# APPENDIX I RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE

## **LIMIT**

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

Reference No.: KS060803A01-RP Report No.: KS060803A01-RP

## **EUT Specification**

| EUT  | Notebook   |
|--|--|
|  |  |
| Frequency band   | ☐ WLAN: 5.18GHz ~ 5.32GHz / 5.50GHz ~ 5.70GHz    |
| (Operating)  | ☐ WLAN: 5.745GHz ~ 5.825GHz                      |
|  | ☐ Bluetooth: <u>2.402GHz ~ 2.480 GHz</u>         |
| Device category  | ☐ Portable (<20cm separation)                    |
|  |  |
|  | ☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm²) |
| <b>Exposure classification</b>   | ☐ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure       |
|  | (S=1mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )                         |
|  | ☐ Single antenna                                 |
| Antenna diversity  |  |
|  | ☐ Tx diversity                                   |
|  | Rx diversity                                     |
|  |  |
| Max. output power  | IEEE 802.11b: 16.64 dBm (46.13mW)                |
| • •  | IEEE 802.11g: 15.51 dBm (35.56mW)                |
| Antenna gain (Max)   | 2.80 dBi (Numeric gain: 1.91)                    |
| E d de conse   | MPE Evaluation*                                  |
| Evaluation applied   | SAR Evaluation                                   |
| Remark:  | │  |
| Nemark.  |  |
| 1. The maximum output power is 16.64dBm (46.13mW) at 2412MHz (with 1.91 numeric            |  |
| antenna gain.)   |  |
| 2. DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the |  |
| compliance.  |  |
| 3. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The            |  |
| maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm <sup>2</sup> even if the calculation indicates that the |  |
| power density would be larger.   |  |



# **CCS** Compliance Certification Services Inc.

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## **TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

#### **Calculation**

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$$
 &  $S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$ 

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and  $d(cm) = d(m) / 100$ 

**Yields** 

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2}$$
 Equation 1

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$ 

## **Maximum Permissible Exposure**

EUT output power = 46.13mW

Numeric Antenna gain = 1.91

Substituting the MPE safe distance using d = 20 cm into Equation 1:

**Yields** 

$$S = 0.000199 \times P \times G$$

Where P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power density in mW / cm^2$ 

 $\rightarrow$  Power density = 0.0175mW / cm<sup>2</sup>

(For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.)

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