Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date: 2007/5/6

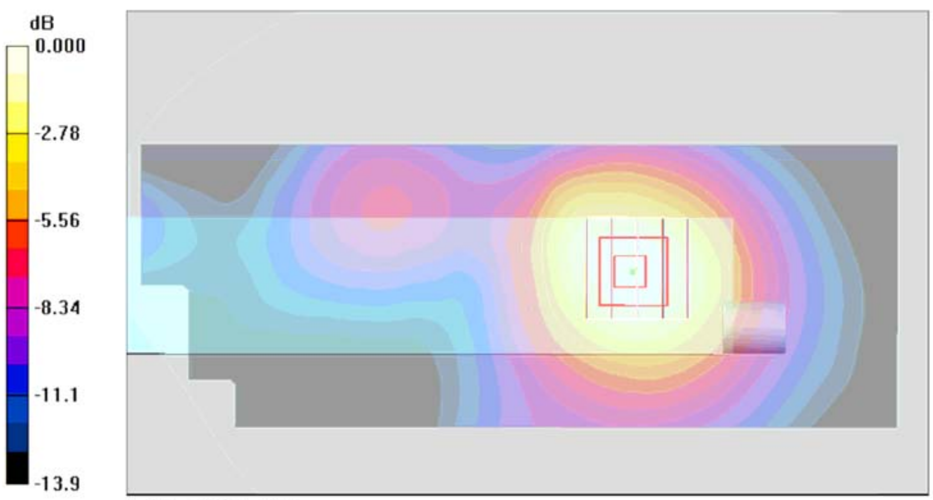
Body_PCS Ch661_Holster Right Side Touch_7527C_Endcap 5_B2_GPRS10

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.52 mho/m; ε_r = 53.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature : 22.8 ℃; Liquid Temperature : 20.9 ℃

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 2006/9/19
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2006/11/21
- Phantom: SAM-A; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1303
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Ch661/Area Scan (61x171x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.258 mW/g

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.033 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.346 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.236 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.149 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.255 mW/g



0 dB = 0.255mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date: 2007/5/6

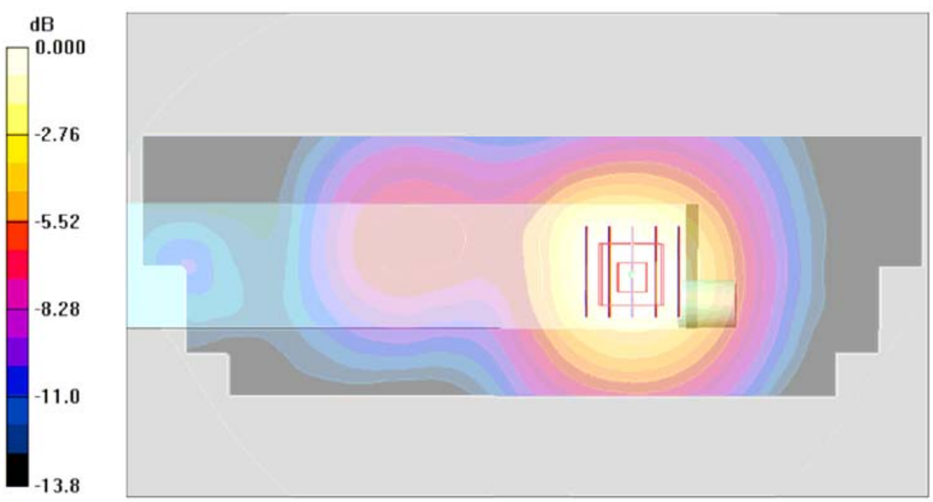
Body_PCS Ch512_Holster Right Side Touch_7527C_Endcap 1_B2_GPRS10_BT On

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.49 mho/m; ε_r = 53.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature : 22.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 ℃

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 2006/5/31
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2006/11/21
- Phantom: SAM-B; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Ch810/Area Scan (61x201x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.240 mW/g

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.118 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.326 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.215 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.137 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.228 mW/g



0 dB = 0.228mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date: 2007/5/6

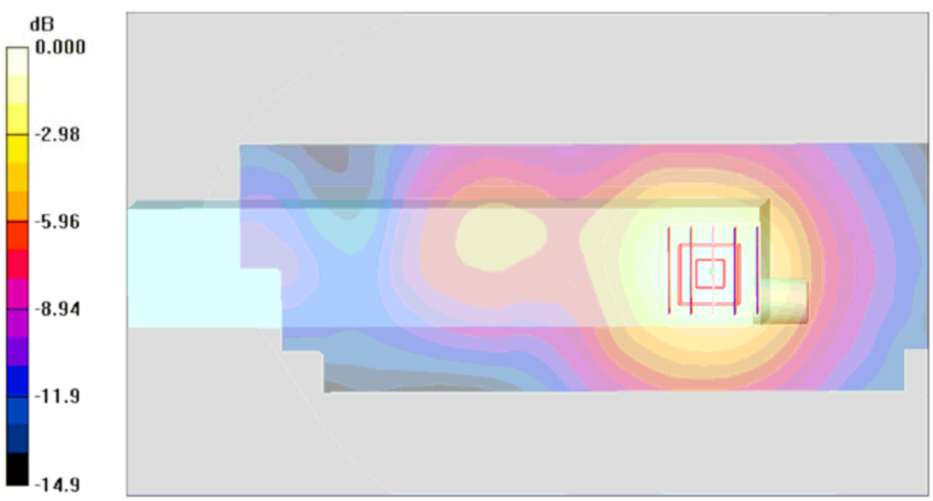
Body_PCS Ch661_Holster Right Side Touch_7527C_Endcap 1_B2_GPRS12

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.52 mho/m; ε_r = 53.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 ℃

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 2006/5/31
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2006/11/21
- Phantom: SAM-B; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Ch661/Area Scan (61x201x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.139 mW/g

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.122 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.201 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.128 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.080 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.137 mW/g



0 dB = 0.137mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date: 2007/5/6

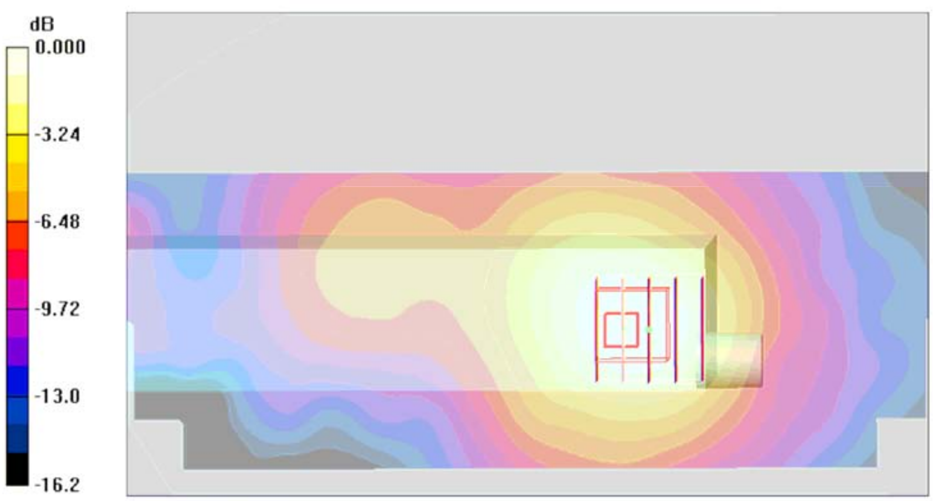
Body_PCS Ch661_Holster Right Side Touch_7527C_Endcap 1_B2_EDGE8

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature : 22.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature : 21.4 ℃

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 2006/5/31
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2006/11/21
- Phantom: SAM-B; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Ch661/Area Scan (61x201x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.042 mW/g

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 3.88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.120 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.063 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.039 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.025 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.041 mW/g



0 dB = 0.041mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab   Date: 2007/5/6

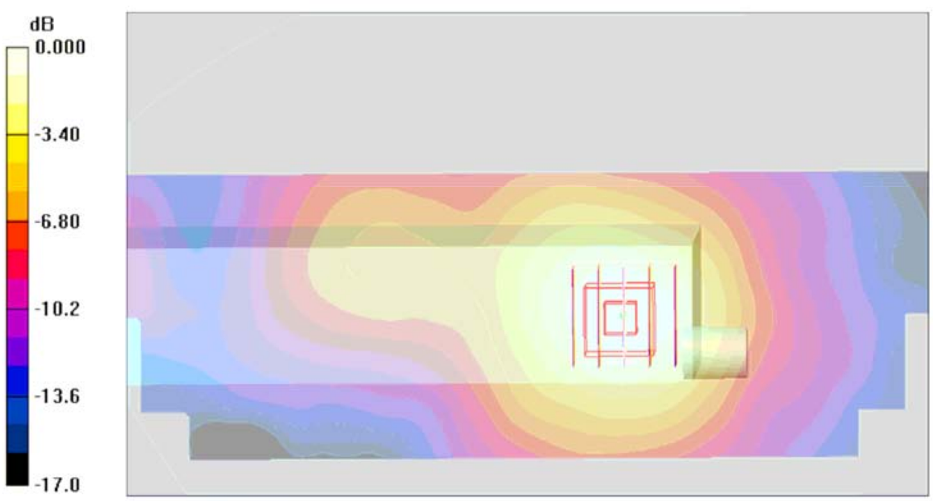
Body_PCS Ch661_Holster Right Side Touch_7527C_Endcap 1_B2_EDGE10

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.52 mho/m; ε_r = 53.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature : 22.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 ℃

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 2006/5/31
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2006/11/21
- Phantom: SAM-B; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Ch661/Area Scan (61x201x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.056 mW/g

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.148 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.079 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.050 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.032 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.054 mW/g



0 dB = 0.054mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date: 2007/5/6

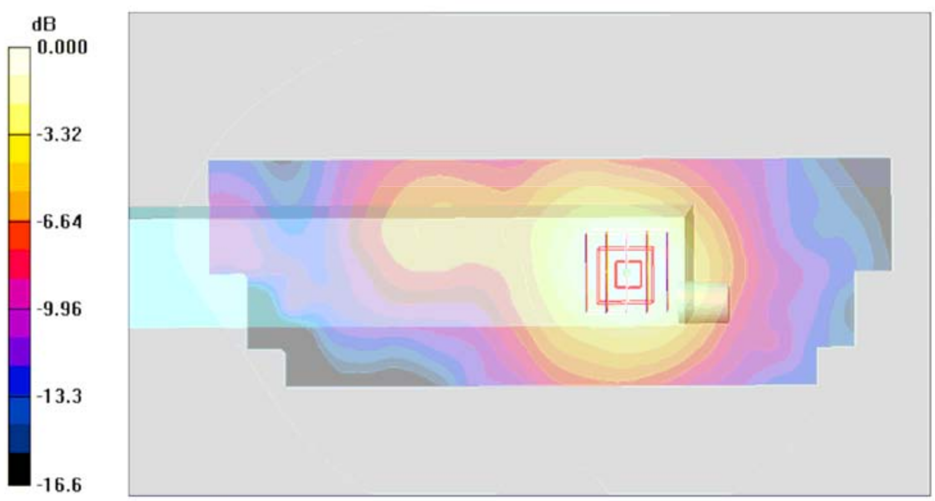
Body_PCS Ch661_Holster Right Side Touch_7527C_Endcap 1_B2_EDGE12

Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.52 mho/m; ε_r = 53.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature : 23.1 ℃; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 ℃

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 2006/5/31
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2006/11/21
- Phantom: SAM-B; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Ch661/Area Scan (61x201x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.041 mW/g

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 3.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.146 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.063 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.038 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.024 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.040 mW/g



0 dB = 0.040mW/g

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date/Time: 2/4/2007 11:20:15 AM

Left Tilted_GSM850 Ch251_20070204_Bluetooth On_PC529_2D

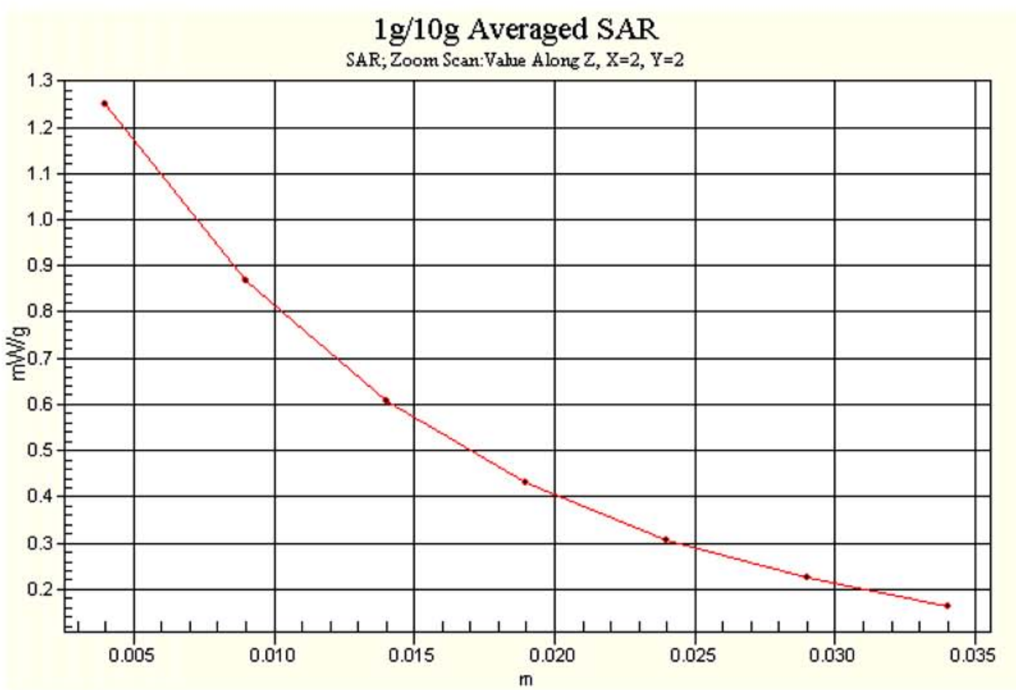
DUT: 710211

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.912 mho/m; ε_r = 42.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature : 22.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature : 20.9 ℃

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.6, 6.6, 6.6); Calibrated: 9/19/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 11/21/2006
- Phantom: SAM-B; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

Ch251/Area Scan (71x161x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.25 mW/g

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 28.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.184 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.63 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.15 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.775 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date/Time: 2/4/2007 2:42:50 PM

Left Tilted_PCS Ch512_20070204_Bluetooth On_PC529_2D

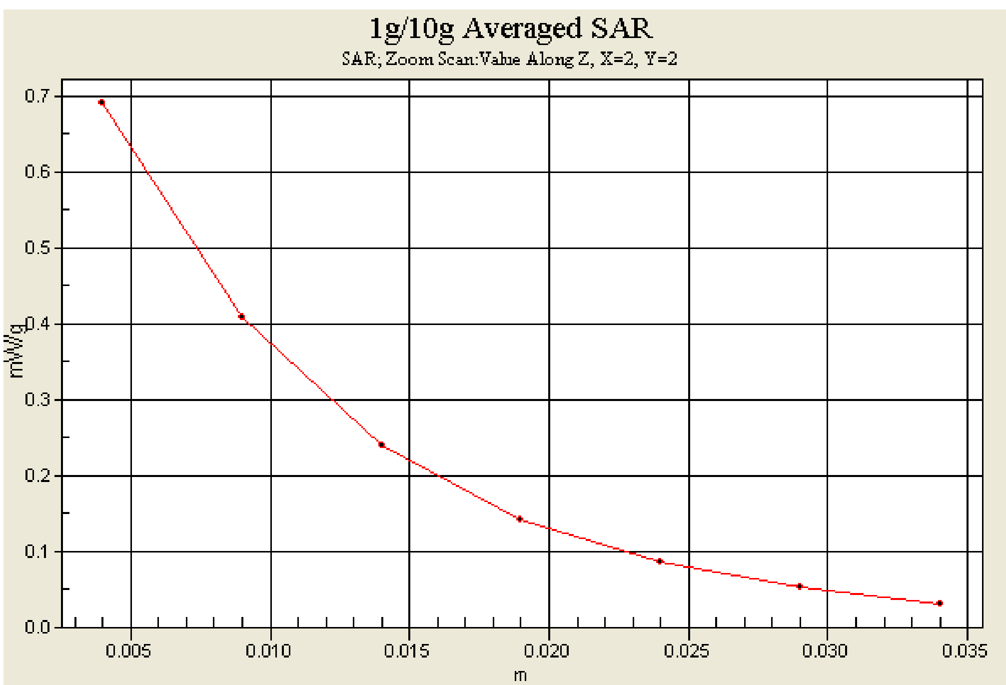
DUT: 710211

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used : f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.43 mho/m; ε_r = 41.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature：20.3 ℃

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(5.3, 5.3, 5.3); Calibrated: 9/19/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 11/21/2006
- Phantom: SAM-A; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1303
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

Ch512/Area Scan (71x161x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.696 mW/g

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 16.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.149 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.632 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.368 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.690 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab   Date/Time: 2/4/2007 8:00:53 PM

Body_GSM850 Ch251_Keypad Up with 1.5cm Gap_20070204_GPRS10_PC529_2D

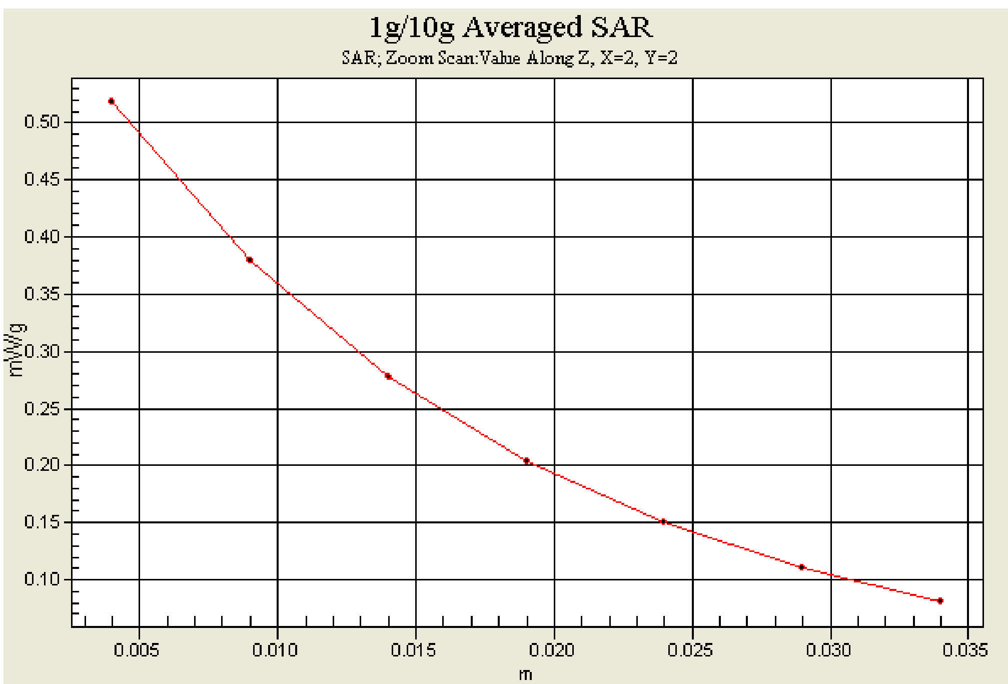
DUT: 710211

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; $\sigma = 0.984$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 56.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：21.9 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.33, 6.33, 6.33); Calibrated: 9/19/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 11/21/2006
- Phantom: SAM-B; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

Ch251/Area Scan (71x171x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.519 mW/g

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.098 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.647 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.489 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.348 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.518 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date/Time: 2/5/2007 7:56:43 PM

Body_PCS Ch512_Keypad Up with 1.5cm Gap_GPRS10_PC529_2D

DUT: 710211

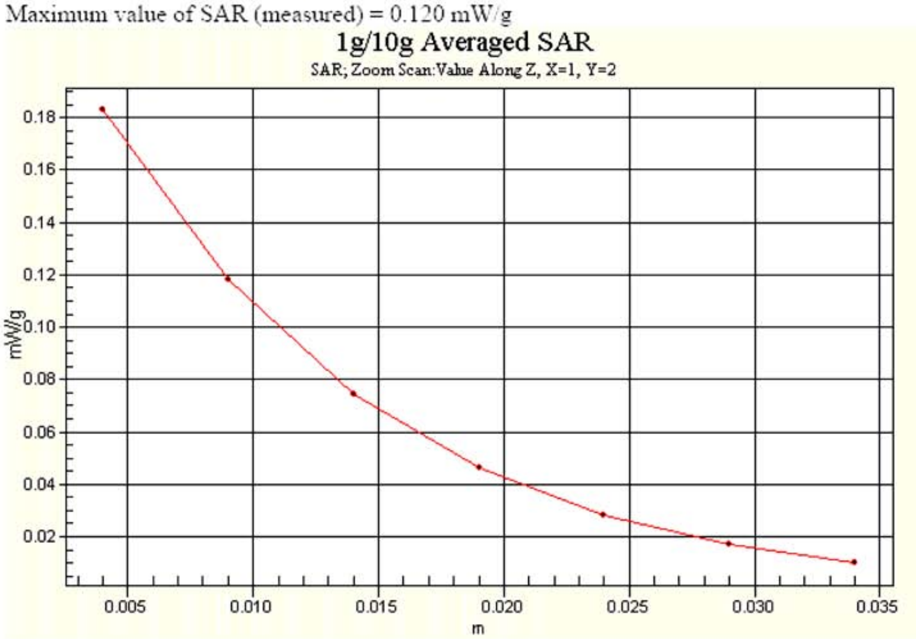
Communication System: PCS 1900; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used : f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.48 mho/m; ε_r = 53.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：21.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：18.9 ℃

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 9/19/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 11/21/2006
- Phantom: SAM-A; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1303
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

Ch512/Area Scan (71x171x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.182 mW/g

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.119 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.256 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.171 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.114 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.183 mW/g

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.93 V/m; Power Drift = -0.119 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.160 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.113 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.120 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date: 2007/5/5

Body_GSM850 Ch189_Holster Right Side Touch_7527C_Endcap 1_B2_GPRS10_2D

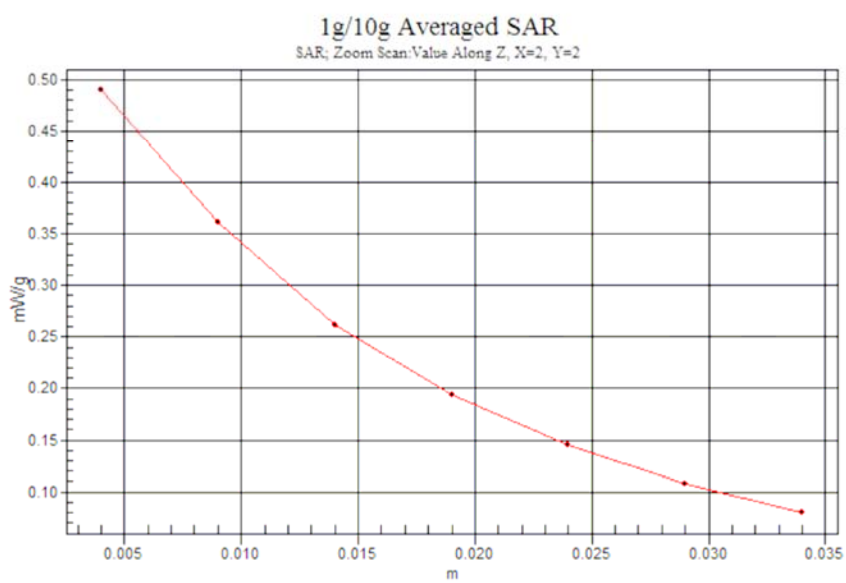
Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4
Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.969 mho/m; ε_r = 54.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature : 22.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature : 21.3 ℃

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 2006/5/31
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2006/11/21
- Phantom: SAM-A; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1303
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Ch189/Area Scan (61x171x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.499 mW/g

Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 21.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.151 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.601 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.456 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.322 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.487 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date: 2007/5/1

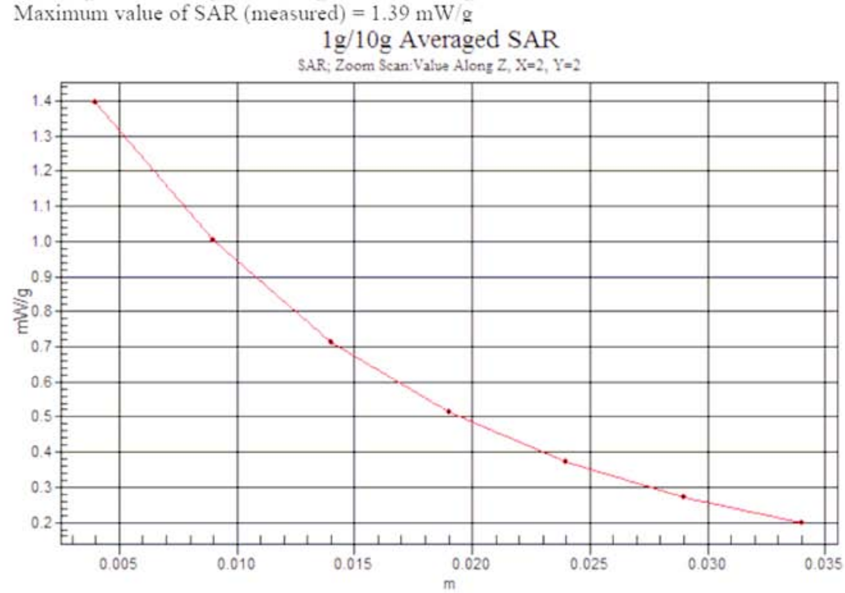
Left Tilted_GSM850 Ch251_7527C_POD 3_B2_2D

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.902 mho/m; ε_r = 42.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature : 23.1 ℃; Liquid Temperature : 21.6 ℃

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(6.6, 6.6, 6.6); Calibrated: 2006/9/19
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2006/11/21
- Phantom: SAM-B; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Ch251/Area Scan (81x181x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.38 mW/g

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 30.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.176 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.81 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.890 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.39 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date: 2007/5/1

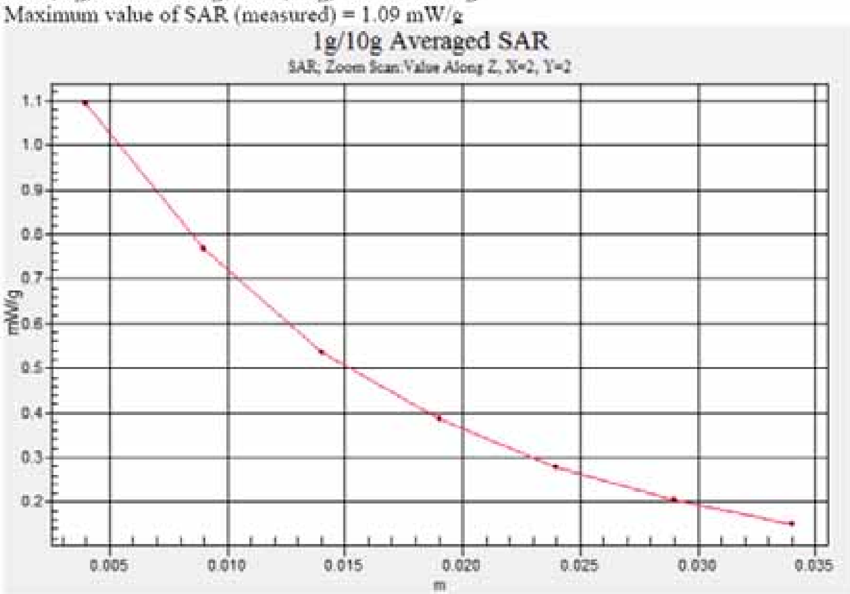
Left Tilted_GSM850 Ch251_7527S_POD 3_B2_2D

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: HSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; $\sigma = 0.902$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature : 22.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature : 21.5 ℃

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(6.38, 6.38, 6.38); Calibrated: 2006/5/31
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2006/11/21
- Phantom: SAM-B; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Ch251/Area Scan (81x161x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 mW/g

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.120 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.43 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.682 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 mW/g



Appendix C – Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

ilac-MRA

SWISS CALIBRATION

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Sporton (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-499_Mar06**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D835V2 - SN: 499
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v6 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits
Calibration date:	March 15, 2006
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference Probe ET3DV6	SN 1507	28-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct05)	Oct-06
DAE4	SN 601	15-Dec-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Dec05)	Dec-06
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Check Date (in house)**	**Scheduled Check**
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
RF generator Agilent E4421B	MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-06

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Judith Müller	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: March 16, 2006

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D835V2-499_Mar06 Page 1 of 9

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Area Scan resolution	dx, dy = 15 mm	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.1 ± 6 %	0.94mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.2 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.35 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.40 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters [1]	normalized to 1W	**9.24 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.53 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.12 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters [1]	normalized to 1W	**6.07 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

[1] Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	56.8 ± 6 %	0.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.4 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.45 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.80 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters [2]	normalized to 1W	**9.91 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.62 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.48 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters [2]	normalized to 1W	**6.55 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

[2] Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.1 Ω - 2.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.9 Ω - 5.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.391ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 10, 2003

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 15.03.2006 12:51:44

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:499

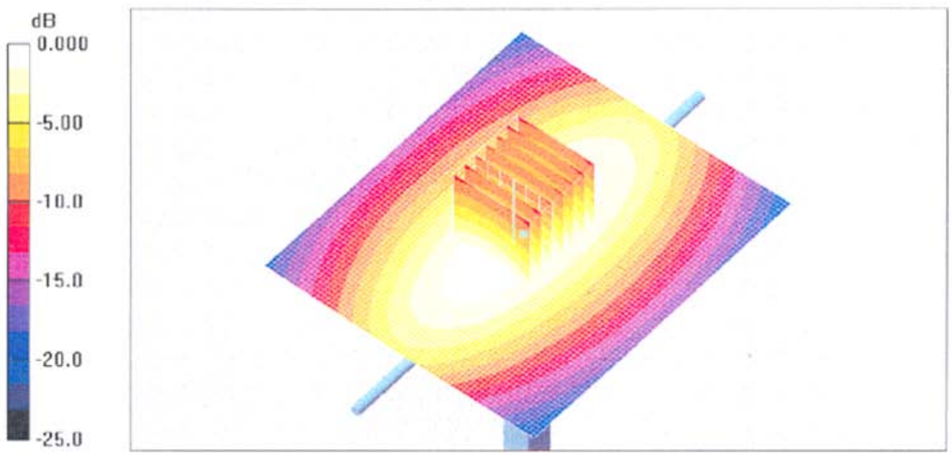
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL U10 BB;
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.942 mho/m; ε_r = 42.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 14; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 165

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.54 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 53.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.008 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.53 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.35 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.55 mW/g



0 dB = 2.55mW/g

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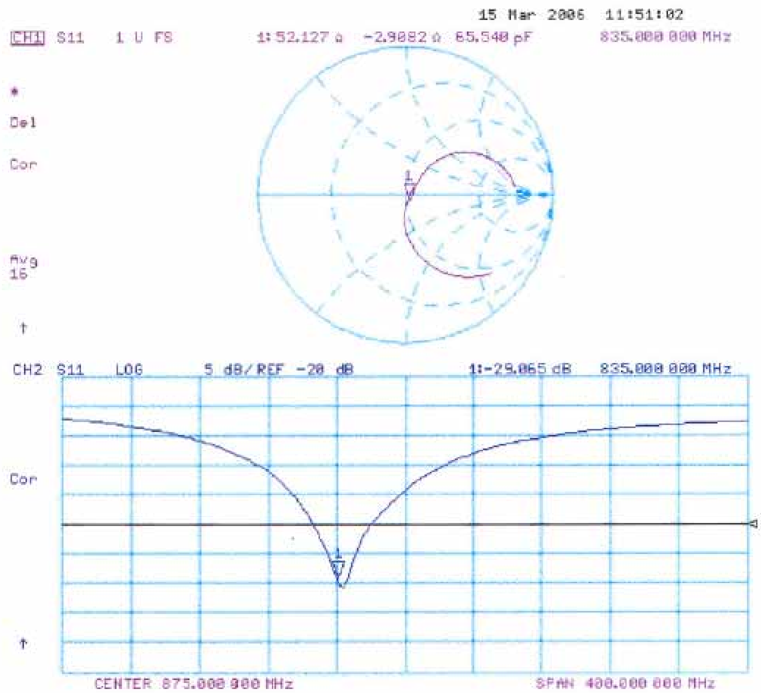
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D835V2-499_Mar06   Page 7 of 9

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 14.03.2006 12:37:15

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:499

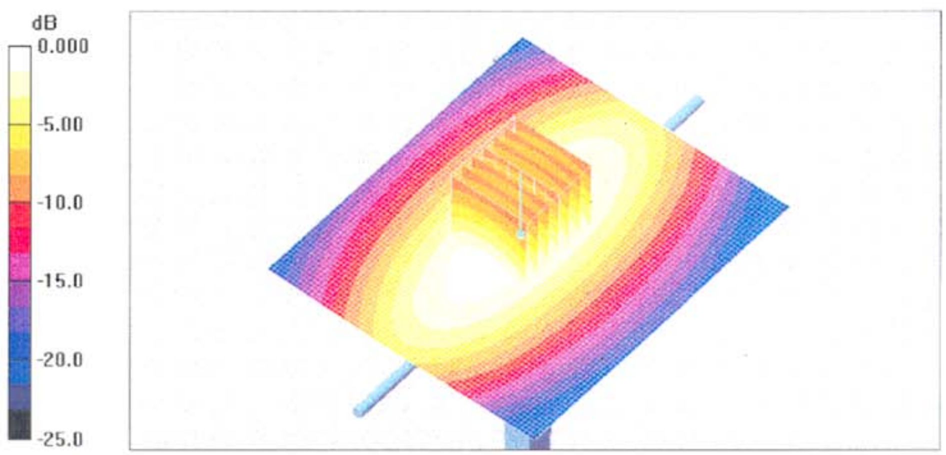
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL U10;
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.972$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 56.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(5.84, 5.84, 5.84); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 14; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 165

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (71x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.63 mW/g

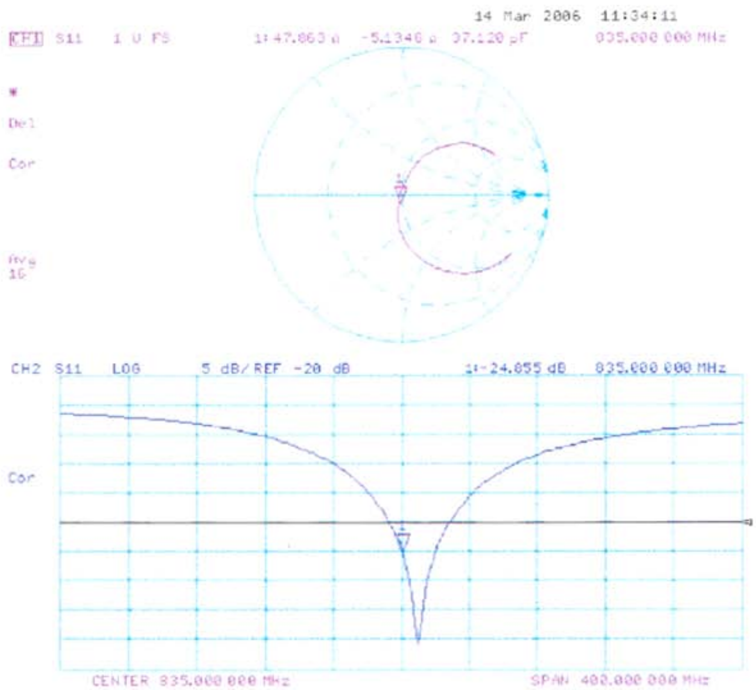
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 53.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.026 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.51 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.65 mW/g



0 dB = 2.65mW/g

Certificate No: D835V2-499_Mar06 Page 8 of 9

Impedance Measurement Plot Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Sporton (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d041_Mar06**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1900V2 - SN: 5d041
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v6 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits
Calibration date:	March 21, 2006
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference Probe ET3DV6	SN: 1507	28-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1507_Oct05)	Oct-06
DAE4	SN: 601	15-Dec-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Dec05)	Dec-06

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
RF generator Agilent E4421B	MY41000675	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-06

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Judith Müller	Laboratory Technician	(signature)
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	(signature)

Issued: March 22, 2006

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Area Scan resolution	dx, dy = 15 mm	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.4 ± 6 %	1.42 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.75 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	39.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters [1]	normalized to 1W	**38.4 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.17 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters [1]	normalized to 1W	**20.5 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

[1] Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.7 ± 6 %	1.54 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.6 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.2 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	40.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters [2]	normalized to 1W	**41.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.40 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters [2]	normalized to 1W	**21.8 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

[2] Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.5 Ω + 5.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.9 Ω + 6.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.200 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 4, 2003

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 14.03.2006 16:18:53

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d041

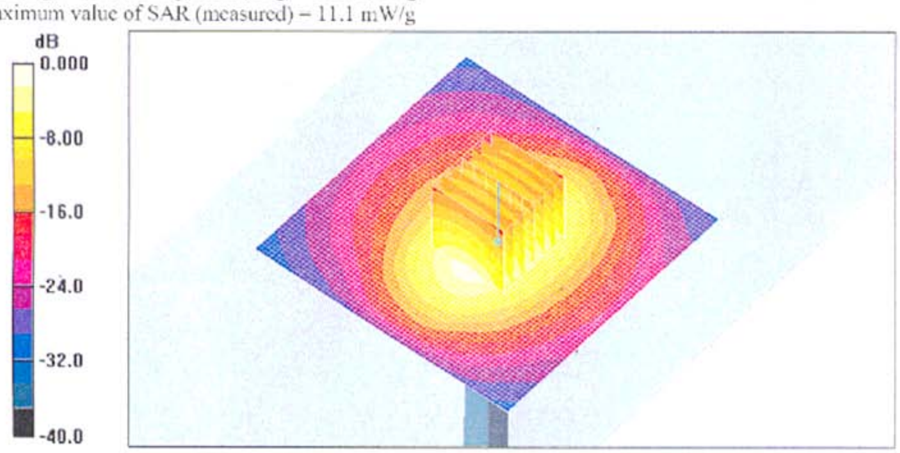
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL U10 BB;
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.42 mho/m; ε_r = 39.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 14; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 165

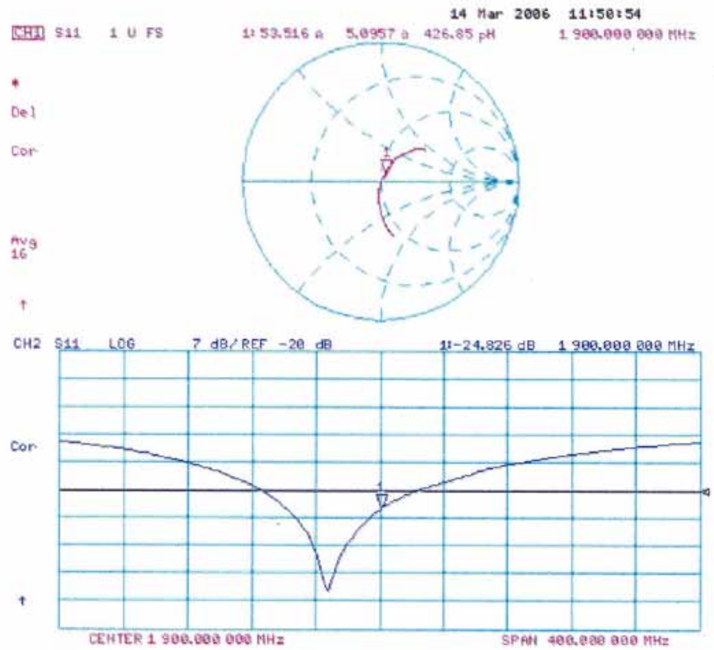
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.7 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 90.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.093 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.75 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.17 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.1 mW/g



0 dB = 11.1mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D1900V2-5d041_Mar06 Page 7 of 9

DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 21.03.2006 13:59:55

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d041

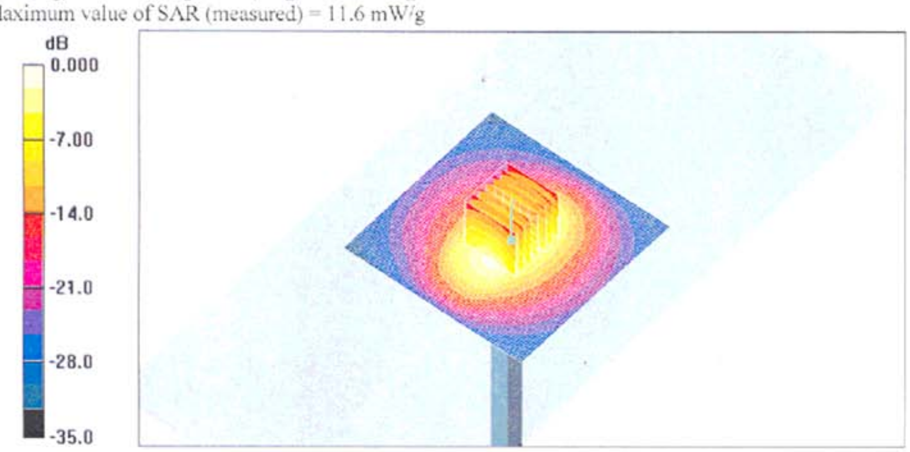
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL U10;
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.54$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(4.3, 4.3, 4.3); Calibrated: 28.10.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 15.12.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 161

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.8 mW/g

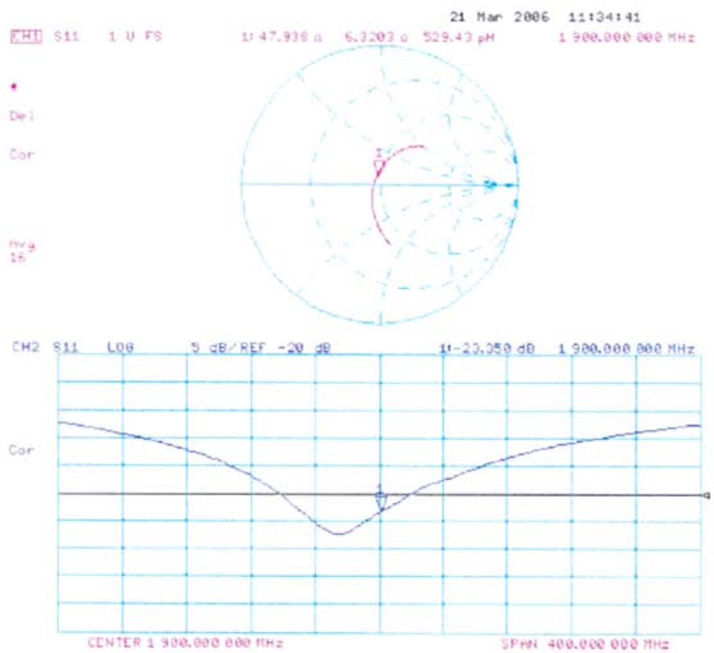
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 89.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.045 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.4 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 mW/g



0 dB = 11.6mW/g

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d041_Mar06 Page 8 of 9

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Sporton (Auden)**

Certificate No: **ET3-1787_May06**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	ET3DV6 - SN: 1787
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v5 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	May 31, 2006
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00499)	Aug-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558)	Apr-07
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00500)	Aug-06
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan06)	Jan-07
DAE4	SN: 654	2-Feb-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Feb06)	Feb-07
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Check Date (in house)**	**Scheduled Check**
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov 06

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	[signature]
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	[signature]

Issued: May 31, 2006

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ET3-1787_May06 Page 1 of 9

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1787

Manufactured:	May 28, 2003
Last calibrated:	August 29, 2003
Recalibrated:	May 31, 2006

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1787

Sensitivity in Free Space[A]

NormX	**1.57** ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m)^2	DCP X	**94** mV
NormY	**1.71** ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m)^2	DCP Y	**94** mV
NormZ	**2.09** ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m)^2	DCP Z	**94** mV

Diode Compression[B]

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		**3.7 mm**	**4.7 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	7.2	3.8
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.0	0.2

TSL 1810 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		**3.7 mm**	**4.7 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	6.3	3.6
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.3

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center **2.7** mm

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

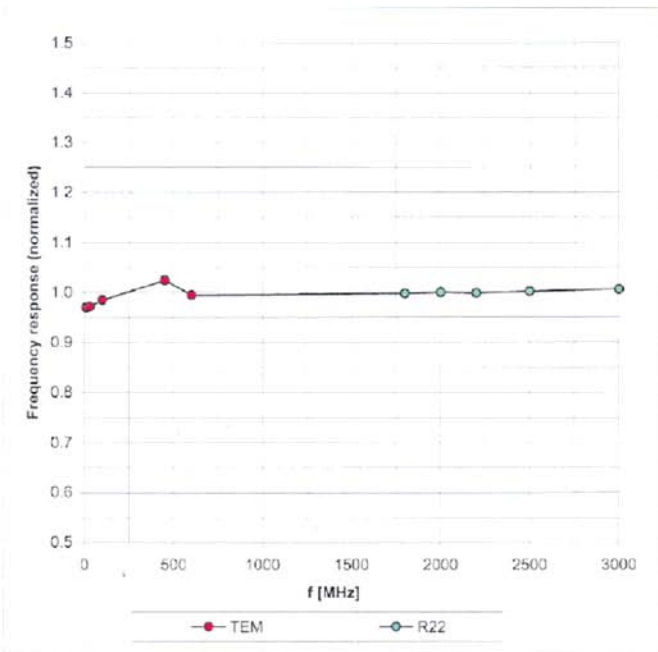
[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

ET3DV6 SN:1787 May 31, 2006

Frequency Response of E-Field

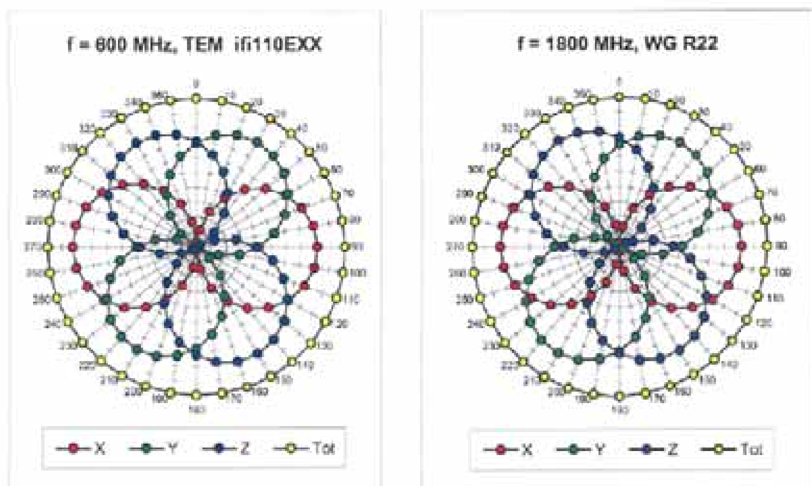
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

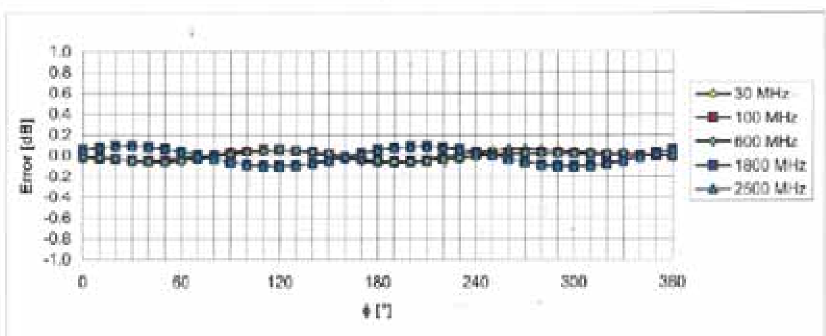


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

ET3DV6 SN:1787 May 31, 2006

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0°$





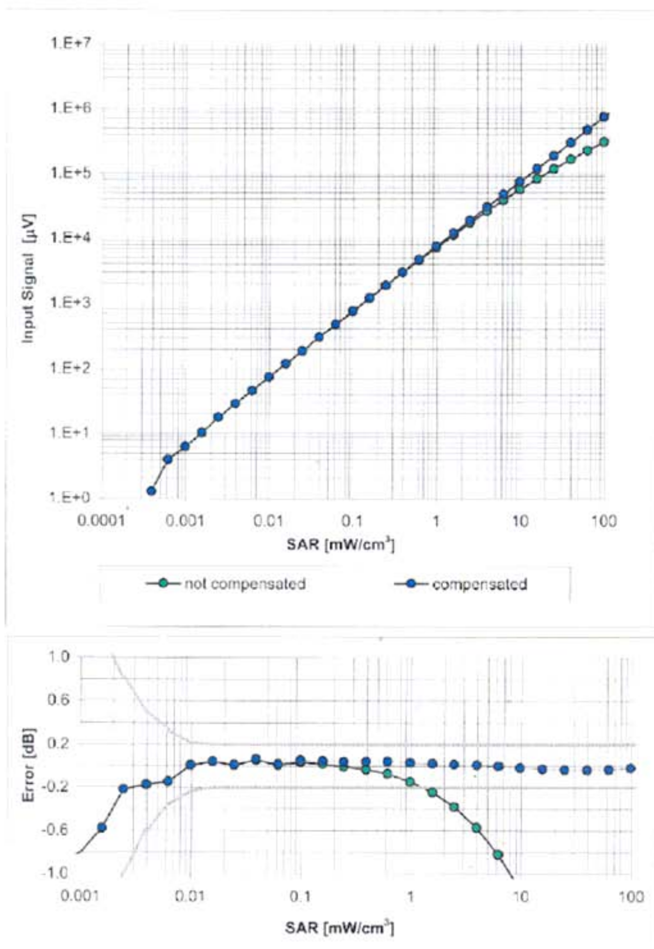
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

ET3DV6 SN:1787

May 31, 2006

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1787_May06

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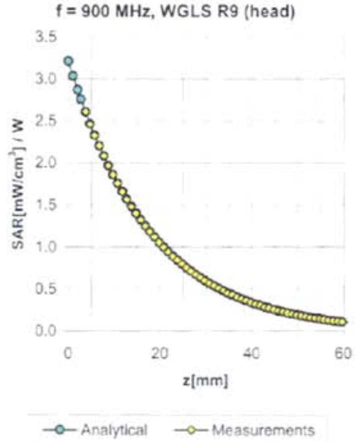
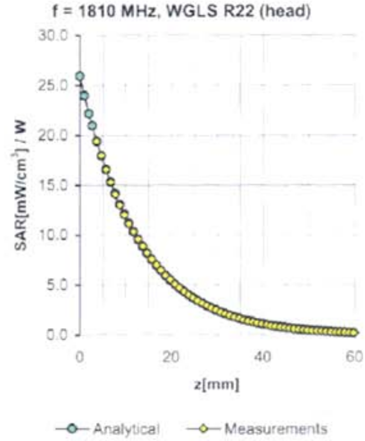
ET3DV6 SN:1787 May 31, 2006

Conversion Factor Assessment





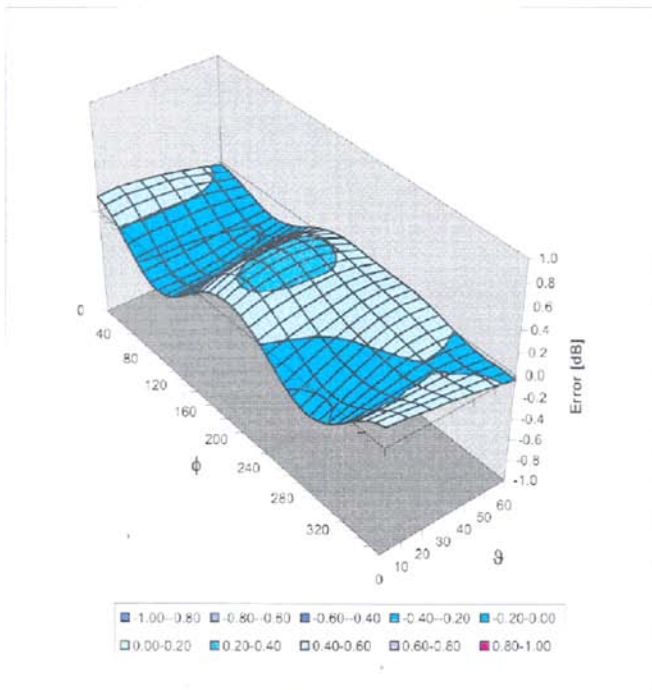
f [MHz]	Validity [MHz][C]	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF	Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.50	1.85	6.38	± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.59	2.46	5.26	± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.44	2.10	6.18	± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.62	2.44	4.86	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.62	2.13	4.13	± 11.8% (k=2)

[C] The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

ET3DV6 SN:1787 May 31, 2006

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1787_May06 Page 9 of 9

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Sporton (Auden)**

Certificate No: **ET3-1788_Sep06**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	ET3DV6 - SN:1788
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v5 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	September 19, 2006
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been concucted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592)	Aug-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558)	Apr-07
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593)	Aug-07
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan06)	Jan-07
DAE4	SN: 654	21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06)	Jun-07

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov 06

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: September 19, 2006

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1788

Manufactured:	May 28, 2003
Last calibrated:	September 30, 2004
Recalibrated:	September 19, 2006

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

ET3DV6 SN:1788 September 19, 2006

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1788

Sensitivity in Free Space[A]

NormX	**1.73** ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP X	**95** mV
NormY	**1.67** ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Y	**101** mV
NormZ	**1.70** ± 10.1%	$\mu V/(V/m)^2$	DCP Z	**93** mV

Diode Compression[B]

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		**3.7 mm**	**4.7 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	7.9	4.3
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.1	0.3

TSL **1810 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		**3.7 mm**	**4.7 mm**
SAR_{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	11.8	7.0
SAR_{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.4

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center **2.7** mm

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

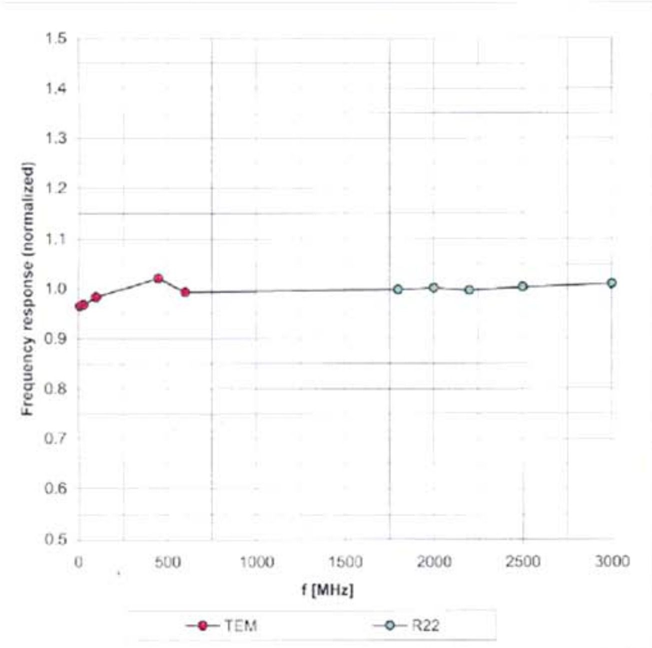
[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

ET3DV6 SN:1788 September 19, 2006

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

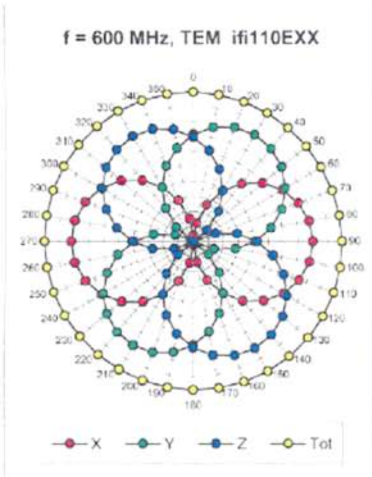


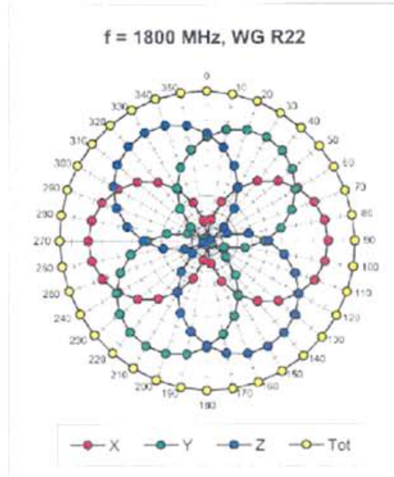
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

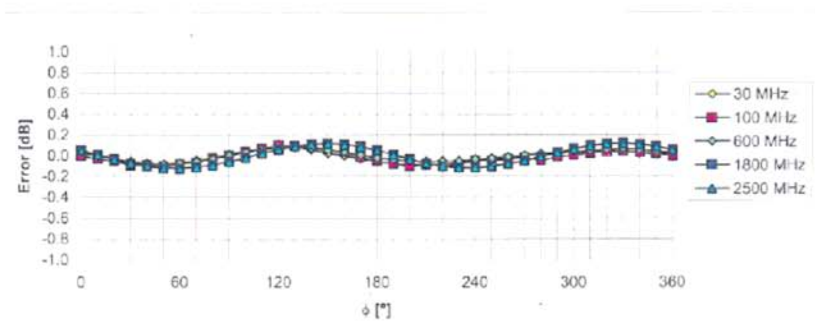
ET3DV6 SN:1788

September 19, 2006

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°





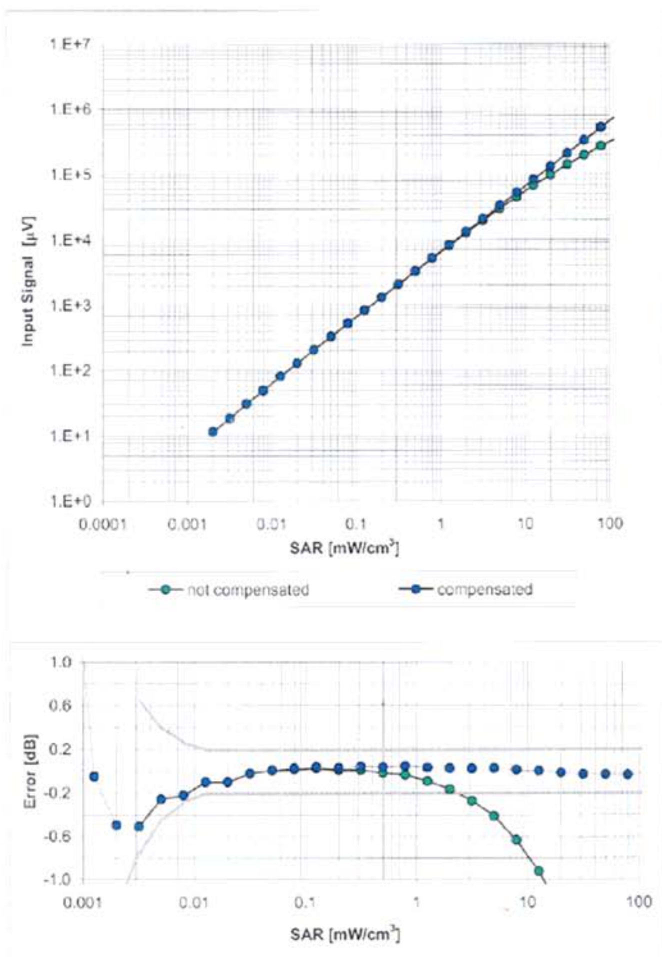


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

ET3DV6 SN:1788 September 19, 2006

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

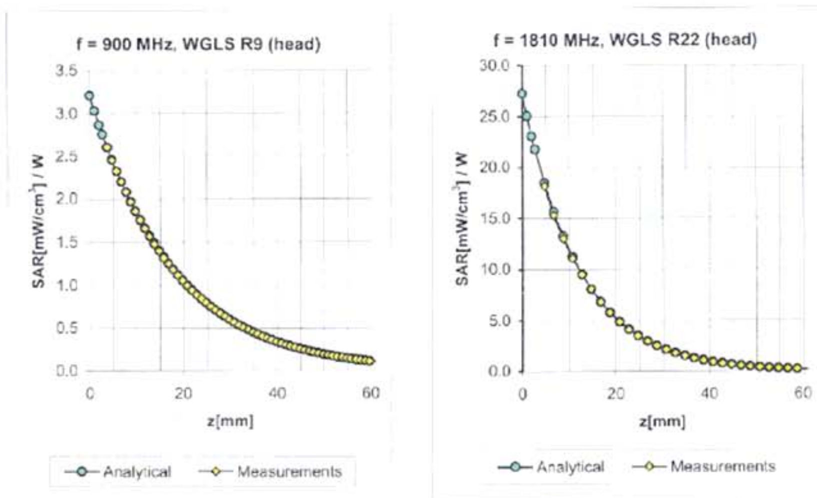
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

ET3DV6 SN:1788 September 19, 2006

Conversion Factor Assessment

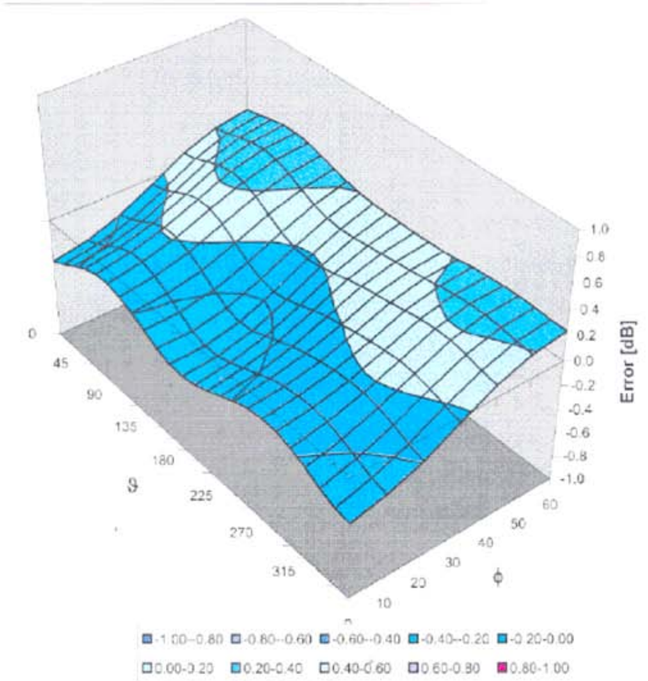


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz][C]	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.49	1.94	6.60 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.48	2.74	5.30 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2000	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.53	2.75	5.00 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.68	1.96	4.66 ± 11.8% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.45	2.12	6.33 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.59	2.89	4.67 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2000	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.56	2.79	4.50 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.60	1.70	4.11 ± 11.8% (k=2)

[C] The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Sporton (Auden)**

Certificate No: **DAE3-577_Nov06**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 577
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v12 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	November 21, 2006
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	13-Oct-06 (Elcal AG, No: 5492)	Oct-07
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Oct-06 (Elcal AG, No: 5478)	Oct-07
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Check Date (in house)**	**Scheduled Check**
Calibrator Box V1.1	SE UMS 006 AB 1002	15-Jun-06 (SPEAG, in house check)	In house check Jun-07

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Eric Hainfeld	Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	F. Bomholt

Issued: November 21, 2006

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE3-577_Nov06 Page 1 of 5

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
- *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
- *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
- *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
- *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
- *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
- *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
- *Input resistance:* DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
- *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
- *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1.......+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.355 ± 0.1% (k=2)	403.806 ± 0.1% (k=2)	404.276 ± 0.1% (k=2)
Low Range	3.92854 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93862 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93591 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	268 ° ± 1 °

Appendix

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Input (μV)	Reading (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200000	199999.5	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20000	20005.87	0.03
Channel X	- Input	20000	-19998.71	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200000	200000	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20000	20004.22	0.02
Channel Y	- Input	20000	-20003.23	0.02
Channel Z	+ Input	200000	200000.6	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20000	20005.24	0.03
Channel Z	- Input	20000	-20001.80	0.01

Low Range		Input (μV)	Reading (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000	1999.9	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	200	200.27	0.13
Channel X	- Input	200	-200.73	0.36
Channel Y	+ Input	2000	2000.1	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	200	199.22	-0.39
Channel Y	- Input	200	-200.86	0.43
Channel Z	+ Input	2000	1999.9	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200	199.28	-0.36
Channel Z	- Input	200	-200.94	0.47

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	14.24	12.49
	- 200	-12.13	-12.92
Channel Y	200	-6.51	-7.06
	- 200	6.05	5.81
Channel Z	200	1.09	0.86
	- 200	-2.86	-2.63

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	2.51	0.09
Channel Y	200	0.43	-	3.37
Channel Z	200	-0.55	0.96	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15970	16306
Channel Y	15851	16305
Channel Z	16208	17068

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	-0.51	-1.55	0.47	0.50
Channel Y	-2.06	-4.32	-0.65	0.60
Channel Z	-1.63	-2.56	-0.15	0.35

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance

	Zeroing (MOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	0.2000	199.8
Channel Y	0.2000	200.7
Channel Z	0.2000	199.8

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (verified during pre test)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.0	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Appendix D – WLAN SAR Data

Right Cheek

Model	Bands	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Modulation type	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Limits (W/Kg)	Results
7527C	802.11b	1	2412(Low)	CCK	20.65	0.063	0.05	1.6	Pass
		6	2437(Mid)	CCK	20.32	-0.115	0.041	1.6	Pass
		11	2462(High)	CCK	20.40	0.016	0.075	1.6	Pass
	802.11b with BT On	**11**	**2462(High)**	**CCK**	**20.40**	**0.079**	**0.079**	**1.6**	**Pass**
	802.11g	1	2412(Low)	OFDM	22.98	-	-	-	-
		6	2437(Mid)	OFDM	22.07	0.01	0.026	1.6	Pass
		11	2462(High)	OFDM	22.11	-	-	-	-
7527S	802.11b with BT On	**11**	**2462(High)**	**OFDM**	**22.11**	**-0.068**	**0.084**	**1.6**	**Pass**

Right Tilted

Model	Bands	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Modulation type	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Limits (W/Kg)	Results
7527C	802.11b	1	2412(Low)	CCK	20.65	-	-	-	-
		6	2437(Mid)	CCK	20.32	-0.037	0.04	1.6	Pass
		11	2462(High)	CCK	20.40	-	-	-	-
	802.11g	1	2412(Low)	OFDM	22.98	-	-	-	-
		6	2437(Mid)	OFDM	22.07	-	-	-	-
		11	2462(High)	OFDM	22.11	-	-	-	-

Left Cheek

Model	Bands	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Modulation type	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Limits (W/Kg)	Results
7527C	802.11b	1	2412(Low)	CCK	20.65	-	-	-	-
		6	2437(Mid)	CCK	20.32	-0.124	0.031	1.6	Pass
		11	2462(High)	CCK	20.40	-	-	-	-
	802.11g	1	2412(Low)	OFDM	22.98	-	-	-	-
		6	2437(Mid)	OFDM	22.07	-	-	-	-
		11	2462(High)	OFDM	22.11	-	-	-	-

Left Tilted

Model	Bands	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Modulation type	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Limits (W/Kg)	Results
7527C	802.11b	1	2412(Low)	CCK	20.65	-	-	-	-
		6	2437(Mid)	CCK	20.32	0.074	0.029	1.6	Pass
		11	2462(High)	CCK	20.40	0.05	0.05	1.6	Pass
	802.11g	1	2412(Low)	OFDM	22.98	-	-	-	-
		6	2437(Mid)	OFDM	22.07	-	-	-	-
		11	2462(High)	OFDM	22.11	-	-	-	-
7527S	802.11b	11	2462(High)	CCK	20.40	0.03	0.0517	1.6	Pass

Keypad Up with 1.5cm Gap

Model	Bands	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Modulation type	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Limits (W/Kg)	Results
7527C	802.11b	1	2412(Low)	CCK	20.65	0.177	0.011	1.6	Pass
		6	2437(Mid)	CCK	20.32	0.171	0.011	1.6	Pass
		11	2462(High)	CCK	20.40	-0.175	0.00986	1.6	Pass
	802.11b with BT On	**6**	**2437(Mid)**	**CCK**	**20.32**	**-0.171**	**0.012**	**1.6**	**Pass**
	802.11g	1	2412(Low)	OFDM	22.98	-	-	-	-
		6	2437(Mid)	OFDM	22.07	0.174	0.0067	1.6	Pass
		11	2462(High)	OFDM	22.11	-	-	-	-
7527S	802.11b	6	2437(Mid)	CCK	20.32	0.148	0.014	1.6	Pass
	802.11b with BT On	**6**	**2437(Mid)**	**CCK**	**20.32**	**0.106**	**0.014**	**1.6**	**Pass**

Keypad Down with 1.5cm Gap

Model	Bands	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Modulation type	Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Limits (W/Kg)	Results
7527C	802.11b	1	2412(Low)	CCK	20.65	-	-	-	-
		6	2437(Mid)	CCK	20.32	-0.116	0.011	1.6	Pass
		11	2462(High)	CCK	20.40	-	-	-	-
	802.11g	1	2412(Low)	OFDM	22.98	-	-	-	-
		6	2437(Mid)	OFDM	22.07	-	-	-	-
		11	2462(High)	OFDM	22.11	-	-	-	-