## §1.1307 (b) (1) & §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

## **Applicable Standard**

According to FCC §15.319(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) (§1.1310, §2.1091)

| Frequency<br>Range (MHz)                            | Electric Field<br>Strength (V/m) | Magnetic Field<br>Strength (A/m) | Power Density<br>(mW/cm²) | Averaging Time (minute) |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure |                                  |                                  |                           |                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.3-1.34  | 614                              | 1.63                             | *(100)                    | 30                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.34-30   | 842/f                            | 2.19/f                           | *(180/f\2\)               | 30                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30-300  | 27.5                             | 0.073                            | 0.2                       | 30                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 300-1500  | /                                | /                                | f/1500                    | 30                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1500-100,000  | /                                | /                                | 1.0                       | 30                      |  |  |  |  |  |

f = frequency in MHz

## **MPE Calculation**

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

Where: S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm<sup>2</sup>);

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW);

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm);

For simultaneously transmit system, the calculated power density should comply with:

$$\sum_{i} \frac{S_{i}}{S_{Limit,i}} \le 1$$

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<sup>\* =</sup> Plane-wave equivalent power density

| Frequency                 | Antenna Gain |           | Tune Up Conducted<br>Power |      | Evaluation<br>Distance | Power<br>Density | MPE Limit             |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------|----------------------------|------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| (MHz)                     | (dBi)        | (numeric) | (dBm)                      | (mW) | (cm)                   | $(mW/cm^2)$      | (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) |
| 2402-2480                 | 0            | 1         | -1.0                       | 0.79 | 20                     | 0.0002           | 1.0                   |
| 1921.536<br>-<br>1928.448 | 0            | 1         | 20                         | 100  | 20                     | 0.020            | 1.0                   |

Note: 1. the tune up conducted power was declared by the applicant 2. the Bluetooth can transmit at the same time with the DECT function.

Simultaneous transmitting consideration:

The ratio=MPE  $_{Bluetooth}$  / limit + MPE  $_{DECT}$  / limit = 0.0002 + 0.020 = 0.0202 < 1.0

To maintain compliance with the FCC's RF exposure guidelines, place the equipment at least 20cm from nearby persons.

**Result: Compliance** 

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