



# A Test Lab Techno Corp.

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## SAR EVALUATION REPORT

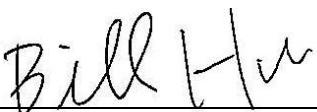


Test Report No.	:	1308FS12-01
Applicant	:	Dell Inc.
Product Type	:	Thin Client Terminal
Trade Name	:	Dell
Model Number	:	CSxxxx(x and y= 0-9, A-Z, a-z or blank), CSx
Date of Received	:	Jul. 09, 2013
Test Period	:	Jul. 31 ~ Sep. 25, 2013
Date of Issued	:	Sep. 30, 2013
Test Environment	:	Ambient Temperature : 22 ± 2 ° C Relative Humidity : 40 - 70 %
Standard	:	ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1999 IEEE Std. 1528-2003 IEEE Std. 1528a-2005 47 CFR Part §2.1093; KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r01 KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01
Max. Reported SAR	:	0.960 W/kg Body SAR
Test Lab Location	:	Chang-an Lab

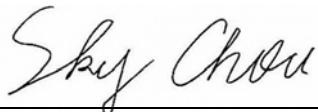


1. The test operations have to be performed with cautious behavior, the test results are as attached.
2. The test results are under chamber environment of A Test Lab Techno Corp. A Test Lab Techno Corp. does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples.
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Approved By

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Tested By

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(Sky Chou)



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## 1. Description of Equipment under Test (EUT)

Applicant	Dell Inc.	
Applicant Address	One Dell Way, Round Rock, Texas USA 78682	
Manufacture	Wyse Technology LLC	
Manufacture Address	5455 Great America Parkway, Santa Clara, CA 95054	
Product Type	Thin Client Terminal	
Trade Name	Dell	
Model Number	CSx <sup>y</sup> yy(x and y= 0-9, A-Z, a-z or blank), CSx (Those model numbers differ from each other in selling regions.)	
FCC ID	E2KCS1A13	
RF Function	IEEE 802.11b / 802.11g / 802.11n (2.4GHz) 20MHz IEEE 802.11a / 802.11n (5GHz) 20MHz / 40MHz Bluetooth v3.0 / Bluetooth v4.0 LE	
Tx Frequency	Band	Operate Frequency (MHz)
	IEEE 802.11b / 802.11g / 802.11n (2.4GHz) 20MHz	2412 - 2472
	IEEE 802.11a / 802.11n (5GHz) 20MHz	5180 - 5825
	IEEE 802.11n (5GHz) 40MHz	5190 - 5795
	Bluetooth v3.0 / Bluetooth v4.0 LE	2402 - 2480
RF Conducted Power (Avg.)	Band	Power (W / dBm)
	IEEE 802.11b	0.031 / 14.97
	IEEE 802.11g	0.037 / 15.66
	IEEE 802.11n (2.4GHz) 20MHz	0.032 / 15.10
	IEEE 802.11a	0.041 / 16.09
	IEEE 802.11n (5GHz) 20MHz	0.032 / 15.00
	IEEE 802.11n (5GHz) 40MHz	0.022 / 13.45
	Bluetooth v3.0	0.010 / 9.88
	Bluetooth v4.0 LE	0.006 / 7.63
Max. Reported SAR	0.960 W/kg Body SAR	
Device Category	Mobile Device	
RF Exposure Environment	General Population / Uncontrolled	
Application Type	Certification	

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment / general population exposure limits specified in Standard C95.1-1999 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2003 and IEEE Std. 1528a-2005.



## 2. Introduction

The A Test Lab Techno Corp. has performed measurements of the maximum potential exposure to the user of **Dell Inc.** Trade Name : Dell Model(s) : CSx<sup>y</sup>yy(x and y= 0-9, A-Z, a-z or blank), CSx. The test procedures, as described in American National Standards, Institute C95.1-1999[ 1 ], FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [July 2001] were employed and they specify the maximum exposure limit of 1.6mW/g as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 20cm between user and EUT in the uncontrolled environment. A description of the product and operating configuration, detailed summary of the test results, methodology and procedures used in the equipment used are included within this test report.

### 2.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dw) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Figure 2).

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dw}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dw}{\rho dv} \right)$$

Figure 2. SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

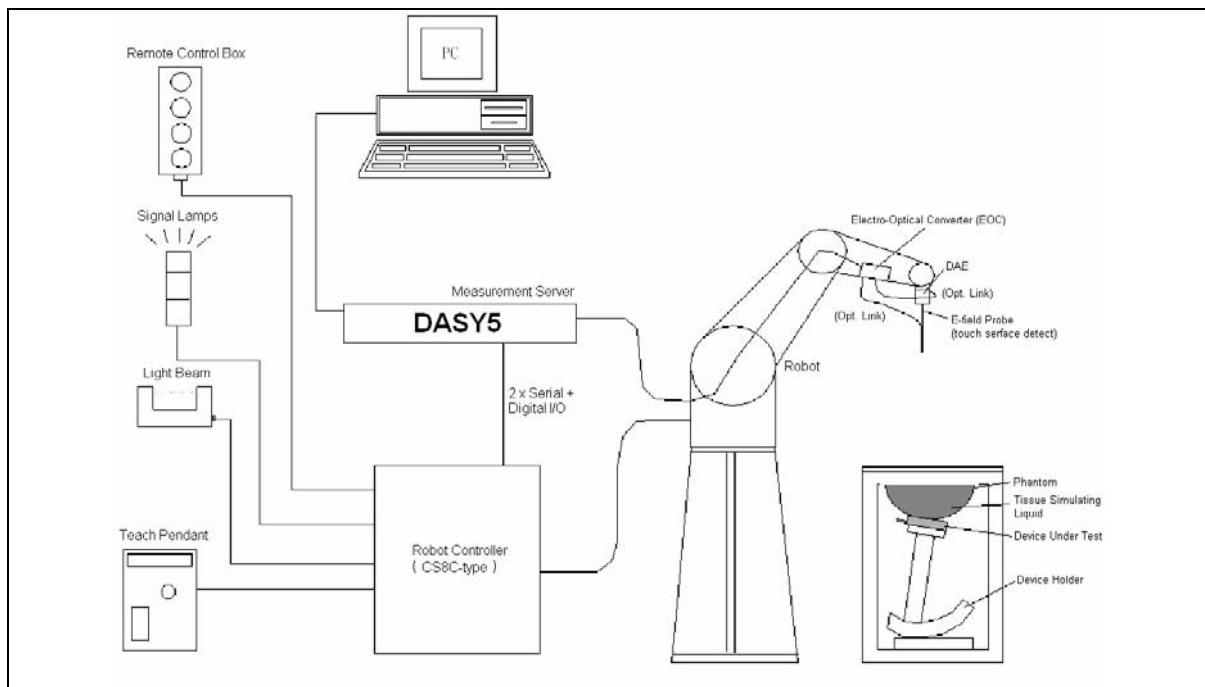
Where :

- $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)
- $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)
- $E$  = RMS electric field strength (V/m)

\* Note :

The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane [ 2 ]

### 3. SAR Measurement Setup



The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli TX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
2. A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
3. A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
4. The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
5. A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
6. A computer operating Windows 2000 or Windows XP.
7. DASY5 software.
8. Remote controls with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
9. The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand and right-hand usage.
10. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
11. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
12. Validation dipole kits allowing validating the proper functioning of the system.



### 3.1 DASY E-Field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration [3] and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi-fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped when reaching the maximum.

### 3.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection System Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.q., glycol)
Calibration	In air from 10 MHz to 6 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at frequencies of 2450MHz, 5200MHz, 5300MHz, 5600MHz and 5800MHz (accuracy $\pm 8\%$ ) Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon request
Frequency	$\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	$\pm 0.3$ dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in brain tissue (rotation normal probe axis)
Dimensions	Dynamic Range $10\mu\text{W/g}$ to $> 100\text{mW/g}$ ; Linearity: $\pm 0.2\text{dB}$ Overall length: 337mm Tip length: 9mm Body diameter: 10mm Tip diameter: 2.5mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 6GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms



Figure 3. E-field Probe



Figure 4. Probe setup on robot



### 3.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration process

#### Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density ( $1 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ ) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

#### Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to  $1 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ .

#### Temperature Assessment

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where :

**$\Delta t$**  = Exposure time (30 seconds),

**C** = Heat capacity of tissue (head or body),

**$\Delta T$**  = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$\text{Or SAR} = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where :

**$\sigma$**  = Simulated tissue conductivity,

**$\rho$**  = Tissue density ( $\text{kg/m}^3$ ).



## 3.2 Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

### Cell Controller

Processor : Intel Core(TM)2 CPU  
Clock Speed : @ 1.86GHz  
Operating System : Windows XP Professional

### Data Converter

Features : Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic  
Software : DASY52 v52.8 (5) & SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)  
Connecting Lines : Optical downlink for data and status info  
Optical uplink for commands and clock

## 3.3 Robot

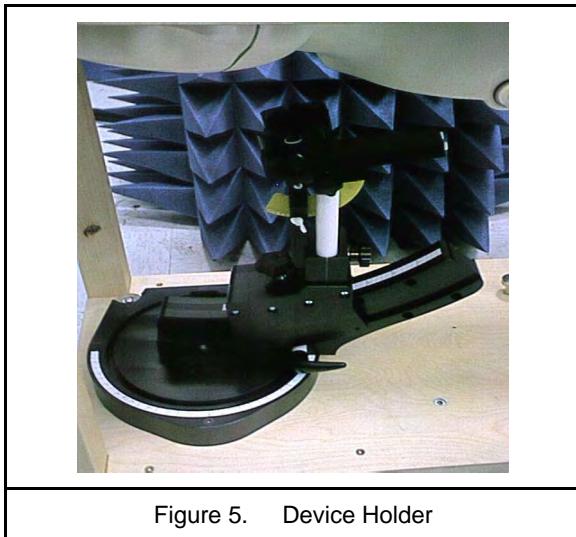
Positioner : Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: TX90XL  
Repeatability : ±0.02 mm  
No. of Axis : 6

## 3.4 Measurement Server

Processor : PC/104 with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron  
I/O-board : Link to DAE4 (or DAE3)  
16-bit A/D converter for surface detection system  
Digital I/O interface  
Serial link to robot  
Direct emergency stop output for robot

### 3.5 Device Holder

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon=3$  and loss tangent  $\delta=0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



### 3.6 Phantom - SAM v4.0

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.

Shell Thickness	2 ±0.2 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	1000x500 mm (LxW)
Table 1. Specification of SAM v4.0	



Figure 6. SAM Twin Phantom

### 3.7 Oval Flat Phantom - ELI 4.0

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (Oval Flat) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, IEEE Std. 1528a-2005, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of wireless portable device usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.

Shell Thickness	$2 \pm 0.2$ mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters
Dimensions	190x600x400 mm (HxLxW)
Table 2. Specification of ELI 4.0	

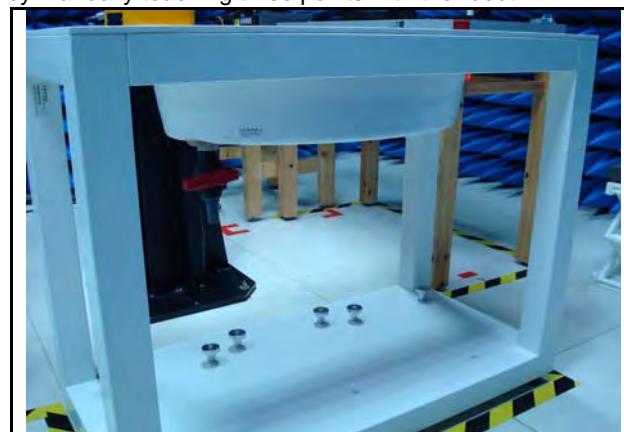


Figure 7. Oval Flat Phantom

### 3.8 Data Storage and Evaluation

#### 3.8.1 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension DA4 or DA5. The post processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.



### 3.8.2 Data Evaluation

The DASY post processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software :

Probe parameters : - Sensitivity  $Norm_i, ai0, ai1, ai2$   
- Conversion factor  $ConvFi$   
- Diode compression point  $dcp_i$

Device parameters : - Frequency  $f$   
- Crest factor  $cf$

Media parameters : - Conductivity  $\sigma$   
- Density  $\rho$

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With       $V_i$     = compensated signal of channel i ( $i = x, y, z$ )  
 $U_i$     = input signal of channel i ( $i = x, y, z$ )  
 $cf$     = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)  
 $dcp_i$     = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated :

E-field probes :      
$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$



$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

H-field probes :

with       $V_i$       = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)  
               $Norm_i$  = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)  
               $\mu V/(V/m)2$  for E-field Probes  
               $ConvF$       = sensitivity enhancement in solution  
               $a_{ij}$       = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes  
               $f$       = carrier frequency [GHz]  
               $E_i$       = electric field strength of channel i in V/m  
               $H_i$       = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude) :

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with       $SAR$       = local specific absorption rate in mW/g  
               $E_{tot}$       = total field strength in V/m  
               $\sigma$       = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]  
               $\rho$       = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

\* Note : That the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770} \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = \frac{H_{tot}^2}{37.7}$$

with       $P_{pwe}$  = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>  
               $E_{tot}$       = total electric field strength in V/m  
               $H_{tot}$       = total magnetic field strength in A/m



## 4. **Tissue Simulating Liquids**

The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the tissue.

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit and an E5071B Network Analyzer.

### **IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in 1528 recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters**

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in 1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equation and extrapolated according to the head parameter specified in 1528.

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 - 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

(  $\epsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> )

Table 3. Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms



## 4.1 Ingredients

The following ingredients are used:

- Water: deionized water (pure H<sub>2</sub>O), resistivity ≥ 16 M Ω -as basis for the liquid
- Sugar: refined white sugar (typically 99.7 % sucrose, available as crystal sugar in food shops)  
-to reduce relative permittivity
- Salt: pure NaCl -to increase conductivity
- Cellulose: Hydroxyethyl-cellulose, medium viscosity (75-125 mPa.s, 2% in water, 20 °C), CAS # 54290 -to increase viscosity and to keep sugar in solution.
- Preservative: Preventol D-7 Bayer AG, D-51368 Leverkusen, CAS # 55965-84-9 -to prevent the spread of bacteria and molds
- DGBE: Diethylenglycol-monobutyl ether (DGBE), Fluka Chemie GmbH, CAS # 112-34-5 -to reduce relative permittivity

## 4.2 Recipes

The following tables give the recipes for tissue simulating liquids to be used in different frequency bands.

Note: The goal dielectric parameters (at 22 °C) must be achieved within a tolerance of ±5% for ε and ±5% for σ.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)											
	750		835		1750		1900		2450		2600	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	39.28	51.30	41.45	52.40	54.50	40.20	54.90	40.40	62.70	73.20	60.30	71.40
Salt (NaCl)	1.47	1.42	1.45	1.50	0.17	0.49	0.18	0.50	0.50	0.10	0.60	0.20
Sugar	58.15	46.18	56.00	45.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEC	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Bactericide	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	45.33	59.31	44.92	59.10	36.80	26.70	39.10	28.40
Dielectric Constant	41.88	54.60	42.54	56.10	40.10	53.60	39.90	54.00	39.80	52.50	39.80	52.50
Conductivity (S/m)	0.90	0.97	0.91	0.95	1.39	1.49	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ<sup>+</sup> resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

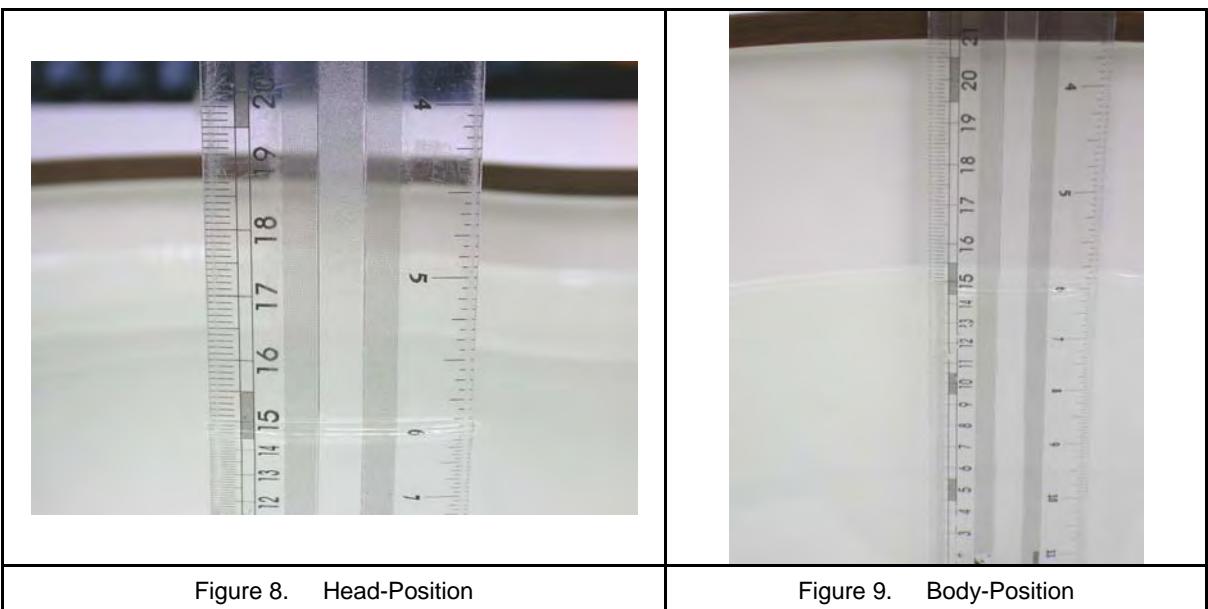
DGBE: 99% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

### 4.3 Liquid Depth

The liquid level was during measurement 15cm  $\pm 0.5$ cm.

According to KDB865664 ,the depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be  $\geq 15.0$  cm  $\pm 0.5$  cm for SAR measurements  $\leq 3$  GHz and  $\geq 10.0$  cm  $\pm 0.5$  cm for measurements  $> 3$  GHz.





## 5. SAR Testing with RF Transmitters

### 5.1 Power reduction

No power reduction issue.

### 5.2 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 b/g transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable.

### 5.3 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate.

The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

#### Frequency Channel Configurations

802.11 a/b/g and 4.9 GHz operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11 b/g modes are tested on channels 1, 6 and 11. 802.11a is tested for UNII operations on channels 36 and 48 in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band; channels 52 and 64 in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band; channels 104, 116, 124 and 136 in the 5.470-5.725 GHz band; and channels 149 and 161 in the 5.8 GHz band. When 5.8 GHz §15.247 is also available, channels 149, 157 and 165 should be tested instead of the UNII channels. 4.9 GHz is tested on channels 1, 10 and 5 or 6, whichever has the higher output power, for 5 MHz channels; channels 11, 15 and 19 for 10 MHz channels; and channels 21 and 25 for 20 MHz channels. These are referred to as the "default test channels". 802.11g mode was evaluated only if the output power was 0.25 dB higher than the 802.11b mode.



IEEE 802.11 Test Channels per FCC Requirement						
Mode		GHz	Channel	Turbo Channel	Default Test "Channels"	
					§15.247	
					802.11b	802.11g
IEEE 802.11 b/g		2412	1		✓	▽
		2437	6	6	✓	▽
		2462	11		✓	▽
IEEE 802.11a	UNII	5.18	36			✓
		5.20	40	42 (5.21 GHz)		*
		5.22	44			*
		5.24	48	50 (5.25 GHz)		
		5.26	52			✓
		5.28	56	58 (5.29 GHz)		*
		5.30	60			*
		5.32	64			✓
		5.500	100	Unknown		*
		5.520	104			✓
		5.540	108			*
		5.560	112			*
		5.580	116			✓
		5.600	120			*
		5.620	124			✓
		5.640	128			*
		5.660	132			*
		5.680	136			✓
		5.700	140			*
UNII or §15.247		5.745	149		✓	✓
		5.765	153	152 (5.76 GHz)	*	*
		5.785	157		✓	*
		5.805	161	160 (5.80 GHz)	*	✓
		§15.247	5.825	165	✓	



## 5.4 Conducted Power

Band	Data Rate	CH	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
IEEE 802.11b	1M	1	2412.0	14.95
		7	2442.0	14.82
		12	2467.0	14.90
		13	2472.0	14.97
	2M	7	2442.0	14.80
	5.5M	7	2442.0	14.75
	11M	7	2442.0	14.73
IEEE 802.11g	6M	1	2412.0	15.66
		7	2442.0	15.63
		12	2467.0	13.05
		13	2472.0	10.66
	9M	7	2442.0	15.60
	12M	7	2442.0	15.58
	18M	7	2442.0	15.60
	24M	7	2442.0	15.55
	36M	7	2442.0	15.57
	48M	7	2442.0	15.54
	54M	7	2442.0	15.56
	6.5M	1	2412.0	15.08
		7	2442.0	15.10
		12	2467.0	13.04
		13	2472.0	10.61
IEEE 802.11n 20MHz (2.4 GHz)	13M	7	2442.0	15.03
	19.5M	7	2442.0	15.02
	26M	7	2442.0	15.00
	39M	7	2442.0	15.01
	52M	7	2442.0	15.02
	58.5M	7	2442.0	15.06
	65M	7	2442.0	15.00



Band	Data Rate	CH	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
IEEE 802.11a	6 M	36	5180.0	16.05
		40	5200.0	16.07
		44	5220.0	16.02
		48	5240.0	16.09
		52	5260.0	15.77
		56	5280.0	15.85
		60	5300.0	15.79
		64	5320.0	15.83
		100	5500.0	15.51
		104	5520.0	15.59
		108	5540.0	15.54
		112	5560.0	15.64
		116	5580.0	15.50
		120	5600.0	15.59
	54 M	124	5620.0	15.55
		128	5640.0	15.51
		132	5660.0	15.57
		136	5680.0	15.69
		140	5700.0	15.80
		149	5745.0	15.60
		153	5765.0	15.54
		157	5785.0	15.54
		161	5805.0	15.64
		165	5825.0	15.52
		36	5180.0	16.02
		40	5200.0	16.04
		44	5220.0	15.96
		48	5240.0	15.83
		52	5260.0	15.82
		56	5280.0	15.81
		60	5300.0	15.79
		64	5320.0	15.77
		100	5500.0	15.49
		104	5520.0	15.50
		108	5540.0	15.46
		112	5560.0	15.42
		116	5580.0	15.34
		120	5600.0	15.31
		124	5620.0	15.39
		128	5640.0	15.42
		132	5660.0	15.45
		136	5680.0	15.55
		140	5700.0	15.57
		149	5745.0	15.50
		153	5765.0	15.48
		157	5785.0	15.50
		161	5805.0	15.53
		165	5825.0	15.46



Band	Data Rate	CH	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
IEEE 802.11n (5GHz) 20MHz	6.5M	36	5180.0	14.98
		40	5200.0	14.86
		44	5220.0	14.84
		48	5240.0	15.00
		52	5260.0	14.85
		56	5280.0	14.69
		60	5300.0	14.61
		64	5320.0	14.68
		100	5500.0	14.44
		104	5520.0	14.38
		108	5540.0	14.36
		112	5560.0	14.33
		116	5580.0	14.32
		120	5600.0	14.36
		124	5620.0	14.34
		128	5640.0	14.32
		132	5660.0	14.36
		136	5680.0	14.42
		140	5700.0	14.52
		149	5745.0	14.32
		153	5765.0	14.35
		157	5785.0	14.37
		161	5805.0	14.42
		165	5825.0	14.36
	65M	36	5180.0	14.96
		40	5200.0	14.93
		44	5220.0	14.97
		48	5240.0	14.87
		52	5260.0	14.73
		56	5280.0	14.86
		60	5300.0	14.68
		64	5320.0	14.80
		100	5500.0	14.63
		104	5520.0	14.58
		108	5540.0	14.66
		112	5560.0	14.57
		116	5580.0	14.53
		120	5600.0	14.50
		124	5620.0	14.49
		128	5640.0	14.52
		132	5660.0	14.55
		136	5680.0	14.66
		140	5700.0	14.69
		149	5745.0	14.30
		153	5765.0	14.34
		157	5785.0	14.33
		161	5805.0	14.35
		165	5825.0	14.35



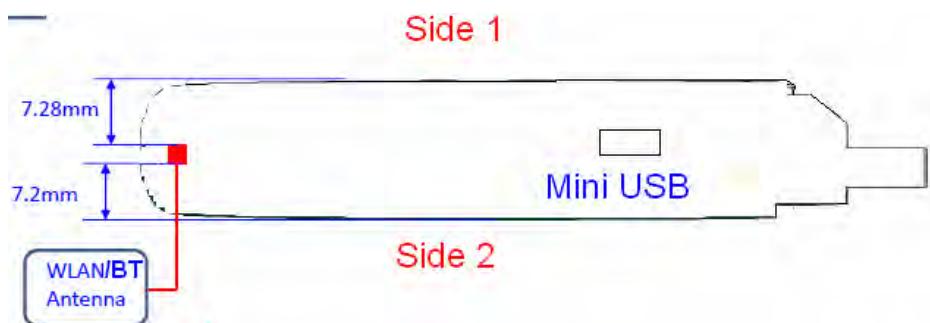
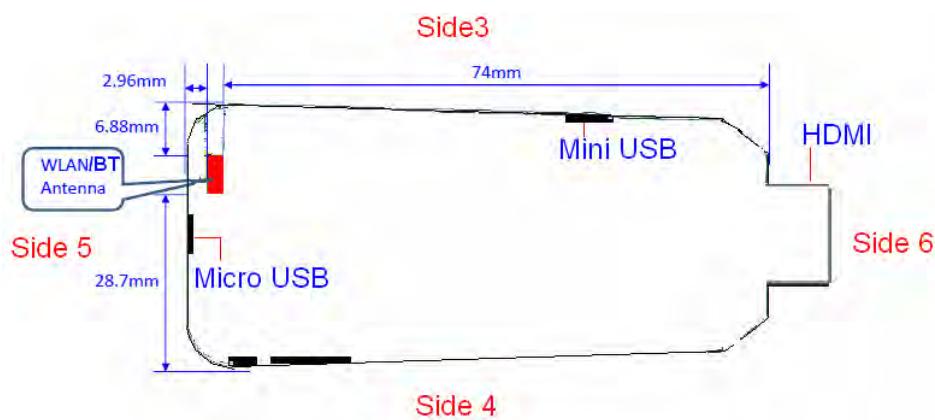
Band	Data Rate	CH	Frequency (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)
IEEE 802.11n (5GHz) 40MHz	6.5M	38	5190.0	13.38
		46	5230.0	13.36
		54	5270.0	13.05
		62	5310.0	13.14
		102	5510.0	13.42
		110	5550.0	13.45
		118	5590.0	13.18
		126	5630.0	13.11
		134	5670.0	13.23
		151	5755.0	13.32
	65M	159	5795.0	13.35
		38	5190.0	12.90
		46	5230.0	12.61
		54	5270.0	12.32
		62	5310.0	12.27
	65M	102	5510.0	12.72
		110	5550.0	12.66
		118	5590.0	12.57
		126	5630.0	12.71
		134	5670.0	12.58
	65M	151	5755.0	12.92
		159	5795.0	12.95



Band	CH	Frequency (MHz)	Packet Type	Average Power (dBm)
Bluetooth v3.0 (GFSK)	0	2402	DH1	9.82
			DH3	9.85
			DH5	9.85
	39	2441	DH1	9.84
			DH3	9.86
			DH5	9.88
	78	2480	DH1	9.09
			DH3	9.10
			DH5	9.12
Bluetooth v3.0 ( $\pi/4$ -DQPSK)	0	2402	DH1	6.95
			DH3	6.97
			DH5	6.97
	39	2441	DH1	7.53
			DH3	7.53
			DH5	7.55
	78	2480	DH1	6.89
			DH3	6.90
			DH5	6.91
Bluetooth v3.0 (8DPSK)	0	2402	DH1	6.96
			DH3	6.98
			DH5	6.99
	39	2441	DH1	7.54
			DH3	7.54
			DH5	7.56
	78	2480	DH1	6.91
			DH3	6.92
			DH5	6.92
Bluetooth v4.0 LE	0	2402	---	6.52
	19	2440	---	7.63
	39	2480	---	7.35

## 5.5 Antenna location

Antenna-User	
Distance of WLAN and Bluetooth to edge	
WLAN to Side 1	7.28mm
WLAN to Side 2	7.20mm
WLAN to Side 3	6.88mm
WLAN to Side 4	28.70mm
WLAN to Side 5	2.96mm
WLAN to Side 6	74mm
Antenna-Antenna	
Antenna account	Distance (cm)
WLAN to Bluetooth	0





## 5.6 Stand-alone SAR Evaluate

Transmitter and antenna implementation as below:

Band	WLAN/Bluetooth Antenna
IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n	V
Bluetooth	V

Stand-alone transmission configurations as below:

Band	Side 1	Side 2	Side 3	Side 4	Side 5	Side 6
IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n	V	V	V	V	-	-
Bluetooth	V	V	V	V	-	-

## 5.7 Simultaneous Transmitting Evaluate

Simultaneous transmission configurations as below:

Condition	Side	Band	
		WLAN	Bluetooth
1	1	V	V
2	2	V	V
3	3	V	V
4	4	V	V

### 5.7.1 Sum of 1-g SAR of all simultaneously transmitting

When the sum of 1-g SAR of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in and operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

Sum of 1-g SAR of summary as below:

Side	Simult T	Configuration	WLAN_Antenna SAR W/Kg	BT_Antenna SAR W/Kg	$\sum$ SAR <sup>1g</sup> (W/Kg)	Event
1	Body SAR	Flat	0.544	0.056	0.600	<1.6
2	Body SAR	Flat	0.776	0.099	0.875	<1.6
3	Body SAR	Flat	0.316	0.079	0.395	<1.6
4	Body SAR	Flat	0.152	0.016	0.168	<1.6



### 5.7.2 SAR to peak location separation ratio (SPLSR)

When the sum of SAR is larger than the limit, SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to peak location separation ratio. The ratio is determined by  $(\text{SAR1} + \text{SAR2})^{1.5}/R_i$ , rounded to two decimal digits, and must be  $\leq 0.04$  for all antenna pairs in the configuration to qualify for 1-g SAR test exclusion.

All of sum of SAR < 1.6 W/Kg, therefore SPLSR is not required.

## 5.8 SAR test reduction according to KDB

General:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used were according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001], IEEE1528-2003 and IEEE Std. 1528a-2005.
- All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- Batteries are fully charged for all readings.
- When the Channel's SAR 1g of maximum conducted power is  $> 0.8$  mW/g, low, middle and high channel are supposed to be tested.

KDB 447498:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used were according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001], IEEE1528-2003 and IEEE Std. 1528a-2005.

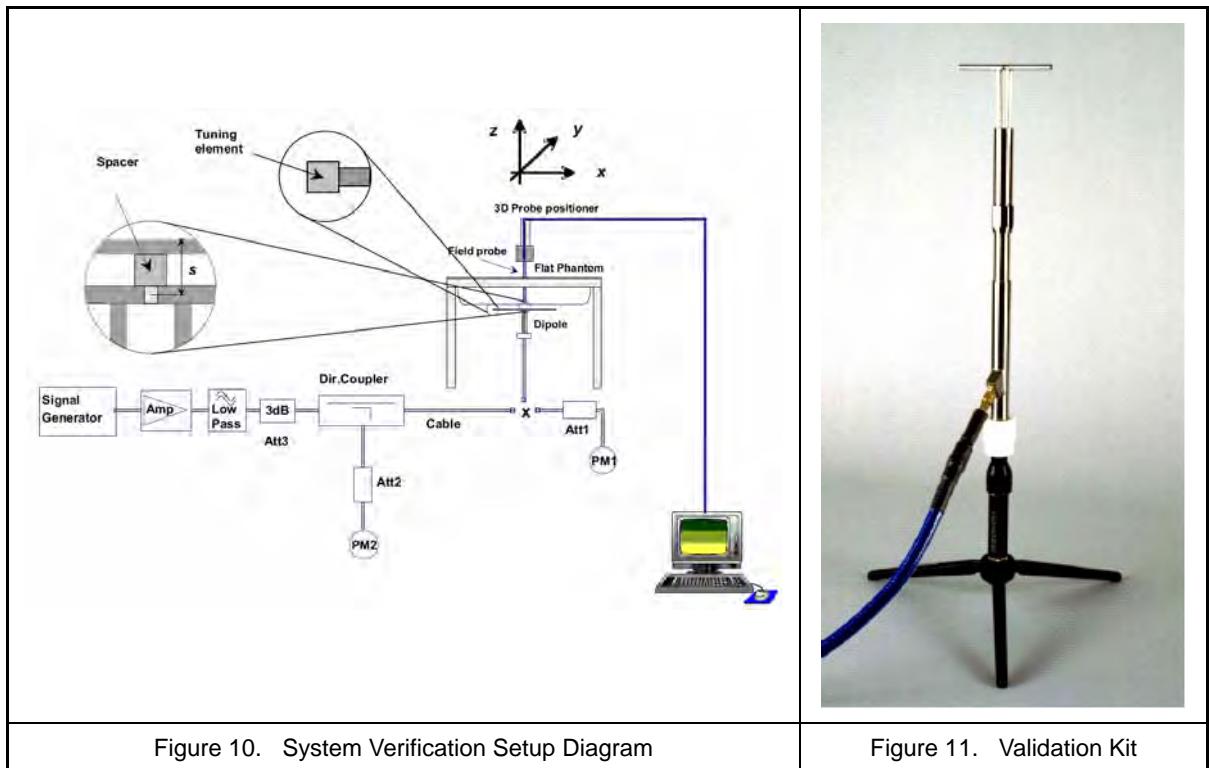
KDB 865664:

- Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg.
- When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg.
- Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .

## 6. System Verification and Validation

### 6.1 Symmetric Dipoles for System Verification

Construction	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA matched for use near flat phantoms filled with head simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor Calibration Calibrated SAR value for specified position and input power at the flat phantom in head simulating solutions.
Frequency	2450, 5200, 5300, 5600 and 5800 MHz
Return Loss	> 20 dB at specified verification position
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)
Options	Dipoles for other frequencies or solutions and other calibration conditions are available upon request
Dimensions	D2450V2: dipole length 51.5 mm; overall height 300 mm D5GHzV2: dipole length 20.6 mm; overall height 300 mm



## 6.2 Liquid Parameters

Liquid Verify								
Ambient Temperature : 22 ± 2 °C ; Relative Humidity : 40 -70%								
Liquid Type	Frequency	Temp (°C)	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)	Measured Date
2450MHz (Body)	2400MHz	22.0	εr	52.77	52.13	-1.21%	± 5	07/31/2013
			σ	1.902	1.889	-0.68%	± 5	
	2450MHz	22.0	εr	52.70	51.92	-1.48%	± 5	
			σ	1.950	1.964	0.72%	± 5	
	2500MHz	22.0	εr	52.64	51.77	-1.65%	± 5	
			σ	2.021	2.038	0.84%	± 5	
	2400MHz	22.0	εr	52.77	52.13	-1.21%	± 5	
			σ	1.902	1.889	-0.68%	± 5	
2450MHz (Body)	2450MHz	22.0	εr	52.70	51.92	-1.48%	± 5	09/25/2013
			σ	1.950	1.964	0.72%	± 5	
	2500MHz	22.0	εr	52.64	51.77	-1.65%	± 5	
			σ	2.021	2.038	0.84%	± 5	
	5150MHz	22.0	εr	49.08	47.89	-2.43%	± 5	08/01/2013
			σ	5.241	5.460	4.18%	± 5	
	5200MHz	22.0	εr	49.01	47.76	-2.55%	± 5	
			σ	5.299	5.520	4.17%	± 5	
5200MHz (Body)	5250MHz	22.0	εr	48.95	47.63	-2.70%	± 5	
			σ	5.358	5.550	3.58%	± 5	
	5150MHz	22.0	εr	49.08	47.89	-2.43%	± 5	08/02/2013
			σ	5.241	5.460	4.18%	± 5	
	5200MHz	22.0	εr	49.01	47.76	-2.55%	± 5	
			σ	5.299	5.520	4.17%	± 5	
	5250MHz	22.0	εr	48.95	47.63	-2.70%	± 5	
			σ	5.358	5.550	3.58%	± 5	
5200MHz (Body)	5150MHz	22.0	εr	49.08	47.89	-2.43%	± 5	08/03/2013
			σ	5.241	5.460	4.18%	± 5	
	5200MHz	22.0	εr	49.01	47.76	-2.55%	± 5	
			σ	5.299	5.520	4.17%	± 5	
	5250MHz	22.0	εr	48.95	47.63	-2.70%	± 5	
			σ	5.358	5.550	3.58%	± 5	

Table 4. Measured Tissue dielectric parameters for body phantoms -1

Liquid Verify								
Ambient Temperature : 22 ± 2 °C ; Relative Humidity : 40 -70%								
Liquid Type	Frequency	Temp (°C)	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)	Measured Date
5300MHz (Body)	5250MHz	22.0	εr	48.95	47.63	-2.70%	± 5	08/01/2013
			σ	5.358	5.550	3.58%	± 5	
	5300MHz	22.0	εr	48.88	47.52	-2.78%	± 5	
			σ	5.416	5.650	4.32%	± 5	
	5350MHz	22.0	εr	48.81	47.41	-2.87%	± 5	
			σ	5.474	5.720	4.49%	± 5	
	5250MHz	22.0	εr	48.95	47.63	-2.70%	± 5	
			σ	5.358	5.550	3.58%	± 5	
5300MHz (Body)	5300MHz	22.0	εr	48.88	47.52	-2.78%	± 5	08/02/2013
			σ	5.416	5.650	4.32%	± 5	
	5350MHz	22.0	εr	48.81	47.41	-2.87%	± 5	
			σ	5.474	5.720	4.49%	± 5	
	5250MHz	22.0	εr	48.95	47.63	-2.70%	± 5	
			σ	5.358	5.550	3.58%	± 5	
	5300MHz	22.0	εr	48.88	47.52	-2.78%	± 5	
			σ	5.416	5.650	4.32%	± 5	
5300MHz (Body)	5350MHz	22.0	εr	48.81	47.41	-2.87%	± 5	08/03/2013
			σ	5.474	5.720	4.49%	± 5	
	5550MHz	22.0	εr	48.54	46.93	-3.32%	± 5	
			σ	5.708	5.930	3.89%	± 5	
	5600MHz	22.0	εr	48.47	46.87	-3.30%	± 5	
			σ	5.766	6.020	4.41%	± 5	
	5650MHz	22.0	εr	48.40	46.74	-3.43%	± 5	
			σ	5.825	6.040	3.69%	± 5	
5600MHz (Body)	5550MHz	22.0	εr	48.54	46.93	-3.32%	± 5	08/01/2013
			σ	5.708	5.930	3.89%	± 5	
	5600MHz	22.0	εr	48.47	46.87	-3.30%	± 5	
			σ	5.766	6.020	4.41%	± 5	
	5650MHz	22.0	εr	48.40	46.74	-3.43%	± 5	
			σ	5.825	6.040	3.69%	± 5	
			εr	48.54	46.93	-3.32%	± 5	
			σ	5.708	5.930	3.89%	± 5	
5600MHz (Body)	5600MHz	22.0	εr	48.47	46.87	-3.30%	± 5	08/02/2013
			σ	5.766	6.020	4.41%	± 5	
	5650MHz	22.0	εr	48.40	46.74	-3.43%	± 5	
			σ	5.825	6.040	3.69%	± 5	

Table 5. Measured Tissue dielectric parameters for body phantoms -2



Liquid Verify								
Ambient Temperature : 22 ± 2 °C ; Relative Humidity : 40 -70%								
Liquid Type	Frequency	Temp (°C)	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)	Measured Date
5600MHz (Body)	5550MHz	22.0	εr	48.54	46.93	-3.32%	± 5	08/03/2013
			σ	5.708	5.930	3.89%	± 5	
	5600MHz	22.0	εr	48.47	46.87	-3.30%	± 5	
			σ	5.766	6.020	4.41%	± 5	
	5650MHz	22.0	εr	48.40	46.74	-3.43%	± 5	
			σ	5.825	6.040	3.69%	± 5	
5800MHz (Body)	5750MHz	22.0	εr	48.27	46.54	-3.58%	± 5	08/01/2013
			σ	5.942	6.210	4.51%	± 5	
	5800MHz	22.0	εr	48.20	46.40	-3.73%	± 5	
			σ	6.000	6.270	4.50%	± 5	
	5850MHz	22.0	εr	48.20	46.35	-3.84%	± 5	
			σ	6.000	6.290	4.83%	± 5	
5800MHz (Body)	5750MHz	22.0	εr	48.27	46.54	-3.58%	± 5	08/02/2013
			σ	5.942	6.210	4.51%	± 5	
	5800MHz	22.0	εr	48.20	46.40	-3.73%	± 5	
			σ	6.000	6.270	4.50%	± 5	
	5850MHz	22.0	εr	48.20	46.35	-3.84%	± 5	
			σ	6.000	6.290	4.83%	± 5	
5800MHz (Body)	5750MHz	22.0	εr	48.27	46.54	-3.58%	± 5	08/03/2013
			σ	5.942	6.210	4.51%	± 5	
	5800MHz	22.0	εr	48.20	46.40	-3.73%	± 5	
			σ	6.000	6.270	4.50%	± 5	
	5850MHz	22.0	εr	48.20	46.35	-3.84%	± 5	
			σ	6.000	6.290	4.83%	± 5	

Table 6. Measured Tissue dielectric parameters for body phantoms -3



### 6.3 Verification Summary

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of  $\pm 7\%$ . The verification was performed at 2450, 5200, 5300, 5600 and 5800MHz.

Mixture Type	Frequency (MHz)	Power	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (mW/g)	SAR <sub>10g</sub> (mW/g)	Drift (dB)	Difference percentage		Probe	Dipole	1W Target		Date
						1g	10g			Model / Serial No.	Model / Serial No.	
Body	2450	250 mW	12.80	6.02	0.13	1.80%	2.50%	EX3DV3 - SN3519	D2450V2 - SN712	50.30	23.50	Jul. 31, 2013
		Normalize to 1 Watt	51.20	24.08								
Body	2450	250 mW	13.10	6.07	-0.190	4.20%	3.30%	EX3DV3 - SN3519	D2450V2 - SN712	50.30	23.50	Sep. 25, 2013
		Normalize to 1 Watt	52.40	24.28								
Body	5200	100 mW	7.44	2.09	-0.040	0.00%	1.00%	EX3DV3 - SN3519	D5200V2 - SN1021	74.40	20.70	Aug. 01, 2013
		Normalize to 1 Watt	74.40	20.90								
Body	5200	100 mW	7.46	2.12	-0.110	0.30%	2.40%	EX3DV3 - SN3519	D5200V2 - SN1021	74.40	20.70	Aug. 02, 2013
		Normalize to 1 Watt	74.60	21.20								
Body	5200	100 mW	7.52	2.13	0.020	1.10%	2.90%	EX3DV3 - SN3519	D5200V2 - SN1021	74.40	20.70	Aug. 03, 2013
		Normalize to 1 Watt	75.20	21.30								
Body	5300	100 mW	7.39	2.06	0.100	-2.00%	-2.40%	EX3DV3 - SN3519	D5300V2 - SN1021	75.40	21.10	Aug. 01, 2013
		Normalize to 1 Watt	73.90	20.60								
Body	5300	100 mW	7.63	2.15	0.040	1.20%	1.90%	EX3DV3 - SN3519	D5300V2 - SN1021	75.40	21.10	Aug. 02, 2013
		Normalize to 1 Watt	76.30	21.50								
Body	5300	100 mW	7.49	2.11	-0.040	-0.70%	0.00%	EX3DV3 - SN3519	D5300V2 - SN1021	75.40	21.10	Aug. 03, 2013
		Normalize to 1 Watt	74.90	21.10								
Body	5600	100 mW	7.73	2.14	0.080	-3.40%	-3.20%	EX3DV3 - SN3519	D5600V2 - SN1021	80.00	22.10	Aug. 01, 2013
		Normalize to 1 Watt	77.30	21.40								
Body	5600	100 mW	7.86	2.19	0.050	-1.70%	-0.90%	EX3DV3 - SN3519	D5600V2 - SN1021	80.00	22.10	Aug. 02, 2013
		Normalize to 1 Watt	78.60	21.90								
Body	5600	100 mW	7.95	2.22	-0.080	-0.60%	0.50%	EX3DV3 - SN3519	D5600V2 - SN1021	80.00	22.10	Aug. 03, 2013
		Normalize to 1 Watt	79.50	22.20								
Body	5800	100 mW	7.06	1.94	0.090	-4.30%	-4.90%	EX3DV3 - SN3519	D5800V2 - SN1021	73.80	20.40	Aug. 01, 2013
		Normalize to 1 Watt	70.60	19.40								
Body	5800	100 mW	7.21	2.00	0.020	-2.30%	-2.00%	EX3DV3 - SN3519	D5800V2 - SN1021	73.80	20.40	Aug. 02, 2013
		Normalize to 1 Watt	72.10	20.00								
Body	5800	100 mW	7.56	2.11	-0.030	2.40%	3.40%	EX3DV3 - SN3519	D5800V2 - SN1021	73.80	20.40	Aug. 03, 2013
		Normalize to 2 Watt	75.60	21.10								



## 6.4 Validation Summary

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02v01, SAR system validation status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue-equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in IEEE 1528-2003 and FCC KDB 865664 D01v01. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters as below.

Probe Type Model / Serial No.	Prob Cal. Point (MHz)	Head / Body	Cond.	Perm.	CW Validation			Mod. Validation			Date	
			$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$	Sensitivity	Probe	Probe	Mod. Type	Duty Factor	PAR		
						Linearity	Isotropy					
EX3DV3 SN3519	2450	Body	51.92	1.964	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass	Jul. 31, 2013	
EX3DV3 SN3519	2450	Body	51.92	1.964	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass	Sep. 25, 2013	
EX3DV3 SN3519	5200	Body	47.76	5.520	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass	Aug. 01, 2013	
EX3DV3 SN3519	5200	Body	47.76	5.520	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass	Aug. 02, 2013	
EX3DV3 SN3519	5200	Body	47.76	5.520	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass	Aug. 03, 2013	
EX3DV3 SN3519	5300	Body	47.52	5.650	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass	Aug. 01, 2013	
EX3DV3 SN3519	5300	Body	47.52	5.650	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass	Aug. 02, 2013	
EX3DV3 SN3519	5300	Body	47.52	5.650	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass	Aug. 03, 2013	
EX3DV3 SN3519	5600	Body	46.87	6.020	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass	Aug. 01, 2013	
EX3DV3 SN3519	5600	Body	46.87	6.020	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass	Aug. 02, 2013	
EX3DV3 SN3519	5600	Body	46.87	6.020	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass	Aug. 03, 2013	
EX3DV3 SN3519	5800	Body	46.40	6.270	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass	Aug. 01, 2013	
EX3DV3 SN3519	5800	Body	46.40	6.270	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass	Aug. 02, 2013	
EX3DV3 SN3519	5800	Body	46.40	6.270	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass	Aug. 03, 2013	



## 7. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	712	Feb. 19, 2013	Feb. 19, 2014
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHZV2	1021	Feb. 21, 2013	Feb. 21, 2014
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV3	3519	Feb. 20, 2013	Feb. 20, 2014
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	779	Feb. 13, 2013	Feb. 13, 2014
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	
SPEAG	Measurement Server	SE UMS 011 AA	1025	NCR	
SPEAG	Phantom	ELI v5.0	TP-1133	NCR	
SPEAG	Robot	Staubli TX90XL	F07/564ZA1/C/01	NCR	
SPEAG	Software	DASY52 V52.8 (5)	N/A	NCR	
SPEAG	Software	SEMCAD V14.6.8 (7028)	N/A	NCR	
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070C	US99360094	NCR	
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071B	MY42404655	Apr. 05, 2012	Apr. 05, 2014
R&S	Power Sensor	NRP-Z22	100179	May 21, 2013	May 21, 2014
Agilent	MXG Vector Signal Generator	N5182A	MY47420962	May 14, 2013	May 14, 2015
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50334	NCR	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W-SMA	D111103#5	NCR	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G-SMA	D042005 671800514	NCR	
Aisi	Attenuator	IEAT 3dB	N/A	NCR	

Table 7. Test Equipment List



## **8. Measurement Uncertainty**

Measurement uncertainties in SAR measurements are difficult to quantify due to several variables including biological, physiological, and environmental. However, we estimate the measurement uncertainties in SAR to be less than  $\pm 19.62\%$  [8]. The frequency range of the measurement uncertainty is 750 ~ 5800MHz  $\pm 10.1\%$ .

According to Std. C95.3 [9], the overall uncertainties are difficult to assess and will vary with the type of meter and usage situation. However, accuracy's of  $\pm 1$  to 3 dB can be expected in practice, with greater uncertainties in near-field situations and at higher frequencies (shorter wavelengths), or areas where large reflecting objects are present. Under optimum measurement conditions, SAR measurement uncertainties of at least  $\pm 2$ dB can be expected.

According to CENELEC [10], typical worst-case uncertainty of field measurements is  $\pm 5$  dB. For well-defined modulation characteristics the uncertainty can be reduced to  $\pm 3$  dB.



Item	Uncertainty Component	Uncertainty Value	Prob. Dist	Div.	$c_i$ (1g)	$c_i$ (10g)	Std. Unc. (1-g)	Std. Unc. (10-g)	$V_i$ or $V_{eff}$
<b>Measurement System</b>									
u1	Probe Calibration ( $k=1$ )	$\pm 5.05\%$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 5.05\%$	$\pm 5.05\%$	$\infty$
u2	Probe Isotropy	$\pm 7.6\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	$\pm 3.1\%$	$\pm 3.1\%$	$\infty$
u3	Boundary Effect	$\pm 1.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\infty$
u4	Linearity	$\pm 4.7\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.7\%$	$\pm 2.7\%$	$\infty$
u5	System Detection Limit	$\pm 1.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.58\%$	$\pm 0.58\%$	$\infty$
u6	Readout Electronics	$\pm 0.3\%$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 0.3\%$	$\pm 0.3\%$	$\infty$
u7	Response Time	$\pm 0.8\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.5\%$	$\pm 0.5\%$	$\infty$
u8	Integration Time	$\pm 2.6\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.5\%$	$\pm 1.5\%$	$\infty$
u9	RF Ambient Conditions	$\pm 0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0\%$	$\pm 0\%$	$\infty$
u10	RF Ambient Reflections	$\pm 0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0\%$	$\pm 0\%$	$\infty$
u11	Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	$\pm 0.4\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.2\%$	$\pm 0.2\%$	$\infty$
u12	Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	$\pm 2.9\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 1.7\%$	$\pm 1.7\%$	$\infty$
u13	Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	$\pm 1.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\pm 0.6\%$	$\infty$
<b>Test sample Related</b>									
u14	Test sample Positioning	$\pm 3.6\%$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 3.6\%$	$\pm 3.6\%$	89
u15	Device Holder Uncertainty	$\pm 3.5\%$	Normal	1	1	1	$\pm 3.5\%$	$\pm 3.5\%$	5
u16	Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	$\pm 5.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.9\%$	$\pm 2.9\%$	$\infty$
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>									
u17	Phantom Uncertainty ( shape and thickness tolerances)	$\pm 4.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	$\pm 2.3\%$	$\pm 2.3\%$	$\infty$
u18	Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	$\pm 5.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.8\%$	$\pm 1.2\%$	$\infty$
u19	Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	$\pm 1.93\%$	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	$\pm 1.24\%$	$\pm 0.83\%$	69
u20	Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	$\pm 5.0\%$	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	$\pm 1.7\%$	$\pm 1.4\%$	$\infty$
u21	Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	$\pm 1.4\%$	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	$\pm 0.84\%$	$\pm 1.69\%$	69
Combined standard uncertainty				RSS			$\pm 9.81\%$	$\pm 9.62\%$	313
Expanded uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL )				$k=2$			$\pm 19.62\%$	$\pm 19.24\%$	

Table 8. Uncertainty Budget of DASY



## 9. Measurement Procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

1. For WLAN function, engineering testing software installed on Notebook can provide continuous transmitting signal.
2. Measure output power through RF cable and power meter
3. Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software
4. Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
5. Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

1. Power reference measurement
2. Area scan
3. Zoom scan
4. Power drift measurement

### 9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages

1. Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
2. Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
3. Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
4. Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
5. Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
6. Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g



## 9.2 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures points and step size follow as below. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

Grid Type	Frequency		Step size (mm)			X*Y*Z (Point)	Cube size			Step size		
			X	Y	Z		X	Y	Z	X	Y	Z
uniform grid	$\leq 3\text{GHz}$	$\leq 2\text{GHz}$	$\leq 8$	$\leq 8$	$\leq 5$	$5*5*7$	32	32	30	8	8	5
		2G - 3G	$\leq 5$	$\leq 5$	$\leq 5$	$7*7*7$	30	30	30	5	5	5
		3 - 4GHz	$\leq 5$	$\leq 5$	$\leq 4$	$7*7*8$	30	30	28	5	5	4
	3 - 6GHz	4 - 5GHz	$\leq 4$	$\leq 4$	$\leq 3$	$8*8*10$	28	28	27	4	4	3
		5 - 6GHz	$\leq 4$	$\leq 4$	$\leq 2$	$8*8*12$	28	28	22	4	4	2

(Our measure settings are refer KDB Publication 865664 D01v01)

## 9.3 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the DUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

## 9.4 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation. Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

## 9.5 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the DUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of DUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



## 10. SAR Test Results Summary

### 10.1 Head Measurement SAR

Evaluated head SAR is not available.

### 10.2 Body Measurement SAR

Index.	Position	Band	Ch.	Data Rate or Sub-Test	Side to Phantom	Spacing (mm)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (mW/g)	Power Drift	Burst Avg Power	Source-Time-Avg power (dBm)	Max tune-up	Time-Avg Tune-Up	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub>
#1	Flat	IEEE 802.11b	13	1M	1	5	0.173	0.07	14.97	---	16.5	---	0.25
#2	Flat	IEEE 802.11b	13	1M	2	5	0.288	0.11	14.97	---	16.5	---	0.41
#3	Flat	IEEE 802.11b	13	1M	3	5	0.221	0.04	14.97	---	16.5	---	0.31
#4	Flat	IEEE 802.11b	13	1M	4	5	0.057	-0.14	14.97	---	16.5	---	0.08
#5	Flat	IEEE 802.11g	1	6M	1	5	0.236	0.04	15.66	---	16.5	---	0.29
#6	Flat	IEEE 802.11g	1	6M	2	5	0.401	0.14	15.66	---	16.5	---	0.49
#7	Flat	IEEE 802.11g	1	6M	3	5	0.250	-0.03	15.66	---	16.5	---	0.30
#8	Flat	IEEE 802.11g	1	6M	4	5	0.070	0.03	15.66	---	16.5	---	0.08
#9	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	40	6M	1	5	0.544	0.07	16.07	---	17.0	---	0.67
#10	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	40	6M	2	5	0.776	0.16	16.07	---	17.0	---	0.96
#11	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	40	6M	3	5	0.316	0.14	16.07	---	17.0	---	0.39
#12	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	40	6M	4	5	0.152	0.09	16.07	---	17.0	---	0.19
#13	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	48	6M	1	5	0.529	0.12	16.09	---	17.0	---	0.65
#14	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	48	6M	2	5	0.707	0.09	16.09	---	17.0	---	0.87
#15	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	48	6M	3	5	0.312	0.06	16.09	---	17.0	---	0.38
#16	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	48	6M	4	5	0.133	-0.19	16.09	---	17.0	---	0.16
#17	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	56	6M	1	5	0.532	-0.08	15.85	---	17.0	---	0.69
#18	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	56	6M	2	5	0.571	-0.17	15.85	---	17.0	---	0.74
#19	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	56	6M	3	5	0.304	0.16	15.85	---	17.0	---	0.40
#20	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	56	6M	4	5	0.132	-0.18	15.85	---	17.0	---	0.17
#21	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	64	6M	1	5	0.520	0.16	15.83	---	17.0	---	0.68
#22	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	64	6M	2	5	0.544	0.06	15.83	---	17.0	---	0.71

- Note: 1. According KDB 447498 D01 V05 section 4.1.4, the "Reported" explanation as below:  
"When SAR or MPE is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported."  
2. If actual power less than tune-up power that Scaling SAR is required.  
3. The formula of Reported SAR, that represent as below:  
$$\text{Reported SAR} = \text{Original SAR} * 10^{[(\text{Tune-up power} - \text{Actual power})/10]}$$
  
4. If the Channel's SAR <sub>1g</sub> of maximum conducted power is > 0.8 mW/g, low, middle and high channel are supposed to be tested.  
5. If the conducted power of (802.11g and 802.11n) are higher than 802.11b 0.25dB, (802.11g and 802.11n) are supposed to be tested.



Index.	Position	Band	Ch.	Data Rate or Sub-Test	Side to Phantom	Spacing (mm)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (mW/g)	Power Drift	Burst Avg Power	Source-Time-Avg power (dBm)	Max tune-up	Time-Avg Tune-Up	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub>
#23	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	64	6M	3	5	0.294	0.10	15.83	---	17.0	---	0.38
#24	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	64	6M	4	5	0.127	0.04	15.83	---	17.0	---	0.17
#25	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	104	6M	1	5	0.340	0.01	15.59	---	17.0	---	0.47
#26	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	104	6M	2	5	0.347	-0.09	15.59	---	17.0	---	0.48
#27	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	104	6M	3	5	0.200	0.18	15.59	---	17.0	---	0.28
#28	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	104	6M	4	5	0.087	-0.11	15.59	---	17.0	---	0.12
#29	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	124	6M	1	5	0.343	-0.14	15.55	---	17.0	---	0.48
#30	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	124	6M	2	5	0.322	0.16	15.55	---	17.0	---	0.45
#31	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	124	6M	3	5	0.192	0.15	15.55	---	17.0	---	0.27
#32	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	124	6M	4	5	0.082	0.07	15.55	---	17.0	---	0.11
#33	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	136	6M	1	5	0.329	-0.04	15.69	---	17.0	---	0.44
#34	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	136	6M	2	5	0.369	-0.15	15.69	---	17.0	---	0.50
#35	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	136	6M	3	5	0.194	0.12	15.69	---	17.0	---	0.26
#36	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	136	6M	4	5	0.080	0.16	15.69	---	17.0	---	0.11
#37	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	140	6M	1	5	0.290	-0.01	15.80	---	17.0	---	0.38
#38	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	140	6M	2	5	0.333	0.06	15.80	---	17.0	---	0.44
#39	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	140	6M	3	5	0.171	-0.08	15.80	---	17.0	---	0.23
#40	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	140	6M	4	5	0.069	0.18	15.80	---	17.0	---	0.09
#41	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	149	6M	1	5	0.274	0.04	15.60	---	17.0	---	0.38
#42	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	149	6M	2	5	0.322	-0.13	15.60	---	17.0	---	0.44
#43	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	149	6M	3	5	0.170	0.05	15.60	---	17.0	---	0.23
#44	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	149	6M	4	5	0.079	0.16	15.60	---	17.0	---	0.11
#45	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	161	6M	1	5	0.299	0.18	15.64	---	17.0	---	0.41
#46	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	161	6M	2	5	0.344	0.14	15.64	---	17.0	---	0.47
#47	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	161	6M	3	5	0.181	0.04	15.64	---	17.0	---	0.25
#48	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	161	6M	4	5	0.063	-0.14	15.64	---	17.0	---	0.09

- Note: 1. According KDB 447498 D01 V05 section 4.1.4, the "Reported" explanation as below:  
"When SAR or MPE is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported."  
2. If actual power less than tune-up power that Scaling SAR is required.  
3. The formula of Reported SAR, that represent as below:  
Reported SAR = Original SAR \* 10<sup>8</sup>[(Tune-up power - Actual power)/10]  
4. If the Channel's SAR 1g of maximum conducted power is > 0.8 mW/g, low, middle and high channel are supposed to be tested.  
5. If the conducted power of (802.11g and 802.11n) are higher than 802.11b 0.25dB, (802.11g and 802.11n) are supposed to be tested.



Index	Position	Band	Ch.	Data Rate or Sub-Test	Side to Phantom	Spacing (mm)	SAR <sub>1g</sub> (mW/g)	Power Drift	Burst Avg Power	Source-Time-Avg power (dBm)	Max tune-up	Time-Avg Tune-Up	Reported SAR <sub>1g</sub>
#49	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	165	6M	1	5	0.342	-0.16	15.52	---	17.0	---	0.48
#50	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	165	6M	2	5	0.306	-0.02	15.52	---	17.0	---	0.43
#51	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	165	6M	3	5	0.188	0.16	15.52	---	17.0	---	0.26
#52	Flat	IEEE 802.11a	165	6M	4	5	0.077	0.13	15.52	---	17.0	---	0.11
#53	Flat	Bluetooth v3.0	39	1M	1	5	0.056	0.18	9.88	---	10.5	---	0.06
#54	Flat	Bluetooth v3.0	39	1M	2	5	0.099	0.10	9.88	---	10.5	---	0.11
#55	Flat	Bluetooth v3.0	39	1M	3	5	0.079	0.12	9.88	---	10.5	---	0.09
#56	Flat	Bluetooth v3.0	39	1M	4	5	0.016	-0.17	9.88	---	10.5	---	0.02
#57	Flat	Bluetooth v4.0 LE	19	---	1	5	0.024	0.01	7.63	---	8.0	---	0.03
#58	Flat	Bluetooth v4.0 LE	19	---	2	5	0.042	-0.02	7.63	---	8.0	---	0.05
#59	Flat	Bluetooth v4.0 LE	19	---	3	5	0.037	0.09	7.63	---	8.0	---	0.04
#60	Flat	Bluetooth v4.0 LE	19	---	4	5	0.008	0.18	7.63	---	8.0	---	0.01

- Note:
1. According KDB 447498 D01 V05 section 4.1.4, the "Reported" explanation as below:  
"When SAR or MPE is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported."
  2. If actual power less than tune-up power that Scaling SAR is required.
  3. The formula of Reported SAR, that represent as below:  
$$\text{Reported SAR} = \text{Original SAR} * 10^{[(\text{Tune-up power} - \text{Actual power})/10]}$$
  4. If the Channel's SAR <sub>1g</sub> of maximum conducted power is > 0.8 mW/g, low, middle and high channel are supposed to be tested.
  5. If the conducted power of (802.11g and 802.11n) are higher than 802.11b 0.25dB, (802.11g and 802.11n) are supposed to be tested.

### 10.3 Extremity Measurement SAR

Evaluated extremity SAR is not available.

### 10.4 SAR Measurement Variability

Detailed evaluations please refer KDB 865664 on "SAR test reduction according to KDB" section.  
SAR Measurement Variability is not available.



## 10.5 Std. C95.1-1999 RF Exposure Limit

Human Exposure	Population Uncontrolled Exposure ( W/kg ) or (mW/g)	Occupational Controlled Exposure ( W/kg ) or (mW/g)
Spatial Peak SAR* (head)	1.60	8.00
Spatial Peak SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Partial-Body)	1.60	8.00
Spatial Peak SAR**** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist )	4.00	20.00

Table 9. Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure

### Notes :

- \* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.  
( defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube ) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- \*\* The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole – body.
- \*\*\* The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the partial – body.
- \*\*\*\* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue.  
( defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube ) and over the appropriate averaging time.

**Population / Uncontrolled Environments :** are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

**Occupational / Controlled Environments :** are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).



## 11. Conclusion

The SAR test values found for the portable mobile phone **Dell Inc. Trade Name : Dell Model(s) : CSx<sup>yyyy(x and y= 0-9, A-Z, a-z or blank)</sup>, CSx** is below the maximum recommended level of 1.6 W/kg (mW/g).

## 12. References

- [1] Std. C95.1-1999, "American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields, 300KHz to 100GHz", New York.
- [2] NCRP, National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements, "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", NCRP report NO. 86, 1986.
- [3] T. Schmid, O. Egger, and N. Kuster, "Automatic E-field scanning system for dosimetric assessments", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, pp. 105-113, Jan. 1996.
- [4] K. Poković, T. Schmid, and N. Kuster, "Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequency", in ICECOM'97, Dubrovnik, October 15-17, 1997, pp.120-124.
- [5] K. Poković, T. Schmid, and N. Kuster, "E-field probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids", in Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, 23-25 June, 1996, pp.172-175.
- [6] N. Kuster, and Q. Balzano, "Energy absorption mechanism by biological bodies in the near field of dipole antennas above 300MHz", IEEE Transaction on Vehicular Technology, vol. 41, no. 1, Feb. 1992, pp. 17-23.
- [7] Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988 , pp. 139-148.
- [8] N. Kuster, R. Kastle, T. Schmid, Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with known precision, IEEE Transaction on Communications, vol. E80-B, no. 5, May 1997, pp. 645-652.
- [9] Std. C95.3-1991, "IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, Aug. 1992.
- [10] CENELEC CLC/SC111B, European Prestandard (prENV 50166-2), Human Exposure to Electromagnetic Fields High-frequency: 10KHz-300GHz, Jan. 1995.
- [11] IEEE Std 1528™-2003 - IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head From Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- [12] IEEE Std 1528a™-2005 (Amendment to IEEE Std 1528™-2003), IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques

## 13. SAR Measurement Guidance

- [1] KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01
- [2] KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05
- [3] KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802.11 a b g v01r02.

## Appendix A - System Performance Check

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/7/31 Time: PM 03:05:33

System Performance Check at 2450MHz\_20130731\_Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:712

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.964 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.923$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

### System Performance Check at 2450MHz/Area Scan (61x61x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.4 W/kg

### System Performance Check at 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

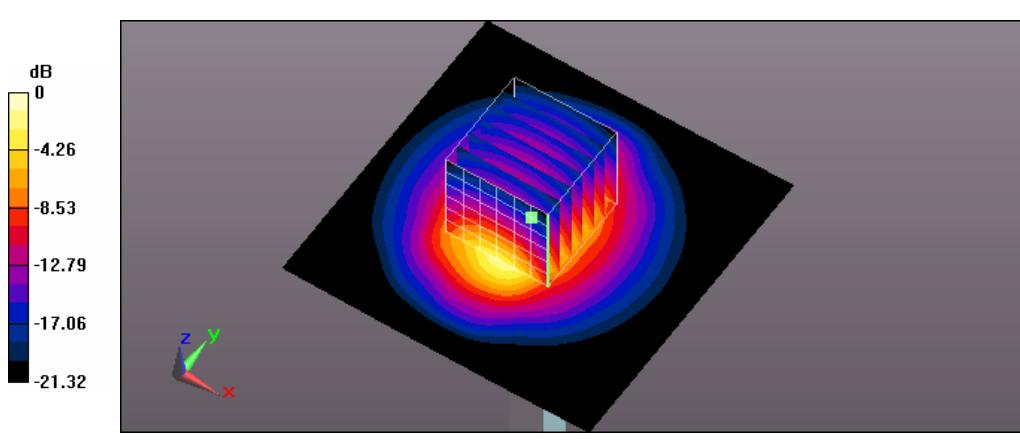
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 103.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.02 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/9/25 Time: AM 08:05:05

#### System Performance Check at 2450MHz\_20130925\_Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:712

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.964 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.923$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### System Performance Check at 2450MHz/Area Scan (61x61x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.7 W/kg

#### System Performance Check at 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

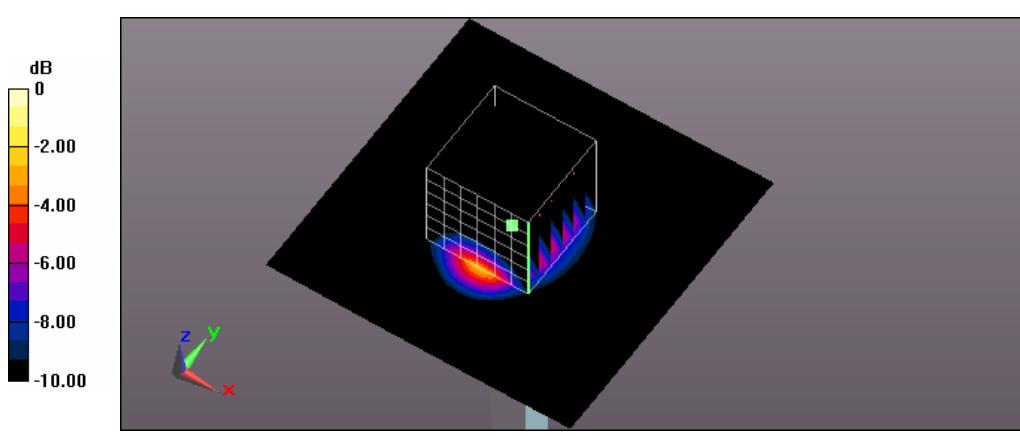
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 103.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.0 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: AM 09:57:29

#### System Performance Check at 5200MHz\_20130801\_Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.52 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.76$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### System Performance Check at 5200MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.8 W/kg

#### System Performance Check at 5200MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

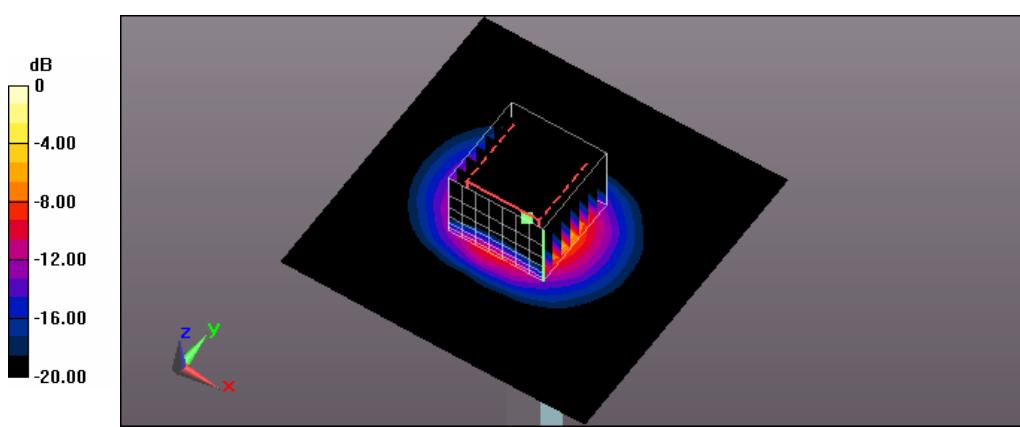
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 59.053 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.9 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: AM 09:29:22

#### System Performance Check at 5200MHz\_20130802\_Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.52 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.76$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### System Performance Check at 5200MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.4 W/kg

#### System Performance Check at 5200MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

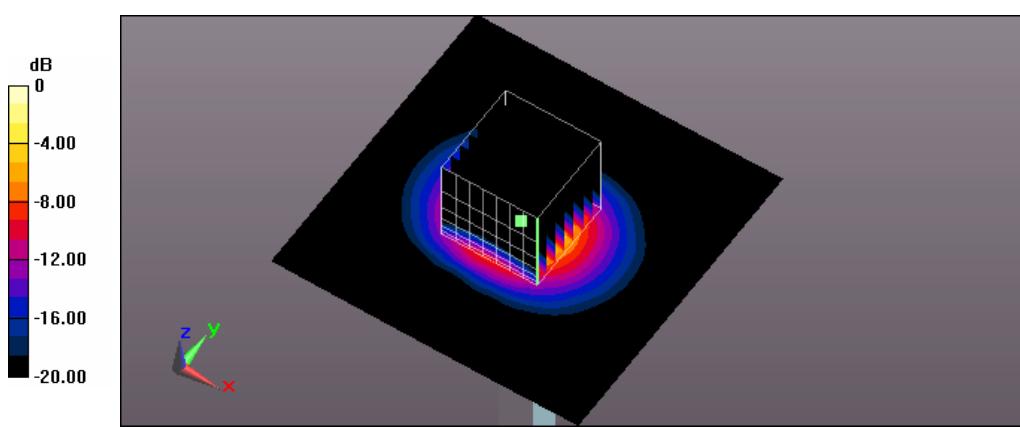
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 63.238 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.46 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg



0 dB = 14.3 W/kg = 11.55 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: AM 09:09:12

#### System Performance Check at 5200MHz\_20130803\_Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.52 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.76$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### System Performance Check at 5200MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.8 W/kg

#### System Performance Check at 5200MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

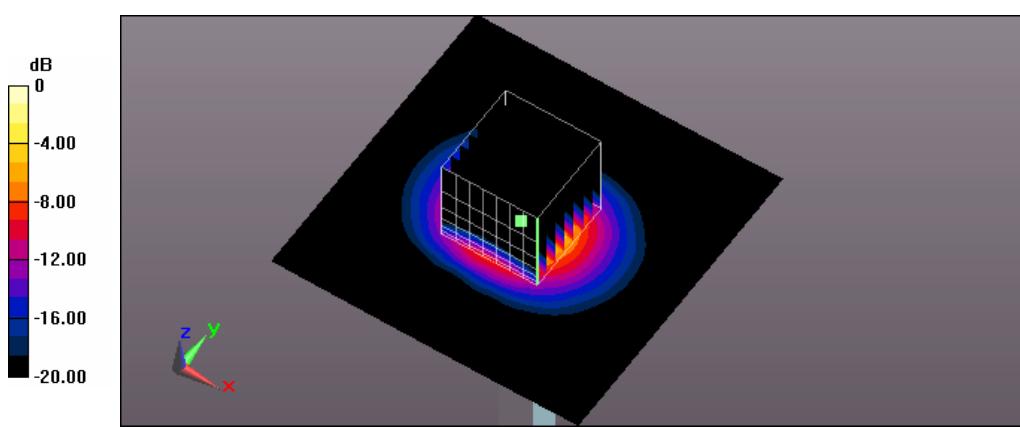
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 68.413 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg



0 dB = 18.0 W/kg = 12.55 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: AM 11:20:03

#### System Performance Check at 5300MHz\_20130801\_Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.65 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### System Performance Check at 5300MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.8 W/kg

#### System Performance Check at 5300MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

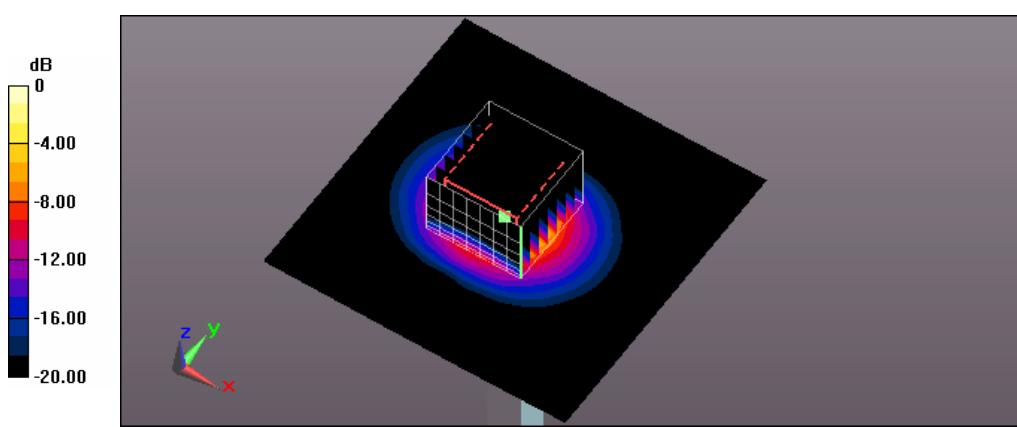
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.947 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.39 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.9 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: AM 10:22:52

#### System Performance Check at 5300MHz\_20130802\_Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.65 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### System Performance Check at 5300MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.5 W/kg

#### System Performance Check at 5300MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

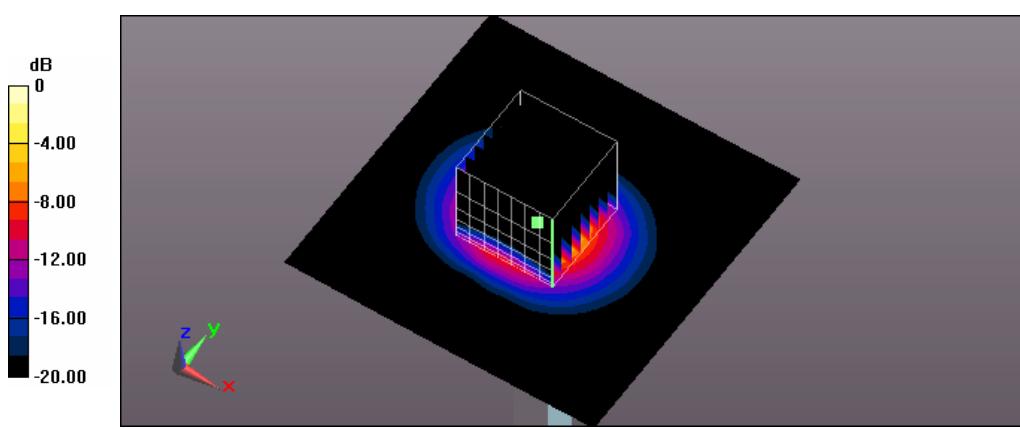
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 58.509 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.8 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: AM 10:02:32

#### System Performance Check at 5300MHz\_20130803\_Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.65 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.52$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### System Performance Check at 5300MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.0 W/kg

#### System Performance Check at 5300MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

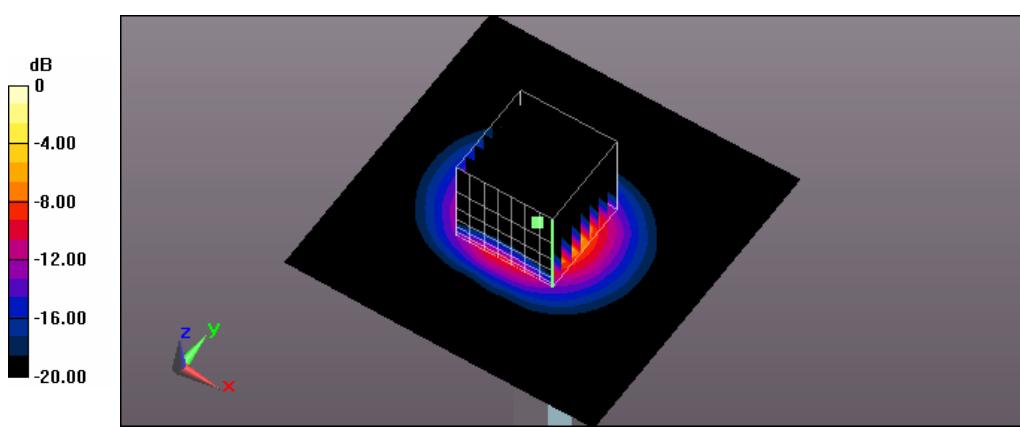
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 66.821 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: AM 11:53:59

#### System Performance Check at 5600MHz\_20130801\_Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.02 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.87$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.63, 3.63, 3.63); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### System Performance Check at 5600MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.9 W/kg

#### System Performance Check at 5600MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

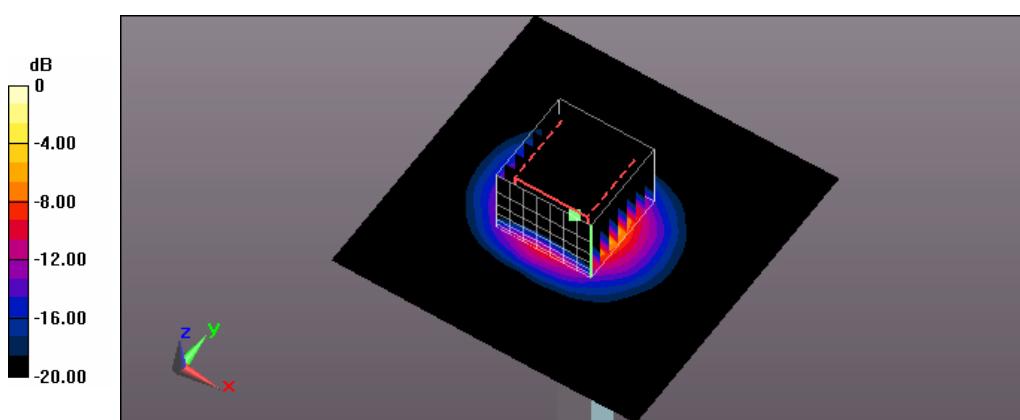
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.080 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.73 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.7 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: AM 10:53:22

#### System Performance Check at 5600MHz\_20130802\_Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.02 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.87$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.63, 3.63, 3.63); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### System Performance Check at 5600MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.5 W/kg

#### System Performance Check at 5600MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

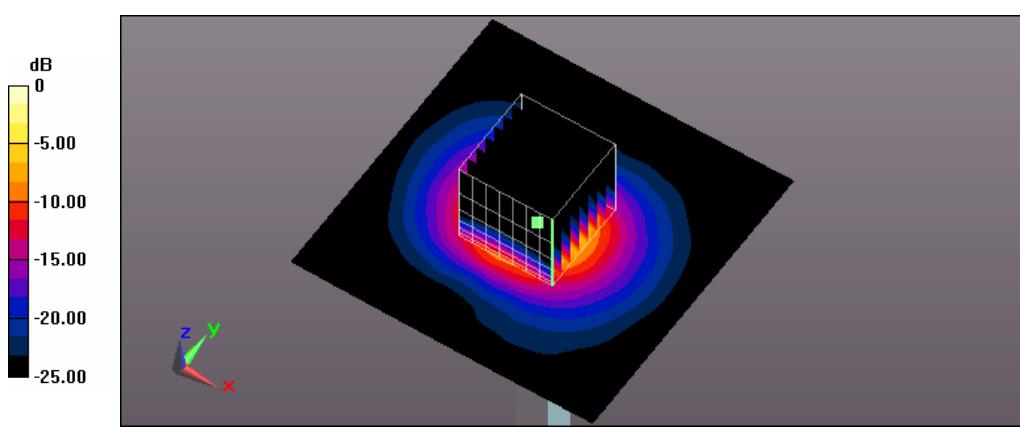
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 59.779 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.6 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: AM 10:36:02

#### System Performance Check at 5600MHz\_20130803\_Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.02 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.87$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.63, 3.63, 3.63); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### System Performance Check at 5600MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.2 W/kg

#### System Performance Check at 5600MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

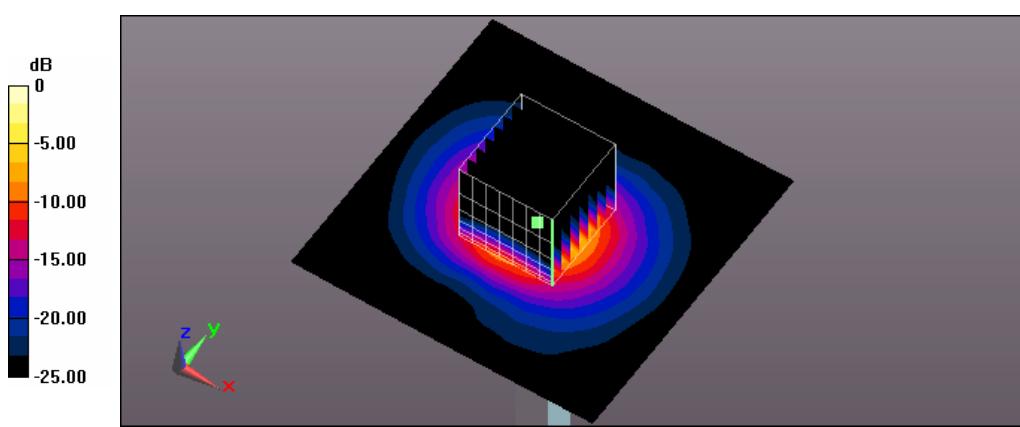
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 72.432 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg



0 dB = 19.6 W/kg = 12.92 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: PM 01:02:58

#### System Performance Check at 5800MHz\_20130801\_Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.27 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### System Performance Check at 5800MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.8 W/kg

#### System Performance Check at 5800MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

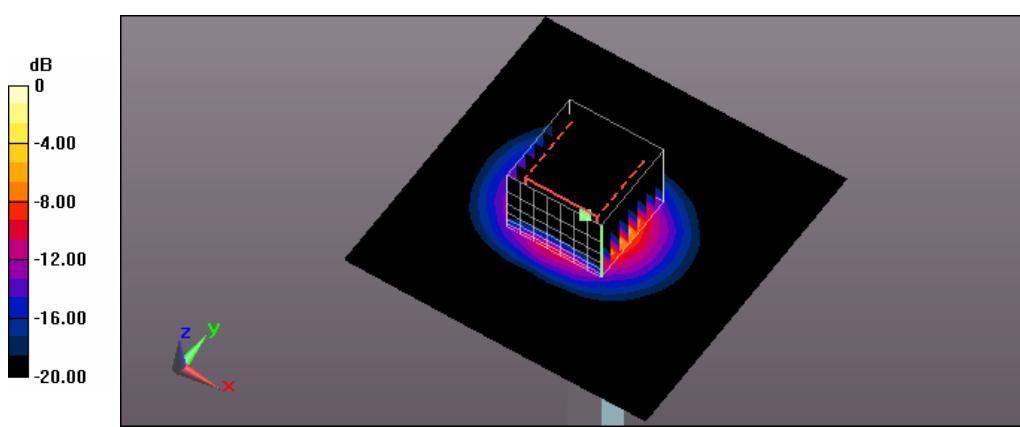
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 50.326 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.94 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.3 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: PM 12:07:00

#### System Performance Check at 5800MHz\_20130802\_Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.27 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### System Performance Check at 5800MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.8 W/kg

#### System Performance Check at 5800MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

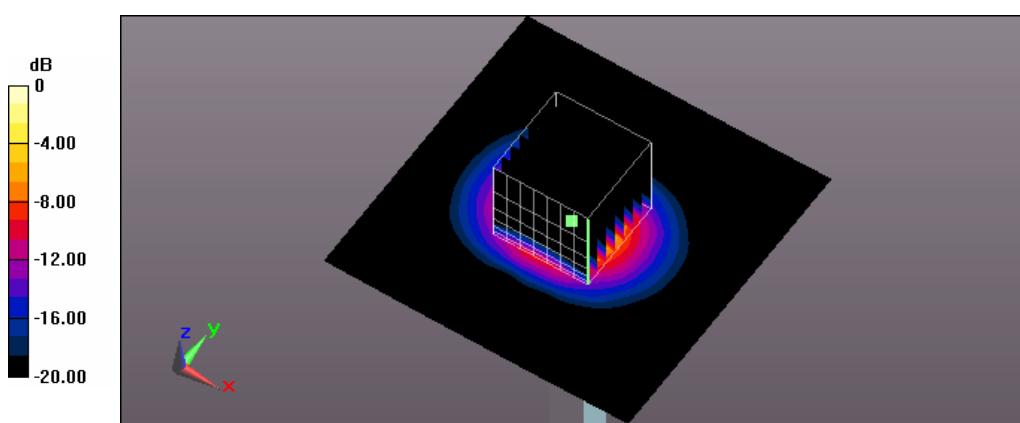
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.246 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: AM 11:37:06

#### System Performance Check at 5800MHz\_20130803\_Body

DUT: Dipole 5GHzV2; Type: D5GHz; Serial: 1021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.27 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### System Performance Check at 5800MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.3 W/kg

#### System Performance Check at 5800MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0:

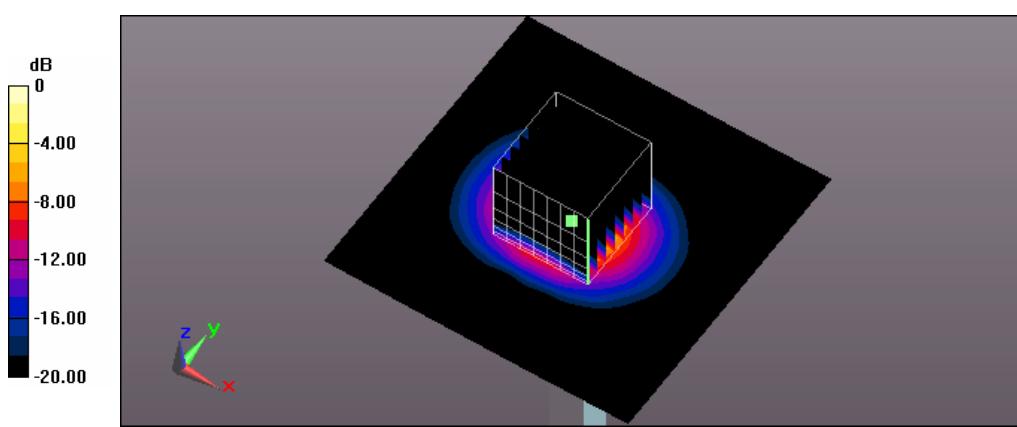
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=1.4\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 68.216 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.56 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg



## Appendix B - SAR Measurement Data

Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/9/25 Time: AM 11:31:55

1\_Flat\_802.11b CH13\_1M\_Side 1 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2472 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2472 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.007 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.737$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.253 W/kg

### Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

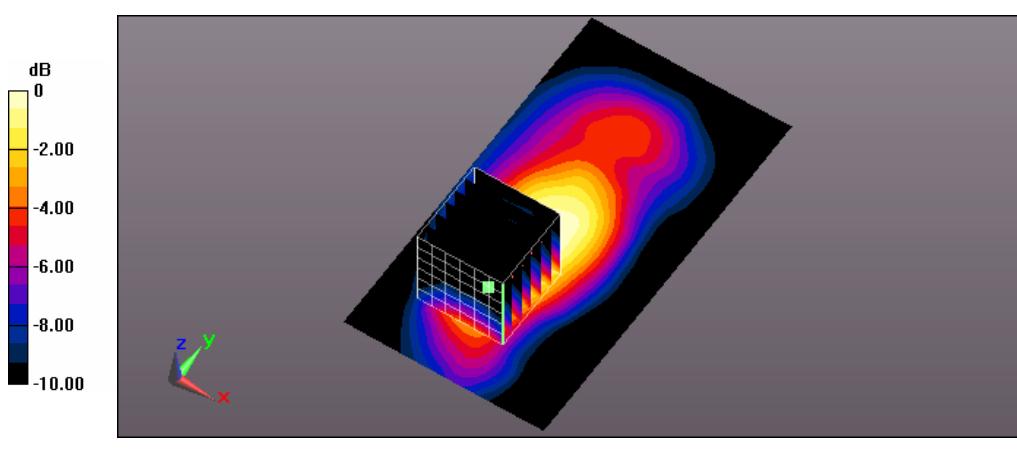
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.071 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.352 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.173 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.097 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.251 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/9/25 Time: PM 02:11:22

2\_Flat\_802.11b CH13\_1M\_Side 2 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2472 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2472 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.007 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.737$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.467 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

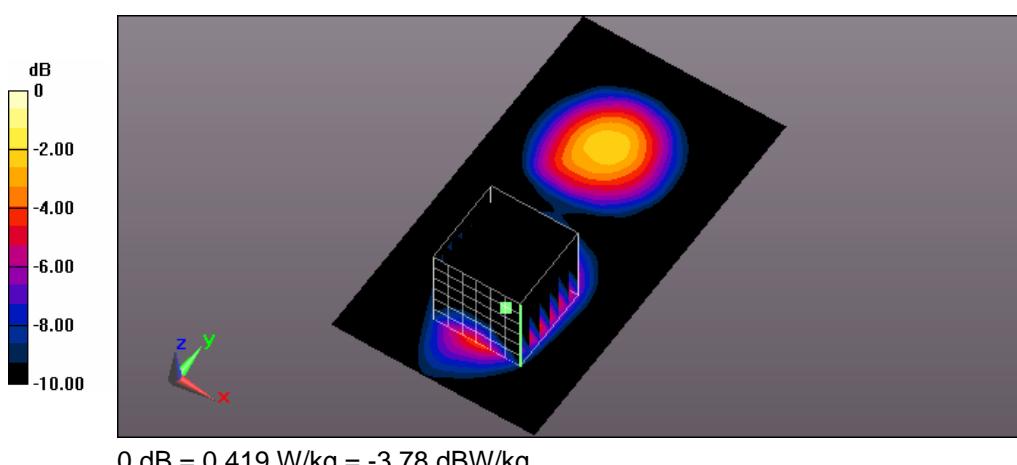
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.297 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.563 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.288 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.144 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.419 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/9/25 Time: PM 02:54:16

3\_Flat\_802.11b CH13\_1M\_Side 3 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2472 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2472 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.007 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.737$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.345 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

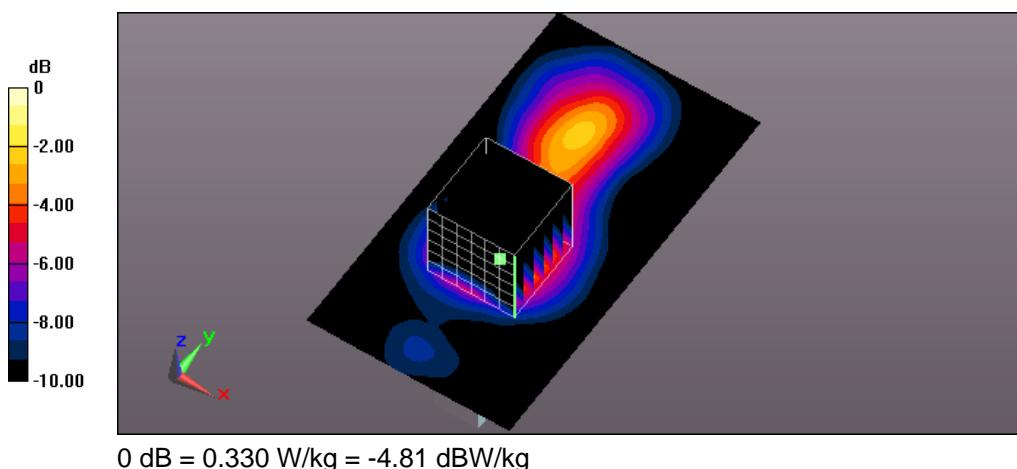
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.362 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.444 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.221 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.115 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.330 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/9/25 Time: PM 04:29:12

4\_Flat\_802.11b CH13\_1M\_Side 4 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2472 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2472 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.007 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.737$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0814 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

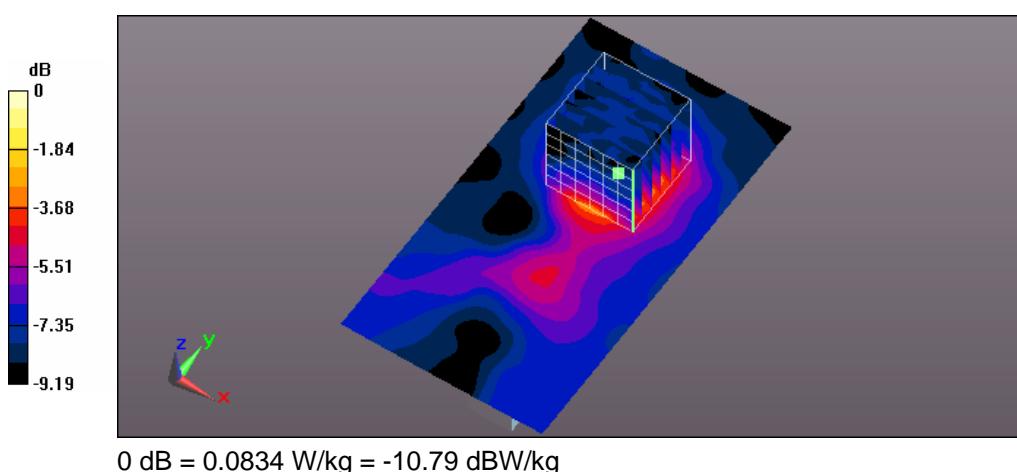
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.385 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.118 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.057 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.033 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0834 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/9/25 Time: PM 01:05:43

5\_Flat\_802.11g CH1\_6M\_Side 1 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11g; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.933 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.893$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.341 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

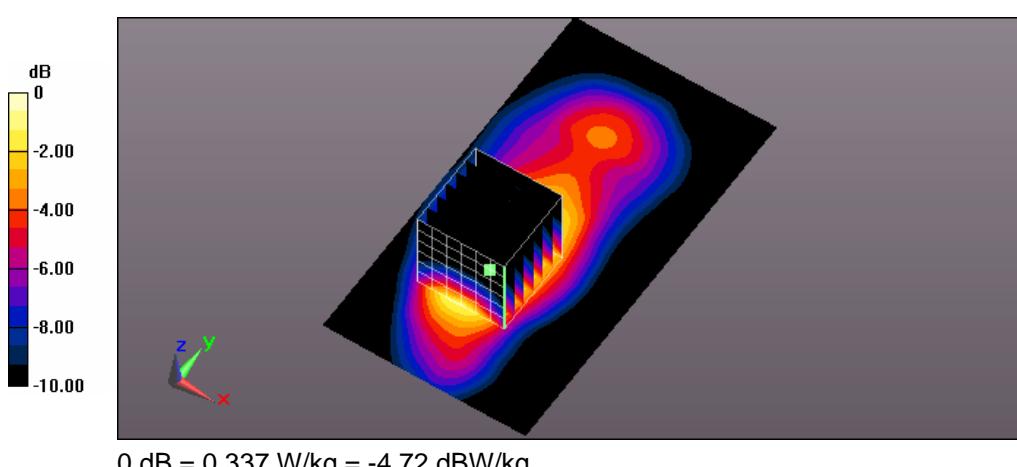
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.790 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.461 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.236 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.337 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/9/25 Time: PM 01:41:34

6\_Flat\_802.11g CH1\_6M\_Side 2 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11g; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.933 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.893$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.689 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

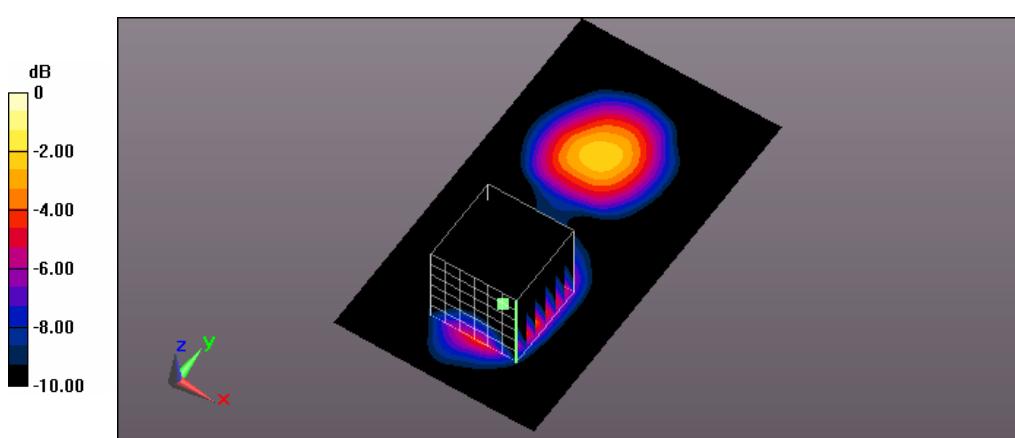
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.054 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.860 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.401 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.199 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.581 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/9/25 Time: PM 03:25:07

7\_Flat\_802.11g CH1\_6M\_Side 3 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11g; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.933 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.893$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.369 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

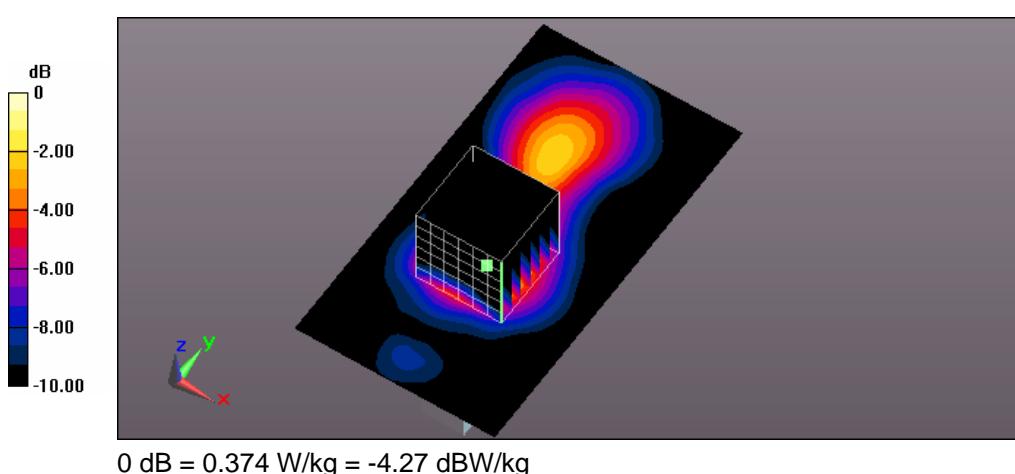
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.754 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.520 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.250 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.128 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.374 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/9/25 Time: PM 04:00:33

8\_Flat\_802.11g CH1\_6M\_Side 4 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11g; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.933 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.893$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.102 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

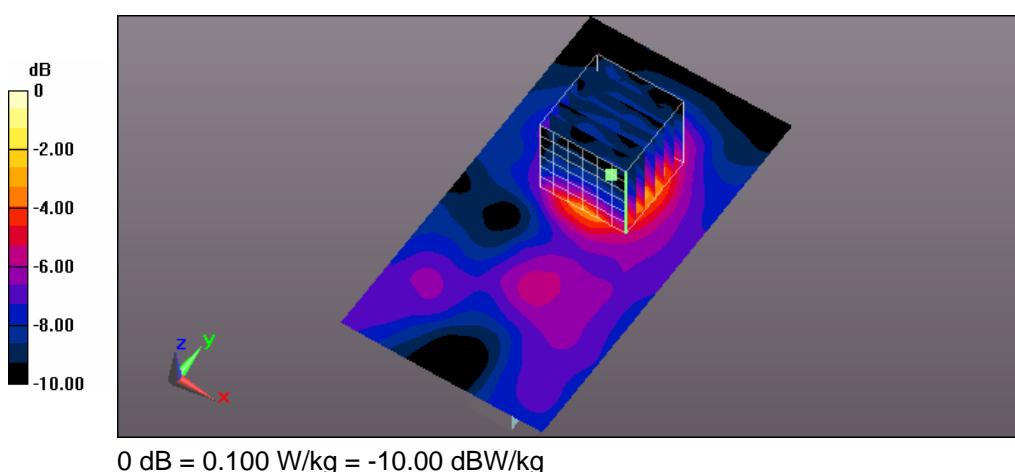
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.797 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.130 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.070 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.039 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.100 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: PM 02:18:21

9\_Flat\_802.11a CH40\_6M\_Side 1 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.52 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.76$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

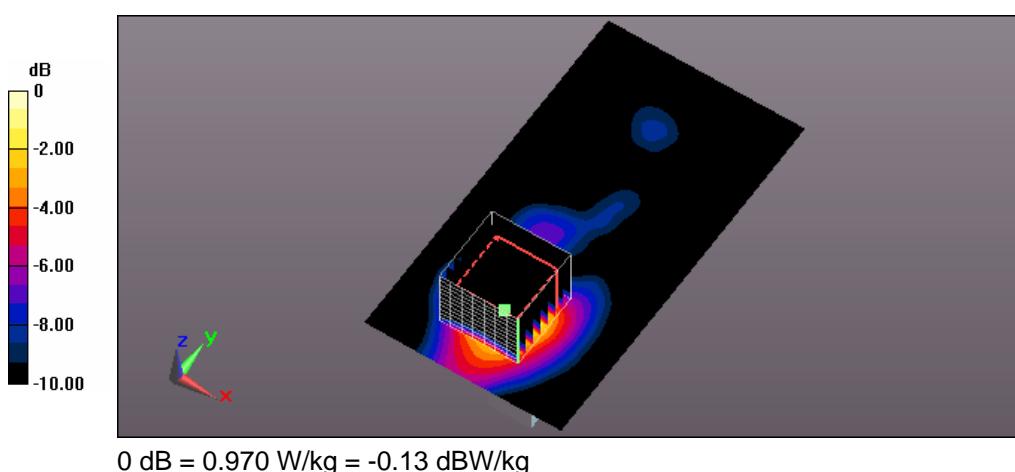
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.618 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.95 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.544 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.212 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.970 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: PM 02:20:29

10\_Flat\_802.11a CH40\_6M\_Side 2 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.52 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.76$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.54 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

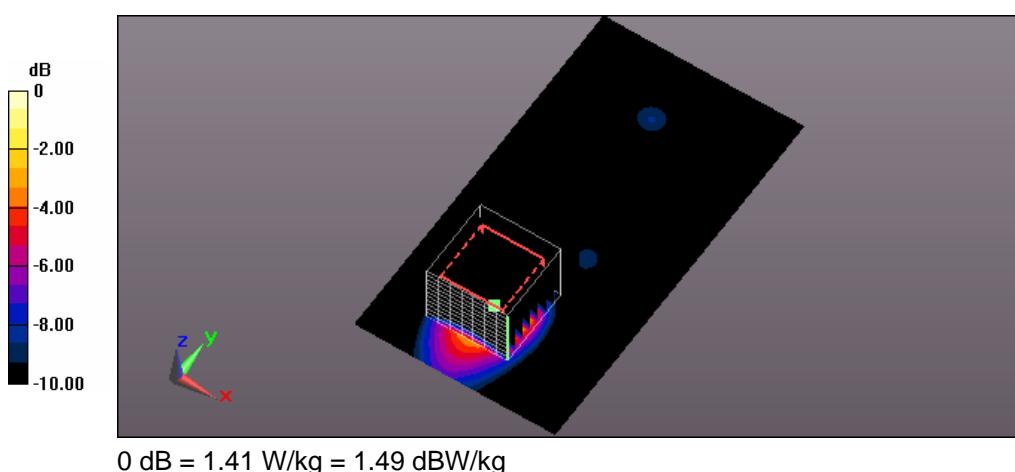
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.553 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.83 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.776 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.41 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: PM 09:31:50

11\_Flat\_802.11a CH40\_6M\_Side 3 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.52 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.76$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.583 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

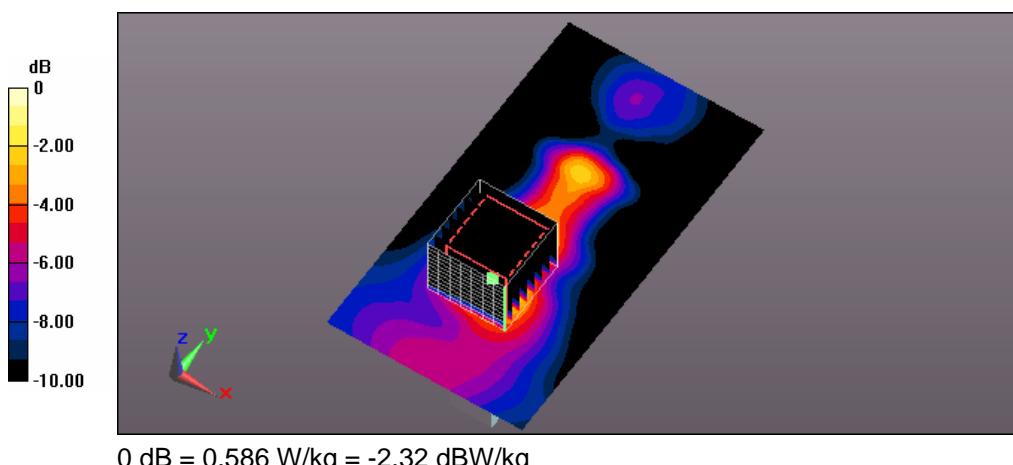
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.298 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.316 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.122 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.586 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: PM 01:17:52

12\_Flat\_802.11a CH40\_6M\_Side 4 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.52 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.76$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.253 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

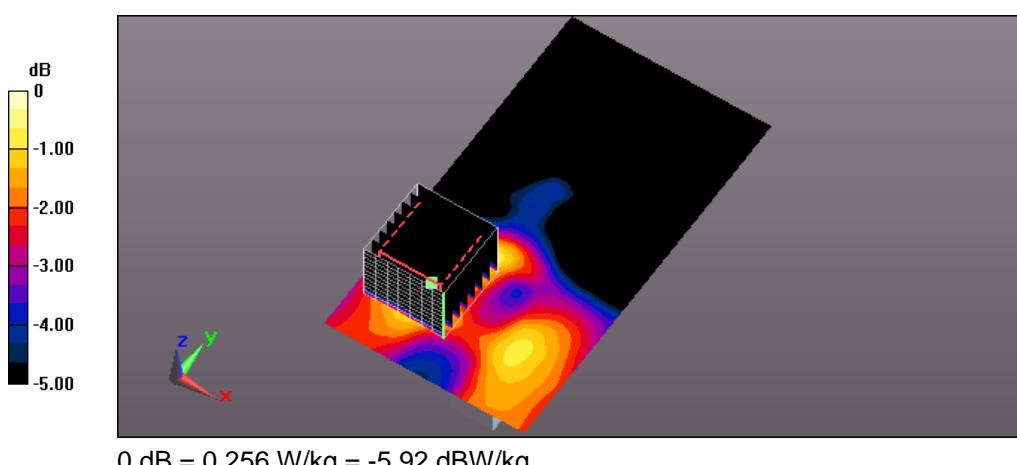
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.235 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.567 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.152 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.079 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.256 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: PM 03:05:40

13\_Flat\_802.11a CH48\_6M\_Side 1 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5240 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.544 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.656$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.09 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

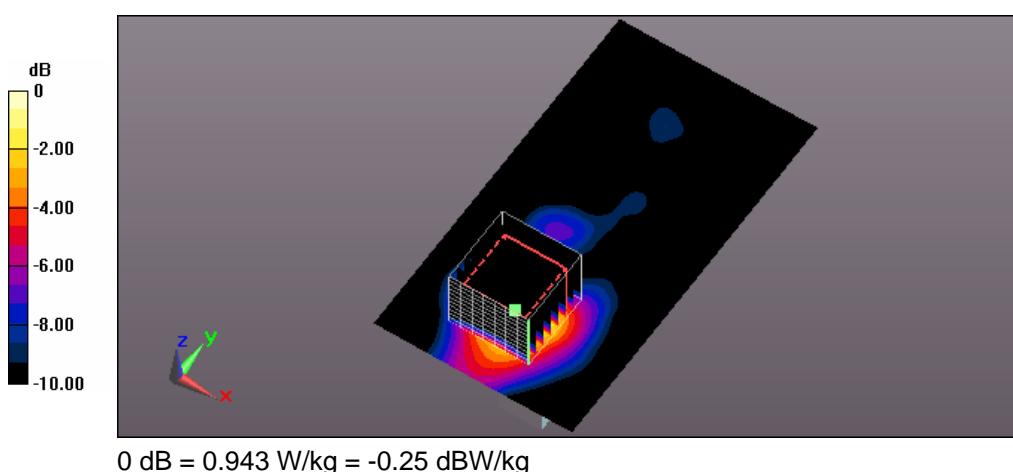
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.185 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.85 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.529 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.943 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: PM 03:01:49

14\_Flat\_802.11a CH48\_6M\_Side 2 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5240 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.544 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.656$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.41 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

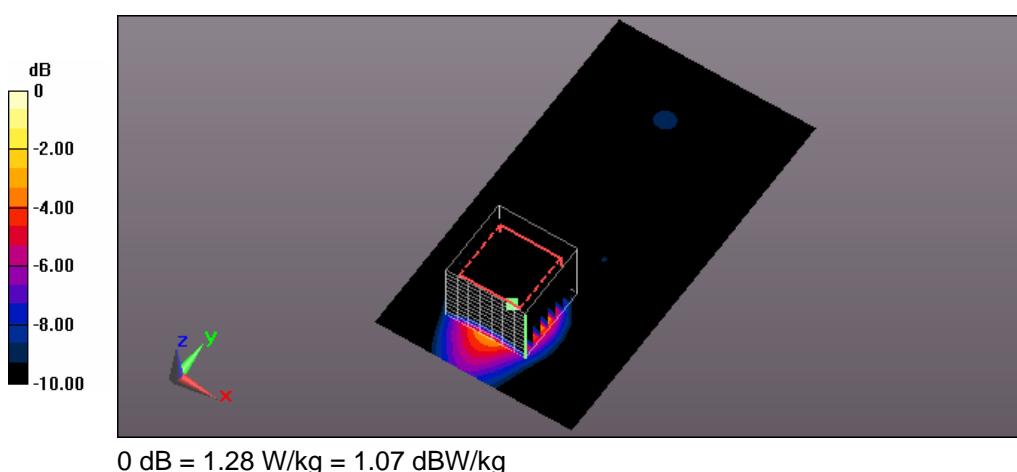
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.407 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.63 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.707 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.265 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: PM 10:23:55

15\_Flat\_802.11a CH48\_6M\_Side 3 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5240 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.544 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.656$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.597 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

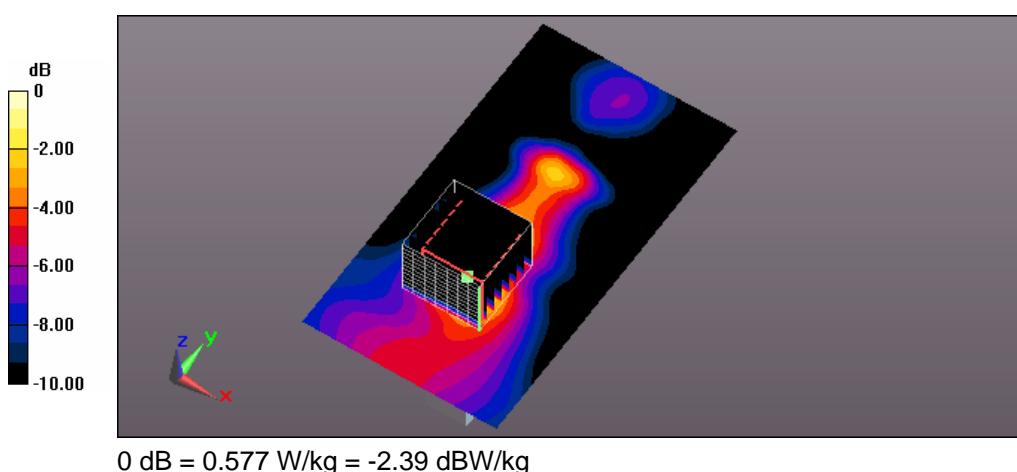
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.213 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.312 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.119 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.577 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: PM 02:01:07

16\_Flat\_802.11a CH48\_6M\_Side 4 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5240 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.544 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.656$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.240 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

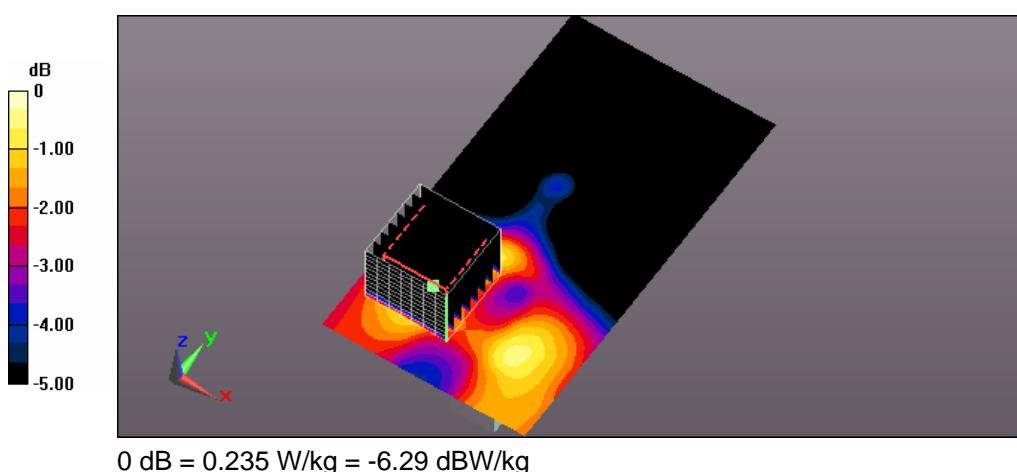
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.980 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.448 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.133 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.235 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: PM 03:49:37

17\_Flat\_802.11a CH56\_6M\_Side 1 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5280 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5280 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.61 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.564$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

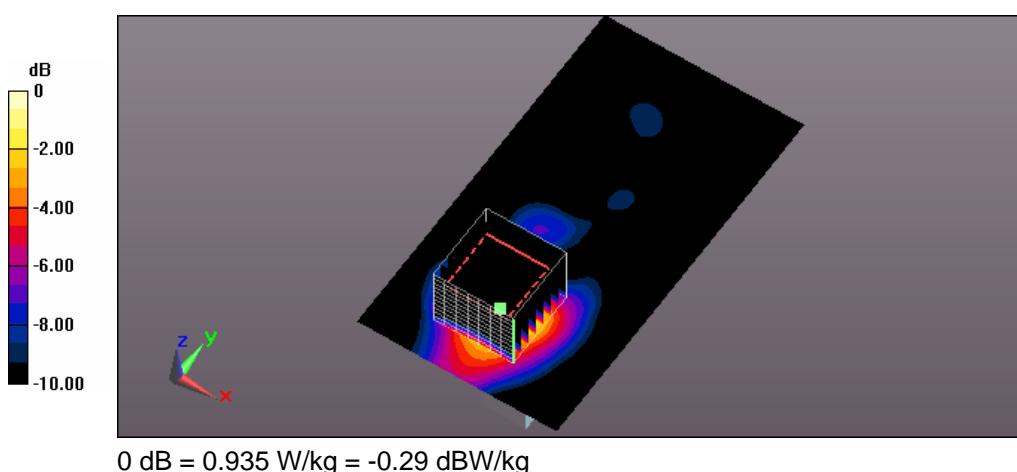
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.002 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.85 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.532 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.187 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.935 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: PM 03:46:20

18\_Flat\_802.11a CH56\_6M\_Side 2 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5280 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5280 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.61 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.564$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

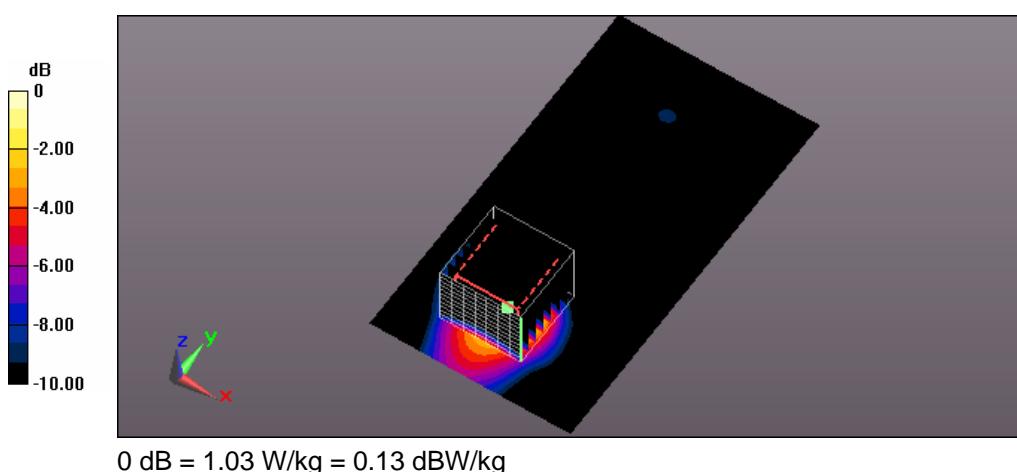
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.313 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.09 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.571 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.222 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: PM 11:27:36

19\_Flat\_802.11a CH56\_6M\_Side 3 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5280 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5280 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.61 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.564$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.576 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

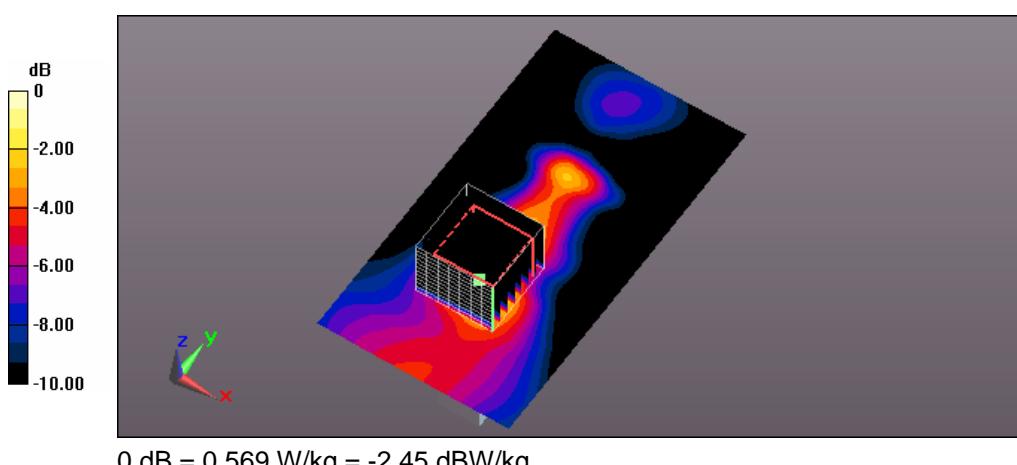
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.017 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.304 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.117 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.569 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: PM 03:48:23

20\_Flat\_802.11a CH56\_6M\_Side 4 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5280 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5280 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.61 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.564$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.213 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

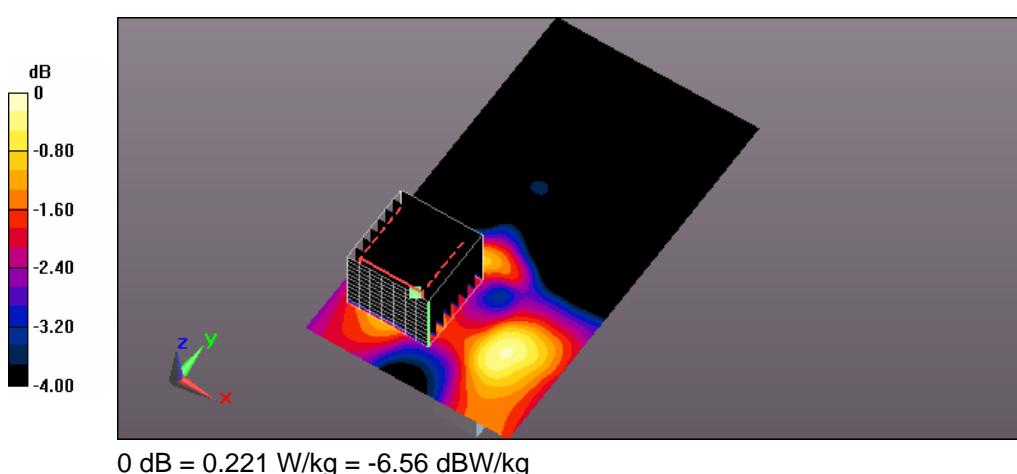
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.520 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.455 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.132 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.221 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: PM 04:42:33

21\_Flat\_802.11a CH64\_6M\_Side 1 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5320 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5320 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.678 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.476$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.08 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

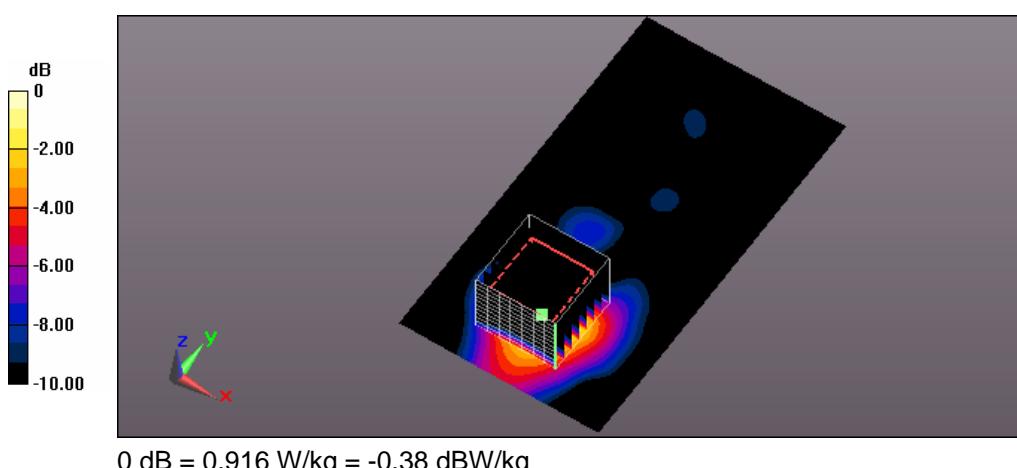
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.791 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.83 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.520 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.916 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: PM 04:27:33

22\_Flat\_802.11a CH64\_6M\_Side 2 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5320 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5320 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.678 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.476$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

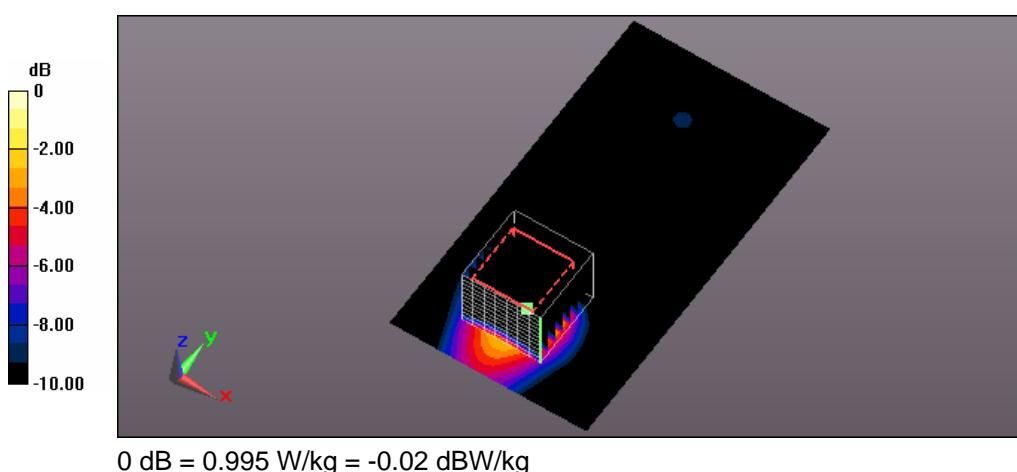
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.601 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.03 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.544 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.214 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.995 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: AM 12:14:05

23\_Flat\_802.11a CH64\_6M\_Side 3 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5320 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5320 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.678 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.476$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.560 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

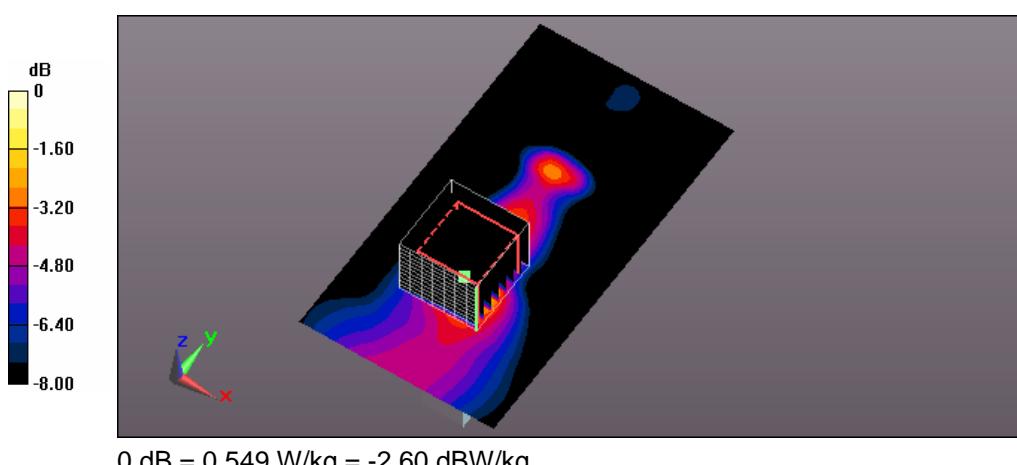
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.610 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.294 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.115 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.549 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: PM 04:31:47

24\_Flat\_802.11a CH64\_6M\_Side 4 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5320 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5320 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.678 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.476$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.201 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

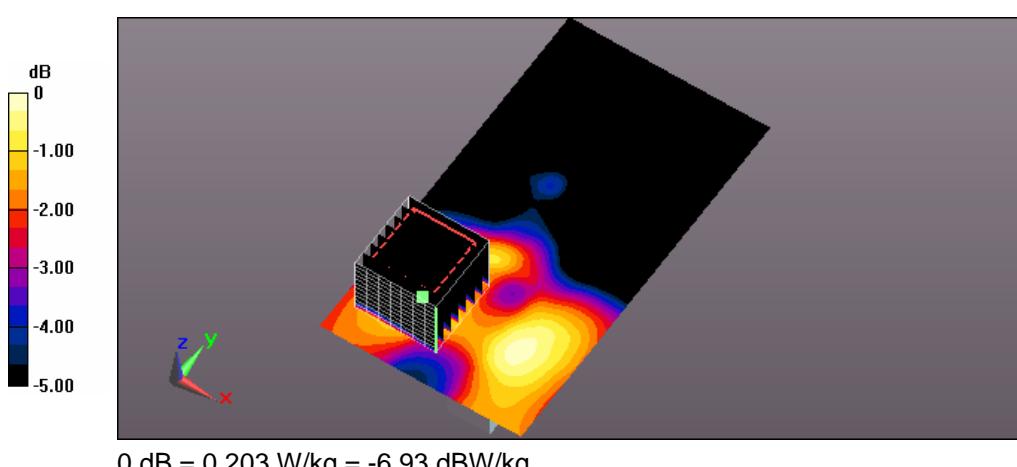
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.538 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.398 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.127 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.203 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: PM 05:36:04

25\_Flat\_802.11a CH104\_6M\_Side 1 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.912 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.026$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.717 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

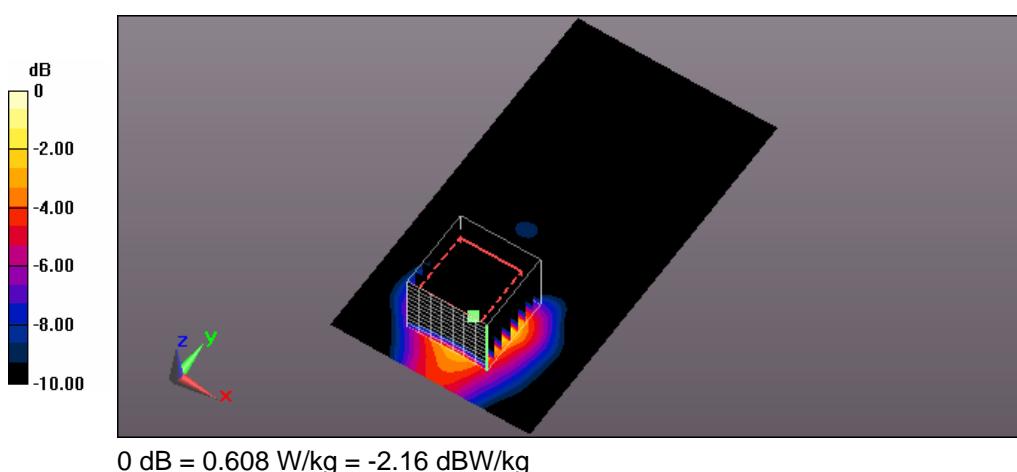
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.247 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.26 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.340 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.133 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.608 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: PM 05:08:44

26\_Flat\_802.11a CH104\_6M\_Side 2 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.912 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.026$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.680 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

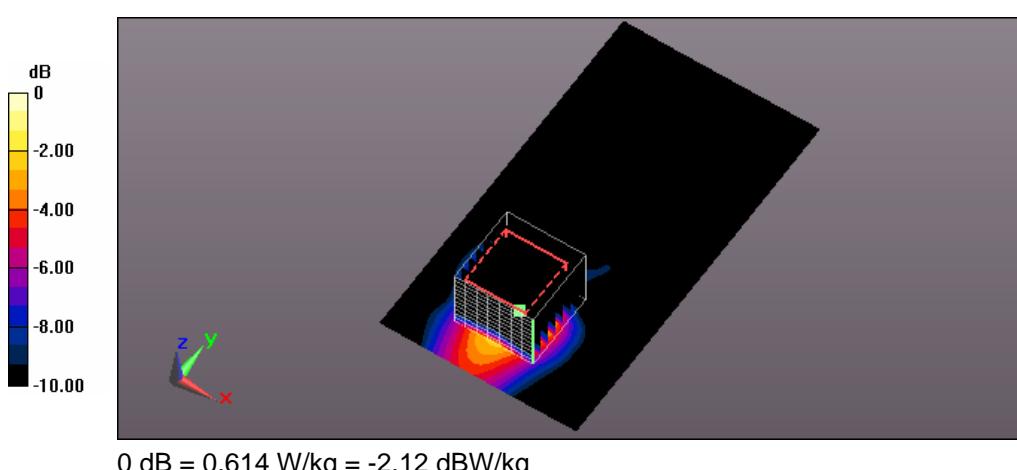
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.907 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.30 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.347 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.143 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.614 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: AM 12:59:39

27\_Flat\_802.11a CH104\_6M\_Side 3 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.912 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.026$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.371 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

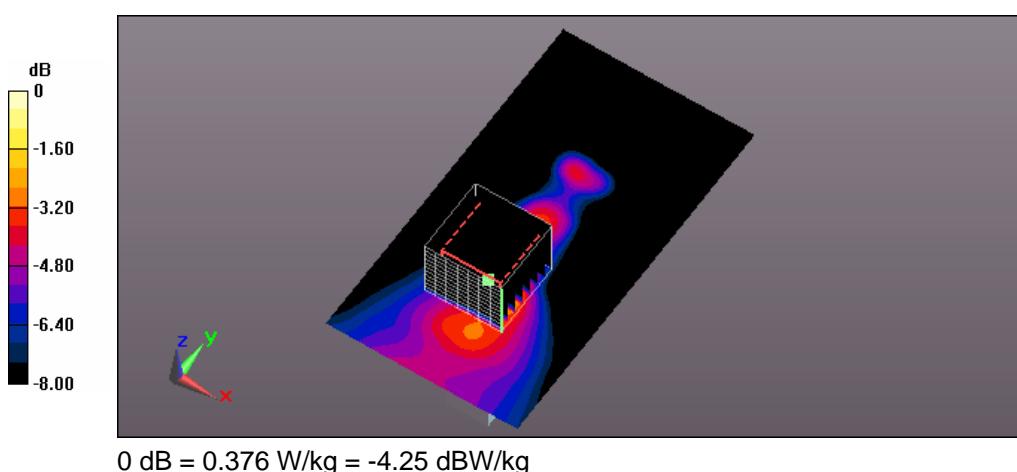
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.563 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.850 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.200 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.081 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.376 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: PM 05:15:42

28\_Flat\_802.11a CH104\_6M\_Side 4 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.912 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 47.026$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.139 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

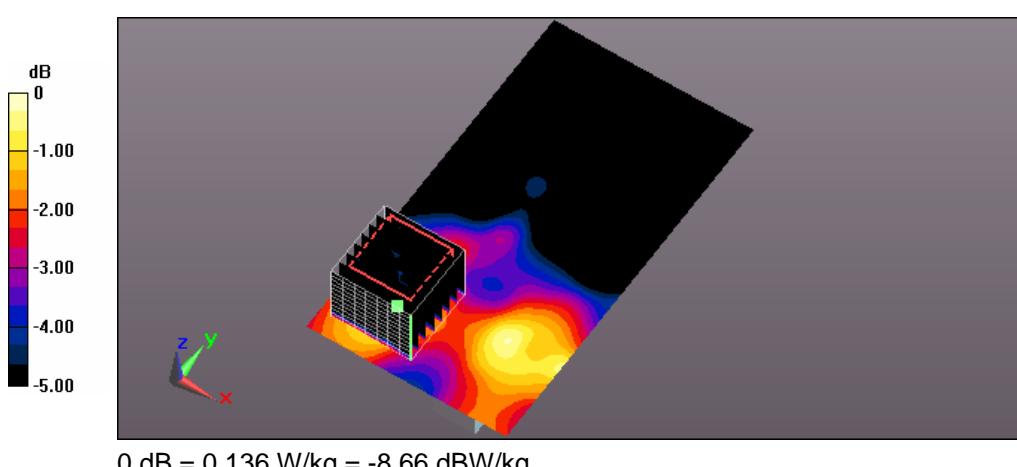
Measurement grid:  $dx=4 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=4 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dz=2 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 2.860 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.379 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.087 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.052 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.136 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: PM 06:31:02

29\_Flat\_802.11a CH124\_6M\_Side 1 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5620 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5620 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.028 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.818$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.63, 3.63, 3.63); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.707 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

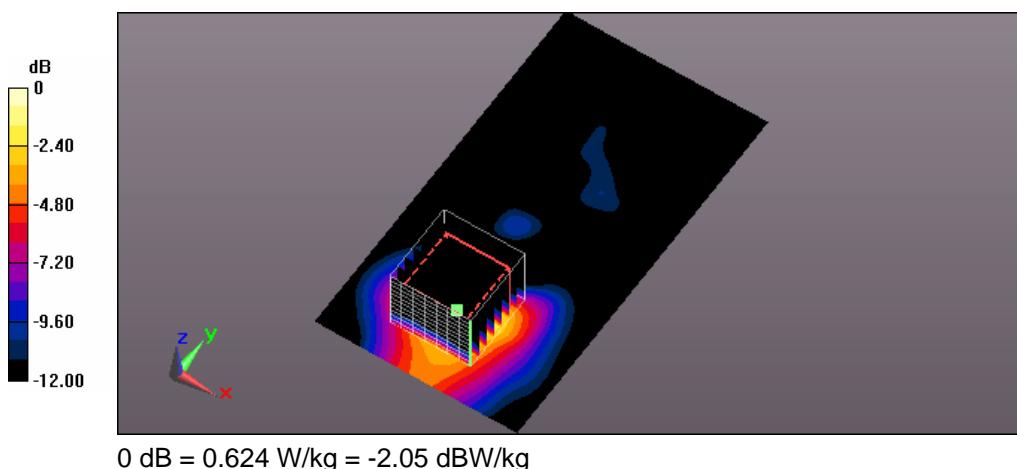
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.681 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.343 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.624 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: PM 05:51:14

30\_Flat\_802.11a CH124\_6M\_Side 2 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5620 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5620 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.028 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.818$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.63, 3.63, 3.63); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.633 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

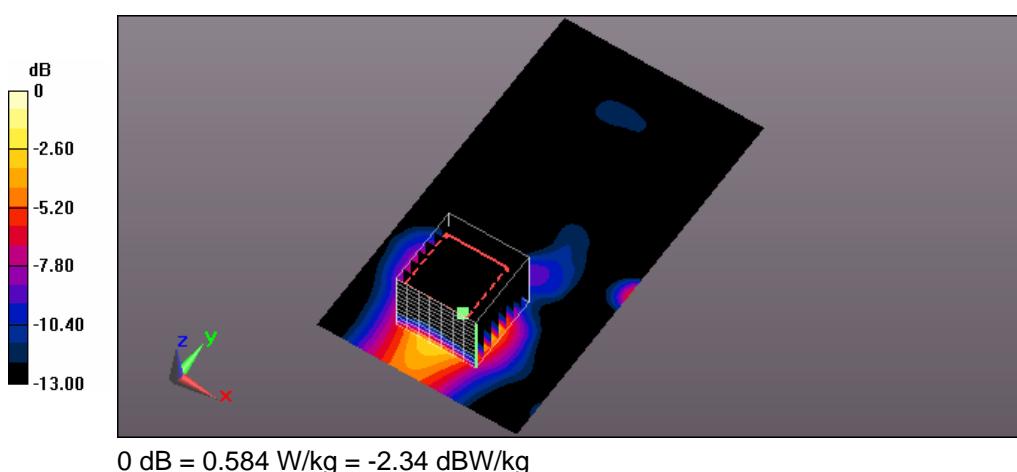
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.892 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.322 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.584 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: AM 01:44:52

31\_Flat\_802.11a CH124\_6M\_Side 3 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5620 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5620 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.028 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.818$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.63, 3.63, 3.63); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.346 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

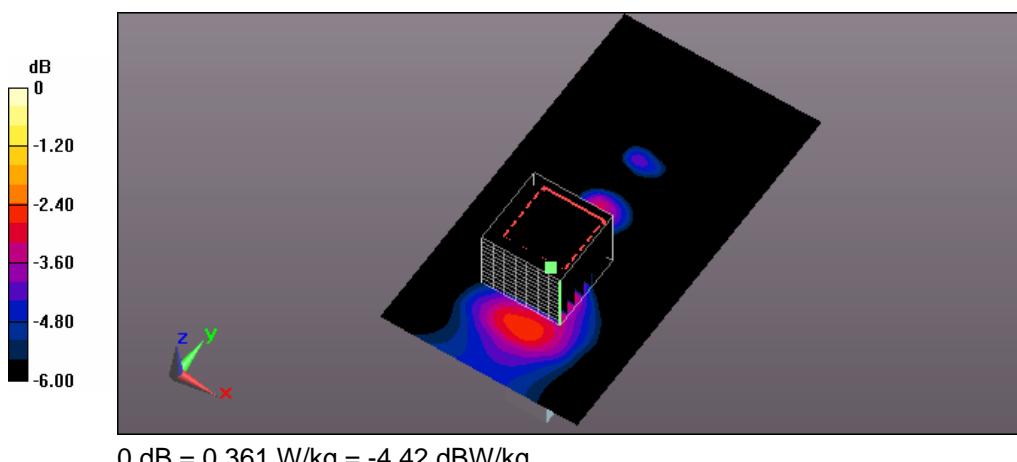
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.356 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.847 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.192 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.066 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: PM 06:05:55

32\_Flat\_802.11a CH124\_6M\_Side 4 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5620 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5620 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.028 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.818$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.63, 3.63, 3.63); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.132 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

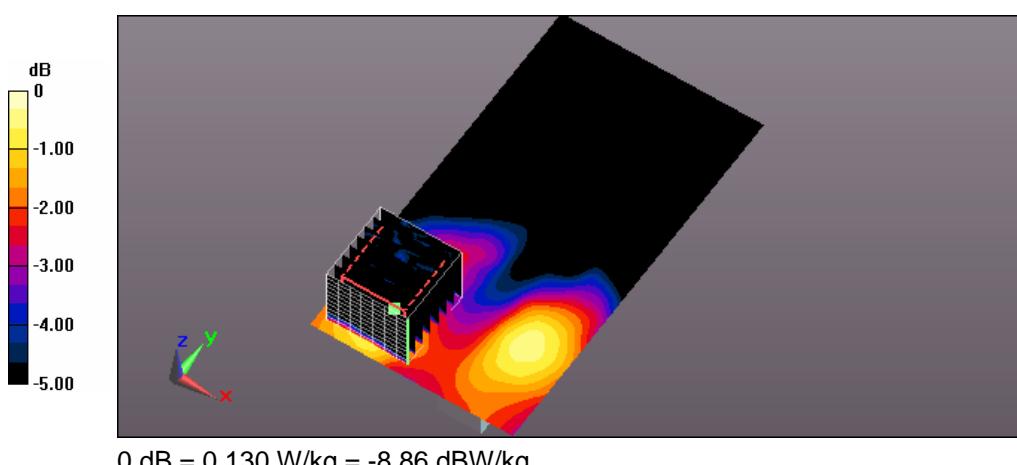
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.386 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.422 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.082 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.050 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.130 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: PM 07:19:09

33\_Flat\_802.11a CH136\_6M\_Side 1 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5680 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5680 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.046 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.674$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.63, 3.63, 3.63); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.671 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

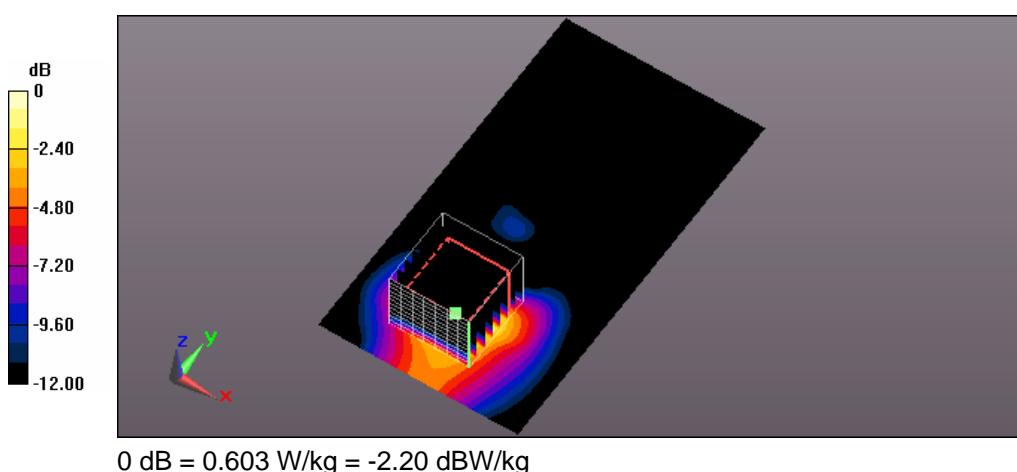
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.317 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.329 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.128 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.603 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: PM 06:34:54

34\_Flat\_802.11a CH136\_6M\_Side 2 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5680 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5680 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.046 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.674$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.63, 3.63, 3.63); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.680 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

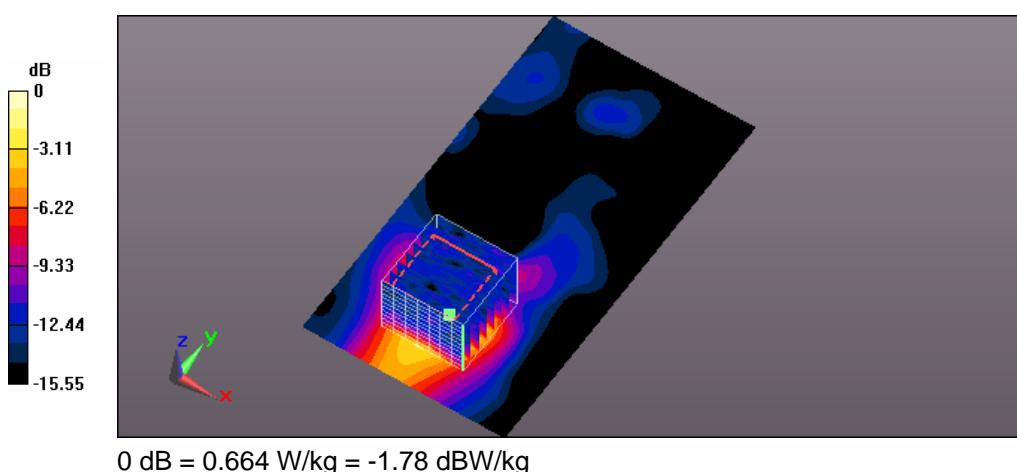
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.246 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.369 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.151 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.664 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: AM 02:36:53

35\_Flat\_802.11a CH136\_6M\_Side 3 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5680 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5680 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.046 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.674$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.63, 3.63, 3.63); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.332 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

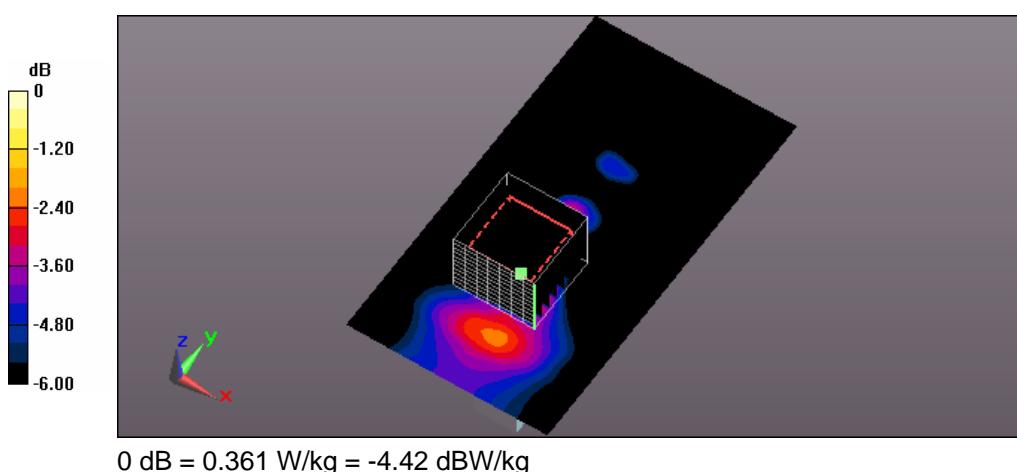
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.384 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.805 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.194 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.079 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: PM 07:20:37

36\_Flat\_802.11a CH136\_6M\_Side 4 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5680 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5680 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.046 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.674$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.63, 3.63, 3.63); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (81x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.129 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

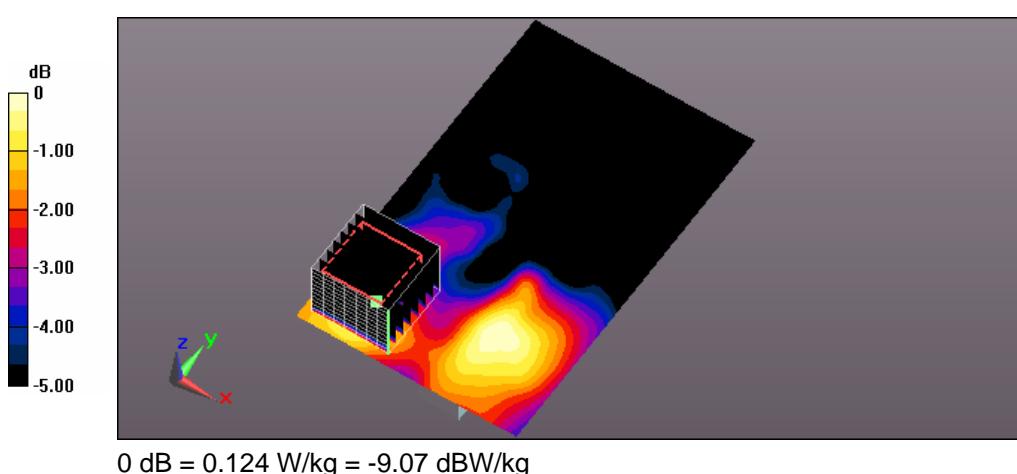
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.532 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.339 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.080 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.124 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: PM 08:03:21

37\_Flat\_802.11a CH140\_6M\_Side 1 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5700 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5700 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.05 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.63$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.63, 3.63, 3.63); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.593 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

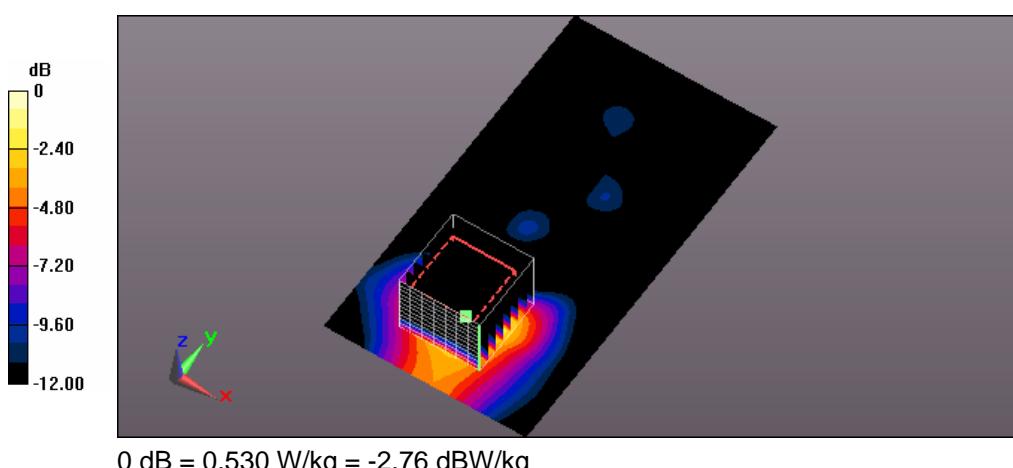
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.974 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.290 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.115 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.530 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: PM 07:21:35

38\_Flat\_802.11a CH140\_6M\_Side 2 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5700 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5700 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.05 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.63$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.63, 3.63, 3.63); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.665 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

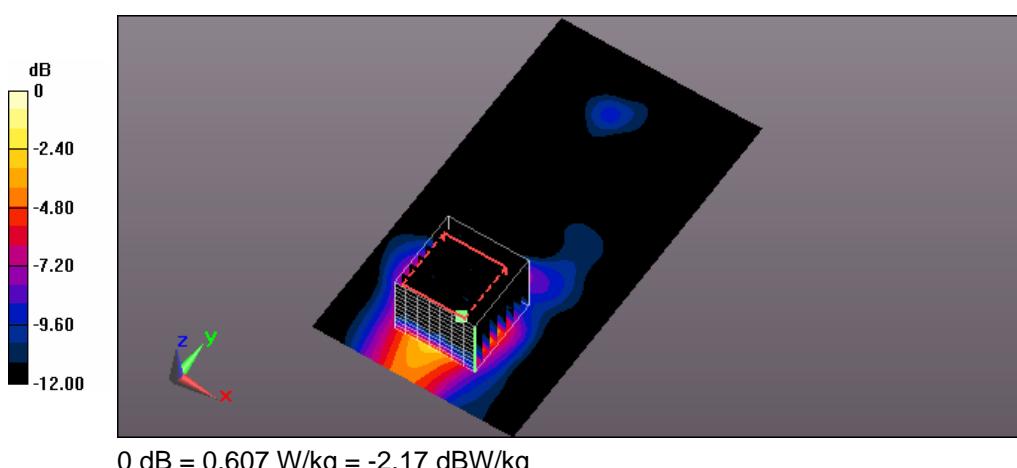
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.542 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.333 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.607 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: AM 04:42:30

39\_Flat\_802.11a CH140\_6M\_Side 3 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5700 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5700 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.05 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.63$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.63, 3.63, 3.63); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.310 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

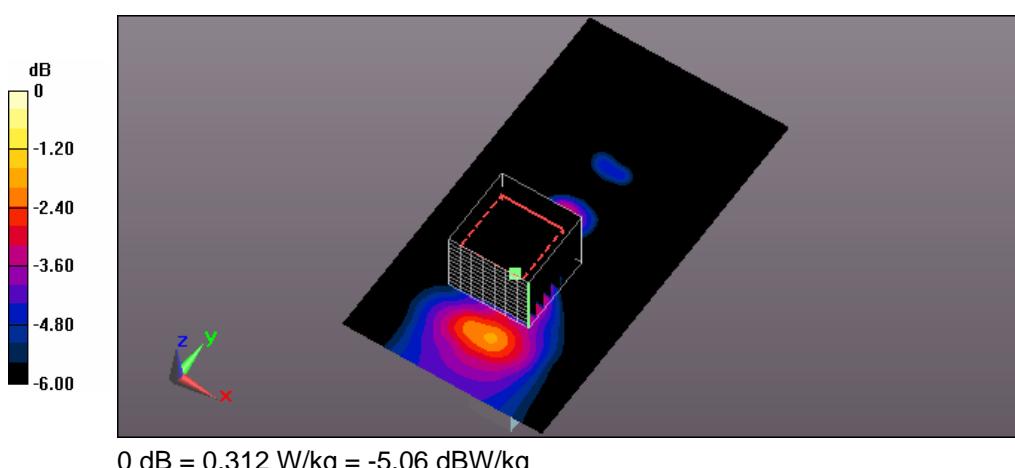
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.051 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.738 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.171 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.072 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.312 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: PM 08:05:18

40\_Flat\_802.11a CH140\_6M\_Side 4 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5700 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5700 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.05 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.63$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.63, 3.63, 3.63); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (81x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.115 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

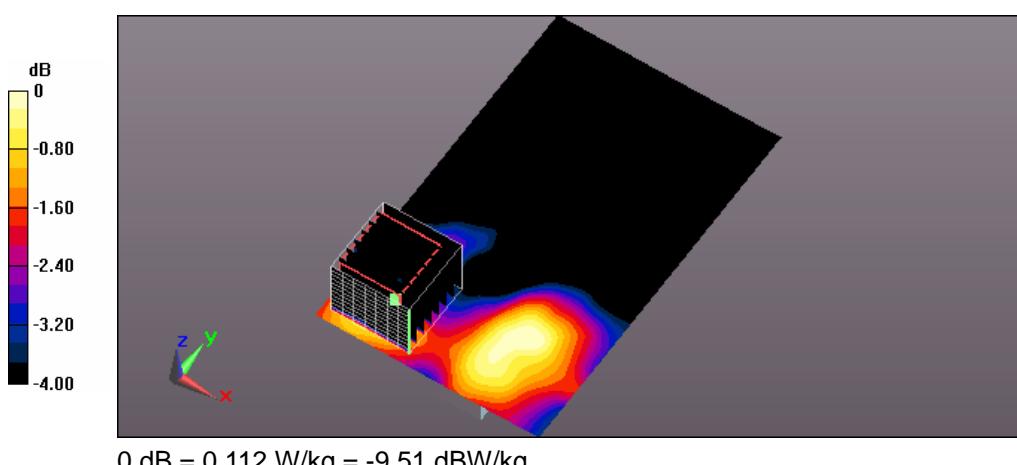
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.340 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.202 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.069 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.112 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: PM 08:46:27

41\_Flat\_802.11a CH149\_6M\_Side 1 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5745 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.194 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.549$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.566 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

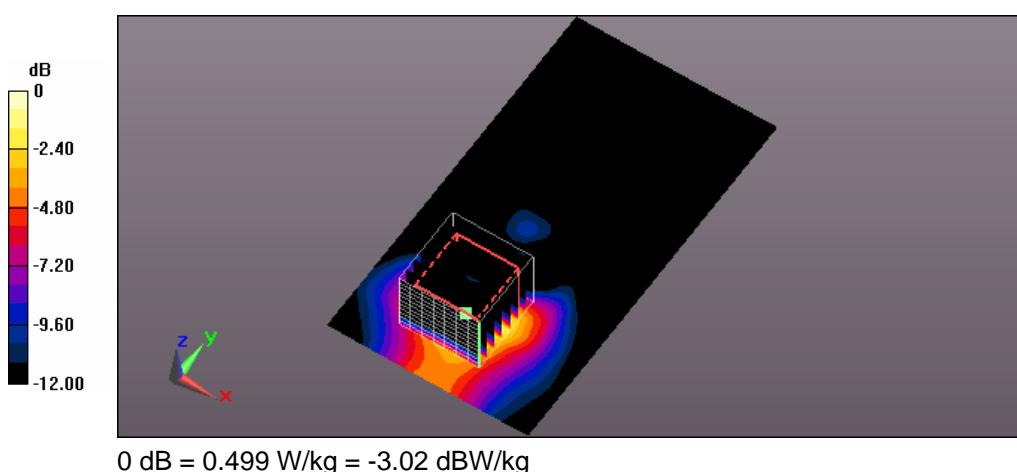
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.103 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.274 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.106 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.499 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: PM 08:03:08

42\_Flat\_802.11a CH149\_6M\_Side 2 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5745 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.194 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.549$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.653 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

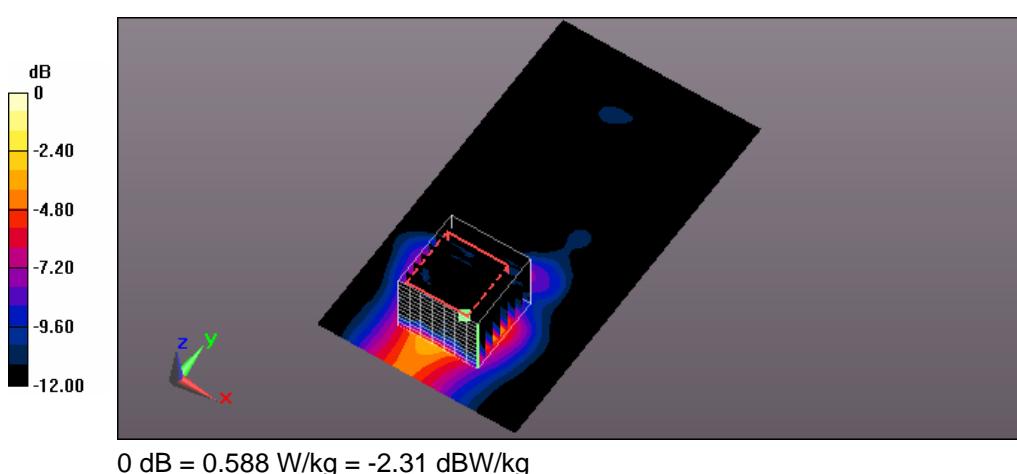
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.549 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.322 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.132 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.588 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: AM 05:28:14

43\_Flat\_802.11a CH149\_6M\_Side 3 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5745 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.194 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.549$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.292 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

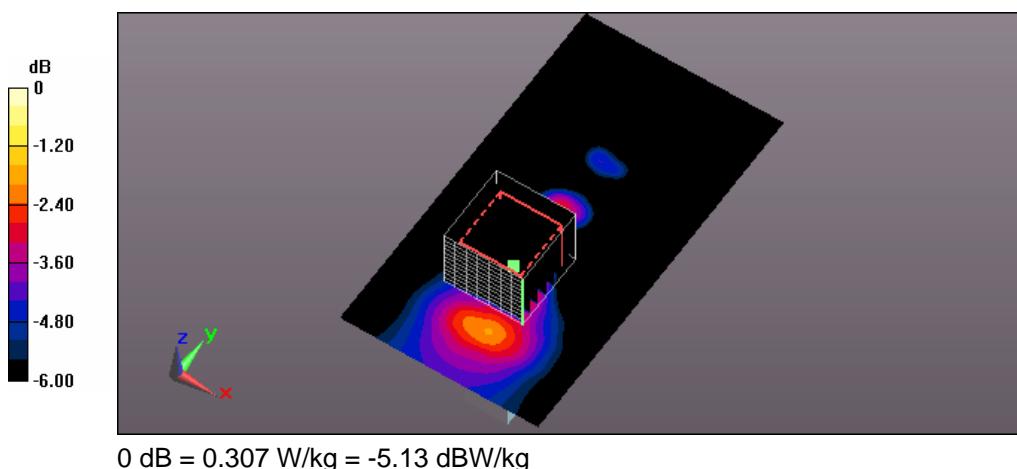
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.842 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.867 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.170 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.307 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: PM 09:52:32

44\_Flat\_802.11a CH149\_6M\_Side 4 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5745 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.194 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.549$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (81x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.115 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

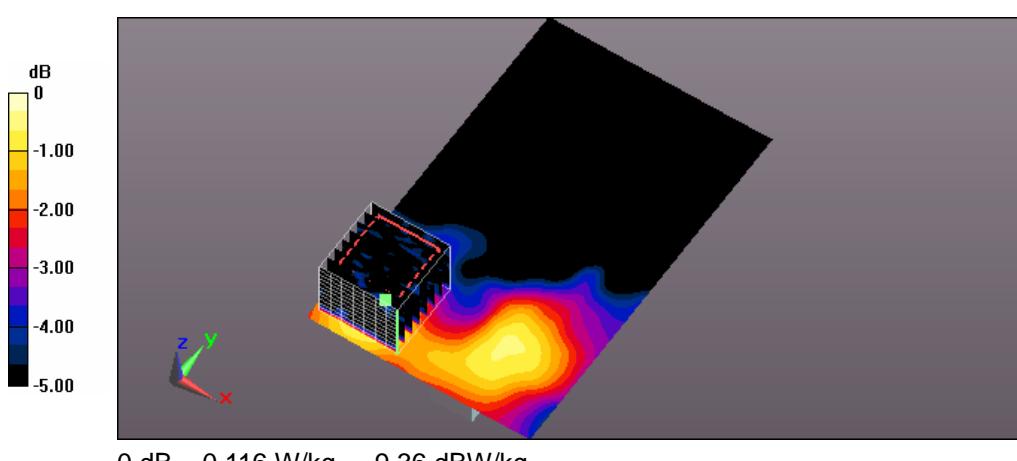
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.244 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.572 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.079 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.052 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.116 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: PM 09:31:17

45\_Flat\_802.11a CH161\_6M\_Side 1 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5805 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5805 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.272 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.395$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.616 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

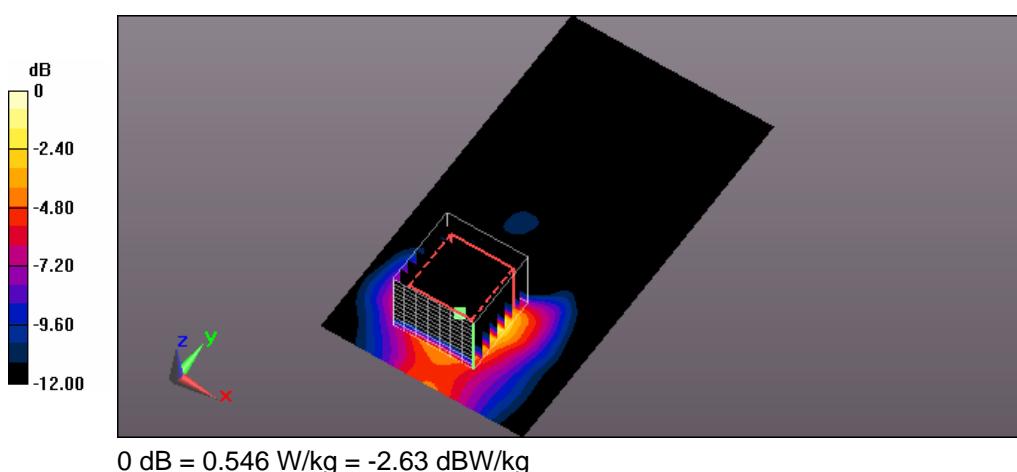
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.956 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.19 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.299 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.114 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.546 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: PM 08:45:09

46\_Flat\_802.11a CH161\_6M\_Side 2 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5805 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5805 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.272 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.395$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.679 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

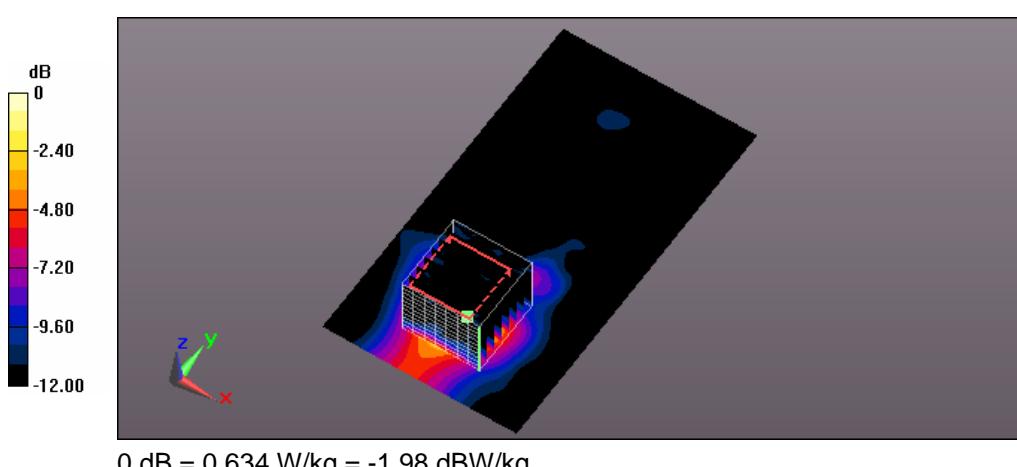
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.712 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.32 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.344 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.138 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.634 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: AM 06:12:12

47\_Flat\_802.11a CH161\_6M\_Side 3 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5805 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5805 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.272 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.395$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.319 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

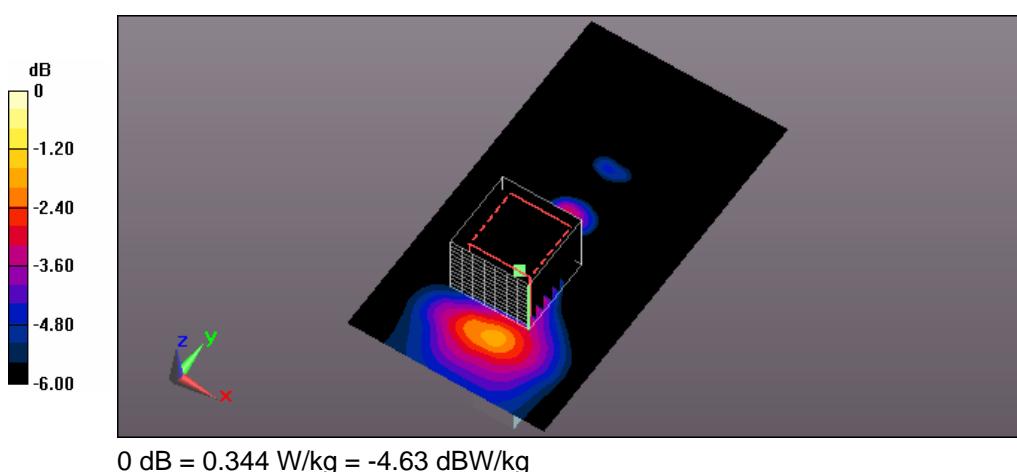
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.933 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.821 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.181 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.075 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.344 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: PM 10:47:17

48\_Flat\_802.11a CH161\_6M\_Side 4 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5805 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5805 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.272 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.395$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (81x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.120 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

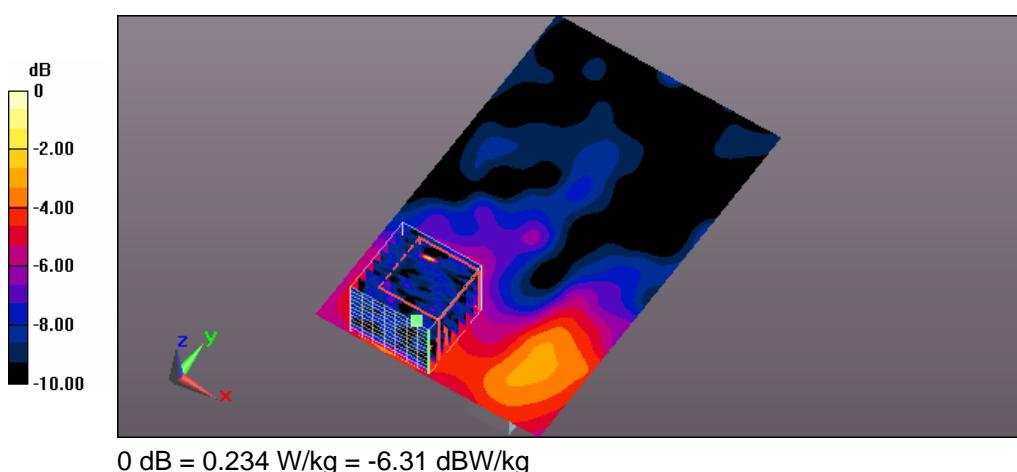
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.646 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.234 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.063 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.043 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.234 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: PM 12:45:46

49\_Flat\_802.11a CH165\_6M\_Side 1 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.28 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.375$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.713 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

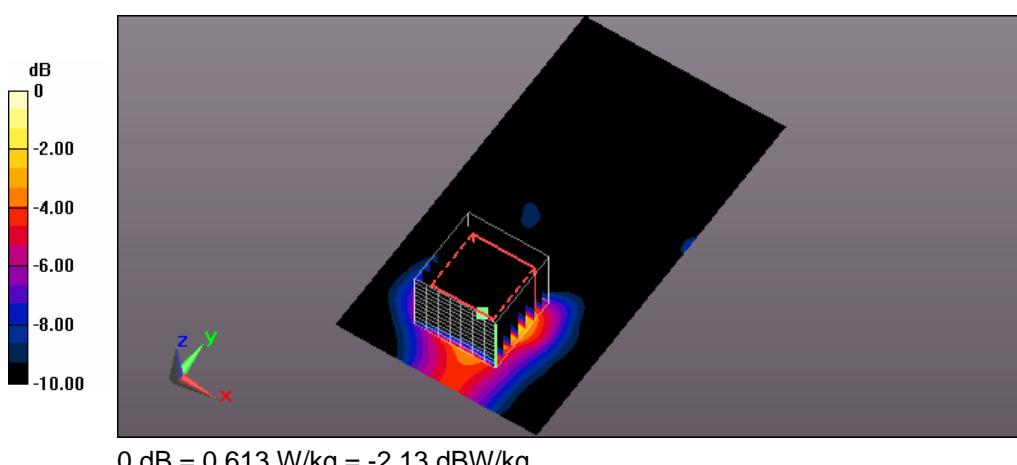
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.770 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.34 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.342 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.139 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.613 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/2 Time: PM 01:35:13

50\_Flat\_802.11a CH165\_6M\_Side 2 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.28 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.375$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.587 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

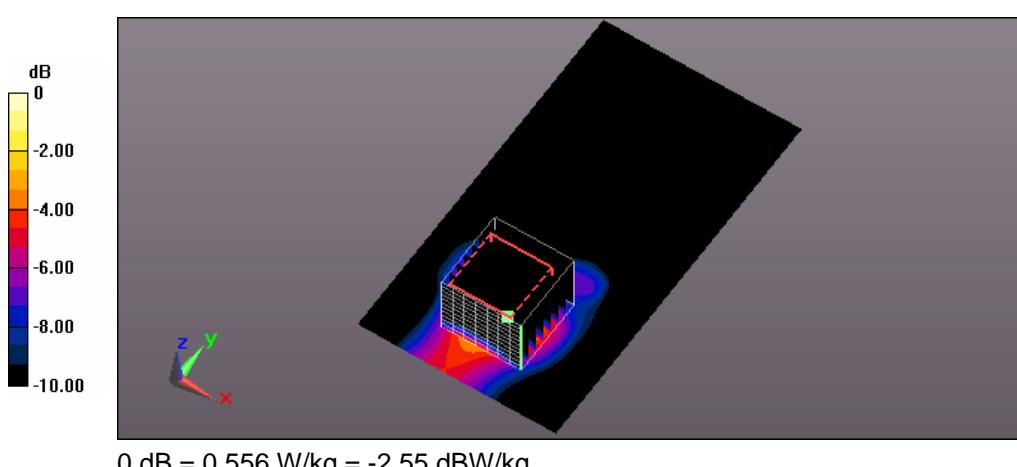
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.715 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.306 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.127 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.556 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: AM 07:55:26

51\_Flat\_802.11a CH165\_6M\_Side 3 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.28 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.375$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.327 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

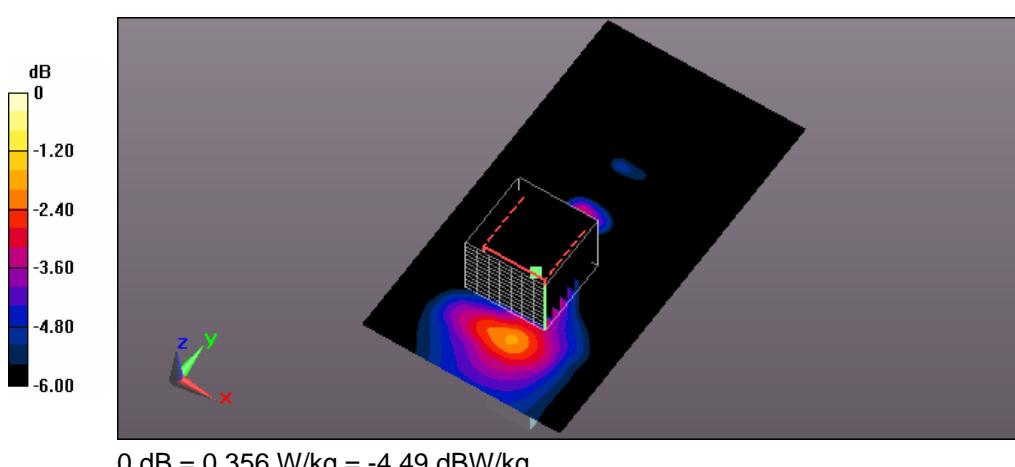
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.046 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.867 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.188 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.077 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.356 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/3 Time: PM 11:31:55

52\_Flat\_802.11a CH165\_6M\_Side 4 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5825 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated):  $f = 5825 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.28 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.375$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (81x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.120 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (8x8x12)/Cube 0:

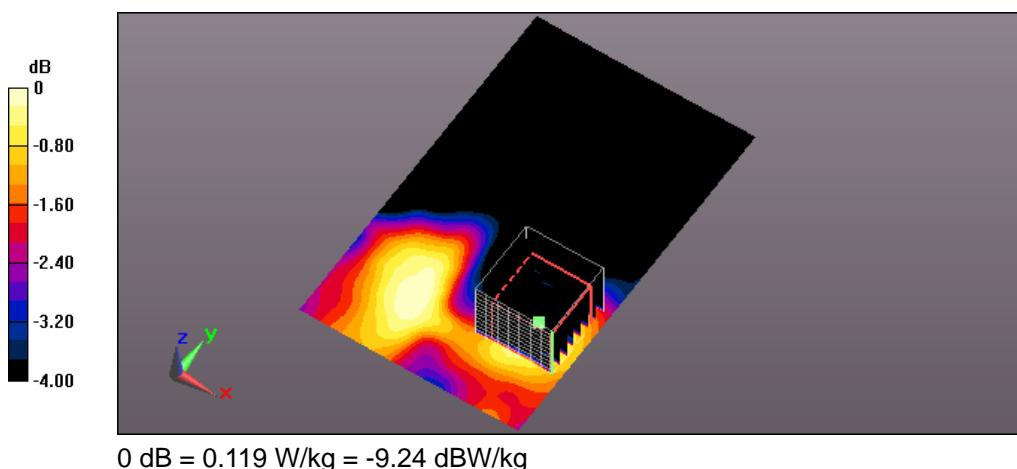
Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.917 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.221 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.077 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.119 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/7/31 Time: PM 04:25:19

53\_Flat\_BT 3.0 CH39\_1M\_Side 1 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2441 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.946 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.948$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0850 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

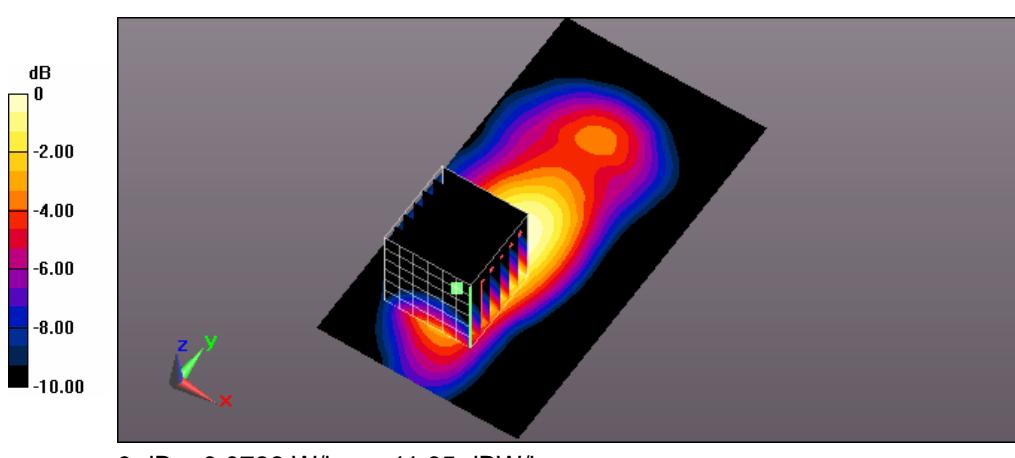
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.929 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.106 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.056 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0786 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/7/31 Time: PM 03:52:46

54\_Flat\_BT 3.0 CH39\_1M\_Side 2 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2441 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.946 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.948$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.158 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

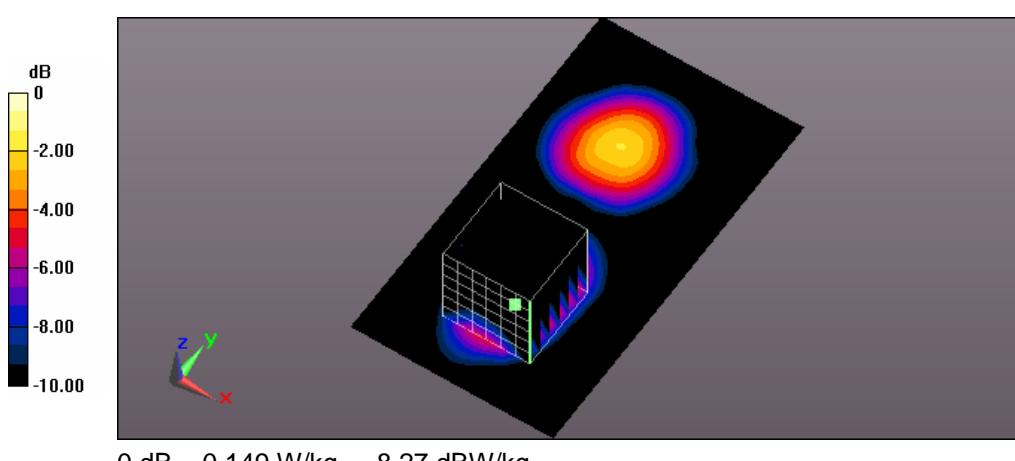
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.215 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.206 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.099 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.050 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.149 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/7/31 Time: PM 05:05:05

55\_Flat\_BT 3.0 CH39\_1M\_Side 3 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2441 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.946 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.948$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.120 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

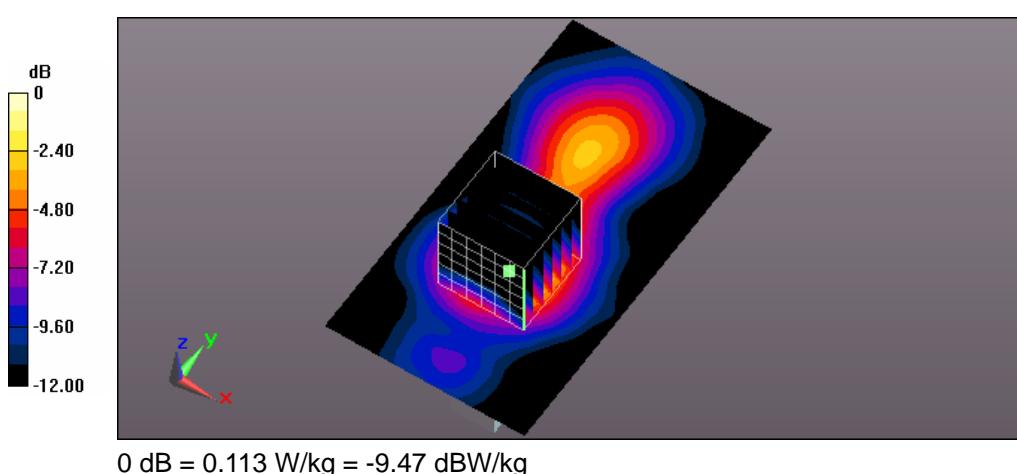
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.570 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.151 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.079 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.039 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.113 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/7/31 Time: PM 05:46:17

56\_Flat\_BT 3.0 CH39\_1M\_Side 4 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2441 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.946 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.948$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0239 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

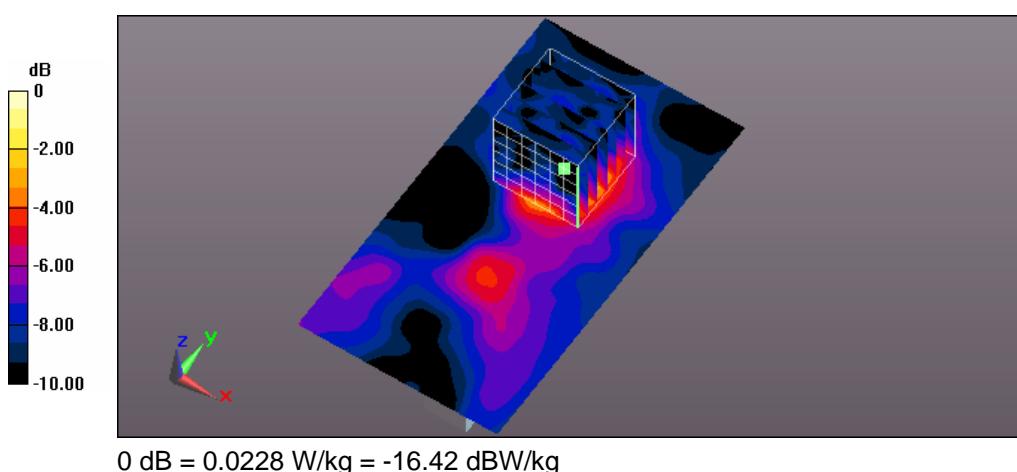
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 1.681 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0300 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.016 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00878 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0228 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: AM 04:25:02

57\_Flat\_BT 4.0 CH19\_Side 1 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: Bluetooth 4.0; Frequency: 2440 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2440 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.945 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.935$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0355 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

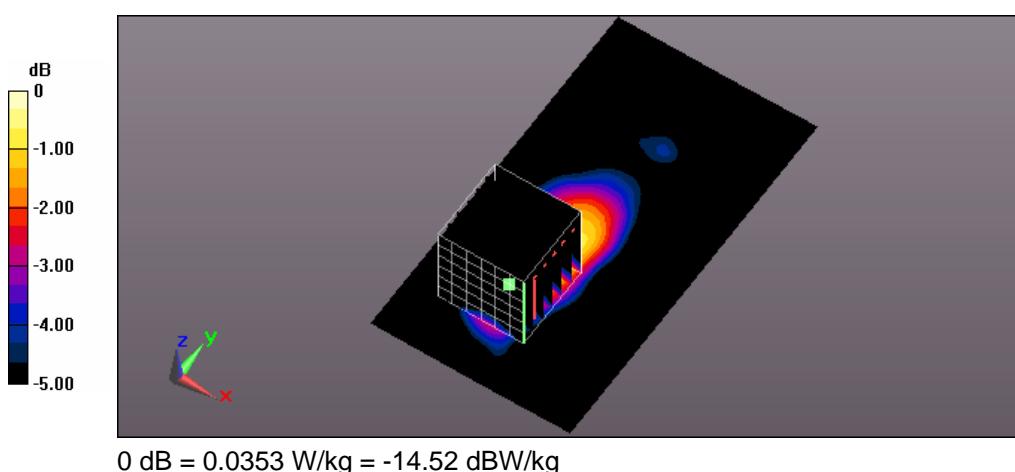
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.635 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0480 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.024 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0353 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: AM 03:52:17

58\_Flat\_BT 4.0 CH19\_Side 2 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: Bluetooth 4.0; Frequency: 2440 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2440 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.945 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.935$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0690 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

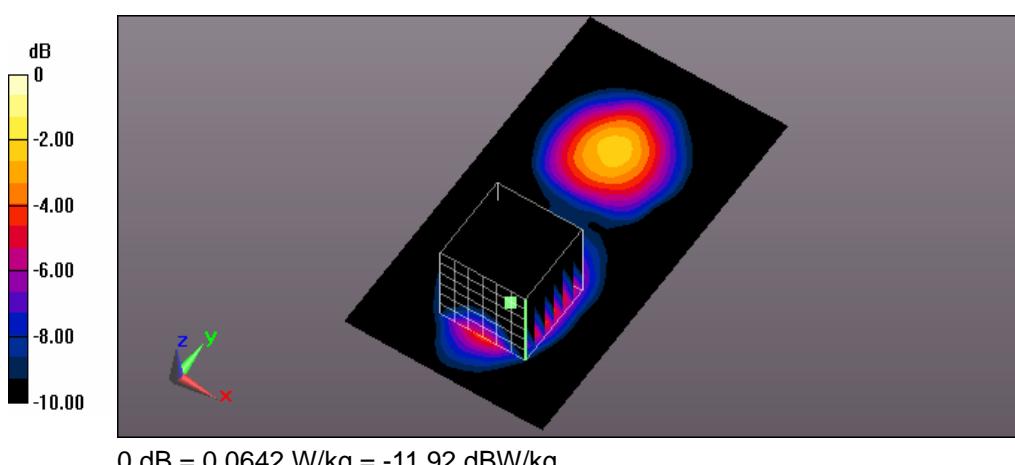
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 1.995 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0870 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.042 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0642 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: AM 06:09:31

59\_Flat\_BT 4.0 CH19\_Side 3 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: Bluetooth 4.0; Frequency: 2440 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2440 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.945 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.935$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0548 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

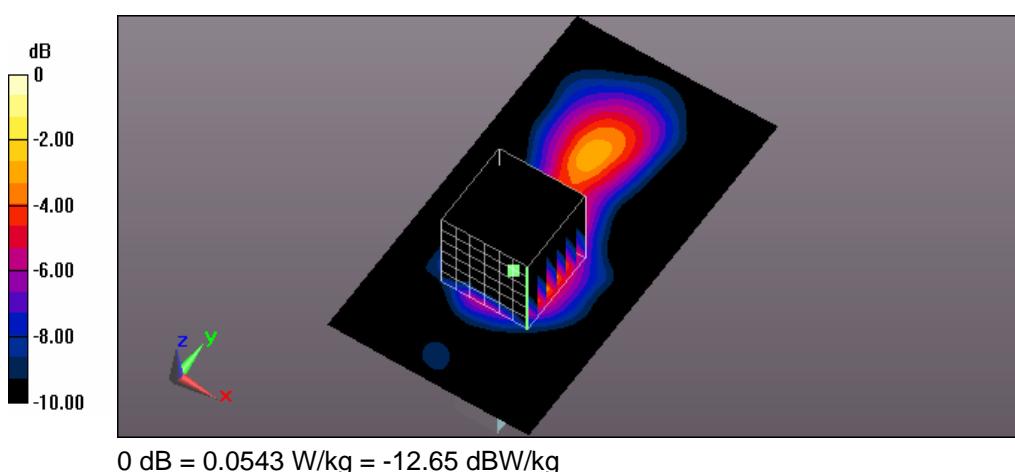
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.778 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0710 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.037 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0543 W/kg



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date: 2013/8/1 Time: AM 06:53:21

60\_Flat\_BT 4.0 CH19\_Side 4 to phantom 5mm

DUT: CS1A13; Type: Thin Client Terminal

Communication System: Bluetooth 4.0; Frequency: 2440 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2440 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.945 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.935$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY Configuration:

- Area Scan setting - Find Secondary Maximum Within: 2.0dB and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.5 W/Kg
- Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3519; ConvF(7.88, 7.88, 7.88); Calibrated: 2013/2/20;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 2013/2/13
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1133
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (5); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.8 (7028)

#### Flat/Area Scan (71x131x1):

Interpolated grid:  $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0109 W/kg

#### Flat/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

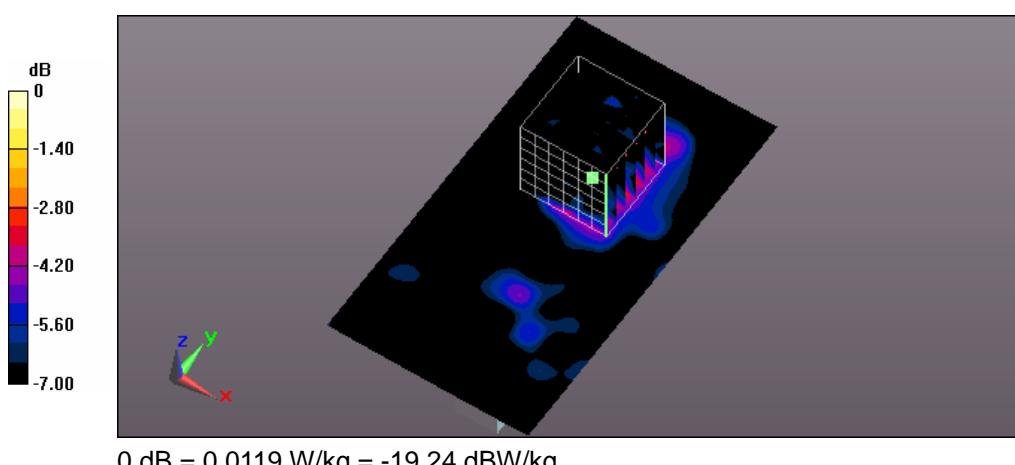
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 1.008 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0160 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.00824 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00474 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0119 W/kg





## **Appendix C - Calibration**

All of the instruments Calibration information are listed below.

- Dipole \_ D2450V2 SN:712 Calibration No.D2450V2-712\_ Feb13
- Dipole \_ D5GHzV2 SN:1021 Calibration No.D5GHzV2-1021\_ Feb13
- Probe \_ EX3DV3 SN:3519 Calibration No.EX3-3519\_Feb13
- DAE \_ DAE4 SN:779 Calibration No.DAE4-779\_Feb13



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ATL (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-712\_Feb13**

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 712**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9**  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: **February 19, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Calibrated by: Name **Leif Klysner** Function **Laboratory Technician**

Signature

Approved by: Name **Katja Pokovic** Function **Technical Manager**

Signature

Issued: February 20, 2013

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

#### Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions*: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL*: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss*: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay*: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured*: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized*: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters*: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.5
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.9 ± 6 %	1.85 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.9 ± 6 %	2.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.9 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.95 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)



## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$54.8 \Omega + 1.3 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.5 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$49.4 \Omega + 5.0 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.9 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.158 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 05, 2002

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 19.02.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 712**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.85 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 37.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.5(1059); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

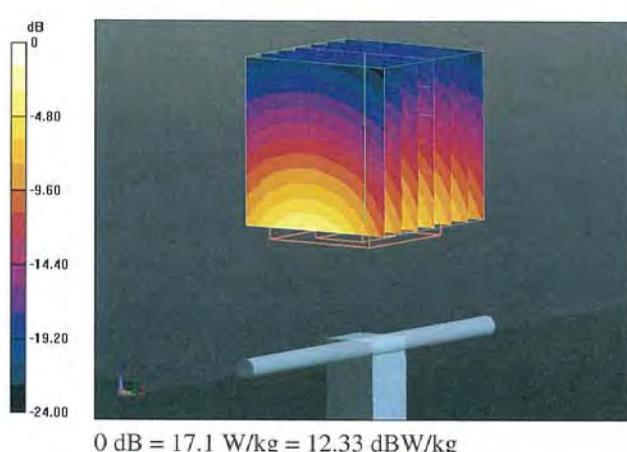
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 99.359 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg

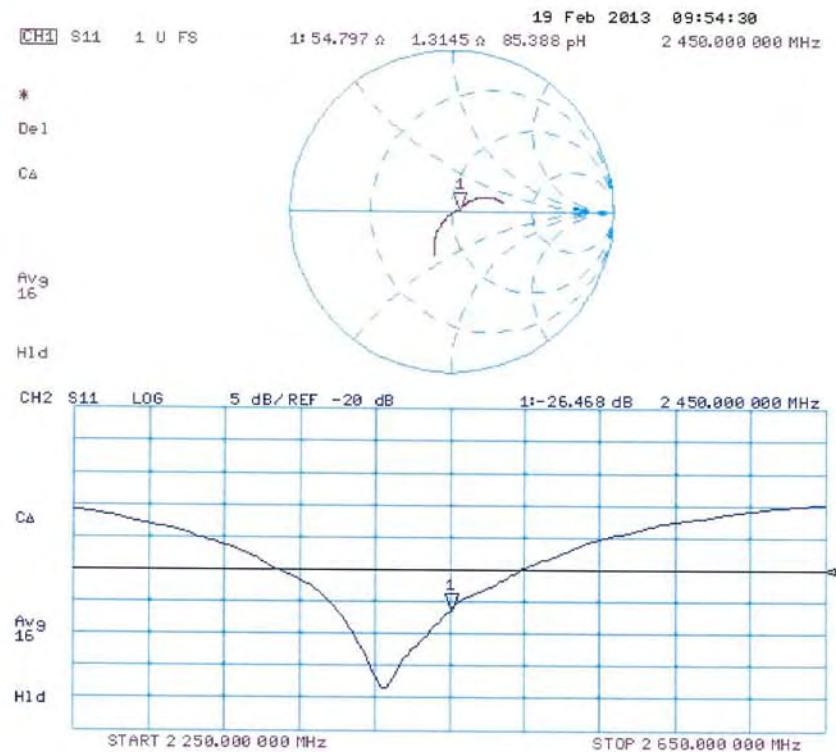
**SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.2 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 W/kg





### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Certificate No: D2450V2-712\_Feb13

Page 6 of 8

## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 18.02.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 712**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 2.02 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 50.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.5(1059); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

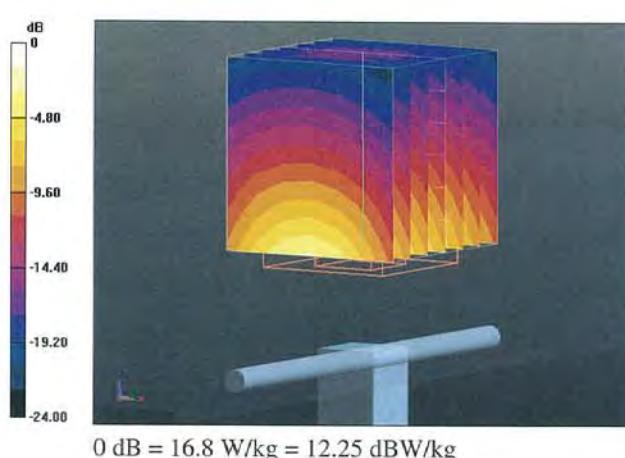
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 93.989 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg

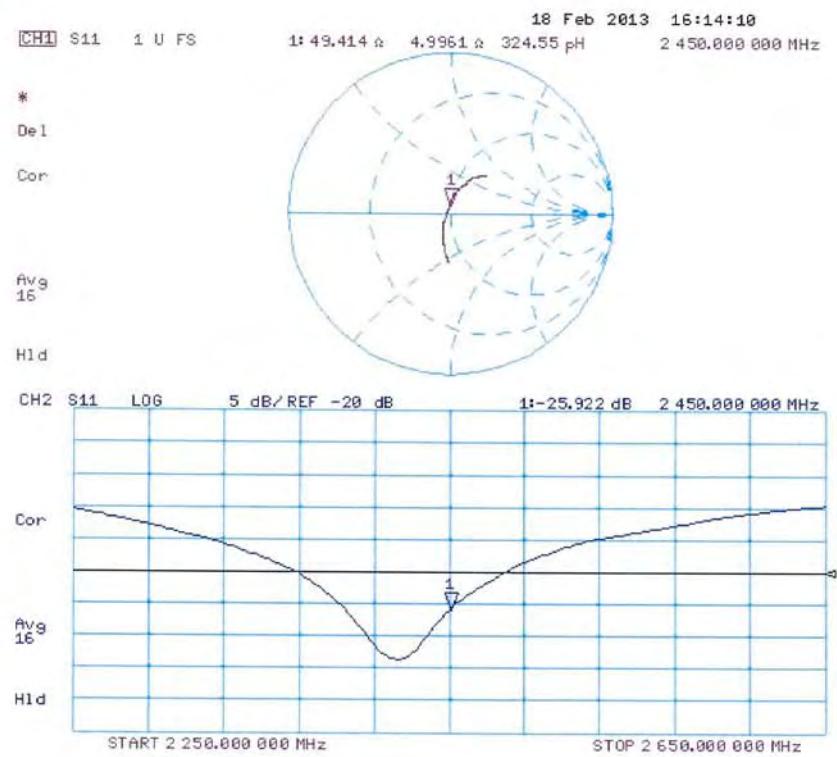
**SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.95 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg





### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





ST-007  
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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **ATL (Auden)**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1021\_Feb13**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN: 1021**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v2**  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date: **February 21, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01530)	Apr-13
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01533)	Apr-13
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	28-Dec-12 (No. EX3-3503_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	27-Jun-12 (No. DAE4-601_Jun12)	Jun-13
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 21, 2013

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- a) IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- b) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

### Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.8.5
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	$dx, dy = 4.0 \text{ mm}, dz = 1.4 \text{ mm}$	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
<b>Frequency</b>	5200 MHz $\pm 1 \text{ MHz}$ 5300 MHz $\pm 1 \text{ MHz}$ 5600 MHz $\pm 1 \text{ MHz}$ 5800 MHz $\pm 1 \text{ MHz}$	

### Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 $\pm 0.2$ ) °C	34.7 $\pm 6$ %	4.47 mho/m $\pm 6$ %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	---	---

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.95 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.8 W/kg $\pm 19.9$ % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.5 W/kg $\pm 19.5$ % (k=2)



### Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.5 ± 6 %	4.57 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.26 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.8 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.37 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

### Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.1 ± 6 %	4.83 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)



### Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	33.9 ± 6 %	5.05 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.48 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	74.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)



### Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.9 ± 6 %	5.36 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.51 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	74.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

### Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.7 ± 6 %	5.48 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.61 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.13 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)



### Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.2 ± 6 %	5.83 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.08 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

### Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	45.9 ± 6 %	6.12 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.45 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	73.8 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.06 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)



## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.6 $\Omega$ - 8.1 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 21.8 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.6 $\Omega$ - 3.3 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 27.7 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.1 $\Omega$ - 2.3 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.2 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.9 $\Omega$ - 2.2 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 22.4 dB



### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.4 $\Omega$ - 6.6 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.5 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.0 $\Omega$ - 2.8 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 29.3 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.2 $\Omega$ - 1.2 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.4 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	58.7 $\Omega$ + 0.6 $j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 21.9 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.199 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	February 05, 2004



## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.02.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1021**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.47 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 34.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.57 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 34.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.83 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 34.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.05 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 33.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.5(1059); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.605 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.95 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 65.943 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.26 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.37 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

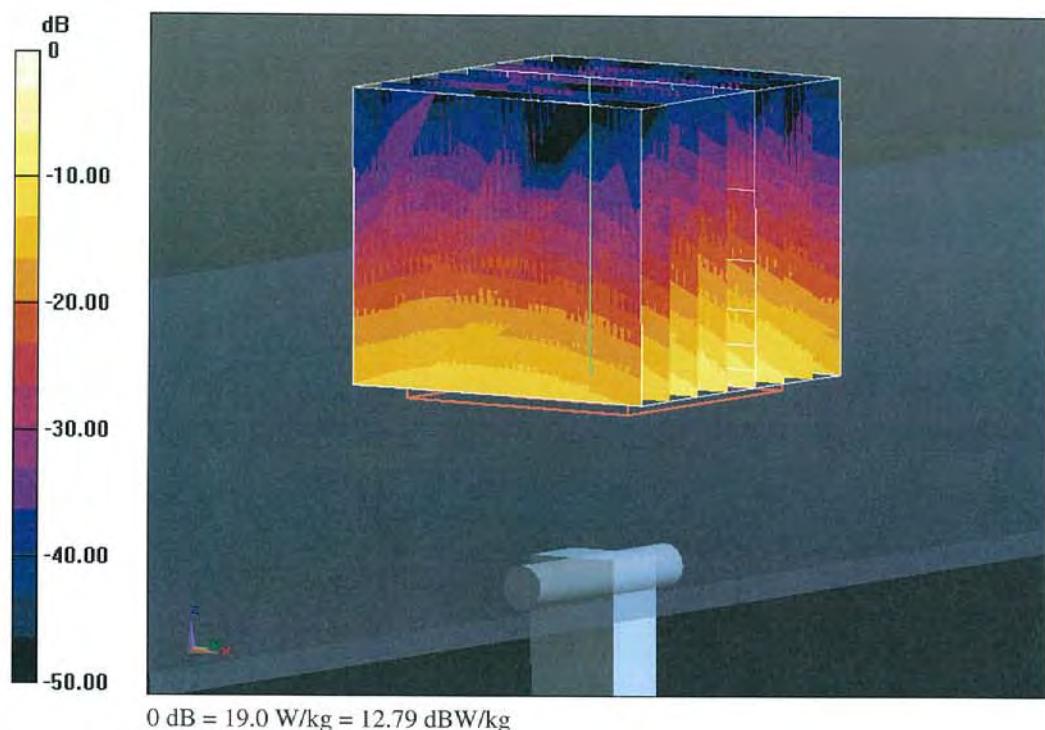
Reference Value = 63.906 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

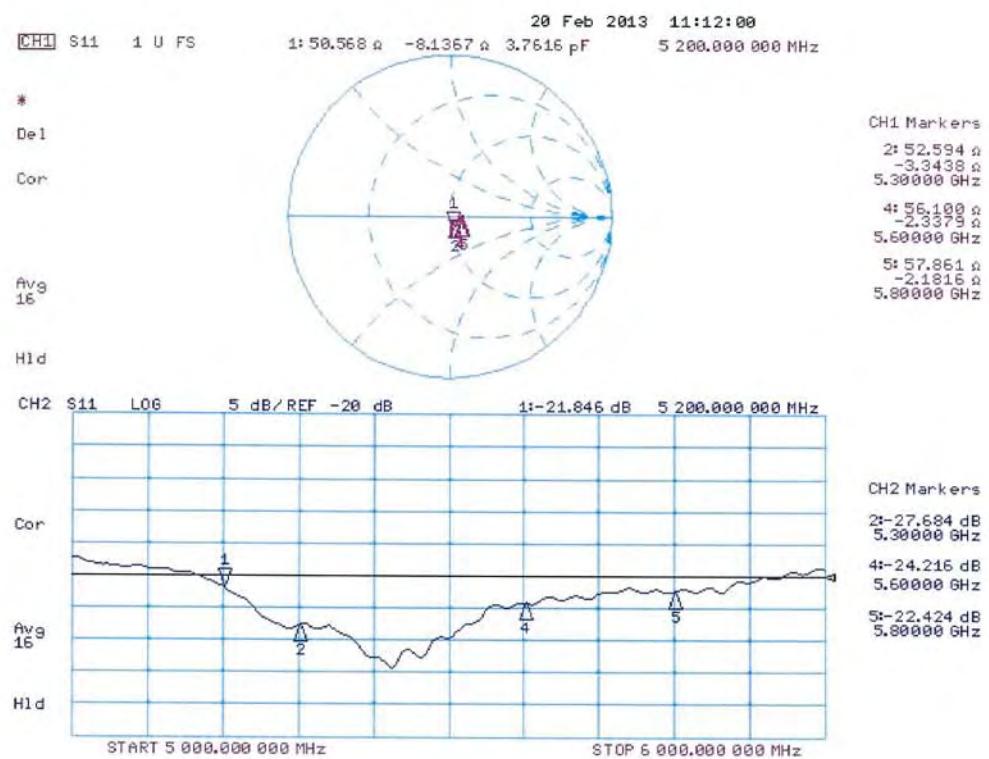
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 60.489 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.4 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg





### Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.02.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1021**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.36 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , Medium parameters used:  $f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.48 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , Medium parameters used:  $f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.83 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 46.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 6.12 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 45.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.22, 4.22, 4.22); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 27.06.2012
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.5(1059); SEMCAD X 14.6.8(7028)

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 59.460 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.7 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 59.360 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.13 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.0 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

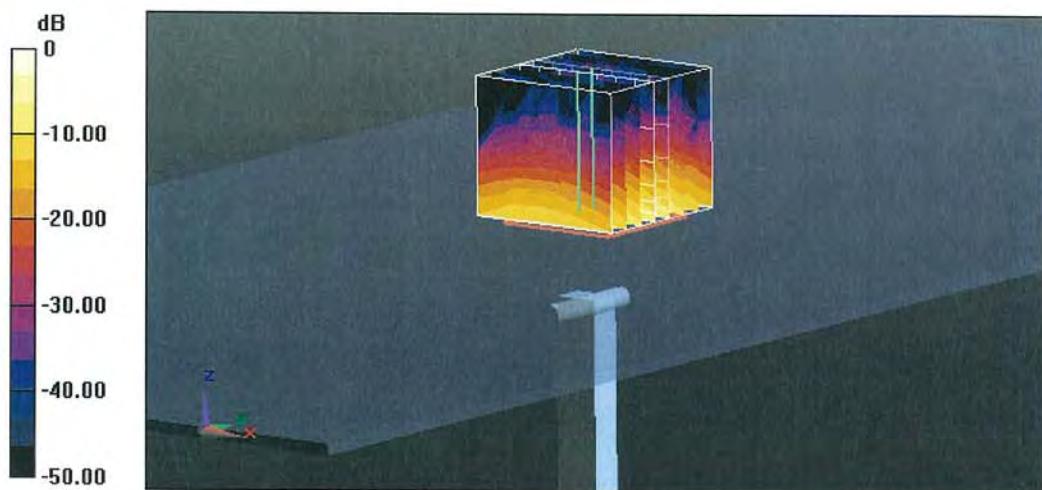
Reference Value = 59.565 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.9 W/kg

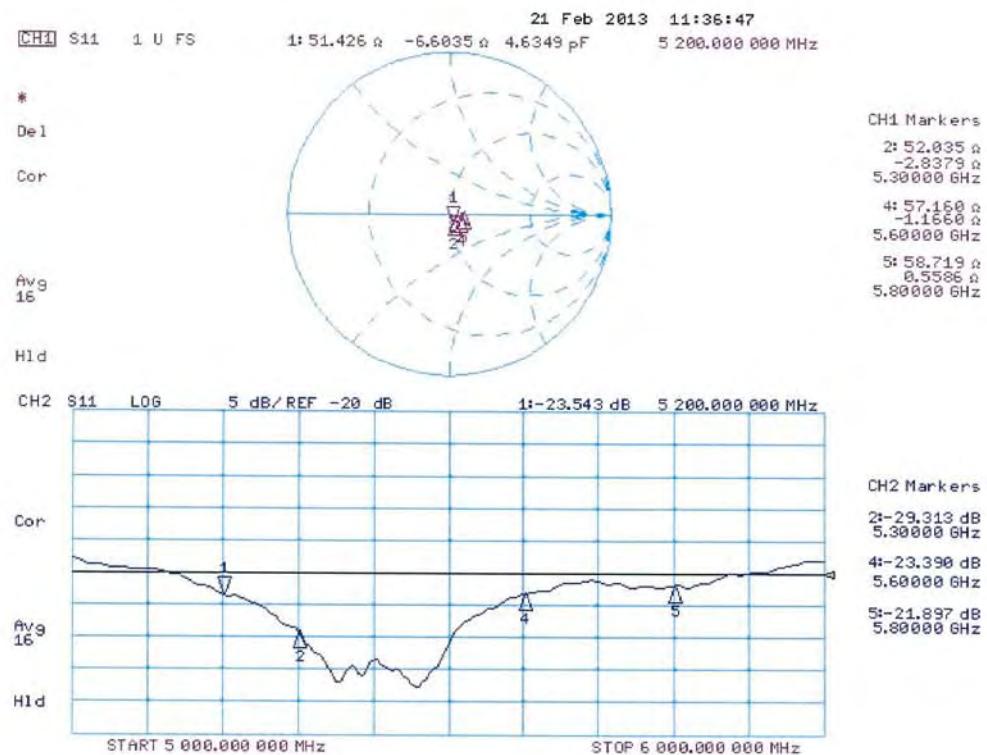
SAR(1 g) = 8.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm  
Reference Value = 56.060 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB  
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.8 W/kg  
**SAR(1 g) = 7.45 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 W/kg**  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg



### Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client ATL (Auden)

Certificate No: EX3-3519\_Feb13

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV3 - SN:3519					
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-12.v7, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes					
Calibration date:	February 20, 2013					
This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.						
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity < 70%.						
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)						
Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration			
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13			
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-12 (No. 217-01508)	Apr-13			
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01531)	Apr-13			
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01529)	Apr-13			
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	27-Mar-12 (No. 217-01532)	Apr-13			
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3013_Dec12)	Dec-13			
DAE4	SN: 660	31-Jan-13 (No. DAE4-660_Jan13)	Jan-13			
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check			
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13			
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13			
Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrati	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 			
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager				
Issued: February 22, 2013						
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.						

Certificate No: EX3-3519\_Feb13

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM $x,y,z$	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM $x,y,z$
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- $NORM_{x,y,z}$ : Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide).  $NORM_{x,y,z}$  are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of  $NORM_{x,y,z}$  does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- $NORM(f)x,y,z = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency\_response$  (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- $DCPx,y,z$ : DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- $PAR$ : PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- $A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}$ ;  $VR_{x,y,z}$ :  $A, B, C, D$  are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters*: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to  $NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF$  whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.



EX3DV3 – SN:3519

February 20, 2013

# Probe EX3DV3

## SN:3519

Manufactured: March 8, 2004  
Calibrated: February 20, 2013

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



EX3DV3- SN:3519

February 20, 2013

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 - SN:3519

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	0.82	0.70	0.72	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	100.2	99.1	102.5	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB/ $\mu\text{V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	112.7	$\pm 3.0 \%$
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		116.6	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		142.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 - SN:3519****Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media**

f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	10.80	10.80	10.80	0.13	1.43	± 13.4 %
750	41.9	0.89	11.12	11.12	11.12	0.18	1.41	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.73	10.73	10.73	0.12	1.92	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.72	10.72	10.72	0.31	0.90	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	9.03	9.03	9.03	0.30	0.91	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	8.85	8.85	8.85	0.46	0.72	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.79	8.79	8.79	0.34	0.83	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.76	8.76	8.76	0.38	0.83	± 12.0 %
2100	39.8	1.49	8.93	8.93	8.93	0.76	0.57	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	8.40	8.40	8.40	0.39	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.94	7.94	7.94	0.31	0.92	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.69	7.69	7.69	0.36	0.89	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	4.99	4.99	4.99	0.41	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.86	4.86	4.86	0.42	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.51	4.51	4.51	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.31	4.31	4.31	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.28	4.28	4.28	0.48	1.80	± 13.1 %

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.



EX3DV3- SN:3519

February 20, 2013

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 - SN:3519

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

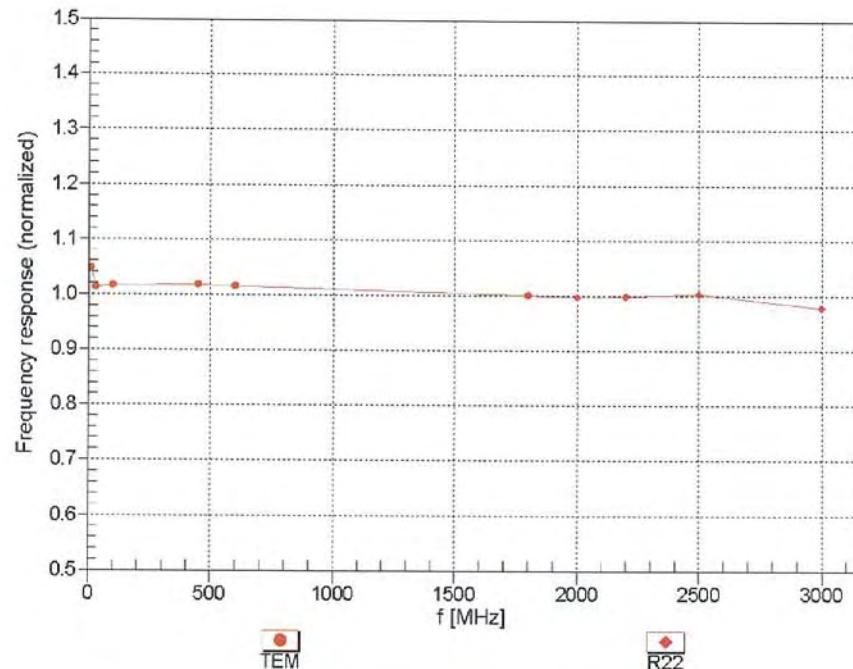
f (MHz) <sup>c</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>f</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>f</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	11.79	11.79	11.79	0.05	1.25	± 13.4 %
750	55.5	0.96	10.78	10.78	10.78	0.42	0.86	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	10.56	10.56	10.56	0.20	1.37	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	10.46	10.46	10.46	0.36	0.93	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.99	8.99	8.99	0.49	0.69	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	8.79	8.79	8.79	0.54	0.68	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	8.58	8.58	8.58	0.26	1.00	± 12.0 %
2000	53.3	1.52	8.61	8.61	8.61	0.38	0.80	± 12.0 %
2100	53.2	1.62	8.72	8.72	8.72	0.24	1.09	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	8.13	8.13	8.13	0.57	0.67	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.61	7.61	7.61	0.62	0.50	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	7.14	7.14	7.14	0.33	1.24	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.49	4.49	4.49	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.27	4.27	4.27	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.96	3.96	3.96	0.55	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.63	3.63	3.63	0.60	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	3.88	3.88	3.88	0.59	1.90	± 13.1 %

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>f</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

## Frequency Response of E-Field

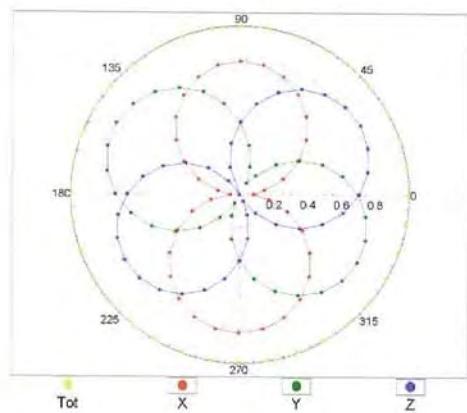
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



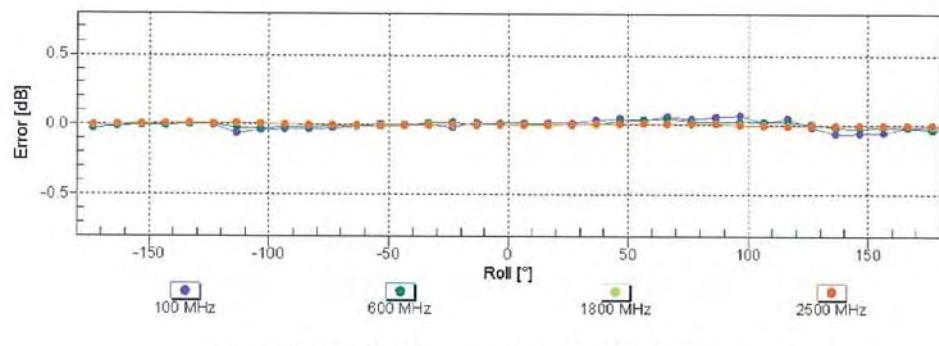
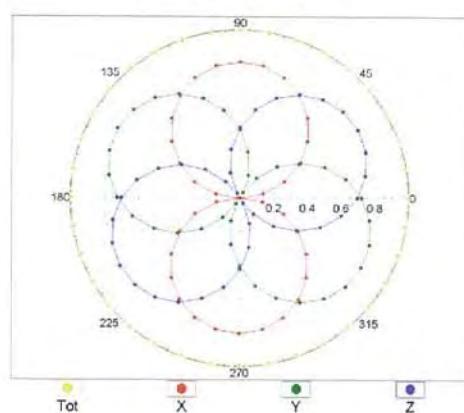
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM

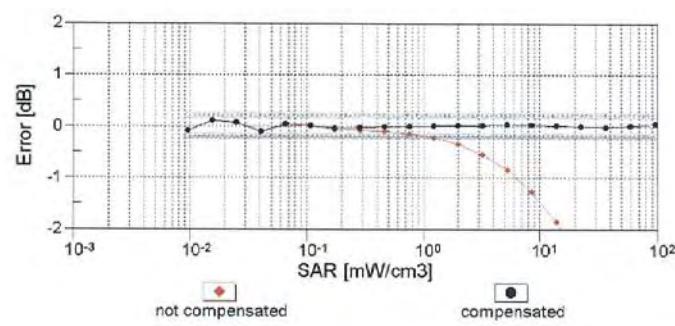
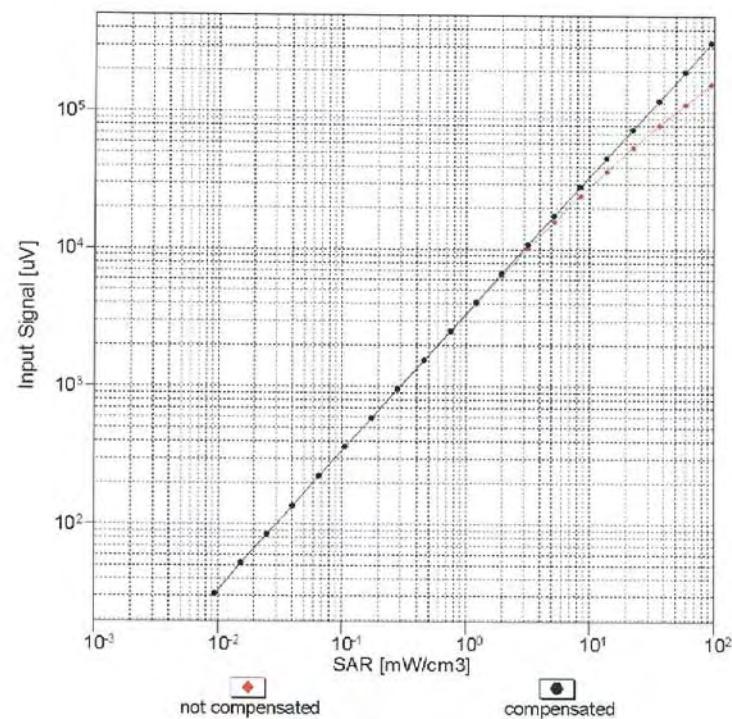


f=1800 MHz, R22



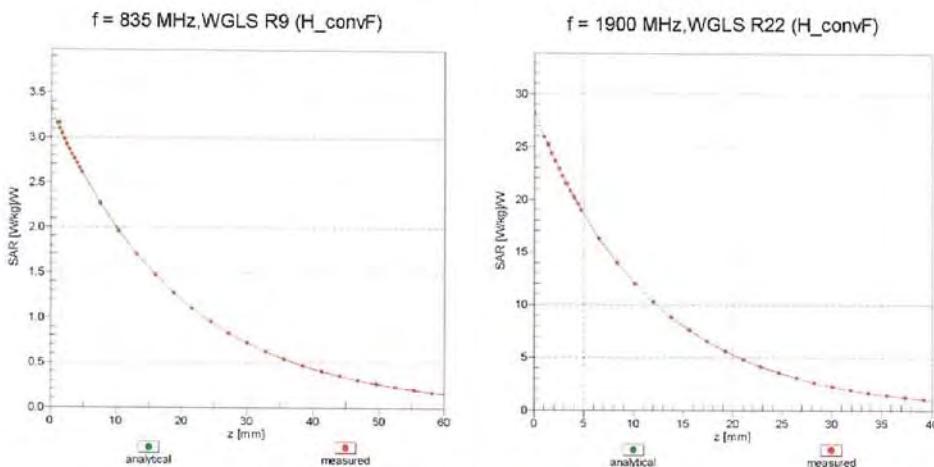
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

### Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

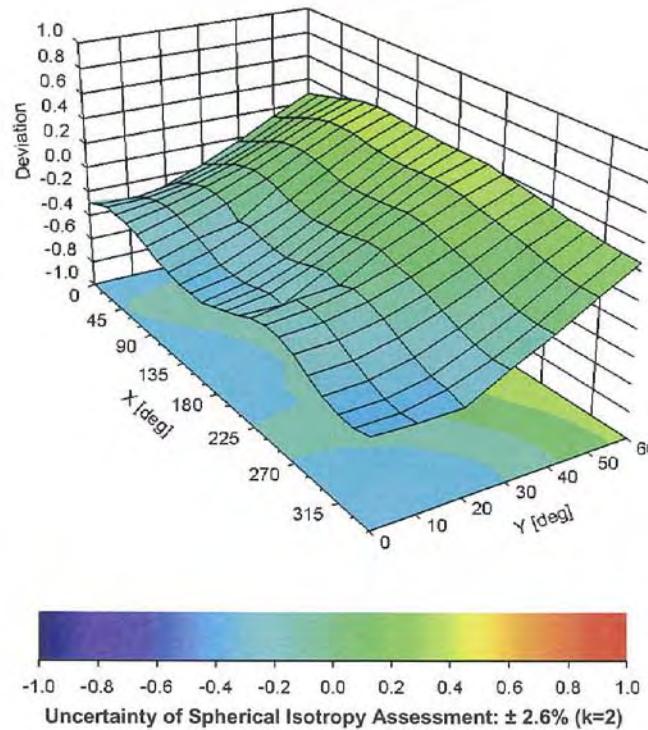


**Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )**

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \theta$ ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$





EX3DV3- SN:3519

February 20, 2013

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 - SN:3519

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-93.4
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm



Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
Service suisse d'étalonnage  
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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client ATL (Auden)

Certificate No: DAE4-779\_Feb13

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 779

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v25  
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: February 13, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	02-Oct-12 (No:12728)	Oct-13
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-13 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-14
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-13 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-14

Calibrated by: Name Eric Hainfeld Function Technician Signature

Approved by: Name Fin Bomholt Function Deputy Technical Manager Signature

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Issued: February 13, 2013

Certificate No: DAE4-779\_Feb13

Page 1 of 5



**Calibration Laboratory of**  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
- *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
- *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
- *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
- *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
- *Input Offset Measurement:* Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
- *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
- *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
- *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
- *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.



### DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB =  $6.1\mu V$ , full range =  $-100...+300 mV$

Low Range: 1LSB =  $61nV$ , full range =  $-1.....+3mV$

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	$404.452 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$	$403.694 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$	$403.914 \pm 0.02\% (k=2)$
Low Range	$3.96902 \pm 1.55\% (k=2)$	$3.97887 \pm 1.55\% (k=2)$	$3.99319 \pm 1.55\% (k=2)$

### Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	$156.5^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
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## Appendix

### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199996.96	1.92	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20001.89	1.69	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-19996.92	3.97	-0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	199996.16	1.24	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	19999.20	-0.93	-0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20000.26	0.76	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199997.40	2.46	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20001.63	1.50	0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-19998.30	2.69	-0.01

Low Range		Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Difference ( $\mu$ V)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2001.21	0.58	0.03
Channel X	+ Input	201.35	0.31	0.15
Channel X	- Input	-198.61	0.26	-0.13
Channel Y	+ Input	2000.66	0.18	0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200.39	-0.58	-0.29
Channel Y	- Input	-199.01	0.03	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	2000.62	0.22	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200.34	-0.52	-0.26
Channel Z	- Input	-199.81	-0.83	0.42

### 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)	Low Range Average Reading ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	-2.78	-4.73
	-200	5.70	4.22
Channel Y	200	14.58	13.79
	-200	-15.41	-15.51
Channel Z	200	2.91	3.09
	-200	-4.86	-4.74

### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Y ( $\mu$ V)	Channel Z ( $\mu$ V)
Channel X	200	-	-2.01	-3.72
Channel Y	200	10.67	-	-0.58
Channel Z	200	7.80	8.55	-



#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15602	13837
Channel Y	15845	15843
Channel Z	16202	15651

#### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input  $10M\Omega$

	Average ( $\mu V$ )	min. Offset ( $\mu V$ )	max. Offset ( $\mu V$ )	Std. Deviation ( $\mu V$ )
Channel X	0.26	-0.87	2.39	0.52
Channel Y	-0.70	-2.45	1.01	0.66
Channel Z	-0.84	-1.90	0.45	0.44

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

#### 7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

#### 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

#### 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9