ENGINEERING TEST REPORT

LinkNet UniServ Unit
Model No.: US700PS
FCC ID: E67-5JS0079

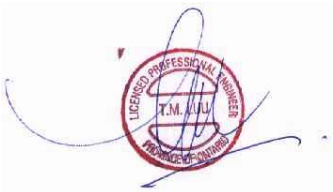
Applicant:

Powerwave Technologies, Inc.
1801 East St. Andrew PL.
Santa Ana, CA
USA, 92705

Tested in Accordance With

Federal Communications Commission (FCC)
47 CFR, Parts 2 and 90 (Subpart R)

UltraTech's File No.: KTI-046F90R

This Test report is Issued under the Authority of Tri M. Luu, Professional Engineer, Vice President of Engineering UltraTech Group of Labs Date: October 31, 2005	
Report Prepared by: Anca Dobre Issued Date: October 31, 2005	Tested by: Hung Trinh & Wayne Wu, EMI/RFI technicians Test Dates: September 30 – October 11, 2005

- *The results in this Test Report apply only to the sample(s) tested, and the sample tested is randomly selected.*
- *This report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.*

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EXHIBIT 1. SUBMITTAL CHECK LIST

Annex No.	Exhibit Type	Description of Contents	Quality Check (OK)
--	Test Report	• Exhibit 1: Submittal check lists • Exhibit 2: Introduction • Exhibit 3: Performance Assessment • Exhibit 4: EUT Operation and Configuration during Tests • Exhibit 5: Summary of test Results • Exhibit 6: Measurement Data • Exhibit 7: Measurement Uncertainty	OK
1	Test Setup Photos	Radiated Emission Setup Photos	OK
2	External Photos of EUT	External Photos	OK
3	Internal Photos of EUT	Internal Photos	OK
4	Cover Letters	• Letter from Ultratech for Certification Request • Letter from the Applicant to appoint Ultratech to act as an agent • Letter from the Applicant to request for Confidentiality Filing	OK
5	Attestation Statements	N/A	N/A
6	ID Label/Location Info	ID Label and Location of ID Label	OK
7	Block Diagrams	Block Diagrams	OK
8	Schematic Diagrams	Schematics	OK
9	Parts List/Tune Up Info	Parts List/ Tuning Procedures	OK
10	Operational Description	Operational Description	OK
11	RF Exposure Info	See Section 6.6 of this test report for MPE evaluation	OK
12	Users Manual	Installation, Operation, Maintenance and User Manual	OK

EXHIBIT 2. INTRODUCTION

2.1. SCOPE

Reference:	FCC Parts 2 and 90 (Subpart R)
Title:	Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 47 Telecommunication, Parts 2 & 90
Purpose of Test:	To obtain FCC equipment authorization for radio operating in the frequency band 764-776 MHz.
Test Procedures:	Both conducted and radiated emissions measurements were conducted in accordance with American National Standards Institute ANSI C63.4 - American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.
Environmental Classification:	Commercial, industrial or business

2.2. RELATED SUBMITTAL(S)/GRANT(S)

None.

2.3. NORMATIVE REFERENCES

Publication	Year	Title
FCC CFR Parts 0-19, 80-End	2004	Code of Federal Regulations – Telecommunication
ANSI C63.4	2003	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 KHz to 40 GHz
TIA/EIA 603, Edition B	01-Nov-2002	Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards

EXHIBIT 3. PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

3.1. CLIENT INFORMATION

APPLICANT	
Name:	Powerwave Technologies, Inc.
Address:	1801 East St. Andrew PL. Santa Ana, CA USA, 92705
Contact Person:	Mr. Rober Biedka Phone #: (714) 466-1433 Fax #: (714) 466-5807 Email Address: rbiedka@pwav.com

MANUFACTURER	
Name:	Powerwave Technologies, Canada Ltd.
Address:	15 Allstate Parkway, Suite 300 Markham, Ontario Canada, L3R 5B4
Contact Person:	Mr. Stan Habinski Phone #: (905) 946-3360 Fax #: (905) 946-3392 Email Address: shabinski@pwav.com

3.2. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) INFORMATION

The following information (with the exception of the Date of Receipt) has been supplied by the applicant.

Brand Name:	Powerwave Technologies, Inc.
Product Name:	LinkNet UniServ Unit
Model Name or Number:	US700PS
Type of Equipment:	Non-broadcast Radio Communication Equipment
External Power Supply:	28 Vdc or 24 Vdc battery backup
Primary User functions of EUT:	RF coverage extension equipment
Transmitting/Receiving Antenna Type:	Non-Integral

3.3. EUT'S TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

TRANSMITTER	
Equipment Type:	Base station (fixed use)
Intended Operating Environment:	Commercial, industrial or business environment
Power Supply Requirement:	28 Vdc or 24 Vdc battery backup
RF Input Power Rating:	0 dBm
RF Output Power Rating:	+ 24 dBm (single carrier)
Operating Frequency Range:	764-776 MHz
RF Output Impedance:	50 Ohms
Occupied Bandwidth (99%):	EXTENDER (The 99% OBW of the rf output signal is the same as that of the rf input signal from a FCC certified transmitter)
Emission Designation:	• F1D • F3E
Antenna Connector Type:	SMA
Antenna Description:	In-building antenna: ¼ wavelength antenna (0 dB gain)

RECEIVER	
Equipment Type:	Base station (fixed use)
Intended Operating Environment:	Commercial, industrial or business environment
Power Supply Requirement:	28 VDC or 24Vdc battery backup
RF Input Power Rating:	0 dBm
Operating Frequency Range:	794 - 806 MHz

3.4. LIST OF EUT'S PORTS

Port Number	EUT's Port Description	Number of Identical Ports	Connector Type	Cable Type (Shielded/Non-shielded)
1	Antenna	1	SMA jack	Shielded
2	Laser FO	1	FO SC/APC	Fiber Optic
3	Photo Detector FO	1	FO SC/APC	Fiber Optic
4	RS-232	1	DB9 Female	Shielded
5	I/O	1	DB15	Shielded
6	USB	1	USB	Shielded
7	Power	2	2C-Terminal	Shielded

3.5. ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

The EUT was tested while connected to the following representative configuration of ancillary equipment necessary to exercise the ports during tests:

Ancillary Equipment # 1	
Description:	GlobTek Power Supply
Brand name:	GlobTeck, Inc.
Part Number:	GT-21097-5028
Serial Number:	000 70 903
Connected to EUT's Port:	28 Vdc Power Port

3.6. GENERAL TEST SETUP

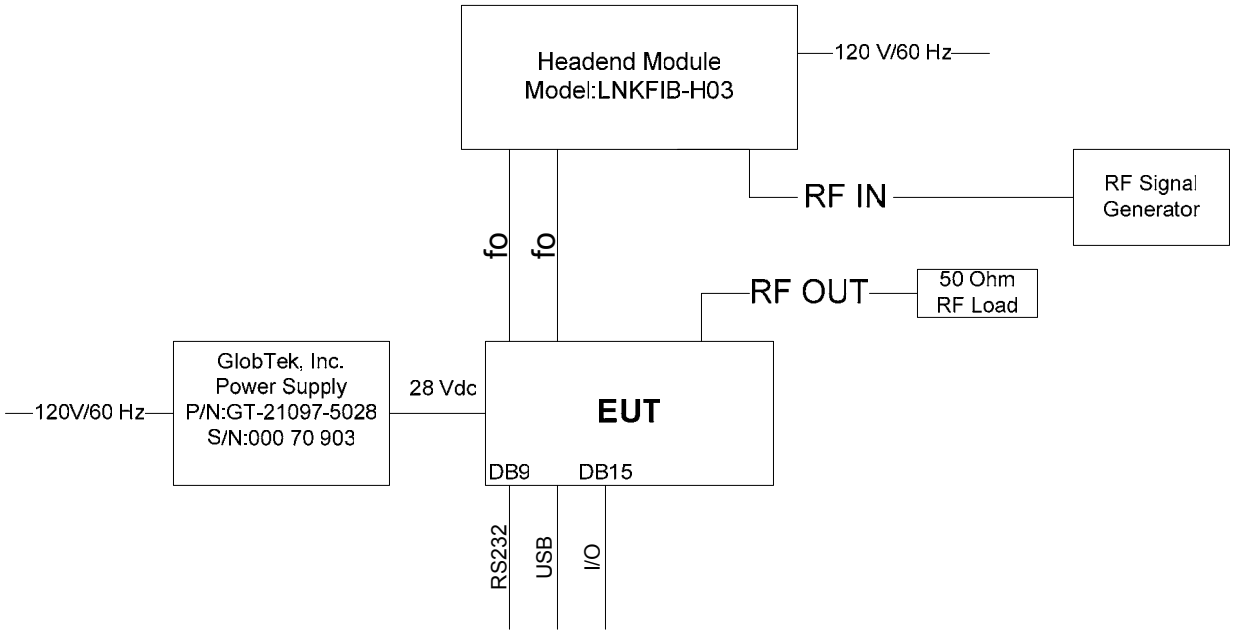


EXHIBIT 4. EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CONFIGURATIONS DURING TESTS

4.1. CLIMATE TEST CONDITIONS

The climate conditions of the test environment are as follows:

Temperature:	21°C
Humidity:	51%
Pressure:	102 kPa
Power input source:	28 Vdc or 24 Vdc battery backup

4.2. OPERATIONAL TEST CONDITIONS & ARRANGEMENT FOR TEST SIGNALS

Operating Modes:	The transmitter was operated in a continuous transmission mode with the carrier modulated as specified in the Test Data.
Special Test Software:	N/A
Special Hardware Used:	The EUT was tested using the Headend Module, Model: LNKFIB-H03 (S/N: 60-00012)
Transmitter Test Antenna:	The EUT is tested with the transmitter antenna port terminated to a 50 Ohms RF Load.

Transmitter Test Signals	
Frequency Band(s):	764-776 MHz;
Frequency(ies) Tested: (Near lowest, near middle and near highest frequencies in the frequency range of operation.)	764, 770 and 776 MHz
RF Power Output (measured maximum output power):	24.43 dBm
Normal Test Modulation:	Unmodulated, F1D & F3E
Modulating signal source:	External

EXHIBIT 5. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

5.1. LOCATION OF TESTS

All of the measurements described in this report were performed at Ultratech Group of Labs located in the city of Oakville, Province of Ontario, Canada.

- AC Power Line Conducted Emissions were performed in UltraTech's shielded room, 24'(L) by 16'(W) by 8'(H).
- Radiated Emissions were performed at the Ultratech's 3-10 TDK Semi-Anechoic Chamber situated in the Town of Oakville, province of Ontario.

The above test sites have been calibrated in accordance with ANSI C63.4, and found to be in compliance with the requirements of Sec. 2.948 of the FCC Rules. The descriptions and site measurement data of the Oakville 3-10 TDK Semi-Anechoic Chamber has been filed with FCC office (FCC File No.: 31040/SIT 1300B3) and Industry Canada office (Industry Canada File No.: IC2049-1). Last Date of Site Calibration: June 20, 2005.

5.2. APPLICABILITY & SUMMARY OF EMC EMISSION TEST RESULTS

FCC Section(s)	Test Requirements	Applicability (Yes/No)
90.541 & 2.1046	RF Power Output & Intermodulation	Yes
1.1307, 1.1310 & 2.1091	RF Exposure Limit	Yes
90.539 & 2.1055	Frequency Stability	(1)Not applicable for amplifier
2.1047(a)	Audio Frequency Response	(2)Not applicable for amplifier
2.1047(b)	Modulation Limiting	(2)Not applicable for amplifier
2.1049	Occupied Bandwidth	Yes
90.543(c) & 2.1051 & 2.1057	Emission Limitation - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	Yes
90.543(c) & (e), 2.1053 & 2.1057	Emission Limitation - Field Strength of Spurious Emissions	Yes
LinkNet UniServ Unit, **Model No.: US700PS**, by **Powerwave Technologies, Inc**. has also been tested and found to comply with **FCC Part 15, Subpart B - Radio Receivers and Class A Digital Devices**. The engineering test report has been documented and it is available upon request.		

Notes:

(1) Test is not applicable, the EUT is not designed to generate or translate frequencies, it only amplifies the signal it receives.
(2) Test is not applicable, the EUT does not contain modulation circuitry.

5.3. MODIFICATIONS INCORPORATED IN THE EUT FOR COMPLIANCE PURPOSES

None.

EXHIBIT 6. MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATIONS & TEST DATA FOR EMC EMISSIONS

6.1. TEST PROCEDURES

This section contains test results only. Details of test methods and procedures can be found in Ultratech Test Procedures, File # ULTR P001-2004 and ANSI C63.4.

6.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

The measurement uncertainties stated were calculated in accordance with requirements of UKAS Document NIS 81 with a confidence level of 95%. Please refer to Exhibit 7 for Measurement Uncertainties.

6.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

The measurement equipment used complied with the requirements of the Standards referenced in the Methods & Procedures ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1.

6.4. ESSENTIAL/PRIMARY FUNCTIONS AS DECLARED BY THE MANUFACTURER

The LinkNet UniServ Unit is an optical to RF signal converter designed to provide a flexible means of distributing singles wireless services or protocols over large indoor coverage areas.

6.5. RF POWER OUTPUT & INTERMODULATION [§§ 2.1046 & 90.541]

6.5.1. Limits

§ 90.541 Transmitting power limits: The transmitting power of base, mobile, portable and control stations operating in the 764-776 MHz and 794-806 MHz frequency band must not exceed the maximum limits in this section, and must also comply with any applicable effective radiated power limits in § 90.545.

(a) The transmitting power of base transmitters must not exceed the limits given in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of § 90.635.
(b) The transmitter output power of mobile and control transmitters must not exceed 30 Watts.
(c) The transmitter output power of portable (hand-held) transmitters must not exceed 3 Watts.
(d) Transmitters operating on the narrowband low power channels listed in §§ 90.531(b)(3), 90.531(b)(4), must not exceed 2 watts (ERP).

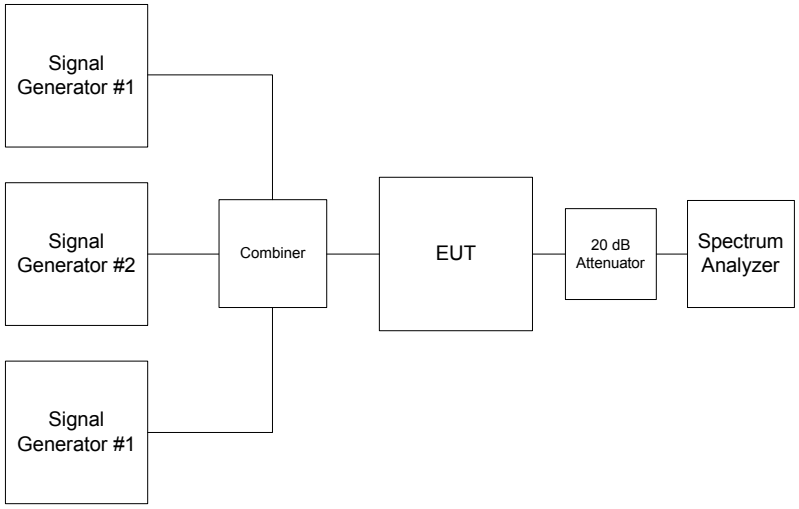
6.5.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to ULTRATECH Test Procedures, File # ULTR P001-2004 and ANSI C63.4

6.5.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Signal Generator	Gigatronics	6061A	5130586	10 kHz - 1050 MHz
Signal Generator	Fluke	6061A	4770301	10 kHz - 1050 MHz
Signal Generator	Gigatronics	6061A	5130408	10 kHz - 1050 MHz
Combiner	Mini-Circuit	15542	0105	1 MHz - 1 GHz
Spectrum Analyzer	Advantest	R3271	15050203	100Hz - 26.5GHz

6.5.4. Test Arrangement



6.5.5. Test Data

6.5.5.1. RF POWER OUTPUT with MODULATION, SINGLE CHANNEL, MAXIMUM RF IN = 0 dBm

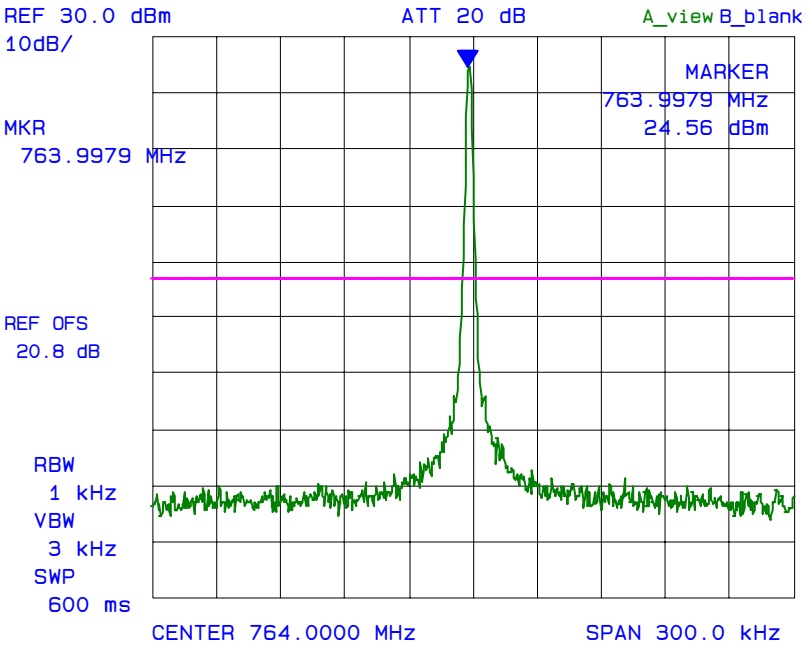
Test Frequency (MHz)	Modulation	Total RF Output Power at Antenna Port (dBm)	Maximum Antenna Gain allowed (dB)	Maximum ERP (dBm)	RF Output Power Ratings at Antenna Port (dBm)
764-776 MHz Band					
764	F1D/F3E	24.43	0	24.43	24
770	F1D/F3E	24.39	0	24.39	24
776	F1D/F3E	23.26	0	23.26	24

6.5.5.2. INTERMODULATION & PEAK POWERS – NO MODULATION

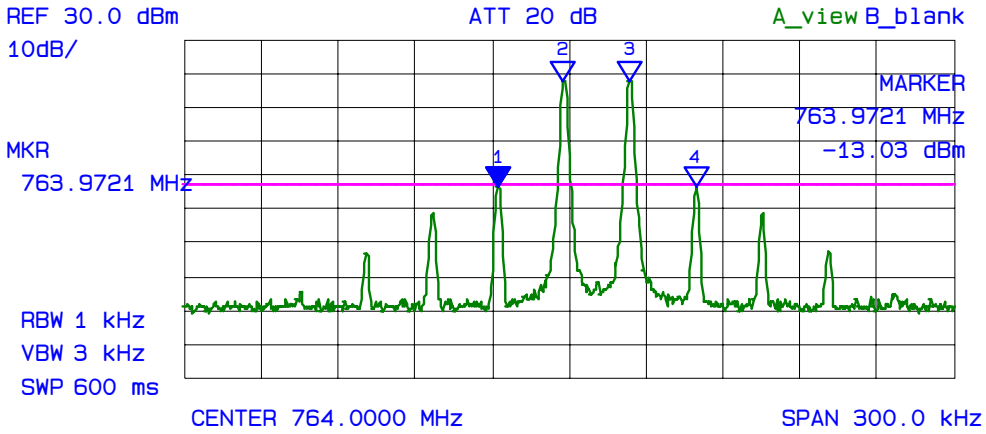
Frequency (MHz)	Number of In/Out Channels	Modulation	Maximum RF Input (conducted) (dBm)	Maximum RF Output (conducted) (dBm)	Maximum Antenna Gain allowed (dB)	Maximum ERP Measured (dBm)
764-776 MHz Band						
764.000	1	unmodulated	0	24.56	0	24.56
764.000 764.025	2	unmodulated	- 6.1	18.25	0	18.25
764.000 764.025 764.050	3	unmodulated	- 8.7	15.72	0	15.72
770.000	1	unmodulated	0	24.53	0	24.53
770.000 770.025	2	unmodulated	- 7.0	18.25	0	18.25
770.000 770.025 770.050	3	unmodulated	- 9.6	15.50	0	15.50
776.000	1	unmodulated	0	23.34	0	23.34
776.000 775.975	2	unmodulated	- 5.9	17.28	0	17.28
776.000 775.975 775.950	3	unmodulated	- 8.4	14.59	0	14.59

See the following plots (#1 to 9) for details.

Plot #1:
Intermodulation with 1 RF signal input/output in 764-776 MHz band
Fc: 764 MHz
RF Input: 0 dBm



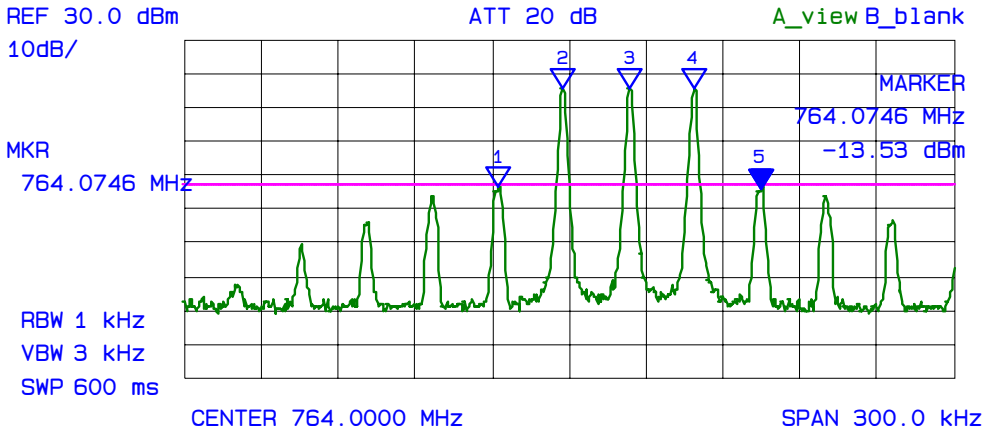
Plot #2:
Intermodulation with 2 RF signal inputs/outputs in 764-776 MHz band
Fc: 764 MHz & Fc + 25 kHz
RF Input: (2) - 6.1 dBm, (3) - 7.0 dBm



*** Multi Marker List ***

No.1:	763.9721 MHz	-13.03 dBm	A
No.2:	763.9979 MHz	18.25 dBm	A
No.3:	764.0236 MHz	18.22 dBm	A
No.4:	764.0493 MHz	-13.28 dBm	A
No.5:			
No.6:			
No.7:			
No.8:			
:			

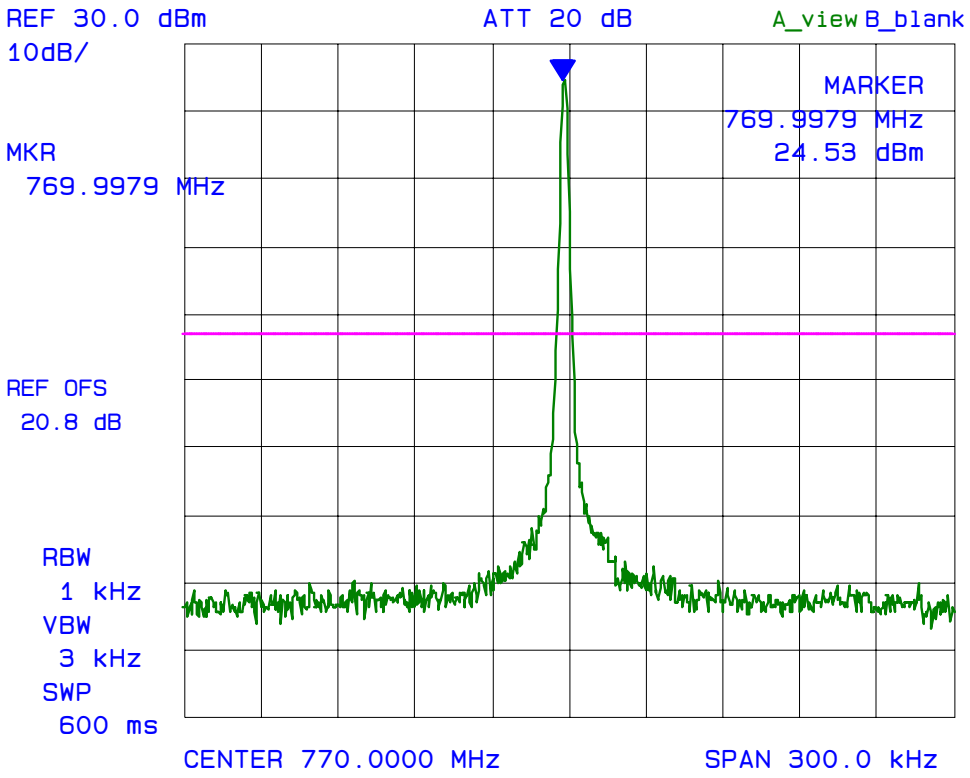
Plot #3:
Intermodulation with 3 RF signal inputs/outputs in 764-776 MHz band
Fc: 764 MHz, Fc + 25 kHz & Fc + 50 kHz,
RF Input: (2) – 8.7 dBm, (3) - 9.4 dBm, (4) - 9.8 dBm



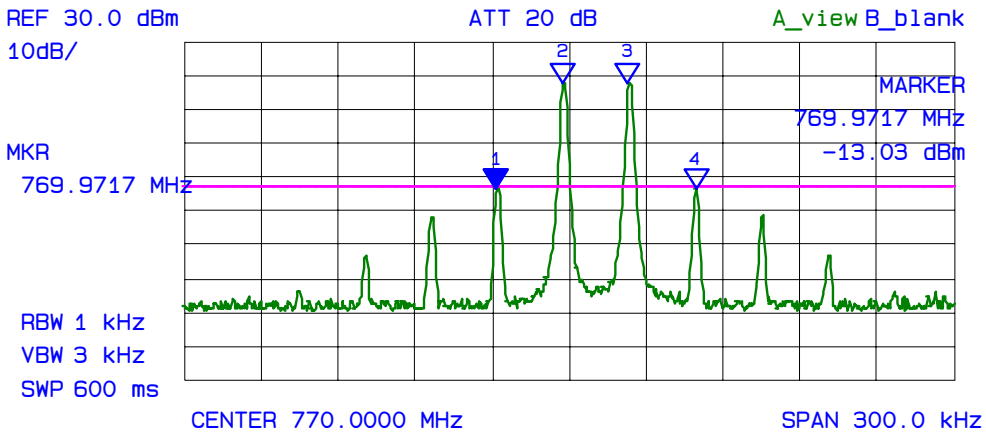
*** Multi Marker List ***

No.1:	763.9721 MHz	-13.03 dBm	A
No.2:	763.9974 MHz	15.69 dBm	A
No.3:	764.0236 MHz	15.72 dBm	A
No.4:	764.0484 MHz	15.69 dBm	A
No.5:	764.0746 MHz	-13.53 dBm	A
No.6:			
No.7:			
No.8:			
:			

Plot #4:
Intermodulation with 1 RF signal input/output in 764-776 MHz band
Fc: 770 MHz
RF Input: 0dBm



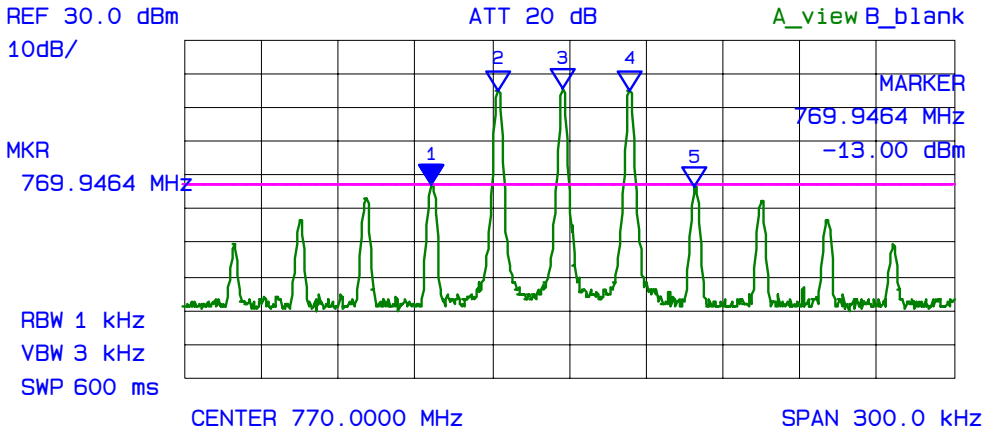
Plot #5:
Intermodulation with 2 RF signal inputs/outputs in 764-776 MHz band
Fc: 770 MHz & Fc + 25 kHz
RF Input: (2) - 7.0 dBm, (3) - 7.8dBm



*** Multi Marker List ***

No.1:	769.9717 MHz	-13.03 dBm	A
No.2:	769.9974 MHz	18.13 dBm	A
No.3:	770.0231 MHz	18.25 dBm	A
No.4:	770.0493 MHz	-13.25 dBm	A
No.5:			
No.6:			
No.7:			
No.8:			
:			

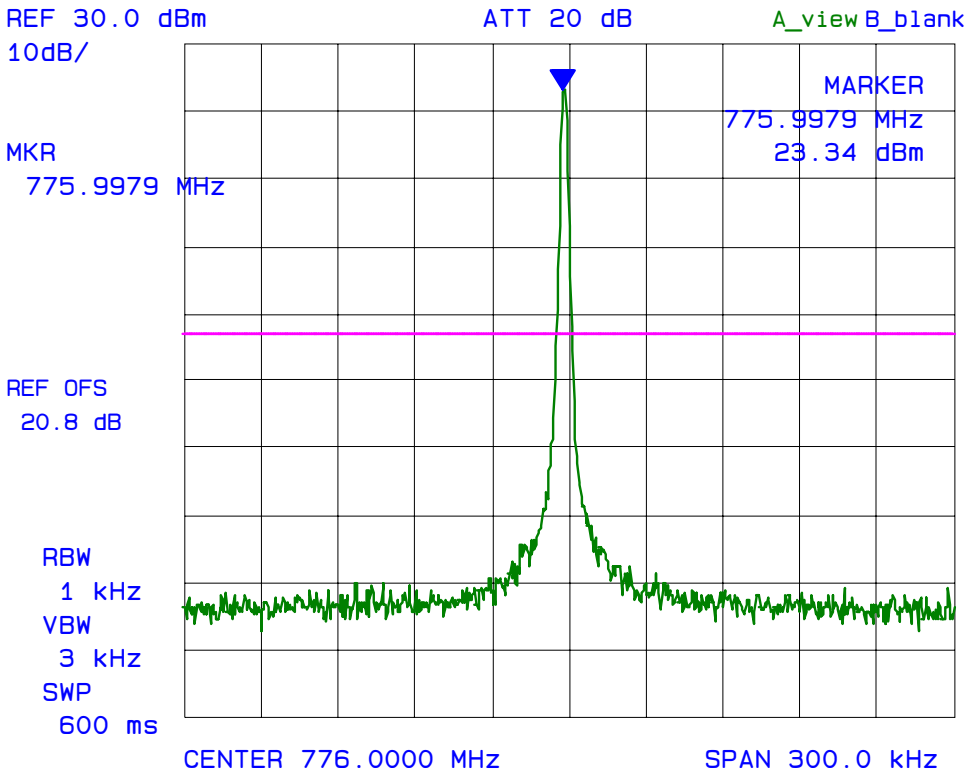
Plot #6:
Intermodulation with 3 RF signal inputs/outputs in 764-776 MHz band
Fc: 770 MHz, Fc + 25 kHz & Fc + 50 kHz
RF Input: (2) - 10.7dBm, (3) - 9.6 dBm, (4) - 10.5 dBm



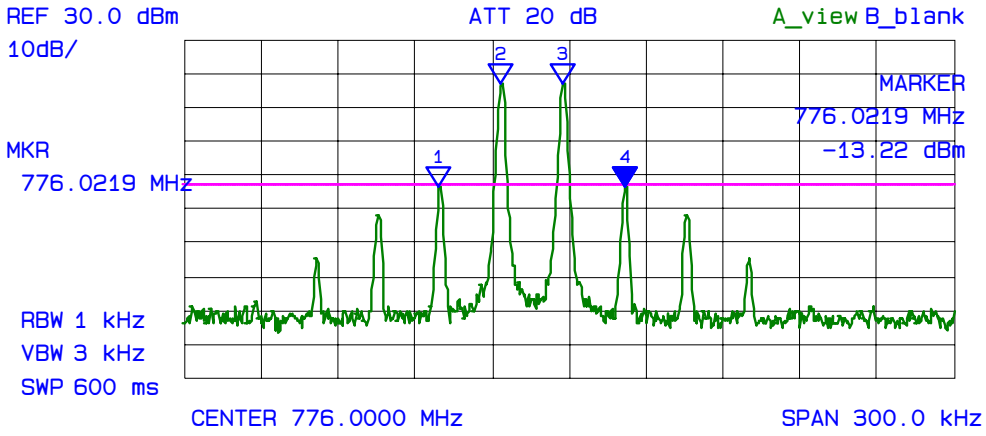
*** Multi Marker List ***

No.1:	769.9464 MHz	-13.00 dBm	A
No.2:	769.9721 MHz	15.41 dBm	A
No.3:	769.9974 MHz	15.50 dBm	A
No.4:	770.0236 MHz	15.44 dBm	A
No.5:	770.0489 MHz	-13.16 dBm	A
No.6:			
No.7:			
No.8:			

Plot #7:
Intermodulation with 1 RF signal input/output in 764-776 MHz band
Fc: 776 MHz
RF Input: 0 dBm



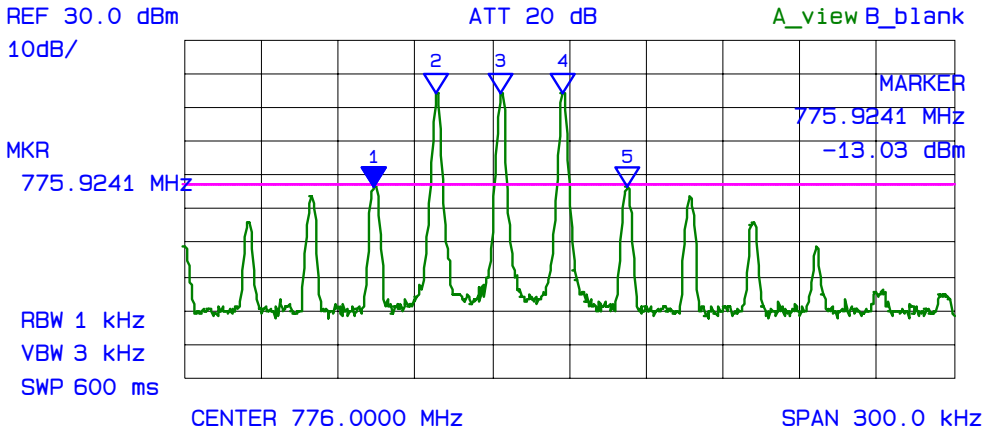
Plot #8:
Intermodulation with 2 RF signal inputs/outputs in 764-776 MHz band
Fc: 776 MHz & Fc - 25 kHz
RF Input: (2) -5.9 dBm, (3) -6.9 dBm



*** Multi Marker List ***

No.1:	775.9494 MHz	-13.03 dBm	A
No.2:	775.9734 MHz	17.06 dBm	A
No.3:	775.9974 MHz	17.28 dBm	A
No.4:	776.0219 MHz	-13.22 dBm	A
No.5:			
No.6:			
No.7:			
No.8:			
:			

Plot #9:
Intermodulation with 3 RF signal inputs/outputs in 764-776 MHz band
Fc: 776 MHz, Fc - 25 kHz & Fc - 50 kHz
RF Input: (2) - 8.4 dBm, (3) - 9.2 dBm, (4) - 9.5 dBm



*** Multi Marker List ***

No.1:	775.9241 MHz	-13.03 dBm	A
No.2:	775.9481 MHz	14.50 dBm	A
No.3:	775.9734 MHz	14.56 dBm	A
No.4:	775.9974 MHz	14.59 dBm	A
No.5:	776.0227 MHz	-13.13 dBm	A
No.6:			
No.7:			
No.8:			
:			

6.6. RF EXPOSURE REQUIREMENTS [§§ 1.1310 & 2.1091]

6.6.1. Limits

FCC 1.1310:- The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b).

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm^2)	Averaging time (minutes)
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures				
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6
3.0–30	1842/f	4.89/f	*($900/f^2$)	6
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300–1500			f/300	6
1500–100,000			5	6
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*($180/f^2$)	30
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300–1500			f/1500	30
1500–100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz
* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

6.6.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to FCC @ 1.1310 and 2.1091

- In order to demonstrate compliance with MPE requirements (see Section 2.1091), the following information is typically needed:

(1) Calculation that estimates the minimum separation distance (20 cm or more) between an antenna and persons required to satisfy power density limits defined for free space.
(2) Antenna installation and device operating instructions for installers (professional/unskilled users), and the parties responsible for ensuring compliance with the RF exposure requirement.
(3) Any caution statements and/or warning labels that are necessary in order to comply with the exposure limits.
(4) Any other RF exposure related issues that may affect MPE compliance.

Calculation Method of RF Safety Distance:

$S = PG/4\Pi r^2 = EIRP/4\Pi r^2$

Where: P: power input to the antenna in mW
EIRP: Equivalent (effective) isotropic radiated power.
S: power density mW/cm^2
G: numeric gain of antenna relative to isotropic radiator
r: distance to centre of radiation in cm

$r = \sqrt{PG/4\Pi S}$

- For portable transmitters (see Section 2.1093), or devices designed to operate next to a person's body, compliance is determined with respect to the SAR limit (define in the body tissues) for near-field exposure conditions. If the maximum average output power, operating condition configurations and exposure conditions are comparable to those of existing cellular and PCS phones, SAR evaluation may be required in order to determine if such a device complies with SAR limit. When SAR evaluation data is not available, and the additional supporting information cannot assure compliance, the Commission may request that an SAR evaluation be performed, as provided for in Section 1.1307(d).

6.6.3. Test Data

Antenna Gain Limit specified by Manufacturer: 0 dB (In-building Antenna)

(1) Lowest Frequency (MHz)	Measured RF Conducted Power (dBm)	Calculated EIRP (dBm)	(2)Calculated Minimum RF Safety Distance r (cm)*	Manufacturer' Specified Separation Distance (cm)
764	24.43	26.58	8.4	20

(1) The calculation is based on the lowest frequency (764 MHz) and the highest conducted power (24.43 dBm) for the worst case.

(2) The minimum separation distance between the antenna and bodies of users are calculated using the following formula:

RF EXPOSURE DISTANCE LIMITS: $r = (PG/4\Pi S)^{1/2} = (EIRP/4\Pi S)^{1/2}$

$S = 764/1500$ mW/cm^2 (for General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposure)
EIRP = 26.58 dBm = $10^{(26.58/10)}$ mW = 454.98 mW

$r = (EIRP/4\Pi S)^{1/2} = (454.98 / 4\Pi(764/1500))^{1/2} = 8.4$ cm

Evaluation of RF Exposure Compliance Requirements	
RF Exposure Requirements	**Compliance with FCC Rules**
Minimum calculated separation distance between antenna and persons required: Indoor Antenna: 8.4 cm	Manufacturer' instruction for separation distance between antenna and persons required: Indoor Antenna: 20 cm
Antenna installation and device operating instructions for installers (professional/unskilled users), and the parties responsible for ensuring compliance with the RF exposure requirement	See user's manual for details.
Caution statements and/or warning labels that are necessary in order to comply with the exposure limits	See user's manual for RF exposure information.
Any other RF exposure related issues that may affect MPE compliance	None.

6.7. OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH [§ 2.1049]

6.7.1. Limits

The spectral shape of the output should look similar to input for all modulations.

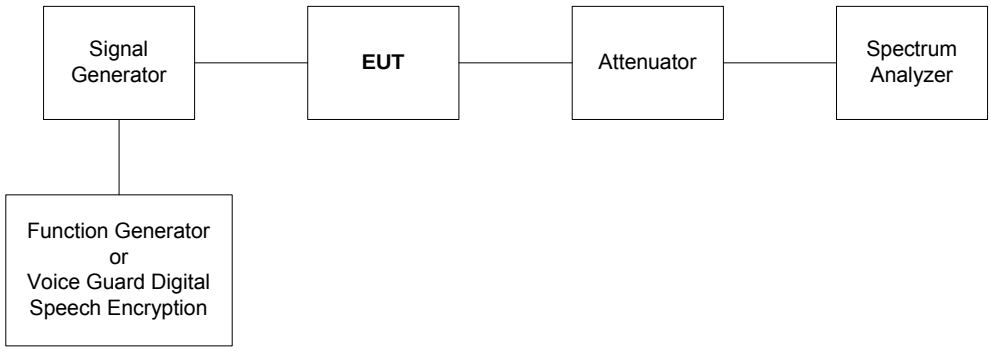
6.7.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to ULTRATECH Test Procedures, File # ULTR P001-2004 and ANSI C63.4.

6.7.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer	Advantest	R3271	15050203	100Hz-26.5GHz
Function Generator	Stanford Research Systems	DS345	34591	1Hz -30.2 MHz
Voice Guard Digital Speech Encryption	General Electric	9600-SW	9614517	--
Attenuator	Weinschel Corp	48-30-34	BM5354	DC - 18 GHz
Signal Generator	Gigatronic	6061A	5130586	10 kHz - 1050 MHz

6.7.4. Test Arrangement

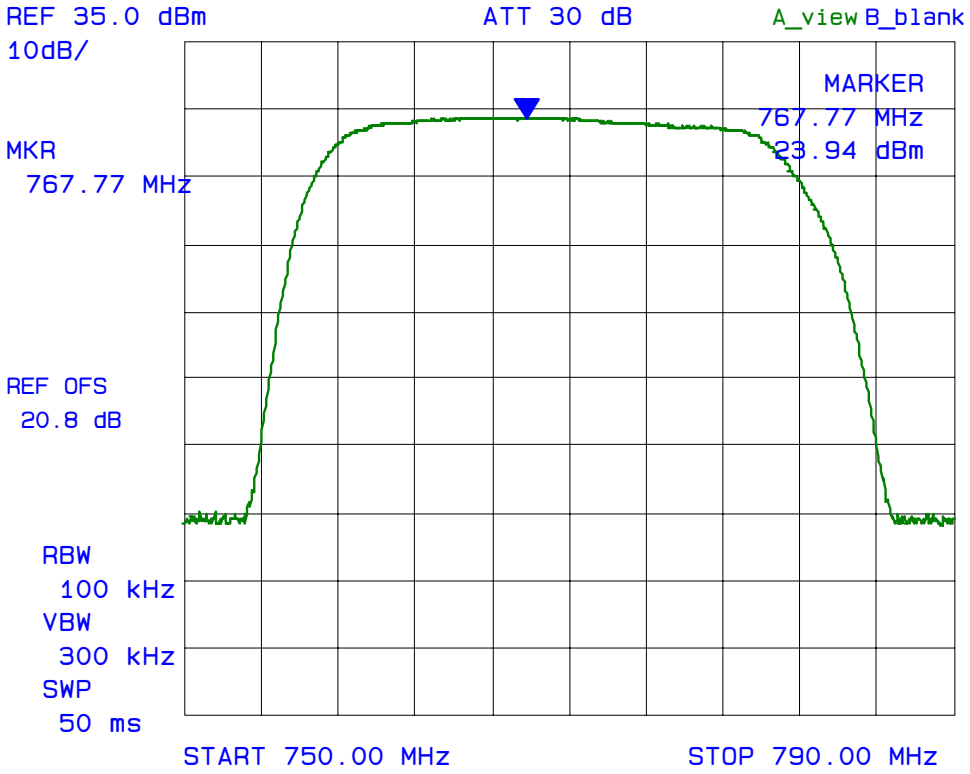


6.7.5. Test Data

6.7.5.1. 20 dB Bandwidth and Gain of the Amplifier

See the following plot (#10) for 20 dB passband gain of 764-776 MHz band.

Plot #10:
20 dB BW of the 764-776 MHz Passband Gain
RF Input: 0 dBm, Max Gain: 23.94 dBm



6.7.5.2. 99% Occupied Bandwidth Measurements

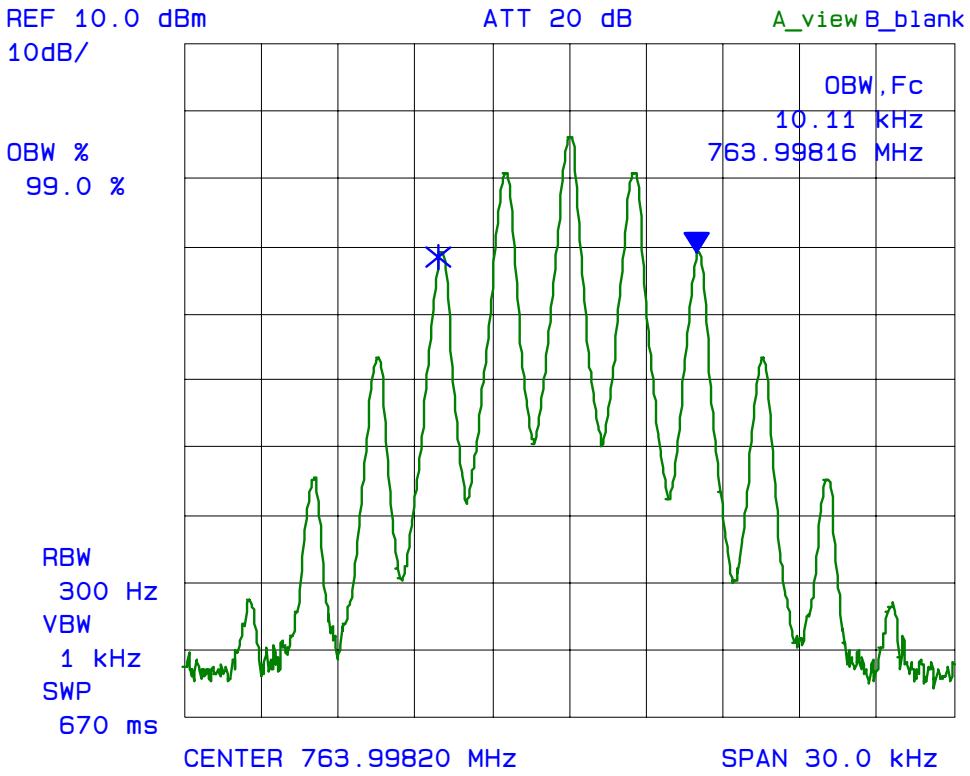
Remark: 99% OBW of the RF input and RF output signals were measured for comparison.

Frequency (MHz)	Measured 99% OBW (kHz)	
	RF IN	RF OUT
Channel Spacing: 12.5 kHz, Modulation: Modulation: FM with 2.5 kHz sine wave signal		
764	10.11	10.11
770	9.94	9.94
776	9.99	9.99
Channel Spacing: 12.5 kHz, Modulation: FM with an external 9600 b/s random data source		
764	11.14	11.26
770	11.26	11.26
776	11.31	11.26
Channel Spacing: 25 kHz, Modulation: FM with 2.5 kHz sine wave signal		
764	15.17	15.21
770	15.00	15.00
776	15.04	15.04
Channel Spacing: 25 kHz, Modulation: FM with an external 9600 b/s random data source		
764	18.71	18.64
770	18.64	18.86
776	18.86	18.64

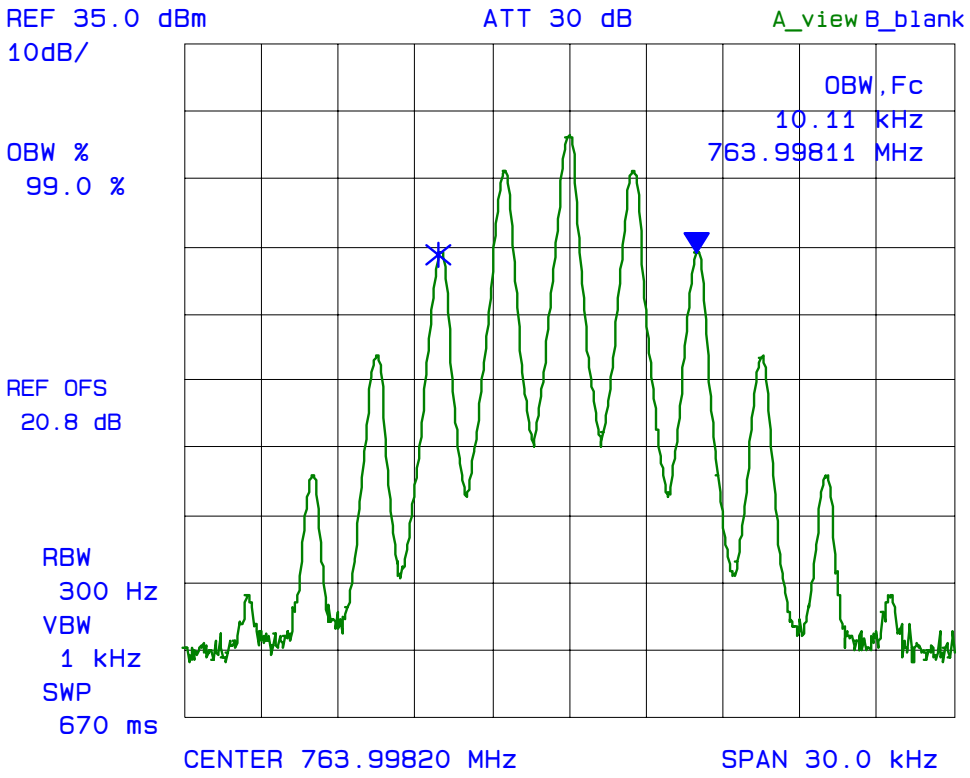
See the following plots (#11 to 34) for 99% occupied bandwidth measurements.

6.7.5.2.1. 12 kHz Channel Spacing

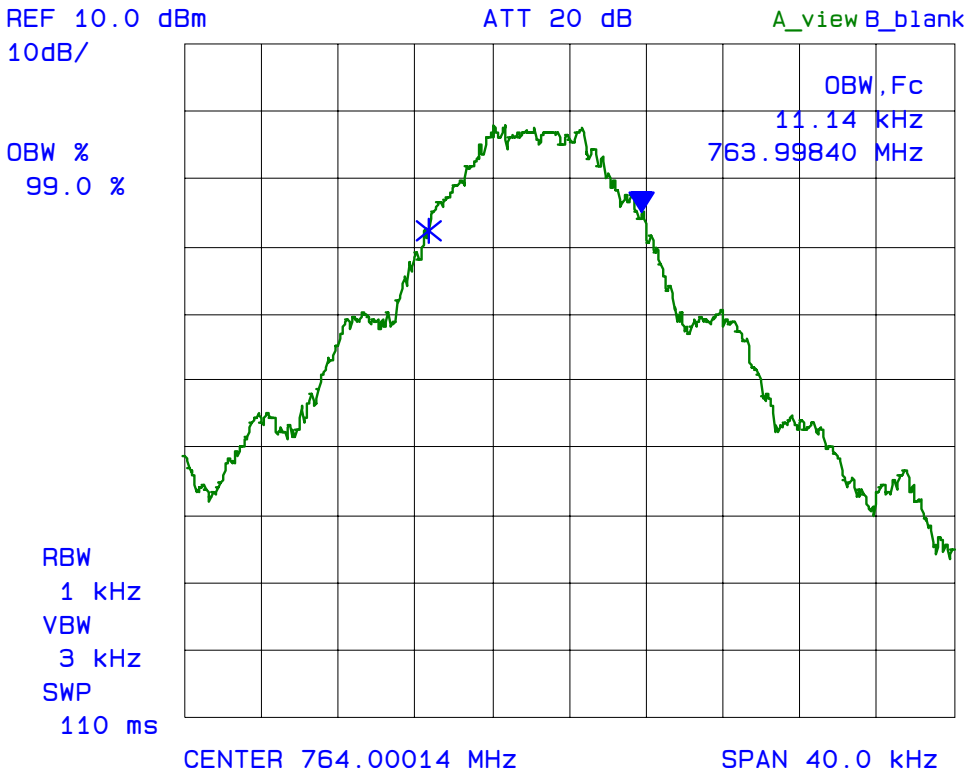
Plot #11: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Input)
Fc: 764 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with 2.5 kHz sine wave signal



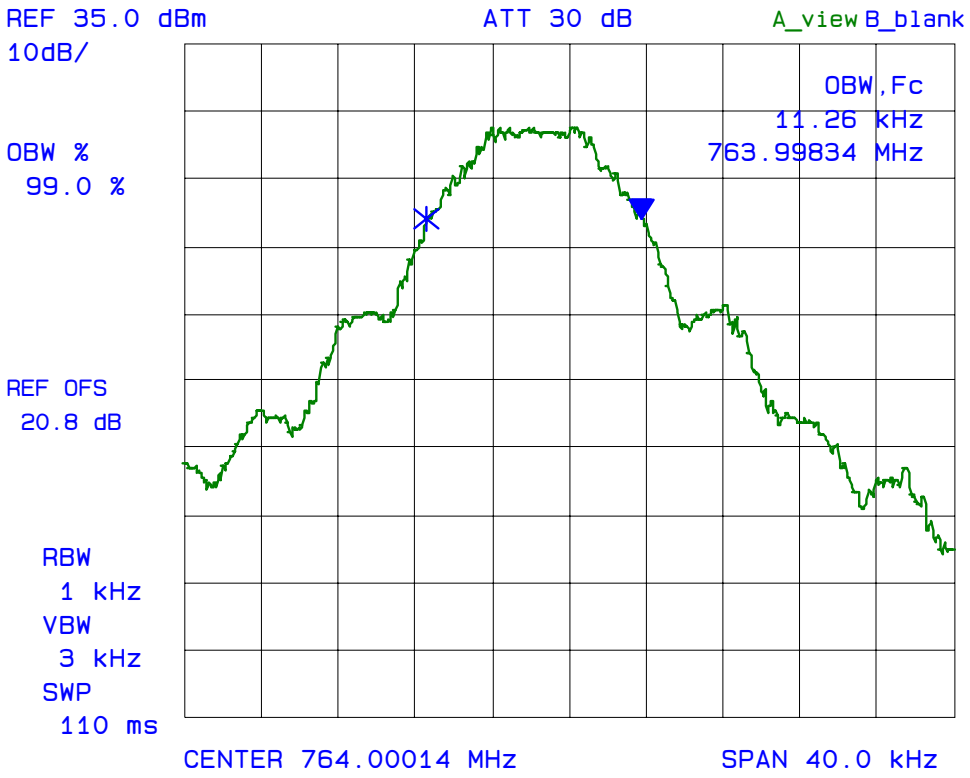
Plot #12: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Output)
Fc: 764 MHz, Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with 2.5 kHz sine wave signal



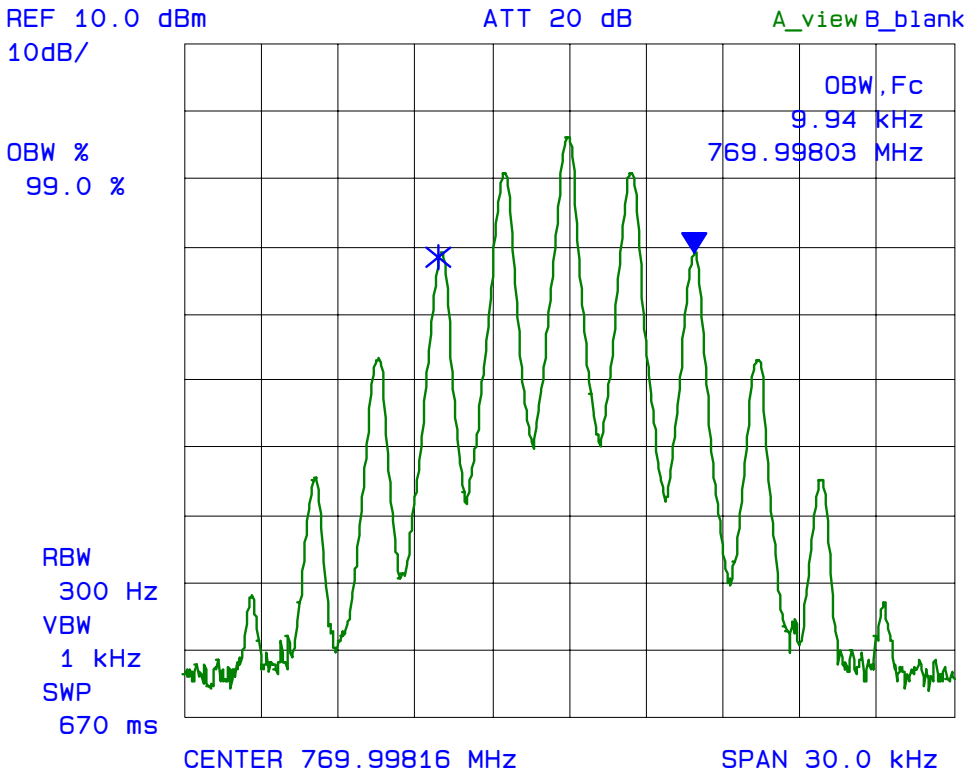
Plot #13: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Input)
Fc: 764 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with an external 9600 bps random data source



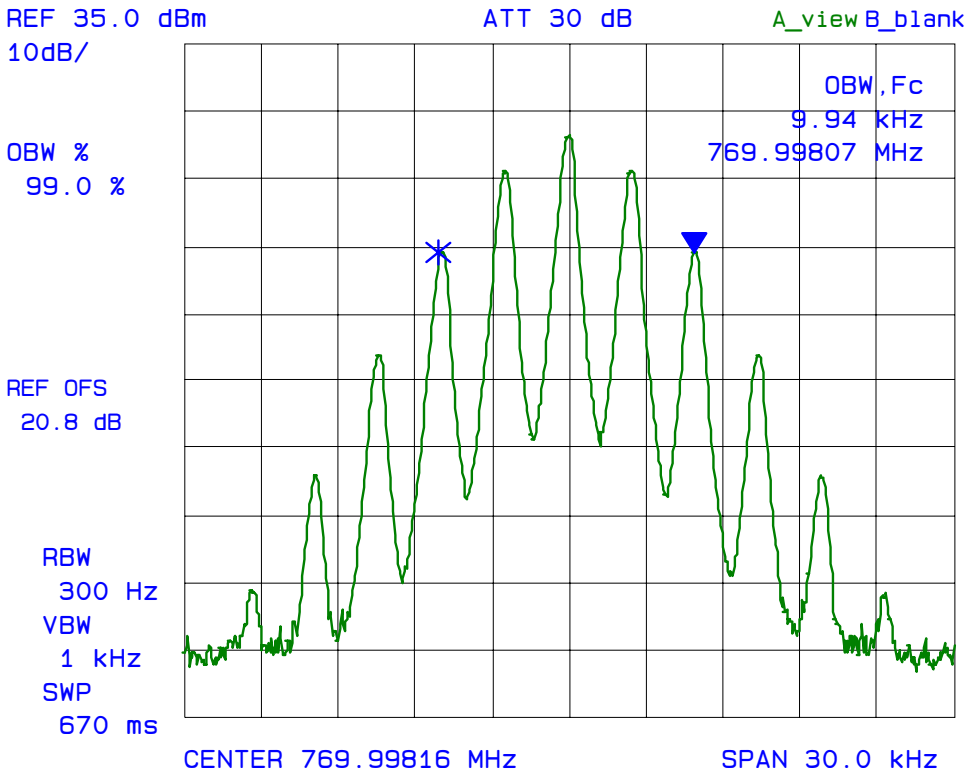
Plot #14: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Output)
Fc: 764 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with an external 9600 bps random data source



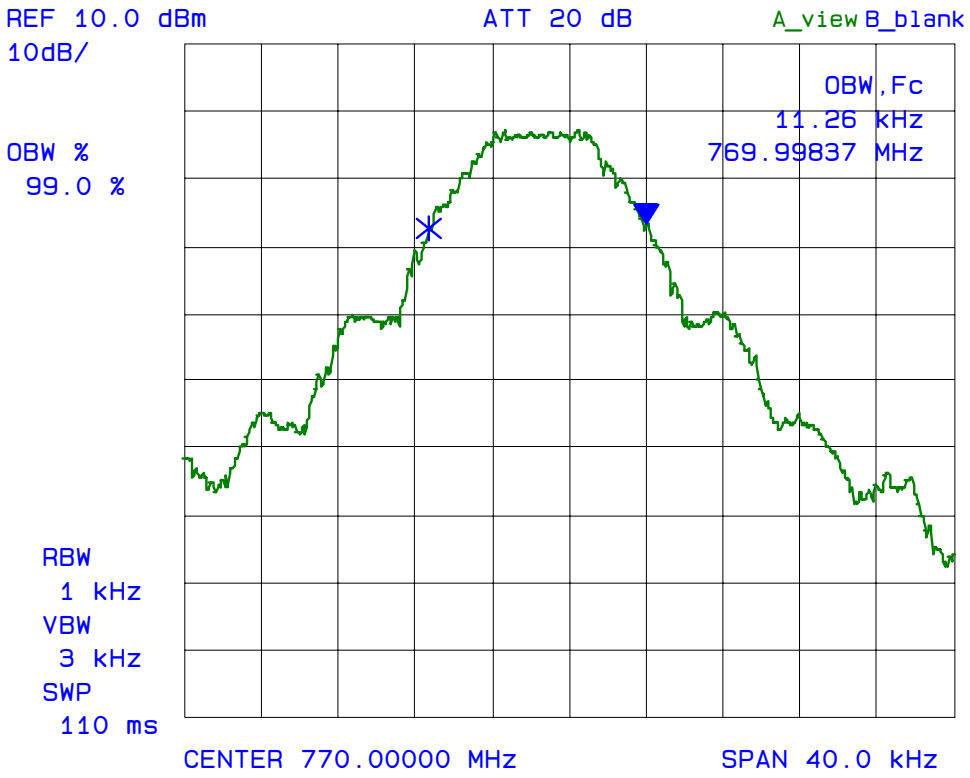
Plot #15: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Input)
Fc: 770 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with 2.5 kHz sine wave signal



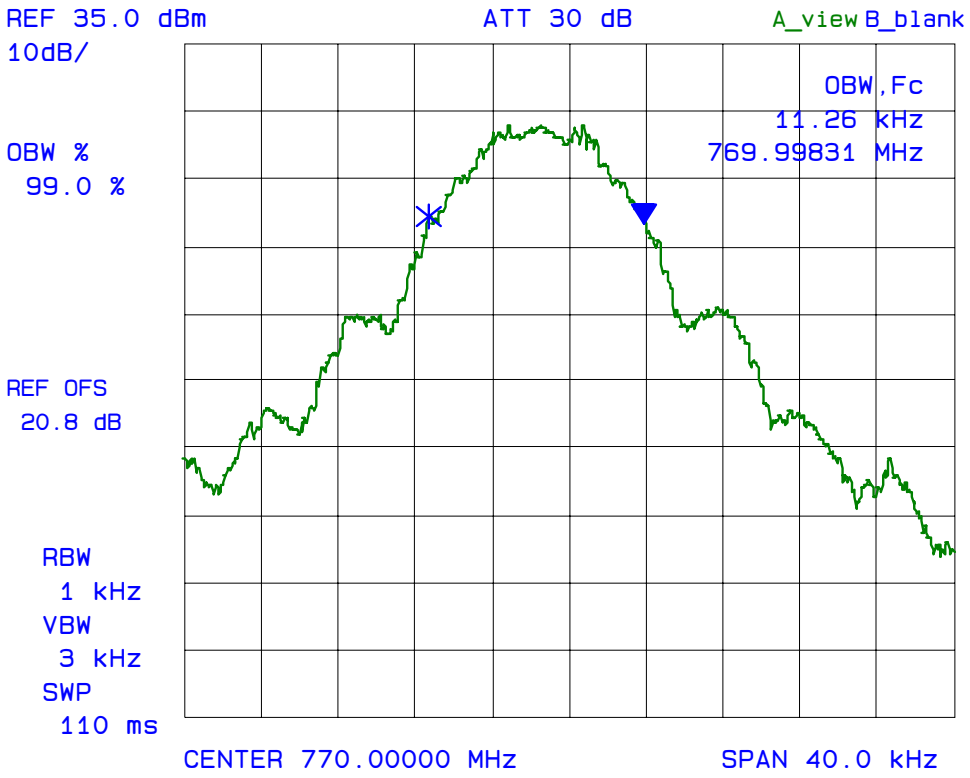
Plot #16: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Output)
Fc: 770 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with 2.5 kHz sine wave signal



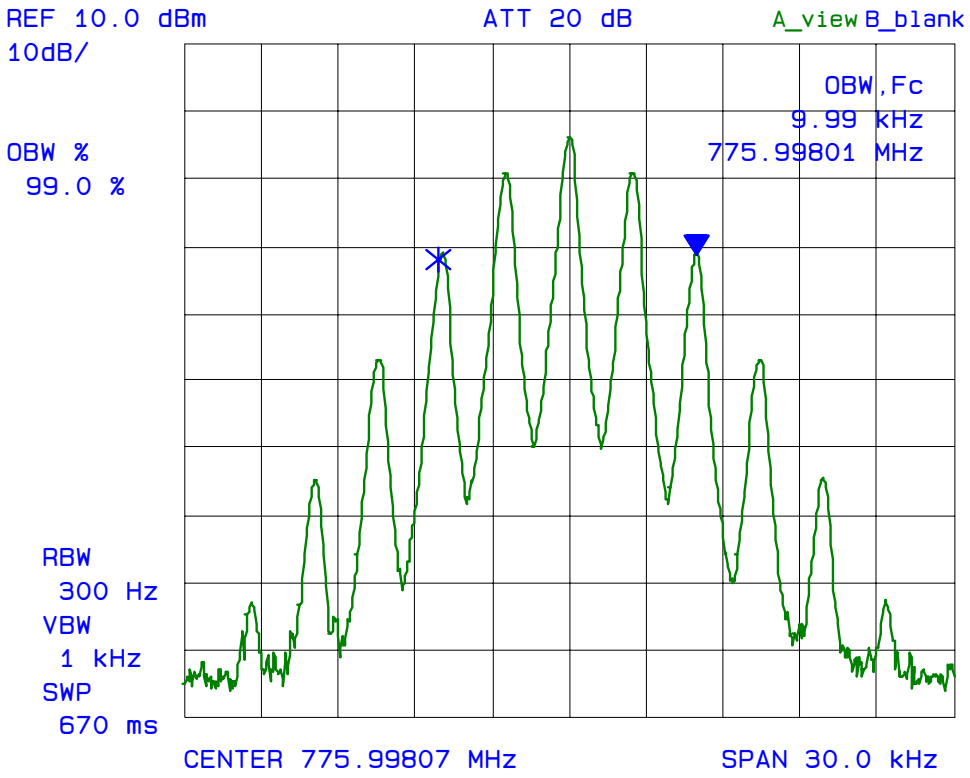
Plot #17: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Input)
Fc: 770 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with an external 9600 bps random data source



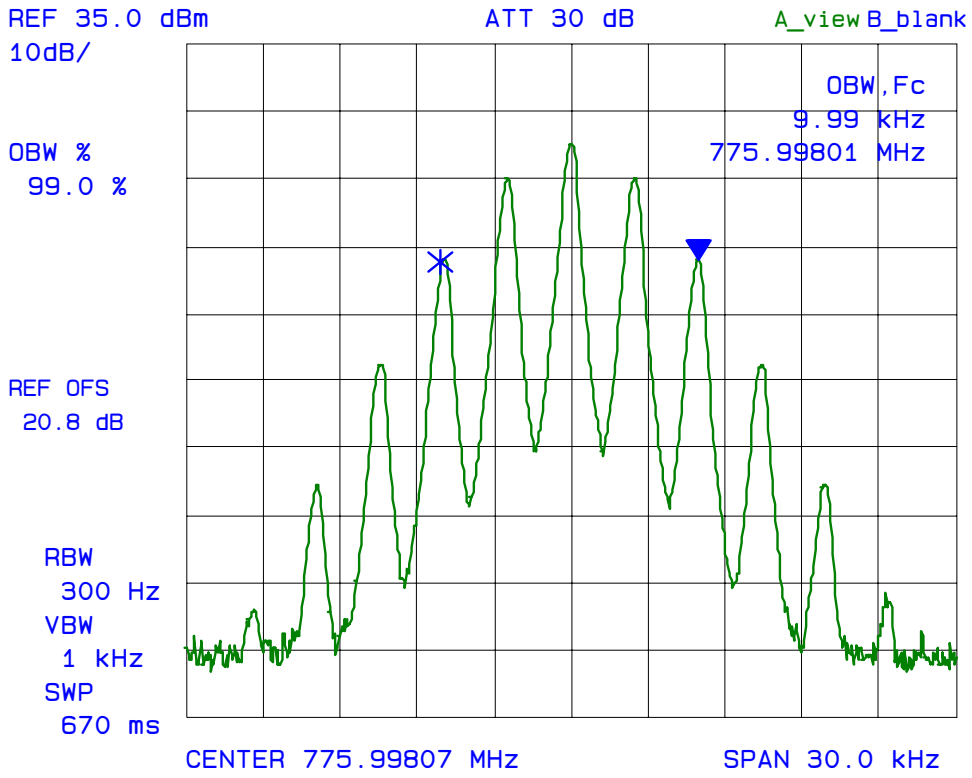
Plot #18: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Output)
Fc: 770 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with an external 9600 bps random data source



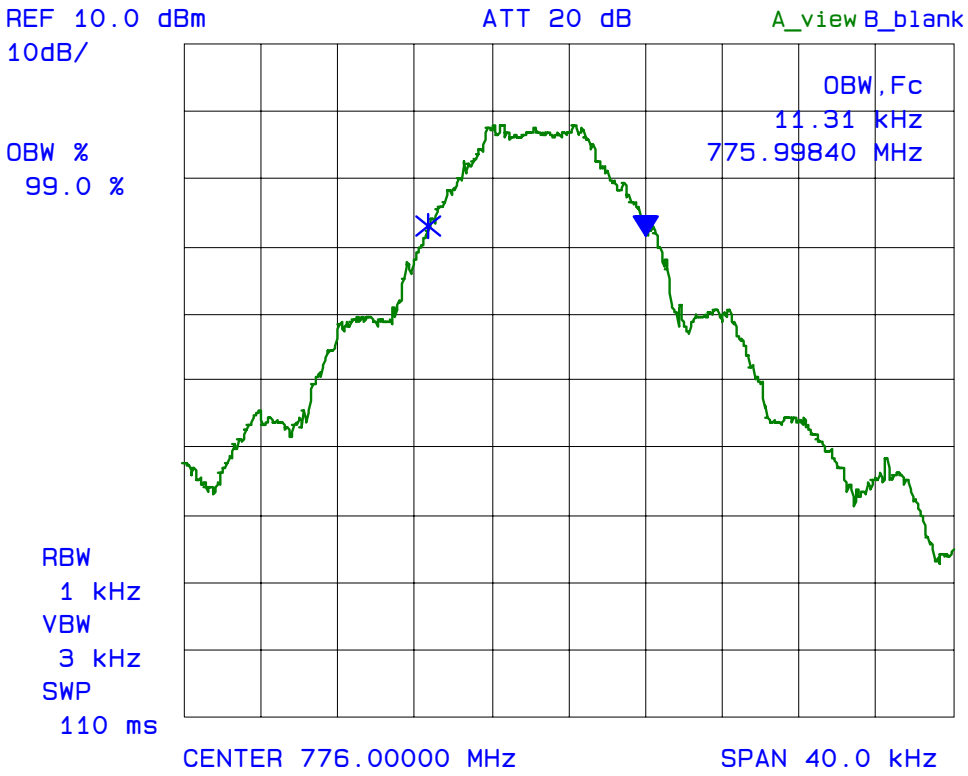
Plot #19: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Input)
Fc: 776 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with 2.5 kHz sine wave signal



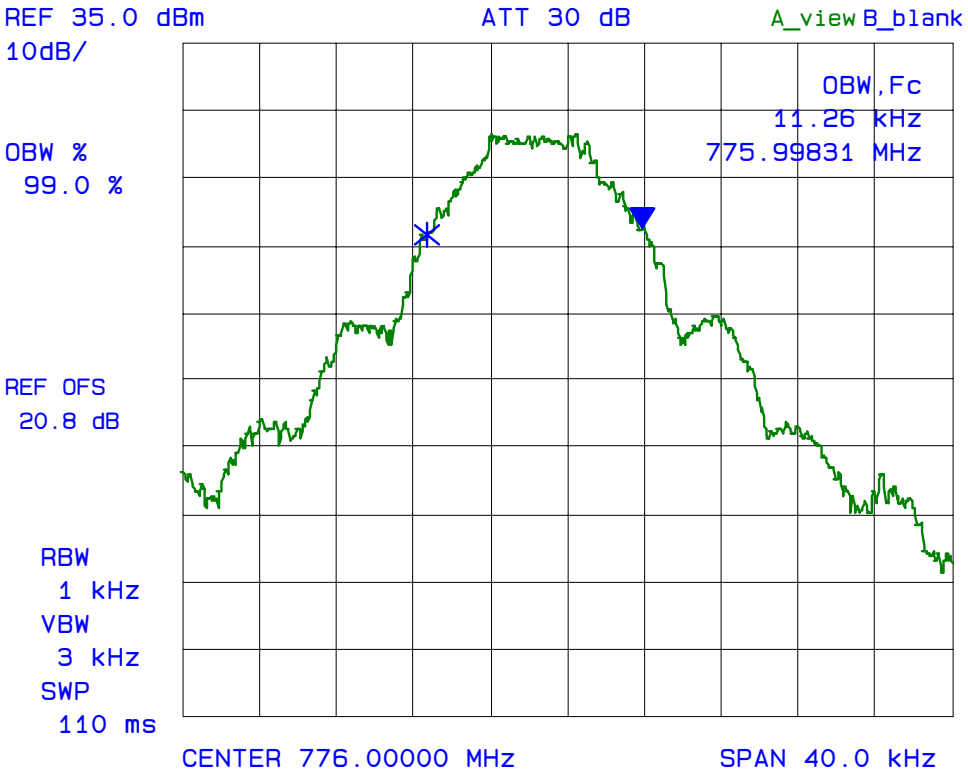
Plot #20: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Output)
Fc: 776 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with 2.5 kHz sine wave signal



Plot #21: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Input)
Fc: 776 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with an external 9600 bps random data source

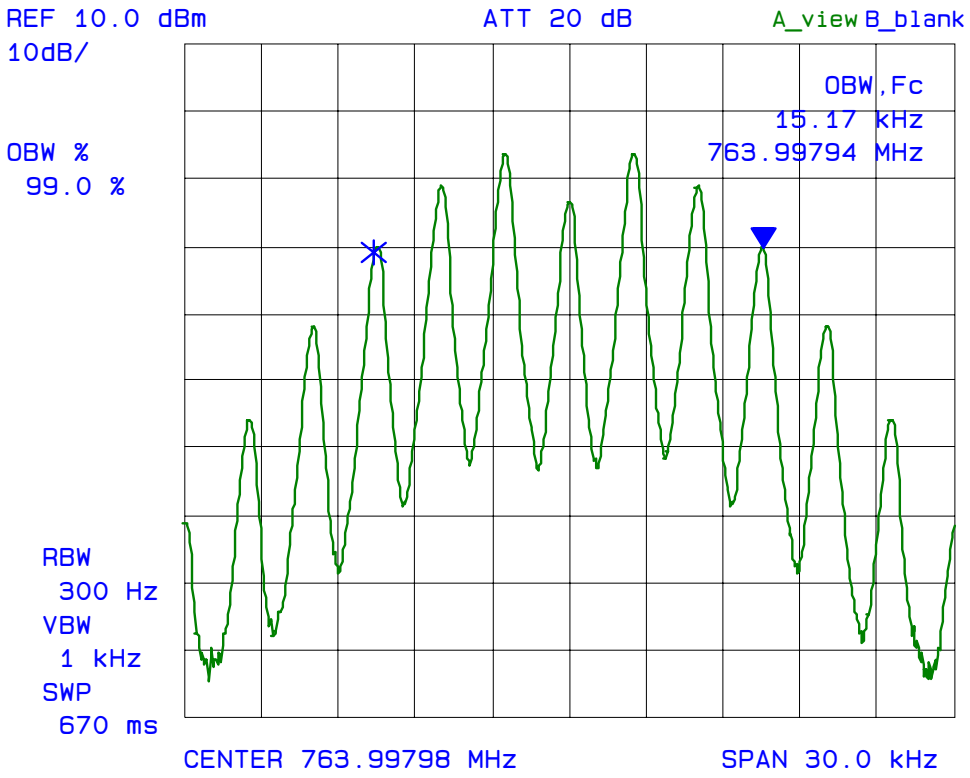


Plot #22: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Output)
Fc: 776 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with an external 9600 bps random data source

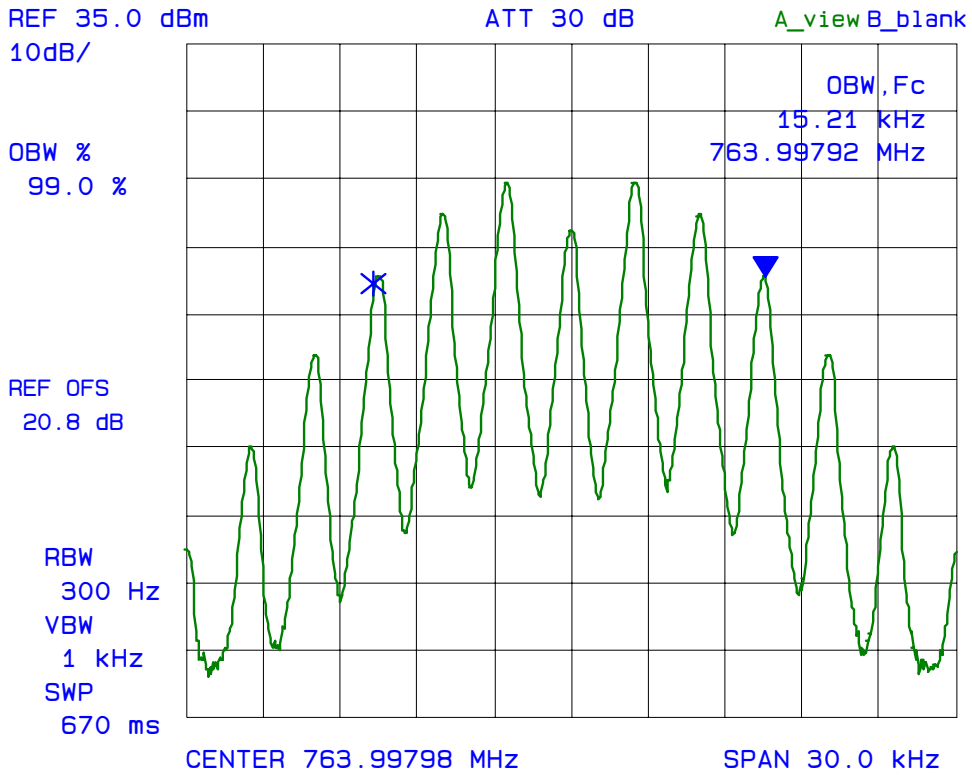


6.7.5.2.2. 25 kHz Channel Spacing

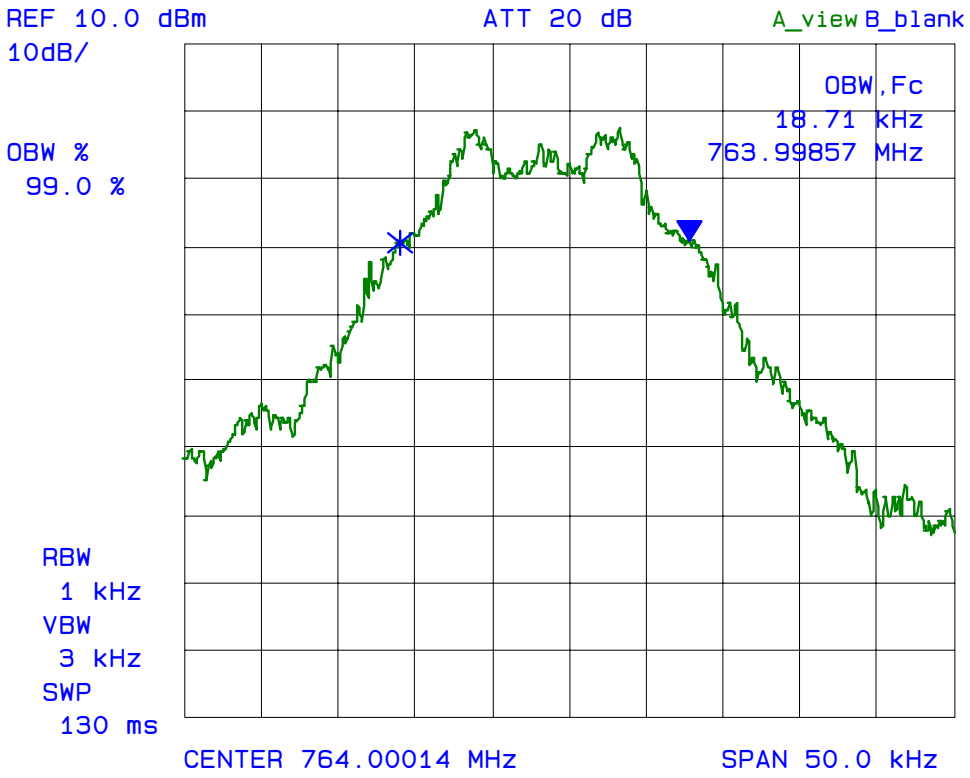
Plot #23: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Input)
Fc: 764 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with 2.5 kHz sine wave signal



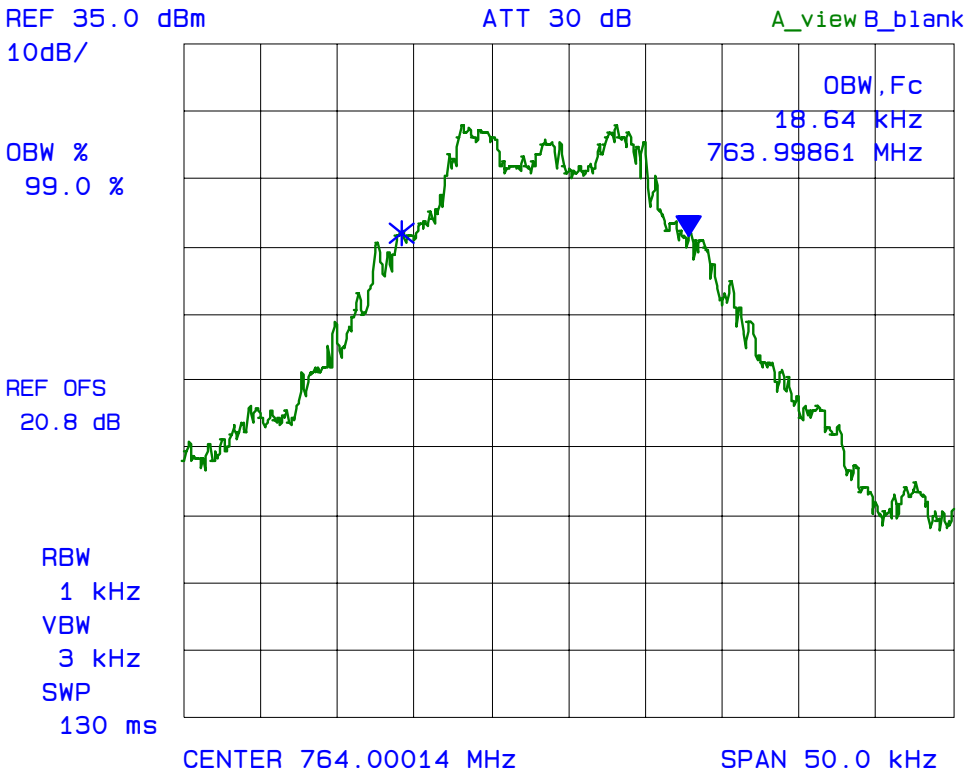
Plot #24: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Output)
Fc: 764 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with 2.5 kHz sine wave signal



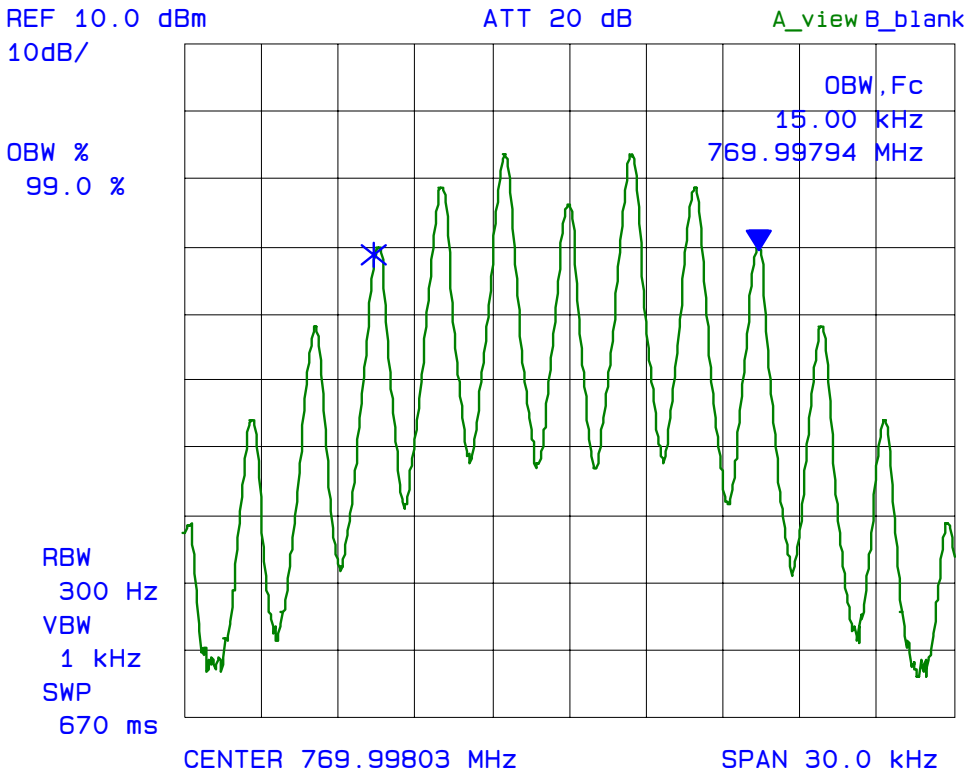
Plot #25: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Input)
Fc: 764 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with an external 9600 bps random data source



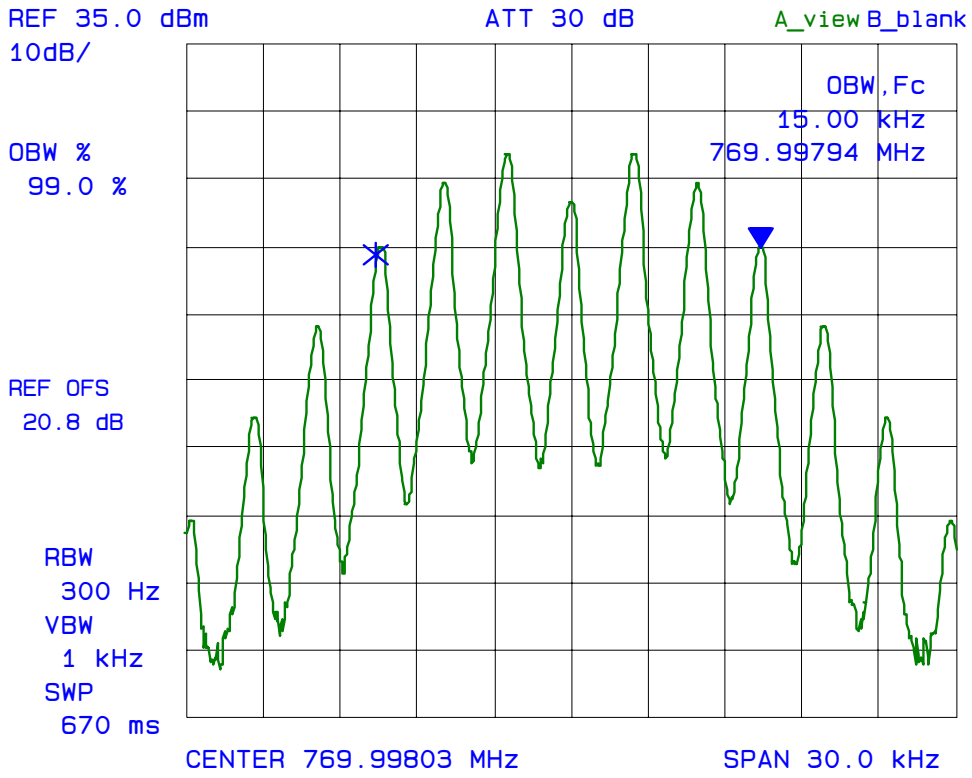
Plot #26: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Output)
Fc: 764 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with an external 9600 bps random data source



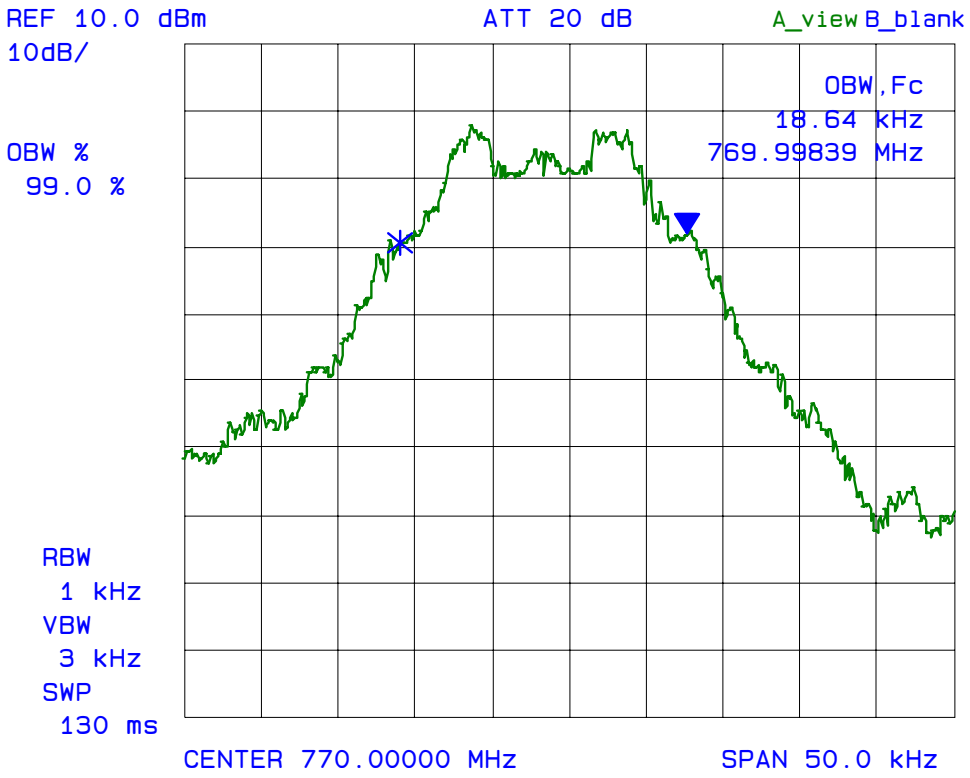
Plot #27: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Input)
Fc: 770 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with 2.5 kHz sine wave signal.



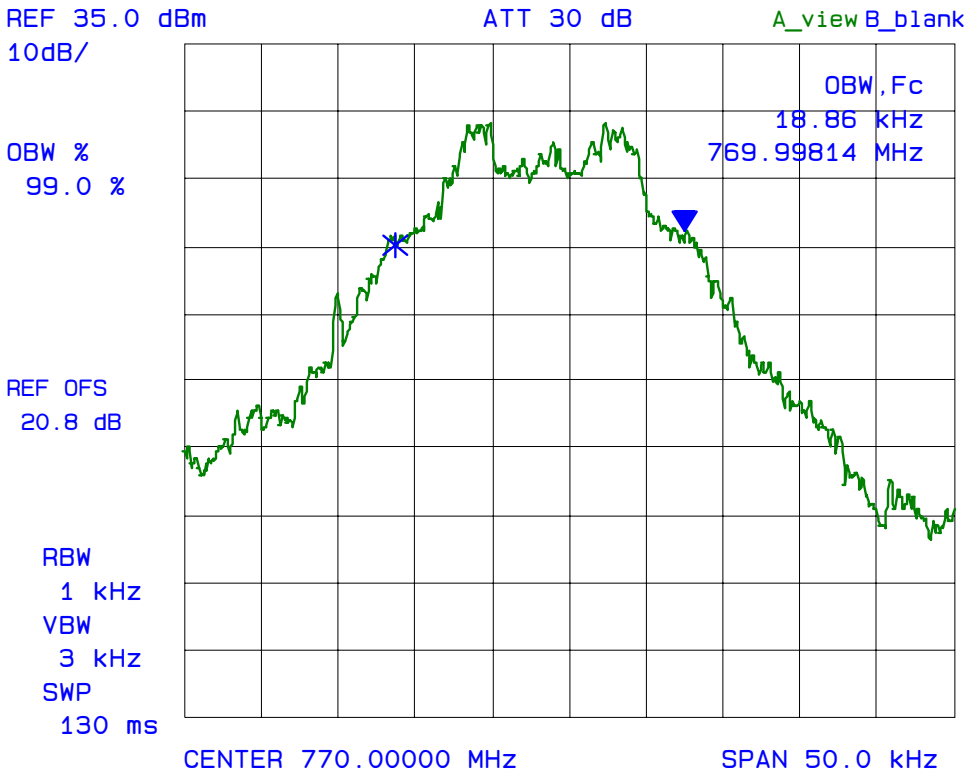
Plot #28: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Output)
Fc: 770 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with 2.5 kHz sine wave signal



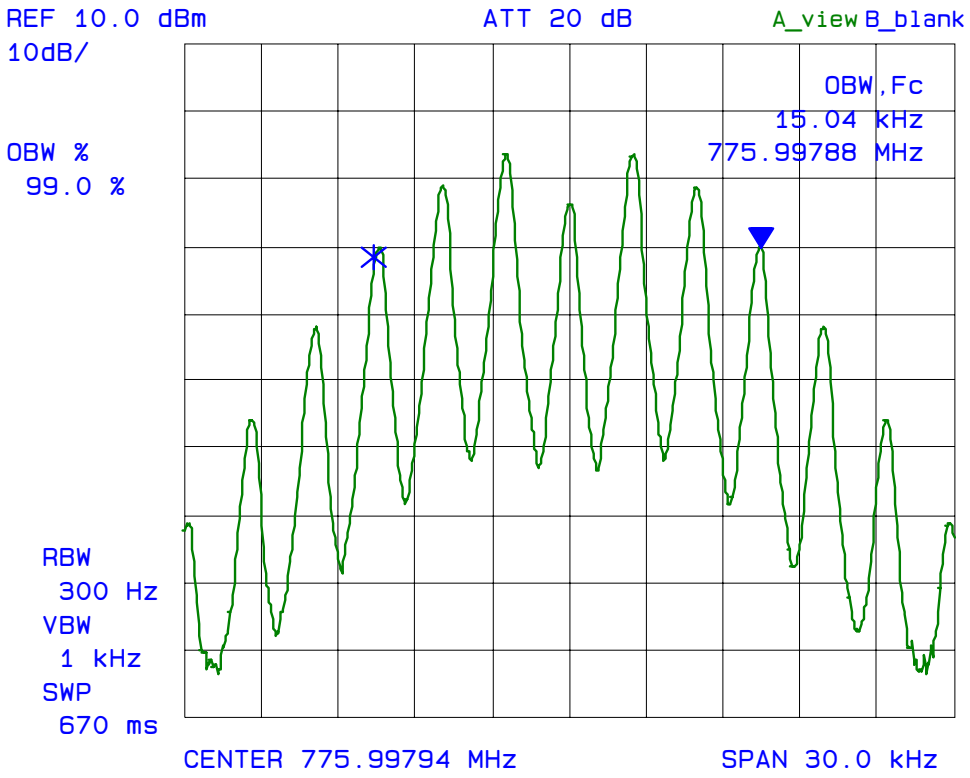
Plot #29: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Input)
Fc: 770 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with an external 9600 bps random data source



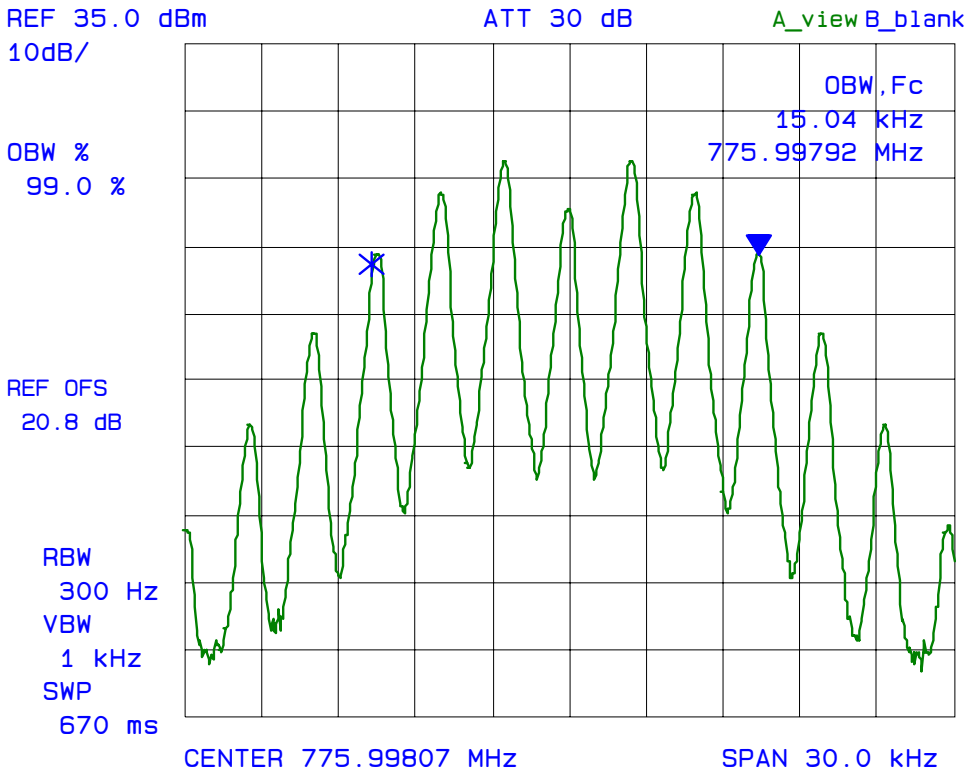
Plot #30: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Output)
Fc: 770 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with an external 9600 bps random data source



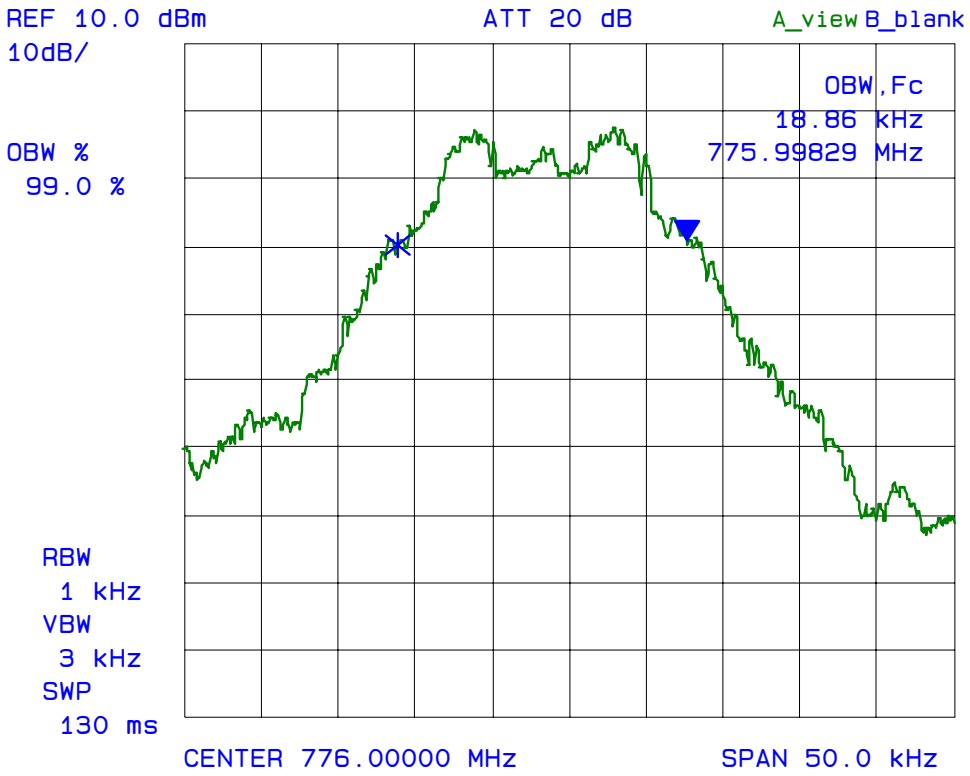
Plot #31: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Input)
Fc: 776 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with 2.5 kHz sine wave signal



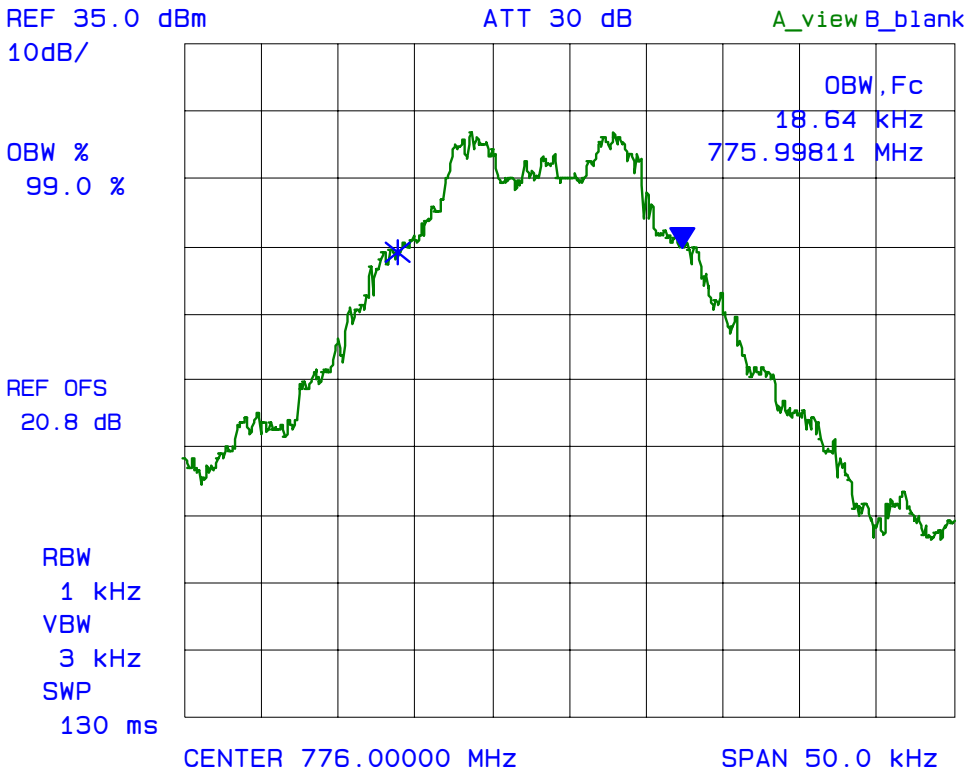
Plot #32: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Output)
Fc: 776 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with 2.5 kHz sine wave signal



Plot #33: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Input)
Fc: 776 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with an external 9600 bps random data source



Plot #34: 99% Occupied Bandwidth (Output)
Fc: 776 MHz, Input Level: 0 dBm, Modulation: FM with an external 9600 bps random data source



6.8. SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL [§§ 2.1051 & 90.543(c)]

6.8.1. Limits

The power of any emission must be reduced below the unmodulated carrier power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB

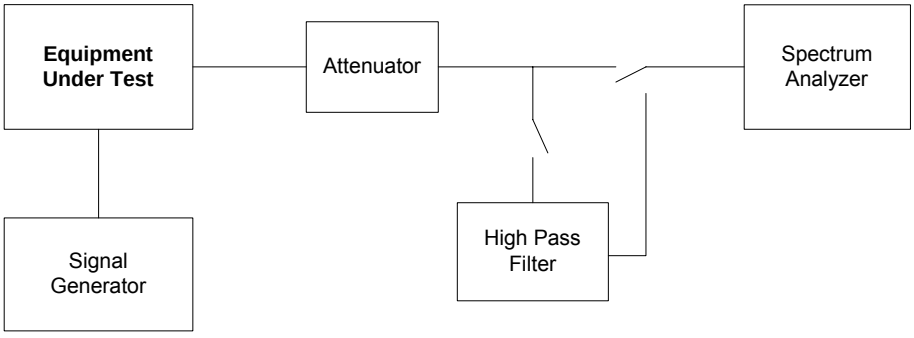
6.8.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to ULTRATECH Test Procedures, File # ULTR P001-2004.

6.8.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer	Advantest	R3271	15050203	100Hz-26.5GHz
Attenuator	Weinschel Corp	46-20-34	BM1347	DC - 18 GHz
High Pass Filter	Microphase	5915-688-9088	MT1000AB	0.95 - 10 GHz
Signal Generator	Gigatronic	6061A	5130586	10 kHz - 1050 MHz
Signal Generator	Fluke	6061A	4770301	10 kHz - 1050 MHz
Signal Generator	Gigatronic	6061A	5130408	10 kHz - 1050 MHz
Combiner	Mini-Circuit	15542	0105	1 MHz – 1 GHz

6.8.4. Test Arrangement



6.8.5. Test Data

Remarks:

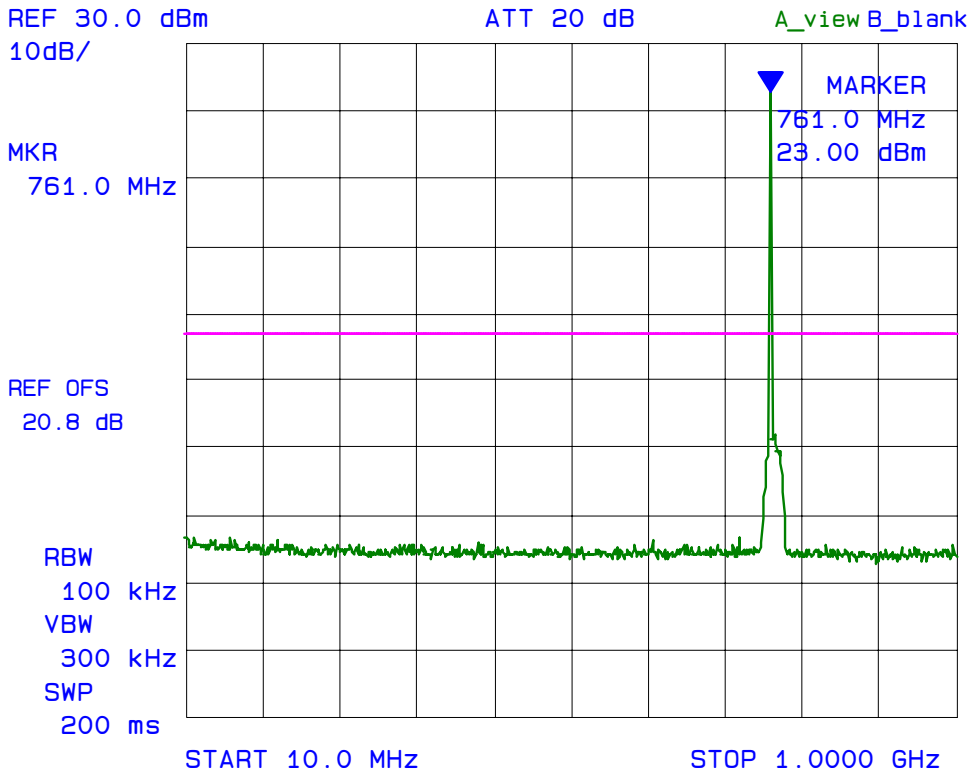
(1) There was no difference in spurious/harmonic emissions on pre-scans for all different modulations. Therefore, the rf spurious/harmonic emissions in this section would be performed without modulation and it shall represent for all different modulations required.

(2) The emissions were scanned from 10 MHz to 8.5 GHz.

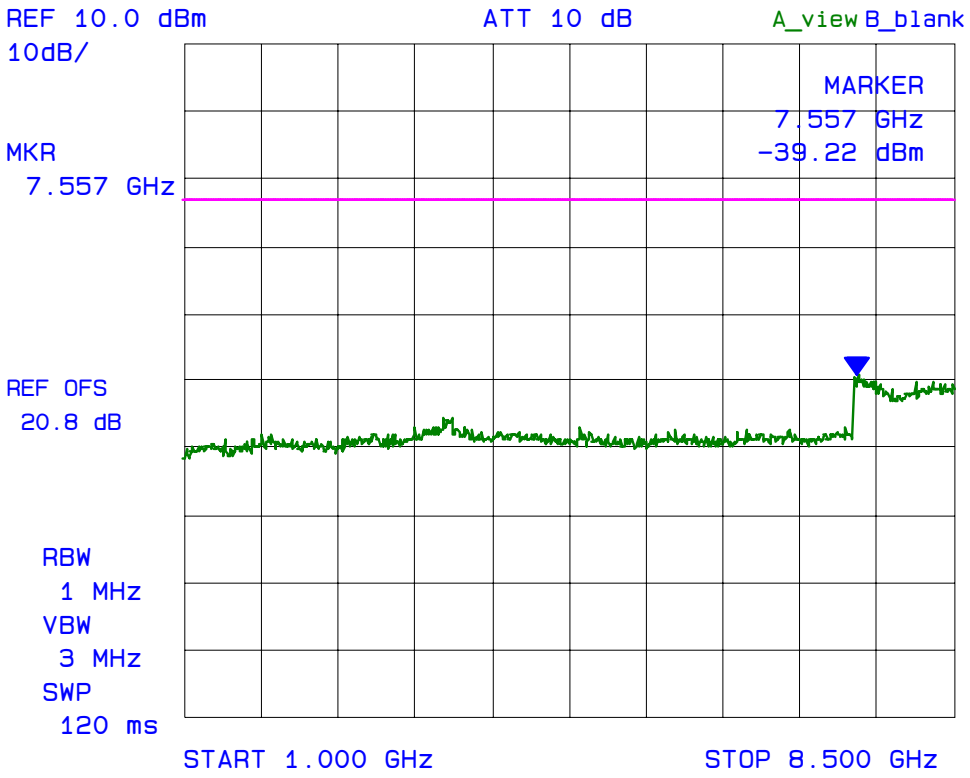
Fundamental Frequency:	764 MHz (1 RF Signal input/output)
RF Output Power:	24.56 dBm (conducted)
Modulation:	Unmodulated

See the following plots for details:

Plot #35:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 1 RF signal input/output
Fc: 764 MHz



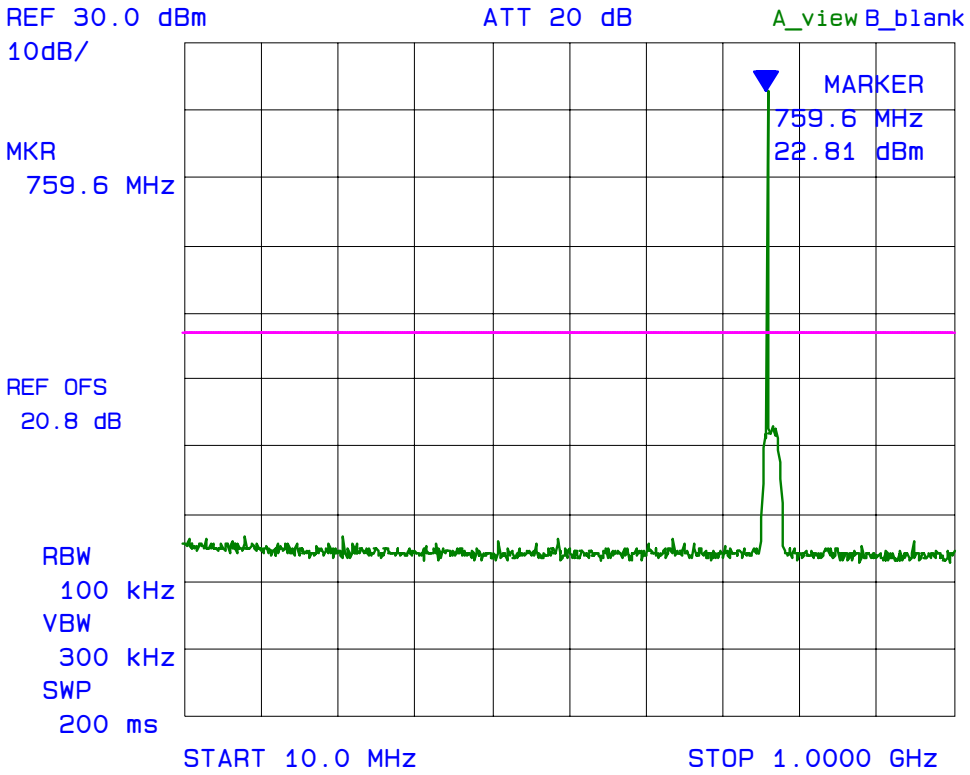
Plot #36:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 1 RF signal input/output
Fc: 764 MHz



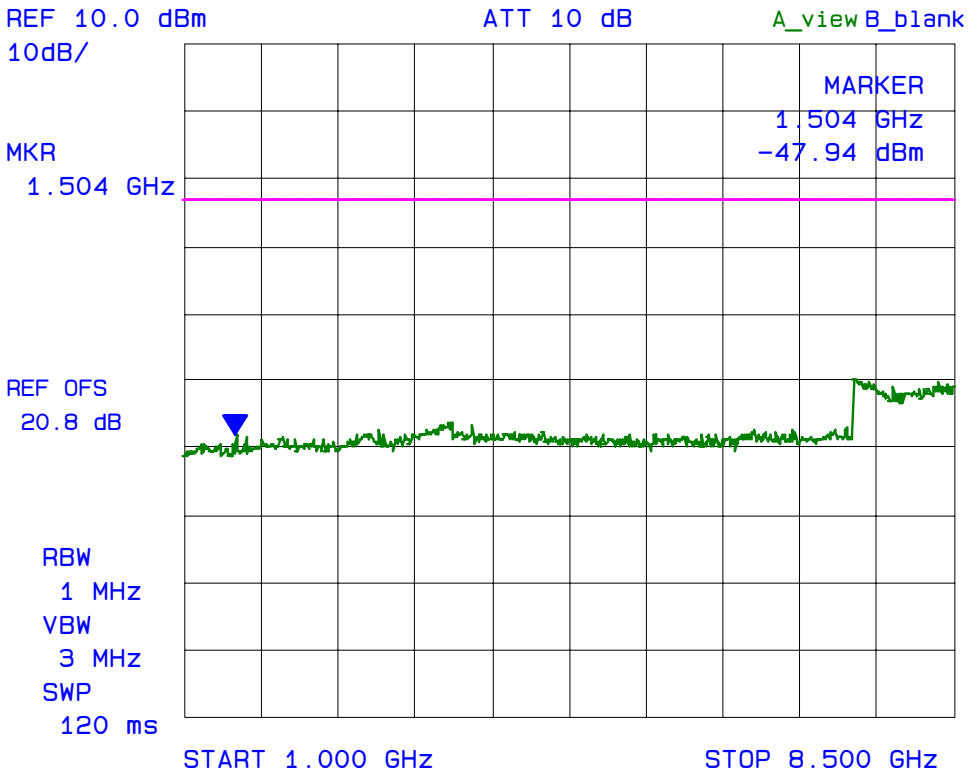
Fundamental Frequency:	764 MHz & 764.025 MHz (2 channel inputs/outputs)
RF Output Power:	18.25 (conducted)
Modulation:	Unmodulated

See the following plots for details:

Plot #37:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 2 RF signal inputs/outputs
Fc: 764 MHz, Fc + 25 kHz



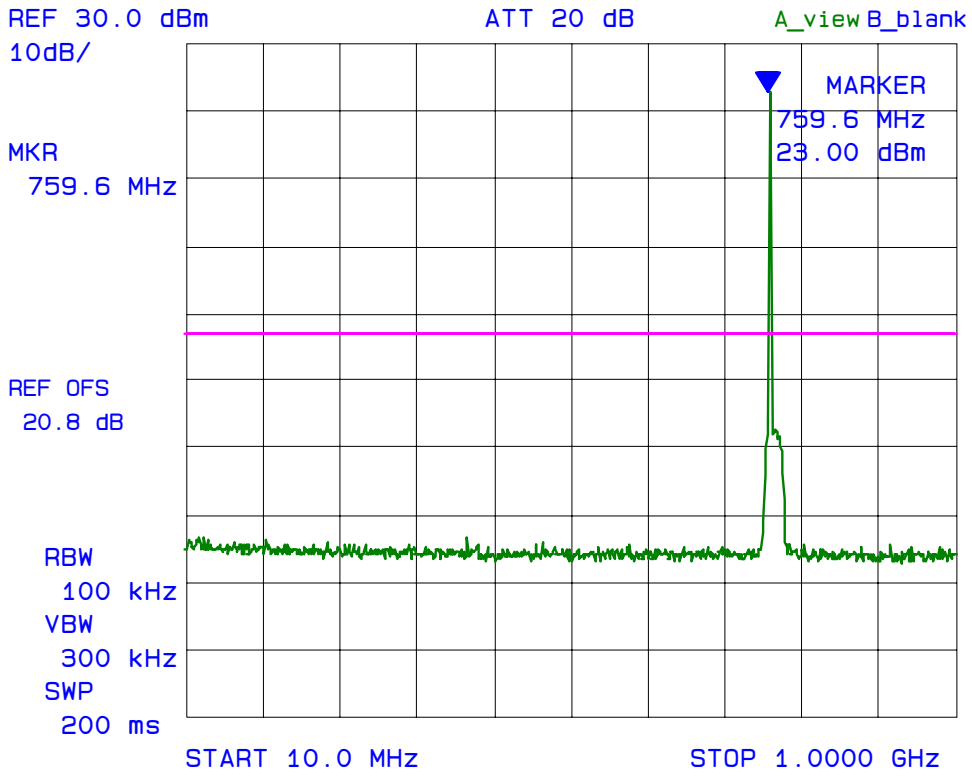
Plot #38:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 2 RF signal inputs/outputs
Fc: 764 MHz, Fc + 25 kHz



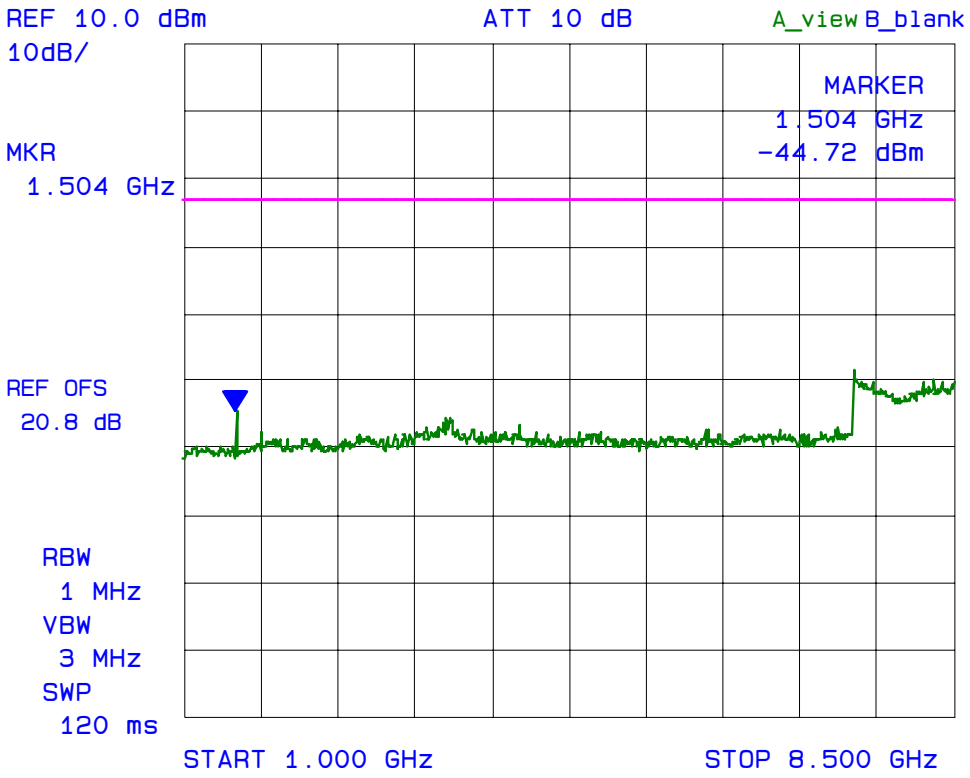
Fundamental Frequency:	764 MHz, 764.025 MHz & 764.050 MHz (3 channel inputs/outputs)
RF Output Power:	15.72 dBm (conducted)
Modulation:	Unmodulated

See the following plots for details:

Plot #39:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 3 RF signal inputs/outputs
Fc: 764 MHz, Fc + 25 kHz, Fc + 50 kHz



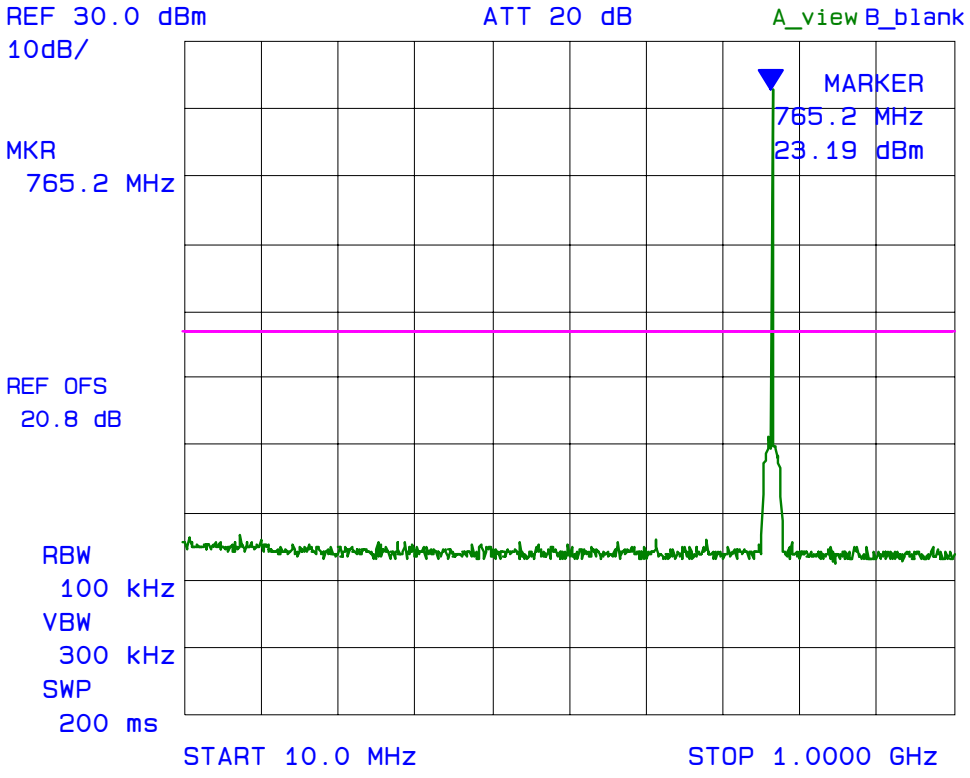
Plot #40:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 3 RF signal inputs/outputs
Fc: 764 MHz, Fc + 25 kHz, Fc + 50 kHz



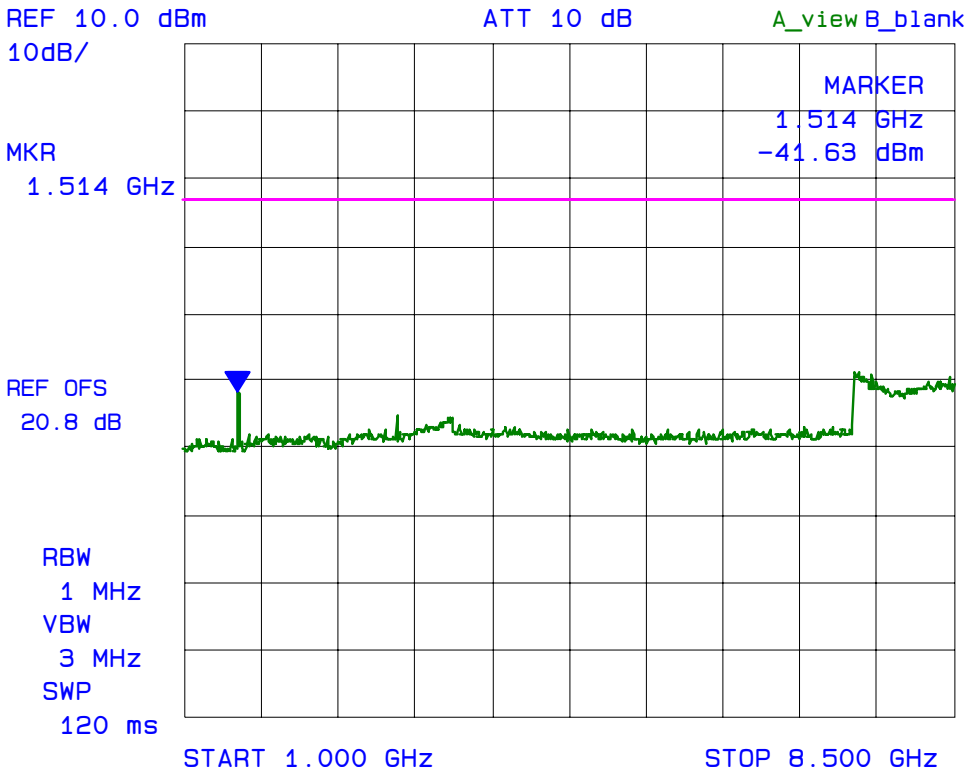
Fundamental Frequency:	770 MHz (1 RF Signal input/output)
RF Output Power:	24.53 dBm (conducted)
Modulation:	Unmodulated

See the following plots for details:

Plot #41:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 1 RF signal input/output
Fc: 770 MHz



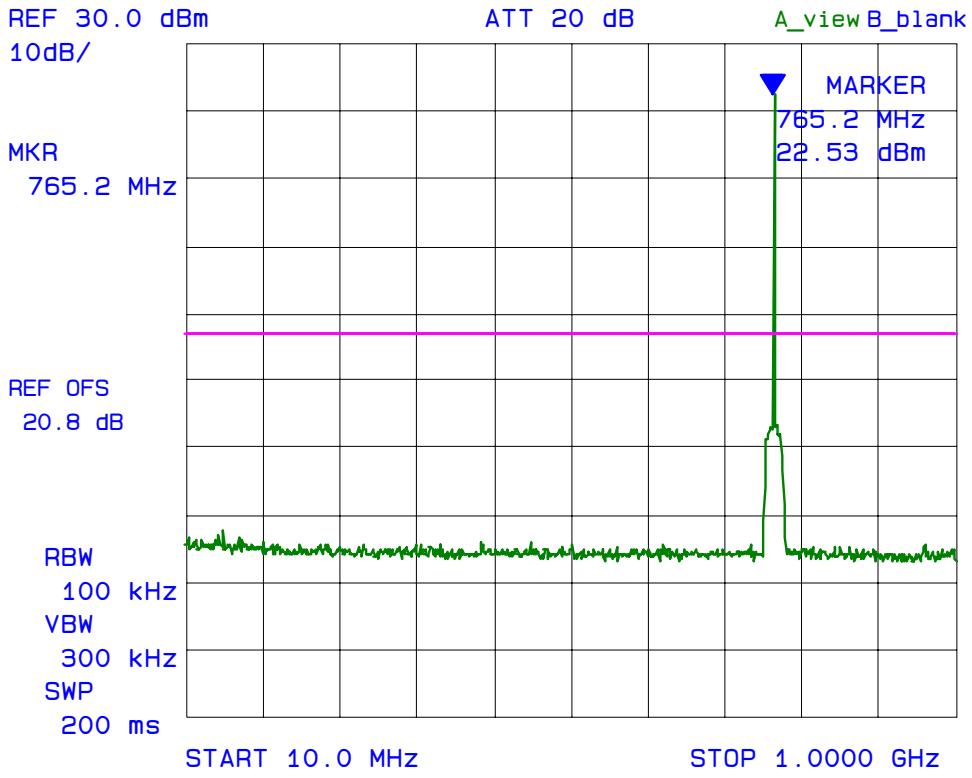
Plot #42:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 1 RF signal input/output
Fc: 770 MHz



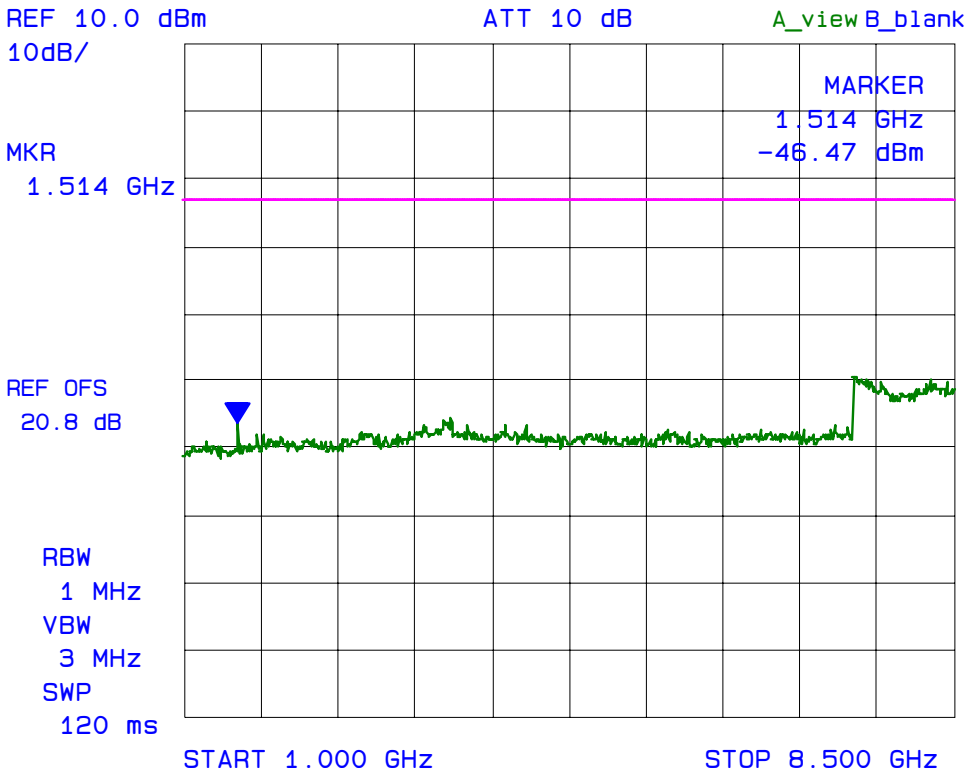
Fundamental Frequency:	770 MHz, 770.025 MHz (2 channel inputs/outputs)
RF Output Power:	18.25 dBm (conducted)
Modulation:	Unmodulated

See the following plots for details:

Plot #43:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 2 RF signal inputs/outputs
Fc: 770 MHz, Fc + 25 kHz



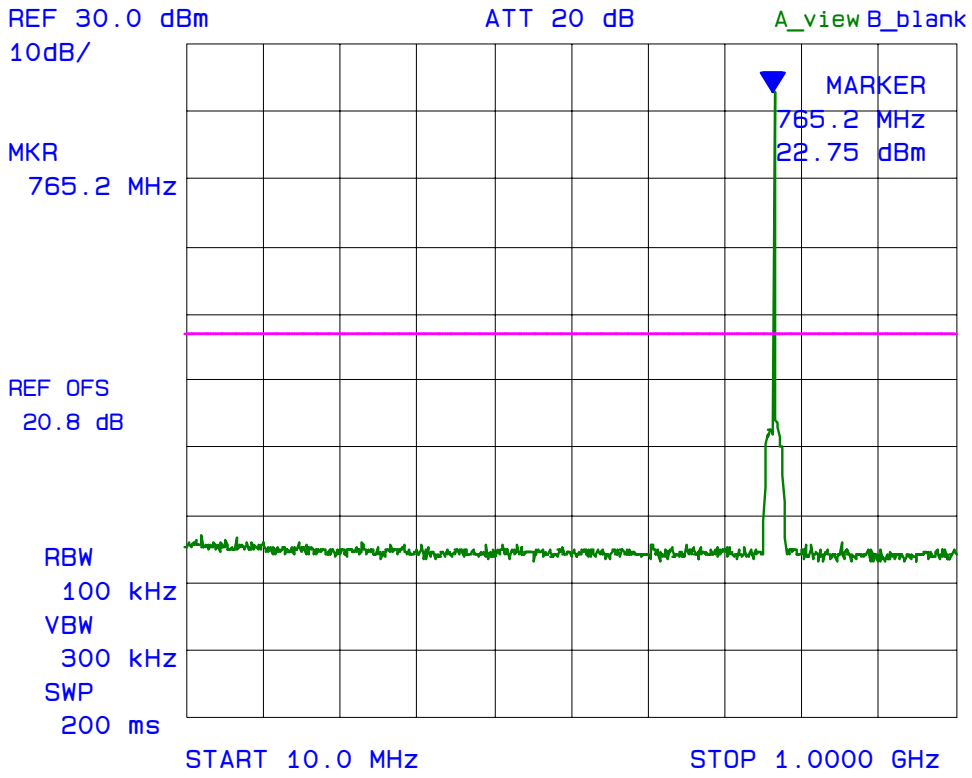
Plot #44:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 2 RF signal inputs/outputs
Fc: 770 MHz, Fc + 25 kHz



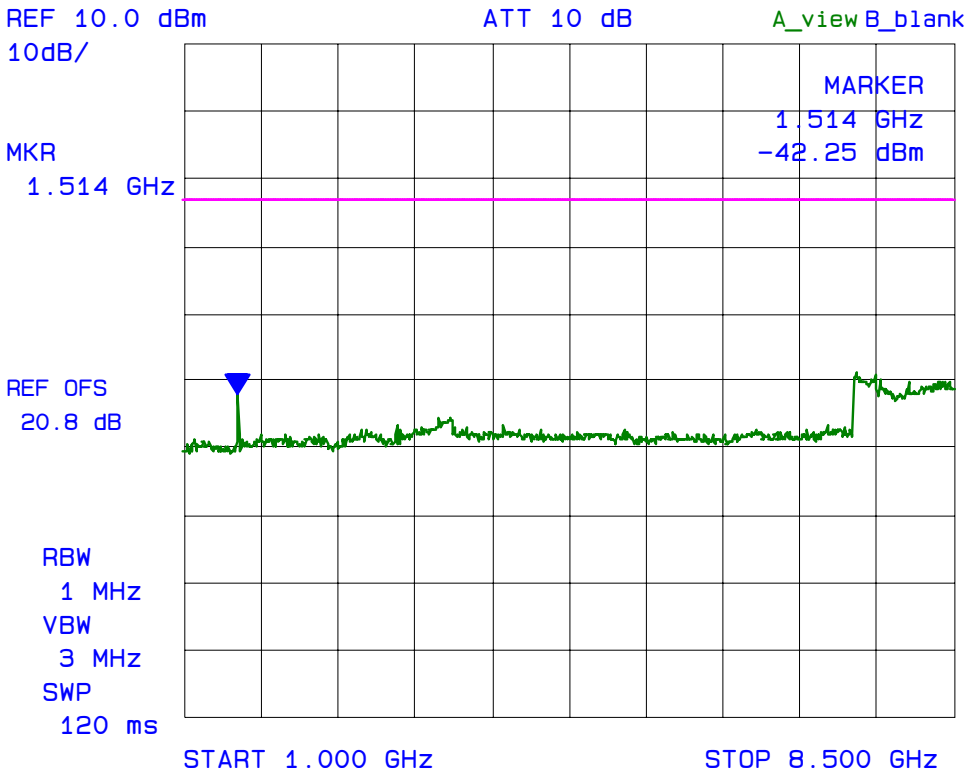
Fundamental Frequency:	770 MHz, 770.025, 770.050 MHz (3 channel inputs/outputs)
RF Output Power:	15.50 dBm (conducted)
Modulation:	Unmodulated

See the following plots for details:

Plot #45:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 3 RF signal inputs/outputs
Fc: 770 MHz, Fc + 25 kHz, Fc + 50 kHz



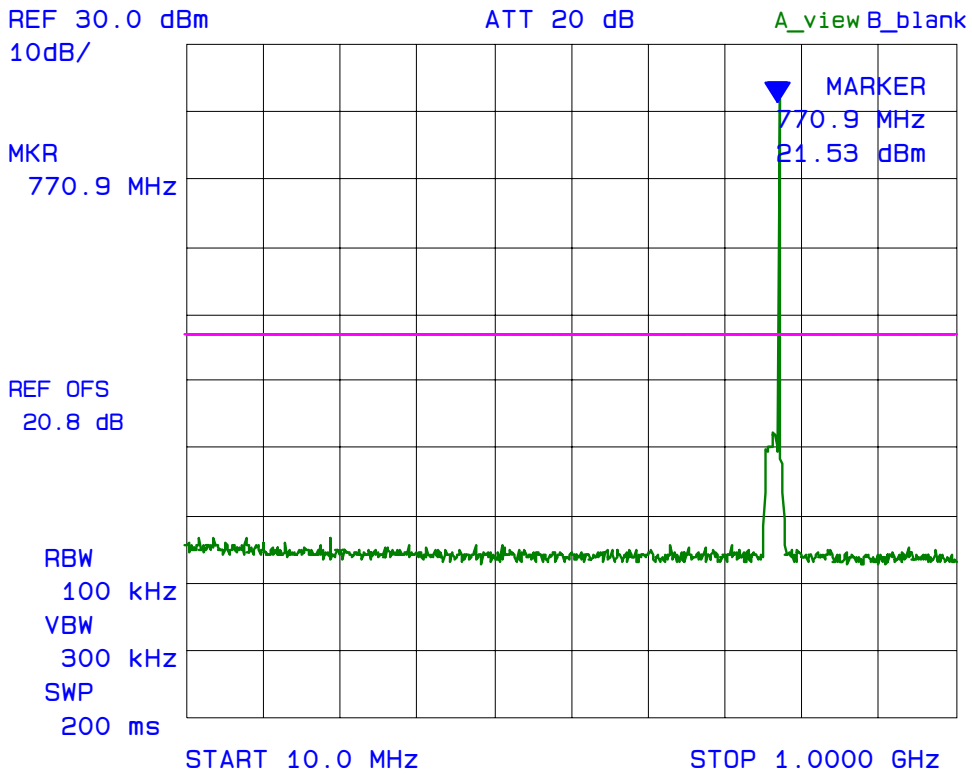
Plot #46:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 3 RF signal inputs/outputs
Fc: 770 MHz, Fc + 25 kHz, Fc + 50 kHz



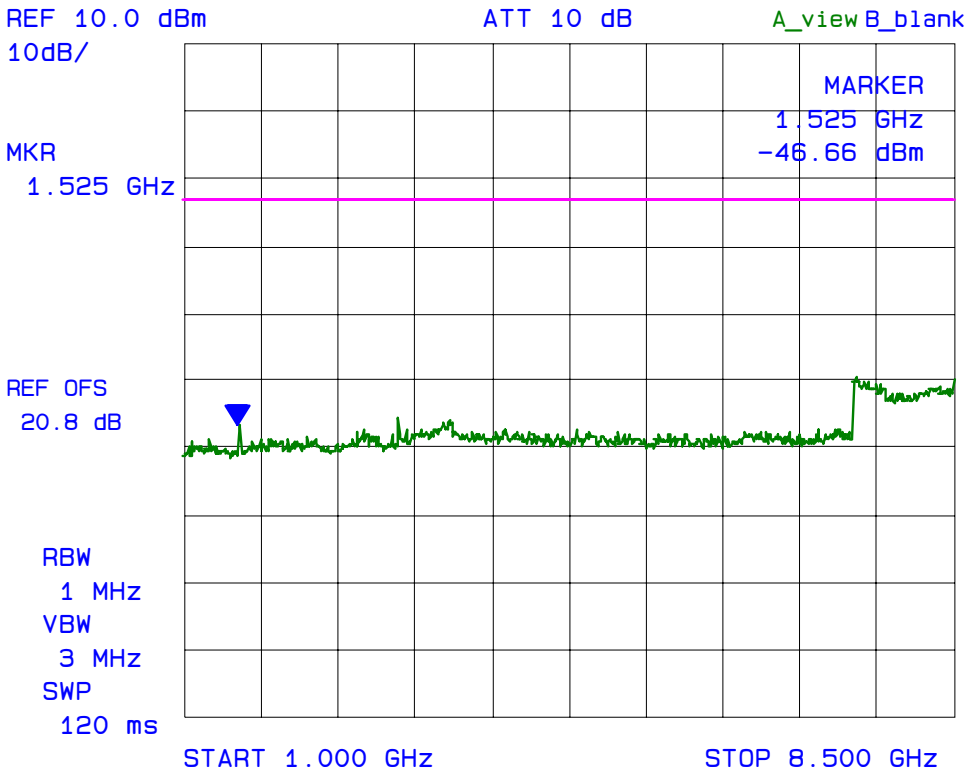
Fundamental Frequency:	776 MHz (1 RF Signal input/output)
RF Output Power:	23.34 dBm (conducted)
Modulation:	Unmodulated

See the following plots for details:

Plot #47:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 1 RF signal input/output
Fc: 776 MHz



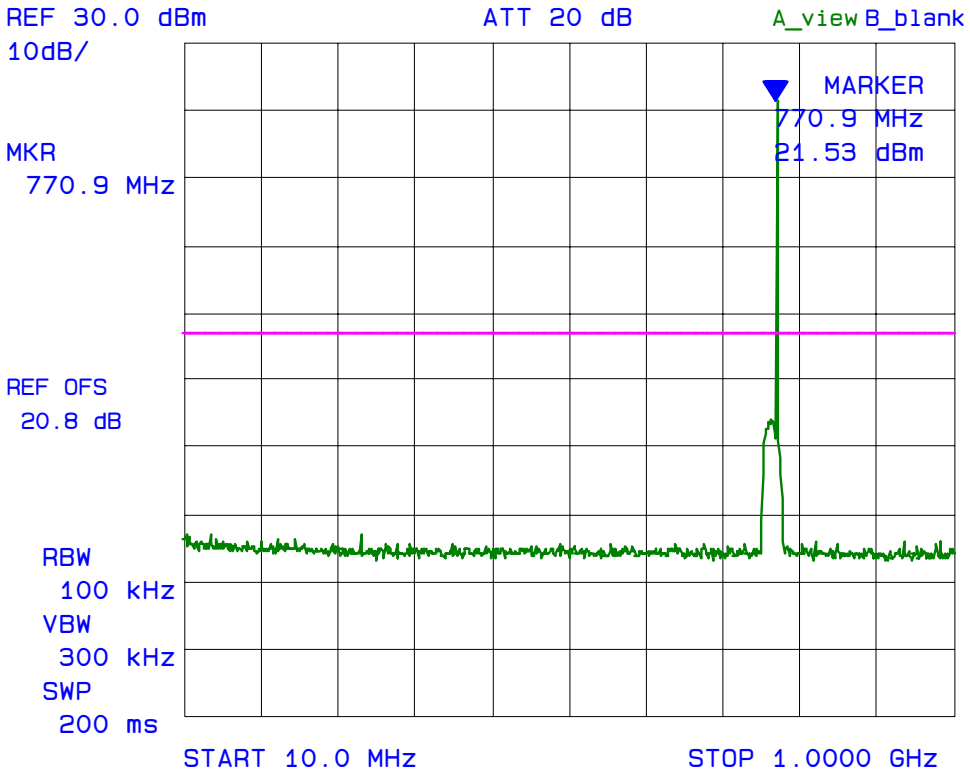
Plot #48:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 1 RF signal input/output
Fc: 776 MHz



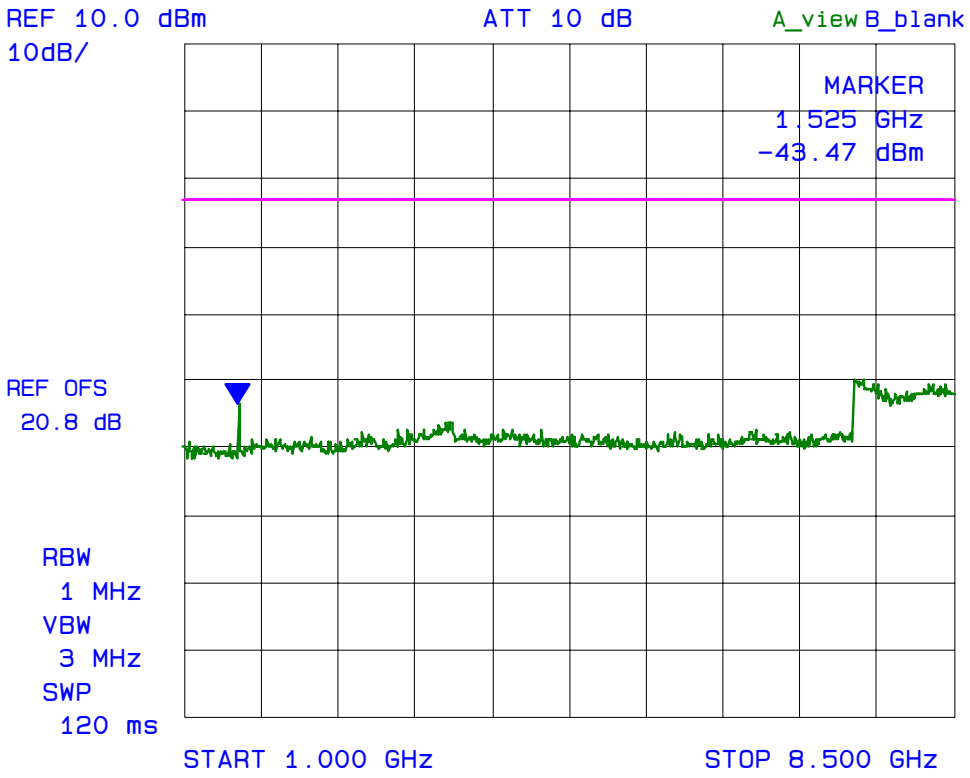
undamental Frequency:	776 MHz & 775.975 MHz, (2 channel inputs/outputs)
RF Output Power:	17.28 dBm (conducted)
Modulation:	Unmodulated

See the following plots for details:

Plot #49:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 2 RF signal inputs/outputs
Fc: 776 MHz, Fc - 25 kHz



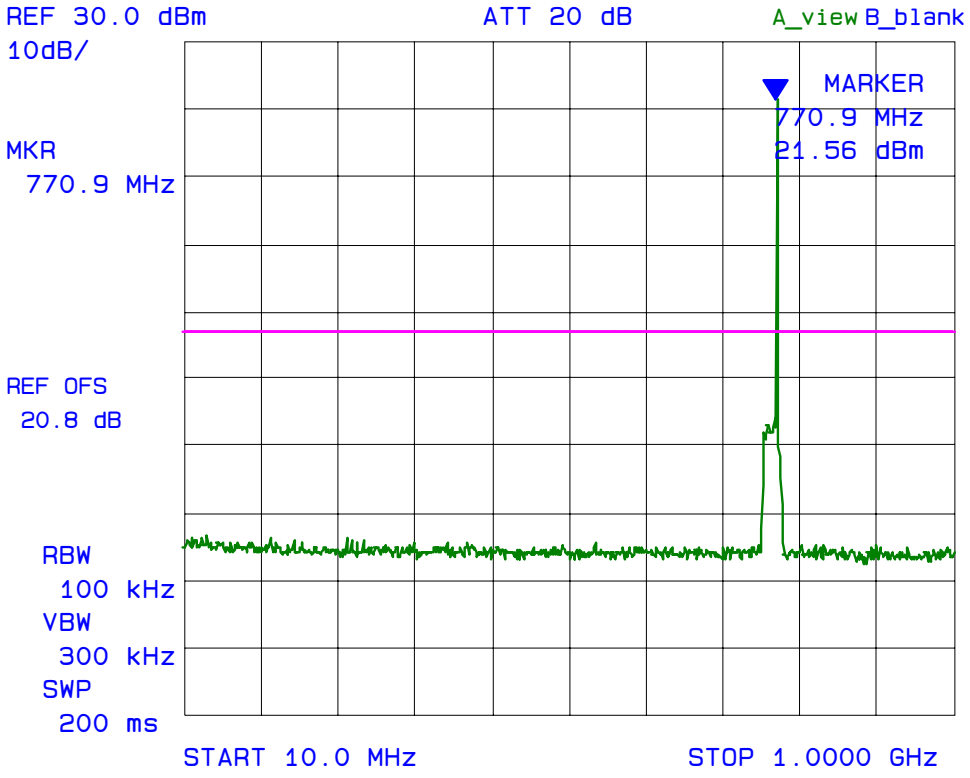
Plot #50:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 2 RF signal inputs/outputs
Fc: 776 MHz, Fc - 25 kHz



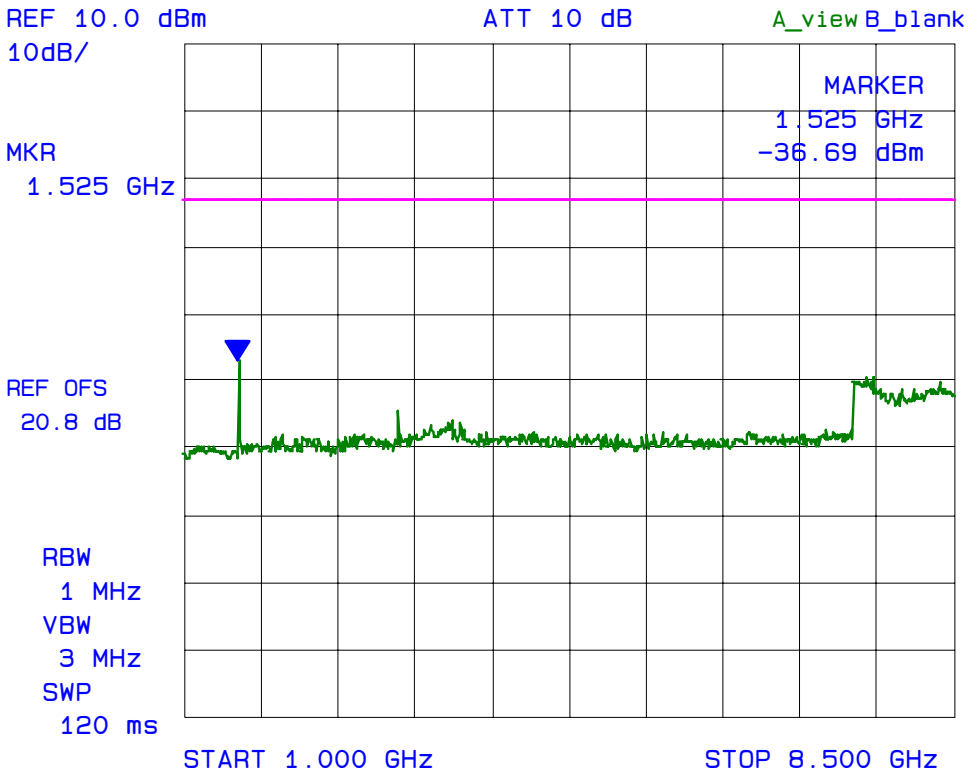
Fundamental Frequency:	776 MHz, 776.975 MHz & 776.950 MHz (3 channel inputs/outputs)
RF Output Power:	14.59 dBm (conducted)
Modulation:	Unmodulated

See the following plots for details:

Plot #51:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 3 RF signal inputs/outputs
Fc: 776 MHz, Fc - 25 kHz, Fc - 50 kHz



Plot #52:
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal with 3 RF signal inputs/outputs
Fc: 776 MHz, Fc - 25 kHz, Fc - 50 kHz



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6.9. FIELD STRENGHT OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS [§§ 2.1053 & 90.543(c)]

6.9.1. Limits

The power of any emission must be reduced below the unmodulated carrier power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB.

90.543(e) - For operations in the 764 to 776 MHz and 794 to 806 MHz bands, all emissions including harmonics in the band 1559-1610 MHz shall be limited to -70 dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals, and -80 dBW EIRP for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth. For the purpose of equipment authorization, a transmitter shall be tested with an antenna that is representative of the type that will be used with the equipment in normal operation.

6.9.2. Method of Measurements

The spurious/harmonic ERP measurements are using substitution method specified in Exhibit 8, Section 8.2 of this report and its value in dBc is calculated as follows:

(1) If the transmitter's antenna is an integral part of the EUT, the ERP is measured using substitution method.
(2) If the transmitter's antenna is non-integral and diverse, the lowest ERP of the carrier with 0 dBi antenna gain is used for calculation of the spurious/harmonic emissions in dBc:
Lowest ERP of the carrier = EIRP – 2.15 dB = Pc + G - 2.15 dB = Pc dBm (conducted) + 0 dBi – 2.15 dB
(3) Spurious /harmonic emissions levels expressed in dBc (dB below carrier) are as follows:

ERP of spurious/harmonic (dBc) = ERP of carrier (dBm) – ERP of spurious/harmonic emission (dBm)

6.9.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSEK20/B4/B21	834157/005	9 kHz – 40 GHz
RF Amplifier	Com-Power	PA-102		1 MHz to 1 GHz, 30 dB gain nominal
Microwave Amplifier	Hewlett Packard	HP 83017A		1 GHz to 26.5 GHz, 30 dB nominal
Biconilog Antenna	EMCO	3142	10005	30 MHz to 2 GHz
Dipole Antenna	EMCO	3121C	8907-434	30 GHz – 1 GHz
Dipole Antenna	EMCO	3121C	8907-440	30 GHz – 1 GHz
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3155	9701-5061	1 GHz – 18 GHz
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3155	9911-5955	1 GHz – 18 GHz
RF Signal Generator	Hewlett Packard	HP 83752B	3610A00457	0.01 – 20 GHz

6.9.4. Test Data

Remarks:

- § 90.543(e) is not applicable for this device. The transmit signals are not wideband or discrete signals.
- The radiated emissions were performed at 3 meters distance. At its maximum power for worst case.
- The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 8.5 GHz; all emissions that are within 20 dB below the limit are recorded.

6.9.4.1. Lowest Frequency (764 MHz)

Carrier Frequency (MHz):	764
Power (dBm):	24.43
Limit (dBc):	-37.43

All emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.

6.9.4.2. Middle Frequency (770 MHz)

Carrier Frequency (MHz):	770
Power (dBm):	24.39
Limit (dBc):	-37.39

All emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.

6.9.4.3. Highest Frequency (776 MHz)

Carrier Frequency (MHz):	776
Power (dBm):	23.26
Limit (dBc):	-36.26

All emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.

EXHIBIT 7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties stated were calculated in accordance with the requirements of NIST Technical Note 1297 and NIS 81 (1994)

7.1. RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

CONTRIBUTION (Radiated Emissions)	PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION	UNCERTAINTY (± dB)	
		3 m	10 m
Antenna Factor Calibration	Normal (k=2)	±1.0	±1.0
Cable Loss Calibration	Normal (k=2)	±0.3	±0.5
EMI Receiver specification	Rectangular	±1.5	±1.5
Antenna Directivity	Rectangular	+0.5	+0.5
Antenna factor variation with height	Rectangular	±2.0	±0.5
Antenna phase center variation	Rectangular	0.0	±0.2
Antenna factor frequency interpolation	Rectangular	±0.25	±0.25
Measurement distance variation	Rectangular	±0.6	±0.4
Site imperfections	Rectangular	±2.0	±2.0
Mismatch: Receiver VRC Γ_1 = 0.2 Antenna VRC Γ_R = 0.67(Bi) 0.3 (Lp) Uncertainty limits 20Log(1±$\Gamma_1\Gamma_R$)	U-Shaped	+1.1 -1.25	±0.5
System repeatability	Std. Deviation	±0.5	±0.5
Repeatability of EUT		-	-
Combined standard uncertainty	Normal	+2.19 / -2.21	+1.74 / -1.72
Expanded uncertainty U	Normal (k=2)	+4.38 / -4.42	+3.48 / -3.44

Calculation for maximum uncertainty when 3m biconical antenna including a factor of k = 2 is used:

$U = 2u_c(y) = 2x(+2.19) = +4.38$ dB And $U = 2u_c(y) = 2x(-2.21) = -4.42$ dB

EXHIBIT 8. MEASUREMENT METHODS

8.1. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS

- The following shall be applied to the combination(s) of the radio device and its intended antenna(e).
- I f the RF level is user adjustable; all measurements shall be made with the highest power level available to the user for that combination.
- The following method of measurement shall apply to both conducted and radiated measurements.
- The radiated measurements are performed at the Ultratech Calibrated Open Field Test Site.
- The measurement shall be performed using normal operation of the equipment with modulation.

Test procedure shall be as follows:

Step 1: Duty Cycle measurements if the transmitter's transmission is transient

- Using a EMI Receiver with the frequency span set to 0 Hz and the sweep time set at a suitable value to capture the envelope peaks and the duty cycle of the transmitter output signal;
- The duty cycle of the transmitter, x = Tx on / (Tx on + Tx off) with 0<x<1, is measure and recorded in the test report. For the purpose of testing, the equipment shall be operated with a duty cycle that is equal or more than 0.1.

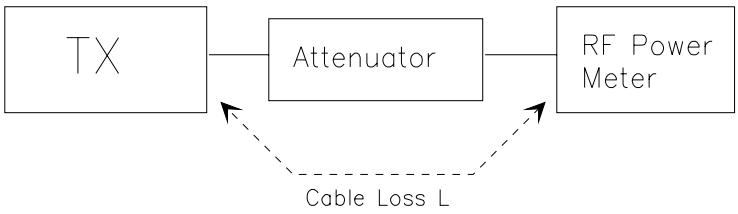
Step 2: Calculation of Average EIRP. See Figure 1

- The average output power of the transmitter shall be determined using a wideband, calibrated RF average power meter with the power sensor with an integration period that exceeds the repetition period of the transmitter by a factor 5 or more. The observed value shall be recorded as "A" (in dBm);
- The e.i.r.p. shall be calculated from the above measured power output "A", the observed duty cycle x, and the applicable antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi, according to the formula:

EIRP = A + G + 10log(1/x)

{ X = 1 for continuous transmission => 10log(1/x) = 0 dB }

Figure 1.



8.2. RADIATED POWER MEASUREMENTS (ERP & EIRP) USING SUBSTITUTION METHOD

8.2.1. Maximizing RF Emission Level (E-Field)

(a) The measurements was performed with full rf output power and modulation.
(b) Test was performed at listed 3m open area test site (listed with FCC, IC, ITI, NVLAP, ACA & VCCI).
(c) The transmitter under test was placed at the specified height on a non-conducting turntable (80 cm height)
(d) The BICONILOG antenna (20 MHz to 1 GHz) or HORN antenna (1 GHz to 18 GHz) was used for measuring.
(e) Load an appropriate correction factors file in EMI Receiver for correcting the field strength reading level

Total Correction Factor recorded in the EMI Receiver = Cable Loss + Antenna Factor
E (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + Total Correction Factor (dB/m)

(f) Set the EMI Receiver and #2 as follows:

Center Frequency:	test frequency
Resolution BW:	100 kHz
Video BW:	same
Detector Mode:	positive
Average:	off
Span:	3 x the signal bandwidth

(g) The test antenna was lowered or raised from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
(h) The transmitter was rotated through 360^{o} about a vertical axis until a higher maximum signal was received.
(i) The test antenna was lowered or raised again from 1 to 4 meters until a maximum was obtained. This level was recorded.
(j) The recorded reading was corrected to the true field strength level by adding the antenna factor, cable loss and subtracting the pre-amplifier gain.
(k) The above steps were repeated with both transmitters' antenna and test receiving antenna placed in vertical and horizontal polarization. Both readings with the antennas placed in vertical and horizontal polarization shall be recorded.
(l) Repeat for all different test signal frequencies

8.2.2. Measuring the EIRP of Spurious/Harmonic Emissions using Substitution Method

(a) Set the EMI Receiver (for measuring E-Field) and Receiver #2 (for measuring EIRP) as follows:

Center Frequency:	equal to the signal source
Resolution BW:	10 kHz
Video BW:	same
Detector Mode:	positive
Average:	off
Span:	3 x the signal bandwidth

(b) Load an appropriate correction factors file in EMI Receiver for correcting the field strength reading level

Total Correction Factor recorded in the EMI Receiver = Cable Loss + Antenna Factor
E (dBuV/m) = Reading (dBuV) + Total Correction Factor (dB/m)

(c) Select the frequency and E-field levels obtained in the Section 8.2.1 for ERP/EIRP measurements.
(d) Substitute the EUT by a signal generator and one of the following transmitting antenna (substitution antenna):
- DIPOLE antenna for frequency from 30-1000 MHz or
- HORN antenna for frequency above 1 GHz }.

(e) Mount the transmitting antenna at 1.5 meter high from the ground plane.
(f) Use one of the following antenna as a receiving antenna:
- DIPOLE antenna for frequency from 30-1000 MHz or
- HORN antenna for frequency above 1 GHz }.

(g) If the DIPOLE antenna is used, tune it's elements to the frequency as specified in the calibration manual.
(h) Adjust both transmitting and receiving antenna in a VERTICAL polarization.
(i) Tune the EMI Receivers to the test frequency.
(j) Lower or raise the test antenna from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
(k) The transmitter was rotated through 360^{o} about a vertical axis until a higher maximum signal was received.
(l) Lower or raise the test antenna from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
(m) Adjust input signal to the substitution antenna until an equal or a known related level to that detected from the transmitter was obtained in the test receiver.
(n) Record the power level read from the Average Power Meter and calculate the ERP/EIRP as follows:

P = P1 - L1 = (P2 + L2) – L1 = P3 + A + L2 - L1
EIRP = P + G1 = P3 + L2 - L1 + A + G1
ERP = EIRP – 2.15 dB
Total Correction factor in EMI Receiver # 2 = L2 – L1 + G1

Where: P: Actual RF Power fed into the substitution antenna port after corrected.
P1: Power output from the signal generator
P2: Power measured at attenuator A input
P3: Power reading on the Average Power Meter
EIRP: EIRP after correction
ERP: ERP after correction

(o) Adjust both transmitting and receiving antenna in a HORIZONTAL polarization, then repeat step (k) to (o)
(p) Repeat step (d) to (o) for different test frequency
(q) Repeat steps (c) to (j) with the substitution antenna oriented in horizontal polarization.
(r) Actual gain of the EUT's antenna is the difference of the measured EIRP and measured RF power at the RF port. Correct the antenna gain if necessary.

Figure 2

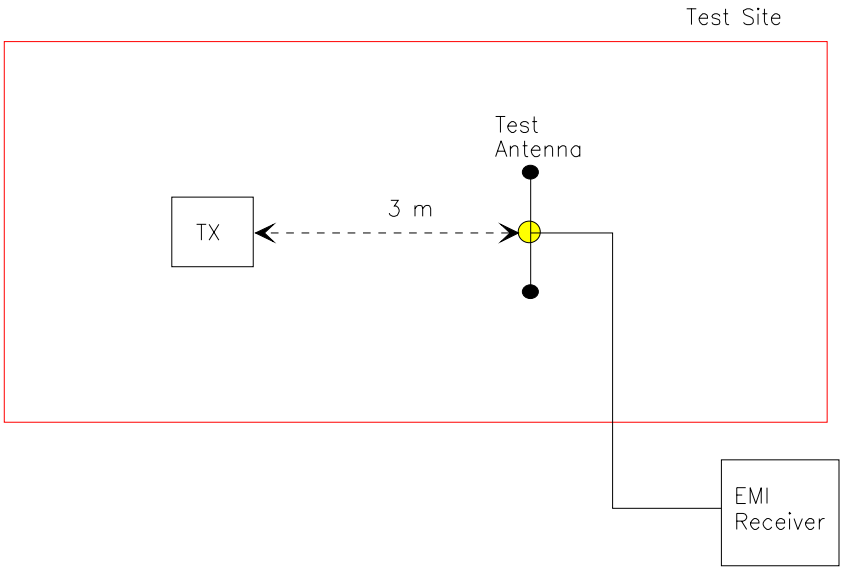
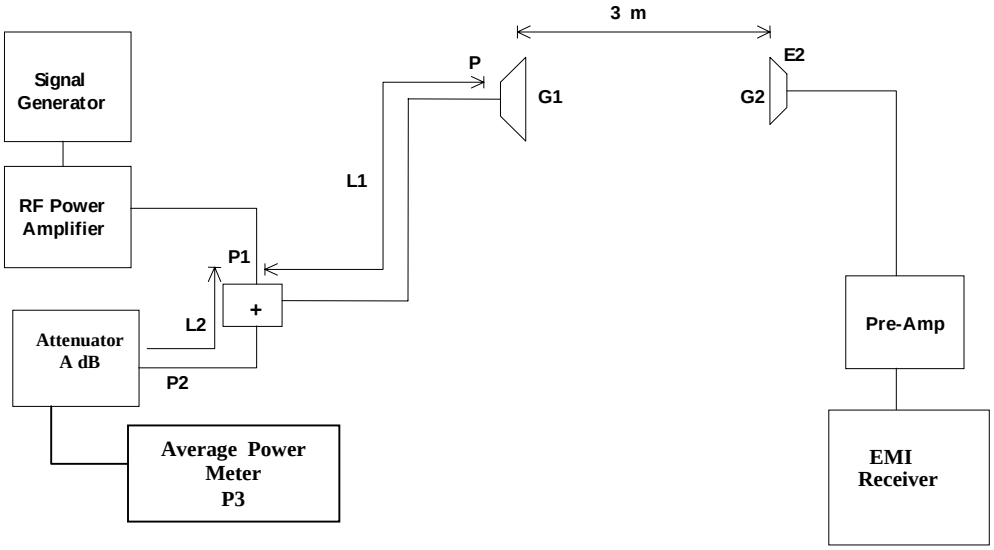


Figure 3



All test results contained in this engineering test report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)