

Report on the Radio Testing

For

Tunstall Healthcare (UK) Ltd

on

Universal Sensor (312)

Report no. TRA-031108-45-00

31st August 2016



Issue: E

REPORT ON THE RADIO TESTING OF A
Tunstall Healthcare (UK) Ltd
Universal Sensor (312)
WITH RESPECT TO SPECIFICATION
FCC 47CFR 15.231 & IC RSS-210 Issue 8 Annex 1

TEST DATE: 28th – 29th April 2016

Atif Tosif

Written by: A Tosif Radio Test Engineer

J. Charters

Approved by: Department Manager - Radio

Date: 31st August 2016

Disclaimers

[1] THIS DOCUMENT MAY BE REPRODUCED ONLY IN ITS ENTIRETY AND WITHOUT CHANGE [2] THE RESULTS CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT RELATE ONLY TO THE ITEM(S) TESTED

RF922 3.0

1 Revision Record

Issue Number	Issue Date	Revision History		
А	3 rd June 2016	Original		
В	31 st August 2016	Update calibration details		

RF922 3.0 Page 3 of 38

Summary TEST REPORT NUMBER: TRA-031108-45-00 WORKS ORDER NUMBER TRA-031108-00 PURPOSE OF TEST: USA: Testing of radio frequency equipment per the relevant authorization procedure of chapter 47 of CFR (code of federal regulations) Part 2, subpart J. Canada: Testing of radio apparatus for TAC (technical acceptance certificate) per subsections 4(2) of the Radio communication Act and 21(1) of the Radio communication Regulations. TEST SPECIFICATION(S): FCC 47CFR 15.231 & IC RSS-210 Issue 8 Annex 1 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT): Universal Sensor (312) FCC IDENTIFIER: G2X-4100430 IC IDENTIFIER: 1231A-4100430 **EUT SERIAL NUMBER:** 962328290585 and 962293290585 MANUFACTURER/AGENT: Tunstall Healthcare (UK) Ltd ADDRESS: Whitley Lodge Whitley Bridge Yorkshire DN14 0HR United Kingdom **CLIENT CONTACT:** Mark Jennings ***** +44 (0)1977 660338 ORDER NUMBER: 481514 28th - 29th April 2016 TEST DATE:

RF922 3.0 Page 4 of 38

A Tosif Element

TESTED BY:

2.1 Test Summary

	Requireme	nt Clause	Applicable		
Test Method and Description	RSS 47CFR15		to this equipment	Result / Note	
Transmitter Radiated spurious emissions	Gen, 8.9 & 8.10	15.231(b)(3)	\boxtimes	Pass	
AC power line conducted emissions	Gen, 8.8	15.207		Note 1	
Occupied bandwidth	Gen, 6.6 210, A1.1.3	15.231(c)		Pass	
Field strength of fundamental	210, A1.1	15.231(b)		Pass	
Manually Operated Transmitter	210, A1.1.1(a)	15.231(a)(1)	\boxtimes	Pass	
Radiated emissions – unintentional radiation (Transmitter Idle) / receiver emissions	Gen, 7.1	15.109/15.209	\boxtimes	Pass	
Calculation of duty correction1	-	15.35(c)		Note 2	

Note 1: EUT is battery powered only

Note 2: EUT transmitting duty cycle >98 % during assessment.

Notes:

The results contained in this report relate only to the items tested, in the condition at time of test, and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report.

The apparatus was set up and exercised using the configurations, modes of operation and arrangements defined in this report only. Any modifications made are identified in Section 8 of this report.

Particular operating modes, apparatus monitoring methods and performance criteria required by the standards tested to have been performed except where identified in Section 5.2 of this test report (Deviations from Test Standards).

RF922 3.0 Page 5 of 38

3 Contents

1	Revision Record	
2	Summary	
	2.1 Test Summary	
3	Contents	6
4	Introduction	
5	Test Specifications	9
	5.1 Normative References	
	5.2 Deviations from Test Standards	9
6	Glossary of Terms	
7		
	7.1 EUT Identification	
	7.2 System Equipment	
	7.3 EUT Mode of Operation	
	7.3.1 Transmission	
	7.3.2 Transmitter Standby (Idle)	
	7.4 EUT Radio Parameters	
	7.4.1 General	
	7.4.2 Antennas	
	7.5 EUT Description	
8	Modifications	
9		
9	= - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	9.1 Block Diagram	
	9.2 General Set-up Photograph	
10		
	10.1 Normal Conditions	
	10.2 Varying Test Conditions	
11		
	11.1 Definitions	
	11.2 Test Parameters	
	11.3 Test Limit	. 18
	11.4 Test Method	
	11.5 Test Set-up Photograph Error! Bookmark not defin	
	11.6 Test Equipment	20
	11.7 Test Results	
12	2 Occupied Bandwidth	.21 .23
12		.21 .23
12	2 Occupied Bandwidth	. 21 . 23 . 23
12	2 Occupied Bandwidth	.21 .23 .23 .23
12	2 Occupied Bandwidth	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24
12	2 Occupied Bandwidth	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24
12	2 Occupied Bandwidth	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24
12	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .24
	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .24 .25
12	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission)	.21 .23 .23 .24 .24 .24 .25 .25
	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results 3 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission) 13.1 Definition	.21 .23 .23 .24 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27
	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results 3 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission) 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27
	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters. 12.3 Test Limit. 12.4 Test Method. 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results 3 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission) 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters. 13.3 Test Limit.	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27
	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters. 12.3 Test Limit. 12.4 Test Method. 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results 3 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission) 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters. 13.3 Test Limit. 13.4 Test Method.	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27 .27 .28 .29
	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters. 12.3 Test Limit. 12.4 Test Method. 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results 3 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission) 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters. 13.3 Test Limit. 13.4 Test Method. 13.5 Test Equipment	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27 .27 .28 .29
13	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results 3 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission) 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters 13.3 Test Limit 13.4 Test Method 13.5 Test Equipment 13.6 Test Results	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27 .27 .27 .29 .29
	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results 3 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission) 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters 13.3 Test Limit 13.4 Test Method 13.5 Test Equipment 13.6 Test Results 4 Manually operated Transmitter	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27 .27 .28 .29 .29 .29
13	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results 3 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission) 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters 13.3 Test Limit 13.4 Test Method 13.5 Test Equipment 13.6 Test Results 4 Manually operated Transmitter 14.1 Definition	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27 .27 .28 .29 .29 .29 .30
13	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results 3 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission) 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters 13.3 Test Limit 13.4 Test Method 13.5 Test Equipment 13.6 Test Results 4 Manually operated Transmitter 14.1 Definition 14.2 Test Parameters	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27 .27 .28 .29 .29 .30 .30
13	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27 .27 .28 .29 .29 .30 .30 .30
13	2 Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results 3 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission) 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters 13.3 Test Limit 13.4 Test Method 13.5 Test Equipment 13.6 Test Results 13.6 Test Results 14.7 Definition 15.7 Test Equipment 16.8 Test Results 17.8 Test Equipment 17.9 Test Equipment 18.9 Test Equipment 18.1 Definition 18.1 Definition 18.2 Test Parameters 18.3 Test Limit 18.4 Test Method 18.5 Test Equipment 18.6 Test Results 18.7 Test Equipment 18.7 Test Equipment 18.8 Test Equipment 18.9 Test Equip	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27 .27 .28 .29 .29 .30 .30 .30 .30
13	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results 3 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission) 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters 13.3 Test Limit 13.4 Test Method 13.5 Test Equipment 13.6 Test Results 4 Manually operated Transmitter 14.1 Definition 14.2 Test Parameters 14.3 Test Limit 14.4 Test Method 14.5 Test Equipment 14.5 Test Equipment	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27 .27 .28 .29 .29 .30 .30 .30 .31
13	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results 13 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission) 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters 13.3 Test Limit 13.4 Test Method 13.5 Test Equipment 13.6 Test Results 4 Manually operated Transmitter 14.1 Definition 14.2 Test Parameters 14.3 Test Limit 14.4 Test Method 14.5 Test Equipment 14.6 Test Results 14.6 Test Results 15.6 Test Equipment 16.7 Test Parameters 17.7 Test Parameters 18.8 Test Equipment 18.9 Test Equipment	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27 .27 .28 .29 .29 .30 .30 .30 .31 .31
13	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results 13. Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission) 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters 13.3 Test Limit 13.4 Test Method 13.5 Test Equipment 13.6 Test Results 4 Manually operated Transmitter 14.1 Definition 14.2 Test Parameters 14.3 Test Limit 14.4 Test Method 14.5 Test Equipment 14.6 Test Results 14.6 Test Results Radiated emissions – unintentional radiation (Transmitter Idle) / receiver emissions	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27 .27 .28 .29 .29 .30 .30 .30 .31 .31 .31
13	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27 .27 .28 .29 .29 .30 .30 .30 .31 .31 .31 .33
13	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit. 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Results 12.7 Test Results Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission) 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters 13.3 Test Limit. 13.4 Test Method 13.5 Test Equipment 13.6 Test Results 4 Manually operated Transmitter. 14.1 Definition 14.2 Test Parameters 14.3 Test Limit. 14.4 Test Method 14.5 Test Equipment 14.6 Test Results 14.7 Test Results 15.8 Radiated emissions – unintentional radiation (Transmitter Idle) / receiver emissions 15.1 Definitions 15.2 Test Parameters.	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27 .27 .28 .29 .29 .30 .30 .30 .31 .31 .31 .33 .33
13	2 Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results 3 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission) 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters 13.3 Test Limit 13.4 Test Method 13.5 Test Equipment 13.6 Test Results 4 Manually operated Transmitter 14.1 Definition 14.2 Test Parameters 14.3 Test Limit 14.4 Test Method 14.5 Test Equipment 14.6 Test Results 8 Radiated emissions – unintentional radiation (Transmitter Idle) / receiver emissions 15.1 Definitions 15.2 Test Parameters 15.3 Test Method	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27 .27 .28 .29 .29 .30 .30 .30 .31 .31 .31 .33 .33 .33
13	Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit. 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters 13.3 Test Limit. 13.4 Test Method 13.5 Test Equipment 13.6 Test Equipment 13.7 Test Results 13.8 Test Limit. 13.9 Test Equipment 13.1 Definition 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters 13.3 Test Limit. 13.4 Test Method 13.5 Test Equipment 13.6 Test Results 4 Manually operated Transmitter 14.1 Definition 14.2 Test Parameters 14.3 Test Limit. 14.4 Test Method 14.5 Test Equipment 14.6 Test Results Radiated emissions – unintentional radiation (Transmitter Idle) / receiver emissions 15.1 Definitions 15.2 Test Parameters. 15.3 Test Method 15.4	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27 .27 .28 .29 .29 .30 .30 .30 .31 .31 .31 .33 .33 .34 .34
13	2 Occupied Bandwidth 12.1 Definitions 12.2 Test Parameters 12.3 Test Limit 12.4 Test Method 12.5 Test Equipment 12.6 Test Results 12.7 Test Results 3 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission) 13.1 Definition 13.2 Test Parameters 13.3 Test Limit 13.4 Test Method 13.5 Test Equipment 13.6 Test Results 4 Manually operated Transmitter 14.1 Definition 14.2 Test Parameters 14.3 Test Limit 14.4 Test Method 14.5 Test Equipment 14.6 Test Results 8 Radiated emissions – unintentional radiation (Transmitter Idle) / receiver emissions 15.1 Definitions 15.2 Test Parameters 15.3 Test Method	.21 .23 .23 .23 .24 .24 .24 .25 .25 .27 .27 .27 .28 .29 .29 .30 .30 .31 .31 .31 .33 .33 .34 .35

16	Measurement Uncertainty	38
17	RF Exposure Error! Bookma	ark not defined.

RF922 3.0 Page 7 of 38

4 Introduction

This report TRA-031108-45-00 presents the results of the Radio testing on a Tunstall Healthcare (UK) Ltd, Universal Sensor (312) to specification 47CFR15 Radio Frequency Devices and RSS-210 Licence-exempt Radio Apparatus (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment.

The testing was carried out for Tunstall Healthcare (UK) Ltd by Element, at the address(es) detailed below.

 \boxtimes Element Hull \Box **Element North West** Unit E Unit 1 Pendle Place South Orbital Trading Park Skemersdale Hedon Road Hull West Lancashire HU9 1NJ WN8 9PN UK UK

This report details the configuration of the equipment, the test methods used and any relevant modifications where appropriate.

All test and measurement equipment under the control of the laboratory and requiring calibration is subject to an established programme and procedures to control and maintain measurement standards. The quality management system meets the principles of ISO 9001, and has quality control procedures for monitoring the validity of tests undertaken. Records and sufficient detail are retained to establish an audit trail of calibration records relating to its test results for a defined period. Under control of the established calibration programme, key quantities or values of the test & measurement instrumentation are within specification and comply with the relevant traceable internationally recognised and appropriate standard specifications, which are UKAS calibrated as such where these properties have a significant effect on results. Participation in inter-laboratory comparisons and proficiency testing ensures satisfactory correlation of results conform to Elements own procedures, as well as statistical techniques for analysis of test data providing the appropriate confidence in measurements.

Throughout this report EUT denotes equipment under test.

FCC Site Listing:

Element is accredited for the above sites under the US-EU MRA, Designation number UK0009.

IC Registration Number(s):

Element North West 3930B

The test site requirements of ANSI C63.4-2014 are met up to 1 GHz.

The test site SVSWR requirements of CISPR 16-1-4:2010 are met over the frequency range 1 GHz to 18 GHz.

RF922 3.0 Page 8 of 38

5 Test Specifications

5.1 Normative References

- FCC 47 CFR Ch. I Part 15 Radio Frequency Devices.
- ANSI C63.10-2013 American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.
- ANSI C63.4-2014 American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.
- Industry Canada RSS-210, Issue 8, December 2010 Licence-exempt Radio Apparatus (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment.
- Industry Canada RSS-Gen, Issue 4, November 2014 General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus.

5.2 Deviations from Test Standards

There were no deviations from the test standard.

RF922 3.0 Page 9 of 38

6 Glossary of Terms

§ denotes a section reference from the standard, not this document

AC Alternating Current

ANSI American National Standards Institute

BW bandwidth C Celsius

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CW Continuous Wave

dB decibel

dBm dB relative to 1 milliwatt

DC Direct Current

DSSS Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum
Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power

ERP Effective Radiated Power EUT Equipment Under Test

FCC Federal Communications Commission FHSS Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum

Hz hertz

IC Industry Canada

ITU International Telecommunication Union

LBT Listen Before Talk

m metre max maximum

MIMO Multiple Input and Multiple Output

min minimum

MRA Mutual Recognition Agreement

N/A Not Applicable
PCB Printed Circuit Board
PDF Portable Document Format

Pt-mptPoint-to-multipointPt-ptPoint-to-pointRFRadio FrequencyRHRelative HumidityRMSRoot Mean Square

Rx receiver s second

SVSWR Site Voltage Standing Wave Ratio

Tx transmitter

UKAS United Kingdom Accreditation Service

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{V} & \text{volt} \\ \textbf{W} & \text{watt} \\ \textbf{\Omega} & \text{ohm} \end{array}$

RF922 3.0 Page 10 of 38

7 Equipment Under Test

7.1 EUT Identification

Name: Universal Sensor (312)
Serial Number: 41004/30
Model Number: 41004/30

Software Revision: 221V2R1.07

Build Level / Revision Number: Issue Z1 (This will be up-issued to Issue A1 upon approvals)

• Element Sample No. S03 With perm Mod S02 normal operation

7.2 System Equipment

Equipment listed below forms part of the overall test setup and is required for equipment functionality and/or monitoring during testing. The compliance levels achieved in this report relate only to the EUT and not items given in the following list.

Not Applicable - No support/monitoring equipment required.

7.3 EUT Mode of Operation

7.3.1 Transmission

The EUT was set in a mode transmitting a permanently modulated carrier on the required operating frequency

7.3.2 Transmitter Standby (Idle)

The EUT was powered and ready to transmit upon indication from NC/NO connections.

RF922 3.0 Page 11 of 38

7.4 EUT Radio Parameters

7.4.1 General

Frequency of operation:	312 MHz
Modulation type(s):	2FSK modulation scheme with data rate of 3 kbps over-the-air transmission
Occupied channel bandwidth(s):	12.4 kHz
Channel spacing:	3 kHz
Nominal Supply Voltage:	3.6Vdc

7.4.2 Antennas

Туре:	Integral
Frequency range:	312MHz
Connector type:	N/A
Mounting:	Wall

RF922 3.0 Page 12 of 38

7.5 EUT Description

The Universal sensor (312) is a battery powered single channel transmitter which operates at a frequency of 312 MHz with a channel bandwidth of 12.4 kHz (Intentional radiator in the ISM band for the US and Canadian territories). There is no LBT. The transmitter employs 2FSK modulation scheme with data rate of 3 kbps over-the-air transmission. The Universal sensor accepts external inputs which are in the form of NO/NC contacts from hard-wired peripherals such as carbon dioxide sensor, carbon monoxide sensor etc. The radio protocol is a Tunstall propriety protocol and will only be decoded by a compatible Tunstall receiver.

RF922 3.0 Page 13 of 38

8 Modifications

No modifications were performed during this assessment.

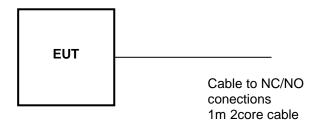
RF922 3.0 Page 14 of 38

9 EUT Test Setup

9.1 Block Diagram

The following diagram shows basic EUT interconnections with cable type and cable lengths identified:

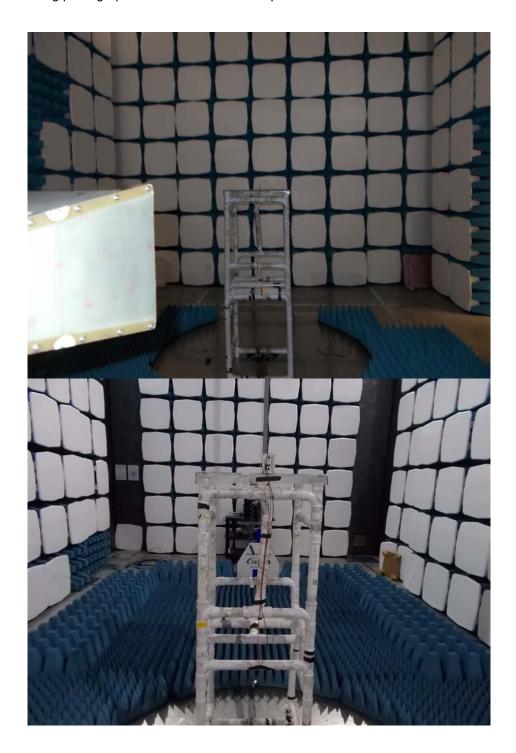
EUT is a battery powered device with no external connections.



RF922 3.0 Page 15 of 38

9.2 General Set-up Photograph

The following photograph shows basic EUT set-up:



RF922 3.0 Page 16 of 38

10 General Technical Parameters

10.1 Normal Conditions

The E U T was tested under the normal environmental conditions of the test laboratory, except where otherwise stated. The normal power source applied was approx. 3.6 V dc from lithium batteries.

10.2 Varying Test Conditions

There are no specific frequency stability requirements for the type of device. The results contained in this report demonstrate that the occupied bandwidth is contained within the authorised band and the manufacturer has declared sufficient frequency stability (refer to section 7.4).

Variation of supply voltage is required to ensure stability of the declared output power. During carrier power testing the following variations were made:

	Category	Variation	
	Mains	110 V ac +/-2 %	85 % and 115 %
\boxtimes	Battery	New battery	N/A

RF922 3.0 Page 17 of 38

11 Transmitter Radiated emissions

11.1 Definitions

Spurious emissions

Emissions on a frequency or frequencies, which are outside the necessary bandwidth and the level of which may be reduced without affecting the corresponding transmission of information. Spurious emissions include harmonic emissions, parasitic emissions, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out-of-band emissions.

Restricted bands

A frequency band in which intentional radiators are permitted to radiate only spurious emissions but not fundamental signals.

11.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Hull
Test Chamber: Lab 16

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.5 and 6.6

EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: 312 MHz single channel

EUT Channel Bandwidths: 3 kHz

Deviations From Standard: None

Measurement BW: 30 MHz to 1 GHz: 120 kHz

Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz

Measurement Detector: Up to 1 GHz: quasi-peak

Above 1 GHz: RMS average and Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 20 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 36 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

Supply: 3.6 Vdc New Batteries (as declared)

11.3 Test Limit

Unwanted emissions that fall within the restricted frequency bands shall comply with the limits specified:

General Field Strength Limits for License-Exempt Transmitters at Frequencies above 30 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m at 3 m)
30 to 88	100
88 to 216	150
216 to 960	200
Above 960	500

RF922 3.0 Page 18 of 38

11.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure i, the emissions from the EUT were measured on a spectrum analyzer / EMI receiver.

Radiated electromagnetic emissions from the EUT are checked first by preview scans. Preview scans for all spectrum and modulation characteristics are checked, using a peak detector and where applicable worst-case determined for function, operation, orientation, etc. for both vertical and horizontal polarisations. Pre-scan plots are shown with a peak detector and 100 kHz RBW.

If the EUT connects to auxiliary equipment and is table or floor standing, the configurations prescribed in ANSI C63.10 are followed. Alternatively, a layout closest to normal use (as declared by the provider) is employed, (see EUT setup photographs for more detail).

Emissions between 30 MHz and 1 GHz are measured using calibrated broadband antennas. Emissions above 1 GHz are characterized using standard gain horn antennas. Pre-amplifiers and filters are used where required. Care is taken to ensure that test receiver resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth and detector type(s) meet the regulatory requirements.

For both horizontal and vertical polarizations, the EUT is then rotated through 360 degrees in azimuth until the highest emission is detected. At the previously determined azimuth the test antenna is raised and lowered from 1 to 4 m in height until a maximum emission level is detected, this maximum value is recorded.

Power values measured on the test receiver / analyzer are converted to field strength, FS, in dBµV/m at the regulatory distance, using:

$$FS = PR + CL + AF - PA + DC - CF$$

Where,

PR is the power recorded on the receiver / spectrum analyzer in dBµV;

CL is the cable loss in dB;

AF is the test antenna factor in dB/m;

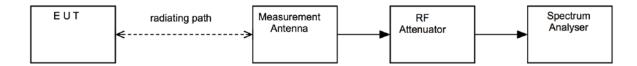
PA is the pre-amplifier gain in dB (where used);

DC is the duty correction factor in dB (where used, e.g. harmonics of pulsed fundamental);

CF is the distance factor in dB (where measurement distance different to limit distance);

This field strength value is then compared with the regulatory limit.

Figure i Test Setup



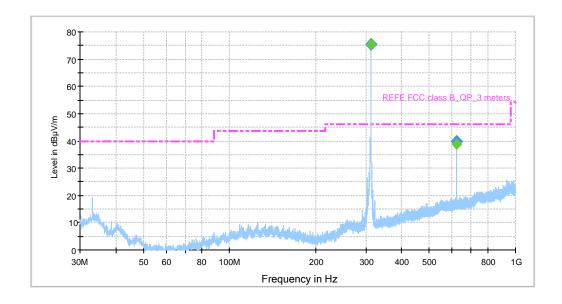
RF922 3.0 Page 19 of 38

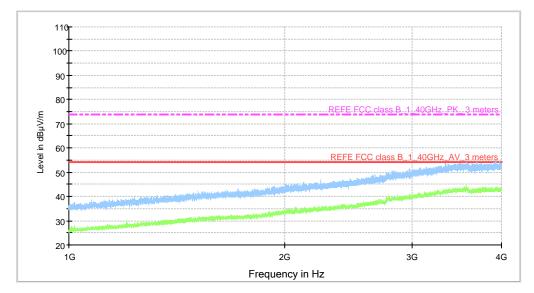
11.5 Test Equipment

Type of Equipment	Maker/Supplier	Model Number	Element Number	Calibration Due Date
Spectrum Analyser	Rohde & Schwarz	FSU	REF910	28/05/16
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESVS20	RFG126	17/04/16
1GHz to 26 GHz Microwave Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	REF913	02/02/17
9 kHz – 1GHz Amplifier	Sonoma Instrument	310	REF927	01/07/16
Biconical Antenna 20 MHz – 300 MHz	Eaton	96002	RFG095	09/05/16
Log Periodic Antenna 200 MHz -1 GHz		3146	RFG191	09/05/16
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3115	RFG129	09/02/17

RF922 3.0 Page 20 of 38

11.6 Test Results





RF922 3.0 Page 21 of 38

Detector	Freq. (MHz)	Meas'd Emission (dBµV)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre-amp Gain (dB)	Duty Cycle Corr'n (dB)	Distance Extrap'n Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Limit (μV/m)
	All other Emissions >20dB below the limit in the range of 30 MHz to 200 MHz									
QP	QP 624.0008 52.6 3.28 19.4 -31.78 0 0 43.5 149.62 200									
All other Emissions >20dB below the limit in the range of 1GHz to 4 GHz										

RF922 3.0 Page 22 of 38

12 Occupied Bandwidth

12.1 Definitions

Occupied bandwidth

The width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to 0.25 % of the emitted power. This is also known as the 99 % emission bandwidth. For transmitters in which there are multiple carriers, contiguous or non-contiguous in frequency, the occupied bandwidth is to be the sum of the occupied bandwidths of the individual carriers.

20 dB bandwidth

The emission bandwidth (x dB) is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and one below the carrier frequency, at which the spectral density of the emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum in-band spectral density of the modulated signal.

20 kHz

12.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Hull Test Chamber: Radio Lab

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.9

EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: 312 MHz single channel

EUT Channel Bandwidths: 3kHz

EUT Test Modulations: 3kHz with +- 1.5KHz FM deviation

Deviations From Standard:

Measurement BW: 64.74 Hz to 323.717 Hz

RBW = 100 Hz(requirement: 1 % to 5 % OBW) 300 Hz

Spectrum Analyzer Video BW:

(requirement at least 3x RBW)

Measurement Span:

(requirement 2 to 5 times OBW)

Measurement Detector: Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 20 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 37 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

Supply: 3.6 Vdc New batteries (as declared)

RF922 3.0 Page 23 of 38

12.3 Test Limit

Industry Canada:

If the frequency stability of the license-exempt radio apparatus is not specified in the applicable standard (RSS), measurement of the frequency stability is not required provided that the occupied bandwidth of the license-exempt radio apparatus lies entirely outside the restricted bands and the prohibited TV bands of 54 to 72 MHz, 76 to 88 MHz, 174 to 216 MHz, 470 to 608 MHz and 614 to 806 MHz.

Federal Communications Commission:

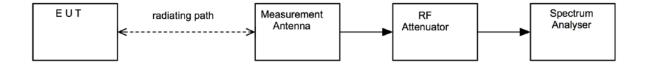
Intentional radiators operating under the alternative provisions to the general emission limits, as contained in §§ 15.217 through 15.257 and in subpart E of this part, must be designed to ensure that the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission, or whatever bandwidth may otherwise be specified in the specific rule section under which the equipment operates, is contained within the frequency band designated in the rule section under which the equipment is operated.

12.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure iii, the bandwidth of the EUT was measured on a spectrum analyser.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst-case configuration in each bandwidth.

Figure iii Test Setup



12.5 Test Equipment

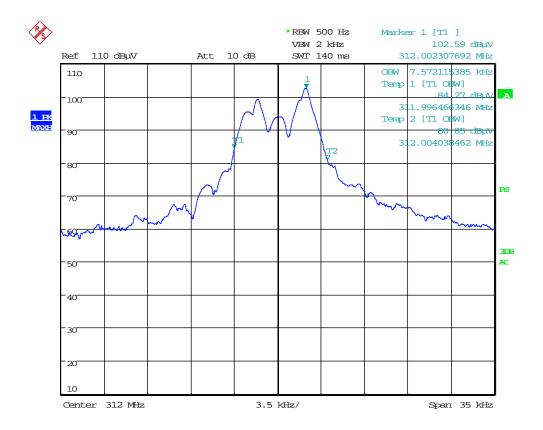
Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Туре	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
Spectrum Analyser	Rohde & Schwarz	FSU	UH405	11/05/16

RF922 3.0 Page 24 of 38

12.6 Test Results

12.7 Test Results

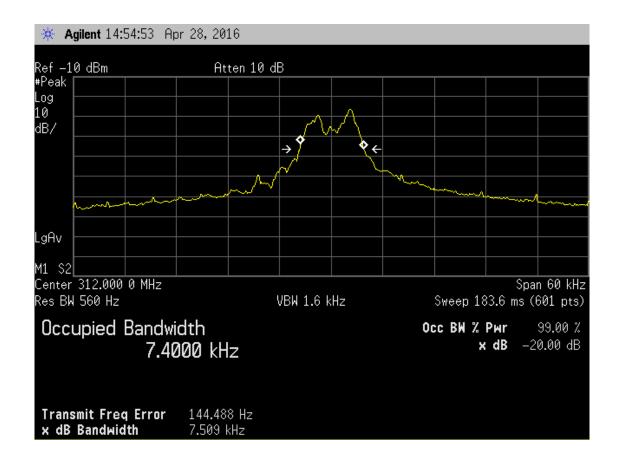
FCC 15.231 & RSS-210.							
Channel F _L F _H 99% Frequency (MHz) (MHz) (MHz) (KHz)							
312.000	311.9964	312.004038	7.572115	PASS			



Date: 16.MAY.2003 06:16:27

RF922 3.0 Page 25 of 38

FCC 15.231								
Channel Frequency (MHz)	F _L (MHz)	F _H (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Result				
312.000	311.996	312.0034	7.4	PASS				



RF922 3.0 Page 26 of 38

13 Transmitter output power (fundamental radiated emission)

13.1 Definition

The RF power dissipated in the standard output termination when operating under the rated duty cycle selected by the applicant for approval.

13.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Hull
Test Chamber: Radio Lab

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.5 / 6.6

EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: 312 MHz single channel

EUT Channel Bandwidths: 3 kHz

Deviations From Standard: None

Measurement BW: 120 kHz <1 GHz

Spectrum Analyzer Video BW: (requirement at least 3x RBW) 500 kHz

Measurement Detector: Up to 1 GHz: Quasi-peak

Above 1 GHz: Average RMS and Peak

Voltage Extreme Environment Test Range: Mains Power = 85 % and 115 % of Nominal (FCC only

requirement);

Battery Power = new battery.

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 20 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 36 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

RF922 3.0 Page 27 of 38

13.3 Test Limit

The field strength measured at 3 meters shall not exceed the limits in the following table:

Radiated emission limits (47 CFR 15:2015 Clause 15.231 (b) for the maximum permitted fundamental field strength and the maximum permitted unwanted emission levels:

Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Field strength of Fundamental (μV/m)	Field strength of Spurious Emissions (μV/m)		
40.66-40.70	2250	225		
70-130	1250	125		
130-174	1250 to 3750**	125 to 375**		
174-260	3750	375		
260-470	3750 to 12500**	375 to 1250		
Above 470	12500	1250		

^{**} Linear interpolations

In accordance with ANSI C63.10 clause 7.6.2

Limit
$$\mu$$
V/m = Lim_{Lower} + Δ F [Lim_{Upper} – Lim_{Lower} / fupper – flower]

Where $\Delta F = fc$ -flower

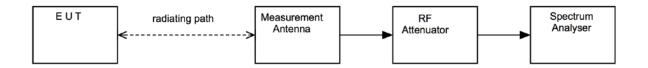
RF922 3.0 Page 28 of 38

13.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure iv, the resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyser was increased above the EUT occupied bandwidth and the peak emission data noted.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst-case configuration in each bandwidth.

Figure iv Test Setup



13.5 Test Equipment

Type of Equipment	Maker/Supplier	Model Number	Element Number	Calibration Due Date
Spectrum Analyser	Rohde & Schwarz	FSU	REF910	28/05/16
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESVS20	RFG126	17/04/16
9 kHz – 1GHz Amplifier	Sonoma Instrument	310	REF927	01/07/16
Log Periodic Antenna 200 MHz -1 GHz	EMCO	3146	RFG191	09/05/16

13.6 Test Results

Detector	Freq. (MHz)	Meas'd Emission (dBµV)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre-amp Gain (dB)	Duty Cycle Corr'n (dB)	Distance Extrap'n Factor (dB)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Field Strength (µV/m)	Limit (μV/m)
QP	311.9976	91.46	2.29	13.16	-31.61	0	0	75.3	5821.03	5916.677

RF922 3.0 Page 29 of 38

14 Automatically Operated Transmitter

14.1 Definition

Measurements of the transmission duration, determining compliance with regulatory requirements of certain unlicensed wireless devices that are subject to a limit on the transmission period during a manually operated transmitter.

14.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Hull
Test Chamber: Radio Lab

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 7.4

EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: 312 MHz single channel

EUT Channel Bandwidths: 3 kHz

Deviations From Standard: None

Measurement BW: 1 MHz

Spectrum Analyzer Video BW: (requirement at least 3x RBW)

Spectrum Analyser Span Zero span

Spectrum Analyser Span Zero spar Measurement Detector: Peak

Voltage Extreme Environment Test Range: Mains Power = 85 % and 115 % of Nominal (FCC

only requirement);

Battery Power = new battery.

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 20 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 36 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

14.3 Test Limit

An automatically operated transmitter; deactivate the transmitter within 5 seconds of being activated.

RF922 3.0 Page 30 of 38

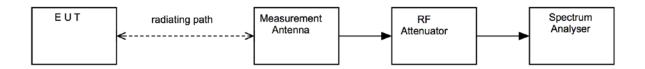
14.4 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure iv, the resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyser was increased above the EUT occupied bandwidth and the peak emission data noted.

The measurements were performed with EUT set within its normal operating condition, with a switch to simlaute the trigger form a sensor.

Using a spectrum analyser in zero span mode, centred on the fundamental carrier frequency with a RBW of 1 MHz and a VB of 3MHz. The sweep time was set accordingly to capture the transmission duration times and the total transmission time duration over a 10 second period 60. The formal measurements are detailed below

Figure iv Test Setup



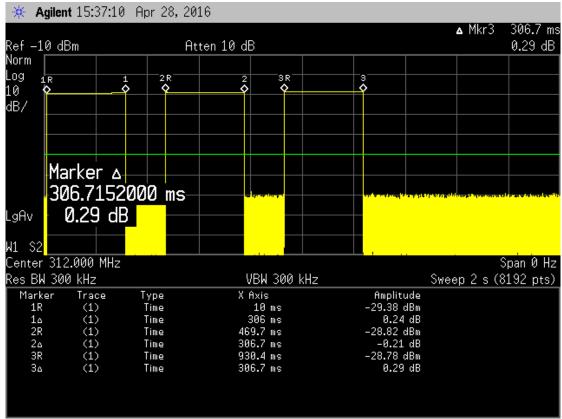
14.5 Test Equipment

Equipment		Equipment	Element	Due For
Туре	Manufacturer	Description	No	Calibration
Spectrum Analyser	Rohde & Schwarz	FSU	UH405	11/05/16

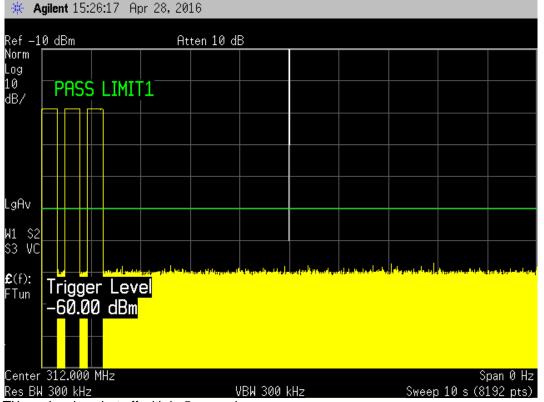
14.6 Test Results

FCC 15.231 Modulation: 3kHz with +- 1.5KHz FM deviation							
Manually Activated Transmitter Limit Margin Duration (Seconds) (Seconds) Result							
1.67	5	3.3	Pass				

RF922 3.0 Page 31 of 38



Close up of TX on total



TX on showing shut off with in 5 seconds

RF922 3.0 Page 32 of 38

15 Radiated emissions – unintentional radiation (Transmitter Idle) / receiver emissions

15.1 Definitions

Receiver spurious emissions

The radio frequency signals generated within the receiver, which may cause interference to other equipment. This includes the period during which the equipment is scanning or switching channels.

Unintentional radiator

A device that generates RF energy which is not intended to be radiated for reception by a radio receiver.

15.2 Test Parameters

Test Location: Element Hull

Test Chamber: Lab 16

Test Standard and Clause: ANSI C63.10-2013, Clause 6.5 and 6.6

EUT Channels / Frequencies Measured: 312 MHz single channel

EUT Channel Bandwidths: 3 kHz

Deviations From Standard: None

Measurement BW: 30 MHz to 1 GHz: 120 kHz
Above 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Measurement Detector: Up to 1 GHz: quasi-peak

Above 1 GHz: Peak

Environmental Conditions (Normal Environment)

Temperature: 20 °C +15 °C to +35 °C (as declared)

Humidity: 36 % RH 20 % RH to 75 % RH (as declared)

Supply: 3.6 Vdc New Batteries (as declared)

Only radio communication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30 to 960 MHz, as well as scanner receivers, are subject to requirements, as described above. All other receivers are exempted from any certification, testing, labelling and reporting requirements.

However, all receivers in all frequency bands shall comply with the limits set forth in FCC 47CFR15B / IC RSS-Gen even in cases where testing, reporting and/or certification are not required.

Receiver Radiated Limits

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m at 3 m)
30 to 88	100
88 to 216	150
216 to 960	200
Above 960	500

RF922 3.0 Page 33 of 38

15.3 Test Method

With the EUT setup as per section 9 of this report and connected as per Figure viii, the emissions from the EUT were measured on a spectrum analyzer / EMI receiver. The EUT was rotated in three orthogonal planes and the measurement antenna height scanned (below 1 GHz, from 1 to 4 m; above 1 GHz as necessary) in order to maximise emissions.

The measurements were performed with EUT set at its maximum duty. All modulation schemes, data rates and power settings were used to observe the worst-case configuration at each frequency.

Pre-scan plots are shown with a peak detector and 100 kHz RBW.

Figure viii Test Setup

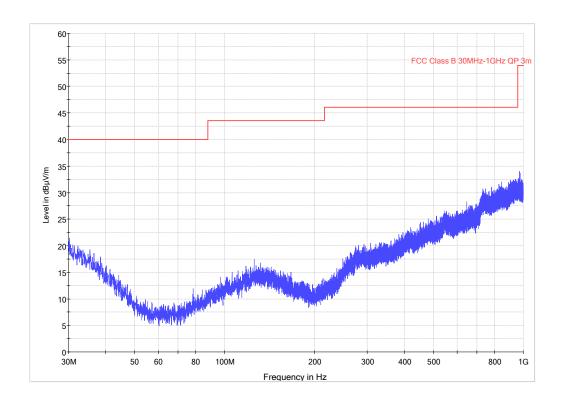


RF922 3.0 Page 34 of 38

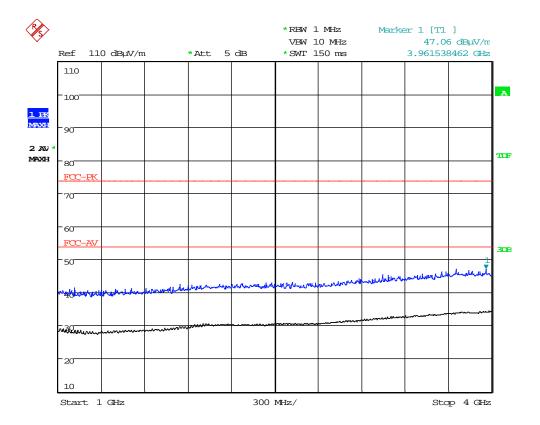
15.4 Test Equipment

Type of Equipment	Maker/Supplier	Model Number	Element Number	Calibration Due Date
Spectrum Analyser	Rohde & Schwarz	FSU	REF910	28/05/16
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESVS20	RFG126	17/04/16
1GHz to 26 GHz Microwave Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	REF913	02/02/17
9 kHz – 1GHz Amplifier	Sonoma Instrument	310	REF927	01/07/16
Biconical Antenna 20 MHz – 300 MHz	Eaton	96002	RFG095	09/05/16
Log Periodic Antenna 200 MHz -1 GHz	EMCO	3146	RFG191	09/05/16
Horn Antenna	Antenna EMCO		RFG129	09/02/17

15.5 Test Results



RF922 3.0 Page 35 of 38



Date: 26.MAY.2016 15:21:07

RF922 3.0 Page 36 of 38

Detector	Freq. (MHz)	Measured Emission (dBµV/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Pre-amp Gain (dB)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Extrap'n Factor (dB)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Limit (μV/m)
30 MHz to 200 MHz: No Significant Emissions Within 20 dB of Limit									
	200 MHz to 1 GHz: No Significant Emissions Within 17 dB of Limit								
	1 GHz to 4 GHz: No Significant Emissions Within 10 dB of Limit								

RF922 3.0 Page 37 of 38

16 Measurement Uncertainty

Calculated Measurement Uncertainties

All statements of uncertainty are expanded standard uncertainty using a coverage factor of 1.96 to give a 95 % confidence:

[1] Radiated spurious emissions

Uncertainty in test result (30 MHz to 1 GHz) = **4.6 dB** Uncertainty in test result (1 GHz to 18 GHz) = **4.7 dB**

[2] AC power line conducted emissions

Uncertainty in test result = **3.4 dB**

[3] Occupied bandwidth

Uncertainty in test result = 15.5 %

[4] Conducted carrier power

Uncertainty in test result (Power Meter) = 1.08 dB

[5] Conducted / radiated RF power out-of-band

Uncertainty in test result – up to 8.1 GHz = 3.31 dBUncertainty in test result – 8.1 GHz to 15.3 GHz = 4.43 dBUncertainty in test result (30 MHz to 1 GHz) = 4.6 dBUncertainty in test result (1 GHz to 18 GHz) = 4.7 dB

[6] Power spectral density

Uncertainty in test result (Spectrum Analyser) = 2.48 dB

RF922 3.0 Page 38 of 38