



# SAR Evaluation Report

in accordance with the requirements of  
FCC Report and Order: ET Docket 93-62, and OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C

For

**TWINHEAD INTERNATIONAL CORP**

**Tablet PC**

**Model: T8(Twinhead) / CT30(Intermec) / IX300(Itronix)**

**Trade Name: Twinhead / Intermec / Itronix**

**FCC ID: FKGTABLETPC**

*Prepared for*

**TWINHEAD INTERNATIONAL CORP  
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**1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION**

**Applicant:** Twinhead International Corp  
10F, 550 Rueiguang Rd, Neihu,  
Taipei, Taiwan 114, R.O.C.

**Equipment Under Test:** Tablet PC

**Trade Name:** Twinhead / Intermec / Itronix

**Model:** T8(Twinhead) / CT30(Intermec) / IX300(Itronix)

**FCC ID** FKGTABLETPC

**Device Category:** PORTABLE DEVICES

**Exposure Category:** GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE

**Report Number:** B30813209-SAR-FCC

**Date of Test:** September 3 ~ October 29, 2003

**Test Sample is a:** Tablet PC

**Modulation Type:** Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum

**Operating Mode:** Maximum continuous output

**Tx Frequency:** 2412 ~ 2462 MHz

**Max. O/P Power:** 15.55dBm (2412 MHz)

**(Conducted)**

**Max. SAR (1g):** 0.207mW/g  
(2412MHz-co-location mode)

**Application Type:** Certification

**FCC Rule part(s):** § 15.247



This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1999 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET 65 Supplement C (released on 6/29/2001 - see Test Report).

I attest to accuracy of the data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

*Approved by:*

*Reviewed by:*

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**Jonson Lee / Director**  
**Compliance Certification Services Inc.**

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**Miro Chueh / Section Manager**  
**Compliance Certification Services Inc.**

## 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

**Applicant:** Twinhead International Corp  
10F, 550 Rueiguang Rd, Neihu,  
Taipei, Taiwan 114, R.O.C.

**Equipment Under Test:** Tablet PC

**Trade Name:** Twinhead / Intermec / Itronix

**Model:** T8(Twinhead) / CT30(Intermec) / IX300(Itronix)

**FCC ID** FKGTABLETPC

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### Notes:

1. *Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source (wireless portable device).*
2. *EEE/ANSI Std. C95.1-1999 limits are used to determine compliance with FCC ET Docket 93-62*



### **3. REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLIANCE TESTING DEFINED BY THE FCC**

The US Federal Communications Commission has released the report and order "Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of RF Radiation", ET Docket No. 93-62 in August 1996 [1]. The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g for an uncontrolled environment and 8.0 mW/g for an occupational/controlled environment as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1999 [6]. According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," released on Jun 29, 2001 by FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

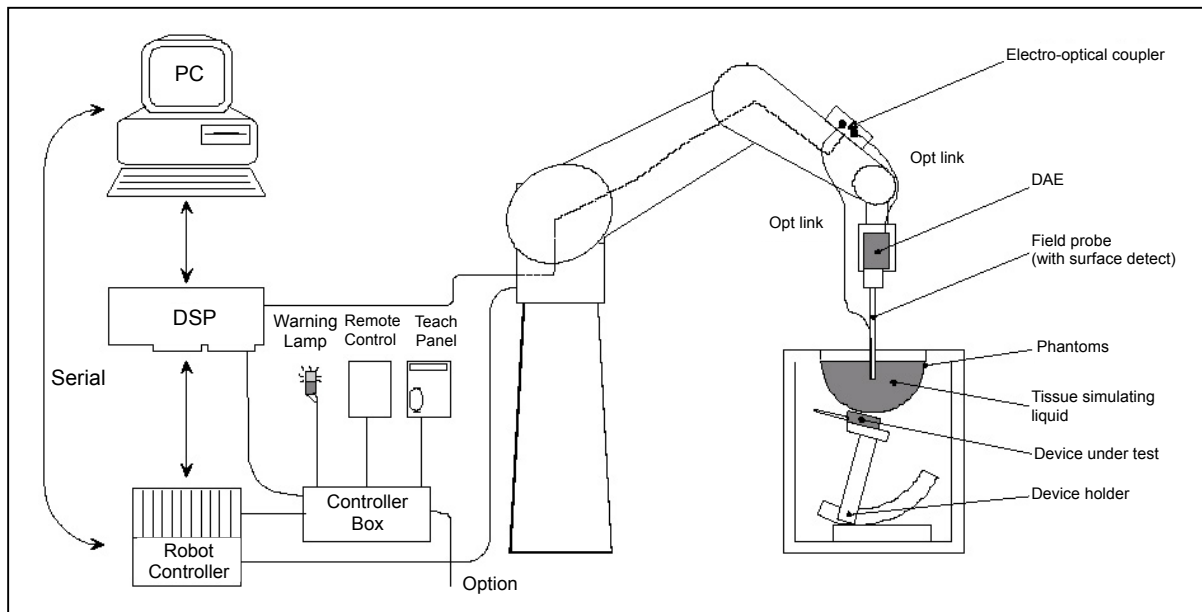
#### 4. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY4 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9 m) which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than  $\pm 0.02$  mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN: 1762 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration [3] and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in [7] with accuracy of better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in [8] and found to be better than  $\pm 0.25$  dB. The phantom used was the SAM Twin Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE P1528 and EN50361.

The Tissue simulation liquid used for each test is in accordance with FCC OET65 supplement C as listed below.

Ingredients (%, by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

#### 4.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM DIAGRAM



**The DASY4 system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:**

1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software.
2. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
3. A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
4. A data acquisition electronic (DAE), which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
5. A unit to operate the optical surface detector, which is connected to the EOC.
6. The Electro-optical coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the PC plug-in card.
7. The functions of the PC plug-in card based on a DSP is to perform the time critical task such as signal filtering, surveillance of the robot operation fast movement interrupts.
8. A computer operating Windows 95 or larger
9. DASY4 software
10. Remote control with teaches pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
11. The SAM phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
12. The device holder for handheld EUT.
13. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes (see Application Note).
14. System validation dipoles to validate the proper functioning of the system.

## 4.2 SYSTEM COMPONENTS

### ET3DV5 Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core  
 Built-in optical fiber for surface detection System  
 Built-in shielding against static charges  
 Calibration in air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz  
 In brain and muscle simulating tissue at frequencies of 450 MHz, 900 MHz and 1.8 GHz (accuracy of  $\pm 8\%$ )  
 Frequency 10 MHz to  $> 6$  GHz; Linearity:  $\pm 0.2$  dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)  
 Directivity  $\pm 0.2$  dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis)  
 $\pm 0.4$  dB in brain tissue (rotation normal probe axis)  
 Dynamic 5 mW/g to  $> 100$  mW/g;  
 Range Linearity:  $\pm 0.2$  dB  
 Surface  $\pm 0.2$  mm repeatability in air and clear liquids  
 Detection over diffuse reflecting surfaces  
 Dimensions Overall length: 330 mm  
 Tip length: 16 mm  
 Body diameter: 12 mm  
 Tip diameter: 6.8 mm  
 Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm  
 Application General dosimetric up to 3 GHz  
 Compliance tests of mobile phones  
 Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms  
 The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique, with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi-fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped when reaching the maximum.



**Photograph of the Probe**



**Inside view of  
ET3DV6 E-field Probe**



### **E-Field Probe Calibration Process**

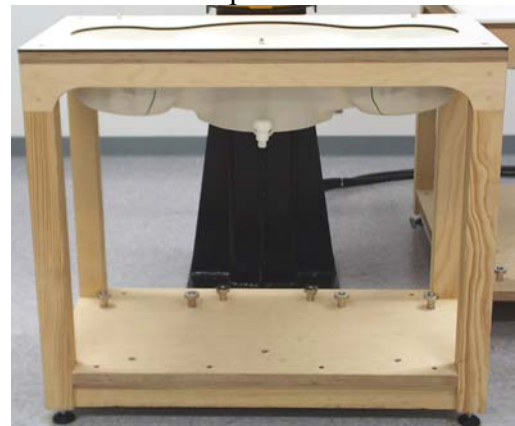
Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in [6] with accuracy better than +/- 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in [7] and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a waveguide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

### **SAM Phantom**

The SAM Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is in compliance with the specification set in IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN50361. The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot.



**SAM Phantom**

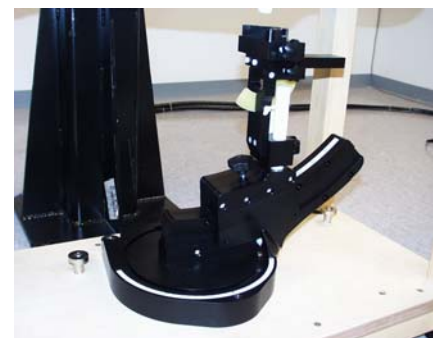
Shell Thickness:  $2 \pm 0.2$  mm

Filling Volume: Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions (H x L x W):  $810 \times 1000 \times 500$  mm

### **Device Holder for Transmitters**

In combination with the Generic Twin Phantom V3.0, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeatedly positioned according to the FCC and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).



**Device Holder**

*Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produced infinite number of configurations [10]. To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.*

## 5. EVALUATION PROCEDURE

### 5.1 DATA EVALUATION

The DASY4 software automatically executes the following procedure to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Norm <sub>i</sub> , a <sub>i10</sub> , a <sub>i11</sub> , a <sub>i12</sub>
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	Dcpi
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can either be found in the component documents or be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY4 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Where  $V_i$  = Compensated signal of channel  $i$  ( $i = x, y, z$ )

$U_i$  = Input signal of channel  $i$  ( $i = x, y, z$ )

$cf$  = Crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

$dcp_i$  = Diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$E\text{-field probes: } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

$$H\text{-field probes: } H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i10} + a_{i11}f + a_{i12}f^2}{f}$$

Where  $V_i$  = Compensated signal of channel  $i$  ( $i = x, y, z$ )

$\text{Norm}_i$  = Sensor sensitivity of channel  $i$  ( $i = x, y, z$ )  
μV/(V/m)<sup>2</sup> for E0field Probes

$\text{ConvF}$  = Sensitivity enhancement in solution

$a_{ij}$  = Sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

$f$  = Carrier frequency (GHz)

$E_i$  = Electric field strength of channel  $i$  in V/m

$H_i$  = Magnetic field strength of channel  $i$  in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

where  $SAR$  = local specific absorption rate in  $mW/g$   
 $E_{tot}$  = total field strength in  $V/m$   
 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [ $mho/m$ ] or [ $siemens/m$ ]  
 $\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in  $g/cm^3$

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field as a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770} \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

where  $P_{pwe}$  = Equivalent power density of a plane wave in  $mW/cm^2$   
 $E_{tot}$  = total electric field strength in  $V/m$   
 $H_{tot}$  = total magnetic field strength in  $A/m$

## 5.2 SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURE

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

**Step 1:** Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.

**Step 2:** The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the body was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on the data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

**Step 3:** Around this point, a volume of 32 mm x 32 mm x 34 mm was assessed by measuring 7 x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

1. The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm [11]. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
2. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions) [11], [12]. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
3. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

**Step 4:** Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

## 6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Error Description	Uncertainty Value $\pm\%$	Probability distribution	Divisor	$C_1$ 1g	Standard unc.(1g) $\pm\%$	$V_1$ or $V_{eff}$
<b>Measurement System</b>						
Probe calibration	$\pm 4.8$	normal	1	1	$\pm 4.8$	$\infty$
Axial isotropy of probe	$\pm 4.6$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$\pm 1.9$	$\infty$
Sph. Isotropy of probe	$\pm 9.7$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(C_p)^{1/2}$	$\pm 3.9$	$\infty$
Probe linearity	$\pm 4.5$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 2.7$	$\infty$
Detection Limit	$\pm 0.9$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 0.6$	$\infty$
Boundary effects	$\pm 8.5$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 4.8$	$\infty$
Readoutelectronics	$\pm 1.0$	normal	1	1	$\pm 1.0$	$\infty$
Response time	$\pm 0.9$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 0.5$	$\infty$
Integration time	$\pm 1.2$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 0.8$	$\infty$
Mech Constrains of robot	$\pm 0.5$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 0.2$	$\infty$
Probe positioning	$\pm 2.7$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 1.7$	$\infty$
Extrap. And integration	$\pm 4.0$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 2.3$	$\infty$
RF ambient conditiona	$\pm 0.54$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 0.43$	$\infty$
<b>Test Sample Related</b>						
Device positioning	$\pm 2.2$	normal	1	1	$\pm 2.23$	11
Device holder uncertainty	$\pm 5$	normal	1	1	$\pm 5.0$	7
Power drift	$\pm 5$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 2.9$	$\infty$
<b>Phantom and Setup</b>						
Phantom uncertainty	$\pm 4$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\pm 2.3$	$\infty$
Liquid cinductivity	$\pm 5$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	$\pm 1.7$	$\infty$
Liquid cinductivity	$\pm 5$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	$\pm 3.5/1.7$	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity	$\pm 5$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	$\pm 1.7$	$\infty$
Liquid permittivity	$\pm 5$	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	$\pm 1.7$	$\infty$
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>						
					$\pm 12.14/11.76$	
<b>Coverage Factor for 95%</b>						
		kp=2				
<b>Expanded Standard Uncertainty</b>						
					$\pm 24.29/23.51$	

## 7. EXPOSURE LIMIT

### (A). Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

### (B). Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

*Note: Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.*

**Population/Uncontrolled Environments** are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

**Occupational/Controlled Environments** are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

<p><b>NOTE</b></p> <p><b>GENERAL POPULATION/UNCONTROLLED EXPOSURE</b></p> <p><b>PARTIAL BODY LIMIT</b></p> <p><b>1.6 mW/g</b></p>
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## 8. MEASUREMENT RESULTS

### 8.1 SYSTEM VALIDATION

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 10\%$ . The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

IEEE P1528 Recommended Reference Value

Frequency (MHz)	1g SAR	10g SAR	Local SAR at Surface (Above Feed Point)	Local SAR at Surface (y = 2cm offset from feed point)
900	10.3	6.57	16.4	5.4
1800	39.2	20.3	69.5	6.8
2450	54.8	24.2	104.2	7.7

#### System Validation Results

**Ambient conduction:** Temperature: 25.8°C; Relative humidity: 58%

**System Validation Dipole:** D2450V2 SN:726

**Date:** Sep 03,2003

Medium			Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
Type	Temp. [°C]	Dipth [cm]					
Head 2450 MHz	25.40	15.00	Permittivity:	39.20	38.66	-1.38	$\pm 5$
			Conductivity:	1.80	1.795	2.72	$\pm 5$
			1g SAR:	54.80	54.00	-1.46	$\pm 5$

**Note:** The head liquids please refer to page 16.

#### System Validation Results

**Ambient conduction:** Temperature: 26.0°C; Relative humidity: 58%

**System Validation Dipole:** D2450V2 SN:726

**Date:** Sep 09,2003

Medium			Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
Type	Temp. [°C]	Dipth [cm]					
Head 2450 MHz	25.40	15.00	Permittivity:	39.20	38.62	-1.48	$\pm 5$
			Conductivity:	1.80	1.76	-2.22	$\pm 5$
			1g SAR:	54.80	53.20	-2.92	$\pm 5$

**Note:** The head liquids please refer to page 16.

#### System Validation Results

**Ambient conduction:** Temperature: 26.0 °C; Relative humidity: 58%

**System Validation Dipole:** D2450V2 SN:726

**Date:** Oct 29,2003

Medium			Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
Type	Temp. [°C]	Dipth [cm]					
Head 2450 MHz	24.80	15.00	Permittivity:	39.20	38.16	-2.65	$\pm 5$
			Conductivity:	1.80	1.83	1.39	$\pm 5$
			1g SAR:	54.80	54.80	0.00	$\pm 5$

**Note:** The head liquids please refer to page 16.

## 8.2 TEST LIQUID CONFIRMATION

### Simulated Tissue Liquid Parameter confirmation

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the HP85070C dielectric probe kit. The dielectric parameters measured are reported in each correspondent section.

### IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 P1528 recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	45.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

*Note:*  $\epsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$





**Liquid Confirmation Results**

**Ambient conduction** – Temperature: 25.8°C; Relative humidity: 58% **Date:** Sep 03,2003

Medium			Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
Type	Temp. [°C]	Dipth (cm)					
Muscle 2450 MHz	25.40	15.00	Permitivity:	52.70	51.25	-2.75	± 5
			Conductivity:	1.95	1.96	0.51	± 5

**Ambient conduction** – Temperature: 26.0°C; Relative humidity: 58% **Date:** Sep 09,2003

Medium			Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
Type	Temp. [°C]	Dipth (cm)					
Muscle 2450 MHz	25.40	15.00	Permitivity:	52.70	50.92	-3.38	± 5
			Conductivity:	1.95	1.94	-0.62	± 5

**Ambient conduction** – Temperature: 26.0 °C; Relative humidity: 58% **Date:** Oct 29,2003

Medium			Parameters	Target	Measured	Deviation[%]	Limited[%]
Type	Temp. [°C]	Dipth (cm)					
Muscle 2450MHz	24.80	15.00	Permitivity:	52.70	52.38	-0.60	± 5
			Conductivity:	1.95	2.01	3.08	± 5



## **EUT TUNE-UP PROCEDURE**

The following procedure had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.

- The client supplied a special driver to program the EUT, allowing it to continually transmit the specified maximum power and change the channel frequency.
- The conducted power was measured at the high, middle and low channel frequency before and after the SAR measurement.
- The output power (dBm) we measured before SAR test in different transition rate and channel

Rate \ CH	1M	2M	5.5M	11M
1	14.86	15.14	15.39	15.55
6	13.89	14.99	15.30	15.35
11	13.31	14.66	15.00	15.13

- Since the EUT had Bluetooth module, SAR test was performed in the worst case when the module act.

### 8.3 EUT SETUP PHOTOS

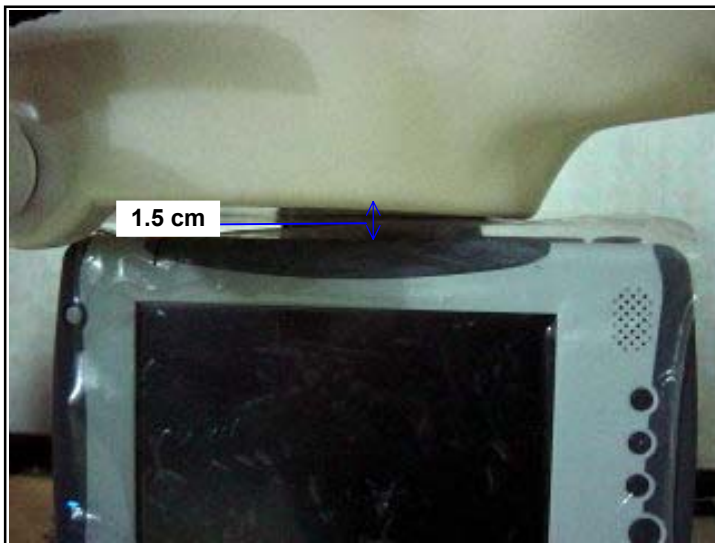
#### EUT Setup Configuration 1

1. Installation conditions between host device and phantom - Host device perpendicular to flat phantom.
2. Spacing between host device and phantom - In contact (0 cm).



#### EUT Setup Configuration 2

4. Installation conditions between host device and phantom - Host device perpendicular to flat phantom
5. Spacing between EUT and phantom - 1.5 cm



### **EUT Setup Configuration 3**

6. Installation conditions between host device and phantom – Host device horizontal to flat phantom
7. Spacing between EUT and phantom - 0 cm



### **EUT Setup Configuration 4**

8. Installation conditions between host device and phantom - Host device horizontal to flat phantom.
9. Spacing between host device and phantom - In contact (0 cm).



### 8.4 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT

Date of Measurement: Sep 03, 2003

EUT Set-up Configuration 1 - <b>Body/Flat</b>							Date: <u>Sep 03, 2003</u>	
EUT Set-up conditions		Frequency		Conducted power [dBm] <b>(Peak)</b>		Liquid Temp [°C]	SAR (mW/g)	Limit (mW/g)
Sep [cm]	Rate	Channel	MHz	Before	After			
0	1	6	2437	13.89	13.80	25.4	0.16	1.6
	2	6	2437	14.99	14.89	25.4	0.172	
	5.5	6	2437	15.30	15.19	25.4	0.166	

EUT Set-up Configuration 1 - <b>Body/Flat</b>								
EUT Set-up conditions		Frequency		Conducted power [dBm] <b>(Peak)</b>		Liquid Temp [°C]	SAR (mW/g)	Limit (mW/g)
Sep [cm]	Rate	Channel	MHz	Before	After			
0	11	1	2412	15.55	15.50	25.4	0.19	1.6
		6	2437	15.35	15.31	25.4	0.173	
		11	2462	15.13	15.08	25.4	0.145	

Note (s): Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

EUT Set-up Configuration 2 - <b>Body/Flat</b>								
EUT Set-up conditions		Frequency		Conducted power [dBm] <b>(Peak)</b>		Liquid Temp [°C]	SAR (mW/g)	Limit (mW/g)
Sep [cm]	Rate	Channel	MHz	Before	After			
1.5	11	1	2412	15.54	15.48	25.4	0.0393	1.6
		6	2437	15.35	15.28	25.4	0.0299	
		11	2462	15.12	15.07	25.4	0.0228	

Note (s): Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

EUT Set-up Configuration 1 - <b>Body/Flat</b>							<b>With Bluetooth Act</b>	
EUT Set-up conditions		Frequency		Conducted power [dBm] <b>(Peak)</b>		Liquid Temp [°C]	SAR (mW/g)	Limit (mW/g)
Sep [cm]	Rate	Channel	MHz	Before	After			
0	11	1	2412	15.55	15.46	25.4	<b>0.207</b>	1.6

Note (s): Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.



EUT Set-up Configuration 3 - <b>Body/Flat</b>						Date: <u>Sep 09, 2003</u>		
EUT Set-up conditions		Frequency		Conducted power [dBm] <b>(Peak)</b>		Liquid Temp [°C]	SAR (mW/g)	Limit (mW/g)
Sep [cm]	Rate	Channel	MHz	Before	After			
0	11	1	2412	15.54	15.48	25.5	0.0128	1.6
		6	2437	15.35	15.28	25.5	0.0105	
		11	2462	15.12	15.07	25.5	0.0114	

Note (s): Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

EUT Set-up Configuration 4 - <b>Body/Flat</b>						Date: <u>Oct 29, 2003</u>		
EUT Set-up conditions		Frequency		Conducted power [dBm] <b>(Peak)</b>		Liquid Temp [°C]	SAR (mW/g)	Limit (mW/g)
Sep [cm]	Rate	Channel	MHz	Before	After			
0	11	1	2412	15.52	15.46	26.0	0.00488	1.6
		6	2437	15.33	15.26	26.0	0.00549	
		11	2462	15.11	15.06	26.0	0.00377	

Note (s): Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

EUT Set-up Configuration 4 - <b>Body/Flat</b>						<b>With Bluetooth Act</b>		
EUT Set-up conditions		Frequency		Conducted power [dBm] <b>(Peak)</b>		Liquid Temp [°C]	SAR (mW/g)	Limit (mW/g)
Sep [cm]	Rate	Channel	MHz	Before	After			
0	11	1	2412	15.52	15.45	26.0	0.00389	1.6

Note (s): Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.

### 9. EUT PHOTOS

Antenna



Antenna



Sec. Battery







## 10. EQUIPMENT LIST & CALIBRATION

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	Agilent	E8358A	US40280243	03/24/04
Electronic Probe kit	Hewlett Packard	85070A	N/A	N/A
3.5mm electronic Calibration Kit	Agilent	85093C	US01400208	01/22/04
Power Meter	Boonton	4531	13061	01/10/04
Power Sensor	Boonton	56218	2240	01/10/04
Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB41291611	03/15/04
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441097	03/15/04
Thermometer	Amarell	4046	23641	12/12/04
Universal Radio Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU 200	1100.0008.02	N/A
Signal Generator	Agilent	83630B	3844A01022	01/15/04
Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZHL-1724HL N	N/A	N/A
DC Power generator	ABM	8301HD		N/A
Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	SPEAG	DAE3	558	03/07/04
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	ET3DV6	1762	03/31/04
900 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D900V2	179	03/31/04
1800 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1800V2	2d026	04/01/04
2450 MHz System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	728	03/05/04
Probe Alignment Unit	SPEAG	LB (V2)	348	N/A
Robot	Staubli	RX90B L	F02/5T69A1/A/01	N/A
SAM Twin Phantom V4.0	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A
Devices Holder	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A
Head 835 MHz	CCS	H835A	N/A	N/A
Muscle 835 MHz	CCS	M835A	N/A	N/A
Head 900 MHz	CCS	H900A	N/A	N/A
Muscle 900 MHz	CCS	M900A	N/A	N/A
Head 1800 MHz	CCS	H1800A	N/A	N/A
Muscle 1800 MHz	CCS	M1800A	N/A	N/A
Head 1900 MHz	CCS	H1900A	N/A	N/A
Muscle 1900 MHz	CCS	M1900A	N/A	N/A
Head 2450 MHz	CCS	H2450A	N/A	N/A
Muscle 2450 MHz	CCS	M2450A	N/A	N/A

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## 12. ATTACHMENT

<b>Exhibit</b>	<b>Content</b>
1.	Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)-DAE3, S/N: 558
2.	Dosimetric E-Field Probe - ET3DV6, S/N: 1762
3.	Validation Dipole - D2450V2, S/N: 728
4.	System Performance Check Plots
5.	SAR Test Plots

**End of Report**

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

**Client** [REDACTED]

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

**Object(s)** DAE3 - SN:558

**Calibration procedure(s)** QA CAL-06 v2  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition unit (DAE)

**Calibration date:** March 07, 2003

**Condition of the calibrated item** In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	3-Sep-01	Sep-03

	Name	Function	Signature
<b>Calibrated by:</b>	Eric Hainfeld	Technician	
<b>Approved by:</b>	Fin Bornhoff	R&D Director	

Date issued: March 07, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 international Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

## 1. DC Voltage Measurement

DA - Converter Values from DAE

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1 $\mu$ V, full range = 400 mV  
 Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = 4 mV

Software Set-up: Calibration time: 3 sec Measuring time: 3 sec

Setup	X	Y	Z
High Range	405.010098	404.9037428	405.0817835
Low Range	3.972	3.95185	3.96828
Connector Position	86 °		

High Range	Input	Reading in $\mu$ V	% Error
Channel X + Input	200mV	200000	0.00
	20mV	20003.4	0.02
Channel X - Input	20mV	-19993	-0.04
	200mV	200001	0.00
Channel Y + Input	20mV	20002.7	0.01
	20mV	-19993	-0.04
Channel Y - Input	20mV	-19993	-0.04
	200mV	200000	0.00
Channel Z + Input	20mV	20000.8	0.00
	20mV	-19997.7	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	20mV	-19997.7	-0.01

Low Range	Input	Reading in $\mu$ V	% Error
Channel X + Input	2mV	2000.2	0.01
	0.2mV	200.04	0.02
Channel X - Input	0.2mV	-200.81	0.41
	2mV	2000.1	0.00
Channel Y + Input	0.2mV	199.47	-0.27
	0.2mV	-201.01	0.50
Channel Y - Input	0.2mV	-201.01	0.50
	2mV	1999.9	0.00
Channel Z + Input	0.2mV	198.68	-0.66
	0.2mV	-201.1	0.55
Channel Z - Input	0.2mV	-201.1	0.55

## 2. Common mode sensitivity

Software Set-up

Calibration time: 3 sec, Measuring time: 3 sec

High/Low Range

in $\mu\text{V}$	Common mode Input Voltage	High Range Reading	Low Range Reading
Channel X	200mV	-1.0284	-1.5716
	- 200mV	3.9204	1.3725
Channel Y	200mV	6.7686	5.874
	- 200mV	-6.8145	-8.0898
Channel Z	200mV	2.1943	2.766
	- 200mV	-2.52	-4.6218

## 3. Channel separation

Software Set-up

Calibration time: 3 sec, Measuring time: 3 sec

High Range

in $\mu\text{V}$	Input Voltage	Channel X	Channel Y	Channel Z
Channel X	200mV	-	0.88082	0.19177
Channel Y	200mV	0.049124	-	0.25676
Channel Z	200mV	-2.1226	-0.89508	-

## 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

in LSB	Low Range	High Range
Channel X	16492	16236
Channel Y	16307	15690
Channel Z	16461	16033

## 5. Input Offset Measurement

Measured after 15 min warm-up time of the Data Acquisition Electronic.  
Every Measurement is preceded by a calibration cycle.

Software set-up:

Calibration time: 3 sec  
Measuring time: 3 sec  
Number of measurements: 100, Low Range

Input 10M $\Omega$

in $\mu\text{V}$	Average	min. Offset	max. Offset	Std. Deviation
Channel X	-0.52	-1.64	0.60	0.43
Channel Y	-2.05	-3.65	0.06	0.51
Channel Z	-0.34	-2.05	0.43	0.37

Input shorted

in $\mu\text{V}$	Average	min. Offset	max. Offset	Std. Deviation
Channel X	0.04	-0.84	1.09	0.41
Channel Y	-0.77	-2.08	0.17	0.40
Channel Z	-1.01	-1.68	-0.38	0.24

## 6. Input Offset Current

in fA	Input Offset Current
Channel X	< 25
Channel Y	< 25
Channel Z	< 25

## 7. Input Resistance

	Calibrating	Measuring
Channel X	200 k $\Omega$	200 M $\Omega$
Channel Y	200 k $\Omega$	200 M $\Omega$
Channel Z	200 k $\Omega$	200 M $\Omega$

## 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage

in V	Alarm Level
Supply (+ Vcc)	7.66 V
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.53 V

## 9. Power Consumption

in mA	Switched off	Stand by	Transmitting
Supply (+ Vcc)	0.000	5.83	14.1
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.011	-7.86	-9.13

## 10. Functional test

Touch async pulse 1	ok
Touch async pulse 2	ok
Touch status bit 1	ok
Touch status bit 2	ok
Remote power off	ok
Remote analog Power control	ok
Modification Status	B – C



Client **C&C (Auden)**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s) **ET3DV6 - SN:1762**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v2  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **March 31, 2003**

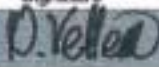
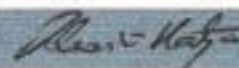
Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)**

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	Mar-02	Mar-03
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02	Sep-03
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	13-Sep-02	Sep-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432426	3-May-00	In house check: May 03
Flyke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	3-Sep-01	Sep-03

Calibrated by:	Name <b>Nico Veltrop</b>	Function <b>Technician</b>	Signature 
Approved by:	Name <b>Katja Pokovic</b>	Function <b>Laboratory Director</b>	Signature 

Date issued: April 2, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

# Probe ET3DV6

**SN:1762**

**Manufactured: January 20, 2003**  
**Last calibration: March 31, 2003**

**Calibrated for DASY Systems**

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1762

### Sensitivity in Free Space

NormX	<b>1.90</b> $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormY	<b>1.78</b> $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormZ	<b>1.82</b> $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$

### Diode Compression

DCP X	<b>96</b>	mV
DCP Y	<b>96</b>	mV
DCP Z	<b>96</b>	mV

### Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head	<b>900 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
Head	<b>835 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.90 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
	ConvF X	<b>6.7</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>6.7</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.67</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>6.7</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>1.74</b>
Head	<b>1800 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
Head	<b>1900 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
	ConvF X	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.50</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>2.63</b>

### Boundary Effect

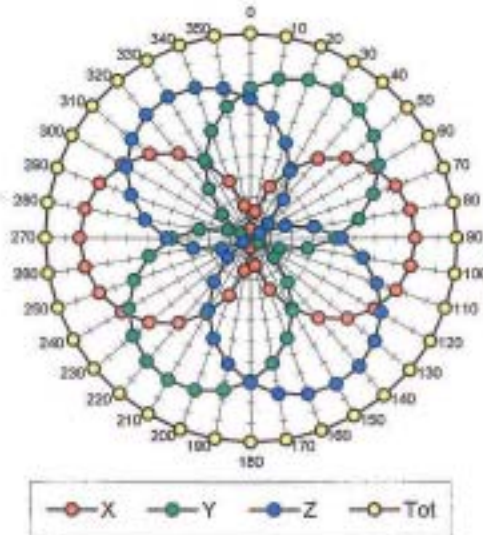
Head	<b>900 MHz</b>	Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm	
	Probe Tip to Boundary	<b>1 mm</b>	<b>2 mm</b>
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] Without Correction Algorithm	<b>8.8</b>	<b>4.5</b>
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] With Correction Algorithm	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.2</b>
Head	<b>1800 MHz</b>	Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm	
	Probe Tip to Boundary	<b>1 mm</b>	<b>2 mm</b>
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] Without Correction Algorithm	<b>13.8</b>	<b>9.3</b>
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%] With Correction Algorithm	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.1</b>

### Sensor Offset

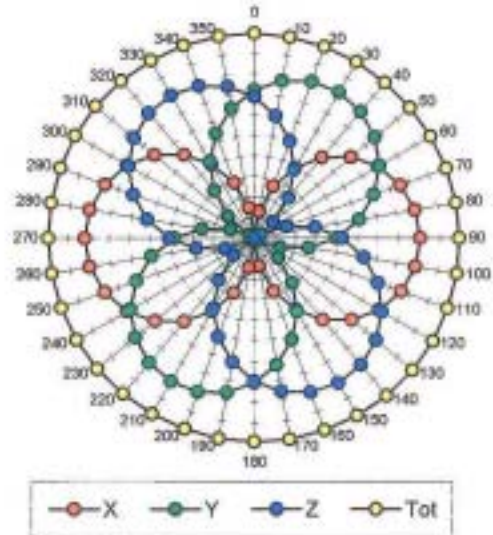
Probe Tip to Sensor Center	<b>2.7</b>	mm
Optical Surface Detection	<b>1.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2</b>	mm

Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ),  $\theta = 0^\circ$

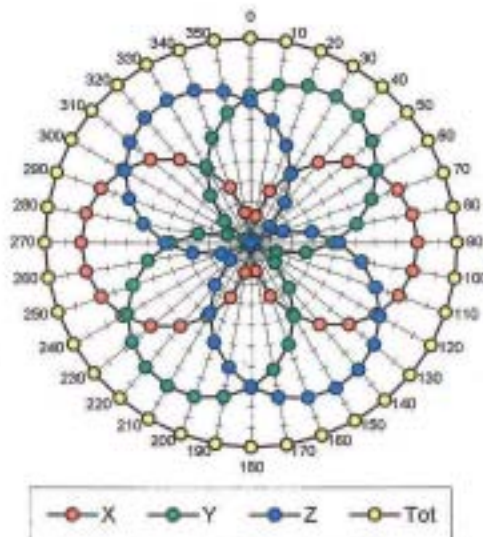
f = 30 MHz, TEM cell if110



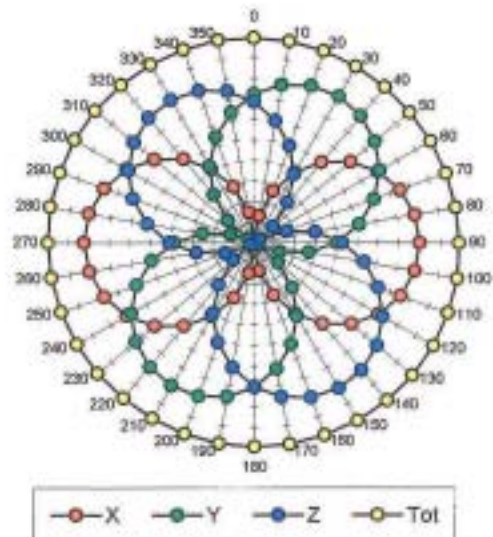
f = 100 MHz, TEM cell if110

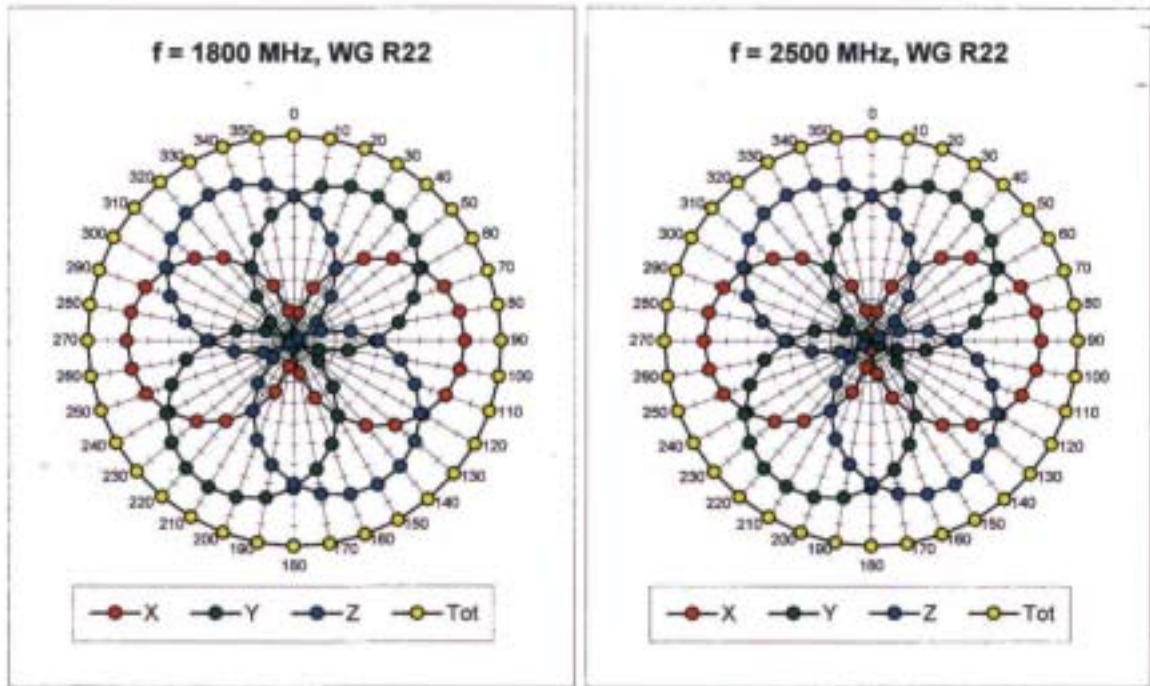


f = 300 MHz, TEM cell if110

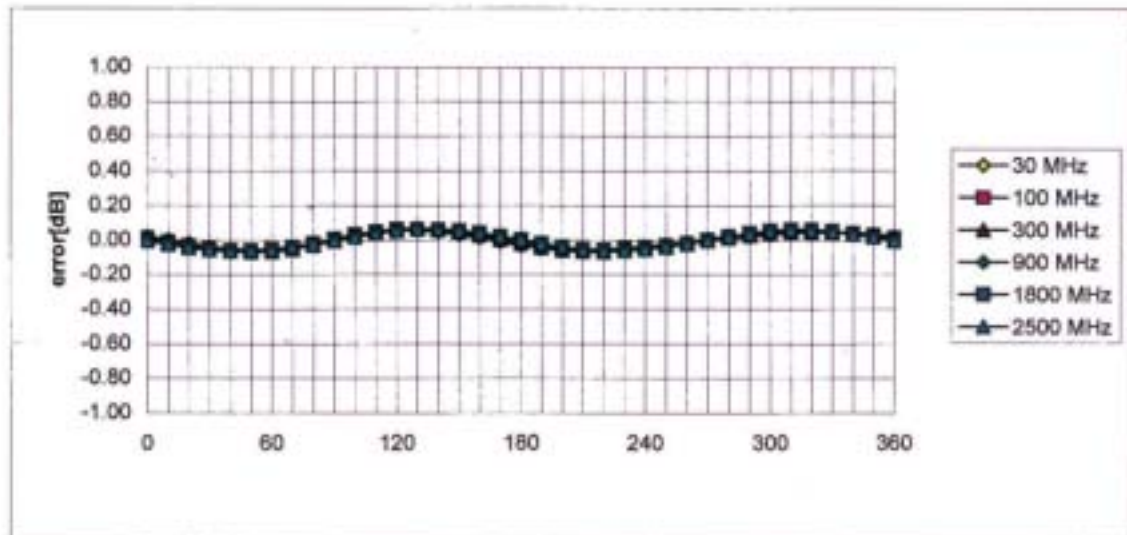


f = 900 MHz, TEM cell if110



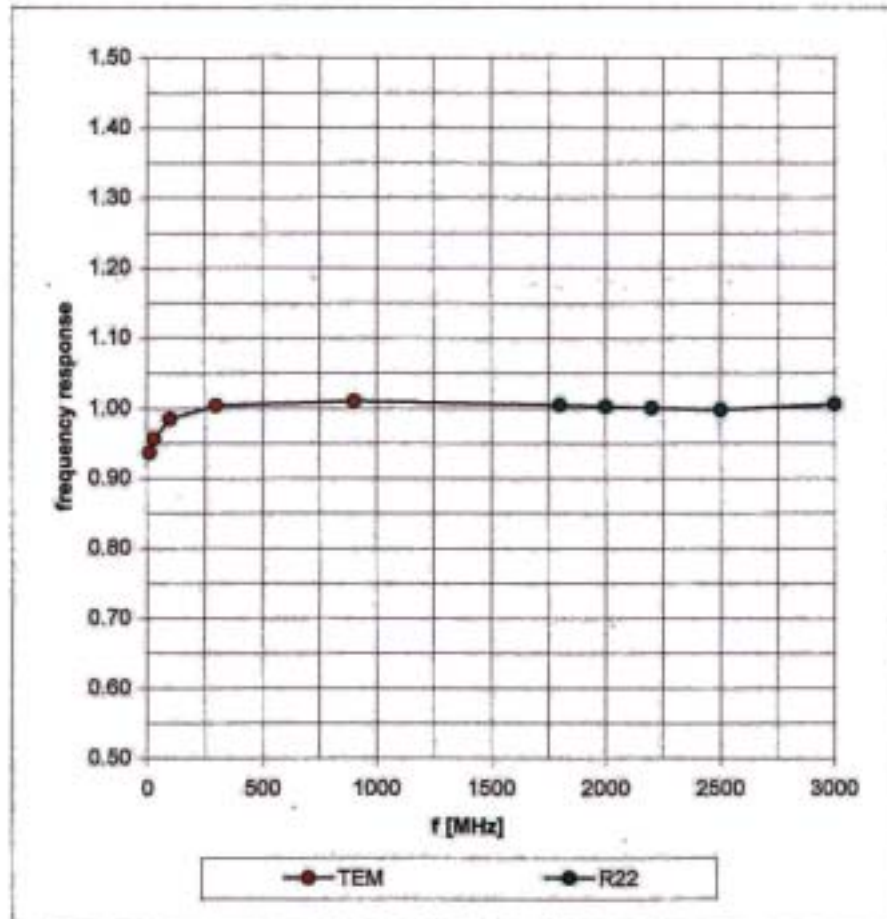


Isotropy Error ( $\phi$ ),  $\theta = 0^\circ$

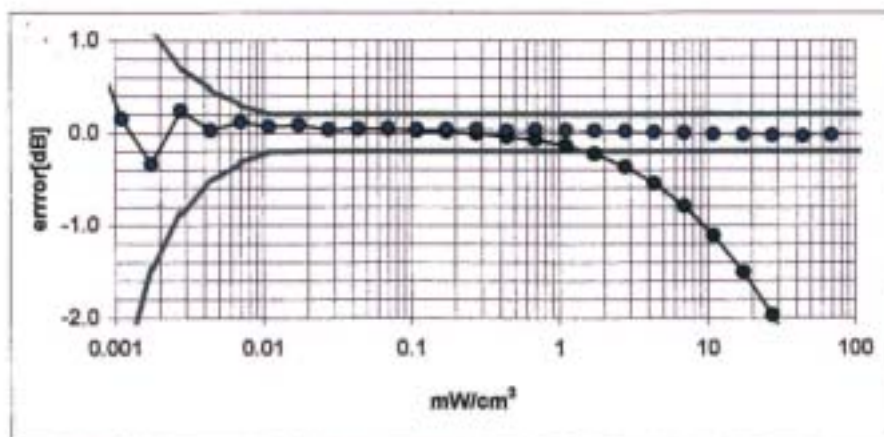
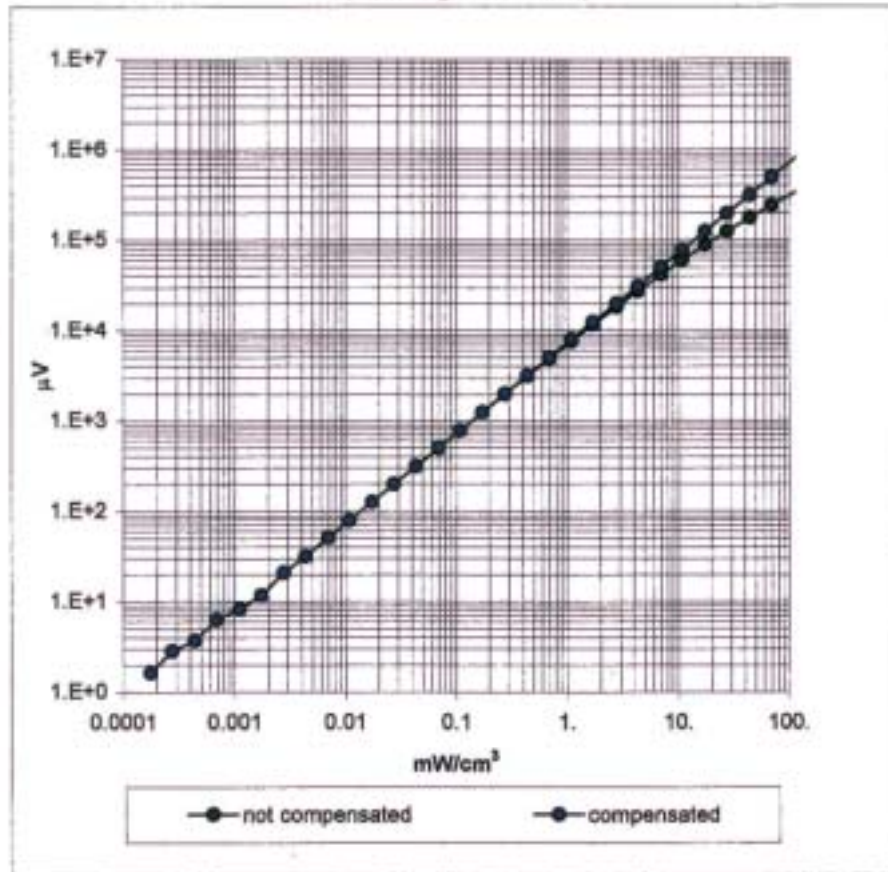


### Frequency Response of E-Field

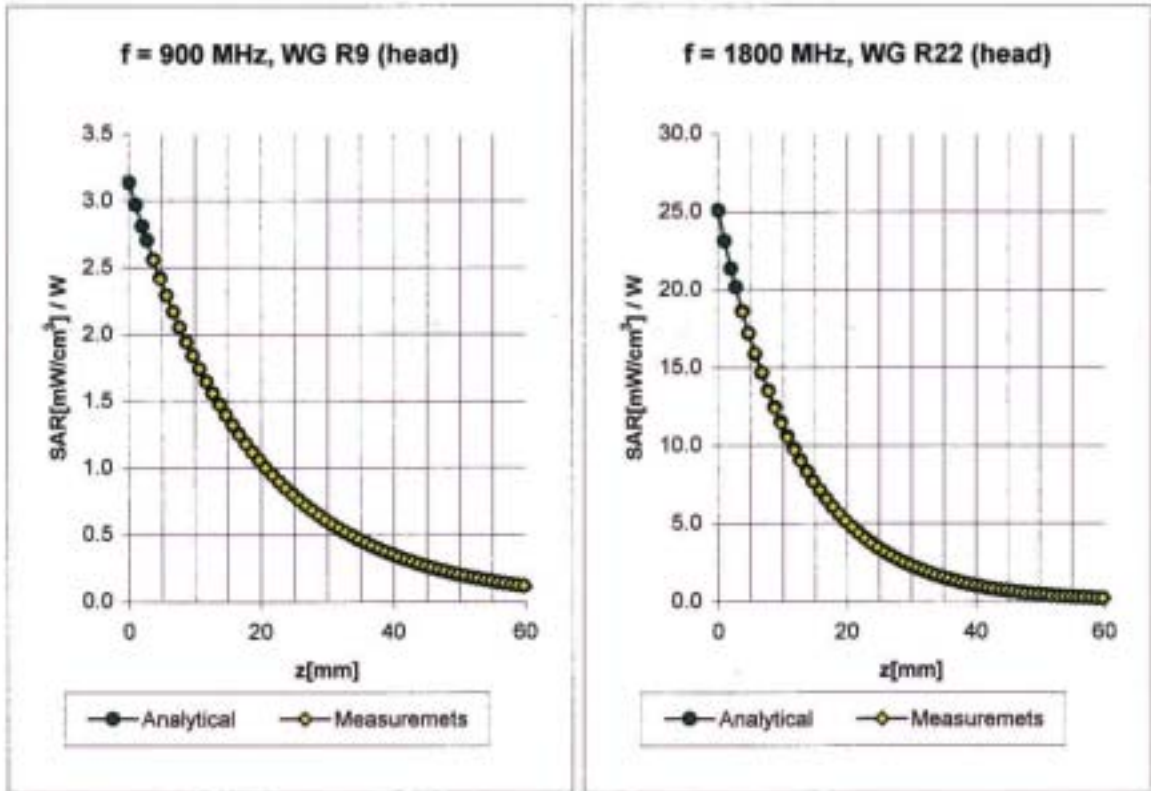
( TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>brain</sub>) ( Waveguide R22 )



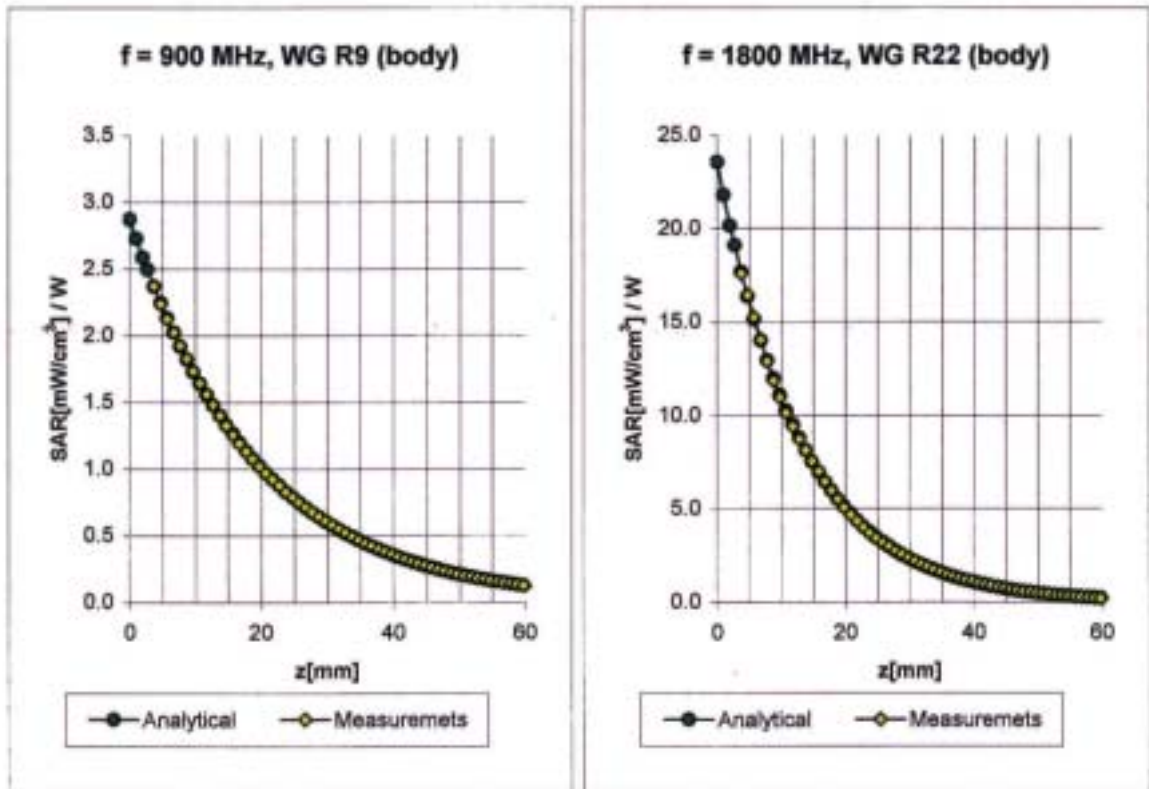
### Conversion Factor Assessment



Head	900 MHz	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
Head	835 MHz	$\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.90 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
	ConvF X	<b>6.7</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>6.7</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.67</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>6.7</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>1.74</b>
Head	1800 MHz	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
Head	1900 MHz	$\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m
	ConvF X	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.50</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>5.4</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>2.63</b>

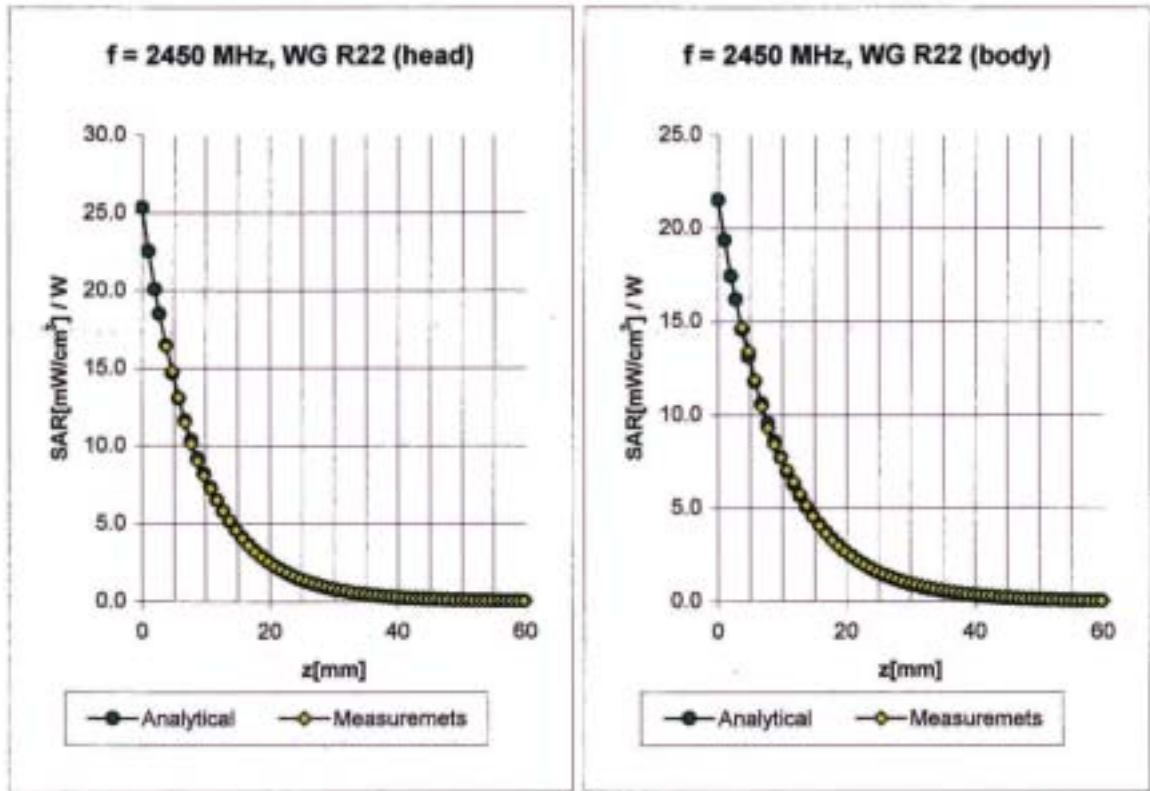


### Conversion Factor Assessment



<b>Body</b>	<b>900 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 55.0 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.05 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
<b>Body</b>	<b>835 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 55.2 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
	ConvF X	<b>6.5</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>6.5</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.43</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>6.5</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>2.34</b>
<b>Body</b>	<b>1800 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
<b>Body</b>	<b>1900 MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
	ConvF X	<b>5.0</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y	<b>5.0</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>0.57</b>
	ConvF Z	<b>5.0</b> $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>2.65</b>

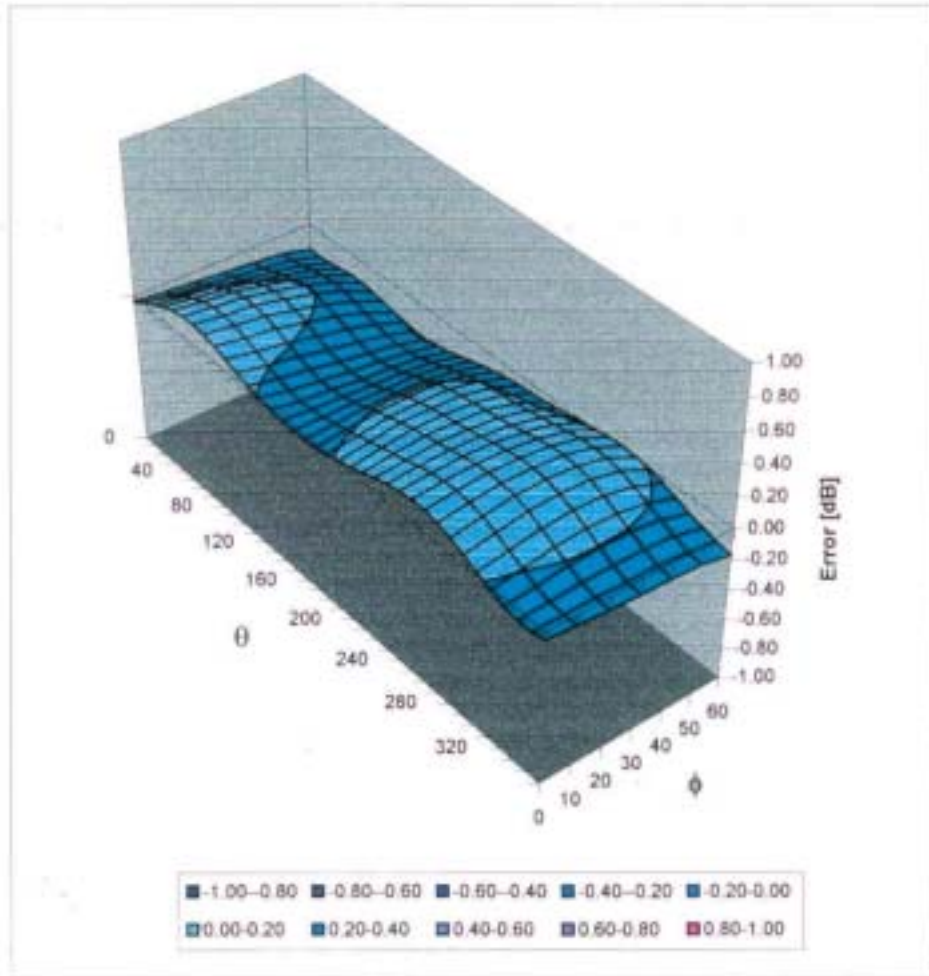
### Conversion Factor Assessment



<b>Head</b>	<b>2450</b>	<b>MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 39.2 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.80 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
	ConvF X		<b>5.1</b> $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y		<b>5.1</b> $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>1.32</b>
	ConvF Z		<b>5.1</b> $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>1.61</b>
<b>Body</b>	<b>2450</b>	<b>MHz</b>	$\epsilon_r = 52.7 \pm 5\%$	$\sigma = 1.95 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$
	ConvF X		<b>4.6</b> $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
	ConvF Y		<b>4.6</b> $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)	Alpha <b>1.39</b>
	ConvF Z		<b>4.6</b> $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)	Depth <b>1.60</b>

### Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ( $\theta, \phi$ ),  $f = 900$  MHz



Client **C&C (Auden)**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s) **D2450V2 - SN:728**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v2  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **March 5, 2003**



Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)**

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-2002	In house check: Mar-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02	Oct-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	30-Oct-02	Oct-03
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	30-Oct-02	Oct-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432426	3-May-00	In house check: May 03

	<b>Name</b>	<b>Function</b>	<b>Signature</b>
Calibrated by:	Nico Vetterli	Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	

Date issued: April 2, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

# DASY

## Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D2450V2

Serial: 728

Manufactured: January 9, 2003

Calibrated: March 5, 2003

## 1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 2450 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	<b>37.4</b>	$\pm 5\%$
Conductivity	<b>1.88 mho/m</b>	$\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ES3DV2 (SN:3013, Conversion factor 4.8 at 2450 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was  $250\text{mW} \pm 3\%$ . The results are normalized to 1W input power.

## 2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ES3DV2 SN:3013 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over $1\text{ cm}^3$ (1 g) of tissue:	<b>54.8 mW/g</b> $\pm 16.8\%$ $(k=2)^{\dagger}$
averaged over $10\text{ cm}^3$ (10 g) of tissue:	<b>24.2 mW/g</b> $\pm 16.2\%$ $(k=2)^{\dagger}$

---

<sup>†</sup> validation uncertainty

### 3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:	<b>1.153 ns</b>	(one direction)
Transmission factor:	<b>0.997</b>	(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 2450 MHz:	$\text{Re}\{Z\} = 53.7 \Omega$
	$\text{Im}\{Z\} = 3.8 \Omega$
Return Loss at 2450 MHz	<b>-25.9 dB</b>

### 4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

### 5. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Small end caps have been added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in Section 1. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

### 6. Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Date/Time: 03/05/03 12:24:05

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland  
File Name: SN728\_SN3013\_HSL2450\_050303.da4

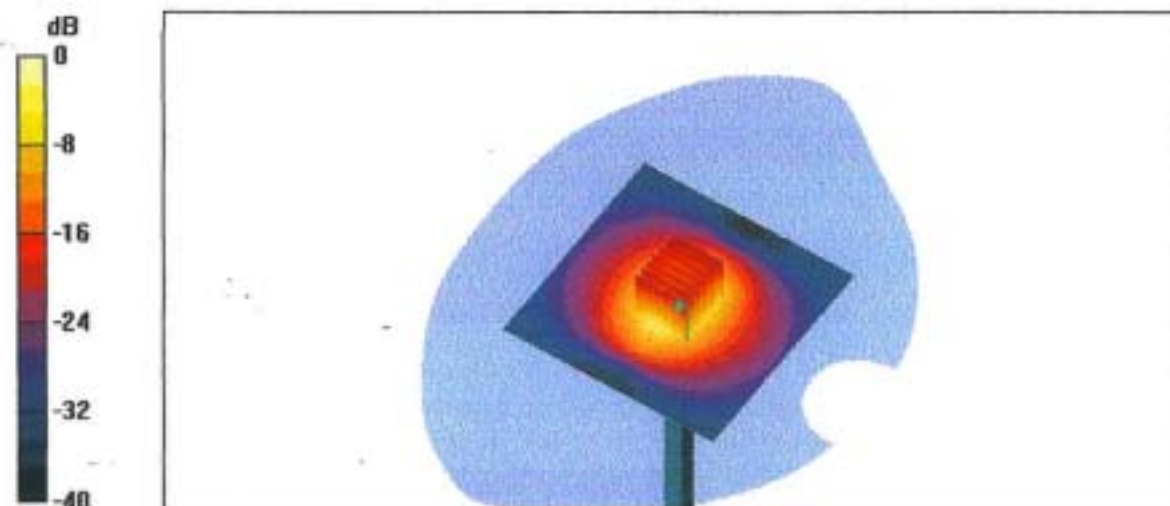
**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Serial: D2450V2 - SN728**  
**Program: Dipole Calibration**

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL 2450 MHz; ( $\sigma = 1.88$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 37.4$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3013; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 1/19/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP:1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 25; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 105

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm  
Reference Value = 91.6 V/m  
Peak SAR = 30.6 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.04 mW/g  
Power Drift = 0.02 dB





CH1 S11 1 U F9

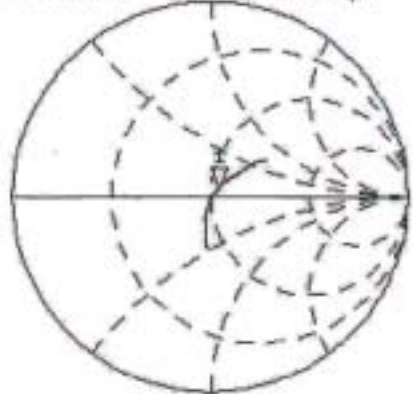
1: 53.662 a 3.8359 a 249.19 pH

5 Mar 2003 18:02:21

2 450.000 000 MHz

728  
Head

De1



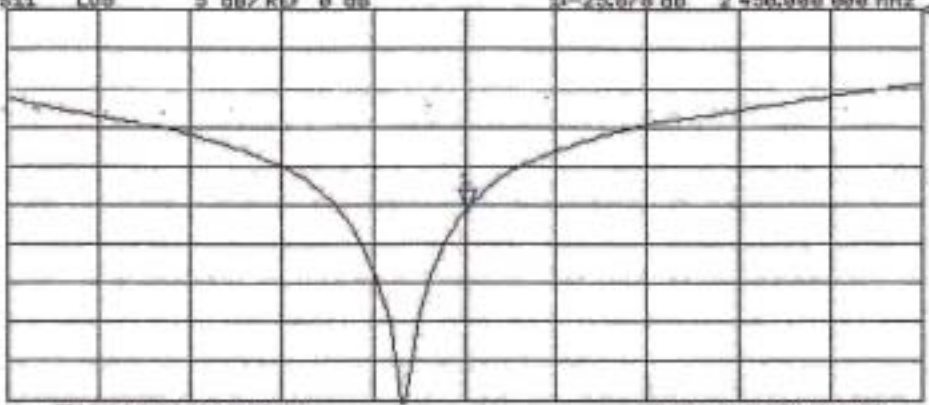
PRn  
Cor  
Avg  
16

CH2 S11 LOG

5 dB/REF 0 dB

1: -25.078 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz

PRn  
Cor



START 2 250.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 650.000 000 MHz

Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [2450-Dipole-1.da4](#)

## 2450-Dipole-1

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:728**  
**Program: System Performance Check at 2450MHz**

Communication System: CW2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.795$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 38.66$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Air Temperature 25.8 deg C ; Liquid Temperature 25.4 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)  
Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**Pin=250mW,d=10mm/Area Scan (5x5x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 91.9 V/m

Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 13.7 mW/g

**Pin=250mW,d=10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.28 mW/g

Reference Value = 91.9 V/m

Power Drift = 0.2 dB

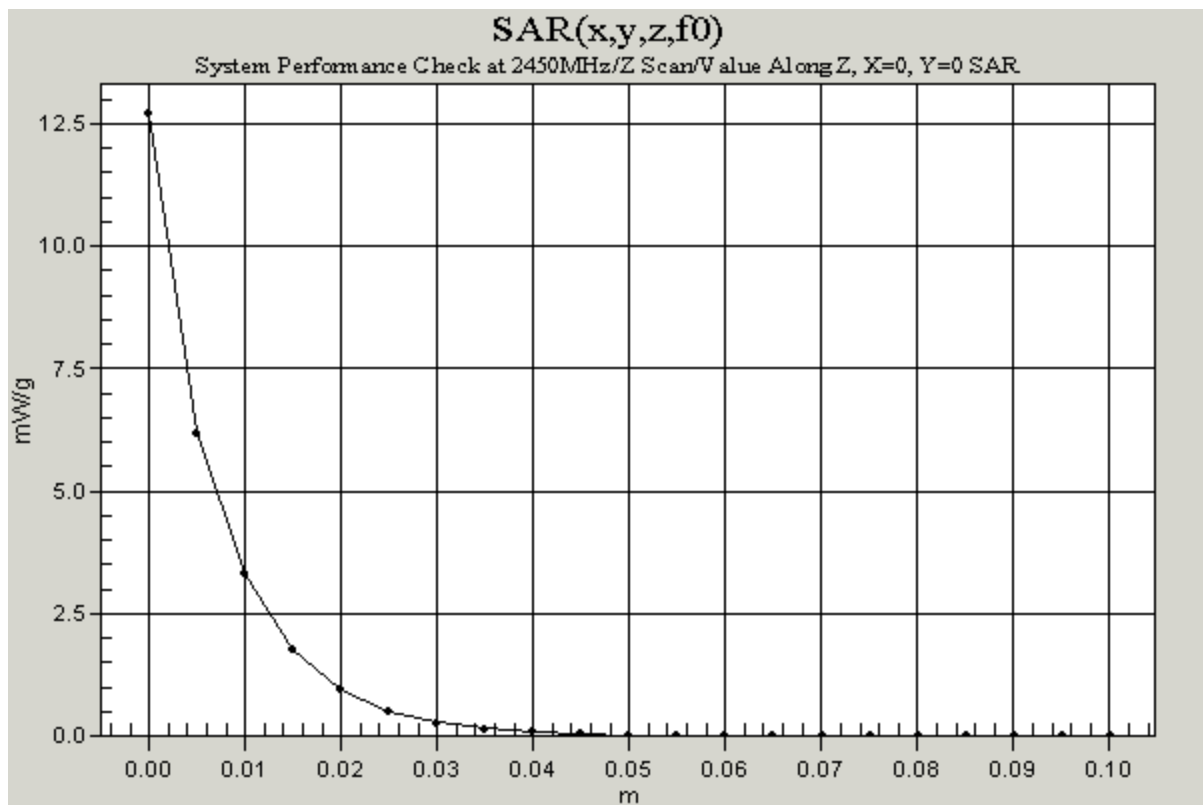
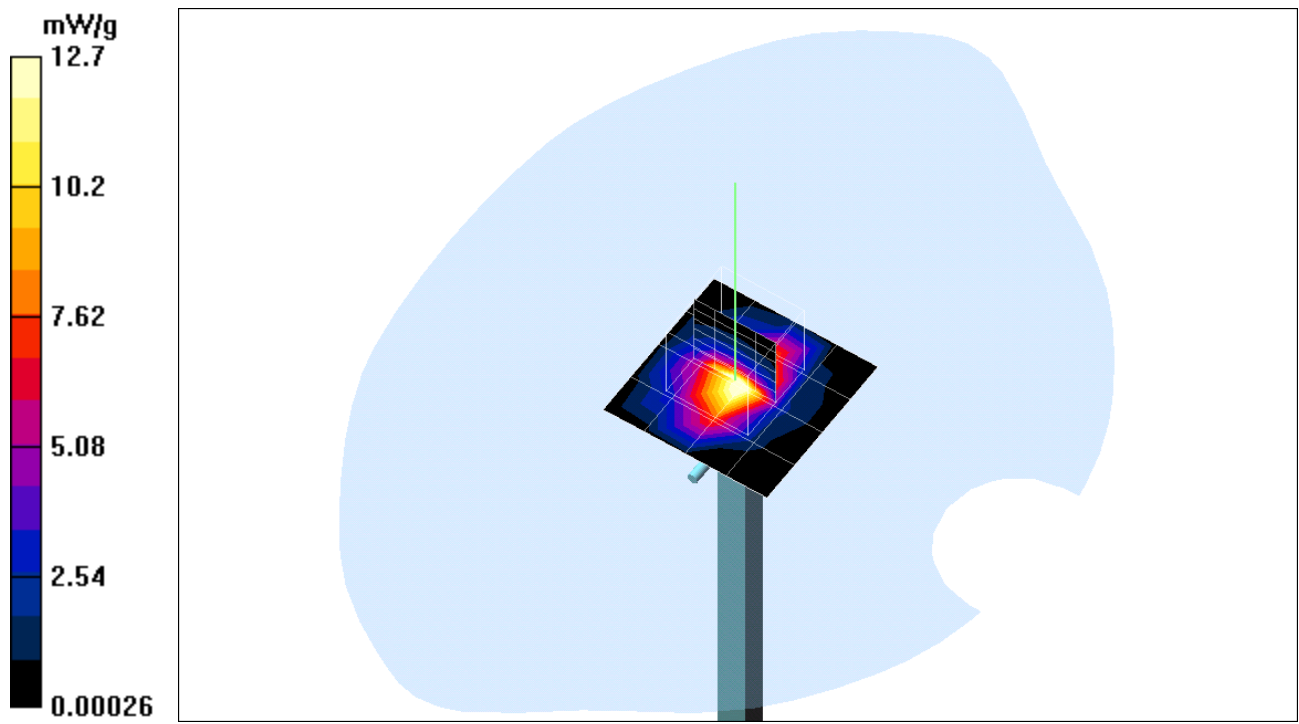
Maximum value of SAR = 15.2 mW/g

**Pin=250mW,d=10mm/Z Scan (1x1x21):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.9 V/m

Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 12.7 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [2450-Dipole-1.da4](#)

## 2450-Dipole-1

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:728**  
**Program: System Performance Check at 2450MHz**

Communication System: CW2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.76$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 38.62$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Air Temperature 26.0 deg C ; Liquid temperature 25.4 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)  
Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1271
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**Pin=250mW,d=10mm/Area Scan (5x5x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 96.5 V/m

Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 14.7 mW/g

**Pin=250mW,d=10mm/Z Scan (1x1x21):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.5 V/m

Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 11.8 mW/g

**Pin=250mW,d=10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

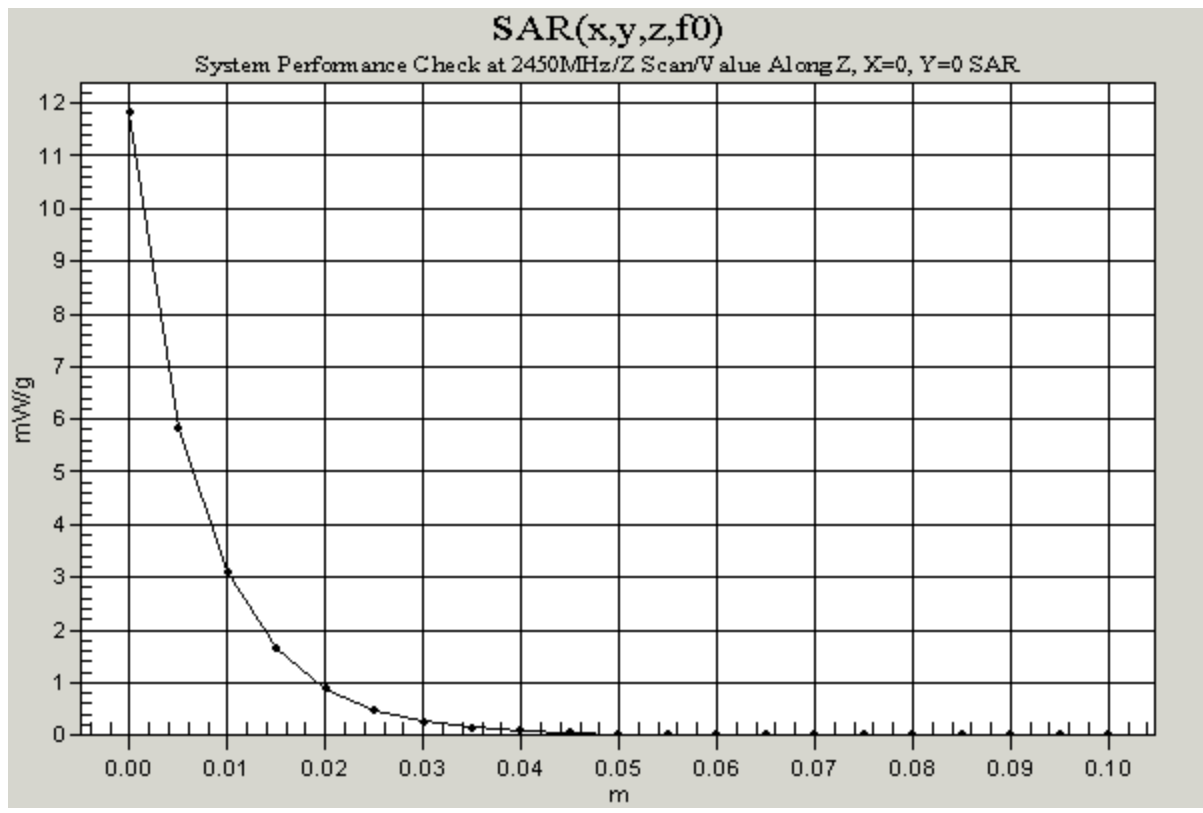
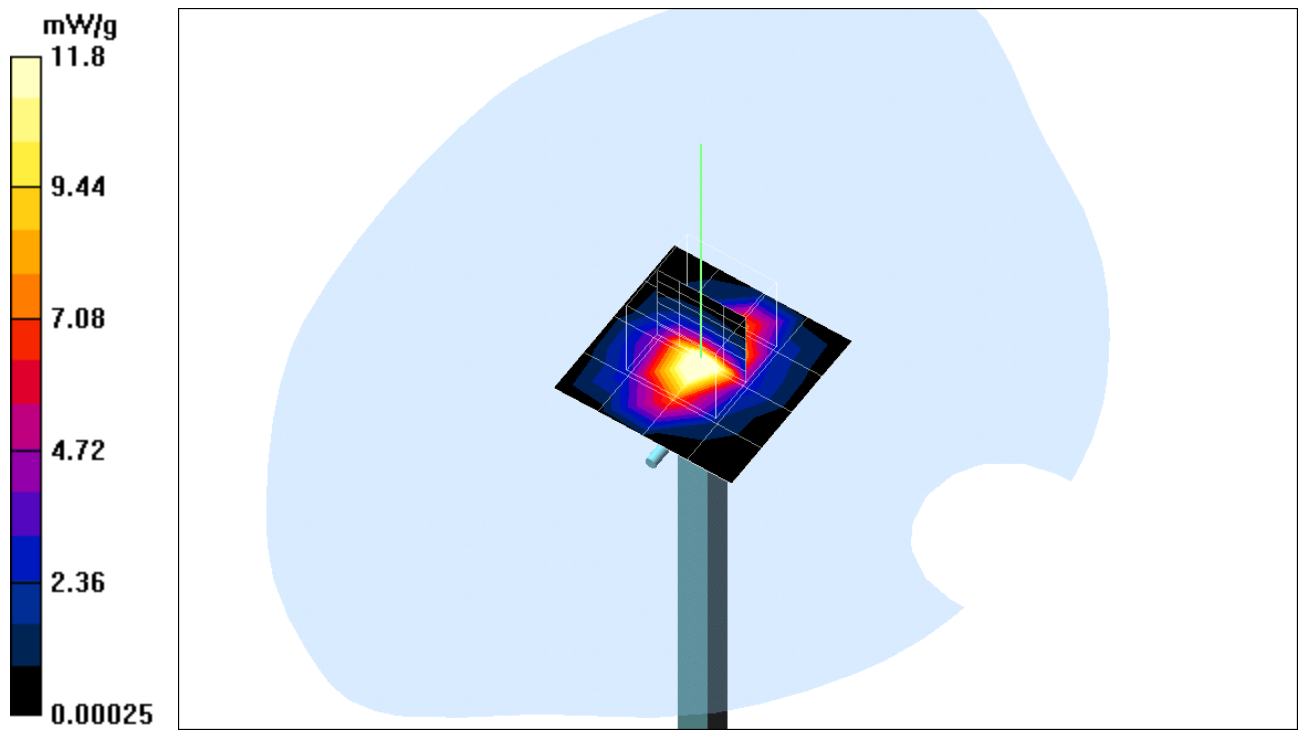
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.19 mW/g

Reference Value = 96.5 V/m

Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 14.8 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [D2450V2 SN 728.da4](#)

## D2450V2 SN 728

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 728**  
**Program: System Performance Check at 2450MHz**

Communication System: CW2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.825$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 38.1595$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Air Temperature: 26.0 deg C; Liquid Temperature: 24.8 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)  
Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1271
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**Pin=250mW,d=10mm/Area Scan (6x6x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 96.8 V/m

Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 9.98 mW/g

**Pin=250mW,d=10mm/Z Scan (1x1x21):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.8 V/m

Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 12.8 mW/g

**Pin=250mW,d=10mm/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

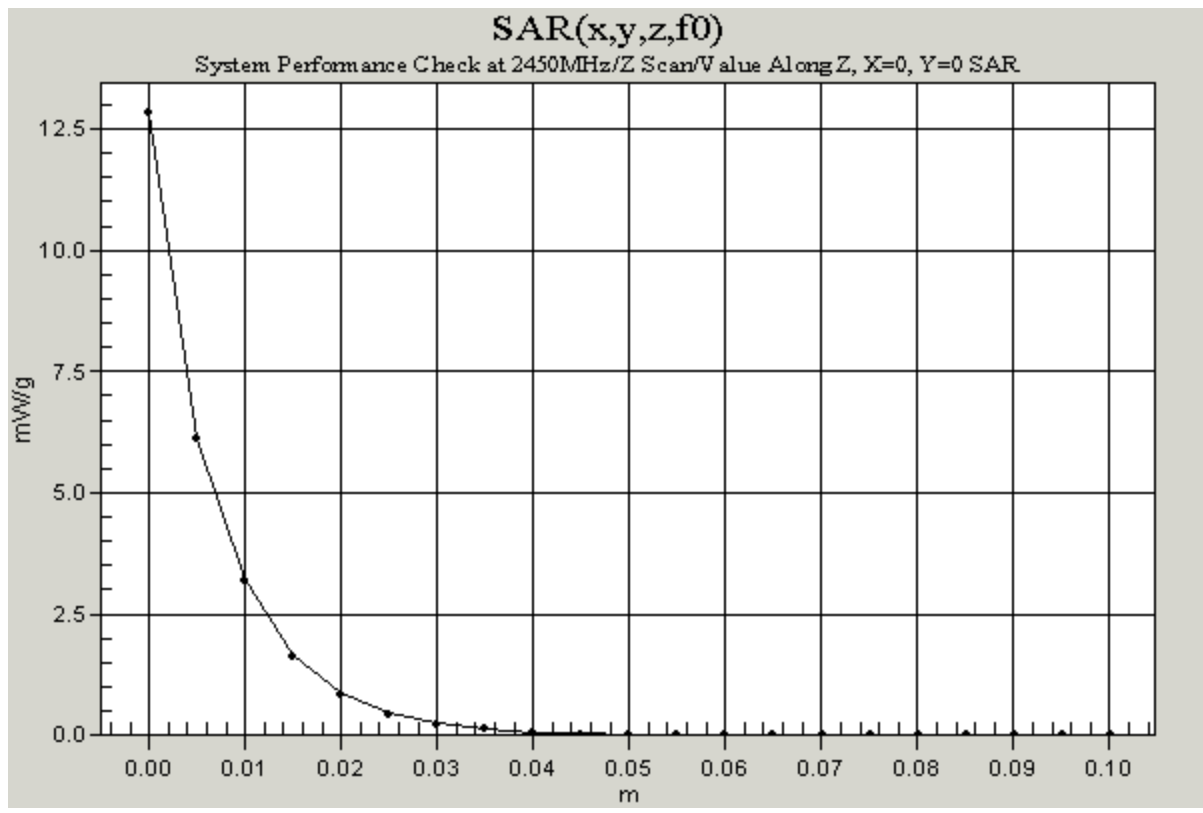
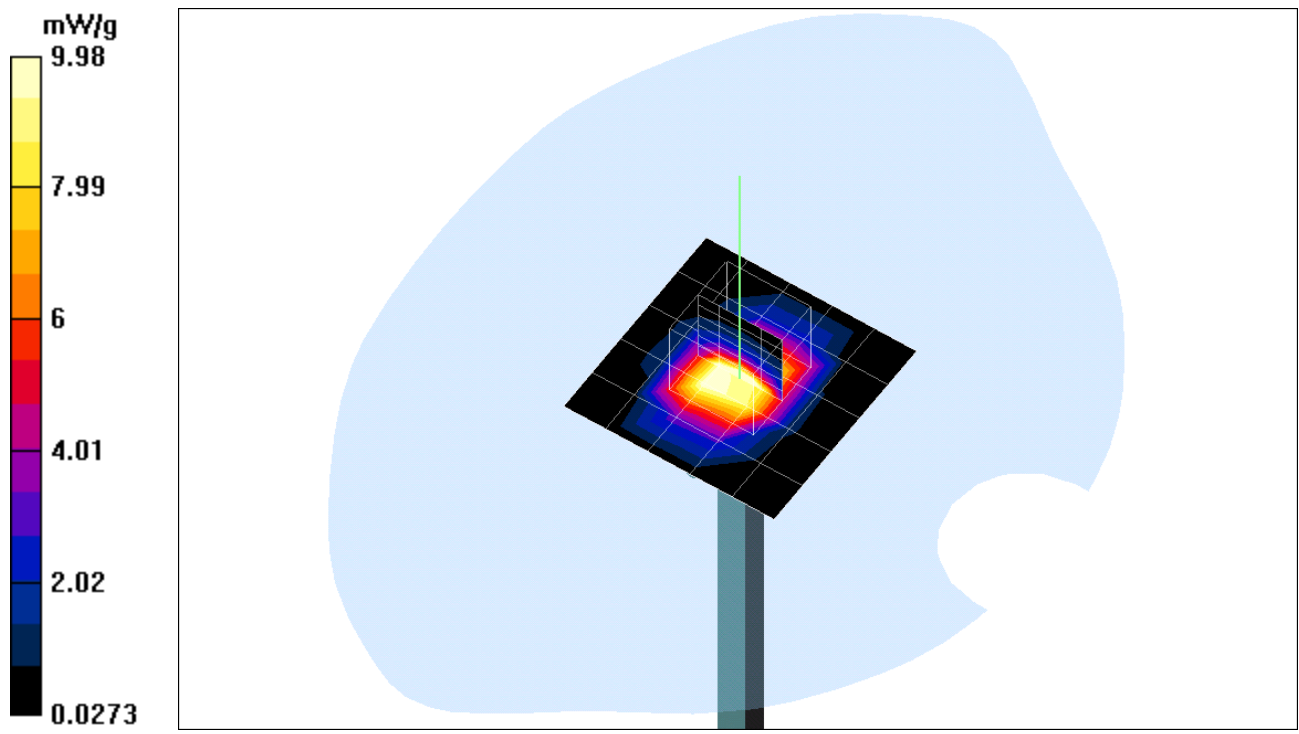
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.32 mW/g

Reference Value = 96.8 V/m

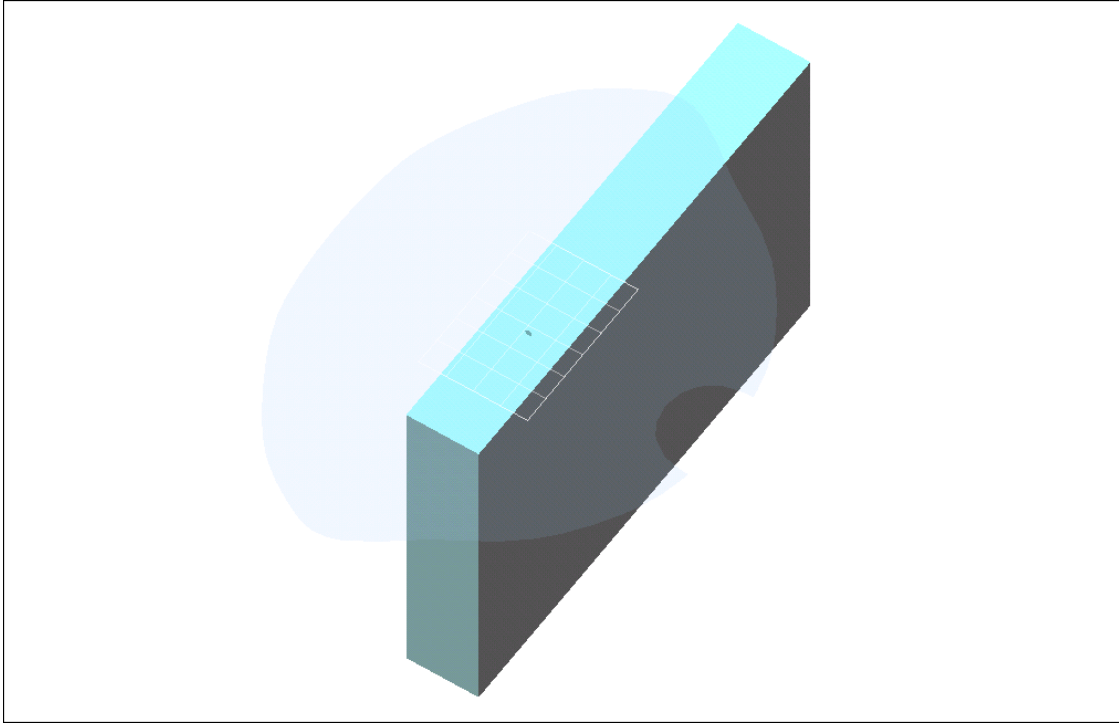
Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 15.2 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

# EUT SETUP CONFIGURATION 1





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [0mm.da4](#)

## **0mm ch6 rate=1mbs**

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: 0mm**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.96$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 51.25$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Air Temperature 25.8 deg C ; liquid Temperature 25.4 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1271
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**CH 6 rate=1/Area Scan (5x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 7.38 V/m

Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.169 mW/g

**CH 6 rate=1/Z Scan (1x1x21):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.38 V/m

Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.14 mW/g

**CH 6 rate=1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

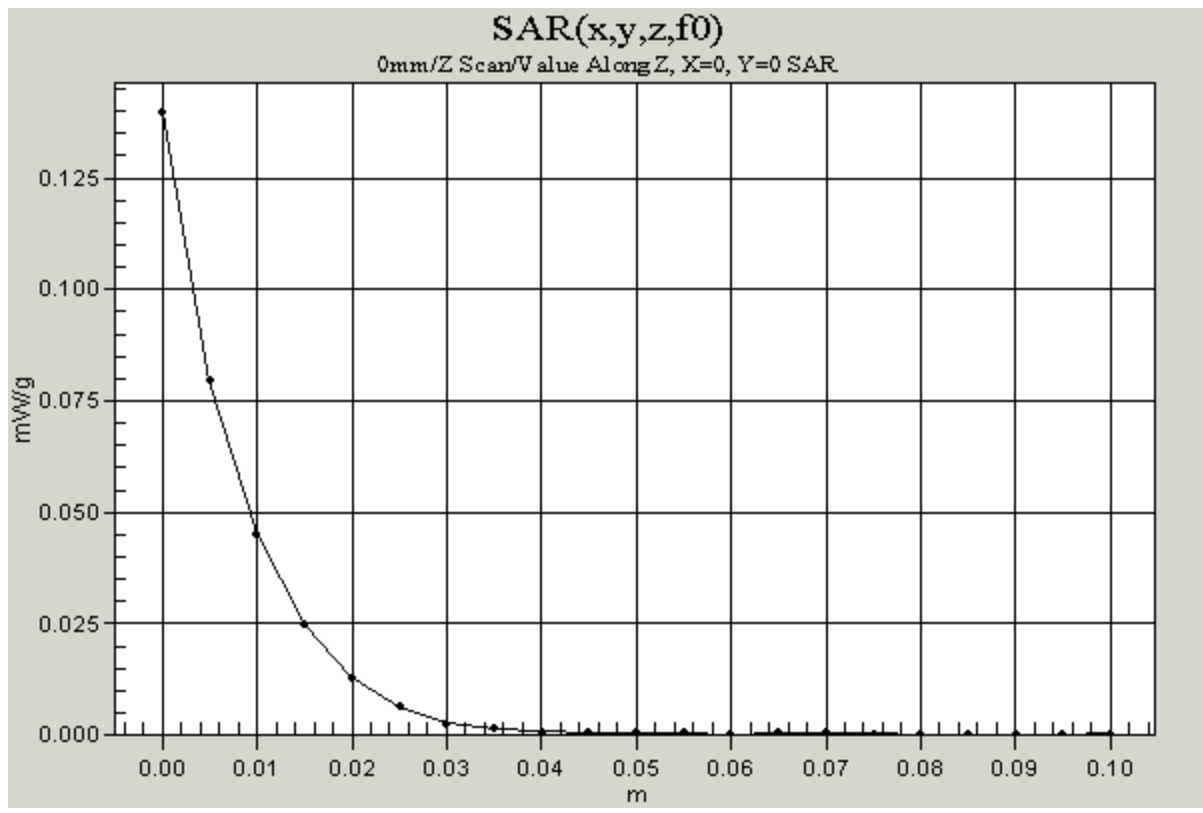
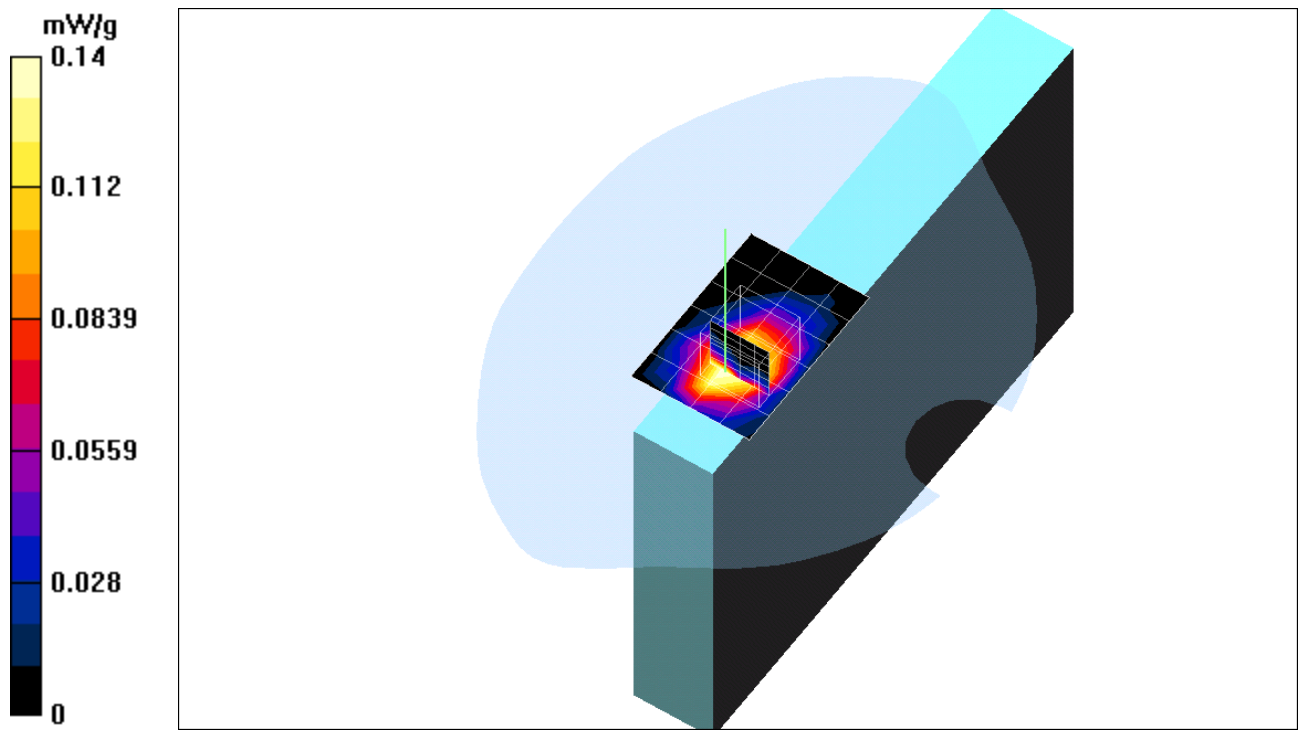
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.372 W/kg

[SAR\(1 g\) = 0.16 mW/g](#); [SAR\(10 g\) = 0.0713 mW/g](#)

Reference Value = 7.38 V/m

Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.172 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [0mm.da4](#)

**0mm ch6 rate=2mbs**

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: 0mm**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.96$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 51.25$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Air Temperature 25.8 deg C ; liquid Temperature 25.4 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1271
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**CH 6 rate=2/Area Scan (6x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 7.92 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.162 mW/g

**CH 6 rate=2/Z Scan (1x1x21):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.92 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.135 mW/g

**CH 6 rate=2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

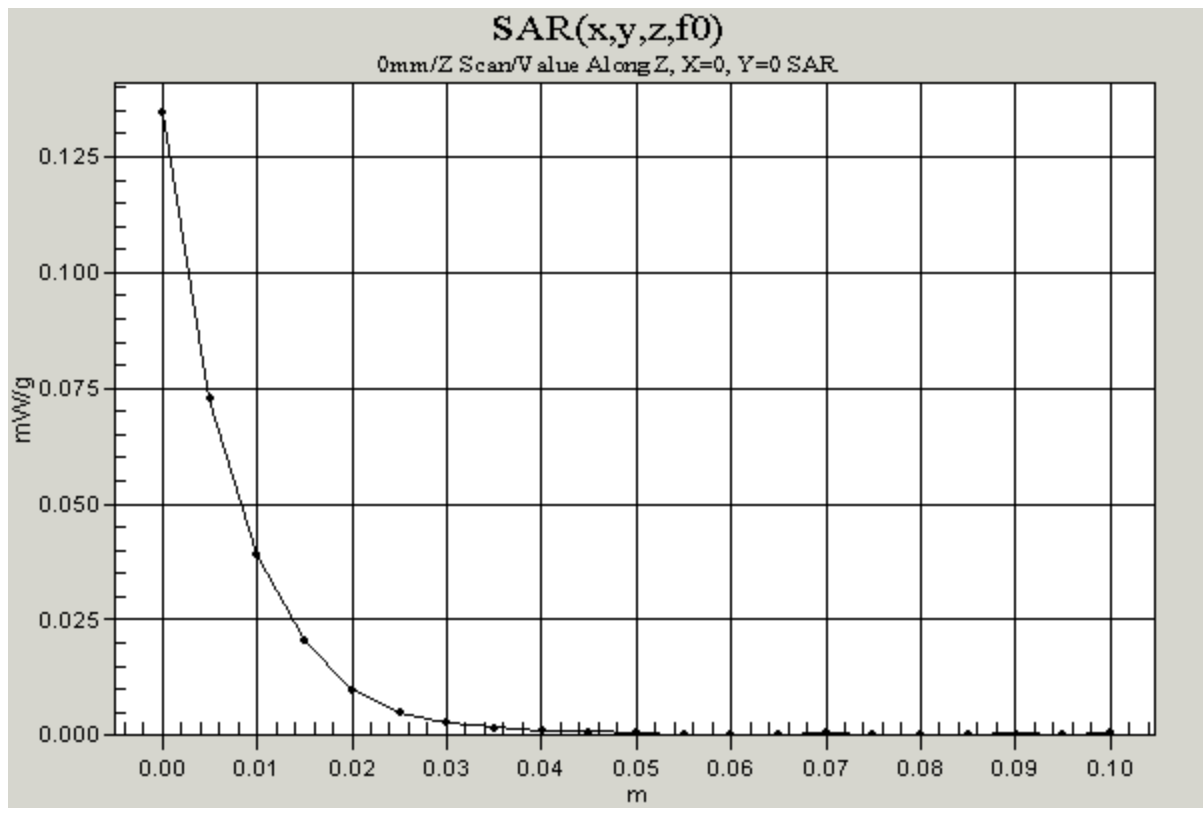
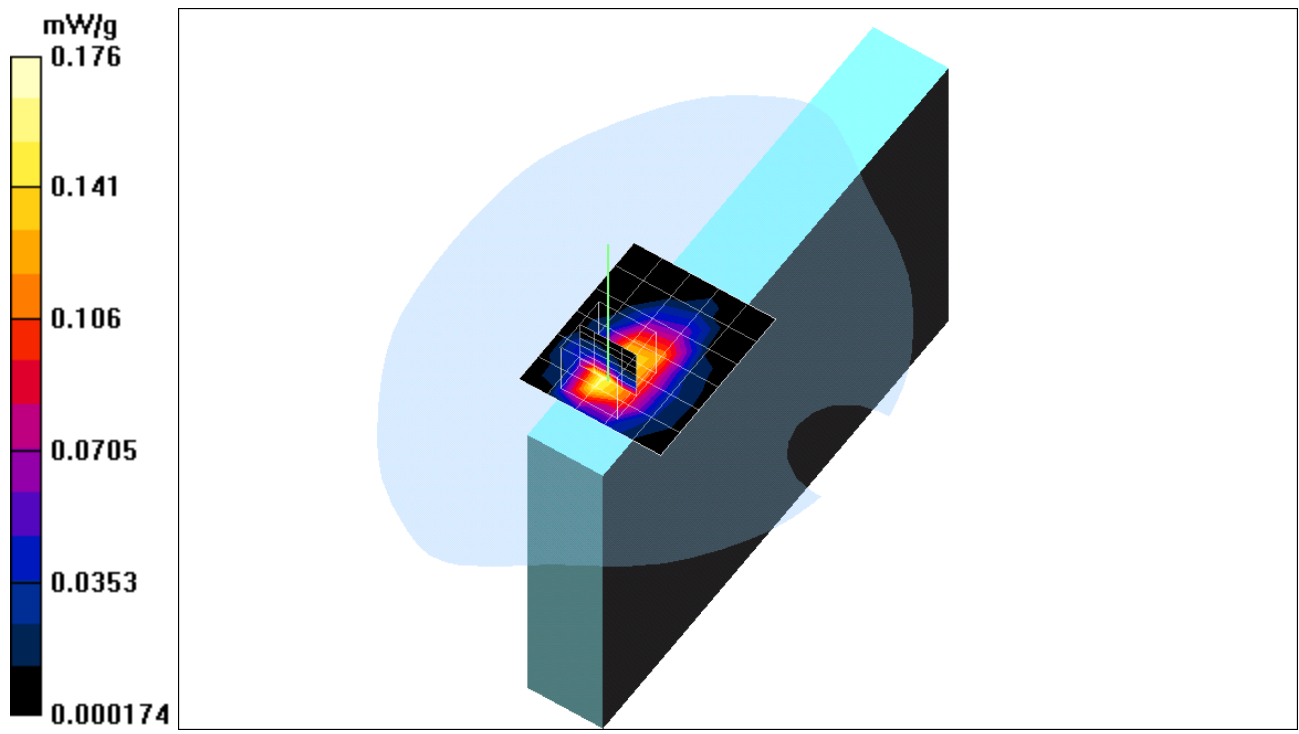
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.437 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.172 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0822 mW/g

Reference Value = 7.92 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.176 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [0mm.da4](#)

### **0mm ch6 rate=5.5mbs**

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: 0mm**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.96$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 51.25$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Air Temperature 25.8 deg C ; liquid Temperature 25.4 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1271
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**CH 6 rate=5.5/Area Scan (5x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 7.85 V/m

Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.173 mW/g

**CH 6 rate=5.5/Z Scan (1x1x21):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.85 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.127 mW/g

**CH 6 rate=5.5/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

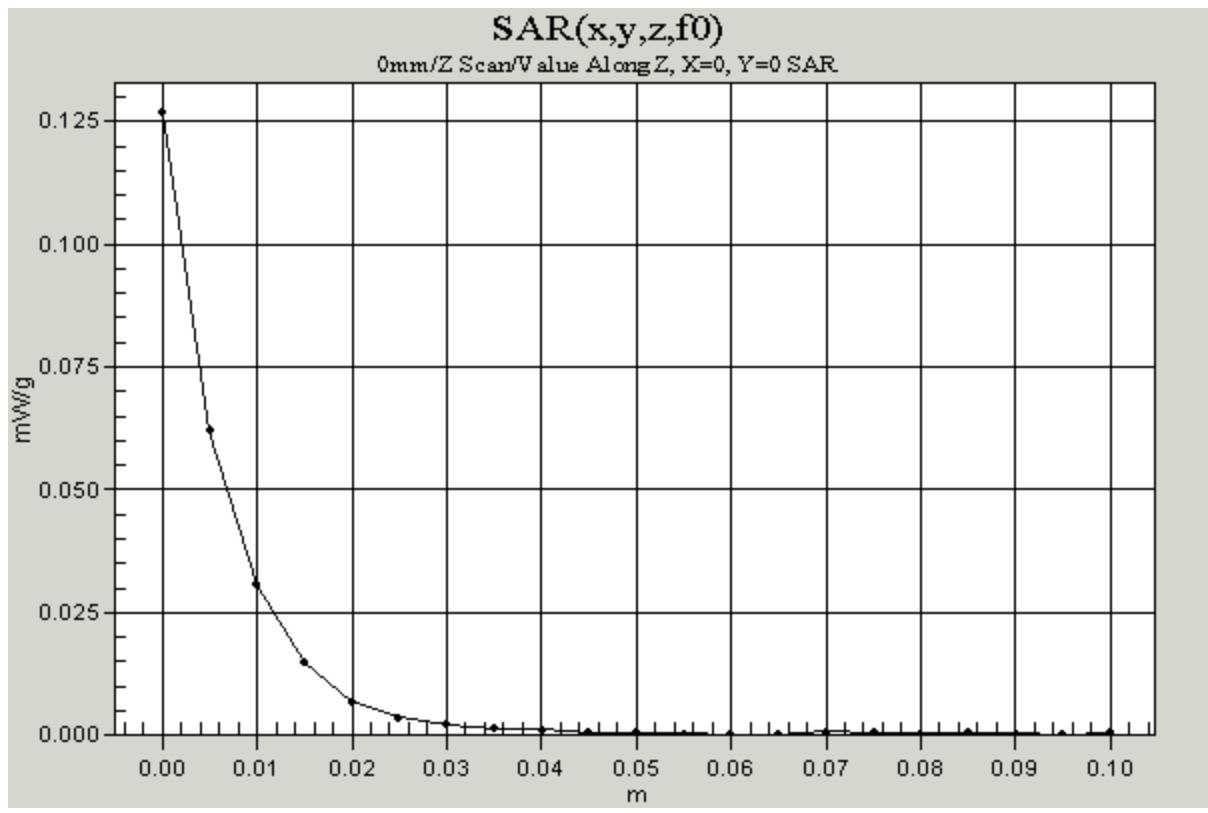
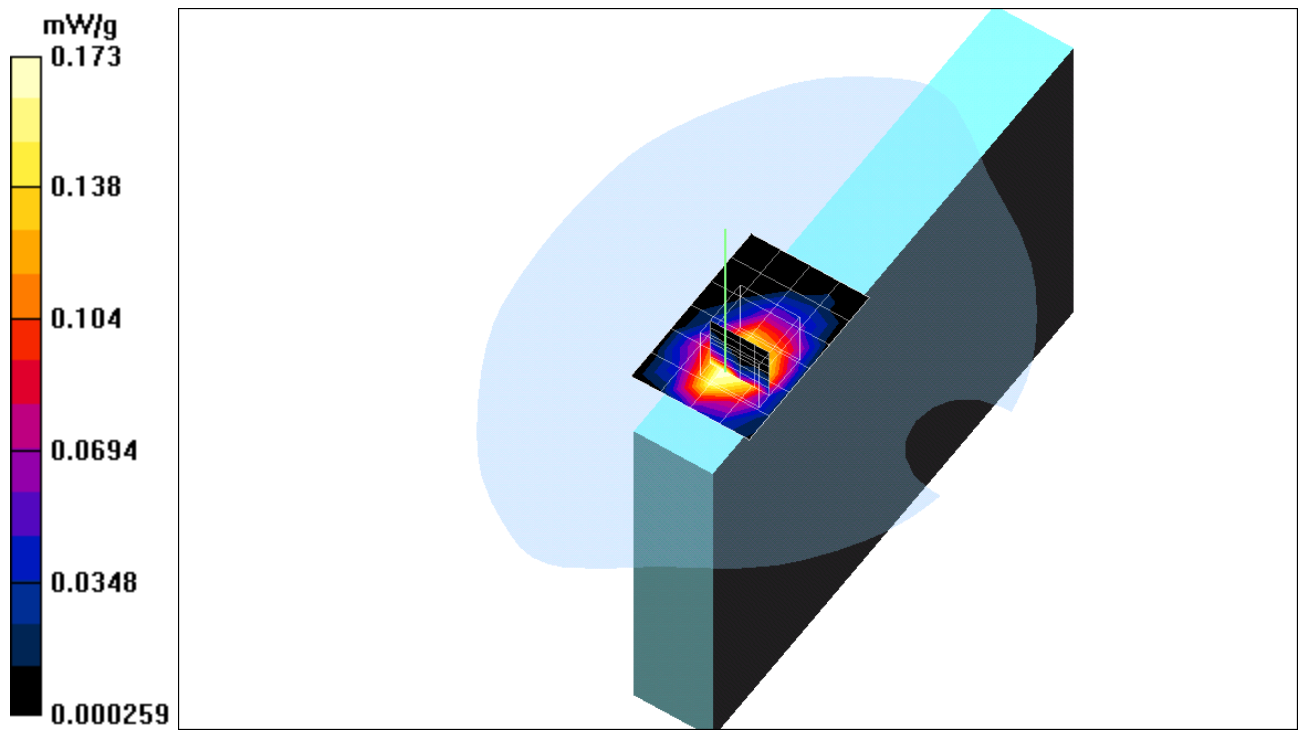
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.391 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.166 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0764 mW/g

Reference Value = 7.85 V/m

Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.173 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [0mm.da4](#)

**0mm ch1 rate=11mbs**

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: 0mm**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.96$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 51.25$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Air Temperature 25.8 deg C ; liquid Temperature 25.4 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1271
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**CH 1 rate=11/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 8.65 V/m

Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.193 mW/g

**CH 1 rate=11/Z Scan (1x1x21):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.65 V/m

Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.143 mW/g

**CH 1 rate=11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

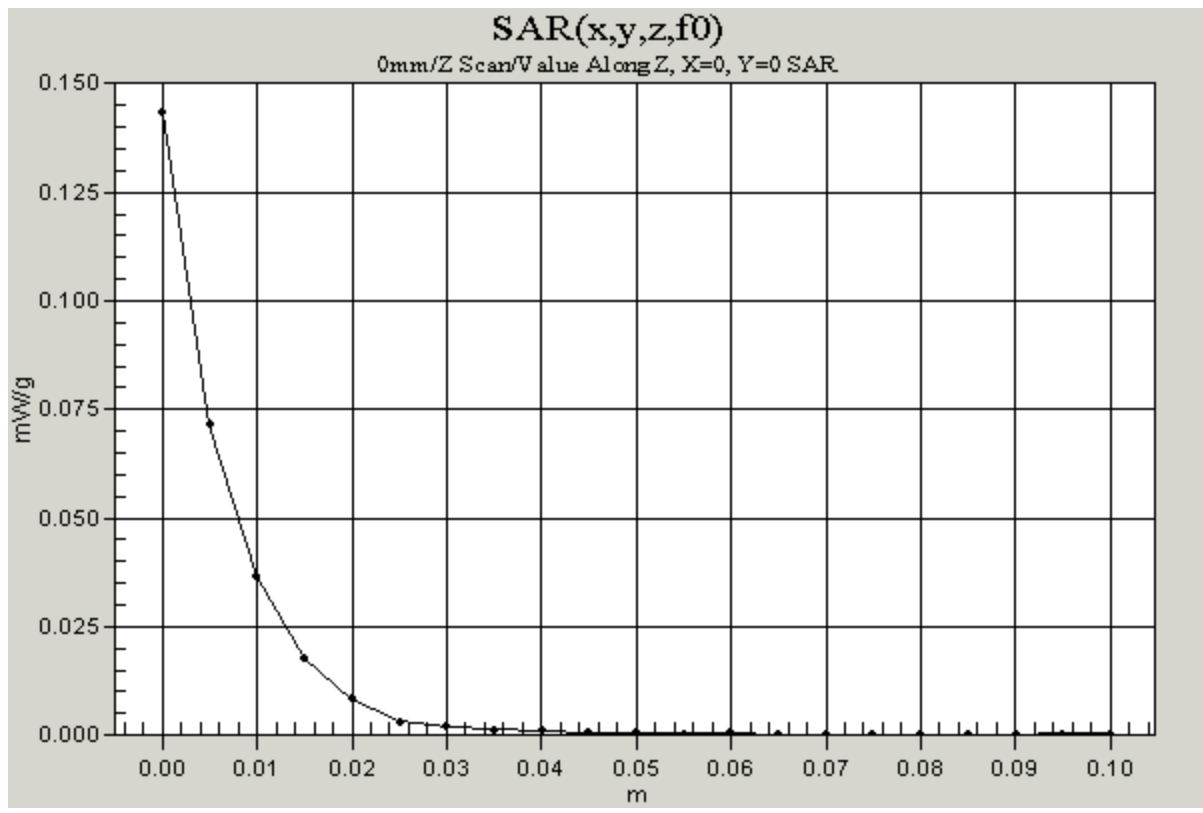
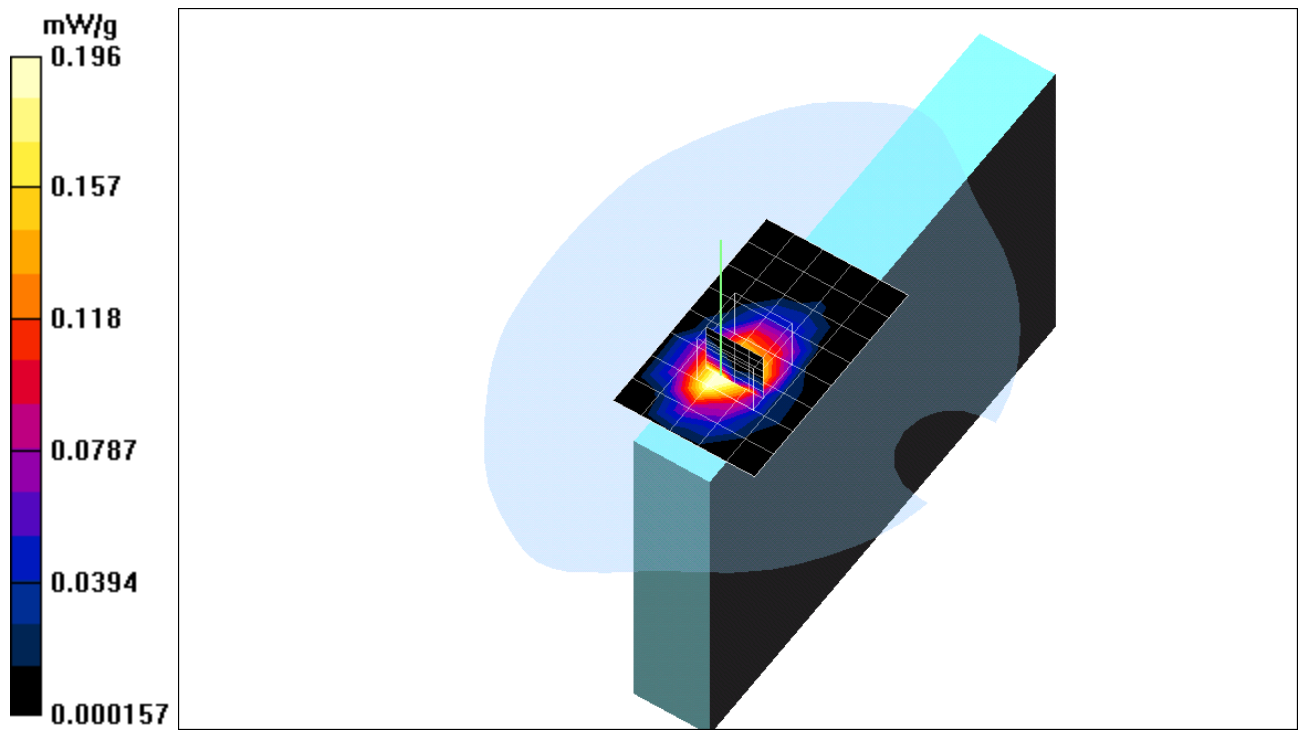
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.449 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.19 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0888 mW/g

Reference Value = 8.65 V/m

Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.196 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [0mm.da4](#)

**0mm ch6 rate=11mbs**

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: 0mm**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.96$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 51.25$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1271
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**CH 6 rate=11/Area Scan (6x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 7.78 V/m

Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.16 mW/g

**CH 6 rate=11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.425 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.173 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0819 mW/g

Reference Value = 7.78 V/m

Power Drift = -0.04 dB

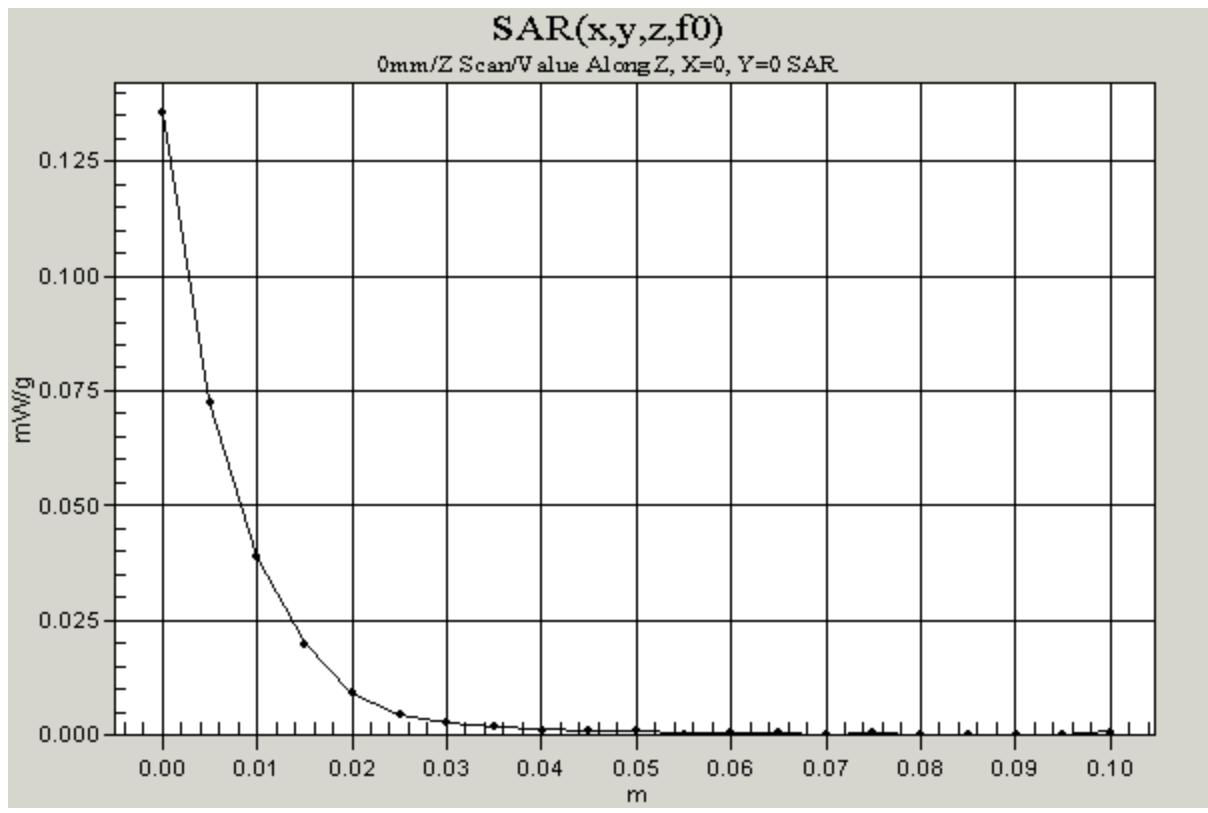
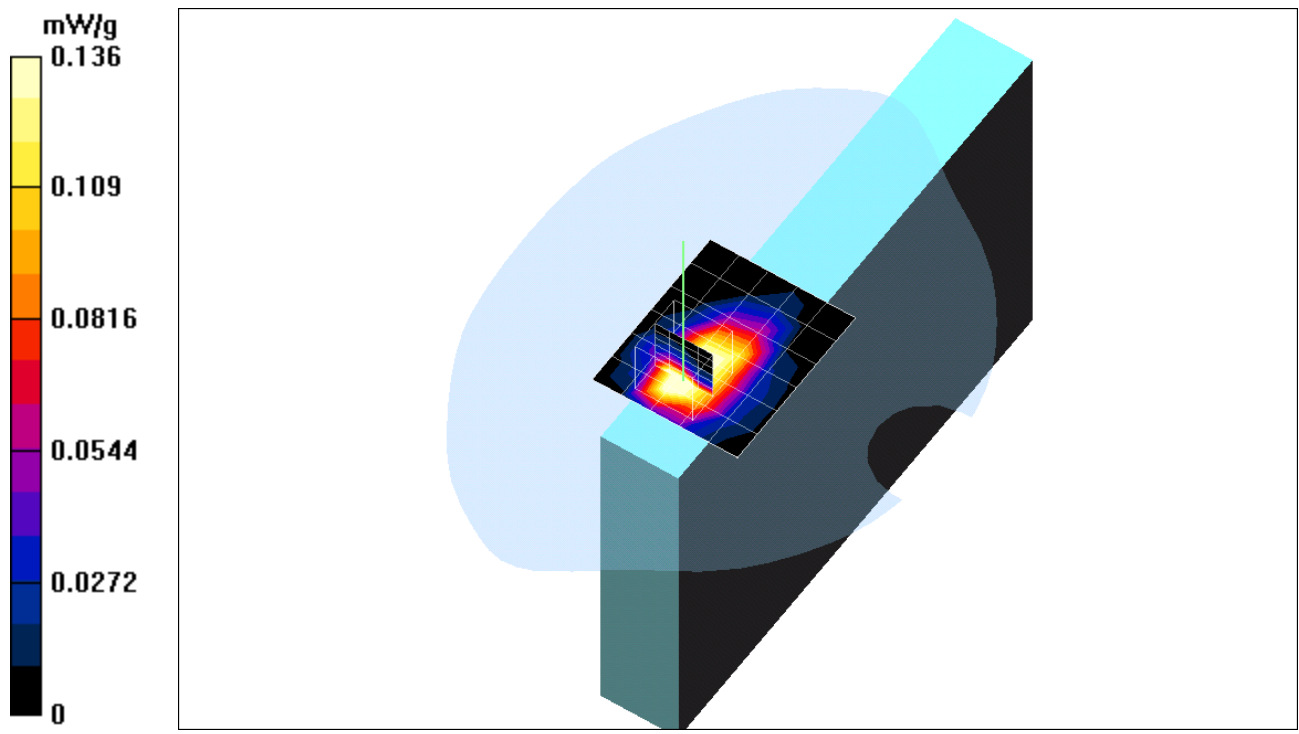
Maximum value of SAR = 0.177 mW/g

**CH 6 rate=11/Z Scan (1x1x21):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.78 V/m

Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.136 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [0mm.da4](#)

**0mm ch11 rate=11mbs**

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: 0mm**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.96$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 51.25$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Air Temperature 25.8 deg C ; liquid Temperature 25.4 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1271
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**CH 11 rate=11/Area Scan (5x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 7.79 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.138 mW/g

**CH 11 rate=11/Z Scan (1x1x21):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.79 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.0899 mW/g

**CH 11 rate=11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.373 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.128 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0599 mW/g

Reference Value = 7.79 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.152 mW/g

**CH 11 rate=11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

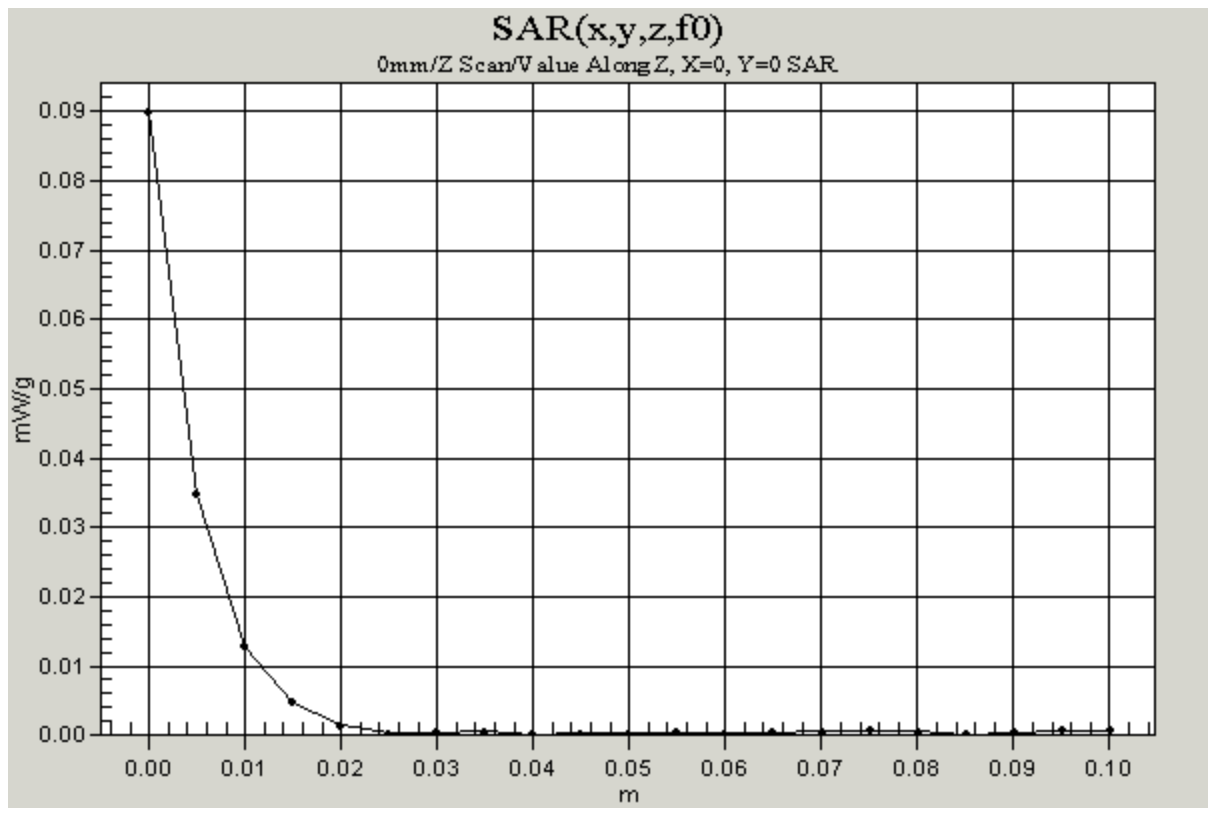
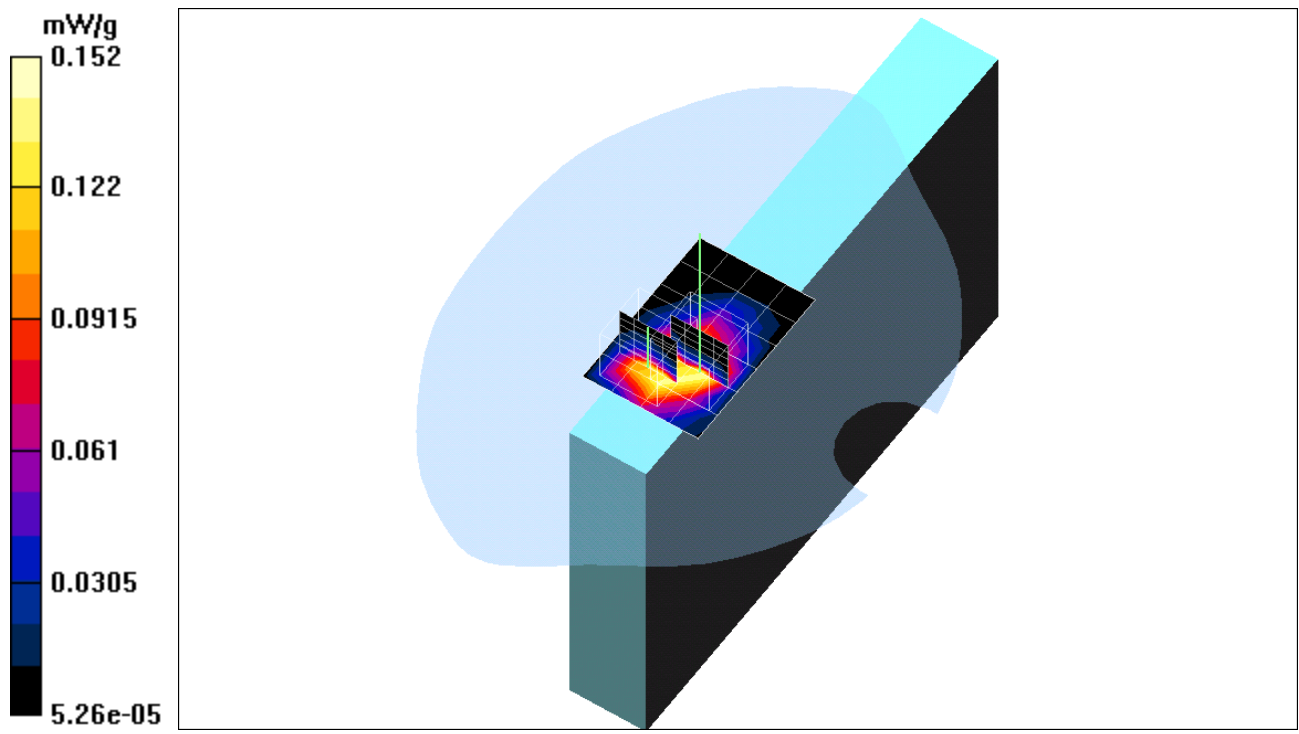
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.307 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.145 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0725 mW/g

Reference Value = 7.79 V/m

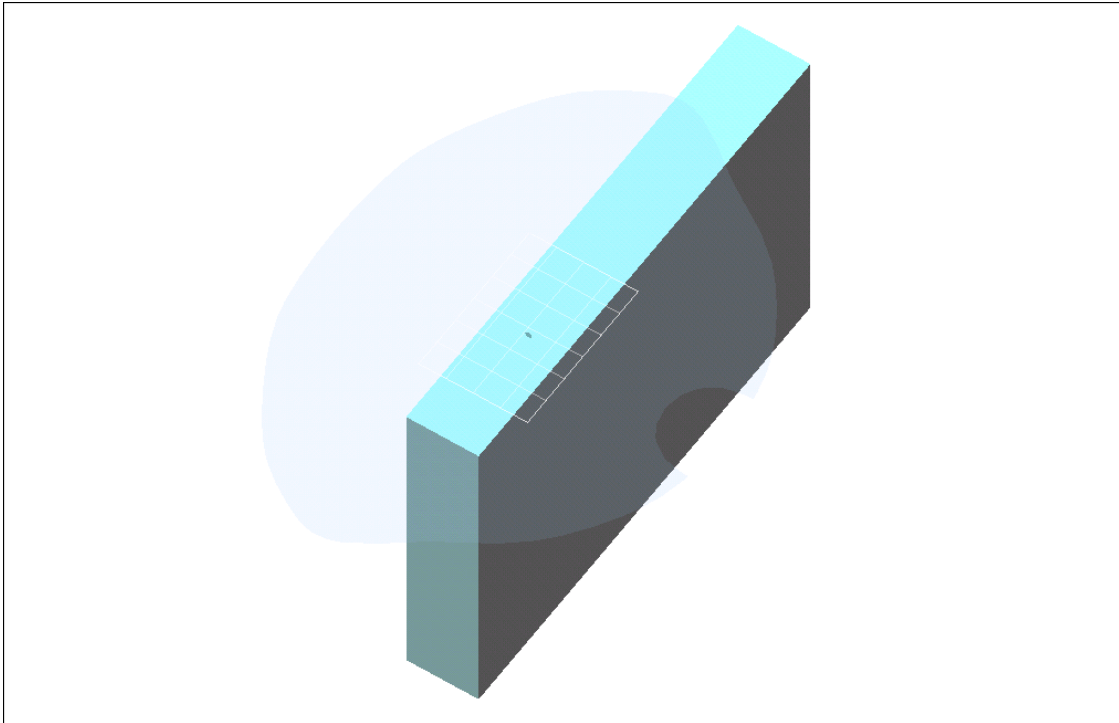
Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.149 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.

# EUT SETUP CONFIGURATION 2



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [15mm.da4](#)

## 15mm ch1 rate=11mbs

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: 15mm**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.96$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 51.25$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Air Temperature 25.8 deg C ; liquid Temperature 25.4 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1271
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**CH 1/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 4.6 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.0412 mW/g

**CH 1/Z Scan (1x1x21):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.6 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.0305 mW/g

**CH 1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

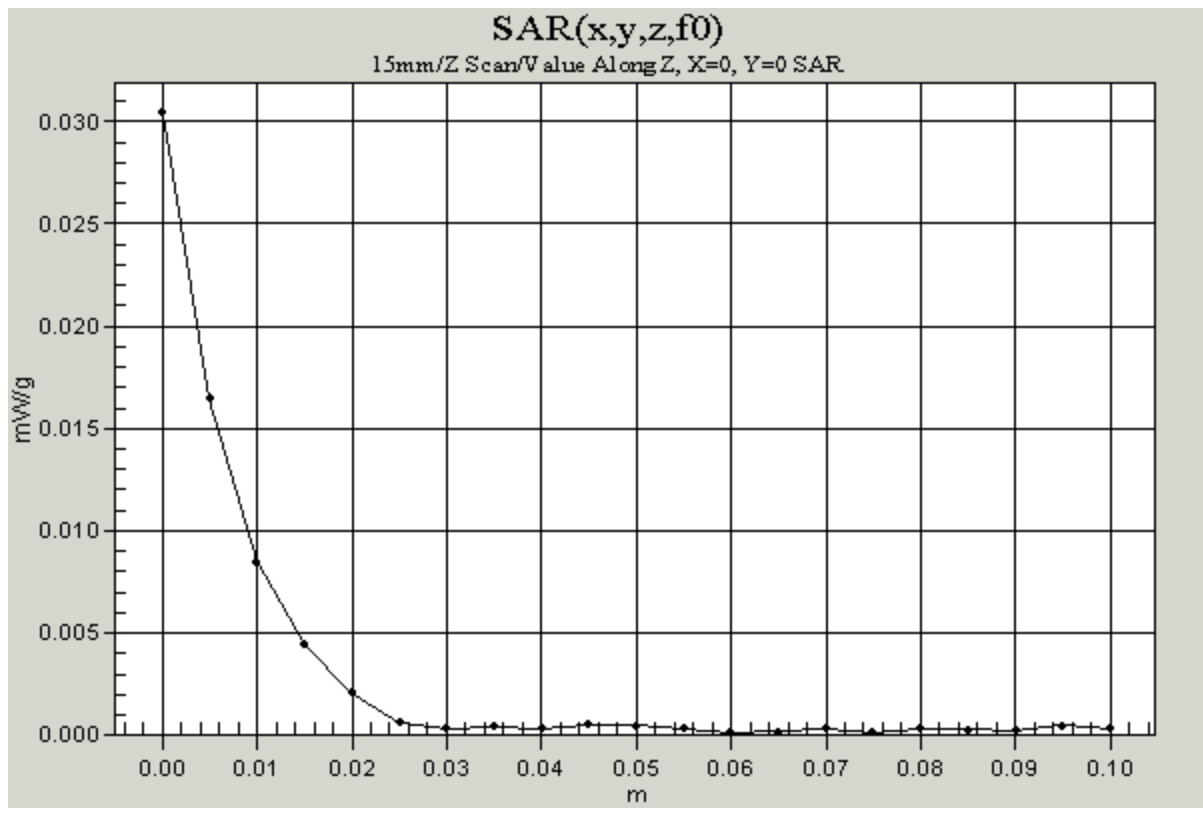
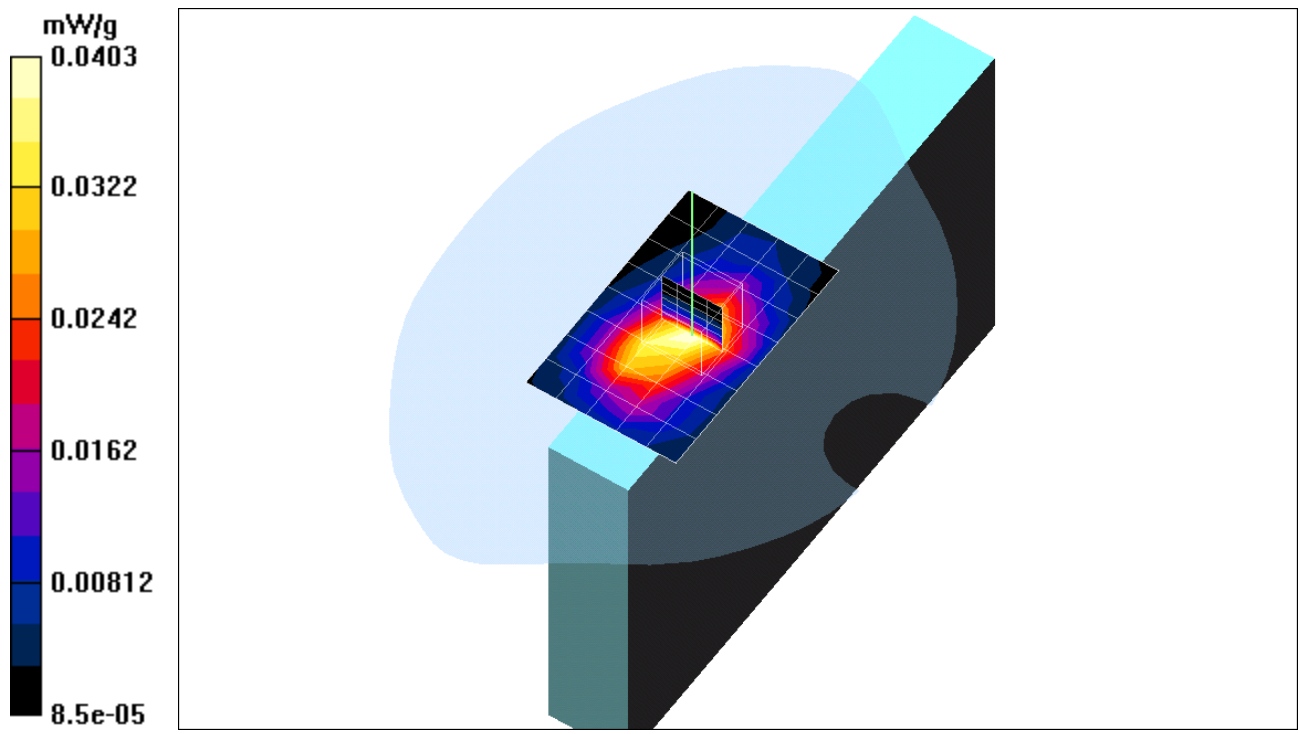
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0818 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = **0.0393** mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g

Reference Value = 4.6 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.0403 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [15mm.da4](#)

## 15mm ch6 rate=11mbs

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: 15mm**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.96$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 51.25$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Air Temperature 25.8 deg C ; liquid Temperature 25.4 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1271
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**CH 6/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 3.97 V/m

Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.0316 mW/g

**CH 6/Z Scan (1x1x21):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.97 V/m

Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.0232 mW/g

**CH 6/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0624 W/kg

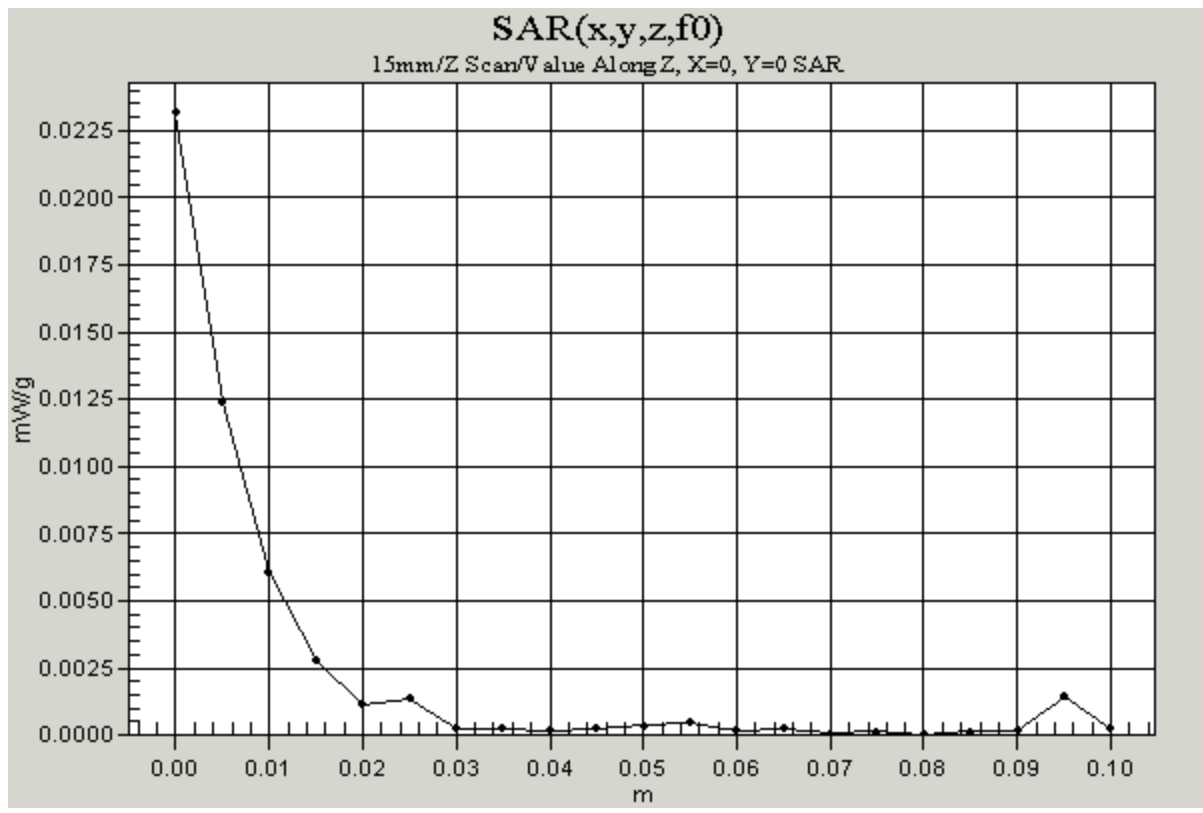
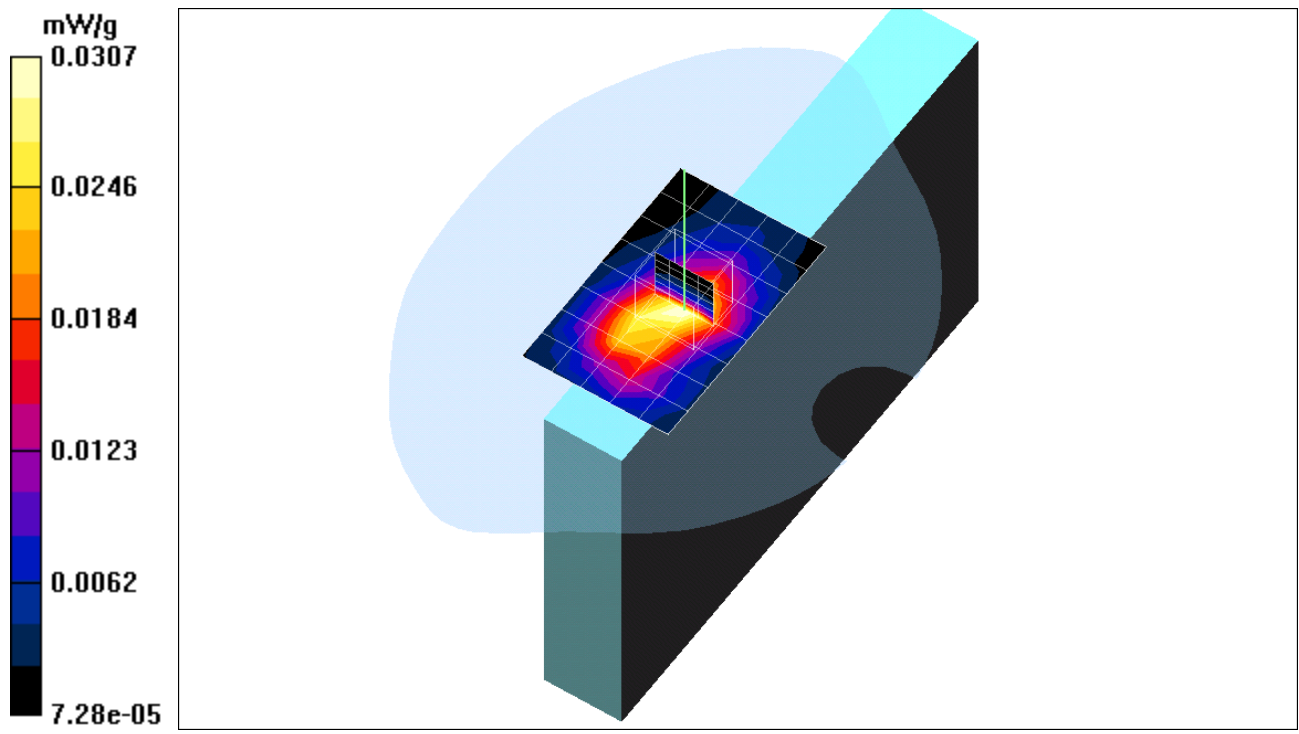
SAR(1 g) = 0.0299 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0159 mW/g

Reference Value = 3.97 V/m

Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.0307 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [15mm.da4](#)

## 15mm ch11 rate=11mbs

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: 15mm**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.96$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 51.25$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Air Temperature 25.8 deg C ; liquid Temperature 25.4 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1271
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**CH 11/Area Scan (6x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 3.51 V/m

Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.0226 mW/g

**CH 11/Z Scan (1x1x21):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.51 V/m

Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.0171 mW/g

**CH 11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

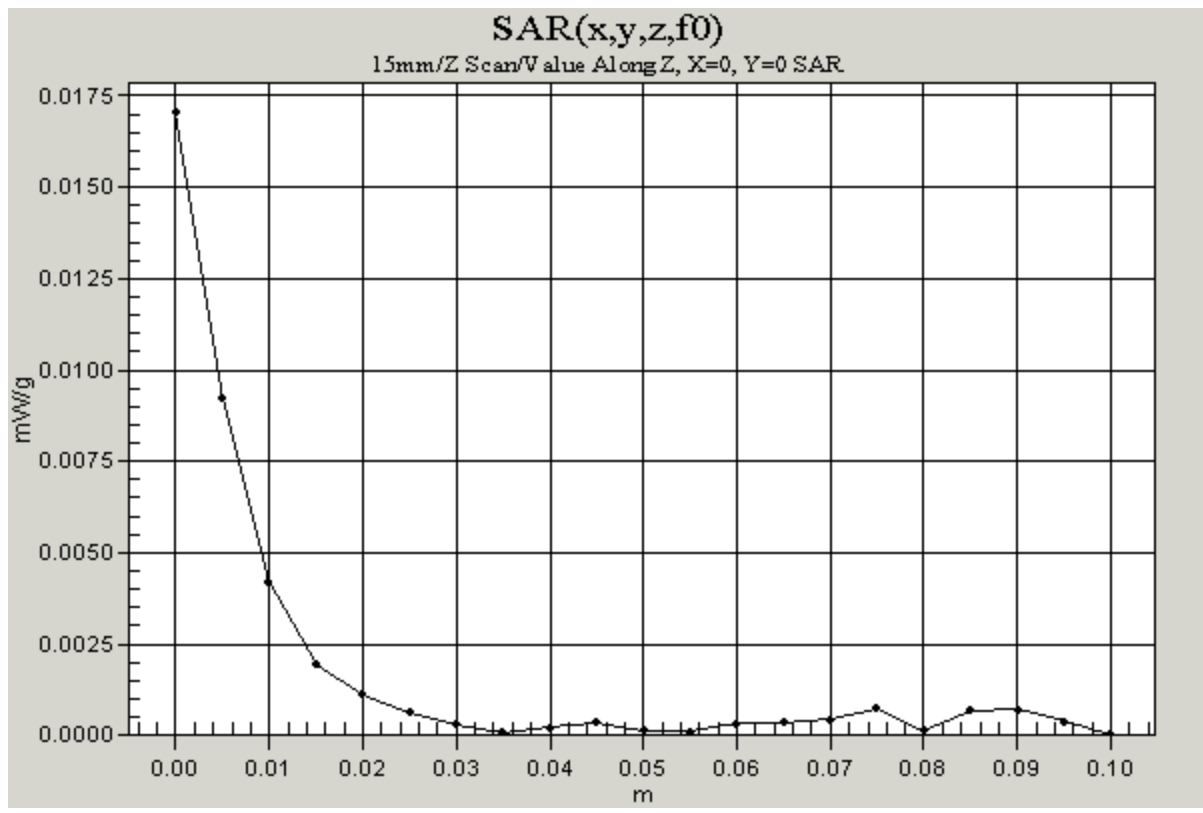
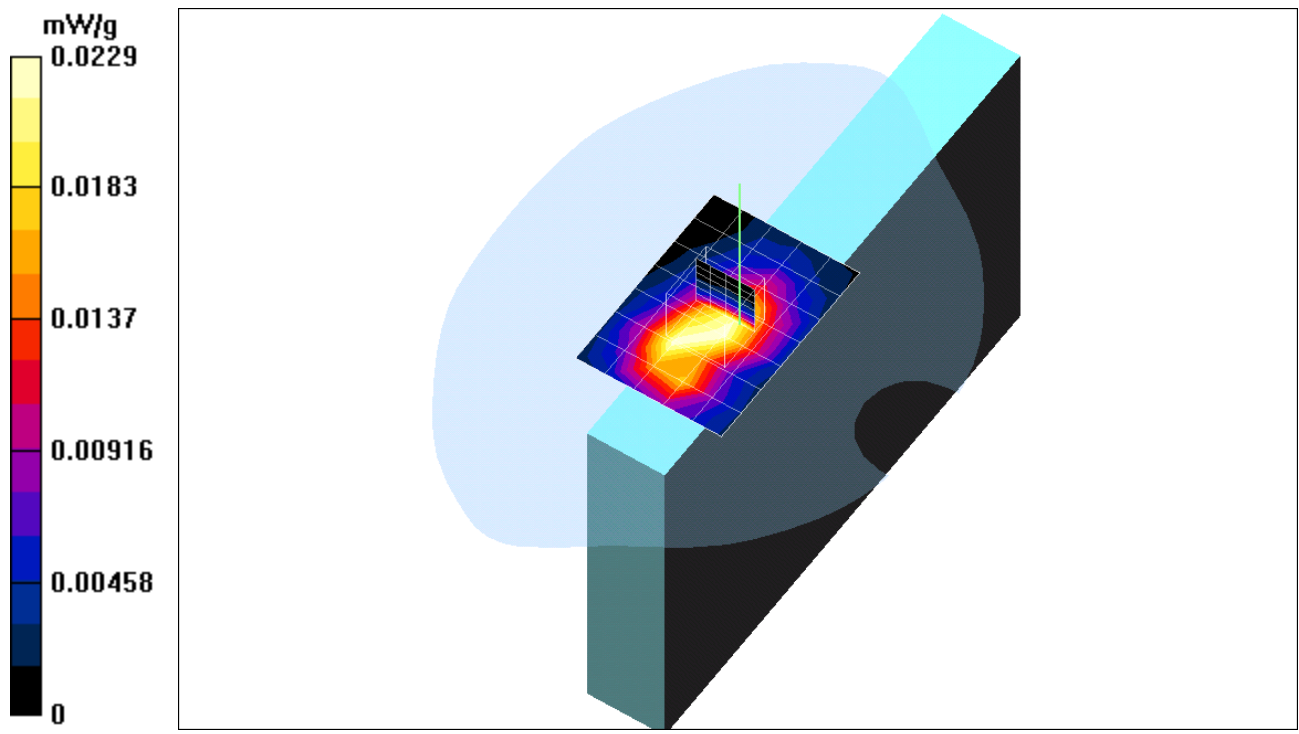
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0479 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0228 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.012 mW/g

Reference Value = 3.51 V/m

Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.0229 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [colocation.da4](#)

## CO-LOCATION

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: 0mm**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.96$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 51.25$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Air Temperature 25.8 deg C ; liquid Temperature 25.4 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 12; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1271
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**CH 1 rate=11/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 8.82 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.212 mW/g

**CH 1 rate=11/Z Scan (1x1x21):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.82 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.16 mW/g

**CH 1 rate=11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

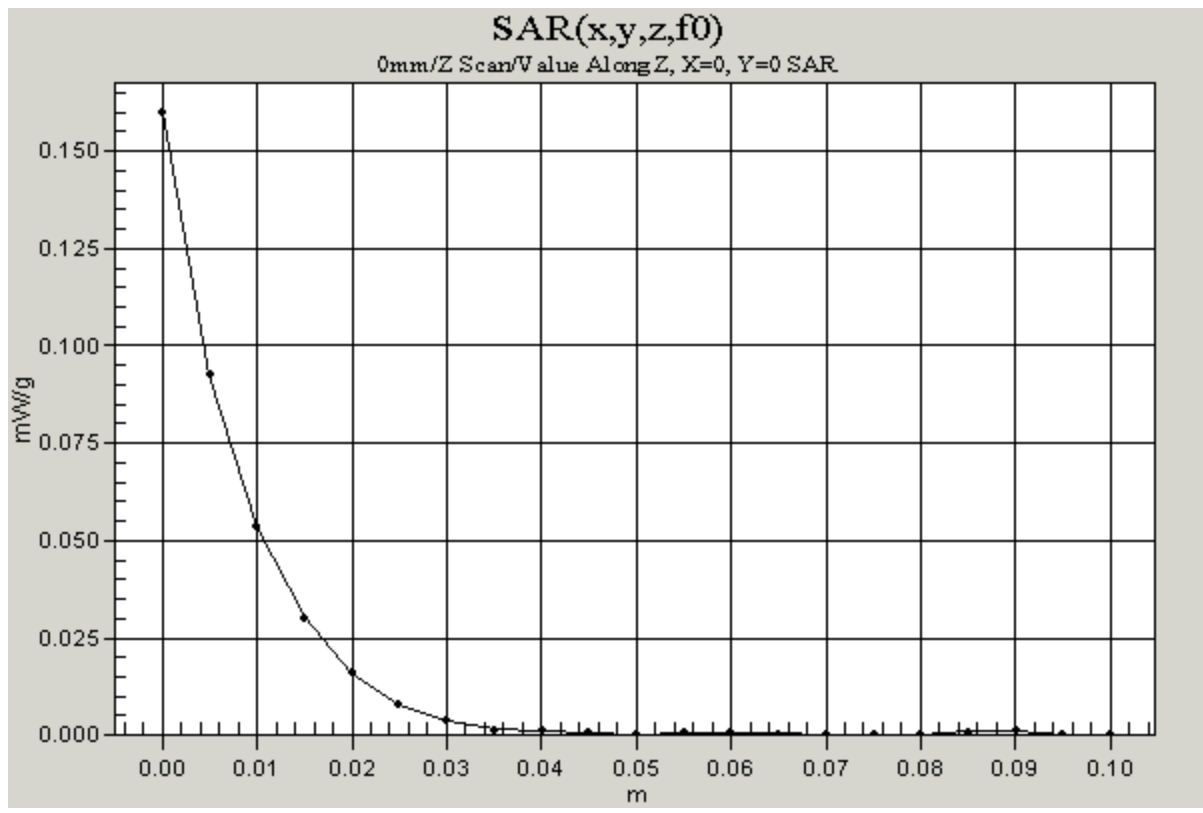
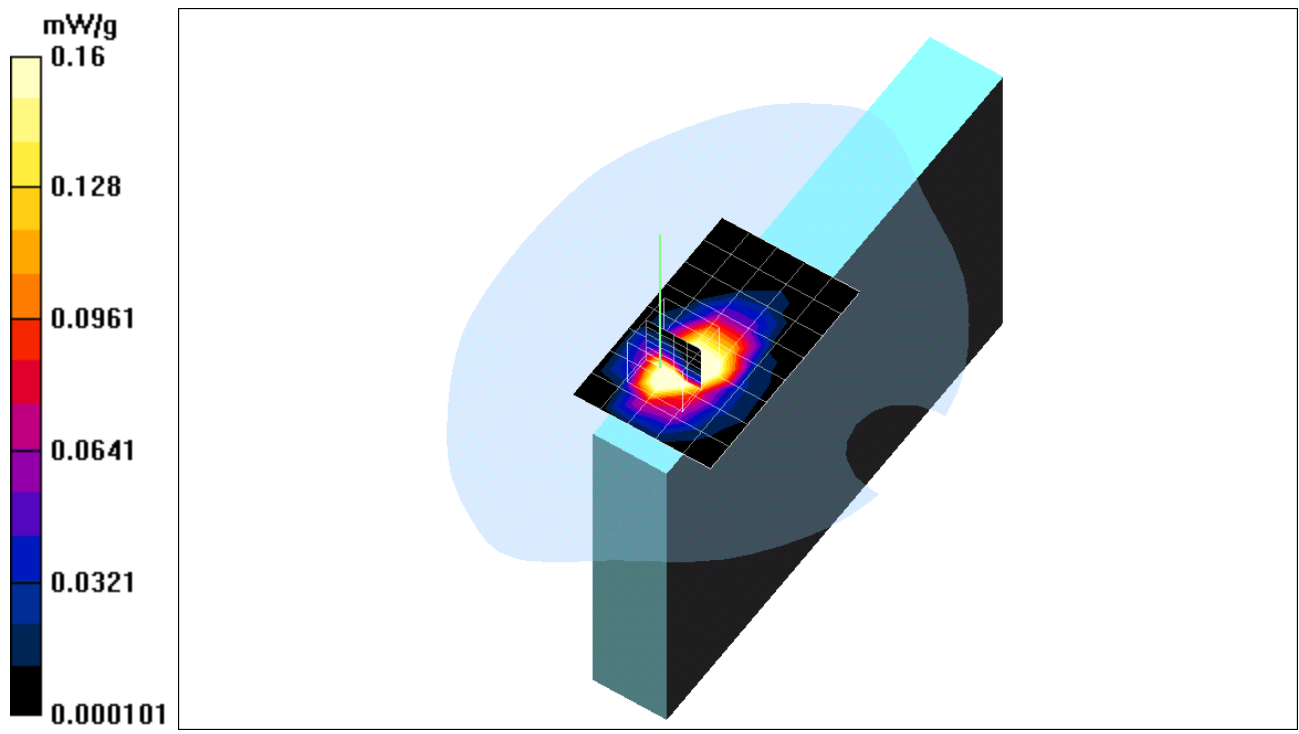
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.506 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.207 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.097 mW/g

Reference Value = 8.82 V/m

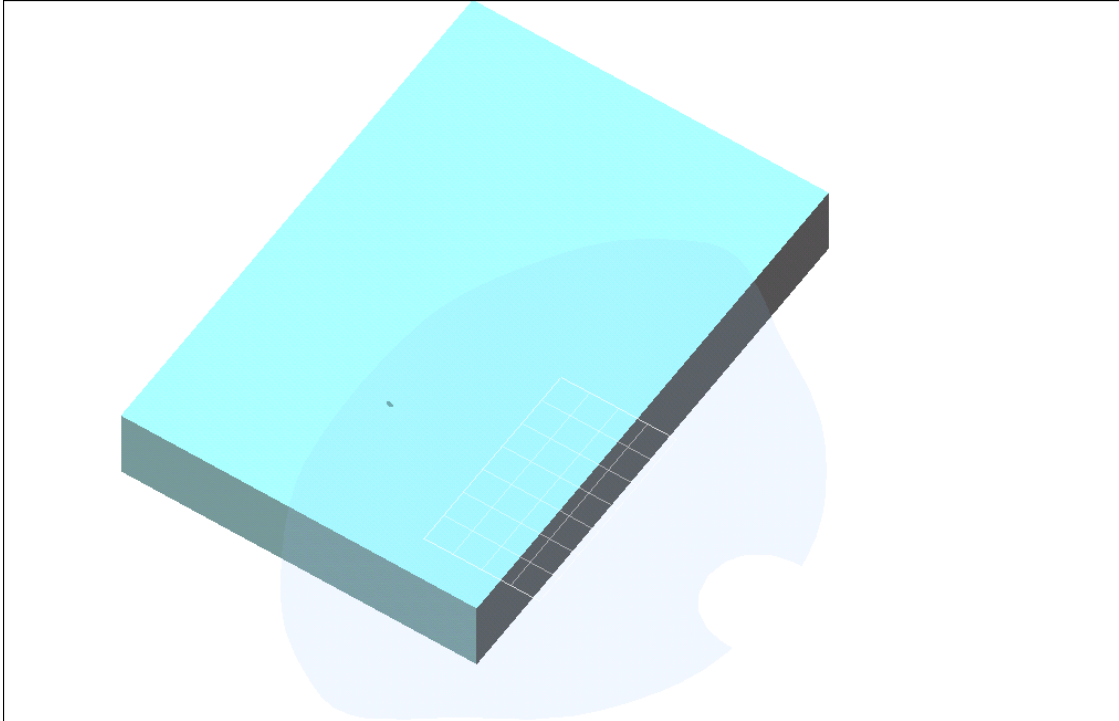
Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.204 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [0mm-flat.da4](#)

# EUT CONFIG 3



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [0mm-flat.da4](#)

## 0mm-flat

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: 0mm**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.938$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 50.92$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Air Temperature 26.0 deg C ; Liquid temperature 25.5 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**CH 1/Area Scan (6x9x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 0.807 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.00899 mW/g

**CH 1/Z Scan (1x1x21):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.807 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.011 mW/g

**CH 1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

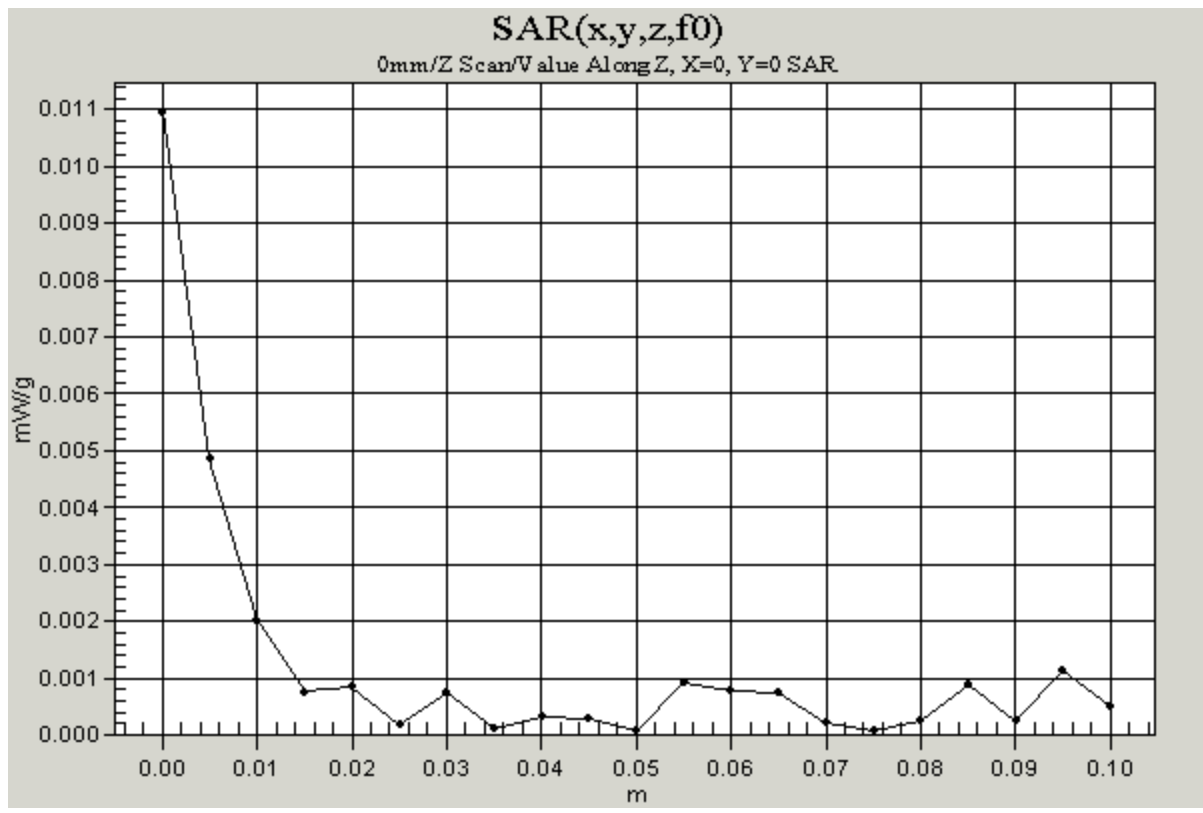
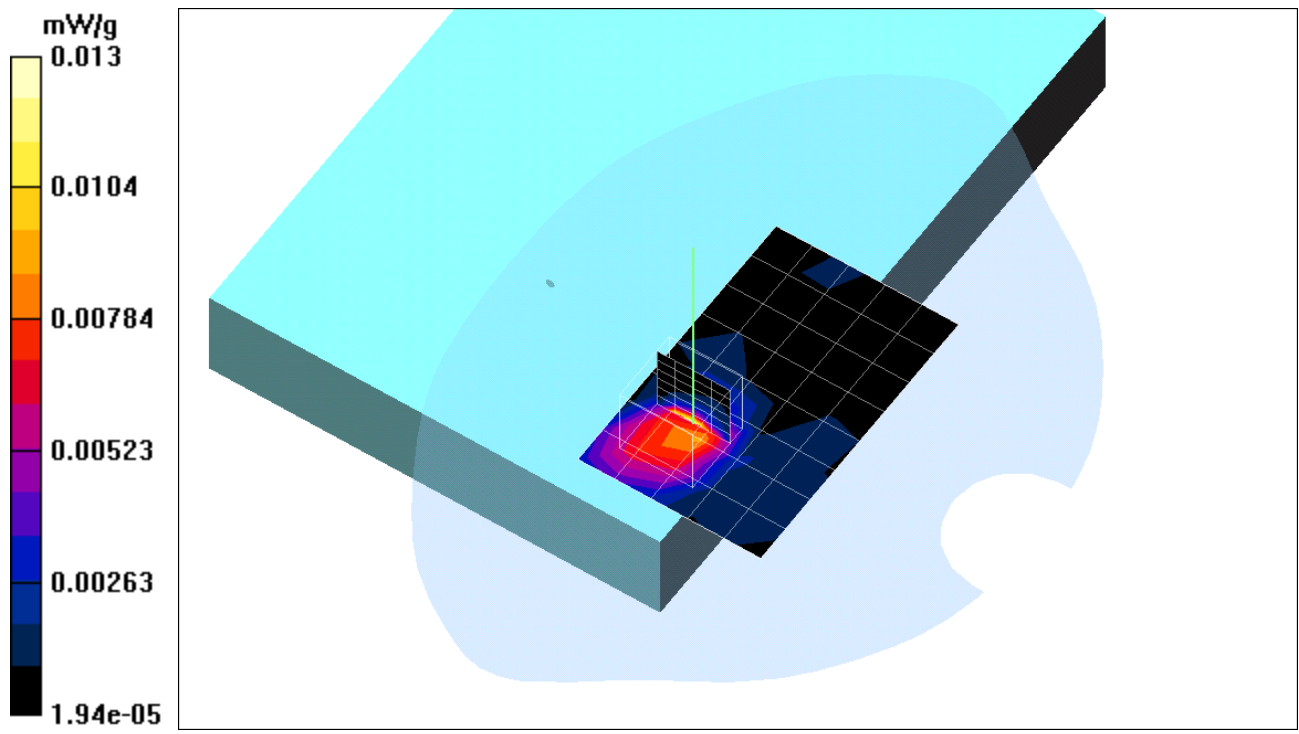
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0378 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0128 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00514 mW/g

Reference Value = 0.807 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.013 mW/g





Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [0mm-flat.da4](#)

## 0mm-flat

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: 0mm**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.938$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 50.92$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Air Temperature 26.0 deg C ; Liquid temperature 25.5 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**CH 6/Area Scan (5x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 0.589 V/m

Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.00967 mW/g

**CH 6/Z Scan (1x1x21):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.589 V/m

Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.00773 mW/g

**CH 6/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

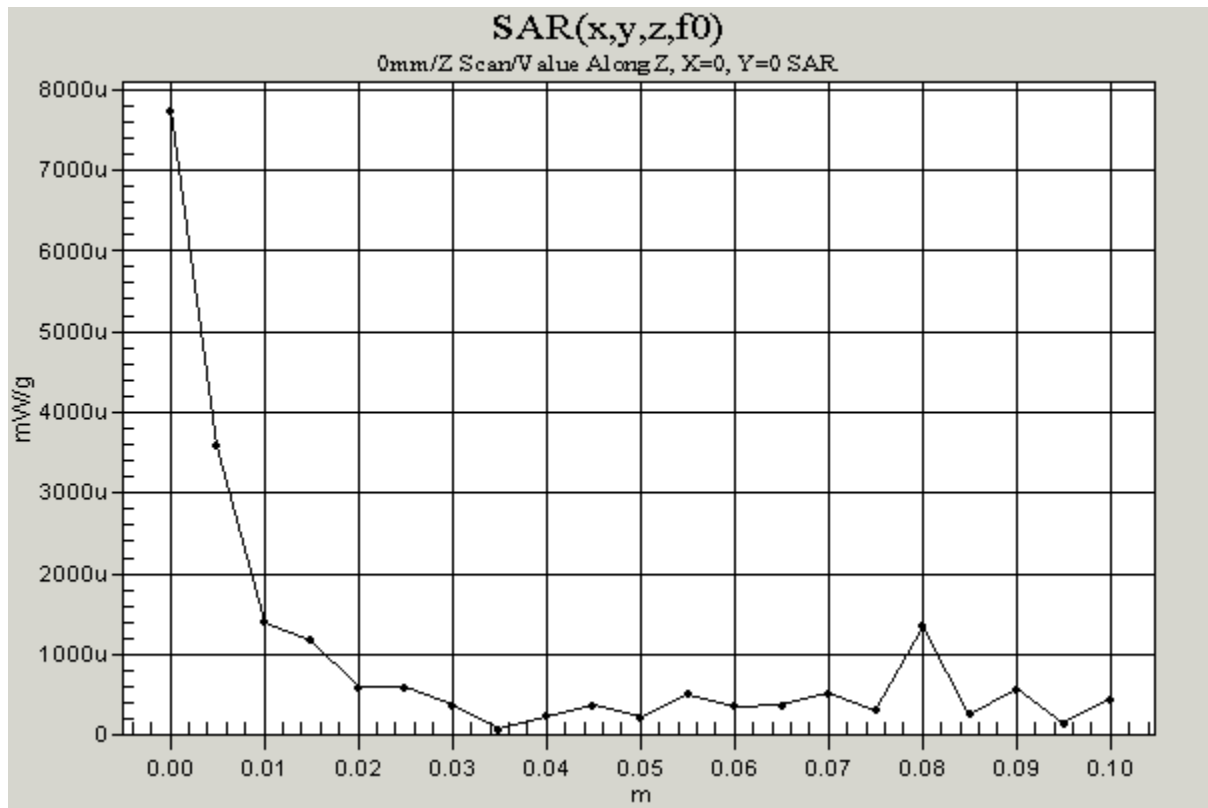
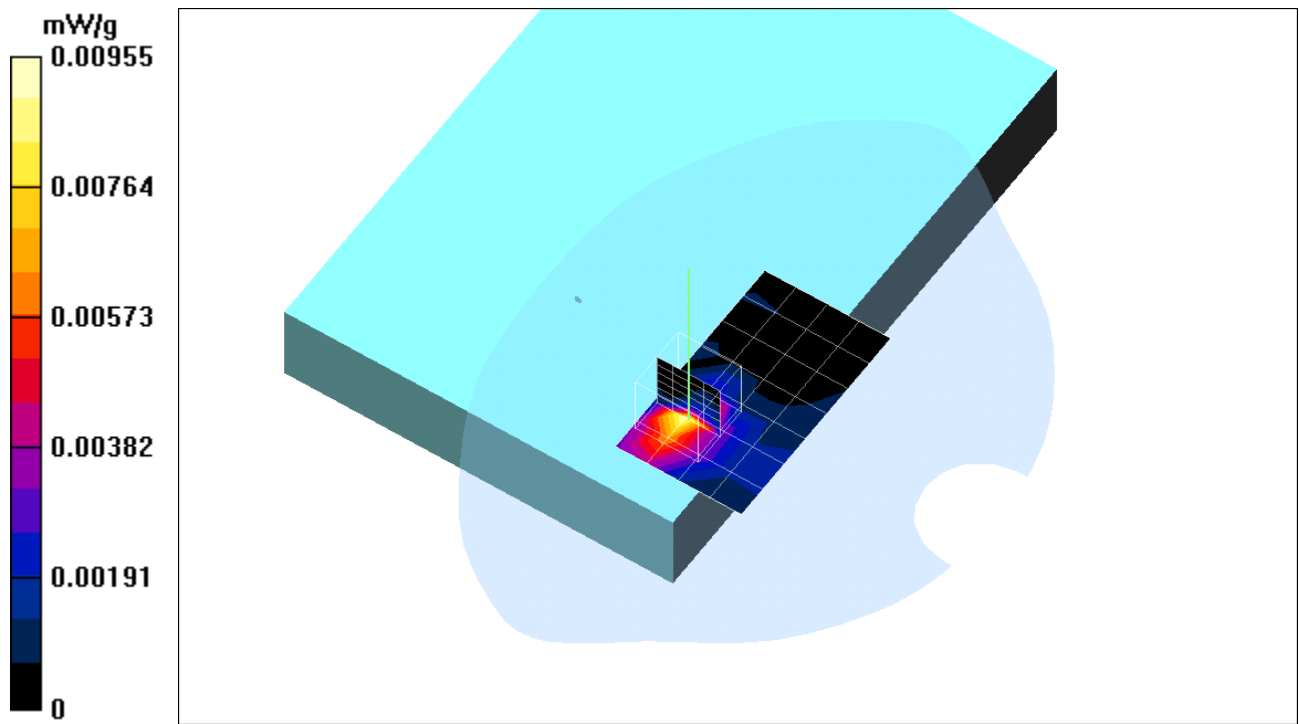
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.044 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0105 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00406 mW/g

Reference Value = 0.589 V/m

Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.00955 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [0mm-flat.da4](#)

## 0mm-flat

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: 0mm**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 1.938$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 50.92$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

Air Temperature 26.0 deg c ; Liquid Temperature 25.5 deg C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)  
Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**CH 11 2/Area Scan (5x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Reference Value = 0.739 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.00849 mW/g

**CH 11 2/Z Scan (1x1x21):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.739 V/m

Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.00962 mW/g

**CH 11 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

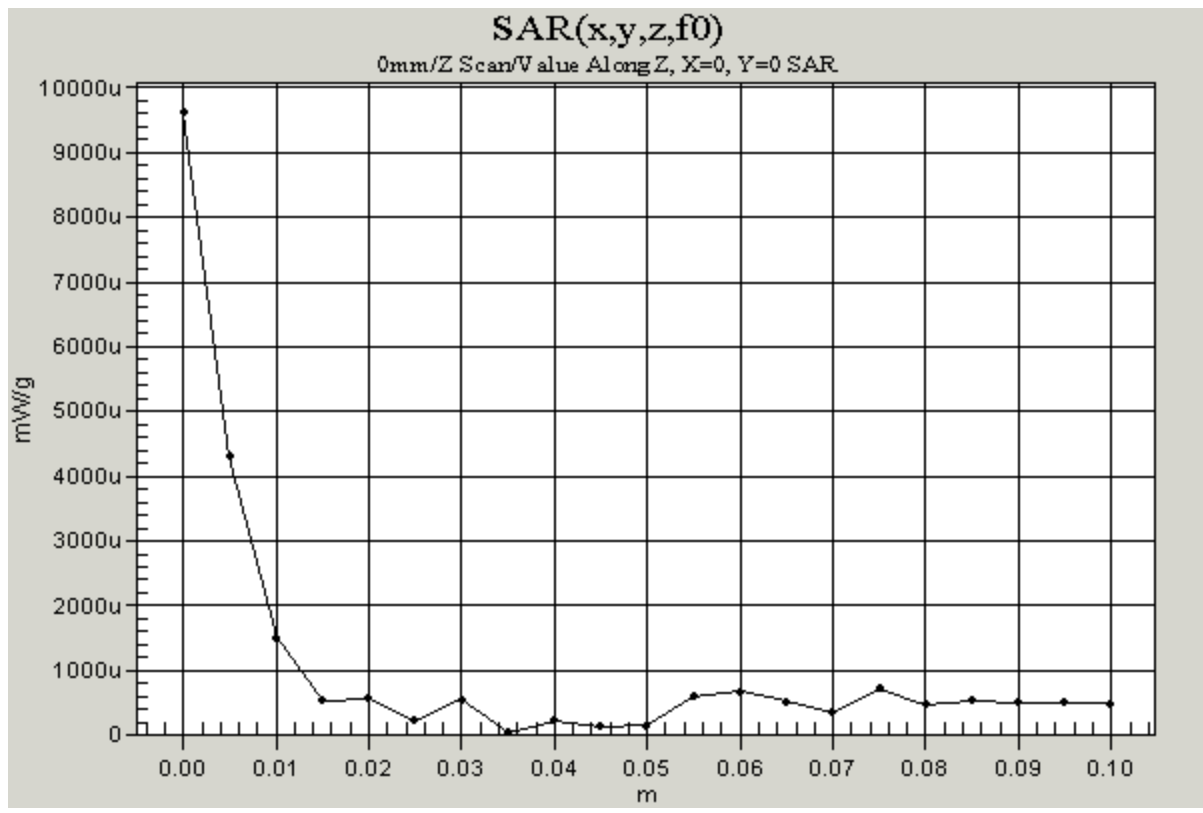
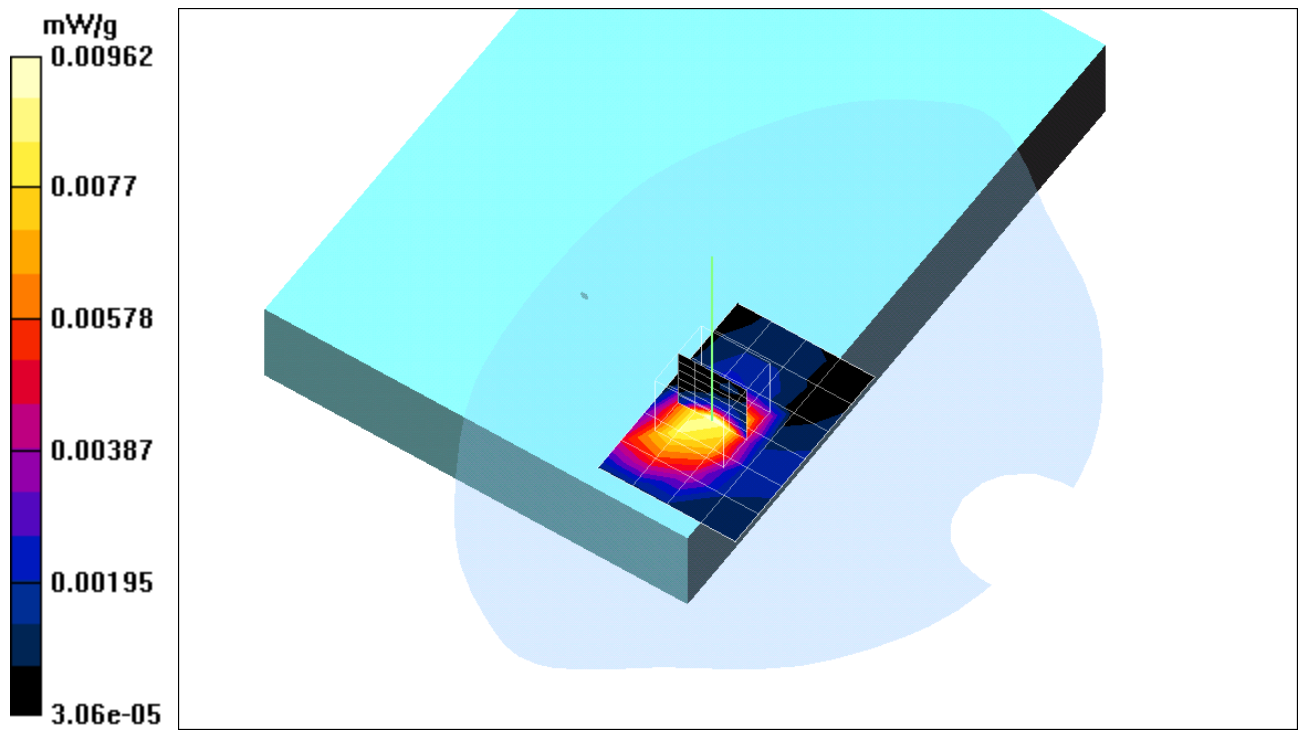
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0298 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0114 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00478 mW/g

Reference Value = 0.739 V/m

Power Drift = -0.2 dB

Maximum value of SAR = 0.0127 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [Touch position-CH1.da4](#)

### Touch position -CH1

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: Touch position**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 2.01$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 52.3814$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Air Temperature: 26.0 deg C; Liquid Temperature: 24.8 deg C  
Phantom section: Flat Section

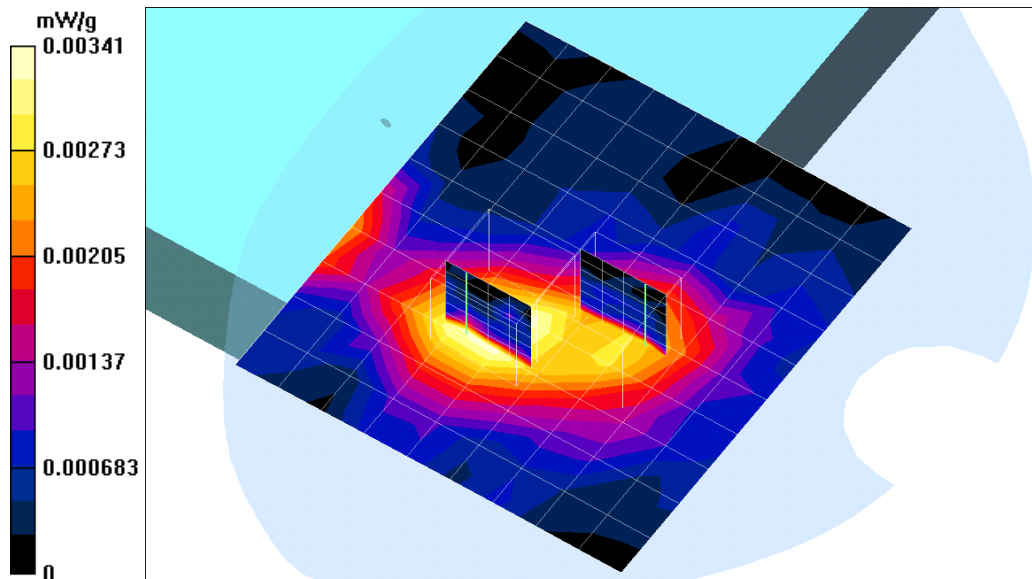
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**CH 1/Area Scan (10x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Reference Value = 0.779 V/m  
Power Drift = 0.2 dB  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.00341 mW/g

**CH 1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0433 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 0.00488 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00221 mW/g  
Reference Value = 0.779 V/m  
Power Drift = 0.2 dB  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.00383 mW/g

**CH 1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0233 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 0.00446 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0021 mW/g  
Reference Value = 0.779 V/m  
Power Drift = 0.2 dB  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.00317 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [Touch position-CH6.da4](#)

### Touch-position-CH6

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: Touch position**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 2.01$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 52.3814$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Air Temperature: 26.0 deg C; Liquid Temperature: 24.8 deg C  
Phantom section: Flat Section

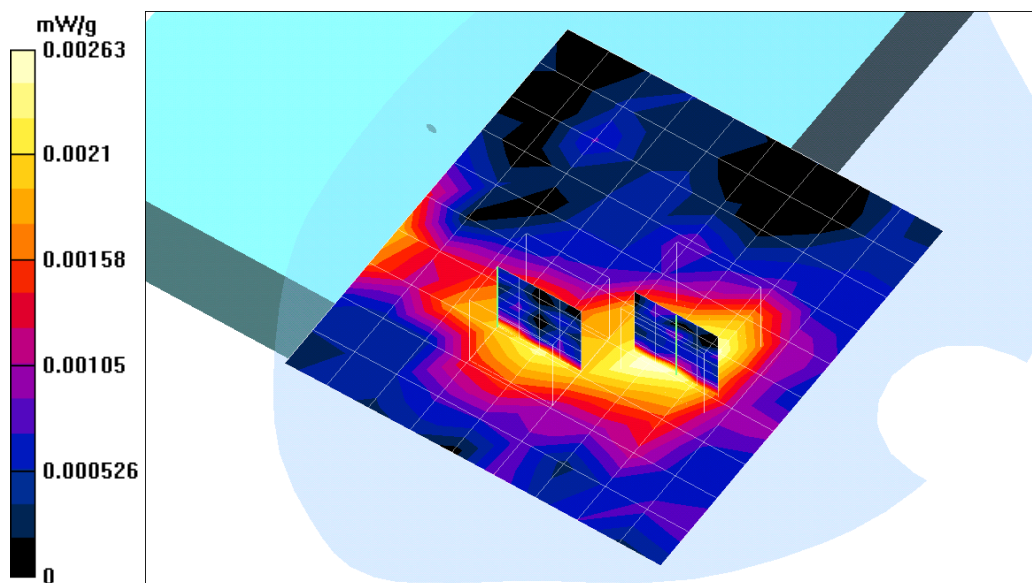
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**CH 6/Area Scan (10x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Reference Value = 0.616 V/m  
Power Drift = -0.2 dB  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.00263 mW/g

**CH 6/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.00846 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 0.00279 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00139 mW/g  
Reference Value = 0.616 V/m  
Power Drift = -0.2 dB  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.00275 mW/g

**CH 6/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.303 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 0.00549 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00179 mW/g  
Reference Value = 0.616 V/m  
Power Drift = -0.2 dB  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.00251 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [Touch position-CH11.da4](#)

### Touch-position-CH11

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: Touch position**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 2.01$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 52.3814$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Air Temperature: 26.0 deg C; Liquid Temperature: 24.8 deg C  
Phantom section: Flat Section

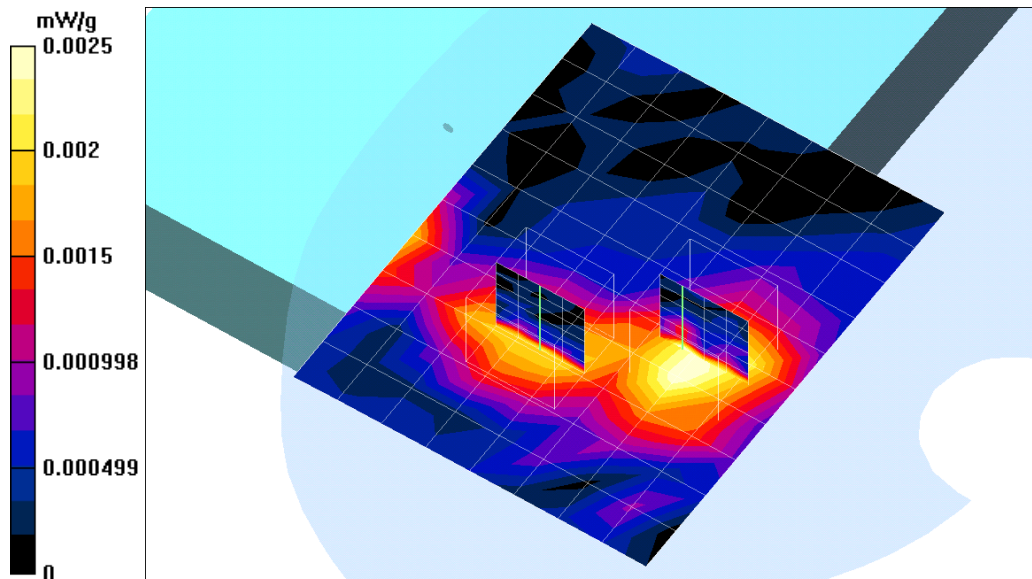
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**CH 11/Area Scan (9x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Reference Value = 0.412 V/m  
Power Drift = -0.2 dB  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.0025 mW/g

**CH 11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0145 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 0.00333 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00162 mW/g  
Reference Value = 0.412 V/m  
Power Drift = -0.2 dB  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.00294 mW/g

**CH 11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0287 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 0.00377 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00152 mW/g  
Reference Value = 0.412 V/m  
Power Drift = -0.2 dB  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.00228 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Compliance Certification Services Inc.  
File Name: [Touch position- Co-location.da4](#)

### Touch position- Co-location

**DUT: TABLET pc; Type: TABLET pc; Serial: n/a**  
**Program: Touch position**

Communication System: DSSS; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1  
Medium: HSL2450 ( $\sigma = 2.01$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 52.3814$ ,  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>)  
Air Temperature: 26.0 deg C; Liquid Temperature: 24.8 deg C  
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1762; ConvF(4.6, 4.6, 4.6); Calibrated: 3/31/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn558; Calibrated: 3/7/2003
- Phantom: SAM 34; Type: SAM V4.0; Serial: TP-1150
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 47; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 115

**co-location/Area Scan (10x11x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Reference Value = 0.563 V/m  
Power Drift = 0.2 dB  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.0035 mW/g

**co-location/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0167 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 0.00389 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00176 mW/g  
Reference Value = 0.563 V/m  
Power Drift = 0.2 dB  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.00312 mW/g

**co-location/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1:** Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.00878 W/kg  
SAR(1 g) = 0.00314 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00169 mW/g  
Reference Value = 0.563 V/m  
Power Drift = 0.2 dB  
Maximum value of SAR = 0.00321 mW/g

