#### 11 SAR TEST SUMMARY

# 11.1 Host # 1 - IBM Laptop



802.11b (1 Mbps	), 95%	duty	cycle
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Separation.				Measured	Power Drift	Extrapolated		
distance (mm)	Antenna	Channel	f (MHz)	1g (mW/g)	(dBm)	1g (mW/g)		
11	0	1	2412	0.588	-0.200	0.616		
11	0	6	2437	0.541	-0.200	0.566		
11	0	11	2462	0.539	-0.139	0.557		
11	1	1	2412	0.701	-0.097	0.717		
11	1	6	2437	0.623	-0.200	0.652		
11	1	11	2462	0.574	-0.200	0.601		

802.11g (6 Mbps), 63% duty cycle

Separation.				Measured	Power Drift	Extrapolated
distance (mm)	Antenna	Channel	f (MHz)	1g (mW/g)	(dBm)	1g (mW/g)
		1	2412			
11	0	6	2437	0.393	-0.078	0.400
		11	2462			
		1	2412			
11	1	6	2437	0.449	-0.159	0.466
		11	2462			

#### Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is *measured SAR x 10*^(-*drift*/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower than SAR limit, thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachment for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

# 11.2 Host # 2 - Toshiba Laptop



802.11b (1 Mbps), 95% duty cycle								
Separation.				Measured	Power Drift	Extrapolated		
distance (mm)	Antenna	Channel	f (MHz)	1g (mW/g)	(dBm)	1g (mW/g)		
		1	2412					
11	0	6	2437	0.528	-0.181	0.550		
		11	2462					
11	1	1	2412	0.687	-0.010	0.689		
11	1	6	2437	0.620	-0.124	0.638		
11	1	11	2462	0.562	-0.130	0.579		

802.11g (6 Mbps), 63% duty cycle

ooz. 11g (o mops), oo 70 daty cycle									
Separation.				Measured	Power Drift	Extrapolated			
distance (mm)	Antenna	Channel	f (MHz)	1g (mW/g)	(dBm)	1g (mW/g)			
		1	2412						
11	0	6	2437	0.376	-0.180	0.392			
		11	2462						
		1	2412						
11	1	6	2437	0.454	-0.200	0.475			
		11	2462						

# Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is *measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10)*. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower than SAR limit, thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- Please see attachment for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.

# 11.3 Host # 3 - HP Laptop



802.11b (1 Mbps), 95% duty cycle								
Separation.				Measured	Power Drift	Extrapolated		
distance (mm)	Antenna	Channel	f (MHz)	1g (mW/g)	(dBm)	1g (mW/g)		
		1	2412					
13	0	6	2437	0.495	-0.193	0.517		
		11	2462					
13	1	1	2412	0.697	-0.010	0.699		
13	1	6	2437	0.595	-0.172	0.619		
12	1	11	2462	0.534	0.114	0.549		

802.11g (6 Mbps), 63% duty cycle

0021119 (0 11110pc),	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Separation.				Measured	Power Drift	Extrapolated
distance (mm)	Antenna	Channel	f (MHz)	1g (mW/g)	(dBm)	1g (mW/g)
		1	2412			
13	0	6	2437	0.362	-0.117	0.372
		11	2462			
		1	2412			
13	1	6	2437	0.432	-0.179	0.450
		11	2462			

#### Notes:

- 1) The exact method of extrapolation is *measured SAR x 10^(-drift/10)*. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4 measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process.
- 2) The SAR measured at the middle channel for this configuration is at least 3 dB lower than SAR limit, thus testing at low & high channel is optional.
- 3) Please see attachment for the detailed measurement data and plots showing the maximum SAR location of the EUT.