

2/F., Garment Centre, 576 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

Telephone: (852) 2173 8888 Facsimile: (852) 2785 5487

www.intertek.com

TEST REPORT

Report Number: 17060844HKG-001

Application for Original Grant of 47 CFR Part 15 Certification

FCC ID: EW780-0146-00

PREPARED AND CHECKED BY:

APPROVED BY:

Signed On File Yao Xin Lu, Josie Engineer

Tang Kwan Mo, Jess Lead Engineer Date: July 10, 2017

Intertek's standard Terms and Conditions can be obtained at our website http://www.intertek.com/terms/.

The test report only allows to be revised within the retention period unless further standard or the requirement was noticed

This report is for the exclusive use of Intertek's Client and is provided pursuant to the agreement between Intertek and its Client. Intertek's responsibility and liability are limited to the terms and conditions of the agreement. Intertek assumes no liability to any party, other than to the Client in accordance with the agreement, for any loss, expense or damage occasioned by the use of this report. Only the Client is authorized to permit copying or distribution of this report and then only in its entirety. Any use of the Intertek name or one of its marks for the sale or advertisement of the tested material, product or service must first be approved in writing by Intertek. The observations and test results in this report are relevant only to the sample tested. This report by itself does not imply that the material, product, or service is or has ever been under an Intertek certification program.





GENERAL INFORMATION

Applicant Name: VTech Telecommunications Ltd.

Applicant Address: 23/F., Tai Ping Industrial Centre, Block 1,

57 Ting Kok Road, Tai Po,

Hong Kong.

FCC Specification Standard: FCC Part 15, October 1, 2015 Edition

FCC ID: EW780-0146-00 FCC Model(s): VM342-2 BU A

VM342 BU A, VM3x2-ab BU A, VM300 BU A, VM3x0-ab BU A

Type of EUT:Spread Spectrum Transmitter **Description of EUT:**Baby Monitor - Baby Unit

Serial Number: N/A

Sample Receipt Date: June 13, 2017

Date of Test: June 21, 2017 to June 29, 2017

Report Date: July 10, 2017

Environmental Conditions: Temperature: +10 to 40°C

Humidity: 10 to 90%



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0 Test Results Summary & Statement of Compliance	4
1.1 Summary of Test Results	4
1.2 Statement of Compliance	4
2.0 General Description	5
2.1 Product Description	5
2.3 Test Methodology	5
2.4 Test Facility	5
3.0 System Test Configuration	6
3.1 Justification	6
3.2 EUT Exercising Software	7
3.3 Details of EUT and Description of Accessories	8
3.4 Measurement Uncertainty	8
4.0 Test Results	9
4.1 Maximum Conducted Output Power at Antenna Terminals	
4.2 Maximum 20 dB RF Bandwidth	12
4.3 Minimum Number of Hopping Frequencies	15
4.4 Minimum Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation	17
4.5 Average Channel Occupancy Time	19
4.6 Out of Band Conducted Emissions	23
4.7 Field Strength Calculation	28
4.8 Transmitter Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions	29
4.8.1 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph	
4.8.2 Radiated Emission Data	30
4.8.4 Radiated Emission Test Setup	31
4.8.3 Transmitter Duty Cycle Calculation	40
4.9 AC Power Line Conducted Emission	43
4.9.1 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph	43
4.9.2 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Data	43
4.9.3 AC Line Conducted Emission Test Setup	48
C O Carriamont List	40



EXHIBIT 1 TEST RESULTS SUMMARY & STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

1.0 TEST RESULTS SUMMARY & STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

1.1 Summary of Test Results

TEST ITEMS	FCC PART 15 SECTION	RESULTS	DETAILS SEE SECTION
Antenna Requirement	15.203	Pass	2.1
Max. Conducted Output Power	15.247(b)(1) & (4)	Pass	4.1
Max. 20dB RF Bandwidth	N/A	N/A	4.2
Min. No. of Hopping Frequencies	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Pass	4.3
Min. Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247(a)(1)	Pass	4.4
Average Time of Occupancy	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Pass	4.5
Out of Band Antenna Conducted Emission	15.247(d)	Pass	4.6
Radiated Emission in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions	15.247(d) & 15.209 & 15.109	Pass	4.8
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	15.207 & 15.107	Pass	4.9

Note: Pursuant to FCC Part 15 Section 15.215(c), the 20dB bandwidth of the emission was contained within the frequency band designated (mentioned as above) which the EUT operated. The effects, if any, from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping, other modulation techniques and frequency stability over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage were considered.

1.2 Statement of Compliance

The equipment under test is found to be complying with the following standards:

FCC Part 15, October 1, 2015 Edition



EXHIBIT 2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2.1 Product Description

The VM342-2 BU A is a Baby Monitor - Baby Unit.

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) operates at frequency range of 2405MHz to 2475MHz. There are totally 32 non-overlapping channels and 17 active channels out of the 32 channels. The EUT is powered by a 100-240VAC, 50/60Hz, 200mA to 6VDC 600mA and/or 100-240VAC, 50/60Hz, 200mAto 6VDC 600mA adaptor.

The antenna used in the EUT is integral, and the test sample is a prototype.

The Model(s): VM342 BU A, VM3x2-ab BU A, VM300 BU A, VM3x0-ab BU A are the same as the Model: VM342-2 BU A in electronics/electrical designs including software & firmware, PCB layout and construction design/physical design/enclosure. The only differences between these models are color and model number to be sold for marketing purpose. Suffix (a, b, x) indicates different type packaging, number of baby unit and blank or color of enclosure.

The circuit description and frequency hopping algorithm are attached in the Appendix and saved with filename: descri.pdf.

2.2 Test Methodology

Both AC power line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10 (2013). Preliminary radiated scans and all radiated measurements were performed in radiated emission test sites. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "Justification Section" of this Application. Antenna port conducted measurements were performed according to ANSI C63.10 (2013). All other measurements were made in accordance with the procedures in 47 CFR Part 2.

2.3 Test Facility

The radiated emission test site, AC power line conducted measurement facility and antenna port conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data, AC Power Line conducted data, and conductive data are at Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Ltd., which is located at Workshop No. 3, G/F., World-Wide Industrial Centre, 43-47 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, Sha Tin, N.T., Hong Kong. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with FCC.



EXHIBIT 3 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.0 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.1 Justification

For radiated emissions testing, the equipment under test (EUT) was setup to transmit / receive continuously to simplify the measurement methodology. Care was taken to ensure proper power supply voltages during testing. During testing, all cables (if any) were manipulated to produce worst case emissions.

The EUT was powered by a 100-240VAC, 50/60Hz, 200mA to 6VDC 600mA and/or 100-240VAC, 50/60Hz, 200mAto 6VDC 600mA adaptor.

For the measurements, the EUT was attached to a plastic stand if necessary and placed on the wooden turntable at 0.8m height from the ground plane for emission testing at or below 1GHz and 1.5m for emission measurements above 1GHz. If the baby unit attached to peripherals, they were connected and operational (as typical as possible). The parent unit was remotely located as far from the antenna and the baby as possible to ensure full power transmission from the parent unit. Else, the baby unit was wired to transmit full power with modulation.

The signal was maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes. The antenna height and polarization were varied during the search for maximum signal level. The antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters. Radiated emissions were taken at three meters unless the signal level was too low for measurement at that distance. If necessary, a pre-amplifier was used and/or the test was conducted at a closer distance.

For any intentional radiator powered by AC power line, measurements of the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission was performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage.

For transmitter radiated measurement, the spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth was 100 kHz for frequencies below 1000 MHz. The resolution bandwidth was 1 MHz for frequencies above 1000 MHz.

Radiated emission measurement for transmitter were performed from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.



3.1 Justification - Cont'd

Emission that are directly caused by digital circuits in the transmit path and transmitter portion were measured, and the limit are according to FCC Part 15 Section 15.209. Digital circuitry used to control additional functions other than the operation of the transmitter is subject to FCC Part Section 15.109 Limits.

Detector function for radiated emissions was in peak mode. Average readings, when required, were taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in section 4.3.4.

Determination of pulse desensitization was made according to *Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, Spectrum Analysis... Pulsed RF.* The effective period (Teff) was referred to Exhibit 4.3.4. With the resolution bandwidth 1MHz and spectrum analyzer IF bandwidth 3dB, the pulse desensitization factor was 0dB.

For AC line conducted emission test, the EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0m(W)x1.5m(L) and 0.8m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN), which provided 50ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument. The LISN housing, measuring instrument case, reference ground plane, and vertical ground plane were bounded together. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled.

All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were manipulated to find the maximum emission.

All relevant operation modes have been tested, and the worst case data is included in this report.

3.2 EUT Exercising Software

The EUT exercise program used during radiated and conducted testing was designed to exercise the various system components in a manner similar to a typical use.



3.3 Details of EUT and Description of Accessories

Details of EUT:

An AC adaptor and/or a battery (provided with the unit) was used to power the device. Their description are listed below.

- (1) An AC adaptor (100-240VAC 50/60Hz 200mA to 6VDC 600mA, Model: SSA-5WVI-09US060060, Brand: Sunstrong) (Provided by Client)
- (2) An AC adaptor (100-240VAC 50/60Hz 200mA to 6VDC 600mA, Model: S006AKU0600060, Brand: Ten Pao) (Provided by Client)

Description of Accessories:

- (1) Parent Unit, Model: VM342-2 PU A, FCC ID: EW780-0146-01 (Provided by Client)
- (2) Wide Angle Lens (Provided by Client)

3.4 Measurement Uncertainty

When determining of the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test at a level of confidence of 95% has been considered. The values of the Measurement uncertainty for radiated emission test and RF conducted measurement test are \pm 5.3dB and \pm 0.99dB respectively. The value of the Measurement uncertainty for conducted emission test is \pm 4.2dB.

Uncertainty and Compliance - Unless the standard specifically states that measured values are to be extended by the measurement uncertainty in determining compliance, all compliance determinations are based on the actual measured value.

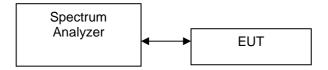


EXHIBIT 4 TEST RESULTS

4.0 TEST RESULTS

RF Conducted measurement Test Setup by a Spectrum Analyzer.

The figure below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.



4.1 Maximum Conducted (peak) Output Power at Antenna Terminals

- The antenna power of the EUT was connected to the input of a power meter. Power was read directly and cable loss correction was added to the reading to obtain power at the EUT antenna terminals.
- The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. The analyzer was set for RBW>20dB bandwidth and power was read directly in dBm. External attenuation and cable loss were compensated for using the OFFSET function of the analyzer.

(Baby Unit) Antenna Gain = 0 dBi

Frequency (MHz)	Output in dBm	Output in mWatt
Low Channel: 2405	16.50	44.668
Middle Channel: 2441	16.32	42.855
High Channel: 2475	15.89	38.815

High Channel: 2475

Cable loss: 0.5 dB External Attenuation: 0 dB

Cable loss, external attenuation: ☐ included in OFFSET function ☐ added to SA raw reading

dBm max. output level = 16.50 dBm

Limits: ☐ 0.125W (21dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less

☐ 0.25W (24dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less

The plots of conducted output power are saved as below.

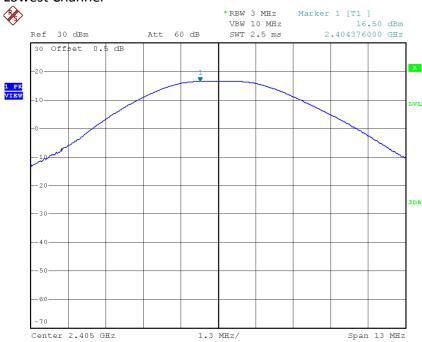
1W (30dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less

W (dBm) for antennas with gains more than 6dBi

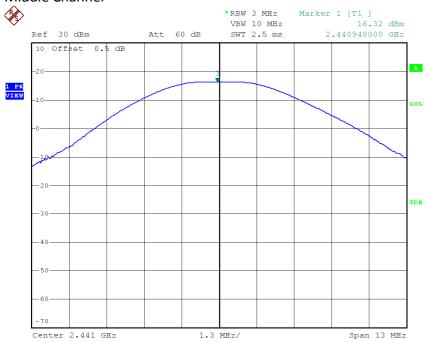


PLOTS OF CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

Lowest Channel

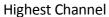


Middle Channel





PLOTS OF CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER







4.2 Maximum 20 dB RF Bandwidth

The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. Analyzer RES BW was chosen so that the display was a result of the hopping channel modulation. For each RF output channel investigated, the spectrum analyzer center frequency was set to the channel carrier. A PEAK output reading was taken, a DISPLAY line was drawn 20 dB lower than PEAK level. The 20 dB bandwidth was determined from where the channel output spectrum intersected the display line.

Baby Unit

2440
2448
2496
2448

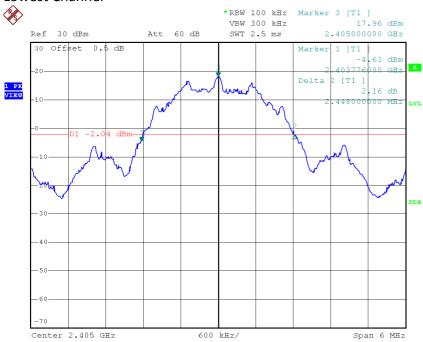
Limits ≤500kHz for 902-928N	ЛHz
N/A for 2400-2483.5M	1Hz
≤1MHz for 5725-5850	MHz

The plots of 20dB RF bandwidth are saved as below.

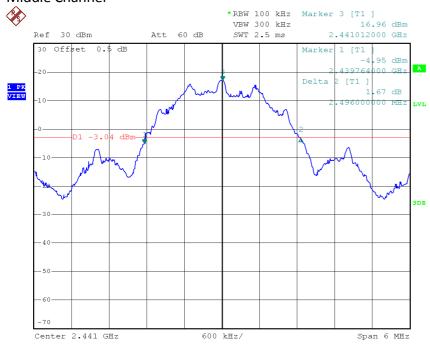


PLOTS OF 20dB RF BANDWIDTH

Lowest Channel



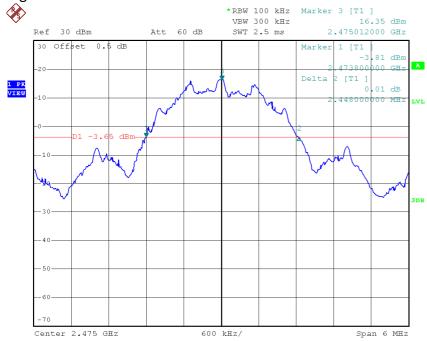
Middle Channel





PLOTS OF 20dB RF BANDWIDTH

Highest Channel





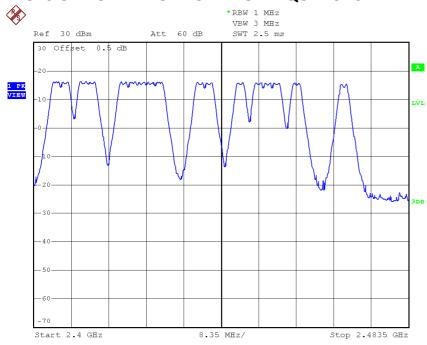
4.3 Minimum Number of Hopping Frequencies

With the analyzer set to MAX HOLD readings were taken for 2-3 minutes in each band. The channel peaks so recorded were added together, and the total number compared to the minimum number of channels required in the regulation.

					Baby Unit					
-	No. of hoppi	ing channel	S				17			
а	mum Require t least 50 hannel < 250k	hopping	channels	for	902MHz-928MHz	(20	dB	bandwidth	of	hopping
	t least 25 hannel≥250k		channels	for	902MHz-928MHz	(20	dВ	bandwidth	of	hopping
⊠ at	t least 15 hop	ping chann	els for 2400	MHz-	2483.5MHz.					
a a	t least 75 hop	ping chann	els for 5725	MHz-	-5850MHz.					
The p	olots of numb	er of hoppi	ng frequenc	ies ar	e saved as below.					



PLOTS OF NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES







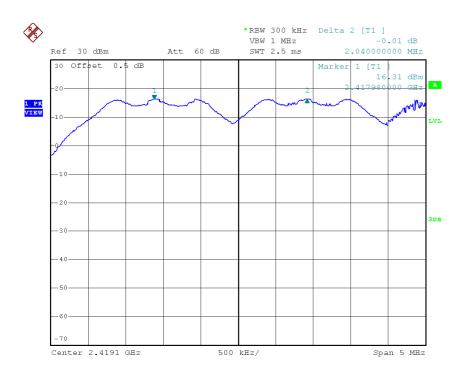
4.4 Minimum Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation

Using the DELTA MARKER function of the analyzer, the frequency separation between two adjacent channels was measured and met the requirement.

Baby Unit	
Channel Separation (Channel 1 and Channel 2)	2040
Limits: The channel separation must be larger than:	
☐ 25 kHz	
20 dB bandwidth of hopping channel:Hz	
2/3 of 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel: <u>1664</u> kHz	
The plot(s) of hopping channel carrier frequency separation is saved as below.	



PLOTS OF HOPPING CHANNEL CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION







4.5 Average Channel Occupancy Time

The spectrum analyzer center frequency was set to one of the known hopping channels. The SWEEP was set to 1ms, the SPAN was set to ZERO SPAN, and the TRIGGER was set to VIDEO. The time duration of the transmission so captured was measured with the MARKER DELTA function.

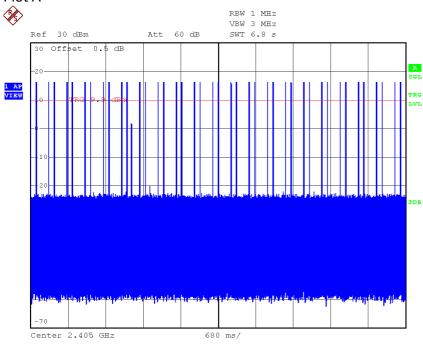
The SWEEP was then set to the time required by the regulation (20 seconds for 902-928 MHz devices, if the 20dB bandwidth is less than 250kHz, 10 seconds for 902-928 MHz if the 20dB bandwidth is or greater than 250kHz, "0.4 seconds x Number of hopping channels employed" seconds for 2400-2483.5 MHz, 30 seconds for 5725-5850 MHz). The analyzer was set to SINGLE SWEEP, the total ON time was added and compared against the limit (0.4 seconds).

Baby Unit (worst-case: 1 parent ui	Baby Unit (worst-case: 1 parent unit operation)							
Average Occupancy Time (Traffic – in a clear RF environment) =	1.105ms x 7 x 7 x 6.8 = 368.186ms							
(Hame - III a clear til environment) -								
Limits: Average 0.4 seconds maximum occupancy in:								
6.8 seconds (0.4 sec. x 17) for 2400MHz-2483.5MHz (Traffic – in a clear RF environment)								
20 seconds for 902MHz-928MHz ≥ 50 hopping channels								
10 seconds for 902MHz-928MHz ≥ 25 hopping channels								
30 seconds for 5725-5850MHz								
The plots of average channel occupancy time are saved as below	w.							

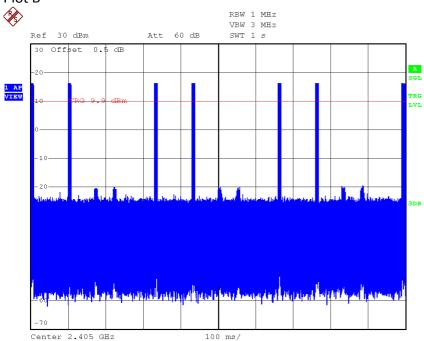


PLOTS AVERAGE CHANNEL OCCUPANCY TIME

Plot A



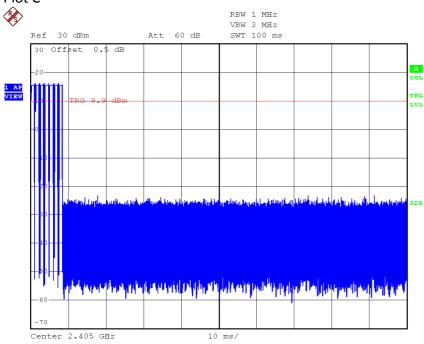
Plot B



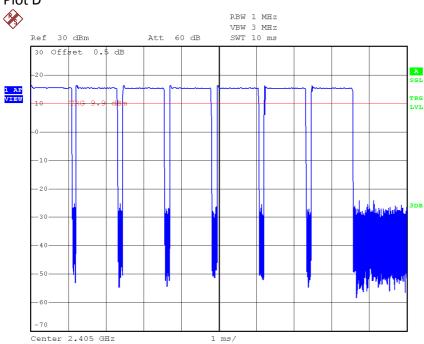


PLOTS AVERAGE CHANNEL OCCUPANCY TIME



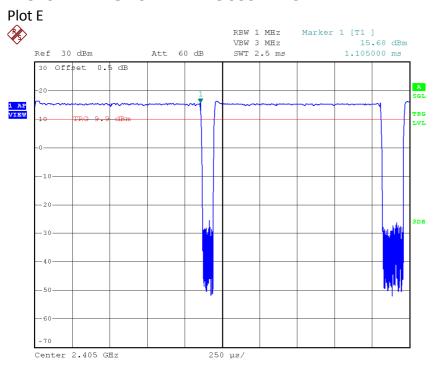


Plot D





PLOTS AVERAGE CHANNEL OCCUPANCY TIME





4.6 Out of Band Conducted Emissions

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the EUT passband, the RF power produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence, and the carrier frequency shall be at least 20 dB below that of the maximum in-band 100 kHz emission.

The plot(s) of bandedge compliance is shown the worst-case which has been already considered between enable and disable the hopping function of the EUT.

Furthermore, delta measurement technique for measuring bandedge emissions was incorporated in the test of the edge at 2483.5MHz.

Limits:

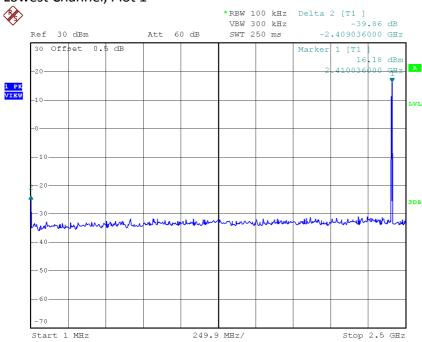
All spurious emission and up to the tenth harmonic was measured and they were found to be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the desired power in the passband.

The plots of out of band conducted emissions are saved as below.

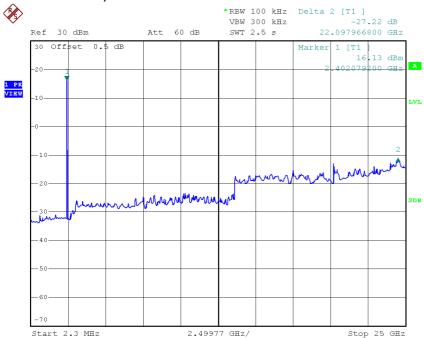


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Lowest Channel, Plot 1



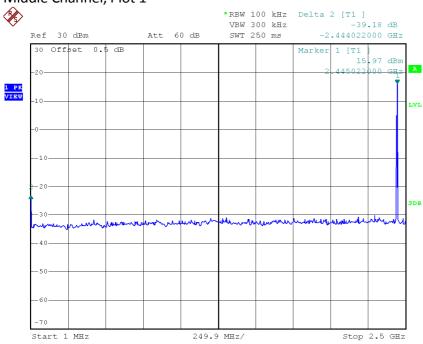




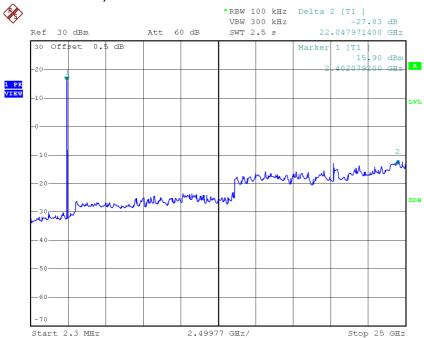


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Middle Channel, Plot 1



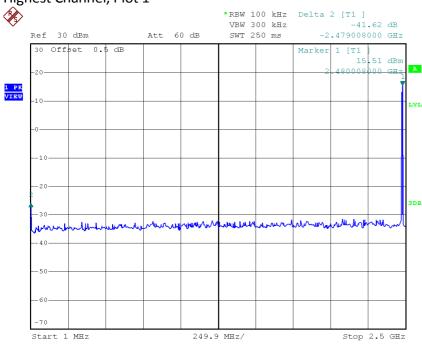




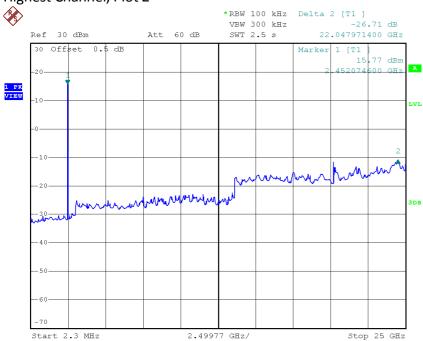


PLOTS OF OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Highest Channel, Plot 1



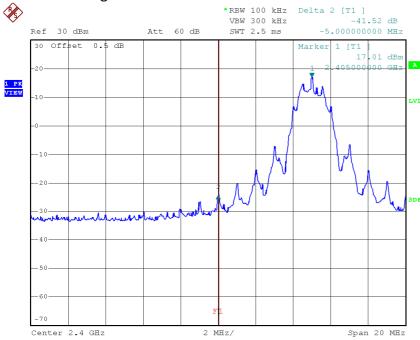
Highest Channel, Plot 2



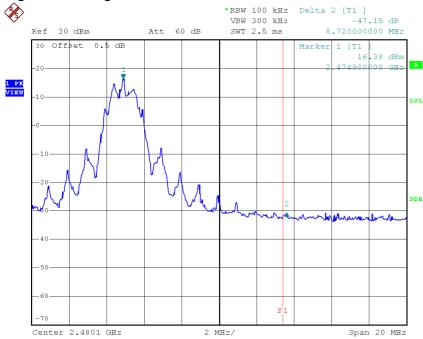


PLOTS OF BANDEDGE

Lowest Bandedge



Highest Bandedge





4.7 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

where $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in dBμV

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AF = Antenna Factor in dB AG = Amplifier Gain in dB

PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB AV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflects the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

Example

Assume a receiver reading of 62.0 dB μ V is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0 dB, and the resultant average factor was -10 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is 32 dB μ V/m. This value in dB μ V/m was converted to its corresponding level in μ V/m.

 $RA = 62.0 dB\mu V$

AF = 7.4 dB

CF = 1.6 dB

AG = 29 dB

PD = 0 dB

AV = -10 dB

 $FS = 62 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29 + 0 + (-10) = 32 dB\mu V/m$

Level in $\mu V/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32 dB<math>\mu V/m)/20] = 39.8 \mu V/m$



4.8 Transmitter Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions

Data is included of the worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

The data on the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.



4.8.1 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Restricted Band Radiated Emission

Baby Unit: 215.994 MHz

The worst case radiated emission configuration photographs are attached in the Appendix and saved with filename: config photos.pdf

4.8.2 Radiated Emission Data

The data in tables 1-8 list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

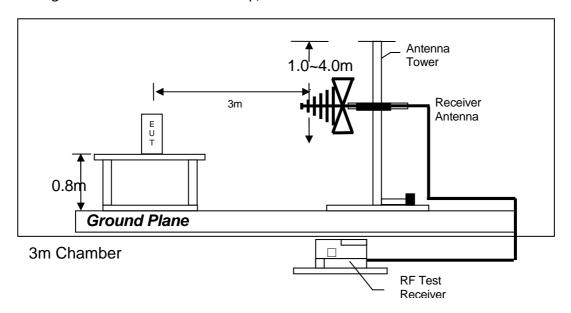
Judgement -

Baby Unit: Passed by 1.0 dB margin compare with peak limit

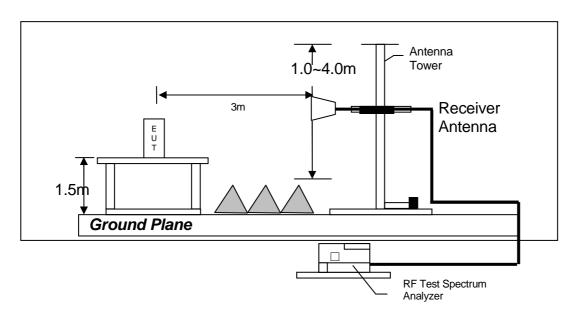


4.8.3 Radiated Emission Test Setup

The figure below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.



Test setup of radiated emissions up to 1GHz



Test setup of radiated emissions above 1GHz



RADIATED EMISSION DATA

Mode: TX-Channel 1 (Sunstrong Adaptor)

Table 1, Baby Unit

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	Calculated	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	1195.825	<i>55.7</i>	33	26.1	48.8	22.23	26.6	54.0	-27.4
Н	2390.000	58.4	33	29.4	54.8	22.23	32.6	54.0	-21.4
Н	4810.000	51.9	33	34.9	53.8	22.23	31.6	54.0	-22.4
Н	12025.000	43.9	33	40.5	51.4	22.23	29.2	54.0	-24.8

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	1195.825	<i>55.7</i>	33	26.1	48.8	74.0	-25.2
Н	2390.000	58.4	33	29.4	54.8	74.0	-19.2
Н	4810.000	51.9	33	34.9	53.8	74.0	-20.2
Н	12025.000	43.9	33	40.5	51.4	74.0	-22.6

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 18 (Sunstrong Adaptor)

Table 2, Baby Unit

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	Calculated	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	1196.443	54.0	33	26.1	47.1	22.23	24.9	54.0	-29.1
Н	4882.000	51.5	33	34.9	<i>53.4</i>	22.23	31.2	54.0	-22.8
Н	7323.000	39.2	33	37.9	44.1	22.23	21.9	54.0	-32.1
Н	12205.000	43.7	33	40.5	51.2	22.23	29.0	54.0	-25.0

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	1196.443	54.0	33	26.1	47.1	74.0	-26.9
Н	4882.000	51.5	33	34.9	53.4	74.0	-20.6
Н	7323.000	39.2	33	37.9	44.1	74.0	-29.9
Н	12205.000	43.7	33	40.5	51.2	74.0	-22.8

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 32 (Sunstrong Adaptor)

Table 3, Baby Unit

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	Calculated	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	1198.100	55.1	33	26.1	48.2	22.23	26.0	54.0	-28.0
Н	2483.500	64.8	33	29.4	61.2	22.23	39.0	54.0	-15.0
Н	4950.000	51.7	33	34.9	53.6	22.23	31.4	54.0	-22.6
Н	7425.000	39.6	33	37.9	44.5	22.23	22.3	54.0	-31.7
Н	12375.000	43.8	33	40.5	51.3	22.23	29.1	54.0	-24.9

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	1198.100	55.1	33	26.1	48.2	74.0	-25.8
Н	2483.500	64.8	33	29.4	61.2	74.0	-12.8
Н	4950.000	51.7	33	34.9	53.6	74.0	-20.4
Н	7425.000	39.6	33	37.9	44.5	74.0	-29.5
Н	12375.000	43.8	33	40.5	51.3	74.0	-22.7

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: Talkback with Sunstrong Adaptor

Table 4, Baby Unit

			Pre-	Antenna	Net	Limit	
	Frequency	Reading	amp	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
Polarization	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	47.945	36.1	16	11.0	31.1	40.0	-8.9
V	71.952	42.5	16	7.0	33.5	40.0	-6.5
V	119.967	41.1	16	14.0	39.1	43.5	-4.4
V	167.982	39.5	16	18.0	41.5	43.5	-2.0
V	215.997	41.4	16	17.0	42.4	43.5	-1.1
Н	288.020	36.5	16	22.0	42.5	46.0	-3.5
Н	360.042	32.6	16	24.0	40.6	46.0	-5.4
V	408.057	35.0	16	24.0	43.0	46.0	-3.0
Н	456.072	31.4	16	26.0	41.4	46.0	-4.6
V	576.110	32.9	16	28.0	44.9	46.0	-1.1
V	588.235	29.9	16	29.0	42.9	46.0	-3.1
Н	696.147	30.8	16	30.0	44.8	46.0	-1.2
V	888.207	23.9	16	32.0	39.9	46.0	-6.1
V	960.230	26.4	16	33.0	43.4	54.0	-10.6

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 1 (TenPao Adaptor)

Table 5, Baby Unit

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	Calculated	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	1195.825	54.6	33	26.1	47.7	22.23	25.5	54.0	-28.5
Н	2390.000	57.8	33	29.4	54.2	22.23	32.0	54.0	-22.0
Н	4810.000	51.2	33	34.9	53.1	22.23	30.9	54.0	-23.1
Н	12025.000	43.5	33	40.5	51.0	22.23	28.8	54.0	-25.2

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	1195.825	54.6	33	26.1	47.7	74.0	-26.3
Н	2390.000	57.8	33	29.4	54.2	74.0	-19.8
Н	4810.000	51.2	33	34.9	53.1	74.0	-20.9
Н	12025.000	43.5	33	40.5	51.0	74.0	-23.0

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 18 (TenPao Adaptor)

Table 6, Baby Unit

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	Calculated	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	1196.443	54.9	33	26.1	48.0	22.23	25.8	54.0	-28.2
Н	4882.000	51.6	33	34.9	53.5	22.23	31.3	54.0	-22.7
Н	7323.000	40.0	33	37.9	44.9	22.23	22.7	54.0	-31.3
Н	12205.000	43.6	33	40.5	51.1	22.23	28.9	54.0	-25.1

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	1196.443	54.9	33	26.1	48.0	74.0	-26.0
Н	4882.000	51.6	33	34.9	53.5	74.0	-20.5
Н	7323.000	40.0	33	37.9	44.9	74.0	-29.1
Н	12205.000	43.6	33	40.5	51.1	74.0	-22.9

NOTES: 1. Peak detector is used for the emission measurement.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: TX-Channel 32 (TenPao Adaptor)

Table 7, Baby Unit

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Average	Calculated	Average Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	1198.100	54.2	33	26.1	47.3	22.23	25.1	54.0	-28.9
Н	2483.500	64.8	33	29.4	61.2	22.23	39.0	54.0	-15.0
Н	4950.000	51.3	33	34.9	53.2	22.23	31.0	54.0	-23.0
Н	7425.000	39.5	33	37.9	44.4	22.23	22.2	54.0	-31.8
Н	12375.000	44.0	33	40.5	51.5	22.23	29.3	54.0	-24.7

			Pre-Amp	Antenna	Net at	Peak Limit	
Polari-	Frequency	Reading	Gain	Factor	3m - Peak	at 3m	Margin
zation	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	1198.100	54.2	33	26.1	47.3	74.0	-26.7
Н	2483.500	64.8	33	29.4	61.2	74.0	-12.8
Н	4950.000	51.3	33	34.9	53.2	74.0	-20.8
Н	7425.000	39.5	33	37.9	44.4	74.0	-29.6
Н	12375.000	44.0	33	40.5	51.5	74.0	-22.5

NOTES: 1. Peak detector is used for the emission measurement.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
- 5. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.



Mode: Voice Receiving mode with TenPao Adaptor

Table 8, Baby Unit

		I	D	A 4	NIat	I !!£	
			Pre-	Antenna	Net	Limit	
	Frequency	Reading	amp	Factor	at 3m	at 3m	Margin
Polarization	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
V	47.942	36.8	16	11.0	31.8	40.0	-8.2
V	71.953	42.4	16	7.0	33.4	40.0	-6.6
V	119.962	41.2	16	14.0	39.2	43.5	-4.3
V	167.980	39.9	16	18.0	41.9	43.5	-1.6
V	215.994	41.5	16	17.0	42.5	43.5	-1.0
Н	288.025	36.3	16	22.0	42.3	46.0	-3.7
Н	360.043	32.2	16	24.0	40.2	46.0	-5.8
V	408.057	35.1	16	24.0	43.1	46.0	-2.9
Н	456.070	31.5	16	26.0	41.5	46.0	-4.5
V	576.118	32.3	16	28.0	44.3	46.0	-1.7
V	588.232	29.6	16	29.0	42.6	46.0	-3.4
Н	696.148	30.2	16	30.0	44.2	46.0	-1.8
V	888.201	24.9	16	32.0	40.9	46.0	-5.1
V	960.234	26.1	16	33.0	43.1	54.0	-10.9

NOTES: 1. Peak detector is used for the emission measurement.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Emission (the row indicated by **bold italic**) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205.





4.8.4 Transmitter Duty Cycle Calculation

Duty Cycle (DC) = (Maximum ON time in 100 ms) / (100 ms)

= 1.105 ms x 7 / 100 ms

Average Factor (AF) = $20 \log(DC)$

= 20* log (0.07735)

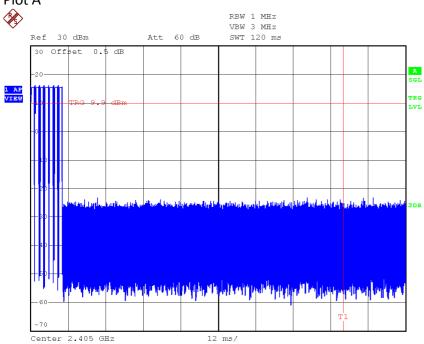
= -22.23 dB

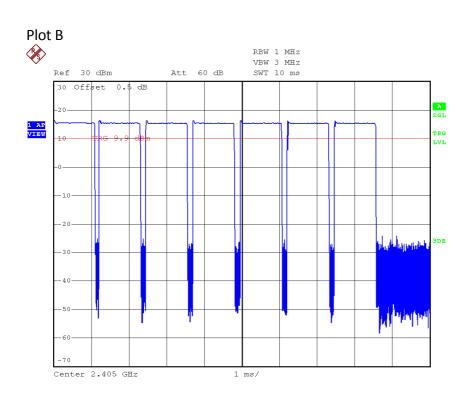
The plot(s) shows the bit timing is saved as below.



PLOTS OF TRANSMITTER DUTY CYCLE

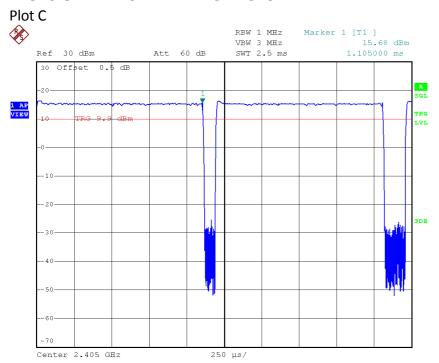
Plot A







PLOTS OF TRANSMITTER DUTY CYCLE







4.9	AC Power Line Conducted Emission
	Not applicable – EUT is only powered by battery for operation.
	EUT connects to AC power line. Emission Data is listed in following pages.
	Base Unit connects to AC power line and has transmission. Handset connects to AC power line but has no transmission. Emission Data of Base Unit is listed in following pages.
4.9.1	AC Power Line Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph
	Worst Case Line-Conducted Configuration at
	343.5 kHz

The worst case line conducted configuration photographs are attached in the Appendix and saved with filename: config photos.pdf

4.9.2 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Data

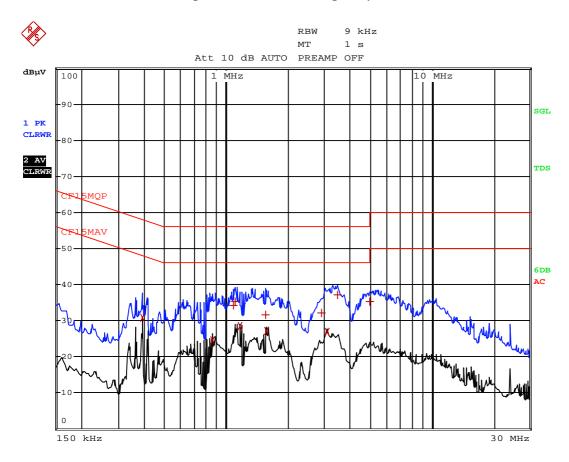
The plot(s) and data in the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

Passed by 16.08 dB margin compare with CISPR average limit



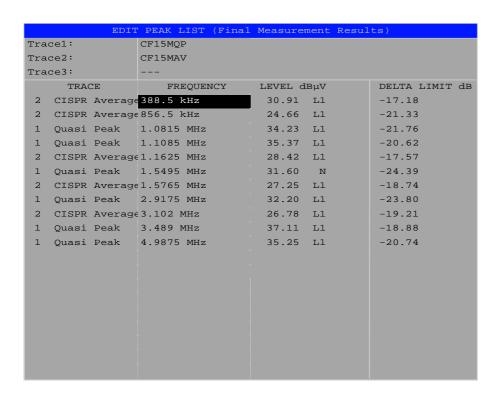
AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION

Worst Case: Voice Receiving mode with Sunstrong Adaptor



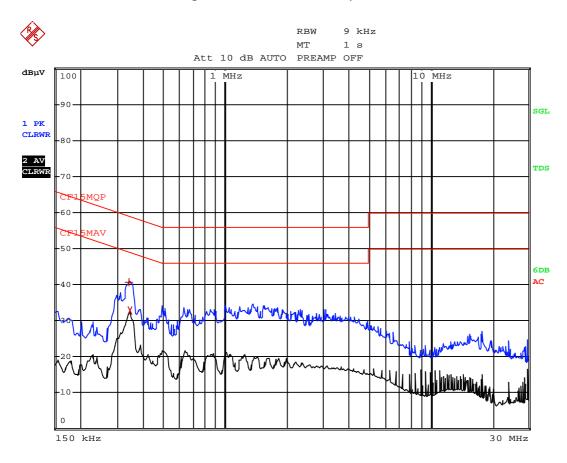


Worst Case: Voice Receiving mode with Sunstrong Adaptor



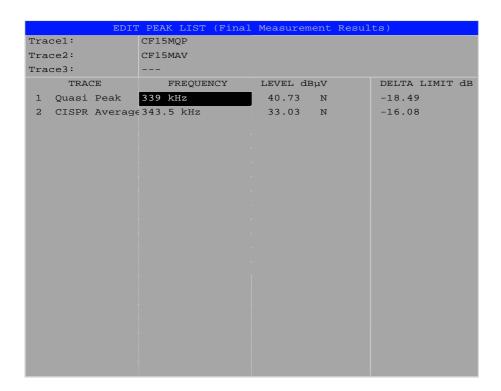


Worst Case: Voice Receiving mode with TenPao Adaptor



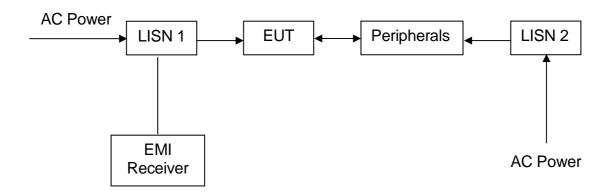


Worst Case: Voice Receiving mode with TenPao Adaptor





4.9.3 AC Line Conducted Emission Test Setup



The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a $1.0m(W)\times1.5m(L)$ and 0.8m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN), which provided 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled.

All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.



EXHIBIT 5 EQUIPMENT LIST

5.0 EQUIPMENT LIST

1) Radiated Emissions Test

Equipment	EMI Test Receiver	Spectrum Analyzer	Biconical Antenna
Registration No.	EW-3156	EW-2253	EW-0571
Manufacturer	R&S	R&S	EMCO
Model No.	ESR26	FSP30	3104C
Calibration Date	Dec. 06, 2016	Oct. 03, 2016	May 18, 2016
Calibration Due Date	Dec. 06, 2017	Aug. 20, 2017	Nov. 18, 2017

Equipment	Log Periodic Antenna	Double Ridged Guide Antenna	Broad-Band Horn Antenna
Registration No.	EW-0447	EW-0194	EW-1679
Manufacturer	EMCO	EMCO	SCHWARZBECK
Model No.	3146	3115	BBHA9170
Calibration Date	May 18, 2016	Aug. 10, 2016	Aug. 10, 2016
Calibration Due Date	Nov. 18, 2017	Feb. 10, 2018	Feb. 10, 2018

2) Conducted Emissions Test

Equipment	EMI Test Receiver	LISN
Registration No.	EW-2500	EW-2501
Manufacturer	R&S	R&S
Model No.	ESCI	ENV-216
Calibration Date	Nov. 17, 2016	Feb. 21, 2017
Calibration Due Date	Nov. 15, 2017	Jan. 05, 2018

3) Conductive Measurement Test

Equipment	Spectrum Analyzer
Registration No.	EW-2466
Manufacturer	R&S
Model No.	FSP30
Calibration Date	Oct. 03, 2016
Calibration Due Date	Aug. 20, 2017