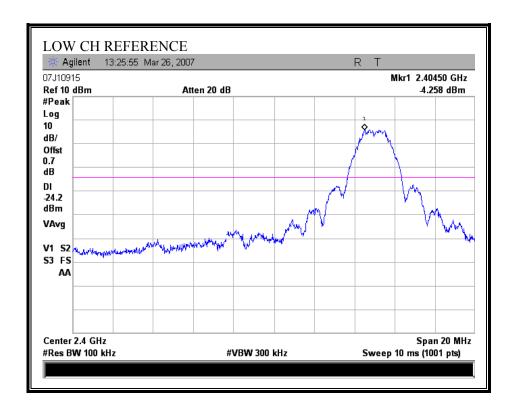
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

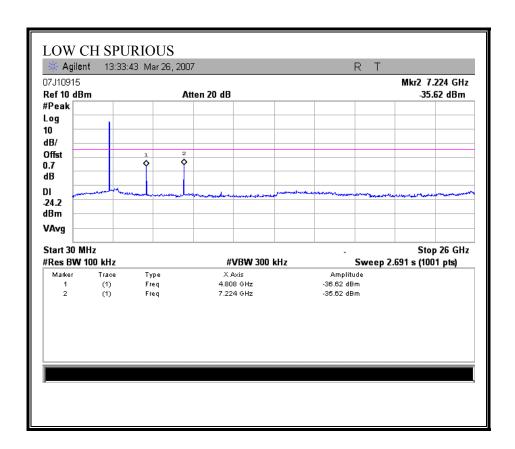
#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

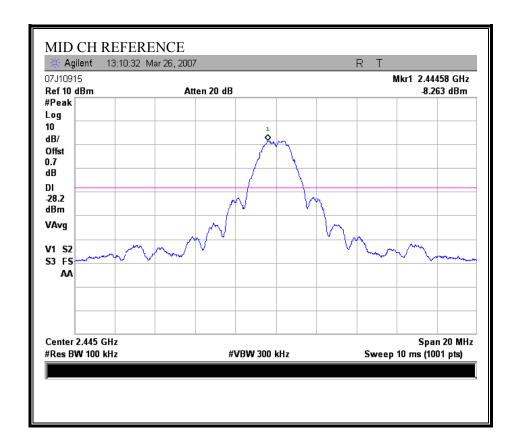
DATE: APRIL 11, 2007 FCC ID GT3FC003

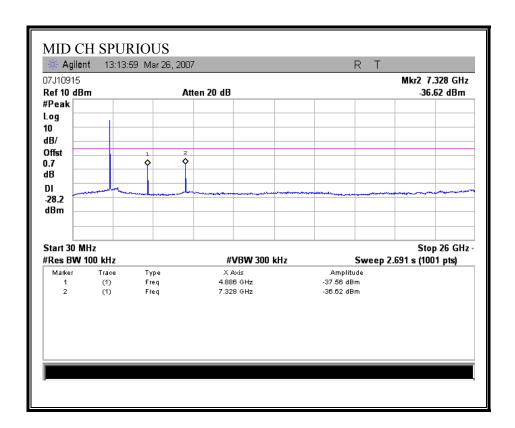
# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL



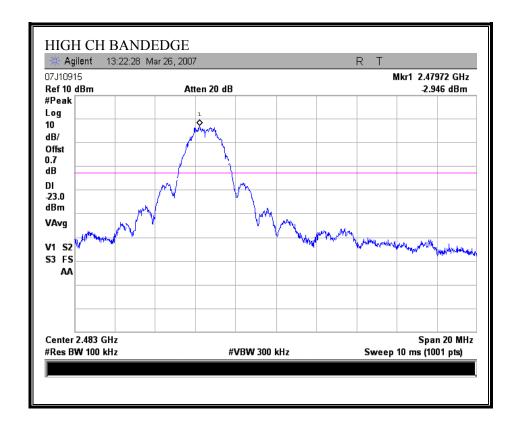


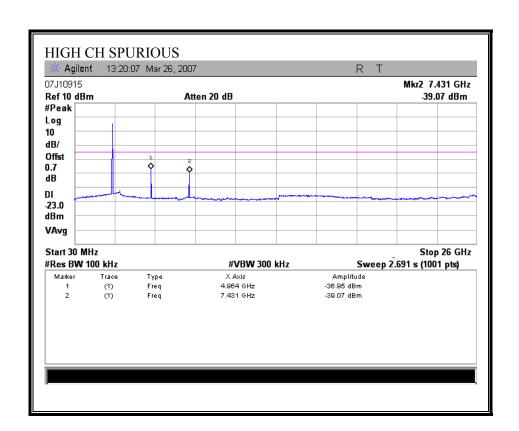
# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL





# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL





## 7.2. RADIATED EMISSIONS

## 7.2.1. TRANSMITTER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

#### **LIMITS**

§15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
<sup>1</sup> 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	$\binom{2}{}$
13.36 - 13.41			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

§15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Above 38 6

§15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
30 - 88	100 **	3
88 - 216	150 **	3
216 - 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

<sup>\*\*</sup> Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

<sup>§15.209 (</sup>b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

# **TEST PROCEDURE**

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in the 2.4 GHz band.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 40 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in each 5 GHz band.

The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

DATE: APRIL 11, 2007

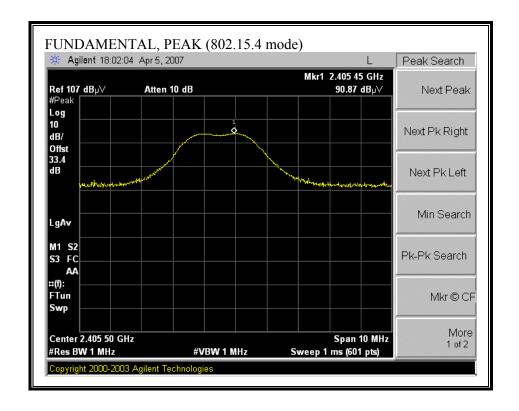
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## 7.2.2. TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHz FOR 2400 TO 2483.5 MHz BAND

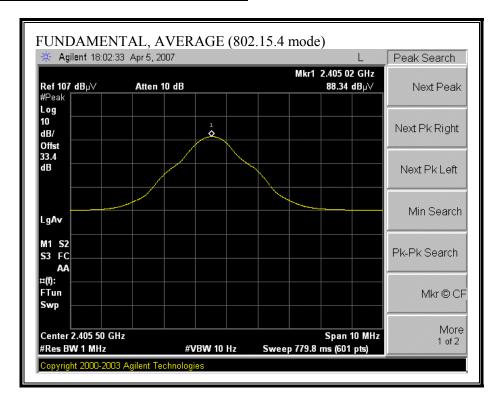
## **DELTA METHOD RESULTS**

802.15.4-Mode		Fundamental (dBuV/m)		Reading (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dBuV/m)		
CHANNEL	Average Power (dBm)	Delta (dBc)	Peak	Average	Peak	Average	Peak	Average	Peak	Average
2405	17.5	48.07	90.87	88.34	42.8	40.27	74	54	-31.2	-13.73
2480	17.5	39.49	93.38	91.06	53.89	51.57	74	54	-20.11	-2.43

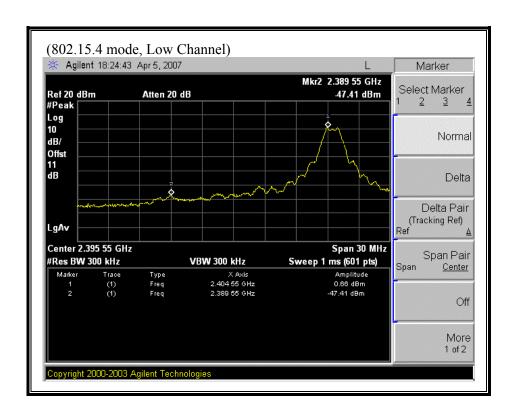
#### FUNDAMENTAL (802.15.4 MODE, LOW CHANNEL, PEAK)



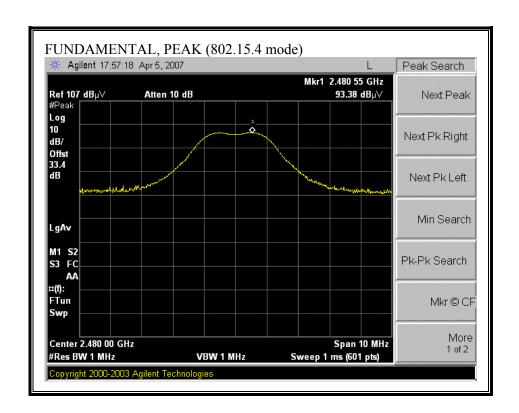
## **FUNDAMENTAL (LOW CHANNEL, AVERAGE)**



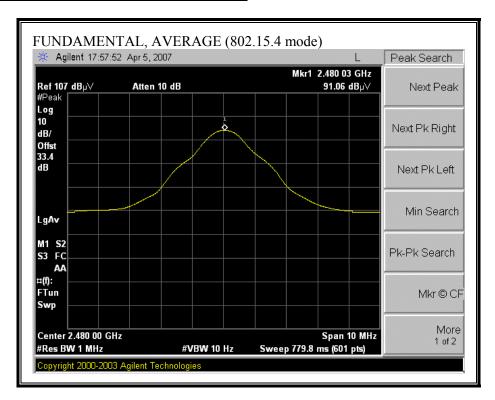
## **DELTA CONDUCTED BANDEDGE (LOW CHANNEL)**



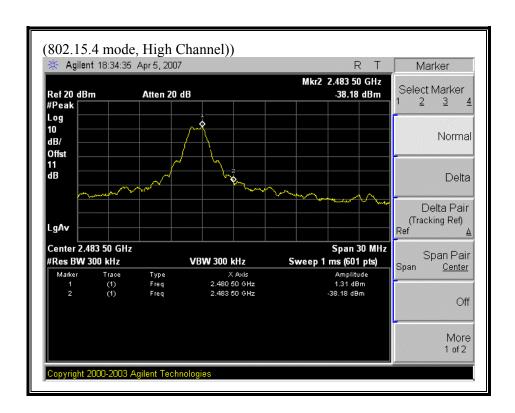
## **FUNDAMENTAL (HIGH CHANNEL, PEAK)**



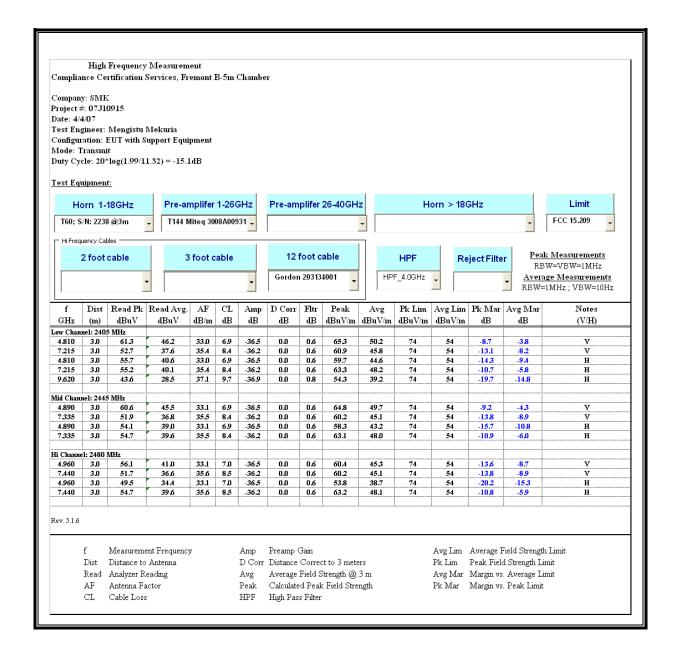
## **FUNDAMENTAL (HIGH CHANNEL, AVERAGE)**



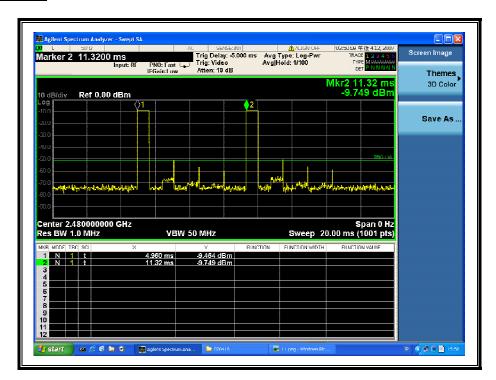
## **DELTA CONDUCTED BANDEDGE (HIGH CHANNEL)**

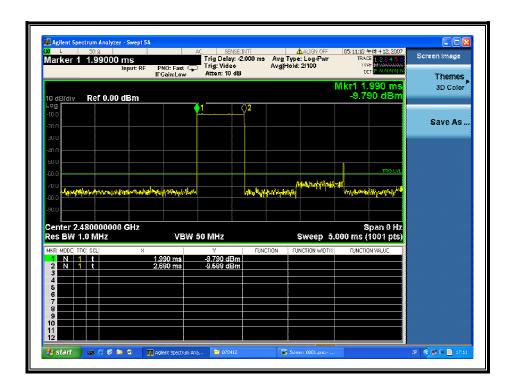


## **HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (802.15.4 MODE)**



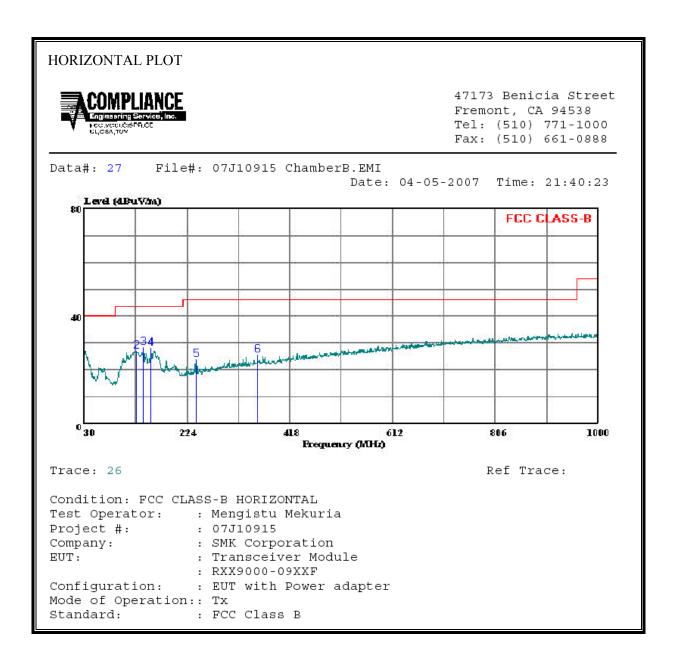
## **DUTY CYCLE:**





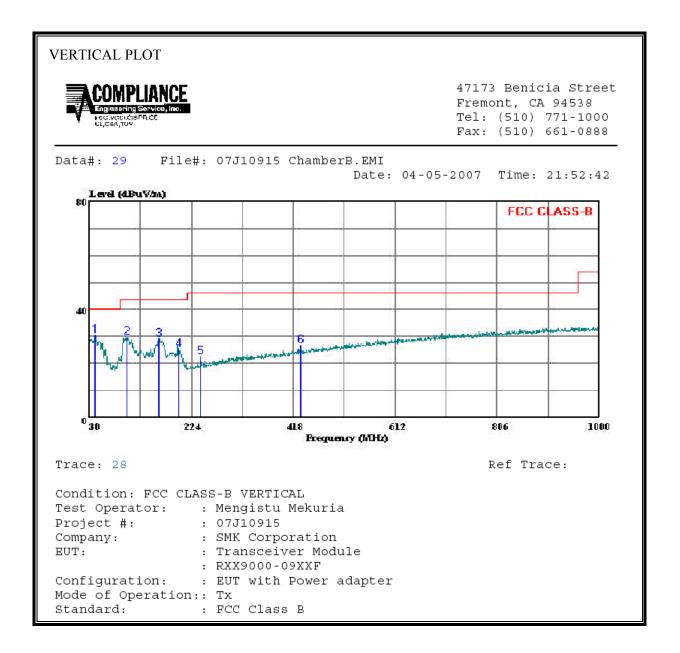
## 7.2.3. WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSIONS BELOW 1 GHz

#### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, HORIZONTAL)



HORIZONTAL DATA									
	Freq	Read Level	Probe Factor		Preamp Factor	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
_	MHz	dBuV	dB	dB	dB	$\overline{\mathtt{dBuV/m}}$	$\overline{\mathtt{dBuV/m}}$	dB	
1 2 3 4 5	30.000 128.940 141.550 156.100 242.430 356.890	33.90 39.90 41.70 42.00 38.40 36.60	22.03 13.98 13.64 12.80 11.98 15.15	0.62 1.20 1.23 1.31 1.65 2.04	28.41 28.24 28.22 28.19 28.06 28.05	28.14 26.85 28.35 27.92 23.97 25.74	43.50 43.50 43.50 46.00	-11.86 -16.66 -15.15 -15.58 -22.03 -20.26	Peak Peak Peak Peak

## SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, VERTICAL)



VERTICAL DATA										
	Freq	Read Level	Probe Factor		Preamp Factor	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark	
-	MHz	dBuV	dB	dB	dB	$\overline{\mathtt{dBuV/m}}$	$\overline{\mathtt{dBuV/m}}$	dB		
1 2 3 4 5 6	40.670 100.810 162.890 199.750 242.430 431.580	42.75 46.90 43.30 38.50 36.90 35.60	15.55 10.25 12.53 13.25 11.98 16.66	0.68 1.05 1.35 1.49 1.65 2.25	28.42 28.27 28.18 28.13 28.06 27.97	30.56 29.92 29.00 25.11 22.47 26.54	43.50 43.50 46.00	-9.44 -13.58 -14.50 -18.39 -23.53 -19.46	Peak Peak Peak Peak	

#### 7.3. POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

#### **LIMIT**

 $\S15.207$  (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal.

The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)				
	Quasi-peak	Average			
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *			
0.5-5	56	46			
5-30	60	50			

Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

#### **TEST PROCEDURE**

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80 cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4.

The resolution bandwidth is set to 9 kHz for both peak detection and quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

Line conducted data is recorded for both NEUTRAL and HOT lines.

#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

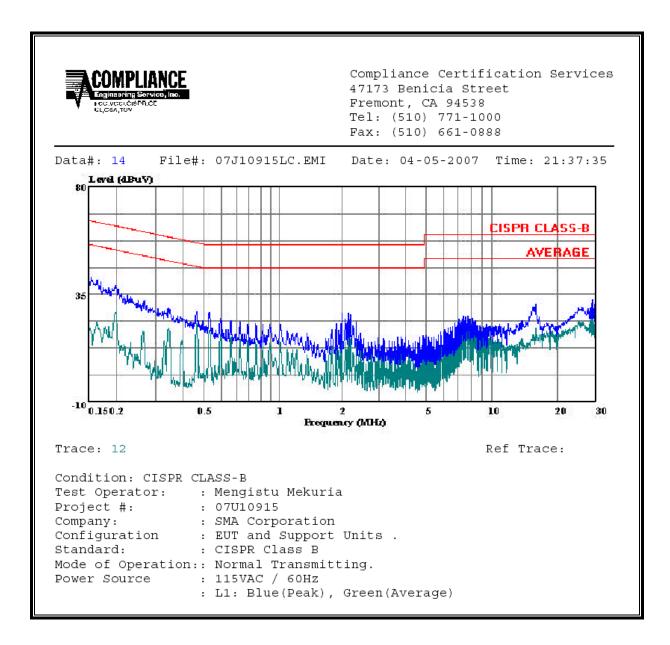
DATE: APRIL 11, 2007

FCC ID GT3FC003

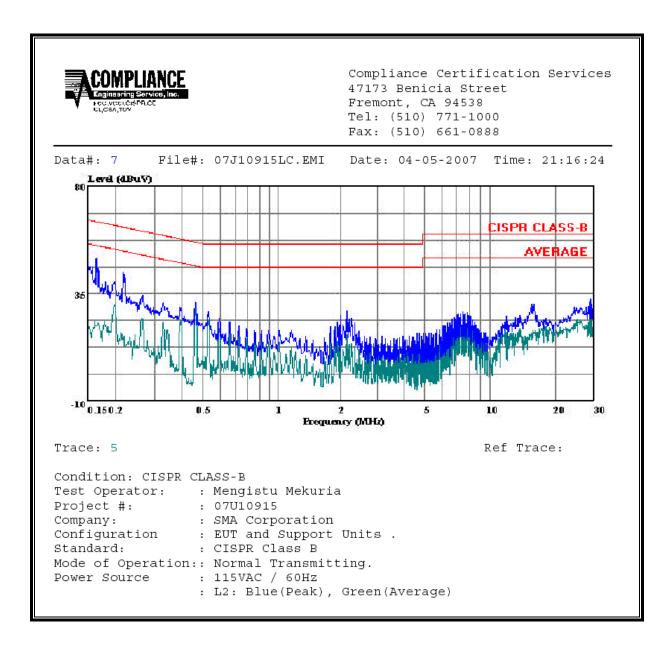
## **6 WORST EMISSIONS**

	CONDUCTED EMISSIONS DATA (115VAC 60Hz)										
Freq.	Reading			Closs	Limit	EN_B	Marg	in	Remark		
(MHz)	PK (dBuV)	QP (dBuV)	AV (dBuV)	(dB)	QP	AV	QP (dB)	AV(dB)	L1/L2		
0.15	43.63			0.00	66.00	56.00	-22.37	-12.37	L1		
2.25	26.84			0.00	56.00	46.00	-29.16	-19.16	L1		
29.06	32.85			0.00	60.00	50.00	-27.15	-17.15	L1		
0.16	49.90			0.00	65.26	55.26	-15.36	-5.36	L2		
2.25	27.73			0.00	56.00	46.00	-28.27	-18.27	L2		
29.06	32.95			0.00	60.00	50.00	-27.05	-17.05	L2		
6 Worst	 Data 										

## **LINE 1 RESULTS**

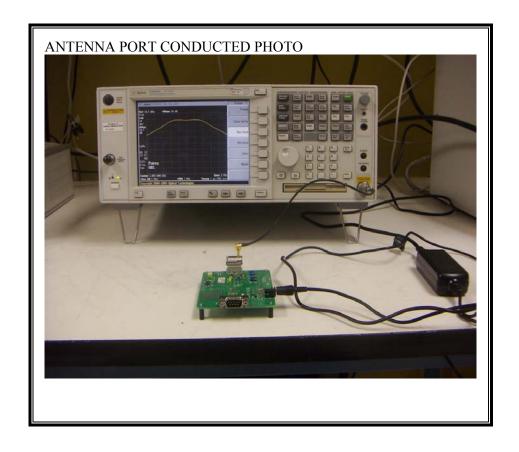


## **LINE 2 RESULTS**

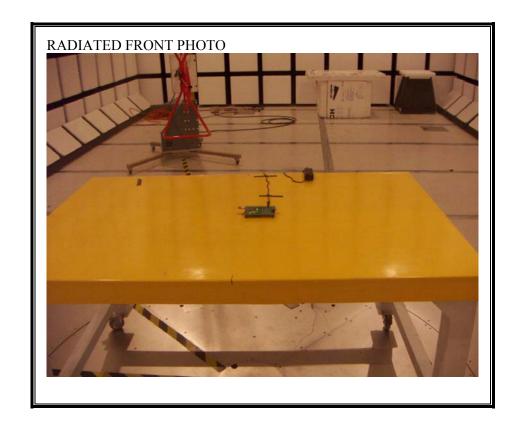


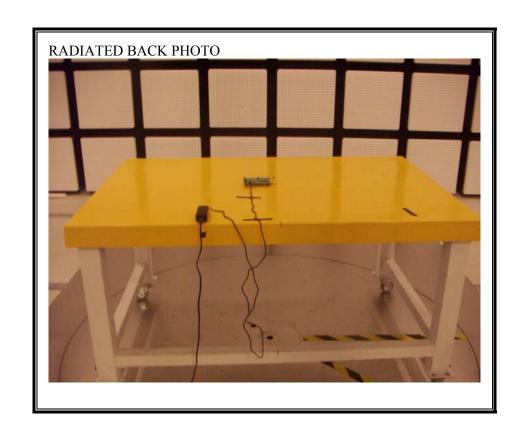
## 8. SETUP PHOTOS

## ANTENNA PORT CONDUCTED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP



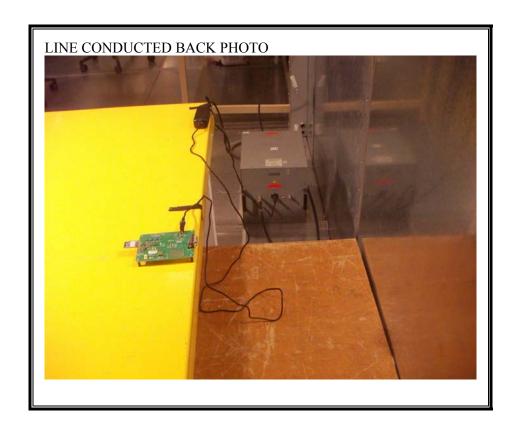
## RADIATED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP CONFIGURATION





## POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT SETUP





**END OF REPORT**