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EMI TEST REPORT FOR CERTIFICATION
to
FCC PART 15 Subpart C (Section 15.247) & RSS-210

FCC ID:	EJE-WB0017
Industry Canada ID:	337J-WB0017
Test Sample:	LifeBook E Series
Model:	E8020 (Eton)
Radio Modules:	Mini-PCI WLAN (Calexico2), Model: WM3B2200BG & Bluetooth Model: UGXZ5-102A
Report Number	M050103_Cert_Eton_Cal2_BT
Tested for:	Fujitsu Australia Ltd.
Issue Date:	18th January 2005

NATA Accredited Laboratory
Number: 5292

EMI TEST REPORT FOR CERTIFICATION
to
FCC PART 15 Subpart C (Section 15.247) & RSS-210

EMC Technologies Report No. M050103_Cert_Eton_Cal2_BT

Issue Date: 18th January 2005

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Report Number. M050103_Cert_Eton_Cal2_BT

Test Sample:	LifeBook E Series
Model:	E8020 (Eton)
Radio Modules:	Mini-PCI WLAN, Model: WM3B2200BG (INTEL Corp.) Bluetooth, Model: UGXZ5-102A (Fujitsu Ltd)
FCC ID:	EJE-WB0017
Industry Canada ID:	337J-WB0017
Equipment Type:	Intentional Radiator (Transceiver)
Manufacturer (LifeBook):	Fujitsu Ltd
Address:	1405, Ohamaru, Inagi-shi, Tokyo 206-8503, Japan
Contact:	Mr. Hirotaka Yakame
Tested for:	Fujitsu Australia Ltd
Test Standards:	FCC Part 15, Subpart C – Intentional Radiators FCC Part 15.247, 2400 – 2483.5 MHz Operation Band ANSI C63.4 – 2003 OET Bulletin No. 65 RSS-210 Issue 5 Low Power Licence-Exempt RadioCommunication Devices: 6.2.2 (o) 2400 – 2483.5 MHz Spread Spectrum RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional), Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields
Test Dates:	20th November 2004 to 17th January 2005
Test Officers:	**Chieu Huynh** **B.Eng (Hons) Electronics** **Janath Gunakesera** **BScEng., MTelcomEng, MIEEE** **Jorge Lara**
Attestation:	*I hereby certify that the device(s) described herein were tested as described in this report and that the data included is that which was obtained during such testing.*
Authorised Signatory:	**Chris Zombolas** **Technical Director** **EMC Technologies Pty Ltd**

EMI TEST REPORT FOR CERTIFICATION
to
FCC PART 15 Subpart C (Section 15.247) & RSS-210

1.0 INTRODUCTION

EMI testing was performed on test sample LifeBook E Series, Model E8020 (Eton) with Mini-PCI Wireless LAN Module (Calexico2, 11b/g), Model WM3B2200BG & Bluetooth, Model UGXZ5-102A.

The Calexico2 module supports IEEE 802.11b and IEEE 802.11g configurations. Tests were performed in both configurations and also on the Bluetooth. The results for IEEE 802.11b, IEEE 802.11g configurations and the Bluetooth are reported

Test results and procedures were performed in accordance with the following Federal Communications Commission (FCC) standards/regulations:

47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart C:	Rules for intentional radiators (particularly section 15.247)
Section 15.203:	Antenna requirements
Section 15.205:	Restricted bands of operation
Section 15.207:	Conducted Emission Limits
Section 15.209:	Radiated Emission Limits (General requirements)
Section 15.247:	Operation in the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, 5725-5850 MHz

The test sample **complied** with the requirements of 47 CFR, Part 15 Subpart C - Section 15.247.

The test sample also complied with the Industry Canada RSS-210 issue 5 (Low Power Licence-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands)) clause 6.2.2(o) and the RF exposure requirements of RSS-102.

1.1 Summary of Results

1.1.1 WLAN Module (Refer to Results – Part 1)

FCC Part 15, Subpart C Clauses	Industry Canada RSS-210 Clauses	Test Performed	Result
15.203	5.5	Antenna Requirement	**Not Applicable**
15.205	6.3	Operation in Restricted Band	**Complies**
15.207	6.6	Conducted Emissions	**Complies**
15.209	6.3	Radiated Emissions	**Complies**
15.247 (a)(2)	6.2.2(o)(iv)	Channel Bandwidth	**Complies**
15.247 (b)(3)	6.2.2(o)(b)	Peak Output Power	**Complies**
15.247 (b)(5)		Radio Frequency Hazard	**Complies**
15.247 (c)	6.2.2(o)(e1)	Out of Band Emissions	**Complies**
15.247 (d)	6.2.2(o)(iv)	Peak Power Spectral Density	**Complies**

1.1.2 Bluetooth (Refer to Results – Part 2)

FCC Part 15, Subpart C Clauses	Industry Canada RSS-210 Clauses	Test Performed	Result
15.203	5.5	Antenna Requirement	**Not Applicable**
15.205	6.3	Operation in Restricted Band	**Complies**
15.207	6.6	Conducted Emissions	**Complies**
15.209	6.3	Radiated Emissions	**Complies**
15.247 (a)(1)&(3)	6.2.2(o)(ii)	Channel Occupancy/Bandwidth	**Complies**
15.247 (b)(1)	6.2.2(o)(b)	Peak Output Power	**Complies**
15.247 (b)(5)		Radio Frequency Hazard	**Complies**
15.247 (c)	6.2.2(o)(e1)	Out of Band Emissions	**Complies**

The measurement procedure used was in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2003 and OET Bulletin No. 65. The instrumentation conformed to the requirements of ANSI C63.2-1996.

1.2 Modifications by EMC Technologies

No modifications were required.

2.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

(Information supplied by the Client)

2.1 Product Details

Test Sample (Host PC):	LifeBook E Series
Model Number:	E8020
Code Name:	Eton
Serial Number:	Pre-production Sample
Manufacturer:	Fujitsu Ltd
CPU Type and Speed:	Dothan 2.13 GHz Celeron-M 1.7 GHz
SDRAM:	1.0 GB
LCD Screen:	15”XGA / 15”SXGA / 15”UXGA
Hard Disk Drive:	40 GB
Wired LAN:	Broadcom BCM5751M 10 Base-T/100 Base-TX/1000 Base-T)
Modem:	MBH7MD33 / MBH7MD35
Wireless LAN Module:	Calexico2 11b/g (WM3B2200BG)
Bluetooth:	ALPS Bluetooth
Bluetooth Model Number:	UGXZ5-102A
Port Replicator Model:	FPCPR48
AC Adapter Model:	SEB100P2-19.0
Alternate Models:	CA01007-092x
Voltage:	19 V
Current Specs:	4.22 A
Watts:	80 W
Radio Modules:	WLAN (Calexico2 11b/g) and Bluetooth
WLAN Model Number:	WM3B2200BG
WLAN Manufacturer:	INTEL Corp.
Interface Type:	Mini-PCI Wireless LAN Module
Bluetooth Model Number:	UGXZ5-102A
Bluetooth Manufacturer:	Fujitsu Ltd
FCC ID:	EJE-WB0017
Industry Canada ID:	337J-WB0017
Equipment Type:	Intentional Radiator (Transceiver)

2.2 Technical Specifications

2.2.1 WLAN Transmitter Specifications

Transmitter #1:	Mini-PCI Wireless LAN Module
Wireless Module:	Calexico2
Model Number:	WM3B2200BG
Manufacturer:	INTEL Corp.
Modulation Type:	Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS for 802.11b) Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM for 802.11g)
802.11g	BPSK – 6Mbps, 9Mbps QPSK – 12Mbps, 18Mbps 16QAM – 24Mbps, 36Mbps 64QAM – 48Mbps, 54Mbps
802.11b	DBPSK – 1Mbps DQPSK – 2Mbps CCK – 5.5Mbps, 11Mbps
Maximum Data Rate:	802.11b = 11Mbps and 802.11g = 54Mbps
Frequency Range:	2.4 – 2483.5 GHz for 11b/g
Number of Channels:	11 maximum (for 11b/11g)
Antenna Types:	2 x Inverted-F Antenna – PN: CP115412-01 Located on top edge of LCD screen
Max. Output Power:	802.11b = 18 dBm 802.11g = 15 dBm
Power Supply:	3.3 VDC from PCI bus

Frequency allocation for 802.11b/g:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412
2	2417
3	2422
4	2427
5	2432
6	2437
7	2442
8	2447
9	2452
10	2457
11	2462

2.2.2 Bluetooth Transmitter Specifications

Transmitter#2: Bluetooth
Model Number: UGXZ5-102A
Manufacturer: Fujitsu Ltd
Network Standard: Bluetooth™ RF Test Specification
Modulation Type: Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)
Frequency Range: 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz
Number of Channels: 79
Carrier Spacing: 1.0 MHz
Antenna Types: Monopole Ceramic Antenna, Model Number: YCE-5250
Located on the right hinge of LCD screen
Max. Output Power: 12 dBm
Reference Oscillator: 16 MHz (Built-in)
Power Supply: 3.3 VDC from host.

Frequency allocation:

Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)
1	2402
2	2403
3	2404
.	.
.	.
.	.
39	2440
40	2441
41	2442
.	.
.	.
.	.
77	2478
78	2479
79	2480

2.3 Operational Description

The EUT is a LifeBook E Series, Model: E8020 (Eton) installed with a Mini-PCI Wireless LAN (WLAN) Module (Calexico2 11b/g, Model WM3B2200BG) & Bluetooth, Model UGXZ5-102A.

The WLAN module is an OEM product from INTEL Corp., and the Bluetooth transmitter is manufacture by Fujitsu Ltd. The same WLAN radio module and Bluetooth combination has been previously certified by Fujitsu under FCC ID: EJE-WB0008 (IC: 337J-WB0008) and FCC ID: EJE-WB0010 (IC: 337J-WB0010) in a different host and different antenna combinations.

The intention of this application is to re-certify this WLAN and Bluetooth with a different antenna combination in host – LifeBook E Series, Model: E8020 (Eton).

2.4 Test Configuration

The INTEL Calexico2 utility software and the BlueSuiteCasira software were used to set-up the WLAN module and Bluetooth devices respectively to continuously transmit during the tests. The LCD screen was observed for the transmitter status shown for the respective softwares.

Antenna

The Calexico2 WLAN (WM3B2200BG) is configured with Inverted-F Antenna – PN: CP115412-01 and ALPS Bluetooth device, Model UGXZ5-102A is configured with Monopole Ceramic Antenna - model Number: YCE-5250. The installation of the OEM WLAN module, Bluetooth Device and the Antenna in Fujitsu LifeBook E Series, Model: E8020 (Eton) is in a controlled environment. The installation is performed during the production/assembly process at the Fujitsu factory.

Refer to Appendix F – Antenna Information.

There are three antennas: WLAN antennas are located on the right hand side and left hand side on the top edge of the LCD screen. Bluetooth antenna is located on the right hand side hinge of the LCD screen.

Refer to photos in Appendix B3 for WLAN and Bluetooth Antenna locations.

AC Adapter

The AC adapter SEB100P2-19.0 was used for all the tests. This adapter is also identified as CA01007-092x. Details of the AC adapters are supplied in section 2.1 of this report.

2.5 Block Diagram

Refer to Appendix D - Block Diagram

2.6 Support Equipment

External Monitor/s:	
Conducted EMI	Viewmaster, P/N CA64 150DL, S/N CN7610276
Radiated EMI	Hewlett Packard 15" Color monitor, Model D2827A, FCC ID: C5F7NFCMC1515X
Printer:	HP Deskjet 930C, Serial: MY11H180DP
USB Floppy Drive/s:	Fujitsu Model: FPCFDD11, P/N CP032173-01 Fujitsu Model: FPCFDD12, P/N CP078720-01 USB OMNI Floppy Drive Model # USB F3501 SN W316000096
PS2 Mouse	A4 Tech M/N: SWW-25
Modem:	Maestro Companion Series 3
LAN Hub:	Kingston SOHO Hub Model: KNE8TP/H (FCC ID: JICKNE8TP-HO)
Headphones:	Verbatim Multimedia Stereo headset
PCMCIA Slot:	6 MB Compact flash card with Adapter, Apacer P/N 88.10200030
Memory Card:	Secure Digital- 32 MB

2.7 Test Procedure

Emissions measurements were performed in accordance with the procedures of ANSI C63.4-2003. Radiated emissions tests were performed at a distance of 3 and 10 metres from the EUT. OET Bulletin 65 dated June 2001 was used for reference.

2.8 Test Facility

2.8.1 General

Radiated Emission measurements were performed at EMC Technologies open area test site (OATS) situated at Lerderderg Gorge, near the township of Bacchus Marsh in Victoria, Australia. Conducted emission measurements were performed at EMC Technologies' laboratory in Tullamarine, Victoria Australia.

The above sites have been fully described in a report submitted to the FCC office, and accepted in a letter dated June 14, 2002, **FCC Registration Number 90560**.
EMC Technologies open area test site (OATS) has also been accepted by Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements in accordance with RSS 212, Issue 1 (Provisional).
Industry Canada File Number, IC 4161, (Registration Date - November 5th 2001).

2.8.2 NATA Accreditation

EMC Technologies is accredited in Australia to test to the following standards by the National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA).

"FCC Part 15 unintentional and intentional emitters in the frequency range 9kHz to 18 GHz excluding TV receivers (15.117 and 15.119), TV interface devices (15.115), cable ready consumer electronic equipment (15.118), cable locating equipment (15.213) and unlicensed national information infrastructure devices (Sub part E)."

The current full scope of accreditation can be found on the NATA website: www.nata.asn.au
It also includes a large number of emission, immunity, SAR, EMR and Safety standards.

NATA is the Australian national laboratory accreditation body and has accredited EMC Technologies to operate to the IEC/ISO17025 requirements. A major requirement for accreditation is the assessment of the company and its personnel as being technically competent in testing to the standards. This requires fully documented test procedures, continued calibration of all equipment to the National Standard at the National Measurements Laboratory (NML) and an internal quality system to ISO 9002. NATA has mutual recognition agreements with the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) and the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A^2LA).

2.9 Units of Measurements

2.9.1 Conducted Emissions

Measurements are reported in units of dB relative to one microvolt. (dBμV).

2.9.2 Radiated Emissions

Measurements are reported in units of dB relative to one microvolt per metre (dBμV/m).

2.10 Test Equipment Calibration

All measurement instrumentation and transducers were calibrated in accordance with the applicable standards by an independent NATA registered laboratory such as Agilent Technologies (Australia) Pty Ltd or the National Measurement Laboratory (NML). All equipment calibration is traceable to Australia national standards at the National Measurements Laboratory. The reference antenna calibration was performed by NML and the working antennas (biconical and log-periodic) calibrated by the NATA approved procedures. The complete list of test equipment used for the measurements, including calibration dates and traceability is contained in Appendix A of this report.

2.11 Ambients at OATS

The Open Area Test Site (OATS) is an area of low background ambient signals. No significant broadband ambients are present however commercial radio and TV signals exceed the limit in the FM radio, VHF and UHF television bands. Radiated prescan measurements were performed in the shielded enclosure to check for possible radiated emissions at the frequencies where the OATS ambient signals exceeded the test limit.

RESULTS – PART 1
WLAN Module – Calexico2 (WM3B2200BG)

1.0 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENTS

Testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.207

1.1 Test Procedure

The arrangement specified in ANSI C63.4-2003 was adhered to for the conducted EMI measurements. The EUT was placed in the RF screened enclosure and a CISPR EMI Receiver as defined in ANSI C63.2-1996 was used to perform the measurements

The EMI Receiver was operated under program control using the Max-Hold function and automatic frequency scanning, measurement and data logging techniques. The specified 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz frequency range was sub-divided into sub-ranges to ensure that all short duration peaks were captured.

1.2 Peak Maximising Procedure

The various operating modes of the system were investigated. For each of the sub-ranges, the EMI receiver was set to continuous scan with the Peak detector set to Max-Hold mode. The Quasi-Peak detector and the Average detector were then invoked to measure the actual Quasi-Peak and Average level of the most significant peaks, which were detected.

1.3 Calculation of Voltage Levels

The voltage levels were automatically measured in software and compared to the test limit. The method of calculation was as follows:

VEMI = **VRx + LBPF**

Where: **VEMI =** the Measured EMI voltage in dBµV to be compared to the limit.
VRx = the Voltage in dBµV read directly at the EMI receiver.
LBPF = the loss in dB of the cables and the Limiter and Pass Filter.

1.4 Plotting of Conducted Emission Measurement Data

The measurement data pertaining to each frequency sub-range were then concatenated to form a single graph of (peak) amplitude versus frequency. This was performed for both Active and Neutral lines and the composite graph were subsequently plotted. A list of the highest relevant peaks and the respective Quasi-Peak and Average values were also plotted on the graph.

1.5 Results of Conducted Emission Measurements (AC Mains Ports)

Measurements were performed on the LifeBook E Series (Eton), with WLAN module and Bluetooth.

Initial investigations were performed with the WLAN in all configurations (802.11b and 801.11g) and all modulation types: (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, DBPSK, DQPSK and CCK). No significant differences in emissions were observed. Final testing was performed while the WLAN transmitter continuously operated with configuration 802.11g on the high (Channel 11, 2462 MHz) frequency channel with the modulation rate of 6 Mbps (BPSK) and the Bluetooth transmitter continuously operated on the low (Channel 1, 2402 MHz) frequency channel.

The reported frequencies in the tables below are mainly concerned with the Host PC emissions and not directly related to the WLAN & Bluetooth emissions.

Frequency MHz	Line	Measured QP Level dBμV	QP Limit dBμV	ΔQP ±dB	Measured AV Level dBμV	AV Limit dBμV	ΔAV ±dB
0.377	Active	45.9	58.3	-12.5	41.8	48.3	-6.5
0.382	Neutral	45.3	58.2	-12.9	40.9	48.2	-7.3
0.478	Neutral	44.6	56.4	-11.8	38.5	46.4	-7.9
0.203	Active	54.3	63.5	-9.2	45.5	53.5	-8.0
0.204	Neutral	53.9	63.4	-9.6	45.4	53.4	-8.0
0.487	Active	44.5	56.2	-11.7	31.8	46.2	-14.4
0.290	Active	46.2	60.5	-14.3	33.7	50.5	-16.8
3.643	Neutral	36.5	56.0	-19.5	24.3	46.0	-21.7
3.668	Active	36.2	56.0	-19.8	23.7	46.0	-22.3

The worst case conducted EMI occurred at 0.377 MHz and complied with the quasi peak and average limits by margins of 12.5 dB and 6.5 dB respectively. The measurement uncertainty was ±2.0 dB. Refer to Appendix I (graphs 1 & 2) for plots of the conducted EMI measurements.

Result: Complies

2.0 SPURIOUS EMISSION MEASUREMENTS

2.1 Test Procedure

Testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247(c).

Radiated emission measurements were performed to the limits as per section 15.209. The measurements were made at the open area test site.

The EUT was set up on the table top (placed on turntable) of total height 80 cm above the ground plane, and operated as described in section 2 of this report. The EMI Receiver was operated under software control via the PC Controller through the IEEE.488 Interface Bus Card Adaptor. The test frequency range was sub-divided into smaller bands with sufficient frequency resolution to permit reliable display and identification of possible EMI peaks while also permitting fast frequency scan times. A calibrated Biconical antenna was used for measurements between 30 MHz to 232 MHz and a calibrated Logperiodic antenna used for measurements between 230 MHz to 1000 MHz. Calibrated EMCO 3115 and EMCO 3116 Horn antennas were used for measurements between 1 to 25 GHz.

The measurement of emissions between 30 - 1000 MHz was measured with the resolution bandwidth of 120 kHz and the video bandwidth of 300 kHz.

The measurement of emissions above 1000 MHz, appearing in the restricted bands, was made using an average detector with a bandwidth of 1.0 MHz.

The EUT was slowly rotated with the Peak Detector set to Max-Hold. This was performed for two antenna heights. When an emission was located, it was positively identified and its maximum level found by rotating the automated turntable, and by varying the antenna height. Each significant peak was investigated with the Quasi-Peak/Average Detectors. The software for cable losses automatically corrected the measurement data for each frequency range, antenna factors and preamplifier gain and all data was then stored on disk in sequential data files. This process was performed for both horizontal and vertical antenna polarisations.

2.2 Calculation of field strength

The field strength was calculated automatically by the software using all the pre-stored calibration data. The method of calculation is shown below:

E = V + AF - G + L Where:

E	=	Radiated Field Strength in dBμV/m.
V	=	EMI Receiver Voltage in dBμV. (measured value)
AF	=	Antenna Factor in dB(m^{-1}). (stored as a data array)
G	=	Preamplifier Gain in dB. (stored as a data array)
L	=	Cable loss in dB. (stored as a data array of Insertion Loss versus frequency)

- **Example Field Strength Calculation**

Assuming a receiver reading of 34.0 dBμV is obtained at 90 MHz, the Antenna Factor at that frequency is 9.2 dB. The cable loss is 1.9 dB while the preamplifier gain is 20 dB. The resulting Field Strength is therefore as follows:

34.0 + 9.2 + 1.9 - 20 = 25.1 dBμV/m

Measurement uncertainty with a confidence interval of 95% is:

- Free radiation tests (1000 MHz – 18,000 MHz) ± 4.1 dB
  (30 MHz – 1,000 MHz) ± 3.7 dB

2.3 Radiated Emissions (Spurious and Harmonics)

2.3.1 Frequency Band: 1 – 25 GHz

All measurements above 1 GHz were initially made over a distance of 3 metres. This was decreased to 1.0 metre as the emission levels from the device were very low.

The 54 dBμV/m limit at 3 metres has been converted to 64 dBμV/m at 1 metre using a factor of 20 dB per decade where emissions were located in the restricted bands.

Testing was performed while both the WLAN transmitter and Bluetooth transmitter continuously operated. Harmonics related to the WLAN transmitter are reported below. For harmonics related to the Bluetooth transmitter, Refer to Part 2 of this test report.

Measurements for the WLAN were made on a low (channel 1, 2412 MHz), middle (channel 6, 2437 MHz) and high (Channel 11, 2462 MHz) frequency channel.

2.3.1.1 Configuration 802.11b

Initial investigations were performed with three modulation types: (DBPSK, DQPSK and CCK). No significant differences in emissions were observed. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operated with the modulation rate of 11 Mbps (CCK).

The field strength at 2483.5 MHz when the EUT was operating at its highest channel (2462 MHz), was 53.5 dBμV/m peak & 40.1 dBμV/m average and was > 20 dB below the maximum field strength of the in-band carrier.

The field strength at 2400 MHz when the EUT was operating at its lowest channel (2412 MHz), was 75.6 dBμV/m peak & 60.4 dBμV/m average and was > 20 dB below the maximum field strength of the in-band carrier.

Channel 1 - 2412 MHz

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV/m		Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit dBuV/m	Average Limit dBuV/m	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector				
2412	Transmitter	Fundamental				
4824	53.7	40.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7236	56.6	43.0	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
9648	55.9	42.4	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12060	57.0	43.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14472	60.3	46.7	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
16884	63.9	49.3	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19296	65.0	51.5	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
21708	66.4	53.2	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
24120	67.8	54.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

*Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

Channel 6 - 2437 MHz

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV/m		Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit dBuV/m	Average Limit dBuV/m	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector				
2437	Transmitter	Fundamental				
4874	53.7	40.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7311	55.7	41.9	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
9748	55.9	42.4	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12185	57.0	43.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14622	60.3	46.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
17059	63.9	49.3	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19496	65.0	51.5	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
21933	66.4	53.2	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
24370	67.8	54.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

*Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

Channel 11 - 2462 MHz

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV/m		Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit dBuV/m	Average Limit dBuV/m	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector				
2462	Transmitter	Fundamental				
4924	53.7	40.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7386	54.2	40.7	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
9848	55.9	42.4	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12310	57.0	43.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14772	60.3	46.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
17234	63.9	49.3	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19696	65.0	51.5	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
22158	66.4	53.2	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
24620	67.8	54.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

*Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

Result: Only 3rd harmonic was recorded within the restricted bands of up to 25 GHz and complied with the FCC Class B average limits by a margin of 12.1 dB. Other harmonics were confirmed low with both RBW and VBW reduced. Harmonics were below the limit in section 15.209. The measurement uncertainty for radiated emissions in this band was ±4.1 dB.

2.3.1.2 Configuration 802.11g

Initial investigations were performed with four modulation types: (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM). No significant differences in emissions were observed. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operated with the modulation rate of 6 Mbps (BPSK).

The field strength at 2483.5 MHz when the EUT was operating at its highest channel (2462 MHz), was 57.4 dBμV/m peak & 43.3 dBμV/m average and was > 20 dB below the maximum field strength of the in-band carrier.

The field strength at 2400 MHz when the EUT was operating at its lowest channel (2412 MHz), was 79.2 dBμV/m peak & 64.8 dBμV/m average and was > 20 dB below the maximum field strength of the in-band carrier.

Channel 1 - 2412 MHz

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV/m		Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit dBuV/m	Average Limit dBuV/m	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector				
2412	Transmitter	Fundamental				
4824	53.7	40.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7236	53.4	41.1	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
9648	55.9	42.4	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12060	57.0	43.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14472	60.3	46.7	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
16884	63.9	49.3	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19296	65.0	51.5	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
21708	66.4	53.2	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
24120	67.8	54.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

*Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

Channel 6 - 2437 MHz

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV/m		Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit dBuV/m	Average Limit dBuV/m	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector				
2437	Transmitter	Fundamental				
4874	53.7	40.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7311	53.4	41.1	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
9748	55.9	42.4	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12185	57.0	43.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14622	60.3	46.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
17059	63.9	49.3	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19496	65.0	51.5	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
21933	66.4	53.2	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
24370	67.8	54.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

*Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

Channel 11 - 2462 MHz

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV/m		Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit dBuV/m	Average Limit dBuV/m	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector				
2462	Transmitter	Fundamental				
4924	53.7	40.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7386	53.4	41.1	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
9848	55.9	42.4	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12310	57.0	43.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14772	60.3	46.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
17234	63.9	49.3	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19696	65.0	51.5	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
22158	66.4	53.2	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
24620	67.8	54.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

*Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

Result: No harmonics were recorded within the restricted bands of up to 25 GHz. Harmonics were confirmed low with both RBW and VBW reduced. Harmonics were complied with the FCC limits in section 15.209. The measurement uncertainty for radiated emissions in this band was ±4.1 dB.

2.3.1.3 Spurious Emissions Generated When Both (WLAN and BT) Transmitters Transmitting

Result: No spurious emissions were recorded within the restricted bands of up to 25 GHz. Harmonics were below the limit in section 15.209. The measurement uncertainty for radiated emissions in this band was ±4.1 dB.

2.3.2 Frequency Band: 30 - 1000 MHz

Testing was performed at a distance of 10 metres.

Initial investigations were performed with the WLAN in both configurations (802.11b and 802.11g) and all modulation types: (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, DBPSK, DQPSK and CCK). No significant differences in emissions were observed. Final testing was performed while the WLAN transmitter continuously operated with configuration 802.11g on the high (Channel 11, 2462 MHz) frequency channel with the modulation rate of 6 Mbps (BPSK) and the Bluetooth transmitter continuously operated on the low (Channel 1, 2402 MHz) frequency channel.

The reported frequencies in the tables below are mainly concerned with the Host PC emissions and not directly related to the WLAN module & Bluetooth emissions.

Vertical Polarity

Frequency MHz	Polarisation	QP Measured dBμV/m	QP Limit dBμV/m	ΔQP ± dB
207.77	Vertical	31.1	33.0	-1.9
249.75	Vertical	31.0	35.5	-4.5
232.28	Vertical	30.3	35.5	-5.2
272.69	Vertical	29.8	35.5	-5.7
214.27	Vertical	26.1	33.0	-6.9
749.20	Vertical	28.0	35.5	-7.5
116.87	Vertical	22.9	33.0	-10.1
197.18	Vertical	22.2	33.0	-10.8
120.85	Vertical	21.9	33.0	-11.1
123.90	Vertical	21.3	33.0	-11.7
321.69	Vertical	23.8	35.5	-11.7

Horizontal Polarity

Frequency MHz	Polarisation	QP Measured dBμV/m	QP Limit dBμV/m	ΔQP ± dB
207.77	Horizontal	32.9	33.0	-0.1
214.26	Horizontal	29.0	33.0	-4.0
272.68	Horizontal	30.3	35.5	-5.2
240.23	Horizontal	28.0	35.5	-7.5
201.27	Horizontal	25.3	33.0	-7.7
279.18	Horizontal	27.7	35.5	-7.8
196.83	Horizontal	24.0	33.0	-9.0
122.79	Horizontal	21.8	33.0	-11.2

Result: The highest radiated emission peak occurred at 207.77 MHz (Horizontal Polarity) and complied with FCC quasi peak limit by a margin of 0.1 dB. The measurement uncertainty in this band was ± 3.7 dB. Refer to tables above for results.

2.3.3 RF Conducted Measurements at the Antenna Terminal

In the 100 kHz bandwidth within the operating band, the highest emissions (spurious/harmonics) level that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below.

Measurements for the WLAN were made on a low (channel 1, 2412 MHz), middle (channel 6, 2437 MHz) and high (Channel 11, 2462 MHz) frequency channel.

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

The resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz and the video bandwidth of 300 kHz were utilised.

2.3.3.1 Calexico2 (WM3B2200BG) - Configuration 802.11b

Refer to Appendix K1 for Harmonics plots

2.3.3.1 Calexico2 (WM3B2200BG) - Configuration 802.11g

Refer to Appendix K2 for Harmonics plots

Result: Complies.

2.3.4 Band Edge Measurements

In the 100 kHz bandwidth within the operating band, the highest emissions (spurious/harmonics) level that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below.

Testing was performed while the WLAN transmitter continuously transmitted on a low (2412 MHz) and high frequency (2462 MHz) channel.

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

The resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz and the video bandwidth of 300 kHz were utilised.

2.3.4.1 Calexico2 (WM3B2200BG) - Configuration 802.11b

Refer to Appendix L1 for Band Edge plots
NB: D1 line indicates the highest level of the transmitter
D2 line indicates 20 dB limit below D1.

2.3.4.2 Calexico2 (WM3B2200BG) - Configuration 802.11g

Refer to Appendix L2 for Band Edge plots
NB: D1 line indicates the highest level of the transmitter
D2 line indicates 20 dB limit below D1.

Result: Complies.

3.0 PEAK OUTPUT POWER - Section 15.247 (b)(1) & (3)

Testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247(b)(3).

Measurements were performed while the WLAN transmitter continuously transmitted.

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

The resolution bandwidth of 20 MHz and the video bandwidth of 20 MHz were utilised.

The Peak Output Power (P) was calculated as follows:

P = R + C where R is the recorded peak power &
C is the measurement cable loss

Testing was performed while the transmitter continuously transmitted on a low (channel 1, 2412 MHz), middle (channel 6, 2437 MHz) and high (Channel 11, 2462 MHz) frequency channel.

Variation by +/- 15% of the supply voltage, in accordance with Section 15.31(e), to the computer power supply did not vary the output power observed.

3.1 Configuration 802.11b

Initial investigations were performed with three modulation types: (DBPSK, DQPSK and CCK). No significant differences in peak output power were observed. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operating with the modulation rate of 11 Mbps (CCK).

Frequency MHz	R dBm	Cable Loss dB	P dBm	Limit dBm	P mW	Limit mW	Power Plots
2412	16.61	3.0	19.61	30	91.2	1000	Appendix M1
2437	16.48	3.0	19.48	30	89.1	1000	Appendix M1
2462	16.35	3.0	19.35	30	86.1	1000	Appendix M1

The specification limit is 1W (30 dBm).

Result: Complies.

3.2 Configuration 802.11g

Initial investigations were performed with four modulation types: (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM). No significant differences in peak output power were observed. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operated with the modulation rate of 54 Mbps (64QAM).

Frequency MHz	R dBm	Cable Loss dB	P dBm	Limit dBm	P mW	Limit mW	Power Plots
2412	18.62	3.0	21.62	30	145.2	1000	Appendix M2
2437	18.35	3.0	21.35	30	136.5	1000	Appendix M2
2462	18.59	3.0	21.59	30	144.2	1000	Appendix M2

The specification limit is 1W (30 dBm).

Result: Complies

4.0 CHANNEL BANDWIDTH

Testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247(a)(2)

In the band 2400 - 2483.5 MHz the minimum 6 dB bandwidth was at least 500 kHz. The 6 dB bandwidth was measured while the transmitter continuously transmitted on a low, middle and high frequency channel.

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

The resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz and the video bandwidth of 300 kHz were utilised

Measurements were made on a low (channel 1, 2412 MHz), middle (channel 6, 2437 MHz) and high (Channel 11, 2462 MHz) frequency channel.

4.1 Configuration 802.11b

Initial investigations were performed with three modulation types: (DBPSK, DQPSK and CCK). No significant differences in bandwidth were observed. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operating with the modulation rate of 1 Mbps (DBPSK).

Frequency MHz	Bandwidth MHz	Result	6 dB Bandwidth Plots
2412.0	10.0	Complies	Appendix J1
2437.0	10.0	Complies	Appendix J1
2462.0	10.0	Complies	Appendix J1

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth is at least 500 kHz

Result: Complies

4.2 Configuration 802.11g

Initial investigations were performed with four modulation types: (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM). No significant differences in bandwidth were observed. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operated with the modulation rate of 54 Mbps (64QAM).

Frequency MHz	Bandwidth MHz	Result	6 dB Bandwidth Plots
2412.0	16.4	Complies	Appendix J2
2437.0	16.5	Complies	Appendix J2
2462.0	16.4	Complies	Appendix J2

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth is at least 500 kHz

Result: Complies

5.0 RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE (HAZARD) INFORMATION

Testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247(b)(5)

Spread spectrum transmitters operating in the 2400 - 2483.5 MHz and 5725 – 5850 MHz bands are required to be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to RF energy levels in accordance with CFR 47, Section 1.1307(b)(1).

The WLAN is a mobile device. The antennas are located on the top edge of LCD screen (2 antennas left and right) projected distance of greater than 20cm from user.

The Bluetooth is a portable device. The antenna is located on the right hinge of the LCD screen projected distance of greater than 2.5cm from the bottom of the laptop.

The separation distance between the WLAN and BT antennas is greater than 20cm. Therefore, they are not co-located transmitters.

MPE calculation for Bluetooth is not applicable and SAR is not required as the power for BT is below the low threshold.

The MPE calculation shown below is for the WLAN mobile device for a separation distance of greater than 20cm.

In accordance with Section 1.1310, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) limit for the General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure of 1.0 has been applied, i.e 1mW/cm^2.

Friis transmission formula: $Pd = (P*G) / (4*\pi*r^2)$

where: Pd = power density (mW/cm^2)
P = power input to the antenna (mW)
G = antenna gain (numeric)
r = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (cm)

The result was extracted from section 3.0 of this report (WLAN Module):
Maximum peak output power = 21.6dBm = 145mW
Antenna (Inverted F) gain (typical) = 1.06 dBi = 1.28 numeric
Prediction distance = 20 cm
Prediction frequency = 2412 MHz
MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency = 1 mW/cm^2

The power density calculated = 0.037 mW/cm^2

Results: Calculations show that the Radio devices with described antennas complied with Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) limit for the General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

6.0 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY - Section 15.247(d)

Testing was performed accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247(d)

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

The resolution bandwidth of 3 kHz and the video bandwidth of 30 kHz were utilised

Testing was performed while the transmitter continuously transmitted on a low (channel 1, 2412 MHz), middle (channel 6, 2437 MHz) and high (Channel 11, 2462 MHz) frequency channel.

6.1 Configuration 802.11b

Initial investigations were performed with three modulation types: (DBPSK, DQPSK and CCK). Peak power spectral density with CCK modulation (rate = 11 Mbps) was observed to be slightly worst. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operating with the modulation rate of 11 Mbps (CCK).

Frequency MHz	Level dBm	Limit dBm	Result	Spectral Density plots
2412.0	-11.3	8.0	Complies	Appendix N1
2437.0	-11.9	8.0	Complies	Appendix N1
2462.0	-12.4	8.0	Complies	Appendix N1

The specification limit is 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during a continuous transmission.

Result: Complies

6.2 Configuration 802.11g

Initial investigations were performed with four modulation types: (BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM). Peak power spectral density with BPSK modulation (rate = 6 Mbps) was observed to be slightly worst. Final testing was performed while the transmitter continuously operated with the modulation rate of 6 Mbps (BPSK).

Frequency Hz	Level dBm	Limit dBm	Result	Spectral Density plots
2412.0	-17.5	8.0	Complies	Appendix N2
2437.0	-17.5	8.0	Complies	Appendix N2
2462.0	-18.8	8.0	Complies	Appendix N2

The specification limit is 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during a continuous transmission.

Result: Complies

7. 0 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Testing to the requirements of FCC Part 15.203 was not applicable as this intentional radiator was designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

8.0 COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

The LifeBook E Series, Model: E8020 (Eton) with Mini-PCI Wireless LAN Module (Calexico2, 11b/g), Model WM3B2200BG & Bluetooth, Model UGXZ5-102A, tested on behalf of Fujitsu Australia Ltd, **complies** with the requirements of 47 CFR, Part 15 Subpart C - Rules for Radio Frequency Devices (intentional radiators), Section 15.247 -Operation in the frequency band 2400 - 2483.5 MHz.

The test sample also complies with the Industry Canada RSS-210 issue 5 (Low Power Licence-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands)) clause 6.2.2(o) 2400 – 2483.5 MHz Spread Spectrum requirements and the RF exposure requirements of RSS-102.

Results were as follows:

WLAN Module

FCC Part 15, Subpart C Clauses	Industry Canada RSS-210 Clauses	Test Performed	Result
15.203	5.5	Antenna Requirement	**Not Applicable**
15.205	6.3	Operation in Restricted Bandwidth	**Complies**
15.207	6.6	Conducted Emissions	**Complies**
15.209	6.3	Radiated Emissions	**Complies**
15.247 (a)(2)	6.2.2(o)(iv)	Channel Bandwidth	**Complies**
15.247 (b)(3)	6.2.2(o)(b)	Peak Output Power	**Complies**
15.247 (b)(5)		Radio Frequency Hazard	**Complies**
15.247 (c)	6.2.2(o)(e1)	Out of Band Emissions	**Complies**
15.247 (d)	6.2.2(o)(iv)	Peak Power Spectral Density	**Complies**

Bluetooth (Refer to Results – Part 2)

FCC Part 15, Subpart C Clauses	Industry Canada RSS-210 Clauses	Test Performed	Result
15.203	5.5	Antenna Requirement	**Not Applicable**
15.205	6.3	Operation in Restricted Bandwidth	**Complies**
15.207	6.6	Conducted Emissions	**Complies**
15.209	6.3	Radiated Emissions	**Complies**
15.247 (a)(1)&(3)	6.2.2(o)(ii)	Channel Occupancy/Bandwidth	**Complies**
15.247 (b)(1)	6.2.2(o)(b)	Peak Output Power	**Complies**
15.247 (b)(5)		Radio Frequency Hazard	**Complies**
15.247 (c)	6.2.2(o)(e1)	Out of Band Emissions	**Complies**

RESULTS – PART 2
Bluetooth, Model UGXZ5-102A

1.0 CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENTS

Testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.207

1.1 Test Procedure

The arrangement specified in ANSI C63.4-2003 was adhered to for the conducted EMI measurements. The EUT was placed in the RF screened enclosure and a CISPR EMI Receiver as defined in ANSI C63.2-1996 was used to perform the measurements

The EMI Receiver was operated under program control using the Max-Hold function and automatic frequency scanning, measurement and data logging techniques. The specified 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz frequency range was sub-divided into sub-ranges to ensure that all short duration peaks were captured.

1.2 Peak Maximising Procedure

The various operating modes of the system were investigated. For each of the sub-ranges, the EMI receiver was set to continuous scan with the Peak detector set to Max-Hold mode. The Quasi-Peak detector and the Average detector were then invoked to measure the actual Quasi-Peak and Average level of the most significant peaks, which were detected.

1.3 Calculation of Voltage Levels

The voltage levels were automatically measured in software and compared to the test limit. The method of calculation was as follows:

VEMI = **VRx + LBPF**

Where: **VEMI =** the Measured EMI voltage in dBµV to be compared to the limit.
VRx = the Voltage in dBµV read directly at the EMI receiver.
LBPF = the loss in dB of the cables and the Limiter and Pass Filter.

1.4 Plotting of Conducted Emission Measurement Data

The measurement data pertaining to each frequency sub-range were then concatenated to form a single graph of (peak) amplitude versus frequency. This was performed for both Active and Neutral lines and the composite graph were subsequently plotted. A list of the highest relevant peaks and the respective Quasi-Peak and Average values were also plotted on the graph.

1.5 Results of Conducted Emission Measurements (AC Mains Ports)

Refer to Results Part 1, Section 1.5.

2.0 RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENTS

2.1 Test Procedure

Testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247(c).

Radiated emission measurements were performed to the limits as per section 15.209. The measurements were made at the open area test site.

The EUT was set up on the table top (placed on turntable) of total height 80 cm above the ground plane, and operated as described in section 2 of this report. The EMI Receiver was operated under software control via the PC Controller through the IEEE.488 Interface Bus Card Adaptor. The test frequency range was sub-divided into smaller bands with sufficient frequency resolution to permit reliable display and identification of possible EMI peaks while also permitting fast frequency scan times. A calibrated Biconical antenna was used for measurements between 30 MHz to 232 MHz and a calibrated Logperiodic antenna used for measurements between 230 MHz to 1000 MHz. Calibrated EMCO 3115 and EMCO 3116 Horn antennas were used for measurements between 1 to 25 GHz.

The measurement of emissions between 30 - 1000 MHz was measured with the resolution bandwidth of 120 kHz and the video bandwidth of 300 kHz.

The measurement of emissions above 1000 MHz, appearing in the restricted bands, was made using an average detector with a bandwidth of 1.0 MHz.

The EUT was slowly rotated with the Peak Detector set to Max-Hold. This was performed for two antenna heights. When an emission was located, it was positively identified and its maximum level found by rotating the automated turntable, and by varying the antenna height. Each significant peak was investigated with the Quasi-Peak/Average Detectors. The software for cable losses automatically corrected the measurement data for each frequency range, antenna factors and preamplifier gain and all data was then stored on disk in sequential data files. This process was performed for both horizontal and vertical antenna polarisations.

2.2 Calculation of field strength

The field strength was calculated automatically by the software using all the pre-stored calibration data. The method of calculation is shown below:

E = V + AF - G + L Where:

E = Radiated Field Strength in dBμV/m.
V = EMI Receiver Voltage in dBμV. (measured value)
AF = Antenna Factor in dB(m^{-1}). (stored as a data array)
G = Preamplifier Gain in dB. (stored as a data array)
L = Cable insertion loss in dB. (stored as a data array of Insertion Loss versus frequency)

- **Example Field Strength Calculation**

Assuming a receiver reading of 34.0 dBμV is obtained at 90 MHz, the Antenna Factor at that frequency is 9.2 dB. The cable loss is 1.9 dB while the preamplifier gain is 20 dB. The resulting Field Strength is therefore as follows:

34.0 + 9.2 + 1.9 - 20 = 25.1 dBμV/m

Measurement uncertainty with a confidence interval of 95% is:

- Free radiation tests (1000 MHz – 18,000 MHz) ± 4.1 dB
(30 MHz – 1,000 MHz) ± 3.7 dB

2.3 Results - Out of Band Emissions (Spurious and Harmonics)

2.3.1 Frequency Band: 1 – 25 GHz

All measurements above 1 GHz were initially made over a distance of 3 metres. This was decreased to 1.0 metre as the emission levels from the device were very low.

The 54 dBμV/m limit at 3 metres has been converted to 64 dBμV/m at 1 metre using a factor of 20 dB per decade where emissions were located in the restricted bands.

Testing was performed while both the WLAN transmitter and Bluetooth transmitter continuously operated. Harmonics related to the Bluetooth transmitter are reported below. For harmonics related to the WLAN transmitter, Refer to Part 1 of this test report (Calexico2 - 802.11b/g).

Measurements for the WLAN were made on a low (channel 1, 2402 MHz), middle (channel 40, 2441 MHz) and high (Channel 79, 2480 MHz) frequency channel.

The field strength at 2483.5 MHz when the EUT was operating at its highest channel (2480 MHz), was 49.6 dBμV/m peak & 35.3 dBμV/m average and was > 20 dB below the maximum field strength of the in-band carrier.

The field strength at 2400 MHz when the EUT was operating at its lowest channel (2402 MHz), was 56.4 dBμV/m peak & 42.7 dBμV/m average and was > 20 dB below the maximum field strength of the in-band carrier.

Channel 1 - 2402 MHz

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV/m		Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit dBuV/m	Average Limit dBuV/m	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector				
2402	Transmitter	Fundamental		-	-	
4804	53.7	40.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7206	53.4	41.1	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
9608	55.9	42.4	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12010	57.0	43.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14412	60.3	46.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
16814	63.9	49.3	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19216	65.0	51.5	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
21618	66.4	53.2	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
24020	67.8	54.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

*Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

Channel 40 - 2441 MHz

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV/m		Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit dBuV/m	Average Limit dBuV/m	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector				
2441	Transmitter	Fundamental		-	-	
4882	53.7	40.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7323	53.4	41.1	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
9764	55.9	42.4	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12205	57.0	43.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14646	60.3	46.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
17087	63.9	49.3	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19528	65.0	51.5	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
21969	66.4	53.2	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
24410	67.8	54.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

*Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

Channel 79 - 2480 MHz

Frequency MHz	Level dBuV/m		Antenna Polarization	Peak Limit dBuV/m	Average Limit dBuV/m	Result
	Peak Detector	Average Detector				
2480	Transmitter	Fundamental		-	-	
4960	53.7	40.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
7440	53.4	41.1	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
9920	55.9	42.4	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
12400	57.0	43.8	Vert/Hort	74.0	54.0	Pass
14880	60.3	46.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
17360	63.9	49.3	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass
19840	65.0	51.5	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
22320	66.4	53.2	Vert/Hort	84.0* (1m)	64.0* (1m)	Pass
24800	67.8	54.7	Vert/Hort	-	-	Pass

*Measurement was performed at 1 metre distance and the limits were corrected accordingly.

Result: No harmonics were recorded within the restricted bands of up to 25 GHz. Harmonics were confirmed low with both RBW and VBW reduced. Harmonics were complied with the FCC limits in section 15.209. The measurement uncertainty for radiated emissions in this band was ±4.1 dB.

Spurious Emissions Generated When Both (WLAN and BT) Transmitters Transmitting

Result: No spurious emissions were recorded within the restricted bands of up to 25 GHz. Harmonics were below the limit in section 15.209. The measurement uncertainty for radiated emissions in this band was ±4.1 dB.

2.3.2 Frequency Band: 30 - 1000 MHz

Refer to Results Part 1, Section 2.3.2

2.3.3 RF Conducted Measurements at the antenna terminal

In the 100 kHz bandwidth within the operating band, the highest emissions (spurious/harmonics) level that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below.

Measurements for the WLAN were made on a low (channel 1, 2402 MHz), middle (channel 40, 2441 MHz) and high (Channel 79, 2480 MHz) frequency channel.

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

The resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz and the video bandwidth of 300 kHz were utilised.

Refer to Appendix K3 for Harmonics plots

Result: Complies.

2.3.4 Band Edge Measurements

In the 100 kHz bandwidth within the operating band, the highest emissions (spurious/harmonics) level that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below.

Testing was performed while the Bluetooth transmitter continuously transmitted on a low (2402 MHz) and high frequency (2480 MHz) channel.

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

The resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz and the video bandwidth of 300 kHz were utilised.

Refer to Appendix L3 for Band Edge plots
NB: D1 line indicates 20 dB limits below the highest level of the transmitter.

Result: Complies.

3.0 PEAK OUTPUT POWER - Section 15.247 (b)(1) & (3)

Testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247(b)(3).

Measurements were performed while the Bluetooth transmitter continuously transmitted.

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

The resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz and the video bandwidth of 3 MHz were utilised.

Testing was performed while the transmitter continuously transmitted on a low (channel 1, 2402 MHz), middle (channel 40, 2441 MHz) and high (Channel 79, 2480 MHz) frequency channel.

Variation by +/- 15% of the supply voltage, in accordance with section 15.31(e), to the computer power supply power did not cause any variations to the RF output power.

Frequency MHz	P dBm	Limit dBm	P mW	Limit mW	Power Plots
2402	10.4	30	11.0	1000	Appendix M3
2441	10.2	30	10.5	1000	Appendix M3
2480	9.8	30	9.6	1000	Appendix M3

Result: Complies.

4.0 CHANNEL BANDWIDTH & CHANNEL OCCUPANCY

Testing was carried out in accordance with the requirements of FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(i)&(iii)

The EUT was a Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum transmitter and operated as described in section 2 of this report.

4.1 Channel Bandwidth

In the band 2400 - 2483.5 MHz the hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyser in peak hold mode.

A resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz and the video bandwidth of 100 kHz were utilised.

Testing was performed while the transmitter continuously transmitted on a low (channel 1, 2402 MHz), middle (channel 40, 2441 MHz) and high (Channel 79, 2480 MHz) frequency channel.

Frequency MHz	Bandwidth kHz	Result	20 dB Bandwidth Plots
2402	739	Complies	Appendix J3
2441	745	Complies	Appendix J3
2480	733	Complies	Appendix J3

4.2 Channel Occupancy

79 channels were observed operating between 2400 – 2483.5 MHz. Refer to Appendix O for number of channel plot.

The channel separation of 1 MHz was recorded. Refer to Appendix O for number of channel separation plot.

The device was observed to have a dwell time of 410.8 uS. This measurement was made on a channel using a spectrum analyser with a 0 Hz span and a sweep time of 5 mS. Refer to Appendix O for dwell time plot.

The specification allows for a dwell time not exceeding 0.4 seconds.

The maximum period is 79 channels x 0.4 seconds = 31.6 seconds

During the test the transmitter was observed to activate on average 315 times in 31.6 seconds.

The transmitter therefore occupies in one channel for 315 x 410.8uS = 0.129 seconds

Result: Complies.

5.0 RADIO FREQUENCY EXPOSURE (HAZARD) INFORMATION

Refer to Results Part 1, Section 5.0

6. 0 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Testing to the requirements of FCC Part 15.203 was not applicable as this intentional radiator was designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

7.0 COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

The LifeBook E Series, Model: E8020 (Eton) with Mini-PCI Wireless LAN Module (Calexico2, 11b/g), Model WM3B2200BG & Bluetooth, Model UGXZ5-102A, tested on behalf of Fujitsu Australia Ltd, **complies** with the requirements of 47 CFR, Part 15 Subpart C - Rules for Radio Frequency Devices (intentional radiators), Section 15.247 -Operation in the frequency band 2400 - 2483.5 MHz.

The test sample also complies with the Industry Canada RSS-210 issue 5 (Low Power Licence-Exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands)) clause 6.2.2(o) 2400 – 2483.5 MHz Spread Spectrum requirements and the RF exposure requirements of RSS-102.

Results were as follows:

Bluetooth

FCC Part 15, Subpart C Clauses	Industry Canada RSS-210 Clauses	Test Performed	Result
15.203	5.5	Antenna Requirement	**Not Applicable**
15.205	6.3	Operation in Restricted Bandwidth	**Complies**
15.207	6.6	Conducted Emissions	**Complies**
15.209	6.3	Radiated Emissions	**Complies**
15.247 (a)(1)&(3)	6.2.2(o)(ii)	Channel Occupancy/Bandwidth	**Complies**
15.247 (b)(1)	6.2.2(o)(b)	Peak Output Power	**Complies**
15.247 (b)(5)		Radio Frequency Hazard	**Complies**
15.247 (c)	6.2.2(o)(e1)	Out of Band Emissions	**Complies**

WLAN Module (Refer to Results – Part 1)

FCC Part 15, Subpart C Clauses	Industry Canada RSS-210 Clauses	Test Performed	Result
15.203	5.5	Antenna Requirement	**Not Applicable**
15.205	6.3	Operation in Restricted Bandwidth	**Complies**
15.207	6.6	Conducted Emissions	**Complies**
15.209	6.3	Radiated Emissions	**Complies**
15.247 (a)(2)	6.2.2(o)(iv)	Channel Bandwidth	**Complies**
15.247 (b)(3)	6.2.2(o)(b)	Peak Output Power	**Complies**
15.247 (b)(5)		Radio Frequency Hazard	**Complies**
15.247 (c)	6.2.2(o)(e1)	Out of Band Emissions	**Complies**
15.247 (d)	6.2.2(o)(iv)	Peak Power Spectral Density	**Complies**

TEST REPORT APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENT DETAILS
APPENDIX B: REPORT PHOTOGRAPHS
APPENDIX C: FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION
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APPENDIX E: SCHEMATICS
APPENDIX F: ANTENNA INFORMATION
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APPENDIX I: GRAPHS of EMI MEASUREMENTS
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APPENDIX L: BANDEDGE PLOTS
APPENDIX M: PEAK POWER OUTPUT PLOTS
APPENDIX N: PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY PLOTS
APPENDIX O: BLUETOOTH CHANNEL OCCUPANCY PLOTS
APPENDIX P: USER MANUAL

Attachment 1: RF Exposure Information
Attachment 2: FCC DOC for LifeBook E Series (Eton)