

PERSONAL COMMUNICATIONS SECTOR

# PRODUCT SAFETY AND COMPLIANCE EMC LABORATORY

# **EMC TEST REPORT**

Test Report Number – 14081-1

Report Date - June 23, 2005

The test results contained herein relate only to the model(s) identified. It is the manufacturer's responsibility to assure that additional production units of this model are manufactured with identical electrical and mechanical characteristics.

As the responsible EMC Engineer, I hereby declare that the equipment tested as specified in this report conforms to the requirements indicated.

Michael E. stiel

Signature

Name: <u>Michael E. Hill</u> NARTE: EMC002258-NE

Title: Senior Staff Electrical Engineer

Date: June 23, 2005

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# **Test Report Details**

Tests Performed By:	Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety and Compliance Group 600 North US Hwy 45 Libertyville, IL 60048 PH (847) 523-6167 Fax (847) 523-4538 Motorola MDB FRN: 0004321311 FCC Registration Number: 316588 Industry Canada Number: IC3908
Tests Requested By:	Motorola Inc. Mobile Devices Business 600 North US Hwy 45 Libertyville, IL 60048
Product Type:	Cellular Phone
Signaling Capability: Model Number:	GSM 850, 1900 Bluetooth G20
Version:	F2838
Serial Numbers:	010186000055256, 010186000055249

Testing Complete Date: July 9, 2004

# Applicable Standards

All tests and measurements indicated in this document were performed in accordance with the Code of Federal Regulations Title 47 Part 2, Sub-part J as well as the following parts:

- X Part 15 Subpart B Unintentional Radiators
- X Part 22 Subpart H Public Mobile Services
- X Part 24 Personal Communications Services
- Part 90 Private Land Mobile Radio Service

Applicable Standards: TIA EIA 137-A, TIA EIA 98-C, ANSI 63.4 2001, RSS-118 (AMPS), RSS-128 (TDMA), RSS-129 (CDMA), RSS-133 (CELLULAR)

# Summary of Testing

Test	Test Name	
#		Pass/Fail
1	RF Power Output	NA
2	ERP (Effective Radiated Power)	NA
3	Modulation Characteristics	Pass
4	Occupied Bandwidth	Pass
5	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	Pass
6	Field Strength of Spurious Emissions	Pass
7	Frequency Stability	Pass
8	Field Strength of Spurious Emissions	Pass
	from Unintentional Radiators	
_		
Test	Test Name	Margin with respect
#		to the Limit
1		ΝΙΔ
ו ס	EPD (Effective Redicted Dewer)	
2	ERP (Ellective Radiated Power)	
3	Modulation Characteristics	INA Cas Dista
4	Occupied Bandwidth	
5	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	19.0 dB
6	Field Strength of Spurious Emissions	4.3 dB
1	Frequency Stability	166.00 Hz
8	Field Strength of Spurious Emissions	Below noise floor
	trom Unintentional Radiators	

The margin with respect to the limit is the minimum margin for all modes and bands. () indicates the margin at which the product exceeds the limit.

# **General and Special Conditions**

The EUT was tested using a fully charged battery when applicable. Where a battery could not be used due to the need for a controlled variation of input voltage, an external power supply was utilized.

All testing was done in an indoor controlled environment with an average temperature of 22° C and relative humidity of 50%.

# **Equipment and Cable Configurations**

The EUT was tested in a stand-alone configuration that is representative of typical use.

# **Measuring Equipment and Calibration Information**

Manufacturer	Equipment Type	Model No.	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	Receiver	ESI26	838786/010	5/17/2005
Hewlett-Packard	EMC Analyzer	8593EM	3536A00118	10/2/2004
Hewlett-Packard	EMC Analyzer	7405	US39440191	11/13/2004
Miteq	Preamplifier 0.1-26.5GHz	NSP2650-NF-S	966350	1/8/2005
ETS	DRG Horn Antenna	3115	6222	9/29/2004
A.H. Systems Inc.	DRG Horn Antenna	SAS-2/571	365	12/17/2004
ETS	Log-Periodic Antenna	3148	1188	3/5/2005
ETS	Biconical Antenna	3110B	3370	11/14/2004
Attenuator	Weinschel	AS-6	6675	10/14/2004
Attenuator	Weinschel	AS-6	6677	11/4/2004
Rohde & Schwarz	Mobile Test Set	CMD 80	DE29008	N/A
Hewlett-Packard	Signal Generator	83623B	3844A01195	6/20/2005
Thermotron	Environmental Chamber	S-4	31580	1/5/2005
Hewlett-Packard	Pre-Amplifier	8347A	3307A02001	11/4/2004
Agilent	Power Meter	EE4418B	GB40206388	12/5/2004
Agilent	Power Sensor	E4412B	US38486321	11/23/2004
Hewlett-Packard	Pre-Amplifier	8447F	2805A03419	5/19/2005

All equipment is on a one-year calibration cycle.

## Measurement Procedures and Data

### **RF POWER OUTPUT**

### **Measurement Procedure**

The RF output port of the equipment under test is directly coupled to the input of a HPE4406A Vector Signal Analyzer through a 10dB passive attenuator, adaptor (if needed), and specialized RF connector. The peak power output is measured for all channels.

29.52

CFR47 Part 2.1046

### **Measurement Results**

**GSM 850** 

	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)
	824.20	32.51
	836.60	32.50
	848.80	32.61
GSM 1900		
	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)
	1850.2	29.52
	1880.0	29.54

1909.8

### OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

CFR47 Part 2.1049, 24.238

### **Measurement Procedure**

The RF output port of the equipment under test is directly coupled to the input of the EMC analyzer through a specialized RF connector and a 10dB passive attenuator. The amplitude of the spectrum analyzer is corrected for the attenuator and any other applicable losses. The analyzer is set for Peak Detector and each trace is set for Max Hold. A fully charged battery was used for the supply voltage.

The middle channel within the designated frequency block was measured. For digital modulation, the lower and upper band edge plots are displayed.

The plotted data shown for the band edge measurements is representative of data taken with a true 3 kHz resolution bandwidth filter. The raw data was taken using a 1 kHz resolution bandwidth and was integrated to produce a response representative of data taken using a true 3 kHz resolution bandwidth filter.

The occupied bandwidth was measured by integrating over 1001 points to determine the bandwidth occupied by 99 % of the transmitted power.

# Instrument Settings

Plot	Resolution Bandwidth (kHz)	Video Bandwidth (kHz)	Sweep Points (#)	Trace Mode	Detector	Samples (≥#)
Reference Plot – GSM 850	300	Auto	1001	Max Hold	Peak	30
OCBW - GSM 850	3	Auto	1001	Max Hold	Peak	30
Lower Band Edge - GSM 850	1	Auto	2004	Max Hold	Peak	30
Upper Band Edge - GSM 850	1	Auto	2004	Max Hold	Peak	30

Plot	Resolution Bandwidth (kHz)	Video Bandwidth (kHz)	Sweep Points (#)	Trace Mode	Detector	Samples (≥#)
Reference Plot – GSM 1900	300	Auto	1001	Max Hold	Peak	30
OCBW - GSM 1900	3	Auto	1001	Max Hold	Peak	30
Lower Band Edge - GSM 1900	1	Auto	2004	Max Hold	Peak	30
Upper Band Edge - GSM 1900	1	Auto	2004	Max Hold	Peak	30

# Measurement Results

### **Measurement Summary**

Band	Value Measured	Value	Unite	Frequency	Left Marker Frequency (MHz)	Left Marker	Right Marker Frequency (MHz)	Right Marker Level (dBm)
Callular	Deference Rewer	Value 20.70	MIL	000 04 4000	(11112)		(10112)	(abili)
Cellular	Reference Power	32.72	IVIHZ	836.614000				
Cellular	OCBW	240.60	kHz		836.4791	11.49	836.7197	9.36
Cellular	Lower Band Edge Emissions	-15.36	dBm	823.977500				
Cellular	Upper Band Edge Emissions	-14.80	dBm	849.016500				
PCS	Reference Power	29.64	MHz	1880.010000				
PCS	OCBW	241.80	kHz		1879.8773	6.55	1880.1191	7.55
PCS	Lower Band Edge Emissions	-15.97	dBm	1849.995500				
PCS	Upper Band Edge Emissions	-18.33	dBm	1910.019500				

### Measurement Results - GSM 850





### GSM/Cellular 850 Occupied Bandwidth



### GSM/Cellular 850 Lower Band Edge



GSM/Cellular 850 Upper Band Edge





GSM/Cellular 1900 Reference Level

### GSM/Cellular 1900 Occupied Bandwidth







### GSM/Cellular 1900 Upper Band Edge



### SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINALS

CFR47 Part 2.1051, 24.238

### **Measurement Procedure**

The RF output port of the Equipment Under Test is directly coupled to the input of the EMC analyzer through a specialized RF connector and a 10dB passive attenuator. A fully charged battery was used for the supply voltage.

The spectrum was investigated from the lowest frequency signal generated, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the tenth harmonic of the fundamental or 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

Measurements were made at the middle channel within the frequency band and within the base station frequency range (869-894 MHz) for cellular.

The spectrum analyzer settings were as follows:

Units	dBm
Divisions	10 dB
Resolution Bandwidth	1 MHz
Video Bandwidth (AVG)	Auto
Sweep Time	Auto

### **Measurement Results**

### Measurement Results Modulation: GSM 850 Conducted Spurious and Harmonic Emissions

Harmonic of Fundamental	FCC Maximum Limit (dBm)	Conducted Emission (dBm)
2nd harmonic	-13	-40.5
3rd harmonic	-13	-33.4
4th harmonic	-13	-56.7
5th harmonic	-13	*
6th harmonic	-13	-56.4
7th harmonic	-13	-49.7
8th harmonic	-13	-47.3
9th harmonic	-13	-52.4
10th harmonic	-13	*



#### Notes:

- 1. \* Indicates the spurious emission could not be detected due to noise limitations or ambients.
- Each emission reported reflects the highest absolute level at the specific harmonic for the low, mid, and high channels at maximum power.
- 3. The Spectrum was investigated from 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the fundamental.

### Measurement Results Modulation: GSM 1900 Conducted Spurious and Harmonic Emissions

Harmonic of Fundamental	FCC Maximum Limit (dBm)	Conducted Emission (dBm)
2nd harmonic	-13	-46.4
3rd harmonic	-13	-45.0
4th harmonic	-13	-34.0
5th harmonic	-13	-43.7
6th harmonic	-13	-47.4
7th harmonic	-13	-44.0
8th harmonic	-13	-46.4
9th harmonic	-13	*
10th harmonic	-13	*



#### Notes:

- 1. \* Indicates the spurious emission could not be detected due to noise limitations or ambients.
- 2. Each emission reported reflects the highest absolute level at the specific harmonic for the low, mid, and high channels at maximum power.
- 3. The Spectrum was investigated from 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the fundamental.

### FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

CFR47 Part 2.1053, 22.917, 24.238

### **Measurement Procedure**

The equipment under test is placed inside the semi-anechoic chamber on a wooden table at the turntable center. For each spurious frequency, the antenna mast is raised and lowered from 1 to 4 meters and the turntable is rotated 360 degrees to obtain a maximum reading on the spectrum analyzer. This is repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the receive antenna.

The equipment under test is then replaced with a substitution antenna fed by a signal generator. With the signal generator tuned to a particular spurious frequency, the antenna mast is raised and lowered from 1 to 4 meters to obtain a maximum reading at the spectrum analyzer. The output of the signal generator is then adjusted until a reading identical to that obtained with the actual transmitter is achieved.

The power in dBm of each spurious emission is calculated by correcting the signal generator level for cable loss and gain of the substitution antenna referenced to a dipole. A fully charged battery was used for the supply voltage.

The settings of the receiver were as follows:

Units	dBm
Divisions	5 dB
Resolution Bandwidth	1 MHz
Video Bandwidth (AVG)	Auto
Sweep Time	Auto

### **Measurement Results**

#### **Radiated Spurious and Harmonic Emissions**

Frequency (MHz)	FCC Maximum Limit (dBm)	Horizontal Measured Emission Equiv. Pwr Into Ideal Dipole (dBm)	Vertical Measured Emission Equiv Pwr Into Ideal Dipole (dBm)
2nd harmonic	-13	-49.0	-22.6
3rd harmonic	-13	-30.7	-21.9
4th harmonic	-13	-52.0	-48.0
5th harmonic	-13	*	*
6th harmonic	-13	*	*
7th harmonic	-13	*	*
8th harmonic	-13	-78.5	-70.9
9th harmonic	-13	*	*
10th harmonic	-13	*	*



#### Notes:

- 1. \* Indicates the spurious emission could not be detected due to noise limitations or ambients.
- Each emission reported reflects the highest absolute level at the specific harmonic for the low, mid, and high channels at maximum power.
- 3. The Spectrum was investigated from 30 MHz to the tenth harmonic of the fundamental.

#### **Radiated Spurious and Harmonic Emissions**

Frequency (MHz)	FCC Maximum Limit (dBm)	Horizontal Measured Emission Equiv. Pwr Into Ideal Dipole (dBm)	Vertical Measured Emission Equiv Pwr Into Ideal Dipole (dBm)
2nd harmonic	-13	-32.5	-29.5
3rd harmonic	-13	-22.5	-19.4
4th harmonic	-13	-19.7	-18.3
5th harmonic	-13	*	*
6th harmonic	-13	*	-26.7
7th harmonic	-13	*	*
8th harmonic	-13	*	*
9th harmonic	-13	*	*
10th harmonic	-13	*	*



#### Notes:

- 1. \* Indicates the spurious emission could not be detected due to noise limitations or ambients.
- 2. Each emission reported reflects the highest absolute level at the specific harmonic for the low, mid, and high channels at maximum power.
- 3. The Spectrum was investigated from 30 MHz to the tenth harmonic of the fundamental.

### FREQUENCY STABILITY

CFR47 Part 2.1055, 24.235

### **Measurement Procedure**

The equipment under test is placed in an environmental chamber. The antenna port of the Equipment Under Test is directly coupled to the input of the measurement equipment through a specialized RF connector. A power supply is attached as the primary voltage supply.

Frequency measurements are made at the extremes of the temperature range -30° C to +60° C and at intervals of 10° C with the primary supply voltage set to the nominal battery operating voltage. A period of time sufficient to stabilize all components of the equipment is allowed at each frequency measurement. The maximum variation of frequency is measured.

At room temperature, the primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating endpoint of the equipment under test. The maximum variation of frequency is measured. A battery eliminator was used for the input supply voltage.

### Measurement Results

Frequency Stability				
Mode:	GSM 850	Operating Frequency:	836.6 MHz	
Channel:	190	Deviation Limit (PPM):	0.1 ppm	
Temperature	Frequency Error	Frequency Error	Voltage	Voltage
С	HZ	(PPM)	(%)	(VDC)
-30 C	-39.00	-0.021	100%	3.60
-20 C	-22.00	-0.012	100%	3.60
-10 C	-17.00	-0.009	100%	3.60
0 C	-13.00	-0.007	100%	3.60
10 C	-12.00	-0.006	100%	3.60
20 C	-19.00	-0.010	100%	3.60
30 C	-55.00	-0.029	100%	3.60
40 C	-42.00	-0.022	100%	3.60
50 C	-22.00	-0.012	100%	3.60
60 C	-38.00	-0.020	100%	3.60
20 C	-25.00	-0.013	Battery Endpoint	3.00



Frequency Stability				
Mode:	GSM 1900	<b>Operating Frequency:</b>	1880.0 MHz	
Channel:	661	Deviation Limit (PPM):	0.1 ppm	
Temperature	Frequency Error	Frequency Error	Voltage	Voltage
С	HZ	(PPM)	(%)	(VDC)
-30 C	-75.00	-0.040	100%	3.60
-20 C	-62.00	-0.033	100%	3.60
-10 C	-57.00	-0.030	100%	3.60
0 C	-32.00	-0.017	100%	3.60
10 C	-36.00	-0.019	100%	3.60
20 C	-31.00	-0.016	100%	3.60
30 C	-22.00	-0.012	100%	3.60
40 C	-49.00	-0.026	100%	3.60
50 C	-54.00	-0.029	100%	3.60
60 C	-42.00	-0.022	100%	3.60
20 C	-38.00	-0.020	Battery Endpoint	3.00



### FIELD STRENGTH OF EMISSIONS FROM UNINTENTIONAL RADIATORS

CFR47 Part 15.109

### Measurement Procedure

The equipment under test is placed inside the semi-anechoic chamber on a wooden table at the turntable center. For each radiated emission, the antenna mast is raised and lowered from 1 to 4 meters and the turntable is rotated 360 degrees to obtain a maximum peak reading on the spectrum analyzer. The radiated emissions are then measured using an EMI receiver employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector function below 1000 MHz and an average detector function above 1000 MHz. This is repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the receive antenna. A fully charged battery was used for the supply voltage.

The field strength of each radiated emission is calculated by correcting the EMI receiver level for cable loss, amplifier gain, and antenna correction factors.

Field Strength (dBuV/m) = EMI Receiver Level (dBuV) + Cable Loss (dB) -Amplifier Gain (dB) + Antenna Correction Factor (1/m)

The receiver settings were as follows:

Units	dBuV
Resolution Bandwidth	30 kHz
Video Bandwidth (AVG)	Auto
Sweep Time	auto
Attenuation	10 dB

### **Measurement Results**



Test Report Number: 14081-1



Radiated Emissions Per FCC CFR 47 Part 15.209 PCS Channel 661 - Rx Mode



# **Appendix A – Radiated Emissions Test Setup Photos**

A.1 Radiated Emissions Measurement



A.2 Substitution Measurement

# **End of Test Report**