Maximum Permissible Exposure calculations

The MPE distance will be calculated for the worst case of a 100% transmitter duty cycle. For an isotropic radiator the surface area of a sphere can be used to determine the area over which the transceiver energy is radiated.

```
Surface area of a sphere = 4 * \pi * radius_2
```

In the case where there is an antenna gain, the worst case energy density is increased by the antenna gain. In this case, the exposure level for a controlled environment can be calculated as follows:

```
MPE distance =((output power*duty cycle*10*(antenna gain/10))/(4*\pi*Exposure Limit [mW/cm2]))1/2
```

In the case of 3 dBi Stub antenna

```
MPE\ distance = ((585\ mW*1*1.99)/(4*3.14*0.61))_{1/2}
= 12.3 cm
```