# FCC CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT

prepared for

## **Codan Proprietary Ltd.** PO Box 96 Campbelltown, South Australia 5074 Australia

## FCC ID: DYYNGT-1

December 18, 2000

WLL PROJECT #: 5337H

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#### STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

for

Chad M. Beattie

Washington Laboratories, Ltd.

I am a NARTE-Accredited EMC Test Laboratory Engineer with an Associates in Electronic Systems Technology. I have nine years of electronics experience, the last five years being directly involved in EMI testing. I am qualified to perform EMC testing to the methods described in this test report. The measurements taken within this report are accurate within my ability to perform the tests and within the tolerance of the measuring instrumentation.

By: Chad M. Beattie

Compliance Engineer

Date: MAY 15, 2000

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### FCC CERTIFICATION REPORT

for

### **Codan Proprietary Ltd.**

### **1.0 Introduction**

This report has been prepared on behalf of Codan Proprietary Ltd. in support of their application for FCC Certification under Part 90 of the FCC Rules and Regulations.

The Equipment Under Test was the NGT Transceiver (HF Transceiver)

All measurements were performed at Washington Laboratories, Ltd. test center in Gaithersburg, MD. Site description and site attenuation data have been placed on file with the FCC's Sampling and Measurements Branch at the FCC laboratory in Columbia, MD. Washington Laboratories has been accepted by the FCC and approved by NIST NVLAP (NVLAP Lab Code 200066-0) as an independent FCC test laboratory.

Measurements were made on the Equipment Under Test in accordance with FCC Rule Part 2, specifically the requirements stipulated in:

2.1046 RF Power Output
2.1047 Modulation Characteristics
2.1049 Occupied Bandwidth
2.1051 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals
2.1053 Field Strength of Spurious Radiation
2.1055 Frequency Stability

All results reported herein relate only to the item tested. This report shall not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government. The measurement uncertainty of the data contained herein is  $\pm 2.3$  dB. Refer to Appendix D for Statement of Measurement Uncertainty.

#### 1.1 Summary

The Codan Proprietary Ltd. NGT Transceiver complies with the technical requirements of Part 90 of the FCC Rules and Regulations.

## 2.0 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

The Codan NGT Transceiver is a SSB transceiver that can be installed in a vehicle or used as a base station. The NGT system is comprised of a 2020 Handset, 2030 Junction Box and the 2101 RF Unit. The handset is a hand-held device with a microphone, press-to-talk (PTT) button, display and keypad. Two models of the NGT 2010 are available. The models are identical, having the same hardware. The only difference between the two is software features. The VR only has 15 channels and ALE is not available. The Junction Box is a unit to which the handset, RF unit, speaker and related items are connected. The units are connected together via the use of the Codan Interconnect Bus (CIB). The following are the specifications of the unit.

Frequency Range:	1.6 MHz to 30 MHz.
Modulation:	SSB (J3E), H3E and J2B
Type of information:	Voice, ALE, selcall
Number of Channels:	1000 (SR), 15 (VR)
Maximum Output Power:	100 Watts PEP

## **3.0 Test Configuration**

During testing, the EUT was configured with a 2020 handset and speaker connected to the 2030 junction box which was connected to the NGT RF unit. The transmitter was tested at 1.6 MHz (low channel), 15.6 MHz (mid channel), and 29.9 MHz (high channel).

#### I/O Ports

I/O Cables

2-pin DC input cable adapter	>1m unshielded, DC power source to EUT
6-pin DIN	6 inch shielded, not used.
8-pin DIN	>1 m shielded, Transceiver to junction box
F-type RF output	>1 m coaxial, Transceiver to load (RF)

#### 3.1 RF Output Power (FCC Rule Part 2.1046)

The output from the transmitter was connected to a 50dB attenuator and then to the input of a HP 8564E RF Spectrum Analyzer. The analyzer offset was adjusted to compensate for the 50dB attenuator. Two tones (500Hz and 2400Hz) with equal audio levels were provided and adjusted to produce the full PEP. The RF output power across a 50 ohm load termination was measured directly by the analyzer.

RESULTS:	The measured RF output power at 1.61MHz was 50.2 dBm, or 104.7 W PEP.
RESULTS:	The measured RF output power at 15.6MHz was 50.1 dBm, or 102.3 W PEP.
RESULTS:	The measured RF output power at 29.91MHz was 50.3 dBm, or 107.2 W PEP.

#### 3.2 Modulation Characteristics (FCC Rule Part 2.1047)

A curve of the transmit audio frequency response from 0Hz to 5000Hz is included as Plot #1 in Appendix A. This data was obtained at the audio output test point located on the Audio Interface Board at TXAUD102. The Single Sideband filter frequency response is included as Plot #2 in Appendix A. A curve is also included which shows the RF power output limiting over the modulation input voltage. This is included as Plot #3 in Appendix A. This testing was performed while in the 15.6MHz (Mid) channel.

#### 3.3 Occupied Bandwidth (FCC Rule Part 2.1049)

The occupied bandwidth was measured by supplying the EUT with two audio tones (400Hz and 1800Hz). The occupied bandwidth of the transceiver was measured at 1.61MHz (Low), 15.6MHz (Mid) and 29.9MHz (High) channels. The RF output of the EUT was connected to the Hewlett Packard Spectrum Analyzer (M/N: HP 8564E) via a 50dB attenuator. The spectrum analyzer measurement resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth were set to 100 Hz.

Results of the bandwidth testing are displayed in Appendix B for each channel.

#### 3.4 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals (FCC Rule Part 2.1051)

Spurious emissions were measured by connecting the antenna terminals to the input of an HP 8564E spectrum analyzer via a 50dB attenuator. The unit was supplied with two audio tones (400Hz and 1800Hz). Per Section 90.210(a) of the FCC Rules, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the unmodulated carrier power by the following:

1) On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 50%, but not more than 150% of the authorized bandwidth: at least 25 dB.

2) On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 150%, but not more than 250% of the authorized bandwidth: At least 35 dB

3) On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250% of the authorized bandwidth: At least  $43 + 10 \log P dB$ .

For the EUT:

43 + 10 Log (100) W = 63 dB

The emissions were checked up to the tenth harmonic of the carrier frequency. Appendix C shows plots of the spurious emissions up to the  $10^{th}$  harmonic.

<u>RESULTS:</u> The EUT complies with the emission mask requirements of Section 90.210(a) of the FCC Rules for the three channels tested. Plots in Appendix C depict the emission mask, unmodulated signal power, and spurious emission level.

#### 3.5 Radiated Emissions Testing (FCC Rule Part 2.1053)

The EUT was placed on an 80 cm high, 1 X 1.5 meters non-conductive motorized turntable for radiated testing on a 3 meter open field test site. The emissions from the EUT were measured continuously at every azimuth by rotating the turntable. Broadband and Loop antennas were mounted on an antenna mast to determine the height of maximum emissions. The height of the antenna was varied between 1 and 4 meters. The loop antenna was rotated about its' horizontal and vertical axis to maximize the emissions. Horizontal and vertical field components were measured.

The output from the antenna was connected, via a preselector or preamplifier, to the input of the spectrum analyzer. The detector function was set to peak. For emissions above 30MHz, the measurement bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer system was set to at least 120 kHz, with all post-detector filtering no less than 10 times the measurement bandwidth. For emissions below 30 MHz, the measurement bandwidth on the spectrum analyzer system was set to at least 9 kHz, with all post-detector filtering no less than 10 times the measurement bandwidth.

#### 3.5.1 Radiated Data Reduction and Reporting

To convert the raw spectrum analyzer radiated data into a form that can be compared with the FCC limit, it is necessary to account for various calibration factors that are supplied with the antennas and other measurement accessories. These factors are grouped into a composite antenna factor (AFc) and are supplied in the AFc column of Table 1. The AFc in dB/m is algebraically added to the Spectrum Analyzer Voltage in dB $\mu$ V to obtain the Radiated Electric Field in dB $\mu$ V/m. This level is then compared with the FCC limit.

Example:

Spectrum Analyzer Voltage:	VdBµV
Composite Antenna Factor:	AFcdB/m
Electric Field:	$EdBuV\!/m = VdB\mu V + AFcdB/m$
To convert to linear units: EUV/m=	antilog (EdBuV/m/20)

RESULTS:The EUT complies with the requirements. Data is recorded in Table 1.LIMIT: $84.4 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$  (16595.90 uV/m)

## Table 1: FCC Part 90 10M Radiated Emissions Data

CLIENT:CodanMODEL NO:Transceiver NGT (SSB)DATE:24 Aug 99CLOCK SPEED:29.91 MHz CH.3BY:Chad M. BeattieJOB #:5337H

Frequency	Polarity	Azimuth	Ant	SA Level	AFc	E-Field	Limit	Margin	
			Height	(QP)					
MHz	H/V	Degree	m	dBuV	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
59.81	V	180.0	1.0	45.8	11.0	56.8	84.4	-27.6	
59.81	Н	90.0	4.0	38.3	11.0	49.3	84.4	-35.1	10kHz
89.72	V	135.0	1.0	66.1	11.4	77.5	84.4	-6.9	
89.72	Н	270.0	4.0	50.0	11.4	61.4	84.4	-23.0	
119.63	V	315.0	1.0	54.9	13.2	68.1	84.4	-16.3	
119.63	Н	225.0	4.0	54.7	13.2	67.9	84.4	-16.5	
149.54	V	315.0	1.0	56.8	10.6	67.4	84.4	-17.0	
149.54	Н	90.0	4.0	48.3	10.6	58.9	84.4	-25.5	
179.46	V	90.0	1.0	44.1	12.1	56.2	84.4	-28.2	
179.46	Н	270.0	4.0	52.4	12.1	64.5	84.4	-19.9	
209.36	V	180.0	1.0	48.0	13.7	61.7	84.4	-22.7	
209.36	Н	270.0	4.0	50.3	13.7	64.0	84.4	-20.4	
239.27	V	315.0	1.0	43.9	15.8	59.7	84.4	-24.7	
239.27	Н	270.0	4.0	42.0	15.8	57.8	84.4	-26.6	
269.19	V	45.0	1.0	29.5	15.0	44.5	84.4	-39.9	
269.19	Н	270.0	4.0	35.4	15.0	50.4	84.4	-34.0	
299.10	V	315.0	1.0	39.5	16.4	55.9	84.4	-28.5	
299.10	Н	225.0	4.0	41.5	16.4	57.9	84.4	-26.5	

# Table 1 (Cont'd.): FCC Part 90 10M Radiated Emissions Data

Codan
Transceiver NGT (SSB)
24 Aug 99
15.6 MHz CH.2
Chad M. Beattie
5337H

Frequency	Polarity	Azimuth	Antenna	SA Level	AFc	E-Field	Limit	Margin
			Height	(QP)				
MHz	H/V	Degree	m	dBuV	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
31.20	V	0.0	1.0	14.0	16.5	30.5	84.4	-53.9
31.20	Н	90.0	4.0	12.7	16.5	29.2	84.4	-55.2
46.80	V	90.0	1.0	36.0	15.9	51.9	84.4	-32.5
46.80	Н	0.0	4.0	33.2	15.9	49.1	84.4	-35.3
62.40	V	45.0	1.0	41.2	9.9	51.1	84.4	-33.3
62.40	Н	90.0	4.0	35.4	9.9	45.3	84.4	-39.1
78.00	V	90.0	1.0	61.1	9.6	70.7	84.4	-13.7
78.00	Н	180.0	4.0	52.2	9.6	61.8	84.4	-22.6
93.60	V	180.0	1.0	39.8	12.0	51.8	84.4	-32.6
93.60	Н	225.0	4.0	27.8	12.0	39.8	84.4	-44.6
109.20	V	90.0	1.0	51.2	13.1	64.3	84.4	-20.1
109.20	Н	225.0	4.0	46.3	13.1	59.4	84.4	-25.0
124.80	V	0.0	1.0	39.6	12.7	52.3	84.4	-32.1
124.80	Н	90.0	4.0	39.7	12.7	52.4	84.4	-32.0
140.40	V	270.0	1.0	42.9	11.4	54.3	84.4	-30.1
140.40	Н	45.0	4.0	38.8	11.4	50.2	84.4	-34.2
156.00	V	270.0	1.0	40.4	10.9	51.3	84.4	-33.1
156.00	Н	90.0	4.0	34.8	10.9	45.7	84.4	-38.7

## Table 1 (Cont'd.): FCC Part 90 10M Radiated Emissions Data

CLIENT:CodanMODEL NO:Transceiver NGT (SSB)DATE:24 Aug 99CLK SPEED(S):1.61 MHz CH.1BY:Chad M. BeattieJOB #:5337H

Frequency	Polarity	Azimuth	Antenna	SA Level	AFc	E-Field	Limit	Margin
			Height	(QP)				
MHz	H/V	Degree	m	dBuV	dB/m	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
3.23	v	270.0	1.0	28.4	12.3	40.7	84.4	-43.7
4.84	V	270.0	1.0	46.3	12.3	58.6	84.4	-25.8
6.45	V	270.0	1.0	20.0	12.2	32.2	84.4	-52.2
8.06	V	270.0	1.0	41.1	12.1	53.2	84.4	-31.2
11.28	V	270.0	1.0	4.0	10.6	14.6	84.4	-69.8
12.89	V	180.0	1.0	10.0	9.8	19.8	84.4	-64.6
14.50	V	180.0	1.0	4.5	9.9	14.4	84.4	-70.0
16.11	Н	180.0	1.0	5.6	10.0	15.6	84.4	-68.8

#### 3.6 Frequency Stability (FCC Rule Part 2.1055)

The requirements of Part 90 of the FCC Rules and Regulations call for the carrier frequency to be stable under different power supply voltages and over a wide temperature extreme.

The EUT is powered by DC voltage supplied externally. The manufacturers power requirements for the EUT include the following:

Low DC Voltage of 9 VDC (manufacturer's specification) High DC Voltage of 16 VDC (manufacturer's specifications)

The frequency stability of the transmitter was examined at the voltage extremes and for the temperature range of  $-30^{\circ}$ C to  $+50^{\circ}$ C. The carrier frequency was measured with the Racal-Dana Model 1992 Frequency Counter while the EUT was in the temperature chamber. The reference frequency of the EUT was measured at the ambient room temperature with the frequency counter. The following are the reference frequencies at ambient for the Low, Middle, and High channels.

Low Channel:	1.6118060 MHz
Mid Channel:	15.601799 MHz
High Channel:	29.911794 MHz

The limit is 50Hz for channels below 25 MHz and 20 ppm for channels 25 MHz and up.

Limit =  $(29.911794 \times 10^{6} \text{ Hz}) \times (20 \times 10^{-6}) = 598.23 \text{ Hz}$  (High Channel)

#### 3.6.1 Frequency Stability for Voltage Variation

The carrier was measured while the transmitter was powered by 11.56 VDC and then 15.64 VDC. The baseline measurement was made while being powered at 13.6 VDC. The unit was allowed to stabilize before the carrier frequency was taken.

The results are as follows:

Channel	Voltage	Frequency	Deviation	Limit
	(Volts DC)	(MHz)	(Hz)	(Hz)
Low Channel	13.60	1.60999900	0.00	25.0
	11.56	1.60999900	0.00	25.0
	15.64	1.60999910	0.10	25.0
Mid Channel	13.60	15.59999360	0.00	25.0
	11.56	15.59999390	0.30	25.0
	15.64	15.59999460	1.00	25.0
High Channel	13.60	29.90998620	0.00	598.2
	11.56	29.90998580	-0.40	598.2
	15.64	29.90998480	-1.40	598.2

#### 3.6.2 Frequency Stability for Temperature Variation

The carrier frequency was measured at 10 degree intervals as the temperature was increased from  $-30^{\circ}$ C to  $+50^{\circ}$ C over the course of 8 hours. The unit was brought to temperature and allowed to stabilize before the carrier frequency was taken.

The results are as follows:

Temperature	Frequency	Deviation	Limit (Hz)
(Celsius)	(MHz)	(Hz)	
Low Channel			
-30	1.60999850	0.00	50.0
-20	1.60999840	-0.10	50.0
-10	1.60999860	0.10	50.0
0	1.60999850	0.00	50.0
10	1.60999840	-0.10	50.0
20	1.60999850	0.00	50.0
30	1.60999870	0.20	50.0
40	1.60999970	1.20	50.0
50	1.61000050	2.00	50.0
Temperature	Frequency	Deviation	Limit (Hz)
(Celsius)	(MHz)	(Hz)	
Mid Channel			

15.59998600

15.59998500

15.59998700

15.59998500

15.59998500

15.59998600

15.59998900

15.59999500

15.59999700

0.00

-1.00

1.00

-1.00

-1.00

0.00

3.00

9.00

11.00

50.0

50.0

50.0

50.0

50.0

50.0

50.0

50.0

50.0

-30

-20

-10

0

10

20

30

40

50

Temperature	Frequency	Deviation	Limit (Hz)
(Celsius)	(MHz)	(Hz)	20ppm
High Channel			
-30	29.909974	1.0	598.20
-20	29.909971	-2.0	598.20
-10	29.909975	2.0	598.20
0	29.909972	-1.0	598.20
10	29.909970	-3.0	598.20
20	29.909973	0.0	598.20
30	29.909980	7.0	598.20
40	29.909995	22.0	598.20
50	29.909998	25.0	598.20

### **Table 2: Measurement Equipment Used**

The following equipment is used to perform measurements:

Hewlett-Packard Spectrum Analyzer: HP8564E Hewlett-Packard Spectrum Analyzer: HP8568B Hewlett-Packard Spectrum Analyzer: HP8593A Hewlett-Packard Quasi-Peak Adapter: HP85650A Hewlett-Packard Preselector: HP85685A Hewlett-Packard Preselector: HP85685A Hewlett-Packard Preamplifier: HP8449B Antenna Research Associates, Inc. Biconical Log Periodic Antenna: LPB-2520A (Site 2) EMCO Loop Antenna: Model 6502 Solar 50  $\Omega$ /50  $\mu$ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network: 8012-50-R-24-BNC Solar 50  $\Omega$ /50  $\mu$ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network: 8028-50-TS-24-BNC AH Systems, Inc. Portable Antenna Mast: AMS-4 (Site 2) AH Systems, Inc. Motorized Turntable (Site 2) RG-214 semi-rigid coaxial cable RG-223 double-shielded coaxial cable

# APPENDIX A

# MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS



Codan PTY Ltd. FCC ID: DYYNGT-1 WLL Project No.: 5737X 13





Codan PTY Ltd. FCC ID: DYYNGT-1 WLL Project No.: 5737X 15

# **APPENDIX B**

## **BANDWIDTH PLOTS**



Codan PTY Ltd. FCC ID: DYYNGT-1 WLL Project No.: 5737X 17





Codan PTY Ltd. FCC ID: DYYNGT-1 WLL Project No.: 5737X 19

# APPENDIX C

# PLOTS OF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL













### **APPENDIX D**

### STATEMENT OF MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

For the purposes of the measurements performed by Washington Laboratories, the measurement uncertainty is  $\pm 2.3$  dB. This has been calculated for a *worst-case situation* (radiated emissions measurements performed on an open area test site).

The following measurement uncertainty calculation is provided:

Total Uncertainty =  $(A^2 + B^2 + C^2)^{1/2}/(n-1)$ 

where:

 $\begin{array}{l} A = Antenna \ calibration \ uncertainty, \ in \ dB = 2 \ dB \\ B = Spectrum \ Analyzer \ uncertainty, \ in \ dB = 1 \ dB \\ C = Site \ uncertainty, \ in \ dB = 4 \ dB \end{array}$ 

n = number of factors in uncertainty calculation = 3

Thus, Total Uncertainty =  $0.5 (2^2 + 1^2 + 4^2)^{1/2} = \pm 2.3 \text{ dB}.$