

2/F., Garment Centre, 576 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

Telephone: (852) 2173 8888 Facsimile: (852) 2785 5487

www.intertek.com

TEST REPORT

Report Number: 17110715HKG-001

Application for Original Grant of 47 CFR Part 15 Certification

New Family of RSS-247 Issue 2 Equipment

FCC ID: EW780-0618-00

IC: 1135B-80061800

PREPARED AND CHECKED BY:

APPROVED BY:

Se

Digitally signed by Jess Tang Location: Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Ltd.

Tang Kwan Mo, Jess Lead Engineer

Date: January 22, 2018

Signed On File Yao Xin Lu, Josie Engineer





GENERAL INFORMATION

Applicant Name: VTech Telecommunications Ltd.

Applicant Address: 23/F., Tai Ping Industrial Centre, Block 1,

57 Ting Kok Road, Tai Po,

Hong Kong.

FCC Specification Standard: FCC Part 15, October 1, 2016 Edition

FCC ID: EW780-0618-00 FCC Model(s): VM3261 BU

VM3261-2 BU, VM3x61-ab BU, VM3221 BU, VM3221-ab BU

IC Specification Standard: RSS-247 Issue 2, February 2017

RSS-Gen Issue 4, December 2014

IC: 1135B-80061800 VM3261 BU

VM3261-2 BU, VM3221 BU

PMN: Video Monitor

Type of EUT:Spread Spectrum Transmitter **Description of EUT:**Video Monitor - Baby Unit

Serial Number: N/A

Sample Receipt Date: November 17, 2017

Date of Test: November 20, 2017 to January 01, 2017

Report Date: January 22, 2018

Environmental Conditions: Temperature: +10 to 40°C

Humidity: 10 to 90%



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0 Test Results Summary & Statement of Compliance	
1.1 Summary of Test Results	4
1.2 Statement of Compliance	4
2.0 General Description	
2.1 Product Description	
2.2 Test Methodology	
2.3 Test Facility	5
3.0 System Test Configuration	6
3.1 Justification	6
3.2 EUT Exercising Software	7
3.3 Details of EUT and Description of Accessories	8
3.4 Measurement Uncertainty	8
4.0 Test Results	9
4.1 Maximum Conducted Output Power at Antenna Terminals	9
4.2 Maximum 20 dB RF Bandwidth	
4.3 Minimum Number of Hopping Frequencies	15
4.4 Minimum Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation	17
4.5 Average Channel Occupancy Time	
4.6 Out of Band Conducted Emissions	23
4.7 Field Strength Calculation	28
4.8 Transmitter Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions	29
4.8.1 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph	30
4.8.2 Radiated Emission Data	30
4.8.3 Radiated Emission Test Setup	31
4.8.4 Transmitter Duty Cycle Calculation	36
4.9 AC Power Line Conducted Emission	38
4.9.1 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph	38
4.9.2 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Data	
4.9.3 AC Line Conducted Emission Test Setup	
5 O Equipment List	12



EXHIBIT 1 TEST RESULTS SUMMARY & STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

1.0 TEST RESULTS SUMMARY & STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

1.1 Summary of Test Results

TEST ITEMS	FCC PART 15 SECTION	RSS-247/ RSS-GEN# SECTION	RESULTS	DETAILS SEE SECTION
Antenna Requirement	15.203	8.3 [#]	Pass	2.1
Max. Conducted Output Power	15.247(b)(1) & (4)	5.4(2)	Pass	4.1
Max. 20dB RF Bandwidth	N/A	5.1(1)	N/A	4.2
Min. No. of Hopping Frequencies	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	5.1(4)	Pass	4.3
Min. Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247(a)(1)	5.1(2)	Pass	4.4
Average Time of Occupancy	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	5.1(4)	Pass	4.5
Out of Band Antenna Conducted Emission	15.247(d)	5.5	Pass	4.6
Radiated Emission in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions	15.247(d)	8.10#	Pass	4.8
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	15.207 & 15.107	8.8#	Pass	4.9

Note: Pursuant to FCC Part 15 Section 15.215(c), the 20dB bandwidth of the emission was contained within the frequency band designated (mentioned as above) which the EUT operated. The effects, if any, from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping, other modulation techniques and frequency stability over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage were considered.

1.2 Statement of Compliance

The equipment under test is found to be complying with the following standards:

FCC Part 15, October 1, 2016 Edition RSS-247 Issue 2, February 2017 RSS-Gen Issue 4, November 2014



EXHIBIT 2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2.1 Product Description

The VM3261 BU is a Video Monitor - Baby Unit.

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) operates at frequency range of 2405MHz to 2475MHz. There are totally 32 non-overlapping channels with 2MHz channel separation and 17 active channels out of the 32 channels.

The EUT is powered by a 100-240VAC 50/60Hz 150mA to 5.0VDC 800mA AC adaptor.

The antenna used in the EUT is integral, and the test sample is a prototype.

For FCC, the Model(s): VM3261-2 BU, VM3x61-ab BU, VM3221 BU and VM3221-ab BU are the same as the Model: VM3261 BU in electronics/electrical designs including software & firmware, PCB layout and construction design/physical design/enclosure. The only differences between these models are colour and model number to be sold for marketing purpose. Suffix ("a,b,x") indicates different number of baby unit, different colour of enclosure, and different type packaging.

For IC, the Model(s): VM3261-2 BU and VM3221 BU are the same as the Model: VM3261 BU in electronics/electrical designs including software & firmware, PCB layout and construction design/physical design/enclosure. The only differences between these models are colour and model number to be sold for marketing purpose.

The circuit description and frequency hopping algorithm are attached in the Appendix and saved with filename: descri.pdf.

2.2 Test Methodology

Both AC power line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10 (2013). Preliminary radiated scans and all radiated measurements were performed in radiated emission test sites. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "Justification Section" of this Application. Antenna port conducted measurements were performed according to ANSI C63.10 (2013). All other measurements were made in accordance with the procedures in 47 CFR Part 2.

2.3 Test Facility

The radiated emission test site, AC power line conducted measurement facility and antenna port conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data, AC Power Line conducted data, and conductive data are at Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Ltd., which is located at Workshop No. 3, G/F., World-Wide Industrial Centre, 43-47 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, Sha Tin, N.T., Hong Kong. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with FCC and Industry Canada No. 2042V.



EXHIBIT 3 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.0 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

For radiated emissions testing, the equipment under test (EUT) was setup to transmit / receive continuously to simplify the measurement methodology. Care was taken to ensure proper power supply voltages during testing. During testing, all cables (if any) were manipulated to produce worst case emissions.

The EUT was powered by a 100-240VAC 50/60Hz 150mA to 5.0VDC 800mA adaptor.

For the measurements, the EUT was attached to a plastic stand if necessary and placed on the wooden turntable at 0.8m height from the ground plane for emission testing at or below 1GHz and 1.5m for emission measurements above 1GHz. If the baby unit attached to peripherals, they were connected and operational (as typical as possible). The parent unit was remotely located as far from the antenna and the baby as possible to ensure full power transmission from the parent unit. Else, the base was wired to transmit full power with modulation.

The signal was maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes. The antenna height and polarization were varied during the search for maximum signal level. The antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters. Radiated emissions were taken at three meters unless the signal level was too low for measurement at that distance. If necessary, a pre-amplifier was used and/or the test was conducted at a closer distance.

For any intentional radiator powered by AC power line, measurements of the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission was performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage.

For transmitter radiated measurement, the spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth was 100 kHz for frequencies below 1000 MHz. The resolution bandwidth was 1 MHz for frequencies above 1000 MHz.

Radiated emission measurement for transmitter were performed from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.



3.1 Justification - Cont'd

Emission that are directly caused by digital circuits in the transmit path and transmitter portion were measured, and the limit are according to FCC Part 15 Section 15.209. Digital circuitry used to control additional functions other than the operation of the transmitter is subject to FCC Part Section 15.109 Limits.

Detector function for radiated emissions was in peak mode. Average readings, when required, were taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in section 4.3.4.

Determination of pulse desensitization was made according to *Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, Spectrum Analysis... Pulsed RF.* The effective period (Teff) was referred to Exhibit 4.3.4. With the resolution bandwidth 1MHz and spectrum analyzer IF bandwidth 3dB, the pulse desensitization factor was 0dB.

For AC line conducted emission test, the EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0m(W)x1.5m(L) and 0.8m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN), which provided 50ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument. The LISN housing, measuring instrument case, reference ground plane, and vertical ground plane were bounded together. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled.

All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were manipulated to find the maximum emission.

All relevant operation modes have been tested, and the worst case data is included in this report.

3.2 EUT Exercising Software

The EUT exercise program used during radiated and conducted testing was designed to exercise the various system components in a manner similar to a typical use.



3.3 Details of EUT and Description of Accessories

Details of EUT:

An AC adaptor (provided with the unit) was used to power the device. Their description are listed below.

(1) An AC adaptor (100-240VAC 50/60Hz 150mA to 5.0VDC 800mA, Model: S005BNU0500080, Brand: TanPao) (Provided by Client)

Description of Accessories:

(1) Parent Unit, Model: VM3261 PU, FCC ID: EW780-0617-01 (Provided by Client)

3.4 Measurement Uncertainty

When determining of the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test at a level of confidence of 95% has been considered. The values of the Measurement uncertainty for radiated emission test and RF conducted measurement test are \pm 5.3dB and \pm 0.99dB respectively. The value of the Measurement uncertainty for conducted emission test is \pm 4.2dB.

Uncertainty and Compliance - Unless the standard specifically states that measured values are to be extended by the measurement uncertainty in determining compliance, all compliance determinations are based on the actual measured value.

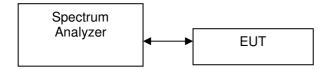


EXHIBIT 4 TEST RESULTS

4.0 TEST RESULTS

RF Conducted measurement Test Setup by a Spectrum Analyzer.

The figure below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.



4.1 Maximum Conducted (peak) Output Power at Antenna Terminals

The antenna power of the EUT was connected to the input of a power meter. Power was read
directly and cable loss correction was added to the reading to obtain power at the EUI
antenna terminals.

The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. The analyzer was set for RBW>20dB bandwidth and power was read directly in dBm. External attenuation and cable loss were compensated for using the OFFSET function of the analyzer.

(Baby Unit) Antenna Gain = 0 dBi

Frequency (MHz)		Output in dBm	Output in mWatt		
Low Channel:	2405	19.93	98.401		
Middle Channel:	2441	19.81	95.719		
High Channel:	2475	19.63	91.833		

High Channel: 2475 19.63

Cable loss: 0.5 dB External Attenuation: 20 dB

Cable loss, external attenuation: ☐ included in OFFSET function ☐ added to SA raw reading

dBm max. output level = __ dBm

Limits: ☐ 0.125W (21dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less

☐ 0.25W (24dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less

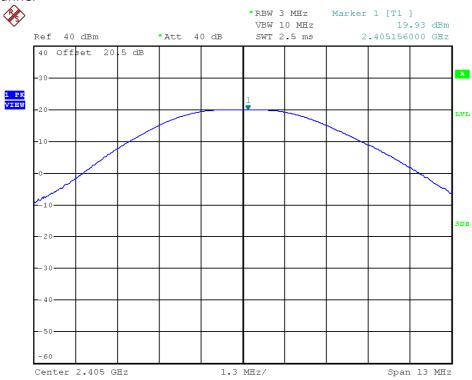
☐ 1W (30dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less

☐ ___W (___dBm) for antennas with gains more than 6dBi

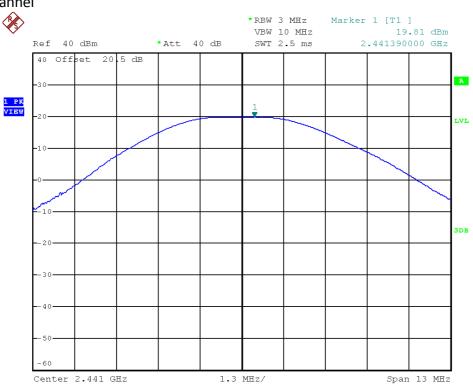


PLOTS OF CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER





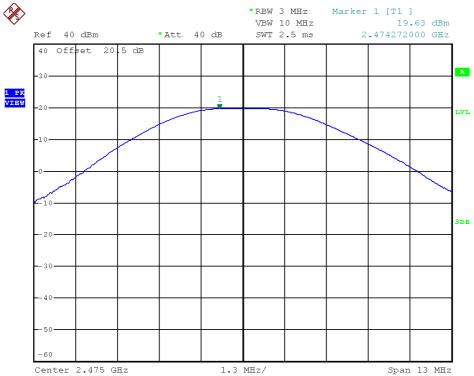
Middle Channel





PLOTS OF CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

Highest Channel





4.2 Maximum 20 dB RF Bandwidth

The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. Analyzer RES BW was chosen so that the display was a result of the hopping channel modulation. For each RF output channel investigated, the spectrum analyzer center frequency was set to the channel carrier. A PEAK output reading was taken, a DISPLAY line was drawn 20 dB lower than PEAK level. The 20 dB bandwidth was determined from where the channel output spectrum intersected the display line.

Baby Unit

Frequency (MHz)		20 dB Bandwidth (kHz)
Low Channel:	2405	2520
Middle Channel:	2441	2532
High Channel:	2475	2532

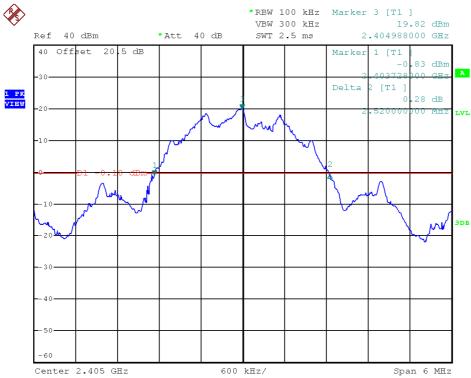
Lim	its ≤500kHz for 902-928MHz
	N/A for 2400-2483.5MHz
	≤1MHz for 5725-5850MHz

The plots of 20dB RF bandwidth are saved as below.

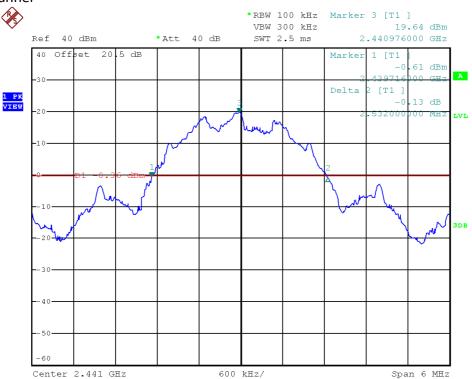


PLOTS OF 20dB RF BANDWIDTH





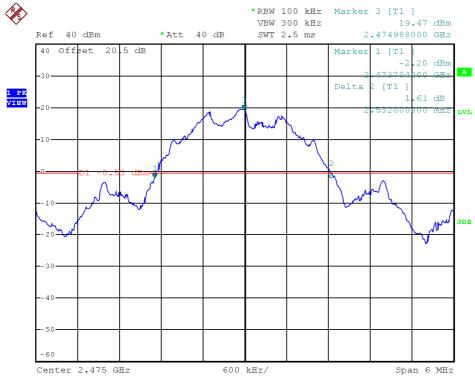
Middle Channel





PLOTS OF 20dB RF BANDWIDTH

Highest Channel





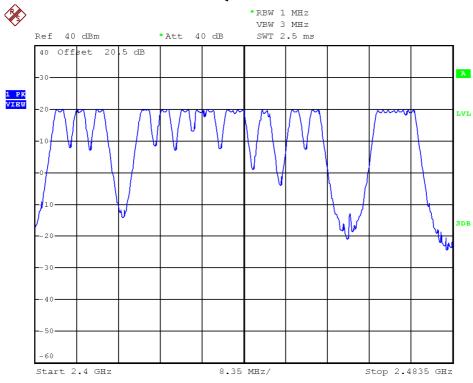
4.3 Minimum Number of Hopping Frequencies

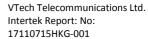
With the analyzer set to MAX HOLD readings were taken for 2-3 minutes in each band. The channel peaks so recorded were added together, and the total number compared to the minimum number of channels required in the regulation.

					Baby Unit					
	No. of hoppi	ing channel	S				17			
a	mum Require t least 50 hannel < 250k	hopping	channels	for	902MHz-928MHz	(20	dB	bandwidth	of	hopping
	t least 25 hannel≥250ŀ		channels	for	902MHz-928MHz	(20	dВ	bandwidth	of	hopping
⊠ a	t least 15 hop	ping chann	els for 2400	MHz-	2483.5MHz.					
Па	t least 75 hop	ping chann	els for 5725	MHz-	-5850MHz.					
The p	olots of numb	er of hoppi	ng frequenc	ies ar	e saved as below.					



PLOTS OF NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES







4.4 Minimum Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation

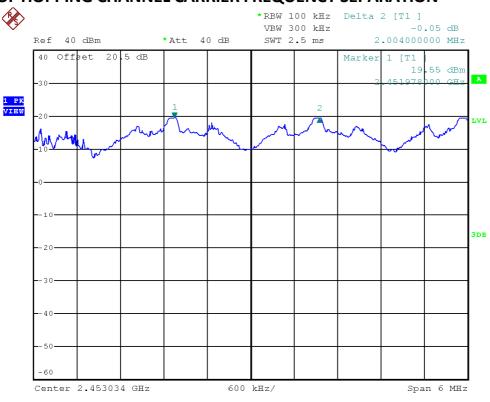
Using the DELTA MARKER function of the analyzer, the frequency separation between two adjacent channels was measured and met the requirement.

Baby Unit	
Channel Separation (Channel 22 and Channel 23)	2004 kHz
Limits: The channel separation must be larger than:	
☐ 25 kHz	
20 dB bandwidth of hopping channel:Hz	
2/3 of 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel: <u>1688</u> kHz	
The plot(s) of hopping channel carrier frequency separation is saved as below.	

Page 17 of 43



PLOTS OF HOPPING CHANNEL CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION







4.5 Average Channel Occupancy Time

The spectrum analyzer center frequency was set to one of the known hopping channels. The SWEEP was set to 1ms, the SPAN was set to ZERO SPAN, and the TRIGGER was set to VIDEO. The time duration of the transmission so captured was measured with the MARKER DELTA function.

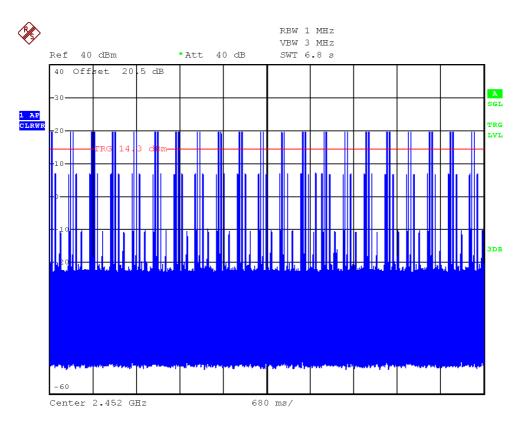
The SWEEP was then set to the time required by the regulation (20 seconds for 902-928 MHz devices, if the 20dB bandwidth is less than 250kHz, 10 seconds for 902-928 MHz if the 20dB bandwidth is or greater than 250kHz, "0.4 seconds x Number of hopping channels employed" seconds for 2400-2483.5 MHz, 30 seconds for 5725-5850 MHz). The analyzer was set to SINGLE SWEEP, the total ON time was added and compared against the limit (0.4 seconds).

Baby Unit (worst-case: 1 parent u	Baby Unit (worst-case: 1 parent unit operation)						
Average Occupancy Time (Traffic – in a clear RF environment) =	1.1ms x 7 x 2 x 6 x 4 = 369.6ms						
(Hamic – in a clear Kr environment) –							
Limits: Average 0.4 seconds maximum occupancy in:							
6.8 seconds (0.4 sec. x 17) for 2400MHz-2483.5MHz (Traffic – in a clear RF environment)							
20 seconds for 902MHz-928MHz ≥ 50 hopping channels							
10 seconds for 902MHz-928MHz ≥ 25 hopping channels							
30 seconds for 5725-5850MHz							
The plots of average channel occupancy time are saved as below	w.						

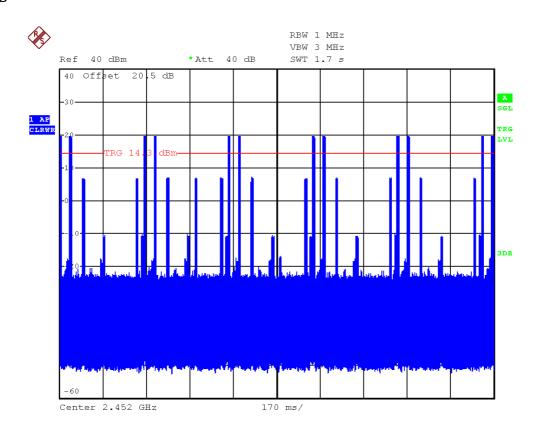


PLOTS AVERAGE CHANNEL OCCUPANCY TIME

Plot A



Plot B

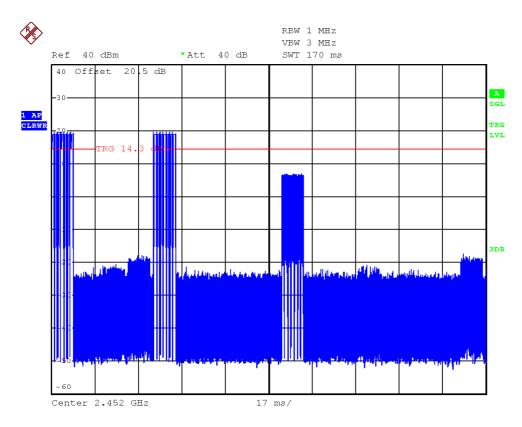


Page 20 of 43

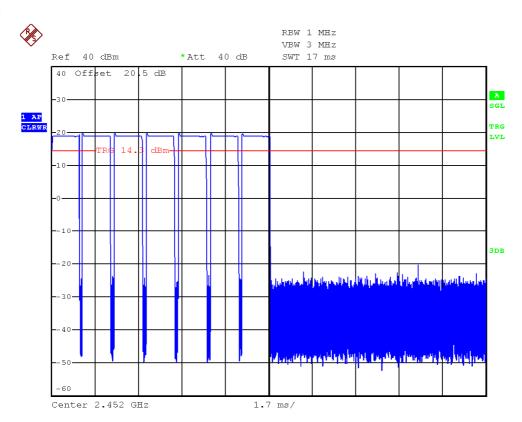


PLOTS AVERAGE CHANNEL OCCUPANCY TIME

Plot C



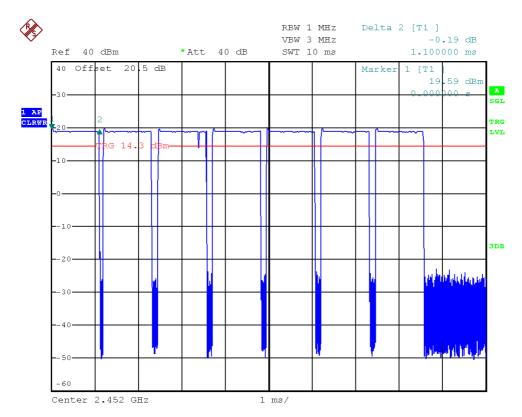
Plot D





PLOTS AVERAGE CHANNEL OCCUPANCY TIME

Plot E





4.6 Out of Band Conducted Emissions

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the EUT passband, the RF power produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence, and the carrier frequency shall be at least 20 dB below that of the maximum in-band 100 kHz emission.

The plot(s) of bandedge compliance is shown the worst-case which has been already considered between enable and disable the hopping function of the EUT.

Furthermore, delta measurement technique for measuring bandedge emissions was incorporated in the test of the edge at 2483.5MHz.

Limits:

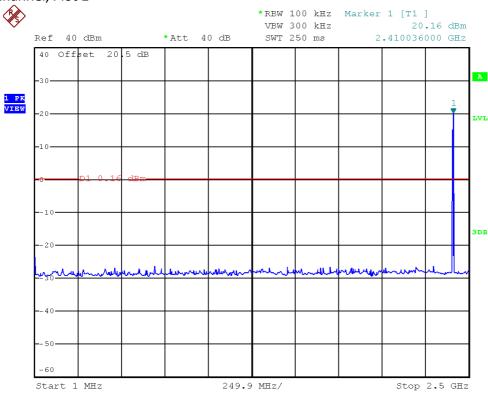
All spurious emission and up to the tenth harmonic was measured and they were found to be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the desired power in the passband.

The plots of out of band conducted emissions are saved as below.

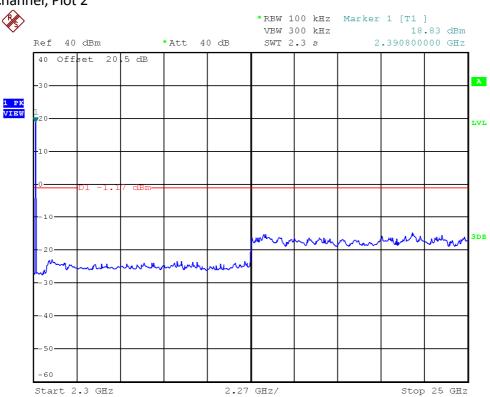


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Lowest Channel, Plot 1



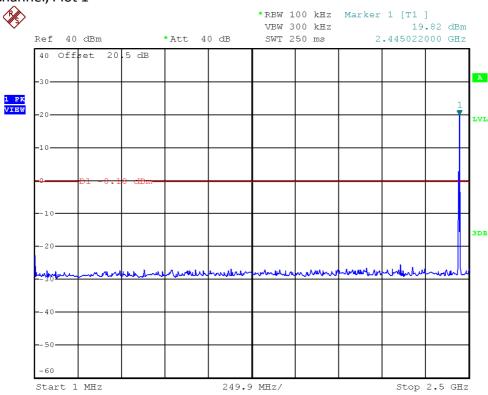
Lowest Channel, Plot 2



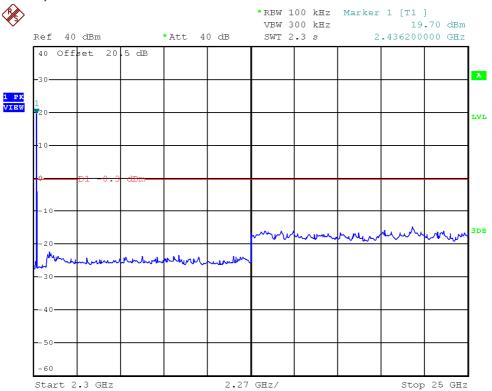


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Middle Channel, Plot 1



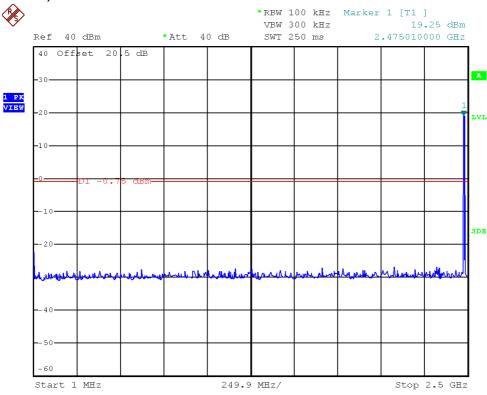
Middle Channel, Plot 2



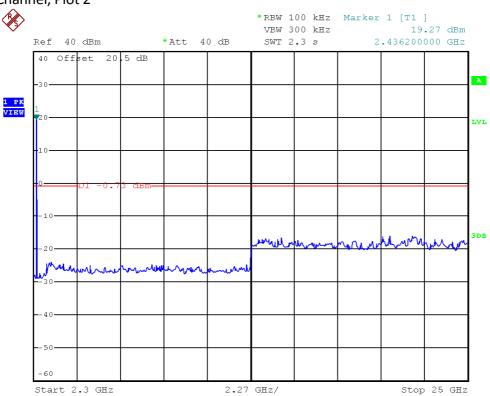


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Highest Channel, Plot 1



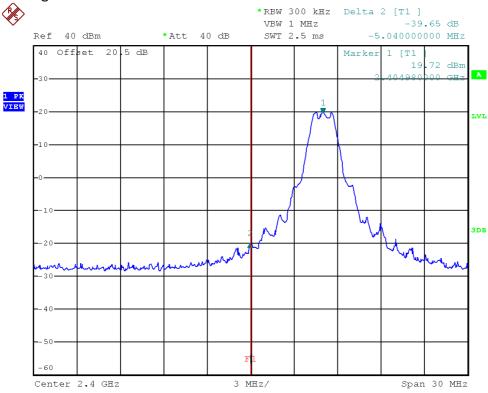
Highest Channel, Plot 2



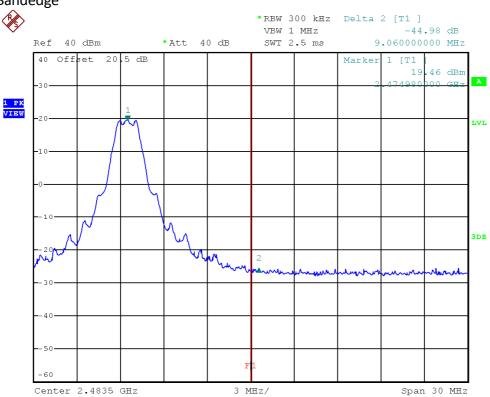


PLOTS OF BANDEDGE

Lowest Bandedge



Highest Bandedge





4.7 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

where $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in $dB\mu V$

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AF = Antenna Factor in dB AG = Amplifier Gain in dB

PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB AV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflects the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

<u>Example</u>

Assume a receiver reading of 62.0 dB μ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0 dB, and the resultant average factor was -10 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is 32 dB μ V/m. This value in dB μ V/m was converted to its corresponding level in μ V/m.

 $RA = 62.0 dB\mu V$

AF = 7.4 dB

CF = 1.6 dB

AG = 29 dB

PD = 0 dB

AV = -10 dB

 $FS = 62 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29 + 0 + (-10) = 32 dB\mu V/m$

Level in $\mu V/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32 dB<math>\mu V/m)/20] = 39.8 \mu V/m$



4.8 Transmitter Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions

Data is included of the worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

The data on the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.



4.8.1 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Restricted Band Radiated Emission

Baby Unit: 288.080 MHz

The worst case radiated emission configuration photographs are attached in the Appendix and saved with filename: config photos.pdf

4.8.2 Radiated Emission Data

The data in tables 1-4 list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

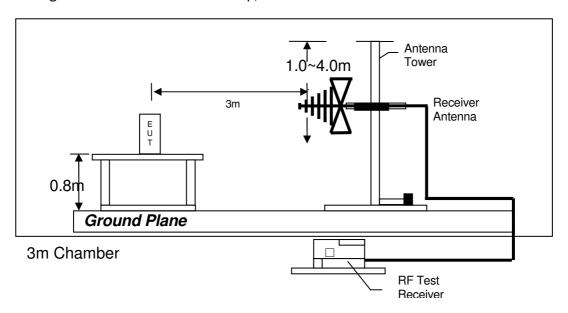
Judgement -

Baby Unit: Passed by 0.8 dB margin

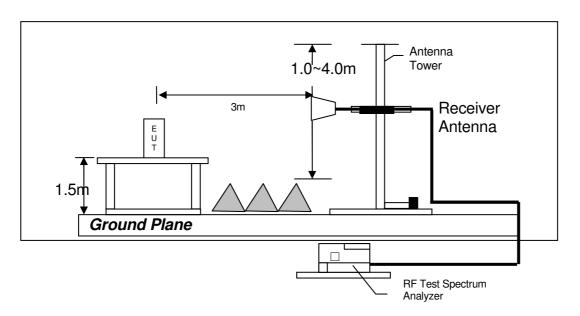


4.8.3 Radiated Emission Test Setup

The figure below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.



Test setup of radiated emissions up to 1GHz



Test setup of radiated emissions above 1GHz



RADIATED EMISSION DATA

Mode: TX-Channel 1

Table 1, Baby Unit

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	Calculated	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	2390.000	56.8	33	29.4	53.2	16.2	37.0	54.0	-17.0
V	4810.000	62.6	33	34.9	64.5	16.2	48.3	54.0	-5.7
V	12025.000	52.9	33	40.5	60.4	16.2	44.2	54.0	-9.8

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	2390.000	56.8	33	29.4	53.2	74.0	-20.8
V	4810.000	62.6	33	34.9	64.5	74.0	-9.5
V	12025.000	52.9	33	40.5	60.4	74.0	-13.6

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen Section 8.10.



Mode: TX-Channel 18

Table 2, Baby Unit

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	Calculated	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	4882.000	53.9	33	34.9	55.8	16.2	39.6	54.0	-14.4
Н	7323.000	43.4	33	37.9	48.3	16.2	32.1	54.0	-21.9
V	12205.000	46.8	33	40.5	<i>54.3</i>	16.2	38.1	54.0	-15.9

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	4882.000	53.9	33	34.9	55.8	74.0	-18.2
Н	7323.000	43.4	33	37.9	48.3	74.0	-25.7
V	12205.000	46.8	33	40.5	54.3	74.0	-19.7

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen Section 8.10.



Mode: TX-Channel 32

Table 3, Baby Unit

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	Calculated	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	2483.500	71.4	33	29.4	67.8	16.2	51.6	54.0	-2.4
V	4950.000	56.5	<i>33</i>	34.9	58.4	16.2	42.2	54.0	-11.8
Н	7425.000	43.3	33	37.9	48.2	16.2	32.0	54.0	-22.0
V	12375.000	51.9	33	40.5	59.4	16.2	43.2	54.0	-10.8

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	2483.500	71.4	33	29.4	67.8	74.0	-6.2
V	4950.000	56.5	33	34.9	58.4	74.0	-15.6
Н	7425.000	43.3	33	37.9	48.2	74.0	-25.8
V	12375.000	51.9	33	40.5	59.4	74.0	-14.6

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen Section 8.10.



Mode: Talk

Table 4, Baby Unit

			Pre-	Antenna	Net	Limit	
	Frequency	Reading	amp	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
Polarization	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	37.639	39.8	16	10.0	33.8	40.0	-6.2
V	120.033	43.5	16	14.0	41.5	43.5	-2.0
V	143.975	41.9	16	14.0	39.9	43.5	-3.6
V	215.998	38.3	16	17.0	39.3	43.5	-4.2
V	288.080	39.2	16	22.0	45.2	46.0	-0.8
V	432.065	33.8	16	25.0	42.8	46.0	-3.2
V	480.080	32.6	16	26.0	42.6	46.0	-3.4
V	696.269	28.7	16	30.0	42.7	46.0	-3.3
V	720.276	29.0	16	30.0	43.0	46.0	-3.0
Н	744.284	27.9	16	30.0	41.9	46.0	-4.1
Н	768.291	26.1	16	31.0	41.1	46.0	-4.9
Н	816.306	27.0	16	31.0	42.0	46.0	-4.1

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-Gen Section 8.10.





4.8.4 Transmitter Duty Cycle Calculation

Duty Cycle (DC) = (Maximum ON time in 100 ms) / (100 ms) = 1.1 ms x 7 x 2 / 100 ms

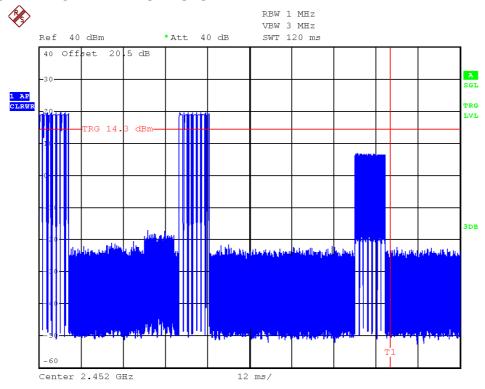
Average Factor (AF) = $20 \log(DC)$ = $20* \log (0.154)$

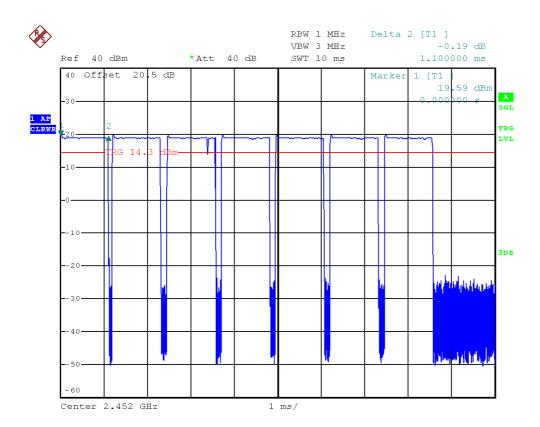
= -16.2 dB

The plot(s) shows the bit timing is saved as below.



PLOTS OF TRANSMITTER DUTY CYCLE









4.9	AC Power Line Conducted Emission
	Not applicable – EUT is only powered by battery for operation.
	EUT connects to AC power line. Emission Data is listed in following pages.
	Base Unit connects to AC power line and has transmission. Handset connects to AC power line but has no transmission. Emission Data of Base Unit is listed in following pages.
4.9.1	AC Power Line Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph
	Worst Case Line-Conducted Configuration at
	298.5 kHz

The worst case line conducted configuration photographs are attached in the Appendix and saved with filename: config photos.pdf

4.9.2 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Data

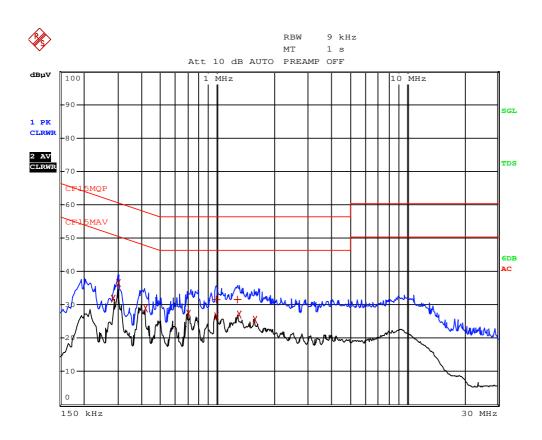
The plot(s) and data in the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

Passed by 14.02 dB margin compare with CISPR average limit



AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION

Worst Case: Live Mode



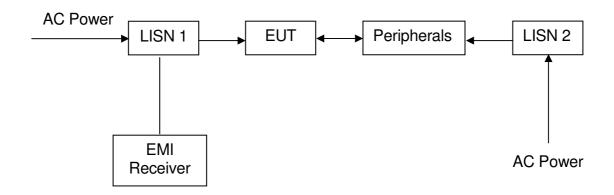


Worst Case: Live Mode

	TD.T.T	DEAK LIGH (Bir-1	Management		t -)
m		PEAK LIST (Final	Measurem	ent Resul	ts)
Trace		CF15MQP			
Trace		CF15MAV			
Trace					
	TRACE	FREQUENCY	LEVEL di	3μV	DELTA LIMIT dB
2 0	CISPR Average	285 kHz	31.58	L1	-19.08
2 0	CISPR Average	298.5 kHz	36.25	N	-14.02
2 0	CISPR Average	415.5 kHz	28.82	N	-18.71
2 0	CISPR Average	699 kHz	27.22	N	-18.77
1 0	Quasi Peak	982.5 kHz	31.48	L1	-24.51
2 0	CISPR Average	982.5 kHz	26.24	L1	-19.75
1 0	Quasi Peak	1.266 MHz	31.36	L1	-24.63
2 0	CISPR Average	1.293 MHz	26.78	L1	-19.21
2 0	CISPR Average	1.5765 MHz	25.42	L1	-20.57



4.9.3 AC Line Conducted Emission Test Setup



The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a $1.0m(W)\times1.5m(L)$ and 0.8m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN), which provided 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled.

All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.



EXHIBIT 5 EQUIPMENT LIST

5.0 EQUIPMENT LIST

1) Radiated Emissions Test

Equipment	Biconical Antenna	EMI Test Receiver (9kHz to 26.5GHz)	Double Ridged Guide Antenna
Registration No.	EW-2512	EW-3156	EW-0194
Manufacturer	EMCO	ROHDESCHWARZ	EMCO
Model No.	3104C	ESR26	3115
Calibration Date	Nov. 16, 2016	Nov. 10. 2017	Aug. 10, 2016
Calibration Due Date	May. 16, 2018	Nov. 10, 2018	Feb. 10, 2018

Equipment	Log Periodic Antenna	Pyramidal Horn Antenna	Spectrum Analyzer
Registration No.	EW-3243	EW-0905	EW-2466
Manufacturer	EMCO	EMCO	R&S
Model No.	3148B	3160-09	FSP30
Calibration Date	Sep. 12, 2016	Aug. 18, 2017	Sep. 04, 2017
Calibration Due Date	Feb. 17, 2018	Feb. 18, 2019	Jul, 16. 2018

Equipment	Active Loop H-field (9kHz to 30MHz)	RF Cable 9kHz to 1000MHz	RF Cable 14m (1GHz to 26.5GHz)
Registration No.	EW-2313	EW-3170	EW-2781
Manufacturer	ELECTROMETRI	N/A	GREATBILLION
Model No.	EM-6876	9kHz to 1000MHz	1-26.5 GHz
Calibration Date	June. 27, 2016	Mar. 20, 2017	Sep. 25, 2017
Calibration Due Date	Dec. 27, 2017	Mar. 20, 2018	Sep. 25, 2018

Equipment	RF Pre-amplifier 3 pcs (9kHz to 40GHz)	RF Pre-amplifier 3 pcs (9kHz to 40GHz)	Notch Filter (cutoff frequency 2.4GHz to 2.5GHz)
Registration No.	EW-3006	EW-3006	EW-3155
Manufacturer	SCHWARZBECK	SCHWARZBECK	MICROTRONICS
Model No.	BBV 9718	BBV 9744	BRM50701-02
Calibration Date	Mar. 23, 2017	Mar. 23, 2017	May. 26, 2017
Calibration Due Date	Mar. 23, 2018	Mar. 23, 2018	May. 26, 2018

2) Conducted Emissions Test

Equipment	EMI Test Receiver	RF Cable 9kHz to 1000MHz	LISN
Registration No.	EW-3156	EW-3170	EW-2874
Manufacturer	ROHDESCHWARZ	N/A	R&S
Model No.	ESR26	9kHz to 1000MHz	ENV-216
Calibration Date	Nov. 10. 2017	Mar. 20, 2017	Mar. 16, 2017
Calibration Due Date	Nov. 10, 2018	Mar. 20, 2018	Mar. 16, 2018



3) Conductive Measurement Test

Equipment	Spectrum Analyzer	RF Cable (up to 40GHz) 1.5m length	RF Power Meter with Power Sensor (N1921A)
Registration No.	EW-2466	EW-3104	EW-2270
Manufacturer	R&S	N/A	AGILENTTECH
Model No.	FSP30	SMA-M to SMA-M	N1911A
Calibration Date	Sep. 04, 2017	Feb. 28, 2017	Jan. 04, 2017
Calibration Due Date	Jul, 16. 2018	Feb. 28, 2018	Jan. 04, 2018

END OF REPORT