

FCC ID: GDDCX-M68W

Portable device

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance V06

The 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHZ})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- f(GHZ) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

| Modulation | Channel Freq. (GHz) | Conduct ed power (dBm) | Conducte d power (mW) | Tune-up power (dBm) | Max tune-up power (dBm) | Max tune-up power (mW) | Distance (mm) | Result calculation | SAR Exclusion threshold | SAR test exclusion |
|------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| GFSK | 2.405 | 4.71 | 2.96 | 4±1 | 5.00 | 3.16 | <5 | 0.98082 | 3.00 | YES |

Note: $\text{dbm} = \text{dbuv/m} - 95.2 = 97.52 - 95.2 = 2.32 \text{dBm(ERP)}$, so the conduct peak power = $2.32 - 2.39 = 4.71 \text{dBm}$

Conclusion:

For the max result : $0.98082 \leq \text{FCC Limit } 3.0$ for 1g SAR.