EMC Technologies Report Number: M070228_Cert_4965AGN_NII_BT

APPENDIX I

FUJITSU USER MANUAL
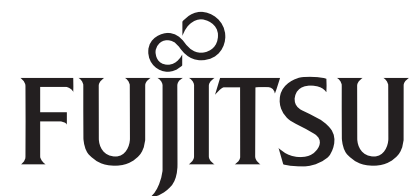
User's Guide

Learn how to use your
LifeBook® P7230 Notebook

FUJITSU

THE POSSIBILITIES ARE INFINITE

FUJITSU

Fujitsu LifeBook® P7230 Notebook

User's Guide

Copyright & Trademark Information

WARNING

Handling the cord on this product or cords associated with accessories sold with this product, will expose you to lead, a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Wash hands after handling.

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY
according to FCC Part 15

Responsible Party Name:	Fujitsu Computer Systems Corporation
Address:	1250 E. Arques Avenue, MS 122 Sunnyvale, CA 94085
Telephone:	(408) 746-6000
Declares that product:	Model Configuration: LifeBook P7230 Notebook Complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operations are subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This unit requires an AC adapter to operate. Use only UL Listed I.T.E. Adapters with an output rating of 16 VDC, with a minimum current of 3.75 A.

AC adapter output polarity:

When using your notebook, basic safety precautions should always be followed to reduce the risk of fire, electric shock and injury to persons, including the following:

- Do not use this product near water for example, near a bathtub, washbowl, kitchen sink or laundry tub, in a wet basement or near a swimming pool.
- Avoid using the modem during an electrical storm. There may be a remote risk of electric shock from lightning.
- Do not use the modem to report a gas leak in the vicinity of the leak.
- Use only the power cord and batteries indicated in this manual. Do not dispose of batteries in a fire. They may explode. Check with local codes for possible special disposal instructions.
- To reduce the risk of fire, use only No. 26 AWG or larger UL Listed or CSA Certified Telecommunication Line Cord.
- For TV Tuner Models: To protect from overvoltages and transients on the Cable Distribution System, make sure that the outer shield of the coaxial cable is connected to earth (grounded) at the building premises as close to the point of cable entrance as practicable, as required per NEC Article 820.93, ANSI/NFPA 70: 2005. If you have questions about your CATV installation, contact your service provider.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

For Authorized Repair Technicians Only

- **CAUTION - HOT SURFACE:** The bottom of this notebook computer can become hot when used for long periods of time. When using this notebook, take caution to limit long term or continuous use while resting it on exposed skin, such as the lap.
- Danger of explosion if Lithium (clock) battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instruction.

For continued protection against risk of fire, replace only with the same type and rating fuse.

RECYCLING YOUR BATTERY

Over time, the batteries that run your mobile computer will begin to hold a charge for a shorter amount of time; this is a natural occurrence for all batteries. When this occurs, you may want to replace the battery with a fresh one*. If you replace it, it is important that you dispose of the old battery properly because batteries contain materials that could cause environmental damage if disposed of improperly.

Fujitsu is very concerned with environmental protection, and has enlisted the services of the Rechargeable Battery Recycling Corporation (RBRC)**, a non-profit public service organization dedicated to protecting our environment by recycling old batteries at no cost to you.

RBRC has drop-off points at tens of thousands of locations throughout the United States and Canada. To find the location nearest you, go to www.RBRC.org or call 1-800-822-8837.

If there are no convenient RBRC locations near you, you can also go to the EIA Consumer Education Initiative website (http://EIAE.org/) and search for a convenient disposal location.

Remember – protecting the environment is a cooperative effort, and you should make every effort to protect it for current and future generations.

* To order a new battery for your Fujitsu mobile computer, go to the Fujitsu shopping site at www.shopfujitsu.com in the US or www.fujitsu.ca/products/notebooks in Canada.

** RBRC is an independent third party to which Fujitsu provides funding for battery recycling; RBRC is in no way affiliated with Fujitsu.

Fujitsu LifeBook® P7230 Notebook
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Preface

Preface

ABOUT THIS GUIDE

The LifeBook P7230 Series notebook from Fujitsu Computer Systems Corporation is a small but powerful computer. It is powered by an Intel® Core Solo processor, has a built-in wide-aspect Crystal View color display, and has a variety of other useful options to make it a truly ultra-portable notebook.

This manual explains how to operate your LifeBook notebook's hardware and built-in system software.

It comes with Microsoft Windows® XP Professional, Windows Vista™ Home Basic, or Windows Vista Business operating system pre-installed.

Conventions Used in the Guide

Depending upon your notebook's operating system, different steps are required for certain procedures. Those steps are differentiated in this manual, where applicable.

Keyboard keys and on-screen buttons appear in brackets. Example: [Fn], [F1], [ESC], and [CTRL].

Pages with additional information about a specific topic are cross-referenced within the text.
Example: (See page xx.)

The information icon highlights information that will enhance your understanding of the subject material.

The caution icon highlights information that is important to the safe operation of your computer, or to the integrity of your files. Please read all caution information carefully.

The warning icon highlights information that can be hazardous to either you, your LifeBook notebook, or your files. Please read all warning information carefully.

FUJITSU CONTACT INFORMATION

Service and Support

You can contact Fujitsu Service and Support in the following ways:

- Toll free: 1-800-8Fujitsu (1-800-838-5487)
- E-mail: 8fujitsu@us.fujitsu.com
- Website:
  http://www.computers.us.fujitsu.com/support

Before you place the call, you should have the following information ready so that the customer support representative can provide you with the fastest possible solution:

- Product name
- Product configuration number
- Product serial number
- Purchase date
- Conditions under which the problem occurred
- Any error messages that have occurred
- Type of device connected, if any

Fujitsu Online

You can go directly to the online Fujitsu Product catalog for your LifeBook notebook going to the website at: www.shopfujitsu.com.

You can reach Fujitsu Service and Support by going to the Fujitsu website at www.computers.us.fujitsu.com and clicking on the Support link.

You must have an active internet connection to use the online URL links.

WARRANTY

Your LifeBook notebook is backed by an International Limited Warranty. Check the service kit that came with your notebook for warranty terms and conditions.

2

Getting to Know
Your LifeBook Notebook
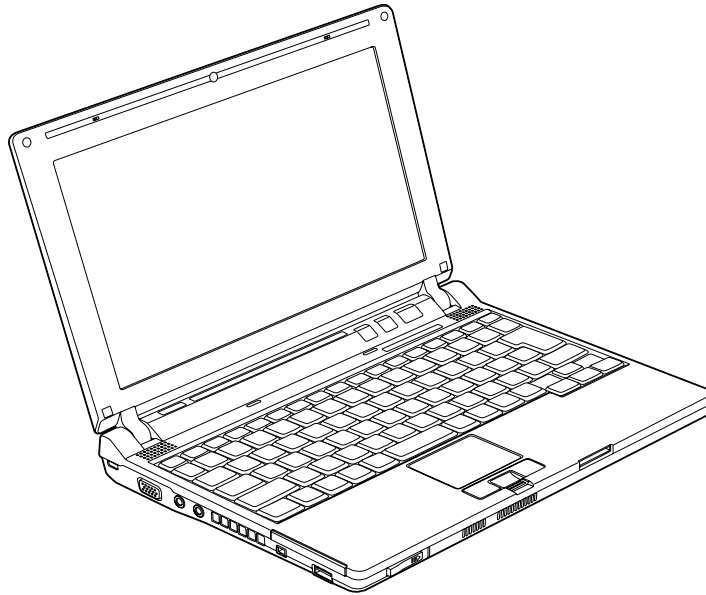
Figure 2-1 Fujitsu LifeBook P7230 notebook

Overview

This section describes the components of your Fujitsu LifeBook P7230 notebook. We strongly recommend that you read it before using your notebook – even if you are already familiar with notebook computers.

UNPACKING

When you receive your LifeBook notebook, unpack it carefully, and compare the parts you have received with the items listed below.

- LifeBook P7230 notebook*(Figure 2-1)*
- AC adapter with AC power cord *(Figure 2-2)*
- Lithium ion battery
- Weight Saver
- Driver and Application Restore Disc
- Recovery Disc
- Phone/modem (RJ-11) telephone cable
- Getting Started Guide
- International Limited Warranty Brochure
- Certification of Authenticity

Depending upon the configuration of your system, one or more of the following items may also be included:

- Modular DVD/CD-RW Combo Drive
- Modular Dual-Layer Multi-Format DVD Writer
- External Floppy Disk Drive
- Modular 2nd battery
- Additional main high capacity battery
- Roxio EasyMedia Creator disc
- CyberLink application disc
- Built-in camera disc

Once you have checked and confirmed that your Life-Book system is complete, read through the following pages to learn about all of your notebook's components.

Figure 2-2 AC Adapter

Built-in Camera (optional)

Wireless LAN On/Off Switch

Built-in Microphones

Display Panel

Fingerprint Sensor/
Scroll Button

Status Indicator Panel

Application A Button

ECO Button

Suspend/Resume/
Power On Button

Stereo Speakers

Keyboard

PC Card Eject Button

Air Vents

Touchpad Pointing Device

Memory Stick/SD/xD Slot
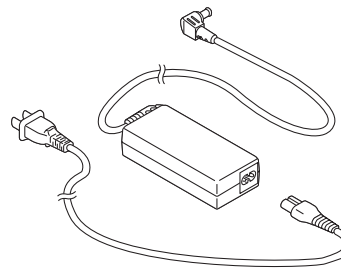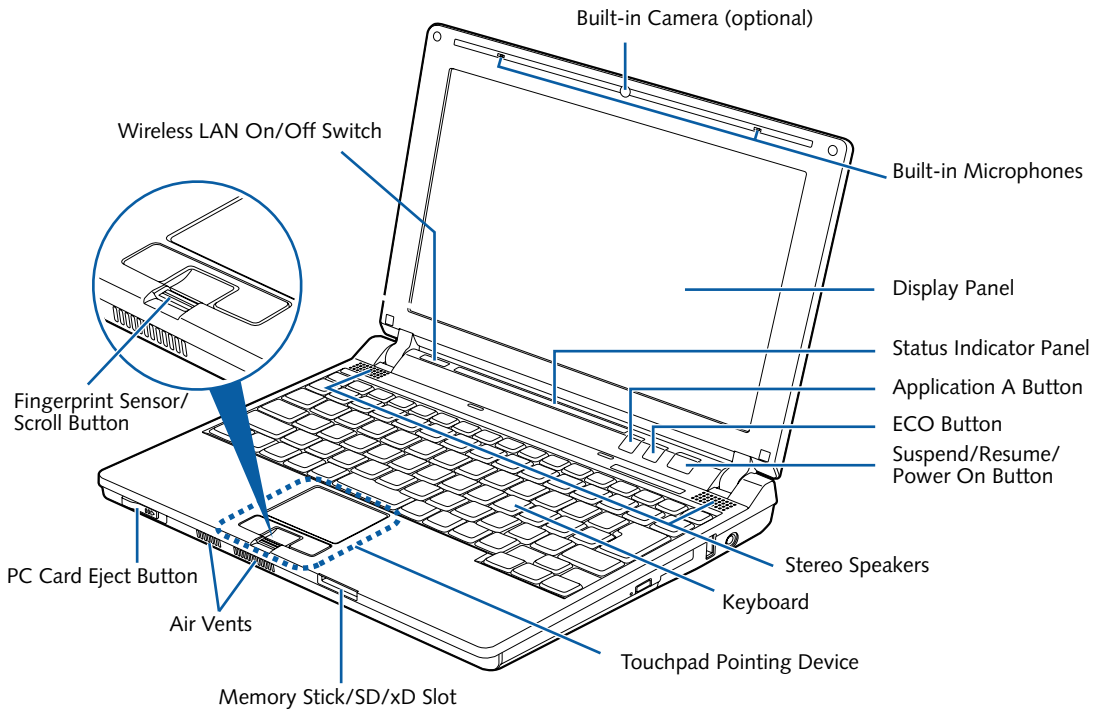
Figure 2-3 LifeBook notebook with display open

Locating the Controls and Connectors

TOP AND FRONT COMPONENTS
The following is a brief description of your LifeBook notebook's top and front components.

Wireless LAN On/Off Switch
Allows you to turn the optional Wireless LAN device on and off. Note that this switch is present on all models of the LifeBook P7230 notebook, but it is functional only on those with an optional Wireless LAN installed.

Optional Built-in Camera
The optional built-in camera has a resolution of 300K pixels (0.3 megapixels). For instructions on using the camera, see the help files that are included with the camera software application.

Built-in Microphones
The two built-in microphones allow you to input mono audio. The built-in microphones support noise-cancellation when used with applicable third-party software.

Display Panel
The display panel is a color LCD panel with back lighting for the display of text and graphics.

Status Indicator Panel
The Status Indicator Panel displays symbols that correspond with a specific component of your LifeBook notebook. *(See Status Indicator Panel on page 13 for more information)*

Application A Button
The application button can be programmed to launch any program the user chooses simply by pressing the button. The default for this button is Internet Explorer. *(See Configuring the Application Panel on page 21 for more information)*.

ECO Button
The ECO button launches the Power Saving Utility which is programmed in the LifeBook Application Panel. *(See ECO Button on page 32 for more information)* This button can also be programmed as a second application button.*(See Configuring the Application Panel on page 21 for more information)*.

Suspend/Resume/Power On Button
The Suspend/Resume/Power On button allows you to suspend notebook activity without powering off, resume your LifeBook notebook from suspend mode, and power on your notebook when it has been shut down from Windows. *(See Suspend/Resume/Power On Button on page 32 for more information)*

Stereo Speakers
The built-in dual speakers allow for stereo sound.

Keyboard

A full-size keyboard with dedicated Windows keys. *(See Keyboard on page 14 for more information)*

Touchpad Pointing Device

The Touchpad pointing device is a mouse-like cursor control with three buttons (left, right, and fingerprint sensor/scroll button). *(See Touchpad Pointing Device on page 17 for more information).*

Memory Stick/SD/xD Card Slot

The Memory Stick/Secure Digital (SD)/xD Picture card slot allows you to insert a flash memory card for data storage. This architecture allows you to transfer data between a variety of different digital devices. *(See Inserting Memory Stick/SD/xD Cards on page 44 for more information)*

Air Vents

The air vents allow for proper cooling of the system while it is operating.

To protect your notebook from damage and to optimize system performance, be sure to **keep all air all vents unobstructed, clean, and clear of debris**. This may require periodic cleaning, depending upon the environment in which the system is used.

Do not operate the notebook in areas where the air vents can be obstructed, such as in tight enclosures or on soft surfaces like a bed or cushion.

PC Card Eject Button

The PC Card Eject button allows you to remove a card from the PC Card slot. *(See Removing PC Cards on page 43 for more information)*

Fingerprint Recognition Sensor

The fingerprint recognition sensor allows you to increase the security of your system by having it "recognize" your unique fingerprint. *(See Fingerprint Sensor Device on page 107 for more information)*

The fingerprint recognition sensor can also be used as a scrolling button that lets you navigate quickly through a document without having to use the window scroll bars. *(See Scrolling on page 20 for more information)*

External Monitor Port   Headphone Jack   PC Card Slot

Anti-theft Lock Slot   Microphone Jack   Air Vents   USB 2.0 Port

IEEE 1394 Port
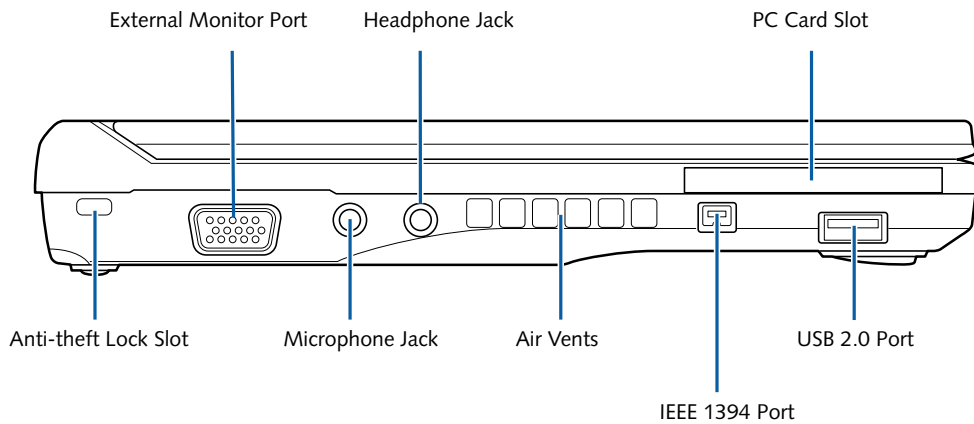
Figure 2-4 LifeBook notebook left-side panel

LEFT-SIDE PANEL COMPONENTS
The following is a brief description of your LifeBook notebook's left-side components.

External Monitor Port
The external monitor port allows you to connect your LifeBook notebook to an external monitor. *(See External Video Port on page 49 for more information)*

Headphone/Line-Out Jack
The headphone/line-out jack allows you to connect headphones or powered external speakers. *(See Headphone/Line-Out Jack on page 49 for more information)*

PC Card Slot
The PC Card Slot allows you to insert one Type II PC Card. *(See PC Cards on page 43 for more information)*

USB 2.0 Ports
The USB ports allow you to connect Universal Serial Bus 2.0 devices. There are two USB port: one on the left side of the system and one on the right. *(See Universal Serial Bus Ports on page 49 for more information)*

IEEE 1394 Port
The IEEE 1394 port (also known as "Firewire") is used to connect between your LifeBook and a peripheral such as a digital video camera. *(See IEEE 1394 Port on page 49 for more information)*

Air Vents
The air vents allow for proper cooling of the system while it is operating.

> To protect your notebook from damage and to optimize system performance, be sure to **keep all air all vents unobstructed**, **clean, and clear of debris**. This may require periodic cleaning, depending upon the environment in which the system is used.
>
> Do not operate the notebook in areas where the air vents can be obstructed, such as in tight enclosures or on soft surfaces like a bed or cushion.

Microphone Jack
The microphone jack allows you to connect an external mono microphone. *(See Microphone Jack on page 49 for more information)*

Anti-theft Lock Slot
The anti-theft lock slot allows you to attach an optional physical lock-down device.

Flexible Bay   USB 2.0 Port   DC Power Jack
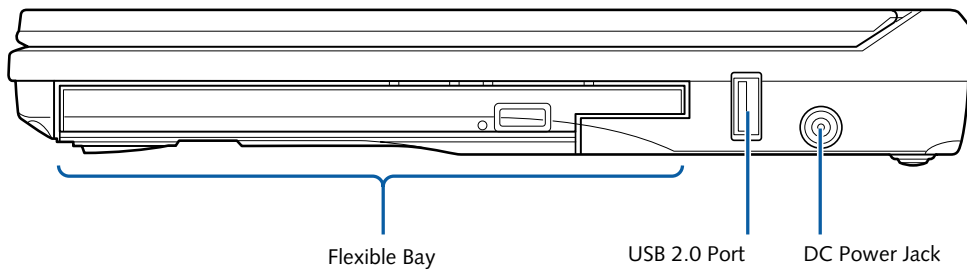
Figure 2-5 LifeBook notebook right-side panel

RIGHT-SIDE PANEL COMPONENTS

The following is a brief description of your LifeBook notebook's right-side components.

Flexible Bay

The Flexible Bay can accommodate either the standard DVD/CD-RW Drive or an optional modular bay battery. If neither device is installed, the weight saver should be installed. *(See Flexible Bay Devices on page 23 for more information)*

USB 2.0 Port

The USB ports allow you to connect Universal Serial Bus 2.0 devices. There are two USB ports on the left side of the system and one on the right. *(See Universal Serial Bus Ports on page 49 for more information)*

DC Power Jack

The DC power jack allows you to plug in the AC adapter or the optional Auto/Airline adapter to power your notebook and charge the internal Lithium ion battery.

Modem Port

LAN Port
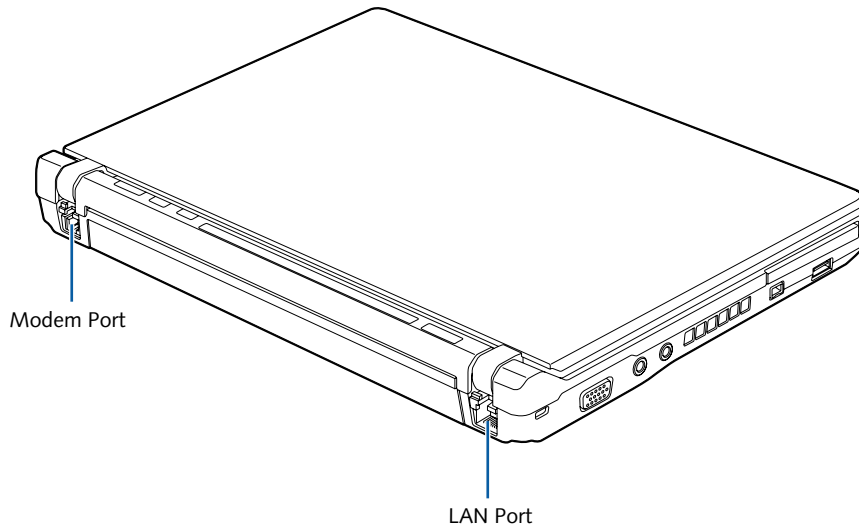
Figure 2-6 LifeBook notebook rear panel

REAR PANEL COMPONENTS
The following is a brief description of your LifeBook notebook's rear components.

Modem (RJ-11) Telephone Port
The Modem (RJ-11) telephone port is for attaching a telephone line to the internal multinational 56K modem. *(See Modem (RJ-11) Telephone Port on page 48 for more information)*

> The internal modem is not intended for use with Digital PBX systems. Do not connect the internal modem to a Digital PBX as it may cause serious damage to the internal modem or your entire notebook. Consult your PBX manufacturer's documentation for details. Some hotels have Digital PBX systems. Be sure to find out BEFORE you connect your modem.

> The internal multinational modem is designed to the ITU-T V.90 standard. Its maximum speed of 53000bps is the highest allowed by FCC, and its actual connection rate depends on the line conditions. The maximum speed is 33600bps at upload.
>
> For additional information about the multinational modem, refer to the Fujitsu website at: us.fujitsu.com/computers.

LAN (RJ-45) Port
The internal LAN (RJ-45) port is used for an internal Fast Ethernet (10/100 Base-TX) connection. *(See Internal LAN (RJ-45) Port on page 48 for more information)*

Lithium ion Battery

Battery Release Latch   Port Replicator Connector   Battery Release Latch

Air Vents
(several
locations)

Memory
Module
Cover

Hard Disk
Drive Cover

Flexible Bay Release Latch
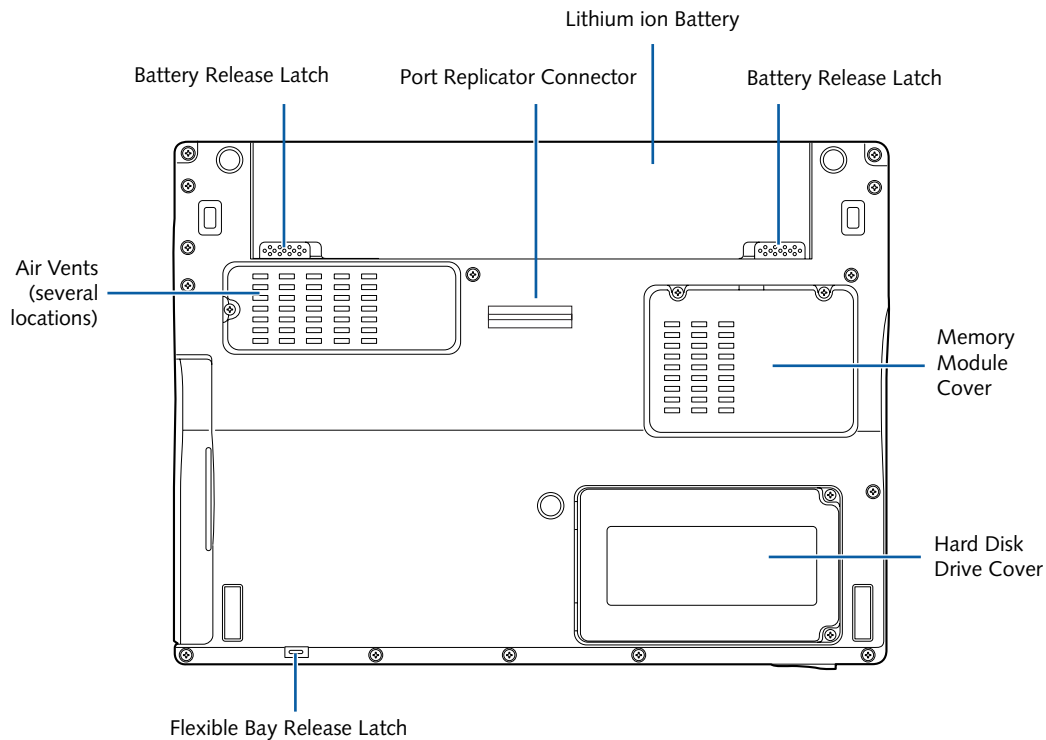
Figure 2-7 LifeBook notebook bottom panel

BOTTOM COMPONENTS

The following is a brief description of your LifeBook notebook's bottom panel components.

Battery Release Latches

Slide the battery releases to unlatch the battery.

Port Replicator Connector

The port replicator connector docks with the connector on the optional port replicator to provide additional connectivity.

Before docking or undocking your notebook with the port replicator, be sure to touch a grounded metal object to prevent electrostatic discharge from affecting the computer components.

Lithium ion Battery

The internal Lithium ion battery can be installed in the battery bay by aligning it with the slides and pushing it into place. The battery can be removed when swapping with a charged battery, or when the computer is to be stored for a long period of time. *(See Lithium ion Battery on page 37 for more information)*

Memory Module Cover

Removable cover over the memory modules. *(See Removing a Memory Module on page 46 for more information)*

Hard Disk Drive Cover

Removable cover over the hard disk drive. Under ordinary circumstances, it should not be necessary to remove this cover.

Flexible Bay Release Latch

The Flexible Bay Release Latch releases the flexible bay device for removal. *(See Removing and Installing Modular Devices on page 23 for more information)*

Air Vents

The air vents allow for proper cooling of the system while it is operating.

To protect your notebook from damage and to optimize system performance, be sure to **keep all air all vents unobstructed**, **clean, and clear of debris**. This may require periodic cleaning, depending upon the environment in which the system is used.

Do not operate the notebook in areas where the air vents can be obstructed, such as in tight enclosures or on soft surfaces like a bed or cushion.
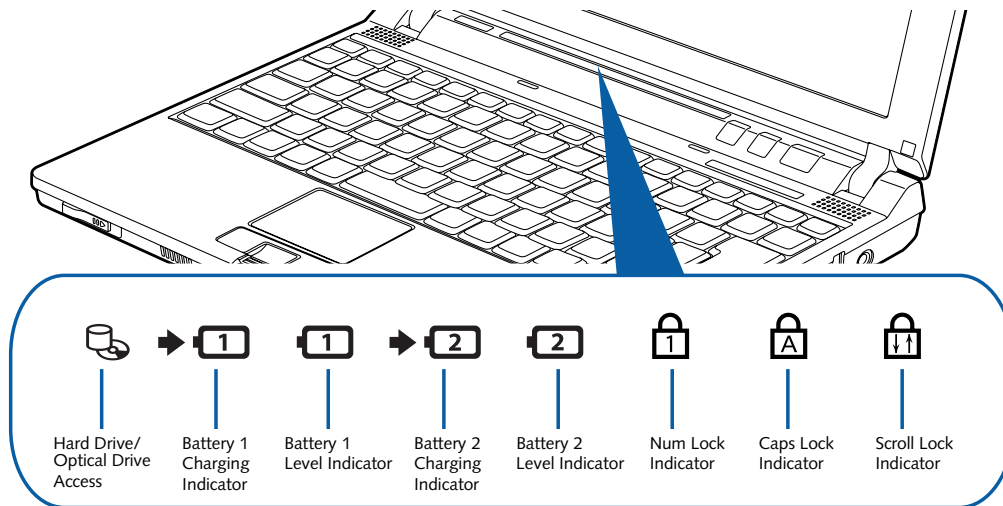
Figure 2-8 Status Indicator Panel

Status Indicator Panel

The Status Indicator displays LEDs adjacent to symbols that correspond with specific components of your Life-Book notebook. These lights tell you how each of those components is operating. *(Figure 2-8)*. When you turn off the system, all indicators will go off, except when the battery is being charged.

🖴 HARD DISK/OPTICAL DRIVE ACCESS INDICATOR

The Hard Disk/optical drive access indicator lights when the hard disk or optical drive is being accessed. To prevent corruption of data, do not press the power button when the hard disk/optical drive access indicator is lit.

➜1 ➜2 BATTERY CHARGING INDICATORS

When the AC adapter is connected to your system, these indicators show the status of the specified battery charging (either the primary battery 1 or modular battery 2), as follows:

- **Green, solid:** The battery is either fully charged or the AC adapter is connected and there is no battery pack installed.
- **Orange, solid:** The battery pack is charging.
- **Orange, blinking:** Charging is suspended due to excessively high or low battery temperature.
- **Off:** No AC adapter is connected.

1 2 BATTERY LEVEL INDICATORS

The Battery Level indicators display the charge level of the indicated battery pack, as follows:
- **Green, solid:** Battery is between 50% and 100% charged.

- **Orange, solid:** Battery is between 13% and 49% charged.
- **Red, solid:** Battery is between 0% and 12% charged.
- **Orange, blinking:** Blinks during battery status measurement (Four seconds after the battery is installed).
- **Red, blinking:** There is a problem with the battery.
- **Off:** There is no battery installed.

ℹ
- If the battery pack is installed while the power is turned off, the battery level indicator will display the charge level for five seconds after it blinks orange.
- If the AC adapter is not connected or the battery pack is not fully charged when the computer is switched to standby mode, the indicator will blink. The LED blinks at the rate of one second on/five seconds off.

⚠
- Batteries subjected to shocks, vibration or extreme temperatures can be permanently damaged.
- A shorted battery is damaged and must be replaced.

🔒1 NUM LOCK INDICATOR
The Num Lock indicator states that the integral keyboard is set in ten-key numeric keypad mode.

🔒A CAPS LOCK INDICATOR
The Caps Lock indicator states that your keyboard is set to type in all capital letters.

🔒 SCROLL LOCK INDICATOR
This indicator shows that your scroll lock is active.

Function Keys

Fn Key   Windows
         Start Key

Numeric Keypad

Windows
Application Key

Cursor Keys
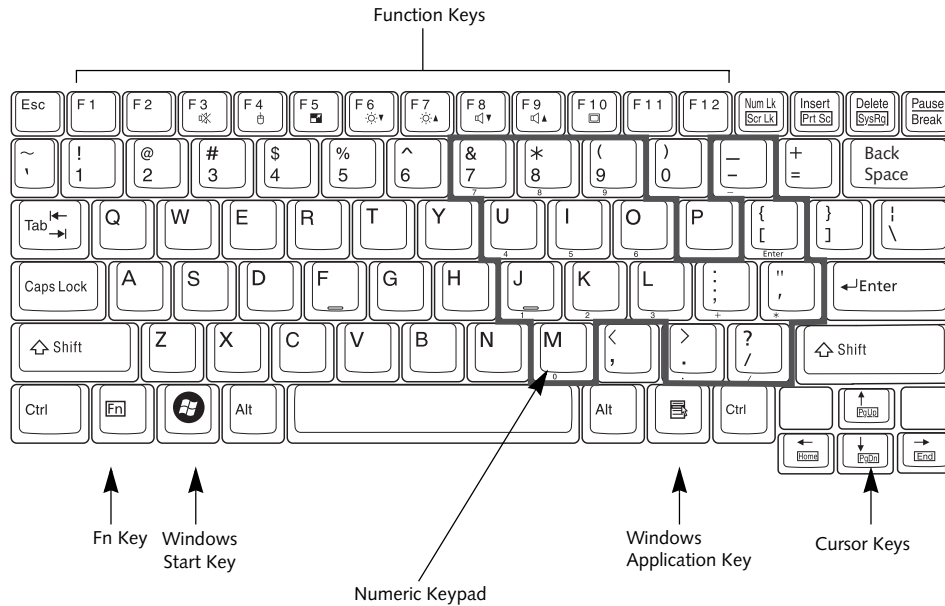
Figure 2-9 Keyboard

Keyboard

USING THE KEYBOARD

Your Fujitsu LifeBook notebook has an integral 82-key keyboard. The keys perform all the standard functions of a 101-key keyboard, including the Windows keys and other special function keys. This section describes the following keys. *(Figure 2-9)*

- Numeric keypad: Your notebook allows certain keys to serve dual purposes, both as standard characters and as numeric and mathematical keys. The ability to toggle between the standard character and numerical keys is controlled through the [NumLk] key.

- Cursor keys: Your keyboard contains four arrow keys for moving the cursor or insertion point to the right, left, up, or down within windows, applications and documents.

- Function keys: The keys labeled [F1] through [F12], are used in conjunction with the [Fn] key to produce special actions that vary depending on what program is running.

- Windows keys: These keys work with your Windows operating system and function the same as the

onscreen Start menu button, or the right button on your pointing device.

NUMERIC KEYPAD

Certain keys on the keyboard perform dual functions as both standard character keys and numeric keypad keys. NumLk can be activated by pressing the [NumLk] keys. Turning off the NumLk feature is done the same way. Once this feature is activated you can enter numerals 0 through 9, perform addition (+), subtraction (-), multiplication (*), or division (/), and enter decimal points (.) using the keys designated as ten-key function keys. The keys in the numeric keypad are marked on the front edge of the key to indicate their secondary functions.

WINDOWS KEYS

Your LifeBook notebook has two Windows keys, consisting of a Start key and an Application key. The Start key displays the Start menu. This button functions the same as your onscreen Start menu button. The Application key functions the same as your right mouse button and displays shortcut menus for the selected item. (Please refer to your Windows documentation for additional information regarding the Windows keys.)

CURSOR KEYS

The cursor keys are the four arrow keys on the keyboard which allow you to move the cursor up, down, left and right in applications. In programs such as Windows Explorer, it moves the "focus" (selects the next item up, down, left, or right).

FUNCTION KEYS

Your LifeBook notebook has 12 function keys, F1 through F12. The functions assigned to these keys differ for each application. You should refer to your software documentation to find out how these keys are used.

The [Fn] key provides extended functions for the notebook and is always used in conjunction with another key.

- [Fn+F3]: Pressing [F3] while holding [Fn] will toggle the Audio Mute on and off.

- [Fn+F4]: Pressing [F4] while holding [Fn] will toggle the Quick Point feature on and off. Note that the [Fn+F4] combination only works if Manual Setting is selected in the BIOS. (See "Entering the BIOS Setup Utility" on page 30)

- [Fn+F5]: Pressing [F5] while holding [Fn] allows you to toggle between video compensation and no compensation. (Video compensation controls spacing on the display. When it is enabled, displays with 1024 x 768 or 800 x 600 pixel resolution will still cover the entire screen.) Note that this function is only applicable if Compensation is disabled in the BIOS. *(See BIOS Setup Utility on page 29 for more information).*

- [Fn+F6]: Pressing [F6] repeatedly while holding [Fn] will lower the brightness of your display.

- [Fn+F7]: Pressing [F7] repeatedly while holding [Fn] will increase the brightness of the display.

- [Fn+F8]: Pressing [F8] repeatedly while holding [Fn] will decrease the volume of your LifeBook notebook.

- [Fn+F9]: Pressing [F9] repeatedly while holding [Fn] will increase the volume of your LifeBook notebook.

- [Fn+F10]: Pressing [F10] while holding [Fn] allows you to change your selection of where to send your display video. Each time you press the combination of keys you will step to the next choice. The choices, in order, are: built-in display panel only, external monitor only, and both built-in display panel and external monitor.

Touchpad

Cursor Control

Left Button

Fingerprint Sensor/
Scroll Button

Right Button
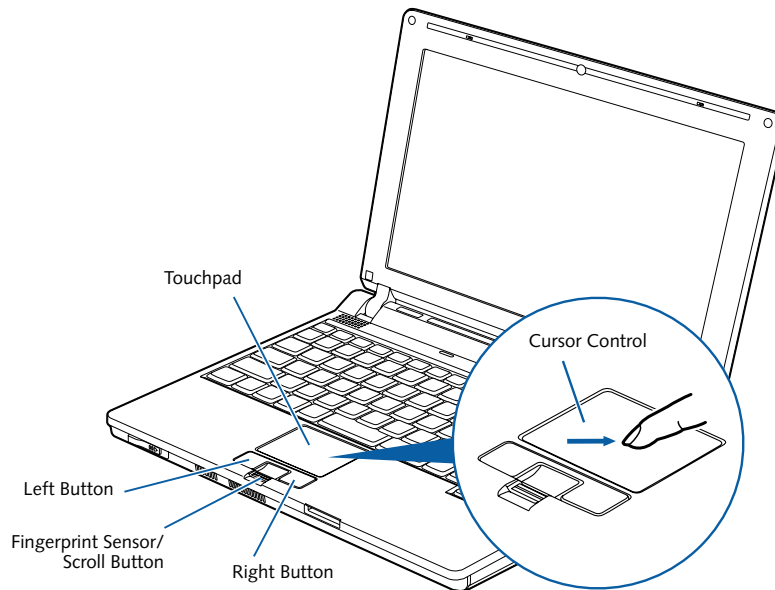
Figure 2-10 Touchpad pointing device

Touchpad Pointing Device

The Touchpad pointing device comes built into your LifeBook notebook. It is used to control the movement of the pointer to select items on your display panel. The Touchpad is composed of a cursor control, a left and right button, and a scrolling button. The cursor control works the same way a mouse does, and moves the cursor around the display. It only requires light pressure with the tip of your finger. The left and right buttons function the same as mouse buttons. The actual functionality of the buttons may vary depending on the application that is being used. The scrolling button allows you to navigate quickly through pages, without having to use the scroll bars. *(Figure 2-14)*

> ℹ️ The scrolling button also acts as a fingerprint sensor. For information on using the optional fingerprint sensor, refer to "Fingerprint Sensor Device" on page 107.

CLICKING

Clicking means pushing and releasing a button. To left-click, move the cursor to the item you wish to select, press the left button once, and then immediately release it. To right-click, move the mouse cursor to the item you wish to select, press the right button once, and then immediately release it. You also have the option to perform the clicking operation by tapping lightly on the Touchpad once. *(Figure 2-11)*
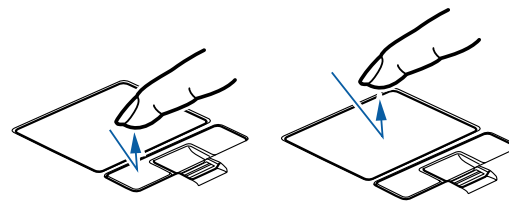
Figure 2-11 Clicking methods

DOUBLE-CLICKING

Double-clicking means pushing and releasing the left button twice in rapid succession. This procedure does not function with the right button. To double-click, move the cursor to the item you wish to select, press the left button twice, and then immediately release it. You also have the option to perform the double-click operation by tapping lightly on the Touchpad twice. *(Figure 2-12)*
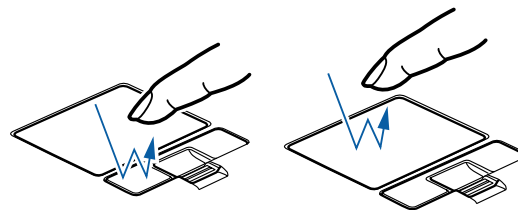
Figure 2-12 Double-clicking methods

■ If the interval between clicks is too long, the double-click will not be executed.
■ Parameters for the Touchpad can be adjusted from the Mouse Properties dialog box located in the Windows Control Panel.

DRAGGING

Dragging means pressing and holding the left button, while moving the cursor. To drag, move the cursor to the item you wish to move. Press and hold the left button while moving the item to its new location and then release it. Dragging can also be done using the Touchpad. First, tap the Touchpad twice over the item you wish to move making sure to leave your finger on the pad after the final tap. Next, move the object to its new location by moving your finger across the Touchpad, and then release your finger. *(Figure 2-13)*
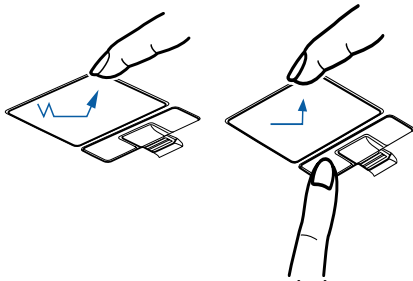
Figure 2-13 Dragging methods

SCROLLING

Using the Scrolling button allows you to navigate through a document quickly without using the window's scroll bars. This is particularly useful when you are navigating through on-line pages. To use the Scrolling button, move your finger forward or backward across the button to scroll up or down a page. When you have reached the desired section of the page, raise your finger. *(Figure 2-14)*

Note that you can also scroll by sliding your finger up and down the right side of the touchpad. This feature is disabled by default, but you can enable it by going to Start -> Control Panel -> Mouse.

The scrolling button is also used as a fingerprint sensor. To use the fingerprint sensor device, refer to the appendix of this document. *(See Fingerprint Sensor Device on page 107 for more information)*
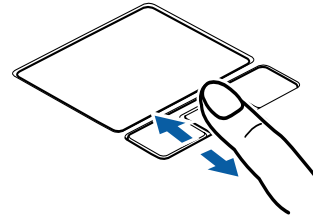
Figure 2-14 Scrolling with scrolling button
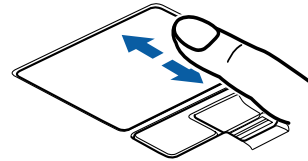
Figure 2-15 Scrolling with Touchpad

TOUCHPAD CONTROL ADJUSTMENT

If you need to change or adjust any of the touchpad control functions, you can customize them from the Mouse properties dialog box in the Control Panel. Click on Start, select Settings > Control Panel, then double-click Mouse.

Volume Control

Your Fujitsu LifeBook notebook has multiple volume controls which interact with each other.

> Any software that contains audio files will also contain a volume control of its own. If you install an external audio device that has an independent volume control, the hardware volume control and the software volume control will interact with each other. It should be noted that if you set your software volume to Off, you will override external volume control settings.

CONTROLLING THE VOLUME

The volume can be controlled in several different ways:

- Volume can be set from within the Volume Control on the Taskbar.
- Volume can be controlled with the [F8] and [F9] functions keys. Pressing [F8] repeatedly while holding [Fn] will decrease the volume of your notebook. Pressing [F9] repeatedly while holding [Fn] will increase the volume of your notebook.

- Volume can be controlled by many volume controls that are set within individual applications.
- Certain external audio devices you might connect to your system may have hardware volume controls.

Each source discussed above puts an upper limit on the volume level that must then be followed by the other sources.

We recommend that you experiment with the various volume controls to discover the optimal sound level.
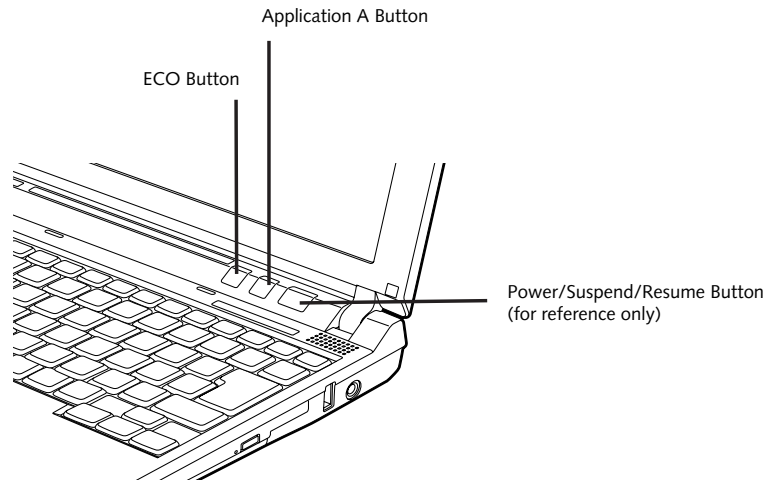
Figure 2-16. LifeBook Application Panel

LifeBook Application Panel

A unique feature of your notebook is the LifeBook Application Panel. The Application Panel makes your LifeBook notebook more than just another computer. This panel allows you to launch selected applications with the touch of a button.

Your LifeBook notebook is pre-installed with software utilities that let you operate and configure your LifeBook Application Panel. These utilities are found under [Start] -> All Programs -> Application Panel.

The panel consists of two buttons, labeled "A" and "ECO". Pressing either of the application buttons will launch a user-defined application. The defaults are as follows:

Button Label	Default Application
A	Internet Explorer
ECO	www.google.com

> The ECO button is initially set to default to power saving mode when it is pressed. For more information about the power saving mode, see "ECO Button" on page 32.

CONFIGURING THE APPLICATION PANEL

When you start your system, the LifeBook Application Panel is automatically activated. As an application launcher, the LifeBook Application Panel gives you a variety of options. To set up the panel to best suit your needs, the Application Panel Setup utility will quickly and easily help you make the most of this valuable feature.

By default, pressing the "A" button will open the Internet Explorer browser. Pressing the "ECO" button will open a power-saving utility window by default.

Either of these button defaults can be changed using the following procedure.

To configure your LifeBook Application Panel with the Application Panel Setup utility:

1. Click on [**Start**] -> **All Programs.**
2. Select **LifeBook Application Panel** from the drop-down menu, then click on **Setup of LifeBook Application Panel**. The **Button Setting** window will open.

The Button Setting window has tabs that correspond to the buttons on the application panel. When you receive your notebook, these buttons are pre-configured to launch specific programs, as noted above.

In order to reconfigure a button to launch a different program, follow these steps:

1. On the Button Setting window, click the tab of the button you want to configure.
2. Ensure that the "Enable this button" check box is selected, then click the [Application registration...] button.
3. You can either select an application from the Start menu, or select an application directly by clicking the "Select from Start Menu" or "Select directly" button, respectively.
4. Once you've selected an application, click [Next].
5. In the next window, you can select to play a sound when the application starts.

6. Click [Finish] to complete the procedure. After this point, whenever you click the appropriate applica- tion button, the application to which you assigned it will start.

At the bottom of each application setup page are two selectable options. The first will enable/disable the button when your LifeBook notebook is in Standby mode, and the second will enable/disable the button when your LifeBook notebook is powered off. You can enable/disable either or both of these functions simply by clicking on the option.

When you have finished with Button Setting window, click on **OK**, and the new settings will take effect. You can reconfigure your LifeBook Application Panel as often as you like.

If you choose to use the buttons when the notebook is in standby or turned off, they will function even if hit accidentally, and will turn on your notebook even if you are not using the notebook. This could deplete your battery, and you will need to recharge it before using the notebook.
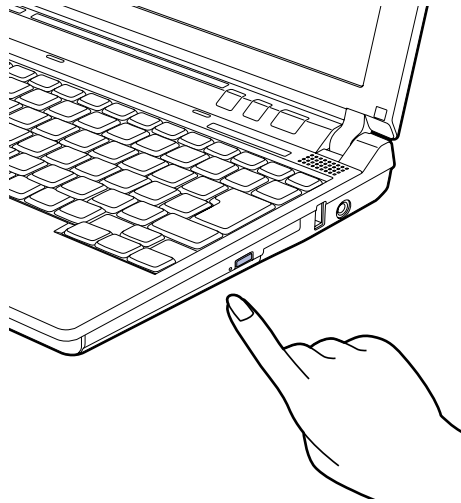
Figure 2-17 Flexible Bay

Flexible Bay Devices

Your Fujitsu LifeBook notebook contains a Flexible Bay. The Flexible Bay can accommodate a modular Dual-Layer Multi-Format DVD Writer, a modular DVD/CD-RW combo drive, a modular Lithium ion battery, or a weight saver. *(Figure 2-17)*

- Modular Dual-Layer Multi-Format DVD Writer: This allows you to access movies, software, and audio DVD/CDs and record to DVD+R DL, DVD+RW, CD-R/RW, DVD-R, and DVD-RAM discs.

- Modular DVD/CD-RW combo drive: This allows you to access movies, software, and audio DVD/CDs as well as to write to CDs.

- Modular Lithium ion battery: This is a rechargeable battery that can be used to power your LifeBook notebook when an adapter is not connected.

- Weight Saver: This is used to fill the bay when no device is installed.

REMOVING AND INSTALLING MODULAR DEVICES

To remove and install modular devices in the Flexible Bay, you can perform either a cold-swapping or hot-swapping of the device. Cold-swapping means swapping devices while your LifeBook notebook is powered off. Hot-swapping occurs when your system is powered on with a charged main battery or AC Adapter.

⚠ You should never leave your Flexible Bay empty when the notebook is in operation. If left empty, dust or foreign matter may accumulate inside the notebook.

Cold-swapping

To cold-swap modular devices in your Flexible Bay follow these easy steps:

1. Close any open files.

2. Shut down your LifeBook notebook.

3. Turn the system over and slide the release latch *(Figure 2-18)*. Pull out the Flexible Bay device from the slot.

Flexible Bay
Release Latch
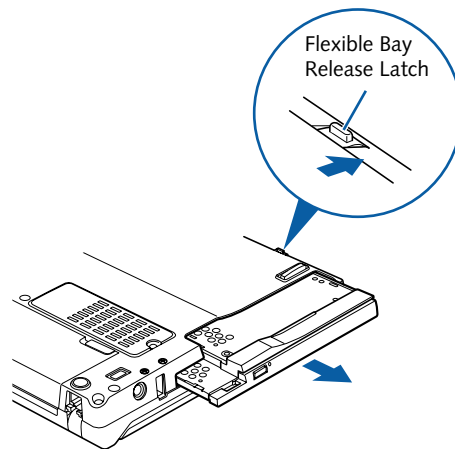
Figure 2-18 Removing a device from the Flexible Bay

⚠ Be careful when aligning and seating devices in the bay. If the fit is incorrect, you may damage the bay or the device. If the device does not move easily in the bay, remove it, and check for dirt or foreign objects. It will require a firm push to latch the device in place.
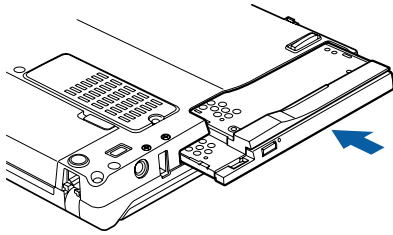
Figure 2-19 Installing a device in the Flexible Bay

4. Slide the device you are installing into your note-
    book until it clicks into place. *(Figure 2-19)*

5. It is now safe to turn your notebook back on.

6. You can now access and use the device.

Your LifeBook notebook will automatically detect the
new device and activate it within your system. The drive
letters associated with the device will be created and
listed under My Computer and Windows Explorer.

Hot-swapping
To hot-swap Flexible Bay devices while the system is
powered on, follow these steps:

1. Prior to performing the hot-swap, make sure you
    have a charged **main** battery installed, or an **AC
    Adapter** is powering the system.

2. If your system is in Suspend mode, press the
    Suspend/Resume button to resume operation.

3. Pull out the Flexible Bay eject lever. This will push
    your device out slightly, allowing you to remove the
    device.

4. Slide your device out until it is clear of the bay.
    This will require light force.

> ⚠ Be careful when aligning and seating
> devices in the bay. If the fit is incorrect,
> you may damage the bay or the device. If
> the device does not move easily in the bay,
> remove it, and check for dirt or foreign
> objects. It will require a firm push to latch
> the device in place.

5. Slide the device you are installing into your
    notebook until it clicks into place.

6.. You can now access and use the device.

Your LifeBook notebook will automatically detect the
new device and activate it within your system. The drive
letters associated with the device will be created and
listed under My Computer and Windows Explorer.

3
Getting Started
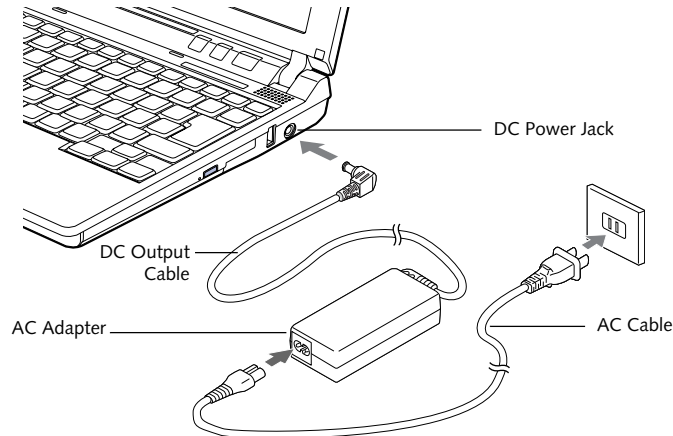
Figure 3-1 Connecting the AC Adapter

Power Sources

Your Fujitsu LifeBook notebook has four possible power sources: a primary Lithium ion battery, an optional modular Lithium ion battery, an AC adapter, or an optional Auto/Airline adapter.

CONNECTING THE POWER ADAPTERS
The AC adapter or optional Auto/Airline adapter provides power for operating your notebook and charging the batteries.

Connecting the AC Adapter
1. Plug the DC output cable into the DC power jack of your LifeBook notebook.
2. Plug the AC adapter into an AC electrical outlet. *(Figure 3-1)*

Connecting the Optional Auto/Airline Adapter
1. Plug the DC output cable into the DC power jack on your notebook.
2. Plug the Auto/Airline adapter into the cigarette lighter of an automobile with the ignition key in the On or Accessories position,
   or,
   Plug the Auto/Airline adapter into the DC power jack on an airplane seat.

Switching from AC Adapter Power or the Auto/Airline Adapter to Battery Power
1. Be sure that you have at least one charged battery installed.
2. Remove the AC adapter or the Auto/Airline adapter.

> The Lithium ion battery is not charged upon purchase. Initially, you will need to connect either the AC adapter or the Auto/Airline adapter to use your notebook.
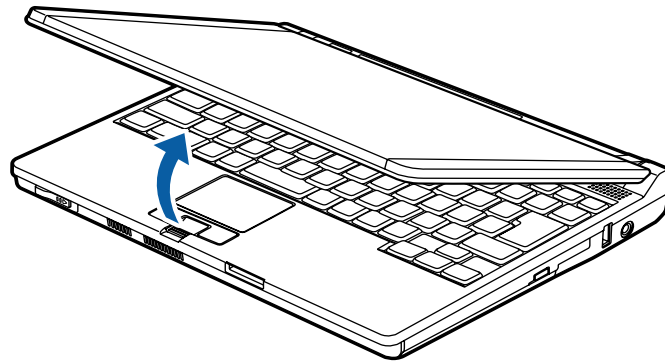
Figure 3-2 Opening the Display Panel

Display Panel

Your Fujitsu LifeBook notebook contains a display panel that is backlit for easier viewing in bright environments and maintains top resolution through the use of active-matrix technology.

OPENING THE DISPLAY PANEL
Lift the display backwards, being careful not to touch the screen, until it is at a comfortable viewing angle.
(Figure 3-2)

ADJUSTING DISPLAY PANEL BRIGHTNESS
Once you have turned on your LifeBook notebook, you may want to adjust the brightness level of the screen to a more comfortable viewing level. There are two ways to adjust the brightness, by using the keyboard or the power management utility.

Using the Keyboard
Adjusting the brightness using the keyboard changes the setting only temporarily.

- [Fn+F6]: Pressing repeatedly will lower the brightness of your display.

- [Fn+F7]: Pressing repeatedly will increase the brightness of the display.

CLOSING THE DISPLAY PANEL
Holding the edge of your display panel, pull it forward until it is flush with the body of your LifeBook notebook.

Starting Your LifeBook Notebook

POWER ON
Suspend/Resume/Power On button
The Suspend/Resume/Power On button is used to turn on your LifeBook notebook from its off state. Once you have connected your AC adapter or charged the internal Lithium ion Battery, you can power on your notebook.

> **i** When you turn on your LifeBook notebook be sure you have a battery installed and charged, or that the AC or Auto/Airline adapter is connected and has power.

Suspend/Resume/
Power On Button
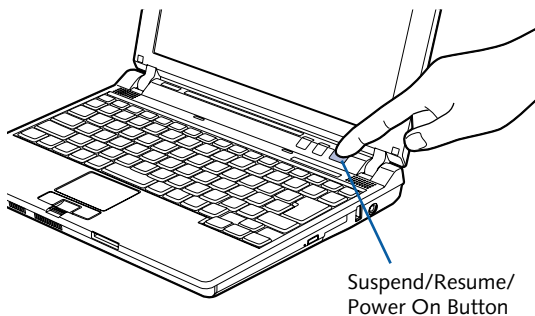
Figure 3-3 Pressing the suspend/resume/power button

Press the Suspend/Resume/Power On button that is adjacent to the status indicator panel *(Figure 3-3)*. When you are done working you can either leave your LifeBook notebook in Suspend mode, *(See Suspend Mode on page 32 for more information)*, or you can turn it off. *(See Power Off on page 33 for more information)*

> ⚠ Do not carry your LifeBook notebook around with the power on or subject it to shocks or vibration, as you risk damaging your notebook.

When turn on your LifeBook notebook, it will perform a Power On Self Test (POST) to check the internal parts and configuration for correct functionality. If a fault is found, your LifeBook notebook will emit an audio warning and/or an error message will be displayed. *(See Power On Self Test Messages on page 79 for more information)*
Depending on the nature of the problem, you may be able to continue by starting the operating system or by entering the BIOS setup utility and revising the settings.

After satisfactory completion of the Power On Self Test (POST), your notebook will load your operating system.

> **i** Never turn off your LifeBook notebook during the Power On Self Test (POST) or it will cause an error message to be displayed the next time you turn on your LifeBook notebook. *(See Power On Self Test Messages on page 79 for more information)*

BOOT SEQUENCE
The procedure for starting-up your notebook is termed the Bootup sequence and involves your notebook's BIOS. When your LifeBook notebook is first turned on, the main system memory is empty, and it needs to find instructions to start up your notebook. This information is in the BIOS program. Each time you power up or restart your notebook, it goes through a boot sequence which displays a Fujitsu logo until your operating system is loaded. During booting, your notebook is performing a standard boot sequence including a Power On Self Test (POST). When the boot sequence is completed without a failure and without a request for the BIOS Setup Utility, the system displays the operating system's opening screen.

The boot sequence is executed when:

- You turn on the power to your LifeBook notebook.
- You restart your notebook from the Windows Shut Down dialog box.
- The software initiates a system restart. Example: When you install a new application.

HARD DISK DRIVE PASSWORDS
To provide additional data security, you can assign passwords to your hard disk drive. This feature is managed in the system BIOS Setup Utility. See *BIOS Setup Utility* below for information about accessing the utility..

> ⚠ **Remember your passwords.** If you set and forget your User and Master hard disk passwords, Fujitsu Computer Systems will not be able to reset it. You may lose data and have to replace your system board or hard disk drive.

BIOS SETUP UTILITY
The BIOS Setup Utility is a program that sets up the operating environment for your LifeBook notebook. Your BIOS is set at the factory for normal operating conditions, therefore there is no need to set or change the BIOS' environment to operate your notebook.

The BIOS Setup Utility configures:

- Device control feature parameters, such as changing I/O addresses and boot devices.
- System Data Security feature parameters, such as passwords.

Entering the BIOS Setup Utility

To enter the BIOS Setup Utility do the following (or use the TrustedCore Menu, as detailed in the next section):

1. Turn on or restart your LifeBook notebook.
2. To enter the BIOS Setup Utility, press the [F2] key once the Fujitsu logo appears on the screen. This will open the main menu of the BIOS Setup Utility with the current settings displayed, or,
3. Press the [RIGHT ARROW] or [LEFT ARROW] key to scroll through the other setup menus to review or alter the current settings.

Using the TrustedCore Menu

When the Fujitsu logo appears on the screen. press the [Enter] key or click on the left mouse or touchpad button; the TrustedCore Menu will appear.

The TrustedCore Menu provides shortcuts to the following menus and information screens:

- BIOS Setup
- Diagnostic Screen
- Boot Menu
- Patent Information
- System Information
- Continue Booting

Clicking on any of the fields will invoke the screen, information, or action described.

The Boot Menu can also be invoked by pressing the [F12] key when the Fujitsu logo appears on the screen.

BIOS Guide

A guide to your notebook's BIOS is available online. Please visit our service and support website at **http://www.computers.us.fujitsu.com/support**, then select Support, then select Notebooks under User's Guides. Select LifeBook BIOS Guides from the pull-down menu for your LifeBook series. If you are unsure of your notebook's BIOS number, refer to your packing slip.

> ⚠ The bottom of this notebook computer can become hot when used for long periods of time. When using the notebook, take caution to limit long term or continuous use while resting it on exposed skin, such as the lap.

BOOTING THE SYSTEM

We strongly recommend that you not attach any external devices and do not put a DVD/CD in your drive until you have gone through the initial power on sequence.

When you turn on your LifeBook notebook for the first time, it will display a Fujitsu logo on the screen. If you do nothing the system will load the operating system, and then the Windows Welcome will begin.

Depending upon your operating system (Windows Vista or XP edition), there is a different procedure for stating your system for the first time, as outlined below.

STARTING WINDOWS VISTA THE FIRST TIME

> ⚠ **The first time you initialize your Windows Vista system, the screen will be blank for approximately two minutes.** This is normal. After initialization, a "Set Up Windows" dialog box will appear.
>
> **Important:** During the setup procedure, do not disconnect the power supply, press any buttons, or use any peripheral devices such as a mouse, keyboard, or remote control.

In order to ensure that you receive the most benefits from the Windows Vista operating system, it should be registered the first time you use it.

1. First of all, you will need to read and accept the End User License Agreements (EULAs).

> ℹ
> - If you reject the terms of the license agreement you will be asked to review the license agreement for information on returning Windows or to shut down your LifeBook notebook.
> - You cannot use your notebook until you have accepted the License Agreement. If you stop the process your notebook will return to the beginning of the Windows Welcome Process, even if you shut your notebook down and start it up again.

2. You will be prompted to enter your User Name and Password and you will be given a chance to select an icon for your account.
3. The next screen asks for a Computer Name and allows you to choose a desktop background.
4. You will next see a "Help protect Windows automatically" screen in which the default choice is "Use recommended settings". The other two choices are "Install important updates only" and "Ask me later". Select from the three choices.
5. On the next screen set your time and date settings.
6. You will next see the "Select your computer's current location" screen. Make your selection from Home, Work (Default), and Public location.
7. The "Thank you" screen follows and an offer for free Norton is extended. Following are several screens while Windows checks the system performance.
8. Windows will then boot up for the first time.

Registering Windows Vista with Microsoft

1. After Windows has booted up for the first time, the Control Panel Welcome Center will appear. If the Register Windows Online icon is not seen in the window, click on "Show all 14 items".

2. Click on Register Windows Online and follow the instructions that appear to register your copy of Windows.

STARTING WINDOWS XP THE FIRST TIME

Registering Windows XP with Microsoft

In order to ensure that you receive the most benefits from the Windows operating system, it should be registered the first time you use it.

After you receive the Windows Welcome screen, you will be prompted to enter registration information in the following order.

First of all, you will need to read and accept the End User License Agreements (EULAs). After accepting the EULAs, you will be asked if you want to enable the Automatic Updates feature. Acceptance of this feature is recommended because it allows your system to be updated automatically whenever an important change becomes available for your notebook.

> **i**
> - If you reject the terms of the license agreement you will be asked to review the license agreement for information on returning Windows or to shut down your LifeBook notebook.
> - You cannot use your LifeBook notebook until you have accepted the License Agreement. If you stop the process your notebook will return to the beginning of the Windows Welcome Process, even if you shut your notebook down and start it up again.

Several additional windows will appear, prompting you to enter a name and description for your computer, an Administrator password, and a domain name. Read the instructions on the screens carefully and fill in the information as directed.

You will then be automatically connected to the Internet, if you have an appropriate connection available. If an automatic connection is not possible, you will be asked about how you dial out from where you will be using your LifeBook notebook. If you are not connected to a phone line and plan to register at a later time, you may click the **Skip** button.

Once you are connected to the Internet, you will be asked if you wish to continue with the registration. If you select **Yes** you will then enter your name and

address, and email address if desired. Click **Next** to complete registration.

REGISTERING YOUR LIFEBOOK NOTEBOOK

How do I register my LifeBook notebook?

You can register your LifeBook by going to our website:

us.fujitsu.com/computers

You will need to be set up with an Internet Service Provider (ISP) to register online.

INSTALLING CLICK ME!

> **i**
> Before installing the ClickMe! utility, be sure the wireless LAN switch is turned on.

Windows Vista Systems

The first time you boot up your system, you will see a "Primary Settings for the PC" window. This window explains the installations which will be performed by the Click Me! utility. If you click [Execute], Click Me! will begin installing. If after clicking the button you receive a "User Account Control" window, you will be asked for your permission to continue. Click [Yes] to continue. If you cancel the operation, the Click Me! icon will appear on your desktop for later installation.

Windows XP Systems

The first time you boot up your system, you will see an icon called Click Me! in the Start menu. **We highly recommend that you install the ClickMe! utility the first time you boot up.** When you click the Click Me! icon, your system will automatically build the icon tray in the bottom right of the screen. These icons provide links to utilities that you will frequently access., such as wireless LAN software provided by the wireless LAN manufacturer.

> **i**
> There may be additional third-party applications that are not installed by the ClickMe! utility. For more information, refer to your Getting Started Guide.

FUJITSU DRIVER UPDATE UTILITY

Your system has a convenient tool called the Fujitsu Driver Update (FDU) utility. With FDU, you can choose to automatically or manually go to the Fujitsu site to check for new updates for your system. For more information about the FDU utility, refer to "Automatically Downloading Driver Updates" on page 83.

Power Management

Your Fujitsu LifeBook notebook has many options and features for conserving battery power. Some of these features are automatic and need no user intervention, such as those for the internal modem. However, others depend on the parameters you set to best suit your operating conditions, such as those for the display brightness. Internal power management for your notebook may be controlled from settings made in your operating system, pre-bundled power management application, or from settings made in BIOS setup utility.

Besides the options available for conserving battery power, there are also some things that you can do to prevent your battery from running down as quickly. For example, you can create an appropriate power saving profile, put your notebook into Suspend mode when it is not performing an operation, and you can limit the use of high power devices. As with all mobile, battery powered computers, there is a trade-off between performance and power savings.

SUSPEND/RESUME/POWER ON BUTTON

When your LifeBook notebook is active, the Suspend/Resume/Power On button can be used to manually put your notebook into Suspend mode. Push the button when your notebook is active, but not actively accessing anything, and immediately release the button. You will hear two short beeps and your system will enter Suspend mode. *(See figure 2-3 on page 6 for location)*

If your LifeBook notebook is suspended, pushing the Suspend/Resume/Power On button will return your notebook to active operation. You can tell whether or not your system is in Suspend mode by looking at the Power indicator. *(See figure 2-3 on page 6)* If the indicator is visible and not flashing, your notebook is fully operational. If the indicator is both visible and flashing, your notebook is in Suspend mode. If the indicator is not visible at all, the power is off or your notebook is in Hibernation mode.

ECO BUTTON

The ECO button is located to the left of the power button above the keyboard. The button is designed to extend system power by reducing the LCD brightness, shutting down the optical drive, PC Card, and IEEE 1394 functionality, and enabling the hard disk drive's auto power off mode.

> **i** The ECO button can also be programmed to be used as an application launch button. For more information, see "Configuring the Application Panel" on page 21.

Press the ECO button, then click the [OK] button to enter the power saving mode. Pressing the button again then clicking the [OK] button restores those functions

SUSPEND MODE

Suspend or Standby mode in Windows saves the contents of your LifeBook notebook's system memory during periods of inactivity by maintaining power to critical parts. This mode will turn off the CPU, the display, the hard drive, and all of the other internal components except those necessary to maintain system memory and allow for restarting. Your notebook can be put in Suspend mode by:

- Pressing the Suspend/Resume/Power On button when your system is turned on.
- Selecting Standby from the Windows Shut Down menu.
- Timing out from lack of activity.
- Allowing the battery to reach the Dead Battery Warning condition.

You can change the actions the computer takes when the lid is closed or buttons are pressed by clicking [Start] -> Control Panel. Double-click the Power Options icon and select the Advanced tab.

Your LifeBook notebook's system memory typically stores the file(s) on which you are working, open application(s) information, and any other data required to support the operation(s) in progress. When you resume operation from Suspend mode, your notebook will return to the point where it left off. You must use the Suspend/Resume/Power On button to resume operation, and there must be an adequate power source available, or your notebook will not resume.

> **i**
> - If you are running your notebook on battery power, be aware that the battery continues to discharge while the system is in Suspend mode, though not as fast as when fully operational.
> - Disabling the Suspend/Resume/Power On button prevents it from being used to put your LifeBook notebook in Suspend or Hibernation (Save-to-Disk) mode. The resume function of the button cannot be disabled.
> - If your LifeBook notebook is actively accessing information when you enter the Suspend or Hibernation mode, changes to open files are not lost. The files are left open and memory is kept active during Suspend mode or the memory is transferred to the internal hard drive during Hibernation mode.

The Suspend or Hibernation (Save-to-Disk) mode should not be used with certain PC Cards. Check your PC Card documentation for more information.

When PC Cards or external devices are in use, Hibernation mode cannot return to the exact state prior to suspension, because all of the peripheral devices will be re-initialized when the system restarts.

HIBERNATION (SAVE-TO-DISK) FEATURE

The Hibernation feature saves the contents of your notebook's system memory to the hard drive as a part of the Suspend/Resume mode. You can enable or disable this feature.

Enable or Disable the Hibernation Feature

Windows Vista:
The default settings are not enabled. To enable or disable the Hibernation feature follow these steps:

1. From the **Start** menu, select **Control Panel**.
2. Select "Choose what the power button does" or "Choose what closing the lid does", then make your selections (Do Nothing, Sleep, Hibernate, or Shut Down).

Windows XP:
The default settings are not enabled. To enable or disable the Hibernation feature follow these steps:

1. From the **Start** menu, select **Settings,** and then select **Control Panel**.
2. From the **Control Panel** select **Power Options**.
3. Select the **Hibernate** tab. Select the box to enable or disable this feature.

WINDOWS POWER MANAGEMENT

The Power Options icon located in the Windows Control Panel allows you to configure some of the power management settings. For example, you can use the Power Options to set the timeout values for turning off the display and hard disks whether you are running the notebook on battery power or one of the adapters.

RESTARTING THE SYSTEM

If your system is on and you need to restart it, be sure that you use the following procedure.

Windows Vista
1. Click the **Start** button, and then move the mouse over the right arrow.
2. Select the desired action from the list.

Windows XP
1. Click the **Start** button, and then click **Shut Down**.
2. Select the **Restart** option from within the Windows Shut Down dialog box.
3. Click **OK** to restart your notebook. Your notebook will shut down and then reboot.

Turning off your LifeBook notebook without exiting Windows or turning on your notebook within 10 seconds of the notebook being shut off may cause an error when you start the next time.

POWER OFF

Before turning off the power, check that the hard drive/optical drive access indicator is off. *(See figure 2-3 on page 6)* If you turn off the power while accessing a disk there is a risk of data loss. To ensure that your notebook shuts down without error, use the Windows shut down procedure.

Be sure to close all files, exit all applications, and shut down your operating system prior to turning off the power. If files are open when you turn the power off, you will lose any changes that have not been saved, and may cause disk errors.

Using the correct procedure to shut down from Windows allows your notebook to complete its operations and turn off power in the proper sequence to avoid errors. The proper sequence is:

1. Click the **Start** button, and then click **Shut Down**.
2. Select the **Shut Down** option from within the Windows Shut Down dialog box.
3. Click **OK** to shut down your notebook.

If you are going to store your notebook for a month or more see Care and Maintenance Section.

4
User-Installable Features

Lithium ion Battery

Your LifeBook notebook has a Lithium ion battery (and possibly an optional modular battery) that provides power for operating your notebook when no external power source is available. The battery is durable and long lasting, but should not be exposed to extreme temperatures, high voltages, chemicals, or other hazards.

The Lithium ion battery operating time may become shorter if it is used under the following conditions:

- When used at temperatures that exceed a low of 5°C (41°F) or a high of 35°C (95°F). Extreme temperatures not only reduce charging efficiency, but can also cause battery deterioration. The charging indicator on the Status Indicator panel will flash red for the affected battery (battery 1 or 2) when you try to charge a battery that is outside of operating temperature range. *(See Battery Charging Indicators on page 13 for more information)*
- When using a high current device such as a modem, DVD/CD-RW drive, or the hard drive, using the AC adapter will conserve your battery life.

Do not leave a faulty battery in your LifeBook notebook. It may damage your AC adapter, optional Auto/Airline adapter, another battery or your notebook itself. It may also prevent operation of your notebook by draining all available current into the bad battery.

- Battery life will vary based on screen brightness, applications, features, power management settings, battery condition and other customer preferences. DVD, CD-RW, CD-ROM, or hard drive usage may also have a significant impact on battery life. The battery charging capacity is reduced as the battery ages. If your battery is running low quickly, you should replace it with a new one.

- Under federal, state, or local law it may be illegal to dispose of batteries by putting them in the trash. Take care of our environment by disposing of batteries properly. Check with your local government authority for information on recycling or disposing of old batteries. If you cannot find this information elsewhere, contact your support representative at 1-800-8Fujitsu (1-800-838-5487)

RECHARGING THE BATTERIES

If you want to know the condition of the primary Lithium ion battery, check the Battery Level 1 indicator located on the Status Indicator panel. The indicator changes as the battery level changes. If you want to know the condition of the secondary modular Lithium ion battery, check the Battery Level 2 indicator located on the Status Indicator panel.

The Lithium ion battery is recharged internally using the AC adapter or Auto/Airline adapter. To recharge the battery make sure the battery that needs to be charged is installed in your LifeBook notebook and connect the AC or Auto/Airline adapter.

Make sure the Battery Charging indicator and the percentage charge is shown inside the Battery Level icon on the Status Indicator Panel. *(See Battery Charging Indicators on page 13 for more information)*

There is no memory effect on the Lithium ion battery therefore you do not need to discharge the battery completely before recharging. The charge times will be significantly longer if your notebook is in use while the battery is charging.

If you want to charge the battery more quickly, put your notebook into Suspend mode, or turn it off while the adapter is charging the battery. *(See Power Management on page 32 for more information)*

Using heavy current devices such as Modem or frequent DVD/CD-RW/CD-ROM accesses may prevent charging completely.

Low Battery State

When the battery is running low, a low battery notification message will appear. If you do not respond to the low battery message, the batteries will continue to discharge until they are too low to operate. When this happens, your notebook will go into Suspend mode. There is no guarantee that your data will be saved once the notebook reaches this point.

■ Once the low battery notification message appears, you need to save all your active data and put your system into Suspend mode until you can provide a new power source. You should provide a charged battery, AC power adapter, or Auto/Airline adapter as soon as possible.

■ When you are in Suspend mode there must always be at least one power source active. If you turn off the power or remove all power sources while your LifeBook notebook is in Suspend mode, any data that has not been saved to the hard drive will be lost.

Using heavy current devices such as a modem or frequent DVD/CD-RW/CD-ROM accesses may prevent charging completely.

Dead Battery Suspend mode shows on the Status indicator just like the normal Suspend mode. Once your notebook goes into Dead Battery Suspend mode you will be unable to resume operation until you provide a source of power either from an adapter, or a charged battery. Once you have provided power, you will need to press the Suspend/Resume button to resume operation.

In Dead Battery Suspend mode, your data can be maintained for some time, but if a power source is not provided promptly, the charging indicator will stop flashing and go out, meaning that you have lost the data that was not stored. Once you provide power, you can continue to use your notebook while an adapter is charging the battery.

Shorted Batteries
The Status Indicator panel battery charging icons will blink red to indicate a shorted battery or battery problem. This indicates that the battery is damaged and must be replaced so it does not damage any other parts of your LifeBook notebook.

REPLACING THE BATTERY
With the purchase of an additional battery, you can have a fully charged spare to swap with one that is not charged.

Swapping Batteries when Additional Power Source is not Available
To swap batteries in your battery bay when you don't have another power source available (such as an AC Adapter or charged modular battery), follow these easy steps: *(Figure 4-1)*

1. Have a charged battery ready to install.
2. Shut down your notebook.

3. Press and hold the battery release latches to open the bay. *(Figure 4-1)*

Battery Release Latches
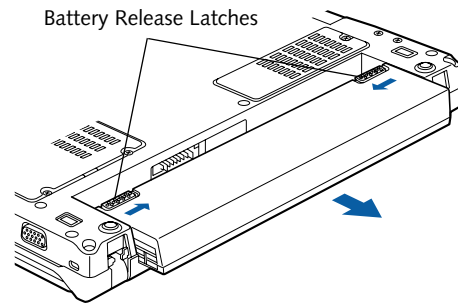
Figure 4-1 Removing the Battery

4. Remove the battery from the bay.
5. Slide the new battery into the bay. *(Figure 4-2)*
6. Verify that the battery bay latches click into place.
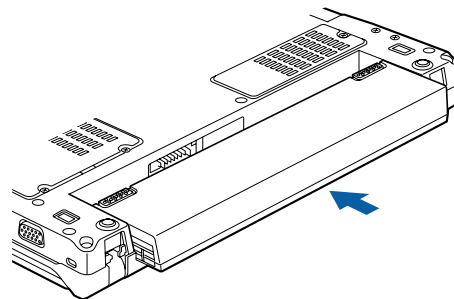
Figure 4-2 Installing a battery

Swapping Batteries when another Power Source is available
To swap batteries in your battery bay when you have an additional power source (such as an AC Adapter or charged modular battery), follow these easy steps:

1. Plug in an AC Adapter or install a fully charged modular battery in the Flexible Bay to ensure power is supplied to the system.
2. Slide and hold the battery release latches to open the bay.
3. Remove the battery from the bay.
4. Slide the new battery into the bay.
5. Verify that the battery bay latches click into place.

If the Lithium ion battery connector is not fully seated, you may not be able to use your notebook or charge your battery.

Media Eject Button

Emergency Tray Release

Media Holder Tray
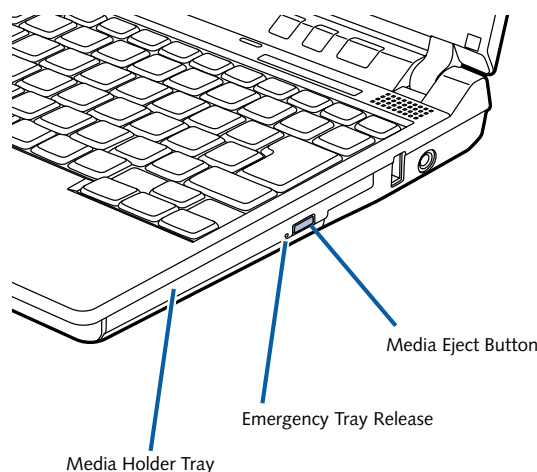
Figure 4-3 Optical Disk Drive

Optical Drive

There is a variety of media available to use with your system, depending upon the system configuration you have selected. Dual-Layer Multi-Format DVD Writer and DVD/CD-RW Combo drives are collectively known as "optical drives".

A CD-R or DVD-R disc can only be written to once; CD-RW or DVD-RW discs can be written to over and over. CD-R and CD-RW discs hold up to 700MB of data. DVD-R and DVD-RW discs hold up to 4.7 GB of data. A dual-layer (single-sided) DVD+R disc can hold up to 8.5 GB of data.

Depending upon the configuration of your LifeBook notebook, you may have one of the following drives:

- **Dual-Layer Multi-Format DVD Writer:** The Dual-Layer Multi-Format DVD Writer combines seven recordable formats in a single drive (DVD+R DL, DVD-R, DVD+R, DVD-RW, DVD+RW, DVD-RAM, CD-R, and CD-RW), making it the most versatile drive to date.

- **DVD/CD-RW combo:** A DVD/CD-RW combo drive allows you to access movie, software, data, or audio DVD/CDs, and to write data onto recordable CD-R and CD-RW discs.

> ℹ️ Install your media player software before first using the optical drive. Refer to the applicable readme file on the Driver Applications CD-ROM.

MEDIA PLAYER SOFTWARE

Dual-Layer Multi-Format DVD Writer model only: With the Dual-Layer Multi-Format DVD Writer and media player software you can play DVD movies and music CDs on your notebook. The media player includes

controls which allow you to take full advantage of the features of a DVD movie, as well as standard features such as fast forward, fast reverse, pause, etc. With this drive you can also burn onto recordable DVD+R DL, DVD-R/RW, DVD+R/RW, or CD-R/RW discs.

> ℹ️ The Dual-Layer Multi-Format DVD Writer also supports burning and reading of DVD-RAM. (Windows XP supports burning and reading of DVD-RAM as a standard feature.)

DVD/CD-RW Combo model only: With the combo drive, you can play DVD movies, read audio CDs, and write data onto recordable CD-R or CD-RW discs.

LOADING A DVD OR CD

To load a disc into your optical drive, follow these steps *(Figure 4-4)*:

1. Push and release the eject button on the front of the optical drive to open the holder tray. The tray will come out of the notebook a short distance.

2. Gently pull the tray out until a media disc can easily be placed in the tray.

> ⚠️ There may be a protective sheet in the tray from when it was shipped; make sure it is removed before operating the drive, otherwise you may damage the drive.

3. Place the media disc into the tray, label side up. Snap the hole in the center of the disc onto the raised circle in the center of the tray.

4. Gently push the holder tray back in until you hear a click.

If you have disabled the Auto Insert Notification Function, you will have to start the drive from your desktop, since your notebook will not automatically recognize that media has been loaded.

a.   b.   c.   d.
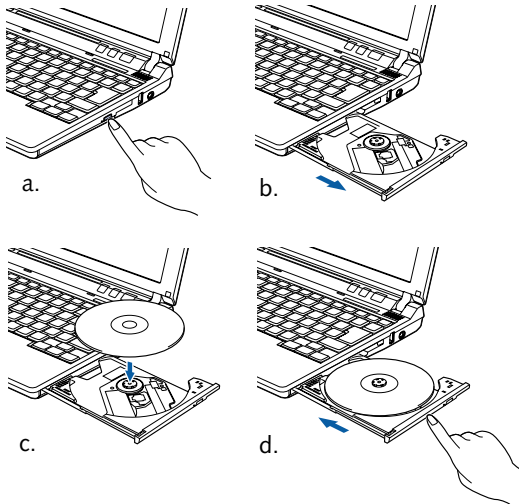
Figure 4-4 Loading/Removing Media

REMOVING MEDIA
1. Push and release the eject button on the front of the optical drive. This will stop the drive and the holder tray will come out of the notebook a short distance.
2. Gently pull the tray out until the disc can easily be removed from the tray.
3. Carefully remove the media disc from the holder tray.
4. Gently push the holder tray back in until you hear a click.

USING THE OPTICAL DRIVE SOFTWARE
Starting a DVD Movie
1. Insert the DVD movie into the optical drive of your notebook. If the CD AutoRun feature activates, skip Step 2.
2. The first time you insert a movie into the media tray, you will be prompted to select what you want the system to do when discs are inserted (i.e., start automatically or wait for a prompt). Until you make a selection, you will receive the same prompt whenever you insert a disc.

Opening the Optical Drive Control Panel
With most DVD-ROMs, you have the option of altering how the movie should play and what you wish to view. You can do this by using the optical drive control panel and the mouse.

1. Right-click on the movie screen to open a dropdown menu for options.
2. Select **View,** then **Player** for all the controls available. This will open the control panel into the bottom of the screen.

Using the Optical Drive Control Panel
The optical drive software allows you to watch the movie much like a VCR player. You have the option to pause, rewind, fast-forward and stop the movie at any point.

1. To Pause the movie, click the ▐▐ button.
2. To Rewind the movie, click the ◀◀ button to rewind to a specific portion of the movie, or the ◀◀ button to return to the opening screen.
3. To Fast-forward the movie, click the ▶▶ button to forward to a specific portion of the movie, or the ▶▶ button to jump to the ending credits.
4. To Stop the movie, click the ■ button.

Exiting the DVD/CD-RW Application
1. Click the ✕ located in the upper right corner of the title bar. This will open an optical drive dialog box.
2. Click Yes to stop and exit the movie, or No to close the optical drive dialog box and return to the movie.

USING THE OPTICAL DRIVE ON BATTERY POWER
Since an optical drive consumes a lot of power, your overall battery life will be shorter when operating the drive continuously (such as watching a DVD movie) than during standard operation. Many movies run-times are longer than your LifeBook notebook can support on a single battery. If you are watching a DVD movie on battery power you may need to swap in an additional, charged battery or attach AC power during the movie to view it in its entirety.

- Prolonged use of the optical drive, such as when watching a DVD movie, will substantially reduce your notebook's battery life.
- An additional fully-charged battery is highly recommended if you will be watching DVD movies on battery power. If you don't have an additional battery, you may purchase one either on-line at **us.fujitsu.com/computers** or call 1-877-372-3473.

To Watch a Movie on Battery Power:
1. Have an additional full-charged battery or your AC adapter ready for use.
2. Start watching your DVD movie.

3. If a low battery warning occurs, immediately stop the movie and exit the DVD/CD-RW application.

⚠️ If you do not stop the optical drive quickly and the LifeBook notebook attempts to auto-suspend (critical battery low state) the notebook will shut down improperly. If this occurs, you will need to install a fresh power source (either a charged battery or AC Adapter).

4. Connect an AC Adapter to your system, or install a fully charged battery in the Flexible Bay (after removing any modular devices that may be present in the bay) prior to removing the main battery.

5. Manually place your notebook into suspend mode by depressing the Suspend button then replace the discharged battery with a fully-charged battery.

6. If you removed the optical drive from the Flexible Bay in step 4, reinstall it now.

7. Resume your notebook by pressing the Suspend button again. This step is not required if you attached AC power without entering suspend mode.

8. Restart your DVD/CD-RW application and skip to the chapter of the movie you were last watching.

9. Continue watching your DVD movie.

ℹ️ Some shorter DVD movies may not require you to swap batteries or attach AC power to complete them. However, it is best to be prepared since actual battery life while operating the optical drive cannot be guaranteed.

AUTO INSERT NOTIFICATION FUNCTION

The Auto Insert Notification function allows your Life-Book notebook to automatically start a DVD/CD as soon as it is inserted in the optical drive and the tray is closed. Your notebook will begin playing an audio DVD/CD or will start an application if the DVD/CD includes an auto run file.

To prevent a CD from playing automatically as soon as it is inserted, refer to the related help file for your specific operating system.

EMERGENCY TRAY RELEASE

In the event that your system does not have power applied, you can still open the media tray using the end of an opened paper clip. To open the tray, insert the paper clip into the small emergency tray release hole on the face of the tray *(Figure 4-5)*. The tray will pop open.
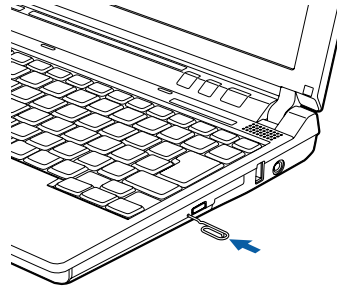
Figure 4-5 Using the Emergency Tray Release

PC Card Slot

PC Card Eject Button
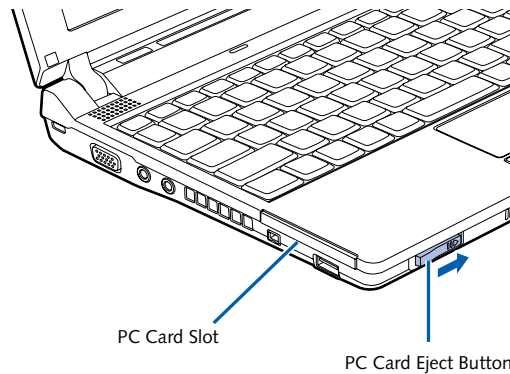
Figure 4-6 Inserting/Removing PC Cards

PC Cards

Your Fujitsu LifeBook notebook supports Type I and II PC Cards, which can perform a variety of functions.

Some available PC Cards:

- Local area network (LAN) cards
- SCSI cards
- Other PC Cards that conform to PCMCIA 2.1 or CardBus standards

For further information, refer to the instructions supplied with your PC Card.

INSERTING PC CARDS

PC Cards are inserted in the PC Card slot. To insert a PC Card, follow these easy steps: *(Figure 4-6)*

⚠ ■ Installing or removing a PC Card during your LifeBook notebook's shutdown or bootup process may damage the card and/or your notebook.

■ Do not insert a PC Card into a slot if there is water or any other substance on the card as you may permanently damage the card, your LifeBook notebook, or both.

ⓘ When you receive your system, there may be a PC Card plug installed in the slot. This is designed to keep unwanted material out of the slot. Before installing a PC Card, be sure to remove the plug with the same procedure as outlined in "Removing PC Cards". Use the plug when a PC Card is not installed.

1. See your PC Card manual for specific instructions on the insertion of your card. Some PC Cards may require your notebook to be Off while inserting them.

2. Make sure there is no PC Card currently in the slot. If there is, see Removing PC Cards.

3. Insert your PC Card into the slot, with the product label facing up.

4. Push the card into the slot firmly until it is seated in the opening. You will hear a click and the Eject button will pop away from your notebook.

REMOVING PC CARDS

To remove a PC Card, follow these easy steps:

⚠ Windows has a shutdown procedure for PC Cards that must be followed before removing a card. (Please review your operating system manual for the correct procedure).

1. See your PC Card manual for specific instructions on removing your card. Some PC Cards may require your notebook to be in Suspend Mode or Off while removing them.

ⓘ If the dialog box states that the device cannot be removed, you must save all of your open files, close any open applications and shut down your notebook.

2. Push the PC Card eject button to the right. This will push the PC Card slightly out of the slot allowing you to remove the card.

⚠ If the PC Card has an external connector and cable, do not pull the cable when removing the card.
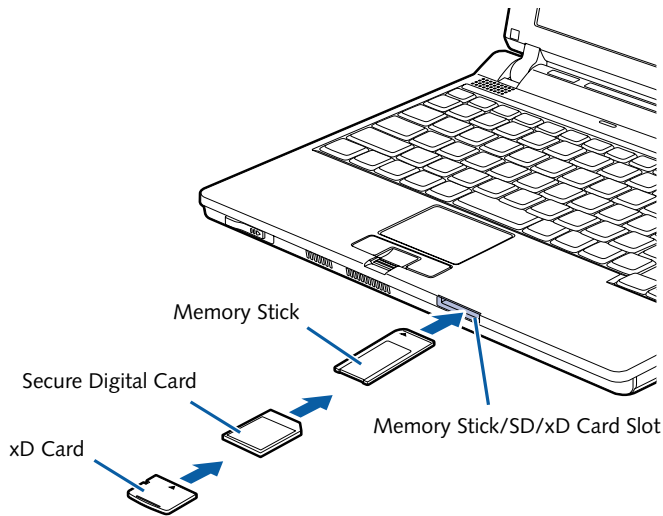
Figure 4-7. Installing a Memory Stick/SD/xD Card

Memory Stick/ Secure Digital/xD Slot

Your LifeBook notebook supports the following memory cards, on which you can store and transfer data to and from a variety of digital devices. These cards use flash memory architecture, which means they don't need a power source to retain data.

- SD Memory Card
- Memory Stick Media
- Memory Stick Select Media
- Memory Stick Duo Media
- Memory Stick PRO Media
- xD Picture Cards

ℹ	• Some of the media in the above list may have more features than others. • An adapter is required for Memory Stick Duo. • Copyright Protection Technology cannot be used. • MultiMedia Cards (MMC) and Secure MMC are not supported.

Memory Stick is a flash memory technology developed by Sony Electronics. Memory Stick allows you to record, transfer and share digital content, such as digital pictures, movies, music, voice, and computer data and applications.

Secure Digital (SD) Cards are very similar to Memory Sticks, but they are shorter. Like the Memory Stick, SD Cards allow portable storage among a variety of devices, such as cell phones, GPS systems, digital cameras, and PDAs. SD Cards transfer data quickly, with low battery

consumption. Like the memory stick, it uses flash memory architecture.

xD Cards work the same as Memory Sticks and SD Cards, but they are much smaller than either one. Using an xD Card in the slot requires an adapter. xD Cards are primarily used to store and transfer images with devices such as cell phones.
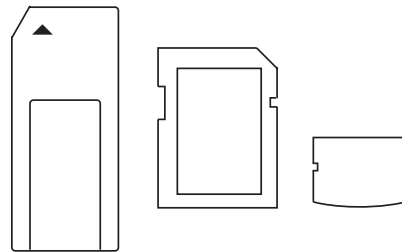
Figure 4-8. Memory Stick, Secure Digital, xD Cards

INSERTING MEMORY STICK/SD/XD CARDS

Memory Sticks, SD Cards, and xD Cards are inserted in the Memory Stick/SD/xD Card slot *(Figure 4-7)*. To insert a Memory Stick, SD Card, or xD Card, follow these steps:

⚠	▪ Inserting or removing a Memory Stick, SD Card, or xD Card during your LifeBook notebook's shutdown or bootup process may damage the card and/or your LifeBook notebook. ▪ Do not insert a card into a slot if there is water or any other substance on the card as you may permanently damage the card, your LifeBook notebook, or both.

1. See your card manual for instructions on the insertion of your card. Some cards may require that your notebook is off while inserting them.

2. Make sure there is no card currently in the slot. If there is, see Removing a Memory Stick/SD/xD Card.

3. Insert your card into the slot with the product label facing up.

4. Push the card firmly into the slot until it is seated in the connector.

REMOVING A MEMORY STICK/SD/XD CARD

To remove a Memory Stick, SD Card, or xD Card, follow these steps:

> **i** See your card manual for specific instructions on the removal of your card. Some cards may require your LifeBook notebook to be in Suspend Mode or Off while removing them.

Push the Memory Stick, SD Card, or xD Card in until it unlatches. It will then eject from the slot for removal.

Memory Upgrade Module

Your LifeBook notebook can be upgraded to include up to 2 GB of in-slot high speed Double Data Rate (DDR2) Synchronous Dynamic RAM (SDRAM). To increase your LifeBook notebook's memory capacity, you may install a larger memory upgrade module.

Your LifeBook notebook has two micro DIMM slots. One of them is accessible via the memory compartment on the bottom of the system; the other is located under the keyboard and should not be accessed. If you have less than 2 GB pre-installed, and you would like to increase it, you will need add a new module to the empty slot. The memory upgrade must be a dual-in-line (micro DIMM) SDRAM module. To ensure 100% compatibility, purchase the memory module only from the Fujitsu web store at **us.fujitsu.com/computers**.

- ▪ Do not remove any screws from the memory upgrade module compartment except the ones specifically shown in the directions for installing and removing the memory upgrade module.

- ▪ The memory upgrade module can be severely damaged by electrostatic discharge (ESD). To minimize the risk, observe the following precautions:

  - ▪ Before handling a memory module, touch a grounded metal object to discharge static electricity built up in your body.

  - ▪ When installing or removing a memory module, hold it by the edge so as not to touch any contacts or chips. Be careful not to touch any internal computer terminals or components; the oil from your fingers could cause a short to the components.

  - ▪ Be sure to power down your system before adding or removing memory modules. Even if the system is in hibernate or standby states, data could be lost or the memory could be damaged if power is still available to the system.

ACCESSING THE MEMORY COMPARTMENT

To gain access to the memory compartment, follow these steps:

You must turn off power and remove any modem connection before installing the memory upgrade module.

1. Turn off power to your LifeBook notebook, and remove any power adapter (AC or auto/airline), battery pack, and modem connection.

2. Place your LifeBook notebook with the bottom facing up on a clean work surface.

3. Remove the two screws from the holes in the memory compartment cover. *(Figure 4-9)*
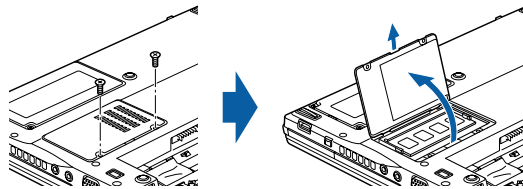
Figure 4-9. Removing memory compartment cover

The memory module which came with your system is installed under the keyboard, and should not be replaced. To increase the amount of memory, either install a new module in the DIMM slot, or remove a smaller module from the DIMM slot and replace with a larger one.

REMOVING A MEMORY MODULE

1. Perform steps 1 through 3 of Accessing the Memory Compartment.

2. Pull the module clips sideways away from each side of the memory module simultaneously. *(Figure 4-10)*
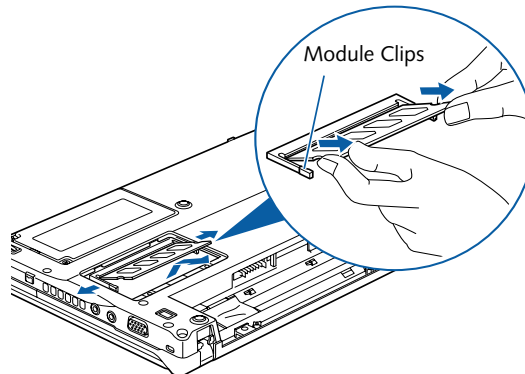
Module Clips

Figure 4-10. Removing a memory module

3. While holding the clips out, remove the module from the slot by lifting it up and pulling towards the back of your LifeBook notebook.

4. Store the memory upgrade module in a static guarded sleeve.

5. Install a new memory module as detailed in the procedure below.

6. Replace the memory compartment cover. *(Figure 4-12)*

INSTALLING A MEMORY MODULE

1. Align the connector edge of the memory upgrade module, chip side up, with the connector slot in the compartment. *(Figure 4-11)*

Module Clips
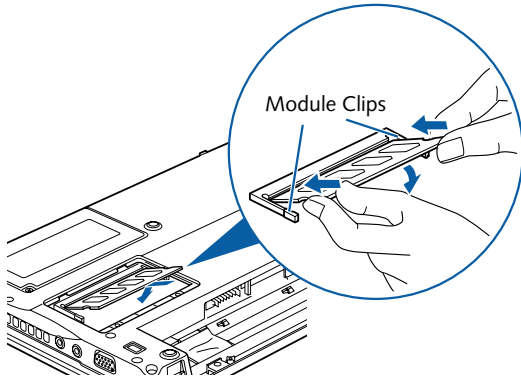
Figure 4-11. Aligning the memory module
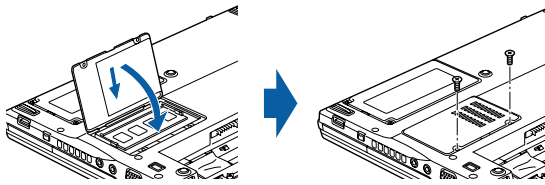
Figure 4-12. Reinstalling the memory cover

2. Insert the memory upgrade module at a 45º angle and press it firmly onto the connector. *(Figure 4-11)*

3. Press the memory upgrade module down into the compartment until it locks underneath the retaining clip. You will hear a click when it is properly in place.

4. Replace the memory compartment cover. *(Figure 4-12)*

> The memory upgrade module is not something you routinely remove from your LifeBook notebook. Once it is installed, you should leave it in place unless you want to increase system memory capacity.

CHECKING THE MEMORY CAPACITY

Once you have changed the system memory capacity by replacing the installed module with a larger one, be sure to check that your notebook has recognized the change.

Check the memory capacity by clicking [Start] -> Settings -> Control Panel, then double-clicking the System icon. Select the General tab and check the amount of memory under "Computer:".

There may be a variation between the actual memory size and what is displayed. This is due to the fact that your system uses a video graphics chip which dynamically allocates system memory to accelerate graphics performance. Up to 224 MB of memory is dynamically shared on an as-needed basis using Dynamic Video Memory Technology (DVMT).

> If the total memory displayed is incorrect, check that your memory upgrade module is properly installed. *(If the module is properly installed and the capacity is still not correctly recognized, see Troubleshooting on page 71.*

Device Ports

Your Fujitsu LifeBook notebook comes equipped with multiple ports to which you can connect external devices such as disk drives, keyboards, printers, etc.

MODEM (RJ-11) TELEPHONE PORT

The modem (RJ-11) telephone port is used for an internal modem. To connect the telephone cable follow these easy steps:

1. Align the connector with the port opening *(Figure 4-13)*.
2. Push the connector into the port until it is seated.
3. Plug the other end of the telephone cable into a telephone outlet.
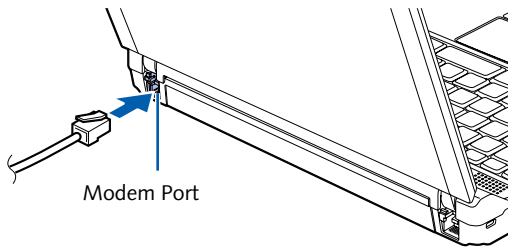
Modem Port

Figure 4-13 Modem Port
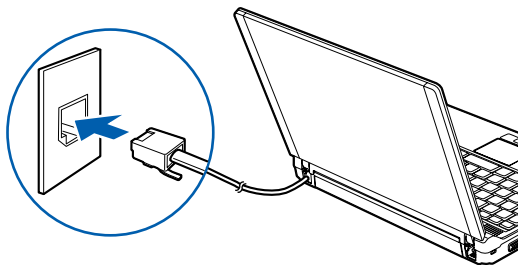
Figure 4-14 Connecting the Modem

The modem sound is deactivated by default, to activate modem sound follow these easy steps:

1. Right click on the Speaker icon in your system tray.
2. Select **Open Volume**.
3. Select **Option/Properties**.
4. Under "Show the following volume controls", click on **Phone** and click **OK.**
5. Uncheck the Mute box under Phone Balance.

The internal modem is not intended for use with Digital PBX systems. Do not connect the internal modem to a Digital PBX as it may cause serious damage to the internal modem or your entire LifeBook notebook. Consult your PBX manufacturer's documentation for details. Some hotels have Digital PBX systems. Be sure to find out BEFORE you connect your modem.

- The internal modem is designed to the ITU-T V.90 standard. Its maximum speed of 53000bps is the highest allowed by FCC, and its actual connection rate depends on the line conditions. The maximum speed is 33600bps at upload.

- The internal modem on all Fujitsu LifeBook notebooks are registered for use in the United States and Canada. The modem may be certified in other countries.

INTERNAL LAN (RJ-45) PORT

The internal LAN (RJ-45) port is used for an internal Fast Ethernet (10/100 Base-T/Tx) connection. If your notebook has been configured with internal LAN capability you will need to configure your notebook to work with your particular network. (Please refer to your network administrator for information on your network configuration.) To connect the LAN cable follow these easy steps:

1. Open the protective cover on the right side of the system *(Figure 4-15)*.
2. Align the connector with the port opening.
3. Push the connector into the port until it is seated.
4. Plug the other end of the cable into a LAN outlet.
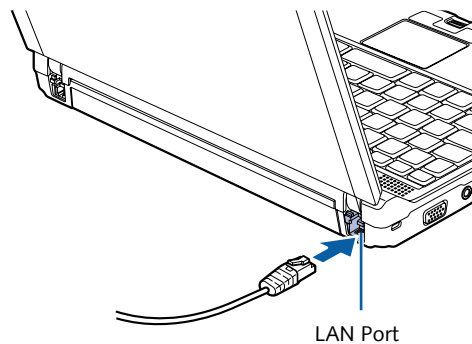
LAN Port

Figure 4-15 LAN Port

IEEE 1394 PORT

The IEEE 1394 port (also known as "Firewire" or "iLink") allows you to connect devices that are compliant with IEEE standard 1394. This port is effectively a very fast communications port. Some digital devices - such as digital cameras - use IEEE 1394 ports for fast transfer of digital files and data.

In order to connect an IEEE 1394 device, follow these steps:

1. Open the protective cover on the right side of the system *(Figure 4-16)*.
2. Align the connector with the port opening.
3. Push the connector into the port until it is seated.
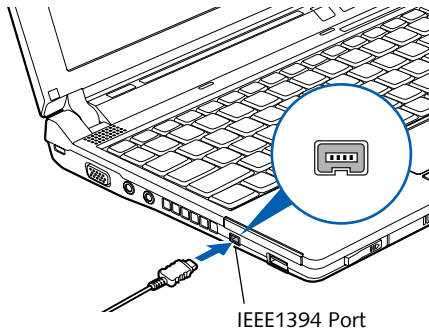
IEEE1394 Port

Figure 4-16 IEEE 1394 Port

UNIVERSAL SERIAL BUS PORTS

There are two USB 2.0 ports on your system: one on the left side and one on the right. The Universal Serial Bus 2.0 ports allow you to connect USB devices such as external game pads, pointing devices, keyboards and/or speakers. USB 2.0 is much faster than USB 1.1 (Its 480Mbps transfer rate is 40 times faster than that of USB 1.1). USB 2.0 ports are backward-compatible to work with USB 1.1 devices.

In order to connect a USB device follow these easy steps:

1. Align the connector with the port opening.
2. Push the connector into the port until it is seated.
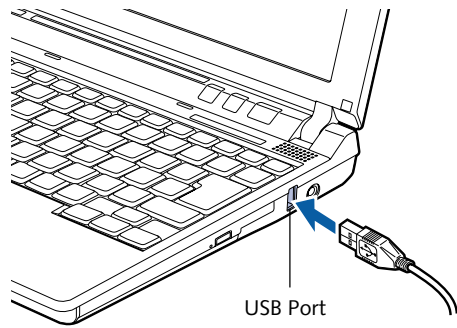
USB Port

Figure 4-17 USB Port

HEADPHONE/LINE-OUT JACK

The headphone/line-out jack allows you to connect headphones or powered external speakers to your notebook. Your headphones or speakers must be equipped with a 1/8" (3.5 mm) stereo mini-plug. The headphone/line-out jack is located on the front of the system. *(Figure 4-18)* In order to connect headphones or speakers follow these easy steps:

1. Align the connector with the port opening.

Microphone Jack

Headphone/Line-out Jack
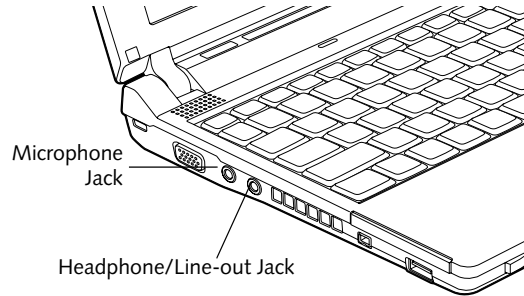
Figure 4-18 Headphone/Line Out and Microphone Jacks

2. Push the connector into the port until it is seated.

> **i** If you plug headphones into the headphone jack, the built-in stereo speakers will be disabled.

MICROPHONE JACK

The microphone jack allows you to connect an external mono microphone. The microphone jack is located on the front of the system. *(Figure 4-18)* Your microphone must be equipped with a 1/8"(3.5 mm) mono mini-plug in order to fit into the microphone jack of your notebook. In order to connect a microphone follow these easy steps:

1. Align the connector with the port opening.
2. Push the connector into the port until it is seated.

EXTERNAL VIDEO PORT

The external video port allows you to connect an external monitor or LCD projector. In order to connect a monitor, follow these easy steps:

1. Open the protective cover on the right side of the system *(Figure 4-19)*.
2. Align the connector with the port opening.
3. Push the connector into the port until it is seated.

External Video Port
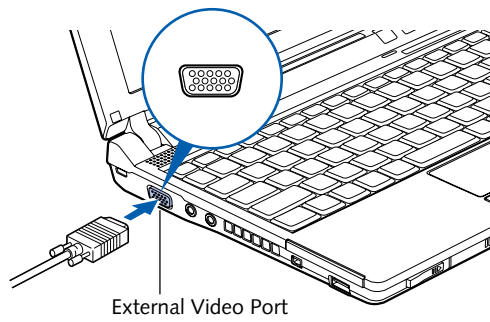
Figure 4-19 Installing the External Monitor Cable

Pressing the [Fn] + [F10] keys allows you to change your selection of where to send your display video. Each time you press the key combination, you will step to the next choice, starting with the built-in display panel only, moving to the external monitor only, finally moving to both the built-in display panel and an external monitor.

5

Using the Integrated Wireless LAN*

*Optional Device

FC FCC REGULATORY INFORMATION

Please note the following regulatory information related to the wireless LAN device.

Regulatory Notes and Statements
Wireless LAN, Health and Authorization for use

Radio frequency electromagnetic energy is emitted from Wireless LAN devices. The energy levels of these emissions, however, are far much less than the electromagnetic energy emissions from wireless devices such as mobile phones. Wireless LAN devices are safe for use by consumers because they operate within the guidelines found in radio frequency safety standards and recommendations. The use of Wireless LAN devices may be restricted in some situations or environments, such as:

On board an airplane, or

In an explosive environment, or

In situations where the interference risk to other devices or services is perceived or identified as harmful.

In cases in which the policy regarding use of Wireless LAN devices in specific environments is not clear (e.g., airports, hospitals, chemical/oil/gas industrial plants, private buildings), obtain authorization to use these devices prior to operating the equipment.

Regulatory Information/Disclaimers

Installation and use of this Wireless LAN device must be in strict accordance with the instructions included in the user documentation provided with the product. Any changes or modifications made to this device that are not expressly approved by the manufacturer may void the user's authority to operate the equipment. The manufacturer is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by unauthorized modification of this device, or the substitution or attachment of connecting cables and equipment other than those specified by the manufacturer. It is the responsibility of the user to correct any interference caused by such unauthorized modification, substitution or attachment. The manufacturer and its authorized resellers or distributors will assume no liability for any damage or violation of government regulations arising from failure to comply with these guidelines.

This device must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Federal Communications Commission statement
This device complies with Part 15 of FCC Rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause interference, and, (2) This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of this device.

For operation within 5.15~5.25 GHz frequency range, it is restricted to indoor environments, and the antenna of this device must be integral.

FCC Interference Statement
This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy. If not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, it may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try and correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

1. Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

2. Increase the distance between the equipment and the receiver.

3. Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from the one the receiver is connected to.

4. Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Radio Frequency Exposure statement
This wireless LAN radio device has been evaluated under FCC Bulletin OET 65C and found compliant with the requirements as set forth in CFR 47 Sections 2.1091, 2.1093, and 15.247(b)(4) addressing RF Exposure from radio frequency devices. The radiated output power of this Wireless LAN device is far below the FCC radio frequency exposure limits. The antennas are located on the top edge of the LCD screen and are at 192mm distance from the bottom of the laptop.

The maximum SAR values measured from the devices are => 1.0 W/Kg for Intel Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN with and without Bluetooth

Export restrictions
This product or software contains encryption code which may not be exported or transferred from the US or Canada without an approved US Department of Commerce export license. This device complies with Part 15 of FCC Rules., as well as ICES 003 B / NMB 003 B. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesirable operation. Modifications not expressly authorized by Fujitsu Computer Systems Corporation may invalidate the user's right to operate this equipment.

Canadian Notice
The device for the 5150-5250 MHz band is only for indoor usage to reduce the potential for harmful interference to co-channel mobile satellite systems.

The maximum antenna gain of 6 dBi permitted (for devices in the 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz bands) to comply with the e.i.r.p. limit.

In addition, users are cautioned to take note that high power radars are allocated as primary users (meaning they have priority) of 5250-5350 MHz and 5650-5850 MHz and these radars could cause interference and/or damage to LE-LAN devices.

Before Using the Wireless LAN

This manual describes the procedures required to properly setup and configure the integrated Wireless LAN Mini-PCI device (referred to as "WLAN device" in the rest of the manual). Before using the WLAN device, read this manual carefully to ensure it's correct operation. Keep this manual in a safe place for future reference.

Wireless LAN Devices Covered by this Document
This document is applicable to systems containing one of the following two devices. Most of the procedures are identical. Sections that differ between the two devices have been noted in the text:

Intel Wireless WiFi Link 4965AGN

Characteristics of the WLAN Device
The WLAN device is a Mini-PCI card attached to the main board of the mobile computer.

It operates in two license-free RF bands, therefore eliminating the need to procure an FCC license to operate. It operates in the 2.4GHz Industrial, Scientific, and Medical (ISM) RF band and in the lower and middle bands of the 5GHz Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII) bands.

The WLANs are capable of three operating modes, IEEE802.11a, IEEE802.11b and IEEE802.11g, wireless LAN standards governed by the IEEE (Institute of Electronics and Electrical Engineers).

Encoding of data is modulated using Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) and Complementary Code Keying (CCK) when the WLAN device is operating in IEEE 802.11b mode and Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) when operating in IEEE802.11a or IEEE802.11g mode.

The WLAN device is Wi-Fi certified and operates at the maximum data transfer rate of 54 Mbps in IEEE802.11a or IEEE802.11g mode and 11 Mbps in IEEE802.11b mode.

The WLAN device supports the following encryption methods - WEP, TKIP, and AES encryption.

WIRELESS LAN MODES USING THIS DEVICE

Ad Hoc Mode
(See Figure 5-1)

"Ad Hoc Mode" refers to a wireless network architecture where wireless network connectivity between multiple computers is established without a central wireless network device, typically known as Access Point(s). Connectivity is accomplished using only client devices in a peer-to-peer fashion. That is why Ad Hoc networks are also known as peer-to-peer networks. Ad Hoc networks are an easy and inexpensive method for establishing network connectivity between multiple computers.

Ad Hoc mode requires that the SSID, network authentication, and encryption key settings are identically configured on all computers in the Ad Hoc network.

Access Point (Infrastructure) Mode
(See Figure 5-2)

Infrastructure mode refers to a wireless network architecture in which devices communicate with wireless or wired network devices through an Access Point. In infrastructure mode, wireless devices can communicate with each other or with a wired network. Corporate wireless networks operate in infrastructure mode because they require access to the wired LAN in order to access

Figure 5-1. Ad Hoc Mode Network
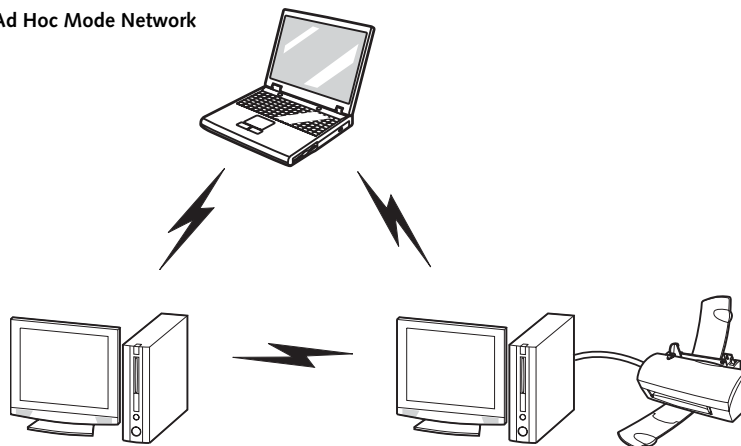
computers, devices, and services such as file servers, printers, and databases.

How to Handle This Device

The WLAN device comes pre-installed in your mobile computer. Under normal circumstances, it should not be necessary for you to remove or re-install it. The Operating System that your mobile computer comes with has been pre-configured to support the WLAN device.

WIRELESS NETWORK CONSIDERATIONS

- The WLAN devices support IEEE802.11a+b/g.

- The devices operate in the 2.4GHz ISM band the 5 GHz lower and middle UNII bands.

- Microwave ovens will interfere with the operation of WLAN device as microwave ovens operate in the same 2.4GHz frequency range that IEEE802.11b/g devices operate in. Interference by microwaves does not occur with IEEE802.11a radio which operates in the 5 GHz RF band.

- Wireless devices that transmit in the 2.4 GHz frequency range may interfere with the operation of WLAN devices in IEEE802.11b/g modes. Interference symptoms include reduced throughput, intermittent disconnects, and large amounts of frame errors. It is HIGHLY recommended that interfering devices be powered off to ensure proper operation of the WLAN.

DEACTIVATING THE WLAN DEVICE

Deactivation of the WLAN device may be desired in certain circumstances (to extend battery life) or where certain environments require it (i.e. hospitals, clinics, airplanes, etc.). Fujitsu mobile computers employ two methods with which to deactivate the WLAN device:

- Using the Wireless On/Off Switch, or,

- In Windows Vista, using the WLAN icon in the taskbar.

- In Windows XP, using the Intel PROSet Software or Atheros Client Utility software.

Deactivation using the Wireless On/Off Switch

The WLAN device can be deactivated quickly and efficiently by toggling the Wireless On/Off Switch to the Off position. *(Figure A-3)*

The wireless On/Off switch has no effect on non-Wireless LAN models.

Windows Vista: Deactivation using the icon in the taskbar

1. Right-click the WLAN icon in the taskbar at the bottom right of your screen.

2. Choose Disconnect from a network.

Figure 5-2. Access Point (Infrastructure) Mode Network
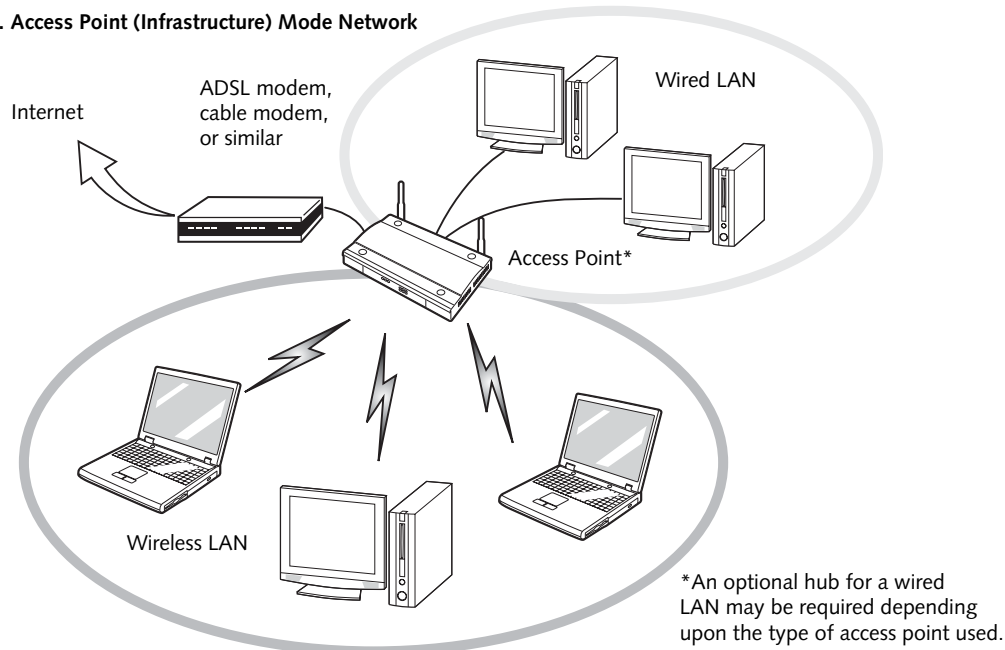
The Wireless LAN/Bluetooth On/Off Switch will power off both the optional wireless LAN and Bluetooth devices at the same time. To enable or disable either one of the devices individually, perform the following steps:

1. Slide the Wireless LAN/Bluetooth on/off switch to On position.

2. In the Control Panel, double-click the Fujitsu Radio Control icon.

3. In the window that appears, click the button associated with Bluetooth and/or Wireless LAN Status to enable or disable the individual devices.

4. Click [OK].

Wireless LAN/Bluetooth On/Off Switch
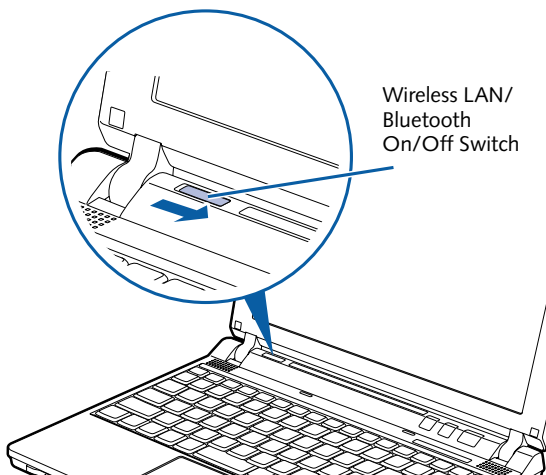
Figure A-3. Wireless LAN/Bluetooth Switch

Windows XP: Deactivation using the Intel PROSet Software
The WLAN device can also be deactivated in Windows using the Intel PROSet Software. The procedure to accomplish this:

1. Click [Start]-> [All Programs].

2. Select Intel ProSet Wireless, then click on Intel ProSet Wireless from the menu that appears. The Intel ProSet Wireless utility will be displayed.

3. At the bottom left corner of the window, select Wireless Off from the dropdown list.

Windows XP: Deactivation using Atheros Client Utility software
1. Click [Start] -> [Program Files] -> [Atheros] -> Atheros Client Utility.

2. Choose Action and click Disable Radio.

ACTIVATING THE WLAN DEVICE
Activation of the WLAN device can be accomplished using the same methods as the deactivation process

▪ Using the Wireless On/Off Switch

▪ In Windows XP, using the Intel PROSet Software or Atheros Software.

▪ In Windows Vista, by right-clicking the WLAN icon then clicking "Connect to a network"

Configuration of the WLAN Device

The optional WLAN Device can be configured to establish wireless network connectivity using one of the following tools:

- Intel PROSet Software - The Intel PROSet Software allows for multiple profile setup and supports automatic profile switching. Support for most industry standard security solutions is contained in this software.

- Atheros Client Utility - The Atheros Client Utility software allows for multiple profile setups and supports automatic profile switching. Support for most industry standard security solutions is contained in this software.

There are two procedures outlines below. The first one is for use with the Windows Vista operating system, and the other is used with the Windows XP operating system.

CONFIGURING THE WLAN WITH WINDOWS VISTA

The WLAN device can be configured to establish wireless network connectivity using the software that is built into Windows Vista. Support for most industry standard security solutions is contained in this software.

Pre-defined parameters will be required for this procedure. Please consult with your network administrator for these parameters:

1. Click the Start button, then select Control Panel.

2. If the Control Panel is not in Classic View, select Classic View from the left panel. Double-click the Network and Sharing Center icon.

3. Select "Manage wireless networks" from the left panel.

4. Click on the [Add] button.

5. Depending upon what type of connection you would like to make, make a selection. For an infrastructure network, select "Manually create a network profile. For ad hoc network, select "Create an ad hoc network".

6. Enter the required information. It may be necessary to consult with your network administrator for some of the information.

7. In the event you require assistance, go to the Network and Sharing Center window (Start -> Control Panel -> Network and Sharing Center), and type in relevant keywords in the Search box.

Connecting to a Network with Windows Vista

After you have configured your computer, you can connect to an active network by performing the following steps:

1. Click on the WLAN icon in the system tray.

2. Select "connect to a network".

Select a network from the list that appears, and click the [Connect] button.

CONFIGURING THE WLAN USING WINDOWS XP

Configuring Using Intel PROSet Software

This section explains the procedure to properly configure the WLAN device in a system using Windows XP using the Intel PROSet Software. Pre-defined parameters will be required for this procedure. Please consult with your network administrator for these parameters:

Network Name - Also known as the SSID

Network Key (WEP) - Required if using static WEP keys.

Authentication Type - Open, Shared, WPA, or WPA-PSK

Procedure

1. Activate the WLAN device using either the Wireless On/Off Switch or the Intel PROSet software.

2. Click the [Start] button first and then [All Programs].

3. Click the icon [Intel PROSet Wireless] to execute the Intel PROSet Wireless software.

4. Click the [Add] button. The General Settings dialog displays.

5. Enter a profile name in the Profile Name field.

6. Enter the network SSID, in the Network Name (SSID) field.

7. Click Infrastructure or Ad Hoc for the operating mode.

8. Click [Advanced].

9. The Mandatory Access Point option is only used if Infrastructure mode is selected. Use this option to connect to a specific access point. Enter the MAC address for the access point. Click OK to save the setting and return to the General Settings page.

10. Click [Next].

11. If you are using Cisco CCX, click Cisco Options to enable Cisco CKIP data encryption on the Security Settings page. Check the Cisco Compatible Extensions Options. If you have checked the Cisco's "Mixed-Cell" box in the Advanced Setting, this option must also be checked.

12. Click [OK].

13. Click Next.

14. Select Open, Shared, WPA-Enterprise, WPA2-Enterprise, WPA-Personal, or WPA2-Personal in the Network Authentication options.

15. Select either None, WEP, CKIP (if Enable Cisco Client eXtentions is enabled, use CKIP or WEP), or TKIP for the data encryption.

16. If WEP is selected, select either 64 or 128-bit for the Encryption Level.

17. Select the key index 1, 2, 3 or 4.

18. Enter the WEP key if required. If your network does not employ a 802.1x/EAP security mechanism, please skip to step 24.

19. Click the Enable 802.1x checkbox to enable the 802.1x security option. Please contact your network administrator if configuration of this setting is required.

20. Select the appropriate Authentication Type. Please contact your network administrator if configuration of this setting is required.

21. After selecting your authentication type, enter the user name, domain, and password of the user you have created on the authentication server. The user name and password do not have to be the same as name and password of your current Windows user login.

22. Click [OK] to save the settings.

23. From the Intel ProSet Wireless page, click the new profile name shown in the Profile List. Use the up and down arrows to position the priority of the new profile in the priority list.

24. Click the Connect button to connect to the network.

25. Click [Close] if you want to close the Intel PROSet for Wireless window.

Configuring Using Atheros Client Utility Software

This section explains the procedure to properly configure the WLAN device using the Atheros Client Utility. Pre-defined parameters will be required for this procedure. Please consult with your network administrator for these parameters:

Network Name - Also known as the SSID

Network Key (WEP) - Required if using static WEP keys.

Authentication Type - Open, Shared, WPA, or WPA-PSK

Procedure

1. Activate the WLAN device using either the Wireless On/Off Switch or the Atheros Client Utility

2. Right-click on the "Atheros Client Utility" icon in the system tray, and select "Open Atheros Client Utility" from the menu.

3. From the Current Status page, click the Profile Management tab.

4. If this is your first time using this utility, highlight the profile [Default] and Click the [Modify] button, otherwise Click the [New] button. The General Settings dialog displays.

5. From the General page, enter a profile name in the Profile Name field.

6. Enter the network SSID, in the SSID1 field. If you wish to create a profile that can connect to up to 3 different wireless networks, SSID's can be entered in the SSID2 and SSID3 fields as well.

7. Click the Security tab.

8. The Security tab allows for the configuration of the Security modes listed in the table below. Please select the radio button of the desired security mode. If these settings are not known to you, please consult with your network administrator for the correct settings.

Field Name	Description
WPA	Enables the use of Wi-Fi Protected Access. Choosing WPA opens the WPA EAP drop-down menu. Options include TLS and PEAP. If these settings are not known to you, please consult with your network administrator for the correct settings.
WPA-PSK	Enables WPA-Pre-Shared Key. Click on the Configure button to enter the WPA Passphrase. If these settings are not known to you, please consult with your network administrator for the correct settings.

802.1x	Enables 802.1x security. If these settings are not known to you, please consult with your network administrator for the correct settings. Choosing this option opens the 802.1x EAP type drop-down menu. Options include TLS, PEAP, and LEAP
Pre-Shared Key	Enables the use of pre-shared keys that are defined on both the access point and the station. This is where static WEP keys are entered. Click the Configure button to fill in the Define Pre-Shared Keys window.
None	No security

9. Click OK

10. Click the Advanced tab

11. The Advanced tab allows for the configuration of the options detailed in the table below.

Field Name	Description
Power Save Mode	Options are Maximum, Normal, or Off
Network Type	Options are AP (Infrastructure) or Ad Hoc
802.11b Preamble	Specifies the preamble setting in 802.11b. The default setting is Short and Long (Access Point mode), which allows both short and long headers in the 802.11b frames. Set to Long Only to override allowing short frames.
Transmit Power Level	Options are selectable, depending upon whether 802.11b/g or 802.11a is used.
Wireless Mode	Specifies 5 GHz 54 Mbps, 2.4 GHz 11 Mbps, or 2.4 GHz 54 Mbps operation in an access point network.
Wireless Mode when Starting Ad Hoc Network	Specifies 5GHz 54 Mbps, 2.4 GHz 11 Mbps, or 2.4 GHz 54 Mbps to start an Ad Hoc network if no matching network name is found after scanning all available modes.

12. Click OK

13. If the profile you just created does not activate immediately, click the Profile Management tab, highlight the desired Profile, and click Activate.

14. Click [Close] if you want to close the Atheros Client Utility.

Connection to the network

This section explains connection to the network.

If there is an administrator of the network, contact the network administrator for data settings.

Setting the network

Perform the "Setting TCP/IP" and "Confirming the computer and work group names" operations required for network connection.

Setting TCP/IP

> **i** To change the setting of the IP address, you need to be logged in from Windows as an administrator.

1. Click the [Start] button first and then [Control Panel].

2. If the Control Panel is in Category view, switch to Classic view by clicking "Switch to Classic View" under Control Panel the left frame. (If you are already in Classic view, "Switch to Category View" will be displayed.)

3. Double-click [Network Connections]. A list of currently installed networks will be displayed.

4. Right-click [Wireless Network Connection] in the list, and then click [Properties] in the menu displayed. The [Wireless Network Connection Properties] window will be displayed.

5. Click the [General] tab if it is not already selected.

6. Click [Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)] and then click [Properties]. The [Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties] window will be displayed.

7. Set the IP address as follows:
    - **For ad hoc connection:** Select [Use the following IP address:] and then enter data for [IP address] and [Subnet mask]. See page 66 for IP address setting.
    - **For access point (infrastructure) connection:** If your network uses DHCP, select [Obtain an IP address automatically] and [Obtain DNS server address automatically]. If your network uses static IP addresses, consult with your network administrator for the correct IP address settings.

8. Click the [OK] button. Processing will return to the [Wireless Network Connection Properties] window.

9. Click the [OK] button.

10. Close the [Network Connection] window.

Following this operation, confirm the names of the computer and the workgroup as follows.

Confirming the computer and work group names

ⓘ To modify the computer name and/or the work group name, you need to be logged in from Windows as an administrator.

1. Click the [Start] button, then [Control Panel].

2. If the Control Panel is in Category view, switch to Classic view by clicking "Switch to Classic View" under Control Panel the left frame. (If you are already in Classic view, "Switch to Category View" will be displayed.)

3. Double-click the [System] icon. The [System Properties] window will be displayed.

4. Click the [Computer Name] tab.

5. Confirm the settings of [Full computer name:] and [Workgroup:].

   a. The setting of [Full computer name:] denotes the name for identifying the computer. Any name can be assigned for each personal computer.

ⓘ To change the name, click [Change] and then proceed in accordance with the instruction messages displayed on the screen.

   Enter the desired name in less than 15 ASCII character code format. Identifiability can be enhanced by entering the model number, the user name, and other factors.

   b. [Workgroup name] is the group name of the network. Enter the desired name in less than 15 ASCII character code format.

   For ad hoc connection: Assign the same network name to all personal computers existing on the network.

   For access point (infrastructure) connection: Assign the name of the work group to be accessed.

6. Click the [OK] button. If a message is displayed that requests you to restart the personal computer, click [Yes] to restart the computer.

Setting the sharing function

Set the sharing function to make file and/or printer sharing with other network-connected personal computers valid.

This operation is not required unless the sharing function is to be used.

The folder and printer for which the sharing function has been set will be usable from any personal computer present on the network.

ⓘ To share a file and/or the connected printer, you need to be logged in as an administrator.

Setting the Microsoft network-sharing service

1. Click the [Start] button first and then [Control Panel].

2. If the Control Panel is in Category view, switch to Classic view by clicking "Switch to Classic View" under Control Panel the left frame. (If you are already in Classic view, "Switch to Category View" will be displayed.)

3. Double-click [Network Connections]. A list of currently installed networks will be displayed.

4. Right-click [Wireless Network Connection] in the list, and then click [Properties] in the menu displayed. The [Wireless Network Connection Properties] window will be displayed.

5. **If [File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks] is displayed, proceed to step 6.** If [File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks] is not displayed, skip to step 7.

6. Make sure that the [File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks] check box is checked, and then click the [OK] button. Skip to "Setting file-sharing function".

7. Click [Install]. The [Select Network Component Type] window will be displayed.

8. Click [Service], then click the [Add] button. The [Select Network Service] window will be displayed.

9. Click [File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks] and then click the [OK] button. Processing will return to the [Wireless Network Connection Properties] window, and [File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks] will be added to the list.

10. Click the [Close] button.

Setting the file-sharing function

The procedure for setting the file-sharing function follows, with the "work" folder in drive C: as an example.

1. Click the [Start] button first and then [My Computer].

2. Double-click [Local disk (C:)].

3. Right-click the "work" folder (or whichever folder you want to share), and then click [Sharing and Security...] in the menu displayed. The [*Folder Name* Properties] window will be displayed.

> **i** Setting the file-sharing function for the file which has been used to execute Network Setup Wizard is suggested on the screen. For the wireless LAN, however, since security is guaranteed by entry of the network name (SSID) and the network key, the steps to be taken to set the file-sharing function easily without using Network Setup Wizard are given below.

4. Click [Sharing] if it isn't already selected.

5. Click the link stating "If you understand the security risks, but want to share files without running the wizard, click here".

6. Click "Just enable file sharing" and click [OK].

7. Check the [Share this folder on the network] check box.

> **i** To specify the corresponding folder as a read-only folder, select the [Read only] checkbox under the General tab.

8. Click the [OK] button. The folder will be set as a sharable folder, and the display of the icon for the "work." folder will change.

Setting the printer-sharing function

1. Click the [Start] button first and then [Printers and FAX]. A list of connected printers will be displayed.

2. Right-click the printer for which the sharing function is to be set, and then click [Sharing] in the menu displayed. The property window corresponding to the selected printer will be displayed.

> **i** Setting the printer-sharing function when Network Setup Wizard has been executed is suggested on the screen. For the wireless LAN, however, since security is guaranteed by entry of the network name (SSID) and the network key, the steps to be taken to set the printer-sharing function without using Network Setup Wizard are laid down below.

3. Click the [Sharing] tab.

4. Click [Share this printer].

5. Enter the sharing printer name in [Share name].

6. Click the [OK] button.

Confirming connection

After you have finished the network setup operations, access the folder whose sharing has been set for other personal computers. Also, confirm the status of the radio waves in case of trouble such as a network connection failure.

> **i** In the case of access point (infrastructure) connection, enter the necessary data for the access point before confirming connection. Refer to the manual of the access point for the access point setup procedure.

Connecting your personal computer to another personal computer

1. Click [Start] first and then [My Computer]. The [My Computer] window will be displayed in the left frame.

2. Click [My Network Places] in the "Other Places" list. The window [My Network Places] will be displayed.

3. Click [View workgroup computers] under Network Tasks in the left frame.

4. Double-click the personal computer to which your personal computer is to be connected. The folder that was specified in "Setting the file-sharing function" on page 61 will be displayed.

5. Double-click the folder to be accessed.

Confirming the status of the radio

1. Right-click the Intel PRO Wireless icon in the lower right corner of the screen.

2. Click [Open Intel PROSet for Wireless]. The Intel PROSet for Wireless window opens.

3. Contained within the General tab and the Details section (accessed by pressing the [Details] button), you will find the current operating status of the radio. (When the radio is turned off or the computer is not yet connected, some of the conditions will not be displayed.)

   - **Profile Name**
     The current configuration profile is displayed.

   - **Network Name (SSID)**
     Displays the Network Name (SSID) currently used by the radio.

   - **IP Address**
     The IP address of the current profile.

   - **Signal Quality**
     Displays a message stating the current quality of the signal.

   - **Signal Strength**
     Displays a graphic representation of the current signal strength.

   Additionally, in the lower section of the display, you will see a variety of different measurements related to the WLAN. For additional information about the items, click on the "Help?" button:

   - Adapter MAC Address

   - Band

   - Supported Data Rates

   - Radio Frequency

   - Channel Number

   - Network Authentication

   - Data Encryption

   - 802.1x Authentication Type

   - 802.1x Authentication Protocol

   - CCX Version

   - CCX TPC

   - CCX Power Levels

   - Access Point MAC Address

   - Mandatory Access Point

Troubleshooting the WLAN

Causes and countermeasures for troubles you may encounter while using your wireless LAN are described in the following table.

Problem	Possible Cause	Possible Solution
Unavailable network connection	**Incorrect network name (SSID) or network key**	**Ad hoc connection:** verify that the network names (SSID's) and network keys (WEP) of all computers to be connected have been configured correctly. SSID's and WEP key values must be identical on each machine.

Access Point (Infrastructure) connection: set the network name (SSID) and network key to the same values as those of the access point.

Set the Network Authentication value identically to that of the Access Point. Please consult your network administrator for this value, if necessary.

For the method of setting network authentication, refer to the section of this chapter related to the configuration tool or utility you are using.· |
| | **Weak received signal strength and/or link quality** | Ad hoc connection: Retry connection after shortening the distance to the destination computer or removing any obstacles for better sight.

Access Point (Infrastructure) connection: Retry connection after shortening the distance to the access point or removing any obstacles for better sight. |
	The WLAN device has been deactivated or disabled	Check if the wireless switch is turned ON. Also verify "Disable Radio" is not checked in "Network setting" window. *(See Activating the WLAN Device on page 56 for more information).*
	The computer to be connected is turned off	Check if the computer to be connected is turned ON.
	RF interference from Access Points or other wireless networks	The use of identical or overlapping RF channels can cause interference with the operation of the WLAN device. Change the channel of your Access Point to a channel that does not overlap with the interfering device.
	Wireless network authentication has failed	Re-check your Network Authentication, Encryption, and Security settings. Incorrectly configured security settings such as an incorrectly typed WEP key, a mis-configured LEAP username, or an incorrectly chosen authentication method will cause the LAN device to associate but not authenticate to the wireless network.
	Incorrectly configured network settings	Recheck the configuration of your network settings.
	Incorrect IP address configuration	This only applies to networks using static IP addresses. Please contact your network administrator for the correct settings.

Wireless LAN Glossary

Ad Hoc Mode

Ad Hoc Mode refers to a wireless network architecture where wireless network connectivity between multiple computers is established without a central wireless network device, typically known as Access Points. Connectivity is accomplished using only client devices in a peer-to-peer fashion. For details, refer to "Ad hoc connection" on page 54.

Channel

Range of narrow-band frequencies used by the WLAN device to transmit data. IEEE802.11b/g - 11 channels, 22 MHz wide channels.

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol)

A protocol that provides a means to dynamically allocate IP addresses to computers on a local area network.

DNS (Domain Name System)

A data query service that provides a mechanism with which to translate host names into Internet addresses.

IEEE802.11a

Wireless LAN standard that supports a maximum data rate of 54 Mbps. 802.11a devices operate in the 5 GHz lower and middle UNII bands.

IEEE802.11b

Wireless LAN standard that supports a maximum data rate of 11 Mbps. 802.11b devices operate in the 2.4 GHz ISM band.

Access point

Wireless network device used to bridge wireless and wired network traffic.

IP address

The logical 32-bit host address defined by the Internet Protocol that uniquely identifies a computer on a network. The IP address is usually expressed in dotted decimal notation.

LAN (Local Area Network)

A LAN or Local Area Network is a computer network (or data communications network) which is confined to a limited geographical area.

MAC address (Media Access Control Address)

A MAC address (also called an Ethernet address or IEEE MAC address) is the 48-bit address (typically written as twelve hexadecimal digits, 0 through 9 and A through F, or as six hexadecimal numbers separated by periods or colons, e.g., 0080002012ef, 0:80:0:2:20:ef) which uniquely identifies a computer that has an Ethernet interface.

MTU (Maximum Transmission Unit)

The maximum size of data which can be transmitted at one time in networks including the Internet. In an environment whose maximum size of data is too large to correctly receive data, normal communications can be restored by setting the size of MTU to a smaller value.

Network key

Data that is used for encrypting data in data communication. The personal computer uses the same network key both for data encryption and decryption, therefore, it is necessary to set the same network key as the other side of communication.

Network name (SSID: Security Set Identifier)

When a wireless LAN network is configured, grouping is performed to avoid interference or data theft. This grouping is performed with "Network name (SSID)". In order to improve security, the network key is set allowing no communication unless "Network name (SSID)" coincides with the network key.

Open system authentication

Null authentication method specified in the 802.11 standard that performs no authentication checks on a wireless client before allowing it to associate.

PPPoE (Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet)

A method of allowing the authentication protocol adopted in telephone line connection (PPP) to be used over an Ethernet.

Protocol

A procedure or rule of delivering data among computers. Ordered data communication is allowed by making all conditions required for communication including the method of data transmission/reception and actions upon communication errors into procedures.

Shared key authentication

802.11 network authentication method in which the AP sends the client device a challenge text packet that the client must then encrypt with the correct WEP key and return to the AP. If the client has the wrong key or no key, authentication will fail and the client will not be allowed to associate with the AP. Shared key authentication is not considered secure, because a hacker who detects both the clear-text challenge and the same challenge encrypted with a WEP key can decipher the WEP key.

SSID (Service Set Identifier)

Service Set Identifier, a 32-character unique identifier attached to the header of packets sent over a WLAN that acts as a password when a mobile device tries to connect to the BSS. The SSID differentiates one WLAN from another, so all access points and all devices attempting to connect to a specific WLAN must use the same SSID. A device will not be permitted to join the BSS unless it can provide the unique SSID. Because the SSID is broadcast in plain text, it does not supply any security to the network.

Subnet mask

TCP-IP network is controlled by being divided into multiple smaller networks (subnets). IP address consists of the subnet address and the address of each computer. Subnet mask defines how many bits of IP address comprise the subnet address. The same value shall be set among computers communicating with each other.

TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol)

A standard protocol of the Internet.

Wi-Fi

Wi-Fi, or Wireless Fidelity, is a set of standards for wireless local area networks (WLAN) based on the IEEE 802.11 specifications. Certified products can use the official Wi-Fi logo, which indicates that the product is interoperable with any other product also showing that logo.

IP address information

> **i** IP addressing is much more complicated than can be briefly explained in this document. You are advised to consult with your network administrator for additional information.

If IP address is unknown, set IP address as follows:

If you have an access point (DHCP server) on the network, set the IP address as follows:

[Obtain an IP address automatically]

> **i** A DHCP server is a server that automatically assigns IP addresses to computers or other devices in the network. There is no DHCP server for the AdHoc network.

If the IP address is already assigned to the computer in the network, ask the network administrator to check the IP address to be set for the computer.

If no access point is found in the network:

An IP address is expressed with four values in the range between 1 and 255.

Set the each computer as follows: The value in parentheses is a subnet mask.

<Example>

Computer A: 192.168.100.2 (255.255.255.0)

Computer B: 192.168.100.3 (255.255.255.0)

Computer C: 192.168.100.4 (255.255.255.0)

:

:

Computer X: 192.168.100.254 (255.255.255.0)

WLAN Specifications

Item	Specification
Type of network	The Intel PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connections WLAN device conforms to IEEE 802.11a and 802.11b/g (Wi-Fi based)*. The Intel PRO/Wireless4965ABGN Network Connections WLAN device conforms to IEEE 802.11a, 802.11b/g, and 802.11n (draft-compliant), Wi-Fi based* (Note that at the time of publication of this document, the 802.11n standard had not yet been ratified, and is still in draft stage.
Transfer rate	(Automatic switching) 54 Mbps maximum data rate
Active frequency *****	802.11n: 2.4 GHz or 5 GHz 802.11b/g: 2400~2473 MHz 802.11a: 4900 ~ 5850 MHz
Number of channels	802.11a: 8 independent channels 802.11b/g: 11 channels, 3 non-overlapping channels 802.11n: 2.4 GHz - 3 non-overlapping channels when Channel Bonding is not used; 2 non-overlapping channels when Channel Bonding is used. 5 GHz - 12 non-overlapping UNII channels with or without Channel Bonding
Typical operating distances**	802.11a: 40 ft. (12 m) @ 54 Mbps; 300 ft. (91 m) @ 6 Mbps 802.11b: 100 ft. (30 m) @ 11 Mbps; 300 ft. (91 m) @ 1 Mbps 802.11g: 100 ft. (30 m) @ 54 Mbps; 300 ft. (91 m) @ 1 Mbps 802.11n: Estimated double the operating distance of 802.11g and 802.11a in their respective frequencies.
Security	Encryption Types - WEP, TKIP, AES*** WPA 1.0 compliant Encryption Key lengths Supported: 64 bits and 128 bits 802.1x/EAP
Maximum recommended number of computers to be connected over wireless LAN (during ad hoc connection)	10 units or less ****

* "Wi-Fi based" indicates that the interconnectivity test of the organization which guarantees the interconnectivity of wireless LAN (Wi-Fi Alliance) has been passed.

** The communication ranges shown above will increase or decrease depending on factors such as number of walls, reflective material, or interference from external RF sources.

*** Encryption with network key (WEP) is performed using the above number of bits, however, users can set 40 bits/ 104 bits after subtracting the fixed length of 24 bits.

**** Depending on practical environments, the allowable number of computers to be connected may be decrea

***** The shown bands are for the full availability globally but this radio only works in specific operational bands as permitted by the respective countries.

Using the Bluetooth Device

The Integrated Bluetooth module (EYTF3CSFT) is an optional device available for Fujitsu mobile computers.

WHAT IS BLUETOOTH?

Bluetooth technology is designed as a short-range wireless link between mobile devices, such as laptop computers, phones, printers, and cameras. Bluetooth technology is used to create Personal Area Networks (PANs) between devices in short-range of each other.

The Wireless LAN/Bluetooth On/Off Switch will power off both the optional wireless LAN and Bluetooth devices at the same time. To enable or disable either one of the devices individually, perform the following steps:

1. Slide the Wireless LAN/Bluetooth on/off switch to On position.

2. In the Control Panel, double-click the Fujitsu Radio Control icon.

3. In the window that appears, click the button associated with Bluetooth and/or Wireless LAN Status to enable or disable the individual devices.

4. Click [OK].

WHERE TO FIND INFORMATION ABOUT BLUETOOTH

The Bluetooth module contains a robust Help user's guide to assist you in learning about operation of the Bluetooth device.

To access the Help file, click [Start] -> All Programs, and click on Toshiba. Select Bluetooth, then select User's Guide.

For additional information about Bluetooth Technology, visit the Bluetooth Website at: www.bluetooth.com.

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. The Bluetooth antenna is located on the right hinge of the LCD screen and is exempt from minimum distance criteria due to its low power.

The transmitters in this device must not be co-located or operated in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Canadian Notice

To prevent radio interference to the licensed service, this device is intended to be operated indoors and away from windows to provide maximum shielding. Equipment (or its transmit antenna) that is installed outdoors is subject to licensing.

Warranty

Users are not authorized to modify this product. Any modifications invalidate the warranty.

This equipment may not be modified, altered, or changed in any way without signed written permission from Fujitsu. Unauthorized modification will void the equipment authorization from the FCC and Industry Canada and the warranty.

6

Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting

Your Fujitsu LifeBook notebook is sturdy and subject to few problems in the field. However, you may encounter simple setup or operating problems that you can solve on the spot, or problems with peripheral devices, that you can solve by replacing the device. The information in this section helps you isolate and resolve some of these straightforward problems and identify failures that require service.

IDENTIFYING THE PROBLEM

If you encounter a problem, go through the following procedure before pursuing complex troubleshooting:

1. Turn off your LifeBook notebook.
2. Make sure the AC adapter is plugged into your notebook and to an active AC power source.
3. Make sure that any card inserted in the PC Card slot is seated properly. You can also remove the card from the slot, thus eliminating it as a possible cause of failure.
4. Make sure that any devices connected to the external connectors are plugged in properly. You can also disconnect such devices, thus eliminating them as possible causes of failure.
5. Turn on your notebook. Make sure it has been off at least 10 seconds before you turn it back on.
6. Go through the boot sequence.
7. If the problem has not been resolved, refer to the Troubleshooting Table, that follows, for more detailed troubleshooting information.
8. If you are still having problems after referring to the Troubleshooting Table, go to the Fujitsu Computer Systems Support website (http://www.computers.us.fujitsu.com/support), and search the list of Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) contained there.

> **i** If you keep notes about what you have tried, your support representative may be able to help you more quickly by giving additional suggestions over the phone.

9. If you have tried the solutions suggested above without success, contact your support representative:

   Toll free: 1-800-8Fujitsu (1-800-838-5487)
   Fax: 408-764-2724
   E-mail: 8fujitsu@us.fujitsu.com
   Website:
   http://www.computers.us.fujitsu.com/support

Before you place the call, you should have the following information ready so that the customer support representative can provide you with the fastest possible solution:

- Product name
- Product configuration number
- Product serial number
- Purchase date
- Conditions under which the problem occurred
- Any error messages that have occurred
- Type of device connected, if any

See the Configuration Label on the bottom of your notebook for configuration and serial numbers.

SPECIFIC PROBLEMS
Using the Troubleshooting Table

When you have problems with your LifeBook notebook, try to find the symptoms under the Problem column of the troubleshooting table for the feature giving you difficulty. You will find a description of common causes for that symptom under the column Possible Cause and what, if anything, you can do to correct the condition under Possible Solutions. All possible causes or solutions may not apply to your notebook.

TROUBLESHOOTING TABLE

Problem	Possible Cause	Possible Solutions
Audio Problems		
There is no sound coming from the built-in speakers.	The software volume control is set too low.	Adjust the sound volume control settings in your software, operating system and applications. You can also use the [Fn+F9] key combination. Pressing [F9] repeatedly while holding [Fn] will increase the notebook volume.
	Headphones are plugged into your notebook.	Plugging in headphones disables the built-in speakers; remove the headphones.
	BIOS audio settings are incorrect.	Set the BIOS setup utility to the default values within the Multimedia Device Configuration menu. *(See BIOS Setup Utility on page 29 for more information)*
	Software driver is not configured correctly.	Refer to your application and operating system documentation for help.
	Sound may be set to Mute.	Click on the Volume icon in the system tray and verify that the Mute checkbox is not set. You can also use the [Fn+F3] key combination. Pressing [F3] while holding [Fn] will toggle the audio Mute on and off.
	Device Manager may not be set correctly.	Go to the Control Panel -> System, and click on the Hardware tab. Click the [Device Manager] button and scroll down to "Sound, Video and Game Controllers". Click the "+" symbol and scroll down the list that appears to see if there is a yellow exclamation point next to any of the items. If there is, you will need to reload the related driver.
DVD/CD-RW Drive Problems		
LifeBook notebook fails to recognize disc in optical drive.	Protective sheet is still in the optical drive tray.	Remove the protective sheet from the tray.
	The disc is not pushed down onto the center of the drive.	Open optical drive tray and re-install the disc properly.
	Optical drive tray is not latched shut.	Push on the front of the optical drive tray until it latches.
	Incorrect DVD Player or no player software is installed.	Install DVD Player software. *(See "Using the Optical Drive Software" on page 40 for more information.)*
	Wrong drive designator was used for optical drive in the application.	Verify the drive designator used by the application is the same as the one used by the operating system. When the operating system is booted from a DVD/CD, drive designations are automatically adjusted.
	DVD/CD disc is dirty or defective.	Wipe disc with non-abrasive cleaning cloth and reinsert. If it still will not work try a different disc.

Problem	Possible Cause	Possible Solutions
The Optical Drive Access indicator on the Status Indicator Panel blinks at regular intervals when no disc is in the tray or the drive is not installed.	The Windows auto insertion function is active and is checking to see if a disc is ready to run.	This is normal. However, you may disable this feature. *(See Auto Insert Notification Function on page 41 for more information)*
Floppy Disk Drive Problems		
You cannot access your optional floppy disk.	You tried to write to a write protected floppy disk.	Eject the floppy disk and set it to write enable.
	Floppy disk is not loaded correctly.	Eject floppy disk, check orientation and re-insert.
	Security is set to protect access to floppy disk data.	Verify your password and security settings.
Hard Drive Problems		
You cannot access your hard drive.	The setup utility is incorrectly set for your internal or optional second hard drive.	Revise BIOS settings to set both drives correctly. *(See BIOS Setup Utility on page 29 for more information)*
	The wrong drive designator was used by an application when a bootable CD-ROM was used to start the notebook.	Verify drive designator used by application is in use by the operating system. When the operating system is booted from a CD, drive designations are automatically adjusted.
	Security is set so your operating system cannot be started without a password.	Verify your password and security settings.
Keyboard or Mouse Problems		
The built-in keyboard does not seem to work.	The notebook has gone into Suspend mode.	Push the **Suspend/Resume/Power On** button.
	Your application has locked out your keyboard.	Try to use your integrated pointing device to restart your system. If this fails, turn your notebook off by pressing the Power/Suspend/Resume button for several seconds. After the system has been off at least 10 seconds, turn it back on.
The characters that appear do not match those you typed.	NumLk is set in the BIOS.	Go to the BIOS and make sure that NumLk is disabled. *(See BIOS Setup Utility on page 29 for more information)*
You have installed an external keyboard or mouse, and it does not seem to work.	Your external device is not properly installed.	Re-install your device. *(See Device Ports on page 48 for more information)*
	Your operating system is not set up with the correct software driver for that device.	Check your device and operating system documentation and activate the proper driver.
You have connected an external keyboard or a mouse and it seems to be locking up the system.	Your operating system software is not setup with the correct software driver for that device.	Check your device and operating system documentation and activate the proper driver.

Problem	Possible Cause	Possible Solutions
You have connected an external keyboard or a mouse and it seems to be locking up the system. (continued)	Your system has crashed.	Try to restart your notebook. If this fails, turn your notebook off by pressing the Power/Suspend/Resume button for several seconds. After the system has been off for at least 10 seconds, turn it back on.
Memory Problems		
Your Power On screen or Info menu of the BIOS setup utility information do not show the correct amount of memory.	Your memory upgrade module is not properly installed.	Remove and re-install your memory upgrade module. *(See Memory Upgrade Module on page 46 for more information)*
	You have a memory failure.	Check for Power On Self Test (POST) messages. *(See Power On Self Test Messages on page 79 for more information)*
Modem Problems		
Messages about modem operation.	Modem operation messages are generated by the modem application in use.	See your application software documentation for additional information.
USB Device Problems		
You have installed a USB device but your LifeBook notebook does not recognize the device, or the device does not seem to work properly.	The USB port is not enabled in the BIOS.	Verify the USB port is set to Enabled in the BIOS. *(See BIOS Setup Utility on page 29 for more information)*
	The device is not properly installed.	Remove and re-install the device. *(See Device Ports on page 48 for more information)*
	The device may have been installed while an application was running, so the notebook is not aware of its installation.	Close the application and restart your notebook.
	Your software may not have the correct software driver active.	See your software documentation and activate the correct driver.
	You may have the wrong I/O address selected for your device.	See your device documentation and software documentation to determine the required I/O address. Change the settings in the BIOS setup utility. *(See BIOS Setup Utility on page 29 for more information)*
	Your device and another device are assigned the same I/O address.	Check all I/O addresses located within the BIOS setup utility and any other installed hardware or software to make sure there are no duplications.
PC Card Problems		
Card inserted in the PC Card slot does not work or is locking up the system.	The card is not properly inserted.	Remove and re-insert the card. *(See PC Cards on page 43 for more information)*
A card inserted in the PC Card slot does not work or is locking up the system.	The card may have been inserted while an application was running, so the notebook is not aware of its insertion.	Close the application and restart your notebook.

Problem	Possible Cause	Possible Solutions
A card inserted in the PC Card slot does not work or is locking up the system. (continued)	Your software may not have the correct software driver active.	See your software documentation and activate the correct driver.
	You may have the wrong I/O address selected for your PC Card device.	See your PC Card documentation to determine the required I/O address. Change the settings in the BIOS. *(See BIOS Setup Utility on page 29 for more information)*
	Your PC Card device and another device are assigned the same I/O address.	Check all I/O addresses located within the BIOS setup utility and any other installed hardware or software to make sure there are no duplications.
Power Failures		
You turn on your notebook and nothing seems to happen.	The installed primary battery is completely discharged, there is no optional second battery installed or there is no Power adapter installed.	Check the Status Indicator Panel to determine the presence and condition of the batteries. *(See Status Indicator Panel on page 13 for more information)* Install a charged battery or a Power adapter.
	The primary battery is installed but is faulty.	Use the Status Indicator panel to verify the presence and condition of the batteries. *(See Status Indicator Panel on page 13 for more information)* If a battery is indicating a short, remove that battery and operate from another power source or replace that battery.
	The battery or batteries are low.	Check the Status Indicator Panel to determine the condition of the batteries. *(See Status Indicator Panel on page 13 for more information)* Use a power adapter to operate until a battery is charged or install a charged battery.
	The adapter (AC or auto/airline) is not plugged in properly.	Verify that your adapter is connected correctly. *(See Power Sources on page 27 for more information)*
	The Power adapter (AC or auto/airline) has no power from the AC outlet, airplane seat jack, or the car's cigarette lighter.	Move the AC cord to a different outlet, check for a line switch or tripped circuit breaker for the AC outlet. If you are using an auto/airline adapter in a car make sure the ignition switch is in the On or Accessories position.
	The Power adapter (AC or auto/airline) is faulty.	Try a different Power adapter or install a charged optional second battery.
Your LifeBook notebook turns off all by itself.	The power management parameters are set for auto timeouts which are too short for your operating needs.	Press any button on the keyboard, or move the mouse to restore operation. If that fails, push the Suspend/Resume button. Check your power management settings, or close your applications and go to the Power Savings menu of the setup utility to adjust the timeout values to better suit your operation needs.
	Your power adapter has failed or lost its power source.	Make sure the adapter is plugged in and the outlet has power.
Your LifeBook notebook turns off all by itself.	You are operating on battery power and have ignored a low battery alarm until the battery is at dead battery state and system has gone into Dead Battery Suspend mode.	Install a power adapter and then push the Suspend/Resume button. *(See Power Sources on page 27 for more information)*

Problem	Possible Cause	Possible Solutions
Your LifeBook note-book turns off all by itself. (continued)	You have a battery failure.	Verify the condition of the batteries using the Status Indi-cator panel, and replace or remove any batteries that are shorted. *(See Status Indicator Panel on page 13 for more information)*
Your LifeBook note-book will not work on battery alone.	The installed batteries are dead.	Replace the battery with a charged one or install a Power adapter.
	No batteries are installed.	Install a charged battery.
	The batteries are improperly installed.	Verify that the batteries are properly connected by re-installing them.
	Your installed batteries are faulty.	Verify the condition of the batteries using the Status Indi-cator panel and replace or remove any batteries that are shorted. *(See Status Indicator Panel on page 13 for more information)*
The batteries seem to discharge too quickly.	You are running an applica-tion that uses a lot of power due to frequent hard drive or media drive access, or use of a modem or LAN PC card.	Use both the primary battery and an optional second battery and/or use a power adapter for this application when at all possible.
	The power savings features may be disabled.	Check the power management and/or setup utility settings in the Power Savings menu and adjust according to your operating needs.
	The brightness is turned all the way up.	Turn down the brightness adjustment. The higher the brightness the more power your display uses.
	The batteries are very old.	Replace the batteries.
	The batteries were exposed to high temperatures.	Replace the batteries.
	The batteries are too hot or too cold.	Restore the notebook to normal operating temperature. The Charging icon on the Status Indicator panel will flash when the battery is outside its operating range.
Shutdown and Startup Problems		
The Suspend/Resume/Power On button does not work.	Suspend/Resume/Power On button is disabled from the Power menu -> Advanced submenu of the setup utility.	Enable the button from the setup utility.
	You did not hold the button in long enough.	Hold the button longer. This may need to be a few seconds if your application is preventing the CPU from checking for button pushes.
	There may be a conflict with the application software.	Close all applications and try the button again.
The system powers up, and displays power on information, but fails to load the operating system.	Boot sequence settings of the setup utility are not compat-ible with your configuration.	Set the operating source by pressing [F12] while the Fujitsu logo is on screen or use the [F2] key and enter the setup utility and adjust the source settings from the Boot menu. *(See BIOS Setup Utility on page 29 for more information)*

Problem	Possible Cause	Possible Solutions
The system powers up, and displays power on information, but fails to load the operating system. (continued)	You have a secured system requiring a password to load your operating system.	Make sure you have the right password. Enter the setup utility and verify the Security settings and modify them as accordingly. *(See BIOS Setup Utility on page 29 for more information)*
	Internal hard drive was not detected.	Use the BIOS setup utility to try to auto detect the internal hard drive. If this does not work, contact Fujitsu Service and Support at 1-800-8FUJITSU.
An error message is displayed on-screen during the notebook (boot) sequence.	Power On Self Test (POST) has detected a problem.	See the Power On Self Test (POST) messages to determine the meaning and severity of the problem. Not all messages are errors; some are simply status indicators. *(See Power On Self Test Messages on page 79 for more information)*
Your notebook appears to change setup parameters when you start it.	BIOS setup changes were not saved when you made them and exited the BIOS setup utility returning it to previous settings.	Make sure you select **Save Changes And Exit** when exiting the BIOS setup utility.
	The BIOS CMOS hold-up battery has failed.	Contact your support representative for repairs. This is not a user serviceable part but has a normal life of 3 to 5 years.
Video Problems		
The built-in display is blank when you turn on your LifeBook notebook.	The notebook is set for an external monitor only.	Pressing [F10] while holding down the [Fn] key allows you to change your selection of where to send your display video. Each time you press the combination of keys you will step to the next choice. The choices, in order are: built-in display only, external monitor only, both built-in display and external monitor.
	The display angle and brightness settings are not adequate for your lighting conditions.	Move the display and the brightness control until you have adequate visibility.
	Power management timeouts may be set for short intervals and you failed to notice the display come on and go off.	Press any button the keyboard, or move the mouse to restore operation. If that fails, push the Suspend/Resume button. (The display may be shut off by Standby mode, Auto Suspend or Video Timeout)
	The notebook is set for S-Video display only.	While holding down the [Fn] key, click on the [F11] key to toggle the S-Video display off.
The notebook turned on with a series of beeps and your built-in display is blank.	Power On Self Test (POST) has detected a failure which does not allow the display to operate.	Contact your support representative.
The display goes blank by itself after you have been using it.	The notebook has gone into Video timeout, or Standby, Suspend, or Hibernation modes because you have not used it for a period of time.	Press any button on the keyboard, or move the mouse to restore operation. If that fails, push the Suspend/Resume button. Check your power management settings to adjust the timeout values to better suit your operation needs. *(See BIOS Setup Utility on page 29 for more information)*
	The power management timeouts may be set for very short intervals and you failed to notice the display come on and go off.	Press any button on the keyboard, or move the mouse to restore operation. If that fails, push the Suspend/Resume button. (The display may be shut off by Standby Mode, Auto Suspend or Video Timeout)

Problem	Possible Cause	Possible Solutions
The Built-in Display does not close.	A foreign object, such as a paper clip, is stuck between the display and the keyboard.	Remove all foreign objects from the keyboard.
The Built-in Display has bright or dark spots.	If the spots are very tiny and few in number, this is normal for a large LCD display.	This is normal; do nothing.
	If the spots are numerous or large enough to interfere with your operation needs.	Display is faulty; contact your support representative.
The application display uses only a portion of your screen and is surrounded by a dark frame.	You are running an application that does not support 800 x 600/1024 x 768 pixel resolution display and display compression is enabled.	Display compression gives a clearer but smaller display for applications that do not support 800 x 600/1024 x 768 pixel resolution. You can fill the screen but have less resolution by changing your display compression setting, (See the Video Features submenu, located within the Advanced menu of the BIOS. *(See BIOS Setup Utility on page 29 for more information)*
The display is dark when on battery power.	The default is set on low brightness to conserve power.	Press [Fn] + [F7] to increase brightness and adjust Power Control under battery settings.
You have connected an external monitor and it does not display any information.	Your BIOS setup is not set to enable your external monitor.	Toggle the video destination by pressing [Fn] and [F10] together, or check your BIOS setup and enable your external monitor. (See the Video Features submenu, located within the Advanced Menu of the BIOS. *(See BIOS Setup Utility on page 29 for more information)*
	Your external monitor is not properly installed.	Reinstall your device. *(See External Video Port on page 49 for more information)*
	Your operating system software is not setup with the correct software driver for that device.	Check your device and operating system documentation and activate the proper driver.
You connected an external monitor but it doesn't come on.	Your external monitor is not compatible with your Life-Book notebook.	See your monitor documentation and the External Monitor Support portions of the Specifications section. *(See Specifications on page 93 for more information)*
Miscellaneous Problems		
An error message is displayed on the screen during the operation of an application.	Application software often has its own set of error message displays.	See your application manual and help displays screens for more information. Not all messages are errors some may simply be status.

POWER ON SELF TEST MESSAGES

The following is an alphabetic list of error-and-status messages that the Phoenix BIOS and/or your operating system can generate and an explanation of each message. Error messages are marked with an *. If an error message is displayed that is not in this list, write it down and check your operating system documentation both on screen and in the manual. If you can find no reference to the message and its meaning is not clear, contact your support representative for assistance.

nnnn Cache SRAM Passed

Where nnnn is the amount of system cache in kilobytes success-fully tested by the Power On Self Test. (This can only appear if you have an SRAM PC Card inserted.)

*Diskette drive A error or Diskette drive B error

Drive A: or B: is present but fails the BIOS Power On Self Test diskette tests. Check to see that the drive is defined with the proper diskette type in the Setup Utility, *(See BIOS Setup Utility on page 29 for more information)* and that the diskette drive is installed correctly. If the disk drive is properly defined and installed, avoid using it and contact your support representative.

*Extended RAM Failed at offset: nnnn

Extended memory not working or not configured properly. If you have an installed memory upgrade module, verify that the module is properly installed. If it is properly installed, you may want to check your Windows Setup to be sure it is not using unavailable memory until you can contact your support representative.

nnnn Extended RAM Passed

Where nnnn is the amount of memory in kilobytes successfully tested.

*Failing Bits: nnnn The hex number nnnn

This is a map of the bits at the memory address (in System, Extended, or Shadow memory) which failed the memory test. Each 1 (one) in the map indicates a failed bit. This is a serious fault that may cause you to lose data if you continue. Contact your support representative.

*Fixed Disk x Failure or Fixed Disk Controller Failure (where x = 1-4)

The fixed disk is not working or not configured properly. This may mean that the hard drive type identified in your setup utility does not agree with the type detected by the Power On Self Test. Run the setup utility to check for the hard drive type settings and correct them if necessary. If the settings are OK and the message appears when you restart the system, there may be a serious fault which might cause you to lose data if you continue. Contact your support representative.

*Incorrect Drive A type – run SETUP

Type of floppy drive A: not correctly identified in Setup. This means that the floppy disk drive type identified in your setup utility does not agree with the type detected by the Power On Self Test. Run the setup utility to correct the inconsistency.

*Incorrect Drive B type – run SETUP

Type of floppy drive B: not correctly identified in Setup. This means that the floppy disk drive type identified in your setup utility does not agree with the type detected by the Power On Self Test. Run the setup utility to correct the inconsistency.

*Invalid NVRAM media type

Problem with NVRAM access. In the unlikely case that you see this message you may have some display problems. You can continue operating but should contact your support representative for more information.

*Keyboard controller error

The keyboard controller test failed. You may have to replace your keyboard or keyboard controller but may be able to use an external keyboard until then. Contact your support representative.

*Keyboard error

Keyboard not working. You may have to replace your keyboard or keyboard controller but may be able to use an external keyboard until then. Contact your support representative.

*Keyboard error nn

BIOS discovered a stuck key and displays the scan code for the stuck key. You may have to replace your keyboard but may be able to use an external keyboard until then. Contact your support representative.

*Monitor type does not match CMOS – Run SETUP

Monitor type not correctly identified in Setup. This error probably means your BIOS is corrupted, run the setup utility and set all settings to the default conditions. If you still get this error, contact your support representative.

*Operating system not found

Operating system cannot be located on either drive A: or drive C: Enter the setup utility and see if both the fixed disk, and drive A: are properly identified and that the boot sequence is set correctly. Unless you have changed your installation greatly, the operating system should be on drive C:. If the setup utility is correctly set, your hard drive may be corrupted and your system may have to be re-installed from your back up media.

*Parity Check 1 nnnn

Parity error found in the system bus. BIOS attempts to locate the address and display it on the screen. If it cannot locate the address, it displays ????. This is a potentially data destroying failure. Contact your support representative.

*Parity Check 2 nnnn
Parity error found in the I/O bus. BIOS attempts to locate the address and display it on the screen. If it cannot locate the address, it displays ????. This is a potentially data-destroying failure. Contact your support representative.

*Press <F1> to resume, <F2> to SETUP
Displayed after any recoverable error message. Press the [F1] key to continue the boot process or the [F2] key to enter Setup and change any settings.

***Previous boot incomplete –
Default configuration used**
Previous Power On Self Test did not complete successfully. The Power On Self Test will load default values and offer to run Setup. If the previous failure was caused by incorrect values and they are not corrected, the next boot will likely fail also. If using the default settings does not allow you to complete a successful boot sequence, you should turn off the power and contact your support representative.

*Real time clock error
Real-time clock fails BIOS test. May require board repair. Contact your support representative.

*Shadow RAM Failed at offset: nnnn
Shadow RAM failed at offset nnnn of the 64k block at which the error was detected. You are risking data corruption if you continue. Contact your support representative.

nnnn Shadow RAM Passed
Where nnnn is the amount of shadow RAM in kilobytes successfully tested.

*System battery is dead – Replace and run SETUP
The BIOS CMOS RAM memory hold up battery is dead. This is part of your BIOS and is a board mounted battery which requires a support representative to change. You can continue operating but you will have to use setup utility default values or reconfigure your setup utility every time you turn off your notebook. This battery has an expected life of 2 to 3 years.

System BIOS shadowed
System BIOS copied to shadow RAM.

*System CMOS checksum bad – run SETUP
BIOS CMOS RAM has been corrupted or modified incorrectly, perhaps by an application program that changes data stored in BIOS memory. Run Setup and reconfigure the system.

*System RAM Failed at offset: nnnn
System memory failed at offset nnnn of in the 64k block at which the error was detected. This means that there is a fault in your built-in memory. If you continue to operate, you risk corrupting your data. Contact your support representative for repairs.

nnnn System RAM Passed
Where nnnn is the amount of system memory in kilobytes successfully tested.

*System timer error
The timer test failed. The main clock that operates the computer is faulty. Requires repair of system board. Contact your support representative for repairs.

UMB upper limit segment address: nnnn
Displays the address of the upper limit of Upper Memory Blocks, indicating released segments of the BIOS memory which may be reclaimed by a virtual memory manager.

Video BIOS shadowed
Video BIOS successfully copied to shadow RAM.

EMERGENCY DVD TRAY RELEASE
If for some reason the eject button fails, you can open the optical drive tray with a paper clip or similar tool inserted into the small eject hole in the front of the tray. Straighten one side of a paper clip and push it gently into the hole. The tray will pop out a short distance.

MODEM RESULT CODES
The operating system and application software that is factory installed detects the modem characteristics and provides the necessary command strings to operate the modem. The internal modem operation is controlled by generic AT commands from the operating system and application software. The standard long form result codes may, in some cases, be displayed on your screen to keep you informed of the actions of your modem. The operating system and application software may suppress display of the result codes.

Examples of result codes are:

- OK
- NO CARRIER
- NO DIALTONE
- CONNECT 53000 (Connection complete at 53,000 bps.)
- ERROR
- FAX
- RING (This means an incoming call.)
- BUSY
- NO ANSWER

When using the internal modem with applications that are not factory installed refer to the application documentation.

Restoring Your Pre-installed Software

The Drivers and Applications Restore (DAR) disc contains sets of device drivers and Fujitsu utilities (in specific directories) that are unique to your notebook configuration for use as documented below.

> **i** If you have access to the internet, visit the Fujitsu Support website at http://www.computers.us.fujitsu.com/support to check for the most current information, drivers and hints on how to perform recovery and system updates. *(See Automatically Downloading Driver Updates on page 83 for more information)*

> **!** In order to install applications and/or drivers from the DAR disc, you will need to use an optical drive either in your system or attached externally.

Re-Installing Individual Drivers and Applications

The DAR disc can be used to selectively re-install drivers and/or applications that may have been un-installed or corrupted.

> **i** There may be certain free third-party applications pre-installed on your system that are not on the DAR CD. The latest versions of the applications can be downloaded from the third-party's website.

To re-install drivers and/or applications:

1. Boot up the system and insert the DAR disc after Windows has started. A Fujitsu Installer screen is displayed after the disc is inserted.

2. After reading the License Agreement, click [I agree].

3. A window will appear containing a list of applications, drivers, and utilities that you can install from the DAR disc.

> **i** The components listed are color-coded in terms of their install status. Blue indicates that the component can be installed. Green indicates that the component needs to be installed separately. Grey indicates a component that is already installed; grey items can be reinstalled, but prior to installation you will receive a reminder that the component is already installed.

4. In the list, check off all the components you want to install. If you want to install all components, click [Select All]. Clicking [Select All] will select all of the blue-coded components; you must select grey and green components separately.

5. Once you have selected the components you wish to install, click [Install Selected Subsystems]; the components will be installed.

6. After the components are installed, click [OK], then click [Yes] when asked if you want to reboot the system.

RESTORING THE FACTORY IMAGE

The Restore Disc that came with your system contains two utilities:

- The **Recovery** utility allows you to restore the original contents of the C: drive.

- The **Hard Disk Data Delete** utility on this disc is used to delete all data on your hard disk and prevent it from being reused. Do not use the Hard Disk Data Delete utility unless you are absolutely certain that you want to erase your entire hard disk, including all partitions.

> **i**
> - The use of this disc requires that you have a device capable of reading DVDs attached to your system. If you do not have a built-in DVD player, you will need to attach an external player. For more information on available external devices, visit our website at: **us.fujitsu.com/computers**.
>
> - This disc can only be used with the system with which it was purchased.

BOOT Priority Change

Before restoring an image, you must first verify that your system is set up to boot from the DVD drive. To verify/change the boot-up priority (rather than booting-up from the hard drive or an external floppy disk drive), perform the following steps:

1. Start your system and press the [F2] key when the Fujitsu logo appears. You will enter the BIOS Setup Utility.

2. Using the arrow keys, go to the Boot menu.

3. Arrow down to the Boot Device Priority submenu. Press [Enter].

4. If "Optical Media Drive" or "CD-ROM Drive" is not at the top of the list, arrow down to the drive in the list, and press the space bar (or the + key) to move it to the top of the list. (The system attempts to boot from the devices in the order in which they are listed.). Note that the BIOS for some systems will indicate "CD-ROM Drive", even when a DVD drive is connected.

5. If you have an *external* DVD drive connected, proceed to step 6; otherwise, proceed to step 7.

6. If you have an external DVD drive connected:
   ▪ Select the Advanced menu in the BIOS window.
   ▪ Scroll down to the USB Features submenu and press the Enter key to open it.
   ▪ If Legacy USB Support is disabled, press the space bar to enable it.
   ▪ Scroll down to SCSI SubClass Support and press the space bar to enable it.

7. Press [F10], then click on [Yes] to exit the BIOS Setup Utility and return to the boot process.

After you have changed the boot priority, you can restore a backup image when you are booting up.

Procedure

1. Turn on the power to your system.

2. Ensure that you have a device that can read DVDs either installed in your system or attached externally to it.

3. Insert the Restore Disc into the drive tray.

4. Reboot your system.

WINDOWS VISTA USERS:
IMPORTANT NOTE - While the operating system is booting up during the restoration procedure, your screen will go blank for a short period of time. This is normal. **During the period while your screen is blank, do not press any buttons.** Please wait for the "Set Up Windows" screen to be displayed, then follow the instructions that appear.

---

5. After the system reboots, follow the instructions that appear to either restore your system image or erase all data from your hard disk.

USING THE SHOCK SENSOR UTILITY

The Shock Sensor Utility is a feature that helps to The Shock Sensor Utility is designed to decrease the risk of damage to the computer's hard disk drive (HDD) in the event of excessive impact or vibration. The Shock Sensor Utility also has the ability to improve the security of the computer by automatically locking the computer with a password when it is carried. Note that the HDD protection and computer locking features are mutually exclusive; both cannot be selected at the same time.

▪ Shock Sensor Utility does not completely protect the HDD and does not provide absolute security for the computer.

▪ The computer may stop temporarily while the HDD head is retracted. To restart the computer, keep the system horizontal.

---

1. Double-click the Shock Sensor Utility icon in the Notification Area at the bottom-right of the screen. The [Shock Sensor Utility] window appears.

2. Click the [Setting] button. The [Shock Sensor Utility Settings] window appears.

Action
Select the action you wish this utility to perform:

▪ **Protect HDD from impact.** HDD head is retracted when an impact to the computer is detected.
▪ **Lock computer when carried.** Lock the computer when it is being carried.
▪ **Nothing.** No action.

Sensitivity of impact/horizontal move/fall/carry detection
Adjust the sensitivity of the acceleration sensor based on system motion or impact.

Ignore periodic vibration.
If vibration is periodic, disregard it.

Ignore mouse click
When the mouse is clicked, sensitivity is temporarily lowered.

Ignore keyboard action
When the keyboard is used, sensitivity is temporarily lowered.

Confirm calibration when user logs on
Select [Confirm calibration when user logs on] if you want to recognize the current orientation as horizontal at logon.

Perform calibration automatically when user logs on.
Select [Perform calibration automatically when user logs on] if the system is normally used on a horizontal surface.

[Calibrate Now]
The calibration is executed. Please position the computer as horizontally as possible, then click the [Calibrate Now] button. The current horizontal position will be recognized as the true horizontal by performing the calibration.

3. Click the [OK] or [Cancel] button. The [Setup] window closes.

Using the Shock Sensor Monitor Window
Right-click the Shock Sensor Utility icon in the Notification Area at the bottom-right of the screen, and select [Monitor] from the menu. The Monitor window appears.

Note that the Monitor is designed for entertainment, and has no effect on system settings or orientation. To navigate the monitor, use the buttons described below.

- **Advance.** Incline the display to the hinge side, or use [Up] key.
- **Back.** Incline the display to the mouse-button side, or use [Down] key.
- **Right.** Incline the display to the right side, or use [Right] key.
- **Left.** Incline the display to the left side, or use [Left] key.
- **Go up.** Use [A] key.
- **Go down.** Use [Z] key.
- **Close.** Use [Esc] key.

AUTOMATICALLY DOWNLOADING DRIVER UPDATES

Your system has a convenient tool called the Fujitsu Driver Update (FDU) utility. With FDU, you can choose to automatically or manually go to the Fujitsu site to check for new updates for your system.

The FDU icon should appear in the system tray at the bottom right of your screen (roll the cursor over the icons to find the correct one). If the FDU icon does not appear in the system tray, it can be started by going to [Start] -> All Programs, and clicking on Fujitsu Driver Update; this will create the icon automatically.

To invoke the FDU menu, right-click on the FDU icon. The menu contains the following items:

- **Check for updates now**

  Allows for manual driver update search. The first time it is used, you are prompted to agree to a user agreement. After clicking on the icon, the FDU automatically connects with the Fujitsu site to check for updates and downloads them. While downloading, the icon has a red bar through it, indicating that it cannot be used while the download is in process. When the update is complete, a message appears informing you of the fact.

- **Enable Automatic Update Notifications**

  Automatically searches for new updates on a regular basis (approximately every 3 days).

- **Show update history**

  Brings up a screen that displays a history of updates that have been made via the FDU.

- **About Fujitsu Driver Update**

  Displays the FDU version number and copyright information

- **Fujitsu Driver Update Readme**

  Displays the FDU readme.

7

Care and Maintenance

Care and Maintenance

If you use your Fujitsu LifeBook notebook carefully, you will increase its life and reliability. This section provides some tips for looking after the notebook and its devices.

- The bottom of this notebook computer can become hot when used for long periods of time. When using this notebook, take caution to limit long term or continuous use while resting it on exposed skin, such as the lap.

- The system contains components that can be severely damaged by electrostatic discharge (ESD). To minimize risk to the components, observe the following precautions:

  - Power down your system before adding or removing system components. Even if the system is in hibernate or standby states, data could be lost or memory could be damaged if power is still available to the system.

  - Before docking or undocking your notebook with the optional port replicator, be sure to touch a grounded metal object to prevent electrostatic discharge from affecting the computer components.

  - When installing or removing a memory module, hold it by the edge so as not to touch any contacts or chips. Be careful not to touch any internal computer terminals or components; the oil from your fingers could cause a short to the components.

  Electrical equipment may be hazardous if misused. Operations of this product or similar products, must always be supervised by an adult. Do not allow children access to the interior of any electrical products and do not permit them to handle any cables.

Caring for your LifeBook notebook

- Your LifeBook notebook is a durable but sensitive electronic device. Treat it with respect and care.

- Make a habit of transporting it in a carrying case.

- Do not attempt to service the computer yourself. Always follow installation instructions closely.

- To protect your notebook from damage and to optimize system performance, be sure to **keep all air all vents unobstructed, clean, and clear of debris**. This may require periodic cleaning, depending upon the environment in which the system is used.

- Keep the computer away from food and beverages.

- If you accidentally spill liquid on your LifeBook notebook:
  1. Turn it off.
  2. Position it so that the liquid can run out.
  3. Let it dry out for 24 hours, or longer if needed.
  4. If your notebook will not boot after it has dried out, call your support representative.

- Do not use your Fujitsu LifeBook notebook in a wet environment (near a bathtub, swimming pool).

- Always use the AC adapter and batteries that are approved for your notebook.

- Avoid exposure to sand, dust and other environmental hazards.

- Do not expose your notebook to direct sunlight for long periods of time as temperatures above 140° F (60° C) may damage your notebook.

- Keep the covers closed on the connectors and slots when they are not in use.

- Do not put heavy or sharp objects on the computer.

- If you are carrying your LifeBook notebook in a briefcase, or any other carrying case, make sure that there are no objects in the case pressing on the lid.

- Never position your notebook such that the DVD/CD-RW drive is supporting the weight of the notebook.

- Do not drop your notebook.

- Do not touch the screen with any sharp objects.
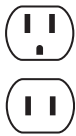
Cleaning your LifeBook notebook

- Always disconnect the power plug. (Pull the plug, not the cord.)

- Clean your LifeBook notebook with a damp, lint-free cloth. Do not use abrasives or solvents.

- Use a soft cloth to remove dust from the screen. Never use glass cleaners.

Storing your LifeBook notebook

- If storing your notebook for a month or longer, turn your LifeBook notebook off, charge the battery, then remove and store all Lithium ion batteries.

- Store your notebook and batteries separately. If you store your LifeBook with a battery installed, the battery will discharge, and battery life will be reduced. In addition, a faulty battery might damage your LifeBook.

- Store your Fujitsu LifeBook in a cool, dry location. Temperatures should remain between 13ºF (-10ºC) and 140ºF (60ºC).

Traveling with your LifeBook notebook

- Do not transport your notebook while it is turned on.

- Do not check your notebook as baggage. Carry it with you.

- Always bring your backup disk and Drivers and Applications disc that came with your notebook when you travel. If you experience system software problems while traveling, you may need it to correct any problems.

- Never put your notebook through a metal detector. Have your notebook hand-inspected by security personnel. You can however, put your notebook through a properly tuned X-ray machine. To avoid problems, place your notebook close to the entrance of the machine and remove it as soon as possible or have your notebook hand-inspected by security personnel. Security officials may require you to turn your notebook on. Make sure you have a charged battery on hand.

- When traveling with the hard drive removed, wrap the drive in a non-conducting materials (cloth or paper). If you have the drive checked by hand, be ready to install the drive if needed. Never put your hard drive through a metal detector. Have your hard drive hand-inspected by security personnel. You can however, put your hard drive through a properly tuned X-ray machine.

- Take the necessary plug adapters if you're traveling overseas. Check the following diagram to determine which plug adapter you'll need or ask your travel agent.

Outlet Type	Location
	United States, Canada, parts of Latin America, Mexico, Japan, Korea, the Philippines, Taiwan
	Russia and the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS), most of Europe, parts of Latin America, the Middle East, parts of Africa, Hong Kong, India, most of South Asia
	United Kingdom, Ireland, Malaysia, Singapore, parts of Africa
	China, Australia, New Zealand

BATTERIES
Caring for your Batteries
- Always handle batteries carefully.

- Do not short-circuit the battery terminals (that is, do not touch both terminals with a metal object). Do not carry lose batteries in a pocket or purse where they may mix with coins, keys, or other metal objects. Doing so may cause an explosion or fire.

- Do not drop, puncture, disassemble, mutilate or incinerate the battery.

- Recharge batteries only as described in this manual and only in ventilated areas.

- Do not leave batteries in hot locations for more than a day or two. Intense heat can shorten battery life.

- Do not leave a battery in storage for longer than 6 months without recharging it.

Increasing Battery Life
- Power your LifeBook notebook through the AC or optional auto/airline adapter whenever possible.

- If your notebook is running on battery power all day, connect it to the AC adapter overnight to recharge the battery.

- Keep brightness to the lowest level comfortable.

- Set the power management for maximum battery life.

- Put your notebook in Suspend mode when it is turned on and you are not actually using it.

- Limit your media drive access.

- Disable the DVD/CD-RW Combo Drive auto insert notification function.

- Always use fully charged batteries.

- Eject PCMCIA™ cards when not in use.

FLOPPY DISKS AND DRIVES
Caring for your Floppy Disks
- Avoid using the floppy disks in damp and dusty locations.

- Never store a floppy disk near a magnet or magnetic field.

- Do not use a pencil or an eraser on a disk or disk label.

- Avoid storing the floppy disks in extremely hot or cold locations, or in locations subject to severe temperature changes. Store at temperatures between 50º F (10ºC) and 125ºF (52ºC).

- Do not touch the exposed part of the disk behind the metal shutter.

Caring for your Floppy Disk Drive

- To clean, wipe the floppy disk drive clean with a dry soft cloth, or with a soft cloth dampened with water or a solution of neutral detergent. Never use benzene, paint thinner or other volatile material.

- Avoid storing the floppy disk drive in extremely hot or cold locations, or in locations subject to severe temperature changes. Store at temperatures between 50º F (10º C) and 125ºF (52º C).

- Keep the floppy disk drive out of direct sunlight and away from heating equipment.

- Avoid storing the floppy disk drive in locations subject to shock and vibration.

- Never use the floppy disk drive with any liquid, metal, or other foreign matter inside the floppy disk drive or disk.

- Never disassemble or dismantle your floppy disk drive.

MEDIA CARE
Caring for your Media Discs
Media discs are precision devices and will function reliably if given reasonable care.

- Always store your media disc in its case when it is not in use.

- Always handle discs by the edges and avoid touching the surface.

- Avoid storing any media discs in extreme temperatures.

- Do not bend media discs or set heavy objects on them.

- Do not spill liquids on media discs.

- Do not scratch media discs.

- Do not get dust on media discs.

- Never write on the label surface with a ballpoint pen or pencil. Always use a felt pen.

- If a media disc is subjected to a sudden change in temperature, cold to warm condensation may form on the surface. Wipe the moisture off with a clean, soft, lint free cloth and let it dry at room temperature. DO NOT use a hair dryer or heater to dry media discs.

- If a disc is dirty, use only a DVD/CD cleaner or wipe it with a clean, soft, lint free cloth starting from the inner edge and wiping to the outer edge.

Caring for your Optical Drive
Your optical drive is durable but you must treat it with care. Please pay attention to the following points:

- The drive rotates the compact disc at a very high speed. Do not carry it around or subject it to shock or vibration with the power on.

- Avoid using or storing the drive where it will be exposed to extreme temperatures.

- Avoid using or storing the drive where it is damp or dusty.

- Avoid using or storing the drive near magnets or devices that generate strong magnetic fields.

- Avoid using or storing the drive where it will be subjected to shock or vibration.

- Do not disassemble or dismantle the DVD/CD-RW drive.

- Occasional use of a commercially available lens cleaner kit is recommended to maintain your drive.

PC CARDS
Caring for your PC Cards
PC Cards are durable, but you must treat them with care. The documentation supplied with your PC Card will provide specific information, but you should pay attention to the following points:

- To keep out dust and dirt, store PC Cards in their protective sleeves when they are not installed in your LifeBook notebook.

- Avoid prolonged exposure to direct sunlight or excessive heat.

- Keep the cards dry.

- Do not flex or bend the cards, and do not place heavy objects on top of them.

- Do not force cards into the slot.

- Avoid dropping cards, or subjecting them to excessive vibration.

8
Specifications

Specifications

This section provides the hardware and environmental specifications for your Fujitsu LifeBook notebook. Specifications of particular configurations will vary.

CONFIGURATION LABEL

The configuration label located on the bottom of your LifeBook notebook contains information regarding the options you've chosen for your notebook. Following is an example label and information on how to read your own configuration label.
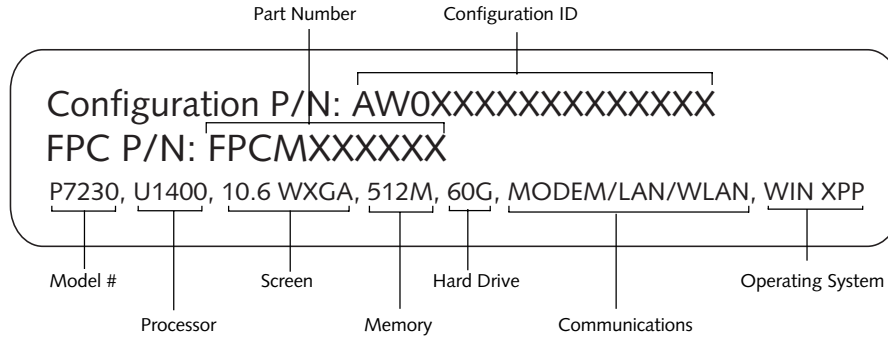

Figure 8-1 Configuration Label

MICROPROCESSOR

Intel® Core Solo Processor U1400 (1.2 GHz, 2 MB L2 Cache, 533 MHz Front Side Bus)

MEMORY

System Memory
- 512 MB minimum, 2GB maximum, SO-DIMM DDR2-533 SDRAM
- One DIMM slot
- 512 MB, 1GB, and 2 GB memory modules available

BIOS Memory
1 MB Firmware Hub (FWH) Flash ROM

VIDEO

Built-in color 10.6" Wide XGA Crystal View TFT active matrix LCD display with simultaneous display capability.

Intel® 945GMS video graphics chip with integrated 32-bit 3D/2D gfx core and Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP) support.

Up to 224 MB shared video memory using Dynamic Video Memory Technology 2.0.

Video Color and Resolution
10.6" TFT Wide XGA
- Internal: 1280 x 768 pixel resolution, 16M colors
- External: 1600 x 1200 pixel resolution, 16M colors Simultaneous Video: 1024 x 768, 16M colors, XGA, SVGA and VGA compatible

AUDIO

- Sigmatel STAC9228 controller chip
- Stereo headphone/line-out port
- Mono microphone jack, 100 mV$_{rms}$ max.

- Two built-in stereo speakers, 25 mm x 14 mm, bass reflex
- Dual digital built-in microphones above the display.

MASS STORAGE DEVICE OPTIONS

Hard Drive
40 GB, 60 GB, or 80 GB fixed P-ATA hard drive, 1.8", Ultra DMA 100, 4200 rpm

Modular DVD/CD-RW Combo Drive
8x DVD-ROM, 4x DVD-ROM DL, 4x DVD-R, 4x DVD-R DL, 4x DVD-RW, 2x DVD-RAM, 4x DVD+R, 4x DVD+R DL, 4x DVD+RW, / 24x CD-RW / 24x CD-R / 24x CD-ROM

Modular Dual-Layer Multi-Format DVD Writer
2.4x DVD+R DL, 8x DVD-R, 2x DVD-R DL, 4x DVD-RW, 8x DVD+R, 4x DVD+RW, 3x DVD-RAM, 8x DVD-ROM, 24x CD-R, 10x CD-RW, 24x CD-ROM

FEATURES

Communications
- Modem: Internal V.90 standard 56K fax/modem (ITU V.90, 56K data, 14.4K fax)
- LAN: 10/100/1000 Base-T Ethernet
- Integrated Intel PRO/Wireless 3945ABG Network Connection (Tri-mode 802.11a/b/g*) with Antenna On/Off switch, **or,**
- Integrated Atheros® AR5006EXS Wireless LAN (802.11a/b/g*) with Antenna On/Off switch
- Optional Bluetooth device for wireless personal area network communication

*   Operates at 2.4 GHz and 5.0 GHz; communications range may vary, depending upon environment.

Integrated Pointing Device
Touchpad pointing device with combination fingerprint sensor*/scroll button.

* Fingerprint Sensor: AuthenTec fingerprint slide sensor (AES2501)

Theft Prevention Lock Slot
Slot for use with physical restraining security systems.

DEVICE PORTS

- PC Card slot for one Type II card: PCMCIA Standard 2.1 with CardBus support
- One connector for external monitor, mini D-SUB 15 pin (see Display specifications)
- One Memory Stick/SD/xD slot
- Two USB 2.0 connectors for input/output devices
- One modular modem (RJ-11) connector
- One LAN (RJ-45) port
- One IEEE 1394 port
- One stereo headphone/line-out jack. (See Audio specifications)
- One mono microphone jack. (See Audio specifications)
- One docking port (for port replicator)
- Optional built-in camera

KEYBOARD

Built-in keyboard with all functions of 101 key keyboards.

- Total number of keys: 82
- Function keys: [F1] through [F12]
- Feature extension key: [Fn]
- Two Windows keys: one Start and one application key
- Key pitch: 18.0 mm
- Key stroke: 2 mm
- Built-in Touchpad pointing device with left and right buttons and fingerprint sensor/scroll button.
- Built-in palm rest

External Keyboard Support
USB-compatible

External Mouse Support
USB-compatible

POWER

Batteries
- One standard 6-cell high-capacity Lithium ion battery, rechargeable, 10.8V, 5800 mAh

- Optional modular bay battery: 6-cell Lithium ion battery, rechargeable, 10.8V, 2300 mAh

AC Adapter
Autosensing 100-240V AC, 60W, supplying 16V DC, 3.75A to the LifeBook notebook; includes an AC cable.

Power Management
Conforms to ACPI (Advanced Configuration and Power Interface)

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT

Overall Dimensions
Approximately 10.74"(w) x 7.91"(d) x 1.07/1.18"(h) (272.9 mm x 200.9 mm x 27.1/29.9 mm)

Weights
Approximately 2.93 lbs. (1.33 Kg) with standard battery and DVD/CD-RW combo drive

ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

Temperature
Operating: 41° to 95° F (5° to 35° C)
Non-operating: 5° to 140° F (−15° to 60° C)

Humidity
Operating: 20% to 85%, relative, non-condensing
Non-operating; 8% to 85%, relative, non-condensing

Altitude
Operating: 10,000 feet (3,048 m) maximum

POPULAR ACCESSORIES

For ordering or additional information on Fujitsu accessories please visit our website at:
www.shopfujitsu.com or call **1-800-FUJITSU**.

PRE-INSTALLED SOFTWARE

Depending on your pre-installed operating system, your Fujitsu LifeBook notebook comes with pre-installed software for playing audio and video files of various formats. In addition there is file transfer software, virus protection software and Power Management software. The following list indicates the pre-installed software associated with your system (depending upon your operating system).

- Adobe Reader
- CyberLink PowerDVD
- CyberLink PowerProducer (on select models)
- Roxio Easy Media Creator (on select models)
- EverNote
- Quicken New User Edition (on select models)
- Fujitsu Driver Update utility
- Fujitsu HotKey
- Google Desktop
- Google Tool Bar
- Google Sidebar (on select models)
- LifeBook Application Panel
- Microsoft Works 8.5 Trial Edition (on select models)
- Microsoft Office 2007 Home and Student Edition (on select models)
- Microsoft Office 2007 Small Business Edition (on select models)
- OmniPass Fingerprint Recognition Utility
- Symantec Norton Internet Security 2007 (90-day free trial)

LEARNING ABOUT YOUR SOFTWARE

Tutorials

All operating systems and most application software have tutorials built into them. We recommend that you step through the tutorial before you use an application.

Manuals

Included with your notebook you will find manuals for your installed operating system and other pre-installed software. Any manuals that are not included, are available online through the help system of the software. We recommend that you review these manuals for general information on the use of these applications.

Adobe Acrobat Reader

The Adobe Acrobat Reader allows you to view, navigate, and print PDF files from across all of the major computing platforms.

CyberLink PowerDVD

PowerDVD from CyberLink is a versatile DVD player software application. PowerDVD provides high-quality video and audio playback on your system.

EverNote

EverNote allows you to easily capture, store and access a variety of documents, such as typed and handwritten memos, webpage excerpts, emails, phone messages, addresses, passwords, sketches, and documents.

Fujitsu Driver Update Utility

The Fujitsu Driver Update (FDU) utility is pre-installed on your system. With FDU, you can choose to automatically or manually go to the Fujitsu site to check for new updates for your system. *(See Automatically Downloading Driver Updates on page 59 for more information)*

Fujitsu HotKey

Fujitsu HotKey allows you to control the display brightness of your notebook in order to maximize battery life.

Google Desktop

Google Desktop lets you to search the contents of your computer for emails, web history, and files. It also allows you to view news and photos from anywhere on your desktop.

Google Sidebar

(Windows Vista models only) Google Sidebar is a vertical bar on your desktop which provides at-a-glance access to information such as weather, stock information, news, or email.

Google Toolbar

Google Toolbar lets you to search the Internet quickly, block pop-ups, and perform a variety of other tasks to make your Internet experience easier and more pleasant.

LifeBook Application Panel Software

Your LifeBook is pre-installed with software utilities that let you operate and configure your LifeBook Application Panel. The Application Panel utilities are found under Start -> Settings -> Control Panel -> Application Panel.

Quicken New User Edition

(Windows XP Pro models only) Quicken New User Edition by Intuit is a personal money management program. It has features such as portfolio management, account registries, on-line banking and bill paying. This application is for new users who are using Quicken software for the first time. Full version upgrade information is available on line.

OmniPass Fingerprint Recognition Software

The fingerprint sensor uses Softex OmniPass which provides password management capabilities to Microsoft Windows operating systems. OmniPass lets you use a "master password" for all Windows, applications, and on-line passwords, and presents a convenient user interface through which you can securely manage passwords, users, and multiple identities for each user.

Norton Internet Security™ from Symantec

Your system is pre-installed with a free 90-day trial version of Symantec's Norton Internet Security™. Internet Security is designed to protect your notebook from computer viruses. It assists in protection of the data currently on your hard disk from contamination or destruction. The trial version is activated upon acceptance of software license agreement. After 90 days, you must purchase a subscription from Symantec to download the latest definitions. *(See online help or manual for more information on how and when to run this program)*

Operating System Options

Depending upon your system, one of the following operating system configurations will be installed:

Microsoft Windows XP Professional Edition
With Microsoft Works 8.5 and Microsoft Office 60-day trial (Small Business Edition 2007)

Microsoft Windows Vista Home Basic Edition
With Microsoft Works 8.5 and Microsoft Office 60-day trial (Home and Student Edition 2007)

Microsoft Windows Vista Business Edition
With Microsoft Works 8.5 and Microsoft Office 60-day trial (Small Business Edition 2007)

- **Microsoft Works 8.5**
Microsoft Works 8.5 is a software suite containing the basic tools to write letters and reports, track family and friends with address books, manage home finances, and create a home inventory.

- **Microsoft Office Home and Student Edition 2007**
  (Optional with Microsoft Windows Vista Home
  Premium Edition) Microsoft Office Home and
  Student 2007 is easy-to-use software to make you
  more productive in a home and/or school environ-
  ment. Microsoft Office Home and Student 2007
  includes Microsoft Word, Excel, PowerPoint, and
  OneNote.

- **Office Microsoft Small Business Edition 2007**
  (Optional with Microsoft Windows Vista Business
  Edition) Microsoft Office 2007 Small Business Edition
  is easy-to-use software to help you manage business
  opportunities more effectively, create marketing mate-
  rials, manage e-mail, and share information. Microsoft
  SBE includes Microsoft Word, Excel, Outlook, Power-
  Point, Publisher, and Business Contact Manager.

Regulatory Information

NOTICE

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Fujitsu could void this user's authority to operate the equipment.

FCC NOTICES
Notice to Users of Radios and Television

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules.

These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet that is on a different circuit than the receiver.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Shielded interconnect cables must be employed with this equipment to ensure compliance with the pertinent RF emission limits governing this device.

Notice to Users of the US Telephone Network

This equipment complies with Part 68 of the FCC rules, and the requirements adopted by ACTA. On the bottom of this equipment is a label that contains, among other information, the FCC registration number and ringer equivalence number (REN) for this equipment; or a product identifier in the format US:AAAEQ##TXXXX. If requested, this information or number must be provided to the telephone company.

This equipment is designed to be connected to the telephone network or premises wiring using a standard jack type USOC RJ11C. A plug and jack used to connect this equipment to the premises wiring and telephone network must comply with the applicable FCC Part 68 rules and requirements adopted by the ACTA. A compliant telephone cord and modular plug is provided with this product. It is designed to be connected to a compatible modular jack that is also compliant.

The ringer equivalent number (REN) of this equipment is 0.1B as shown on the label. The REN is used to determine the number of devices that may be connected to a telephone line. Excessive RENs on a telephone may result in the devices not ringing in response to an incoming call. In most but not all areas, the sum of RENs should not exceed five (5.0). To be certain of the number of devices that may be connected to a line, as determined by the total RENs, contact the local telephone company.

If this equipment causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company will notify you in advance that temporary discontinuance of service may be required. But if advance notice isn't practical, the telephone company will notify the customer as soon as possible. Also, you will be advised of your right to file a complaint with the FCC if you believe it is necessary.

The telephone company may make changes in its facilities, equipment, operations or procedures that could effect the operation of the equipment. If this happens the telephone company will provide advance notice in order for you to make necessary modifications to maintain uninterrupted service.

If trouble is experienced with this equipment, for repair or warranty information, please refer to the manual or contact Fujitsu Computer Systems Corporation, Customer Service. If the equipment is causing harm to the telephone network, the telephone company may request that you disconnect the equipment until the problem is resolved.

The equipment cannot be used on public coin service provided by the telephone company. Connection to party line service is subject to state tariffs. (Contact the state public utility commission, public service commission or corporation commission for information).

If your home has specially wired alarm equipment connected to the telephone line, ensure the installation of this computer does not disable your alarm equipment. If you have any questions about what will disable alarm equipment, consult your telephone company or a qualified installer.

The Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991 makes it unlawful for any person to use a computer or other electronic device to send any message via a telephone fax machine unless such message clearly contains in a margin at the top or bottom of each transmitted page or on the first page of the transmission, the date an time it is sent and an identification of the business or other entity, or other individual sending the message and the telephone number of the sending machine or such business, other entity, or individual.

DOC (INDUSTRY CANADA) NOTICES
Notice to Users of Radios and Television
This Class B digital apparatus meets all requirements of Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

CET appareil numérique de la class B respecte toutes les exigence du Réglement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

Notice to Users of the Canadian Telephone Network
NOTICE: This equipment meets the applicable Industry Canada Terminal Equipment Technical Specifications. This is confirmed by the registration number. The abbreviation, IC, before the registration number signifies that registration was performed based on a Declaration of Conformity indicating that Industry Canada technical specifications were met. It does not imply that Industry Canada approved the equipment.

Before connecting this equipment to a telephone line the user should ensure that it is permissible to connect this equipment to the local telecommunication facilities. The user should be aware that compliance with the certification standards does not prevent service degradation in some situations.

Repairs to telecommunication equipment should be made by a Canadian authorized maintenance facility. Any repairs or alterations not expressly approved by Fujitsu or any equipment failures may give the telecommunication company cause to request the user to disconnect the equipment from the telephone line.

NOTICE: The Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) for this terminal equipment is 0.1B. The REN assigned to each terminal equipment provides an indication of the maximum number of terminals allowed to be connected to a telephone interface. The termination on an interface may consist of any combination of devices subject only to the requirement that the sum of the Ringer Equivalence Numbers of all the devices does not exceed five.

For safety, users should ensure that the electrical ground of the power utility, the telephone lines and the metallic water pipes are connected together. Users should NOT attempt to make such connections themselves but should contact the appropriate electric inspection authority or electrician. This may be particularly important in rural areas.

Avis Aux Utilisateurs Du Réseau Téléphonique Canadien
AVIS: Le présent matériel est conforme aux spécifications techniques d'Industrie Canada applicables au matériel terminal. Cette conformité est confirmée par le numéro d'enregistrement. Le sigle IC, placé devant le numéro d'enregistrement, signifie que l'enregistrement s'est effectué conformément à une déclaration de conformité et indique que les spécifications techniques d'Industrie Canada ont été respectées. Il n'implique pas qu'Industrie Canada a approuvé le matériel.

Avant de connecter cet équipement à une ligne téléphonique, l'utilisateur doit vérifier s'il est permis de connecter cet équipement aux installations de télécommunications locales. L'utilisateur est averti que même la conformité aux normes de certification ne peut dans certains cas empêcher la dégradation du service.

Les réparations de l'équipement de télécommunications doivent être effectuées par un service de maintenance agréé au Canada. Toute réparation ou modification, qui n'est pas expressément approuvée par Fujitsu, ou toute défaillance de l'équipement peut entraîner la compagnie de télécommunications à exiger que l'utilisateur déconnecte l'équipement de la ligne téléphonique.

AVIS: L'indice d'équivalence de la sonnerie (IES) du présent matériel est de 0.1B. L'IES assigné à chaque dispositif terminal indique le nombre maximal de terminaux qui peuvent être raccordés à une interface téléphonique. La terminaison d'une interface peut consister en une combinaison quelconque de dispositifs, à la seule condition que la somme d'indices d'équivalence de la sonnerie de tous les dispositifs n'excède pas 5.

Pour assurer la sécurité, les utilisateurs doivent vérifier que la prise de terre du service d'électricité, les lignes télphoniques et les conduites d'eau métalliques sont connectées ensemble. Les utilisateurs NE doivent PAS tenter d'établir ces connexions eux-mêmes, mais doivent contacter les services d'inspection d'installations électriques appropriés ou un électricien. Ceci peut être particulièrement important en régions rurales.

9
Glossary

Glossary

AC Adapter
A device which converts the AC voltage from a wall outlet to the DC voltage needed to power your LifeBook notebook.

ACPI
Advanced Configuration and Power Interface. An industry specification for the efficient handling of power consumption in mobile computers. ACPI determines how a computer's BIOS, operating system, and peripherals communicate with each other about power management.

Active-Matrix Display
A type of technology for making flat-panel displays which has a transistor or similar device for every pixel on the screen.

ADSL
Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line. Technology for transporting high bit-rate services over ordinary phone lines.

Auto/Airline Adapter
A device which converts the DC voltage from an automobile cigarette lighter or aircraft DC power outlet to the DC voltage needed to power your LifeBook notebook.

BIOS
Basic Input-Output System. A program and set of default parameters stored in ROM which tests and operates your LifeBook notebook when you turn it on until it loads your installed operating system from disk. Information from the BIOS is transferred to the installed operating system to provide it with information on the configuration and status of the hardware.

Bit
An abbreviation for binary digit. A single piece of information which is either a one (1) or a zero (0).

bps
An abbreviation for bits per second. Used to describe data transfer rates.

Boot
To start-up a computer and load its operating system from disk, ROM or other storage media into RAM.

Bus
An electrical circuit which passes data between the CPU and the sub-assemblies inside your LifeBook notebook.

Byte
8 bits of parallel binary information.

Cache Memory
A block of memory built into the micro-processor which is much faster to access than your system RAM and used in specially structured ways to make your overall data handling time faster.

CardBus
A faster, 32-bit version of the PC Card interface which offers performance similar to the 32-bit PCI architecture.

CD-ROM
Compact disc read only memory. This is a form of digital data storage which is read optically with a laser rather than a magnetic head. A typical CD-ROM can contain about 600MB of data and is not subject to heads crashing into the surface and destroying the data when there is a failure nor to wear from reading.

CMS
Code Morphing Software. Crusoe processor software architecture that results in longer battery life. For more information on CMS, click on the Technology link on the refer to the Transmeta website at: www.transmeta.com.

Command
An instruction which you give your operating system. Example: run a particular application or format a floppy disk.

Configuration
The combination of hardware and software that makes up your system and how it is allocated for use.

Data
The information a system stores and processes.

DC
Direct current. A voltage or current that does not fluctuate periodically with time.

Default Value
A pre programmed value to be used if you fail to set your own.

DIMM
Dual-in-line memory module.

Disk
A spinning platter of magnetic data storage media. If the platter is very stiff it is a hard drive, if it is highly flexible it is a floppy disk, if it is a floppy disk in a hard housing with a shutter it is commonly called a diskette.

Disk Drive
The hardware which spins the disk and has the heads and control circuitry for reading and writing the data on the disk.

Diskette
A floppy disk in a hard housing with a shutter.

DMA
Direct Memory Access. Special circuitry for memory to memory transfers of data which do not require CPU action.

DMI
Desktop Management Interface. A standard that provides PC management applications with a common method of locally or remotely querying and configuring PC computer systems, hardware and software components, and peripherals.

DOS
Disk Operating System (MS-DOS is a Microsoft Disk Operating System).

Driver
A computer program which converts application and operating system commands to external devices into the exact form required by a specific brand and model of device in order to produce the desired results from that particular equipment.

ESD
Electro-Static Discharge. The sudden discharge of electricity from a static charge which has built-up slowly. Example: the shock you get from a doorknob on a dry day or the sparks you get from brushing hair on a dry day.

Extended Memory
All memory more than the 640KB recognized by MS-DOS as system memory.

FCC
Federal Communication Commission.

Floppy Disk
A spinning platter of magnetic data storage media which is highly flexible.

GB
Gigabyte.

Hard drive
A spinning platter of magnetic data storage media where the platter is very stiff.

Hexadecimal
A decimal notation for the value of a 4 bit binary number. (0-9, A, B, C, D, E, F) Example: 2F in hexadecimal = 00101111 in binary = 47 in decimal.

I/O
Input/Output. Data entering and leaving your LifeBook notebook in electronic form.

I/O Port
The connector and associated control circuits for data entering and leaving your LifeBook notebook in electronic form.

IDE
Intelligent Drive Electronics. A type of control interface for a hard drive which is inside the hard drive unit.

IEEE 1394
The IEEE 1394 (also known as "Firewire" or "iLink") standard allows you to connect devices that are compliant with IEEE standard 1394. This port is effectively a very fast communications port. This architecture is very good for transferring large files, such as those from digital cameras.

IRQ
Interrupt Request. An acronym for the hardware signal to the CPU that an external event has occurred which needs to be processed.

KB
Kilobyte.

LAN
Local Area Network. An interconnection of computers and peripherals within a single limited geographic location which can pass programs and data amongst themselves.

LCD
Liquid Crystal Display. A type of display which makes images by controlling the orientation of crystals in a crystalline liquid.

Lithium ion Battery
A type of rechargeable battery which has a high power-time life for its size and is not subject to the memory effect as Nickel Cadmium batteries.

MB
Megabyte.

Megahertz
1,000,000 cycles per second.

Memory
A repository for data and applications which is readily accessible to your LifeBook notebook CPU.

MHz
Megahertz.

Modem
A contraction for **MOdulator-DEModulator**. The equipment which connects a computer or other data terminal to a communication line.

Monaural
A system using one channel to process sound
from all sources.

NTSC
National TV Standards Commission. The standard for
TV broadcast and reception for the USA.

Operating System
A group of control programs that convert application
commands, including driver programs, into the exact
form required by a specific brand and model of micro-
processor in order to produce the desired results from
that particular equipment.

Partition
A block of space on a hard drive which is set aside
and made to appear to the operating system as if it
were a separate disk, and addressed by the operating
system accordingly.

PCMCIA
PCMCIA is a trademark of the Personal Computer
Memory Card International Association. The Personal
Computer Memory Card International Association is an
organization that sets standards for add-in cards for
personal computers.

Peripheral Device
A piece of equipment which performs a specific
function associated with but not integral to a computer.
Examples: a printer, a modem, a CD-ROM.

Pitch (keyboard)
The distance between the centers of the letter keys
of a keyboard.

Pixel
The smallest element of a display, a dot of color on your
display screen. The more pixels per area the clearer your
image will appear.

POP3
Post Office Protocol. Protocol that is used to retrieve
email from a mail server.

POST
Power On Self Test. A program which is part of the BIOS
which checks the configuration and operating condition
of your hardware whenever power is applied to your
LifeBook notebook. Status and error messages may be
displayed before the operating system is loaded. If the
self test detects failures that are so serious that operation
can not continue, the operating system will not be
loaded.

PPPoE
Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet. A protocol for
Ethernet, using a Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP), which
is used for connection on the phone line.

Program
An integrated set of coded commands to your
computers telling your hardware what to do and how
and when to do it.

PS/2
A series of personal computers which established a
number of standards for connecting external devices
such as keyboards and monitors.

RAM
Random Access Memory. A hardware component of
your LifeBook notebook that holds binary information
(both program and data) as long as it has the proper
power applied to it.

RAM Module
A printed circuit card with memory and associated
circuitry which allows the user to add additional
memory to the computer without special tools.

Reset
The act of reloading the operating system. A reset erases
all information stored in RAM.

Restart
See Reset.

Resume
To proceed after interruption. In your LifeBook note-
book, this refers to returning to active operation after
having been in one of the suspension states.

ROM
Read Only Memory. A form of memory in which infor-
mation is stored by physically altering the material. Data
stored in this way can not be changed by your LifeBook
notebook and does not require power to maintain it.

SDRAM
Synchronous Dynamic Random Access Memory.

Shadow RAM
A technique of copying data or applications stored in
ROM (Read Only Memory) into RAM (Random Access
Memory) for access during actual operation. RAM is
much faster to access than ROM, however ROM
contents are not lost when power is removed.
Shadowing allows permanently stored information
to be rapidly accessed.

SPDIF
Sony Philips Digital Interface. Technology that allows
you to download digital audio data onto a MiniDisc
recorder.

SSID
Service Set Identifier. Specifies which network you are
joining. Some systems allow you to specify any SSID as
an option so you can join any network.

Status Indicator
A display which reports the condition of some portion of your hardware. On your LifeBook notebook this is an LCD screen just above the keyboard.

Stereo (audio)
A system using two channels to process sound from two different sources.

Stroke (keyboard)
The amount of travel of a key when it is pressed from resting to fully depressed.

Suspend
To make inoperative for a period of time. Your LifeBook notebook uses various suspension states to reduce power consumption and prolong the charge of your battery.

SVGA
Super VGA. Standard that provides 800x600 pixel resolution and a palette of 16M colors.

S-Video
Super Video. A component video system for driving a TV or computer monitor.

System Clock
An oscillator of fixed precise frequency which synchronizes the operation of the system and is counted to provide time of day and date.

TFT
Thin Film Transistor. A technology for flat display panels which uses a thin film matrix of transistors to control each pixel of the display screen individually.

UL
Underwriters Laboratories – An independent organization that tests and certifies the electrical safety of devices.

USB
Universal Serial Bus. An external bus standard that allows for fast data transfer. A single USB port can be used to connect up to 127 peripheral devices, such as mice, modems, and scanners. USB 1.1 has a transfer speed of a maximum of 12Mb/s. USB 2.0 is much faster, transferring at up to 480Mb/s. USB 2.0 is backward-compatible to work with USB 1.1 devices.

VGA
Video Graphics Array. A video display standard which provides resolutions of 720 x 400.

VRAM
Video Random Access Memory. A memory dedicated to video display data and control.

WEP
Wired Equivalent Privacy. WEP is a protocol for increasing privacy over wireless LANs. The protocol works by encrypting data while being transmitted over radio waves.

WFM
Wired for Management is Intel's broad-based initiative to reduce the total cost of ownership (TCO) of business computing without sacrificing power and flexibility.

Wi-Fi Compatible
Wi-Fi (**Wireless Fidelity**) identifies that the product has passed the interoperability test, supplied by the WECA (Wireless Ethernet Compatibility Alliance), which guarantees the interoperability of wireless IEEE 802.11 LAN products. For more information on the Wi-Fi standard, go to the WECA website at: www.wirelessethernet.com.

Write Protect
Prevent alteration of the binary state of all bits in a storage media. Example: all information on a device such as a floppy diskette; a block of space in a storage media such as a partition of a hard drive; a file or directory of floppy diskette or hard drive.

XGA
Extended graphics array. Standard that provides resolutions of 640x480 or 1024x764, supporting 64k colors.

Appendix A
Using the Fingerprint Sensor

Fingerprint Sensor Device

INTRODUCING THE FINGERPRINT SENSOR DEVICE

Your system has an optional fingerprint sensor device below the Touchpad, between the left and right buttons. This also serves as a scroll button. *(Figure 1)*
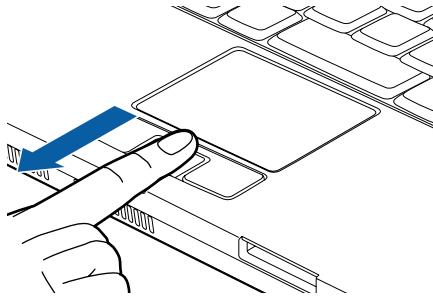

Figure A-1 Fingerprint sensor

> ℹ️ Although the system may have a fingerprint sensor in place of a scroll button, the fingerprint sensor can be used for scrolling. Simply move your fingerprint over the sensor the same as you would use a scroll button.

With a fingerprint sensor, you can avoid having to enter a username and password every time you want to:

- Log onto Windows

- Recover from suspend mode

- Cancel a password-protected screen saver

- Log into homepages that require a username and password

After you have "enrolled" - or registered - your fingerprint, you can simply swipe your fingertip over the sensor for the system recognize you.

The fingerprint sensor uses Softex OmniPass which provides password management capabilities to Microsoft Windows operating systems. OmniPass enables you to use a "master password" for all Windows, applications, and on-line passwords.

OmniPass requires users to authenticate themselves using the fingerprint sensor before granting access to the Windows desktop. This device results in a secure authentication system for restricting access to your computer, applications, websites, and other password-protected resources.

OmniPass presents a convenient graphical user interface, through which you can securely manage passwords, users, and multiple identities for each user.

GETTING STARTED

This section guides you through the preparation of your system for the OmniPass fingerprint recognition application. You will be led through the OmniPass installation process. You will also be led through the procedure of enrolling your first user into OmniPass.

INSTALLING OMNIPASS

If OmniPass has already been installed on your system, skip this section and go directly to "User Enrollment" on page 108. You can determine whether OmniPass has already been installed by checking to see if the following are present:

- The presence of the gold key-shaped OmniPass icon in the system tray at the bottom right of the screen.
- The presence of the Softex program group in the **Programs** group of the **Start** menu

System Requirements

The OmniPass application requires space on your hard drive; it also requires specific Operating Systems (OS's). The minimum requirements are as follows:

- Windows XP Home Edition or Windows XP Professional operating system
- At least 35 MB available hard disk space

Installing the OmniPass Application

If OmniPass is already installed on your system, go to "User Enrollment" on page 108. Otherwise continue with this section on software installation.

> ℹ️ For installation, OmniPass requires that the user installing OmniPass have administrative privileges to the system. If your current user does not have administrative privileges, log out and then log in with an administrator user before proceeding with OmniPass installation.

To install OmniPass on your system you must:

1. Insert the installation media for the OmniPass application into the appropriate drive. If you are installing from CD-ROM or DVD-ROM, you must find and launch the OmniPass installation program (setup.exe) from the media.

2. Follow the directions provided in the OmniPass installation program. Specify a location to which you would like OmniPass installed. It is recommended that you NOT install OmniPass in the root directory (e.g. C:\).

3. Once OmniPass has completed installation you will be prompted to restart you system. Once your system has rebooted you will be able to use OmniPass. If you choose not to restart immediately after installation, OmniPass will not be available for use until the next reboot.

The installation program automatically places an icon (Softex OmniPass) in the Windows Control Panel as well as a golden key shaped icon in the taskbar.

Verifying Information about OmniPass

After you have completed installing OmniPass and restarted your system, you may wish to check the version of OmniPass on your system.

To check the version information of OmniPass:

1. From the Windows Desktop, double-click the key-shaped OmniPass icon in the taskbar (usually located in the lower right corner of the screen), or,
   Click the **Start** button, select **Settings**, and click **Control Panel** (if you are using Windows XP you will see the Control Panel directly in the Start menu; click it, then click **Switch to Classic View**). Double-click **Softex OmniPass** in the Control Panel, and the OmniPass Control Center will appear. If it does not appear, then the program is not properly installed, or,
   Click the **Start** button, select **Programs**, and from the submenu select the **Softex** program group, from that submenu click **OmniPass Control Center**.

2. Select the **About** tab at the top of the OmniPass Control Panel. The About tab window appears with version information about OmniPass.

Uninstalling OmniPass

> **i** For uninstallation, OmniPass requires that the user uninstalling OmniPass have administrative privileges to the system. If your current user does not have administrative privileges, log out and then log in with an administrator user before proceeding with OmniPass uninstallation.

To remove the OmniPass application from your system:

1. Click **Start** on the Windows taskbar. Select **Settings**, and then **Control Panel**.
2. Double-click **Add/Remove Programs**.
3. Select **OmniPass**, and then click **Change/Remove**.
4. Follow the directions to uninstall the OmniPass application.
5. Once OmniPass has finished uninstalling, reboot your system when prompted.

USER ENROLLMENT

Before you can use any OmniPass features you must first enroll a user into OmniPass.

Master Password Concept

Computer resources are often protected with passwords. Whether you are logging into your computer, accessing your email, e-banking, paying bills online, or accessing network resources, you often have to supply credentials to gain access. This can result in dozens of sets of credentials that you have to remember.

During OmniPass user enrollment a "master password" is created for the enrolled user. This master password "replaces" all other passwords for sites you register with OmniPass.

Example: A user, John, installs OmniPass on his system (his home computer) and enrolls an OmniPass user with username "John_01" and password "freq14". He then goes to his webmail site to log onto his account. He inputs his webmail credentials as usual (username "John_02" and password "lifebook"), but instead of clicking [Submit], he directs OmniPass to **Remember Password**. Now whenever he returns to that site, OmniPass will prompt him to supply access credentials.

John enters his OmniPass user credentials ("John_01" and "freq14") in the OmniPass authentication prompt, and he is allowed into his webmail account. He can do this with as many websites or password protected resources he likes, and he will gain access to all those sites with his OmniPass user credentials ("John_01" and "freq14"). This is assuming he is accessing those sites with the system onto which he enrolled his OmniPass user. OmniPass does not actually change the credentials of the password protected resource. If John were to go to an Internet cafe to access his webmail, he would need to enter his original webmail credentials ("John_02" and "lifebook") to gain access. If he attempts his OmniPass user credentials on a system other than where he enrolled that OmniPass user, he will not gain access.

> **i** The enrollment procedure assumes you have no hardware authentication devices or alternate storage locations that you wish to integrate with OmniPass. If you desire such functionality, consult the appropriate sections of this document.

Basic Enrollment

The Enrollment Wizard will guide you through the process of enrolling a user. Unless you specified otherwise, after OmniPass installation the Enrollment Wizard will launch on Windows login. If you do not see the Enrollment Wizard, you can bring it up by clicking **Start** on the Windows taskbar; select **Programs**; select **Softex**; click **OmniPass Enrollment Wizard**.

1. Click **Enroll** to proceed to username and password verification. By default, the OmniPass Enrollment Wizard enters the credentials of the currently logged in Windows user.

2. Enter the password you use to log in to Windows. This will become the "master password" for this OmniPass user. In most cases, the **Domain:** value will be your Windows computer name. In a corporate environment, or when accessing corporate resources, the **Domain:** may not be your Windows computer name. Click [Next] to continue.

3. In this step OmniPass captures your fingerprint. Refer to "Enrolling a Fingerprint" on page 109 for additional information.

4. Next, choose how OmniPass notifies you of various events. We recommend you keep **Taskbar Tips** on **Beginner mode taskbar tips** and **Audio Tips** on at least **Prompt with system beeps only** until you get accustomed to how OmniPass operates. Click [Next] to proceed with user enrollment. You will then see a Congratulations screen indicating your completion of user enrollment.

5. Click [Done] to exit the OmniPass Enrollment Wizard. You will be asked if you'd like to log in to OmniPass with your newly enrolled user; click [Yes].

Enrolling a Fingerprint

Enrolling a fingerprint will increase the security of your system and streamline the authentication procedure.

You enroll fingerprints in the OmniPass Control Center. With an OmniPass user logged in, double-click the system tray OmniPass icon. Select the **User Settings** tab and click **Enrollment** under the **User Settings** area. Click **Enroll Authentication Device** and authenticate at the authentication prompt to start device enrollment.

1. During initial user enrollment, you will be prompted to select the finger you wish to enroll. Fingers that have already been enrolled will be marked by a green check. The finger you select to enroll at this time will be marked by a red arrow. OmniPass will allow you re-enroll a finger. If you choose a finger that has already been enrolled and continue enrollment, OmniPass will enroll the fingerprint, overwriting the old fingerprint. Select a finger to enroll and click [Next].

2. It is now time for OmniPass to capture your selected fingerprint. It may take a several capture attempts before OmniPass acquires your fingerprint. Should OmniPass fail to acquire your fingerprint, or if the capture screen times out, click [Back] to restart the fingerprint enrollment process.

Your system has a "swipe" fingerprint sensor. A swipe sensor is small and resembles a skinny elongated rectangle. To capture a fingerprint, gently swipe or pull your fingertip over the sensor (starting at the second knuckle) **towards yourself**. Swiping too fast or too slow will result in a failed capture. The **Choose Finger** screen has a [Practice] button; click it to practice capturing your fingerprint. When you are comfortable with how your fingerprint is captured, proceed to enroll a finger.

3. Once OmniPass has successfully acquired the fingerprint, the **Verify Fingerprint** screen will automatically appear. To verify your enrolled fingerprint, place your fingertip on the sensor and hold it there as if you were having a fingerprint captured. Successful fingerprint verification will show a green fingerprint in the capture window and the text **Verification Successful** under the capture window.

USING OMNIPASS

You are now ready to begin using OmniPass. Used regularly, OmniPass will streamline your authentications.

Password Replacement

You will often use the password replacement function. When you go to a restricted access website (e.g., your bank, your web-based email, online auction or payment sites), you are always prompted to enter your login credentials. OmniPass can detect these prompts and you can teach OmniPass your login credentials. The next time you go to that website, you can authenticate with your fingerprint to gain access.

OmniPass Authentication Toolbar

After installing OmniPass and restarting, you will notice a dialog you have not seen before at Windows Logon. This is the OmniPass Authentication Toolbar, and it is displayed whenever the OmniPass authentication system is invoked. The OmniPass authentication system may be invoked frequently: during Windows Logon, during OmniPass Logon, when unlocking your workstation, when resuming from standby or hibernate, when unlocking a password-enabled screensaver, during password replacement for remembered site or application logins, and more. When you see this toolbar, OmniPass is prompting you to authenticate.

The **Logon Authentication** window indicates what OmniPass-restricted function you are attempting. The icons in the lower left (fingerprint and key) show what authentication methods are available to you. Selected authentication methods are highlighted while unselected methods are not. When you click the icon for an unselected authentication method, the authentication prompt associated with that method is displayed.

When prompted to authenticate, you must supply the appropriate credentials: an enrolled finger for the finger-print capture window or your master password for the master password prompt (the key icon).

Remembering a Password

OmniPass can remember any application, GUI, or password protected resource that has a password prompt.

Using the following procedure, you can store a set of credentials into OmniPass. These credentials will then be linked to your "master password" or fingerprint.

Go to a site that requires a login (username and password), but *do not log in yet.* At the site login prompt, enter your username and password in the prompted fields, but *do not enter the site* (do not hit [Enter], [Submit], [OK], or Login). Right-click the OmniPass system tray icon and select **Remember Password** from the submenu. The Windows arrow cursor will change to a golden key OmniPass cursor. Click this OmniPass cursor in the login prompt area, but do not click the [Login] or [Submit] button.

Associating a Friendly Name

After clicking the OmniPass key cursor near the login prompt, OmniPass will prompt you to enter a "friendly name" for this site. You should enter something that reminds you of the website, the company, or the service you are logging into. In its secure database, OmniPass associates this friendly name with this website.

Additional Settings for Remembering a Site

When OmniPass prompts you to enter a "friendly name" you also have the opportunity to set how OmniPass authenticates you to this site. There are three effective settings for how OmniPass handles a remembered site.

The default setting is **Automatically click the "OK" or "Submit" button for this password protected site once the user is authenticated.** With this setting, each time you navigate to this site OmniPass will prompt you for your master password or fingerprint authentication device. Once you have authenticated with OmniPass, you will automatically be logged into the site.

Less secure is the option to **Automatically enter this password protected site when it is activated. Do not prompt for authentication**. Check the upper box to get this setting, and each time you navigate to this site

OmniPass will log you into the site without prompting you to authenticate.

> This setting is more convenient in that whenever you go to a site remembered with this setting, you will bypass any authentication procedure and gain instant access to the site. But should you leave your system unattended with your OmniPass user logged in, anyone using your system can browse to your password protected sites and gain automatic access.

If you uncheck both boxes in **Settings for this Password Site,** OmniPass will prompt you for your master password or fingerprint authentication device. Once you have authenticated with OmniPass your credentials will be filled in to the site login prompt, but you will have to click the website [OK], [Submit], or [Login] button to gain access to the site.

Click **Finish** to complete the remember password procedure. The site location, the credentials to access the site, and the OmniPass authentication settings for the site are now stored in the OmniPass secure database. The OmniPass authentication settings (**Settings for this Password Site**) can always be changed in **Vault Management**.

Logging in to a Remembered Site

Whether or not OmniPass prompts you to authenticate when you return to a remembered site is determined by **Settings for this Password Site** and can be changed in **Vault Management**.

The following cases are applicable to using OmniPass to login to: Windows, remembered websites, and all other password protected resources.

With Master Password

Once you return to a site you have remembered with OmniPass, you may be presented with a master password prompt. Enter your master password and you will be allowed into the site.

Logging into Windows with a Fingerprint Device

When logging into Windows with a fingerprint device, the fingerprint capture window will now appear next to the Windows Login screen. Place your enrolled fingertip on the sensor to authenticate. You will be simultaneously logged into Windows and OmniPass. The capture window will also appear if you have used **Ctrl-Alt-Del** to lock a system, and the fingerprint device can be used to log back in as stated above.

> If a machine is locked and OmniPass detects a different user logging back in with a fingerprint, the first user will be logged out and the second user logged in.

In Windows XP, your login options must be set either for classic login, or for fast user switching and logon screen to be enabled to use your fingerprint to log on to Windows. To change this go to **Control Panel**, select **User Accounts** and then click **Change the way users log on or off**. If your Windows screensaver is password protected, the fingerprint capture window will now appear next to screensaver password dialog during resume. You can authenticate to your screensaver password prompt with your enrolled finger.

Password Management

OmniPass provides an interface that lets you manage your passwords. To access this GUI, double-click the OmniPass key in the system tray. Click **Vault Management**; you will be prompted to authenticate. Once you gain access to **Vault Management**, click **Manage Passwords** under **Vault Settings**. You will see the **Manage Passwords** interface, with a list of friendly names.

You can view the credentials stored for any remembered website by highlighting the desired resource under **Password Protected Dialog** and clicking **Unmask Values**. Should a password be reset, or an account expire, you can remove stored credentials from OmniPass. Highlight the desired resource under **Password Protected Dialog** and click **Delete Page**. You will be prompted to confirm the password deletion.

The two check boxes in **Manage Passwords** govern whether OmniPass prompts you to authenticate or directly logs you into the remembered site.

OmniPass will overwrite an old set of credentials for a website if you attempt to use **Remember Password** on an already remembered site.

The exception to the above rule is the resetting of your Windows password. If your password is reset in Windows, then the next time you login to Windows, OmniPass will detect the password change and prompt you to "Update" or "Reconfirm" your password with OmniPass. Enter your new Windows password in the prompt(s) and click **OK** and your OmniPass "master password" will still be your Windows password.

OmniPass User Identities

Identities allow OmniPass users to have multiple accounts to the same site (e.g., *bob@biblomail.com* and *boballen@biblomail.com*). If OmniPass did not provide you identities, you would be limited to remembering one account per site.

To create and manage identities, double-click the OmniPass key in the system tray. Click **Vault Management**; OmniPass will prompt you to authenticate. Once you gain access to **Vault Management**, click **Manage Identities** under **Vault Settings**. You can only manage the identities of the currently logged in OmniPass user

To add a new identity, click **New Identity** or double-click **Click here to add a new identity**. Name the new identity and click [OK], then click [Apply]. You can now switch to the new identity and start remembering passwords.

To delete an identity, highlight the identity you want to delete and click [Delete Identity], then click [Apply].

> **i** When you delete an identity, all of its associated remembered sites and password protected dialogs are lost.

To set the default identity, highlight the identity you want as default and click [Set as Default]; click [Apply] to ensure the settings are saved. If you log in to OmniPass with a fingerprint device, you will automatically be logged in to the default identity for that OmniPass user. You can choose the identity with which you are logging in if you login using "master password".

Choosing User Identity during Login
To choose your identity during login, type your username in the **User Name:** field. Press [Tab] and see that the **Domain:** field self-populates. Click the **Password:** field to bring the cursor to it, and you will see the pull-down menu in the **Identity:** field. Select the identity you wish to login as and then click **OK** to login.

Switch User Identity
To switch identities at any time, right-click the OmniPass system tray icon and click **Switch User Identity** from the submenu. The **Switch Identity** dialog will appear. Select the desired identity and then click **OK**.

Identities and Password Management

On the **Manage Passwords** interface of the **Vault Management** tab of the OmniPass Control Center, there is a pull-down selection box labeled, **Identity**. This field lets you choose which identity you are managing passwords for. When you select an identity here, only those password protected dialogs that are associated with that identity are shown. You can perform all the functions explained in "Password Management" on page 111.

CONFIGURING OMNIPASS

This section gives an overview of both the Export/Import function and the OmniPass Control Center.

Exporting and Importing Users

Using the OmniPass Control Center, you can export and import users in and out of OmniPass. The export process backs up all remembered sites, credentials, and any enrolled fingerprints for an OmniPass user. All OmniPass data for a user is backed up to a single encrypted database file. During the import process, the Windows login of the exported user is required. If the proper credentials cannot be supplied, the user profile will not be imported.

> **i**
> - You should periodically export your user profile and store it in a safe place. If anything happens to your system, you can import your OmniPass profile to a new system and have all your remembered settings and fingerprints instantly.
> - You don't forget the Windows login credentials when exporting. When you examine the importation, you are prompted for authentication. The credentials that will allow a user profile to be imported are the Windows login credentials of the exported user. They are the credentials that had to be submitted when the user profile was exported. You will need User Name, Password, and Domain.

Exporting an OmniPass User Profile

To export a user, open the OmniPass Control Center, and click **Import/Export User** under **Manage Users**.

Click **Exports an OmniPass user profile**. OmniPass will prompt you to authenticate. Upon successfully authentication, you must name the OmniPass user profile and decide where to save it. An .opi file is generated, and you should store a copy of it in a safe place.

This .opi file contains all your user specific OmniPass data, and it is both encrypted and password protected. This user profile does NOT contain any of your encrypted data files.

Importing an OmniPass User Profile

> **i**
> You cannot import a user into OmniPass if there already is a user with the same name enrolled in OmniPass.

To import an OmniPass user open the OmniPass Control Center, and click **Import/Export User** under **Manage Users**. Click **Imports a new user into OmniPass** and then select **OmniPass Import/Export File (*.opi)**

and click **Next**. OmniPass will then prompt you to browse for the file you had previously exported (.opi file). When you select the .opi file for importation, OmniPass will prompt you for authentication. The credentials that will allow a user profile to be imported are the Windows login credentials of the exported user. They are the credentials that had to be submitted when the user profile was exported. You will need **User Name**, **Password**, and **Domain**. If you don't remember the value for **Domain**, in a PC or SOHO environment **Domain** should be your computer name.

OmniPass will notify you if the user was successfully imported.

Things to Know Regarding Import/Export

- Assume you export a local Windows User profile from OmniPass. You want to import that profile to another machine that has OmniPass. Before you can import the profile, a Windows user with the same login credentials must be created on the machine importing the profile.

  Example: I have a Windows user with the username "Tom" and the password "Sunshine" on my system. I have enrolled Tom into OmniPass and remembered passwords. I want to take all my passwords to new system. I export Tom's OmniPass user profile. I go to my new system and using the Control Panel I create a user with the username "Tom" and the password "Sunshine". I can now successfully import the OmniPass user data to the new system.

- If you export an OmniPass-only user, you can import that user to any computer running OmniPass, provided that a user with that name is not already enrolled in OmniPass.

- If you attempt to import a user profile who has the same name as a user already enrolled in OmniPass, the OmniPass import function will fail.

OMNIPASS CONTROL CENTER

This section will serve to explain functions within the OmniPass Control Center that weren't explained earlier.

You can access the OmniPass Control Center any of three ways:

- Double-click the golden OmniPass key shaped icon in the Windows taskbar (typically in the lower-right corner of the desktop)

- Click the **Start** button; select the **Programs** group; select the **Softex** program group; and click the **OmniPass Control Center** selection.

- Open the Windows **Control Panel** (accessible via **Start** button --> **Settings** --> **Control Panel**) and double-click the **Softex OmniPass** icon.

User Management

The User Management tab has two major interfaces: **Add/Remove User** and **Import/Export User**. Import/Export User functionality is documented in "Exporting and Importing Users" on page 112. Add/Remove User functionality is straightforward.

If you click **Adds a new user to OmniPass** you will start the OmniPass Enrollment Wizard. The Enrollment Wizard is documented in "User Enrollment" on page 108.

If you click **Removes a user from OmniPass**, OmniPass will prompt you to authenticate. Authenticate with the credentials (or enrolled fingerprint) of the user you wish to remove. OmniPass will prompt you to confirm user removal. Click **OK** to complete user removal.

Removing a user will automatically destroy all OmniPass data associated with that user. All identities and credentials associated with the user will be lost.

If you are sure about removing the user, we recommend you export the user profile.

User Settings

The User Settings tab has four interfaces: **Audio Settings**, **Taskbar Tips**, and **Enrollment**. User settings allow users to customize OmniPass to suit their individual preferences. Under **User Settings** (**Audio Settings** and **Taskbar Tips**) you can set how OmniPass notifies the user of OmniPass events (e.g., successful login, access denied, etc.). The details of each setting under the **Audio Settings** and **Taskbar Tips** interfaces are self-explanatory.

The **Enrollment** interface allows you to enroll fingerprints. For the procedure to enroll and authentication device refer to *Chapter 2.3*. To enroll additional fingerprints, click **Enroll Authentication Device**, and authenticate with OmniPass. Select the fingerprint recognition device in the **Select Authentication Device** screen (it should already be marked by a green check if you have a finger enrolled) and click **Next**.

System Settings

The OmniPass **Startup Options** interface can be found in the System Settings tab. With these options you can specify how your OmniPass Logon is tied to your Windows Logon.

The first option, **Automatically log on to OmniPass as the current user**, will do just as it says; during Windows login, you will be logged on to OmniPass using your Windows login credentials. If the user logging into Windows was never enrolled into OmniPass, upon login no one will be logged on to OmniPass. This setting is appropriate for an office setting or any setting where users must enter a username and password to log into a computer. This is the default setting.

With the second option, **Manually log on to OmniPass at startup**, OmniPass will prompt you to login once you have logged on to Windows.

With the third option, **Do not log on to OmniPass at startup**, OmniPass will not prompt for a user to be logged on.

You can manually log on to OmniPass by right-clicking the OmniPass taskbar icon and clicking **Log in User** from the right-click menu.

TROUBLESHOOTING

You cannot use OmniPass to create Windows users. You must first create the Windows user, and you will need administrative privileges to do that. Once the Windows user is created, you can add that user to OmniPass using the same username and password

Cannot add Windows users to OmniPass
If you experience difficulties adding a Windows user to OmniPass, you may need to adjust your local security settings. You can do this by going to **Start, Control Panel**, **Administrative Tools,** and **Local Security Settings**. Expand **Local Policies**, expand **Security Options**, and double-click **Network Access: Sharing and Security Model for Local Accounts**. The correct setting should be *Classic - Local Users Authenticate as Themselves.*

Cannot add a User with a Blank Password to OmniPass
If you experience difficulties adding a user with a blank password to OmniPass, you may need to adjust your local security settings. First attempt the procedure explained in the *Cannot add Windows user to OmniPass* section. If the difficulties persist, then try the following procedure.

Click **Start, Control Panel, Administrative Tools,** and **Local Security Settings**. Expand **Local Policies**, expand **Security Options**, and double-click **Accounts: Limit local account use of blank passwords to console login only**. This setting should be set to Disabled.

Dialog appears after OmniPass authentication during Windows Logon
After installing OmniPass on your system, you can choose to logon to Windows using OmniPass. You authenticate with OmniPass (via master password, or an enrolled security device) and OmniPass logs you into Windows. You may, during this OmniPass authentication, see a **Login Error** dialog box.

This dialog box occurs when OmniPass was unable to log you into Windows with the credentials supplied (username and password). This could happen for any of the following reasons:

- Your Windows password has changed
- Your Windows account has been disabled

If you are having difficulties due to the first reason, you will need to update OmniPass with your changed Windows account password. Click **Update Password** and you will be prompted with a dialog to reconfirm your password.

Enter the new password to your Windows user account and click **OK**. If the error persists, then it is unlikely the problem is due to your Windows user account password changing.

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