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## **Electromagnetic Emissions Test Report Class II Permissive Change** In Accordance With FCC Part 90 on the Microwave Data Systems Transmitter Model: TRM450

#### FCC ID NUMBER: E5MDS-TRM450

**GRANTEE**: Microwave Data Systems 175 Science Parkway Rochester, NY 14620

**TEST SITE:** Elliott Laboratories, Inc. 684 W. Maude Avenue Sunnyvale, CA 94086

**REPORT DATE:** March 21, 2006

FINAL TEST DATE:

March 14, 2006

AUTHORIZED SIGNATORY:

mar

Juan Martinez Senior EMC Engineer



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File: R63306 Page 1 of 19

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

COVER PAGE	1
TABLE OF CONTENTS	2
FCC CERTIFICATION INFORMATION	3
DECLARATIONS OF COMPLIANCE	5
SCOPE	6
OBJECTIVE	6
SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS	7
PART 90 AND RSS-119 TEST SUMMARY	7
MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES	8
EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS	9
GENERAL	
OTHER EUT DETAILS	
ENCLOSURE	
MODIFICATIONS	
SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	
EUT INTERFACE PORTS EUT OPERATION DURING TESTING	
TEST SITE	11
GENERAL INFORMATION	11
CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS	
RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS	11
MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION	12
RECEIVER SYSTEM	12
INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER	12
PEAK POWER METER	
FILTERS/ATTENUATORS	
ANTENNAS	
ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE	
INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	13
TEST PROCEDURES	14
SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS	19
RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS	
CALCULATIONS – EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER	
EXHIBIT 1: Test Equipment Calibration Data	
EXHIBIT 2: Test Data Log Sheets	
EXHIBIT 3: Test Configuration Photographs	
EXHIBIT 4: Theory of Operation Microwave Data Systems Model TRM450	
EXHIBIT 5: Proposed FCC ID Label & Label Location EXHIBIT 6: Detailed Photographs Microwave Data Systems Model TRM450	
EXHIBIT 6: Detailed Photographs Microwave Data Systems Model TRM450 EXHIBIT 7: Installation Guide Microwave Data Systems Model TRM450	
EXHIBIT 7. Installation Guide Microwave Data Systems Model TRM450 EXHIBIT 8: Block Diagram Microwave Data Systems Model TRM450	
EXHIBIT 6: Block Diagram Microwave Data Systems Model TRM450 EXHIBIT 9: Schematic Diagrams Microwave Data Systems Model TRM450	
EXHIBIT 10: Advertising Literature	

#### FCC CERTIFICATION INFORMATION

The following information is in accordance with FCC Rules, 47CFR Part 2, Subpart J, Section 2.1033(C) & to Industry Canada RSP-100.

#### **2.1033(c)(1)** Applicant:

Microwave Data Systems 175 Science Parkway Rochester, NY 14620

#### 2.1033(c)(2) & RSP-100 (4) FCC ID: E5MDS-TRM450

#### 2.1033(c)(3) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Instructions/Installation Manual

Not applicable this if for class II permissive change

#### 2.1033(c)(4) & RSP-100 (7.2(b)(iii)) Type of emissions

FCC 90 & RSS-119: 25kHz Channel (20KG1D) 12.5kHz Channel (11K25G1D)

#### 2.1033(c)(5) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Frequency Range

FCC 90 & RSS-119: **410 – 470 MHz** 

#### 2.1033(c)(6) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Range of Operation Power

FCC 90 & RSS-119: 2 Watts (33 dBm), High Setting FCC 90 & RSS-119: .5 Watts (27 dBm), Low Setting

#### 2.1033(c)(7) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Maximum FCC & IC Allowed Power Level

FCC 90 & RSS-119: 90.205(f)(g): 421-430, 450-470 Limitation on power based on height of antenna.

# 2.1033(c)(8) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Applied voltage and currents into the final transistor elements

Not applicable this if for class II permissive change

### 2.1033(c)(9) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Tune-up Procedure

Not applicable this if for class II permissive change

#### 2.1033(c)(10) & RSP 100 (7.2(a)) Schematic Diagram of the Transmitter

Not applicable this if for class II permissive change

#### 2.1033(c)(10) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Means for Frequency Stabilization

Not applicable this if for class II permissive change

#### 2.1033(c)(10) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Means for Suppression of Spurious radiation

Not applicable this if for class II permissive change

#### 2.1033(c)(10) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Means for Limiting Modulation

Not applicable this if for class II permissive change

#### 2.1033(c)(10) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Means for Limiting Power

Not applicable this if for class II permissive change

# 2.1033(c)(11) & RSP-100 (7.2(g)) Photographs or Drawing of the Equipment Identification Plate or Label

Not applicable this if for class II permissive change

#### 2.1033(c)(12) & RSP-100 (7.2(c)) Photographs of equipment

Not applicable this if for class II permissive change

# **2.1033**(c)(13) & RSP-100 (7.2(a)) Equipment Employing Digital Modulation & 90.203 (Certification Requirements)

Not applicable this if for class II permissive change

# 2.1033(c)(14) & RSP-100 (7.2(b)(ii)) Data taken per Section 2.1046 to 2.1057 and RSS-133 issue 2, Rev. 1.

Refer to Exhibit 2

#### DECLARATIONS OF COMPLIANCE

Equipment Name and Model: TRM450

Manufacturer:

Microwave Data Systems 175 Science Parkway Rochester, NY 14620

Tested to applicable standards:

RSS-119, Issue 6 (Land Mobile and Fixed Radio Transmitters and Receivers, 27.41 to 960 MHz). FCC Part 90 (Private Land Mobile Radio Service)

Measurement Facility Description Filed With Department of Industry:

Departmental Acknowledgement Number: IC4549\_4 Dated March 5, 2003

I declare that the testing was performed or supervised by me; that the test measurements were made in accordance with the above mentioned departmental standards (through the use of TIA/EIA-603 and the specific RSS standards applicable to this device); and that the equipment performed in accordance with the data submitted in this report.

Signature	Juan mar
Name	Juan Martinez
Title	Senior EMC Engineer
	Elliott Laboratories Inc.
Address	684 W. Maude Ave
	Sunnyvale, CA 94086

Date: March 21, 2006

USA

Maintenance of compliance with the above standards is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product which may result in increased emissions should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained (i.e., printed circuit board layout changes, different line filter, different power supply, harnessing or I/O cable changes, etc.).

#### SCOPE

FCC Part 90 & IC RSS-119 testing was performed for the equipment mentioned in this report. The equipment was tested in accordance with the procedures specified in Sections 2.1046 to 2.1057 of the FCC Rules & IC RSS-119. TIA-603 was also used as a test procedure guideline to perform some of the required tests.

The intentional radiator above was tested in a simulated typical installation to demonstrate compliance with the relevant FCC & RSS performance and procedural standards.

Final system data was gathered in a mode that tended to maximize emissions by varying orientation of EUT, orientation of power and I/O cabling, antenna search height, and antenna polarization.

Every practical effort was made to perform an impartial test using appropriate test equipment of known calibration. All pertinent factors have been applied to reach the determination of compliance.

#### OBJECTIVE

The primary objective of the manufacturer is compliance with the FCC Part 90 & IC RSS-119. Certification of these devices is required as a prerequisite to marketing as defined in Section 2.1033 & RSP-100.

Certification is a procedure where the manufacturer or a contracted laboratory makes measurements and submits the test data and technical information to FCC & Industry Canada. FCC & Industry Canada issues a grant of equipment authorization and a certification number upon successful completion of their review of the submitted documents. Once the equipment authorization has been obtained, the label indicating compliance must be attached to all identical units subsequently manufactured.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product that may result in increased emissions should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained (i.e., printed circuit board layout changes, different line filter, different power supply, harnessing or I/O cable changes, etc.).

# SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Part 90 and RSS-1	19 Test Summar	у				
Measurement Required	FCC Part 2 & 90 Sections	RSS-119 Section	Test Performed	Measured Value	Test Procedur e Used	Result
Modulation Tested	GMSK	GMSK	-	-	-	-
Modulation characteristic s	2.1047/	5.7	Modulated with appropriated signal	-	Н	-
Radiated RF power output (ERP/EIRP)	2.1046 / 90.279 & 90.205(g)	6.2	Radiated Output Power Test	-	-	-
Conducted RF power output	2.1046 / 90.279 & 90.205(g)	6.2	Conducted Output Power Test	33.2dBm (2.1 Watts)	В	Complies
Spurious emissions at antenna Port	2.1051/ 90.210(d)	6.3 & 6.4(d)	Emission Limits and/or Unwanted Emission 30MHz – 5GHz (Antenna Conducted)	All spurious emissions < -25dBm	J	Complies
Occupied Bandwidth	2.1049/ 90.210(c) & (d)	6.4(c) & 6.4(d)	Emission Mask and 99% Bandwidth	Refer to Plots	C & D	Complies
Field strength of spurious radiation	2.1053 / 90.210(d)	6.3 & 6.4(d)	Radiated Spurious Emissions 30MHz – 5GHz	-28.2dBm @ 880.762MHz (- 3.2dB)	N	Complies
Frequency stability	2.1055 / 90.213	7	Frequency Vs. Temperature	N/A	K	Complies
Frequency stability	2.1055 / 90.213	7	Frequency Vs. Voltage	N/A	L & M	Complies
Transient Frequency Behavior	90.214	6.5	Transient Behavior	N/A	Ι	Complies
Exposure to Mobile devices	2.1091	9	Exposure of Humans to RF Fields	N/A	-	
Receiver	15.109	8	Receiver Spurious Emissions	N/A	N/A	Complies

### Part 90 and RSS-119 Test Summary

#### MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

ISO Guide 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level and were calculated in accordance with UKAS document LAB 34.

Measurement Type	Frequency Range (MHz)	Calculated Uncertainty (dB)
Conducted Emissions Radiated Emissions	0.15 to 30 30 to 1000	$\pm 2.4 \pm 3.6$

### EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS

#### GENERAL

The Microwave Data Systems model TRM450 is a half duplex data transceiver which is designed to transmit data wirelessly. Normally, the EUT would be placed on a tabletop during operation. The EUT was, therefore, placed in this position during emissions testing to simulate the end user environment. The electrical rating of the EUT is 3.3vdc, 2 Amps.

The sample was received on March 14, 2006 and tested on March 14, 2006. The EUT consisted of the following component(s):

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
MDS	TRM450	Half Duplex Data		E5MDS-TRM450
		Transceiver		

#### OTHER EUT DETAILS

None

#### ENCLOSURE

The EUT enclosure is primarily constructed of shielded PCB only for OEM integration. It measures approximately 1.84" wide by 2.85" deep by .5" high.

#### **MODIFICATIONS**

The EUT did not require modifications during testing in order to comply with the emission specifications.

### SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

No support equipment was used during emissions testing.

#### EUT INTERFACE PORTS

The I/O cabling configuration during emissions testing was as follows:

Port	Connected to	Description	Shielded or	Length (m)
			Unshielded	
Antenna	Terminated	Coaxial	Shielded	0.5
DC Power	DC Supply	2 wire	Unshielded	1.8

#### EUT OPERATION DURING TESTING

Software was running during emissions testing which exercised all system devices ?.

#### TEST SITE

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Final test measurements were taken on March 14, 2006 at the Elliott Laboratories Test Site Chamber 4 located at 41039 Boyce Road, Fremont, California. Pursuant to Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules, construction, calibration, and equipment data has been filed with the Commission.

#### CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

Conducted emissions testing are performed in conformance with Section 2 of FCC Rules. Measurements are made with the EUT connected to a spectrum analyzer through an attenuator to prevent overloading the analyzer.

#### RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

Radiated measurements are performed in an open field environment or Anechoic Chamber. The test site is maintained free of conductive objects within the CISPR 16-1 defined elliptical area.

#### **MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION**

#### **RECEIVER SYSTEM**

An EMI receiver as specified in CISPR 16-1 is used for emissions measurements. The receivers are capable of measuring over the frequency range of 9 kHz up to 2000 MHz. These receivers allow both ease of measurement and high accuracy to be achieved. The receivers have Peak, Average, and CISPR (Quasi-peak) detectors built into their design so no external adapters are necessary. The receiver automatically sets the required bandwidth for the particular detector used during measurements.

For measurements above the frequency range of the receivers, a spectrum analyzer is utilized because it provides visibility of the entire spectrum along with the precision and versatility required to support engineering analysis. If average measurements above 1000MHz are performed, the linear-average method with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz and a video bandwidth of 10 Hz is used.

#### INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER

A personal computer is utilized to record the receiver measurements of the field strength at the antenna, which is then compared directly with the appropriate specification limit. The receiver is programmed with appropriate factors to convert the received voltage into filed strength at the antenna. Results are printed in a graphic and/or tabular format, as appropriate.

The test receiver also provides a visual display of the signal being measured.

#### PEAK POWER METER

A peak power meter and thermister mount may be used for output power measurements from transmitters as they provide a broadband indication of the power output.

#### FILTERS/ATTENUATORS

External filters and precision attenuators are often connected between the receiving antenna or EUT and the receiver. This eliminates saturation effects and non-linear operation due to high amplitude transmitters and transient events.

#### ANTENNAS

A biconical antenna is used to cover the range from 30 MHz to 300 MHz and a log periodic antenna is utilized from 300 MHz to 1000 MHz. Narrowband tuned dipole antennas are used over the 30 to 1000 MHz range for precision measurements of field strength. Above 1000 MHz, a horn antenna is used. The antenna calibration factors are included in site factors programmed into the test receivers

#### ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE

The antennas used to measure the radiated electric field strength are mounted on a nonconductive antenna mast equipped with a motor drive to vary the antenna height.

The requirements of ANSI C63.4:2003 were used for configuration of the equipment turntable. It specifies that the test height above ground for table-mounted devices shall be 80 centimeters. Floor mounted equipment shall be placed on the ground plane if the device is normally used on a conductive floor or separated from the ground plane by insulating material from 3 to 12 mm if the device is normally used on a non-conductive floor. During radiated measurements, the EUT is positioned on a motorized turntable in conformance with this requirement.

#### INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

All test equipment is regularly checked to ensure that performance is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. All antennas are calibrated at regular intervals with respect to tuned half-wave dipoles. An appendix of this report contains the list of test equipment used and calibration information.

#### **TEST PROCEDURES**

**General:** For Transmitters with detachable antenna, direct measurements for output power, modulation characterization, occupied bandwidth, and frequency stability are performed with the antenna port of the EUT connected to either the power meter, modulation analyzer, or spectrum analyzer via a suitable attenuator and/or filter. The attenuators and/or filters are used to ensure that the transmitter fundamental will not overload the front end of the measurement instrument.

**Procedure B – Power Measurement (Conducted Method)**: The following procedure was used for transmitters that do use external antennas.

- 1) Set the EUT to maximum power and to the lowest channel.
- 2) Either a power meter or a spectrum analyzer was used to measure the power output.
- 3) If a spectrum analyzer was used a resolution and video bandwidth 10kHz was used to measure the power output. Corrected for any external attenuation used for the protection of the input of analyzer. In addition, For CDMA or TDMA modulations set spectrum analyzer resolution to 1MHz and video to 30 kHz. Use video averaging with a 100-sample rate.
- 4) If a power meter was used, corrected for any external attenuation used for the protection of the input of the sensor head. Also set the power sensor correction by setting up the frequency range that will be measured.
- 5) Repeat this for the high channel and all modulations that will be used and all output ports used for transmission

**Procedure C - Occupied Bandwidth (Conducted Method):** Either for analog, digital, or data modulations, occupied bandwidth was performed. The EUT was set to transmit the appropriate modulation at maximum power. The bandwidth was measured using following methods:

- 1) The built-in 99% function of the spectrum analyzer was used.
- 2) If the built-in 99% is not available then the following method is used:

26-dB or 20-dB was subtracted to the maximum peak of the emission. Then the display line function was used, in conjunction with the marker delta function, to measure the emissions bandwidth.

3) For the above two methods a resolution and video bandwidth of 100 or 300 Hz was used to measure the emission's bandwidth.

**Procedure D - Occupied Bandwidth (Conducted Emission Mask):** Either for analog, digital, or data modulations, emission mask was performed. The EUT was set to transmit the appropriate modulation at maximum power. The following method was used:

- 1) The EUT was connected directly to the spectrum analyzer and used an attenuator to protect the input of the analyzer. The EUT antenna was removable, so conducted measurements was performed. The EUT was set to transmit continuous packets of data and the Fundamental Frequency set to the middle of the EUT frequency range.
- 2) Since EUT is designed with a 12.5 kHz channel Section 90.210 (d)(1)(2)(3) was used to show compliance to the emission mask.
- 3) Any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) as follow:

90.210 (d)(1): 5.625 kHz: 0 dB

90.210(d)(2): 5.625 kHz: 20 dB 12.5 kHz: 70 dB

90.210(d)(3): more than 12.5 kHz: -20 dBm (50+10\*log(P))

The following Resolution and Video bandwidth was used to show compliance for the above requirement: 100 Hz.

- 4) Since EUT is designed with a 25 kHz channel Section 90.210 (c)(1)(2)(3) was used to show compliance to the emission mask.
- 5) Any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) as follow:

90.210 (c)(1): 5 kHz but no more then 10kHz: 83\*log(Fd / 5) dB

90.210(c)(2): 10kHz but no more then 250%: At least 29 log (fd 2/11) dB or 50 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation

90.210(c)(3): more than 250%: -13 dBm (43+10\*log(P))

The following Resolution and Video bandwidth was used to show compliance for the above requirement: 300 Hz.

**Procedure H - Other Types of Equipment:** Either digital or data modulated signals were simulated, by software or external sources, to performed the required tests. The EUT was set to transmit the appropriate digital modulation.

**Procedure J – Antenna Conducted Emissions:** For spurious emission measurements at the antenna terminal the following procedure was performed:

- 1) Set the transmitting signal at the middle of the operating range of the transmitter, as specified in the standard. Power is set to maximum and then to minimum.
- 2) Set the spectrum analyzer display line function to -20-dBm.
- 3) Set the spectrum analyzer bandwidth to 10kHz <1GHz and 1 MHz >1GHz.
- 4) For the spectrum analyzer, the start frequency was set to 30 MHz and the stop frequency set to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the fundamental. All spurious or intermodulation emission must not exceed the -20dBm limit.
- 5) Steps 1 to 4 were repeated for all modulations and output ports that will be used for transmission.

**Procedure K - Frequency Stability:** The EUT is placed inside a temperature chamber with all support and test equipment located outside of the chamber. The spectrum analyzer is configured to give a 6-digit display for the marker-frequency function. The spectrum analyzer's built-in frequency counter is used to measure the maximum deviation of the fundamental frequency at each temperature. The Temperature chamber was varied from -30 to  $+50^{\circ}$  C (or  $+60^{\circ}$  C for some IC RSS standards, if applicable) in 10 degrees increment. The EUT was allowed enough time to stabilize for each temperature variation.

**Procedure L - Frequency Stability:** For AC or DC operated devices the nominal voltage is varied to 85% and to 115% at either room temperature or at a controlled +20°C temperature.

**Procedure M - Frequency Stability:** For battery-powered devices the voltage battery end-point is determined by reducing the dc voltage until the unit ceases to function. This is performed at either room temperature or at a controlled +20°C temperature.

**Procedure N - Field Strength Measurement:** The EUT was set on the turntable and the search antenna position 3 meters away. The output antenna terminal was terminated with a 50-ohm terminator. The EUT was set at the middle of the frequency band and set at maximum output power.

For the first scan, a pre-liminary measurement is performed. A preliminary scan of emissions is conducted in which all significant EUT frequencies are identified with the system in a nominal configuration. One or more of these is with the antenna polarized vertically while the one or more of these are with the antenna polarized horizontally. During the preliminary scans, the EUT is rotated through 360°, the antenna height is varied and cable positions are varied to determine the highest emission relative to the limit.

For the final measurement, Substitution method is performed on spurious emissions not being 20-dB below the calculated radiated limit. Substitution method is performed by replacing the EUT with a horn antenna and signal generator. The horn antenna factors can be reference to a half-wave dipole in dBi. The signal generator power level was adjusted until a similar level, which was measured on the first scan, is achieved on the spectrum analyzer. The level on the signal generator is than added to the antenna factor, in dBi, which will give the corrected value.

**Procedure I – Transient Frequency Behavior:** The TIA/EIA 603 procedure was used to determine compliance to radio being keyed on and off.

- 1) Connected the Test Receiver DOP or Video Output to Channel 1 of the oscilloscope. The output of the RF crystal detector was connected to Auxiliary channel 1, which served as a trigger input. The output of the combiner was connected to the Test Receiver.
- Set the EUT to maximum power and connected as illustrated above. Set the signal generator to the assigned transmitter frequency and modulate it with a 1 kHz tone at 6.25kHz, 12.5 kHz, or 25 kHz deviation and set its output to -100 dBm, then turn on the EUT.
- 3) The Combiner output side was connected to the Test Receiver, which was used to measure the Power. Used enough external attenuation so that the output at the combiner was set to 40 dB below the maximum input of the Test Receiver, then turn off the EUT.
- 4) Set the signal generator output to the same level in step 3. This level was maintained for the remainder of the test.
- 5) Set the horizontal sweep rate on the storage oscilloscope to 10 milliseconds per division and adjusted the display to continuously view the 1 kHz tone from the DOP or Video Output. Adjusted the vertical amplitude control to display the 1 kHz at +/- 4 divisions vertically centered on the display.
- 6) Set the oscilloscope to trigger at the AUX channel 1 input port.

- 7) Removed enough external attenuation so that the input to the RF detector and combiner is increased by 30 dB.
- 8) Turn on the transmitter and plotted the result for **Ton**, **T1**, and **T2**.
- 9) Set the oscilloscope to trigger in decreasing magnitude from the RF crystal detector.
- 10) Turn off the transmitter and plotted the result for **T3**.

#### SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

#### RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS

The limits for radiated emissions are based on the power of the transmitter at the operating frequency. Data is measured in the logarithmic form of decibels relative to one milliwatt (dBm) or one microvolt/meter (dBuV/m,). The field strength of the emissions from the EUT is measured on a test site with a receiver.

Below is a formula example used to calculate the attenuation requirement, relative to the transmitters power output, in dBuV/m. For this example an operating power range of 3 watts is used. The radiated emissions limit for spurious signals outside of the assigned frequency block is  $43+10Log_{10}$  (mean output power in watts) dB below the measured amplitude at the operating power.

#### CALCULATIONS – EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER

$$E(V/m) = \frac{\sqrt{30 * P * G}}{d}$$

E= Field Strength in V/m P= Power in Watts (for this example we use 3 watts) G= Gain of antenna in numeric gain (Assume 1.64 for ERP) d= distance in meters

$$E(V/m) = \frac{\sqrt{30 * 3 \text{ watts } * 1.64 \text{ dB}}}{3 \text{ meters}}$$

 $20 * \log (4.049 \text{ V/m} * 1,000,000) = 132.14 \text{ dBuV/m} @ 3 \text{ meters}$ 

FCC Rules request an attenuation of  $43 + 10 \log (3)$  or 47.8 dB for all emissions outside the assigned block, the limit for spurious and harmonic emissions is:

132.1 dBuV/m - 47.8 dB = 84.3 dBuV/m @ 3 meter.

Note: Substitution Method is performed for spurious emission not being 20-dB below the calculated field strength.

# EXHIBIT 1: Test Equipment Calibration Data

1 Page

Radiated Emissions, 30 - 6 Engineer: Juan Martinez	6,500 MHz, 23-Mar-06			
Manufacturer	Description	Model #	Asset #	Cal Due
Hewlett Packard	Microwave Preamplifier, 1-26.5GHz	8449B	263	16-Jan-07
Hewlett Packard	EMC Spectrum Analyzer 9KHz-26.5GHz, non programmable	8563E	284	22-Apr-06
EMCO	Horn Antenna, D. Ridge 1-18GHz	3115	868	20-Apr-06
EMCO	Biconical Antenna, 30-300 MHz	3110B	1497	15-Jun-06
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver, 20Hz-7GHz	ESIB7	1630	28-Dec-06
Com-Power Corp.	Pre Amplifier , 30-1000MHz	PA-103	1632	07-Jun-06
EMCO	Log Periodic Antenna, 0.2-2GHz	3148	1595	14-Jun-06

## **EXHIBIT 2: Test Data Log Sheets**

## **ELECTROMAGNETIC EMISSIONS**

## **TEST LOG SHEETS**

### AND

## **MEASUREMENT DATA**

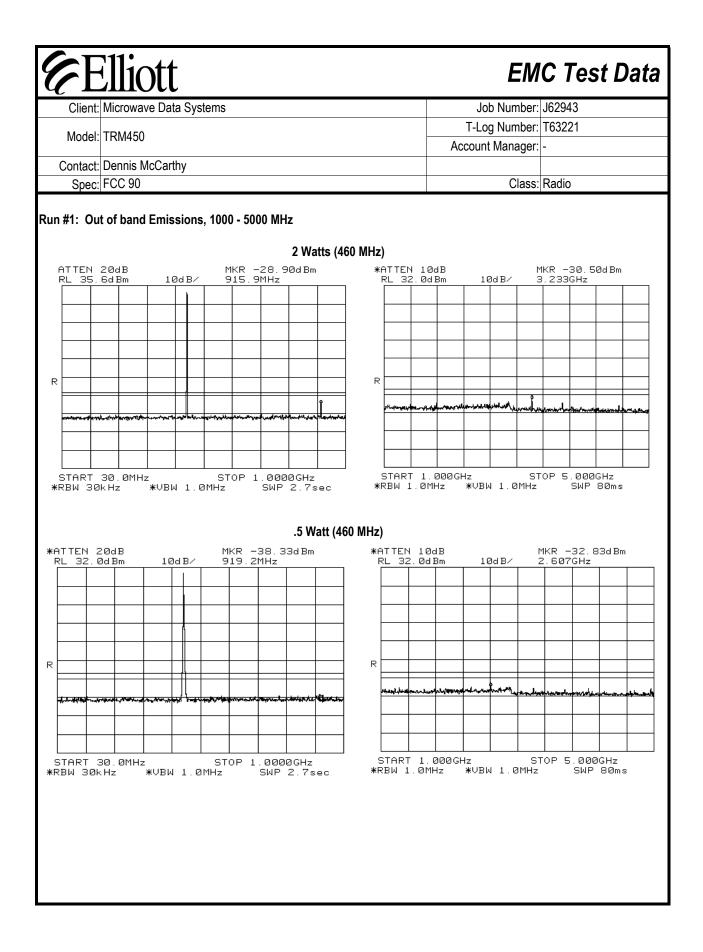
T63221 12 Pages

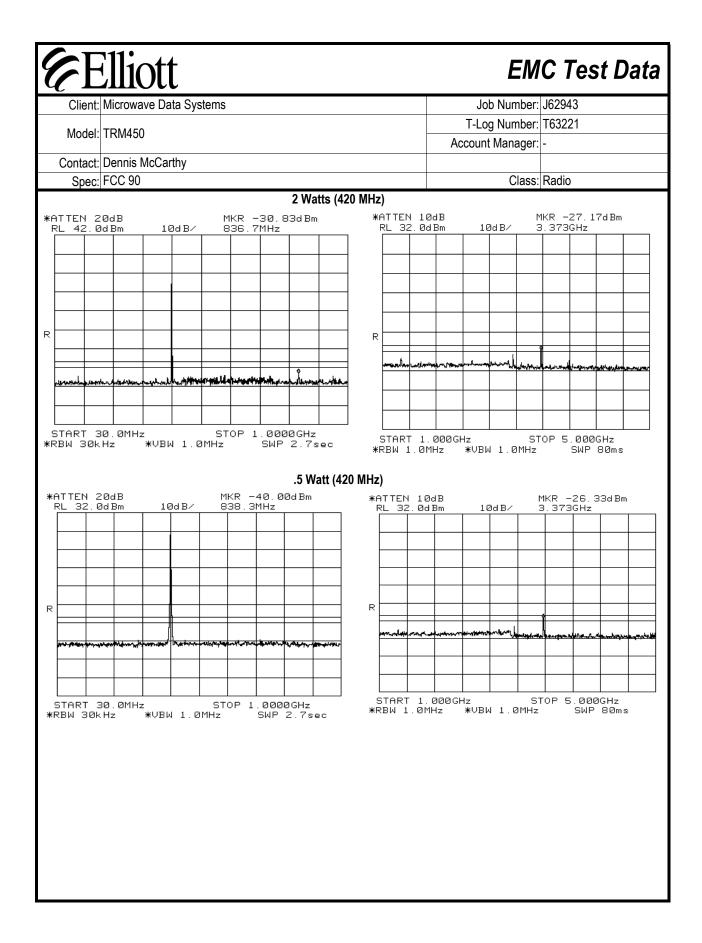
# **Elliott EMC** Test Data Job Number: J62943 Client: Microwave Data Systems Test-Log Number: T63221 Model: TRM450 Project Manager: Contact: Dennis McCarthy Class: Emissions Spec: FCC 90 Radio Immunity Spec: Environment: -**EMC** Test Data For The **Microwave Data Systems** Model **TRM450** Date of Last Test: 3/15/2006

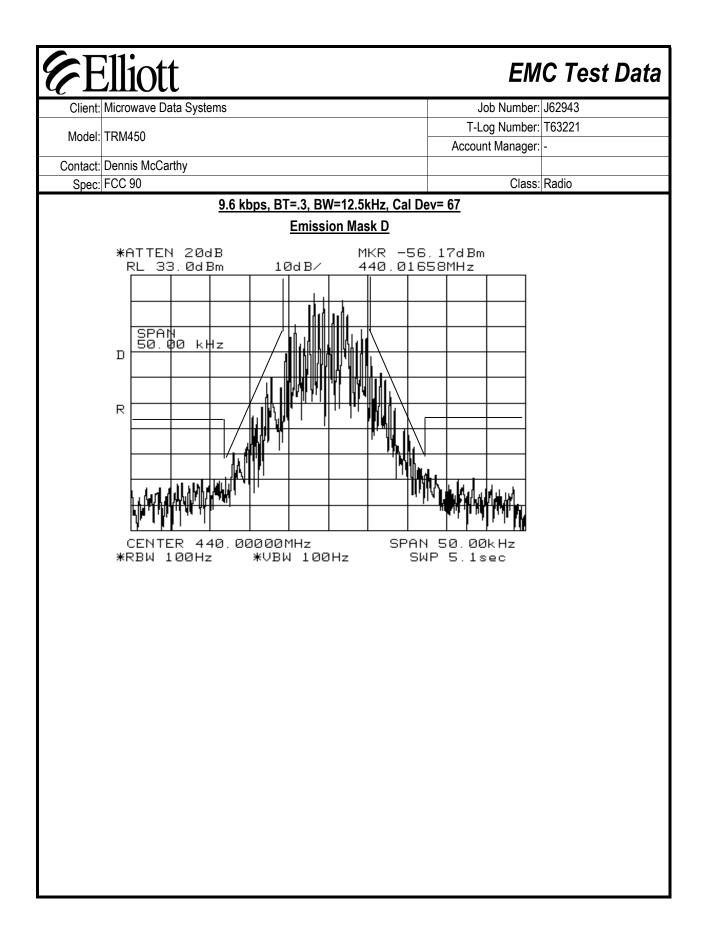
Ellio	t		EM	C Test Data
_	Microwave Data Systems		Job Number:	
	TRM450		Test-Log Number: Project Manager:	T63221
	Dennis McCarthy			
Emissions Spec:			Class:	Radio
Immunity Spec:	-		Environment:	-
The EUT is a half duple a tabletop during opera	nt agreed provide the extension of the e	General Description s designed to transmit data pre, placed in this position	tion after the test see	EUT would be placed on
		quipment Under Tes		
Manufacturer	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
MDS	TRM450	Half Duplex Data Transceiver		E5MDS-TRM450
The following EUT deta The EUT enclosure is p 2.85" deep by .5" high.			ntegration. It measures app	proximately 1.84" wide by
Mod. #	Test Da	Modification History ate	Modification	
1	- Do	-	None	
Modifications applied a	re assumed to be used on	subsequent tests unless c	therwise stated as a furthe	er modification.

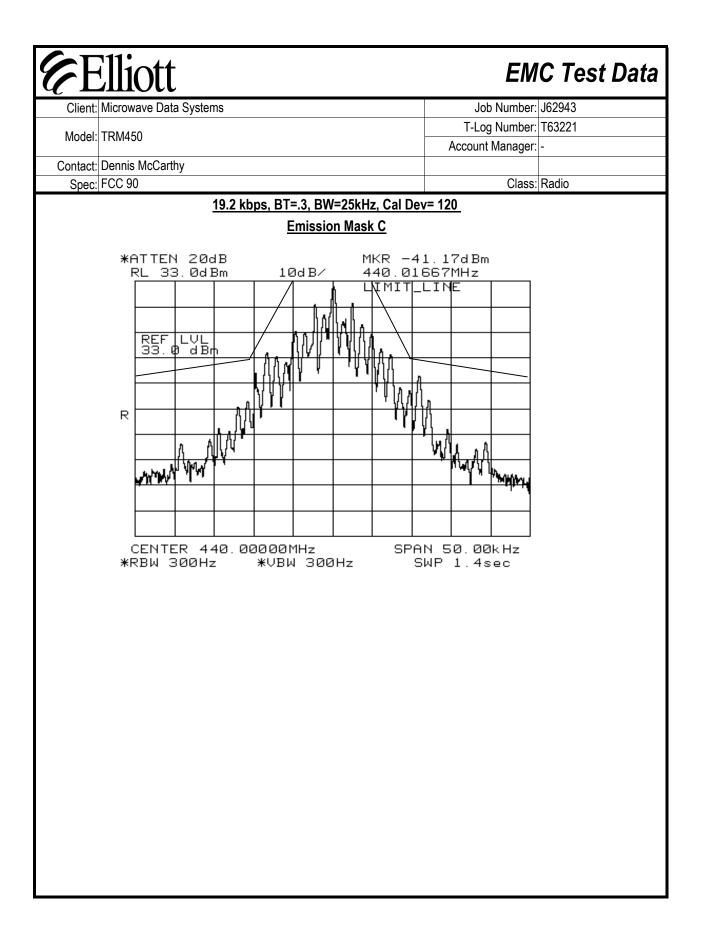
agreed provide the	t Configuration e following informat cal Support Equipmo Description	tion after the test sess	63221 Radio -
C 90 Test agreed provide the Loo Model	e following informat cal Support Equipme	Class: Environment: n #1 tion after the test sess ent	-
C 90 Test agreed provide the Loo Model	e following informat cal Support Equipme	Environment: n #1 tion after the test sess ent	-
agreed provide the Lo Model	e following informat cal Support Equipme	<i>tion after the test sess</i> ent	ion(s).
Model			
	-		FCC ID
		-	-
Model -	note Support Equipn Description -	Serial Number	FCC ID
Connected To		Cable(s)	d Length(
Terminator			0.5
	2 wire	Unshielded	1.8
=		o lests	
	- Connected To Terminator DC Supply EUT Or	Cabling and Ports Connected To Terminator DC Supply 2 wire	Cabling and Ports         Connected To       Cable(s)         Description       Shielded or Unshielded         Terminator       Coaxial       Shielded         DC Supply       2 wire       Unshielded         EUT Operation During Radio Tests

<b>E</b>	Ellic	ott			EM	C Test L	Data
	1	e Data Systems			Job Number:	J62943	
Madal	TRM450			T-l	_og Number:	T63221	
wouer.	1 KIVI450			Αςςοι	int Manager:	-	
	Dennis Mo	cCarthy					
Spec:	FCC 90				Class:	Radio	
		Radia Elliott Laboratories Frem)	ated Emissic	_	ic Chambe	er)	
Test Spec	Objective:	The objective of this test session specification listed above.	is to perform final qua	lification test	ing of the EU	IT with respect to	the
Test	•	3/14/2006 Juan Martinez Fremont Chamber #4	Config. Use Config Chang EUT Voltag	e: None			
	and any loc	figuration al support equipment were locate	ed on the turntable for 14 °C	radiated emis	ssions testing	<b>]</b> .	
Summary		Rel. Humidity:	48 %				
Run	#	Test Performed	Limit	Result	M	argin	
1		Out of Band @ 2 Watts	90.210(d)	Pass		ons < -20dBm	
1		Out of Band @ .5 Watts	90.210(d)	Pass	All Emissio	ons < -20dBm	
1		Emission Mask	90.210(d)	Pass	Refer	to plots	
1		Emission Mask	90.210(c)	Pass	Refer	to plots	
No modific	cations wer s From T	le During Testing e made to the EUT during testing The Standard nade from the requirements of the					

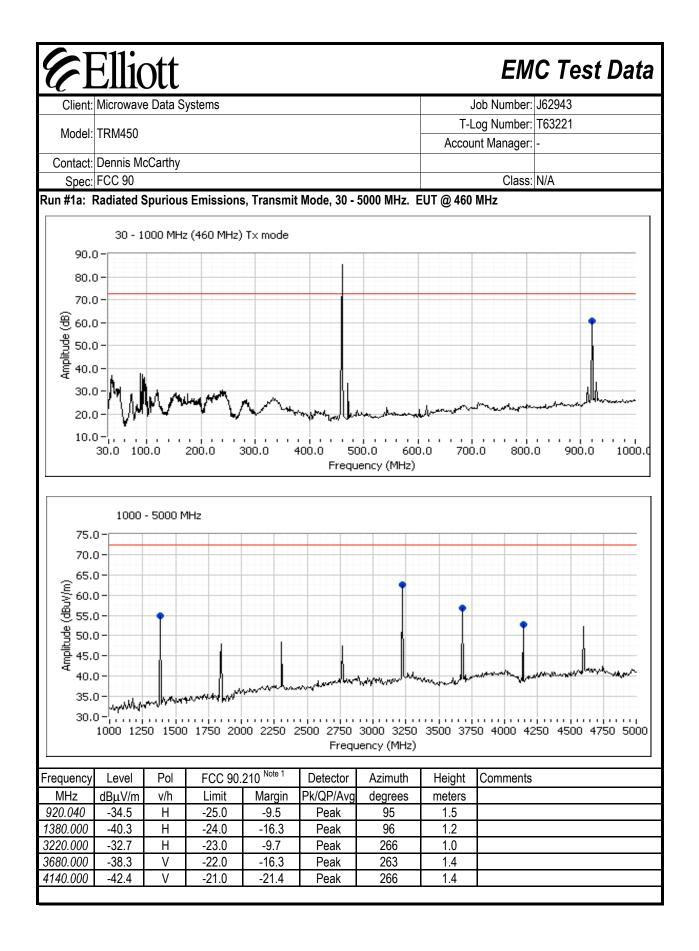


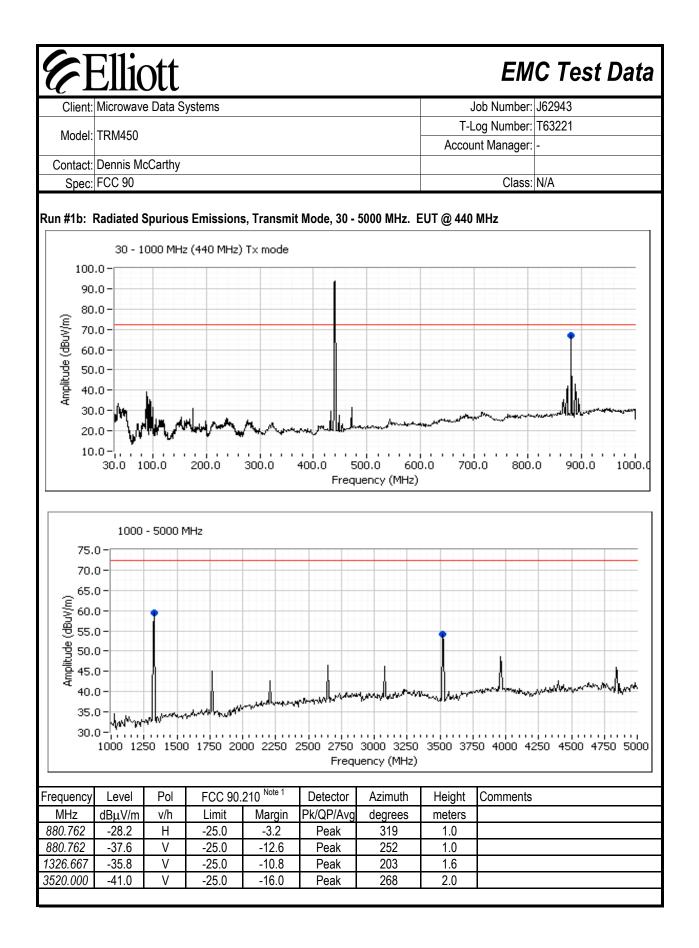


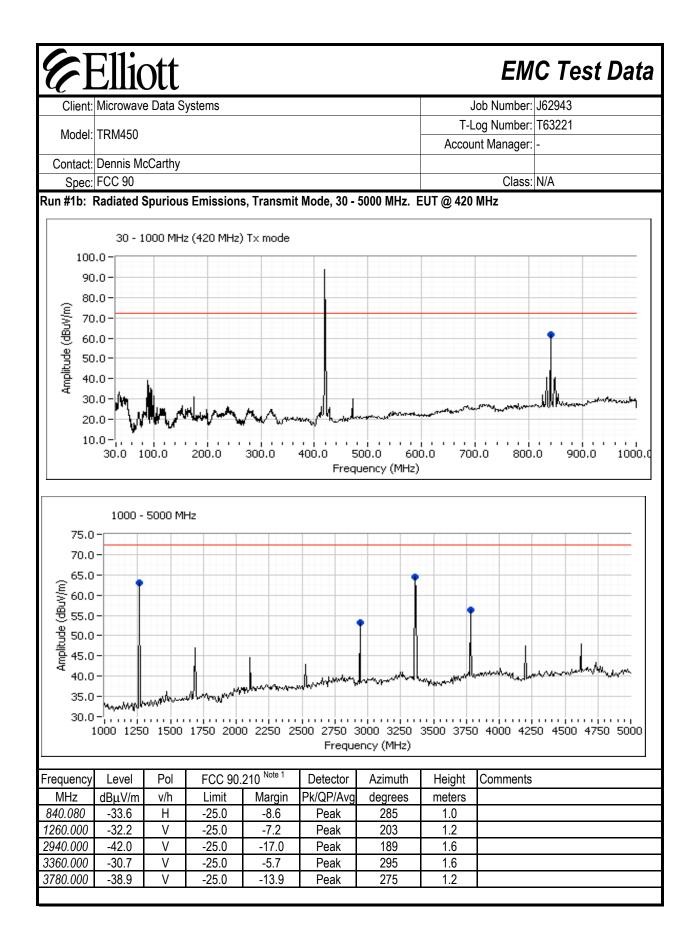




Elli	OTT			EMC Test	Da
Client: Microway	ve Data Systems		Jo	b Number: J62943	
Model: TRM450				og Number: T63221 t Manager: -	
Contact: Dennis M	IcCarthy				
Spec: FCC 90				Class: N/A	
	Radiated Spuri	ous Emissi	ons, FC	C 90	
est Specifics					
Objective	The objective of this test session is specification listed above.	to perform final quali	ification testin	g of the EUT with respect	to th
Date of Test		Config. Used			
	Juan Martinez Fremont Chamber #4	Config Change			
1651 LOCATION	Fremont Chamber #4	EUT Voltage	. / vuc		
mbiant Candit	ions: Temperature: Rel. Humidity:	14 °C 48 %			
Ambient Condit	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Summary of Res					
	sults Test Performed	Limit	Pass / Fail	Result / Margin	
Summary of Res Run # 2	sults	Limit 90.210(d)	Pass / Fail Pass	Result / Margin -28.2dBm @ 880.762MHz (-3.2dB)	







# **EXHIBIT 3: Test Configuration Photographs**

Uploaded as A Separate Attachment

# EXHIBIT 4: Theory of Operation Microwave Data Systems Model TRM450

# EXHIBIT 5: Proposed FCC ID Label & Label Location

# EXHIBIT 6: Detailed Photographs Microwave Data Systems Model TRM450

# EXHIBIT 7: Installation Guide Microwave Data Systems Model TRM450

# EXHIBIT 8: Block Diagram Microwave Data Systems Model TRM450

# EXHIBIT 9: Schematic Diagrams Microwave Data Systems Model TRM450

# EXHIBIT 10: Advertising Literature