

Report on the Radio Testing

For

Tunstall Healthcare (UK) Ltd

on

TX4 Trigger - 915MHz

Report no. TRA-030929-02-45-00A

3rd August 2017





Report Number: TRA-030929-02-45-00A

Issue: A

REPORT ON THE RADIO TESTING OF A
Tunstall Healthcare (UK) Ltd
TX4 Trigger - 915MHz
WITH RESPECT TO SPECIFICATION
FCC 47CFR 15.249 & IC RSS-210 Annex B.10

TEST DATE: 14th - 22nd June 2017

Written by:

A Tosif Radio Test Engineer

Approved by:

J Charters

Department Manager - Radio

Date: 3rd August 2017

Disclaimers:

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ilac MRA



1 Revision Record

Issue Number	Issue Date	Revision History
А	3rd August 2017	Original

RF922 3.0 Page 3 of 32

2 Summary

TESTED BY:

TEST REPORT NUMBER: TRA-030929-02-45-00A WORKS ORDER NUMBER: TRA-030929-02 PURPOSE OF TEST: Certification. TEST SPECIFICATION(S): 47CFR15.249 & RSS-210 Annex B.10 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT): TX4 Trigger - 915MHz FCC IDENTIFIER: G2X-6100442 ISED IDENTIFIER: 1231A-6100442 **EUT SERIAL NUMBER:** 0916 00482258 & 0217 00539649 MANUFACTURER/AGENT: Tunstall Healthcare (UK) Ltd ADDRESS: Whitley Lodge Whitley Bridge Yorkshire DN14 0HR United Kingdom **CLIENT CONTACT: David Woodhouse 2** 01977 660227 ⊠ david.woodhouse@tunstall.co.uk ORDER NUMBER: 481572 TEST DATE: 14th - 22nd June 2017

RF922 3.0 Page 4 of 32

A Tosif Element

2.1 Test Summary

Test Method and Description	Requiremen		Applicable to this	Result /
	RSS	47CFR15	equipment	Note
Radiated spurious emissions	210, B.10 (a) & (b)	15.249(d)		Pass
AC power line conducted emissions	Gen, 8.8	15.207		N/A (Note 1)
Occupied bandwidth	Gen, 6.6	15.215(c)		Pass
Field strength of fundamental	210, B.10 (a)	15.249(a)		Pass
Radiated emissions – unintentional radiation /receiver emissions	Gen, 7.1.2	15.109		Pass

Specific Notes:

1. Not applicable to battery powered devices.

General Notes:

The results contained in this report relate only to the items tested, in the condition at time of test, and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report.

The apparatus was set up and exercised using the configurations, modes of operation and arrangements defined in this report only. Any modifications made are identified in Section 8 of this report.

Particular operating modes, apparatus monitoring methods and performance criteria required by the standards tested to have been performed except where identified in Section 5.2 of this test report (Deviations from Test Standards).

RF922 3.0 Page 5 of 32

3 Contents

1	Revision Record	3
2	Summary	
	2.1 Test Summary	5
3	Contents	6
4	Introduction	7
5	Test Specifications	8
	5.1 Normative References	
	5.2 Deviations from Test Standards	8
6	Glossary of Terms	
7	Equipment under Test	10
•	7.1 EUT Identification	
	7.2 System Equipment	
	7.3 EUT Mode of Operation	
	7.3.1 Transmission	
	7.3.2 Reception	
	7.4 EUT Radio Parameters	
	7.5 EUT Description	
8	Modifications	
9	EUT Test Setup	
9	9.1 Block Diagram	
	9.2 General Set-up Photograph	
10		1∠ 12
10	10.1 Normal Conditions	
	10.2 Varying Test Conditions	
11	• •	
	11.1 Definitions	
	11.2 Test Parameters	
	11.3 Test Limit	
	11.4 Test Method	
	11.5 Test Set-up Photograph	
	11.6 Test Equipment	
	11.7 Test Results	
12		
	12.1 Definitions	
	12.2 Test Parameters	
	12.3 Test Limit	
	12.4 Test Method	
	12.5 Test Equipment	
	12.6 Test Results	21
13		
	13.1 Definition	
	13.2 Test Parameters	
	13.3 Test Limit	
	13.4 Test Method	
	13.5 Test Equipment	
	13.6 Test Results	
14	4 Radiated emissions – unintentional radiation / receiver emissions	25
	14.1 Definitions	25
	14.2 Test Parameters	25
	14.3 Test Limit	25
	14.4 Test Method	26
	14.5 Test Equipment	26
	14.6 Test Results	
15		
16		
17	•	32

4 Introduction

This report TRA-030929-02-45-00A presents the results of the Radio testing on a Tunstall Healthcare (UK) Ltd, TX4 Trigger - 915MHz to specification 47CFR15 Radio Frequency Devices and RSS-210 Licence-exempt Radio Apparatus (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment.

The testing was carried out for Tunstall Healthcare (UK) Ltd by Element, at the address(es) detailed below.

 \boxtimes Element Hull \Box **Element North West** Unit E Unit 1 Pendle Place South Orbital Trading Park Skemersdale Hedon Road Hull West Lancashire HU9 1NJ WN8 9PN UK UK

This report details the configuration of the equipment, the test methods used and any relevant modifications where appropriate.

All test and measurement equipment under the control of the laboratory and requiring calibration is subject to an established programme and procedures to control and maintain measurement standards. The quality management system meets the principles of ISO 9001, and has quality control procedures for monitoring the validity of tests undertaken. Records and sufficient detail are retained to establish an audit trail of calibration records relating to its test results for a defined period. Under control of the established calibration programme, key quantities or values of the test & measurement instrumentation are within specification and comply with the relevant traceable internationally recognised and appropriate standard specifications, which are UKAS calibrated as such where these properties have a significant effect on results. Participation in inter-laboratory comparisons and proficiency testing ensures satisfactory correlation of results conform to Elements own procedures, as well as statistical techniques for analysis of test data providing the appropriate confidence in measurements.

Throughout this report EUT denotes equipment under test.

FCC Site Listing:

Element is accredited for the above sites under the US-EU MRA, Designation number UK0009.

IC Registration Number(s):

Element Hull 3483A Element North West 3930B

The test site requirements of ANSI C63.4-2014 are met up to 1 GHz.

The test site SVSWR requirements of CISPR 16-1-4:2010 are met over the frequency range 1 GHz to 18 GHz.

RF922 3.0 Page 7 of 32

5 Test Specifications

5.1 Normative References

- FCC 47 CFR Ch. I Part 15 Radio Frequency Devices.
- ANSI C63.10-2013 American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.
- ANSI C63.4-2014 American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.
- Industry Canada RSS-210, Issue 9, August 2016 Licence-Exempt Radio Apparatus: Category I Equipment.
- Industry Canada RSS-Gen, Issue 4, November 2014 General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus.

5.2 Deviations from Test Standards

There were no deviations from the test standard.

RF922 3.0 Page 8 of 32

6 Glossary of Terms

§ denotes a section reference from the standard, not this document

AC Alternating Current

ANSI American National Standards Institute

BW bandwidth C Celsius

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CW Continuous Wave

dB decibel

dBm dB relative to 1 milliwatt

DC Direct Current

DSSS Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum
Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power

ERP Effective Radiated Power EUT Equipment Under Test

FCC Federal Communications Commission FHSS Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum

Hz hertz

IC Industry Canada

ITU International Telecommunication Union

LBT Listen Before Talk

m metre
max maximum

MIMO Multiple Input and Multiple Output

min minimum

MRA Mutual Recognition Agreement

N/A Not Applicable
PCB Printed Circuit Board
PDF Portable Document Format

Pt-mptPoint-to-multipointPt-ptPoint-to-pointRFRadio FrequencyRHRelative HumidityRMSRoot Mean Square

Rx receiver s second

SVSWR Site Voltage Standing Wave Ratio

Tx transmitter

UKAS United Kingdom Accreditation Service

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{V} & \text{volt} \\ \textbf{W} & \text{watt} \\ \textbf{\Omega} & \text{ohm} \end{array}$

RF922 3.0 Page 9 of 32

Report Number: TRA-030929-02-45-00A

7 Equipment under Test

7.1 EUT Identification

Name: TX4 Trigger - 915MHz

Serial Number: 0916 00482258 & 0217 00539649

Model Number: 61004/42

Software Revision: Not ApplicableBuild Level / Revision Number: Z1

7.2 System Equipment

Equipment listed below forms part of the overall test setup and is required for equipment functionality and/or monitoring during testing. The compliance levels achieved in this report relate only to the EUT and not items given in the following list.

Not Applicable - No support/monitoring equipment required.

7.3 EUT Mode of Operation

7.3.1 Transmission

EUT transmitting permanent modulated carrier on required channels

7.3.2 Reception

EUT in permanent receive mode on required channels

7.4 EUT Radio Parameters

Frequency of operation:	916.7 MHz – 927.8 MHz
ITU emission designator:	8K41F7DAN
Channel bandwidth(s):	8.41 kHz
Antenna type(s) and gain(s):	Integral
Nominal Supply Voltage:	3 V dc from CR2450 lithium cell coin

7.5 EUT Description

The EUT is a 915 MHz wireless trigger button for use with Tunstall home alarm systems. Upon a button push the EUT will send a trigger signal to a Tunstall home alarm base unit. The unit will then raise an alarm to a remote control centre.

RF922 3.0 Page 10 of 32

8 Modifications

No modifications were performed during this assessment.

RF922 3.0 Page 11 of 32

9 EUT Test Setup

9.1 Block Diagram

The following diagram shows basic EUT interconnections with cable type and cable lengths identified:

EUT

9.2 General Set-up Photograph

The following photograph shows basic EUT set-up:



RF922 3.0 Page 12 of 32

10 General Technical Parameters

10.1 Normal Conditions

The EUT was tested under the normal environmental conditions of the test laboratory, except where otherwise stated. The normal power source applied was approx. 3 V dc from CR2450 lithium cell coin.

10.2 Varying Test Conditions

There are no specific frequency stability requirements for the type of device. The results contained in this report demonstrate that the occupied bandwidth is contained within the authorised band and the manufacturer has declared sufficient frequency stability (refer to section 7.4).

Variation of supply voltage is required to ensure stability of the declared output power. During carrier power testing the following variations were made:

	Category	Nominal	Variation
	Mains	110 V ac +/-2 %	85 % and 115 %
\boxtimes	Battery	New battery	N/A

RF922 3.0 Page 13 of 32

11 Radiated emissions

11.1 Definitions

Out-of-band emissions

Emissions on a frequency or frequencies immediately outside the necessary bandwidth which result from the modulation process, but exclude spurious emissions.

Spurious emissions

Emissions on a frequency or frequencies which are outside the necessary bandwidth and the level of which may be reduced without affecting the corresponding transmission of information. Spurious emissions include harmonic emissions, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out-of-band emissions.

Restricted bands

A frequency band in which intentional radiators are permitted to radiate only spurious emissions but not fundamental signals.

11.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Hull
Test Chamber: REF886

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.5 and 6.6

EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: 917.6 MHz / 927.8 MHz

Deviations From Standard: None

Measurement BW: 30 MHz to 1 GHz: 120 kHz
Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz

Measurement Detector: Up to 1 GHz: quasi-peak

Above 1 GHz: RMS average and Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 22 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 37 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

Supply: 3 Vdc As declared

11.3 Test Limit

Except for harmonics, out-of-band emissions shall be attenuated by at least 50 dB below the level of the fundamental or to the general field strength limits listed in FCC 47CFR15.209 / RSS-Gen {see table below}, whichever is less stringent.

Harmonics shall be limited to a maximum level of 0.5 mV/m measured at 3 metres.

General Field Strength Limits for License-Exempt Transmitters at Frequencies above 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m at 3 m)
30 to 88	100
88 to 216	150
216 to 960	200
Above 960	500

n.b. per FCC 47CFR15.35 (b) / RSS-Gen 8.1, peak limit is 20 dB above average.

RF922 3.0 Page 14 of 32

11.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure i, the emissions from the EUT were measured on a spectrum analyzer / EMI receiver.

Radiated electromagnetic emissions from the EUT are checked first by preview scans. Preview scans for all spectrum and modulation characteristics are checked, using a peak detector and where applicable worst-case determined for function, operation, orientation, etc. for both vertical and horizontal polarisations. Pre-scan plots are shown with a peak detector and 100 kHz RBW.

If the EUT connects to auxiliary equipment and is table or floor standing, the configurations prescribed in ANSI C63.10 are followed. Alternatively, a layout closest to normal use (as declared by the provider) is employed, (see EUT setup photographs for more detail).

Emissions between 30 MHz and 1 GHz are measured using calibrated broadband antennas. Emissions above 1 GHz are characterized using standard gain horn antennas. Pre-amplifiers and filters are used where required. Care is taken to ensure that test receiver resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth and detector type(s) meet the regulatory requirements.

For both horizontal and vertical polarizations, the EUT is then rotated through 360 degrees in azimuth until the highest emission is detected. At the previously determined azimuth the test antenna is raised and lowered from 1 to 4 m in height until a maximum emission level is detected, this maximum value is recorded.

Power values measured on the test receiver / analyzer are converted to field strength, FS, in $dB\mu V/m$ at the regulatory distance, using:

$$FS = PR + CL + AF - PA + DC - CF$$

Where,

PR is the power recorded on the receiver / spectrum analyzer in dBµV;

CL is the cable loss in dB;

AF is the test antenna factor in dB/m;

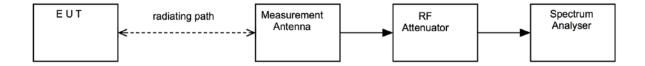
PA is the pre-amplifier gain in dB (where used);

DC is the duty correction factor in dB (where used, e.g. harmonics of pulsed fundamental);

CF is the distance factor in dB (where measurement distance different to limit distance);

This field strength value is then compared with the regulatory limit.

Figure i Test Setup



RF922 3.0 Page 15 of 32

11.5 Test Set-up Photograph



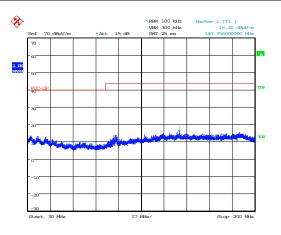
11.6 Test Equipment

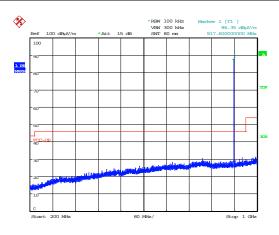
Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Туре	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
ATS	Rainford	Ferrite Lined Chamber	REF886	21/07/17
FSU46	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	REF910	05/07/17
3109	EMCO	Biconical Antenna	RFG095	17/05/19
3146	EMCO	Log Periodic Antenna	RFG191	17/05/19
310	Sonoma	Pre-Amp (9kHz – 1GHz)	REF927	30/06/18
3115	EMCO	Horn Antenna	RFG129	09/02/18
8449B	Agilent	Pre-Amp (1 – 26.5GHz)	REF913	02/02/18

RF922 3.0 Page 16 of 32

11.7 Test Results

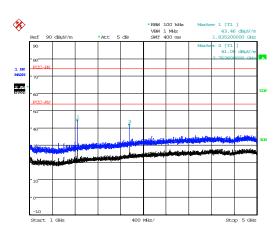
	Frequency: 917.6 MHz									
Detector	Freq. (MHz)	Meas'd Emission (dBµV)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre-amp Gain (dB)	Duty Cycle Corr'n (dB)	Distance Extrap'n Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Limit (μV/m)
Av	1835.2	49.3	3.0	27.2	35.0	0.0	0.0	44.5	167.3	500.0
Av	2755.9	44.4	3.6	29.3	35.3	0.0	0.0	41.9	124.9	500.0

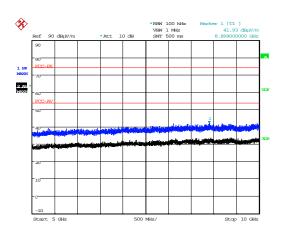




Date: 14.JUN.2017 18:51:49

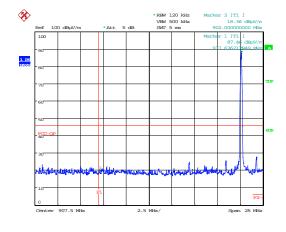






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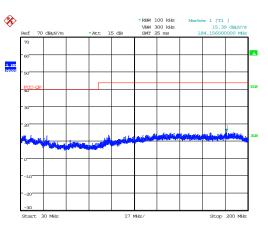
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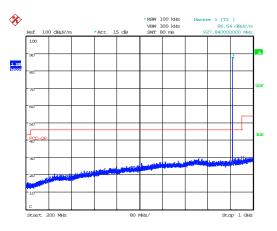


Date: 16.JUN.2017 17:55:25

RF922 3.0 Page 17 of 32

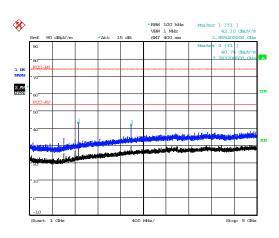
	Frequency: 917.6 MHz									
Detector	Freq. (MHz)	Meas'd Emission (dBµV)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre-amp Gain (dB)	Duty Cycle Corr'n (dB)	Distance Extrap'n Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Limit (μV/m)
Av	1855.6	47.5	3.1	27.3	35.0	0.0	0.0	42.9	139.3	500.0
Av	2783.4	44.9	3.6	29.4	35.3	0.0	0.0	42.6	134.1	500.0

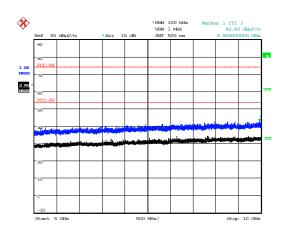




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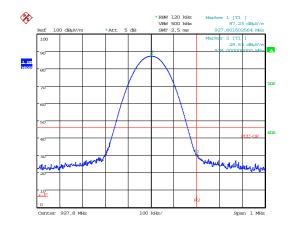






Date: 14.JUN.2017 19:25:04





Date: 16.JUN.2017 17:57:51

RF922 3.0 Page 18 of 32

12 Occupied Bandwidth

12.1 Definitions

Occupied bandwidth

The width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to 0.5 % of the emitted power. This is also known as the 99 % emission bandwidth. For transmitters in which there are multiple carriers, contiguous or non-contiguous in frequency, the occupied bandwidth is to be the sum of the occupied bandwidths of the individual carriers.

20 dB bandwidth

The emission bandwidth (x dB) is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and one below the carrier frequency, at which the spectral density of the emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum in-band spectral density of the modulated signal.

12.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Hull
Test Chamber: REF886

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.9

EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: 917.6 MHz / 927.8 MHz

Deviations From Standard: None
Measurement BW: 300 Hz

(requirement: 1 % to 5 % OBW)

Spectrum Analyzer Video BW: 1 kHz

(requirement at least 3x RBW)

Measurement Span: 30 kHz

(requirement 2 to 5 times OBW)

Measurement Detector: Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 25 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 39 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

Supply: 3 Vdc As declared

RF922 3.0 Page 19 of 32

12.3 Test Limit

Industry Canada:

If the frequency stability of the license-exempt radio apparatus is not specified in the applicable standard (RSS), measurement of the frequency stability is not required provided that the occupied bandwidth of the license-exempt radio apparatus lies entirely outside the restricted bands and the prohibited TV bands of 54 to 72 MHz, 76 to 88 MHz, 174 to 216 MHz, 470 to 608 MHz and 614 to 806 MHz.

Federal Communications Commission:

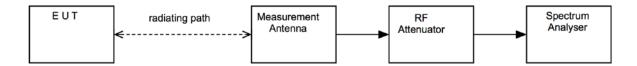
Intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§ 15.217 through 15.257 and in subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated.

12.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure iii, the bandwidth of the EUT was measured on a spectrum analyser.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst-case configuration in each bandwidth.

Figure iii Test Setup



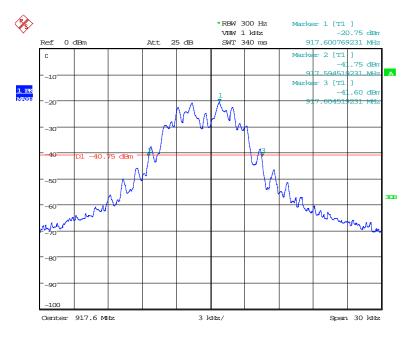
12.5 Test Equipment

Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Туре	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
ATS	Rainford	Ferrite Lined Chamber	REF886	21/07/17
FSU46	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	REF910	05/07/17
3115	EMCO	Horn Antenna	RFG129	09/02/18

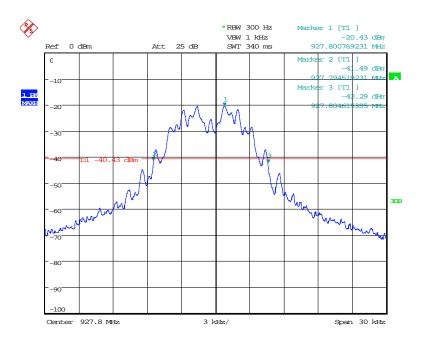
RF922 3.0 Page 20 of 32

12.6 Test Results

FCC 15.249							
Channel Frequency (MHz)	F _L (MHz)	F _H (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Result			
917.6	917.594519	917.604519	10.000	PASS			
927.8	927.794519	927.804615	10.096	PASS			



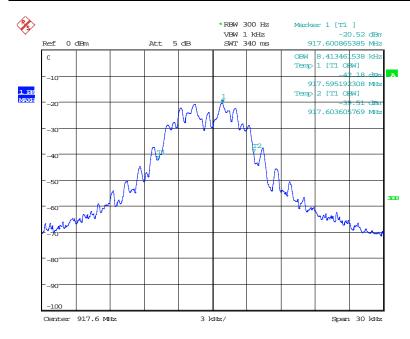
Date: 22.JUN.2017 14:54:19



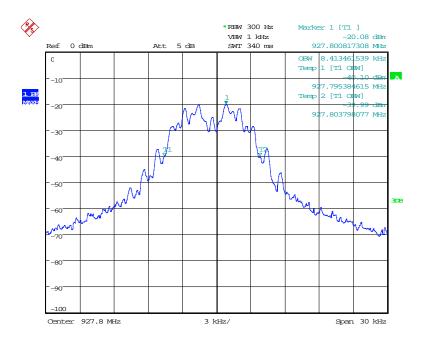
Date: 22.JUN.2017 15:03:51

RF922 3.0 Page 21 of 32

RSS-210							
Channel Frequency (MHz)	F _L (MHz)	F _H (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (kHz)	Result			
917.6	917.595192	917.603606	8.414	PASS			
927.8	927.795385	927.803798	8.413	PASS			



Date: 22.JUN.2017 14:51:40



Date: 22.JUN.2017 15:01:43

RF922 3.0 Page 22 of 32

13 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission)

13.1 Definition

The RF power dissipated in the standard output termination when operating under the rated duty cycle selected by the applicant for approval.

13.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Hull
Test Chamber: REF886

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.5 / 6.6

EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: 917.6 MHz / 927.8 MHz

Deviations From Standard:

Measurement BW:

Spectrum Analyzer Video BW:
(requirement at least 3x RBW)
Measurement Detector:

None

100 kHz

300 kHz

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 22 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 37 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

13.3 Test Limit

The field strength measured at 3 metres shall not exceed the limits in the following table:

Field Strength Limits for License-Exempt Transmitters for Any Application

Fundamental frequency (MHz)	Field strength (mV/m at 3 m)	Detector
902 to 928	50	Quasi-Peak
2400 to 2483.5	50	Average RMS
5725 to 5875	50	Average RMS

n.b. per FCC 47CFR15.249 (e) / RSS-Gen 8.1, peak limit is 20 dB above average.

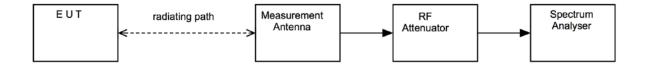
RF922 3.0 Page 23 of 32

13.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure iv, the resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyser was increased above the EUT occupied bandwidth and the peak emission data noted.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst-case configuration in each bandwidth.

Figure iv Test Setup



13.5 Test Equipment

Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Type	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
ATS	Rainford	Ferrite Lined Chamber	REF886	21/07/17
FSU46	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	REF910	05/07/17
3109	EMCO	Biconical Antenna	RFG095	17/05/19
3146	EMCO	Log Periodic Antenna	RFG191	17/05/19
310	Sonoma	Pre-Amp (9kHz – 1GHz)	REF927	30/06/18

13.6 Test Results

Detector	Freq. (MHz)	Meas'd Emission (dВµV)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre- amp Gain (dB)	Duty Cycle Corr'n (dB)	Distance Extrap'n Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Field Strength (mV/m)	Limit (mV/m)
Peak	917.6	94.2	3.3	21.7	31.7	0.0	0.0	87.5	23.7	50.0
Peak	927.8	93.9	3.3	21.7	31.6	0.0	0.0	87.2	22.9	50.0

RF922 3.0 Page 24 of 32

14 Radiated emissions – unintentional radiation / receiver emissions

14.1 Definitions

Receiver spurious emissions

The radio frequency signals generated within the receiver, which may cause interference to other equipment. This includes the period during which the equipment is scanning or switching channels.

Unintentional radiator

A device that generates RF energy which is not intended to be radiated for reception by a radio receiver.

14.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Hull Test Chamber: **REF886**

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.5 and 6.6

EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: 917.6 MHz / 927.8 MHz

Deviations From Standard: None

30 MHz to 1 GHz: 120 kHz Measurement BW:

Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz

Measurement Detector: Up to 1 GHz: quasi-peak

Above 1 GHz: Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 22 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared) Humidity: 37 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

Supply: 3 Vdc As declared

14.3 Test Limit

Only radio communication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30 to 960 MHz, as well as scanner receivers, are subject to requirements, as described above. All other receivers are exempted from any certification, testing, labelling and reporting requirements.

However, all receivers in all frequency bands shall comply with the limits set forth in FCC 47CFR15B / IC RSS-Gen even in cases where testing, reporting and/or certification are not required.

Receiver Radiated Limits

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m at 3 m)
30 to 88	100
88 to 216	150
216 to 960	200
Above 960	500

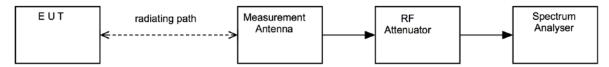
RF922 3.0 Page 25 of 32

14.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure viii, the emissions from the EUT were measured on a spectrum analyzer / EMI receiver. The EUT was rotated in three orthogonal planes and the measurement antenna height scanned (below 1 GHz, from 1 to 4 m; above 1 GHz as necessary) in order to maximise emissions.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst-case configuration at each frequency. Pre-scan plots are shown with a peak detector and 100 kHz RBW.

Figure viii Test Setup



Test Setup Photograph(s)



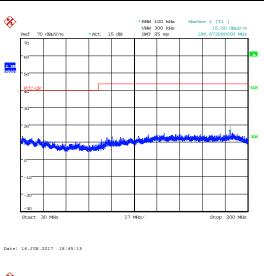
14.5 Test Equipment

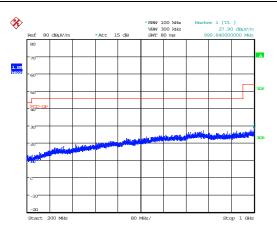
Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Туре	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
ATS	Rainford	Ferrite Lined Chamber	REF886	21/07/17
FSU46	R&S	Spectrum Analyser	REF910	05/07/17
3109	EMCO	Biconical Antenna	RFG095	17/05/19
3146	EMCO	Log Periodic Antenna	RFG191	17/05/19
310	Sonoma	Pre-Amp (9kHz – 1GHz)	REF927	30/06/18
3115	EMCO	Horn Antenna	RFG129	09/02/18
8449B	Agilent	Pre-Amp (1 – 26.5GHz)	REF913	02/02/18

RF922 3.0 Page 26 of 32

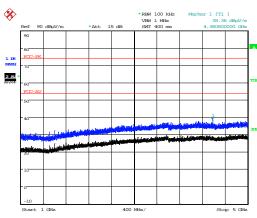
14.6 Test Results

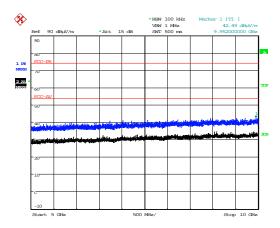
	Frequency: 917.6 MHz								
Detector	Freq. (MHz)	Measured Emission (dBµV/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre-amp Gain (dB)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Extrap'n Factor (dB)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Limit (μV/m)
No emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit									





Date: 14.JUN.2017 18:25:34



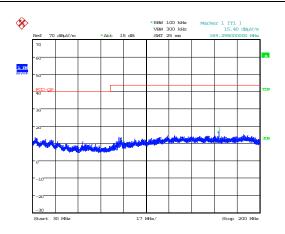


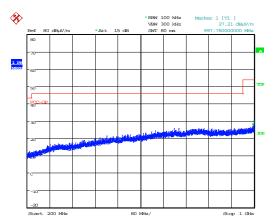
Date: 14.JUN.2017 19:29:56

Date: 14.JUN.2017 19:28:49

RF922 3.0 Page 27 of 32

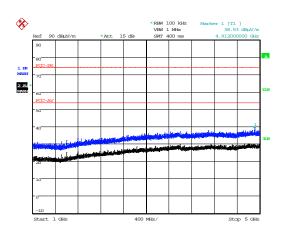
	Frequency: 927.8 MHz								
Detector	Freq. (MHz)	Measured Emission (dBµV/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre-amp Gain (dB)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Extrap'n Factor (dB)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Limit (μV/m)
	No emissions were detected within 20 dB of the limit								

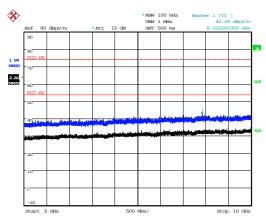




Date: 14.JUN.2017 18:47:06

Date: 14.JUN.2017 18:28:21





Date: 14.JUN.2017 19:32:17 Date: 14.JUN.2017 19:34:10

RF922 3.0 Page 28 of 32

15 Measurement Uncertainty

Calculated Measurement Uncertainties

All statements of uncertainty are expanded standard uncertainty using a coverage factor of 1.96 to give a 95 % confidence:

[1] Carrier power

Uncertainty in test result (Power Meter) = **1.08 dB**Uncertainty in test result (Spectrum Analyser) = **2.48 dB**

[2] Spurious emissions

Uncertainty in test result (30 MHz to 1 GHz) = 4.6 dBUncertainty in test result (1 GHz to 18 GHz) = 4.7 dB

[3] AC power line conducted emissions

Uncertainty in test result = 3.4 dB

[4] Occupied bandwidth

Uncertainty in test result = 15.5 %

[5] Maximum frequency error

Uncertainty in test result (Power Meter) = **0.113 ppm**Uncertainty in test result (Spectrum Analyser) = **0.265 ppm**

[6] Duty cycle

Uncertainty in test result = 7.98 %

RF922 3.0 Page 29 of 32

16 General SAR test reduction & exclusion guidance / MPE Calculation

KDB 447498

Section 4.3 General SAR test reduction and exclusion guidance

For Standalone SAR exclusion consideration, when SAR Exclusion Threshold requirement in KDB 447498 is satisfied, standalone SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions by measurement or numerical simulation is not required.

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold for 100 MHz to 6 GHz will be determined as follows.

SAR Exclusion Threshold (SARET) = Step 1 + Step 2

Step 1

 $NT = [(MP/TSD^{A}) * \sqrt{f_{GHz}}]$

NT = Numeric Threshold (3.0 for 1-g SAR and 7.5 for 10-g SAR)

MP = Max Power of channel (mW) (including tune-up tolerance)

TSD^A = Min Test separation Distance or 50mm (whichever is lower) = 5mm (in this case)

We can transpose this formula to allow us to find the maximum power of a channel allowed and compare this to the measured maximum power.

=
$$[(NT \times TSD^A) / \sqrt{f_{GHz}}]$$

For Distances greater than 50 mm Step 2 applies

Step 2

$$(TSD^{B} - 50mm) * 10$$

Where:

 TSD^B = Min Test separation Distance (mm) = 50

Note: Step 2 doesn't apply here as the TSD^A is less than 50 mm

Operating Frequency 917.6 MHz

SARET = $[(3.0 \times 5) / \sqrt{0.9176}]$

SARET = 15.66 mW

Operating Frequency 927.8 MHz

SARET = $[(3.0 \times 5) / \sqrt{0.9278}]$

SARET = 15.57 mW

RF922 3.0 Page 30 of 32

Channel Frequency (MHz)	EIRP (mW)	SAR Exclusion Threshold (mW)	SAR Evaluation
917.6	0.17	15.66	Not Required
927.8	0.16	15.57	Not Required

Note: EIRP is calculated from maximum radiated field strength.

Therefore standalone SAR evaluation for general population exposure conditions by measurement or numerical simulation is not required.

MPE Calculation

Prediction of MPE limit at a given distance

For purposes of these requirements mobile devices are defined by the FCC as transmitters designed to be used in other than fixed locations and to generally be used in such a way that a separation distance of at least 20 centimetres is normally maintained between radiating structures and the body of the user or nearby persons. These devices are normally evaluated for exposure potential with relation to the MPE limits. As the 20cm separation specified under FCC rules may not be achievable under normal operation of the EUT, an RF exposure calculation is needed to show the minimum distance required to be less than the power density limit, as required under FCC rules.

Equation from IEEE C95.1

$$S = \frac{EIRP}{4\pi R^2}$$
 re-arranged $R = \sqrt{\frac{EIRP}{S4\pi}}$

Where:

S = power density

R = distance to the centre of radiation of the antenna

EIRP = EUT Maximum power

Result

Prediction Frequency (MHz)	Maximum EIRP (mW)	Power density limit (S) (mW/cm ²)	Distance R (in cm) required to be less than the power density limit
917.6	0.17	0.61	0.15
927.8	0.16	0.62	0.15

Note: EIRP is calculated from maximum radiated field strength.

RF922 3.0 Page 31 of 32

17 RF Exposure Technical Brief

RSS-102 issue 5

2.5.1 Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation – SAR Evaluation

SAR evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the antenna and/or radiating element of the device is less than or equal to 20 cm, except when the device operates at or below the applicable output power level (adjusted for tune-up tolerance) for the specified separation distance.

Channel Frequency (MHz)	i i nresnoid at d		SAR Evaluation
917.6	0.17	16.22	Not Required
927.8	0.16	16.13	Not Required

Note: EIRP calculated from maximum radiated field strength.

RF922 3.0 Page 32 of 32