

FCC ID: GDDJR-925

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 section 4.3.1, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds at test separation distance ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] * [f(\text{GHz})] \leq 3.0$$

The tune-up power is 1 dBm +/- 0.5dB, therefore the highest tune-up power is

1.5 dBm (1.41 mW) @ 2480 MHz

When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

So,

$$(1.41\text{mW} / 5\text{mm}) * (2.480\text{GHz})^{0.5} = 0.4$$
$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] * [f(\text{GHz})] = 0.4 < 3.0$$

Therefore, standalone SAR measurements are not required for both head and body.

Note:

1. The tune up power referred the AVG power of the test report **TMTN2207001012NR** for SAR test exclusion purpose.