

Client **CCS**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object(s) **D1800V2 - SN:294**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v2  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **April 9, 2003**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)**

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-2002	In house check: Mar-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02	Oct-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	30-Oct-02	Oct-03
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	30-Oct-02	Oct-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432426	3-May-00	In house check: May 03

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Judith Mueller	Technician	

Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	
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Date issued: April 12, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

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# DASY

## Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D1800V2

Serial: 294

Manufactured: March 22, 2001

Calibrated: April 9, 2003

## **1. Measurement Conditions**

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 1800 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	<b>39.2</b>	$\pm 5\%$
Conductivity	<b>1.36 mho/m</b>	$\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 5.3 at 1800 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was  $250\text{mW} \pm 3\%$ . The results are normalized to 1W input power.

## **2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System**

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over $1\text{ cm}^3$ (1 g) of tissue:	<b>38.2 mW/g</b> $\pm 16.8\%$ (k=2) <sup>1</sup>
averaged over $10\text{ cm}^3$ (10 g) of tissue:	<b>20.1 mW/g</b> $\pm 16.2\%$ (k=2) <sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> validation uncertainty

### 3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay: **1.198 ns** (one direction)  
Transmission factor: **0.980** (voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 1800 MHz:  $\text{Re}\{Z\} = 47.4 \Omega$

$\text{Im}\{Z\} = -8.5 \Omega$

Return Loss at 1800 MHz: **-20.8 dB**

### 4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

### 5. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

### 6. Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Date/Time: 04/09/03 17:30:35

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland  
File Name: [SN294\\_SN1507\\_HSL1800\\_090403.da4](#)

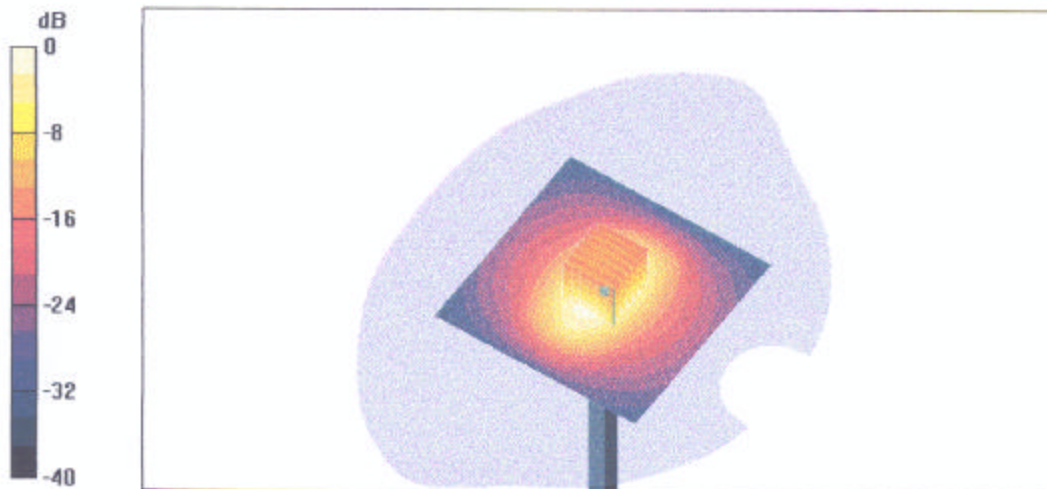
**DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN294**  
**Program: Dipole Calibration**

Communication System: CW-1800; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL 1800 MHz ( $\sigma = 1.36 \text{ mho/m}$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 39.22$ ,  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ )  
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(5.3, 5.3, 5.3); Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 33; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 109

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 93.8 V/m  
Peak SAR = 16.3 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 9.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.03 mW/g  
Power Drift = -0.0008 dB



9 Apr 2003 12:14:03

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 45.857  $\Omega$  -7.5896  $\Omega$  11.650  $\mu$ F 1 800.000 000 MHz

y

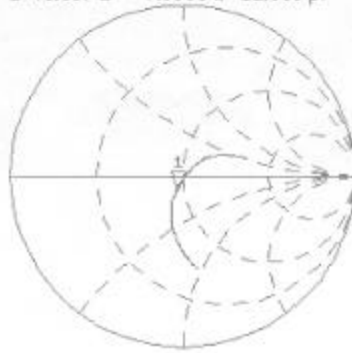
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PR#

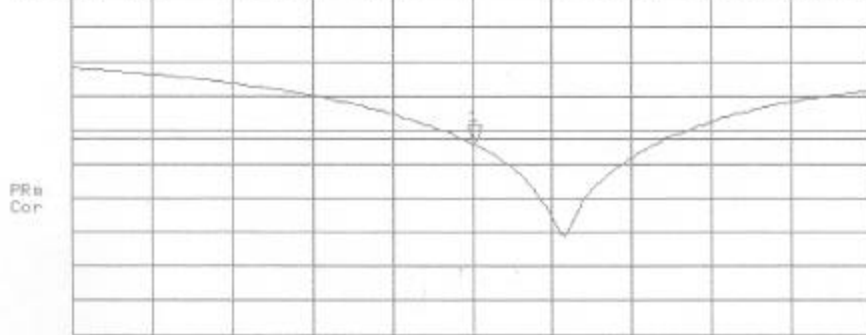
Cor

Rvg

16



CH2 S11 LOG 7 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -20.913 dB 1 800.000 000 MHz



PR#

Cor

CENTER 1 800.000 000 MHz

SPAN 400.000 000 MHz

9 Apr 2003 10:37:01

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 47.410  $\Omega$  -8.5000  $\Omega$  10.402 pF 1 000.000 000 MHz

y

De 1

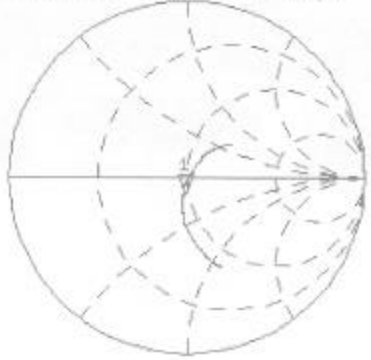
PRe

Cor

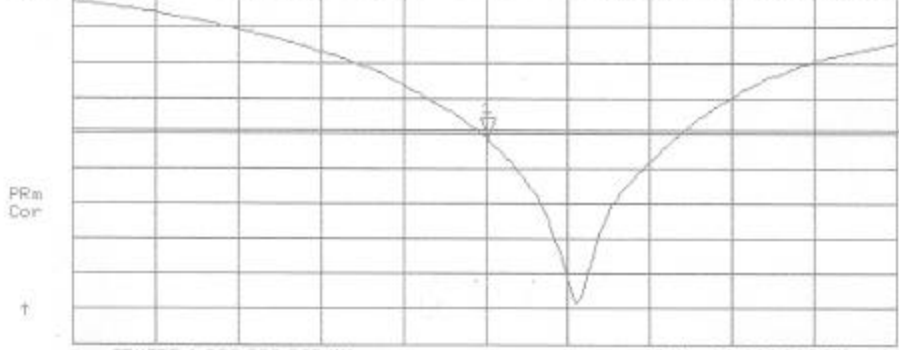
Avg

16

t



CH2 S11 LOG 4 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -20.802 dB 1 000.000 000 MHz



PRa

Cor

t

CENTER 1 000.000 000 MHz

SPAN 400.000 000 MHz