

FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART C CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT

FOR

802.11a+b+g mini-PCI

MODEL NUMBER: WMIA-204AG

FCC ID: FDI-06197952-0

REPORT NUMBER: 06J10390-1B

ISSUE DATE: JULY 19, 2006

Prepared for BUFFALO INC. 15, SHIBATA HONDORI 4-CHOME, MINAMI-KU NAGOYA 457-8520, JAPAN

Prepared by

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Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
	7/17/06	Initial Issue	Thu
В	7/19/06	Revised the unit of measurement on Section 7.1.1 6dB bandwidth	Thu

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1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

COMPANY NAME: BUFFALO INC.

15, SHIBATA HONDORI 4-CHOME

MONAMI-KU, NAGOYA 457-8520, JAPAN

EUT DESCRIPTION: 802.11a+b+g mini-PCI

MODEL: WMIA-204AG

SERIAL NUMBER: 0000035

DATE TESTED: JULY 6-12, 2006

APPLICABLE STANDARDS

STANDARD TEST RESULTS

FCC PART 15 SUBPART C NO NON-COMPLIANCE NOTED

Compliance Certification Services, Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Compliance Certification Services and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by Compliance Certification Services will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. No part of this report may be used to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any government agency.

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Mankonguym

DATE: JULY 19, 2006

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2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003, FCC CFR 47 Part 2 and FCC CFR 47 Part 15.

3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 561F Monterey Road, Morgan Hill, California, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

CCS is accredited by NVLAP, Laboratory Code 200065-0. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at http://www.ccsemc.com.

4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

4.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Radiated Emission, 30 to 200 MHz	+/- 3.3 dB
Radiated Emission, 200 to 1000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Radiated Emission, 1000 to 2000 MHz	+4.5 / -2.9 dB
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.9 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

5. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

5.1. **DESCRIPTION OF EUT**

The EUT is an 802.11a/b/g transceiver module

The EUT description was changed after testing commenced. All data in this report is applicable to the EUT description documented in Section 1 above.

5.2. **MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER**

The transmitter has a maximum peak conducted output power as follows:

2400 to 2483.5 MHz Authorized Band

Frequency Range	Mode	Output Power	Output Power
(MHz)		(dBm)	(mW)
2412 - 2462	802.11b	19.39	86.90
2412 - 2462	802.11g	20.69	117.22

5.3. **DESCRIPTION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS**

The radio utilizes two Panel antennas for diversity, each with a maximum gain of 1.8dBi for 2.4 GHz band and 1.8dBi for 5.2 GHz Band.

5.4. SOFTWARE AND FIRMWARE

The EUT driver software installed in the host support equipment during testing was art5523.bin,

The test utility software used during testing was Atheros ART 5.3.

5.5. **WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION AND MODE**

The worst-case channel is determined as the channel with the highest output power. The highest measured output power was at 2412 MHz (b mode) and 2437 MHz (g mode)

The worst-case data rate for this channel is determined to be 1Mb/s for b mode and 6Mb/s for g mode based on previous experience with 2.4GHz WLAN product design architectures.

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DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP 5.6.

SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST							
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID			
Laptop	Toshiba	Satellite 1805-S204	91617937PU	DoC			
AC Adapter	Toshiba	PA3083U-1ACA	0109A0043423G	N/A			

I/O CABLES

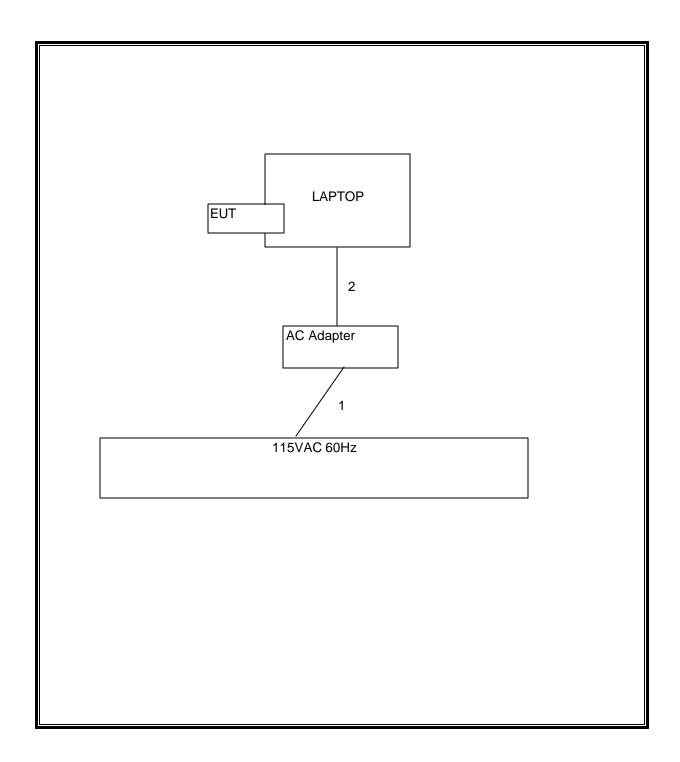
	I/O CABLE LIST						
Cable	Port	# of	Connector	Cable	Cable	Remarks	
No.		Identical	Type	Type	Length		
		Ports					
1	AC	1	US 115V	Un-shielded	2m	No	
1	AC	1	05 113 V	Oli-silicided	2111	110	

TEST SETUP

The EUT is installed in a host laptop computer via a cardbus-to-miniPCI adapter / extension board during the tests. Test software exercised the radio card.

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SETUP DIAGRAM FOR TESTS



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6. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST						
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal Due		
EMI Receiver, 9 kHz ~ 2.9 GHz	HP	8542E	3942A00286	3/29/2007		
RF Filter Section	HP	85420E	3705A00256	3/29/2007		
Antenna, Bilog 30 MHz ~ 2 Ghz	Sunol Sciences	JB1	A121003	9/3/2006		
EMI Test Receiver	R & S	ESHS 20	827129/006	11/3/2006		
LISN, 10 kHz ~ 30 MHz	FCC	LISN-50/250-25-2	2023	8/30/2006		
LISN, 10 kHz ~ 30 MHz	Solar	8012-50-R-24-BNC	8379443	8/30/2006		
AC Power Source, 10 kVA	ACS	AFC-10K-AFC-2	J1568	C.N.R.		
Spectrum Analyzer 3 Hz ~ 44 GHz	Agilent	E4446A	US42510266	10/19/2006		
Antenna, Horn 1 ~ 18 GHz	ETS	3117	29301	4/22/2007		
Preamplifier, 1 ~ 26.5 GHz	HP	8449B	3008A00369	8/17/2006		
4GHz High Pass Filter	Micro-Tronics	HPM13351	2	N/A		
Power Meter	Giga-tronics	8651A	8651404	12/27/2006		
Power Sensor 0.05 - 18 Ghz	Giga-tronics	80701A	1834588	3/27/07		

7. LIMITS AND RESULTS

7.1. CHANNEL TESTS FOR THE 2400 TO 2483.5 MHz BAND

7.1.1. 6 dB BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

§15.247 (a) (2) For direct sequence systems, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 100 kHz and the VBW is set to 300 kHz. The sweep time is coupled.

802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	2412	12085	500	11585
Middle	2437	12086	500	11586
High	2462	12096	500	11596

802.11g Mode

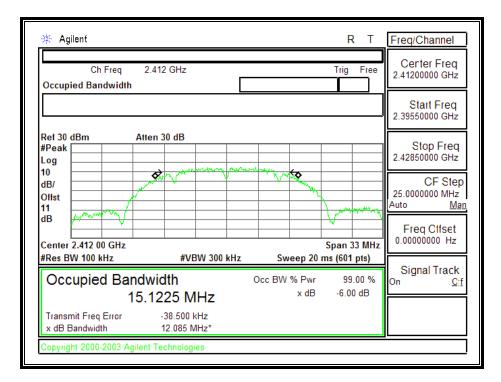
Channel	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Minimum Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	2412	16398	500	15898
Middle	2437	16423	500	15923
High	2462	16393	500	15893

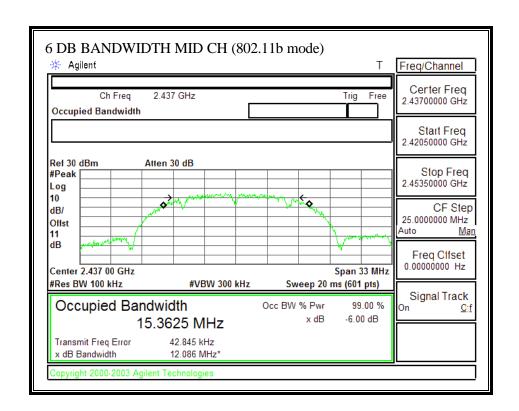
RESULTS

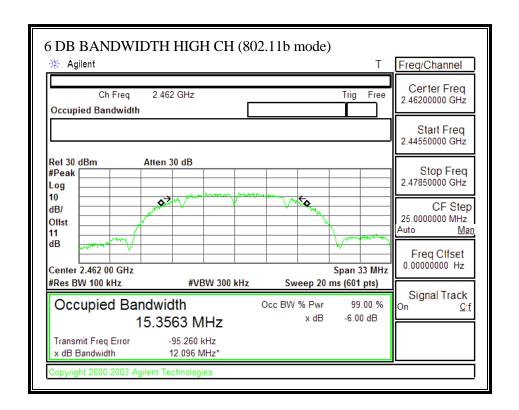
No non-compliance noted:

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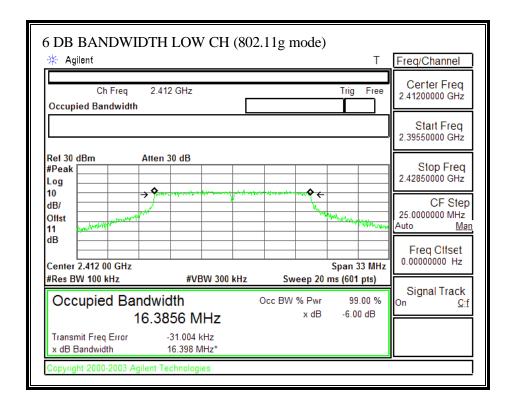
6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11b MODE)

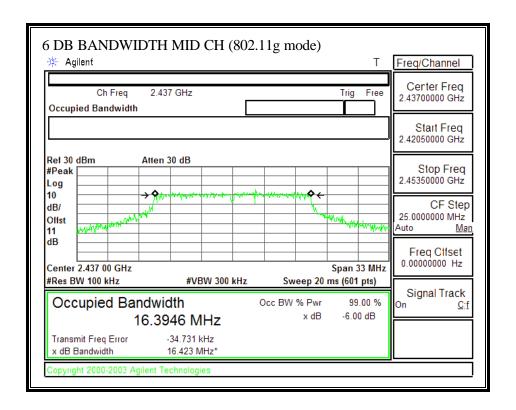


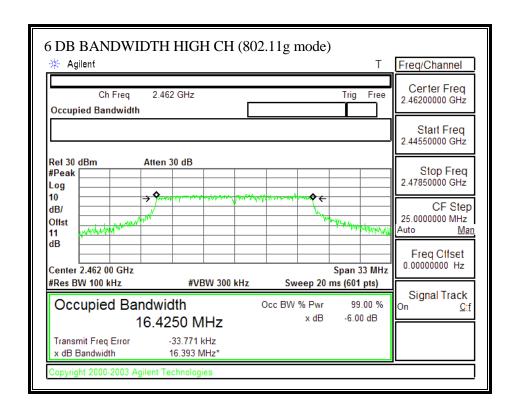




6 DB BANDWIDTH (802.11g MODE)







7.1.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer. The RBW is set to 1% to 3% of the 99 %bandwidth. The VBW is set to 3 times the RBW. The sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal 99% bandwidth function is utilized.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

802.11b Mode

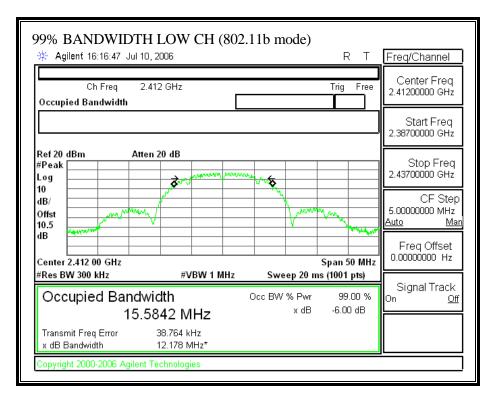
Channel	Frequency	99% Bandwidth
	(MHz)	(MHz)
Low	2412	15.584
Middle	2437	15.504
High	2462	15.569

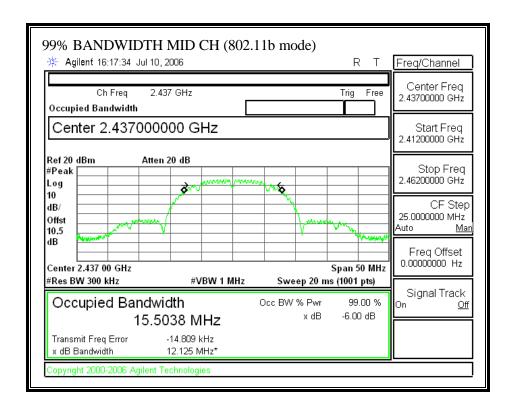
802.11g Mode

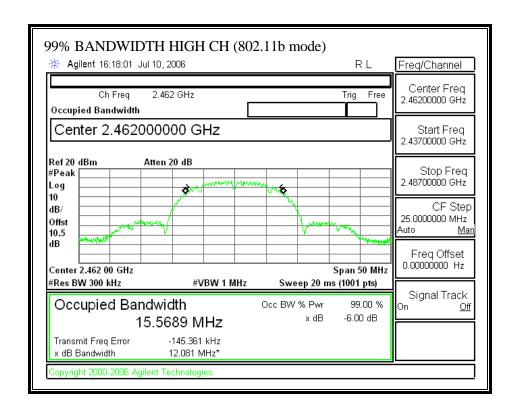
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2412	16.883
Middle	2437	16.788
High	2462	16.871

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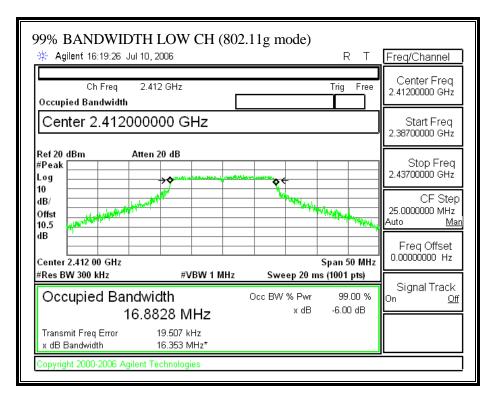
99% BANDWIDTH (802.11b MODE)

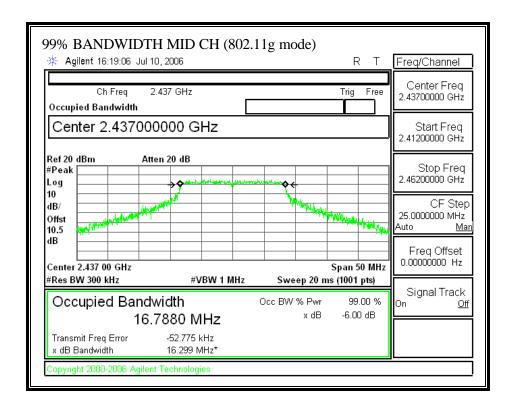


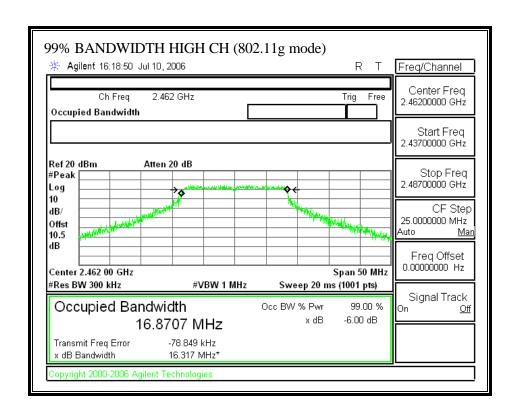




99% BANDWIDTH (802.11g MODE)







7.1.3. PEAK OUTPUT POWER

PEAK POWER LIMIT

§15.247 (b) The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

§15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

§15.247 (b) (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

§15.247 (b) (4) (i) Systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer and the analyzer's internal channel power integration function is used to integrate the power over a bandwidth greater than or equal to the 99% bandwidth.

The test is performed in accordance with FCC document "Measurement of Digital Transmission Systems Operating under Section 15.247", March 23, 2005. The transmitter operates continuously therefore Power Output Option 2, Method # 1 is used.

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RESULTS

The maximum antenna gain is 1.8 dBi for other than fixed, point-to-point operations, therefore the limit is 30 dBm.

No non-compliance noted:

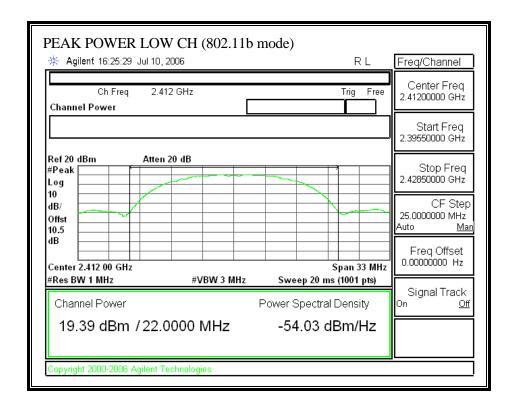
802.11b Mode

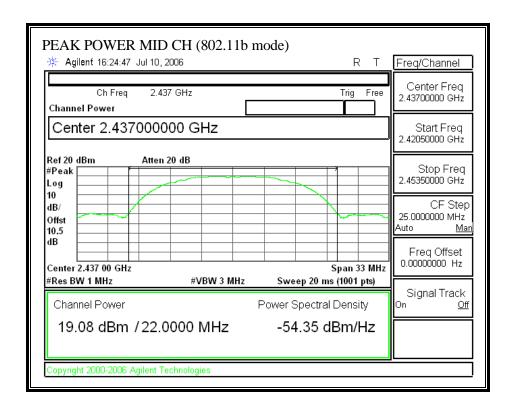
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2412	19.39	30	-10.61
Middle	2437	19.00	30	-11.00
High	2462	18.85	30	-11.15

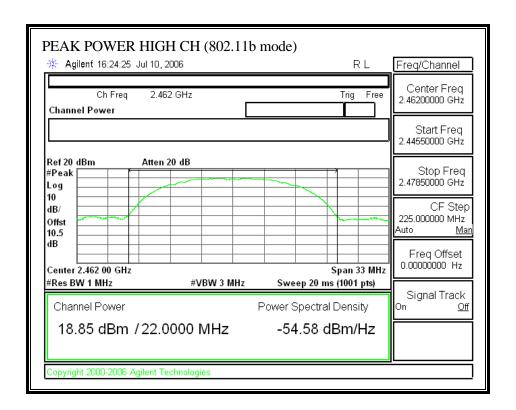
802.11g Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2412	20.24	30	-9.76
Middle	2437	20.69	30	-9.31
High	2462	20.57	30	-9.43

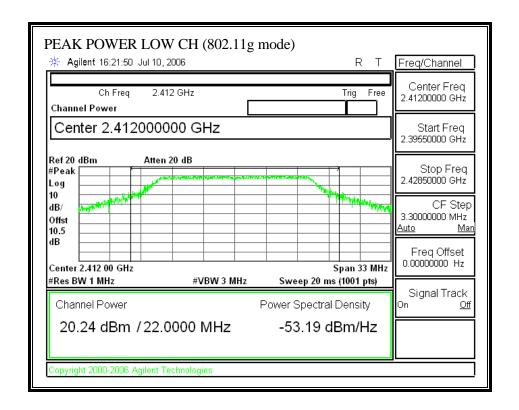
OUTPUT POWER (802.11b MODE)

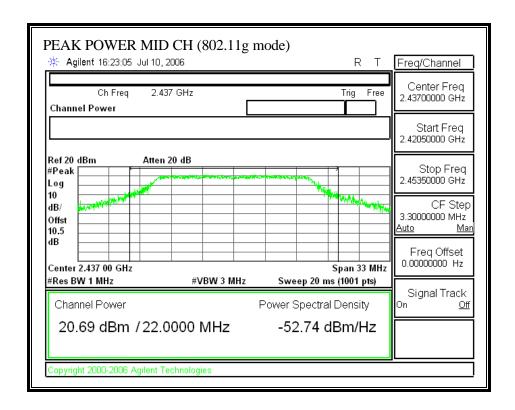


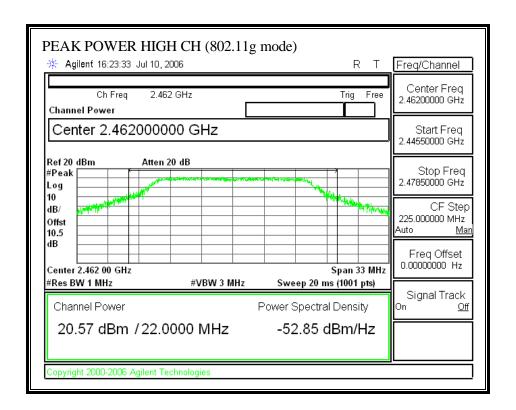




OUTPUT POWER (802.11g MODE)







7.1.4. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

LIMITS

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM	I PERMISSIBLE EXPOSUR	E (MPE)
----------------------------	-----------------------	---------

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures				
0.3–3.0 3.0–30 30–300 300–1500 1500–100,000	614 1842# 61.4	1.63 4.89# 0.163	*(100) *(900/f²) 1.0 f/300 5	6 6 6 6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3–1.34	614 824/f	1.63 2.19/f	*(100) *(180/f²)	30 30

TABLE 1-LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)-Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300 300–1500 1500–100,000	27.5	0.073	0.2 f/1500 1.0	30 30 30

f = frequency in MHz
* = Plane-wave equivalent power density
NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposured, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for

exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

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CALCULATIONS

Given

$$E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G) / d}$$

and

$$S = E ^2 / 3770$$

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$d = \sqrt{(30 * P * G) / (3770 * S)}$$

Changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d (cm) = 100 * d (m)$$

yields

$$d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$$

$$d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$$

where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using:

$$P(mW) = 10 \land (P(dBm) / 10)$$
 and

G (numeric) =
$$10 ^ (G (dBi) / 10)$$

yields

$$d = 0.282 * 10 ^ ((P + G) / 20) / \sqrt{S}$$

where

d = MPE distance in cm

P = Power in dBm

G = Antenna Gain in dBi

 $S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2$

Rearranging terms to calculate the power density at a specific distance yields

$$S = 0.0795 * 10 ^ ((P + G) / 10) / (d^2)$$

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LIMITS

From $\S1.1310$ Table 1 (B), the maximum value of S = 1.0 mW/cm²

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted: (MPE distance equals 20 cm)

Mode	MPE	Output	Antenna	Power
	Distance	Power	Gain	Density
	(cm)	(dBm)	(dBi)	(mW/cm^2)
802.11b	20.0	19.39	1.80	0.03
802.11g	20.0	20.69	1.80	0.04

NOTE: For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

7.1.5. AVERAGE POWER

AVERAGE POWER LIMIT

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

The cable assembly insertion loss of 10.5 dB (including 10 dB pad and 0.5 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency	Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	2412	16.50
Middle	2437	15.85
High	2462	15.98

802.11g Mode

Channel	Frequency	Power
	(MHz)	(dBm)
Low	2412	14.38
Middle	2437	14.82
High	2462	14.70

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7.1.6. PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

LIMIT

§15.247 (d) For direct sequence systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer, the maximum level in a 3 kHz bandwidth is measured with the spectrum analyzer using RBW = 3 kHz and VBW > 3 kHz, sweep time = span / 3 kHz, and video averaging is turned off. The PPSD is the highest level found across the emission in any 3 kHz band.

RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

802.11b Mode

Channel	Frequency	PPSD	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	2412	-7.75	8	-15.75
Middle	2437	-7.01	8	-15.01
High	2462	-6.98	8	-14.98

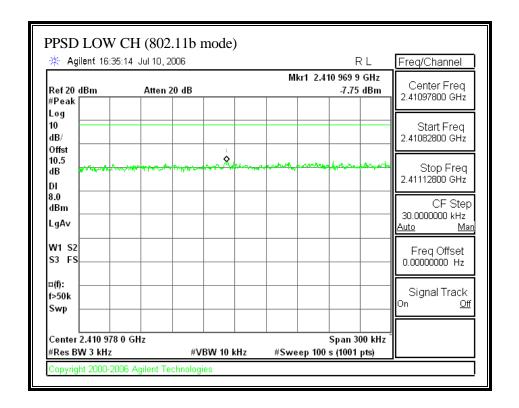
802.11g Mode

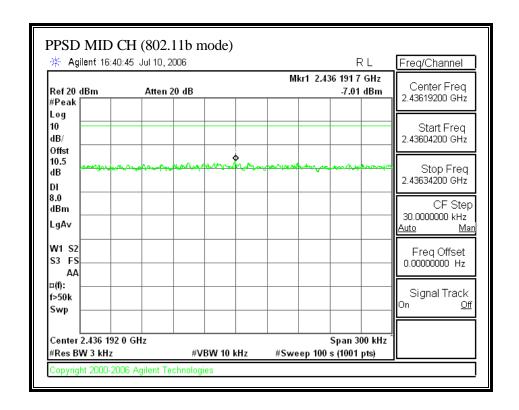
Channel	Frequency	PPSD	Limit	Margin
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
Low	2412	-9.20	8	-17.20
Middle	2437	-9.95	8	-17.95
High	2462	-9.07	8	-17.07

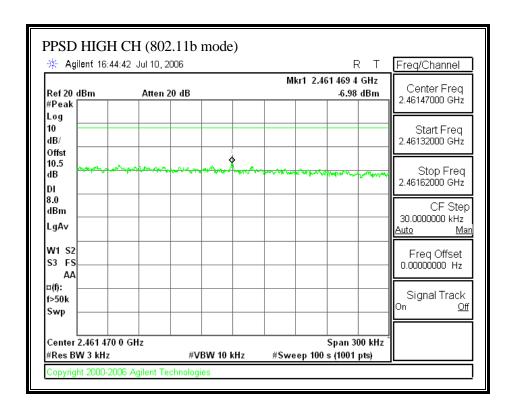
DATE: JULY 19, 2006

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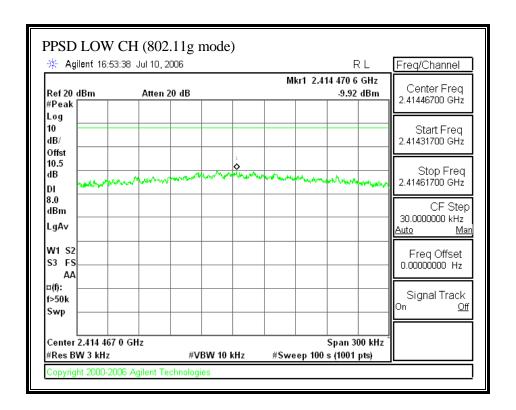
PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11b MODE)

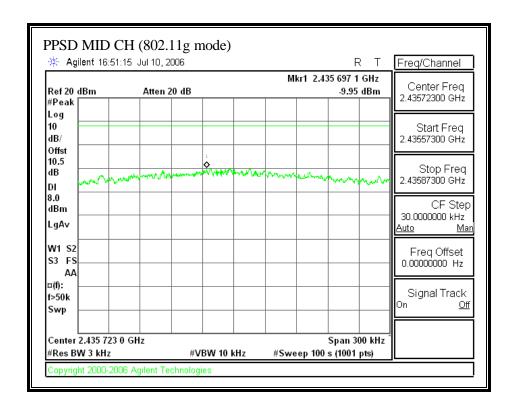


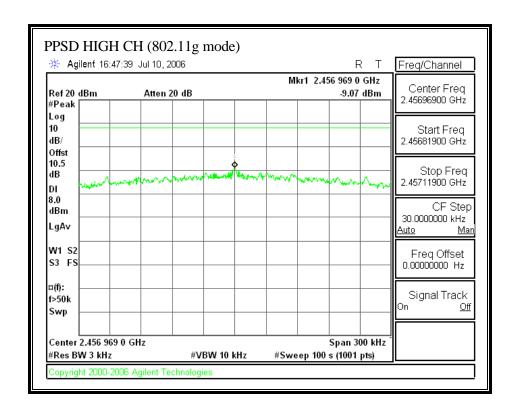




PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY (802.11g MODE)







7.1.7. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

LIMITS

§15.247 (c) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in§15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Conducted power was measured based on the use of a peak measurement, therefore the required attenuation is 20 dB.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

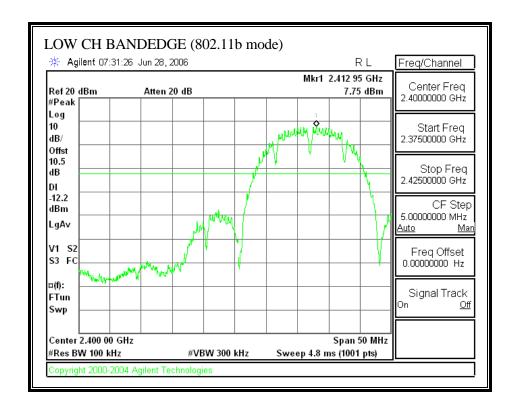
RESULTS

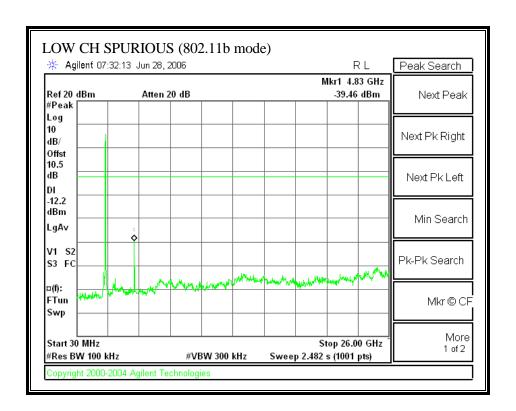
No non-compliance noted:

DATE: JULY 19, 2006

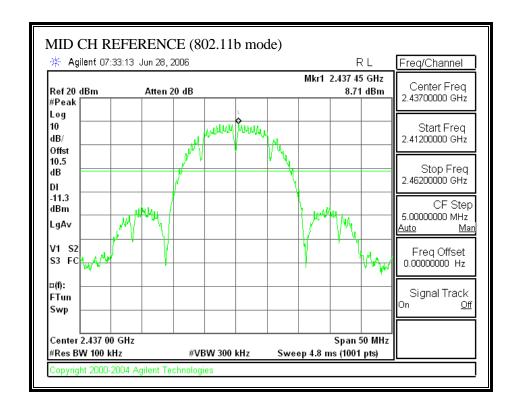
FCC ID: FDI-06197952-0

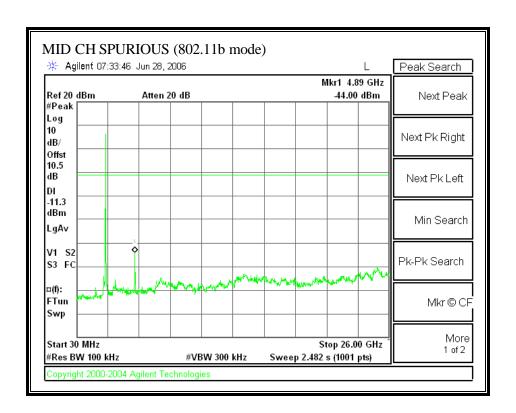
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)



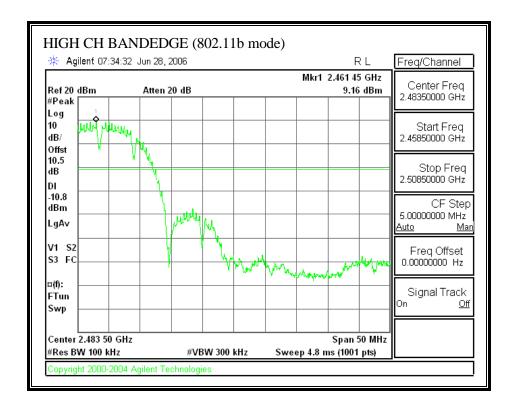


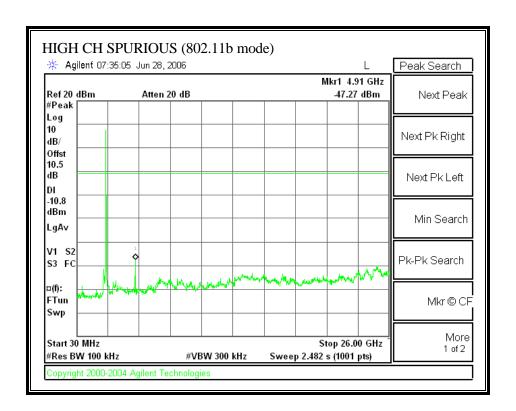
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)



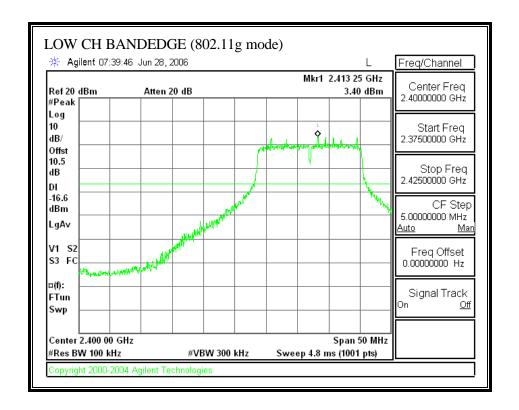


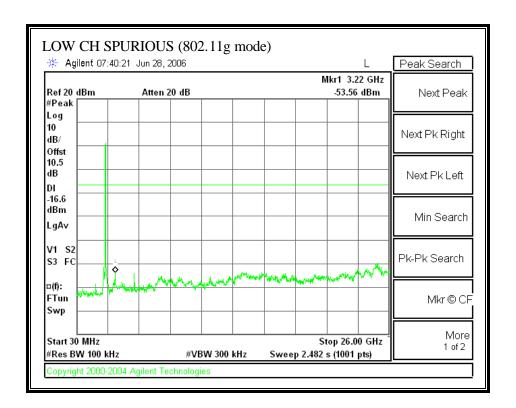
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11b MODE)



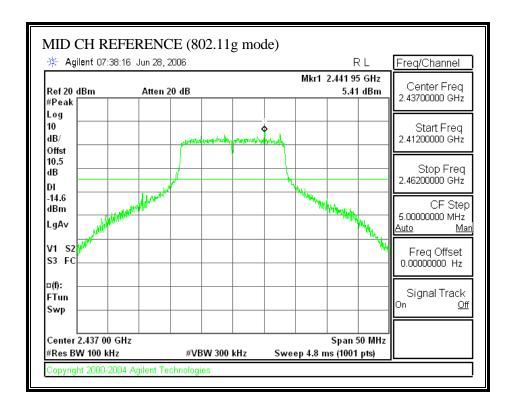


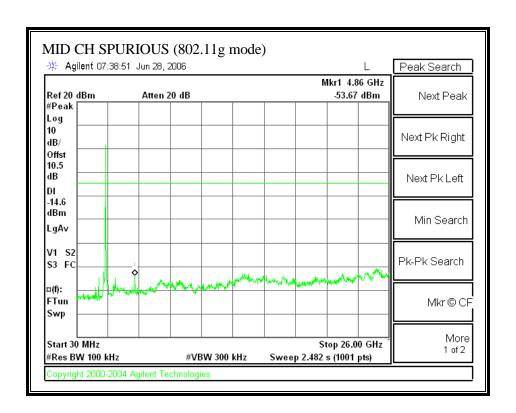
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, LOW CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)



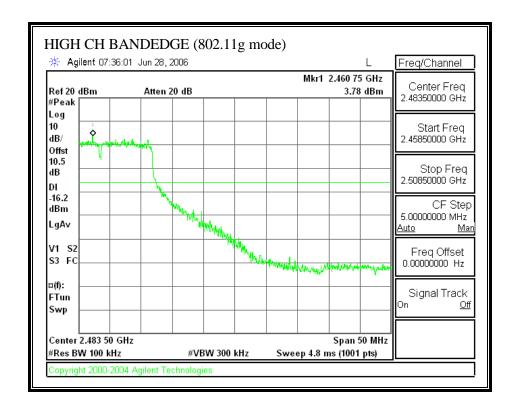


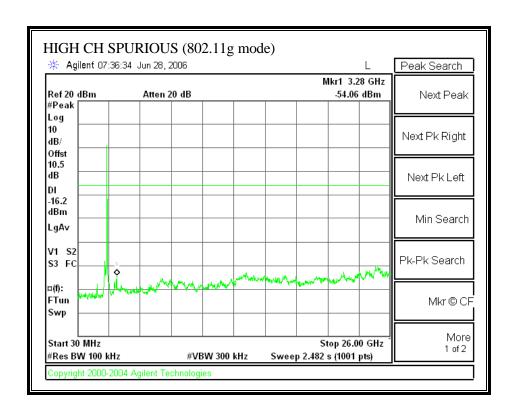
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, MID CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)





SPURIOUS EMISSIONS, HIGH CHANNEL (802.11g MODE)





7.2. RADIATED EMISSIONS

7.2.1. TRANSMITTER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

LIMITS

§15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	$\binom{2}{}$
13.36 - 13.41			

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

§15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

DATE: JULY 19, 2006

FCC ID: FDI-06197952-0

² Above 38.6

REPORT NO: 06J10390-1B DATE: JULY 19, 2006 FCC ID: FDI-06197952-0 EUT: 802.11a+b+g mini-PCI

§15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
30 - 88	100 **	3
88 - 216	150 **	3
216 - 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

^{**} Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

^{§15.209 (}b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

REPORT NO: 06J10390-1B DATE: JULY 19, 2006 EUT: 802.11a+b+g mini-PCI FCC ID: FDI-06197952-0

TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4. The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode.

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

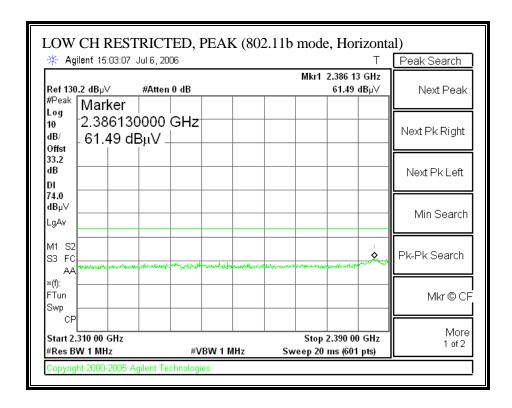
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in the 2.4 GHz band.

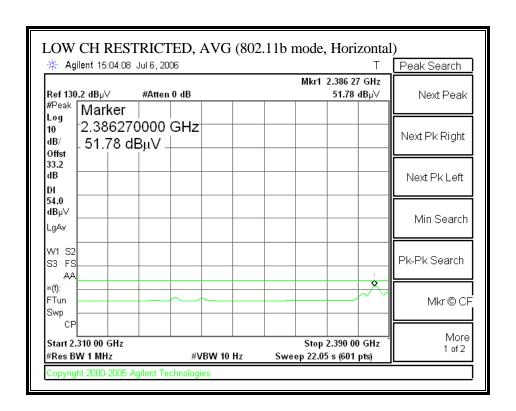
The spectrum from 30 MHz to 40 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in each 5 GHz band.

The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

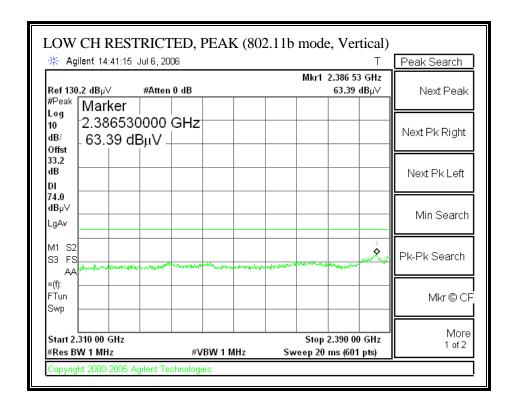
7.2.2. TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHz FOR 2400 TO 2483.5 MHz BAND

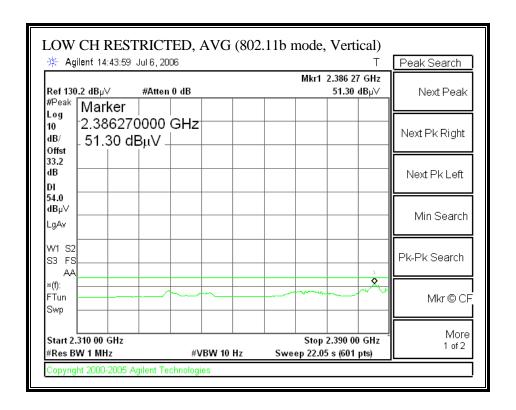
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (b MODE, LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



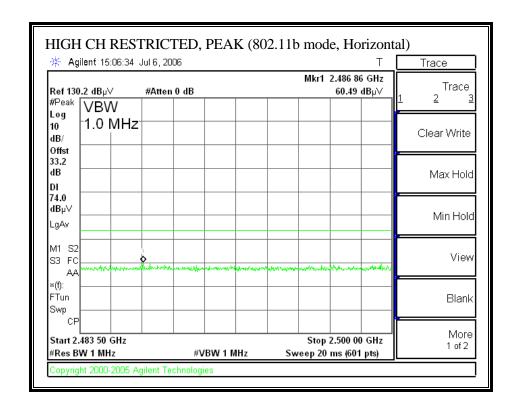


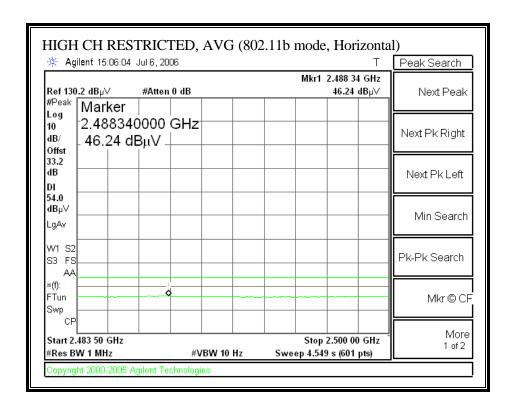
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (b MODE, LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



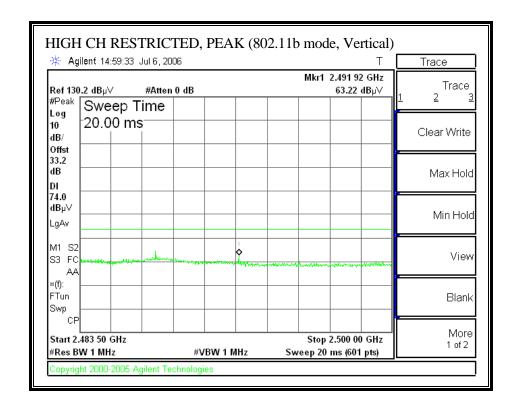


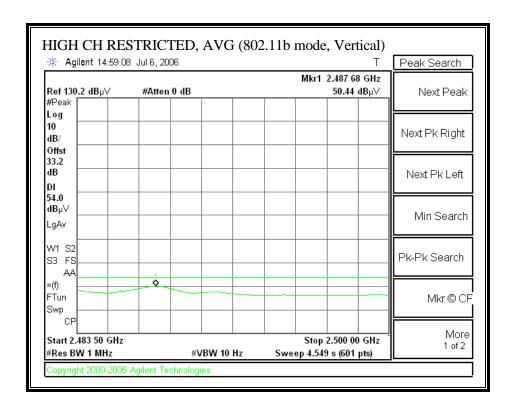
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (b MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



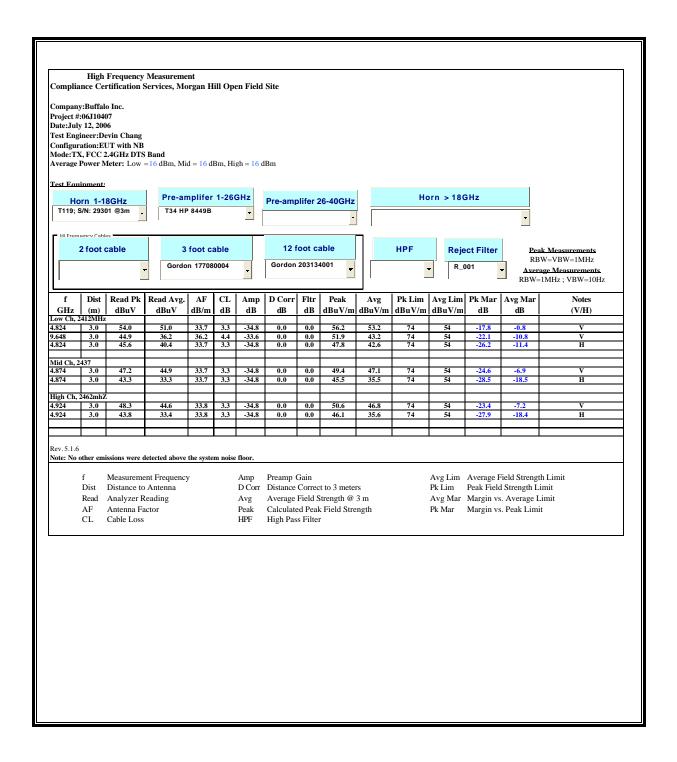


RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (b MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)

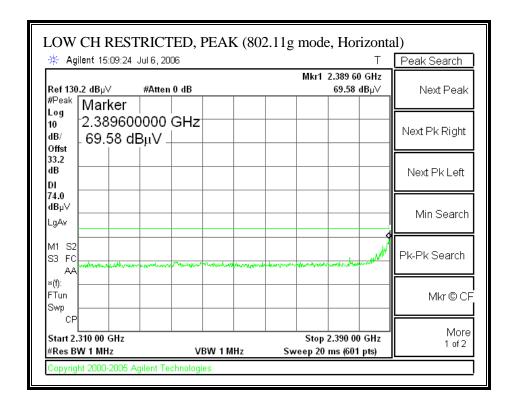


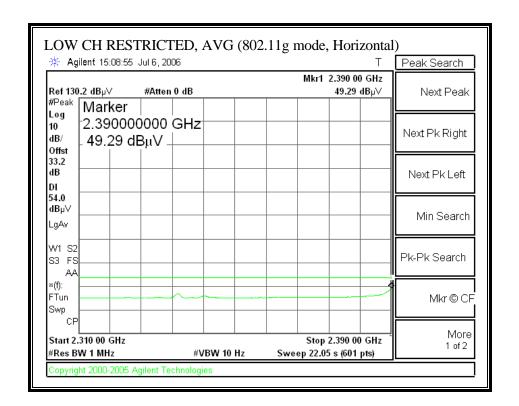


HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (b MODE)

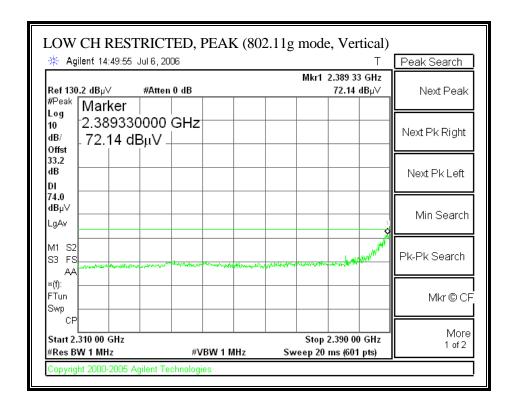


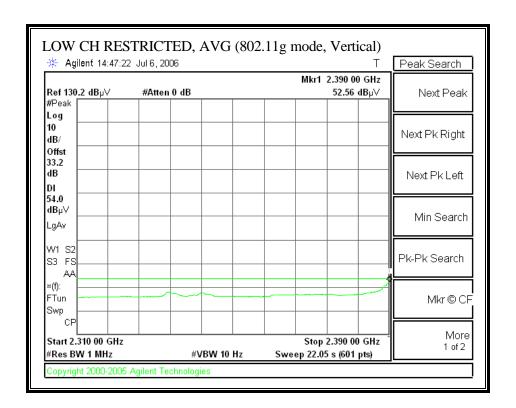
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g MODE, LOW CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



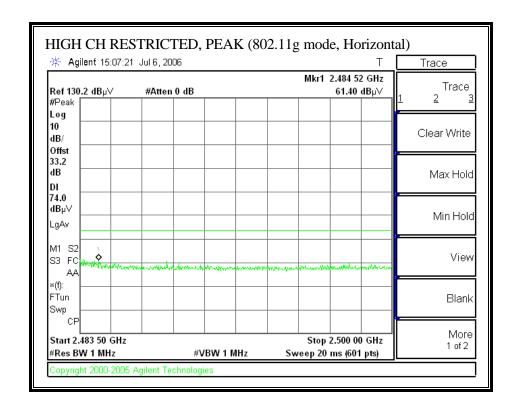


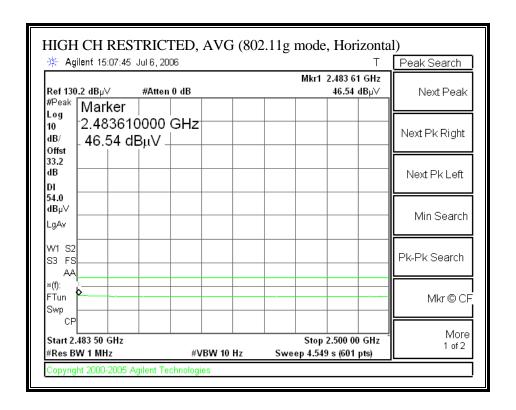
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g MODE, LOW CHANNEL, VERTICAL)



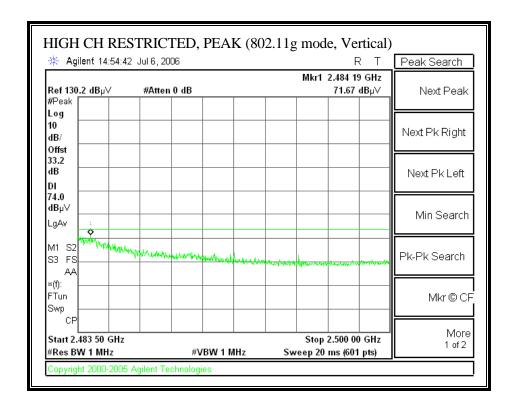


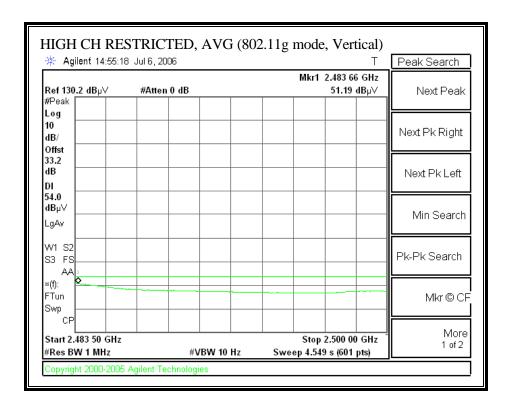
RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, HORIZONTAL)



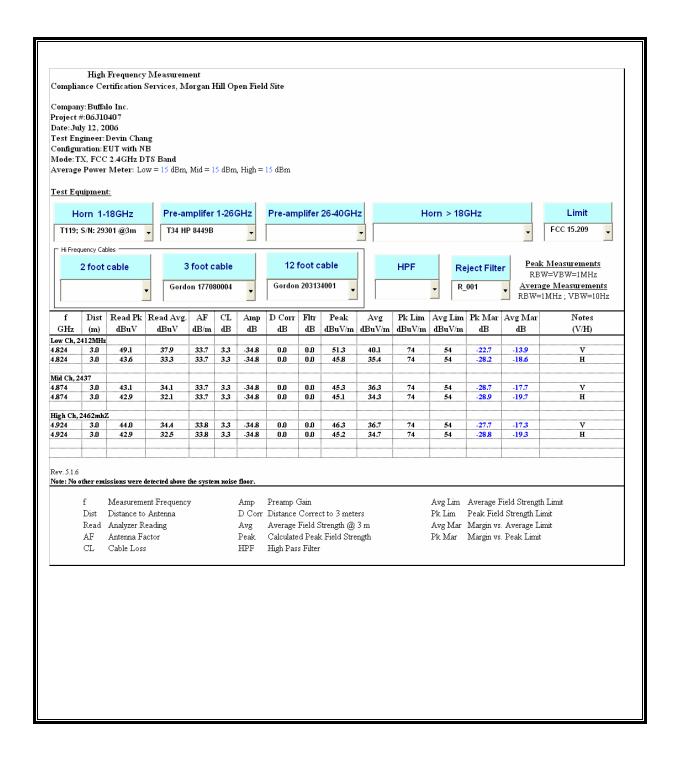


RESTRICTED BANDEDGE (g MODE, HIGH CHANNEL, VERTICAL)





HARMONICS AND SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (g MODE)



7.2.3. WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSIONS BELOW 1 GHz

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, HORIZONTAL)

HORIZONTAL DATA



561F Monterey Road Morgan Hill, CA 95037 Tel: (408) 463-0888 Fax: (408) 463-0885

Data#: 14 File#: 06J10407_new.EMI Date: 07-08-2006 Time: 12:25:38

Audix ATC

Condition: FCC CLASS-B HORIZONTAL Test Operator: : Thanh Nguyen Company: : Buffalo Inc.
Project #: : 06I10407
Model: : WMIA-204AG
Configuration: : EUT, laptop ,Ext., card

Mode of Operation: TX 2.4GHz band, worst case

Page: 1

	Freq	Read Level		Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dB	$\overline{\mathtt{dBuV/m}}$	$\overline{\mathtt{dBuV}/\mathtt{m}}$	dB	
1	99.840	25.37	11.38	36.75	43.50	-6.75	Peak
2	133.790	24.91	15.02	39.93	43.50	-3.57	Peak
3	400.540	18.66	18.04	36.70	46.00	-9.30	Peak
4	531.490	16.05	20.68	36.73	46.00	-9.27	Peak
5	659.530	16.13	22.49	38.62	46.00	-7.38	Peak
6	744.890	14.68	23.80	38.48	46.00	-7.52	Peak

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 30 TO 1000 MHz (WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION, VERTICAL)

VERTICAL DATA



561F Monterey Road Morgan Hill, CA 95037 Tel: (408) 463-0888

Fax: (408) 463-0885

Data#: 16 File#: 06J10407_new.EMI Date: 07-08-2006 Time: 12:32:40

Limit Over

Audix ATC

Condition: FCC CLASS-B VERTICAL Test Operator: : Thanh Nguyen Company: : Buffalo Inc. Project #: Model: : 06110407 : WMIA-204AG

Configuration: : EUT, laptop ,Ext., card Mode of Operation: TX 2.4GHz band, worst case

Read

Page: 1

	Freq	Level	Factor	Level	Line	Limit	Remark
	MHZ	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBu√/m	——dB	
1	133.790	21.64	15.02	36.66	43.50	-6.84	Peak
2	232.730	26.42	13.17	39.59	46.00	-6.41	Peak
3	373.380	17.95	17.46	35.41	46.00	-10.59	Peak
4	521.790	16.40	20.55	36.95	46.00	-9.05	Peak
5	567.380	14.74	21.12	35.86	46.00	-10.14	Peak
6	733.250	12.83	23.65	36.49	46.00	-9.51	Peak

7.3. POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

LIMIT

 $\S15.207$ (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal.

The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)			
	Quasi-peak	Average		
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *		
0.5-5	56	46		
5-30	60	50		

Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80 cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4.

The resolution bandwidth is set to 9 kHz for both peak detection and quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

Line conducted data is recorded for both NEUTRAL and HOT lines.

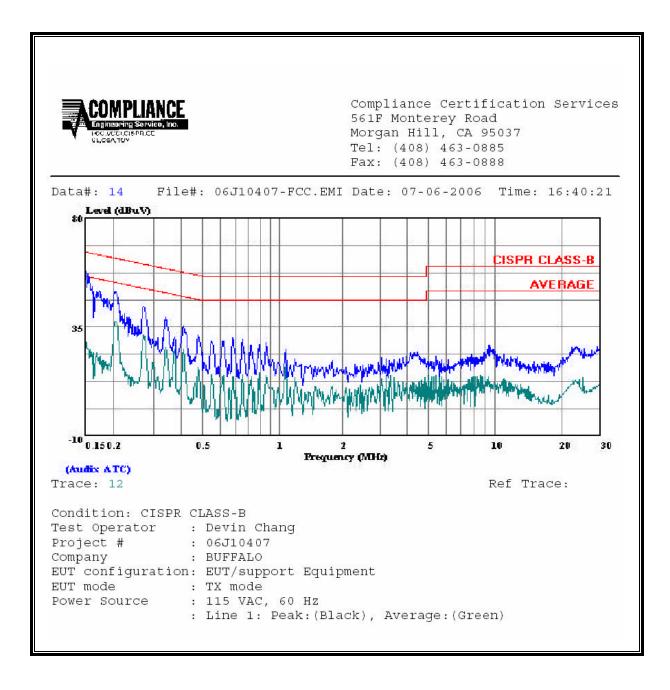
RESULTS

No non-compliance noted:

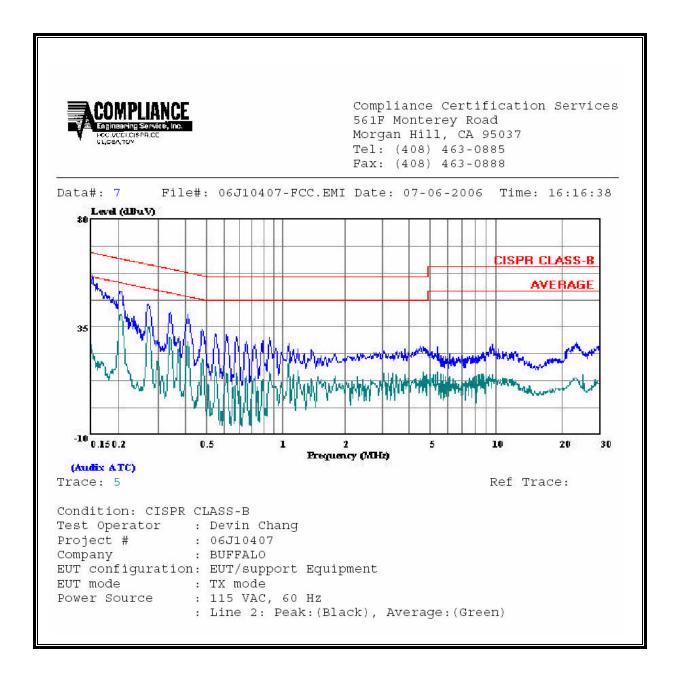
6 WORST EMISSIONS

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS DATA									
Freq.	Reading			Closs	Limit	FCC_B	Margin		Remark
(MHz)	PK (dBuV)	QP (dBuV)	AV (dBuV)	(dB)	QP	AV	QP (dB)	AV(dB)	L1/L2
0.20	49.66		37.20	0.00	63.45	53.45	-13.79	-16.25	L1
0.28	42.54		31.26	0.00	60.94	50.94	-18.40	-19.68	L1
0.34	38.96		26.48	0.00	59.18	49.18	-20.22	-22.70	L1
0.21	49.80		40.22	0.00	63.41	53.41	-13.61	-13.19	L2
0.27	44.44		34.68	0.00	61.00	51.00	-16.56	-16.32	L2
0.34	48.80		30.60	0.00	59.18	49.18	-10.38	-18.58	L2
6 Worst I	Data 								

LINE 1 RESULTS



LINE 2 RESULTS



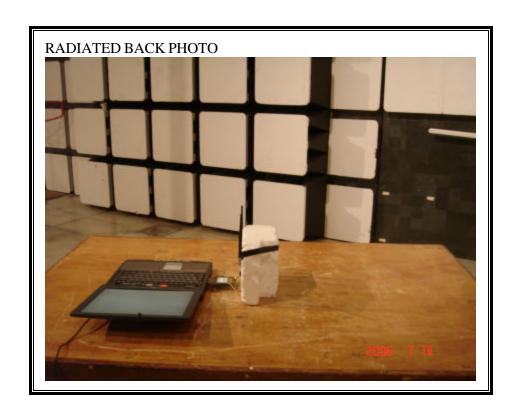
8. SETUP PHOTOS

ANTENNA PORT CONDUCTED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP



RADIATED RF MEASUREMENT SETUP





POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS MEASUREMENT SETUP





END OF REPORT