## REGULATORY TEST REPORT

TITLE: FCC \& IC Test Report for 15.249 \& RSS-210 Frequency single channel programming (100G) AUTHOR: Mark Kvamme

| REV | CCO | DESCRIPTION OF CHANGE | DATE | APPROVALS |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | INITIAL RELEASE |  | Engineering |  |
|  |  |  |  | Engineering |  |

REVISION HISTORY

|  |  |  |  | Engineering |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  | Engineering |  |
|  |  |  |  | Engineering |  |

NOTICE OF PROPRIETARY INFORMATION
Information contained herein is proprietary and is property of ITRON, Inc. where furnished with a proposal, the recipient shall use it solely to evaluate the proposal. Where furnished to a customer it shall be used solely for the purposes of inspection, installation or maintenance. Where furnished to a supplier, it shall be used solely in the performance of work contracted for this company. The information shall not be used or disclosed by the recipient for any other purpose, whatsoever.

## Summary

Test Data Summary

## FCC Part 15.249 / IC RSS-210 Sec. 6.2.2(m2)

Field strength of low power Transmitters
902-928MHz Band

## 908Mhz programming

FCC ID: EO9100G / IC ID: 864D-100G
Device Model: ERG-5000
Model Numbers:
ERG-5000-501, ERG-5000-502, ERG-5000-503, ERRG-5000-504
OATS Registration Number: FCC 90716, IC 5615

| Rule | Description | Max. Reading | Pass/Fail |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15.31(e) | Variation of Supply Voltage | N/A battery | N/A |
| 15.207/RSS-210 Annex 2 | Powerline conducted emissions | N/A battery | N/A |
| $\begin{gathered} 15.249(\mathrm{~d}) / \mathrm{RSS}-210 \mathrm{sec} . \\ 6.6 .2(\mathrm{~m} 2)(3) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Out of band non-harmonic radiated emissions | 28dbuV/m@908 Mhz | Pass |
| 15.35(b)/RSS-210 sec. 6.5 | duty cycle corrections | Wrong Message | N/A |
| $\begin{gathered} 15.249(\mathrm{a}) / \mathrm{RSS}-210 \mathrm{Sec} . \\ 6.2 .2(\mathrm{~m} 2)(1) \end{gathered}$ | Radiated emissions of transmitter fundamental and harmonics | 86.46dbuV/m @908 Mhz 38.9dbuV/m @1816 Mhz | Pass |
| 15.31(m) | Relative field intensities at high and low frequencies of transmitter | Single channel max reading of $86.46 \mathrm{dbuV} / \mathrm{m} @ 908 \mathrm{Mhz}$ | Pass |
| 15.249(d) | Band Edge | $116.3 \mathrm{uV} / \mathrm{m} @ 902 \mathrm{Mhz}$ | Pass |
| RSP-100 Appendix II | 99\% Bandwidth | 115Khz @ 908 Mhz | Pass |


| Cognizant Personnel |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mark Kvamme |  |  |
| Name |  | Test Technician |
| Name |  | Title |
|  |  | Title |
| Name |  | Title |

## TCB Submittal Checklist

Item list for TCB evaluation
Item $\quad$ Completed Confidential

TCB Submittal Checklist FCC: Error! Reference source not found. / IC: Error! Reference source not found.Item list for TCB evaluation

| Test Report |  | No |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Test Setup Photos - Powerline Conducted Emissions |  | No |
| Test Setup Photos - Radiated Emissions |  | No |
| Internal Pictures |  | Yes |
| External Pictures |  | No |
| Schematics |  | Yes |
| Block Diagram |  | Yes |
| Operational Description |  | Yes |
| Users Manual |  |  |
| Label Drawings |  | No |
| Request for Confidentiality | No |  |
| Industry Canada RSP-100 Appendices I and II |  | No |

## Test 1: 15.31(e)

Variation of Supply Voltage
Vary the supply voltage from $85 \%$ to $115 \%$ of the nominal voltage. If the power level of the fundamental signal varies with supply voltage, record the voltage level at which the fundamental signal is at its highest and use that voltage level for all further testing.

## DEVICE IS BATTERY OPERATED NOT CONNECTED TO THE POWER LINE. BATTER IS NOT RECHARGABLE.

Test 2: 15.207 / RSS-210 Annex 2
Powerline Conducted Emissions

Measure the AC powerline conducted emissions from 150 kHz to 30 MHz using a $50 \mu \mathrm{H} / 50 \Omega$ line impedance stabilization network (LISN) according to the procedure specified in ANSI C63.4. Verify that no emissions exceed the following limits:

| Frequency <br> $(\mathrm{MHz})$ | Quasi-Peak <br> (dB $\mu \mathrm{V})$ | Average <br> (dB $\mu \mathrm{V})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0.15-0.5$ | 66 to $56^{*}$ | 56 to $46^{*}$ |
| $0.5-5$ | 56 | 46 |
| $5-30$ | 60 | 50 |

* Decreases with the logarithm of frequency

DEVICE IS BATTERY OPERATED NOT CONNECTED TO THE POWER LINE. BATTER IS NOT RECHARGABLE.

Test 3: 15.209 / RSS-210 sec. 6.2(m2)(3)
Out of band non-harmonic emissions
Measure the field strength of all spurious emissions that are not harmonics according to the procedure in Appendix A. The maximum field strength shall not exceed:

| Frequency <br> $(\mathrm{MHz})$ | Field <br> Strength <br> $(\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m})$ | Distance <br> $($ meters $)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1.705-30$ | 30 | $30^{*}$ |
| $30-88$ | 100 | 3 |
| $88-216$ | 150 | 3 |
| $216-960$ | 200 | 3 |
| $>960$ | 500 | 3 |

* Adjust 40dB/decade when measuring at different distances than specified. For emissions measurements below 30 MHz , rotate the loop antenna about its horizontal and vertical positions to maximize emissions.

| Equipment Used |  | Serial Number | Cal <br> Date | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Cal } \\ & \text { Due } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spectrum Analyzer |  | MY45113415 | 07-Aug-07 | 07-Aug-09 |
| Huber\&Suhner 18 inch. Sma to Sma |  | 220060002 | 03-May-07 | 03-May-08 |
| Huber\&Suhner 40 foot cable |  | 220297001 | 09-Apr-07 | 09-Apr-08 |
| EMCO loop antenna model 6502 |  | 9509-2970 | 24-Oct-07 | 24-Oct-08 |
| EMCO biconical |  | 9807-3129 | 10/4/2007 | 10/4/2009 |
| EMCO Log periodic |  | 9901-1044 | 10/24/2007 | 10/24/2008 |
| Date | Temp/Humidity ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / \mathrm{\%}$ | Tested by |  |  |
| 20 Feb 08 | 55/11 | Mark Kvamme |  |  |



## Test 4: 15.35(b) / RSS-210 sec. 6.5

Pulsed Operation
Calculate the maximum duty cycle of the transmitter that will occur in any 100 ms . Perform the following calculation:

$$
\text { Duty Cycle }{ }_{\mathrm{dB}}=\mid 20 * \log (\text { Duty Cycle } \%) \mid
$$

If the calculated result is less than 20 dB , use that number as the relaxation factor for test 4 of this report. Otherwise, use 20 dB .

When programmed the Unit Transmits a Manchester Encoded Message. Depending on programming details message length will vary, however the longest message is 48 bytes (384 bits). Programming will typically occur once in the product life, at installation.

Zooming in on a message length:

> 48-8 bit bytes
bit bytes
$\Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Uparrow \Rightarrow \Uparrow \Uparrow \Uparrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Uparrow \Uparrow \Uparrow \uparrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Uparrow$
$\Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Uparrow \Rightarrow \Uparrow \Uparrow \Uparrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Uparrow \Uparrow \Uparrow \Rightarrow \Rightarrow \Uparrow$


Bit rate is: $\quad$ 16.384 Kbits/Second.
Message Period is: $\quad 384 / 16.384$ Kbits $/ \mathrm{sec}=23.43 \mathrm{msec}$
During the transmission of messages, the Transmit Duty Cycle can be computed. (100 msec)
\% Duty Cycle Transmit = (384 bits) (1/16.384 Kbits/Sec) (.5) (100\%) /
\% Duty Cycle Transmit =11.7 \%

Note: The .5 factor is a result of Manchester Encoded Data.
Expressing the correction factor for Duty Cycle in dB :

```
dB Duty Cycle Transmit = 20 Log (Duty Cycle)
dB Duty Cycle Transmit = 20 Log (.117)
dB Duty Cycle Transmit = -18.63dB
```


## Test 5: 15.249(a)/RSS-210 sec. 6.2(m2)(1)

Transmitter Fundamental and Harmonics
EUT Configuration: The EUT is configured to transmit (special code set) on the low channel ( 908 MHz ), a middle channel $(915 \mathrm{MHz})$, and a high channel ( 924 MHz ). The EUT is also configured to transmit every 4 seconds. This enables measurement of peak energy to be made at each location. .

Measure the field strength of the transmitter fundamental and harmonic emissions at three meters according to the procedure in Appendix A. Record emissions levels with the transmitter near its lowest, middle, and highiest frequencies. The maximum field strength of emissions may not exceed:

| Fundamental <br> $(\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m})$ | Harmonics <br> $(\mu \mathrm{V} / \mathrm{m})$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 50,000 | 500 |

For harmonics, adjust for the proper duty cycle correction of up to 20 dB in accordance with the results from test 3 .

| Equipment Used | Serial Number | Cal <br> Date | Cal <br> Due |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spectrum Analyzer | MY45113415 | 07-Aug-07 | 07-Aug-09 |
| Huber\&Suhner 18 inch. Sma to Sma | 220060002 | $03-\mathrm{May}-07$ | 03-May-08 |
| Huber\&Suhner 40 foot cable | 220297001 | $09-\mathrm{Apr-07}$ | 09-Apr-08 |
| EMCO 3115 double ridge wave guide | $9508-4550$ | $15-\mathrm{Mar-06}$ | $15-\mathrm{Apr-08}$ |
| ETS lindgren dipole antenna | 00078573 | $02-$ Sep-06 | 02-Sep-08 |
| AH systems preamplifer model number PAM 0126 | 135 | $12 / 8 / 2007$ | $12 / 8 / 2008$ |


| Date | Temp/Humidity <br> ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / \%$ | Tested by |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3 / 31 / 2008$ | $50 / 50$ | Mark Kvamme |



| Frequency (Mhz) | Polarity | Height | Angle | Reading dbuV/m | margin relative to 54dbuV/m | Ant \# | ACF | Coax \# | Coax corr. | Amp \# | Amp corr. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1816 | Vertical | 101 | 305 | 38.9 | 15.1 | 16256 | 26.58 | 220297001 | 3.67 | 135 | -36.24 |
| 1816 | Horizontal | 112 | 230 | 37.1 | 16.9 | 16256 | 26.58 | 220297001 | 3.67 | 135 | -36.24 |
| 2724 | Vertical | NF | NF | 34 | 20 | 16256 | 29.43 | 220297001 | 4.64 | 135 | -36.02 |
| 2724 | Horizontal | NF | NF | 34 | 20 | 16256 | 29.43 | 220297001 | 4.64 | 135 | -36.02 |

All frequencies above the third harmonic are below the noise floor

## Test 6: FCC Part 15.31(m)

Relative Field Intensities over frequency

Use the max hold feature of the analyzer to capture the full bandwidth of transmissions. Place markers near the highest and lowest transmission frequencies to demonstrate the relative field strengths of each.

| Equipment Used | Serial Number | Cal <br> Date | Cal <br> Due |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spectrum Analyzer | MY45113415 | 07-Aug-07 | 07-Aug-09 |
| Huber\&Suhner 40 foot cable | 220297001 | $09-$ Apr-07 | 09-Apr-08 |
| ETS lindgren dipole antenna | 00078573 | 02 -Sep-06 | 02-Sep-08 |


| Date | Temp/Humidity <br> ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / \%$ | Tested by |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3 / 31 / 2008$ | $50 / 50$ | Mark Kvamme |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency <br> (Mhz) | Polarity | Height | Angle | Reading <br> dbuV/m | Ant \# | ACF | Coax \# | Coax <br> corr. | Amp \# | Amp <br> Corr. |
| 908 | Vertical | 124 | 0 | 86.46 | 36982077 | 27.82 | 220297001 | 2.63 | not selected | 0 |

Test 7: FCC Part 15.249(d)
Band Edge
EUT Configuration: The EUT is configured to transmit (special code set) on the low channel ( 908 MHz ), a middle channel ( 915 MHz ), and a high channel ( 924 MHz ). The EUT is also configured to transmit every 4 seconds. This enables measurement of peak energy to be made at each location. .

Demonstrate that the transmitter's emissions at the $902-928 \mathrm{MHz}$ band edge are at least 50 dB below the carrier or less than $200 \mathrm{uV} / \mathrm{m}$ at 3 meters, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

| Equipment Used | Serial Number | Cal <br> Date | Cal <br> Due |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spectrum Analyzer | MY45113415 | 07-Aug-07 | 07-Aug-09 |
| Huber\&Suhner 40 foot cable | 220297001 | $09-A p r-07$ | 09-Apr-08 |
| EMCO Log periodic | $9901-1044$ | $10 / 24 / 2007$ | $10 / 24 / 2008$ |
| AH systems preamplifer model number PAM 0126 | 135 | $12 / 8 / 2007$ | $12 / 8 / 2008$ |


| Date | Temp/Humidity <br> ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / \%$ | Tested by |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3 / 31 / 2008$ | $72 / 30$ | Mark Kvamme |



Test 8: RSP-100 Appendix II
99\% Bandwidth
EUT Configuration: The EUT is configured to transmit (special code set) on the low channel ( 908 MHz ), a middle channel $(915 \mathrm{MHz}$ ), and a high channel ( 924 MHz ). The EUT is also configured to transmit every 4 seconds. This enables measurement of peak energy to be made at each location. .

Capture a plot of the 99\% bandwidth of a single transmission.

| Equipment Used | Serial Number | Cal <br> Date | Cal <br> Due |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spectrum Analyzer | MY45113415 | 07-Aug-07 | 07-Aug-09 |
| Huber\&Suhner 40 foot cable | 220297001 | 09-Apr-07 | 09-Apr-08 |
| ETS lindgren dipole antenna | 00078573 | 02-Sep-06 | 02-Sep-08 |


| Date | Temp/Humidity <br> ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / \%$ | Tested by |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3 / 31 / 2008$ | $50 / 50$ | Mark Kvamme |



## Appendix A

Field Strength Measurement Procedure
This test measures the field strength of radiated emissions using a spectrum analyzer and a receiving antenna in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003. During the test, the EUT is to be placed on a non-conducting support at 80 cm above the horizontal ground plane of the OATS. The
horizontal distance between the antenna and the EUT is to be exactly 3 meters. Levels below 1 GHz are to be measured with the spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth at 120 kHz and levels at or above 1 GHz are to be measured with the spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth at 1 MHz .

1) The antenna correction factor, preamplifier gain (if the preamplifier is installed), and cable loss are stored in tables in the EMC analyzer and the level at the analyzer is the corrected level in dbuV/m.
2) Monitor the frequency range of interest at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth.
3) If appropriate, manipulate the system cables to produce the highest amplitude signal relative to the limit. Note the amplitude and frequency of the suspect signal.
4) Rotate the EUT $360^{\circ}$ to maximize the suspected highest amplitude signal. If the signal or another at a different frequency is observed to exceed the previously noted highest amplitude signal by 1 dB or more, go back to the azimuth and repeat step 3). Otherwise, orient the EUT azimuth to repeat the highest amplitude observation and proceed.
5) Move the antenna over its fully allowed range of travel to maximize the suspected highest amplitude signal. If the signal or another at a different frequency is observed to exceed the previously noted highest amplitude signal by 1 dB or more, return to step 3 ) with the antenna fixed at this height. Otherwise, move the antenna to the height that repeats the highest amplitude observation and proceed.
6) Change the polarity of the antenna and repeat step 3), step 4), and step 5). Compare the resulting suspected highest amplitude signal with that found for the other polarity. Select and note the higher of the two signals.
7) The final maximized level displayed on the EMC analyzer is the field strength.

