



PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc.

6660-B Dobbin Road • Columbia, MD 21045 • U.S.A.

TEL (410) 290-6652 • FAX (410) 290-6654

<http://www.pctestlab.com>



CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE FCC Part 24 Certification

NOKIA MOBILE PHONES INC.
12278 Scripps Summit Drive
San Diego, CA 92131
Attn: Dan Laramie, Senior EMC Engineer

Dates of Tests: January 21-22, 2002
Test Report S/N: 24.220122025.GML
Test Site: PCTEST Lab, Columbia MD

FCC ID

GMLNSD-5FX

APPLICANT


NOKIA MOBILE PHONES INC.

Classification:	Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)
FCC Rule Part(s):	§24(E), §2
EUT Type:	Single-Mode PCS Phone (PCS CDMA)
Trade Name/Model:	NOKIA / 8270
Tx Frequency Range:	1851.25MHz – 1908.75MHz (PCS CDMA)
Rx Frequency Range:	1931.25MHz – 1988.75MHz (PCS CDMA)
Max. RF Output Power:	0.355 W EIRP PCS CDMA (25.501 dBm)
Emission Designator(s):	1M25F9W

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in §2.947.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.

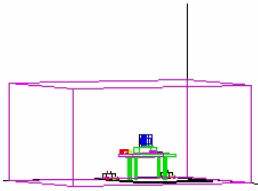

Randy Ortanez
President



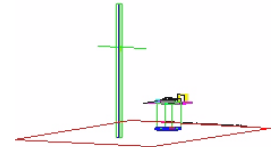
NVLAP[®]
LAB CODE 100431-0

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ATTACHMENT A: TEST REPORT	
1.1 SCOPE	1
2.1 INTRODUCTION	2
3.1 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS	3-4
5.1 EQUIVALENT ISOTROPIC RADIATED POWER	6
6.1 RADIATED MEASUREMENTS	7-9
7.1 FREQUENCY STABILITY	10-11
8.1 PLOTS OF EMISSIONS	12
9.1 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT	13
10.1 SAMPLE CALCULATIONS	14
11.1 CONCLUSION	15
ATTACHMENT B: TEST PLOTS	
ATTACHMENT C: TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS	
ATTACHMENT D: EXTERNAL PHOTOGRAPHS	
ATTACHMENT E: INTERNAL PHOTOGRAPHS	



MEASUREMENT REPORT



1.1 Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EME) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission.

General Information

Applicant Name:	NOKIA MOBILE PHONES INC.
Address:	12278 Scripps Summit Drive San Diego, CA 92131
Attention:	Dan Laramie, Senior EMC Engineer

- FCC ID: **GMLNSD-5FX**
- Quantity: Quantity production is planned
- Emission Designators: 1M25F9W
- Tx Freq. Range: 1851.25 – 1908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)
- Rx Freq. Range: 1931.25 – 1988.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)
- Max. Power Rating: 0.355 W EIRP PCS CDMA (25.501 dBm)
- FCC Classification(s): Licensed Portable Tx Held to Ear (PCE)
- Equipment (EUT) Type: Single-Mode PCS Phone (PCS CDMA)
- Modulation(s): PCS CDMA
- Frequency Tolerance: $\pm 0.00025\%$ (2.5 ppm)
- FCC Rule Part(s): § 24(E), §2
- Dates of Tests: January 21-22, 2002
- Place of Tests: PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD U.S.A.
- Test Report S/N: 24.220122025.GML



2.1 INTRODUCTION

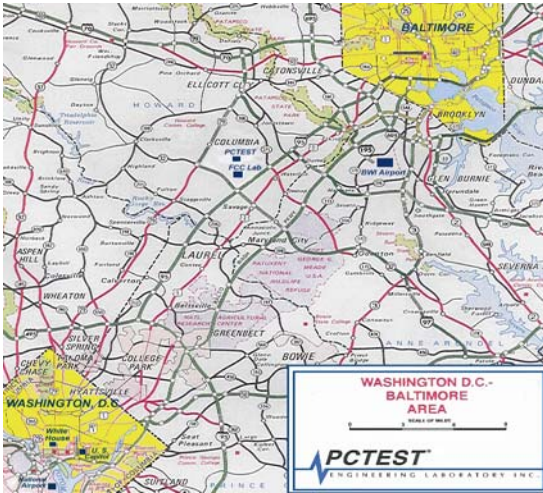


Figure 1. Map of the Greater Baltimore and Metropolitan Washington, D.C. area.

These measurement tests were conducted at **PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc.** facility in New Concept Business Park, Guilford Industrial Park, Columbia, Maryland. The site address is 6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045. The test site is one of the highest points in the Columbia area with an elevation of 390 feet above mean sea level. The site coordinates are 39° 11'15" N latitude and 76° 49'38" W longitude. The facility is 1.5 miles North of the FCC laboratory, and the ambient signal and ambient signal strength are approximately equal to those of the FCC laboratory. There are no FM or TV transmitters within 15 miles of the site. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4 on October 19, 1992.

Measurement Procedure

The radiated and spurious measurements were made outdoors at a 3-meter test range (see Figure2). The equipment under testing was placed on a wooden turntable, 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotations were adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer for both Horizontal and Vertical polarization. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This level was recorded.

For readings above 1 GHZ, the above procedure would be repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration.

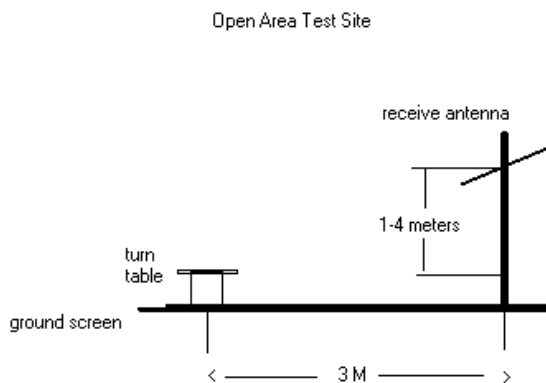


Figure 2. Diagram of 3-meter outdoor test range

3.1 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

3.2 Occupied Bandwidth Emission Limits

- (a) On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.
- (b) Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
- (c) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the licensee's frequency block edges, both upper and lower, as the design permits.
- (d) The measurement of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.

BLOCK	Freq. Range (MHz) Transmitter (Tx)	Freq. Range (MHz) Receiver (Rx)
A	1850 - 1865	1930 - 1945
B	1870 - 1885	1950 - 1965
C	1895 - 1910	1975 - 1990
D	1865 - 1870	1945 - 1950
E	1885 - 1890	1965 - 1970
F	1890 - 1895	1970 - 1975

Table 1. Broadband PCS Service Frequency Blocks.

3.1 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS (CONTINUED)

3.3 Frequencies

At the input terminals of the spectrum analyzer, an isolator (RF pad) and an high-pass filter are connected between the test transceiver (for conducted tests) or the receive antenna (for radiated tests) and the analyzer.

3.4 Radiation Spurious and Harmonic Emissions

Radiation and harmonic emissions above 1 GHz is measured outdoors at our 3-meter test range. The equipment under test is placed on a wooden turntable 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotations were adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator with the level of the signal generator being adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration.

4.0 Frequency Stability/Temperature Variation.

The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

- a.) **Temperature:** The temperature is varied from -30°C to +60°C using an environmental chamber.
- b.) **Primary Supply Voltage:** The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the voltage normally at the input to the device or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally supplied.

Specification – The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within ± 0.0001 (± 1 ppm) of the center frequency.

Time Period and Procedure:

1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter and the individual oscillators is measured at room temperature (25°C to 27°C to provide a reference).
2. The equipment is subjected to an overnight "soak" at -30°C without any power applied.
3. After the overnight "soak" at 30°C (usually 14-16 hours), the equipment is turned on in a "standby" condition for one minute before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter and the individual oscillators is made within a three minute interval after applying power to the transmitter.
4. Frequency measurements are made at 10°C interval up to room temperature. At least a period of one and one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.
5. Again the transmitter carrier frequency and the individual oscillators is measured at room temperature to begin measurement of the upper temperature levels.
6. Frequency were made at 10 intervals starting at 30°C up to +50°C allowing at least two hours at each temperature for stabilization. In all measurements the frequency is measured within three minutes after applying power to the transmitter.
7. The artificial load is mounted external to the temperature chamber.

NOTE: The EUT is tested down to the battery endpoint.

5.1 Test Data

5.2 Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (E.I.R.P.)

Radiated measurements at 3 meters

Supply Voltage: 3.6 VDC

Modulation: PCS CDMA

FREQ . (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	Azimuth (o angle)	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP (W)	Battery
1851.25	-17.70	H	60.0	25.38	0.346	Standard
1880.00	-17.75	H	60.0	25.50	0.355	Standard
1908.75	-18.00	H	60.0	25.42	0.348	Standard

NOTES:

ERP Measurements by Substitution Method:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This ERP level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration.

6.1 Test Data

6.2 PCS CDMA Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1851.25 MHz
 CHANNEL: 0025 (Low)
 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 25.501 dBm = 0.355 W
 MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)
 DISTANCE: 3 meters
 LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) =$ 38.50 dBc

FREQ . (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H /V)	(dBc)
3702.50	-81.00	H	50.3
5553.75	-97.50	H	61.5
7405.00	-129.00	H	89.0
9256.25	< -130		
11107.50	< -130		

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method
according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603 (rev.1998):

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

6.1 Test Data (Continued)

6.3 PCS CDMA Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1880.00 MHz
CHANNEL: 0600 (Mid)
MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 25.501 dBm = 0.355 W
MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)
DISTANCE: 3 meters
LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) =$ 38.50 dBc

FREQ . (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H /V)	(dBc)
3760.00	-89.20	H	58.2
5640.00	-96.80	H	60.6
7520.00	-120.70	H	80.4
9400.00	< -130		
11280.00	< -130		

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method
according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603 (rev.1998):

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

6.1 Test Data (Continued)

6.4 PCS CDMA Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1908.75 MHz
CHANNEL: 1175 (High)
MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 25.501 dBm = 0.355 W
MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)
DISTANCE: 3 meters
LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) =$ 38.50 dBc

FREQ . (MHz)	LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H /V)	(dBc)
3817.50	-83.20	H	51.9
5726.25	-97.00	H	60.6
7635.00	-128.50	H	88.0
9543.75	< -130		
11452.50	< -130		

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method
according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603 (rev.1998):

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

7.1 Test Data

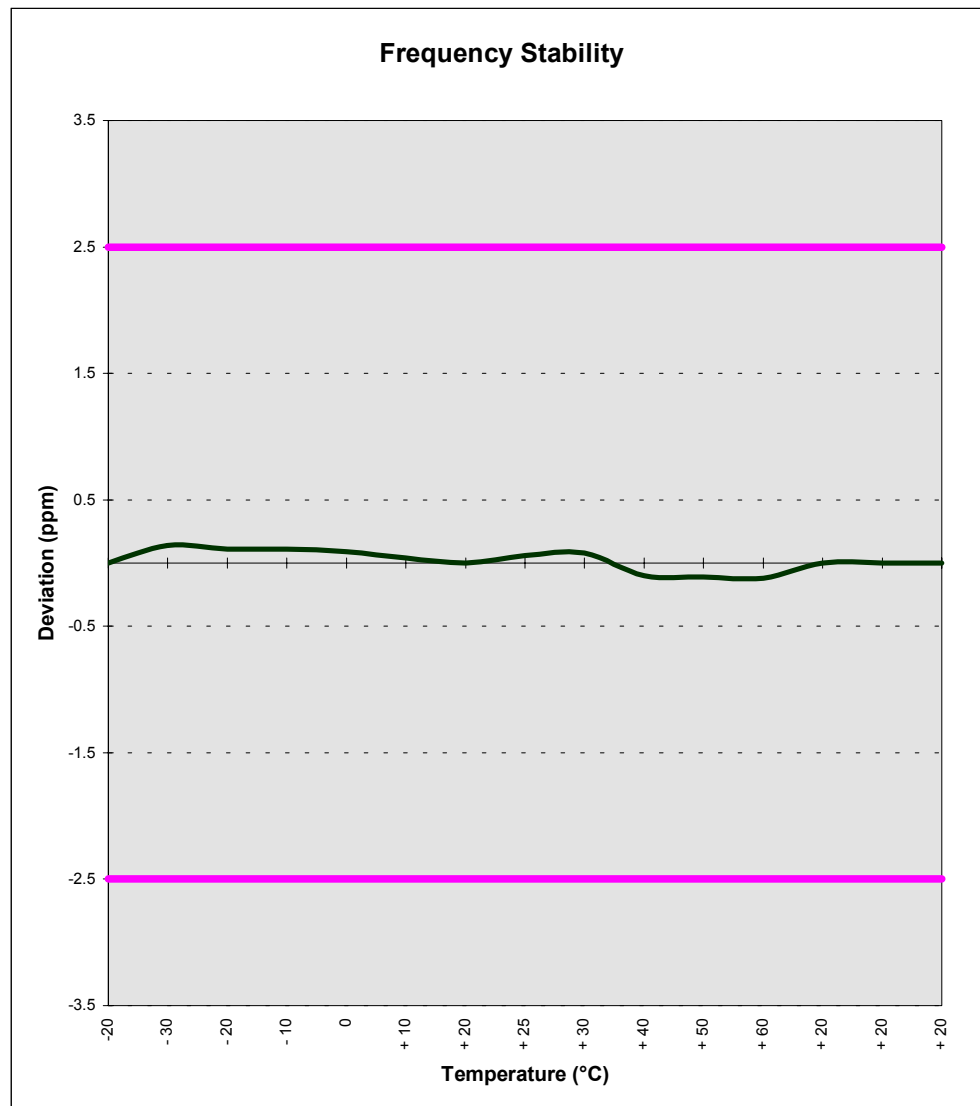
7.2 FREQUENCY STABILITY (PCS CDMA)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1,880,000,002 Hz
 CHANNEL: 600
 REFERENCE VOLTAGE: 3.6 VDC
 DEVIATION LIMIT: ± 0.00025 % or 2.5 ppm

VOLTAGE (%)	POW ER (VDC)	TEM P (°C)	FREQ . (Hz)	Deviation (%)
100 %	3.60	+ 20 (Ref)	1,880,000,002	0.000000
100 %		- 30	1,879,999,739	0.000014
100 %		- 20	1,879,999,795	0.000011
100 %		- 10	1,879,999,795	0.000011
100 %		0	1,879,999,833	0.000009
100 %		+ 10	1,879,999,927	0.000004
100 %		+ 20	1,880,000,002	0.000000
100 %		+ 25	1,879,999,889	0.000006
100 %		+ 30	1,879,999,852	0.000008
100 %		+ 40	1,880,000,190	-0.000010
100 %		+ 50	1,880,000,209	-0.000011
100 %		+ 60	1,880,000,228	-0.000012
85 %	3.06	+ 20	1,880,000,002	0.000000
115 %	4.14	+ 20	1,880,000,002	0.000000
BATT . ENDPO INT	2.93	+ 20	1,880,000,002	0.000000

7.1 Test Data (Continued)

7.3 FREQUENCY STABILITY (PCS CDMA)



8.1 PLOT(S) OF EMISSIONS

(SEE ATTACHMENT B)

9.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

Type	Model	Cal. Due Date	S/N
Microwave Spectrum Analyzer	HP 8566B (100Hz-22GHz)	08/15/02	3638A08713
Microwave Spectrum Analyzer	HP 8566B (100Hz-22GHz)	04/17/02	2542A11898
Spectrum Analyzer/Tracking Gen.	HP 8591A (100Hz-1.8GHz)	08/11/02	144A02458
Signal Generator*	HP 8640B (500Hz-1GHz)	06/03/02	2232A19558
Signal Generator*	HP 8640B (500Hz-1GHz)	06/03/02	1851A09816
Signal Generator*	Rohde & Schwarz (0.1-1000MHz)	09/11/02	894215/012
Ailtech/Eaton Receiver	NM 37/57A-SL (30-1000MHz)	04/12/02	0792-03271
Ailtech/Eaton Receiver	NM 37/57A (30-1000MHz)	03/11/02	0805-03334
Ailtech/Eaton Receiver	NM 17/27A (0.1-32MHz)	09/17/02	0608-03241
Quasi-Peak Adapter	HP 85650A	08/15/02	2043A00301
Ailtech/Eaton Adapter	CCA-7 CISPR/ANSI QP Adapter	03/11/02	0194-04082
Gigatronics Universal Power Meter	8657A		1835256
Gigatronics Power Sensor	80701A (0.05-18GHz)		1833460
Signal Generator	HP 8648D (9kHz-4GHz)		3613A00315
Amplifier Research	5S1G4 (5W, 800MHz-4.2GHz)		22322
Network Analyzer	HP 8753E (30kHz-3GHz)		JP38020182
Audio Analyzer	HP 8903B		3011A09025
Modulation Analyzer	HP 8901A		2432A03467
Power Meter	HP 437B		3125U24437
Power Sensor	HP 8482H (30μW-3W)		2237A02084
Harmonic/Flicker Test System	HP 6841A (IEC 555-2/3)		3531A00115
Broadband Amplifier (2)	HP 8447D		1145A00470, 1937A03348
Broadband Amplifier	HP 8447F		2443A03784
Horn Antenna	EMCO Model 3115 (1-18GHz)		9704-5182
Horn Antenna	EMCO Model 3115 (1-18GHz)		9205-3874
Horn Antenna	EMCO Model 3116 (18-40GHz)		9203-2178
Biconical Antenna (4)	Eaton 94455/Eaton 94455-1/Singer 94455-1/Compliance Design 1295, 1332, 0355		
Log-Spiral Antenna (3)	Ailtech/Eaton 93490-1		0608, 1103, 1104
Roberts Dipoles	Compliance Design (1 set)		
Ailtech Dipoles	DM-105A (1 set)		33448-111
EMCO LISN (6)	3816/2		1079
Microwave Preamplifier 40dB Gain	HP 83017A (0.5-26.5GHz)		3123A00181
Microwave Cables	MicroCoax (1.0-26.5GHz)		
Ailtech/Eaton Receiver	NM37/57A-SL		0792-03271
Spectrum Analyzer	HP 8594A		3051A00187
Spectrum Analyzer (2)	HP 8591A		3034A01395, 3108A02053
Microwave Survey Meter	Holaday Model 1501 (2.450GHz)		80931
Digital Thermometer	Extech Instruments 421305		426966
Attenuator	HP 8495A (0-70dB) DC-4GHz		
Bi-Directional Coax Coupler	Narda 3020A (50-1000MHz)		
Shielded Screen Room	RF Lindgren Model 26-2/2-0		6710 (PCT270)
Shielded Semi-Anechoic Chamber	Ray Proof Model S81		R2437 (PCT278)
Environmental Chamber	Associated Systems Model 1025 (Temperature/Humidity)		PCT285

* Calibration traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

10.1 SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

A. Emission Designator

CDMA Sample

2M + 2DK

CDMA BW = 1.25 MHz

F = Frequency Modulation

9 = Composite Digital Info

W = Combination (Audio/Data)

Emission Designator = 1M25F9W

B. Spurious Radiated Emission - PCS Band

Example: Channel 25 PCS Mode 2nd Harmonic (3702.50 MHz)

The receive analyzer reading at 3 meters with the EUT on the turntable was -81.0 dBm. The gain of the substituted antenna is 8.1 dBi. The signal generator connected to the substituted antenna terminals is adjusted to produce a reading of -81.0 dBm on the receive analyzer. The loss of the cable between the signal generator and the terminals of the substituted antenna is 2.0 dB at 3702.50 MHz. So 6.1 dB is added to the signal generator reading of -30.9 dBm yielding -24.80 dBm. The fundamental EIRP was 25.501 dBm so this harmonic was 25.501 dBm - (-24.80) = 50.3 dBc.

11.1 CONCLUSION

The data collected shows that the **NOKIA Single-Mode PCS Phone (PCS CDMA) FCC ID: GMLNSD-5FX** complies with all the requirements of Parts 2 and 24 of the FCC rules.