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TEST REPORT

Report Number: 17060844HKG-002

Application for Original Grant of 47 CFR Part 15 Certification

FCC ID: EW780-0146-01

PREPARED AND CHECKED BY:

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Date: July 10, 2017

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Applicant Name: VTech Telecommunications Ltd.

Applicant Address: 23/F., Tai Ping Industrial Centre, Block 1,

57 Ting Kok Road, Tai Po,

Hong Kong.

FCC Specification Standard: FCC Part 15, October 1, 2015 Edition

FCC ID: EW780-0146-01 FCC Model(s): VM342-2 PU A

VM342 PU A, VM3x2-ab PU A

Type of EUT: Spread Spectrum Transmitter

Description of EUT: Baby Monitor - Parent Unit

Serial Number: N/A

Sample Receipt Date: June 13, 2017

Date of Test: June 21, 2017 to June 29, 2017

Report Date: July 10, 2017

Environmental Conditions: Temperature: +10 to 40°C Humidity: 10 to 90%



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EXHIBIT 1 TEST RESULTS SUMMARY & STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

1.0 TEST RESULTS SUMMARY & STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

1.1 Summary of Test Results

TEST ITEMS	FCC PART 15 SECTION	RESULTS	DETAILS SEE SECTION
Antenna Requirement	15.203	Pass	2.1
Max. Conducted Output Power	15.247(b)(1) & (4)	Pass	4.1
Max. 20dB RF Bandwidth	N/A	N/A	4.2
Min. No. of Hopping Frequencies	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Pass	4.3
Min. Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247(a)(1)	Pass	4.4
Average Time of Occupancy	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Pass	4.5
Out of Band Antenna Conducted Emission	15.247(d)	Pass	4.6
Radiated Emission in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions	15.247(d) & 15.209 & 15.109	Pass	4.8
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	15.207 & 15.107	Pass	4.9

Note: Pursuant to FCC Part 15 Section 15.215(c), the 20dB bandwidth of the emission was contained within the frequency band designated (mentioned as above) which the EUT operated. The effects, if any, from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping, other modulation techniques and frequency stability over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage were considered.

1.2 Statement of Compliance

The equipment under test is found to be complying with the following standards:

FCC Part 15, October 1, 2015 Edition



EXHIBIT 2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2.1 Product Description

The VM342-2 PU A is a Baby Monitor - Parent Unit.

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) operates at frequency range of 2405MHz to 2475MHz. There are totally 32 non-overlapping channels and 17 active channels out of the 32 channels. The EUT is powered by a 100-240VAC 50/60Hz 200mA AC adaptor and/or powered by a "Li-polymer" type rechargeable battery pack (3.7V 950mAh).

The antenna used in the EUT is integral, and the test sample is a prototype.

The Model(s): VM342 PU A, VM3x2-ab PU A are the same as the Model: VM342-2 PU A in electronics/electrical designs including software & firmware, PCB layout and construction design/physical design/enclosure. The only differences between these models are color and model number to be sold for marketing purpose. Suffix (a, b, x) indicates different type packaging, number of parent unit and blank or color of enclosure.

The circuit description and frequency hopping algorithm are attached in the Appendix and saved with filename: descri.pdf.

2.2 Test Methodology

Both AC power line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10 (2013). Preliminary radiated scans and all radiated measurements were performed in radiated emission test sites. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "Justification Section" of this Application. Antenna port conducted measurements were performed according to ANSI C63.10 (2013). All other measurements were made in accordance with the procedures in 47 CFR Part 2.

2.3 Test Facility

The radiated emission test site, AC power line conducted measurement facility and antenna port conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data, AC Power Line conducted data, and conductive data are at Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Ltd., which is located at Workshop No. 3, G/F., World-Wide Industrial Centre, 43-47 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, Sha Tin, N.T., Hong Kong. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with FCC.



EXHIBIT 3 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.0 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

For radiated emissions testing, the equipment under test (EUT) was setup to transmit / receive continuously to simplify the measurement methodology. Care was taken to ensure proper power supply voltages during testing. During testing, all cables (if any) were manipulated to produce worst case emissions.

The EUT was powered by a 100-240VAC 50/60Hz 200mA to 5VDC 1000mA adaptor and/or powered by a "Li-polymer" type rechargeable battery pack (3.7V 950mAh).

For the measurements, the EUT was attached to a plastic stand if necessary and placed on the wooden turntable at 0.8m height from the ground plane for emission testing at or below 1GHz and 1.5m for emission measurements above 1GHz. If the parent unit attached to peripherals, they were connected and operational (as typical as possible). The baby unit was remotely located as far from the antenna and the parent unit as possible to ensure full power transmission from the parent unit. Else, the parent was wired to transmit full power with modulation.

The signal was maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes. The antenna height and polarization were varied during the search for maximum signal level. The antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters. Radiated emissions were taken at three meters unless the signal level was too low for measurement at that distance. If necessary, a pre-amplifier was used and/or the test was conducted at a closer distance.

For any intentional radiator powered by AC power line, measurements of the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission was performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage.

For transmitter radiated measurement, the spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth was 100 kHz for frequencies below 1000 MHz. The resolution bandwidth was 1 MHz for frequencies above 1000 MHz.

Radiated emission measurement for transmitter were performed from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.



3.1 Justification - Cont'd

Emission that are directly caused by digital circuits in the transmit path and transmitter portion were measured, and the limit are according to FCC Part 15 Section 15.209. Digital circuitry used to control additional functions other than the operation of the transmitter is subject to FCC Part Section 15.109 Limits.

Detector function for radiated emissions was in peak mode. Average readings, when required, were taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in section 4.3.4.

Determination of pulse desensitization was made according to *Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, Spectrum Analysis... Pulsed RF.* The effective period (Teff) was referred to Exhibit 4.3.4. With the resolution bandwidth 1MHz and spectrum analyzer IF bandwidth 3dB, the pulse desensitization factor was 0dB.

For AC line conducted emission test, the EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0m(W)x1.5m(L) and 0.8m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN), which provided 50ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument. The LISN housing, measuring instrument case, reference ground plane, and vertical ground plane were bounded together. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled.

All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were manipulated to find the maximum emission.

All relevant operation modes have been tested, and the worst case data is included in this report.

3.2 EUT Exercising Software

The EUT exercise program used during radiated and conducted testing was designed to exercise the various system components in a manner similar to a typical use.



3.3 Details of EUT and Description of Accessories

Details of EUT:

An AC adaptor and/or a battery (provided with the unit) was used to power the device. Their description are listed below.

- (1) An AC adaptor (100-240VAC 50/60Hz 200mA to 5VDC 1000mA, Model: S006AKU0500100, Brand: Ten Pao) (Provided by Client)
- (2) A "Li-polymer" type rechargeable battery (3.7V, 950mAh, Model: SCD530-4, Brand: BYD) (Provided by Client)

Description of Accessories:

(1) Baby Unit, Model: VM342-2 BU A, FCC ID EW780-0146-00 (Provided by Client)

3.4 Measurement Uncertainty

When determining of the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test at a level of confidence of 95% has been considered. The values of the Measurement uncertainty for radiated emission test and RF conducted measurement test are \pm 5.3dB and \pm 0.99dB respectively. The value of the Measurement uncertainty for conducted emission test is \pm 4.2dB.

Uncertainty and Compliance - Unless the standard specifically states that measured values are to be extended by the measurement uncertainty in determining compliance, all compliance determinations are based on the actual measured value.

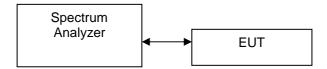


EXHIBIT 4 TEST RESULTS

4.0 TEST RESULTS

RF Conducted measurement Test Setup by a Spectrum Analyzer.

The figure below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.



4.1 Maximum Conducted (peak) Output Power at Antenna Terminals

- The antenna power of the EUT was connected to the input of a power meter. Power was read directly and cable loss correction was added to the reading to obtain power at the EUT antenna terminals.
- The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. The analyzer was set for RBW>20dB bandwidth and power was read directly in dBm. External attenuation and cable loss were compensated for using the OFFSET function of the analyzer.

(Parent Unit) Antenna Gain = 2 dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 2405	14.70	29.512
Middle Channel: 2441	14.67	29.309
High Channel: 2475	14.58	28.708

Cable loss: <u>0.5</u> dB External Attenuation: <u>0</u> dB

Cable loss, external attenuation: included in OFFSET function added to SA raw reading

dBm max. output level = <u>14.70</u> dBm

Limits:

0.125W (21dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less

0.25W (24dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less

The plots of conducted output power are saved as below.

1W (30dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less

W (dBm) for antennas with gains more than 6dBi

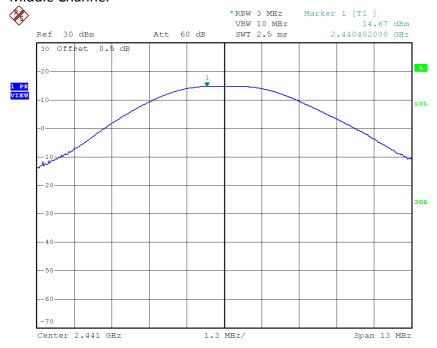


PLOTS OF CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

Lowest Channel

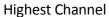


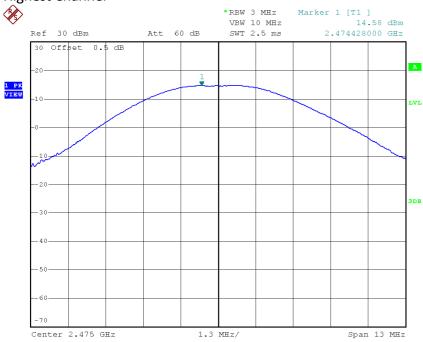
Middle Channel





PLOTS OF CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER







4.2 Maximum 20 dB RF Bandwidth

The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. Analyzer RES BW was chosen so that the display was a result of the hopping channel modulation. For each RF output channel investigated, the spectrum analyzer center frequency was set to the channel carrier. A PEAK output reading was taken, a DISPLAY line was drawn 20 dB lower than PEAK level. The 20 dB bandwidth was determined from where the channel output spectrum intersected the display line.

Parent Unit

Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Bandwidth (kHz)
Low Channel: 2405	2508
Middle Channel: 2441	2580
High Channel: 2475	2580

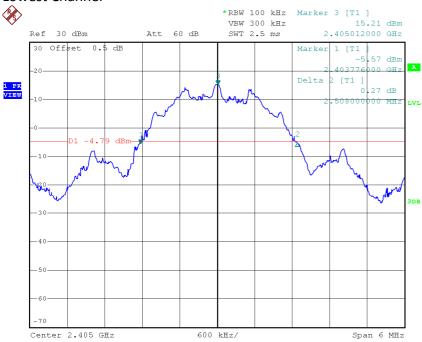
Lim	its ≤500kHz for 902-928MHz
	N/A for 2400-2483.5MHz
	≤1MHz for 5725-5850MHz

The plots of 20dB RF bandwidth are saved as below.

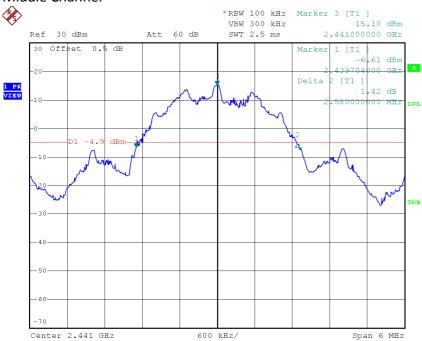


PLOTS OF 20dB RF BANDWIDTH

Lowest Channel



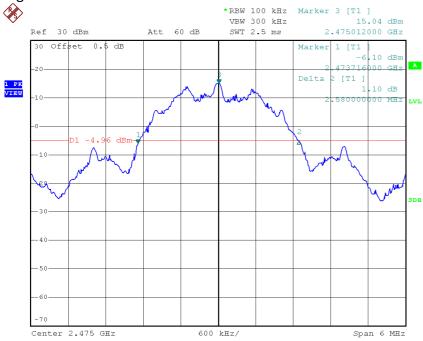
Middle Channel





PLOTS OF 20dB RF BANDWIDTH

Highest Channel





4.3 Minimum Number of Hopping Frequencies

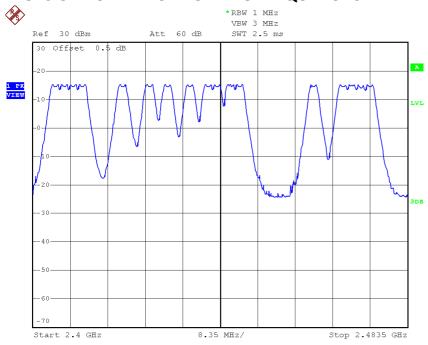
With the analyzer set to MAX HOLD readings were taken for 2-3 minutes in each band. The channel peaks so recorded were added together, and the total number compared to the minimum number of channels required in the regulation.

			Parent Unit					
	No. of hopping channels				17			
a	mum Requirements: t least 50 hopping channels f hannel < 250kHz)	or	902MHz-928MHz	(20	dВ	bandwidth	of	hopping
	t least 25 hopping channels f hannel≥250kHz)	or	902MHz-928MHz	(20	dB	bandwidth	of	hopping
⊠ a	t least 15 hopping channels for 2400M	1Hz-	2483.5MHz.					
a	t least 75 hopping channels for 5725M	1Hz-	5850MHz.					
The p	plots of number of hopping frequencie	s ar	e saved as below.					

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PLOTS OF NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES







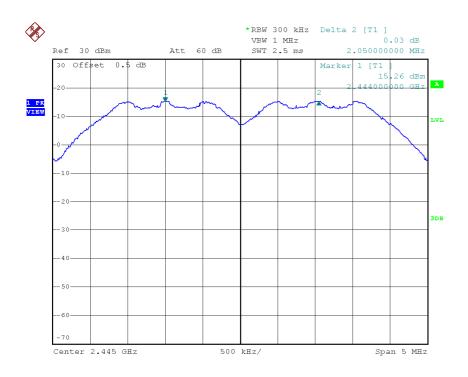
4.4 Minimum Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation

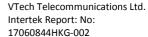
Using the DELTA MARKER function of the analyzer, the frequency separation between two adjacent channels was measured and met the requirement.

Parent Unit	
Channel Separation (Channel 1 and Channel 2)	2050
Limits: The channel separation must be larger than:	
☐ 25 kHz	
20 dB bandwidth of hopping channel:Hz	
2/3 of 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel: <u>1720</u> kHz	
The plot(s) of hopping channel carrier frequency separation is saved as below.	



PLOTS OF HOPPING CHANNEL CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION







4.5 Average Channel Occupancy Time

The spectrum analyzer center frequency was set to one of the known hopping channels. The SWEEP was set to 1ms, the SPAN was set to ZERO SPAN, and the TRIGGER was set to VIDEO. The time duration of the transmission so captured was measured with the MARKER DELTA function.

The SWEEP was then set to the time required by the regulation (20 seconds for 902-928 MHz devices, if the 20dB bandwidth is less than 250kHz, 10 seconds for 902-928 MHz if the 20dB bandwidth is or greater than 250kHz, "0.4 seconds x Number of hopping channels employed" seconds for 2400-2483.5 MHz, 30 seconds for 5725-5850 MHz). The analyzer was set to SINGLE SWEEP, the total ON time was added and compared against the limit (0.4 seconds).

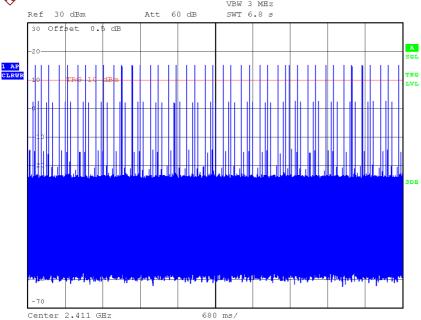
Parent Unit (worst-case: 1 parent	Parent Unit (worst-case: 1 parent unit operation)							
Average Occupancy Time	0.84ms x 7 x 6.8 = 39.984ms							
(Traffic – in a clear RF environment) =								
Limits: Average 0.4 seconds maximum occupancy in:								
6.8 seconds (0.4 sec. x 17) for 2400MHz-2483.5MHz (Traffic – in a clear RF environment)								
20 seconds for 902MHz-928MHz ≥ 50 hopping channels								
10 seconds for 902MHz-928MHz ≥ 25 hopping channels								
30 seconds for 5725-5850MHz								

The plots of average channel occupancy time are saved as below.

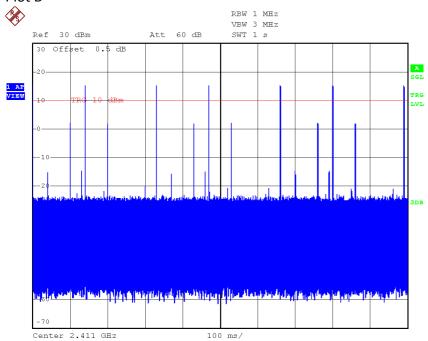


PLOTS AVERAGE CHANNEL OCCUPANCY TIME

Plot A REW 1 MHz VEW 3 MHz VEW 3 MHz SWT 6.8 s



Plot B

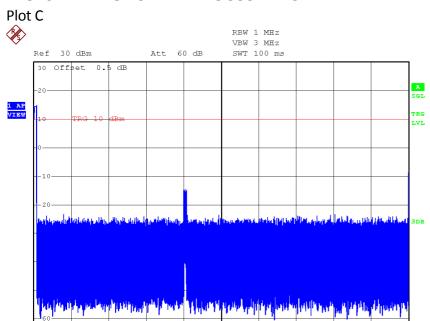




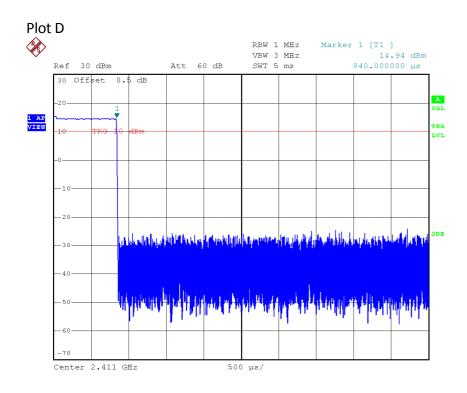
Center 2 411 GHz

TEST REPORT

PLOTS AVERAGE CHANNEL OCCUPANCY TIME



10 ms/





4.6 Out of Band Conducted Emissions

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the EUT passband, the RF power produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence, and the carrier frequency shall be at least 20 dB below that of the maximum in-band 100 kHz emission.

The plot(s) of bandedge compliance is shown the worst-case which has been already considered between enable and disable the hopping function of the EUT.

Furthermore, delta measurement technique for measuring bandedge emissions was incorporated in the test of the edge at 2483.5MHz.

Limits:

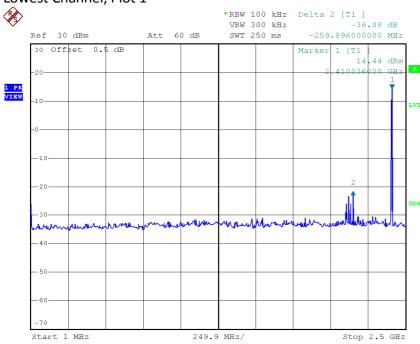
All spurious emission and up to the tenth harmonic was measured and they were found to be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the desired power in the passband.

The plots of out of band conducted emissions are saved as below.

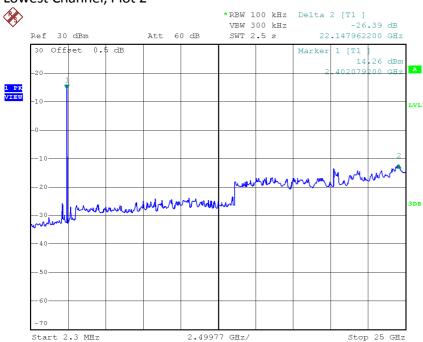


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Lowest Channel, Plot 1



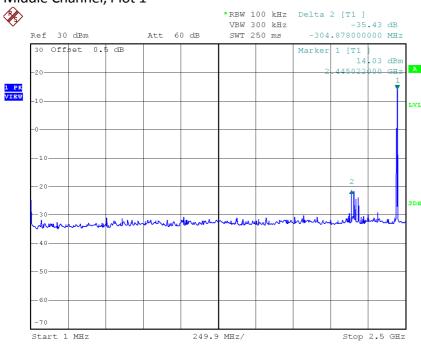
Lowest Channel, Plot 2



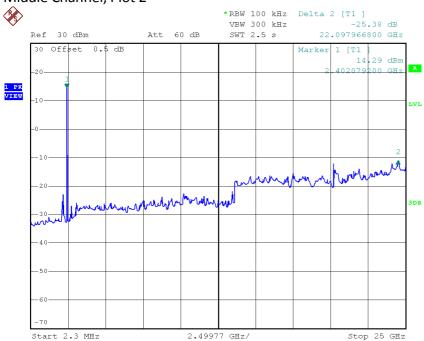


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Middle Channel, Plot 1



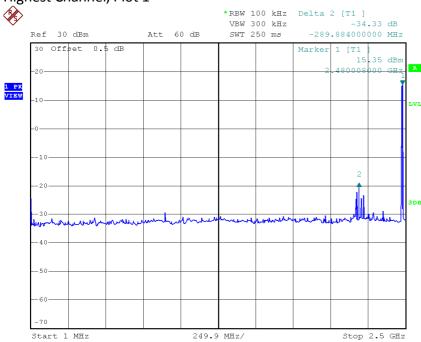


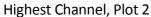


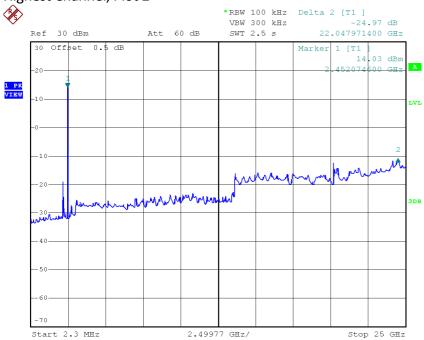


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Highest Channel, Plot 1



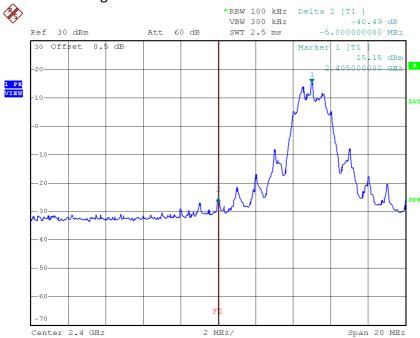




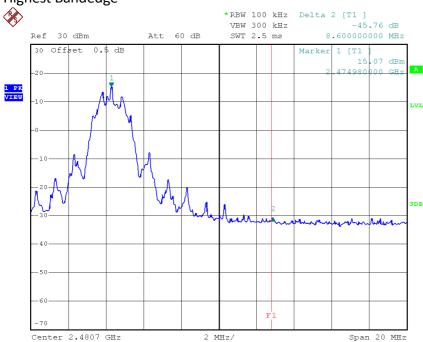


PLOTS OF BANDEDGE

Lowest Bandedge



Highest Bandedge





4.7 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

where $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in $dB\mu V$

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AF = Antenna Factor in dB AG = Amplifier Gain in dB

PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB AV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflects the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

<u>Example</u>

Assume a receiver reading of 62.0 dB μ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0 dB, and the resultant average factor was -10 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is 32 dB μ V/m. This value in dB μ V/m was converted to its corresponding level in μ V/m.

 $RA = 62.0 dB\mu V$

AF = 7.4 dB

CF = 1.6 dB

AG = 29 dB

PD = 0 dB

AV = -10 dB

 $FS = 62 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29 + 0 + (-10) = 32 dB\mu V/m$

Level in $\mu V/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32 dB<math>\mu V/m)/20] = 39.8 \mu V/m$



4.8 Transmitter Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions

Data is included of the worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

The data on the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.



4.8.1 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Restricted Band Radiated Emission

Baby Unit: 191.991 MHz

The worst case radiated emission configuration photographs are attached in the Appendix and saved with filename: config photos.pdf

4.8.2 Radiated Emission Data

The data in tables 1-4 list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

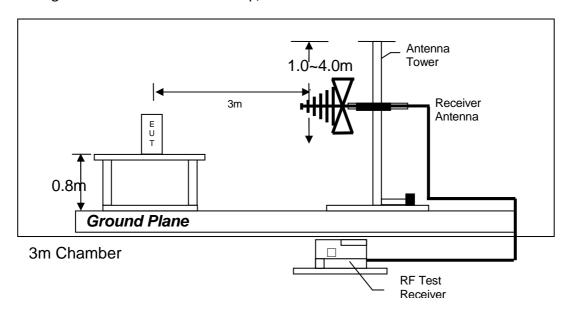
Judgement -

Baby Unit: Passed by 3.1 dB margin compare with peak limit

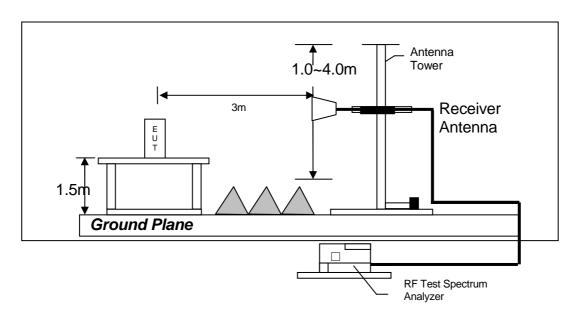


4.8.3 Radiated Emission Test Setup

The figure below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.



Test setup of radiated emissions up to 1GHz



Test setup of radiated emissions above 1GHz



RADIATED EMISSION DATA

Mode: TX-Channel 1

Table 1, Parent Unit

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	Calculated	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	57.4	33	29.4	53.8	41.51	12.3	54.0	-41.7
Н	4810.000	56.6	33	34.9	58.5	41.51	17.0	54.0	-37.0
Н	12025.000	43.7	33	40.5	51.2	41.51	9.7	54.0	-44.3

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2390.000	57.4	33	29.4	53.8	74.0	-20.2
Н	4810.000	56.6	33	34.9	58.5	74.0	-15.5
Н	12025.000	43.7	33	40.5	51.2	74.0	-22.8

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 18

Table 2, Parent Unit

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	Calculated	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4882.000	56.8	33	34.9	58.7	41.51	17.2	54.0	-36.8
Н	7323.000	41.5	33	37.9	46.4	41.51	4.9	54.0	-49.1
Н	12205.000	43.9	33	40.5	51.4	41.51	9.9	54.0	-44.1

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	4882.000	56.8	33	34.9	58.7	74.0	-15.3
Н	7323.000	41.5	33	37.9	46.4	74.0	-27.6
Н	12205.000	43.9	33	40.5	51.4	74.0	-22.6

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 32

Table 3, Parent Unit

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	Calculated	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	71.8	33	29.4	68.2	41.51	26.7	54.0	-27.3
Н	4950.000	56.2	33	34.9	58.1	41.51	16.6	54.0	-37.4
Н	7425.000	41.1	33	37.9	46.0	41.51	4.5	54.0	-49.5
Н	12375.000	43.7	33	40.5	51.2	41.51	9.7	54.0	-44.3

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	2483.500	71.8	33	29.4	68.2	74.0	-5.8
Н	4950.000	56.2	33	34.9	58.1	74.0	-15.9
Н	7425.000	41.1	33	37.9	46.0	74.0	-28.0
Н	12375.000	43.7	33	40.5	51.2	74.0	-22.8

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: Talkback

Table 4, Parent Unit

			Pre-	Antenna	Net	Limit	
	Frequency	Reading	amp	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
Polarization	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	52.314	28.8	16	11.0	23.8	40.0	-16.2
V	71.945	35.0	16	7.0	26.0	40.0	-14.0
V	83.950	36.7	16	7.0	27.7	40.0	-12.3
V	131.972	41.2	16	14.0	39.2	43.5	-4.3
V	191.991	40.4	16	16.0	40.4	43.5	-3.1
V	288.024	31.8	16	22.0	37.8	46.0	-8.2
V	384.051	28.3	16	24.0	36.3	46.0	-9.7
Н	672.140	26.2	16	29.0	39.2	46.0	-6.8
V	732.403	26.1	16	30.0	40.1	46.0	-5.9

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.





4.8.4 Transmitter Duty Cycle Calculation

Duty Cycle (DC) = (Maximum ON time in 100 ms) / (100 ms)

= 0.84 ms x 1 / 100 ms

Average Factor (AF) = $20 \log(DC)$

 $= 20* \log (0.0084)$

= -41.51 dB

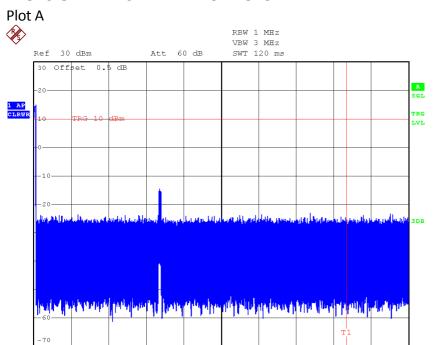
The plot(s) shows the bit timing is saved as below.



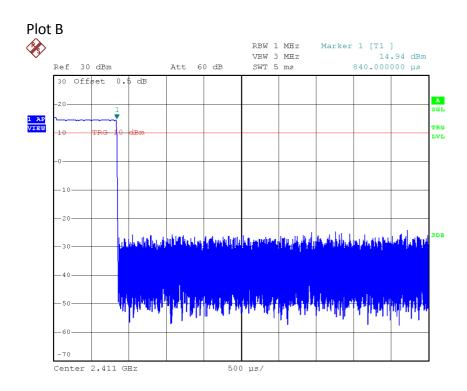
Center 2.411 GHz

TEST REPORT

PLOTS OF TRANSMITTER DUTY CYCLE



12 ms/







4.9	AC Power Line Conducted Emission
	Not applicable – EUT is only powered by battery for operation.
	EUT connects to AC power line. Emission Data is listed in following pages.
	Base Unit connects to AC power line and has transmission. Handset connects to AC power line but has no transmission. Emission Data of Base Unit is listed in following pages.
4.9.1	AC Power Line Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph
	Worst Case Line-Conducted Configuration at
	424.5 kHz

The worst case line conducted configuration photographs are attached in the Appendix and saved with filename: config photos.pdf

4.9.2 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Data

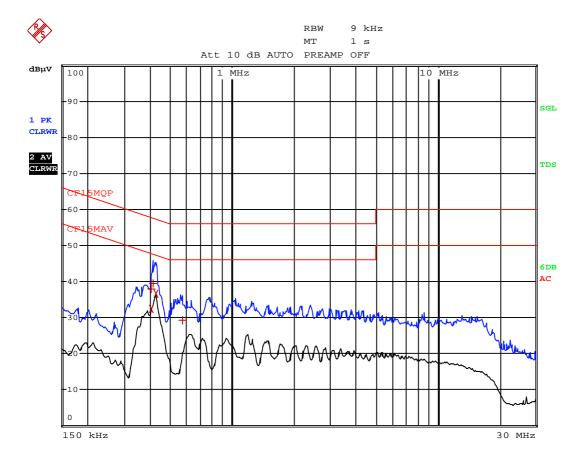
The plot(s) and data in the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

Passed by 10.84 dB margin compare with CISPR average limit



AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION

Worst Case: Talkback





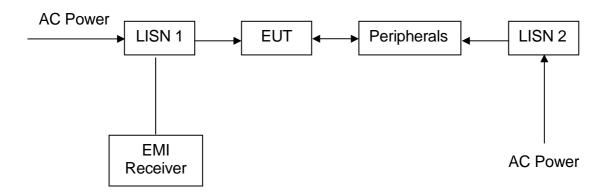
Worst Case: Talkback

EDI'	r PEAK LIST (Final	. Measurement Resul	ts)			
Tracel:	CF15MQP					
Trace2:	CF15MAV					
Trace3:						
TRACE	FREQUENCY	LEVEL dBµV	DELTA LIMIT dB			
1 Quasi Peak	402 kHz	37.84 L1	-19.96			
2 CISPR Averag	€402 kHz	32.44 L1	-15.37			
1 Quasi Peak	411 kHz	39.57 L1	-18.05			
2 CISPR Averag	€424.5 kHz	36.51 L1	-10.84			
1 Quasi Peak		29.27 N	-26.72			

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4.9.3 AC Line Conducted Emission Test Setup



The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a $1.0m(W)\times1.5m(L)$ and 0.8m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN), which provided 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled.

All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.



EXHIBIT 5 EQUIPMENT LIST

5.0 EQUIPMENT LIST

1) Radiated Emissions Test

Equipment	EMI Test Receiver	Spectrum Analyzer	Biconical Antenna
Registration No.	EW-3156	EW-2466	EW-0571
Manufacturer	R&S	R&S	EMCO
Model No.	ESR26	FSP30	3104C
Calibration Date	Dec. 06, 2016	Oct. 03, 2016	May 18, 2016
Calibration Due Date	Dec. 06, 2017	Aug. 20, 2017	Nov. 18, 2017

Equipment	Log Periodic Antenna	Double Ridged Guide Antenna	Broad-Band Horn Antenna
Registration No.	EW-0447	EW-0194	EW-1679
Manufacturer	EMCO	EMCO	SCHWARZBECK
Model No.	3146	3115	BBHA9170
Calibration Date	May 18, 2016	Aug. 10, 2016	Aug. 10, 2016
Calibration Due Date	Nov. 18, 2017	Feb. 10, 2018	Feb. 10, 2018

2) Conducted Emissions Test

Equipment	EMI Test Receiver	LISN
Registration No.	EW-2500	EW-2501
Manufacturer	R&S	R&S
Model No.	ESCI	ENV-216
Calibration Date	Nov. 17, 2016	Feb. 21, 2017
Calibration Due Date	Nov. 15, 2017	Jan. 05, 2018

3) Conductive Measurement Test

Equipment	Spectrum Analyzer
Registration No.	EW-2466
Manufacturer	R&S
Model No.	FSP30
Calibration Date	Oct. 03, 2016
Calibration Due Date	Aug. 20, 2017