



FCC RF Test Report

APPLICANT : FUJITSU LIMITED
EQUIPMENT : Wearable Keyboard
BRAND NAME : FUJITSU
MODEL NAME : IOT002
FCC ID : EJE-BT0003
STANDARD : FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247
CLASSIFICATION : (DSS) Spread Spectrum Transmitter

The product was received on Feb. 11, 2015 and testing was completed on Mar. 02, 2015. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Joseph Lin / Supervisor

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Tao Yuan City, Taiwan, R.O.C.



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REVISION HISTORY

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FR521045-01	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Apr. 09, 2015



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

Report Section	FCC Rule	IC Rule	Description	Limit	Result	Remark
3.1	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.4(2)	Number of Channels	≥ 15Chs	Pass	-
3.2	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(b)	Hopping Channel Separation	≥ 2/3 of 20dB BW	Pass	-
3.3	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(d)	Dwell Time of Each Channel	≤ 0.4sec in 31.6sec period	Pass	-
3.4	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(a)	20dB Bandwidth	NA	Pass	-
3.4	-	RSS-Gen 4.6.1	99% Bandwidth	-	Pass	-
3.5	15.247(b)(1)	RSS-210 A8.1(b)	Peak Output Power	≤ 125 mW	Pass	-
3.6	15.247(d)	RSS-210 A8.5	Conducted Band Edges	≤ 20dBc	Pass	-
3.7	15.247(d)	RSS-210 A8.5	Conducted Spurious Emission	≤ 20dBc	Pass	-
3.8	15.247(d)	RSS-210 A8.5	Radiated Band Edges and Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209(a) & 15.247(d)	Pass	Under limit 8.30 dB at 57.810 MHz
3.9	15.203 & 15.247(b)	RSS-210 A8.4	Antenna Requirement	N/A	Pass	-



1 General Description

1.1 Applicant

FUJITSU LIMITED

1-1, Kamikodanaka 4-chome, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki, 211-8588 Japan

1.2 Manufacturer

FUJITSU LIMITED

1-1, Kamikodanaka 4-chome, Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki, 211-8588 Japan

1.3 Product Feature of Equipment Under Test

Product Feature	
Equipment	Wearable Keyboard
Brand Name	FUJITSU
Model Name	IOT002
FCC ID	EJE-BT0003
EUT supports Radios application	Bluetooth v3.0 EDR
EUT Stage	Pre Production Unit

Remark: The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

1.4 Product Specification subjective to this standard

Product Specification subjective to this standard	
Tx/Rx Frequency Range	2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Number of Channels	79
Carrier Frequency of Each Channel	2402+n*1 MHz; n=0~78
Maximum Output Power to Antenna	Bluetooth BR(1Mbps) : 10.31 dBm (0.0107 W) Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : 10.45 dBm (0.0111 W) Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 10.97 dBm (0.0125 W)
99% Occupied Bandwidth	Bluetooth BR(1Mbps) : 0.852MHz Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : 1.188MHz Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 1.156MHz
Antenna Type	On-board Antenna type with gain 1.60 dBi
Type of Modulation	Bluetooth BR (1Mbps) : GFSK Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : $\pi/4$ -DQPSK Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 8-DPSK



1.5 Modification of EUT

No modifications are made to the EUT during all test items.

1.6 Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code : 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1022 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC Test.

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.	
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Tao Yuan City, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978	
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.	
	TH02-HY	03CH07-HY

Note: The test site complies with ANSI C63.4 2009 requirement.

1.7 Applicable Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

- FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247
- FCC Public Notice DA 00-705
- ANSI C63.10-2013

Remark:

1. All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test.
2. FCC permits the use of the 1.5 meter table as an alternative in C63.10-2013 through inquiry tracking number 961829.
3. This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC Part 15, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.



2 Test Configuration of Equipment Under Test

2.1 Descriptions of Test Mode

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rates and recorded the RF output power in the following table:

Channel	Frequency	Bluetooth RF Output Power		
		Data Rate / Modulation		
		GFSK	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	8-DPSK
		1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps
Ch00	2402MHz	10.31 dBm	10.45 dBm	10.97 dBm
Ch39	2441MHz	10.04 dBm	10.16 dBm	10.78 dBm
Ch78	2480MHz	9.65 dBm	9.87 dBm	10.49 dBm

Remark:

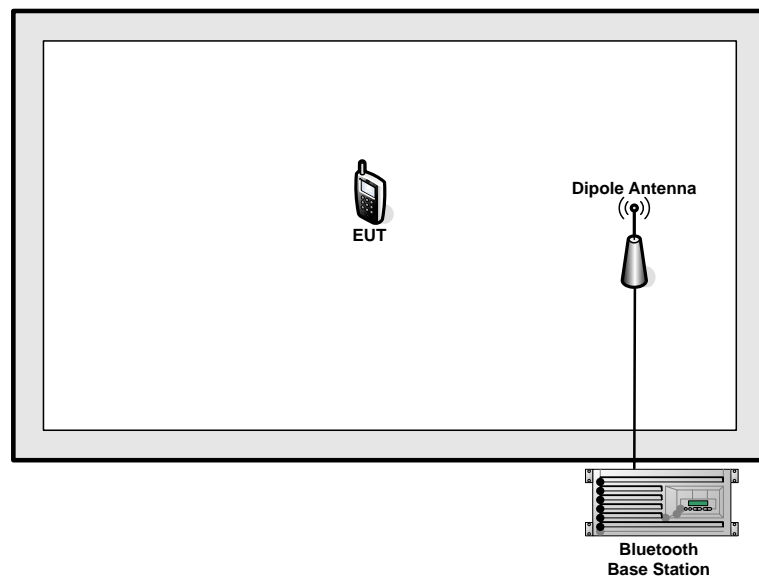
1. All the test data for each data rate were verified, but only the worst case was reported.
 2. The data rate was set in 3Mbps for all the test items due to the highest RF output power.
- a. The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application. Frequency range investigated: radiation (9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower). Pre-scanned tests, X, Y, Z in three orthogonal panels, and different data rates were conducted to determine the final configuration (Y plane as worst plane) from all possible combinations, and the worst mode of radiated spurious emissions is Bluetooth 3Mbps mode, and recorded in this report.

2.2 Test Mode

The following summary table is showing all test modes to demonstrate in compliance with the standard.

Summary table of Test Cases			
Test Item	Data Rate / Modulation		
	Bluetooth BR 1Mbps GFSK	Bluetooth EDR 2Mbps $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Bluetooth EDR 3Mbps 8-DPSK
Conducted Test Cases	Mode 1: CH00_2402 MHz	Mode 4: CH00_2402 MHz	Mode 7: CH00_2402 MHz
	Mode 2: CH39_2441 MHz	Mode 5: CH39_2441 MHz	Mode 8: CH39_2441 MHz
	Mode 3: CH78_2480 MHz	Mode 6: CH78_2480 MHz	Mode 9: CH78_2480 MHz
Radiated Test Cases	Bluetooth EDR 3Mbps 8-DPSK		
	Mode 1: CH00_2402 MHz		
	Mode 2: CH39_2441 MHz		
	Mode 3: CH78_2480 MHz		
<p>Remark: For radiated test cases, the worst mode data rate 3Mbps was reported only, because this data rate has the highest RF output power at preliminary tests, and the conducted spurious emissions and conducted band edge measurement for each data rate are no worse than 3Mbps, and no other significantly frequencies found in conducted spurious emission.</p>			

2.3 Connection Diagram of Test System





2.4 Support Unit used in test configuration and system

Item	Equipment	Trade Name	Model Name	FCC ID	Data Cable	Power Cord
1.	Bluetooth Base Station	R&S	CBT32	N/A	N/A	Unshielded, 1.8 m

2.5 EUT Operation Test Setup

For Bluetooth function, programmed RF utility, "CC265x Bluetooth Hardware Evaluation Tool" installed in the notebook make the EUT provide functions like channel selection and power level for continuous transmitting and receiving signals.

2.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

For all conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator factor between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

Example:

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

Following shows an offset computation example with cable loss 4.2 dB and 10dB attenuator.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Offset(dB)} &= \text{RF cable loss(dB)} + \text{attenuator factor(dB)}. \\ &= 4.2 + 10 = 14.2 \text{ (dB)} \end{aligned}$$

3 Test Result

3.1 Number of Channel Measurement

3.1.1 Limits of Number of Hopping Frequency

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

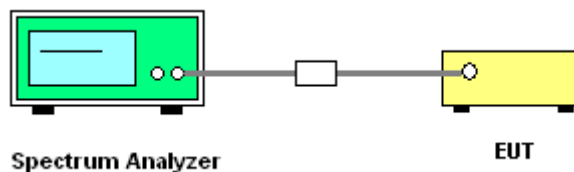
3.1.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.1.3 Test Procedure

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = the frequency band of operation; RBW \geq 1% of the span; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. The number of hopping frequency used is defined as the number of total channel.
7. Record the measurement data derived from spectrum analyzer.

3.1.4 Test Setup

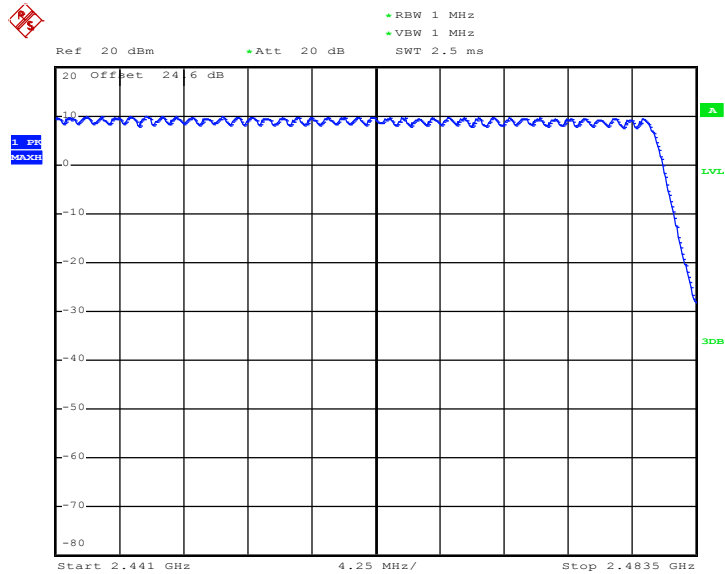
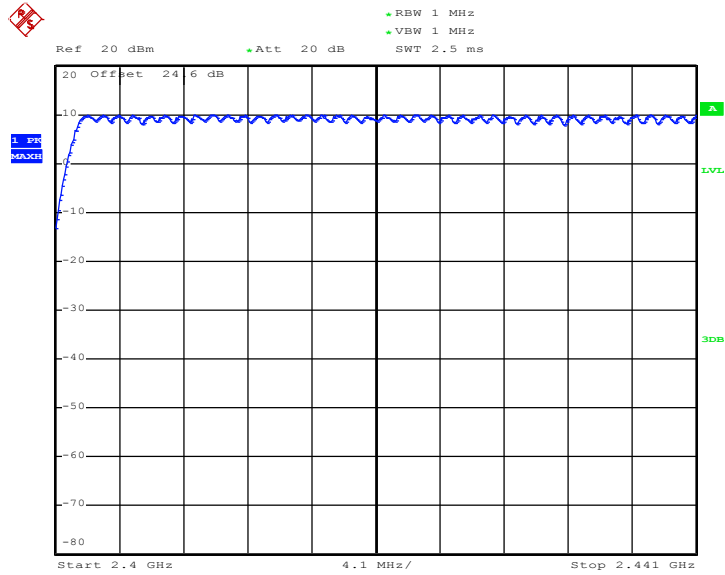


3.1.5 Test Result of Number of Hopping Frequency

Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%
Number of Hopping (Channel)	Adaptive Frequency Hopping (Channel)	Limits (Channel)	Pass/Fail
79	20	> 15	Pass



Number of Hopping Channel Plot on Channel 00 - 78



3.2 Hopping Channel Separation Measurement

3.2.1 Limit of Hopping Channel Separation

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

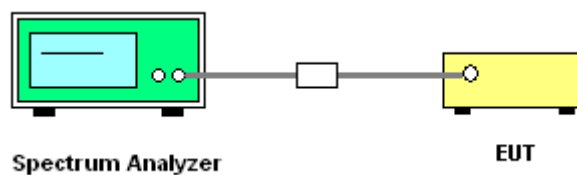
3.2.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.2.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels; RBW \geq 1% of the span;
VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

3.2.4 Test Setup



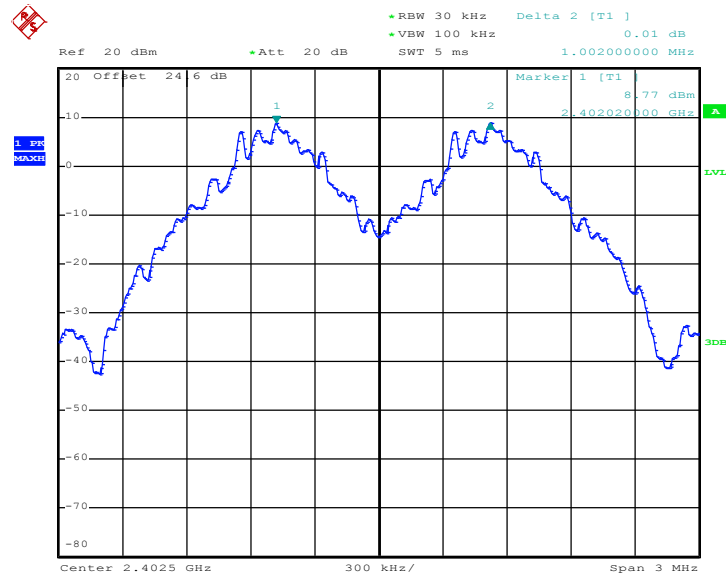


3.2.5 Test Result of Hopping Channel Separation

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%

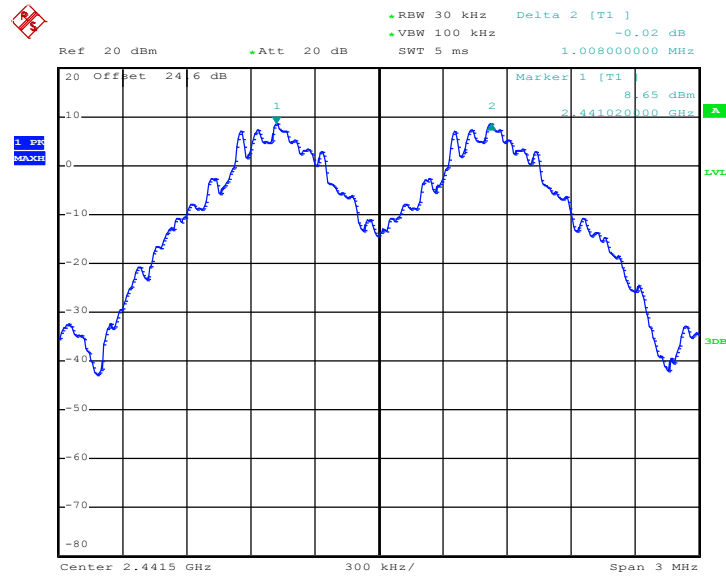
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.002	0.5520	Pass
39	2441	1.008	0.5493	Pass
78	2480	1.008	0.5547	Pass

Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01

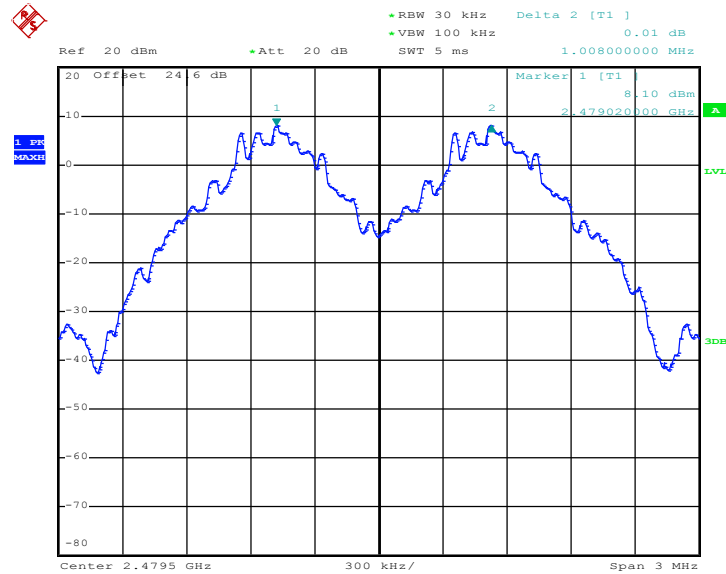




Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78

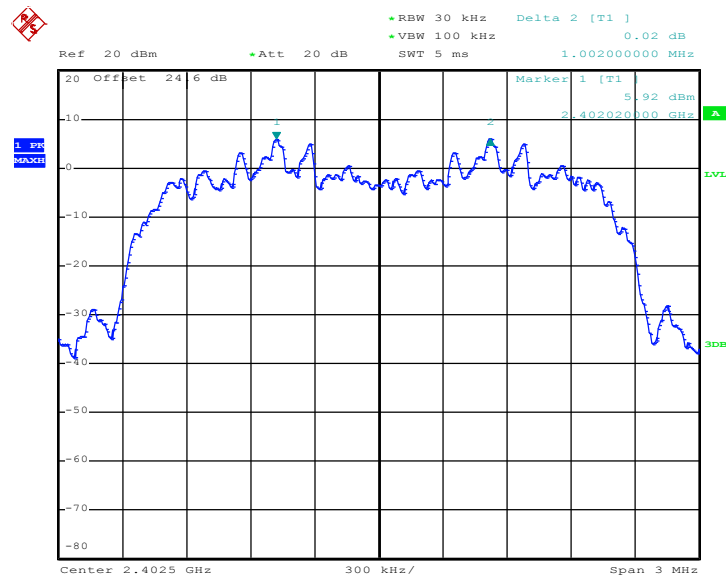




Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%

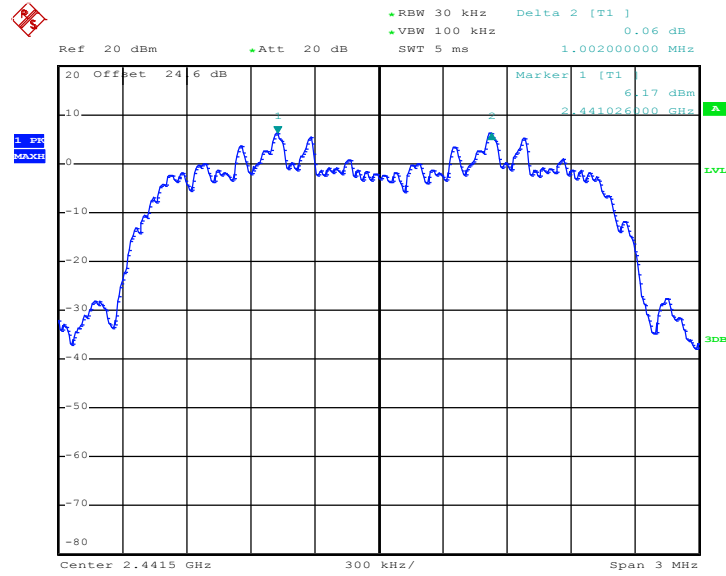
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.002	0.8280	Pass
39	2441	1.002	0.8760	Pass
78	2480	1.002	0.8320	Pass

Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01

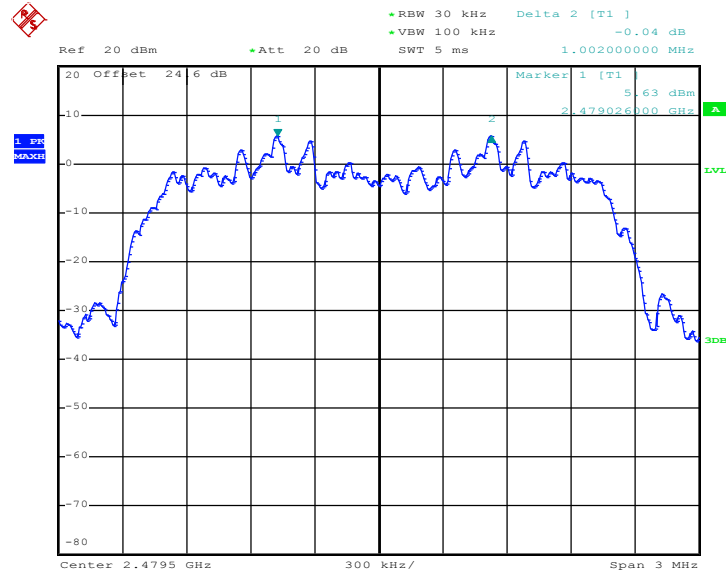




Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78

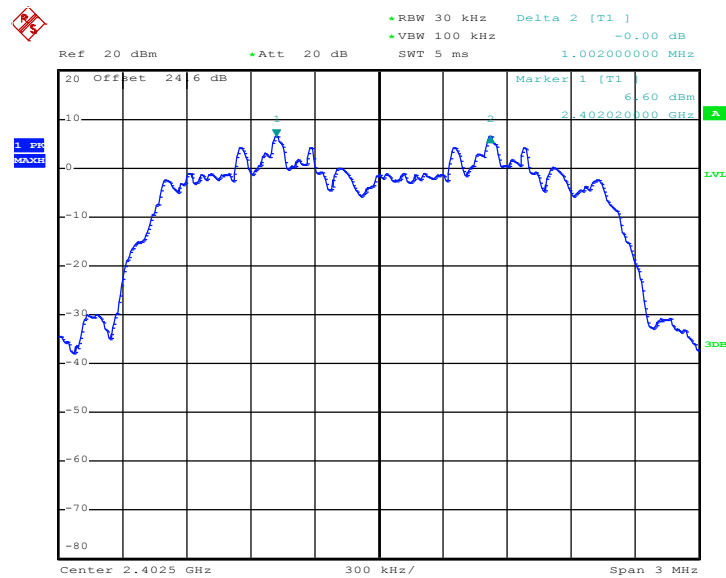




Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%

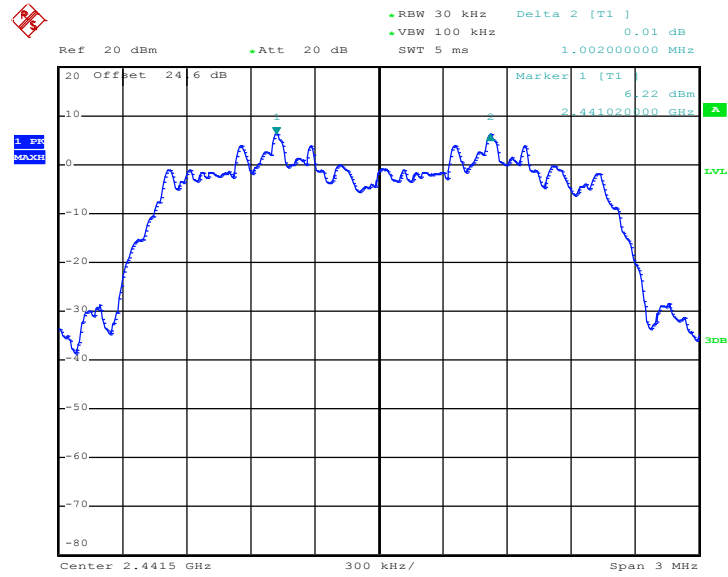
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frequency Separation (MHz)	(2/3 of 20dB BW) Limits (MHz)	Pass/Fail
00	2402	1.002	0.8240	Pass
39	2441	1.002	0.8240	Pass
78	2480	1.002	0.8280	Pass

Channel Separation Plot on Channel 00 - 01

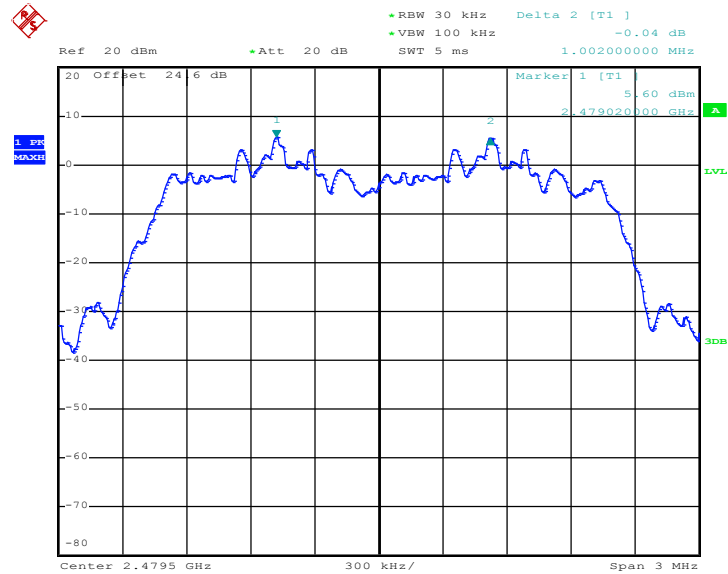




Channel Separation Plot on Channel 39 - 40



Channel Separation Plot on Channel 77 - 78



3.3 Dwell Time Measurement

3.3.1 Limit of Dwell Time

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

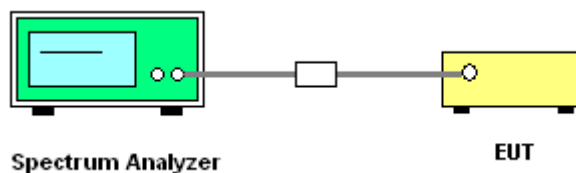
3.3.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.3.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Enable the EUT hopping function.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel; RBW = 1 MHz; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

3.3.4 Test Setup





3.3.5 Test Result of Dwell Time

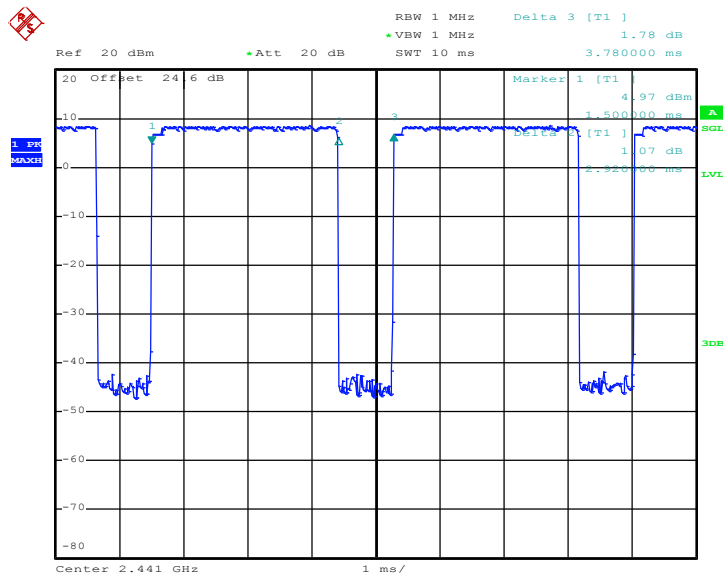
Test Mode :	DH5	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%

Mode	Hopping Channel Number	Hops Over Occupancy Time(hops)	Package Transfer Time (msec)	Dwell Time (sec)	Limits (sec)	Pass/Fail
Normal	79	106.67	2.92	0.31	0.4	Pass
AFH	20	53.33	2.92	0.16	0.4	Pass

Remark:

- In normal mode, hopping rate is 1600 hops/s with 6 slots in 79 hopping channels.
With channel hopping rate (1600 / 6 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s),
Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 6 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 106.67 hops.
- In AFH mode, hopping rate is 800 hops/s with 6 slots in 20 hopping channels.
With channel hopping rate (800 / 6 / 20) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 20) (s),
Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (800 / 6 / 20) x (0.4 x 20) = 53.33 hops.
- Dwell Time(s) = Hops Over Occupancy Time (hops) x Package Transfer Time

Package Transfer Time Plot



3.4 20dB and 99% Bandwidth Measurement

3.4.1 Limit of 20dB and 99% Bandwidth

Reporting only

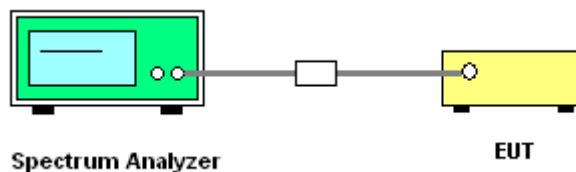
3.4.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.4.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 20dB Bandwidth measurement.
Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel;
RBW \geq 1% of the 20 dB bandwidth; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak;
Trace = max hold.
5. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings for 99 % Bandwidth measurement.
For 99% Bandwidth measurement, the RBW=30kHz, and VBW = 100kHz. Sweep = auto ;
Detector function = sample. Trace = max hold.
6. Measure and record the results in the test report.

3.4.4 Test Setup



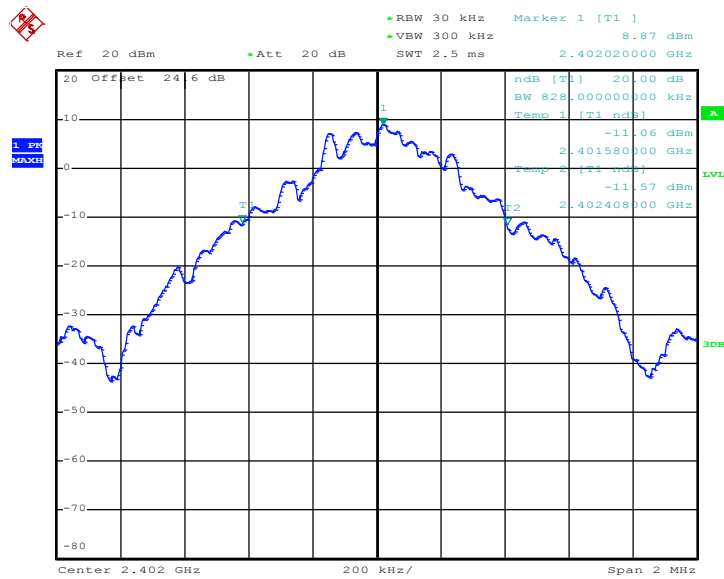


3.4.5 Test Result of 20dB Bandwidth

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%

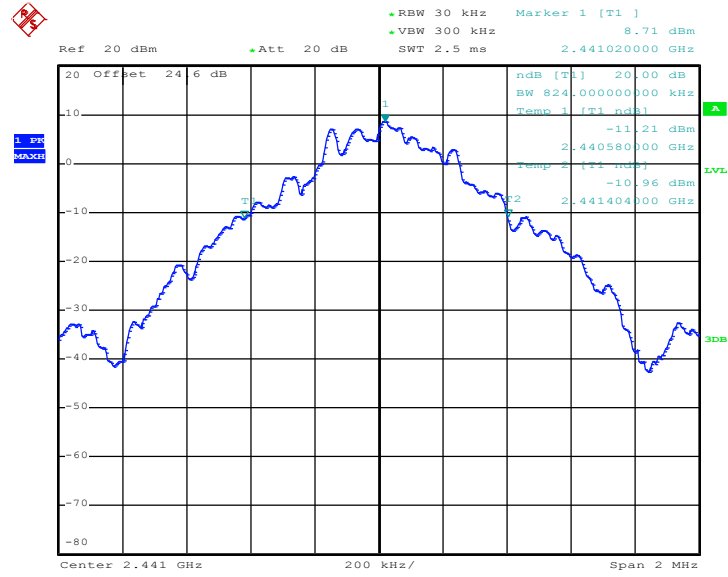
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	0.828
39	2441	0.824
78	2480	0.832

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00

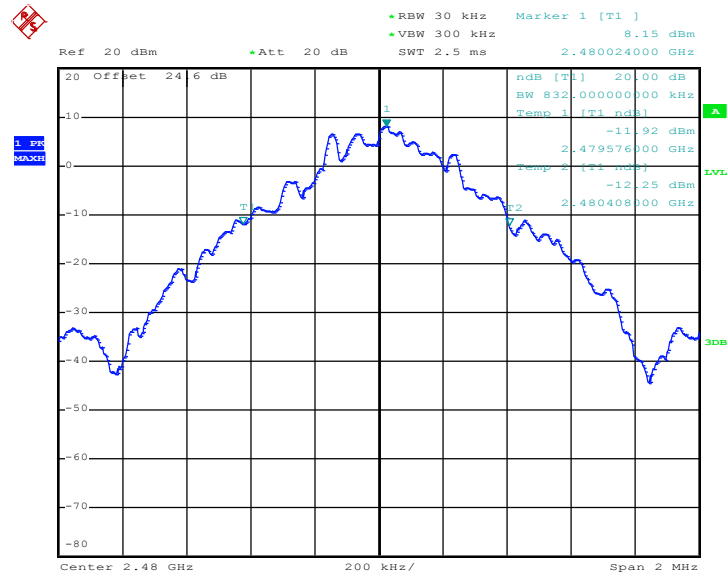




20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78

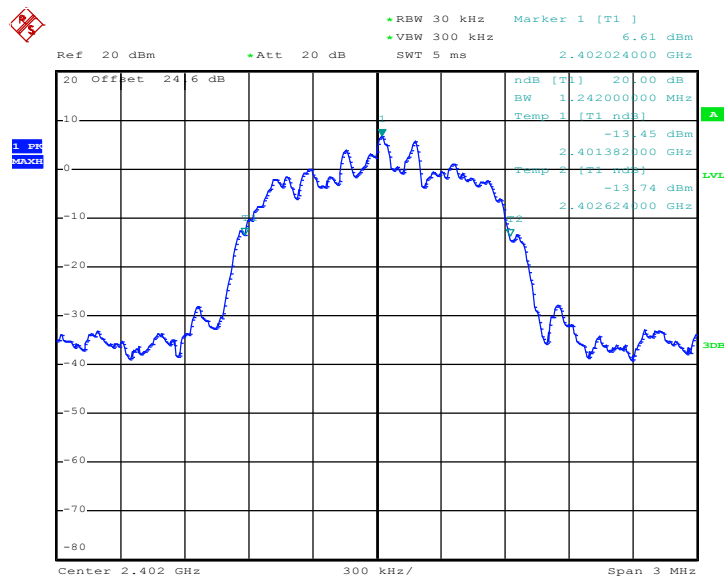




Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%

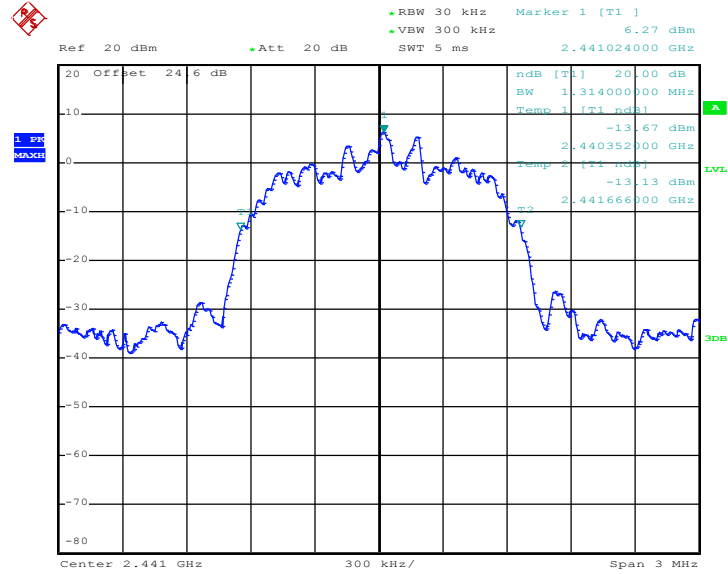
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.242
39	2441	1.314
78	2480	1.248

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00

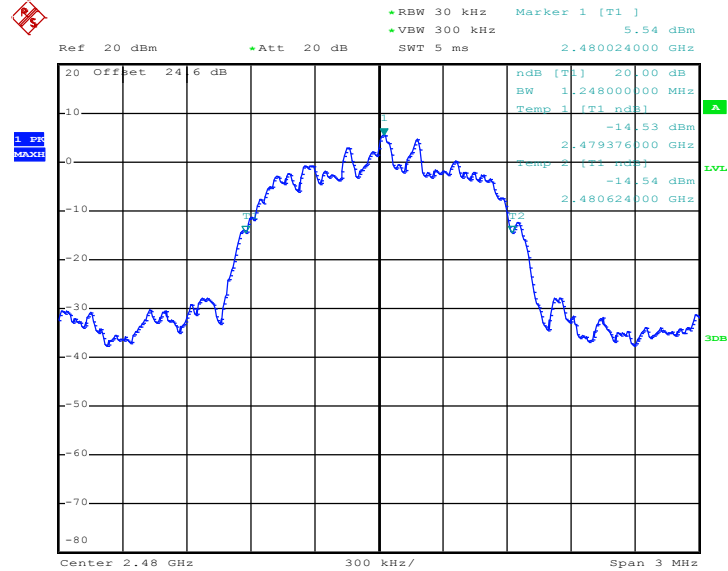




20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78

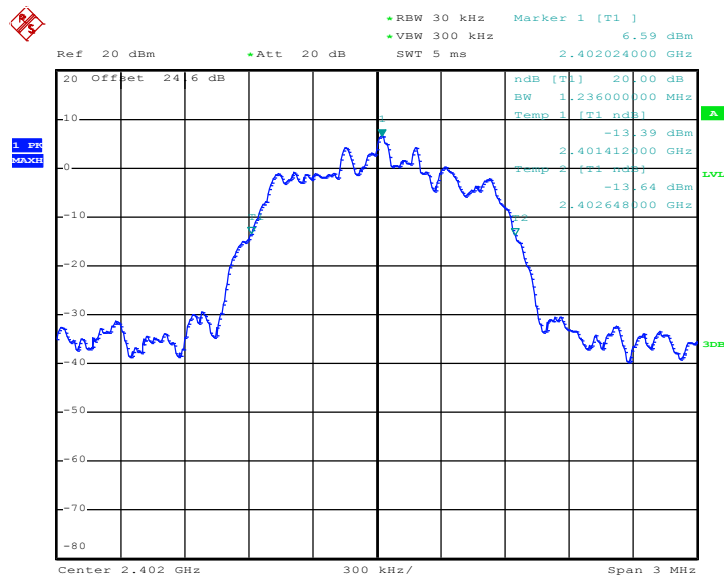




Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%

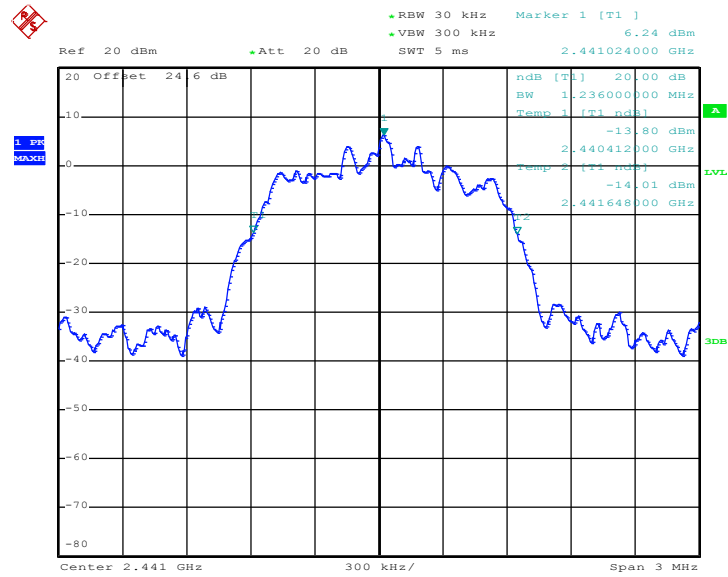
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.236
39	2441	1.236
78	2480	1.242

20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00

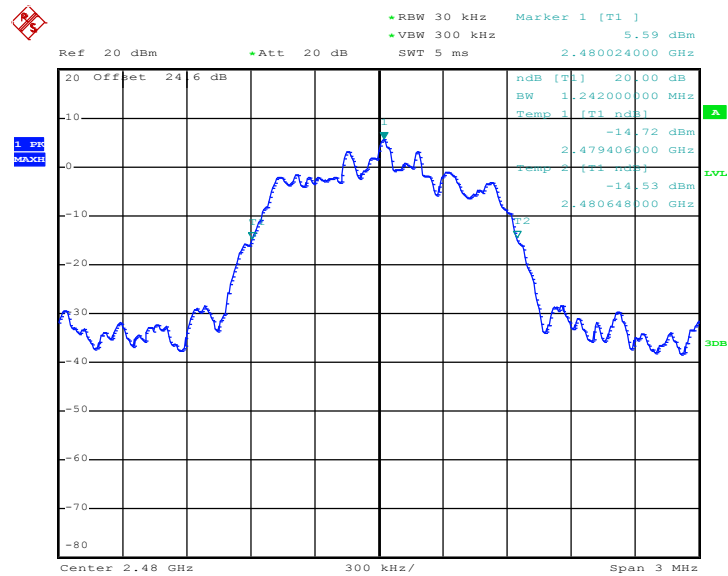




20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



20 dB Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



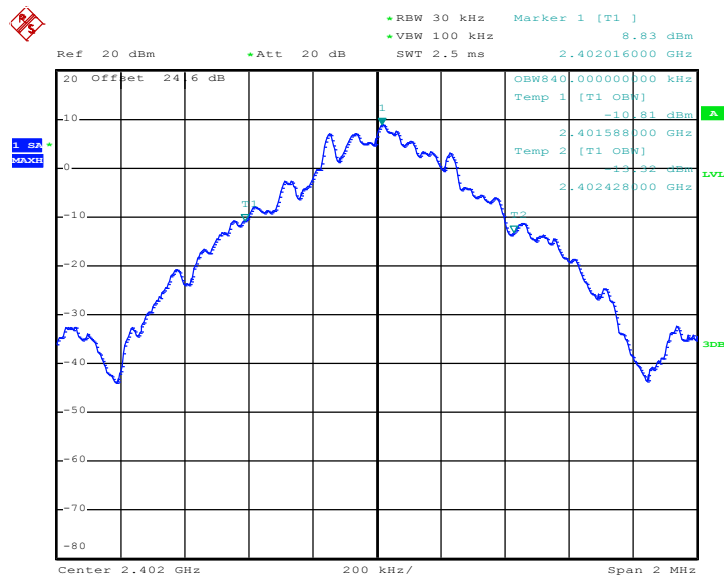


3.4.6 Test Result of 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%

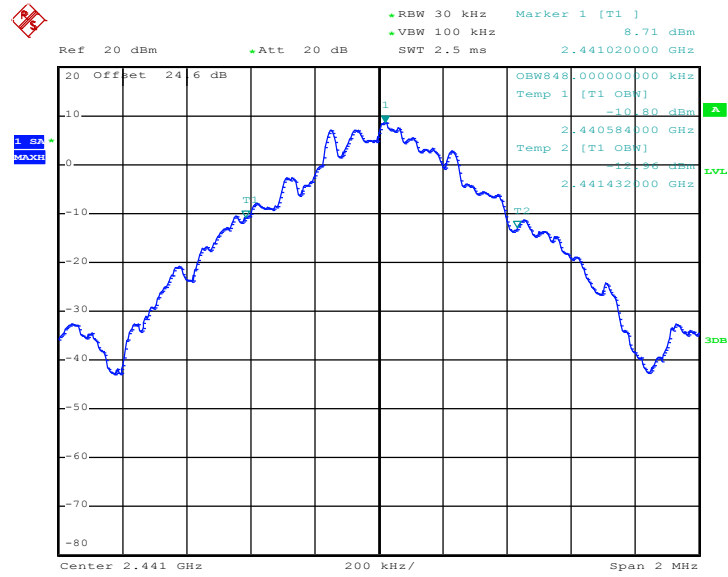
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	0.840
39	2441	0.848
78	2480	0.852

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00

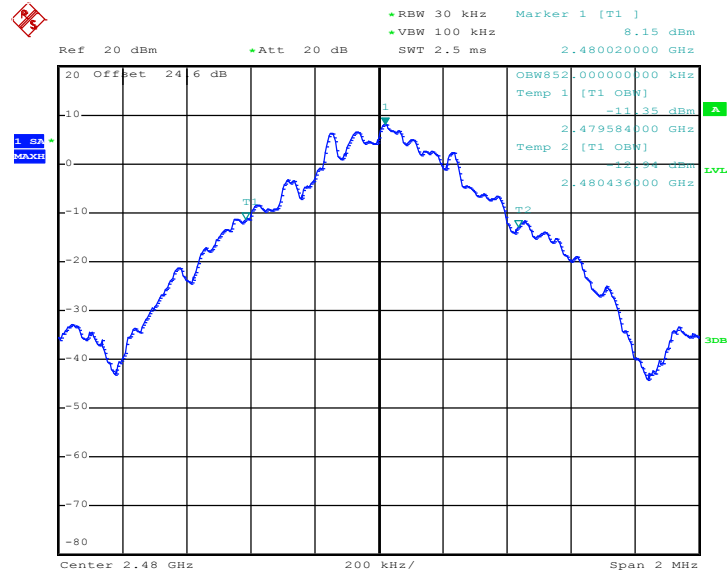




99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78

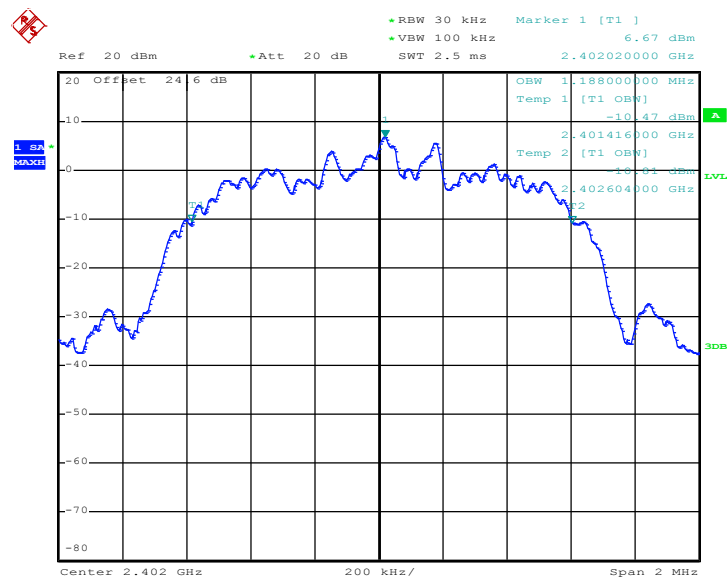




Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%

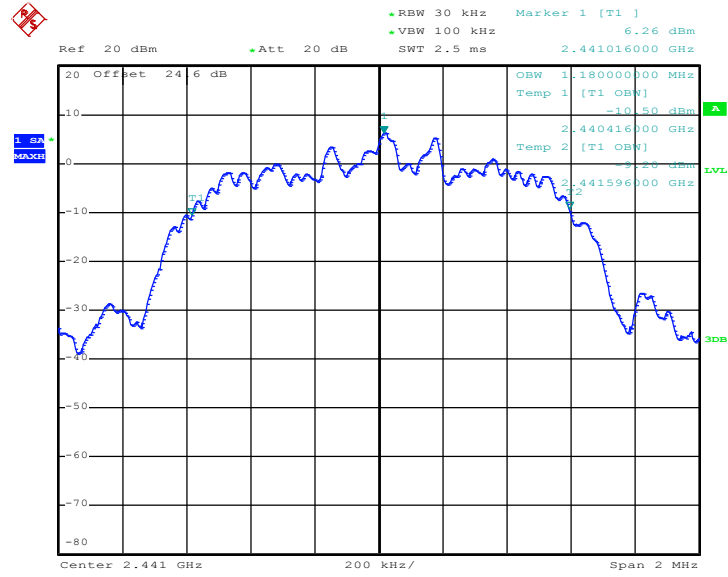
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.188
39	2441	1.180
78	2480	1.180

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00

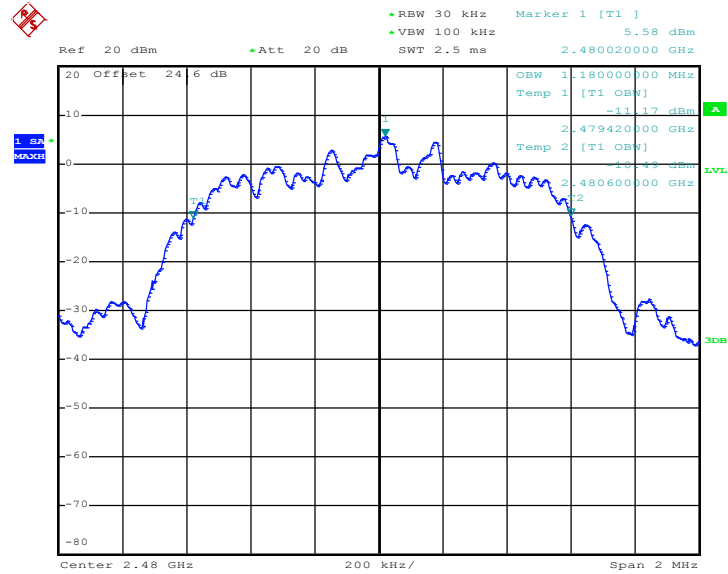




99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78

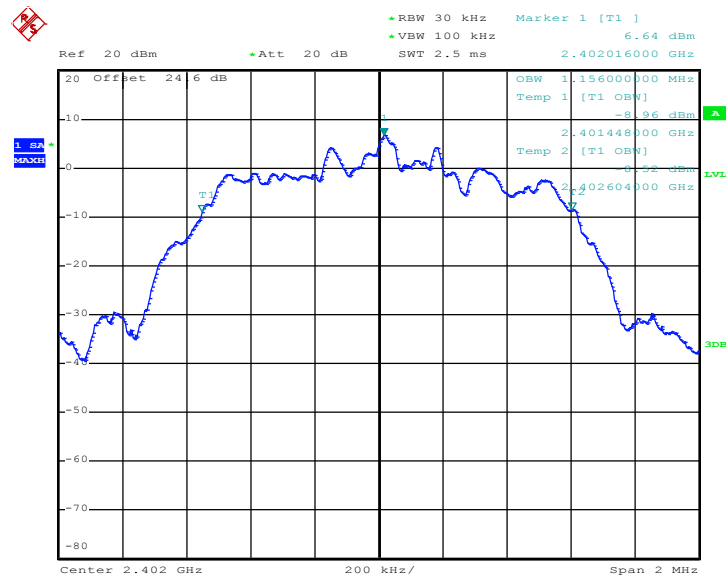




Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%

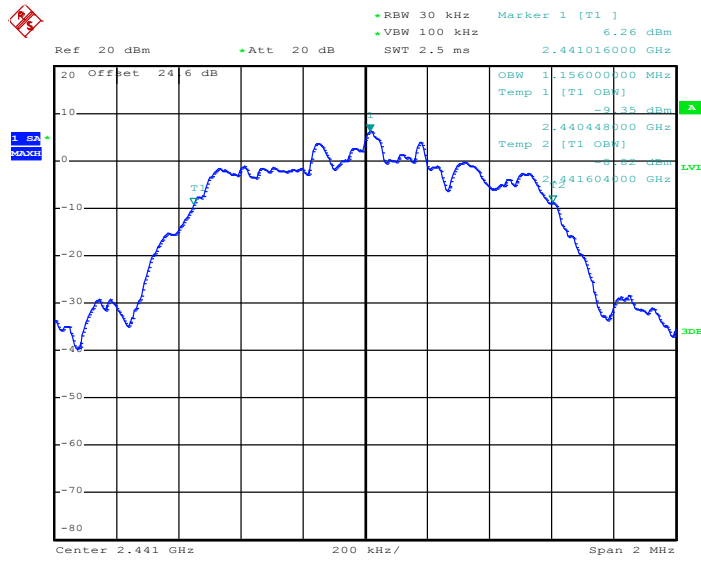
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)
00	2402	1.156
39	2441	1.156
78	2480	1.156

99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 00

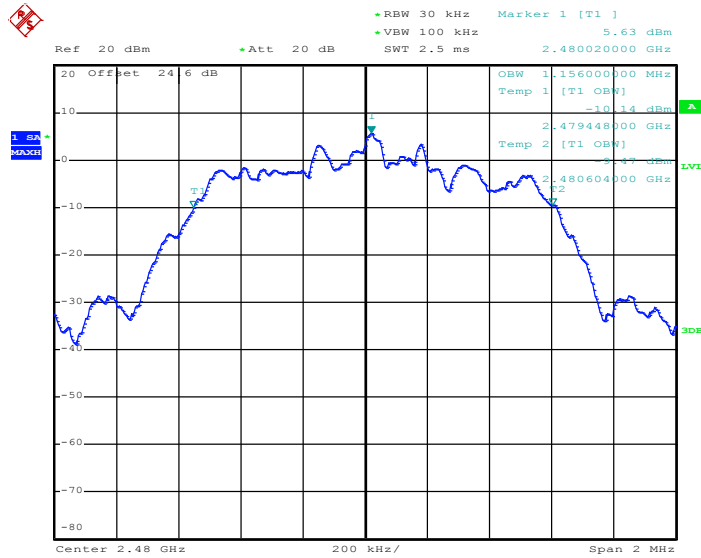




99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 39



99% Occupied Bandwidth Plot on Channel 78



Note: The occupied channel bandwidth is maintained within the band of operation for all of the modulations.

3.5 Peak Output Power Measurement

3.5.1 Limit of Peak Output Power

Section 15.247 (b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following: (1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band 0.125 watts. The power limit for 1Mbps is 1watt, and for 2Mbps, 3Mbps and AFH are 0.125 watts.

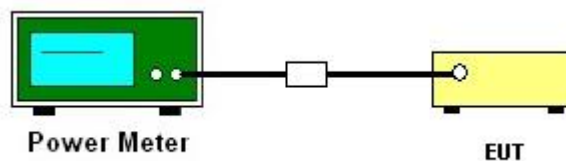
3.5.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.5.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the power meter by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Measure the conducted output power with cable loss and record the results in the test report.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

3.5.4 Test Setup





3.5.5 Test Result of Peak Output Power

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		GFSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		1 Mbps		
00	2402	10.31	20.97	Pass
39	2441	10.04	20.97	Pass
78	2480	9.65	20.97	Pass

Note: For AFH mode using 20 hopping channels, the maximum output power limit is 20.97dBm.

Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		2 Mbps		
00	2402	10.45	20.97	Pass
39	2441	10.16	20.97	Pass
78	2480	9.87	20.97	Pass

Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)		
		8-DPSK	Max. Limits (dBm)	Pass/Fail
		3 Mbps		
00	2402	10.97	20.97	Pass
39	2441	10.78	20.97	Pass
78	2480	10.49	20.97	Pass

3.6 Conducted Band Edges Measurement

3.6.1 Limit of Band Edges

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

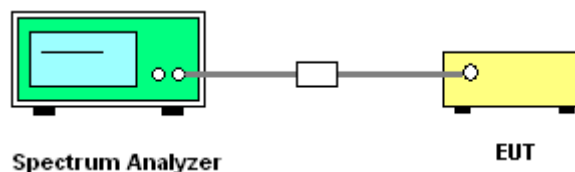
3.6.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.6.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
3. Set RBW = 100kHz ($\geq 1\%$ span=10MHz), VBW = 300kHz (\geq RBW). Band edge emissions must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100kHz RBW. The attenuation shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB when RMS conducted output power procedure is used.
4. Enable hopping function of the EUT and then repeat step 2. and 3.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.

3.6.4 Test Setup

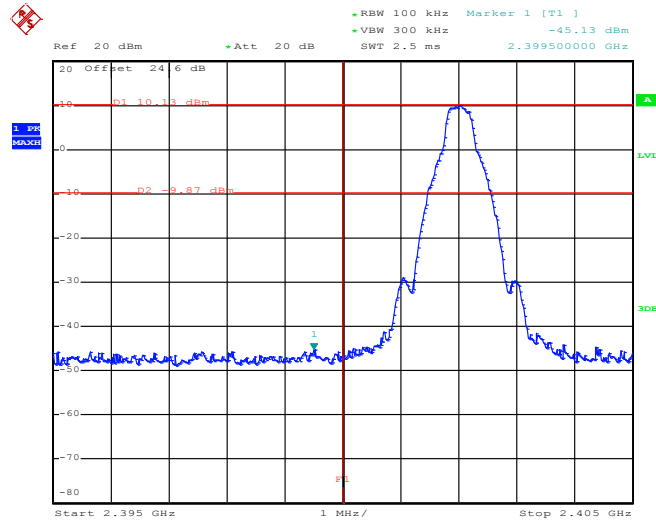




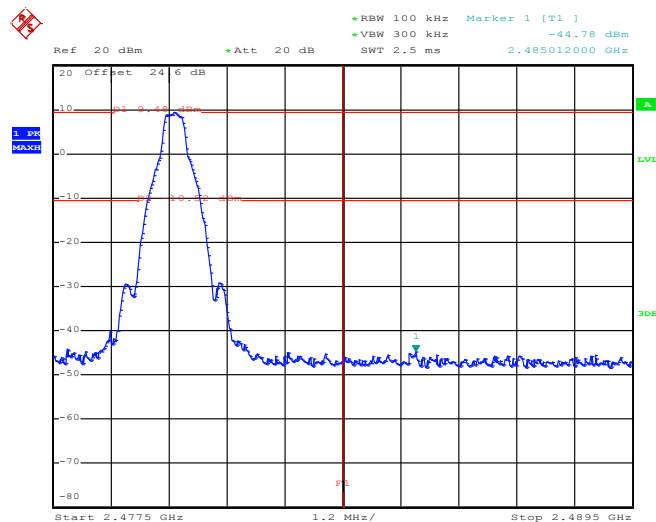
3.6.5 Test Result of Conducted Band Edges

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	48~51%
		Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



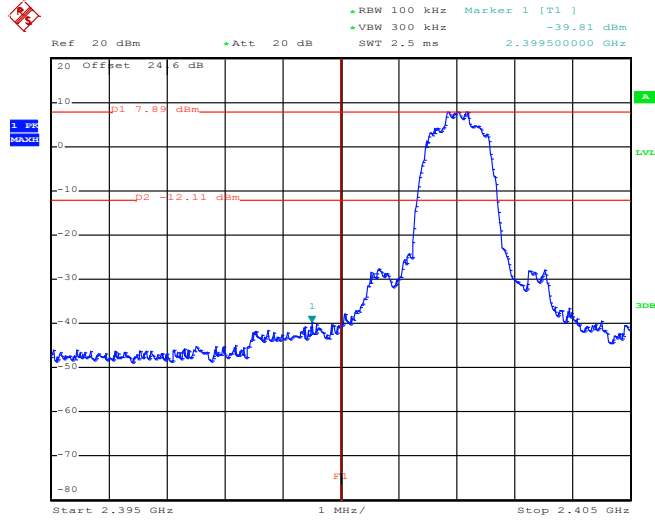
High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78



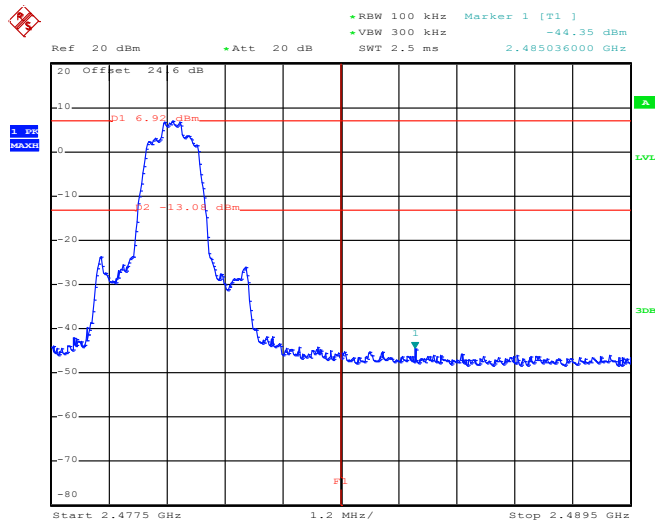


Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	48~51%
		Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



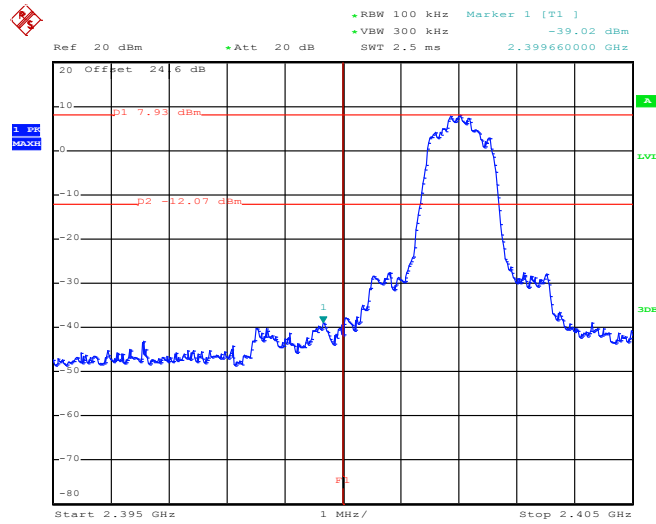
High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78



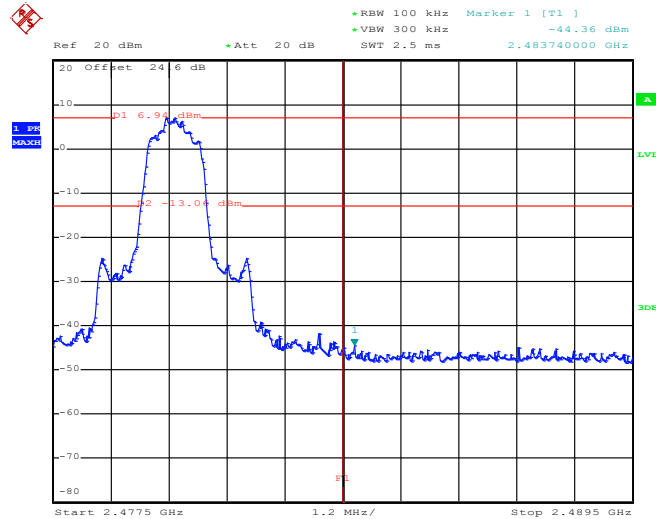


Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00 and 78	Relative Humidity :	48~51%
		Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin

Low Band Edge Plot on Channel 00



High Band Edge Plot on Channel 78

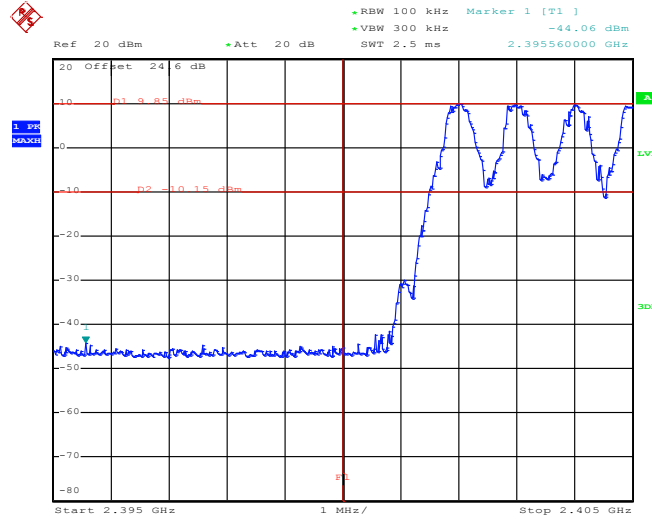




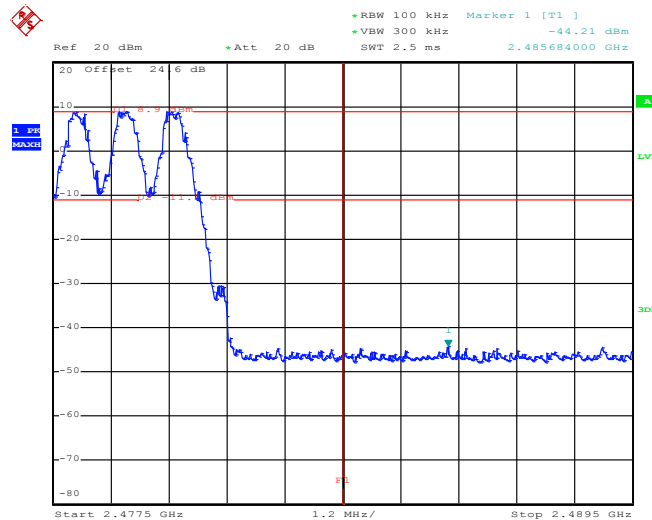
3.6.6 Test Result of Conducted Hopping Mode Band Edges

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%

1Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



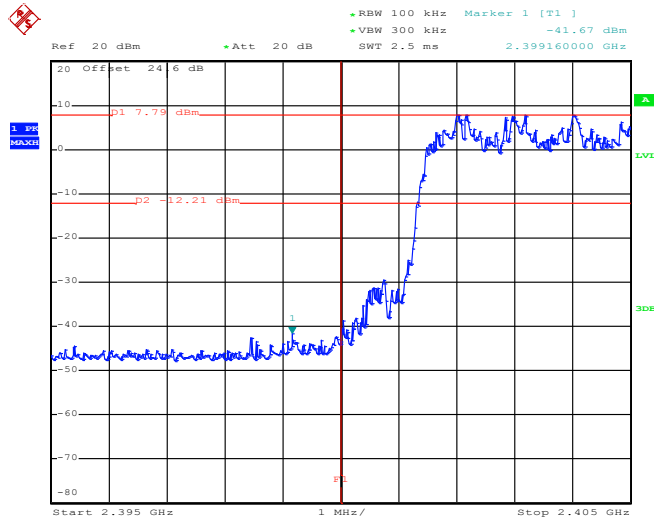
1Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot



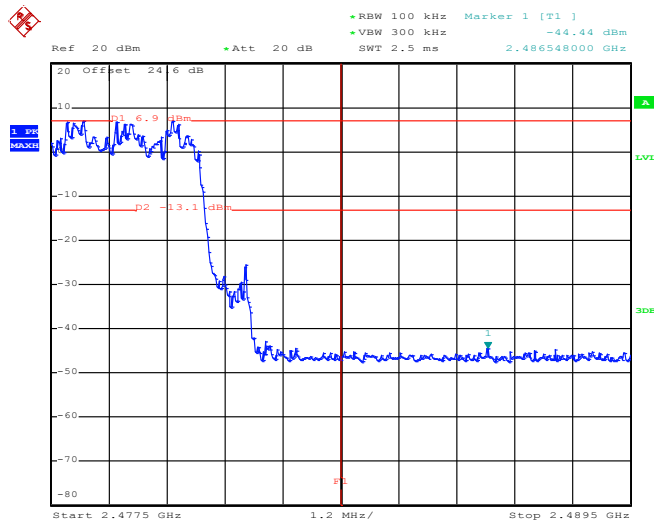


Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%

2Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



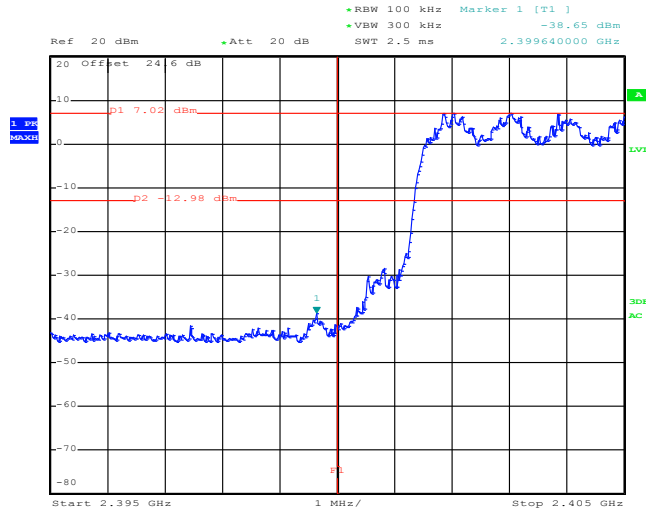
2Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot



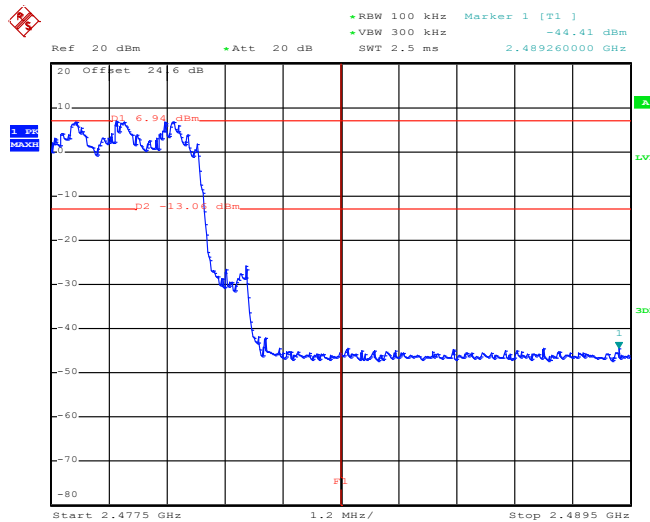


Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin	Relative Humidity :	48~51%

3Mbps Hopping Mode Low Band Edge Plot



3Mbps Hopping Mode High Band Edge Plot



3.7 Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

3.7.1 Limit of Spurious Emission Measurement

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.

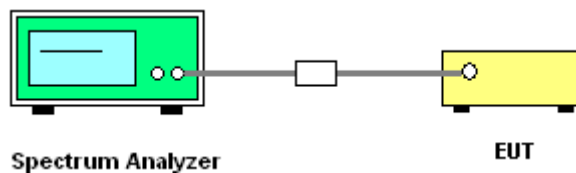
3.7.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.

3.7.3 Test Procedure

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious RF Conducted Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines
2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.
3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
4. Set RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300kHz, scan up through 10th harmonic. All harmonics / spurs must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100 kHz RBW.
5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
6. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.

3.7.4 Test Setup

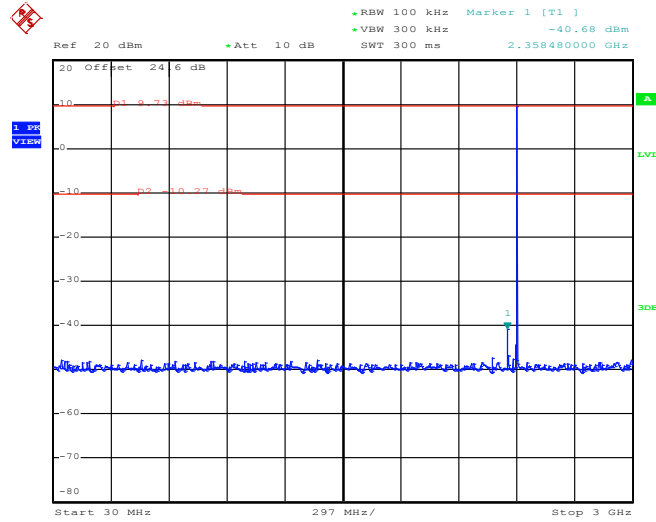




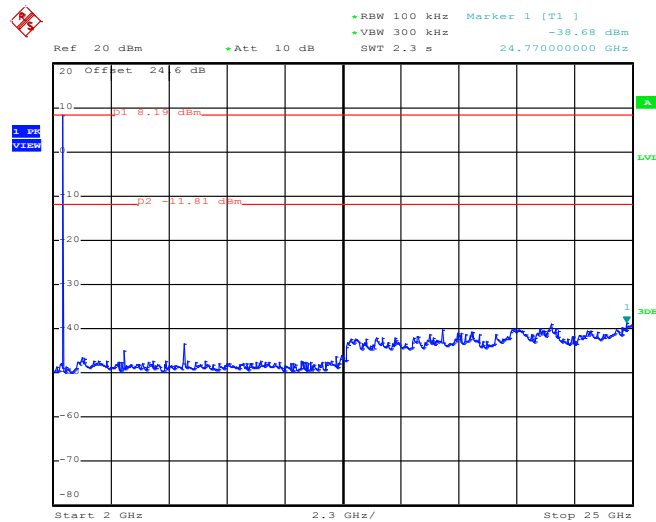
3.7.5 Test Result of Conducted Spurious Emission

Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	48~51%
		Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



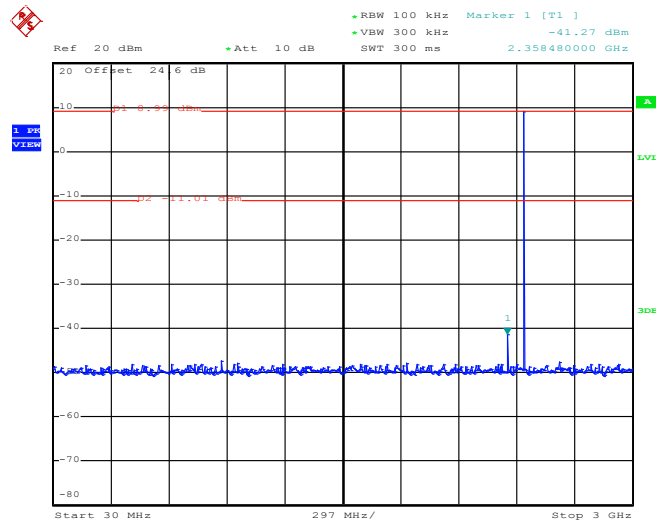
1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



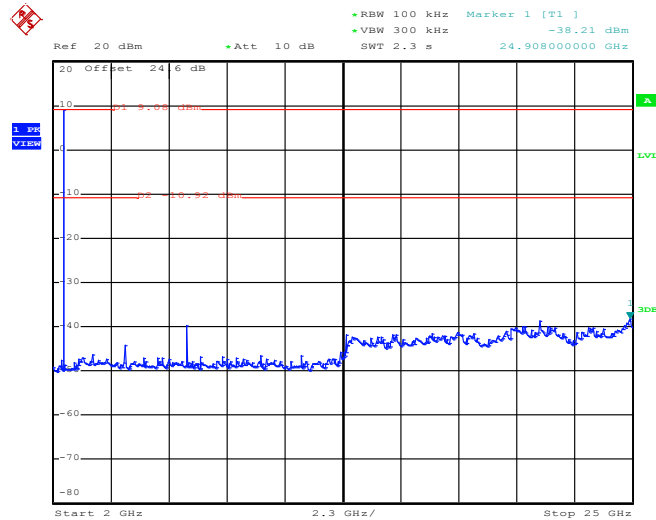


Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	48~51%
		Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



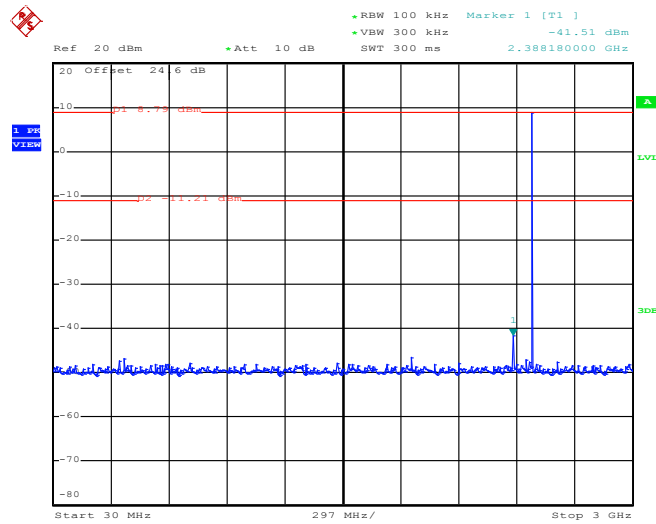
1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



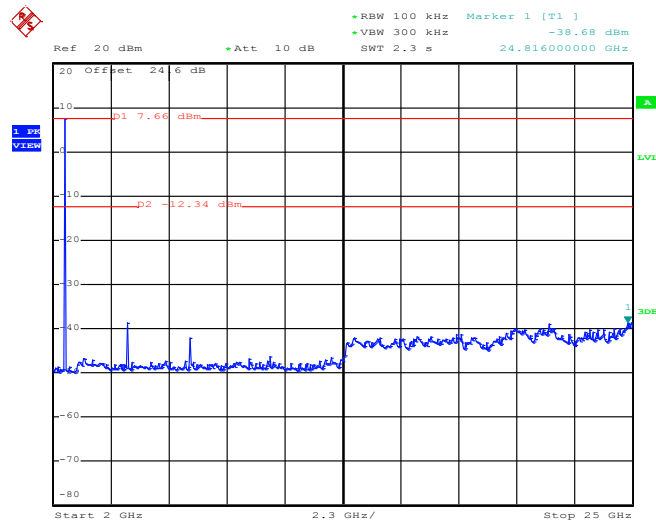


Test Mode :	1Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	48~51%
		Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin

1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



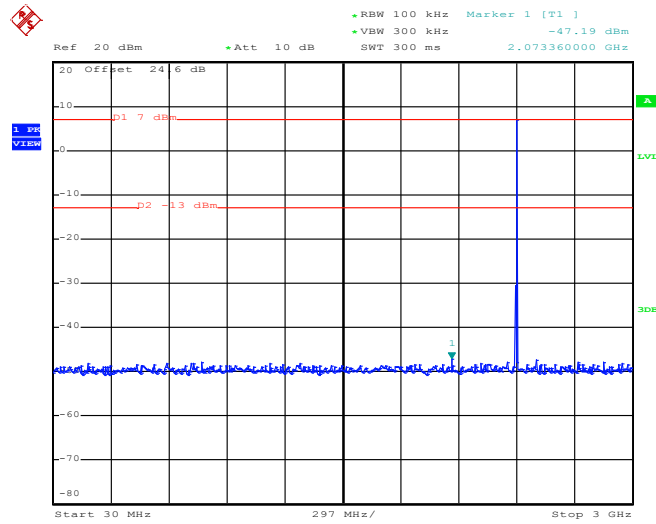
1Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



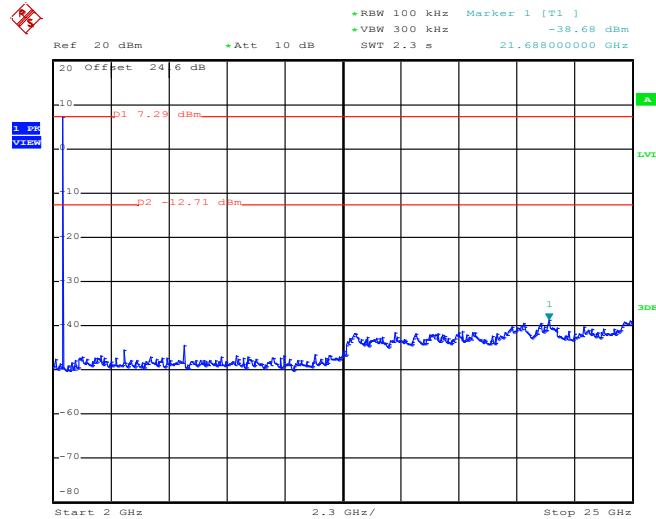


Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	48~51%
		Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



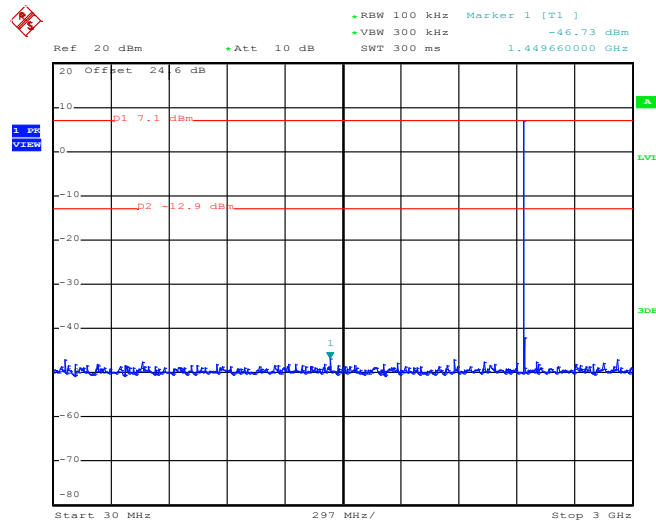
2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



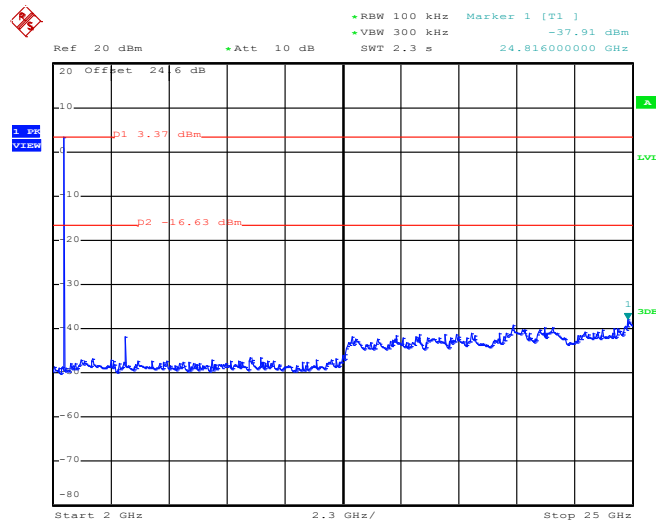


Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	48~51%
		Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



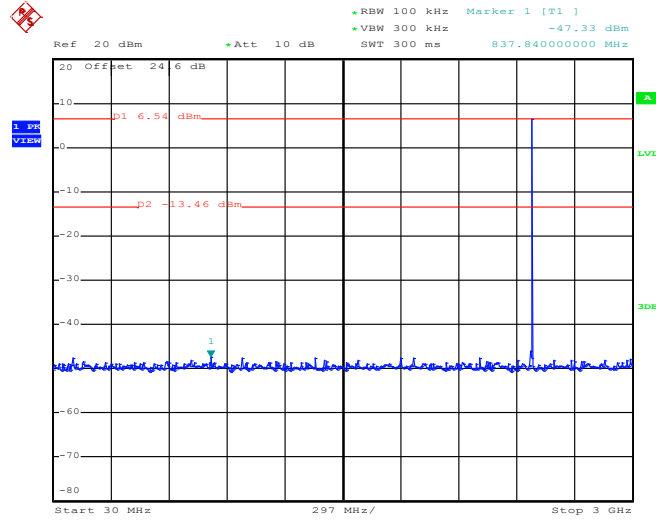
2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



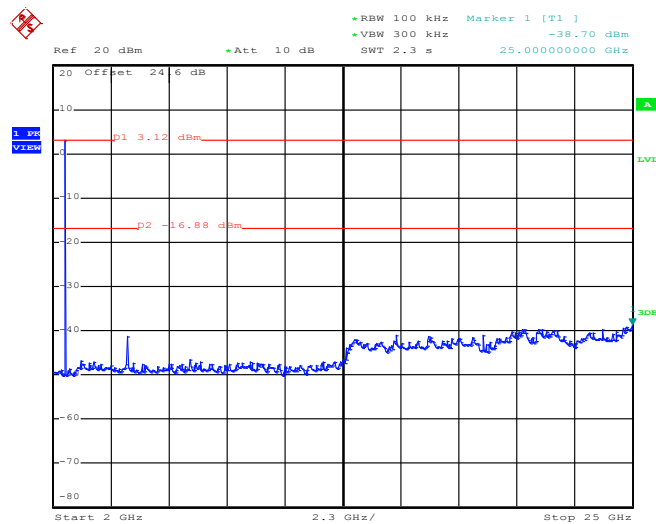


Test Mode :	2Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	48~51%
		Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin

2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



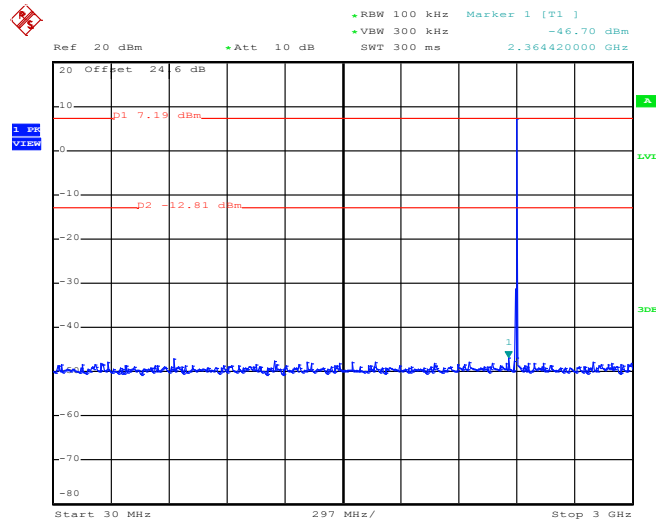
2Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



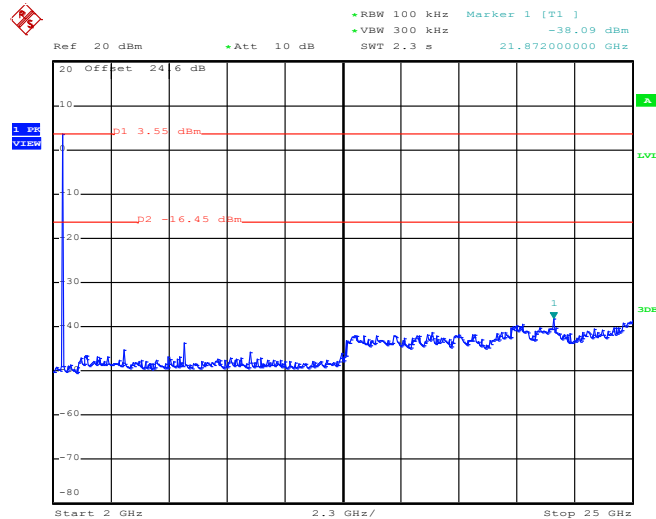


Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	00	Relative Humidity :	48~51%
		Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



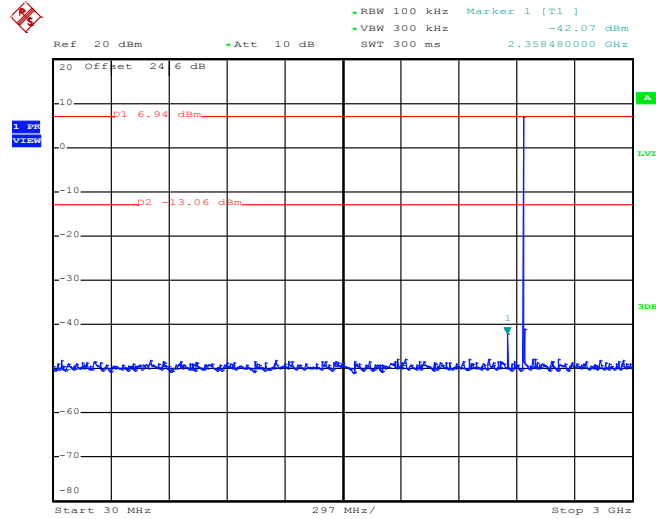
3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 00 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



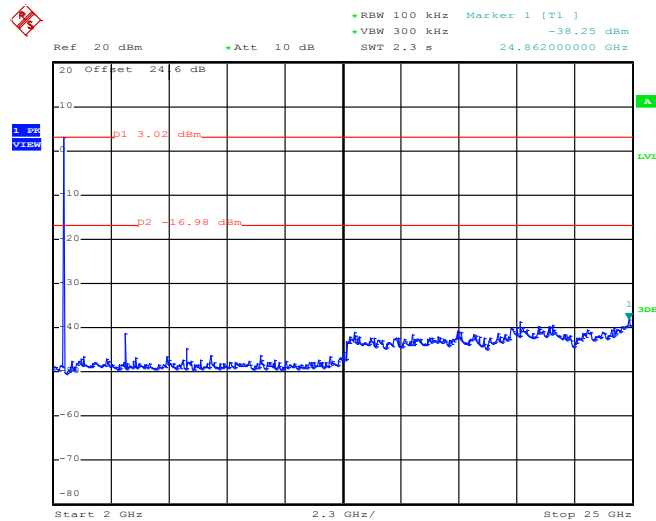


Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	39	Relative Humidity :	48~51%
		Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



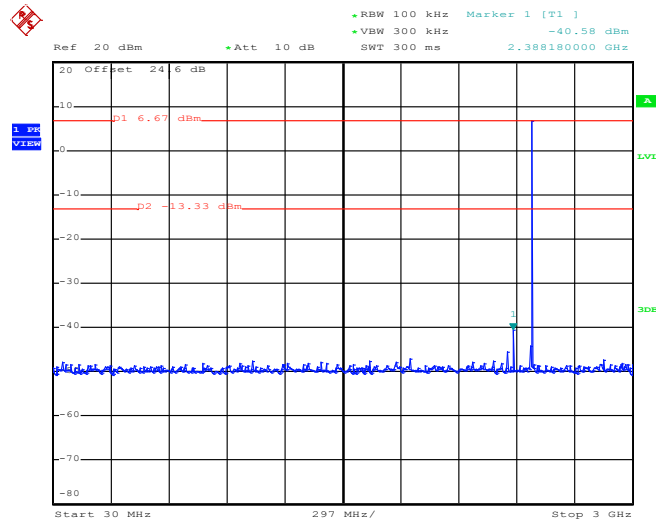
3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 39 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz



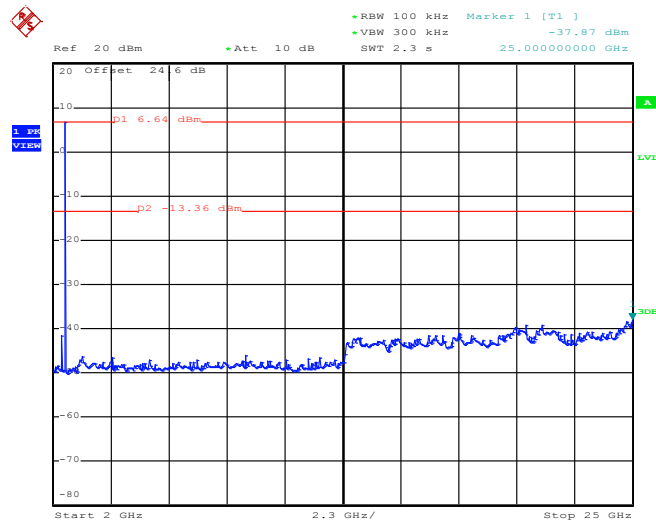


Test Mode :	3Mbps	Temperature :	24~26°C
Test Channel :	78	Relative Humidity :	48~51%
		Test Engineer :	Luffy Lin

3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 30MHz ~ 3 GHz



3Mbps CSE Plot on Ch 78 between 2 GHz ~ 25 GHz





3.8 Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission Measurement

3.8.1 Limit of Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiator frequency band, all harmonics/spurious must be at least 20 dB below the highest emission level within the authorized band. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the FCC section 15.209 limits as below.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

3.8.2 Measuring Instruments

The measuring equipment is listed in the section 4 of this test report.



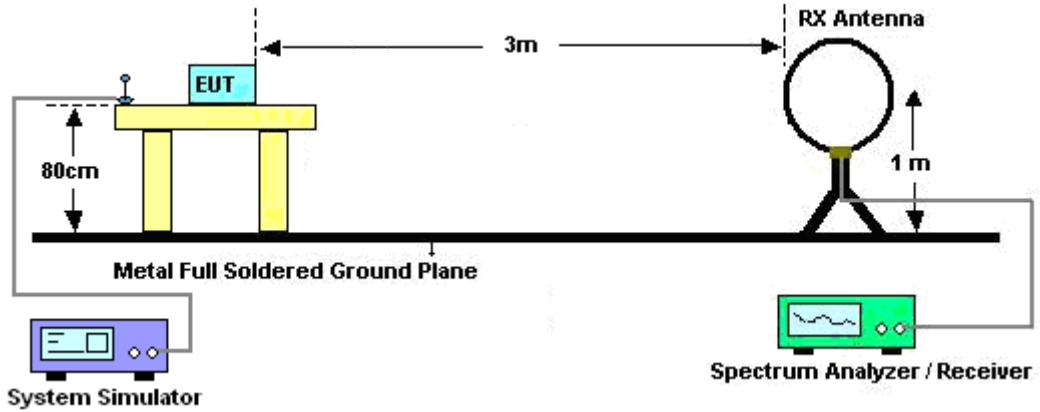
3.8.3 Test Procedures

1. The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious Radiated Emissions of FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 Measurement Guidelines.
2. The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter for frequency below 1GHz and 1.5 meter for frequency above 1GHz respectively above ground.
3. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the Antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level to comply with the guidelines.
5. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously.
6. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured;
 - (2) Set RBW=100 kHz for $f < 1 \text{ GHz}$, RBW=1MHz for $f > 1\text{GHz}$; VBW \geq RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold for peak
 - (3) For average measurement: use duty cycle correction factor method per 15.35(c).
Duty cycle = On time/100 milliseconds
On time = $N_1 * L_1 + N_2 * L_2 + \dots + N_{n-1} * L_{n-1} + N_n * L_n$
Where N_1 is number of type 1 pulses, L_1 is length of type 1 pulses, etc.
Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level + $20 * \log(\text{Duty cycle})$
7. Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level

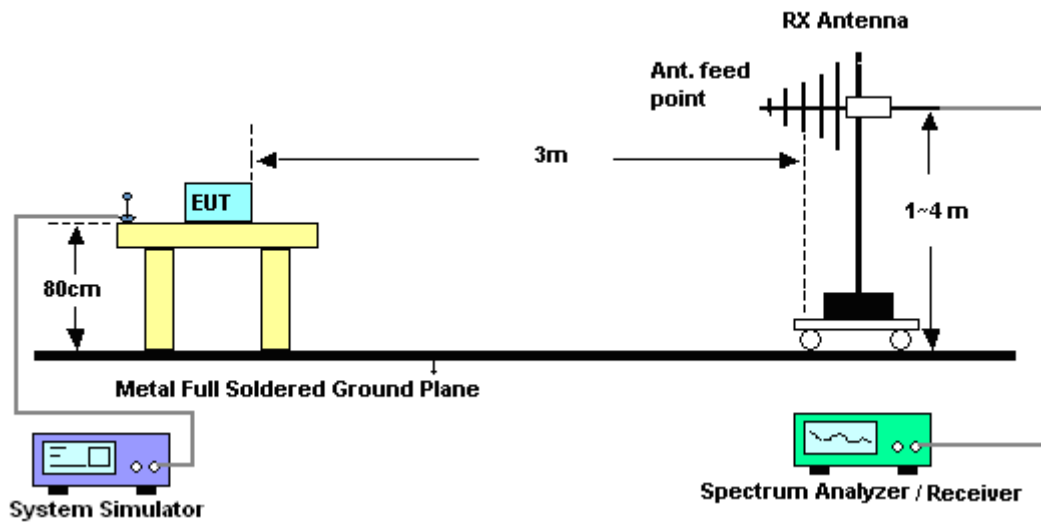
Note: The average levels were calculated from the peak level corrected with duty cycle correction factor (-24.76dB) derived from $20 \log(\text{dwell time}/100\text{ms})$. This correction is only for signals that hop with the fundamental signal, such as band-edge and harmonic. Other spurious signals that are independent of the hopping signal would not use this correction.

3.8.4 Test Setup

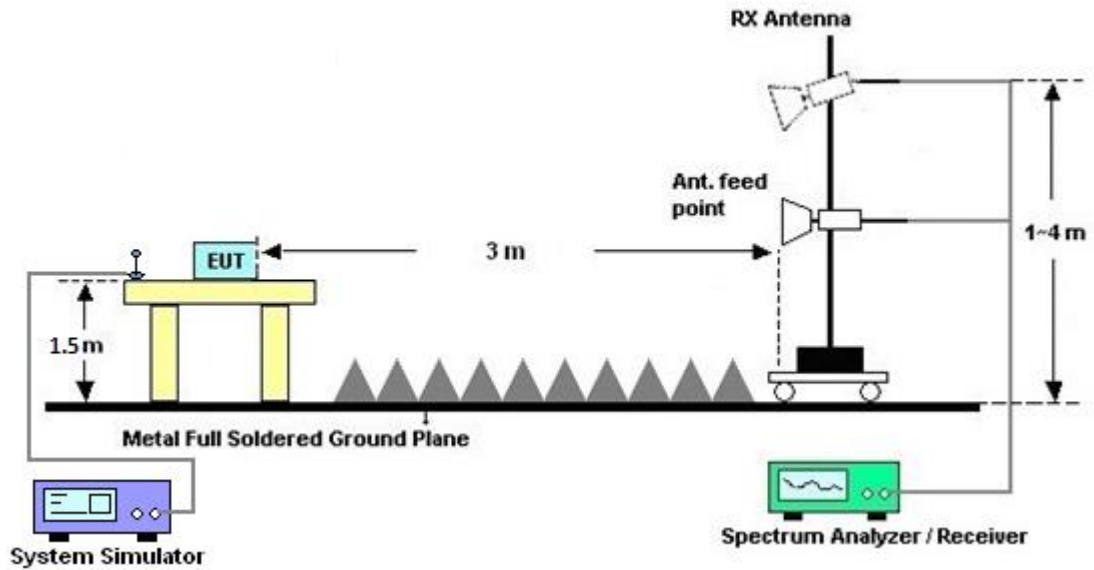
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



For radiated emissions from 30MHz to 1GHz



For radiated emissions above 1GHz



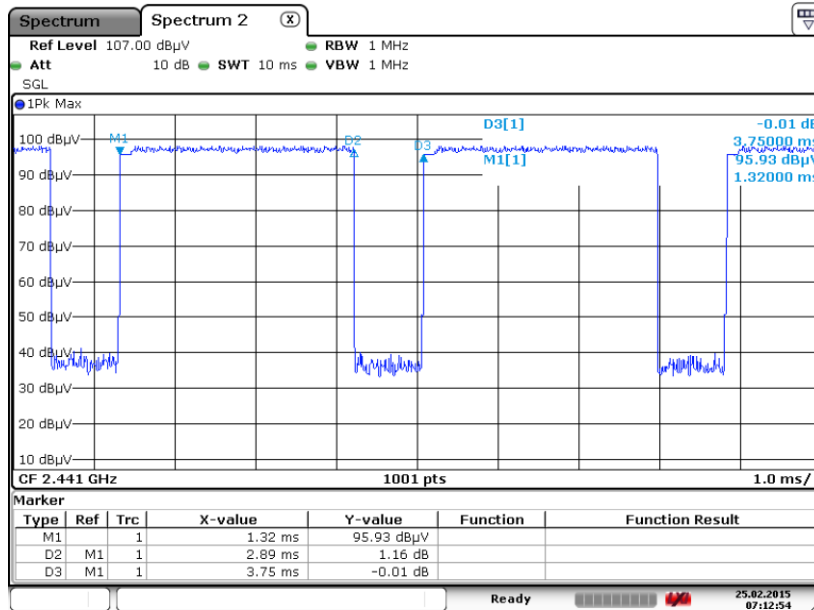
3.8.5 Test Results of Radiated Spurious Emissions (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.



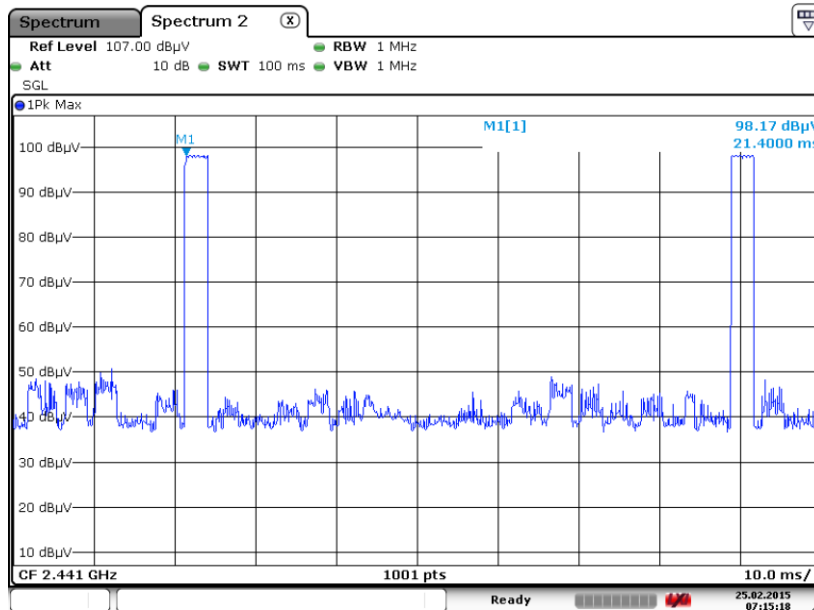
3.8.6 Duty cycle correction factor for average measurement

3DH5 on time (One Pulse) Plot on Channel 39



Date: 25.FEB.2015 07:12:53

3DH5 on time (Count Pulses) Plot on Channel 39



Date: 25.FEB.2015 07:15:17

Note:

1. Worst case Duty cycle = on time/100 milliseconds = 2 * 2.89 / 100 = 5.78 %
2. Worst case Duty cycle correction factor = 20*log(Duty cycle) = -24.76 dB
3. 3DH5 has the highest duty cycle worst case and is reported.



Duty Cycle Correction Factor Consideration for AFH mode:

Bluetooth normal hopping rate is 1600Hz and reduced to 800Hz in AFH mode; due to the reduced number of hopping frequencies, with the same packet configuration the dwell time in each channel frequency within 100msec period is longer in AFH mode than normal mode.

In AFH mode, the minimum hopping frequencies are 20, to get the longest dwell time DH5 packet is observed; the period to have DH5 packet completing one hopping sequence is

$$2.89 \text{ ms} \times 20 \text{ channels} = 57.8 \text{ ms}$$

There cannot be 2 complete hopping sequences within 100ms period, considering the random hopping behavior, maximum 2 hops can be possibly observed within the period. $[100\text{ms} / 57.6\text{ms}] = 2 \text{ hops}$

Thus, the maximum possible ON time:

$$2.89 \text{ ms} \times 2 = 5.78 \text{ ms}$$

Worst case Duty Cycle Correction factor, which is derived from the maximum possible ON time,

$$20 \times \log(5.78 \text{ ms}/100\text{ms}) = -24.76 \text{ dB}$$

3.8.7 Test Result of Radiated Spurious at Band Edges

Please refer to Appendix A.

3.8.8 Test Result of Radiated Spurious Emission (30MHz ~ 10th Harmonic)

Please refer to Appendix A.



3.9 Antenna Requirements

3.9.1 Standard Applicable

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

3.9.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

Non-standard antenna connector is used.

3.9.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



4 List of Measuring Equipment

Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Characteristics	Calibration Date	Test Date	Due Date	Remark
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	100055	9kHz~40GHz	Jun. 09, 2014	Feb. 24, 2015 ~ Mar. 02, 2015	Jun. 08, 2015	Conducted (TH02-HY)
Power Meter	Agilent	E4416A	GB412923 44	300MHz~40GHz	Jan. 14, 2015	Feb. 24, 2015 ~ Mar. 02, 2015	Jan. 13, 2016	Conducted (TH02-HY)
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US404415 48	300MHz~40GHz	Jan. 14, 2015	Feb. 24, 2015 ~ Mar. 02, 2015	Jan. 13, 2016	Conducted (TH02-HY)
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI 7	100724	9 kHz~7 GHz	Aug. 30, 2014	Feb. 25, 2015	Aug. 29, 2015	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Signal Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV 30	100895	9kHz ~ 30GHz	Apr. 11, 2014	Feb. 25, 2015	Apr. 10, 2015	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2	100315	9 kHz~30 MHz	Jul. 28, 2014	Feb. 25, 2015	Jul. 27, 2015	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Bilog Antenna	Schaffner	CBL6111C	2726	30MHz ~ 1GHz	Sep. 27, 2014	Feb. 25, 2015	Sep. 26, 2015	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Double Ridge Horn Antenna	ESCO	3117	75962	1GHz~18GHz	Aug. 19, 2014	Feb. 25, 2015	Aug. 18, 2015	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
SHF-EHF Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170 251	18GHz~40GHz	Oct. 02, 2014	Feb. 25, 2015	Oct. 01, 2015	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Preamplifier	COM-POWER	PA-103A	161241	10 MHz ~ 1000MHz	Mar. 17, 2014	Feb. 25, 2015	Mar. 16, 2015	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Preamplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A023 62	1 GHz~26.5 GHz	Oct. 21, 2014	Feb. 25, 2015	Oct. 20, 2015	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Preamplifier	MITEQ	AMF-7D-0010 1800-30-10P	1590074	DC~18 GHz	Jul. 07, 2014	Feb. 25, 2015	Jul. 06, 2015	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Preamplifier	MITEQ	AMF-7D-0010 1800-30-10P	1590075	DC~18 GHz	Apr. 21, 2014	Feb. 25, 2015	Apr. 20, 2015	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Turn Table	ChainTek	ChainTek 3000	N/A	0 ~ 360 degree	N/A	Feb. 25, 2015	N/A	Radiation (03CH07-HY)
Antenna Mast	ChainTek	ChainTek 3000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Feb. 25, 2015	N/A	Radiation (03CH07-HY)



5 Uncertainty of Evaluation

Uncertainty of Conducted Emission Measurement (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U = 2Uc(y)$)	2.26
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Uncertainty of Radiated Emission Measurement (30 MHz ~ 1000 MHz)

Measuring Uncertainty for a Level of Confidence of 95% ($U = 2Uc(y)$)	4.50
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