

SAR Test Report

| Product Name | : | Tablet PC |
|--------------|---|---------------|
| Model No. | : | ELIJA-S TFE03 |

| Applicant : | First International Computer, Inc. | |
|-------------|------------------------------------|--|
|-------------|------------------------------------|--|

Address : No.300, Yang Guang St., NeiHu, Taipei, Taiwan 114

| Date of Receipt | : 2011/12/22 |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| Issued Date | : 2012/01/10 |
| Report No. | : 11C410R-HPUSP09V01 |
| Report Version | : V1.0 |



The test results relate only to the samples tested.

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Test Report Certification

Issued Date: 2012/01/10 Report No.:11C410R-HPUSP09V01



| Product Name | : | Tablet PC |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Applicant | : | First International Computer, Inc. |
| Address | : | No.300,Yang Guang St.,NeiHu,Taipei,Taiwan 114 |
| Manufacturer | : | First International Computer, Inc. |
| Model No. | : | ELIJA-S TFE03 |
| FCC ID | : | EUN-ELIJA-S-TFE03 |
| | | FCC Oet65 Supplement C June 2001 |
| Applicable Standard | : | IEEE Std. 1528-2003 |
| | | 47CFR § 2.1093 |
| Measurement procedures | : | KDB 447498 , KDB 248227, KDB616217 |
| Toot Dooult | | Max. SAR Measurement (1g) |
| Test Result | • | 1.060 W/kg |
| Application Type | : | Certification |
| | | |

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1. General Information

1.1 EUT Description

| Product Name | Tablet PC |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Model No. | ELIJA-S TFE03 |
| FCC ID | EUN-ELIJA-S-TFE03 |
| WLAN Modular | MFR: AzureWave ; M/N: AW-NM387 |
| TX Frequency | 2412MHz~2462MHz |
| Type of Modulation | DSSS/OFDM |
| Antenna Type | РСВ |
| Device Category | Portable |
| RF Exposure Environment | Uncontrolled |
| Max. Output Power | 802.11b: 15.26 dBm |
| (Conducted) | 802.11g: 15.79 dBm |

1.2 Antenna List

| No. | Manufacturer | Part No. | Average Gain |
|-----|--------------|----------------|---------------------|
| 1 | FIC | H2B1BE1A1B0100 | 2.79 dBi for 2.4GHz |



1.3 Test Environment

Ambient conditions in the laboratory:

| Items | Required | Actual |
|------------------|----------|---------|
| Temperature (°C) | 18-25 | 22.9± 2 |
| Humidity (%RH) | 30-70 | 53 |

Site Description:

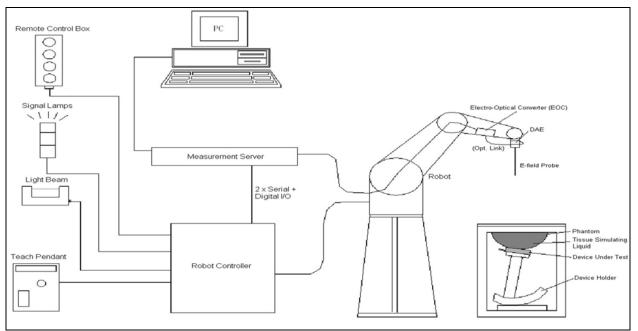
Accredited by TAF Accredited Number: 0914 Effective through: December 12, 2014

- Site Name: Quietek Corporation
- Site Address: No. 5-22, Rueishu Keng, Linkou Dist., New Taipei City 24451, Taiwan. R.O.C. TEL: 886-2-8601-3788 / FAX: 886-2-8601-3789 E-Mail: <u>service@quietek.com</u>



2. SAR Measurement System

2.1 DASY5 System Description



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- > A computer running WinXP and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.



2.1.1 Applications

Predefined procedures and evaluations for automated compliance testing with all worldwide standards, e.g., IEEE 1528, OET 65, IEC 62209-1, IEC 62209-2, EN 50360, EN 50383 and others.

2.1.2 Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm² step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 50361 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan).

2.1.3 Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x7 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 30mm in the Z axis.

2.1.4 Uncertainty of Inter-/Extrapolation and Averaging

In order to evaluate the uncertainty of the interpolation, extrapolation and averaged SAR calculation algorithms of the Postprocessor, DASY5 allows the generation of measurement grids which are artificially predefined by analytically based test functions. Therefore, the grids of area scans and zoom scans can be filled with uncertainty test data, according to the SAR benchmark functions of IEEE 1528. The three analytical functions shown in equations as below are used to describe the possible range of the expected SAR distributions for the tested handsets. The field gradients are covered by the spatially flat



distribution f1, the spatially steep distribution f3 and f2 accounts for H-field cancellation on the phantom/tissue surface.

$$f_1(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{2a}} \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{\sqrt{x'^2 + y'^2}}{5a}\right)$$
$$f_2(x, y, z) = Ae^{-\frac{z}{a}}\frac{a^2}{a^2 + x'^2} \left(3 - e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}\right)\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\frac{y'}{3a}\right)$$
$$f_3(x, y, z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + x'^2 + y'^2} \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

2.2 DASY5 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe manufactured by SPEAG. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

SPEAG conducts the probe calibration in compliance with international and national standards (e.g. IEEE 1528, EN 62209-1, IEC 62209, etc.) under ISO 17025. The calibration data are in Appendix D.

2.2.1 Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

| Model | Ex3DV4 |
|---------------|--|
| Construction | Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE) |
| Frequency | 10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz) |
| Directivity | ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis) |
| Dynamic Range | 10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g) |
| Dimensions | Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm |
| Application | High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%. |



2.3 Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

The DASY probes use a precise connector and an additional holder for the probe, consisting of a plastic tube and a flexible silicon ring to center the probe. The connector at the DAE is flexibly mounted and held in the default position with magnets and springs. Two switching systems in the connector mount detect frontal and lateral probe collisions and trigger the necessary software response.



2.4 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE) and Measurement Server

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.

Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE4 is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.





2.5 Robot

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The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used.

The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller

2.6 Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions.

During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.







2.7 Device Holder

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



2.8 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.



3. Tissue Simulating Liquid

3.1 The composition of the tissue simulating liquid

| INGREDIENT | 900MHz | 1800MHz | 2450MHz | 2450MHz |
|------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| (% Weight) | Head | Head | Head | Body |
| Water | | | | 73.2 |
| Salt | | | | 0.04 |
| Sugar | | | | 0.00 |
| HEC | | | | 0.00 |
| Preventol | | | | 0.00 |
| DGBE | | | | 26.7 |

3.2 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using APREL Dielectric Probe Kit and Anritsu MS4623B Vector Network Analyzer.

| Body Tissue Simulant Measurement | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------|--|
| Frequency Description | | Dielectric P | Dielectric Parameters | | |
| [MHz] | Description | ۶ _r | σ [s/m] | [°C] | |
| | Reference result | 52.7 | 1.95 | N/A | |
| 2450 MHz | ± 5% window | 50.065 to 55.335 | 1.8525 to 2.0475 | N/A | |
| | 03-Jan-12 | 53.32 | 1.92 | 21.2 | |
| 2412 MHz | Low channel | 54.27 | 1.87 | 21.2 | |
| 2437 MHz | Mid channel | 53.71 | 1.90 | 21.2 | |
| 2462 MHz | High channel | 53.16 | 1.93 | 21.2 | |
| | | | | | |

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3.3 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

| Target Frequency | Head | | Body | |
|------------------|----------------|---------|----------------|---------|
| (MHz) | ε _r | σ (S/m) | ε _r | σ (S/m) |
| 150 | 52.3 | 0.76 | 61.9 | 0.80 |
| 300 | 45.3 | 0.87 | 58.2 | 0.92 |
| 450 | 43.5 | 0.87 | 56.7 | 0.94 |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 55.2 | 0.97 |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 55.0 | 1.05 |
| 915 | 41.5 | 0.98 | 55.0 | 1.06 |
| 1450 | 40.5 | 1.20 | 54.0 | 1.30 |
| 1610 | 40.3 | 1.29 | 53.8 | 1.40 |
| 1800 – 2000 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 53.3 | 1.52 |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 52.7 | 1.95 |
| 3000 | 38.5 | 2.40 | 52.0 | 2.73 |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 5.27 | 48.2 | 6.00 |

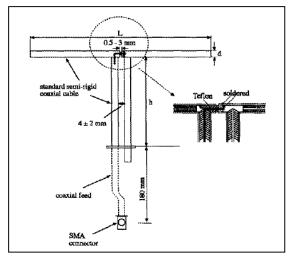
(ε_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m³)



4. SAR Measurement Procedure

4.1 SAR System Check

4.1.1 Dipoles



The dipoles used is based on the IEEE-1528 standard, and is complied with mechanical and electrical specifications in line with the requirements of both IEEE and FCC Supplement C. the table below provides details for the mechanical and electrical specifications for the dipoles.

| Frequency | L (mm) | h (mm) | d (mm) |
|-----------|--------|--------|--------|
| 2450MHz | 53.5 | 30.4 | 3.6 |

4.1.2 System Check Result

| System Performance Check at 2450MHz | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Dipole Kit: ALS-D-2450 | | | | | | | | |
| Frequency [MHz] | Description | SAR [w/kg] 1g | SAR [w/kg] 10g | Tissue Temp. [°C] | | | | |
| 2450 MHz | Reference result ± 10% window | 54 48.60 to 59.40 | 24.84 22.36 to 27.32 | N/A | | | | |
| | 03-Jan-12 | 53.2 | 23.4 | 21.2 | | | | |
| Note: All SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power. | | | | | | | | |



4.2 SAR Measurement Procedure

The Dasy5 calculates SAR using the following equation,

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |\mathbf{E}|^2}{\rho}$$

 σ : represents the simulated tissue conductivity

 ρ : represents the tissue density

The EUT is set to transmit at the required power in line with product specification, at each frequency relating to the LOW, MID, and HIGH channel settings.

Pre-scans are made on the device to establish the location for the transmitting antenna, using a large area scan in either air or tissue simulation fluid.

The EUT is placed against the Universal Phantom where the maximum area scan dimensions are larger than the physical size of the resonating antenna. When the scan size is not large enough to cover the peak SAR distribution, it is modified by either extending the area scan size in both the X and Y directions, or the device is shifted within the predefined area.

The area scan is then run to establish the peak SAR location (interpolated resolution set at 1mm²) which is then used to orient the center of the zoom scan. The zoom scan is then executed and the 1g and 10g averages are derived from the zoom scan volume (interpolated resolution set at 1mm³).

5. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528, FCC Supplement C, and comply with ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 "Uncontrolled Environments" limits. These limits apply to a location which is deemed as "Uncontrolled Environment" which can be described as a situation where the general public may be exposed to an RF source with no prior knowledge or control over their exposure.

| Type Exposure | Uncontrolled Environment Limit |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for brain or body) | 1.60 W/kg |
| Spatial Average SAR (whole body) | 0.08 W/kg |
| Spatial Peak SAR (10g for hands, feet, ankles and wrist) | 4.00 W/kg |

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)



6. Test Equipment List

| Instrument | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Last | Next |
|---|--------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | | | Calibration | Calibration |
| Stäubli Robot TX60L | Stäubli | TX60L | F09/5BL1A1/A06 | 2009/05/18 | only once |
| Controller | Speag | CS8c | N/A | 2009/05/18 | only once |
| Aprel Reference Dipole 2450MHz | Aprel | ALS-D-2450-S | QTK-319 | 2011/11/22 | 2012/11/21 |
| SAM Twin Phantom | Speag | QD000 P40 CA | Tp 1515 | N/A | N/A |
| Device Holder | Speag | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Data Acquisition Electronic | Speag | DAE4 | 1207 | 2011/05/19 | 2012/05/18 |
| E-Field Probe | Speag | EX3DV4 | 3698 | 2011/07/28 | 2012/07/27 |
| SAR Software | Speag | DASY52 | V52.8 (0) | N/A | N/A |
| Aprel Dipole Spaccer | Aprel | ALS-DS-U | QTK-295 | N/A | N/A |
| Power Amplifier | Mini-Circuit | ZHL-42 | D051404-20 | N/A | N/A |
| Directional Coupler | Agilent | 778D-012 | 50550 | N/A | N/A |
| Universal Radio Communication Tester | R&S | CMU 200 | 104846 | 2011/05/20 | 2012/05/19 |
| Vector Network | Anritsu | MS4623B | 992801 | 2011/07/21 | 2012/07/20 |
| Signal Generator | Anritsu | MG3694A | 041902 | 2011/08/02 | 2012/08/01 |
| Power Meter | Anritsu | ML2487A | 6K00001447 | 2011/12/01 | 2012/11/30 |
| Wide Bandwidth Sensor | Anritsu | MA2491 | 030677 | 2011/12/01 | 2012/11/30 |



7. Measurement Uncertainty

| | | ASY5 L | | • | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|--------|------|------|------|-----------|-----------|------|
| Measurement uncertainty for 3 | | | Ť | | Т | | 1 | |
| Error Description | Uncert. | Prob. | Div. | (Ci) | (Ci) | Std. Unc. | Std. Unc. | (Vi) |
| | value | Dist. | | 1g | 10g | (1g) | (10g) | Veff |
| Measurement System | | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| Probe Calibration | ±6.0% | Ν | 1 | 1 | 1 | ±6.0% | ±6.0% | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | ±4.7% | R | √3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | ±1.9% | ±1.9% | ∞ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | ±9.6% | R | √3 | 0.7 | 0.7 | ±3.9% | ±3.9% | ∞ |
| Boundary Effects | ±1.0% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±0.6% | ±0.6% | ∞ |
| Linearity | ±4.7% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±2.7% | ±2.7% | 8 |
| System Detection Limits | ±1.0% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±0.6% | ±0.6% | 8 |
| Readout Electronics | ±0.3% | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | ±0.3% | ±0.3% | ∞ |
| Response Time | ±0.8% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±0.5% | ±0.5% | ∞ |
| Integration Time | ±2.6% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±1.5% | ±1.5% | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Noise | ±3.0% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±1.7% | ±1.7% | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Reflections | ±3.0% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±1.7% | ±1.7% | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner | ±0.4% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±0.2% | ±0.2% | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning | ±2.9% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±1.7% | ±1.7% | ∞ |
| Max. SAR Eval. | ±1.0% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±0.6% | ±0.6% | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | • | | | | |
| Device Positioning | ±2.9% | Ν | 1 | 1 | 1 | ±2.9% | ±2.9% | 145 |
| Device Holder | ±3.6% | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | ±3.6% | ±3.6% | 5 |
| Power Drift | ±5.0% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±2.9% | ±2.9% | ∞ |
| Phantom and Setup | | | | | | · | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | ±4.0% | R | √3 | 1 | 1 | ±2.3% | ±2.3% | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (target) | ±5.0% | R | √3 | 0.64 | 0.43 | ±1.8% | ±1.2% | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (meas.) | ±2.5% | N | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | ±1.6% | ±1.1% | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (target) | ±5.0% | R | √3 | 0.6 | 0.49 | ±1.7% | ±1.4% | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (meas.) | ±2.5% | N | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | ±1.5% | ±1.2% | ∞ |
| Combined Std. Uncertainty | | | | • | | ±11% | ±10.8% | 387 |
| Expanded STD Uncertainty | | | | | | ±22% | ±21.5% | |



8. Conducted Power Measurement

| Test Mode | Channel No. | Frequency Average Power | | Peak Power |
|--------------|-------------|-------------------------|-------|------------|
| | | (MHz) | (dBm) | (dBm) |
| | 01 | 2412 | 15.26 | 17.07 |
| 802.11b | 06 | 2437 | 15.10 | 17.20 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 15.20 | 17.49 |
| | 01 | 2412 | 14.50 | 21.73 |
| 802.11g | 06 | 2437 | 15.79 | 22.20 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 15.28 | 22.30 |
| | 01 | 2412 | 14.10 | 20.37 |
| 802.11n(20M) | 06 | 2437 | 13.60 | 20.68 |
| | 11 | 2462 | 14.15 | 21.19 |
| | 03 | 2422 | 13.61 | 21.22 |
| 802.11n(40M) | 06 | 2437 | 13.42 | 21.01 |
| | 09 | 2452 | 13.54 | 21.19 |

9. Test Results

9.1 SAR Test Results Summary

| SAR MEAS | SUREMENT | | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|--|--------------|-------------|
| Ambient Ter | mperature (°C | C):22.9 ±2 | Relative Humidity (%): 53 | | | |
| Liquid Temp | perature (°C) | : 21.2 ±2 | | Depth of Liqu | ıid (cm):>15 | |
| Test Mode: | 802.11b - 245 | i0 MHz | | | | |
| Test Position | Antenna | Frequency | | Conducted | SAR 1g | Limit |
| Body | Position | Channel | MHz | Power (dBm) | (W/kg) | (W/kg) |
| Back | Fixed | 6 | 2437 | 15.10 | 0.140 | 1.6 |
| Front | Fixed | 6 | 2437 | 15.10 | 0.392 | 1.6 |
| Left-Side | Fixed | 6 | 2437 | 15.10 | 0.024 | 1.6 |
| Bottom | Fixed | 1 | 2412 | 15.26 | 1.040 | 1.6 |
| Bottom | Fixed | 6 | 2437 | 15.10 | 1.050 | 1.6 |
| Bottom | Fixed | 11 | 2462 | 15.20 | 1.060 | 1.6 |
| Test Mode: | 802.11g - 245 | 60 MHz | | | | |
| Bottom | Fixed | 6 | 2437 | 15.79 | 0.631 | 1.6 |
| Test Mode: | 802.11n (20M | l) - 2450 MHz | | | | |
| Bottom | Fixed | 6 | 2437 | 13.60 | 0.648 | 1.6 |
| Test Mode: | 802.11n (40M | l) - 2450 MHz | | | | |
| Bottom | Fixed | 6 | 2437 | 13.42 | 0.682 | 1.6 |
| | | | | ause the Right s r than limit in ab | | ate 71 mm c |



- Appendix
- Appendix A. SAR System Check Data
- Appendix B. SAR measurement Data
- Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs
- Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data
- Appendix E. Dipole Calibration Data

Appendix A. SAR System Check Data

Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 1/3/2012

System Performance Check 2450MHz-Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: ALS-D-2450-S-2; Serial: QTK-319 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.92 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53.32; ρ = 1000 kg/m⁵ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

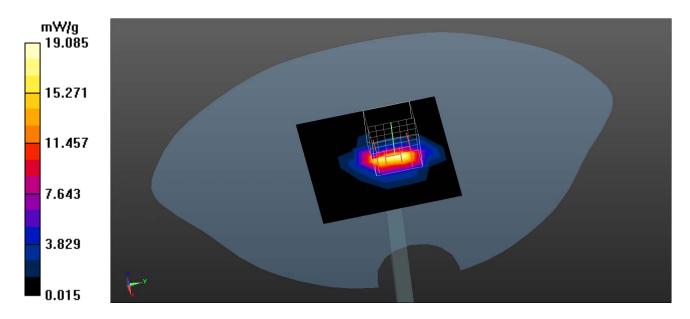
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.6, 6.6, 6.6); Calibrated: 7/28/2011 •
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm • (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/19/2011 •
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM •
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989) •

Configuration/2450MHz_Body/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dv=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.085 mW/g

Configuration/2450MHz_Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 103.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.4920 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.85 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.130 mW/g



Appendix B. SAR measurement Data

Test Laboratory: QuieTek

Date/Time: 1/3/2012

802.11b 6-Back

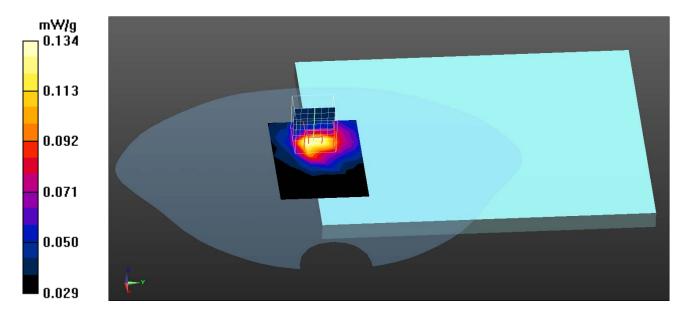
DUT: Tablet PC; Type: ELIJA-S TFE03 Communication System: WLAN2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Communication System PAR: 0 dB Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz: σ = 1.9 mho/m: ε_r = 53.71: ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.6, 6.6, 6.6); Calibrated: 7/28/2011 •
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection) •
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/19/2011 Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM; •
- •
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989) .

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=13mm, dy=13mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.134 mW/g

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 4.519 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2720 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.140 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.085 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.152 mW/g





Date/Time: 1/3/2012

802.11b_6-Front

DUT: Tablet PC; Type: ELIJA-S TFE03

Communication System: WLAN2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.9 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53.71; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

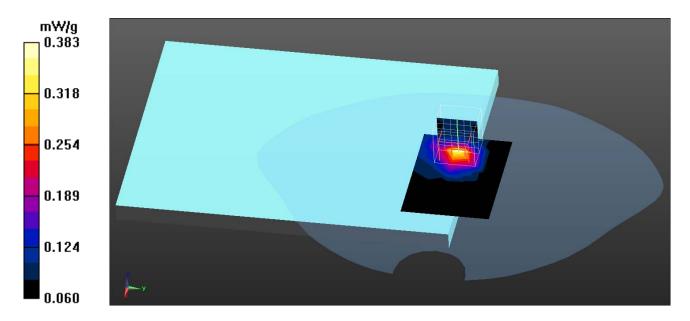
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.6, 6.6, 6.6); Calibrated: 7/28/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=13mm, dy=13mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.383 mW/g

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.446 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.1260 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.392 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.201 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.418 mW/g





Date/Time: 1/3/2012

802.11b_6-Left-Side

DUT: Tablet PC; Type: ELIJA-S TFE03

Communication System: WLAN2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.9 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53.71; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

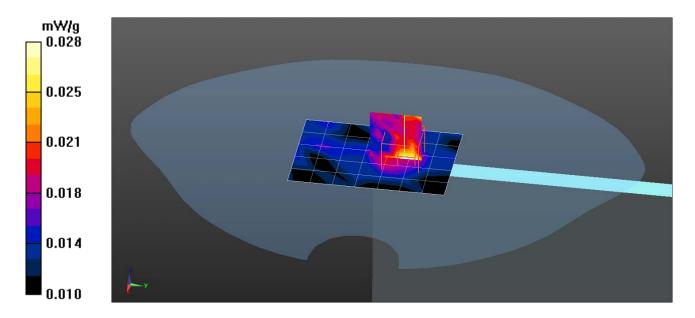
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.6, 6.6, 6.6); Calibrated: 7/28/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=13mm, dy=13mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.020 mW/g

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.898 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0370 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.024 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.028 mW/g





Date/Time: 1/3/2012

802.11b_1-Bottom

DUT: Tablet PC; Type: ELIJA-S TFE03

Communication System: WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.87 mho/m; ϵ_r = 54.27; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

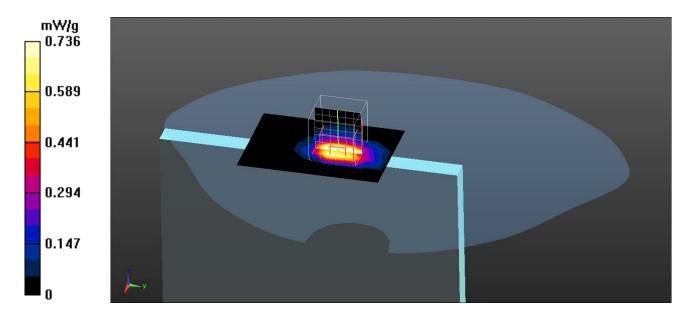
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.6, 6.6, 6.6); Calibrated: 7/28/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=13mm, dy=13mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.736 mW/g

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.169 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.2100 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.04 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.366 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.308 mW/g





Date/Time: 1/3/2012

802.11b_6-Bottom

DUT: Tablet PC; Type: ELIJA-S TFE03

Communication System: WLAN2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.9 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53.71; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

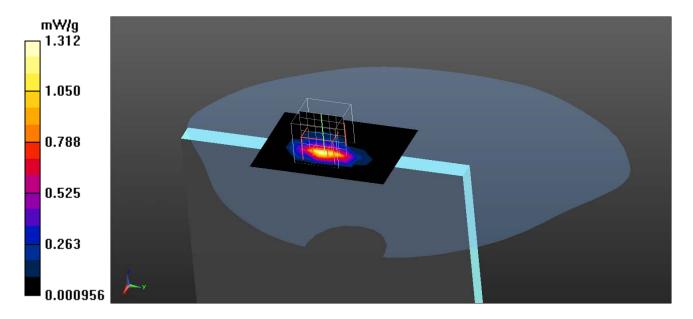
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.6, 6.6, 6.6); Calibrated: 7/28/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=13mm, dy=13mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.312 mW/g

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.871 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.0670 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.05 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.378 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.301 mW/g





Date/Time: 1/3/2012

802.11b_11-Bottom

DUT: Tablet PC; Type: ELIJA-S TFE03

Communication System: WLAN 2.4G; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.93 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53.16; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

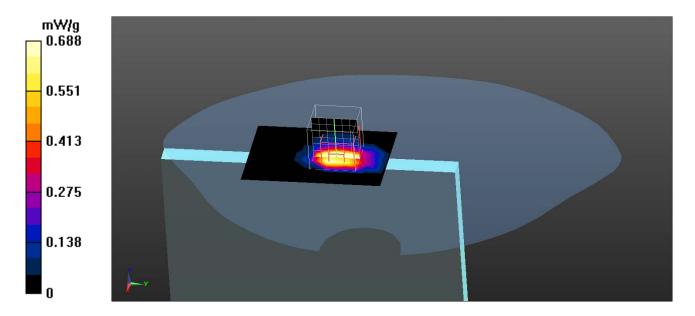
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.6, 6.6, 6.6); Calibrated: 7/28/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=13mm, dy=13mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.688 mW/g

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.376 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.4120 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 1.06 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.365 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.331 mW/g





Date/Time: 1/3/2012

802.11g_6-Bottom

DUT: Tablet PC; Type: ELIJA-S TFE03

Communication System: WLAN2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.9 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53.71; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.6, 6.6, 6.6); Calibrated: 7/28/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=13mm, dy=13mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.479 mW/g

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.062 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.9840 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.631 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.219 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.777 mW/g



Date/Time: 1/3/2012

802.11n 20M_6-Bottom

DUT: Tablet PC; Type: ELIJA-S TFE03

Communication System: WLAN2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.9 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53.71; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

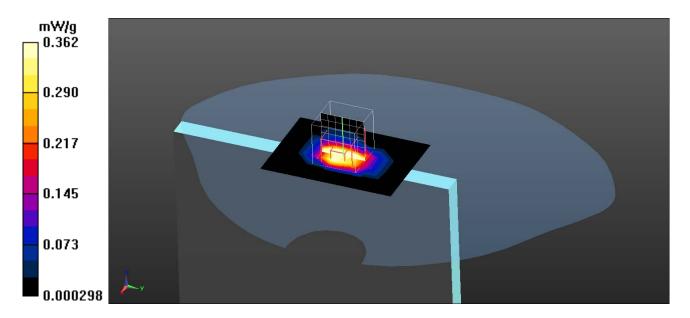
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.6, 6.6, 6.6); Calibrated: 7/28/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=13mm, dy=13mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.362 mW/g

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.063 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.0630 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.648 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.224 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.797 mW/g





Date/Time: 1/3/2012

802.11n 40M_6-Bottom

DUT: Tablet PC; Type: ELIJA-S TFE03

Communication System: WLAN2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Communication System PAR: 0 dB

Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.9 mho/m; ϵ_r = 53.71; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section

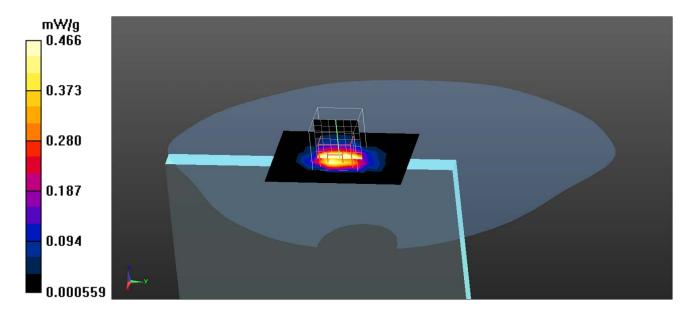
Ambient Temperature (°C) : 22.9, Liquid Temperature (°C) : 21.2 Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007) DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3698; ConvF(6.6, 6.6, 6.6); Calibrated: 7/28/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1207; Calibrated: 5/19/2011
- Phantom: SAM with right table; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=13mm, dy=13mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.466 mW/g

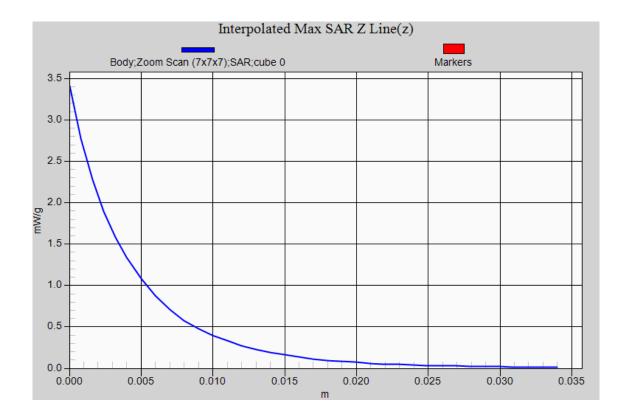
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.970 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.1680 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.682 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.234 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.841 mW/g



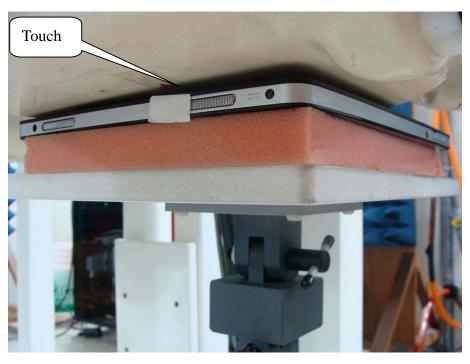


802.11b EUT Bottom Z-Axis plot Channel: 11





Appendix C. Test Setup Photographs & EUT Photographs Test Setup Photographs



EUT Back

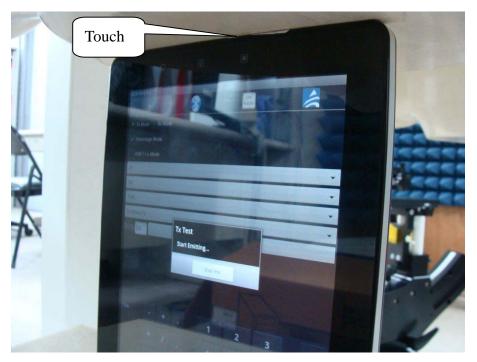
EUT Front



EUT Left - Side



EUT Bottom





Depth of the liquid in the phantom-Zoom In

Note: The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528-2003.



EUT Photographs







QuieTek



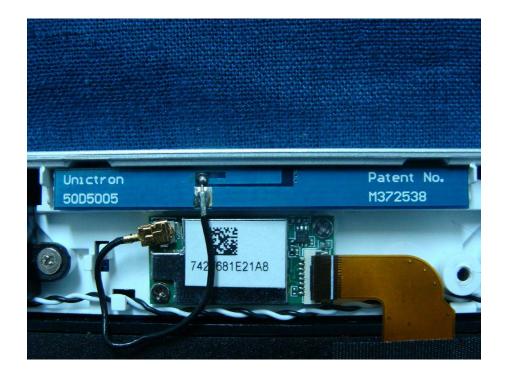


QuieTek





QuieTek











Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data

Object: EX3DV4- SN 3698

1155

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Quietek (Auden)

Client





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Certificate No: EX3-3698_Jul11

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

| Object | EX3DV4 - SN:3698 | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes | | | |
| Calibration date: | July 28, 2011 | | | |
| | nts the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). ainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. | | | |
| All calibrations have been conducted | ed in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C and humidity < 70%. | | | |
| Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) | | | | |
| | | | | |

| Primary Standards | ID | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) | Apr-12 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372) | Apr-12 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369) | Apr-12 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367) | Apr-12 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370) | Apr-12 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10) | Dec-11 |
| DAE4 | SN: 654 | 3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11) | May-12 |
| Secondary Standards | ID | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09) | In house check: Oct-11 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10) | In house check: Oct-11 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------|
| Calibrated by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | 2000 |
| | | | sopra 1 |
| Approved by: | Niels Kuster | Quality Manager | N. DES |
| | | | Issued: July 28, 2011 |
| This calibration certificate | e shall not be reproduced except in fu | I without written approval of the labo | pratory. |

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





C

S

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

- Service suisse d'étalonnage
- Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

| Glossary: | |
|----------------|--|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORMx,y,z | sensitivity in free space |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| CF | crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal |
| A, B, C | modulation dependent linearization parameters |
| Polarization φ | φ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization 9 | 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), |
| | i.e., $9 = 0$ is normal to probe axis |
| | i.e., $9 = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx, y, z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx, y, z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx, y, z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx, y, z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
 maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3698

Manufactured: April 22, 2009 Calibrated:

July 28, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

Basic Calibration Parameters

| | Sensor X | Sensor Y | Sensor Z | Unc (k=2) |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$ | 0.51 | 0.44 | 0.45 | ± 10.1 % |
| DCP (mV) ^B | 99.1 | 98.8 | 101.0 | |

Modulation Calibration Parameters

| UID | Communication System Name | PAR | | A dB | B dB | C dB | VR mV | Unc ^E (k=2) |
|-------|---------------------------|------|---|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------------------------|
| 10000 | CW | 0.00 | Х | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 115.2 | ±2.5 % |
| | | | Y | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 105.0 | |
| | | | Z | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 108.1 | |

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

- ^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
 ^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 ^E Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

| f (MHz) ^c | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|---------------|----------------|
| 750 | 41.9 | 0.89 | 8.77 | 8.77 | 8.77 | 0.80 | 0.67 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 41.5 | 0.90 | 8.40 | 8.40 | 8.40 | 0.69 | 0.74 | ± 12.0 % |
| 900 | 41.5 | 0.97 | 8.29 | 8.29 | 8.29 | 0.64 | 0.76 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 40.1 | 1.37 | 7.38 | 7.38 | 7.38 | 0.80 | 0.60 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 7.18 | 7.18 | 7.18 | 0.80 | 0.60 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 6.51 | 6.51 | 6.51 | 0.80 | 0.61 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 39.0 | 1.96 | 6.39 | 6.39 | 6.39 | 0.74 | 0.63 | ± 12.0 % |
| 3500 | 37.9 | 2.91 | 6.41 | 6.41 | 6.41 | 0.20 | 1.60 | ±13.1 % |
| 5200 | 36.0 | 4.66 | 4.80 | 4.80 | 4.80 | 0.35 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5300 | 35.9 | 4.76 | 4.58 | 4.58 | 4.58 | 0.35 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5500 | 35.6 | 4.96 | 4.48 | 4.48 | 4.48 | 0.40 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5600 | 35.5 | 5.07 | 4.16 | 4.16 | 4.16 | 0.45 | 1.80 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5800 | 35.3 | 5.27 | 4.22 | 4.22 | 4.22 | 0.45 | 1.80 | ±13.1 % |

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

^c Frequency validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. ^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to \pm 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

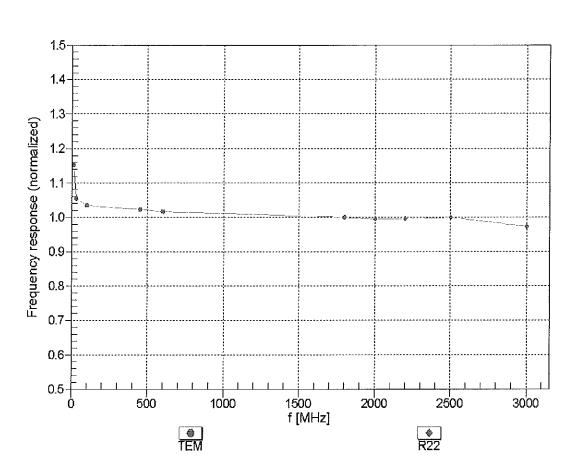
DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4- SN:3698

| f (MHz) ^c | Relative Permittivity ^F | Conductivity (S/m) ^F | ConvF X | ConvF Y | ConvF Z | Alpha | Depth (mm) | Unct. (k=2) |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|---------------|----------------|
| 750 | 55.5 | 0.96 | 8.56 | 8.56 | 8.56 | 0.80 | 0.71 | ± 12.0 % |
| 835 | 55.2 | 0.97 | 8.59 | 8.59 | 8.59 | 0.80 | 0.68 | ± 12.0 % |
| 900 | 55.0 | 1.05 | 8.31 | 8.31 | 8.31 | 0.74 | 0.75 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1750 | 53.4 | 1.49 | 7.09 | 7.09 | 7.09 | 0.80 | 0.68 | ± 12.0 % |
| 1900 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 6.74 | 6.74 | 6.74 | 0.80 | 0.65 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2450 | 52.7 | 1.95 | 6.60 | 6.60 | 6.60 | 0.80 | 0.60 | ± 12.0 % |
| 2600 | 52.5 | 2.16 | 6.40 | 6.40 | 6.40 | 0.80 | 0.50 | ± 12.0 % |
| 3500 | 51.3 | 3.31 | 5.73 | 5.73 | 5.73 | 0.23 | 1.90 | ±13.1 % |
| 5200 | 49.0 | 5.30 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.95 | 0.55 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5300 | 48.9 | 5.42 | 3.74 | 3.74 | 3.74 | 0.55 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5500 | 48.6 | 5.65 | 3.68 | 3.68 | 3.68 | 0.50 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |
| 5600 | 48.5 | 5.77 | 3.42 | 3.42 | 3.42 | 0.60 | 1.90 | ±13.1 % |
| 5800 | 48.2 | 6.00 | 3.74 | 3.74 | 3.74 | 0.60 | 1.90 | ± 13.1 % |

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

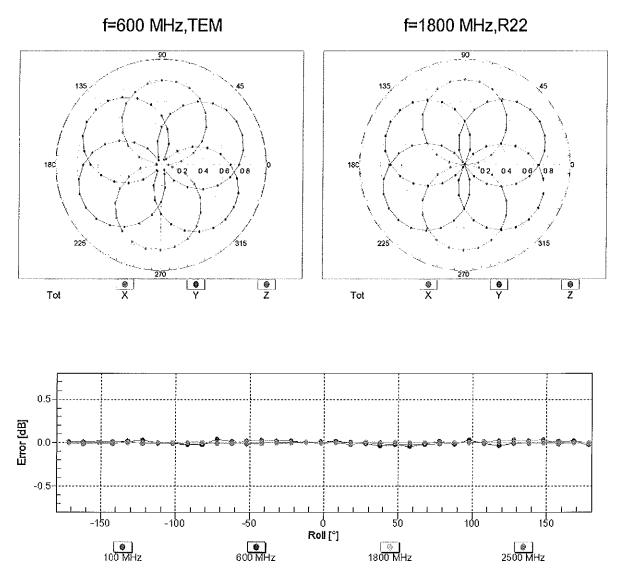
^c Frequency validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to \pm 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. ^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to \pm 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.



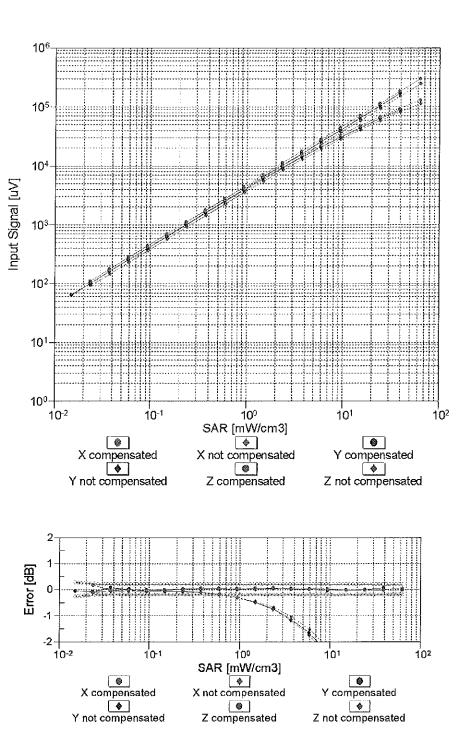
Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)



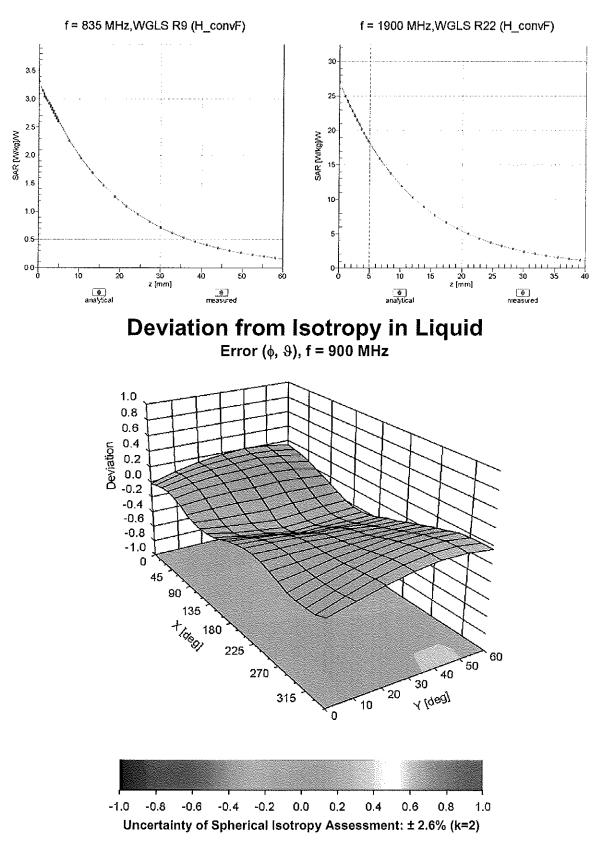
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)



Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)



Conversion Factor Assessment

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3698

Other Probe Parameters

| Sensor Arrangement | Triangular |
|---|----------------|
| Connector Angle (°) | Not applicable |
| Mechanical Surface Detection Mode | enabled |
| Optical Surface Detection Mode | disabled |
| Probe Overall Length | 337 mm |
| Probe Body Diameter | 10 mm |
| Tip Length | 9 mm |
| Tip Diameter | 2.5 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point | 1 mm |
| Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface | 2 mm |



Appendix E. Dipole Calibration

Validation Dipole 2450 MHz M/N: ALS-D-2450 S/N: QTK-319 Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Quietek (Auden)

Client





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst

- Service suisse d'étalonnage
- Servizio svizzero di taratura
- Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Certificate No: ALS-2450-QTK -319_Nov11

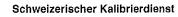
Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

| Object | ALS-D-2450-SN: QTK-319 | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Calibration procedure(s) | QA CAL-05.v8 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz | | | | | |
| Calibration date: | November 22, 2011 | | | | | |
| The measurements and the uncer | tainties with confidence p ted in the closed laborator | onal standards, which realize the physical units or robability are given on the following pages and an y facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C ar | re part of the certificate. | | | |
| Calibration Equipment used (Mar | | | | | | |
| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration | | | |
| Power meter EPM-442A | GB37480704 | 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) | Oct-12 | | | |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | US37292783 | 05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451) | Oct-12 | | | |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: 5086 (20g) | 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368) | Apr-12 | | | |
| Type-N mismatch combination | SN: 5047.2 / 06327 | 29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371) | Apr-12 | | | |
| Reference Probe ES3DV3 | SN: 3205 | 29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11) | Apr-12 | | | |
| DAE4 | SN: 601 | 04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11) | Jul-12 | | | |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check | | | |
| Power sensor HP 8481A | MY41092317 | 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-13 | | | |
| RF generator R&S SMT-06 | 100005 | 04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-13 | | | |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 S4206 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11) | In house check: Oct-12 | | | |
| Calibrated by: | Name Jeton Kastrati | Function Laboratory Technician | Signature | | | |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | S.C. H.S. | | | |
| This calibration certificate shall no | t be reproduced except in | full without written approval of the laboratory. | Issued: November 22, 2011 | | | |

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





- S Service suisse d'étalonnage
- С Servizio svizzero di taratura
- S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossarv:

| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields: Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole • positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. 0 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power. •
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna 0 connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the ٠ nominal SAR result.

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V52.6.2 |
|------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 2450 MHz ± 1 MHz | a Laterary Andrew |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 39.2 | 1.80 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 37.7 ± 6 % | 1.84 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 13.5 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 53.0 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |
| | | |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured | condition 250 mW input power | 6.21 mW / g |

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|---|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 52.7 | 1.95 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 50.9 ± 6 % | 2.01 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature change during test | < 0.5 °C | | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 12.4 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 48.5 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.72 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | 22.6 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 40.0 Ω + 7.0 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 17.4 dB |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 37.5 Ω + 7.7 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 15.5 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 0.966 ns |
|----------------------------------|----------|
|----------------------------------|----------|

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | | APREL |
|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | Manufactured on | Not available |

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 22.11.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: ASL-D-2450 ; Serial: ASL-D-2450 - SN: QTK-319

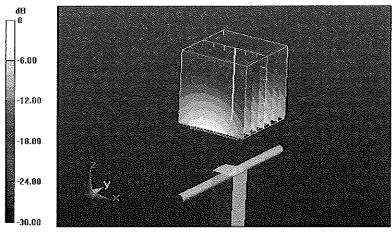
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.84$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

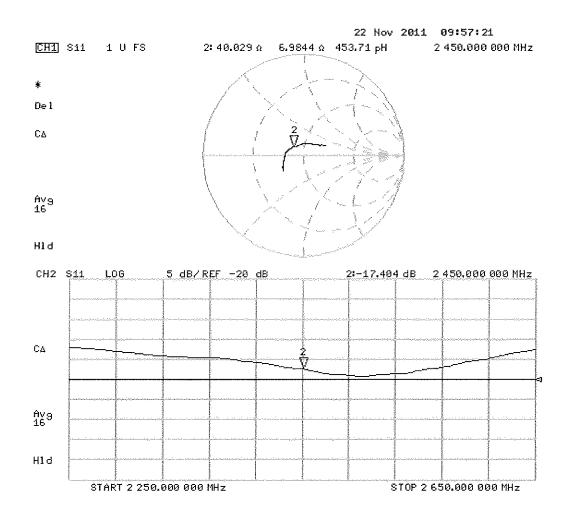
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 100.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.455 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.21 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.443 mW/g



 $0 \, dB = 17.440 mW/g$



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 22.11.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: ASL-D-2450 ; Serial: ASL-D-2450 - SN: QTK-319

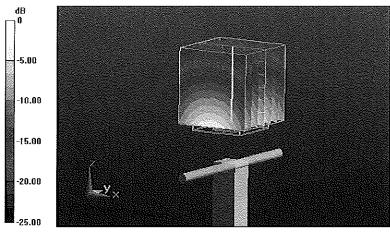
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³ Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mmReference Value = 93.559 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.791 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 12.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.72 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.432 mW/g



0 dB = 16.430 mW/g

