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## SAR Test Report

Report Number: M120603\_FCC\_62205ANHWMW\_SAR\_2.4

Test Sample: Portable TABLET Computer  
Radio Modules: WLAN INTEL CENTRINO  
ADVANCED-N 6205(TAYLOR  
PEAK) (11A/B/G/N) 62205ANHWMW  
& Bluetooth BCM92070MD\_REF6

PC Model Number: T902

PC System FCC ID: EJE-WL0027

PC System IC: 337J-WL0027

Date of Issue: 26th June 2012

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Accreditation No. 5292

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**SAR TEST REPORT****Report Number: M120603\_FCC\_62205ANHWMW\_SAR\_2.4****PC System FCC ID: EJE-WL0027****PC System IC: 337J-WL0027****1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION****Table 1**

|                              |  |
|------------------------------|--|
| <b>Test Sample:</b>          | Portable TABLET Computer                     |
| <b>Model Name:</b>           | T902   |
| <b>Radio Modules:</b>        | WLAN 62205ANHWMW & Bluetooth BCM92070MD_REF6 |
| <b>Interface Type:</b>       | Half Mini-PCI Module                         |
| <b>Device Category:</b>      | Portable Transmitter                         |
| <b>Test Device:</b>          | Pre-Production Unit                          |
| <b>PC System FCC ID:</b>     | <u>EJE-WL0027</u>                            |
| <b>PC System IC:</b>         | <u>337J-WL0027</u>                           |
| <b>RF exposure Category:</b> | General Population/Uncontrolled              |

**Manufacturer:** Fujitsu Limited

**Test Standard/s:**

1. Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines For Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01)
2. Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands), RSS-102
3. **EN 62209-2:2010**  
Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices. Human models, instrumentation, and procedures.  
**Part 2:** Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)

**Statement Of Compliance:** The Fujitsu TABLET Computer T902 with Wireless LAN model 62205ANHWMW and Bluetooth module BCM92070MD\_REF6 complied with the FCC General public/uncontrolled RF exposure limits of 1.6mW/g per requirements of 47CFR2.1093(d). It also complied with IC RSS-102 requirements.

**Test Date:** 12<sup>th</sup> June 2012**Test Officer:**

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**Peter Jakubiec****Authorised Signature:**

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**Peter Jakubiec**

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**SAR TEST REPORT**  
**Portable TABLET Computer**  
**Model: T902**  
**Report Number: M120603\_FCC\_62205ANHWMW\_SAR\_2.4**

## 2.0 INTRODUCTION

Testing was performed on the Fujitsu TABLET PC, Model: T902 with INTEL Half Mini-PCI Wireless LAN Module (INTEL CENTRINO ADVANCED-N 6205(TAYLOR PEAK) 802.11a/b/g/n), Model: 62205ANHWMW & BROADCOM Bluetooth Module, Model: BCM92070MD\_REF6. The INTEL CENTRINO ADVANCED-N 6205(TAYLOR PEAK) (11A/B/G/N) module is an OEM product. The Half Mini-PCI Wireless LAN (WLAN) was tested in the dedicated host – LIFEBOOK T SERIES, Model T902. The system tested will be referred to as the DUT throughout this report.

There are two variants of the Fujitsu Tablet PC, Model: T902 one that is equipped with the Bluetooth transmitter and Bluetooth antenna, and one variant that does not contain a Bluetooth transmitter or Bluetooth antenna FCC ID: EJE-WL0027 IC: 337J-WL0027. SAR testing was conducted on the sample that is equipped with the Bluetooth transmitter and Bluetooth antenna.

The measurement test results mentioned herein only apply to the 2450MHz frequency band; an additional report titled “M120603\_FCC\_62205ANHWMW\_SAR\_5.6” applies to the 5GHz range.



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### 3.0 TEST SAMPLE TECHNICAL INFORMATION

(Information supplied by the client)

#### 3.1 DUT (WLAN) Details

**Table 2**

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| <b>Transmitter:</b>         | Half Mini-Card Wireless LAN Module  |
| <b>Wireless Module:</b>     | Intel Centrino Advanced-N 6205(Taylor Peak) (11a/b/g/n)   |
| <b>Model Number:</b>        | 62205ANHWMW   |
| <b>Manufacturer:</b>        | Intel Corporation   |
| <b>Modulation Type:</b>     | DSSS for 802.11b<br>OFDM for 802.11g<br>OFDM for 802.11a<br>OFDM for 802.11n  |
| <b>5GHz (802.11a/n)</b>     | BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM  |
| <b>2.4GHz (802.11b/g/n)</b> | CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM   |
| <b>Maximum Data Rate:</b>   | 802.11b = 11 Mbps, 802.11g and 802.11a = 54 Mbps<br>802.11n = 450 Mbps  |
| <b>Frequency Range:</b>     | 2.412–2.462 GHz for 11b/g/n<br>5.18–5.32 GHz and 5.745–5.825 GHz for 11a/n  |
| <b>Number of Channels:</b>  | 11 channels for 11b/g/n<br>24 channels for 11a/n with 20MHz Bandwidth<br>18 channels for 11n with 40MHz Bandwidth   |
| <b>Antenna Types:</b>       | Nissei Inverted F (1 <sup>st</sup> , 2 <sup>nd</sup> ),<br>Model: refer to WLAN antenna data<br>Location: Left Top edge of LCD screen(1 <sup>st</sup> ), Right Top edge of LCD screen(2 <sup>nd</sup> ) |
| <b>Power Supply:</b>        | 3.3 VDC from PCI bus  |



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**Table 3 Channels and Output power setting**

| Mode                       | Channel | Frequency (MHz) | Data Rate (Mbps) | Tx BW (MHz) | Average Power Target (dBm) |      |
|----------------------------|---------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------|------|
|                            |         |                 |                  |             | Ch A                       | Ch B |
| <b>802.11b<br/>2.4 GHz</b> | 1       | 2412            | 1                | -           | 15.5                       | 15.5 |
|                            | 6       | 2437            |                  |             |                            |      |
|                            | 11      | 2462            |                  |             | 15.5                       | 15.5 |
|                            | 13      | 2472            |                  |             |                            |      |
| <b>802.11g<br/>2.4 GHz</b> | 1       | 2412            | 6                | -           | 14                         | 14   |
|                            | 2       | 2417            |                  |             | 16                         | 16.5 |
|                            | 6       | 2437            |                  |             |                            |      |
|                            | 10      | 2457            |                  |             | 14                         | 14   |
|                            | 11      | 2462            |                  |             |                            |      |
|                            | 13      | 2472            |                  |             | 15                         | 15   |
| <b>802.11n<br/>2.4 GHz</b> | 1       | 2412            | HT0              | 20          | 13                         | 13   |
|                            | 2       | 2417            |                  |             | 16                         | 16.5 |
|                            | 6       | 2437            |                  |             |                            |      |
|                            | 10      | 2457            |                  |             | 12.5                       | 13   |
|                            | 11      | 2462            |                  |             |                            |      |
|                            | 13      | 2472            |                  |             | 14.5                       | 14.5 |
|                            | 3F      | 2422            | HT0              | 40          | 9                          | 9.5  |
|                            | 4F      | 2427            |                  |             | 10.5                       | 11   |
|                            | 6F      | 2437            |                  |             | 16                         | 16   |
|                            | 8F      | 2447            |                  |             | 10.5                       | 11.5 |
|                            | 9F      | 2452            |                  |             | 9.5                        | 10   |

NOTE: For 5GHz SAR results refer to report titled "M120603\_FCC\_62205ANHWMW\_SAR\_5.6".



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### 3.2 DUT (Bluetooth) Details

**Table 4**

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| <b>Transmitter:</b>          | Bluetooth   |
| <b>Model Number:</b>         | BCM92070MD_REF6   |
| <b>Manufacturer:</b>         | Broadcom  |
| <b>Network Standard:</b>     | Bluetooth™ RF Test Specification  |
| <b>Modulation Type:</b>      | Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)  |
| <b>Frequency Range:</b>      | 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz  |
| <b>Number of Channels:</b>   | 79  |
| <b>Carrier Spacing:</b>      | 1.0 MHz   |
| <b>Antenna Types:</b>        | Monopole Antenna included in module<br>Module location: Left side of hinge of base unit |
| <b>Max. Output Power:</b>    | 4 dBm   |
| <b>Reference Oscillator:</b> | 16 MHz (Built-in)   |
| <b>Power Supply:</b>         | 3.3 VDC from host.  |

**Table 5**

| Channel Number | Frequency (MHz) | Bluetooth Utility power setting |
|----------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| 1              | 2402            | 4dBm                            |
| 2              | 2403            |                                 |
| 3              | 2404            |                                 |
| .              | .               |                                 |
| .              | .               |                                 |
| 39             | 2440            |                                 |
| 40             | 2441            |                                 |
| 41             | 2442            |                                 |
| .              | .               |                                 |
| .              | .               |                                 |
| 77             | 2478            |                                 |
| 78             | 2479            |                                 |
| 79             | 2480            |                                 |



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### 3.3 DUT (Notebook PC) Details

**Table 6**

|                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>Host notebook :</b>        | LifeBook T series  |
| <b>Model Name:</b>            | T902   |
| <b>Serial Number:</b>         | Pre-production Sample  |
| <b>Manufacturer:</b>          | FUJITSU LIMITED  |
| <b>CPU Type and Speed:</b>    | Core i7 2.9GHz   |
| <b>LCD</b>                    | 13.3" WXGA(1280x800 : LP133WD2   |
| <b>Graphics chip</b>          | Non  |
| <b>Wired LAN:</b>             | Intel 82579LM : 10 Base-T/100 Base-TX/1000Base-T   |
| <b>Modem:</b>                 | None   |
| <b>Port Replicator Model:</b> | FPCPR132   |
| <b>AC Adapter Model:</b>      | 65W: PXW1934N<br>80W: ADP-80NB A(Delta), SEE100P2-19.0(Sanken),<br>PJW1942N(Tamura), PJW1942NA(Tamura) |
| <b>Voltage:</b>               | 19 V   |
| <b>Current Specs:</b>         | 4.22A / 3.42A  |
| <b>Watts:</b>                 | 80W / 65W  |
| <b>Radio Modules:</b>         | WLAN (Taylor Peak IEEE802.11a/b/g/n, 2x2)  |
| <b>WLAN Model Number:</b>     | 62205ANHMMW  |
| <b>WLAN Manufacturer:</b>     | Intel Corp.  |
| <b>Interface Type:</b>        | Half Mini-Card Wireless LAN Module   |
| <b>Radio Modules:</b>         | Bluetooth module   |
| <b>Model Number:</b>          | BCM92070MD_REF6  |
| <b>Manufacturer:</b>          | Broadcom   |
| <b>Interface Type:</b>        | USB  |

### 3.4 Test Sample Accessories

#### 3.4.1 Battery Types

One type of Fujitsu Lithium Ion battery is used to power the DUT.

**Table 7 Battery Details**

|               |                      |
|---------------|----------------------|
| <b>Model</b>  | FPCBP373             |
| <b>Rating</b> | 10.8V/6700mAh (72Wh) |



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## 4.0 TEST SIGNAL, FREQUENCY AND OUTPUT POWER

INTEL's DRTU test tool was used to configure the WLAN for testing. The DUT Wireless LAN had a total of 11 channels (USA model) within the 2412 to 2462 MHz frequency band and 24 channels within the frequency range 5180 to 5825 MHz. In the frequency range 2412 MHz to 2462 MHz the DUT operates in 2 modes, OFDM and DSSS. Within the 5180 to 5825 MHz frequency range the device operates in OFDM mode only. For the SAR measurements the device was operating in continuous transmit mode using programming codes supplied by Fujitsu.

The Bluetooth module operates over 79 channels within the frequency range 2402 to 2480 MHz. It is possible for the Bluetooth module to operate simultaneously with the WLAN module (co-transmission). However, due to low output power of Bluetooth module (less than 5mW), standalone SAR measurement for Bluetooth module was not conducted (as per KDB 616217).

The test results mentioned in this report only apply to the 2450MHz frequency range. An additional report titled 'M120603\_FCC\_62205ANHMMW\_SAR\_5.6' is specific to the 5GHz range.

The WLAN modules can be configured in a number of different data rates. It was found that the highest source based time averaged power was measured when using the lowest data rates available in each mode. This lowest data rate corresponds to 6Mbps in OFDM mode and 1Mbps in DSSS mode.

The DUT is capable of using two antennas transmitting simultaneously (HT8 DATA mode) the power level is 3dB lower (50%) than if a single antenna was transmitting. There were no wires or other connections to the DUT during the SAR measurements.

At the beginning of the SAR tests, the conducted power of the device was measured after temporary modification of antenna connector inside the device's TX RX compartment. Measurements were performed with a calibrated Power Meter. The Transmitter power was set to be equal or higher than power specified by the manufacturer.

### 4.1 Battery Status

The device battery was fully charged prior to commencement of measurement. Each SAR test was completed within 30 minutes. The battery condition was monitored by measuring the RF field at a defined position inside the phantom before the commencement of each test and again after the completion of the test. It was not possible to perform conducted power measurements at the output of the device, at the beginning and end of each scan due to lack of a suitable antenna port. The uncertainty associated with the power drift was less than 5% and was assessed in the uncertainty budget.



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## 5.0 DETAILS OF TEST LABORATORY

### 5.1 Location

EMC Technologies Pty Ltd  
176 Harrick Road  
Keilor Park, (Melbourne) Victoria  
Australia 3042

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**Facsimile:** +61 3 9331 7455  
**email:** [melb@emctech.com.au](mailto:melb@emctech.com.au)  
**website:** [www.emctech.com.au](http://www.emctech.com.au)

### 5.2 Accreditations

EMC Technologies Pty. Ltd. is accredited by the National Association of Testing Authorities, Australia (NATA).  
**NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 5292**

EMC Technologies Pty Ltd is NATA accredited for the following standards:

**Table 8**

|                        |   |
|------------------------|---|
| <b>AS/NZS 2772.1:</b>  | RF and microwave radiation hazard measurement   |
| <b>ACMA:</b>           | Radio communications (Electromagnetic Radiation - Human Exposure) Standard 2003 + Amdt (No. 1):2007   |
| <b>FCC:</b>            | Guidelines for Human Exposure to RF Electromagnetic Field OET65C 01/01  |
| <b>EN 50360: 2001</b>  | Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of mobile phones with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (300 MHz – 3 GHz)   |
| <b>EN 62209-1:2006</b> | Human Exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models instrumentation and procedures.<br><b>Part 1:</b> Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (300 MHz to 3 GHz)                                      |
| <b>EN 62209-2:2010</b> | Human Exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models instrumentation and procedures<br><b>Part 2:</b> Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz) |
| <b>IEEE 1528: 2003</b> | Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.  |

Refer to NATA website [www.nata.asn.au](http://www.nata.asn.au) for the full scope of accreditation.

### 5.3 Environmental Factors

The measurements were performed in a shielded room with no background RF signals. The temperature in the laboratory was controlled to within  $21 \pm 1^\circ\text{C}$ , the humidity was 39%. The liquid parameters are measured daily prior to the commencement of each test. Tests were performed to check that reflections within the environment did not influence the SAR measurements. The noise floor of the DASY5 SAR measurement system using the SN1380 probe was less than  $5\mu\text{V}$  in both air and liquid mediums.



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## 6.0 DESCRIPTION OF SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

**Table 9**

|                                |                     |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Applicable Head Configurations | : None              |
| Applicable Body Configurations | : Lap Held Position |
|                                | : Edge On Position  |
|                                | : Bystander         |

### 6.1 Probe Positioning System

The measurements were performed with the state-of-the-art automated near-field scanning system **DASY5 Version 52** from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The DASY5 fully complies with the OET65 C (01-01), IEEE 1528, EN62209-1 and EN62209-2 SAR measurement requirements.

### 6.2 E-Field Probe Type and Performance

The SAR measurements were conducted with SPEAG dosimetric probe ET3DV6 Serial: 1380. Please refer to appendix C for detailed information.

### 6.3 System verification

#### 6.3.1 System verification Results @ 2450MHz

The following tables lists the dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid measured prior to SAR system verification. The results of the system verification are listed in columns 4 and 5. The forward power into the reference dipole for SAR system verification was adjusted to 250 mW.

**Table 10 System verification Results (Dipole: SPEAG D2450V2 SN: 724)**

| 1. System Frequency and Verification Date | 2. $\epsilon_r$ (measured) | 3. $\sigma$ (mho/m) (measured) | 4. Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | 5. Measured SAR 10g (mW/g) |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2450MHz<br>12 <sup>th</sup> Jun 2012      | 53.0                       | 1.97                           | 14.6                      | 6.84                       |

#### 6.3.2 Deviation from reference system verification values

The SPEAG calibration reference SAR value is the SAR system verification result obtained in a specific dielectric liquid using the validation dipole (D2450V2) during calibration. The measured one-gram SAR should be within 10% of the expected target reference values shown in table below (2450MHz) below.

**Table 11 Deviation from reference system verification values @ 2450MHz**

| Frequency and Date | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Measured SAR 1g (Normalized to 1W) | SPEAG Calibration reference SAR Value 1g (mW/g) | Deviation From SPEAG Reference 1g (%) |
|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| 2450MHz            | 14.6                   | 58.40                              | 60  | -2.67                                 |

NOTE: All reference system verification values are referenced to 1W input power.



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### 6.3.3 Liquid Depth 15cm

During the SAR measurement process the liquid level was maintained to a level of 15cm with a tolerance of 0.5cm.

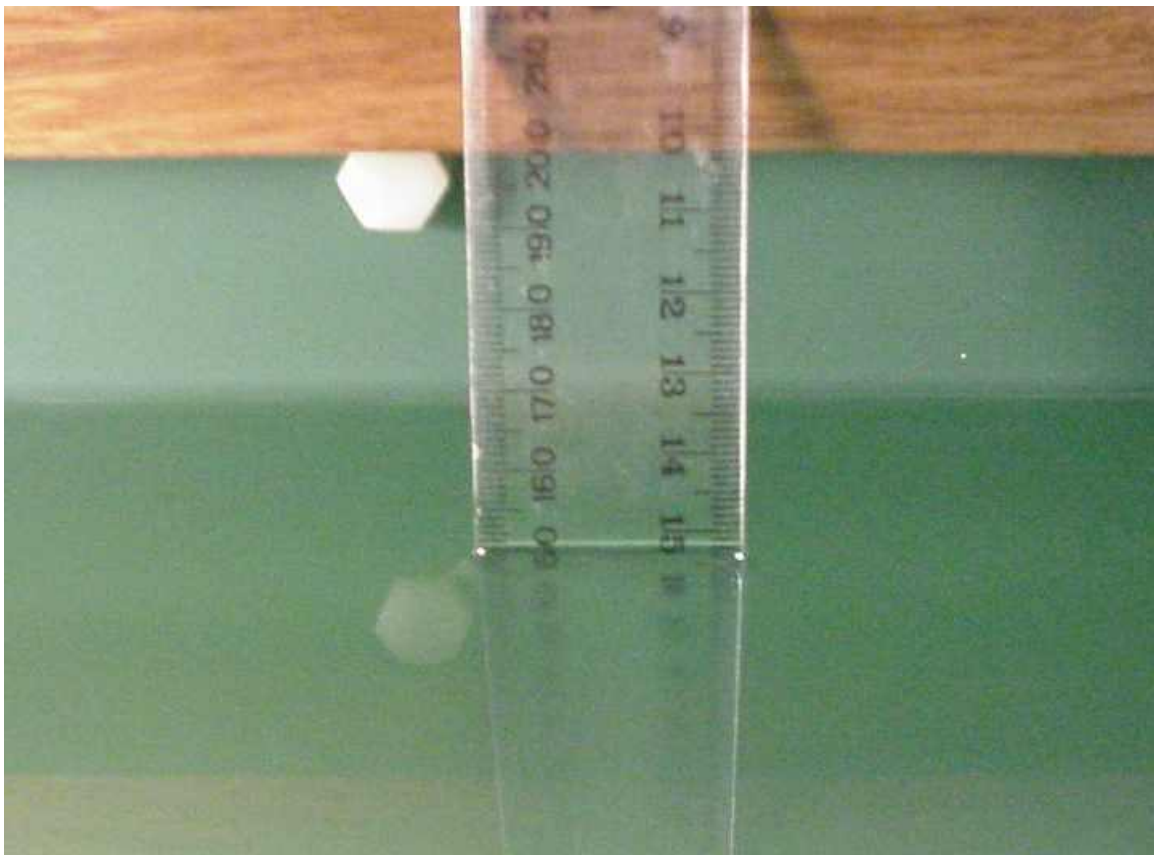


Photo of liquid Depth in Flat Phantom

### 6.4 Phantom Properties

The phantoms used during the testing comply with the OET65 C (01-01), IEEE 1528 and EN62209-1 and EN62209-2 SAR measurement requirements.

Table 12

| Phantom Properties        | Required                           | Measured                                |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Thickness of flat section | 2.0mm $\pm$ 0.2mm (bottom section) | 2.12-2.20mm                             |
| Dielectric Constant       | <5.0                               | 4.603 @ 300MHz (worst-case frequency)   |
| Loss Tangent              | <0.05                              | 0.0379 @ 2500MHz (worst-case frequency) |



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## 6.5 Tissue Material Properties

The dielectric parameters of the human tissue simulating liquid were measured prior to SAR assessment using the HP85070A dielectric probe kit and HP8753ES Network Analyser. The actual dielectric parameters are shown in the following table.

**Table 13 Measured Body Simulating Liquid Dielectric Values**

| Frequency Band  | $\epsilon_r$<br>(measured range) | $\epsilon_r$<br>(target)        | $\sigma$ (mho/m)<br>(measured range) | $\sigma$<br>(target)            | $\rho$<br>kg/m <sup>3</sup> |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2412 MHz Muscle | 53.2                             | 52.7 $\pm$ 5%<br>(50.1 to 55.3) | 1.91                                 | 1.95 $\pm$ 5%<br>(1.85 to 2.05) | 1000                        |
| 2437 MHz Muscle | 53.1                             | 52.7 $\pm$ 5%<br>(50.1 to 55.3) | 1.94                                 | 1.95 $\pm$ 5%<br>(1.85 to 2.05) | 1000                        |
| 2457 MHz Muscle | 53.0                             | 52.7 $\pm$ 5%<br>(50.1 to 55.3) | 1.97                                 | 1.95 $\pm$ 5%<br>(1.85 to 2.05) | 1000                        |

NOTE: The liquid parameters were within the required tolerances of  $\pm 5\%$ .

### 6.5.1 Liquid Temperature and Humidity

The humidity and dielectric/ambient temperatures were recorded during the assessment of the tissue material dielectric parameters. The difference between the ambient temperature of the liquid during the dielectric measurement and the temperature during tests was less than  $|2|^\circ\text{C}$ .

**Table 14 Temperature and Humidity recorded for each day**

| Date                       | Ambient Temperature ( $^\circ\text{C}$ ) | Liquid Temperature ( $^\circ\text{C}$ ) | Humidity (%) |
|----------------------------|--|---|--------------|
| 12 <sup>th</sup> June 2012 | 20.9                                     | 20.5                                    | 39           |

## 6.6 Simulated Tissue Composition Used for SAR Test

The tissue simulating liquids are created prior to the SAR evaluation and often require slight modification each day to obtain the correct dielectric parameters.

**Table 15 Tissue Type: Muscle @ 2450MHz**

Volume of Liquid: 60 Litres

| Approximate Composition | % By Weight |
|-------------------------|-------------|
| Distilled Water         | 73.2        |
| Salt                    | 0.04        |
| DGBE                    | 26.7        |

\*Refer "OET Bulletin 65 97/01 P38"

## 6.7 Device Holder for Laptops and P 10.1 Phantom

A low loss clamp was used to position the DUT underneath the phantom surface.

*Refer to Appendix A for photographs of device positioning*



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## 7.0 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE USING DASY5

The SAR evaluation was performed with the SPEAG DASY5 system. A summary of the procedure follows:

- a) A measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location is used as a reference value for assessing the power drop of the DUT. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test, and then again at the end of the test.
- b) The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the DUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 15 mm x 15 mm. The actual Area Scan has dimensions of 105mm x 120mm surrounding the test device. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation.
- c) Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm is assessed by measuring 7 x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:
  - (i) The data at the surface are extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 4 mm. The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order is calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
  - (ii) The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g and 10 g) are computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"- condition (in x, y and z-direction). The volume is integrated with the trapezoidal – algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) are interpolated to calculate the averages.
  - (iii) All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.
  - (iv) The SAR value at the same location as in Step (a) is again measured to evaluate the actual power drift.



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## 8.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty analysis is based on the template listed in the IEEE Std 1528-2003 for both device SAR tests and System verification uncertainty. The measurement uncertainty of a specific device is evaluated independently and the total uncertainty for both evaluations (95% confidence level) must be less than 30%.

**Table 16 Uncertainty Budget for DASY5 Version 52 – DUT SAR test 2450MHz**

| Error Description                                  | Uncert. Value | Prob. Dist. | Div. | C <sub>i</sub> (1g) | C <sub>i</sub> (10g) | 1g u <sub>i</sub> | 10g u <sub>i</sub> | v <sub>i</sub> |
|--|---------------|-------------|------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| <b>Measurement System</b>                          |               |             |      |                     |                      |                   |                    |                |
| Probe Calibration                                  | 5.5           | N           | 1.00 | 1                   | 1                    | 5.50              | 5.50               | ∞              |
| Axial Isotropy                                     | 4.7           | R           | 1.73 | 0.7                 | 0.7                  | 1.90              | 1.90               | ∞              |
| Hemispherical Isotropy                             | 9.6           | R           | 1.73 | 0.7                 | 0.7                  | 3.88              | 3.88               | ∞              |
| Boundary Effects                                   | 1             | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 0.58              | 0.58               | ∞              |
| Linearity  | 4.7           | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 2.71              | 2.71               | ∞              |
| System Detection Limits                            | 1             | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 0.58              | 0.58               | ∞              |
| Readout Electronics                                | 0.3           | N           | 1.00 | 1                   | 1                    | 0.30              | 0.30               | ∞              |
| Response Time                                      | 0.8           | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 0.46              | 0.46               | ∞              |
| Integration Time                                   | 2.6           | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 1.50              | 1.50               | ∞              |
| RF Ambient Noise                                   | 3             | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 1.73              | 1.73               | ∞              |
| RF Ambient Reflections                             | 3             | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 1.73              | 1.73               | ∞              |
| Probe Positioner                                   | 0.4           | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 0.23              | 0.23               | ∞              |
| Probe Positioning                                  | 2.9           | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 1.67              | 1.67               | ∞              |
| Max. SAR Eval.                                     | 1             | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 0.58              | 0.58               | ∞              |
| <b>Test Sample Related</b>                         |               |             |      |                     |                      |                   |                    |                |
| Test Sample Positioning                            | 2.9           | N           | 1.00 | 1                   | 1                    | 2.90              | 2.90               | 145            |
| Device Holder Uncertainty                          | 3.6           | N           | 1.00 | 1                   | 1                    | 3.60              | 3.60               | 5              |
| Output Power Variation – SAR Drift Measurement     | 3.28          | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 1.89              | 1.89               | ∞              |
| <b>Phantom and Setup</b>                           |               |             |      |                     |                      |                   |                    |                |
| Phantom Uncertainty                                | 4             | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 2.31              | 2.31               | ∞              |
| Liquid Conductivity – Deviation from target values | 5             | R           | 1.73 | 0.64                | 0.43                 | 1.85              | 1.24               | ∞              |
| Liquid Conductivity – Measurement uncertainty      | 2.5           | N           | 1.00 | 0.64                | 0.43                 | 1.60              | 1.08               | ∞              |
| Liquid Permittivity – Deviation from target values | 5             | R           | 1.73 | 0.6                 | 0.49                 | 1.73              | 1.41               | ∞              |
| Liquid Permittivity – Measurement uncertainty      | 2.5           | N           | 1.00 | 0.6                 | 0.49                 | 1.50              | 1.23               | ∞              |
|  |               |             |      |                     |                      |                   |                    |                |
| Combined standard Uncertainty (u <sub>c</sub> )    |               |             |      |                     |                      | 10.5              | 10.3               |                |
| Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)        |               |             | k= 2 |                     |                      | 21.0              | 20.5               |                |

Estimated total measurement uncertainty for the DASY5 measurement system was  $\pm 10.5\%$ . The extended uncertainty (K = 2) was assessed to be  $\pm 21.0\%$  based on 95% confidence level. The uncertainty is not added to the measurement result.



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**Table 17 Uncertainty Budget for DASY5 Version 52 – System Verification 2450MHz**

| Error Description                               | Uncert. Value | Prob. Dist. | Div. | C <sub>i</sub> (1g) | C <sub>i</sub> (10g) | 1g u <sub>i</sub> | 10g u <sub>i</sub> | v <sub>i</sub> |
|---|---------------|-------------|------|---------------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| <b>Measurement System</b>                       |               |             |      |                     |                      |                   |                    |                |
| Probe Calibration                               | 5.5           | N           | 1.00 | 1                   | 1                    | 5.50              | 5.50               | ∞              |
| Axial Isotropy                                  | 4.7           | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 2.71              | 2.71               | ∞              |
| Hemispherical Isotropy                          | 9.6           | R           | 1.73 | 0                   | 0                    | 0.00              | 0.00               | ∞              |
| Boundary Effects                                | 1             | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 0.58              | 0.58               | ∞              |
| Linearity                                       | 4.7           | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 2.71              | 2.71               | ∞              |
| System Detection Limits                         | 1             | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 0.58              | 0.58               | ∞              |
| Readout Electronics                             | 0.3           | N           | 1.00 | 1                   | 1                    | 0.30              | 0.30               | ∞              |
| Response Time                                   | 0             | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 0.00              | 0.00               | ∞              |
| Integration Time                                | 0             | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 0.00              | 0.00               | ∞              |
| RF Ambient Noise                                | 1             | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 0.58              | 0.58               | ∞              |
| RF Ambient Reflections                          | 1             | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 0.58              | 0.58               | ∞              |
| Probe Positioner                                | 0.8           | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 0.46              | 0.46               | ∞              |
| Probe Positioning                               | 6.7           | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 3.87              | 3.87               | ∞              |
| Max. SAR Eval.                                  | 2             | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 1.15              | 1.15               | ∞              |
| <b>Dipole Related</b>                           |               |             |      |                     |                      |                   |                    |                |
| Deviation of exp. dipole                        | 5.5           | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 3.18              | 3.18               | ∞              |
| Dipole Axis to Liquid Dist.                     | 2             | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 1.15              | 1.15               | ∞              |
| Input power & SAR drift                         | 5.00          | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 2.89              | 2.89               | ∞              |
| <b>Phantom and Setup</b>                        |               |             |      |                     |                      |                   |                    |                |
| Phantom Uncertainty                             | 4             | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 1                    | 2.31              | 2.31               | ∞              |
| SAR Correction                                  | 1.9           | R           | 1.73 | 1                   | 0.84                 | 1.10              | 0.92               | ∞              |
| Liquid Conductivity (meas.)                     | 2.5           | N           | 1.00 | 0.78                | 0.71                 | 1.95              | 1.78               | ∞              |
| Liquid Permittivity (meas.)                     | 2.5           | N           | 1.00 | 0.26                | 0.26                 | 0.65              | 0.65               | ∞              |
| Temp.unc. - Conductivity                        | 1.7           | R           | 1.73 | 0.78                | 0.71                 | 0.77              | 0.70               | ∞              |
| Temp. unc. - Permittivity                       | 0.3           | R           | 1.73 | 0.23                | 0.26                 | 0.04              | 0.05               | ∞              |
| Combined standard Uncertainty (u <sub>c</sub> ) |               |             |      |                     |                      | 9.7               | 9.6                |                |
| Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)     |               |             | k= 2 |                     |                      | 19.4              | 19.3               |                |

Estimated total measurement uncertainty for the DASY5 measurement system was  $\pm 9.7\%$ . The extended uncertainty (K = 2) was assessed to be  $\pm 19.4\%$  based on 95% confidence level. The uncertainty is not added to the System verification measurement result.



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## 9.0 EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION DETAILS

Table 18 SPEAG DASY5 Version 52

| Equipment Type                | Manufacturer    | Model Number | Serial Number | Calibration Due | Used For this Test? |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Robot - Six Axes              | Staubli         | RX90BL       | N/A           | Not applicable  | ✓                   |
| Robot Remote Control          | SPEAG           | CS7MB        | RX90B         | Not applicable  | ✓                   |
| SAM Phantom                   | SPEAG           | N/A          | 1260          | Not applicable  |                     |
| SAM Phantom                   | SPEAG           | N/A          | 1060          | Not applicable  |                     |
| Flat Phantom                  | AndreT          | 10.1         | P 10.1        | Not Applicable  | ✓                   |
| Flat Phantom                  | AndreT          | 9.1          | P 9.1         | Not Applicable  |                     |
| Flat Phantom                  | SPEAG           | ELI 4.0      | 1101          | Not Applicable  |                     |
| Data Acquisition Electronics  | SPEAG           | DAE3 V1      | 359           | 11-July-2012    |                     |
| Data Acquisition Electronics  | SPEAG           | DAE3 V1      | 442           | 05-Dec-2012     | ✓                   |
| Probe E-Field - Dummy         | SPEAG           | DP1          | N/A           | Not applicable  |                     |
| Probe E-Field                 | SPEAG           | ET3DV6       | 1380          | 12-Dec-2012     | ✓                   |
| Probe E-Field                 | SPEAG           | ET3DV6       | 1377          | 8-July-2012     |                     |
| Probe E-Field                 | SPEAG           | ES3DV6       | 3029          | Not Used        |                     |
| Probe E-Field                 | SPEAG           | EX3DV4       | 3563          | 21-July-2012    |                     |
| Probe E-Field                 | SPEAG           | EX3DV4       | 3657          | 14-Dec-2012     |                     |
| Antenna Dipole 300 MHz        | SPEAG           | D300V3       | 1012          | 30-Nov-2012     |                     |
| Antenna Dipole 450 MHz        | SPEAG           | D450V3       | 1074          | 30-Nov-2012     |                     |
| Antenna Dipole 750 MHz        | SPEAG           | D750V2       | 1051          | 9-Jan-2014      |                     |
| Antenna Dipole 900 MHz        | SPEAG           | D900V2       | 047           | 5-July-2012     |                     |
| Antenna Dipole 1640 MHz       | SPEAG           | D1640V2      | 314           | 9-July-2012     |                     |
| Antenna Dipole 1800 MHz       | SPEAG           | D1800V2      | 242           | 13-July-2012    |                     |
| Antenna Dipole 1950 MHz       | SPEAG           | D1950V3      | 1113          | 10-Dec -2012    |                     |
| Antenna Dipole 2450 MHz       | SPEAG           | D2450V2      | 724           | 09-Dec-2012     | ✓                   |
| Antenna Dipole 2600 MHz       | SPEAG           | D2600V2      | 1044          | 10-Jan-2014     |                     |
| Antenna Dipole 3500 MHz       | SPEAG           | D3500V2      | 1002          | 13-July-2013    |                     |
| Antenna Dipole 5600 MHz       | SPEAG           | D5GHzV2      | 1008          | 14-Dec-2013     |                     |
| RF Amplifier                  | EIN             | 603L         | N/A           | *In test        |                     |
| RF Amplifier                  | Mini-Circuits   | ZHL-42       | N/A           | *In test        | ✓                   |
| RF Amplifier                  | Mini-Circuits   | ZVE-8G       | N/A           | *In test        |                     |
| Synthesized signal generator  | Hewlett Packard | ESG-D3000A   | GB37420238    | *In test        | ✓                   |
| RF Power Meter                | Hewlett Packard | 437B         | 3125012786    | 23-Aug-2012     | ✓                   |
| RF Power Sensor 0.01 - 18 GHz | Hewlett Packard | 8481H        | 1545A01634    | 23-Aug-2012     | ✓                   |
| RF Power Meter                | Rohde & Schwarz | NRP          | 101415        | 18-Aug-2012     |                     |
| RF Power Sensor               | Rohde & Schwarz | NRP - Z81    | 100174        | 21-Sept-2012    |                     |
| RF Power Meter Dual           | Hewlett Packard | 435A         | 1733A05847    | *In test        | ✓                   |
| RF Power Sensor               | Hewlett Packard | 8482A        | 2349A10114    | *In test        | ✓                   |
| Network Analyser              | Hewlett Packard | 8714B        | GB3510035     | 27-Sept-2012    |                     |
| Network Analyser              | Hewlett Packard | 8753ES       | JP39240130    | 7-Nov-2012      | ✓                   |
| Dual Directional Coupler      | Hewlett Packard | 778D         | 1144 04700    | *In test        |                     |
| Dual Directional Coupler      | NARDA           | 3022         | 75453         | *In test        | ✓                   |
| Radio Communication Test Set  | Rohde & Schwarz | CMU200       | 101573        | Not Applicable  |                     |
| Radio Communication Test Set  | Anritsu         | MT8820A      | 6200240559    | Not Applicable  |                     |
| Radio Communication Test Set  | Agilent         | PXT E6621A   | MY51100168    | Not Applicable  |                     |

\* Calibrated during the test for the relevant parameters.



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## 10.0 TEST METHODOLOGY

Notebooks should be evaluated in normal use positions, typical for lap-held bottom-face only. However the number of positions will depend on the number of configurations the laptop can be operated in. The “LIFEBOOK T SERIES” can be used in either a conventional laptop position (see Appendix A) or a Tablet configuration. The antenna location in the “LIFEBOOK T SERIES” is closest to the top of the screen when used in a conventional laptop configuration and due to the separation distances involved between the phantom and the laptop antenna, testing is not required in this position.

### 10.1 Positions

#### 10.1.1 “Lap Held” Position Definition (0mm spacing)

The DUT was tested in the 2.00 mm flat section of the AndreT Flat phantom for the “Lap Held” position. The Transceiver was placed at the bottom of the phantom and suspended in such way that the back of the DUT was touching the phantom. This device orientation simulates the PC’s normal use – being held on the lap of the user. A spacing of 0mm ensures that the SAR results are conservative and represent a worst-case position.

#### 10.1.2 “Edge On” Position (Portrait or Landscape)

The DUT was tested in the (2.00 mm) flat section of the AndreT Flat phantom for the “Edge On” position. The Antenna edge of the Transceiver was placed underneath the flat section of the phantom and suspended until the edge touched the phantom. *Refer to Appendix A for photos of measurement positions.*

#### 10.1.3 “Bystander” Position (25mm spacing)

The DUT was tested in the 2.00 mm flat section of the AndreT Flat phantom for the “Bystander” position. The Transceiver was placed at the bottom of the phantom and suspended in such way that the back of the LCD screen was parallel to phantom and at 25mm distance. This orientation simulates use of the device in a way that allows occasional RF exposure of the nearby person (Bystander).

### 10.2 List of All Test Cases (Antenna In/Out, Test Frequencies, User Modes)

The DUT has a fixed antenna. Depending on the measured SAR level up to three test channels with the test sample operating at maximum power were recorded. The following table represents the matrix used to determine what testing was required. All relevant provisions of KDB 447498 are applied for SAR measurements of the host system.

**Table 19 Testing configurations**

| Phantom Configuration | *Device Mode | Antenna | Test Configurations |                  |                |
|-----------------------|--------------|---------|---------------------|------------------|----------------|
|                       |              |         | Channel (Low)       | Channel (Middle) | Channel (High) |
| Lap Held              | OFDM 2.4GHz  | A       |                     | X                |                |
|                       |              | B       |                     | X                |                |
| Bystander             | OFDM 2.4GHz  | A       |                     | X                |                |
|                       |              | B       |                     | X                |                |
| Edge On               | OFDM 2.4GHz  | A       |                     | X                |                |
|                       |              | B       |                     | X                |                |

#### Legend

|   |  |
|---|--|
| X | Testing Required in this configuration   |
|   | Testing required in this configuration only if SAR of middle channel is more than 3dB below the SAR limit or it is the worst case. |

*NOTE: Throughout this report, Antenna A and B refer to Tx1 and Tx2 in the host respectively.*



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## 11.0 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

The SAR values averaged over 1g tissue masses were determined for the sample DUT for all test configurations listed in section 10.2.

### 11.1 2450MHz SAR Results

There are two modes of operation within the 2450MHz band, they include OFDM and DSSS modulations. As the target output power in DSSS mode was at least 0.5dB less than the target output power in OFDM mode, DSSS mode was not used in the assessment, (see section 3.1). Refer to section 10.2 for selection of all device test configurations. Table below displays the SAR results.

**Table 20 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS – OFDM Mode**

| Test Position               | Plot No. | Ant | Bit rate Mode (Mbps) | Channel Bandwidth (MHz) | Test Channel | Test Freq (MHz) | Measured 1g SAR Results (mW/g) | Measured Drift (dB) |
|-----------------------------|----------|-----|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| Lap Held                    | 1        | A   | 6                    | -                       | 06           | 2437            | 0.071                          | 0.11                |
| Lap Held                    | -        | B   | 6                    | -                       | 06           | 2437            | Noise Floor                    | -                   |
| Edge On Secondary Landscape | 2        | A   | 6                    | -                       | 06           | 2437            | 0.182                          | -0.11               |
|                             | 3        | B   | 6                    | -                       | 06           | 2437            | 0.163                          | -0.09               |
|                             | 4        | B   | 6                    | -                       | 02           | 2417            | 0.194                          | -0.11               |
|                             | 5        | B   | 6                    | -                       | 10           | 2457            | 0.185                          | -0.06               |
| Edge On Primary Portrait    | 5        | A   | 6                    | -                       | 06           | 2437            | 0.364                          | -0.06               |
|                             | 6        | B   | 6                    | -                       | 06           | 2437            | 0.064                          | 0.14                |
| Bystander                   | -        | A   | 6                    | -                       | 06           | 2437            | Noise Floor                    | -                   |
| Bystander                   | -        | B   | 6                    | -                       | 06           | 2437            | Noise Floor                    | -                   |

NOTE: The measurement uncertainty of 21.0% for 2.45GHz was not added to the result.

The highest SAR level recorded in the 2450MHz band was 0.364 mW/g as evaluated in a 1g cube of averaging mass. This value was obtained in the edge on primary portrait position in OFDM mode, utilizing channel 06 (2437 MHz) and antenna A.



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## 12.0 COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

The Fujitsu TABLET PC, Model: T902 with INTEL Mini-PCI Wireless LAN Module (INTEL CENTRINO ADVANCED-N 6205(TAYLOR PEAK) 802.11a/b/g/n), Model: 62205ANHMMW & BROADCOM Bluetooth Module, Model: BCM92070MD\_REF6 was found to comply with the FCC and RSS-102 SAR requirements.

The highest SAR level recorded was 0.364 mW/g for a 1g cube. This value was measured at 2437 MHz (channel 6) in the “edge on primary portrait” position in OFDM modulation mode at the antenna A. This was below the limit of 1.6 mW/g for uncontrolled exposure, even taking into account the measurement uncertainty of 21.0%.



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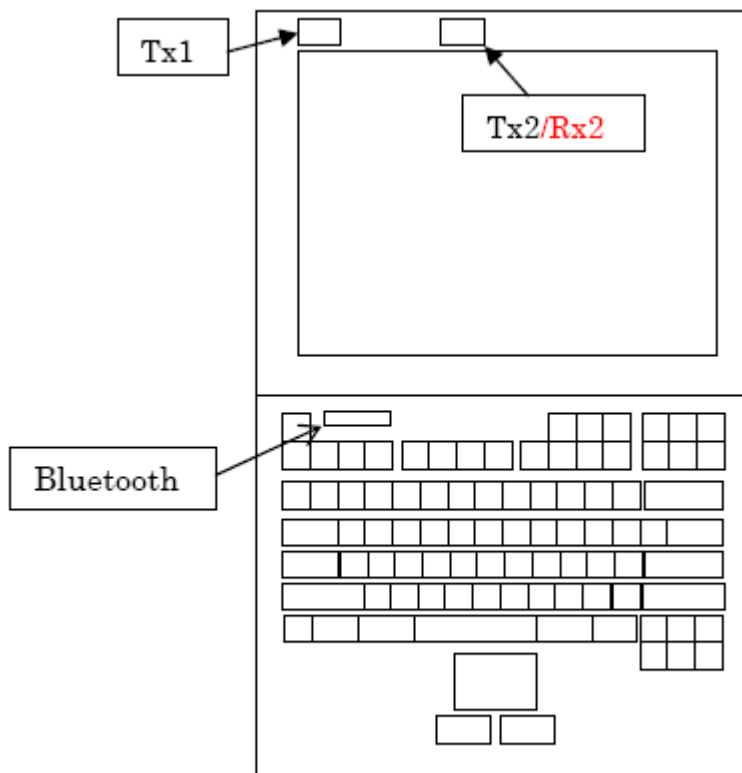
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### 13.0 MULTIBAND EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS

According to the FCC SAR evaluation procedures mentioned in KDB 616217, stand-alone SAR evaluation is NOT required when the maximum transmitter and antenna output power is less than or equal to  $60/f_{\text{(GHz)}} (P_{\text{ref}})$ . The Bluetooth module in the DUT operates in the 2.4GHz range. It has a maximum output power of 5mW which is  $< P_{\text{ref}} (=60/2.4=25\text{mW})$ .

The shortest distance between the BT module and any other transmitting antenna was more than 20cm. Because  $20\text{cm} > 5\text{cm}$ , and  $5\text{mW} < 25\text{mW}$ , the Bluetooth module was not considered for SAR evaluation. This is in accordance with the test reduction methods detailed in KDB 616217 and KDB 447498

**Diagram Showing Antenna Positions (provided by client)**



WLAN Ant Length = 20mm

WLAN Tx 1 Ant to Primary Portrait Edge = 11mm

WLAN Tx 2 Ant to Primary Portrait Edge = 122mm

WLAN Tx 1 Ant to 2nd Portrait Edge = 288mm

WLAN Tx 2 Ant to 2nd Portrait Edge = 177mm

Bluetooth Ant to Base Rear Edge = 7mm

Bluetooth Ant to Base Left Edge = 34.2mm

*NOTE: Throughout this report, Antenna A and B refer to Tx1 and Tx2 in the host.*



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