

EXHIBIT B

Measurement Report

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MEASUREMENT REPORT of CORDLESS TELEPHONE

Applicant : Thomson Consumer Electronics Inc. Audio & Communications
Model : 2-920SSTA
EUT : 900 MHz Digital Spread Spectrum Telephone with A/S
FCC ID : G9H2-920SSTA

Test by :

Training Research Co., Ltd.

TEL : 886-2-27881332 FAX : 886-2-27857408

No. 5-3, Lane 21, Yen Chiu Yuan Rd., Sec. 4, Taipei, 11521 Taiwan R.O.C.

CERTIFICATION

We here by verify that:

The test data, data evaluation, test procedures and equipment configurations shown in this report were made mainly in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4 (1992) as a reference. All test were conducted by *Training Research Co., Ltd.*, No. 5-3, Lane 21, Yen-Chiu-Yuan Rd., Sec. 4, Taipei, 11521 Taiwan, R.O.C. Also, we attest to the accuracy of each.

We further submit that the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in the report is in compliance with the technical requirements set forth in the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.233.

Applicant : Thomson Consumer Electronics Inc. Audio & Communications

Equipment : 900MHz Digital Spread Spectrum Telephone with A/S

Model No. : 2-920SSTA

FCC ID : G9H2-920SSTA

Report No. : K1215609

Test Date : June 18, 1998

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Test by :

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TEL : 886-2-27881332

FAX : 886-2-7857408

No. 5-3, Lane 21, Yen Chiu Yuan Rd., Sec. 4, Taipei, 11521 Taiwan R.O.C.

I. GENERAL

1.1 Introduction

The following measurement report is submitted on behalf of Thomson Consumer Electronics Inc. Audio & Communications in support of a Cordless Telephone certification in accordance with Part 2 Subpart J and Part 15 Subpart A and C of the Commission's Rules and Regulations.

1.2 Description of EUT

EUT : 900MHz Digital Spread Spectrum Telephone with A/S
Model : 2-920SSTA
FCC ID : G9H2-920SSTA
Frequency Range : Base: 902 - 928 MHz
 Handset : 902 - 928 MHz
Support Channel : 20 Channel
Modulation Skill : TDMA / Spread spectrum
Security Code : 12-bit P/N code, 8-bit scramble, 16-bit 2D
Power Type : Base Powered by 120 Vac 60 Hz 10W / 9 Vdc 600 mA
 Handset powered by 3.6 V / 600 mA.
Power Cord : Nonshielded
Phone Line : RJ-11C => Nonshielded, 7' long, Plastic hoods, No bead

Applicant : Thomson Consumer Electronics Inc. Audio & Communications
 Product Develop. 101 West 103 Rd. street,
 Indianapolis, IN .

1.3 Description of Support Equipment

In order to construct the minimum testing , following equipment were used as the support units.

PSTN Simulator: TRC Public Switched Telephone Network Simulator
 Model No. : RC-PSTN-130
 Serial No.: N/A
Notebook : CER Notebook
 Model No.: 386SL
 Serial No.: 001855
 Power Type: Linear
 Power Core: unshielded, 6' long, Plastic hoods, No ferrite bead
 FCC ID: Q8V486S

1.4 Configuration of System Under Test

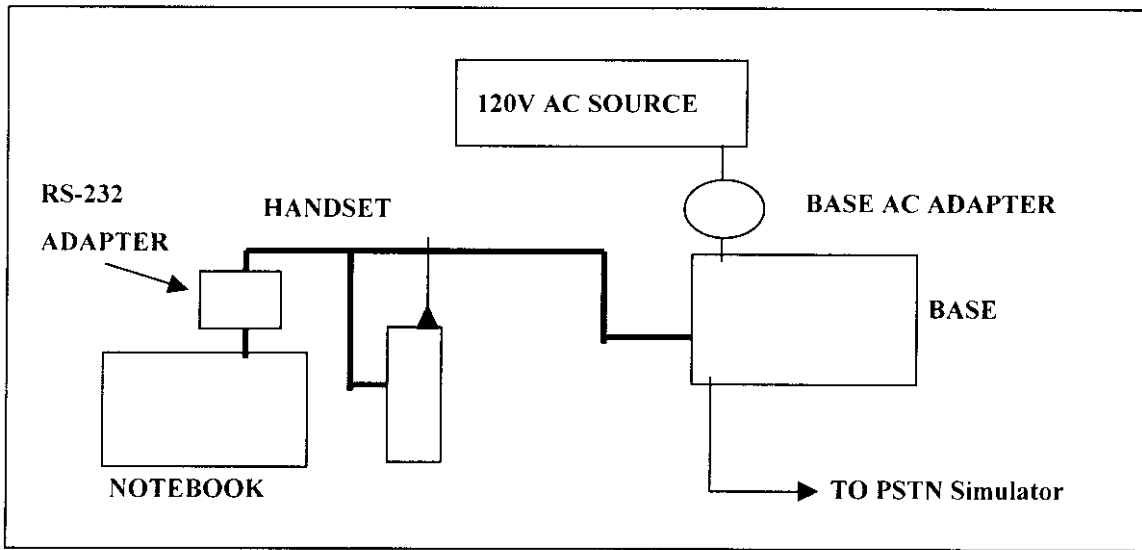


Fig. 1 Configuration of system under test

The tests below are run with the DCT transmitter set at high power in TDD mode. A serial port from a computer to the DCT UUT is needed to force selection of output power level and channel number.

The setting up procedure was recorded in Appendix A.

1.5 Verify the frequency and channel

1.5.1 Verify the Frequency Pairs

Channel	Base (MHz)	Handset (MHz)	Channel	Base (MHz)	Handset (MHz)
1	903.71305	903.86310	11	915.45042	915.59743
2	904.81475	904.79207	12	916.79945	916.80062
3	906.01145	906.00810	13	918.04500	918.04538
4	907.15847	907.17316	14	919.25428	919.26000
5	908.41281	908.40250	15	920.39976	920.39681
6	909.59705	909.59813	16	921.59892	921.60090
7	910.81230	910.79984	17	922.79943	922.79990
8	912.00220	912.01145	18	924.00045	924.00472
9	914.25116	914.20350	19	925.62306	925.61200
10	914.61320	914.72501	20	926.52534	926.53864

Note:

1. This is for sure that all frequencies are in 902 MHz to 928 MHz.
2. Section 15.31(m): Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers shall be performed at three frequencies for operating frequency range over 10 MHz. (The locations of these frequencies one near the top, one near the middle and one near the bottom.)
3. After test, the EUT operating frequencies are in 903.71 MHz to 926.53 MHz. So all the items as followed in testing report are need to test these three frequencies: top: channel 1, middle: channel 10, bottom: channel 20.

1.6 Test Procedure

All measurements contained in this report were performed mainly according to the techniques described in ANSI C63.4 (1992) and the pre-setup was written on Appendix A, the detail setup was written on each test item.

1.7 Location of the Test Site

The radiated emissions measurements required by the rules were performed on the three-meter, open-field test site maintained by Training Research Co., Ltd. No. 5-3, Lane 21, Yen-Chiu-Yuan Rd., Sec. 4, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C. Complete description and measurement data have been placed on file with the commission. The conducted power line emissions tests and other test items were performed in a shielded enclosure also located at Training Research Co., Ltd. 1F, No. 569, Chung Hsiao E. Sec. 7, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C. Training Research Co., Ltd. is listed by the FCC as a facility available to do measurement work for others on a contract basis.

1.8 General Test Condition

The conditions under which the EUT operates were varied to determine their effect on the equipment's emission characteristics. The final configuration of the test system and the mode of operation used during these tests was chosen as that which produced the highest emission levels. However, only those conditions which the EUT was considered likely to encounter in normal use were investigated.

During test , the base and handset are tested separately. They were set in high power and continuously transmitting mode that controlled by computer. The ch01, ch10 and ch20 of base and handset were all tested .The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

II. Section 15.207: Power line conducted emissions for AC powered units

2.1 Test Condition & Setup

The power line conducted emission measurements were performed in a shielded enclosure. The EUT was assembled on a wooden table which is 80 centimeters high, was placed 40 centimeters from the backwall and at least 1 meter from the sidewall.

Power was fed to the EUT from the public utility power grid through a line filter and EMCO Model 3825/2 Line Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs). The LISN housing, measuring instrumentation case, ground plane, etc., were electrically bonded together at the same RF potential. The Spectrum analyzer was connected to the AC line through an isolation transformer. The 50-ohm output of the LISN was connected to the spectrum analyzer directly. Conducted emission levels were in the CISPER quasi-peak detection mode. The analyzer's 6 dB bandwidth was set to 9 KHz. No post-detector video filter was used.

The spectrum was scanned from 450 KHz to 30 MHz. The physical arrangement of the test system and associated cabling was varied (within the scope of arrangements likely to be encountered in actual use) to determine the effect on the unit's emanations in amplitude and frequency. All spurious emission frequencies were observed. The highest emission amplitudes relative to the appropriate limit were measured and have been recorded in paragraph 2.4.

There are three test conditions apply in this test item, the test procedure description as the following:

1. Base station transmit only:
Using the RS-232 port of notebook and Rockwell software to control the base, handset.
Then making access to the mode of continuous transmission. Three channels are tested, one in the top (CH01), one in the middle (CH10) and the other in bottom (CH20).
2. Idle state (handset park, on hook mode)
3. Intercom mode (off hook mode)

The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

2.2 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input impedance
Hewlett Packard	100Hz-1.5GHz Spectrum Analyzer	HP8591EM	50.00
EMCO	Line Impedance Stabilization Network	3825/2	50.00
TRC	Shielded Room	TRC-SR!	N/A

2.4 Test Result of Conducted Emissions

2.4.1 Base station transmit only

The following table shows a summary of the highest emissions of power line conducted emissions on the HOT and NATURAL conductors of the EUT power cord.

Model No. : 2-920SSTA

EUT : 900MHz Digital Spread Spectrum Telephone

Table 1 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Channel 01)

Power	Connected	Emissions	FCC	Class	B
Conductor	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Amplitude (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	
Line 1	15.605	29.97	48	-18.03	
	16.776	31.11	48	-16.89	
	17.947	40.46	48	-7.54	
	19.556	29.09	48	-18.91	
	21.602	29.05	48	-18.95	
	23.353	28.83	48	-19.17	
	23.936	31.81	48	-16.19	
	26.996	30.19	48	-17.81	
	28.742	29.02	48	-18.98	
	29.324	29.24	48	-18.76	
Line 2	15.605	28.20	48	-19.80	
	16.776	28.66	48	-19.34	
	18.020	38.33	48	-9.67	
	19.410	26.99	48	-21.01	
	22.769	27.56	48	-20.44	
	23.353	29.39	48	-18.61	
	23.936	30.68	48	-17.32	
	26.996	28.54	48	-19.46	
	28.742	29.02	48	-18.98	
	29.397	29.05	48	-18.95	

NOTE :

1. Margin = Peak Amplitude - Limit
2. A "+" sign in the margin column means the emission is OVER the Class B Limit and "-" sign of means UNDER the Class B limit.

Table 2 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Channel 10)

Power	Connected	Emissions	FCC	Class B
Conductor	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Amplitude (dBUV)	Limit (dBUV)	Margin (dB)
LINE 1	15.605	28.80	48	-19.20
	16.776	30.14	48	-17.86
	18.020	40.82	48	-7.18
	20.141	28.69	48	-19.31
	21.383	30.21	48	-17.79
	22.769	27.86	48	-20.14
	24.009	31.14	48	-16.86
	26.996	29.25	48	-18.75
	28.742	27.80	48	-20.20
Line 2	15.605	26.68	48	-21.32
	16.850	28.64	48	-19.36
	18.020	38.65	48	-9.35
	20.579	27.21	48	-20.79
	22.769	27.44	48	-20.56
	23.426	27.55	48	-20.45
	24.009	29.25	48	-18.75
	26.996	28.19	48	-19.81
	28.742	27.99	48	-20.01
	29.397	28.67	48	-19.33

NOTE :

1. Margin = Peak Amplitude - Limit
2. A "+" sign in the margin column means the emission is OVER the Class B Limit and "-" sign of means UNDER the Class B limit.

Table 3 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Channel 20)

Power	Connected	Emissions	FCC	Class	B
Conductor	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Amplitude (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	
LINE1	15.605	29.70	48	-18.30	
	16.776	31.50	48	-16.50	
	17.947	40.37	48	-7.63	
	21.602	29.40	48	-18.60	
	22.769	30.90	48	-17.10	
	23.353	31.46	48	-16.54	
	23.936	30.56	48	-17.44	
	26.996	29.97	48	-18.03	
	28.742	28.68	48	-19.32	
	29.324	29.15	48	-18.85	
Line2	15.605	27.60	48	-20.40	
	16.776	29.38	48	-18.62	
	17.947	38.26	48	-9.74	
	21.017	27.33	48	-20.67	
	22.769	28.53	48	-19.47	
	23.353	29.95	48	-18.05	
	23.936	29.11	48	-18.89	
	26.996	29.18	48	-18.82	
	28.742	28.52	48	-19.48	
	29.324	28.91	48	-19.09	

NOTE :

1. Margin = Peak Amplitude- Limit
2. A "+" sign in the margin column means the emission is OVER the Class B Limit and "-" sign of means UNDER the Class B limit.

Table 4 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Idle state)

Power	Connected	Emissions	FCC	Class B
Conductor	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Amplitude (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
Line 1	1.041	27.74	48	-20.26
	9.514	23.21	48	-24.79
	14.359	21.63	48	-26.37
	14.432	21.26	48	-26.74
	19.191	20.96	48	-27.04
	22.332	21.30	48	-26.70
	23.353	21.64	48	-26.36
	23.936	25.47	48	-22.53
	26.559	20.19	48	-27.81
	28.742	20.11	48	-17.89

Line 2	0.967	27.89	48	-20.11
	7.970	19.50	48	-28.50
	14.359	20.30	48	-27.70
	19.191	19.82	48	-28.18
	21.456	19.83	48	-28.17
	22.988	19.91	48	-28.09
	23.280	20.02	48	-27.98
	24.009	23.60	48	-24.40
	26.559	19.51	48	-28.49
	28.742	30.07	48	-17.93

NOTE :

1. Margin = Peak Amplitude - Limit .
2. A "+" sign in the margin column means the emission is OVER the Class B Limit and "-" sign of means UNDER the Class B limit.

Table 5 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Intercom)

Power	Connected	Emissions	FCC	Class B
Conductor	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Amplitude (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
Line 1	1.041	24.15	48	-23.85
	9.587	21.42	48	-26.58
	14.359	21.49	48	-26.51
	14.432	21.03	48	-26.97
	19.337	21.73	48	-26.27
	19.556	20.57	48	-27.43
	22.405	21.76	48	-26.24
	22.915	23.48	48	-24.52
	28.742	30.59	48	-17.41
Line 2	1.041	24.24	48	-23.76
	9.587	20.20	48	-27.80
	14.359	20.93	48	-27.07
	19.337	18.71	48	-29.29
	22.405	22.48	48	-25.52
	23.207	21.83	48	-26.17
	24.009	22.39	48	-25.61
	25.467	19.84	48	-28.16
	26.559	18.94	48	-29.06
	28.742	30.94	48	-17.06

NOTE :

1. Margin = Peak Amplitude - Limit .
2. A "+" sign in the margin column means the emission is OVER the Class B Limit and "-" sign of means UNDER the Class B limit.

Table 6 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Answering Mode)

Power	Connected	Emissions	FCC	Class B
Conductor	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Amplitude (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
Line 1	0.769	21.62	48	-26.83
	0.783	22.75	48	-25.25
	24.120	20.51	48	-27.49
	28.770	27.16	48	-20.84

Line2	0.773	20.97	48	-27.03
	24.120	22.14	48	-25.86
	28.770	27.00	48	-21.00

NOTE :

3. Margin = Peak Amplitude - Limit .

4. A "+" sign in the margin column means the emission is OVER the Class B Limit and "-" sign of means UNDER the Class B limit.

III. 0Section 15.247(a)(2): Bandwidth for direct sequence system.

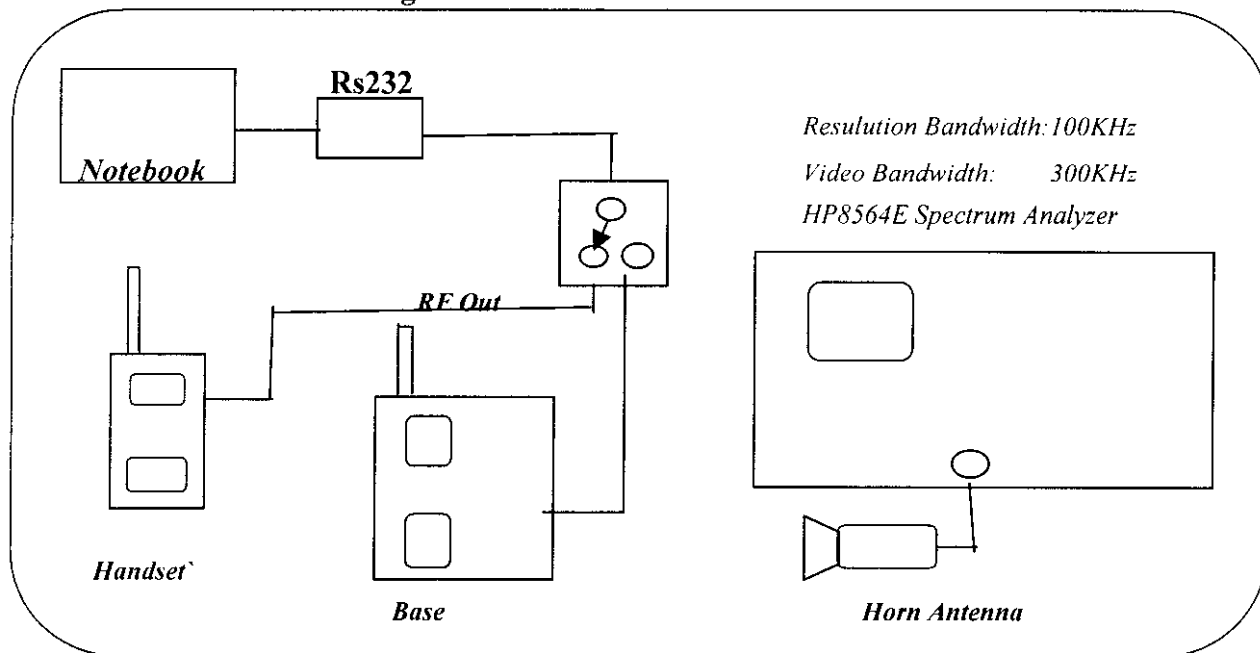
3.1 Test Condition & Setup

The transmitter bandwidth measurements were performed in a shielded enclosure. The EUT was placed on a wooded table which is 0.8 meters height. the EUT was set to transmit continuously. Various channels were also investigated to find the maximum occupied bandwidth. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 KHz.

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 KHz. Set the span>> RBW. The detector function was set to peak and hold mode to clearly observe the components.

Setting up procedure is written on Appendix A.

3.2 Test Instruments Configuration



P.S.A serial port from notebook computer to control the EUT at maximal power output and channel Number.

Fig 10. Test Configuration of bandwidth for direct sequence system

3.3 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input	Impedance
Hewlett Packard	.9KHz – 40 GHz Spectrum Analyzer	HP8564E		50.00

3.4 Test Result of Bandwidth

Bandwidth of Channel 1

Bandwidth of Base : 1.25 MHz

Bandwidth of Handset : 1.25 MHz

The min. 6 dB BW at least : 500 KHz

Bandwidth of Channel 10

Bandwidth of Base : 1.25 MHz

Bandwidth of Handset : 1.25 MHz

The min. 6 dB BW at least : 500 KHz

Bandwidth of Channel 20

Bandwidth of Base : 1.23 MHz

Bandwidth of Handset : 1.22 MHz

The min. 6 dB BW at least : 500 KHz

Note :

1. The data in the above table are summarize the following attachment spectrum analyzer hard copy.
2. The attachment follow by this page and there is no page number.

ATTEN 40dB

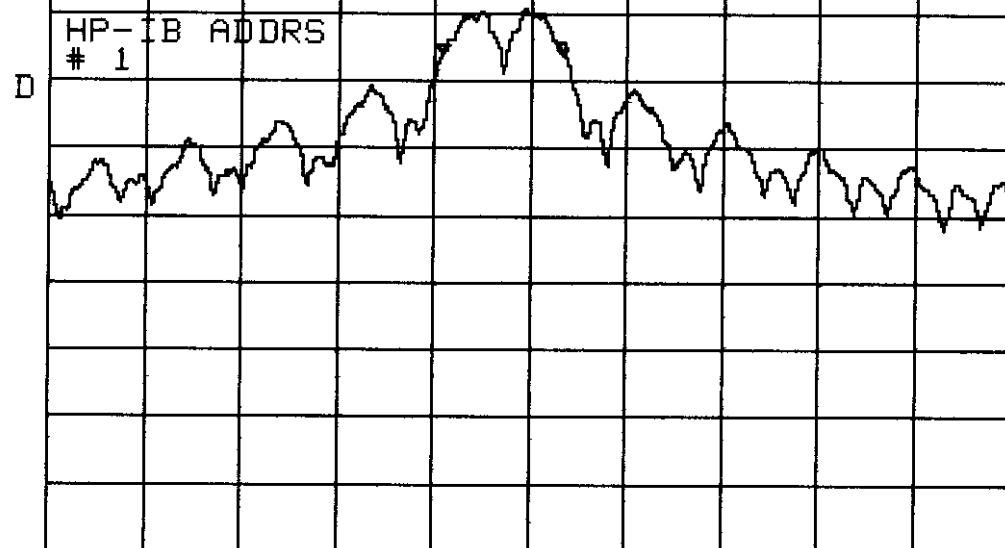
RL 30.0dBm

10dB/

Δ MKR -.17dB

1.25MHz

BASE CH01



CENTER 904.00MHz

SPAN 10.00MHz

*RBW 100kHz

*VBW 300kHz

SWP 50.0ms

ATTEN 40dB

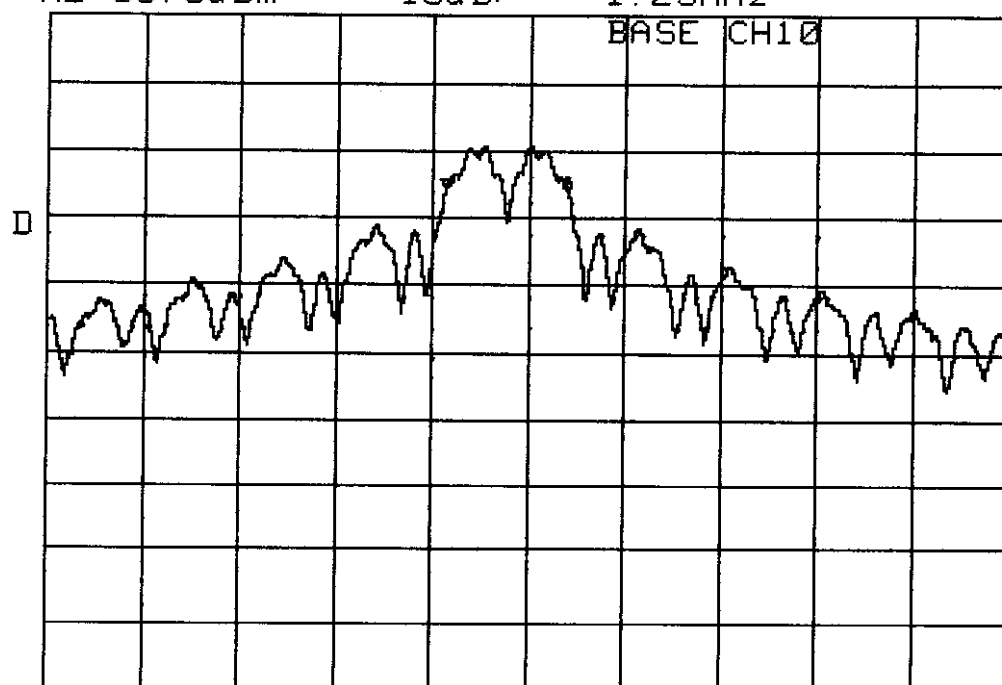
RL 30.0dBm

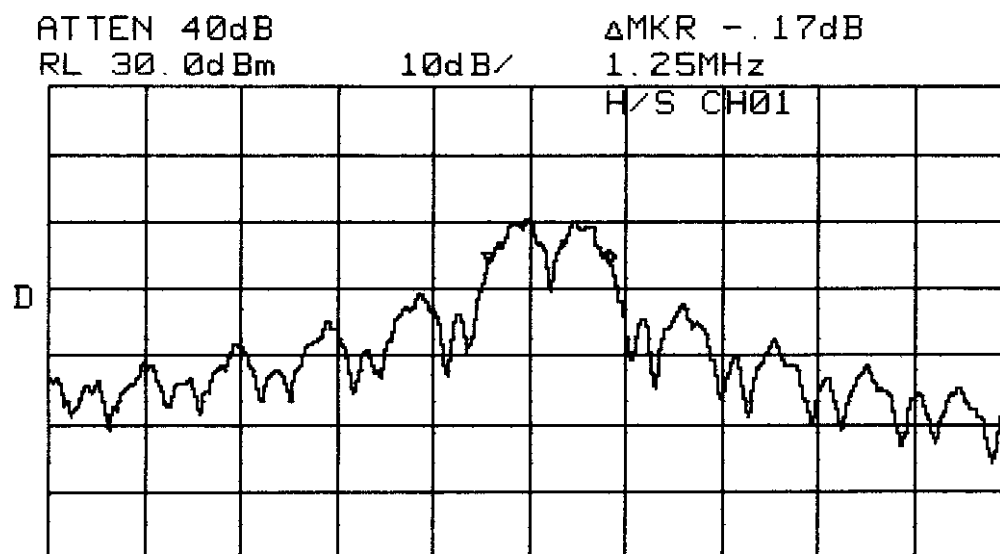
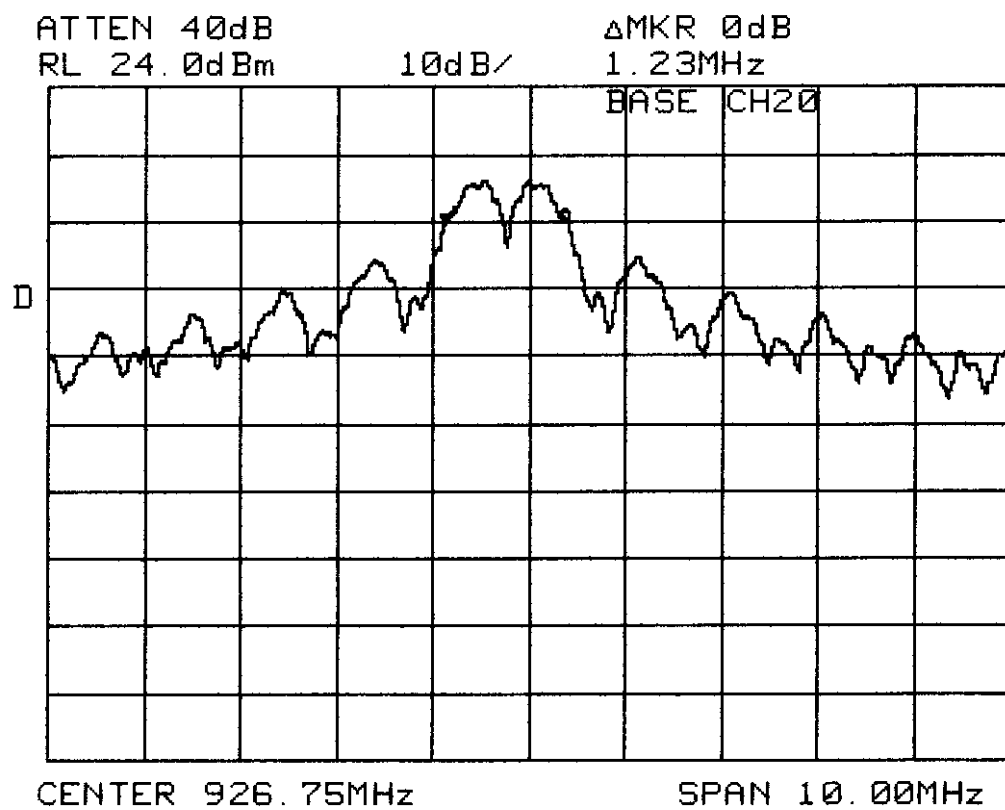
10dB/

Δ MKR -.50dB

1.25MHz

BASE CH10





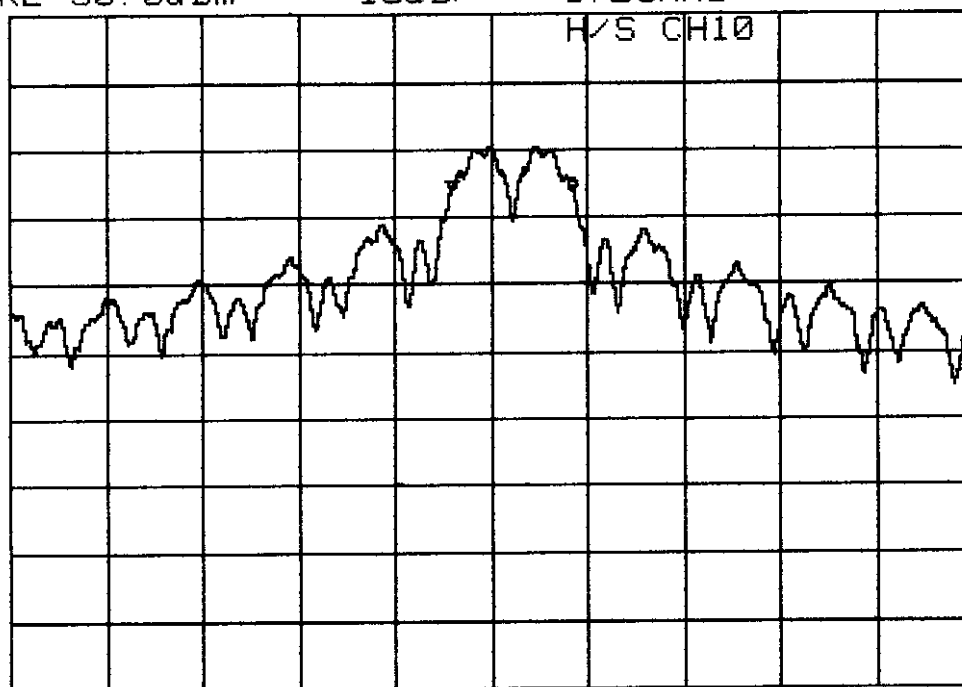
ATTEN 40dB
RL 30.0dBm

10dB/

Δ MKR -.34dB
1.25MHz

H/S CH10

D



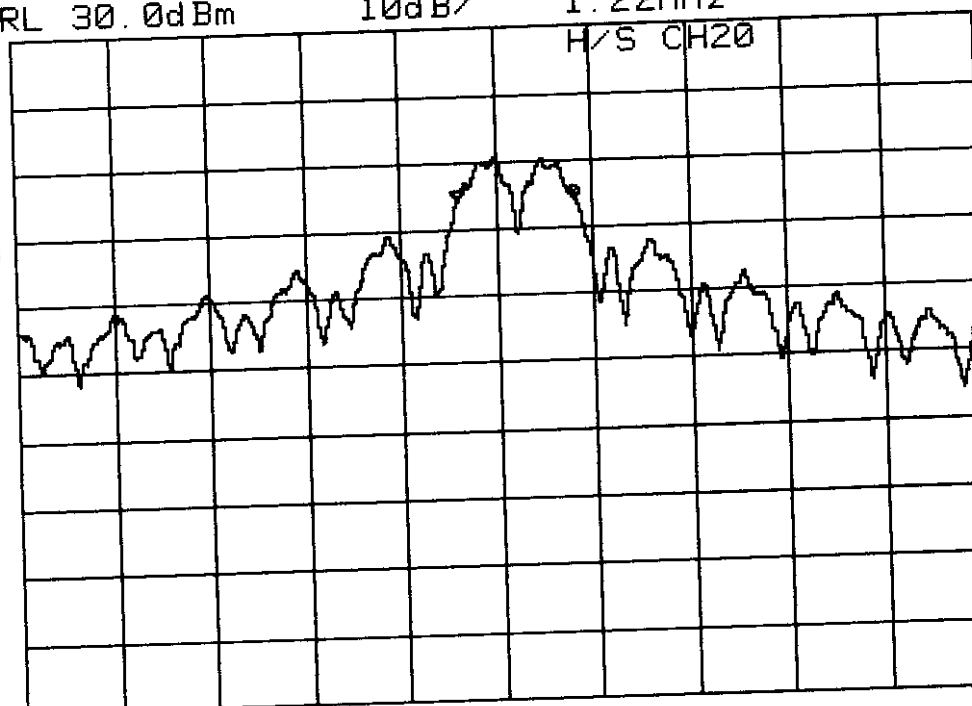
ATTEN 40dB
RL 30.0dBm

10dB/

Δ MKR 0dB
1.22MHz

H/S CH20

D



CENTER 926.27MHz

SPAN 10.00MHz

SWP 50.0ms

IV. Section 15.247(B): Power Output

4.1 Test Condition & Setup

Prior to open-field testing, the EUT was placed in a shielded enclosure and scanned at a close distance to determine its emission characteristics. The physical arrangement of the EUT was varied (within the scope of arrangements likely to be encountered in actual use) to determine the effect on the unit's emanations in amplitude, directivity, and frequency. The exact system configuration which produced the highest emissions was noted so it could be reproduced later during the open-field tests. This was done to ensure that the final measurements would demonstrate the worst-case interference potential of the EUT.

Final radiation measurements were made on a three-meter, open-field test site. The EUT system was placed on a nonconductive turntable which is 0.8 meters height, top surface 1.0 x 1.5 meter.

The spectrum was examined from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz using an Hewlett Packard 8591A Spectrum Analyzer, EMCO Biconical Antenna (Model 3110) for 30 - 200 MHz, EMCO Log-Periodic Antenna (Model 3146) for 200 - 1000 MHz.

At each frequency, the EUT was rotated 360 degrees, and the antenna was raised and lowered from one to four meters to find the maximum emission levels. Measurements were taken using both horizontal and vertical antenna polarization.

Appropriate preamplifiers were used for improving sensitivity and precautions were taken to avoid overloading or desensitizing the spectrum analyzer. The spectrum analyzer HP8568b used on this testing for frequency 30MHz to 1000MHz. No post-detector video filters were used in the test. Set the RB= 3 MHz, VB = 3MHz and the span = 5 MHz. The analyzer was operated in the maximum hold mode.

There are two test condition apply in this test item, the test procedure description as the following:

(1) Base and handset station transmit only :

Using the RS-232 port of notebook and Rockwell software to control the base , handset. Then making access to the mode of continuous transmission. three channel is tested, one in the top (CH01), one in the middle (CH10) and the other in bottom (CH20).

With the transmitter operating from a fully charged battery and using the internal antenna,

Radiates spurious emissions falling within the restricted bands of 15.209 were measured at operating frequencies corresponding to low, mid and high channels in the 902-928 MHz band.

The actual field intensity in decibels referenced to 1 microvolt per meter (dBuV/m) is determined by algebraically adding the measured reading in dBuV, the antenna factor (dB), and cable loss (dB) at the appropriate frequency.

4.2 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input Impedance
Hewlett Packard	100Hz-1.5GHz Spectrum Analyze	HP8568B	50.00
Hewlett Packard	50kHz-22GHz Spectrum Analyzer	HP8592B	50.00
Hewlett Packard	10KHz-1GHz Quasi-peak Adapte	HP85650A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	20Hz-2GHz RF Preselector	HP85685A	50.00
Anritsu	0.1-1200MHz Preamplifier	MH648A	50.00
EMCO	20-300MHz Biconical Antenna	3110.00	50.00
EMCO	200-1000MHz Log-Periodic Antenna	3146.00	50.00
TRC	Open Field Test Site	TRC-OFTS1	N/A
TRC	Notch Filter	N/A	50.00

4.3 Test Result of Fundamental Emissions

The peak values of fundamental emissions from the EUT at various antenna heights , antenna polarization, EUT orientation , etc. are recorded on the following .

Table 6 Open Field Fundamental Emissions

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	A.P. (H/V)	A.H. (CM)	Table (degree)	Amplitude (Peak) (dBuV/m)	E.R.P.(Peak)	
						mW	dBm
Base 01	903.713	H	100.00	149.00	106.26	7.73	8.88
		V	100.00	48.00	108.95	14.36	11.57
Base 10	914.613	H	100.00	273.00	106.21	7.64	8.83
		V	100.00	156.00	109.43	16.04	12.05
Base 20	926.525	H	100.00	176.00	106.81	8.78	9.43
		V	100.00	307.00	108.56	13.12	11.17
Handset 01	903.863	H	100.00	250.00	108.75	13.71	11.37
		V	100.00	357.00	110.04	18.46	12.66
Handset 10	914.725	H	100.00	290.00	109.34	15.71	11.96
		V	100.00	109.00	109.95	18.08	12.57
Handset 20	926.538	H	100.00	133.00	108.39	12.62	11.01
		V	100.00	298.00	109.38	15.85	12.00

Note :

1. A.P. means antenna polarization, horizontal and vertical.
2. A.H. means antenna height.
3. Table means turntable turning position.
4. Amplitude means the fundamental emission measured.
5. Effective Radiation Power (E.R.P.) = $(E d)^2 / 30G$

E is the measured maximum field strength in V/m utilizing the maximum hold mode
RBW (3MHz).

G is the numeric gain of the transmitting antenna over an isotropic radiator (1.64).

d is the distance in meters from which the field strength was measured (3M).

Example : the Max Radiation Emission of base ch01 = 108.95 dBuV/m

$$10^{(108.95/20)} \times 10^{-6} = 0.28022 \text{ V}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{E.R.P.} &= (0.28022 \times 3)^2 / 49.2 = 14.36 \text{ mW} = 10 \times \log(14.36 \text{ mW/1mW}) \\ &= 11.57 \text{ dBm} \end{aligned}$$

V. Section 15.247 (C)(2): Spurious emissions (Radiated)

5.1 Test Condition & Setup

Prior to open-field testing, the EUT was placed in a shielded enclosure and scanned at a close distance to determine its emission characteristics. The physical arrangement of the EUT was varied (within the scope of arrangements likely to be encountered in actual use) to determine the effect on the unit's emanations in amplitude, directivity, and frequency. The exact system configuration which produced the highest emissions was noted so it could be reproduced later during the open-field tests. This was done to ensure that the final measurements would demonstrate the worst-case interference potential of the EUT.

Final radiation measurements were made on a three-meter, open-field test site. The EUT system was placed on a nonconductive turntable which is 0.8 meters height, top surface 1.0 x 1.5 meter.

The spectrum was examined from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz using an Hewlett Packard 8591A Spectrum Analyzer, EMCO Biconical Antenna (Model 3110) for 30 - 200 MHz, EMCO Log-Periodic Antenna (Model 3146) for 200 - 1000 MHz and spectrum was examined from 1 GHz to 18GHz using an Hewlett Packard 8592A Spectrum Analyzer, EMCO Horn Antenna (Model 3115) for 1 G - 18 GMHz.

At each frequency, the EUT was rotated 360 degrees, and the antenna was raised and lowered from one to four meters to find the maximum emission levels. Measurements were taken using both horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations.

Appropriate preamplifiers were used for improving sensitivity and precautions were taken to avoid overloading or desensitizing the spectrum analyzer. there are two spectrum analyzers use on this testing .HP8568b for frequency 30MHz to 1000MHz, and HP8592A for frequency 1 GHz to 18 GHz. No post-detector video filters were used in the test. The spectrum analyzer's 6 dB bandwidth was set to 120 KHz (spectrum was examined from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz), the spectrum analyzer's 6 dB bandwidth was set to 1 MHz (spectrum was examined from 1 GHz to 18GHz) and the analyzer was operated in the maximum hold mode.

There are two test condition apply in this test item, the test procedure description as the following:

(1) Base and handset station transmit only :

Using the RS-232 port of notebook and Rockwell software to control the base , handset. Then making access to the mode of continuous transmission. three channel is tested, one in the top (CH01), one in the middle (CH10) and the other in bottom (CH20).

With the transmitter operating from a fully charged battery and using the internal antenna, radiates spurious emissions falling within the restricted bands of 15.209 were measured at operating frequencies corresponding to low, mid and high channels in the 902-928 MHz band.

The actual field intensity in decibels referenced to 1 microvolt per meter (dBuV/m) is determined by algebraically adding the measured reading in dBuV, the antenna factor (dB), and cable loss (dB) at the appropriate frequency.

For frequency between 30MHz to 1000MHz

$$Fla \text{ (dBuV/m)} = Flr \text{ (dBuV)} + \text{Correction Factors}$$

Fla : Actual Field Intensity

Flr : Reading of the Field Intensity

$$\text{Correction Factors} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss}$$

For frequency between 1 GHz to 18 GMHz

$$Fla \text{ (dBuV/m)} = Flr \text{ (dBuV)} + \text{Correction Factor} - \text{Duty Cycle}$$

Fla : Actual Field Intensity

Flr : Reading of the Field Intensity

$$\text{Correction Factors} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Distance Factor (9.54dB)} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

5.2 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input Impedance
Hewlett Packard	9KHz-2.9 GHz Spectrum Analyze	HP8594EM	50.00
Hewlett Packard	50kHz-22GHz Spectrum Analyzer	HP8592A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	10KHz-1GHz Quasi-peak Adapte	HP85650A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	20Hz-2GHz RF Preselector	HP85685A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	1GHz-26.5GHz Preamplifier	HP8449B	50.00
Anritsu	0.1-1200MHz Preamplifier	MH648A	50.00
EMCO	20-300MHz Biconical Antenna	3110.00	50.00
EMCO	200-1000MHz Log-Periodic Antenna	3146.00	50.00
EMCO	1G-18GMHz Double Ridge Antenna	3115.00	50.00
TRC	Open Field Test Site	TRC-OFTS1	N/A
TRC	Notch Filter	N/A	50.00
TRC	Horn Antenna with Amplifier	TRC1	50.00

5.2.1 Duty Cycle Factor Measurement

The duty cycle factor measurement is performed in a shield enclosure . The test condition and setup is as same as paragraph III . Set the RB = 1MHz, VB=1MHz, and span = 0 MHz. Link the base and handset in the ch 10. Then get the Time of duty and cycle as follow page .

$$\text{The duty cycle factor} = 20 \log (T_{\text{duty}} / T_{\text{cycle}}) = 20 \log (1.95 / 4) = -6.24$$

11:40:33 JUN 15, 1998

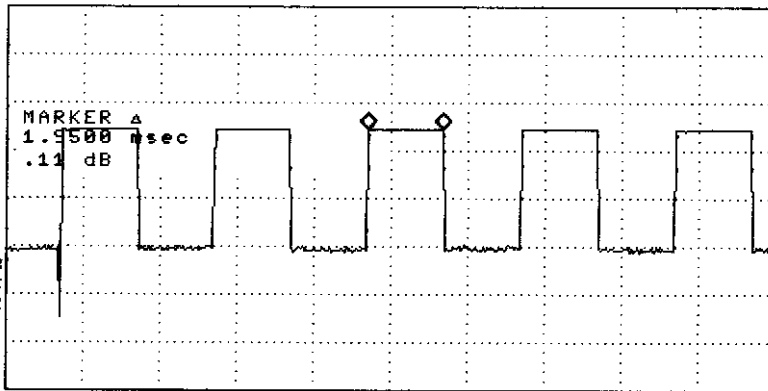
REF 107.0 dB μ V AT 10 dB

MKR Δ 1.9500 msec

.11 dB

PEAK
LOG
10
dB/

VA SB
SC FC
CORR



CENTER 922.500 MHz
#RES BW 3.0 MHz

#VBW 3 MHz

SPAN 0 Hz
SWP 20.0 msec

MARKER
NORMAL

MARKER
AMPTD

MARKER
AMPTD

SELECT
1 2 3 4

MARKER 1
ON OFF

More
1 of 3

11:41:11 JUN 15, 1998

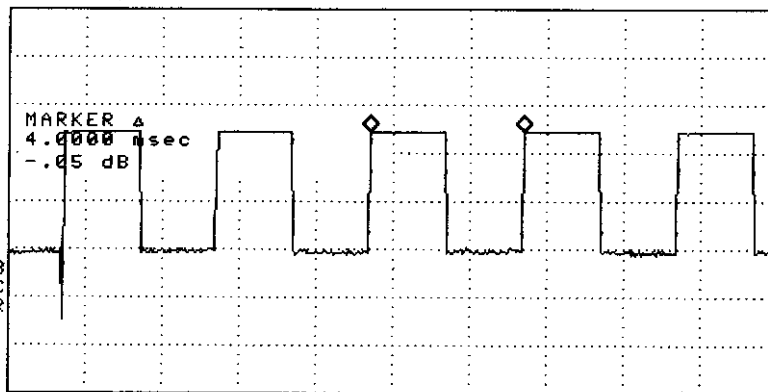
REF 107.0 dB μ V AT 10 dB

MKR Δ 4.0000 msec

-.05 dB

PEAK
LOG
10
dB/

VA SB
SC FC
CORR



CENTER 922.500 MHz
#RES BW 3.0 MHz

#VBW 3 MHz

SPAN 0 Hz
SWP 20.0 msec

MARKER
NORMAL

MARKER
AMPTD

MARKER
AMPTD

SELECT
1 2 3 4

MARKER 1
ON OFF

More
1 of 3

5.4 Test Result of Second Harmonic

Set the spectrum RB= 3 MHz , VB = 3MHz and span = 5MHz. The correction factors of the second harmonic is . The second harmonic must lower 20 dB than the fundamental .

Table 31. Second Harmonic Attenuation

Channel	Fundamental (MHz)	Fundamental (dBuV/m)	2 nd Harmonic (MHz)	2 nd Har. (dBuV/m)	Result (F/H dB)	Limit (dBc)	Margin (dBc)
B/S CH 01	903.713	108.95	1806	45.97	62.98	20.00	42.98
B/S CH 10	914.613	109.43	1828	47.97	61.46	20.00	41.46
B/S CH 20	926.525	108.56	1853	49.47	59.09	20.00	49.09
H/S CH 01	903.863	110.04	1807	55.80	54.24	20.00	34.24
H/S CH 10	914.725	109.95	1828	57.47	52.48	20.00	32.48
H/S CH 20	926.538	109.38	1852	59.13	50.25	20.00	30.25

Note :

1. The data in the above table are summarize the following attachment spectrum analyzer hard copy.
2. The attachment follow by this page and there is no page number.
3. Result = Fundamental – 2nd Harmonic must over 20 dBc .

5.5 Test Result of Spurious Radiated Emissions

5.5.1 Base and handset station transmit only

The highest peak values of radiated emissions from the EUT at various antenna heights, antenna polarization, EUT orientation, etc. are recorded on the following.

Table 7. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz -1 GHz [Channel 1, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
220.820	58.58	100.00	242	-20.27	38.31	46	-7.69
240.030	56.84	100.00	44	-19.00	37.84	46	-8.16
259.230	54.31	100.00	245	-18.23	36.08	46	-9.92
307.240	56.86	100.00	253	-14.74	42.12	46	-3.88
420.050	46.07	100.00	68	-12.56	33.51	46	-12.49
470.450	48.23	100.00	61	-10.94	37.29	46	-8.71
499.260	52.44	100.00	221	-10.14	42.30	46	-3.70
576.060	49.75	100.00	105	-12.02	37.73	46	-8.27
844.890	50.08	100.00	50	-13.28	36.80	46	-9.20

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 8. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GHz [Channel 1, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission —				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2711	54.31	100.00	201	-6.84	-6.24	41.23	54	-12.77
2614	53.73	100.00	146	-5.64	-6.24	41.89	54	-12.11

Note:

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude+ Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 9. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz -1 GMHz [Channel 1, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
220.826	50.24	100.00	224	-20.27	29.97	46	-16.03
240.029	54.23	100.00	51	-19.00	35.23	46	-10.77
259.231	51.27	100.00	135	-18.23	33.04	46	-12.96
307.238	50.12	100.00	275	-14.74	35.38	46	-10.62
355.244	50.63	100.00	157	-14.10	36.53	46	-9.47
470.454	52.59	100.00	159	-10.94	41.65	46	-4.35
499.258	47.33	100.00	32	-10.14	37.19	46	-8.81
576.068	48.36	100.00	275	-12.02	36.34	46	-9.66
844.904	46.65	100.00	258	-13.28	33.37	46	-12.63

Note:

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors= Corrected

Table 10. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GMHz [Channel 1, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2711	54.97	100.00	173	-6.84	-6.24	41.89	54	-12.11
3614	53.44	100.00	43	-5.64	-6.24	41.56	54	-12.44

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude+ Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 11. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GMHz [Channel 10, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
220.828	48.23	401.00	10	-20.27	27.96	40	-18.04
240.028	54.29	100.00	160	-19.00	35.29	46	-10.71
258.050	46.33	100.00	150	-18.27	28.06	46	-17.94
307.235	58.01	100.00	89	-14.74	43.27	46	-2.73
355.240	53.73	100.00	38	-14.10	39.63	46	-6.37
420.048	45.75	100.00	39	-12.56	33.19	46	-12.81
470.454	51.83	100.00	240	-10.94	40.89	46	-5.11
499.257	44.63	100.00	103	-10.14	34.49	46	-11.51
576.066	49.39	100.00	257	-12.02	37.37	46	-8.63
844.299	45.27	100.00	93	-13.26	32.01	46	-13.99

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 12. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GMHz [Channel 10, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2743	54.47	100.00	206	-6.84	-6.24	41.39	54	-12.61
3657	54.27	100.00	46	-5.64	-6.24	42.39	54	-11.61

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor+ Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 13. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GHz [Channel 10, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
220.826	46.90	401.00	215	-20.27	26.63	40	-19.37
240.028	50.91	100.00	70	-19.00	31.91	46	-14.09
258.049	44.37	100.00	215	-18.27	26.10	46	-19.90
307.235	51.42	100.00	158	-14.74	36.68	46	-9.32
355.241	41.72	100.00	83	-14.10	27.62	46	-18.38
420.048	44.46	100.00	149	-12.56	31.90	46	-14.10
470.453	51.47	100.00	169	-10.94	40.53	46	-5.47
499.257	47.14	100.00	154	-10.14	37.00	46	-9.00
576.066	46.34	100.00	14	-12.02	34.32	46	-11.68
844.895	45.51	100.00	275	-13.26	32.23	46	-13.77

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 14. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GHz [Channel 10, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2743	54.97	100.00	93	-6.84	-6.24	41.89	54	-12.11
3657	50.61	100.00	128	-5.64	-6.24	38.73	54	-15.27

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 15. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GMHz [Channel 20, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
220.826	49.75	100.00	7	-20.27	29.48	46	-16.52
240.275	33.72	100.00	185	-18.99	14.73	46	-31.27
259.229	52.34	100.00	168	-18.23	34.11	46	-11.89
307.235	57.66	100.00	44	-14.74	42.92	46	-3.08
355.240	53.45	100.00	47	-14.10	39.35	46	-6.65
420.048	44.33	100.00	28	-12.56	31.77	46	-14.23
470.453	52.84	100	238	-10.94	41.90	46	-4.10
499.257	44.75	100.00	77	-10.14	34.61	46	-11.39
576.064	49.14	100.00	254	-12.02	37.12	46	-8.88
844.896	45.75	100.00	206	-13.28	32.47	46	-13.53

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 16. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GMHz [Channel 20, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2779	51.64	100.00	265	-6.84	-6.24	38.56	54	-15.44
3705	50.94	100.00	273	-5.64	-6.24	39.06	54	-14.94

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 17. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GMHz [Channel 20, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
220.826	44.72	100.00	219	-20.27	24.45	46	-21.55
240.030	50.01	100.00	291	-19.00	31.01	46	-14.99
259.230	51.55	100.00	226	-18.23	33.32	46	-12.68
307.235	49.38	100.00	43	-14.74	34.64	46	-11.36
355.245	43.57	100.00	59	-14.10	29.47	46	-16.53
420.050	43.01	100.00	153	-12.56	30.45	46	-15.55
470.458	52.26	100.00	165	-10.94	41.32	46	-4.68
499.258	46.68	100.00	152	-10.14	36.54	46	-9.46
576.068	47.14	100.00	15	-12.02	35.12	46	-10.88
844.895	46.57	100.00	274	-13.28	33.29	46	-12.71

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 18. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GMHz [Channel 20, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2779	56.14	100.00	346	-6.84	-6.24	43.06	54	-10.94
3705	53.44	100.00	48	-5.64	-6.24	41.40	54	-12.60

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 19. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GMHz [Channel 01, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
220.821	44.99	100.00	8	-20.27	24.72	46	-21.28
230.423	43.50	100.00	110	-19.57	23.93	46	-22.07
240.022	48.78	100.00	149	-19.00	29.78	46	-16.22
249.626	50.35	100.00	267	-18.59	31.76	46	-14.24
259.226	53.21	100.00	153	-18.23	34.98	46	-11.02
268.827	43.54	100.00	176	-17.77	25.77	46	-20.23
278.428	51.66	100.00	34	-17.35	34.31	46	-11.69
297.630	45.99	100.00	0	-15.94	30.05	46	-15.95
374.436	38.84	100.00	128	-13.69	25.15	46	-20.85
854.477	42.98	100.00	120	-13.60	29.38	46	-16.62
864.080	42.00	100.00	99	-13.75	28.25	46	-17.75

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors= Corrected

Table 20. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GMHz [Channel 01, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2711	52.97	100.00	250	-6.84	-6.24	39.89	54	-14.11
3614	62.07	100.00	136	-5.64	-6.24	50.19	54	-3.81
4518	44.18	100.00	76	3.91	-6.24	34.03	54	-19.97

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 21. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GMHz [Channel 01, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
220.821	45.43	100.00	29	-20.27	25.16	46	-20.84
230.422	46.43	100.00	46	-19.57	26.86	46	-19.14
240.024	42.18	100.00	170	-19.00	23.18	46	-22.82
249.624	46.04	100.00	273	-18.59	27.45	46	-18.55
268.825	50.61	100.00	28	-17.77	32.84	46	-13.16
288.028	46.33	100.00	57	-16.43	29.90	46	-16.10
297.629	46.42	100.00	152	-15.94	30.48	46	-15.52
393.637	43.79	100.00	99	-13.34	30.45	46	-15.55
787.271	46.21	100.00	184	-11.72	34.49	46	-11.51
825.674	46.18	100.00	105	-12.53	33.65	46	-12.35
864.079	47.47	100.00	68	-13.75	33.72	46	-12.28

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors= Corrected

Table 22. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GMHz [Channel 01, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2711	56.63	100.00	186	-6.84	-6.24	43.55	54	-10.45
3614	58.90	100.00	64	-5.64	-6.24	47.02	54	-6.98
4518	44.68	100.00	273	3.91	-6.24	42.35	54	-11.65

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 23. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GMHz [Channel 10, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
230.413	48.01	100.00	2	-19.58	28.43	46	-17.57
240.022	55.06	401.00	143	-19.00	36.06	46	-9.94
259.214	53.74	100.00	0	-18.23	35.51	46	-10.49
297.628	49.36	100.00	283	-15.94	33.42	46	-12.58
374.435	40.62	100.00	38	-13.69	26.93	46	-19.07
393.637	35.94	100.00	249	-13.34	22.60	46	-23.40
787.270	40.22	100.00	37	-11.72	28.50	46	-17.50
854.476	41.63	100.00	243	-13.60	28.03	46	-17.97
864.077	42.56	100.00	239	-13.75	28.81	46	-17.19

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors= Corrected

Table 24. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GMHz [Channel 10, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2743	52.30	100.00	251	-6.84	-6.24	39.22	54	-14.78
3657	63.47	100.00	63	-5.64	-6.24	51.59	54	-2.41
4571	41.02	100.00	193	3.91	-6.24	38.69	54	-15.31

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 25. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GMHz [Channel 10, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
230.414	39.60	100.00	167	-19.58	20.02	46	-25.98
240.013	42.92	100.00	221	-19.00	23.92	46	-22.08
259.226	53.06	100.00	28	-18.23	34.83	46	-11.17
268.826	44.14	100.00	221	-17.77	26.37	46	-19.63
297.627	38.47	100.00	35	-15.94	22.53	46	-23.47
374.433	41.99	100.00	185	-13.69	28.30	46	-17.70
393.636	40.96	100.00	73	-13.34	27.62	46	-18.38
787.271	37.26	100.00	15	-11.72	25.54	46	-20.46
854.477	40.19	100.00	217	-13.60	26.59	46	-19.41
864.080	42.09	100.00	5	-13.75	28.34	46	-17.66

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors= Corrected

Table 26. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GMHz [Channel 10, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2743	55.30	100.00	307	-6.84	-6.24	42.22	54	-11.78
3657	57.80	100.00	170	-5.64	-6.24	45.92	54	-8.08
4571	39.85	100.00	37	3.91	-6.24	37.52	54	-16.48

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 27. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GHz [Channel 20, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
230.421	46.48	100.00	117	-19.57	26.91	46	-19.09
240.023	60.49	100.00	91	-19.00	40.49	46	-4.51
249.623	50.25	100.00	203	-18.59	32.66	46	-13.34
259.224	48.23	100.00	91	-18.23	30.00	46	-16.00
268.824	48.46	100.00	268	-17.77	30.69	46	-15.31
278.425	49.13	100.00	17	-17.35	31.78	46	-14.22
288.027	50.39	100.00	56	-16.43	33.96	46	-12.04
297.628	51.31	100.00	232	-15.94	35.37	46	-10.63
307.228	47.83	100.00	243	-14.74	33.09	46	-12.91
393.636	42.94	100.00	286	-13.34	29.60	46	-16.40
787.271	46.11	100.00	19	-11.72	34.39	46	-11.61
864.079	44.94	100.00	266	-13.75	31.19	46	-14.81

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors= Corrected

Table 28. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GHz [Channel 20, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2778	52.97	100.00	247	-6.84	-6.24	39.89	54	-14.11
3705	57.13	100.00	64	-5.64	-6.24	45.25	54	-8.75
4632	40.52	100.00	143	3.91	-6.24	38.19	54	-15.81

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 29. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GHz [Channel 20, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
230.422	37.12	100.00	197	-19.57	17.55	46	-28.45
240.023	51.84	100.00	47	-19.00	32.84	46	-13.16
249.624	46.34	100.00	21	-18.59	27.75	46	-18.25
259.224	44.86	100.00	83	-18.23	26.63	46	-19.37
268.825	45.16	100.00	152	-17.77	27.39	46	-18.61
278.425	39.04	100.00	50	-17.35	21.69	46	-24.31
288.026	42.11	100.00	75	-16.43	25.68	46	-20.32
297.628	44.51	100.00	260	-15.94	28.57	46	-17.43
374.434	48.74	100.00	172	-13.69	35.05	46	-10.95
393.636	47.69	100.00	107	-13.34	34.35	46	-11.65
787.271	41.74	100.00	227	-11.72	30.02	46	-15.98
864.078	45.03	100.00	198	-13.75	31.28	46	-14.72

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors = Corrected

Table 30. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GHz [Channel 20, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Duty Cycle	Corrected Amplitude	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2778	54.80	100.00	28	-6.84	-6.24	41.72	54	-12.28
3705	55.30	100.00	175	-5.64	-6.24	43.42	54	-10.58
4632	40.85	100.00	217	3.91	-6.24	38.52	54	-15.48

Note :

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. peak amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 31. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GHz [Answering mode Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table (°)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
240.032	63.28	100.00	112	-19.20	44.08	46	-1.92
316.835	51.73	100.00	55	-14.73	37.00	46	-9.00
480.054	53.83	100.00	128	-10.52	43.31	46	-2.69
604.869	47.17	100.00	220	-13.23	33.94	46	-12.06
624.075	54.20	100.00	73	-13.59	40.61	46	-5.39
739.280	58.29	100.00	243	-13.82	44.47	46	-1.53
758.494	54.90	100.00	108	-12.97	41.93	46	-4.07
768.095	57.21	100.00	224	-12.45	44.76	46	-1.24
787.291	56.87	100.00	105	-11.96	44.91	46	-1.09
806.467	56.26	100.00	215	-12.16	44.10	46	-1.90
844.898	52.03	100.00	98	-13.54	38.49	46	-7.51

Note :

3. Margin = Corrected - Limit.

4. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors= Corrected

Table 28. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1 GHz -18 GHz [Channel 20, Handset Horizontal]

Table 32. Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30 MHz -1 GHz [Answering mode Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	FCC Class B (3 M)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Ant.H. (cm)	Table ($^{\circ}$)	(dB)		Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
240.032	62.87	100.00	276	-19.20	43.67	46	-2.33
316.835	51.18	100.00	55	-14.73	36.45	46	-9.55
480.054	51.69	100.00	48	-10.52	41.17	46	-4.83
604.869	56.54	100.00	265	-13.23	43.31	46	-2.69
624.075	57.21	100.00	60	-13.59	43.62	46	-2.38
739.280	56.72	100.00	93	-13.82	42.90	46	-3.10
758.494	54.26	100.00	225	-12.97	41.29	46	-4.71
768.095	53.11	100.00	103	-12.45	40.66	46	-5.34
787.291	52.79	100.00	264	-11.86	40.83	46	-5.17
706.497	52.07	100.00	89	-12.16	39.91	46	-6.09
844.898	50.57	100.00	185	-13.54	37.03	46	-8.97

Note :

5. Margin = Corrected - Limit.

6. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factors= Corrected

VI Section 15.247(d): Power spectral density.

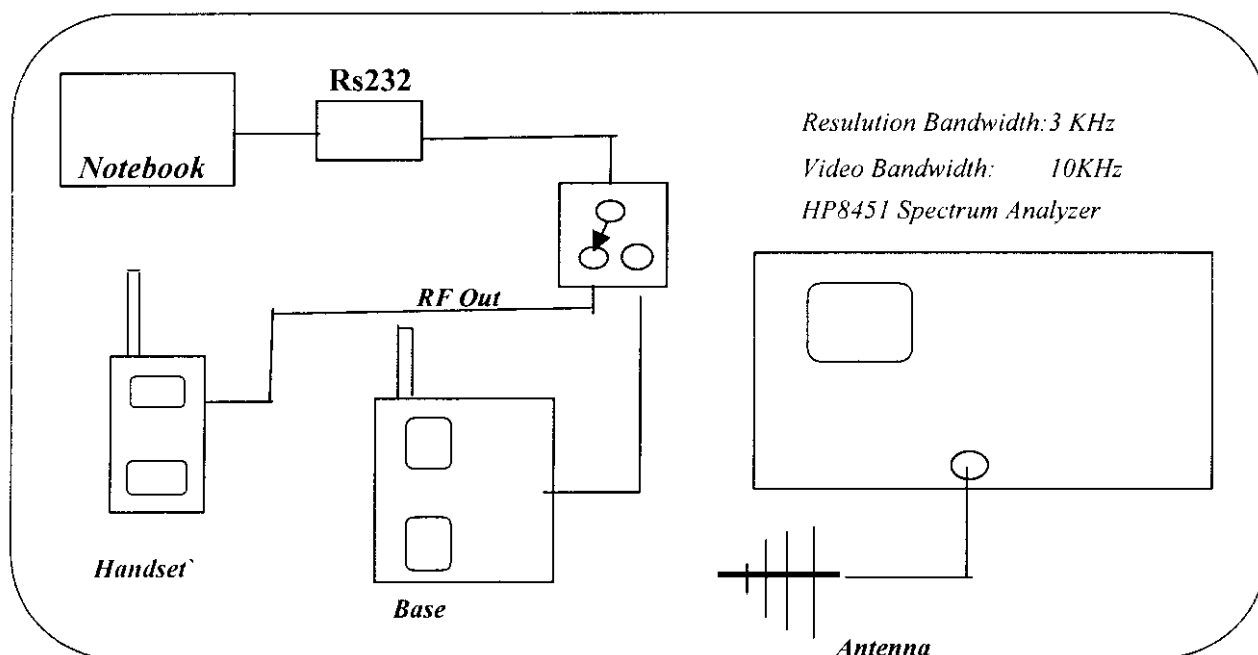
6.1 Test Condition & Setup

The tests below are running with the DCT transmitter set at high power in TDD mode .A serial port from a computer to the DCT UUT is needed to force selection of output power level and channel number. While testing, EUT was set to transmit continuously. A log antenna was connected with the spectrum analyzer .

The EUT is tested in open field site. Put EUT on the middle of a wooden table. Set spectrum analyzer RBW = 3 KHz, VBW > RBW (e.g. VBW = 10 KHz), Span = 1.5 MHz. Turn around the table to find maximum emission . Then set the Span = 300 KHz and sweep time = 100 sec. Peak the maximum emission again . The peak level measured must be no greater than +8 dBm.

The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

6.2 Test Instruments Configuration



P.S.A serial port from notebook computer to control the EUT at maximal power output and channel Number.

Fig 12. Test Configuration of power spectral density

6.3 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input	Impedance
Hewlett Packard	9KHz-2.9 GHz Spectrum Analyzer	HP8594EM		50.00

6.4 Test Result of Power spectral density.

The following table shows a summary of the highest power out of UT.

Table 33. Power Spectral Density

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Ppr (dBuV)	CF (dB)	Ppq (dBm)	Limit (dB)	Margin (dB)
B/S CH 01	903.897	103.68	-5.62	0.68	8.00	-7.32
B/S CH 10	914.137	105.13	-5.74	1.98	8.00	-6.02
B/S CH 20	926.899	104.85	-5.79	1.67	8.00	-6.33
H/S CH 01	903.276	103.43	-5.63	0.41	8.00	-7.59
H/S CH 10	914.076	101.26	-5.75	-1.87	8.00	-9.87
H/S CH 20	926.079	104.41	-5.78	1.23	8.00	-6.77

Note :

1. The attachment follow by this page and there is no page number.
2. Ppr: spectrum read power density (using peak search mode), CF: correct factor Ppq: actual peak power density in the spread spectrum band.
3. $Ppq = Ppr + CF$
4. Effective Radiation Power (E.R.P.) = $(E d)^2 / 30G$

E is the measured maximum field strength in V/m utilizing the maximum hold mode
RBW (3KHz).

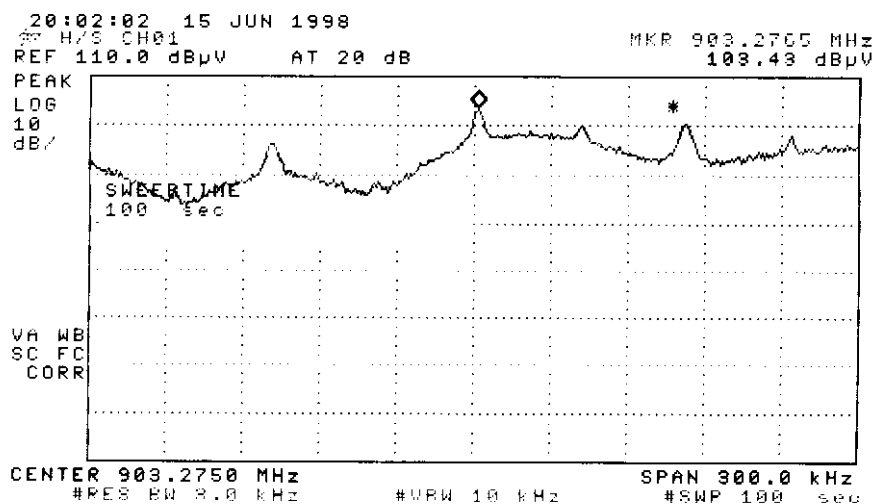
G is the numeric gain of the transmitting antenna over an isotropic radiator (1.64).

d is the distance in meters from which the field strength was measured (3M).

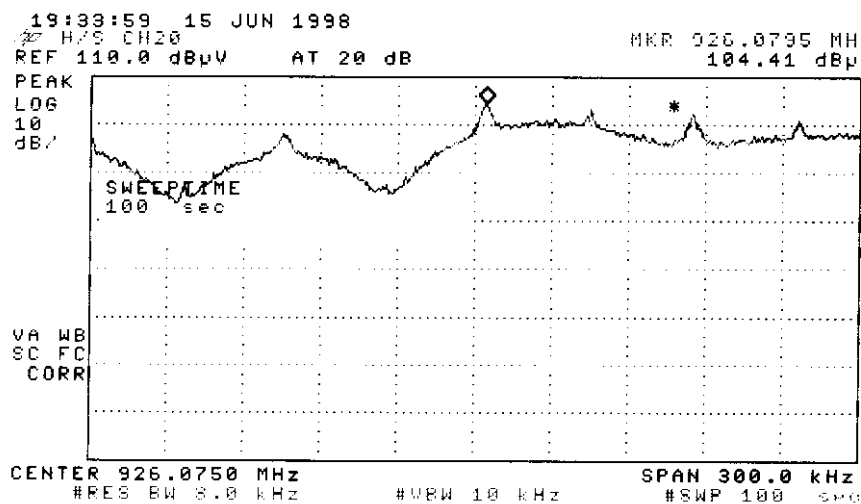
Example : the Max Radiation Emission of base ch01 = $103.68 - 5.62 = 98.06$ dBuV/m

$$10^{(98.06/20)} \times 10^{-6} = 0.07998 \text{ V}$$

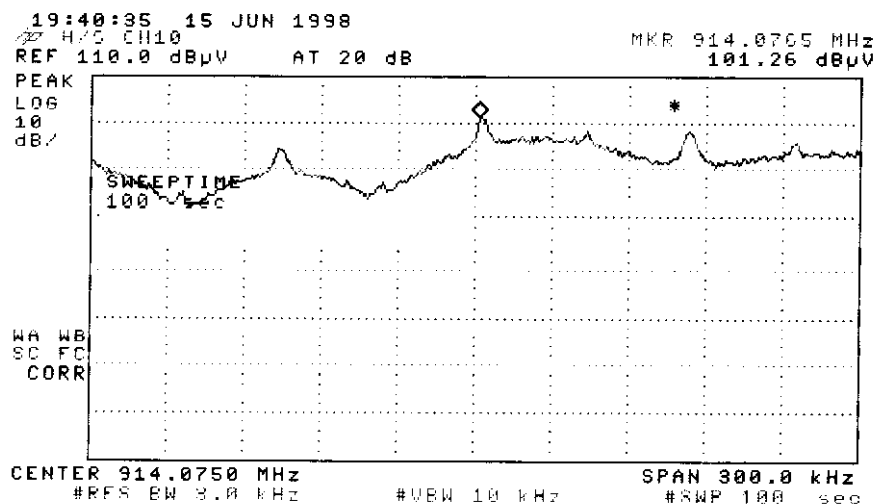
$$\begin{aligned} \text{E.R.P.} &= (0.07998 \times 3)^2 / 49.2 = 1.17 \text{ mW} = 10 \times \log(1.17 \text{ mW}/1\text{mW}) \\ &= 0.68 \text{ dBm} \end{aligned}$$



CLEAR
 WRITE A
 MAX
 HOLD A
 VIEW A
 BLANK A
 Trace
 A B C
 More
 1 of 4



CLEAR
 WRITE A
 MAX
 HOLD A
 VIEW A
 BLANK A
 Trace
 A B C
 More
 1 of 4

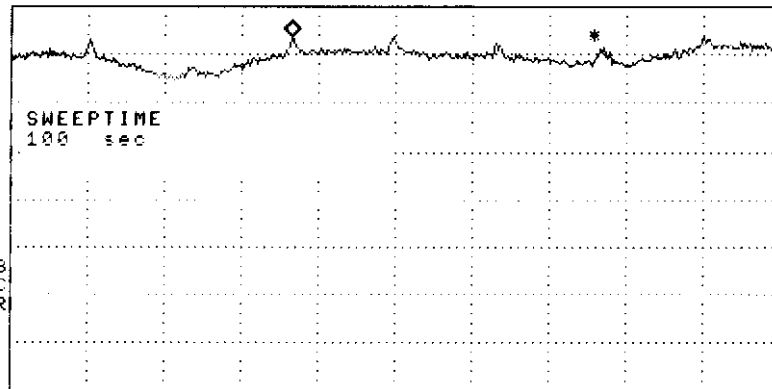


CLEAR
 WRITE A
 MAX
 HOLD A
 VIEW A
 BLANK A
 Trace
 A B C
 More
 1 of 4

19:10:49 15 JUN 1998
B/S CH01
REF 110.0 dBμV AT 20 dB

MKR 903.8970 MHz
103.68 dBμV

PEAK
LOG
10
dB/



CENTER 903.9375 MHz SPAN 300.0 kHz
#RES BW 3.0 kHz #VBW 10 kHz #SWP 100 sec

CLEAR
WRITE A

MAX
HOLD A

VIEW A

BLANK A

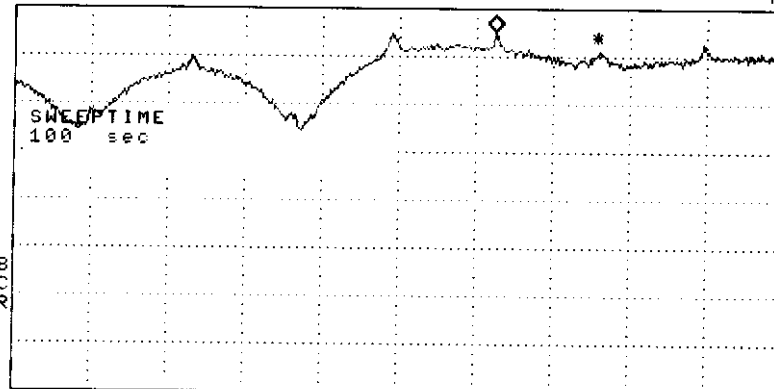
Trace
A B C

More
1 of 4

19:16:38 15 JUN 1998
B/S CH10
REF 110.0 dBμV AT 20 dB

MKR 914.1375 MHz
105.13 dBμV

PEAK
LOG
10
dB/



CENTER 914.1000 MHz SPAN 300.0 kHz
#RES BW 3.0 kHz #VBW 10 kHz #SWP 100 sec

CLEAR
WRITE A

MAX
HOLD A

VIEW A

BLANK A

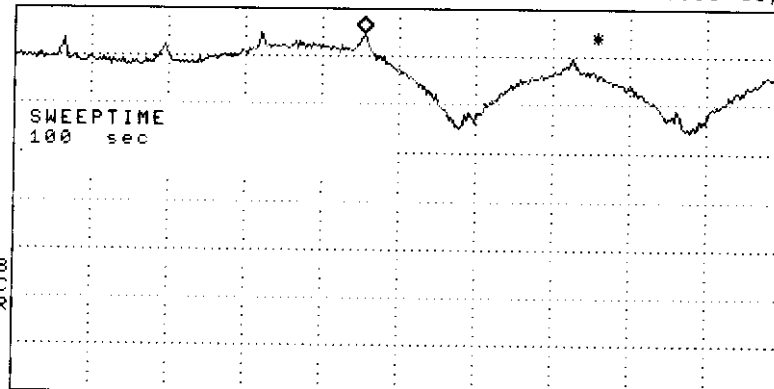
Trace
A B C

More
1 of 4

19:23:04 15 JUN 1998
B/S CH20
REF 110.0 dBμV AT 20 dB

MKR 926.8990 MHz
104.85 dBμV

PEAK
LOG
10
dB/



CENTER 926.9125 MHz SPAN 300.0 kHz
#RES BW 3.0 kHz #VBW 10 kHz #SWP 100 sec

MARKER
→ HIGH

MARKER
→ CF

NEXT
PEAK

NEXT PK
RIGHT

NEXT PK
LEFT

More
1 of 3

VII Section 15.247(e): Processing Gain.

7.1 Test Condition & Setup

A. Bit Error Rate (Pe)

The subjective device RF module (base & handset) digital modulation by Differential Phase -Shift Keying (DPSK), the DPSK can use it's previous waveform as the phase reference for demodulation and thus requires no coherent detection, which greatly simplifies the receiver structure but with some Bit Error Rate (BER) degradation because of noisy phase reference. There is tradeoff between system complexity and system performance. In order to driver the DPSK error probability , we observe that DPSK using differential coding , we observable that DPSK using different coding is essentially an orthogonal signal scheme. A binary 1 is transmitted a sequence of two pulse (P,P) or (-P,-P) over 2 To seconds (no transition). Similarly, a binary 0 is transmitted by a sequence of two plus (P,-P) or (-P,P) over 2 TO seconds (transition). Either of the pulse sequences used for binary 1 is orthogonal to either of the pulse sequences used for binary 0. Because no local carrier is generated for demodulation, the detection is noncoherent , with an effective pulse energy equal to 2 Ep (twice the energy of pulse P). The actual energy transmitted per digit only Ep, however, the same as in noncoherent FSK. Consequently, the performance of DPSK is 3 dB superior to that of noncoherent FSK, We can write Pe for DPSK as :

The major component inside the subjective device are supplied by Rock well , Included RF block transmitter (RF101), Receiver (RF 100), and Base band block ASIC (c8502-13), CODEC (10497-14), above 4 IC chips are affected the processing gain as following :

$$J/S = (W/RD) / (ED/NO) \text{ [without CODING]}$$

Where : W= Spread Chip Rate = Required Transmitted Base band Bandwidth.

Rb = Information Data Rate

Eb/No = Require Energy per Bit over noise Spectral Density for a Specific Bit Error Probability.

The subjective Device Information Data Rate are 80k and the Spread Chip Rate are 960k So the processing gain (10 log w/Rb) at least 10.79 dB(without Coding).

The ASIC (c8502-13) and CODEC (10497-14) these two chip included the coding function, So, it is great improve the processing gain and also improve the J/S ratio.

The Engineer work for Rock well System in Taiwan had pass us the information about the probability of error rate (Pe) must be lower than 0.001 that the system performance will satisfy for communication between Handset and Base station.

Why we need the Pe lower than 0.001, the Rockwell Semiconductor System is not explained , Since it relative with ASIC and Codec, it is confidential area that Rockwell is not allow to disdouse to the public.

When Pe = 0.001 and then Signal to Noise Ratio (S/N) = 6.2194 = 7.9dB.

B. Jamming Margin Method

The Rockwell Semiconductor System give us a software operated in the personal computer, and use the computer series port COM1 and COM2 connect Handset and Base than we can measure the Bit Error Rate.

Using this software we can perform Jamming Margin method testing , The test consists of stepping a signal generator in 50 KHz increments across the pass band of the system (up to 960 KHz away in RI's DCT). At each point, the generator level required to produce the recommend Bit Error Rate ($BER = 10e - 3$) is recorded. This level is the jamming level. The maximum implementation loss a system can claim in calculating processing gain is 2 dB. The equation to calculate the processing gain (Gp) is the following:

$$Gp = (S/N) + Mj + Lsys$$

$$Gp = 8 \text{ dB} + Mj + 2 \text{ dB}$$

FCC regulation section 15.247 (e) require the processing gain of a direct sequence system shall be at least 10 dB, when Gp must be greater than 10 dB, then the Jammer must be greater than 0 dB.

The processing gain may be measured using the CW jamming margin method. The Jammer to Signal (J/S) ratio is then calculated. Discard the worst 20% of the J/S data points.

1. For avoid the handset and basestation are situation, so, the UUT were in low power mode.
2. The signal generator was selected in interference band, using this software we can perform Jamming Margin method testing, the test consists of stepping a signal generator is 50 KHz increments across the pass band of the system (up to 960 KHz away in RI's DCT). So, the BER will keep in 0.1%.

The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

7.2 Test Instruments Configuration

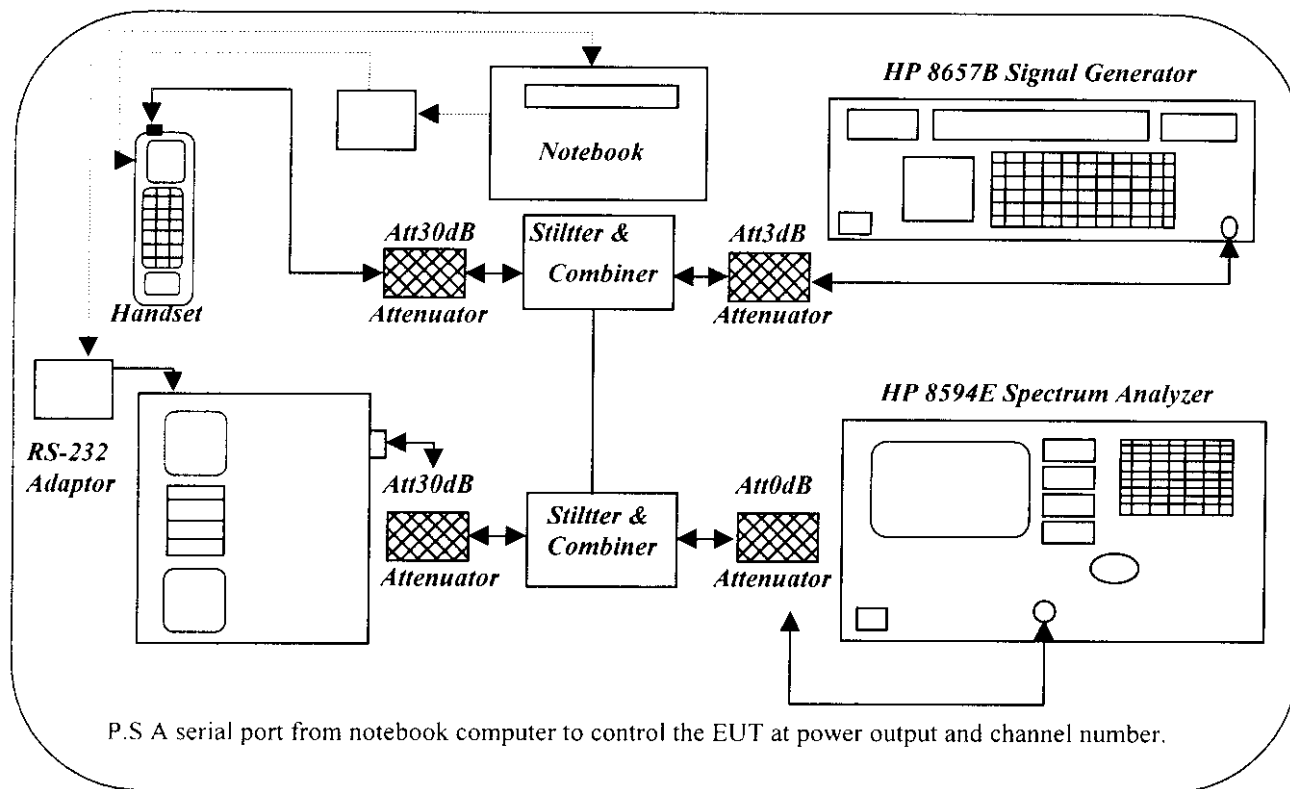


Fig 13. Test Configuration of processing gain for base station

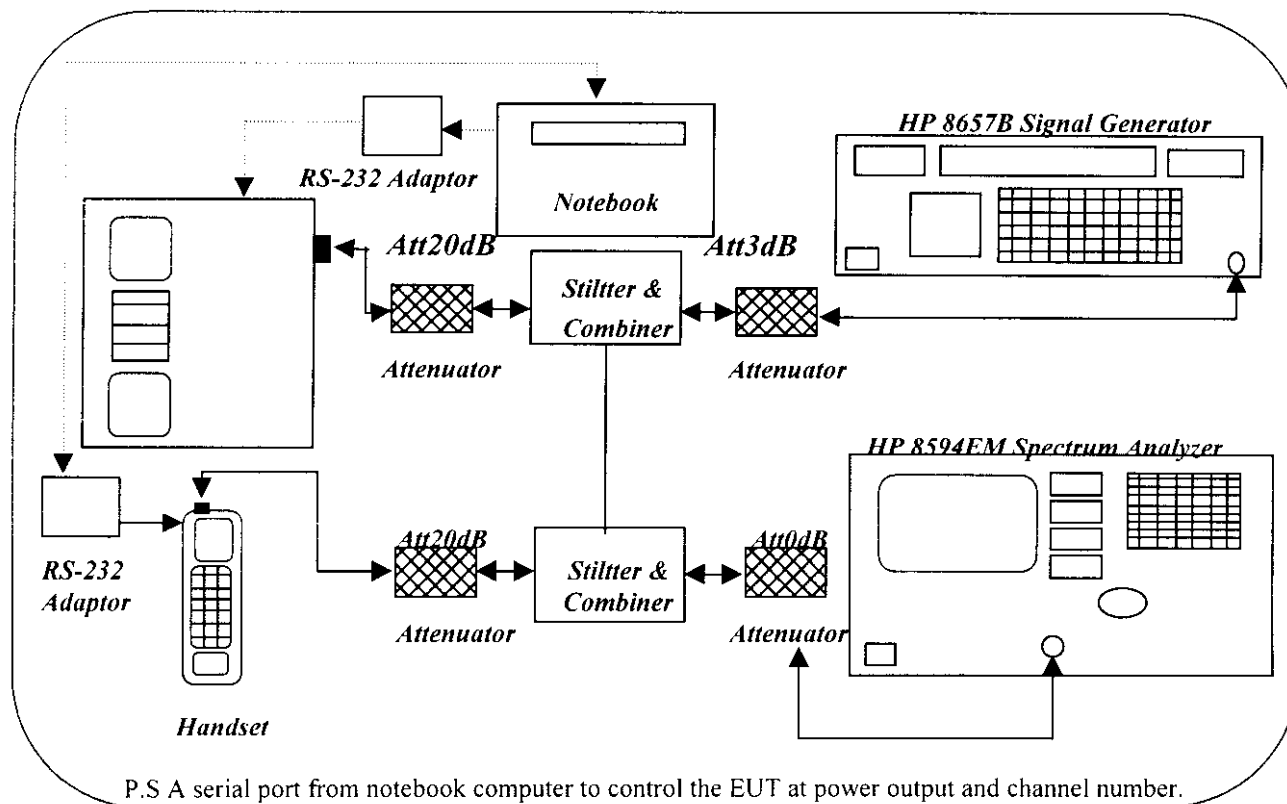


Fig. 14, Test Configuration of processing gain for handset

7.3 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input Impedance
Hewlett Packard	100Hz-1.8GHz Spectrum Analyzer	HP8592A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	100Hz-2.6GHz Signal Generator	HP8657B	50.00
Mini Circuits	10MHz-2GHz Power Splitter/Combiner	ZESC-2-11	50.00
Mini Circuits	DC-1.5GHz 3dB Attenuator	CAT-3	50.00
Mini Circuits	DC-1.5GHz 20dB Attenuator	CAT-20	50.00
Mini Circuits	DC-1.5GHz 30dB Attenuator	CAT-30	50.00

7.4 Test Procedure

According to the Fig. 13 of the page 42, combine the stuffs.

Measure the low power output of the channel 10 of the handset while the handset is in "Transmit-Only-Test" and the whole circuit is as same as Fig. 13. What we measure in this step is "S".

Change to the "BER Test " program. Increase the RF output of the signal generator till the BER is close to the 0.1% but under 0.1%.

Stop the program and turn off the base, handset then record the highest point of the spectrum. What we measure in this step is "J".

Star the Program again and test the next point.

7.5 Test Result of Processing Gain.

Table. 34 Processing Gain [Channel 10, Base]

Jammer Frequency (MHz)	S (dBm)	J (dBm)	Mj (J/S)	Process Gain (dB)
913.65	-36.95	-28.78	8.17	18.07
913.70	-36.95	-31.11	5.84	15.74
913.75	-36.95	-32.14	4.81	14.71
913.80	-36.95	-32.66	4.29	14.19
913.85	-36.95	-32.56	4.39	14.29
913.90	-36.95	-30.21	6.74	16.64
913.95	-36.95	-30.41	6.54	16.64
914.00	-36.95	-30.04	6.91	16.81
914.05	-36.95	-31.69	5.26	15.16
914.10	-36.95	-31.79	5.16	15.06
914.15	-36.95	-31.97	4.98	14.88
914.20	-36.95	-31.56	5.39	15.29
914.25	-36.95	-31.88	5.07	14.97
914.30	-36.95	-31.98	4.97	14.87
914.35	-36.95	-31.85	5.10	14.00
914.40	-36.95	-31.81	5.14	15.04
914.45	-36.95	-29.01	7.94	17.84
914.50	-36.95	-28.14	8.81	18.71
914.55	-36.95	-31.20	5.75	15.65
914.60	-36.95	-32.52	4.43	14.33
914.65	-36.95	-32.81	4.14	14.04
914.70	-36.95	-31.95	5.00	14.90
914.75	-36.95	-32.21	4.74	14.64
914.80	-36.95	-31.17	5.78	15.68
914.85	-36.95	-32.76	4.19	14.09
914.90	-36.95	-31.20	5.75	15.65
914.95	-36.95	-29.01	7.94	17.84
915.00	-36.95	-30.11	6.84	16.74
915.05	-36.95	-29.41	7.54	17.44
915.10	-36.95	-30.63	6.32	16.22

Test Result:

Processing Gain : 14.71 dB

Note:

1. $GP = (S/No) + Mj + Lsys = 7.9dB + Mj + 2 dB$
2. S = Signal Level
3. J = Signal Generator RF Output

Table 35. Processing Gain [Channel 10, Handset]

Jammer Frequency (MHz)	S (dBm)	J (dBm)	Mj (J/S)	Process Gain (dB)
913.95	-40.28	-38.98	1.30	11.20
914.00	-40.28	-37.94	2.34	12.24
914.05	-40.28	-39.01	1.27	11.17
914.10	-40.28	-38.04	2.24	12.14
914.15	-40.28	-36.80	3.48	13.38
914.20	-40.28	-35.23	5.05	14.95
914.25	-40.28	-34.37	5.91	15.81
914.30	-40.28	-33.14	7.14	17.04
914.35	-40.28	-34.23	6.05	15.95
914.40	-40.28	-37.10	3.18	13.08
914.45	-40.28	-36.69	3.59	13.49
914.50	-40.28	-36.65	3.63	13.53
914.55	-40.28	-37.17	3.11	13.01
914.60	-40.28	-38.42	1.86	11.76
914.65	-40.28	-34.60	5.68	15.58
914.70	-40.28	-38.36	1.92	11.82
914.75	-40.28	-34.67	5.61	15.51
914.80	-40.28	-35.02	5.26	15.16
914.85	-40.28	-34.91	5.37	15.27
914.90	-40.28	-38.08	2.20	12.10
914.95	-40.28	-34.57	5.71	15.61
915.00	-40.28	-37.02	3.26	13.16
915.05	-40.28	-37.59	2.69	12.59
915.10	-40.28	-36.32	3.96	13.86
915.15	-40.28	-37.21	3.07	12.97
915.20	-40.28	-37.31	2.97	12.87
915.25	-40.28	-32.02	8.26	18.16
915.30	-40.28	-35.54	4.74	14.64
915.35	-40.28	-33.02	7.26	17.16
915.40	-40.28	-34.85	5.43	15.33

Test Result:

Processing Gain : 12.24 dB

Note:

1. $GP = (S/No) + Mj + L_{sys} = 7.9 \text{ dB} + Mj + 2 \text{ dB}$
2. S = Signal Level
3. J = Signal Generator RF Output

Appendix A

Setting up Procedure

1. Using a RS-232 adaptor which is given by customer connected with the com 1 of the computer.
2. The other end of the RS-232 adaptor is connected with the EUT.
3. Use the software which is given by the customer and operated in the windows to control the EUT's continuous transmission.

Appendix B

The antenna of the device is screwed inside the device, the user can not remove it freely without any tools from outside the device. This is comply with the FCC rules part 15.203

THOMSON MULTI MEDIA

DM+: 20704280

CONT ON SHEET F SH NO. 2

####20704280
-----ANTENNA RUBBER BASE

FAMILY DESCRIPTION

ANTENNA RUBBER BASE

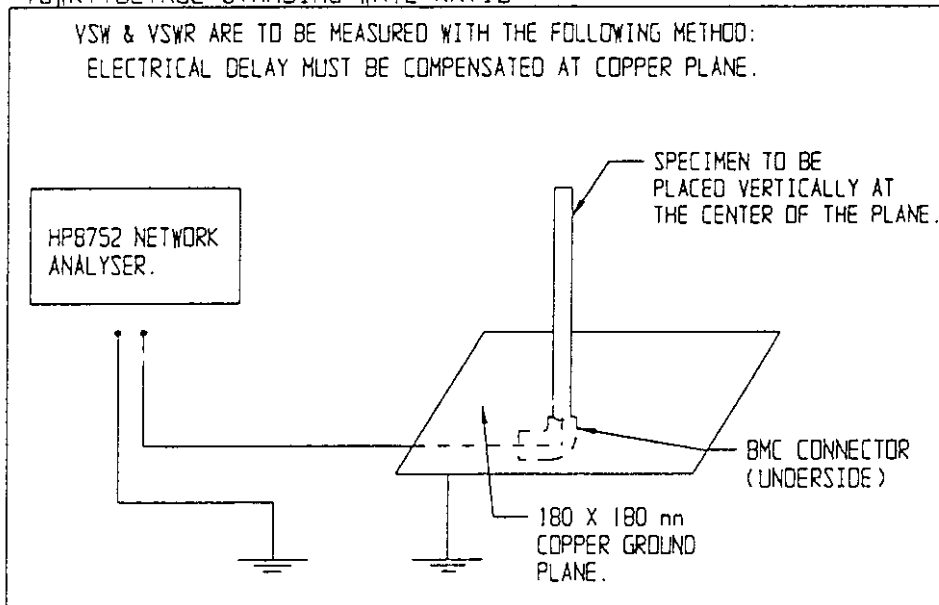
FIRST MADE FOR RCS100A

FILE: 20704280

TEST CIRCUIT

VSW: VOLTAGE STANDING WAVE.

VSWR: VOLTAGE STANDING WAVE RATIO

VSW & VSWR ARE TO BE MEASURED WITH THE FOLLOWING METHOD:
ELECTRICAL DELAY MUST BE COMPENSATED AT COPPER PLANE.

ALL REVISION SEE SHT. AA

Made By BEE KHIM

Approval

ENGINEERING
SINGAPOREDiv. or
Dept

FAMILY CODE: 60604B

Issued JULY 2 97

DM+: 20704280
CONT ON SHEET F SH NO. 2

THOMSON MULTI
KXD7A

DM+: 20704310

CONT ON SHEET F SH NO. 2

20704310
*****ANTENNA RUBBER HANDSET

FAMILY DESCRIPTION

ANTENNA RUBBER HANDSET

FIRST MADE FOR RCS100A

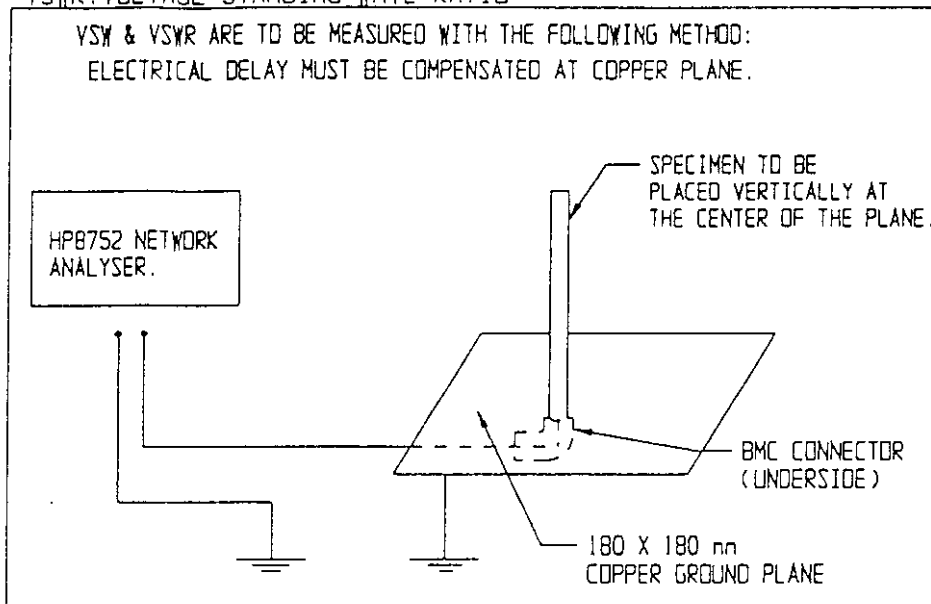
FILE: 2070431E

TEST CIRCUIT

VSW: VOLTAGE STANDING WAVE.

VSWR: VOLTAGE STANDING WAVE RATIO

VSW & VSWR ARE TO BE MEASURED WITH THE FOLLOWING METHOD:
ELECTRICAL DELAY MUST BE COMPENSATED AT COPPER PLANE.



ALL REVISION SEE SHT. AA

Made By BEE KHIM

Issued JULY 2 97

Approval

*KSL*ENGINEERING
SINGAPOREDiv. or
Dept

Location

FAMILY CODE: 60604B

DM+: 20704310

CONT ON SHEET F SH NO. 2

74

17122107 SEP 11, 1998

H/S CH01

REF 91.0 dBμV ATTEN 10 dB

PEAK
LOG
10
dB/

-26.69 dB

ABCDEF

GHIJKL

MNOPQR

STUVWX

YZ - SPC
CLEAR

MORE
1 of 2

CENTER 902.00 MHz
RES BW 100 kHz

VBW 100 kHz

SPAN 10.00 MHz
SWP 20 msec

17130137 SEP 11, 1998

H/S CH20

REF 91.0 dBμV ATTEN 10 dB

PEAK
LOG
10
dB/

MKR Δ 1.78 MHz
-23.48 dB

MARKER
→ CF

NEXT
PEAK

NEXT PK
RIGHT

NEXT PK
LEFT

PEAK
EXCURSN

MARKER Δ
1.78 MHz
-23.48 dB

VA SB
SC FC
CORR

CENTER 928.00 MHz
RES BW 100 kHz

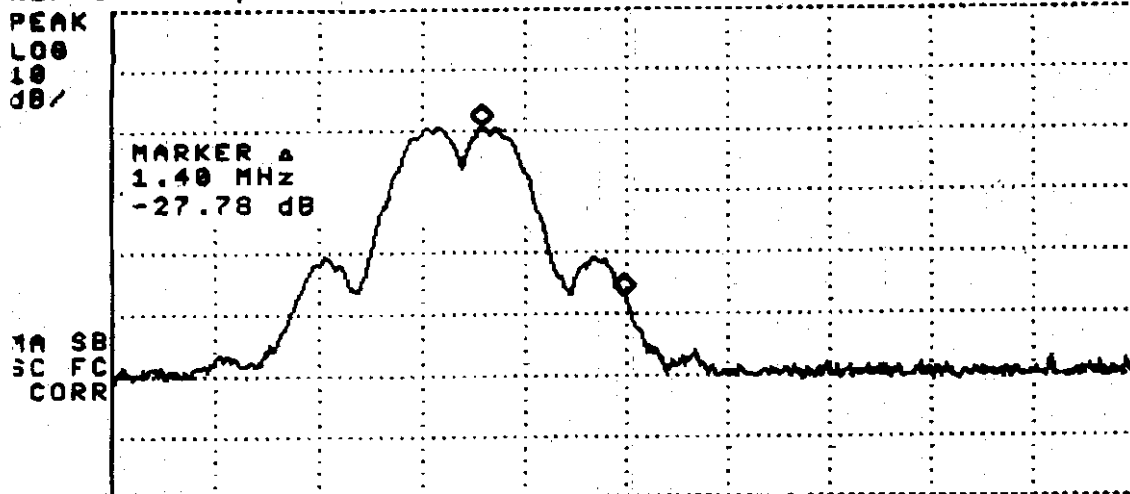
VBW 100 kHz

SPAN 10.00 MHz
SWP 20 msec

14

17:15:50 SEP 11, 1998
 B/S CH20
 REF 91.0 dBμV #ATTEN 10 dB

MRK Δ 1.40 MHz
 -27.78 dB



MARKER
 + CF

NEXT
 PEAK

NEXT PK
 RIGHT

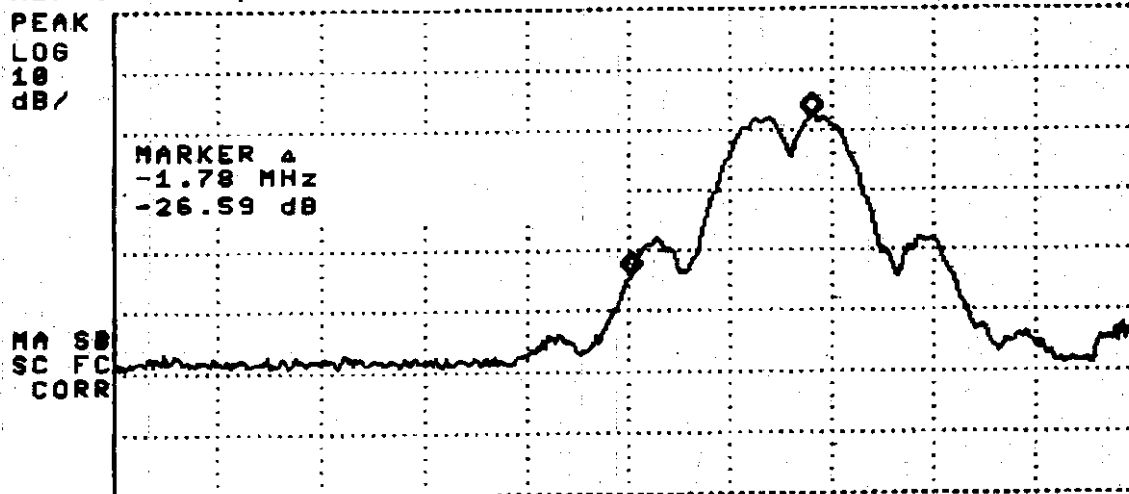
NEXT PK
 LEFT

PEAK
 EXCURSN

CENTER 928.00 MHz SPAN 10.00 MHz
 #RES BW 100 kHz #VBW 100 kHz SWP 20 msec

17:10:59 SEP 11, 1998
 B/S CH01
 REF 91.0 dBμV #ATTEN 10 dB

MRK Δ -1.78 MHz
 -26.59 dB



MARKER
 + CF

NEXT
 PEAK

NEXT PK
 RIGHT

NEXT PK
 LEFT

PEAK
 EXCURSN

CENTER 902.00 MHz SPAN 10.00 MHz
 #RES BW 100 kHz #VBW 100 kHz SWP 20 msec

3/4

13:04:06 SEP 02, 1998

BASE CH01

REF .0 dBm

ATTEN 10 dB

MKR A -2.40 MHz
-21.91 dB

ABCDEF

PEAK
LO0
10
dB/

GHIJKL

MNOPQR

STUVWX

MA SB
SC FC
CORR

YZ_0 SPC
CLEAR

MORE
1 of 2

CENTER 902.00 MHz

RES BW 100 kHz

VBW 30 kHz

SPAN 10.00 MHz

SWP 20 msec

13:06:06 SEP 02, 1998

BASE CH20

REF .0 dBm

ATTEN 10 dB

MKR A 1.25 MHz
-20.46 dB

ABCDEF

PEAK
LO0
10
dB/

GHIJKL

MNOPQR

STUVWX

MA SB
SC FC
CORR

YZ_0 SPC
CLEAR

MORE
1 of 2

CENTER 920.00 MHz

RES BW 100 kHz

VBW 30 kHz

SPAN 10.00 MHz

SWP 20 msec

14

18:47:00 SEP 02, 1998

MKR Δ -2.45 MHz
-20.51 dB

ABCDEF

H/S CH01
REF -7.0 dBm ATTEN 10 dB

PEAK
LOG
10
dB/

GHIJKL

MNOPQR

STUVWX

YZ_0 SPC
CLEAR

MORE
1 of 2

MA SB
SC FC
CORR

CENTER 902.00 MHz
RES BW 100 kHz

VBW 30 kHz

SPAN 10.00 MHz
SWP 20 msec

19:49:00 SEP 02, 1998

MKR Δ 1.98 MHz
-20.87 dB

ABCDEF

H/S CH20
REF -7.0 dBm ATTEN 10 dB

PEAK
LOG
10
dB/

GHIJKL

MNOPQR

STUVWX

YZ_0 SPC
CLEAR

MORE
1 of 2

MA SB
SC FC
CORR

CENTER 928.00 MHz
RES BW 100 kHz

VBW 30 kHz

SPAN 10.00 MHz
SWP 20 msec

Appendix C

Security Code

Description of 900 MHz Direct Spectrum Cordless Phone

The subject device's 20 independent channels, autoscans at link establishment and smart channel hopping combine to find the clearest channels at all times, automatically.

Spread spectrum technology ensures the highest level of security available in a cordless phone.

The spread spectrum technique provides better security than other solutions since only the receiver has a copy of the pre-assigned spreading code, making interception virtually impossible. The transmitting signal is diluted over a large bandwidth with power density at any point being very light, so the signal goes unnoticed by other systems since they are not tuned to receive it. Moreover the scrambling code changes every 8 times the phone is parked, and there are millions of codes.

Scrambler / Descrambler A16-code randomizes the voice and supervisory data for transmission and reception, more than 64K scramble codes are available from the 16-bit maximal length pseudo-noise sequence generator.

Spread Spectrum Spreader Each transmitted bit is multiplied with a 12-chip spreading code, meeting FCC Part 15.247 requirements.