

# **Wireless Modems**

# ESTeem Horizon Series User's Manual

# Model 216An

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- d) If defects or damage are caused by the use of unauthorized parts or unauthorized service;
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ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY, INC.



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### **BEFORE YOU BEGIN**

Thank you and congratulations on your purchase of the ESTeem Horizon Series Wireless Ethernet Modem! This manual was written to help both the first time and advanced user of the Horizon to configure the wireless modem for your application. If this is your first time configuring the Horizon and you would like to get going as soon as possible, we recommend using the *ESTeem Resource CD* provided with the modem. The Resource CD will provide the software utilities and guide you through the configuration of the wireless modem for your application.



Figure 1: ESTeem Horizon Series

The ESTeem Horizon Series of wireless Ethernet networking

hardware are very sophisticated networking devices. To keep the manual usably short, many of the application descriptions and programming details assume the user has a good working knowledge of the following network concepts:

- General Ethernet networking and the configuration of LAN topologies
- Common Ethernet terminology and acronyms
- TCP/IP network protocol structure and how to configure TCP/IP networks and subnets
- How to identify and set the TCP/IP address on your computer
- · Have administrator privileges to the computer and network you are configuring
- If using routing protocols, you must be able to identify and configure the network routers, gateways and firewalls
- · You must be familiar with using web browser software such as Internet Explorer, Netscape or Mozilla

If you are unfamiliar with any of the above networking concepts, you may need to contact your network administrator for assistance.

### HORIZON OVERVIEW

The ESTeem Horizon is a series of wireless LAN transceivers that can be used to build many types of Wireless Local Area Networks (WLAN). The wireless modems in Horizon series can provide RF data rates up to 150 Mbps and have an RS-232 serial port for legacy device networks. The Model Horizon is a very sophisticated networking device that can be configured for multiple modes of operation depending upon the needs of the wireless and wired LAN system. The following configuration modes are provided as an overview of the basic network types, as all possible network configurations cannot be listed. For further help in selecting the correct network type, please refer to Chapter 4 of this User's Manual or call Customer Support at 509-735-9092.

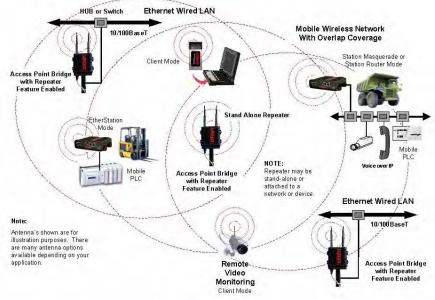


Figure 2: Access Point Bridge Diagram

Throughout this User's Manual are "*Technical Tips*" in boxes like this that have been added to help answer the most commonly asked questions.



# CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

### **CONFIGURATION MODES**

The Horizon can be configured for multiple modes of operation without any changes to the hardware. The following are brief descriptions of the configuration modes. For detailed descriptions and suggested applications for each mode, please refer to Chapter 4.

#### Access Point Modes

When the Horizon is configured as an Access Point it will provide a wireless bridge for mobile clients such as Horizon or Model 195E modems in client modes or Wi-Fi devices. Multiple Access Points can be physically connected to the same network (LAN) or through a radio link using the Access Point Repeater mode to provide overlapping, seamless Ethernet communication for mobile devices.

#### 1. Access Point Bridge Mode

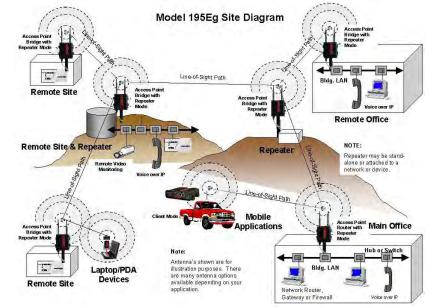


Figure 3: Repeater Mode Diagram

An ESTeem Horizon in Access Point Bridge mode will both provide wireless access to mobile clients (Access Point) and bridge all Ethernet data connected to the Ethernet ports. The AP Bridge mode will pass all network traffic between connected devices including global network broadcasts. (See Figure 2)

#### 2. Access Point Router Mode

In this mode the ESTeem Horizon will function as a router between wired Ethernet networks, connected to the Horizon's Ethernet port, and the wireless clients in the network. As in all standard router configurations, the wireless and wired

Ethernet networks will need to be on separate subnets. The Horizon in Access Point Router mode will pass network traffic for connected devices but will block global network broadcasts from the wired network. This mode of operation should be used instead of the Access Point Bridge mode when a separation between networks is required or the ESTeem is connected to larger LAN Networks that will continuously send global network broadcasts (Figure 3).

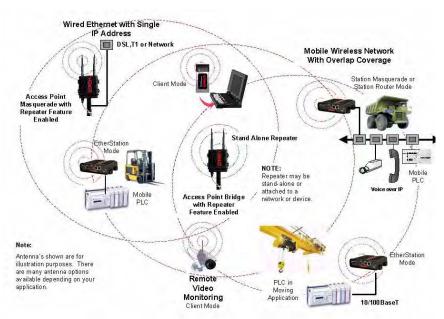


Figure 4: Access Point Masquerade Diagram



#### 3. Access Point Masquerade Mode

The Access Point Masquerade mode is a special use of the Access Point mode where the Horizon will connect mobile clients into a single static IP address on a wired network. Data requests from the wireless network will be processed through the Access Point Masquerade modem, but any request from the wired Ethernet network to devices on the wireless network will be rejected similar to the operation of a "firewall". The Horizon will hide all the IP addresses connected on the wireless link. You would use this mode of operation if Horizon is connected directly to the Internet with a static IP address (DSL, T1, etc.) and you want the wireless clients to access the information through the Horizon (Figure 4). This mode should also be used for attaching the Horizon to a network where few IP addresses are available or a firewall for the wireless clients is required.

#### **Access Point Repeater**

The Access Point Repeater is a unique enhancement of the ESTeem Horizon series. The Access Point Repeater can be used with any of the above Access Point modes. With this repeater feature enabled, the Access Points do not have to be hardwired together on the same physical LAN to provide seamless Ethernet communication for roaming clients. In addition to greatly extending the Access Point canopy range, the Horizon will also bridge any Ethernet device or Ethernet network connected to the unit over this same wireless Ethernet network. This mode gives the user the features of a point to multipoint bridge network but also allows the Horizon in the Client mode to simultaneously roam under the network canopy.

#### Self-Healing Mesh Network

If multiple Access Point Repeater routes are configured to the same destination ESTeem, the Horizon will create a "selfhealing" mesh network by automatically re-routing data through alternate paths to reach its destination if the primary path is inoperable. The routing and priority of alternate paths is completely user configurable. (See Figure 5)

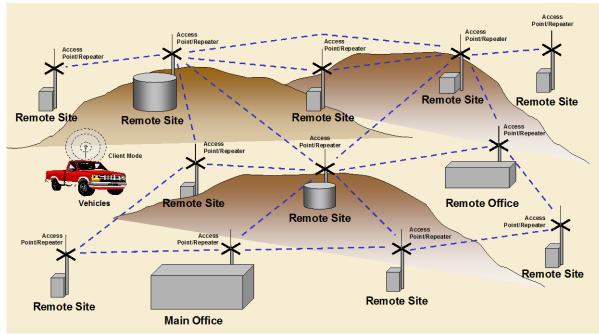


Figure 5: Mesh Network Diagram



#### Station (Client) Modes

#### 1. EtherStation Mode

When the Horizon is configured in the EtherStation mode and attached to a single Ethernet Device, the Horizon will emulate an 802.11 wireless card in functionality for communication as a mobile client. The Horizon will seamless roam under the radio canopy of Access Points and can provide greatly increased range over a Wireless LAN Card for mobile Ethernet devices such as vehicles, forklifts, cranes, etc (Figures 2-4).

#### 2. Station Router Mode

The Station Router mode will also functions as a mobile client, similar to EtherStation, but will allow multiple Ethernet devices to be connected to a single Horizon (Figure 4). The Horizon will function as a router between the wireless client mode and the wired Ethernet devices connected to the Ethernet port. Similar in configuration to the Access Point Router mode, the wireless and wired Ethernet networks will need to be on separate subnets. To communicate from wireless network to devices on the wired Station Router network, a separate router (connected to the Ethernet side of the Access Point) is required. This mode would be used where multiple Ethernet devices will be connected to a single Horizon in a mobile client application and the connected Ethernet devices will need to be accessible from the Access Point's LAN network.

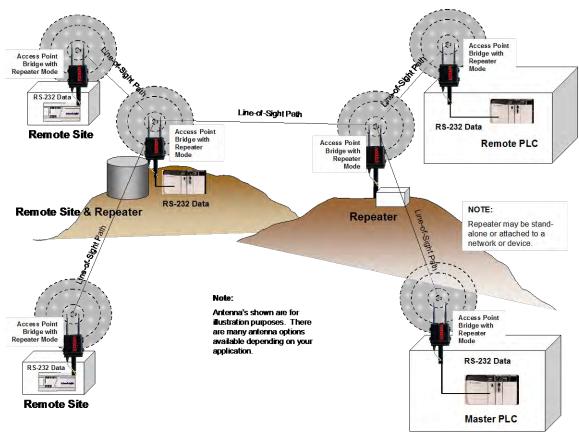
#### 3. Station Masquerade Mode

The Station Masquerade mode is another case multiple devices will be connected to a single ESTeem in a mobile or client application. However, unlike the Station Router mode, the Station Masquerade will consolidate all connected Ethernet devices to a single IP address on the network. The devices connected to the Station Masquerade will be able to access information from both the wireless and wired LAN, but will be inaccessible the other way similar in application to a firewall. This mode would be used where multiple Ethernet devices will be connected to a single Horizon in a mobile application and the IP addresses for each device will be hidden from the LAN connected to the AP. See Figure 4.



#### **RS-232 Serial Applications**

The ESTeem Horizon is installed with an RS-232 data port for serial data applications run over the broadband link (Figure 6). The serial over broadband network can be used in a point-to-point or point-to-multi-point application for networking serial (RS-232C) devices, providing serial connections to legacy hardware in a new Ethernet network or providing for high-bandwidth devices (such as Video or Voice over IP) in an existing serial network.



#### Figure 6: Multi-point Serial Diagram

To begin setup of your wireless Ethernet network, continue to Chapter 2 - Staring Out of this User's Manual.



### **OVERVIEW**

There are three main phases to prepare the ESTeem Horizon for operation in a wireless network:

**Phase 1 - Determine the correct mode of operation for the Horizon in the wireless network**. The ESTeem Horizon is a sophisticated networking device that can be configured for multiple modes of operation. Determining the correct mode of operation for the ESTeem Horizon is the first step. Chapter 3 of this User's Manual details the modes of operation and applications where each would be used.

**Phase 2 - Program the ESTeem for operation in the wireless network**. Once the correct mode of operation for the ESTeem has been determined, the Horizon can be programmed for the wireless network. To simplify the programming of the Horizon, ESTeem has created a new software utility called the ESTeem Network Configuration (ENC) Utility which is used to graphically configure the primary and backup communication routes between radio modems in the network. The ENC Utility can be installed from the ESTeem Resource Disk or from the ESTeem web site (www.esteem.com). Chapter 4 (Utilities and Features) of this User's Manual will guide you in the installation of the software and give a brief overview of operation of the ENC Utility, but a detailed User's Guide is available both on the ESTeem Resource Disk and in the Help section of the program itself.

The ESTeem Horizon can also be programmed through the internal Web interface (discussed in detail in Chapter 5) if you do not have access to the ENC Utility.

**Phase 3 - Install the ESTeem hardware and test communication**. After the ESTeem Horizon programming, install the hardware in each remote location. Chapter 8 of this User's Manual describes the antenna specifications, mounting options and the configuration of the pole mounting hardware for the ESTeem. For instructions on testing and troubleshooting the wireless link, refer to Appendix F (Troubleshooting).

### **MODEL 195E HARDWARE LAYOUT**

To begin the configuration, unpack the ESTeem Horizon shipping boxes and locate the items below for initial configuration. Take a few minutes to inventory your equipment before you proceed. Report any missing or damaged items to Customer Support (509-735-9092) as soon as possible. Each node in your ESTeem Horizon's network may have different hardware components based upon the final installation location (i.e. Outdoor, Indoor, Point-to-point or Muti-Point). Antenna types, cable lengths, power supplies may be different, but the following items will be required for basic setup:



*Note:* Your accessory model numbers may vary from the above, but you will need to locate each of above items to continue configuration.



# CHAPTER 2 STARTING OUT

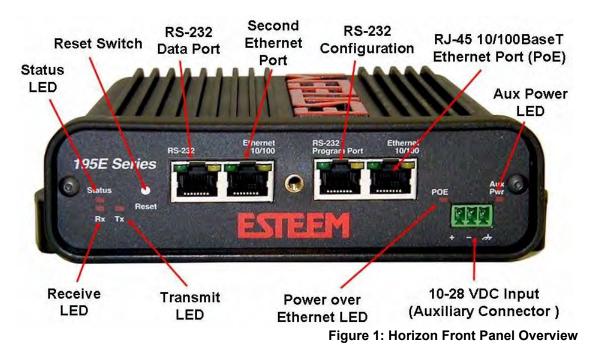




Figure 2: Horizon Antenna Overview



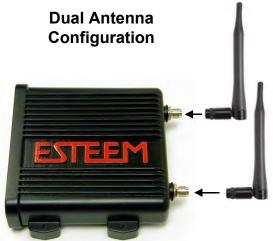
#### HORIZON HARDWARE CONFIGURATION

The following steps should be completed to begin configuration of the ESTeem Horizon:

1. Connect the antenna to the antenna connector on the Horizon (Figure 3). For a single antenna use Antenna Port 1 and connect both if using dual antennas.



2. Assemble the Horizon hardware as shown in Figure 4.





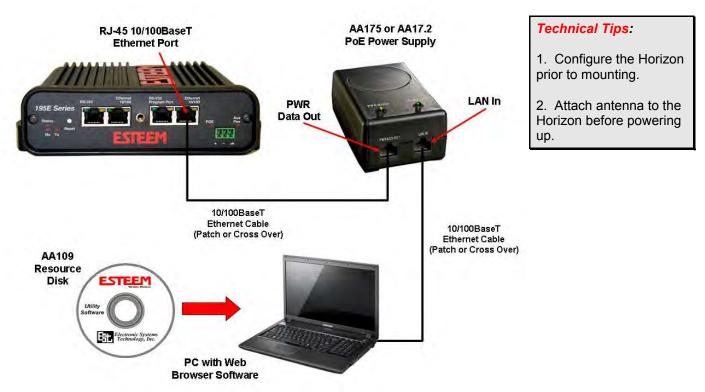


Figure 4: Hardware Configuration Diagram





### MODES OF OPERATION

The ESTeem Horizon is a sophisticated wireless networking device that can be configured for multiple modes of operation. Determining the correct mode of operation for the ESTeem is the first step in creating a reliable wireless network. This chapter will explain each mode of operation, provide example applications and detailed programming information for each mode. Please review the following modes of operations. If you do not see an example of your application, please contact ESTeem support at 509-735-9092 for help in selecting your mode of operation.

#### Ethernet Bridge Mode (AP Bridge)

The most commonly used mode of operation with the ESTeem Horizon is the Ethernet bridge mode. The Ethernet bridge mode will connect two or more ESTeem Horizon's while passing all network traffic that arrives in both the wireless and connected Ethernet ports; including all global network traffic (Figure 1). This mode will work in most wireless applications of the Horizon to wirelessly connect two or more remote Ethernet devices or networks. The Ethernet bridge mode is also used in repeating (Figure 2) and in self-healing Mesh networks (Figure 3) for fixed (non mobile) applications.

#### Example Applications

- Building to building remote wireless LAN networks
- Point to point wireless Ethernet communication devices
- Multi-point wireless Ethernet networks
- Remote Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) networks
- Redundant, self-healing Mesh networks
- Fixed locations with mobile ESTeem Horizon's

#### Applications Where Ethernet Bridge Mode Not Used

- Mobile applications (see Mobile Clients)
- Connections to large Ethernet traffic networks such as large office buildings or plant networks (see Router modes)

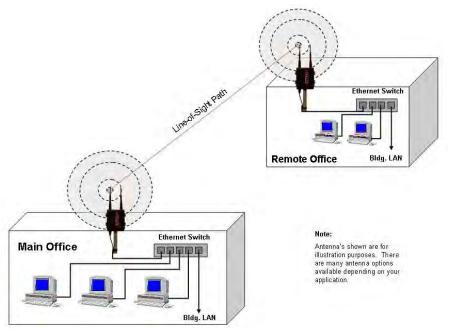


Figure 1: Point to Point Example



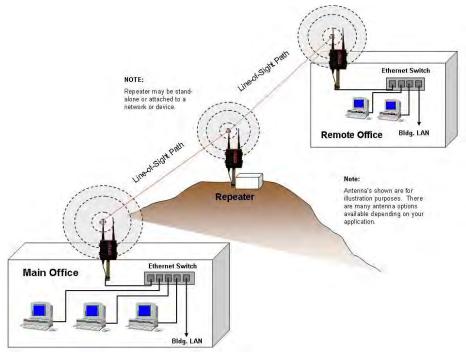


Figure 2: Ethernet Bridge with Repeater

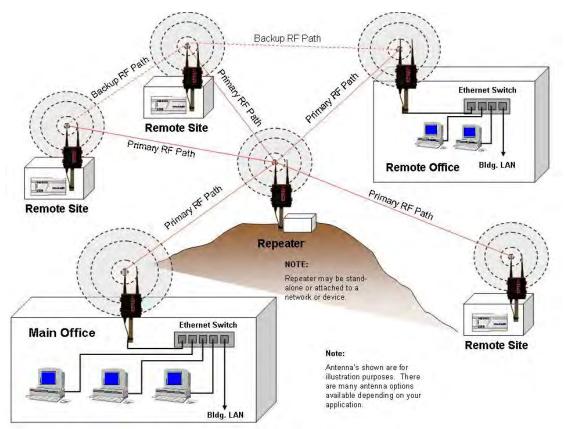


Figure 3: Multipoint Bridge with Mesh Networking



#### Router Modes (AP Router and AP Masquerade)

The ESTeem Horizon can be configured as a network router or network firewall between the Ethernet LAN connection and the wireless network of remote locations. The router modes are used to limit the network traffic from a busy Ethernet network connection to only those specific IP address used on the wireless network (see Figure 4). The Ethernet router mode (AP Router) will allow bi-directional communication from the Ethernet LAN connection to the wireless network. The Ethernet firewall mode (AP Masquerade) will allow Ethernet devices in the wireless network to request information from the Ethernet LAN network and receive a response, but no traffic can be generated from the Ethernet LAN side.

#### Example Applications

- Wireless Ethernet networks connected to large company or plant Ethernet LAN networks (AP Router)
- Wireless Ethernet networks with a requirement for network isolation from the plant or company network (AP Router)
- Shared Ethernet connection to direct Internet service (DSL, Cable, T1, etc.) (AP Masquerade)

#### Applications Where Ethernet Router Mode Not Used

- Mobile applications (see Mobile Clients)
- Simple network connections only using a single IP network subnet (see Ethernet Bridge modes)

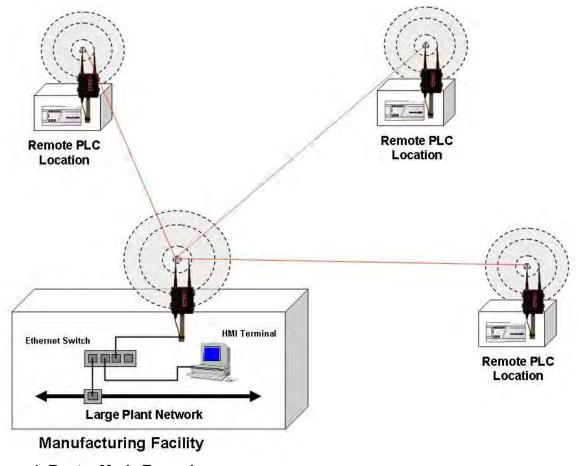


Figure 4: Router Mode Example



#### Mobile Client Modes (EtherStation, Station Router or Station Masquerade)

The ESTeem Horizon can also be configured to function as a mobile client. The client modes allow the Horizon to seamlessly roam between fixed Access Points. These Access Points can either be ESTeem Horizon wireless modems configured in one of the three Access Point modes (AP Bridge, AP Router or AP Masquerade – see above) or any IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi). The client modes will allow mobile Ethernet devices to connect to each other or to an Ethernet LAN through the fixed AP (Figure 5).

The EtherStation mode is used to connect a single Ethernet device to the ESTeem Horizon. If you are connecting the Horizon to multiple Ethernet devices in a mobile mode, the Station Router or Station Masquerade will be required. The Station Router will allow bi-directional communication between the Ethernet devices connected to the Horizon and the wireless network, while the Station Masquerade will serve as a firewall on the Ethernet side.

#### **Example Applications**

- Mobile applications where the Horizon will change links often between fixed Access Points
- Long range mobile client networks
- Public safety applications for police, fire and EMS

#### Applications Where Mobile Client Mode Not Used

- Fixed locations using Ethernet Bridging or Routing
- Wireless Ethernet networks with repeaters

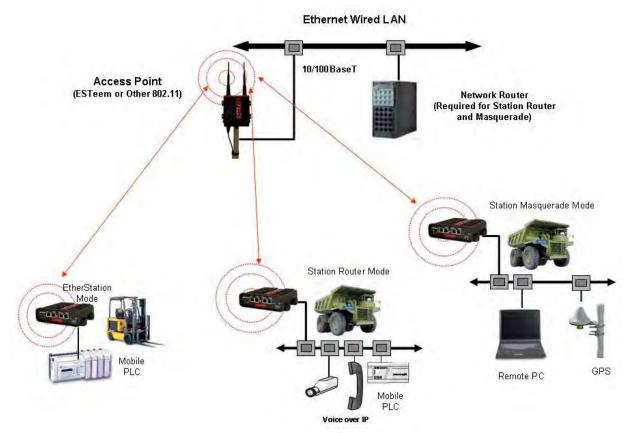


Figure 5: Router Mode Example



#### 802.11 Access Point Modes (AP Bridge, AP Router or AP Masquerade)

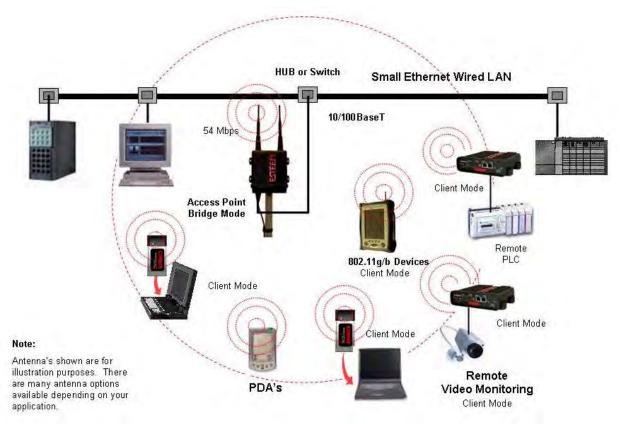
The ESTeem Horizon can be configured as a high power 802.11 Access Point (AP). The IEEE 802.11n/g/b Access Point (AP) functionality is available in all three of the Access Point modes (AP Bridge, AP Router or AP Masquerade). The Access Point mode will provide either a single wireless connection (Figure 6) or overlapping coverage (Figure 7) to create a "canopy" of wireless coverage for 802.11 devices. The ESTeem Horizon in AP mode can function as both an Ethernet bridge or router and 802.11 AP simultaneously (Figure 8).

#### **Example Applications**

- Industrial, long range 802.11 (Wi-Fi) networks
- Hybrid networks of Ethernet bridging/routing and mobile client access

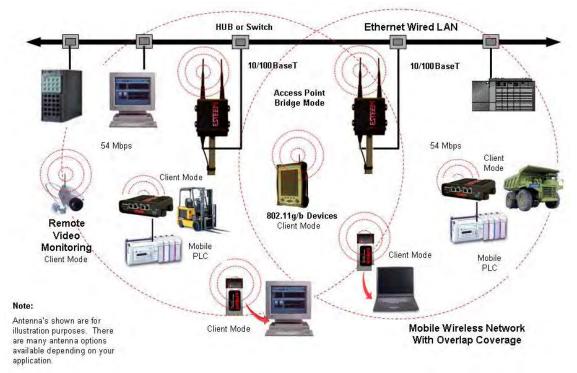
#### Applications Where Access Point (AP) Mode Not Used

Mobile applications

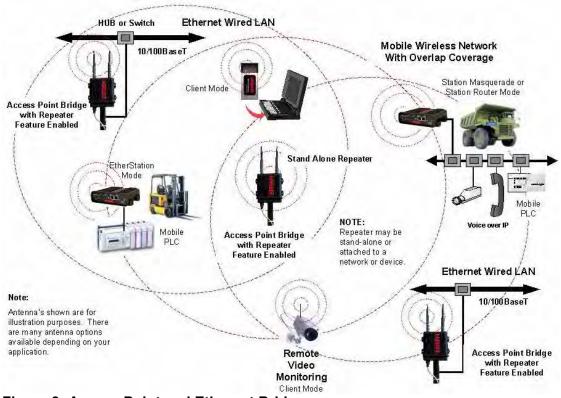


### Figure 6: Single Access Point Network





# Figure 7: Overlapping Access Point Coverage



### Figure 8: Access Point and Ethernet Bridge



#### PROGRAMMING EXAMPLES

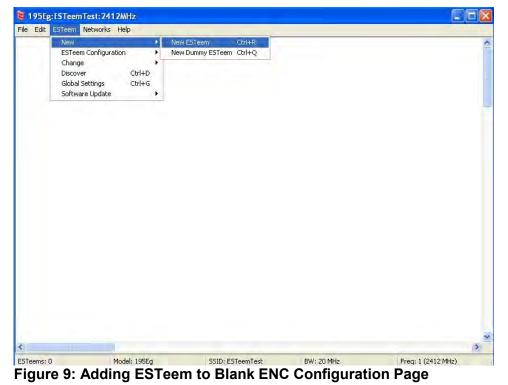
Once the mode of operation for the ESTeem has been determined, you are now ready to program the Horizon for use. ESTeem has created a simplified network programming utility call the ESTeem Network Configuration (ENC) Utility. This ENC Utility will be used in all the following programming examples. For detailed instructions on installing the ENC Utility, please refer to the User's Guide (found in the ESTeem Resource CD or Utility program itself) or Chapter 4 of this User's Manual

**Technical Tip:** The ENC Utility calculates the wireless link information based upon **exact** ESTeem serial numbers. The serial numbers listed in the following examples are for example only. Enter the correct ESTeem serial numbers for your application.

#### Adding Esteem's to ENC Utility and Changing Name

Each of the example applications will use the following procedure to add and rename ESTeem Horizon's.

 Consult the ENC Utility's User Guide on how the create a new wireless network. Once you have a blank network configuration page (Figure 9), select ESTeem from the menu items to display the drop down menu, then select New>New ESTeem.



- 2. Enter in the ESTeem Horizon serial numbers used for the example (for example enter E-14000 in the Set Serial Number Box) and press the OK button (Figure 10). The ENC Utility will look up the ESTeem Horizon's serial number in the database and match the correct Wireless LAN MAC (WLAN MAC) address to the modem. This WLAN MAC address will be displayed above the modem symbol on the screen (Figure 11).

Enter the serial number	r of the ESTeem:
E-14000	
Treasure states to	

Figure 10: Enter the Serial Number



😫 195Eg: ESTeem Test: 2412MH:		
File Edit ESTeem Networks Help		
195Eg E-14000		=
<		>
ESTeems: 1 Model: 195Eg	SSID: ESTeemTest Freq: 1 (2412 MHz)	BW: 20 MHz 🛒

Figure 11: Main Office ESTeem Horizon

- 3. To change the name of the ESTeem Horizon from the WLAN MAC address to "Main Office" (or any other location name) to match the example configuration, Right-Mouse click on the ESTeem icon and select Change>Change Modem ID (Figure 12). Enter "Main Office" in the pop-up window and select OK.
- 4. Duplicate the above procedure for each ESTeem Horizon added to the network.

	ESTeemTest: 2412/		
e Edit	ESTeem Networks H	elp	
IRI			
4			
	ESTeem Summary		
1951 E-14(	ESTeem Configuration Change	Change Modern ID	
	Delete	Change IP Address	
	Open in Browser	Change ESTeem Encryption	
	Software Update	<ul> <li>Change Serial Number</li> </ul>	
	Send To	Change Root Bridge	
			3



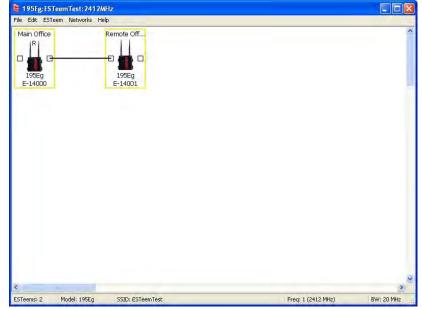
#### Ethernet Bridge Mode Example 1 (Figure 1)

#### Point to Point Ethernet Bridge

#### (2) ESTeem Horizon

Serial Numbers: E-14000 (Main Office) and E-14001 (Remote Office)

- 1. Add the two ESTeem Horizons to the network using the above procedure. Once both ESTeem Horizons are on
- the configuration page, create a wireless link by clinking on one of the two connection boxes and dragging a line to the other modem (Figure 13).
- 5. Verify both ESTeem modems are connected to the same switch as the computer running the ENC Utility and send the configuration to both modems at the same time by selecting ESTeem>ESTeem Configuration>Send Configuration to All ESTeems (Figure 14).
- Once the ENC Utility has downloaded the configuration for both ESTeem Horizons, the status box around the ESTeems will change from yellow to blue. This indicates that the configuration was completed successfully and the ESTeem Horizons are ready to be installed in the application.



**Figure 13: Create Wireless Link** 

🖥 195Eg	:ESTeemTest: 2412MHz		
File Edit	ESTeem Networks Help		
Main Of R 1956 E-140(	ESTeem Configuration P Change P Discover Ctrl+D Global Settings Ctrl+G Send Network Password to ESTeems	Edit ESTeem Configuration Factory Defaults Get ESTeem Configuration Ctrl+3 Get Full ESTeem Network Configuration F5 Send Configuration to Selected ESTeem Ctrl+1 Send Configuration to All ESTeems F6	
Ł			3
ESTeems: 2	2 Model: 195Eg SSID: ESTeemTest	Freq: 1 (2412 MHz)	BW: 20 MHz

Figure 14: Send Configuration to ESTeem's



### Ethernet Bridge Mode Example 2 (Figure 2)

Point to Point with Repeater Ethernet Bridge

(3) ESTeem HorizonSerial Numbers:E-14000 (Main Office)E-14001 (Remote Office)E-14002 (Repeater)

- 1. Using the above procedure, enter the three ESTeem Horizons into the ENC Utility. Your layout should appear like Figure 14.
- 2. Move the ESTeem Horizon icons on the screen to simulate the layout of the diagram. Draw connection lines between the modems to make the wireless link in the same order as the network layout (Figure 15).
- Verify all ESTeem modems are connected to the same switch as the computer running the ENC Utility and send the configuration to both modems at the same time by

selecting ESTeem>ESTeem Configuration>Send Configuration to All ESTeems. Once the ENC Utility has

downloaded the configuration for both ESTeem Horizon's, the status box around the ESTeem's will change from

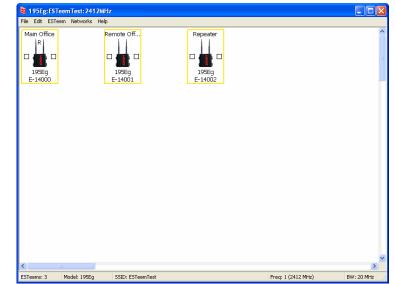


Figure 14: Example 2 Modems

**Technical Tip:** Although it does not matter where the ESTeem icons are located on the screen, putting them in the same layout as the application makes it easier to visually verify the network connections.

yellow to blue. This indicates that the configuration was completed successfully and the ESTeem Horizon's are ready to be installed in the application.

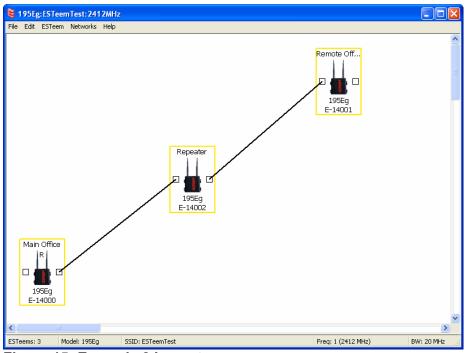


Figure 15: Example 2 Layout



#### Ethernet Bridge Mode Example 3 (Figure 3)

Point to Multipoint with Mesh Repeater Links

(6) ESTeem Horizon
Serial Numbers:
E-14000 (Main Office)
E-14001 (Remote Office)
E-14002 (Repeater)
E-14003 (Remote Site 1)

- E-14004 (Remote Site 2)
- E-14005 (Remote Site 3)
- 1. Using the above procedure for adding ESTeem Horizons, add the six ESTeem Horizons for this example and rename by location. Your layout should appear like Figure 16.
- 2. Move the ESTeem Horizon icons on the screen to simulate the layout of the diagram. Draw connection lines between the primary wireless links medams in the same order as the

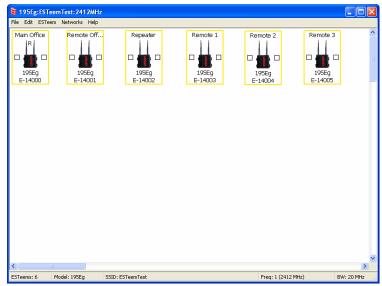


Figure 16: Example 3 Modems

wireless links modems in the same order as the network layout (Figure 17).

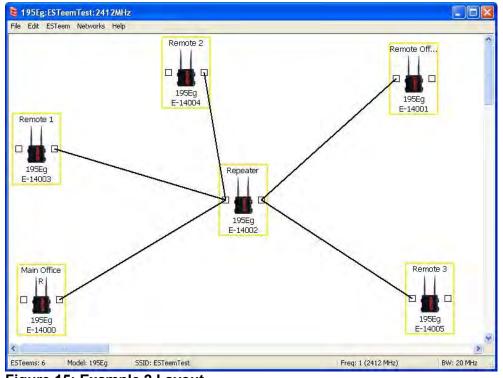


Figure 15: Example 2 Layout

3. To create the backup link between Remote 1 and Remote 2 and the other backup link from Remote 2 to the Remote Office, draw a wireless connection as you would on the primary link. Double-click on the line created. The Link Editor box will be displayed (Figure 16). Any Path Length greater than 1 will display as a dashed line



😫 195Eg:ESTeemTest: 2412MHz			_ 🗆 🛛
File Edit ESTeem Networks Help			
Remote 1 195Eg E-14003	Remote 2 195Eg F-14004 Link Editor Path Length (1-256): 2 Encryption Type: CCMP	Remote C 1955c X	
Main Office	Encryption Key: 11 : 22 : 33 : 44 : 55 : 66 : 77 : Select link data rate: Dynamic Enable/Disable Link: © Enable O Disable Apply to all links; O Yes O No		ote 3 55Eg 14005
			2
	ID: ESTeemTest	Freq: 1 (2412 MHz)	BW: 20 MHz

Figure 16: Backup Link Configuration

indicating a backup link in the repeater Mesh configuration (Figure 17). For detailed instruction on Mesh network configuration, refer to Chapter 7 of this User's Manual.

Verify all ESTeem modems are 4. connected to the same switch as the computer running the ENC Utility and send the configuration to all modems at the same time by selecting ESTeem>ESTeem Configuration>Send Configuration to All ESTeems. Once the ENC Utility has downloaded the configuration for both ESTeem Horizon's, the status box around the ESTeem's will change from yellow to blue. This indicates that the configuration was completed successfully and the ESTeem Horizon's are ready to be installed in the application.

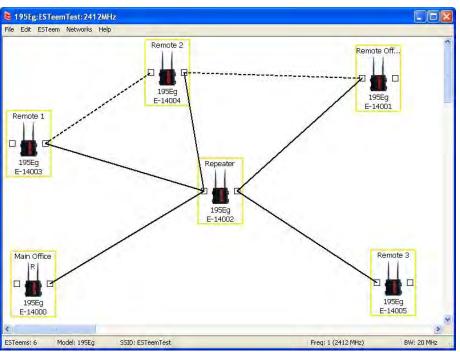


Figure 17: Mesh Network Configuration



#### Ethernet Router Mode Example (Figure 4)

#### Point to Multipoint Router Mode

(4) ESTeem Horizon Serial Numbers: E-14000 (Router at Network) E-14001 (Remote Site 1) E-14002 (Remote Site 2) E-14003 (Remote Site 3)

- 1. Using the above procedure for adding ESTeem Horizons, add the four ESTeem Horizons for this example and rename by location. Your layout should appear like Figure 18.
- 2. Move the ESTeem Horizon icons on the screen to simulate the layout of the diagram. Draw connection lines between the wireless links modems in the same order as the network layout (Figure 19).

	emTest:2412M m Networks He				
Plant Router	ni neuvoris re	P Remote 1 1955g E-14001	Remote 2	Remote 3	
¢	1				
ESTeems: 4	Model: 195Eg	SSID: ESTeemTest		Freq: 1 (2412 MHz)	BW: 20 MHz

Figure 18: Router Mode Example Modems

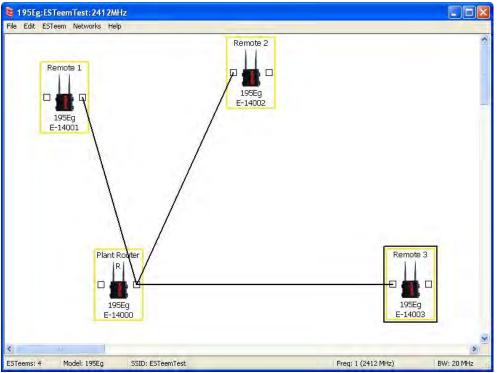


Figure 19: Router Example Layout



- 3. By default, the ENC Utility sets all ESTeem modems in AP Bridge mode. To change the Plant Router ESTeem to AP Router mode, double-click on the icon to bring up the ESTeem Summary window and press the Edit button (Figure 20).
- 4. Change the Mode of Operation from AP Bridge to AP Router (or Masquerade if desired) and press the Next button at the bottom of the window (Figure 21).

ESTeem Configuration	X
ESTeem: E-14000	
Mode: AP Bridge	
Select Mode of Operation:	
AP Bridge	
AP Bridge AP Masquerade AP Router	
EtherStation Station Masguerade	
Station Router AirScope(tm)	
Ethernet Only	
	= Back Next > Cancel



- 5. Continue through the configuration screens setting the AP Router addressing to match the IP address ranges for your network. For help with setting the router addressing please refer to Router Address Examples later in this chapter. You will end on the screen in Figure 22. Press the Finish button to return to the configuration page.
- 6. Verify all ESTeem modems are connected to the same switch as the computer running the ENC Utility and send the configuration to all modems at the same time by selecting ESTeem>ESTeem Configuration>Send Configuration to All

ESTeem Summary	
Configure ESTeem:	E-14000
Software Version: Boot Loader:	
Model	195Eg
Mode:	AP Bridge
Root Bridge:	False
Modem ID:	Plant Router
SSID:	ESTeemTest
Frequency:	1 (2412 MHz)
Wired IP Address:	172.16.8.100
Wireless IP Address:	172.16.8.100
WLAN MAC:	00:04:3f:00:09:02
Repeater Peers:	Remote 3 Remote 2 Remote 1
	Close

Figure 20: ESTeem Summary Page

ESTeem Configuration	
ESTeem: E-14000	
Mode: AP Router	
Click 'Finish' to save your changes. This will not send your changes to the ESTeem. changes from the 'ESTeem' menu or, by right-d	You can send your Icking the icon.





ESTeem's. Once the ENC Utility has downloaded the configuration for both ESTeem Horizons, the status box around the ESTeem's will change from yellow to blue. This indicates that the configuration was completed successfully and the ESTeem Horizons are ready to be installed in the application.



Frequency Selection

0 1 (2412 MHz) 0 2 (2417 MHz)

3 (2422 MHz)

4 (2427 MHz)
 5 (2432 MHz)

06 (2437 MHz)

07 (2442 MHz)

0 8 (2447 MHz) 9 (2452 MHz)

#### Mobile Client Mode Example (Figure 5)

EtherStation, Station Router and Station Masquerade Modes

(3) ESTeem Horizon
Serial Numbers:
E-14000 (EtherStation)
E-14001 (Station Router)
E-14002 (Station Masguerade)

Setting the ESTeem for Mobile Client (station) mode with the ENC Utility is different than the Bridge/Router or Access Point (AP) modes. ESTeem modems configured in as a Mobile Client will not link with a specific fixed modem; but will roam between any 802.11 Access Point with the correct Network Name (SSID) and Encryption. The ESTeem configured as a client is also not set on a specific operating frequency (channel) but will scan all channels looking for the AP. Use the following procedure to configure an ESTeem Horizon in one of the three mobile client modes:

- Starting a new network of ESTeem Horizons in Mobile Client mode is the same as any of the Bridge modes except when you are asked for the frequency (channel) of operation, select "Station" (Figure 23).
- 2. Add the three mobile client modems to the ENC Utility configuration page as instructed above and set the Modem ID to match the three modes of operation. Your configuration will appear as in Figure 24.

**Technical Tip:** The ESTeem Horizon's in Mobile Client modes do not have a specific frequency of operation as can be seen in Figure 24.

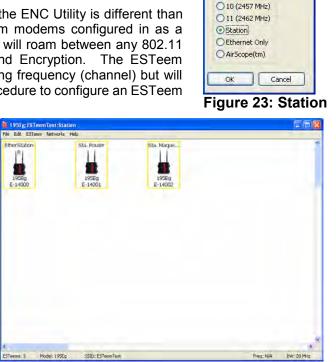


Figure 24: Station Mode Example Modems

#### EtherStation

- 3. By default, the ENC Utility sets all station mode ESTeem modems to EtherStation mode. The only adjustment necessary to the EtherStation modem in our example is to enter the connected Ethernet device's MAC address. The ESTeem Horizon will "clone" the Ethernet MAC address of the connected Ethernet device. To configure the EtherStation modem, double-click on the icon to bring up the ESTeem Summary window and press the Edit button (Figure 20).
- 4. EtherStation mode should be selected in the Mode of Operation. Press the Next button at the bottom of the window to continue. Enter the connected Ethernet device's MAC address in the "Device MAC Address" box (Figure 25) and press the Next button at the bottom of the window to continue.

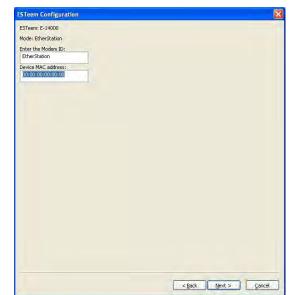


Figure 25: MAC Address Entry



5. Verify the encryption settings are correct for the 802.11 AP network in which the EtherStation modem will be working and press the Finish button to return to the configuration page.

#### Station Router and Station Masquerade

- 6. To configure the two other modems, double-click on their icons to bring up the ESTeem Summary window and press the Edit button (Figure 20).
- Select Station Router for E-14001 and Station Masquerade for E-14002 in the Mode of Operation (Figure 26). Press the Next button at the bottom of the window to continue.
- 8. Continue through the configuration screens setting the Station Router/Masquerade addressing to match the IP address ranges for your network. For help with setting the router addressing please refer to Router Address Examples later in this chapter.

STeem Configuration	2
ESTeem: E-14000	
Mode: AP Bridge	
Select Mode of Operation:	
AP Bridge	
AP Bridge	
AP Masquerade AP Router	
EtherStation	
Station Masguerade	
Station Router	
AirScope(tm) Ethernet Only	
	Safe Next> Cancel

Figure 26: Mode of Operation Selection

- Verify the encryption settings are correct for the 802.11 AP network in which the EtherStation modem will be working and press the Finish button to return to the configuration page.
- 10. Verify all ESTeem modems are connected to the same switch as the computer running the ENC Utility and send the configuration to all modems at the same time by selecting ESTeem>ESTeem Configuration>Send Configuration to All ESTeems. Once the ENC Utility has downloaded the configuration for both ESTeem Horizons, the status box around the ESTeems will change from yellow to blue. This indicates that the configuration was completed successfully and the ESTeem Horizons are ready to be installed in the application.

#### 802.11 Access Point Modes (Figures 6-8)

#### Access Point Bridge, Router or Masquerade Modes

Configuring the ESTeem Horizon as an Access Point for 802.11 clients (as seen Figures 6-8) is exactly the same as configuration for AP Bridge, AP Router and AP Masquerade as shown above. The only difference being that a wireless link is only added between ESTeem Horizons where a wireless connection is necessary. In figures 6 and 7 there would be no wireless link listed in the ENC Utility. In figure 8, the configuration would be exactly as shown in Figure 2 with the addition of the mobile clients in the network.

The 802.11 clients will use the SSID configured during the setup of the network with the ENC Utility. The encryption will be set at the factory default settings for clients (WPA PSK). To adjust the encryption type, right-mouse click on the ESTeem

1951 ES E-144 C De Oj Sc	STeem Summary STeem Configuration hange elete pen in Browser oftware Update	Change Modem ID Change IP Address Change EP Address Change Serial Number		
1951 ES E-14( C) De Oj Sc	STeem Configuration hange elete pen in Browser oftware Update	Change Modem ID     Change IP Address     Change ESTeem Encryption		
1951 ES E-14( C) De Oj Sc	STeem Configuration hange elete pen in Browser oftware Update	Change Modem ID     Change IP Address     Change ESTeem Encryption		-
E-14( De Oj Sc	hange elete pen in Browser oftware Update	Change Modem ID     Change IP Address     Change ESTeem Encryption		
De Oj Sc	elete pen in Browser oftware Update	Change IP Address Change ESTeem Encryption		
Oj So	pen in Browser oftware Update	Change ESTeem Encryption		
	and To			
Se		Change Root Bridge		
CESTeems: 1	Model: 195Eg	SSID: ESTeemTest	 Freq: N/A	BW: 20 MHz

Figure 27: Encryption Configuration



icon and select Change>Change ESTeem Encryption (Figure 27).



### ROUTER ADDRESSING EXAMPLES

The following are examples of the IP addressing and subnets required for the ESTeem Router modes.

### Point to Point Access Point Router to Station Router

	-		
AP Rout	ter	Station R	outer
Wireless IP Address: Netmask:	172.16.1.6 255.255.0.0	Wireless IP Address: Netmask:	
Default Route:	172.17.1.6	Default Route:	172.16.1.6
Ethernet IP Address:	172.17.1.6		
Netmask:	255.255.0.0	Ethernet IP Address:	172.20.2.22
		Netmask:	255.255.0.0
Static Route:	172.20.0.0		
	255.255.0.0		
gateway:	172.16.2.22		
Devic	e	Devic	e
IP address:	172.17.X.X	IP address:	172.20.X.X
Netmask:	255.255.0.0	Netmask:	255.255.0.0
Default gateway	172.17.1.6	Default gateway	172.20.2.22

# Figure 28: AP Router Addressing Example



#### Stand-Alone Access Point Router and Single Station Router

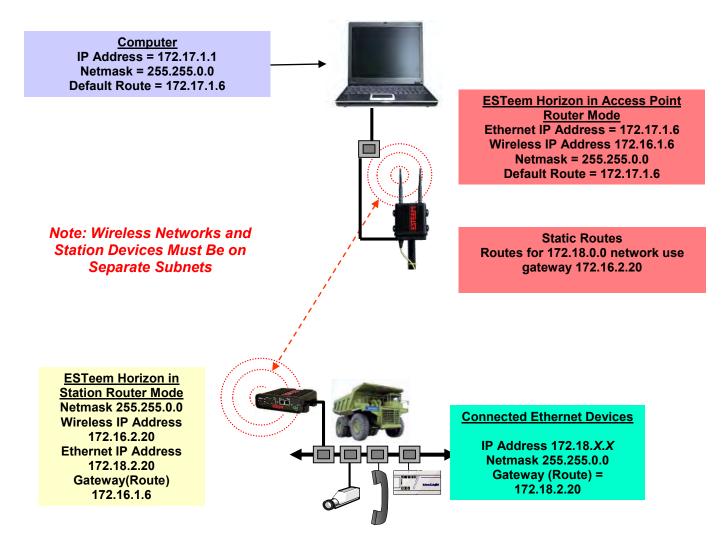


Figure 29: Station Router Addressing Example



#### Stand-Alone Access Point Router with Multiple Station Routers

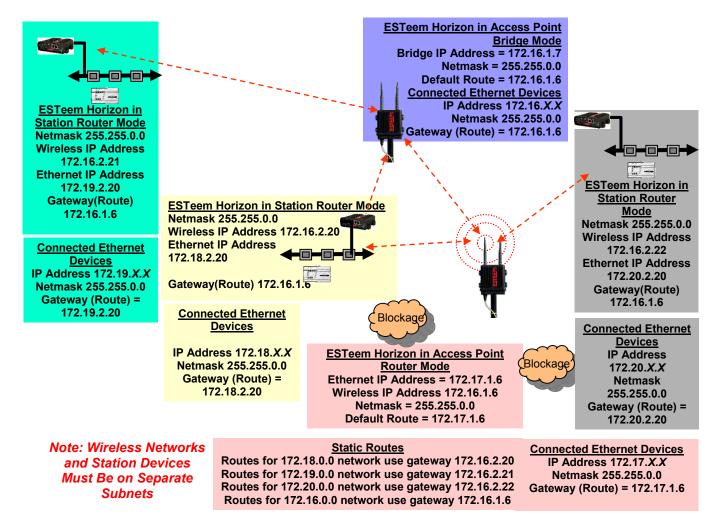


Figure 30: Complete Router Addressing Example



# **ESTeem Network Configuration Utility (ENC)**

The ESTeem Network Configuration (ENC) Utility is a software program designed to greatly simplify the configuration of your ESTeem Model 195E wireless Ethernet network. The ENC Utility will allow graphical, point-and-click configuration of your network routing, then configure each ESTeem wireless modem for the network as designed (Figure 1). The ENC Utility will eliminate the need to program or update each ESTeem wireless modem individually. The ENC Utility can send all wireless modem configuration changes simultaneously to a new or existing network.

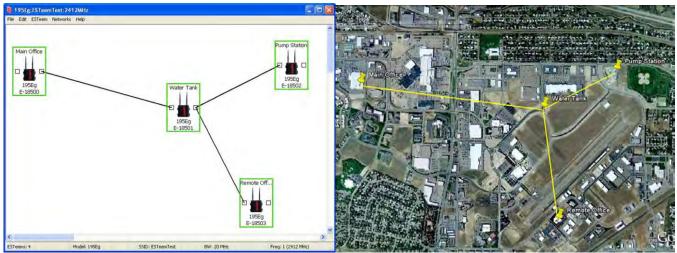


Figure 1: ESTeem Network Configuration Utility

The ENC Utility will be used for all wireless network programming in this User's Manual. For detailed instructions on the use of the ESTeem Network Configuration (ENC) Utility please refer the ENC Utility User's Guide available on the ESTeem Resource CD or in the application itself.



# **CHAPTER 4 UTILITIES & FEATURES**

## ESTEEM DISCOVERY UTILITY

The ESTeem Discovery Utility will allow you to configure the IP address on the Model 195E to match your network regardless of its current IP subnet. This utility will also allow you to update the software in the 195E and open the web configuration for that wireless modem.

#### Installation

To install the Discovery Utility on your computer, insert the Resource Disk in your CD drive.

Note: The ESTeem Resource Disk is a standalone copy of the ESTeem Web site (Figure 2). Navigation of the Resource



Figure 2: ESTeem Resource Main Page

Disk is as simple as using your web browser. All technical documentation, User's Manuals and the ESTeem Utility Program are available on the disk.

- Place the ESTeem Utility CD in your CD-ROM drive. The CD will auto load the ESTeem main page 1.
- Note: If the page does not auto load, open your web browser and set your address line to D:\index.html (Where D: is the drive letter for your CD-ROM drive).
- 2. From the Main Page select ESTeem Utilities and click on ESTeem Discovery Utility (Figure 3).

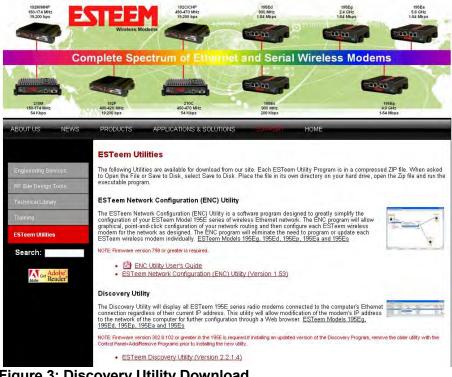


Figure 3: Discovery Utility Download



## Note: This program is saved in a compressed file format.

3. Double click on the 195EDiscoverySetup<Current Version>.exe file listed in the window to install the program.

🎸 195E Discovery	2.1.1.28					
Discover Modems	Found 1 modems					
MAC Address	IP Address	SSID	Mode	Modem ID	Version	Model
00:04:3F:00:0B:54	172.16.8.149	ESTeem	AP Bridge		302.8.102	195Eg
Ready						

Figure 4: Discovery Program Main Page

4. Connect the Model 195E to your computer either directly to the Ethernet card or through a HUB/Switch using a CAT-5e Ethernet cable. The Ethernet port on the 195E supports Auto-Negotiation, so either a patch cable or crossover cable will work. Open the ESTeem Discovery Program and press the <u>Discover Modems</u> button. The Model 195E will be displayed in the program by the Ethernet MAC address and Current IP Address (Figure 4).

# Note: The SSID, Mode of Operation and Modem ID will be adjusted through the ENC Utility or the Web Configuration Manager...

 Double-click on the 195E you want to program and the *Configure IP Address* window will be displayed (Figure 5). Enter an IP address and Subnet Mask for the 195E that matches your network subnet and press the <u>OK</u> button to save this to the ESTeem. You will receive notification that the Configuration was Successful and the 195E will reboot.

💯 195E Discovery 2	2.1.1.28					×
Discover Modems		Configure IP Add	ress 🔯			
MAC Address 00:04:3F:00:0B:54	IP Address 172.16.8.149	E IP Address: Subnet Mask: Default Gateway:	172. 16 . 8 .149         255.255. 0 . 0         172. 16 . 1 . 6         OK	Modem ID	Version 302.8.102	Model 195Eg
Ready						1

Figure 5: Change IP Address Window



## Firmware Updates

To update firmware on any ESTeem Model 195 that is shown on the Discovery program, "right-mouse" click on the 195's MAC address and select <u>Update</u> from the menu (Figure 6). Once you locate the update file, select the <u>Open</u> button and the 195 will update, validate and then reboot with the updated operating system.

Discover Modems	Found 13 modems					
MAC Address	IP Address	SSID	Mode	Modem ID	Version	Model 🗠
00:04:3F:00:31:B0	172.16.38.104	ESTeem	AirScope(tm)		302.6.170	195Ep
00:04:3F:00:31:A4	172.16.39.101	eng-tbrown2	AP Router		302.6.167	195Ep
00.04.3F:00:0A:14	172.16.58.100	0	AP Bridge		302.8.102	195E g
00:04:3F:00:30:24	172.16.33.11	nfigure IP Address	Station Router		302.6.183	195Ep
00:04:3F:00:2C:6D	172.16.38.11 Up	date	AP Bridge		400.3.42	a grant de
00:04:3F:00:0B:54	172.16.8.14! Op	en Browser	AP Bridge		302.8.102	195E g
00:04:3F:00:09:DC	172.16.58.155	ESTeem test	AP Bridge		302.8.102	195Eg .
00-04-20-00-10-20	17010 20100	and through	Chatian Doutor		202.01	1050 -

Figure 6: Discovery Features Menu

## **Opening Web Browser**

To quickly open a web browser page to the IP address programmed in the 195 modem, "right-mouse" click on the 195's MAC address and select <u>Open Browser</u> from the menu (Figure 6). If your computer is configured for the same IP subnet at the ESTeem 195 wireless modem, you will be asked to sign in with the Username and Password (Figure 7). You can now begin programming the Model 195 for your application.

<b>)</b>	Please type y	your user name and password.
<b>U</b>	Site:	172.16.48.209
	Realm	cgi-bin
	User Name	admin
	Password	****
	☐ Save this	password in your password list

Figure 7: ESTeem Web Page Log-on Screen



# ETHERSTATION STATUS PROGRAM

When configured for EtherStation mode, the Web Configuration Manger is turned off. To gather information from the 195E on Access Point, link status and received signal strength you will need to install the ESTeem 195E Status Utility. The EtherStation Status Utility version 2.0.0.0 or greater provides a new feature that will automatically program the connected ESTeem 195E to match up with the computer running the software. This software requires the ESTeem 195E to have software version 302.8.102 or greater installed for this feature to function.

This software program is found on the AA109 Resources Disk or available from the ESTeem web site. To install the utility, please complete the following:

#### Installation

The ESTeem Discovery Utility will allow you to configure the IP address on the Model 195E to match your network. Install the Discovery Utility on your computer by inserting the Resource Disk in your CD drive.

- Note: The ESTeem Resource Disk is a stand-alone copy of the ESTeem Web site (Figure 1). Navigation of the Resource Disk is as simple as using your web browser. All technical documentation, User's Manuals and the ESTeem Utility Program are available on the disk.
- 1. Place the ESTeem Utility CD in your CD-ROM drive. The CD will auto load the ESTeem main page.
- Note: If the page does not auto load, open your web browser and set your address line to D:\index.html (Where D: is the drive letter for your CD-ROM drive).
- 2. From the Main Page select ESTeem Utilities and click on EtherStation Status Utility
- Note: This program is saved in a compressed file format. Microsoft Windows XP® will open the file directly, but other operating systems will require a common compression program such as WinZip available for download at http://www.winzip.com
- 3. Double click on the 195EStatusSetup.exe file listed in the window to install the program.
- 4. Connect the Model 195E to your computer either directly to the Ethernet card or through a Switch using a CAT-5e Ethernet cable. The Ethernet port on the 195E supports Auto-Negotiation so either a patch cable or crossover cable

will work. Open the ESTeem Status Program. Status icons will appear in your system tray (Figure 8). When the status menu is opened from the system tray, the status window will be displayed (Figure 8) to show the Access Point MAC address and signal strength. The tray icon and Signal Strength bar will display the colors from Green, Yellow to Red on progressively poorer signal or will show Grey if roaming.

#### Note: This Utility will only operate with an ESTeem Model 195E in EtherStation mode.

- 🗆 ×	0.5.4	195E Status 1.
	Remote	Associated To:
	-31 dBm	Signal Strength:
0 dBm	00 dBm	1
1 × ×	UU OB M	-

Figure 8: EtherStation Status Program



# SETTING LOCAL TIME

The ESTeem Model 195E will be shipped from the factory with the internal real-time clock set to Pacific Time. To change the clock settings to the local time for accurate log file entries:

- 1. Select Advanced from the top Menu, then Wireless LAN Settings>wlan0 device. Press the <u>Next</u> button (Figure 9).
- 2. Select **Global Settings>Set System Time** from the menu and press the <u>Next</u> button to continue.
- 3. Select the correct date and time from the drop-down menus (Figure 10) and press the <u>Set System Time</u> button to save the time to the real time clock.

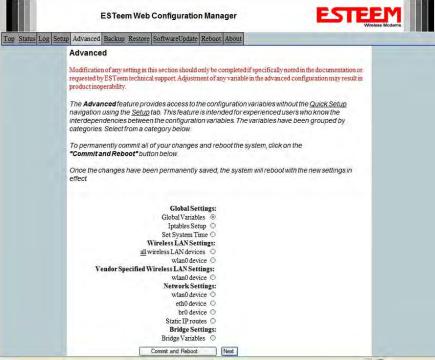


Figure 9: Advanced Features Screen

	STeem Web Configuration N	Manager ESTEEM Wreless Moderns
s Log Setup Advanced	Backup Restore SoftwareUpdate Rel	Doot About
Advance	d - Set System Time	
This page	allows you to set the system time in	the modem.
	a har stand a satu shara ata a	36 1 2. COURT -
	Current System Time: Th	u, 24 Jan 2008 13:55:32
	Year 2008	Enter the four digit year.
	Month D1 🛩	Select the month from the list
	Day 24 🛩	Select the day from the list
	Hour 13 🛩	Select the hour from the list
	Minutes 55 🛩	Select the minutes from the list
	Seconds 32 V	Select the seconds from the list

Figure 10: Advanced Features Screen



# **CONFIGURING TIME SERVER**

Enabling NTP time synchronization services on the ESTeem 195E will allow usage of time services from upstream services to keep the time on the system accurate.

To allow time synchronization, the Model 195E must be configured with the NTP Daemon enabled and the appropriate IP address of the upstream network NTP server.

1. Select Advanced from the menu items and Global Variables (Figure 11).

	EST195E Web Configuration Manager	ESTEEN
Status Log Setup Adv	nced Backup Restore SoftwareUpdate Reboot About	
Advanc	d	
	n of any setting in this section should only be completed if specifically noted in the documen justment of any variable in the advanced configuration may result in product inoperability.	tation or requested by ESTeem technical
tab. This	nced feature provides access to the configuration variables without the <u>Quick.</u> adure is intended for experienced users who know the interdependencies betw iles have been grouped by categories. Select from a category below.	
To perma	nently commit all of your changes and reboot the system, click on the <b>"Comm</b>	nit and Reboot" button below.
Once the	changes have been permanently saved, the system will reboot with the new se	ttings in effect.
	Global Settings: Global Variables © Wireless LAN Settings: all wireless LAN device C wlan0 device C Vendor Specified Wireless LAN Settings: wlan0 device C Network Settings: wlan0 device C eth0 device C Static IP routes C Bridge Settings: Bridge Variables C	
	Commit and Reboot Next	

Figure 11: Advanced Settings Menu

2. Press the <u>Next</u> button and Figure 11 will be displayed. At the bottom of the page are the NTP server configurations.



- 3. The NTP daemon is enabled by selecting YES for **NTP ENABLE** (Figure 12). When enabled, the NTP daemon will use time services from upstream services to keep the time on this system accurate.
- 4. Next, the **NTP SERVICE ENABLE** should be configured to "YES," if you want to allow the system to provide NTP service for clients wishing time synchronization (Figure 12).

ile Edit Yiew History Bookmarks Iools Help			0
🖕 🔹 🚽 - 🥲 👃 🏠 🚇 - 隆 http://172.16.48.202/cgi-bin/avsweb.cgi?adv	vanced.frm		9
	cma bro	Emar no no o bevice, esparated by a single space, that will need to be configured with en IP address	-
IP_NAT_INSIDEDEV	lbr0	Enter the name of a single device (e.g. wlan0 or eth0)	
IP_NAT_OUTSIDEDEV	eth0	Enter the name of a single device (e.g. wlan0 or eth0)	
HTTP_ENABLE	• Yes O No	Select whether you want to enable the HTTP server	
HTTPS_ENABLE	⊙ Yes ⊙ No	Select whether you want to enable the secure HTTP server	
TELNETD_ENABLE	• Yes • No	Select whether you want to enable the TELNET daemon	
SSHD_ENABLE	<ul><li>⊙ Yes</li><li>○ No</li></ul>	Select whether you want to enable the SSH daemon	
NTP_ENABLE	⊙ Yes ○ No	Enable/Disable the network time protocol (NTP) daemon. When enabled, the NTP daemon will use time services from upstream services to keep the time on this system accurate.	
NTP_SERVICE_ENABLE	© Yes © No	Enable/Disable NTP service. When enabled (and NTP_ENABLE is true), this system will provide NTP service for clients wishing time synchronization.	
NTP_SERVER	paol.ntp.org	Enter the IP address or the host name of the upstream NTP server. If you are directly connected to the internet, it is strongly recommended that you enable DNS client services (commonly enabled by default when using DHCP service) and use the NTP server name "pool.ntp.org". This enables a round-robin DNS resolution that provides load balancing across a very large set of NTP servers. For more information see http://www.pool.ntp.org.	
	Return to Advanced		

Figure 12: NTP Settings

5. The final step in configuring NTP services is to enter the IP address or the host name of the upstream NTP server.



- 6. Once configuration is complete, press the <u>Return to Advanced</u> button.
- 7. To complete the configuration, select "Commit and Reboot." The ESTeem 195E will now commit the configuration changes and reboot. (Figure 13)

EST195E Web Co	nfiguration Man	nager	E	
Status Log Setup Advanced Backup Restore SoftwareUpda	te Reboot About	1		
Advanced			-	
Modification of any setting in this section should only support. Adjustment of any variable in the advanced			ion or requested by ESTeem t	echnical
The <b>Advanced</b> feature provides access to th tab. This feature is intended for experienced The variables have been grouped by catego	users who know th	e interdependencies betwe		
To permanently commit all of your changes	and reboot the sys	stern, click on the "Commit	and Reboot" button belo	w
Once the changes have been permanently s	aved, the system v	will reboot with the new setti	ngs in effect.	
Wirele	Global Settings: lobal Variables © ss LAN Settings: s LAN devices C			-
	wlan0 device 🔿			
Vendor Specified Wirele	ss LAN Settings: wlan0 device C			
r	letwork Settings:			
	wlan0 device C eth0 device C			
	br0 device			
	Static IP routes			
	Bridge Settings: idge Variables C			
		NI-NA		
Lomm	III anu meboot	Next		

Figure 13: Advanced Settings Menu

# VLAN OPERATION

Virtual LAN (VLAN) systems are rapidly becoming the desired configuration on larger Ethernet networks. The ESTeem 195E software will allow the Ethernet modems to transparently pass the VLAN packets for these networks. The 195E currently can not be used as a VLAN switch, but will pass VLAN tagged Ethernet packets through the wireless bridge.



# **IGMP SNOOPING**

Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) Snooping allows the ESTeem 195E to operate more efficiently in networks with high Multicast (UDP, etc.) traffic. IGMP Snooping will define the destination for the Multicast traffic and send the data to the correct wireless Ethernet modem, not the entire network. This limiting of Multicast traffic to specific destinations greatly increases the overall network efficiency.

The problem with using multicast traffic over a wireless connection is that multicast packets do not require an Acknowledge on the protocol layer. If the wireless network misses a data packet on the RF network, that multicast data packet is lost.

### Theory of Operation

There are two types of Ethernet packets on a network, unicast and multicast. Unicast is intended for exactly one recipient (and ignored by all others). Multicast is intended to be received by multiple recipients. Interested parties can listen for particular multicast packets, but most nodes ignore it. In any case, the network medium is still utilized no matter how many nodes are listening. Broadcast packets are a special type of multicast traffic which all nodes always receive. These are particularly useful for global announcements (Hey, I'm Alice!) and queries (Hey, I'm Alice and I'm looking for Bob!). More relevantly, it is how hosts on a network find out each other's addresses, and are absolutely crucial to the proper functioning of a network.

As the network grows physically, it encounters some growing pains. The first is more physical, relating to the cabling limitations. Bridges solve this problem by joining two physical networks together so they appear to be a single large network. Through use of bridges, a network can scale to hundreds or even thousands of hosts. There is a downside, however. Well before the physical limitations of bridging hit, you start to run into efficiency problems, as all traffic has to travel everywhere on the network. The raw carrying capacity of this shared medium, often referred to as bandwidth, is the second scaling problem.

Smart bridges, or switches, help alleviate the bandwidth problem by only passing traffic across the bridge if the destination host was on the other side. This greatly increases the capacity and efficiency of the network by allowing two pairs of hosts communicating simultaneously on each side of the switched bridge. Only when the packet needs to go to the other side is both mediums utilized simultaneously for the same packet.

Unfortunately, broadcast and multicast traffic by its very nature must always be relayed across the bridge. While the number of network nodes may grow linearly, the multicast traffic tends to grow exponentially. This isn't generally a problem for wired networks, as they have a considerable amount of bandwidth to spare, but wireless networks have, at best, an order of magnitude less bandwidth to begin with. If a wireless network is bridged with a wired network, while the absolute numbers are the same, a much higher proportion of the wireless network's available bandwidth is used up by multicast traffic. This effect is further magnified if multiple wireless repeaters are in use.

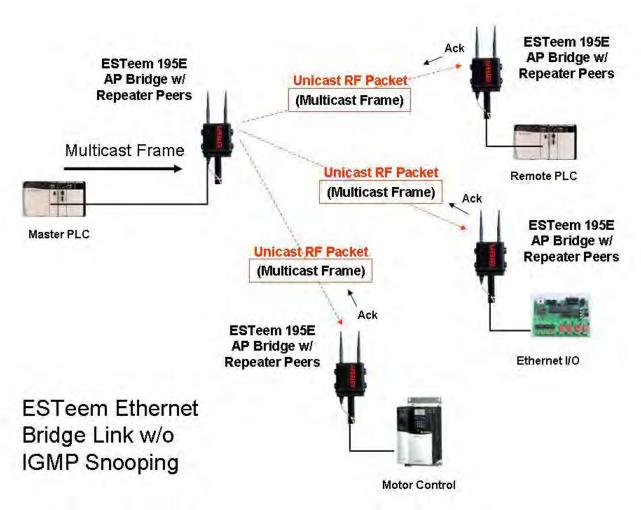
The preferred way of dealing with excess multicast traffic is to put the wireless network on a different sub-network (subnet) and use a router to join it to the wired network. This ensures that only unicast traffic intended for the wireless network crosses over, as multicast and broadcast traffic stays within its local subnet. Normally this is fine, but there are times where you need multicast traffic to span subnets. For IP traffic, this can be obviated by using a multicast-capable router, but for legacy multicast protocols that were not designed to be routed, another solution must be found.

There are two primary types of communication networks used in wireless Ethernet systems; fixed points communicating to each other through an Ethernet Bridge and mobile devices communicating to these fixed points. The fixed point Ethernet bridge communication in the 195E is through Repeater Peer links, while the mobile communication is from the Client modes (EtherStation, Station Router and Station Masquerade) to the Access Points (Fixed Locations) in the network. Each of these networks handles Multicast traffic differently as explained below.



## Ethernet Bridge Mode (Repeater Peers)

When the ESTeem 195E is configured as a repeater peer, all multicast traffic is "wrapped" in a Unicast frame and sent to all other repeater peers. (Figure 14) This operation allows the ESTeem network to receive an acknowledge packet and retransmit the data if the packet is lost during transmission. This unicast encapsulation will work regardless if the protocol can support IGMP or not.



**Figure 14: Repeater Peer Operation** 



## Ethernet Bridge Mode (Repeater Peers) With IGMP Snooping

When the ESTeem 195E is configured as a repeater peer, IGMP Snooping is enabled and the network supports IGMP protocol, the 195E will begin to identify the connected Ethernet devices using Multicast transmissions and report this information to the network. As this process continues, all sites that have Multicast traffic on the wireless network will only send these requests to the specific ESTeem reporting the Ethernet device (see Figure 15).

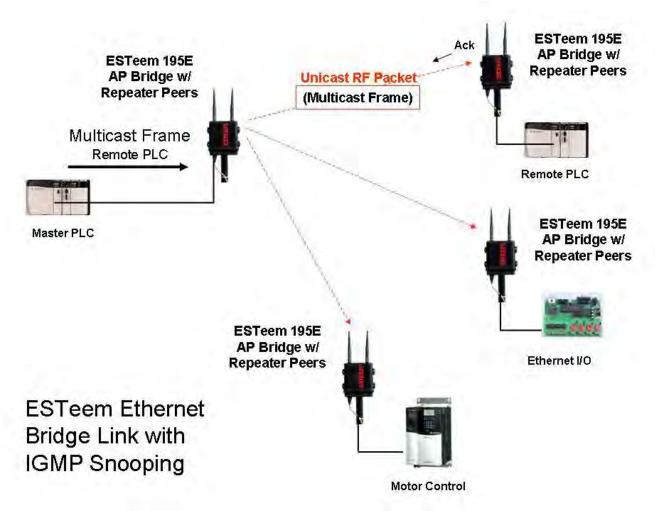
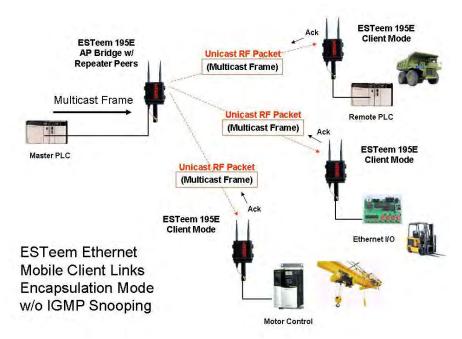


Figure 15: Repeater Peer with IGMP Enabled



## **Client Modes**

When the ESTeem 195E is configured as a mobile client (EtherStation, Station Router or Station Masquerade), there are two configurations that will increase the reliability of Multicast traffic. The first phase is encapsulation of the multicast packets, as described in the Repeater Peer, and the second is IGMP Snooping if the network will support the protocol. The encapsulation of the Multicast packets will operate regardless of the IGMP support to increase the reliability.





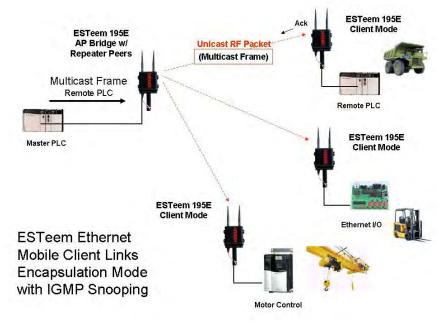


Figure 17: Unicast Packet to Single Client



### **Multicast Encapsulation**

To enable Multicast Encapsulation, select **Advanced>Wireless LAN Settings>wlan0 device** and press the <u>Next</u> Button (Figure 18). Select wlan0\_EncapsulateMulitcast to either Multicast (for all Multicast including Broadcast) or Broadcast (Broadcast only). Press the <u>Accept</u> Button and then <u>Commit and Reboot</u>.

wlan0_EncapsulateMulticast	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Multicast</li> <li>Broadcast</li> </ul>	Turn this on to encapsulate multicast/broadcast packets to each associated station. This will prevent stations that do not support this feature from associating!	
wlan0_POWER_LEVEL	<ul> <li>Max</li> <li>High</li> <li>Low</li> <li>Min</li> </ul>	Select power level for wlan0 attenuator	
wlan0 Radio On	On Turn transmitter on continuously for 10 seconds.		
Cancel	Accept		

Figure 18: Multicast Enable

## **Enabling IGMP Snooping**

To enable the ESTeem 195E for IGMP Snooping, select <u>Advanced>Bridge Variables</u> and press the <u>Next</u> Button (Figure 19). Select IGMP Snoop to YES, press the <u>Accept</u> Button and then <u>Commit and Reboot</u>.

Status Log Setu	p Advanced Backup Restore	SoftwareUpdate Reboot Abo	ut	
	Advanced - Bridge Se	ttings		
	The following is a list of tho variables contain values fo		nder the <b>Bridge Settings</b> category. These	
	BRIDGE_DEVICE	S: br0	Enter the name(s) of all the bridge devices separated by a single comma	
	br0_DEVICE	S: eth0 eth1 wlan0	Enter all the device names, separated by a single space, that will form a brige device	
	br0_STP_O	N: © Yes O No	Turn STP on or off. NOTE: the ROOT_BRIDGE and BRIDGE_PRIORITY, settings have no effect if STP is turned off.	
	br0_ROOT_BRIDG	E: O Yes No	If you select 'Yes' here you will override the br0_BRIDGE_PRIORITY below and the bridge priority will be forced to 0.	
	br0_BRIDGE_PRIORIT	Y: 32768	Enter a priority level (0-65535) for the bridge device	
	IGMP_SNOO	P:  Yes No	Enable IGMP snooping to reduce multicast traffic across the bridge.	
	Cancel	Accept		



# Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

The ESTeem 195E supports SNMP Version 1 (SNMPv1) and Version 2 (SNMPv2c) protocol. This protocol enables any SNMP server to view the status of the wireless network while the system is in operation. The following are a list of the Management Information Base (MIB) items that are supported in the ESTeem 195E and their MIB location:

MIB Name	MIB Directory Location	Notes
System Temperature	EST-MIB::sysInternalTemp.0	in C * 1000
	HOST-RESOURCES-	
Uptime	MIB::hrSystemUptime.0	System Update
ModemID	EST-MIB::sysIdentifier.0	User-specified "nickname" for ESTeem
Serial Number	EST-MIB::sysSerialNumber.0	ESTeem serial number
Model	EST-MIB::sysModel.0	ESTeem model number
Firmware Version	EST-MIB::sysFirmwareRevision.0	Firmware revision
System Mode	EST-MIB::sysMode.0	AP_BRIDGE/STA_ETHERSTA, etc
Free Memory	UCD-SNMP-MIB::memTotalFree.0	Total Free Memory
Idle CPU	UCD-SNMP-MIB::ssCpuldle.0	Percentage of CPU Idle
[[ per-interface ]]		
IP Address	IF-MIB::ifAddress	
Port Speed	IF-MIB::ifSpeed	In bps
Port Status	IF-MIB::ifOperStatus	
Mac Address	IF-MIB::ifPhysAddress	
[[ per-wlandev entry ]]	EST-MIB::wirelessDevicesNumber.0	Wireless Port Identification
Device Name	EST-MIB::wirelessDeviceTable.1.wName.1	Name of device (wlan0 standard)
	EST-	
MAC Address	MIB::wirelessDeviceTable.1.wMacAddress.1	MAC address of WLAN port
Mode	EST-MIB::wirelessDeviceTable.1.wMode.1	Current Mode ap=access point, sta=station mode and airscope
Frequency	EST-MIB::wirelessDeviceTable.1.wFreq.1	Frequency in MHz
	EST-	
Bandwidth	MIB::wirelessDeviceTable.1.wBandwidth.1	Bandwidth (5, 10, or 20 MHz if used)
SSID	EST-MIB::wirelessDeviceTable.1.wSSID.1	Service Set Identification
BSSID	EST-MIB::wirelessDeviceTable.1.wBSSID.1	Basic Service Set Identification
Operational Rates	EST- MIB::wirelessDeviceTable.1.wOpRates.1	List of RF Data Rates in Rate Set
Basic Rates	EST- MIB::wirelessDeviceTable.1.wBasRates.1	List of RF Basic Rates for status messages



[[ peer table entry ]]		All entries in the Peer Table will have a device entry index, both ESTeem and other wireless devices
	EST-MIB::wirelessPeersNumber.0	Total number of peer entries in table
wlan device	EST-MIB::wirelessPeerTable.1.pDevice.1	index into the wirelessDeviceTable (each entry will have a unique number
Peer MAC Address	EST-MIB::wirelessPeerTable.1.pMacAddr.1	MAC address of peer
isRepeater?	EST-MIB::wirelessPeerTable.1.pRepeater.1	Is the peer an ESTeem repeater
isAP?	EST-MIB::wirelessPeerTable.1.pAP.1	Is the peer an Access Point
isAssocSta?	EST-MIB::wirelessPeerTable.1.pAssoc.1	Is the peer an Mobile Client
isAdhoc?	EST-MIB::wirelessPeerTable.1.pAdhoc.1	Is the peer an AdHoc Station (802.11 only)
Frequency	EST-MIB::wirelessPeerTable.1.pFreq.1	Frequency in MHz
current rate set	EST-MIB::wirelessPeerTable.1.pCurRates.1	Current Operating Rates
last rx signal	EST-MIB::wirelessPeerTable.1.pSignal.1	Receive Signal in –dBm
last rx noise	EST-MIB::wirelessPeerTable.1.pNoise.1	Background Noise in –dBm
BSSID	EST-MIB::wirelessPeerTable.1.pBssid.1	Basic Service Set ID (In Hex)
SSID	EST-MIB::wirelessPeerTable.1.pSSID.1	SSID in Text
isValid?	EST-MIB::wirelessPeerTable.1.pCurrent.1	True if peer info is for a "current" peer.
last rx	EST-MIB::wirelessPeerTable.1.pLastRxI.1	seconds since last received packet from peer
last tx	EST-MIB::wirelessPeerTable.1.pLastTx.1	seconds since last transmitted packet to peer
current tx rate	EST- MIB::wirelessPeerTable.1.pCurrentRate.1	current tx rate in bps.

## Downloading MIB Tables

To download the MIB items listed above and import into your SNMP server, log into any ESTeem 195E and select the **About** page (Figure 20). Press the Download <u>MIB Files</u> hyperlink on the page and save the files to your computer.

0.000	Sam Jun J MD
	Standard MIBs supported: SNMPv2-MIB
monnaion	IF-MIB
	RFC1213-MIB
	IP-MIB
	IP-FORWARD-MIB
	TCP-MIB
	HOST-RESOURCES-MIB
	UCD-SNMP-MIB
	NET-SNMP-AGENT-MIB
	SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB
	Enterprise MIB for this product:
	EST-MIB
	Download
	MIB Files
	<u>NID TRS</u>
Contra	Electronic Systems Technology, Inc.
Contact	
	415 N. Quay St.
	Building B-1
	Kennewick, WA, 99336
	USA
	509-735-9092

Figure 20: MIB Table Download



# CHAPTER 5 WEB CONFIGURATION

The ESTeem Horizon Web Configuration Manager is an internal web server that will allow setup, monitoring and diagnostics of all operating parameters in the Horizon. The Horizon can be configured using any current web browser software such as Internet Explorer, Mozilla, FireFox or Google Chrome®.

## LOGGING ON TO THE ESTeem WEB PAGE

- 1. Using your Web Browser connect to the Horizon Web Page with the IP Address that you have assigned it in Chapter 3.
- 2. You will now see the Log-on Menu on Figure 1. To enter the Horizon Top Menu you will need to log into the system with a User Name and Password.
- 3. For the User Name enter **admin** and press the Enter key (<Enter>). The User Name is defined at the factory and is not changeable.
- 4. Enter your Password and press the Enter key (<Enter>).

Enter Net	work Passwo	ord	? ×
3	Please type y	your user name and password.	
<u> </u>	Site:	172.16.48.209	
	Realm	cgi-bin	
	User Name	admin	
	Password	*****	
	☐ Save this	password in your password list	
		DK Ca	ncel

- Note: If this is the first time the Horizon has been Figure 1: ESTeem Web Page Log-on Screen programmed and the Password was not changed from the factory default values, proceed with the steps below to access the Configuration Menu. The factory default Password is also admin. Enter admin for the Password and press the Enter key (<Enter>). All characters are lower case.
- 5. After Log-in the next screen displayed will be the Horizon Top Menu page (Figure 2). This example screen shows the Top Menu screen.
- Note: Throughout the Configuration Manager are Help Screens that can be accessed for further information on each item.





# WEB CONFIGURATION MANAGER SECTIONS

The following sections will describe the features in each of the main and sub menu items in the web pages. For stepby-step examples of how to configure the Horizon in different Modes of Operation, please refer to Chapter 3 – Example Applications.

#### Top Menu

The Top Menu will be the default web page for the Horizon Web Configuration Manager (Figure 2). This section will display the current configuration summary for the Horizon and allow changing of the default password. This page will also display the Modem ID field that can be used to easily identify the Horizon you are programming. This Modem ID field can be set to any text combination for example, location name, GPS coordinates or addresses.

#### Setting the Modem ID

- 1. The Modem ID field can be adjusted under the *Global Variables* of the Advanced Menu tab. Select Global Variables and press the *Next* button. Figure 3 will be displayed.
- 2. Scroll to the bottom of the Global Variables window and enter the text you would like displayed in the Modem ID field (Figure 4). When complete, press the *Save Settings* button and the *Commit Changes* button on the next screen to save the name to the Horizon.

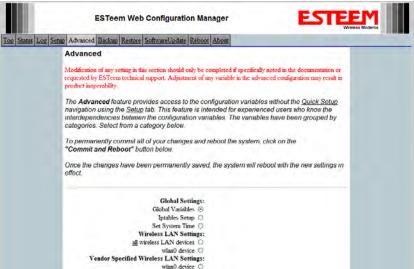


Figure 3: Global Variables Screen

		EST195E Web	Configuration Manage	ES .	TEEM Wireless Moderns
Top	Status Log	Setup Advanced Backup Restore Software	Update Reboot About		
		The following is a list of those configurat variables are independent of any specifi		<b>al Variables</b> category. These value of these wcific networking interface.	_
		ADMIN_HOSTNAME	wdp80211	Enter 1 - 30 characters	
		ADMIN_BASETIME	010100002000	Format: MMDDhhmmYYYY	
		MODEM_ID		Free formal string to use for additional identifying information for this system. E.g. "Room 301" or "4th and Main".	





# Status Menu

The Status Menu provides a summary of the current mode of operation, system time, processor usage, internal temperature and status of the communication links to other wireless devices. An example is shown below in Figure 5. Most of the communication troubleshooting is done in this section of the Web Configuration Manager.

Advanced Backup Restore SoftwareUpdate Reboot About
Status: Summary
his is a summary of the status of the overall system. Most of the source data for this disp Iso accessible through the <b>"System Details"</b> of the <b>"Log"</b> tab.
Common Status
System Mode: AP Bridge Current System Time: Mon, 12 Jun 2006 09:59:01
System Temperature: 134446952 C, 0 F
Up Time: 0 days, 00:00:55
PU/Memory Status
CPU Usermode(%): 5
CPU Kernelmode(%):4
CPU Idle(%), 91
CPU Interrupts per Second: 32
Pageable Memory Total 14404
Pageable Memory Used: 10588
Pageable Memory Free: 3816
Number of Processes: 26
Vireless device 1 Status
View Peer Table
View Global Counter Details
SSID (hex) 45:53:54:65:65.6d
SSID (text) ESTeem
MAC Address: 00.04:3F:00.09:66
Wireless Repeater enabled: true
Associated Stations: 0
Rx Bytes: 4444
Rx Frames. 60
Rx Frame Errors: 0
Tx Bytes: 8228
Tx Frames: 101
Tx Errors: 59
Tx Drops. 42
Sthernet device 1 Status
Ethernet MAC Address 00.04:3F:00.09:64
Rx Bytes: 4059
Rx Frames: 37
Rx Frame Errors: 0
Tx Bytes: 24572
Tx Frames: 91
Tx Errors: 0

Figure 5: Status Screen

### Peer Status Table

The Peer Status submenu lists the connected wireless devices (Horizon's or 802.11 clients), their signal strength, data rate and time of last packet sent. Press the <u>View Peer Table</u> link and Repeater Peer Status Table will be displayed (Figure 6). For a detailed analysis of the information provided in this table, please review Appendix E – Troubleshooting.

<u>Associated Station</u> – This section will list all the associated stations that are attached to the Access Point. These could be other Horizon's in one of the three Client modes or 802.11 devices.



<u>Repeater Peers</u> – This section will list all connected Horizon repeater peers by their Wireless MAC address. For detailed information on repeaters, see Chapter 6 – Repeating Features.

<u>Access Points</u> – This section will list all other 802.11 Access Points that are sharing the operating channel (frequency) of the Horizon. You can also note that the Repeater Peers listed above are also included in this list.

	EST195E W	eb Confi	iguration Ma	nager		E		Moderns
Top Status Log Set	up Advanced Backup Resto	ore Softwar	eUpdate Reboo	t About				
	Status: Peer Table						_	
	This page is a summary address for more details			r WLAN devi	ce wlan0. Cl	lick on a give	n MAC	
	Return to Status Summary I	Page						
	Associated Stations			_				
	MAC Addr	Signal	LastRx (sec@kbps)	Tx(Pkts)	Tx(KB)	Rx(Pkts)	Rx(KB)	
	00:14:6c:19:0e:59	-48	47@54000	206	5	383	26	
	Repeater Peers						-	
	MAC Addr	Signal	LastRx (sec@kbps)	lodem ID				
	00:04:3f:00:18:76	-42	0@54000					

## Figure 6: Peer Table Screen

### **Counter Details**

The Counter Details submenu will summarize all transmitted and receive data packets for the Horizon (Figure 5).



# System Log Screen

The Log Screen is a trouble-shooting tool that shows the current log of Horizon system messages. See Figure 7. The System Details button will display a more detailed system diagnostics that may be requested by ESTeem technical support.

l'op	Status Log Se	tup Adv	anced Backup Restor	e SoftwareUpdate Reboot About
Sys	stem Log			
The	following dia		en avalara lan Tavén	www.andalad.e.stamiatamatica.slick.cs.the Custom Datella button
i ne	tonowing aisp	nay is tr	te system log. To vie	w more detailed system information, click on the <b>System Details</b> button.
1		20.00		
S	ystem Details			
		-		
yst	tem Log:			
an	1 00:00:00	(none)	syslog.info syslo	gd started: BusyBox v1.00 (2006.05.22-22:27+0000)
an	1 00:00:01	(none)	kern.notice kerne	1: klogd started: BusyBox v1.00 (2006.05.22-22:27+0000)
an	1 00:00:01	(none)	kern.warn kernel:	Linux version 2.4.27 (tbrown@brown) (gcc version 3.4.3) #10 Wed May 31 14:35:43
an	1 00:00:01	(none)	kern.warn kernel:	Early serial init of port 0
an	1 00:00:01	(none)	kern.warn kernel:	Early serial init of port 1
an	1 00:00:01	(none)	kern.warn kernel:	Esteem 195CPU (C) 2004 Electronic Systems Technology.
an	1 00:00:01	(none)	kern.warn kernel:	On node O totalpages: 4096
an	1 00:00:01	(none)	kern.warn kernel:	zone(0): 4096 pages.
an	1 00:00:01	(none)	kern.warn kernel:	zone(1): O pages.
an	1 00:00:01	(none)	kern.warn kernel:	zone(2): O pages.
an	1 00:00:01	(none)	kern.warn kernel:	Kernel command line: root=/dev/mtdblock3 ro console=tty50,38400
an	1 00:00:01	(none)	kern.warn kernel:	Calibrating delay loop 249.03 BogoMIPS
an	1 00:00:01	(none)	kern.info kernel:	Memory: 14320k available (1392k kernel code, 372k data, 84k init, 0k highmem)
	1 00:00:01	(none)	kern.info kernel:	Dentry cache hash table entries: 2048 (order: 2, 16384 bytes)
		ALC: NO.	Annual database Annual a 1 a	Inode cache hash table entries: 1024 (order: 1, 8192 bytes)
Jan	1 00:00:01	(none)	Kern, into kernet:	
				Mount cache hash table entries: 512 (order: 0, 4096 bytes)

## Setup Screen

The Setup screen allows the step-by-step configuration of the Horizon. Please see Chapter 5 for complete description on System Setup menu and examples for system configurations. See Figure 8.

	EST195E Web Configuration Manager	ESTEEM
Top Status Log Set	p Advanced Backup Restore SoftwareUpdate Reboot About	
	Setup This is the main Setup Page. Select a mode of operation for the wireless following list.	: LAN unit from the
	Select Mode of Operation: AP Bridge	Help

## Figure 8: Setup Screen



# **Advanced Configuration Screen**

The Advanced screen allows the user to access all configuration parameters. The parameters are grouped based upon their variable. It is recommended that only advanced users of the Horizon enter this section unless instructed by ESTeem technical support. See Figure 9.



## Figure 9: Advanced Features Screen

configuration in the Horizon to a file on the computer or network. See Figure 10. Pressing the Backup Button will create a configuration file that can be saved to the computer. This saved file can then be later opened, if necessary, by the Restore menu to quickly replace a Horizon with a spare modem.

EST195E Web Configuration Manager	
Top Status Log Setup Advanced Backup Restore SoftwareUpdate Reboot About	
Backup To backup the most recent commited changes to your local PC, click the <b>Backup</b> button be	low.
Figure 10: Backup Screen	



# **Restore Screen**

The Restore screen is used to restore the Horizon to factory defaults, return to the last saved configuration or to access the configuration files that were backed up to the computer. See Figure 11.

EST	195E Web Configuration Manager	
Top Status Log Setup Advanced Bas	kup Restore SoftwareUpdate Reboot About	
	tings eature allows you to restore this device to the settings fro e appropriate button. Factory Defaults Last Committed Changes	om one of the sources

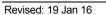
# Figure 11: Restore Setting Screen

Factory Default – Returns the Horizon to all factory default values.

<u>Last Committed Changes</u> – This button will remove any changes to the modem that have been done since the last committed changes. The last committed changes will be read from the Flash file and reset in the Horizon.

<u>File</u> – Pressing this button will bring up a selection of where the restore file was saved during the Backup (Figure 12). Select "Upload via web browser" to browse for files saved on a local computer or select "Download from an http or ftp URL" for files saved on a network or over the Internet.







## Software Update Screen

The Software Update feature allows the user to update the latest Horizon operating system software from a file supplied by the factory or the Internet to the Horizon's flash memory. To upload from a file on your computer, select *Upload via web browser* and a file selection window will be displayed. To upload directly from the Internet, select *Download from an http or ftp URL* and enter the site address. See Figure 13.

EST195E Web Configuration Manager	<b>M</b> odems
Top Status Log Setup Advanced Backup Restore SoftwareUpdate Reboot About	
Software Update	
The <b>Software Update</b> feature allows you to perform a field update of various files, such as a software update image, containing an operating system upgrade and a new root file system, or a new HTTPS certificate.	
Select which file you wish to retrieve: Software update image file ? HTTPS certificate ? <u>Help</u> Next	
Figure 13: Software Update Screen	

# System Reboot Screen

The Reboot screen allows the user to reset the Horizon. See Figure 14.

EST195E Web Configuration Manager	-
Top Status Log Setup Advanced Backup Restore SoftwareUpdate Reboot About	
System Reboot If you would like to reboot this device, press the <b>Reboot</b> button below. Otherwise, select from one of the above tabs to continue. Rebooting this device will cause the most recently committed configuration changes to take effect.	
Figure 14: System Reboot Screen	



# USING THE RS-232 PROGRAMMING PORT

Any terminal emulation program that can run with VT100 emulation can be used for this configuration of the ESTeem. Most Windows users will probably use either Hyper Terminal or the Terminal Emulation in the ESTeem Utility program. Configure your RS-232C port for a Baud Rate to 38,400, Data Bits to 8, Parity to None, Stop Bits to 1 and Handshaking to None. Set the Emulation type to VT100. Once your ESTeem has an IP address, you can attach the ESTeem to your network and use the Web Server for further programming.

#### Programming Using the RS-232 Port

- 1. When configuring the Horizon for the first time you can use the ESTeem RS-232C Configuration Menu to setup the basic operating parameters such as assigning the IP Address, IP Net Mask, and Gateway IP Address.
- 2. Connect the serial cable (EST P/N: AA0621.1) between the RS-232 connector (RJ-45) on the Horizon's programming port to the serial port on the computer.
- Plug the Model AA175 or AA175.2 power supply into a wall socket and connect an Ethernet patch cable from the Horizon Ethernet port to the J1 (Data&PWR) port on the power supply. The Power over Ethernet (PoE) LED on the front of the ESTeem should be illuminated.
- If your computer is configured properly, you will see the ESTeem Horizon booting sequence on your Terminal Emulation program. Once the ESTeem boot sequence is complete (approximately 45 seconds) you will receive this message:

#### "Please press Enter to active this console."

If you don't see this message press the Reset button on the front panel of the Horizon and/or check the programming of your RS-232 port.

- 5. Press the Enter key and you will be at the Configuration Menu Horizon login prompt. See Figure 1.
- 6. To enter the Horizon Main Menu you will need to log into the system with a login name and password.
- 7. If this is not the first time configuration of the Horizon, see your network systems administrator for the password.
- 8. At the Horizon login prompt type *admin* for the login name and press the <u>Enter key</u> (<Enter>). *The login name is defined at the factory and is not changeable by the user. Note that all characters are lower case.*

If this is the first time the Horizon has been programmed or the Password was not changed from the factory default values, the factory default password is also **admin**. Enter **admin** for the password and press the Enter key (<Enter>). The ESTeem Configuration Welcome Screen (Figure 2) will now be displayed. **Note that all characters are lower case.** 

ESTEEM login: _		

#### Figure 1: RS-232 Port Log-in Screen



9. To set the IP address in the ESTeem Horizon, type the letter "A" and press the Enter key. Enter the value for the IP address, Netmask and default route pressing the Enter key after each entry.

ESTEEM login: admin Password: a) Configure ethernet (and reboot) b) Ping a host c) Restore factory defaults (and reboot) d) Log e) Show devices f) Reboot g) Quit	
Enter selection: _	

Figure 2: RS-232 Welcome Screen

10. After the basic parameters have been entered into the Horizon you will need to commit the changes to the Horizon (Figure 3). Press the C key and then Enter. The changes will be saved to flash memory. You can use programming features in the ESTeem Web Configuration Manager to configure the unit for your application.

ESTEEM login: admin Password: a) Configure ethernet (and reboot) b) Ping a host c) Restore factory defaults (and reboot) d) Log e) Show devices f) Reboot q) Quit
Enter selection: a
eth0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 00:04:3F:00:26:DC
Enter IP address: 172.16.38.8 Enter netmask: 255.255.0.0 Enter default route: 172.16.1.6 Commit/Redo/Undo [c/r/u]: c_

Figure 3: RS-232 Welcome Screen



# **USING THE RS-232 DATA PORT**

The ESTeem Horizon has a serial data port that can provide RS-232 communication between two or more serial devices using the wireless broadband link. The serial data is encapsulated and transferred as a standard Ethernet packet over an operating Horizon wireless Ethernet system. The configuration for a serial Horizon network will be the same as an Ethernet or a serial (RS-232) based communication network.

The serial interface option can be used to link two or more serial devices in a new or existing system. The serial data has very little impact on the network bandwidth and will allow for both Ethernet and serial applications simultaneously. A possible application would be installation of the Horizon in an existing serial based network that was looking for future upgrade to an Ethernet based system. Another would be using the high-bandwidth Ethernet connections to provide a link to remote video hardware while also providing a serial link to the existing PLC in a SCADA type application.

## SERIAL CONNECTIONS

The RJ-45 serial data port is the far-left port on the face of the Horizon (Figure 4). Using the ESTeem AA0621.1 interface cable, the Horizon can be connected to a standard DTE-device (PC) with a male 9-pin Sub-D connector. The complete cable configuration is available in Appendix C – Interface Ports.

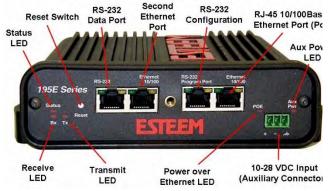


Figure 4: Horizon Front Panel Overview

Configuration of the serial port is completed during the standard setup of the Horizon. After completion of the Repeater Peer configuration screen, the Serial Port Setup screen (Figure 5) will be displayed. Each section in the Serial Port Setup screen is described in detail with the following:

#### Enable the RS-232 Data Port

SERIAL CONFIGURATION

Enabling the serial data port allows the modem to send RS-232 data over the broadband wireless connection established with the ESTeem repeater peers. The modem can be configured in a point-to-point or point-to-multipoint system. Select Yes if you wish to enable the serial data port.

#### Mode of Operation

There are two distinct modes of operation for the serial port in the Horizon. The Redirector mode will provide two-way serial communication between two or more serial devices, while the Terminal Server mode will allow serial communication to a specific remote site by connecting through telnet or SSH. Select one of the following modes of operation:

Full Redirector Mode - This mode allows bi-directional RS-232 data communication with other ESTeem Horizon's. The RS-232 data transmission will appear transparent to the connected devices as if a serial cable is connected between the two ports. This mode will also be used in a multi-point serial network were all serial devices will need bi-directional communication (Figure 6).

Terminal Server Mode - This mode of operation translates RS-232 serial data into a network-oriented terminal protocol, such as telnet or SSH. This mode would be selected if an interactive RS-232 session at remote locations is desired over the wireless Ethernet link.

#### Baud Rate

Select the data rate of the RS-232 connection to match your serial device.



# CHAPTER 6 SERIAL APPLICATIONS

EST195E Web Configuration M	1	BII
Log Setup Advanced Backup Restore SoftwareUpdate Reboot About		
Setup		
Select whether you want to enable the redirector for the extern then configure the remainder of the settings on the page.	al serial port device. If you choose t	o enable the redirector,
Enable the serial data port?	e Yes e No	Help
Select the mode:	<ul> <li>Full Redirector Mode</li> <li>Terminal Server Mode</li> </ul>	Help
Select the baud rate:	<ul> <li>2400 baud</li> <li>4800 baud</li> <li>9600 baud</li> <li>19200 baud</li> <li>38400 baud</li> <li>57600 baud</li> <li>115200 baud</li> </ul>	Help
Select the number of data bits:	C 7 C 8	Help
Select the number of stop bits:	6 1 C 2	Help
Select the parity:	← Even ← Odd ☞ None	Help
Select the serial flow control:	← Hardware ← Software ◆ None	Help
Enter the maximum bridge links for multicast packets (1-255):	2	Help
Enter the destination IP address for the serial packets (multicast address for multipoint system):	0.0.0.0	Help
Enter the serial IP port number (1024-64535):	1412	Help
Enter the maximum packet size in bytes (1-1024):	1	Help
Enter the number of milliseconds (10-10000) of silence for packetization:		Help
Select whether to use delimiter character 1:		Help
Enter delimiter character 1 (00-ff hex):	00	Help
Select whether to use delimiter character 2;		Help
Enter delimiter character 2 (00-ff hex):	00	Help
Enter whether the terminal server should read/generate modem control lines:		Help
Previous	Next	

Figure 5: Serial Configuration Screen

### Data Bits

Select the number of data bits on the RS-232 connection to match your serial device.

#### Stop Bits

Select the number of stop bits on the RS-232 connection to match your serial device.

#### <u>Parity</u>

Select the parity of the RS-232 connection to match your serial device.



#### Flow Control

Select the type of data flow control used on the RS-232 connection. The ESTeem can support Hardware flow control (RTS/CTS control lines) or Software Flow Control (XON/XOFF). Select <u>None</u> if no serial flow control is necessary.

#### Maximum Bridge Links for Multicast Packets

This value sets the maximum number of Ethernet bridge links that the multicast packets will be sent through when used in a multi-point system. A multi-point serial network uses multicast packets (UDP) to send the data to more than one remote ESTeem. You want to limit the number of network bridge links that these UDP packets will be passed through to make the network more efficient.

If you are using multiple ESTeem repeater links to send the serial data to remote locations, the value for the <u>maximum</u> <u>bridge link</u> needs to be increased to a number greater than the longest repeater chain. For example, if you are using four repeater (peer) links to send the serial data between two or more sites the number will need to be five (5) or greater (Figure 4).

#### Destination IP Address

The ESTeem configured for the correct destination IP and port number will send and receive the serial data from another modem. Set the destination IP address for the ESTeem where the serial data will be sent. If sending to more than one ESTeem (Multipoint) set to a multicast address (i.e 224.0.0.1).

# Note: If you are using the ESTeem Horizon in a multipoint application (multicast), you must have default Gateway configured in the ESTeem set to the IP address of the Root Bridge modem.

#### Serial IP Port Number

The ESTeem configured for the correct destination IP and port number will send and receive the serial data from another modem. Set the IP port numbers to match where the serial data will be sent. The serial data will not be sent if both the IP address and port number is not correct.

#### Maximum Packet Size

This number represents the maximum size of the serial data packet in bytes. If the number of bytes of data in the serial port buffer exceeds the <u>maximum packet size</u> before the timer or delimiter character is reached, the ESTeem will send forward the serial packet. For example, if the <u>maximum packet size</u> is set to a value of 100, when the serial port receives 100 bytes the data will be sent through the wireless connection.

#### Number of Milliseconds for Packetization

This number represents the time the ESTeem will hold data in the serial data buffer before sending to the remote ESTeem. This feature is generally used if the serial data does not have a consistent packet length or delimiter character. For example, if the number of milliseconds is set to a value of 10 the ESTeem will monitor the incoming serial data stream and any break in characters longer than 10 milliseconds will cause the data will be sent through the wireless connection.

#### Delimiter Characters

Enabling and specifying a delimiter character will transmit the data in the serial buffer when the delimiter character is recognized in the serial data stream. There are two unique delimiter characters that can be configured and enabled independently.

#### Terminal Server Control Lines

Enabling this feature will allow the ESTeem in the Terminal Server mode to read and generate modem control lines to the connected device.



# CHAPTER 6 SERIAL APPLICATIONS

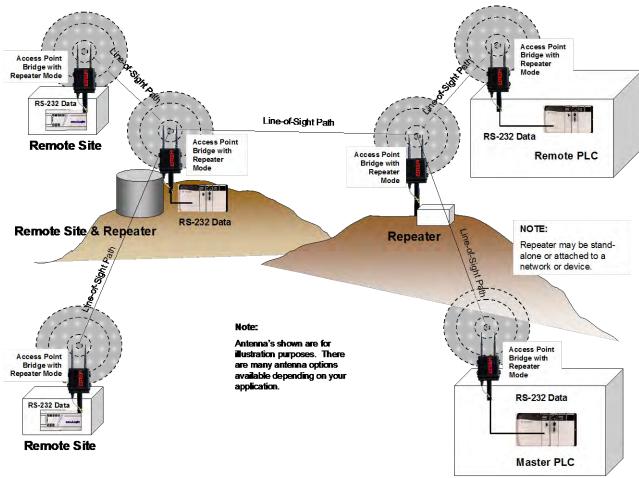


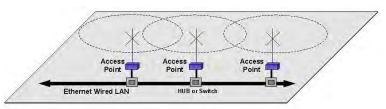
Figure 6: Serial Full Redirector Example



# **CHAPTER 7 REPEATING FEATURES**

To increase the wireless network's area of coverage for both indoor and outdoor applications, the Horizon utilizes a custom repeating feature that allows increased coverage areas without the added expense of hard cabling or adding an additional point to point radio link.

Access Point (AP) network, all of the APs have to be



With a conventional IEEE 802.11g or 802.11a Figure 1: Conventional Access Point Diagram

interfaced to a common network either by hardwire, see Figure 1, or a separate, dedicated RF backbone. The Model Horizon can create this RF backbone, bridge Ethernet networks connected to the wired Ethernet port and provide the wireless canopy for 802.11 clients simultaneously.

When programmed in any of the three Access Point (AP) Repeater Modes, the Model Horizon will create a wireless network with other Model Horizon units in radio range that are programmed in the AP Repeater Peer table during setup. This feature adds the increased functionality of repeaters to the typical Ethernet Bridge configuration.

### **ESTEEM MESH NETWORK**

One of the most powerful features of the AP Repeater Mode is the ability to input multiple communication routes and designate the priority for each of these routes to create a wireless Mesh network. The ESTeem Horizon will automatically change communication routes in the network if a route has failed. The new route will be based upon the priority level set during configuration. This wireless Meshing technology allows the RF network to "self-heal" if any of the communication paths fail.

The routing priority is manually set during the configuration of the Horizon. A manual path configuration is far superior to standard "selfdiscovery" networks, because you have direct control over the best RF paths and can easily identify any failed routes for easy troubleshooting. For example, Figure 2 shows a typical wireless Ethernet system used in the Water/Waste Water Industry. The



Figure 2: Small Mesh Network Diagram

problem with a standard "self-discovery" Mesh network is the selection of routes. Notice that the communication between the Water Plant (Site A) and Pump Site D has a marginal link, but it is the most direct route between the Ethernet devices.

This scenario poses the question, which path will the network select? The ESTeem Mesh Network takes out the guessing games by allowing the user to select and prioritize all communication routes in the system. In our example we would want the primary link to go through Tank B (Repeater) and use the direct link only if this primary link fails. The following sections will show how this completed.

## Configuration

The configuration of the repeater paths is completed during setup of the Access Point modes. All three Access Point modes support repeating and Meshing features. The Mesh network configuration using the ESTeem Network Configuration (ENC) Utility is shown in detail in Chapter 3 of this User's Manual.



# CHAPTER 7 REPEATING FEATURES

You can also configure the Mesh networking directly through the web configuration setup (Chapter 5). Figure 3 shows an example repeater peer table from the setup menus. For an Horizon to communicate with another Horizon, select <u>Yes</u> must at *Enable Repeater Capability*. Next, the Wireless LAN (WLAN) MAC address of each Model Horizon that will have direct communications must be added to the Repeater Peer List. Finally, *enabling the link* allows the corresponding Horizon to be included in the communication routing. Mobile clients do not require input in the repeater peer table. If multiple Mesh routes are configured, you will also need to set the values for Priority and Path Costs (explained in Spanning Tree below). For multiple examples of repeater configurations, please refer to Chapter 3 of this user's manual.

ESTeem Web Configuration Manager				
pp Status Log	Setup Advanced Backup Restore SoftwareUpdate Reboot About			
	Setup - Add a Repeater Peer			
	To add a new repeater peer for the <b>wireless</b> LAN interface, enter the WLAN MAC address, the path length, the key type, the key and the rate set and click the "Create Repeater Peer" button.			
	Enter the WLAN MAC address: 00:04:3f:00:09:05			
	Enter a 48-bit MAC addres containing 6 colon separated hex bytes			
	Enter the path length (1-256): 1			
	Select the encryption type: O None O WEP 64-bit O WEP 128-bit O TKIP O CCMP			
	Select the repeater link encryption method. Note: the encryption method and key setting <u>must</u> be the same on <u>both</u> repeater peers.			
	Enter the encryption key: 11:22:33:44:55:66:77:88:99:00:aa:bb:cc:dd:ee			
	Enter the encryption key as a sequence of hexadecimal bytes (e.g. 0a:0b:1c:2d:3e). Key length: None=0 bytes, WEP64=5 bytes, WEP128=13 bytes, TKIP=32 bytes, CCMP=16 bytes.			
	Select link data rate: Dynamic 1 1 Mbps 2 Mbps 5.5 Mbps 6 Mbps 9 Mbps			
	Allow dynamic rate selection or select a specific data rate for this link to use. It is recommended, but not required, that the rate selections be the same on both peers.			
	Enable/disable link:   Enable  Disable			
	Enable/disable the repeater peer link. Enable must be selected for the repeaters to communicate.			
	Return to Repeater Setup Create Repeater Peer			

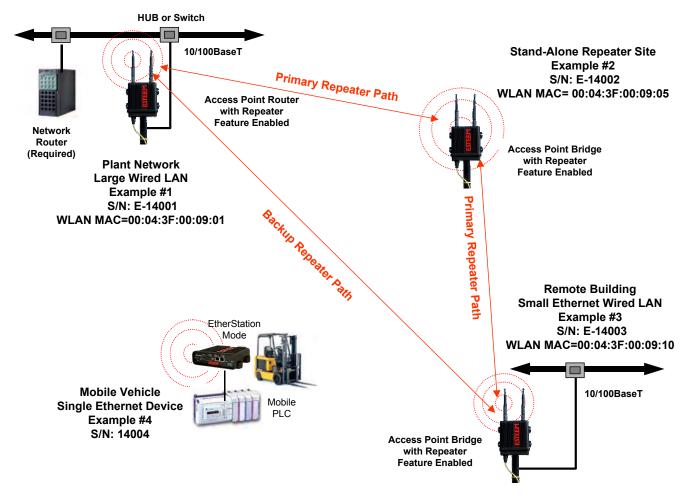
Figure 3: Repeater Configuration Example



## RAPID SPANNING TREE PROTOCOL (RSTP)

The ESTeem Model Horizon uses standard Ethernet Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) to determine the radio routing structure of the wireless network. The primary purpose of RSTP is to make sure that "network loops" are not created. A network loop is having two communication paths to the same destination where the remote device would receive the same data multiple times. If there were no way to control the data flow, this data would be constantly passed around this loop causing a "packet storm" that would shut down the entire network. The Spanning Tree Protocol will block all these redundant links.

The RSTP operation begins by determining which Ethernet device on the network will be the Root Bridge. All Ethernet networks have a Root Bridge that is selected by the lowest MAC address. All path costs are evaluated against this Root Bridge device to determine routing and which paths will be blocked. On a wired Ethernet network, the location of the Root Bridge is not really important, but in a wireless network selection of the Root Bridge is critical to the wireless network routing. Let's use one of the Example network diagrams from Chapter 3 to continue the discussion (Figure 4).



#### Figure 4: Programming Example #1 Diagram



#### **STP Phases**

The following sections describe the process of the STP in the ESTeem Model Horizon as how it would happen in the above example.

<u>Learning Phase</u> - Once properly configured, each Model Horizon will begin to search out the other Model Horizon units in radio range that are programmed in the AP Repeater Peer table. All Model Horizon's will calculate their routes to every Model Horizon in the network based upon the lowest "path length" to the Root Bridge. Path length is the total number of wireless links (repeater peer links) to transmit a packet through the wireless network to the Root Bridge. *Note: The Root Bridge in a network should be the Model Horizon where the majority of the data flow is processed*. In every wireless network of two or more radios, the Root Bridge should be user defined. If not defined, the Horizon with the lowest MAC address will be designated as the Root Bridge.

In Figure 4, the Plant network (Example 1) is the most logical location for the Root Bridge based upon the amount of data flow. Setting this site as the root bridge is discussed below in Root Bridge.

<u>Blocking and Forwarding Phase</u> – To ensure you do not have a network loop situation due to redundant paths in your wireless network, the Model Horizon will recognize and disable (block) one or more redundant links and provide back up links should the primary link fail. This establishes a wireless mesh network with a series of forwarding links, based upon the shortest path length to the Root Bridge.

For example, looking at Figure 4, the Remote Building has two routes to the Root Bridge (Plant Network – Example #1); directly to the site and through the repeater. The direct link between the two sites is the shortest route (lowest Path Length) and will be selected as the primary route unless overridden by manually changing the Path Length in the configuration.

## Path Length

If more than one communication path to the Root Bridge is found, the Horizon must determine which route to take based upon the lowest Path Length. The default path length to all links in the Horizon network is 1. If the Path Lengths are equal then the lowest MAC address will determine the priority route. In the ESTeem Mesh Network we want to directly control all data flow so do **not** want the routes to be automatically determined.

Looking again at our Example in Figure 4, if we made no changes to the default path length of 1 (note values in Figure 3) the lowest path cost would be direct from the Remote Building to the Root Bridge (Plant Network).

Link Description	Total Path Length	
Direct from Remote Building	1	
Remote Build to Root Bridge Through Repeater	2 (Length 1 to repeater + Length 1 to Master = 2)	

To configure the Horizon to select the repeater as the primary radio path, set the path length value for the direct link greater than 2 (such as a value of 3) to make this the primary radio path. The lowest path length will identify the highest priority. The Model Horizon will use this routing, but also switch to direct communication if the repeater were to disappear.

#### Root Bridge

In any Access Point Repeater network consisting of more than two sites, one Model Horizon should be designated as the Root Bridge. Only one Model Horizon can be designated as the Root Bridge in a given network and should be located where the majority of the Ethernet data flow is processed. This site may be the Master location in a SCADA network or could be configured at a repeater site. Selection is important because all Model Horizon's **NOT** configured as the Root Bridge will choose routing based upon the Path Length to the Root Bridge. If you have any question as to



which site in your AP Repeater application should be the Root Bridge, contact ESTeem Customer Support at 509-735-9092 or e-mail your application to <u>support@esteem.com</u>.

The Root Bridge will be selected in one of two ways: the Root Bridge can be manually set (recommended) during the configuration of the Repeater Peer table (Figure 3) **or** the Root Bridge designation will default to the lowest MAC address of all the Model Horizon's in the network. The manual Root Bridge configuration is located in the "Advanced Settings" section.

#### **Redundant Backup**

The ESTeem Model Horizon configured in Access Point Repeater mode will automatically function as a redundant backup if two Model Horizon's are installed at the same location (Figure 7). If two Model Horizon's are connected to the same switch, one of the Model Horizon's will be **Blocked** when the Spanning Tree Protocol is completed. The network will continue to use this route until any problem with the original Model Horizon is detected and the second Model Horizon will begin operation at that site.

#### **Redundant Master Configuration**

The configuration in Figure 7 will also provide a redundant backup for the Master Site (Root Bridge). Configure both Model Horizon's as Root Bridges (see above) giving the primary Root Bridge a value of 1 and the secondary Root Bridge a value of 2.

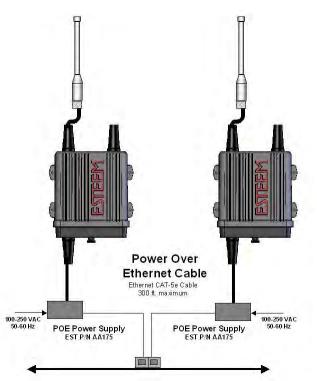


Figure 7: Redundant Backup Diagram



# 216An ANTENNA AND CABLE CONFIGURATIONS (POLE MOUNT)

ESTeem offers different types of antennas for both indoor and outdoor configurations. To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be chosen so that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that permitted for successful communication.

This radio transmitter ESTeem 216An has been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below with the maximum permissible gain and required antenna impedance for each antenna type indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Le present emetteur radio ESTeem 216An a ete approuve par Industrie Canada pour fonctionner avec les types d'antenne enumeres ci-dessous et ayant un gain admissible maximal et l'impedance requise pour chaque type d'antenne. Les types d'antenne non inclus dans cette liste, ou dont le gain est superieur au gain maximal indique, sont strictement interdits pour l'exploitation de l'emetteur.

Warning: Only the tested cable lengths and antennas provided by EST meet the FCC maximum peak output power requirements. Any other combination of antennas or coax cables is not authorized. This device has been designed to operate in a pole mount configuration with the antennas listed below, having a maximum gain of 6 dB in a multi-point system or 15dB in a point to point network. Antennas not included in this list or having a gain greater 6 dB in a multi-point system or 15dB in a point to point network are strictly prohibited for use with this device. The required antenna impedance is 50 ohms.

#### Part Number: AA20DMEg

- Omni-directional direct mount antenna, 5 dBi gain.
- Indoor and outdoor applications.
- There must be a minimum separation distance of 24 cm. from the antenna to the user. See Warnings.

#### Part Number: AA203Eg

- Directional pole mount antenna, 6 dBi gain with 3ft. integral feedline and connector.
- Point to point and point to multi-point outdoor applications.
- Antenna port B is not used in this configuration.
- There must be a minimum separation distance of 24 cm. from the antenna to the user. See Warnings.

#### Part Number: AA204Eq.1

- Directional pole mount antenna, 15 dBi gain with 3-ft. integral feedline and connector.
- Point to point applications only.
- Maximum Output Power of 250mWatts (Power Level = Low Power)
- Antenna port B is not used in this configuration.
- There must be a minimum separation distance of 50 cm. from the antenna to the user. See Warnings.

Transmit/Receive Antenna Port 1 Receive Only Antenna Port 2



#### Warnings:

Only pre-made coax cables from the factory used in conjunction with either the AA203Eg or AA204Eg.1 directional antennas meet all FCC Section 15.247(b) EIRP maximum power requirements.

Use of the AA204Eg.1, directional antenna is limited to fixed point to point applications only. In accordance FCC Section 15.247(b)iii, this antenna must be professionally installed. The installer must ensure the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point applications and the ESTeem Horizon is set for 0.25 Watts output power (Power Level = Min).



### WEATHER PROOFING COAX CONNECTIONS

- 1. Lightly coat the threads of the connectors with silicone lubricant prior to assembly (See Note 1) and hand tighten. Make sure to use the silicon sparingly so when assembled, any excess does not get on center conductor. Care should be taken not to get any lubricant on the center conductor.
- 2. Wrap the connector assembly with a non-adhesive silicone tape, EST part number AA243, for weather proofing (See Note 2 and instructions below).
  - a) Clean surface to be wrapped. Cut off length to be used.
  - b) Peel back a short length of protective film. Keep tape clean and dry.
  - c) Begin with one complete overlap of tape onto itself.
  - d) STRETCH CoaxWrap while continuing to wrap object with "half-laps", removing clear film as you go (Figure 1). For greater pressure resistance, use 2 or more tightly wrapped layers.
  - e) End of tape at final wrap should be completely positioned onto itself.

Note: CoaxWrap's bond begins to cure immediately upon contact with itself. Repositioning or removal is not recommended after 2 minutes of wrapping.

3. Apply an electrical coating (sealing agent), over the vapor barrier patch for added protection (See Note 3).

NOTES:

- 1. Dow Corning RTV-3140 or equivalent.
- 2. CoaxWrap, CW10B or equivalent.
- 3. SCOTCHKOTE, 3-M Company, or equivalent.

#### ANTENNA DIVERSITY

The dual diversity antenna configuration on the ESTeem Model 216An allows the radio to operate more efficiently in areas with high reflections (such as indoors or in a city) without direct line of sight (LOS) between the antennas. One of the most difficult conditions to control in a radio system is the effect of a destructive reflected radio signal called mutipathing. Multipathing occurs when waves emitted by the transmitter travel along a different path and interfere destructively with waves traveling on a direct line-of-site path. The phenomenon occurs because waves traveling along different paths may be completely out of phase when they reach the antenna, thereby canceling each other out. The dual diversity antenna configuration places a physical distance between the antennas where one reflected signal will be out of phase, but the second will be not. The ESTeem Model 216An will sample both antennas and select the best receive signal.





### ANTENNA PORT SELECTION

The antenna ports on the Model 216An must be configured for either a single receive antenna (external mount antennas) or dual diversity antenna setup. To access the port configuration open ESTeem Web page using your computer's Web Browser as per instructions in Chapter 5. Select Advanced from the menu items and Radio Settings-wlan0 device (Figure 1).

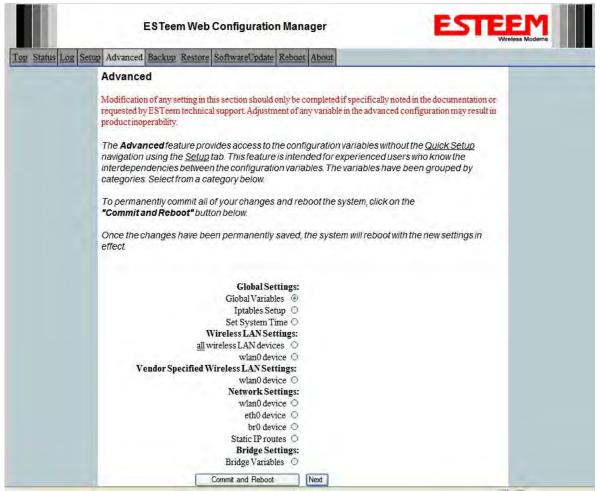


Figure 2: Advanced Settings Menu



Press the next button and wlan0 configuration menu will be displayed. The receive antenna is configured by selecting the wlan0\_dot11CurrentRXAntenna drop down (Figure 3) and selecting the receive antenna. A value of 0 = Dual diversity (Both antenna Ports A & B will be used to receive). A value of 1 = Single receive source (Antenna Port A only).

wlan0\_dot11CurrentRxAntenna:



Select the antenna to use for receive 1 = AntennaPort 1 2 = AntennaPort 2 0 = Both (Dual Diversity)

Figure 3: Receive Antenna Settings Menu



### ASSEMBLING THE AA195PM TWO HOLE OUTDOOR POLE MOUNTING KIT

The AA195PM mounting kit contains everything required for pole mounting and weatherproofing the ESTeem Model 216Ang for outdoor installations. The 216Ang with AA195PM mounting kit can be directly mounted to a round pole from 1.25" to a diameter of 2.25" OD. Any mounting structure greater than 2" requires hose clamp strapping run through the Pole Mount Brackets. The mounting kit requires the following assembly:

1. If you purchased an AA195PM mounting kit with your Model 216Ang, the kit will be packed in the same packing box as the ESTeem (Figure 4).

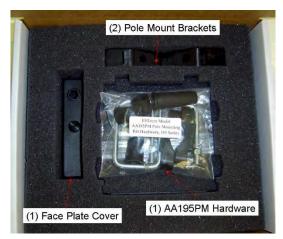
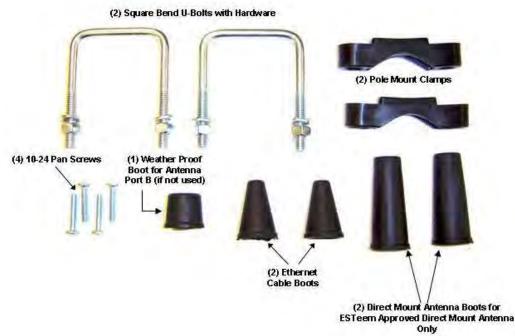




Figure 4: Packet Box Contents

2. Remove and inventory the two (2) Pole Mounting Brackets, one (1) Two-Hole Face Plate Cover (with single port cover installed), one (1) Heat Shield and (1) AA195PM Hardware bag from the packing box (Figure 4). Report any







# CHAPTER 8 ANTENNA SETUPS

missing or damaged items to ESTeem Customer Support (Phone 509-735-9092) as soon as possible for replacement.

3. Inventory the AA195PM Hardware bag for all the components listed in Figure 5.

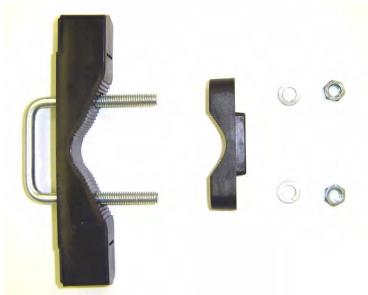


Figure 6: Pole Mount Assembly

- 4. Assemble the two Pole Mounting Brackets with the included U-bolts, hardware and Pole Mount Clamps. Reference Figure 6.
- 5. Place the four supplied 10-24 x 1" Phillips Pan Head screws through the mounting holes of the Heat Shield and attach to the top of the ESTeem 216Ang (Figure 7).



# CHAPTER 8 ANTENNA SETUPS

6. Attach the two Pole Mounting Brackets to the ESTeem Model 216Ang with the 10-24 x 1" Phillips Pan Head screws through the top of the heat shield. Reference Figure 8 (Heat Shield removed for detail).

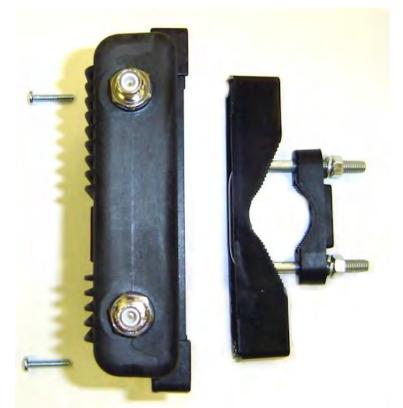


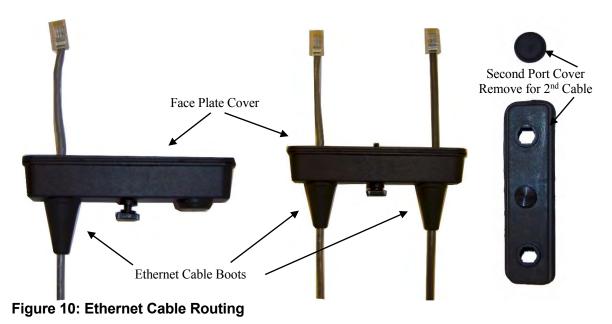
Figure 8: Pole Mount Connection to Case



Figure 7: Heat Shield Attachment



- 7. Assemble the outdoor rated CAT-5e Ethernet cable (Not Provided) with the supplied Ethernet Cable Boot (Figure 9).
- 8. Feed the CAT-5e Ethernet connector(s) through the Face Plate Cover and secure the Ethernet Cable Boot to the cover. Reference Figure 10.



NOTE: The Ethernet cable boot must be installed before the RJ-45 end is installed. If using the ESTeem AA09.1



Figure 11: Face Plate Cover Strain Relief

outdoor Ethernet cable, verify that the Ethernet cable boot end is routed toward the ESTeem 216Ang.

- 9. Route the CAT-5e Ethernet cable through the molded strain-relief fins in the Face Plate Cover (Figure 11) to secure the cable and provide strain-relief for the connector. If a second Ethernet cable is installed, remove the second port cover and route cable.
- 10. Plug the CAT-5e Ethernet cable to the Model 216Ang's Ethernet port and secure the Face Plate Cover with the attached thumb screw. Verify that the weatherproof seal on the Face Plate Cover is sealed against the outer rim of the Model 216Ang. Reference Figure 12.
- 11. Attach the antenna connector boots as show in Figure 13 for either dual attached antennas or external antennas. You are now ready to mount the ESTeem Model 216Ang

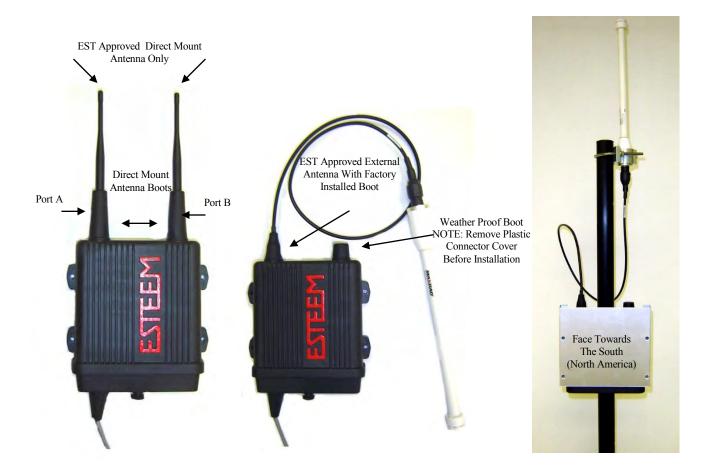




# CHAPTER 8 ANTENNA SETUPS



Cover Installed on ESTeem



SAng requires the use of weatherproof boots. Improper io failure.

ically with the antenna ports on top.



# 216An POLE MOUNT GROUNDING PROCEEDURES

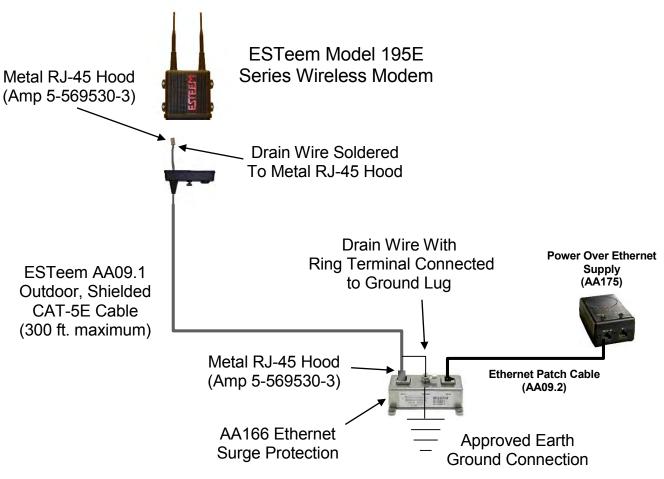
Mounting the 216An series radio modem outdoors requires proper grounding procedures to prevent damage to both the radio hardware and the connected Ethernet and Serial peripherals. The case on the 216An series wireless modem is electrically conductive, but the AA195 Pole Mount kit provides isolation from the connected structure. To bring the 216An case to a ground potential with Earth ground and eliminate any static buildup on the case itself, the shield on the Ethernet cable is used to provide the ground connection.

#### Outdoor Ethernet Cable

A critical component of this grounding protection system is the ESTeem AA09.1 outdoor, shielded CAT-5E Ethernet cable. This cable provides three, necessary elements; Ethernet data, DC Power over Ethernet (PoE) applications, and a ground from the 216An case to the AA166 surge protector. The Ethernet cable is outdoor rated and protected from UV breakdown.

#### Installation

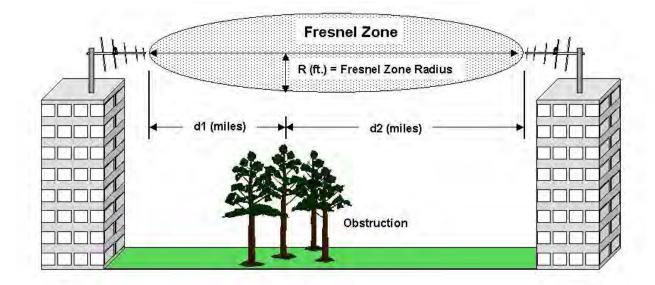
The following diagram outlines all the critical components and connections in the 216An series system. The Earth ground connection to the surge protector must be installed to comply with local Electrical code requirements.



### Figure 14: Pole Mount Installation Diagram



#### FRESNEL ZONE



### Figure 15: Fresnel Zone Diagram

The Fresnel zone shows the ellipsoid spread of the radio waves around the visual line-of-sight after they leave the antenna (see Figure 15). This area must be clear of obstructions or the signal strength will be reduced due to signal blockage. Typically, 20% Fresnel Zone blockage introduces little signal loss to the link. Beyond 40% blockage, signal loss will become significant. This calculation is based on a *flat earth*. It does not take into account the curvature of the earth. It is recommended for RF path links greater than 7 miles to have a microwave path analysis done that takes the curvature of the earth and the topography of the terrain into account.

Fresnel Zone Radius = 72.1 SQRT [(d1d2) / (F (d1 + d2)]

#### Units

Fresnel Zone Radius in feet. d1 and d2 in statue miles F in GHz



# **INFORMATION TO USERS**

The ESTeem Horizon complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

#### Note to User:

Changes or modifications to this equipment not expressly approved by ESTeem Wireless Modems for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

# Other Information

#### Model 216An

Direct Sequence/OFDM Spread Spectrum Device (USA) FCC ID: **ENPEST216AN** (Canada) IC No: **2163A-216AN** 

The equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.



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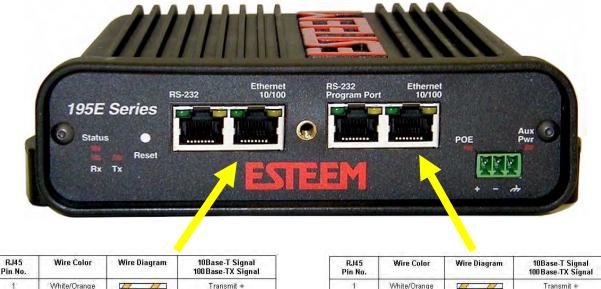
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<u>WASHINGTON</u> Seattle Office (ST) 11410 NE 122<sup>nd</sup> Way Room 312 Kirkland, WA 98034-6927



# ETHERNET INTERFACE

The ESTeem Horizon's Ethernet Port is a Full and Half-Duplex Auto-negotiation interface supporting both 10 Mbps and 100 Mbps (10/100BaseT). The Ethernet port is compliant with IEEE 802.3at-2009 Power Over Ethernet Plus (PoE+) to provide both data and power over the same CAT-5E grade Ethernet cable. The port is compatible with TIA/EIA-568B cable configuration (Figure 1).



Pin No.			100 Base-TX Signal
1	White/Orange	127 12	Transmit +
2	Orange		Transmit -
3	White/Green		Receive +
4	Blue		Unused
5	White/Blue		Unused
6	Green		Receive -
7	White/Brown		Unused
8	Brown		Unused

RJ45 Pin No.	Wire Color	Wire Diagram	10Base-T Signal 100Base-TX Signal
1	White/Orange	11 17 1	Transmit +
2	Orange		Transmit -
З	White/Green		Receive +
4	Blue		+ Power
5	White/Blue		+ Power
6	Green		Receive -
7	White/Brown		- Power
8	Brown	100 at	- Power

#### Figure 1: Ethernet Pin Layout

A second Ethernet port is included with the ESTeem Horizon. This second Ethernet port can be configured to bridge to the primary Ethernet port or configured to communicate on the Wireless or Ethernet side of the Horizon in router mode.



# CONFIGURING DHCP SERVER

The ESTeem Horizon Ethernet port supports both client and server Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP). Figure 2 shows the DHCP host configuration screen that will be shown if DHCP server is selected in the setup screens. Enter the values that match the DHCP configuration for your network.

EST195E Web Config	guration Manager	ESTEEM
Top Status Log Setup Advanced Backup Restore SoftwareUpdate B	Reboot About	
Setup		
This page configures a DHCP server on the <b>br0</b>	) interface.	
The following fields are the configuration parame	eters that the DHCP server will return to DHCP clients.	
Selected Mode of Operation	AP Bridge	
DHCP Services.	Server	
DHCP interface:	brû	
Enter the local domain name for the network	Help	
Enter the IP address of the device on your network running as the primary DNS server		
Enter the IP address of the device on your network running as the secondary DNS server		
Enter the network netmask	255.255.0.0	
Enter the broadcast ${ m I\!P}$ address for the network	172.16.255.255	
Enter the starting IP address for the lease block of IP addresses		
Enter the ending IP address for the lease block of IP addresses	172.16.255.254	
Enter the IP address for the default gateway	172.16.8.189	
Enter the time period (in seconds) at which the DHCP server will write out leases file	600	
Enter the time period (in seconds) that a lease will be issued		
Previous	Next	

Figure 2: DHCP Server Configuration



# RS-232C PROGRAMMING PORT CONFIGURATION

The ESTeem Horizon has a proprietary RS-232C interface in a RJ-45 connector on the front panel. To interface the Horizon to the serial port on the computer, you need ESTeem cable AA0621 that combines a standard Ethernet patch cable to a 9-pin Female adapter.

The serial port on the ESTeem Horizon can be used to access the configuration menu in the ESTeem for system and network configuration. The ESTeem communications port operates at 38,400 bps, No Parity, 8 Data Bits and 1 Stop Bit (38,400,N,8,1). Configure your terminal program to match these settings.



**Horizon Serial Port Interface** 

# **RS-232 PROGRAMMING PORT PIN-OUT TABLE**

ESTeem Model AA0621 RS-232C Port Pin-Out Table

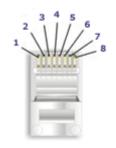
RJ-45 Pin No.	Function	DB-9 Pin No.
4	Signal Ground (GND)	5
5	Receive Data (RxD)	2
6	Transmit Data (TxD)	3

# **RS-232C DATA PORT CONFIGURATION**

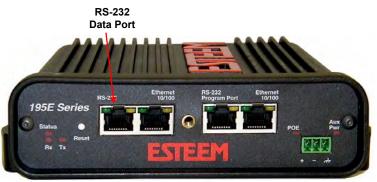
The ESTeem Horizon has an RS-232C data interface in a RJ-45 connector on the front panel. See Chapter 6 for further information on serial data port configuration. To interface the Horizon to the serial port on the computer, you need serial cable with the following pin-out:

#### ESTeem Model AA0621 RS-232C Port Pin-Out Table

RJ-45	Function	DB-9
Pin No.		Pin No.
1	Data Set Ready (DSR)	6
2	Data Carrier Detect (DCD)	1
3	Data Terminal Ready (DTR)	4
4	Signal Ground (GND)	5
5	Receive Data (RxD)	2
6	Transmit Data (TxD)	3
7	Clear to Sent (CTS)	8
8	Request to Sent (RTS)	7



**Ethernet Pin-out** 



Horizon Serial Data Port Interface



# HORIZON FREQUENCIES OF OPERATION

In a wireless Ethernet network all of the ESTeem Horizon must be set to the same radio frequency of operation (channel) and bandwidth. The following table shows the channels and corresponding frequencies of operation for each model of ESTeem. The frequency of operation is selectable when configuring the mode of operation of the Horizon (reference Chapter 3).

Channel Number	Frequency	Bandwidths
	Model 216An	
1	2412 MHz	20/40 MHz
2	2417 MHz	20/40 MHz
3	2422 MHz	20/40 MHz
4	2427 MHz	20/40 MHz
5	2432 MHz	20/40 MHz
6	2437 MHz	20/40 MHz
7	2442 MHz	20/40 MHz
8	2447 MHz	20/40 MHz
9	2452 MHz	20/40 MHz
10	2457 MHz	20/40 MHz
11	2462 MHz	20/40 MHz

#### Figure 1: Radio Frequency Channel Selection

# **RF COMMUNICATIONS DATA RATE**

The RF data rate of the Horizon can be programmed for operation at multiple data rates. The RF data rate can be set for a fixed rate or a specific range that is dynamically scaled by the Horizon from monitoring the received signal quality. Dynamic scaling means that the Horizon will operate at the highest RF data rate that is programmed into unit. If the received data quality drops below the required minimums for reliable communications, the Horizon will reduce the data rate to the next lowest step to increase signal quality. Conversely if the signal quality increases above the minimums the Horizon will increase the RF data rate the next highest level.

The ESTeem Horizon is set at the lan0\_OPRATES: 🗹 Use default rate set factory to operate at maximized  $\Box 1 \Box 2$ scaling speed data rates and should □ 5.5 □ 11 □ 6 □ 9 □ 12 □ 18 not need adjustment. The RF Data Rate is programmed in the Horizon 24 36 48 🗆 54 through the Advanced Select the set of data rates that the radio may Menu>Wireless LAN transmit. These rates are used when transmitting Settings>Wlan0 Device and the frames to a single peer value for wlan0 OPRATES:. In the At least one checkbox must be checked to example shown in Figure 3 the RF change the settings. If all Date Rate is programmed to dynamic boxes are unchecked, the rate set will remain scale all data rates to 54 Mbps unchanged. If Use default rate set is selected, all (recommend factory default setting). other boxes are ignored. Note: All possible data To set the values for the data rate. rates are presented here check the box next to the listed data Not all rates are valid for all conditions. If an invalid rate to enable this rate for operation. rate set is selected the rate set will be corrected or reset to the default value during the next radio initialization

Figure 2: Advanced Data Rate Selection



# SETTING RF POWER LEVEL

The ESTeem Horizon peak power is adjustable in output power from the advanced configuration menu. The output power is adjusted on the **Advanced Menu>Wireless LAN Settings>Wlan0 Device** screen (Figure 4) of the Web Configuration Manager. Select the value and press the *Save Settings* button.

Max (Maximum)	Full Power
Hi (High)	75% Power
Lo (Low)	50% Power
Min (Minimum)	25% Power

ESTeem Web Configuration Manager					
Status Log S	etup Advanced Backup Restore	SoftwareUpdate Reboot About			
	Advanced				
			if specifically noted in the documentation or in the advanced configuration may result in		
	navigation using the Setur	tab. This feature is intended for e n the configuration variables. The	variables without the <u>Quick Setup</u> xperienced users who know the evariables have been grouped by		
	To permanently commit all "Commit and Reboot" but	of your changes and reboot the s ton below.	system, click on the		
	Once the changes have be effect.	en permanently saved, the syste	em will reboot with the new settings in		
		Global Settings:			
		Global Variables			
		Set System Time O			
		Vireless LAN Settings:			
		vireless LAN devices 🛇			
	Tarrier de la Carteria	wlan0 device 🔿			
	Vendor Specified	Vireless LAN Settings:			
		wlan0 device O			
		Network Settings: wlan0 device O			
		eth0 device O			
		br0 device O			
		Static IP routes O			
		Bridge Settings:			
		Bridge Variables O			
	_	Commit and Reboot Next			

Figure 4: Advanced Global Variables

wlan0_POWER_LEVEL Max で High で Low で	Select power level for wlan0 attenuator
Min (* wlan0 Radio On On	Turn transmitter on continuously. The device will automatically reboot after the transmitter has been on for 10 seconds.
Return to Advanced Save Settings	aben della carli contrallativa.





# **OVERVIEW**

The security for the ESTeem Horizon, like all network security, must be multi-layered. One level of security is never enough to make sure that data does not end up in the wrong hands. Please review the following security levels and decide what is the most appropriate for your network.

# AES-CCMP (802.11i and WPA-2)

AES-CCMP (Advanced Encryption Standard-Counter Mode CBC-MAC Protocol) is the encryption algorithm used in the IEEE 802.11i and WPA-2 security protocols. This national encryption standard uses a 128 bit-AES block cipher and CCMP technique to ensure the highest level of security and integrity available on a wireless network. AES-CCMP incorporates two sophisticated cryptographic techniques (counter mode and CBC-MAC) and adapts them to Ethernet frames to provide a robust security protocol between the mobile client and the access point. AES itself is a very strong cipher, but counter mode makes it difficult for an eavesdropper to spot patterns, and the CBC-MAC message integrity method ensures that messages have not been tampered with. The ESTeem Horizon is compatible as either an Access Point or client in either WPA2 or IEEE 802.11i security systems.

#### Wi-Fi Protected Access 2 with Preshared Key (WPA2 PSK)

WPA2 PSK uses a common passphrase (preshared key) between the Access Point (AP) and the client to begin a secure communication session. This passphrase must be entered exactly the same in both the Access Point and the client. This passphrase is used to authenticate communication session between the AP and client to begin the secure wireless networking session.

#### Wi-Fi Protected Access 2 with Enterprise Server (WPA Enterprise)

Like WPA2 PSK, WPA2 Enterprise verifies the authenticity of the Access Point and client, but uses an 802.1x backend authentication server handling the authentication decision. The most commonly type of authentication server is a RADIUS server. The ESTeem Horizon can be configured to operate with an established RADIUS server on the network.

### WPA

#### Wi-Fi Protected Access with Preshared Key (WPA PSK)

WPA, which uses 802.1x, was introduced in 2003 to improve on the authentication and encryption features of WEP. All authentication is handled within this access point device. WPA has two significant advantages over WEP:

- 1. An encryption key differing in every packet. The TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol) mechanism shares a starting key between devices. Each device then changes their encryption key for every packet. It is extremely difficult for hackers to read messages even if they have intercepted the data.
- 2. Certificate Authentication (CA) can be used, blocking a hacker posing as a valid user.

#### Wi-Fi Protected Access with Enterprise Server (WPA Enterprise)

Like WPA PSK, WPA Enterprise verifies the authenticity of the Access Point and client, but uses an 802.1x backend authentication server handling the authentication decision. The most commonly type of authentication server is a RADIUS server. The ESTeem Horizon can be configured to operate with an established RADIUS server on the network.

WPA is server/client relationship from a software driver on a computer's wireless LAN (WLAN) card to an Access Point. The scope of WPA is limited in use to this configuration only. The ESTeem Horizon can support WPA Enterprise and PSK as an Access Point, but the level of security on the Bridging layer is configured separately.



# 128-BIT WEP

The 128 WEP uses a particular algorithm called RC4 encryption to encode and decode traffic that is based on a 104-bit encryption key and a 24-bit Initialization Vector (IV). RC4 starts with a relatively short encryption key (104 bits) that is expanded into a nearly infinite stream of keys to accompany the stream of packets.

The basic concept of RC4 is good, but the way it's implemented in WEP leaves it open to compromise. The researchers that test the integrity of the system usually focus on one piece of the implementation, the Initialization Vector (IV).

The IV (24 bits) is the algorithm component that's supposed to keep expanded keys from repeating. From the researcher's point of view, a high-volume access point is mathematically guaranteed to reuse the same key stream at least once a day. When this happens, it's called an IV collision this becomes a soft spot to enter the system.

The researchers aren't saying that it's easy to break into the system, or that it's being done on a regular basis, only that it is possible and administrators should consider ways to reduce the possibility

# ACCESS CONTROL LIST (ACL)

The ACL is one of the simplest yet most secure methods of network security. The ACL is a configurable MAC filter in the Model 192E that can be set to allow specific MAC address on the wireless network by individual address or address ranges. The same filter can also be set to reject individual MAC addresses or address ranges.

The MAC address is a unique, 6 hexadecimal field address assigned at the manufacturer that can not be changed. The MAC address is traceable through the IEEE governing body to the manufacturer and is the "fingerprint" for all Ethernet devices.

Using a combination of both the WPA or 128-Bit WEP encryption and the ACL filter provide the ESTeem an extremely secure wireless networking layer.

# DISABLING BROADCAST PROBES AND HIDING SSID

A simple but very effective way of securing a network is to make the network difficult to find. By disabling broadcast probes and hiding the Service Set Identification (SSID), wireless and network "sniffers" will not be able to find your ESTeem Horizon network. To gain access to the wireless network, you would be required to have the SSID and all security loaded in the WLAN card software prior to entering the network.

# **PROPRIETARY BRIDGE COMMUNICATION**

Although the ESTeem Horizon is compatible with the open communication standards IEEE 802.11g and 802.11b, the repeater communication between the units is a proprietary communication link. No other manufacturer of wireless hardware can access the ESTeem repeater network when bridging between Ethernet networks. This proprietary communication layer, in combination with the other security settings, allows you as the user to reject wireless clients into the network if so desired. When used in conjunction with the Access Control List the 802.11g and 802.11b client access can be removed.

The security level of the bridge communication link is configurable for 64-Bit WEP, 128-Bit WEP or TKIP and is completely independent of the client access level or any other communication link level. For example, an ESTeem Horizon can be configured for WPA Enterprise for client level access, communicate to another ESTeem Horizon using a TKIP bridge link and also communicate 128-Bit WEP to our older ESTeem Model 192E radio modems all running simultaneously.



# MASQUERADE MODES

When the ESTeem Horizon is configured in either the Access Point Masquerade or the Client Masquerade modes, the wireless modem functions as a network firewall. If access to the wired network is the greatest concern, place the ESTeem in the Masquerade mode and the wireless network will be completely isolated from the wired Ethernet network.

# **INCREASING NETWORK SECURITY**

The following are a few suggestions to help improve the overall security of your wireless network:

- 1. Enable the security. If you research all of the articles regarding hackers, they have gotten into the user's network due to the security not being enabled.
- 2. Set the ACL filter to include only those MAC address of the wireless Ethernet device being used on the network.
- 3. Make sure the keys are not reused in your company, since reuse increases the statistical likelihood that someone can figure the key out and change the default password on your access point or wireless router
- 4. As a network administrator, you should periodically survey your company using a tool like NetStumbler to see if any "rogue" access points pop up within your company without authorization. All of your hard work to "harden" your wireless network could be wasted if a rogue AP was plugged into your network behind the firewall.
- 5. Many access points allow you to control access based on the MAC address of the NIC attempting to associate with it. If the MAC address of your NIC isn't in the table of the access point, you won't associate with it. And while it's true that there are ways of spoofing a MAC address that's been sniffed out of the air, it takes an additional level of sophistication to spoof a MAC address. The downside of deploying MAC address tables is that if you have a lot of access points, maintaining the tables in each access point could be time consuming. Some higher-end, enterprise-level access points have mechanisms for updating these tables across multiple access points of the same brand.
- 6. Consider using an additional level of authentication, such as Remote Access Dailin User Service (RADIUS), before you permit an association with your access points through WPA and WPA2 Enterprise.
- 7. If you're deploying a wireless router, think about assigning static IP addresses for your wireless NICs and turn off Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP). If you're using a wireless router and have decided to turn off DHCP, also consider changing the IP subnet. Many wireless routers default to the 192.168.1.0 network and use 192.168.1.1 as the default router.
- 8. Only purchase Access Points that have flashable firmware. There are a number of security enhancements that are being developed, and you want to be sure that you can upgrade your access point.
- 9. A simple security technique used by the military is to have the administrator periodically change the key for the system i.e. weekly, monthly, etc.



### **TESTING COMMUNICATION LINK**

After you have configured at least two of the Horizon wireless Ethernet modems for operation, you can verify communication with each the following steps:

#### Status Light

The quickest source of link status is to view the Status Light on the face of the Horizon (Figure 1). If the Status light is solid, the Horizon has a connection to another Horizon listed in the Peer Table.



#### Status Screen/Peer Table

Figure 1: Connection Status Light

To view detailed information on the status of the communication link (such as connection speed, signal strength and last update time) you can open the Status Screen from the Web Interface. After press the Status tab at the top of the screen the Status: Summary will be displayed showing the status of all ports and memory in the Horizon. Under the Wireless Status heading click on the <u>View Peer Table</u> (Figure 2). The Peer Table will list all other Wifi (Horizong and Horizona only) or mobile client wireless activity seen by the Horizon and how it is classified.

# Note: The data rate displayed is *not necessarily* indicative of the RF data rate between the ESTeems. The rate show in the Repeater Peer table will be the last RF packet, which could consist of either data, repeater beacon or network probes.

	EST195E W	eb Confi	iguration M	lana	ger ESTEEM
Top Status Log Set	p Advanced Backup Rest	ore Softwar	eUpdate Reb	oot A	.bout
	Status: Peer Table	1			
	This page is a summary address for more detail			for W.	LAN device wan0. Click on a given MAC
	Return to Status Summary .	Page Opp	oosite Mod	em's	s Wireless MAC
	Associated Stations None	/	Receive S	igna	al Strength (dBm)
	Repeater Peers	/		Las	st Packet Received
	MAC Addr	Signal	LastRx (sec@kbps)	Mode	mD
	00:04:31:00:09:66	-36	0@11000	Remo	Peer Modem ID
	Access Pomts				The second se
	MAC Addr	Signal	LastRx (sec@kbps)	Enc	SSID
	00:02:2d:03:2a:78	-70	0@2000	у	Other Access Points
	00:02:2d:3f:7d:d3	-89	8@2000	У	
	00:04:3f:00:09:66	-36	0@11000	y	ESTeem

Figure 2: Repeater Peer Table



<u>Repeater Peers</u> - The Peer Table will display all connected Horizons configured to repeat to this ESTeem by their Wireless (WLAN) MAC address.

<u>Received Signal Strength</u> – This is the first of the two numbers listed in the block. This signal strength value is listed in dBm.

Last RX – This is the time of the last received data packet. When monitoring the status menu, it is important to note the time the last transmission was updated so you are not looking at "stale" data.

<u>Current Data Rate</u> – This is the current speed the last data packet received by the Horizon. This may not be the data rate between the radio moderns. Note that the speed is listed in kbps, so that 11000 kbps is equal to 11 Mbps.

Note: The ESTeem Horizon uses spread spectrum technology that analyzes each data packet for signal strength and data quality (strength vs. noise). The higher your signal, the mare background noise you can sustain without causing degradation in the data transfer. This is also true for lower signal strengths with a very low background noise. These values are provided for guidance and if you have any questions about the values in your application, please contact ESTeem Customer Support at 509-735-9092 or e-mail your application to support@esteem.com.

Modem ID – This is Modem ID for the opposite repeater peer.



#### Viewing RF Data Rates

The value shown on the Peer Status Screen for data rate may not be the actual rate of the RF link. To view the link information, click on the Opposite Modems WLAN MAC address in the Repeater Peer list (Figure 2) and further link status information will be displayed (Figure 3).

	EST195E Web Configuration Manager
Top Status Log Set	p Advanced Backup Restore SoftwareUpdate Reboot About
	Status: Peer Info Summary
	This page is a summary view of a given WLAN peer. Click on the links below for more details about this peer.
	Return to Peer Table Page
	Detail Links and Summary Data for Peer 00:04:31:00:09:66
	View Peer Counters
	View Peer Statistics View Peer Rate Control Information
	View Peer Crypto Information
	View Peer Last Beacon
	View Peer Last Probe Response

Figure 3: Peer Summary Table

Once loaded, click on <u>View Peer Rate Control Information</u>. (Figure 4)

The value of the Current TX rate is the RF data rate between the two ESTeem Horizon.

EST195E Web Configuration Manager	15
Status Log Setup Advanced Backup Restore Software Update Reboot About	
Status: Peer Rate Control Info	
This page shows the status of the transmit rate control state machine for a given peer.	
Return to Peer Info Page	
TX Rate Control State for Peer 00:04:31:00:09:66	
Rates and Rateset:	
# Rates: 1 2 5.5 6 9 11 12 18 22 24 33 36 48 54	
# Rateset: X X X X X X X X X X X X	
Fixed on above rateset? : No	
Current Tx rate : 54.0 Mbps	
Seconds since last change : 0	

Figure 4: Rate Control Information



# SIGNAL STRENGTH VS DATA RATE

The average signal strength required to maintain a specific data rate will vary by ESTeem Horizon model and bandwidth. To review the required signal level and its effect from distance and hardware selected, please use the ESTeem RF Design program available from our web site (<u>www.esteem.com</u>). Please note that the data rates can be greatly affected by overall activity on the radio channel and the total background noise. These values should be used as a guide, but testing after installation is required.

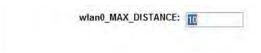
# LONG RANGE POINT TO POINT APPLICATIONS

The factory configuration on the Horizon is optimized for distances up to 10 miles. If your application has an RF link with a range greater than 10 miles, you will need to set the maximum range value on both ESTeem Horizon's on this communication link. To access the Maximum Distance value select **Advanced** from the top Menu then **Wireless LAN Settings>wlan0 device** and press the **Next** button (Figure 5).

Scroll down the menu list until you find the Maximum Distance variable (Figure 6). Enter the maximum distance of the connection in miles. At the bottom of the screen press **Return to Advanced** button and then **Commit and Reboot** button (Figure 5) to save the information.

	ESTeem Web Configuration Manager	
Top Status Log Set	up Advanced Backup Restore SoftwareUpdate Reboot About	
	Advanced	
	Modification of any setting in this section should only be completed if specifically noted in the documentation or requested by ESTeem technical support Adjustment of any variable in the advanced configuration may result in product inoperability.	
	The <b>Advanced</b> feature provides access to the configuration variables without the <u>Quick Setup</u> navigation using the <u>Setup</u> tab. This feature is intended for experienced users who know the interdependencies between the configuration variables. The variables have been grouped by categories. Select from a category below.	
	To permanently commit all of your changes and reboot the system, click on the "Commit and Reboot" button below.	
	Once the changes have been permanently saved, the system will reboot with the new settings in effect.	
	Global Settings:         Global Variables         Iptables Setup         Set System Time         Wireless LAN Settings:         all wireless LAN device         Wand device         Vendor Specified Wireless LAN Settings:         wland device         Network Settings:         wland device         Static Dr routes         Bridge Settings:         Bridge Settings:	
_	Commit and Reboot Next	

Figure 5: Advanced Features Screen



Enter the max distance between nodes in miles (0-17)

#### Figure 6: Maximum Distance Value Entry



# **TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS**

#### General (Applicable to All Modes of Operation)

<u>Where do I find the latest firmware version number?</u> – We have the latest version number of the Horizon firmware listed on the ESTeem Web site (<u>www.esteem.com</u>) under the Horizon product page.

<u>How and when do I update the Horizon firmware?</u> - You should only update the Horizon firmware if you are having a specific problem and it is recommended that you do so by ESTeem Customer Support personnel. All the update instructions and files are located on the ESTeem FTP site at the following address: <u>ftp://www.esteem.com/Horizon</u>

<u>Do all firmware versions have to be the same to communicate between the Horizon?</u> – It is not necessary for all the firmware versions to be the same revision to communication, but the later version may have added features that the other versions will not recognize.

What characters are valid for WEP Key entry? - Only the Hexadecimal characters 0-9 and A-F are valid for key entry.

<u>What ESTeem Utility version is required to program the Horizon?</u> – The ESTeem Utility program is not required to program the Horizon. The Horizon can be programmed using any Terminal Emulation program (such as Windows HyperTerminal) and any web browser program.

<u>What is the speed and duplex configuration on the Horizon</u> – The Horizon is an auto-negotiation full/half-duplex 10/100 Base-T interface. Ether a cross-over or patch cable is supported.

#### Access Point Mode

<u>Wireless LAN cards are not connecting</u> – Verify that the wireless LAN cards are set to Infrastructure Mode, have a matching SSID (or ESSIS) set the same as the Horizon and that all encryption codes are the same.

<u>My Wireless LAN card shows a solid connection, but I can not pass any data</u> – Verify the encryption and the ACL setting on the Horizon match the wireless LAN card.

#### Access Point Repeater Mode

<u>How long does it take to re-establish the Wireless Ethernet Network?</u> - If a communication link is lost and the Wireless Network needs to re-establish the repeater routes, the time can take up to 10 seconds.

Should the AP Repeater Mode be used on mobile equipment? - The AP Repeater mode should be used on equipment that will not change the Repeater Route as it moves. For example, if a mobile device such as a crane can communicate directly to another ESTeem and will not loose the link in its travel, the AP Repeater Mode could be used. If the device requires two ESTeem Horizon's (Base and Repeater) to maintain communication across its complete travel, the Station Modes should be used on the mobile device. The problem will be in the time that the mobile ESTeem will take to transfer between the two sites. In Access Point Repeater mode the transfer can take up to 30 seconds, while the EtherStation mode will transfer without a packet loss.

<u>Does WEP have to be used?</u> – The WEP does not have to be enabled for the modems to communicate, but all modems must be configured the same way.

<u>Correct configuration, but cannot establish communications.</u> – In addition to the network configuration, all Horizon modems configured in the AP mode must share the same SSID and be on the same frequency channel. The most likely cause of the error is the WLAN MAC address is not configured in **both** Horizon's repeater tables. If only one side is configured, everything will appear to be correct but no communication will function.



#### EtherStation

<u>How do I access the Horizon web page in EtherStation Mode?</u> The Horizon does not have an active web browser when configured in EtherStation mode. You must access the ESTeem with the ESTeem Discovery Program or through the RS-232 port after configuration in this mode. To monitor the link status, you can use the EtherStation Status program.

What IP address do I configure the ESTeem in EtherStation mode? – The Horizon will not have an IP address in EtherStation mode.

<u>I can not link my device into the wireless network</u> – Verify that the MAC address of the device is **exactly** the same as configured in the Horizon. The MAC address must have colons between the values.

<u>Can I connect my Horizon in EtherStation mode to a HUB or Ethernet Switch?</u> – No. The modem must be connected directly to the Ethernet device for which it is programmed. In EtherStation mode the Horizon can only service ONE Ethernet device.

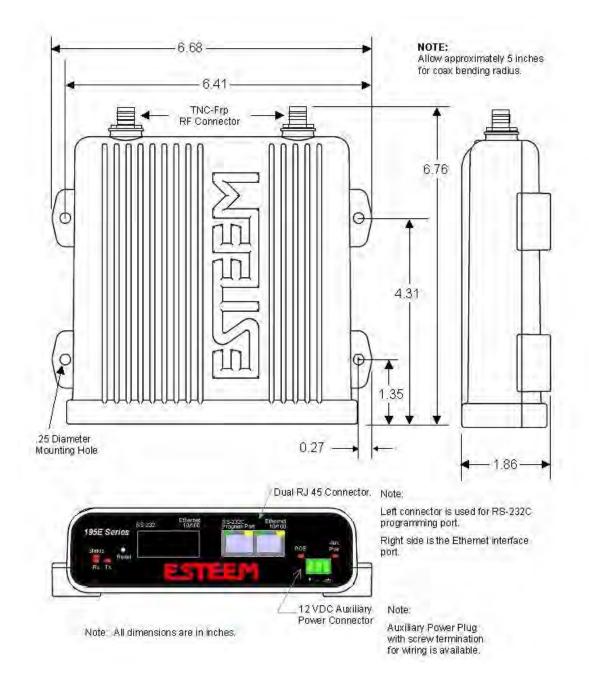


# Horizon 216An Specifications

ESTeem 216An Specifications				
Transmitter/Receiver				
Frequency of Operation (Software Selectable)	2.412 to 2.462 GHz (11-channels)			
RF Data Rate	1 to 150 Mbps (20 steps)			
Tx Output Power (Software Selectable)	250 to 1000 mW (Pk) (4-levels)			
Tx Output Impedance	50 ohms			
Rx Sensitivity	-92 to -69 dBm			
FCC Type Acceptance	ENPEST216AN			
Industry Canada Type Acceptance	2163A-216AN			
LED Indicators	Power (On/Off) - Carrier Detect (On/Off) - Transmitter (On/Off) - Receiver (On/Off)			
Power Requirements				
Receive	600ma @ 12 VDC			
Transmit	1.350A (Cont) 3A (Peak) @ 12 VDC			
PoE Power Supply	(IEEE 802.3at,30 watts) (opt)			
External Power Input	10 to 28 VDC @ 3A			
Input/Output Connectors				
Ethernet Port 1 (10/100)	RJ-45 Female			
Ethernet Port 2 (10/100)				
802.11 Compatibility	802.11n/g/b			
RS-232C Comm Port (2,400 to 115.2 K baud)	D I 45 Ecmalo			
RS-232C Programming Port (38,400, N, 8, 1)	RJ-45 Female			
Antenna Input/Outputs	TNC Reverse Female			
External DC Input Power	Mini-Combicon, 3 pin female			
Case				
Temperature Range	-30° to +60° C			
Humidity	95% Non-condensing			
Dimensions	1.9 in. H x 6.7 in. W x 6.2 in. L			
Weight	1.25 lbs.			
Product Warranty	1 Year			
Other				
Outdoor Pole Mt. Kit	AA195PM (opt)			
PoE Power Supply	AA175.2 (opt)			
External DC Input Power Connector	AA195PP (opt)			



# Model 195Eg Case Specifications





# **Antenna Specifications**

Model: AA20DMEg Applications: Model 195Eg direct case mount Antenna Type: Omni-Directional, Sleeve dipole Frequency: 2400 to 2485 MHz **Polarization:** Vertical Impedance: 50 ohms Gain: 5 dBi (3 dBd) **VSWR:** < 2:1 **Power:** 10 W Front To Back Ratio: n/a Horizontal Beamwidth: n/a Vertical Beamwidth: n/a Antenna Material: Polyurethane Plastic Radome Recommended Mounting Hardware: n/a Antenna Connector: TNC-R Male Flexibility: +/- 20 ° Antenna Envelope: 8.28 in. length by .54 in. width Temperature: -40 to +70 C° Weight: 33 grams

#### Caution

Omni-directional antenna should not be located within 24 cm of personnel.



Model AA20DMEg



# **Antenna Specifications**

Model No: Antenna Type: Applications: Frequency: Polarization: Impedance: Gain: VSWR: Front to Back Ratio: Horizontal Beamwidth: Vertical Beamwidth: Antenna Material: Mounting Hardware:

Antenna Connector: Maximum Power Input: Antenna Envelope: Windload (RWV): Lateral Thrust at Rated Wind: Wind Surface Area: Weight:

AA203Eg Directional, DC grounded Fixed base. 2400 to 2485 MHz Vertical or Horizontal 50 ohms 6 dBi (4 dBd) < 1.5 >23 dB 55 degrees (a)  $\frac{1}{2}$  power 55 degrees  $@ \frac{1}{2}$  power Sealed in UV stable fiberglass enclosed radome Stainless steel U bolts (included) for mounting up to 1 5/8 in. diameter pipe. TNC-R Male with 36in. pig tail 5 Watts 4.5 in. length by 3 in. diameter 125 mph

5.8 lbs. 0.060 ft<sup>2</sup> 1 lbs.

#### Caution

To comply with the FCC exposure compliance requirements, a separation distance of at least 24 cm must be maintained between the antenna and all persons.



Model AA203Eg



# **Antenna Specifications**

<b></b>			
Model No:	AA204Eg.1		
Applications:	Fixed base mounting		
Antenna Type:	enna Type: 2.4 GHz ISM, Directional, DC Grounded, Parabolic Grid		
Frequency:	2400-2485 MHz		
Polarization:	Vertical or Horizontal	Caution	
Impedance:	50 ohms	To comply with the FCC exposure compliance requirements, a separation distance of at least 50 cm must be maintained between the antenna and all persons.	
Gain:	15 dBi (13 dBd) nominal		
VSWR:	< 1.5:1 nominal		
Front to Back Ratio:	>24 dB		
Horizontal Beamwidth:	16 degrees @ $\frac{1}{2}$ power		
Vertical Beamwidth:	11 degrees @ $\frac{1}{2}$ power		
Antenna Material:	Zinc plated cold rolled steel with polyester power		
	coat finish	m	
Recommended Mounting Hardware:	Standard U-bolt steel mast clamp complete with mounting hardware. Designed for masts of up to 2.5 in. O.D.		
Antenna Connector:	TNC-R Male with 36 in. pig-tail		
Maximum Power Input:	10 Watts		
Wind Survival:	100 mph		
Wind Load:	16 mph		
Antenna Envelope:	34 in. length by 17 in. width by 11 in. height	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	
Weight:	3 lbs.		

Model AA204Eg.1

Use of the AA204Eg.1, directional antenna is limited to fixed point-to-point applications only. In accordance with FCC Section 15.247(b)iii, this antenna must be professionally installed. The installer must ensure the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point applications and the ESTeem Model 195Eg is set for 0.25 Watts output power (Power Level = Min).