Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR



210 Cougar Court Hillsborough, NJ 08844 Tel: (908) 927 9288 Fax: (908) 927 0728

# FCC CFR47 PART 15 SUBPART C & IC RSS-247 **TEST REPORT**

For

# **SOMFY SYSTEMS INC.**

Ysia VAR\_5C HP Zigbee & Ysia VAR\_1C HP Zigbee

Model Number: 5171079 & 5171078

**FCC ID: DWNVAR** IC: 12049A-VAR

Report Number: 0048-221121-01

Prepared for

SOMFY SYSTEMS INC. 121 Herrod Blvd. Dayton, NJ 08810 USA

Prepared by

Advanced Compliance Laboratory, Inc. 210 Cougar Court Hillsborough, NJ 08844 Tel: (908) 927 9288

Fax: (908) 927 0728

Date: 04/30/2024

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Report No: 0048-0415-01 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION	3
2. EUT DESCRIPTION	
3. TEST METHODOLOGY	
4. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION	5
5. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY	
5.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	
5.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	
5.3. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT	8
6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST	9
7. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND TEST RESULTS	10
7.1 6dB &99% BANDWIDTH	10
7.2 PEAK OUTPUT POWER	14
7.3 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE	19
7.4 AVERAGE OUTPUT POWER	24
7.5 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	
7.6 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	29
7.7 RADIATED EMISSIONS	
7.7.1. TRANSMITTER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	
7.7.2. TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS DATA	36
7.8 CONDUCTED EMISSION	
7.9 EUT RECEIVING MODE VERIFICATION	
8. SETUP PHOTOS	
0 APPENDIY	53

Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

# 1. TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

COMPANY NAME: SOMFY SYSTEMS INC.

**EUT DESCRIPTION:** Ysia VAR\_5C HP Zigbee & Ysia VAR\_1C HP Zigbee

**MODEL:** 5171079 & 5171078

**DATE TESTED:** 04/15/2024 to 04/30/2024

#### APPLICABLE STANDARDS

**STANDARD** TEST RESULTS

FCC Part 15.247 & IC RSS-247:Issue 3 & RSS-Gen Issue 5 NO NON-COMPLIANCE NOTED

#### **Test Summary**

Testing Items Per FCC Part 2/ Part 15.247 & IC RSS-247 /RSS-Gen Standard Requirements for DTS Modulation	Section	Limit	Result
DTS Bandwidth	15.247(a) (2) RSS-247, 5.2(a)	>=500KHz	Complies
Peak Power Limit	15.247(b) (3) RSS-247, 5.4(d)	Conducted: 1W (30dBm) e.i.r.p. 4W(36dBm)	Complies
Peak Power Spectral Density	15.247(e) RSS-247, 5.2(b)	8dBm/3KHz	Complies
Emissions ( Conducted)	15.247(d) RSS-247, 5.5	-20dB/-30dB	Complies*
Spurious ( Radiated)	15.205(a) RSS-247, 5.5	15.209/RSS-Gen	Complies
RF Safety*	1.1310/RSS-102	1.0/5.0 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	Complies**

NOTE: \*For mobile or fixed location transmitters, the minimum separation distance is 20 cm, even if calculations indicate that the MPE distance would be less.

Advanced Compliance Laboratory, Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

Note: This document reports conditions under which testing was conducted and results of tests performed. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by Advanced Compliance Laboratory, Inc. (ACL) and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by ACL, Advanced Compliance Laboratory, Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document.

Approved & Released For ACL By:

Tested By:

Wei Li

David Tu

Manager

EMC Engineer

Report No: 0048-0415-01

Advanced Compliance Laboratory, Inc.

# 2. EUT DESCRIPTION

The EUT for this certification is a low power transmitter, using digital modulation & operating in the 2400 MHz band.

The transmitter has a maximum peak conducted output power as follows:

#### **ZIGBEE Mode:**

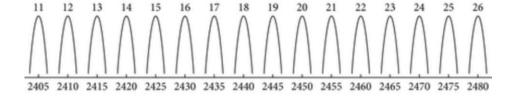
Frequency /Range (MHz)	Rated Power Selection (dBm/W)	Tested Peak Power at Antenna Input (dBm/W)	Tested EIRP (dBm/W)
2405-2480	18dBm/0.063W with 0,-2dB Tolerance	11.88dBm/ 0.015W	17.68dBm/ 0.059W

Frequency band: 2.400 to 2.4835 GHz

Channel spacing: 5 MHz 16 channels are available Modulation: OQPSK

Coding: DSSS

PCB antenna gain: +5.8dBi



# 3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2014/C63.10-2013, FCC CFR 47 Part 2 & 15 & IC RSS-247:Issue 2& RSS-Gen Issue 5. Test procedure described in FCC "KDB 558074 D01 DTS Measurement Guidance" is used in this report.

# 4. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites / measurement facilities for Advanced Compliance Laboratory, Inc.(ACL) to collect data are located at 210 Cougar Court, Hillsborough, New Jersey, USA. The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4, ANSI C63.7 and CISPR Publication 22. All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods".

Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

This site is accepted by FCC to perform measurements under Part 15 or 18 (MRA#US3288) and also designated by IC as "site IC 3130A". ACL is recognized by ISED as a wirless testing laboratory (CAB ID: US0100). The ANAB Lab code for accreditation of FCC EMC Test Method is AT-3288. The full accreditation can be viewed at http://www.ac-lab.com.



No part of this report may be used to claim or imply product endorsement by any agency of the US Government.

EUT: **Ysia VAR\_5C HP Zigbee & Ysia VAR\_1C HP Zigbee** Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

# 5. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

#### 5.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

# 5.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The estimated uncertainty of the test result is given as following. The method of uncertainty calculation is provided in Advanced Compliance Lab. Doc. No. 0048-01-01.

	Prob. Dist.	Uncertainty(dB)	Uncertainty(dB)	Uncertainty(dB)
		30-1000MHz	1-6.5GHz	Conducted
Combined Std. Uncertainty $u_c$	norm.	±2.36	±2.99	±1.83

Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

Report No: 0048-0415-01

# 5.3. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Description	Last Cal	Cal Due Mm/dd/
				mm/dd/	уy
				yy	
Agilent	E4440A	US40420700	3Hz-26.5GHz Spec. Analyzer	17/06/22	17/06/24
R &S	ESPI	100018	9KHz-7GHz EMI Receiver	15/01/23	15/01/25
HP	HP8546A	3448A00290	9kHz to 6.5GHz EMI Receiver	25/09/22	25/09/24
EMCO	3104C	9307-4396	20-300MHz Biconical Antenna	12/11/22	12/11/24
EMCO	3146	9008-2860	200-1000MHz Log-Periodic Antenna	13/11/22	13/11/24
Electro-Meterics	ALR-25M/30	289	10KHz-30MHz Active Loop Antenna	28/05/22	28/05/24
EMCO	3115	4945	Double Ridge Guide Horn Antenna	28/11/22	28/11/24
R&S	SMH	8942280/010	Signal Generator	15/01/23	15/01/25
RES-NET	RFA500NFF 30	0108	30dB in-line Power Attenuator	15/01/21	15/01/25

All Test Equipment Used is Calibrated, Traceable to NIST Standards.

EUT: **Ysia VAR\_5C HP Zigbee & Ysia VAR\_1C HP Zigbee** Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

# 6. SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

#### **SUPPORT EQUIPMENT**

None.

#### **TEST SETUP**

Testing Frequency/Channel/Port Selection: Zigbee Mode

- Selected Channel Frequency = 2405MHz, 2440 MHz, 2480MHz
- For intentional radiator measurements, 2405/2440/2480 MHz transmitter was configured to transmit continuously. The EUT was powered by 3V Battery or external DC source.

**Engineering Justification: N/A** 

# 7. APPLICABLE LIMITS AND TEST RESULTS

# 7.1 6dB &99% BANDWIDTH

#### LIMIT

§15.247 (a) (2) & RSS-247 Sec.5.1(1): Min. 6dB DTS bandwidth should be no less than 500KHz.

# TEST PROCEDURE per FCC KDB 558074D01v05r02

Measurement Procedure for Emission Bandwidth (DTS	Applicable to this EUT
Bandwidth)	
8.2 DTS BW Measurement Procedure per Subclause 11.8 of	$\boxtimes$
ANSI C63.10	

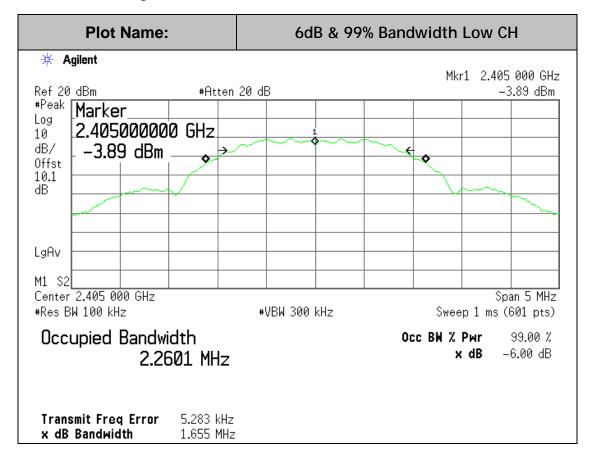
#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (KHz)	99% Bandwidth (KHz)
L	2405	1655	2260.1
M	2440	1645	2259.6
Н	2480	1649	2273.0

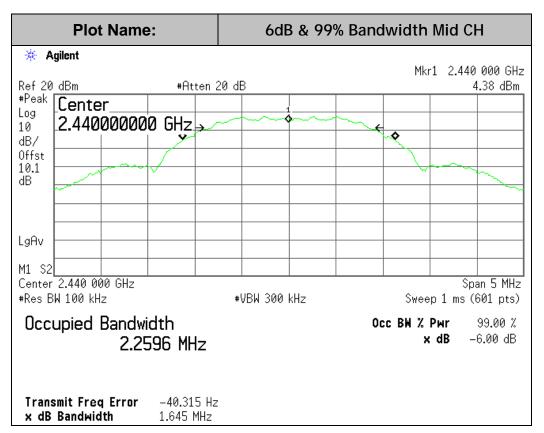
Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

#### 6dB & 99% BANDWIDTH\_Zigbee Mode



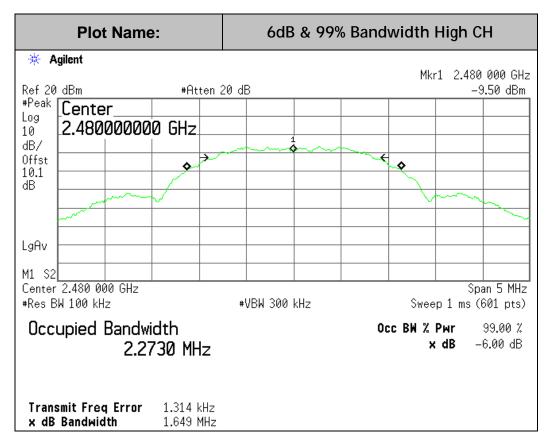
Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

# 6dB & 99% BANDWIDTH\_Zigbee Mode



Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

# 6dB & 99% BANDWIDTH\_Zigbee Mode



Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

## 7.2 PEAK OUTPUT POWER

#### **PEAK POWER LIMIT**

§15.247 (b)(3) & RSS-247 Sec. 5.4(4)

The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following: For systems using digital modulation in the 900 MHz band: 1 Watt.

The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi.

b(4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Therefore, the applicable output power limit shall be calculated as follows:

Pout = 30 -(Gtx-6) for antenna gain ≤6dBi or

Pout = 30 - Floor[(Gtx-6)/3]

 $G_{Tx}$  = the maximum transmitting antenna directional gain in dBi.

# TEST PROCEDURE per FCC KDB 558074D01v05r02

Measurement Procedure for Fundamental Emission Output	Applicable to this EUT
Power*	
8.3.1.1 Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power Level	<b>⊠</b> preferred
Measurement Procedure Option 1 (RBW≥DTS BW):	<b>.</b>
Per Subclause 11.9.1.1 of ANSI C63.10	
8.3.1.2 Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power Level	
Measurement Procedure Option 2 (RBW <dts bw)<="" td=""><td></td></dts>	
Integrated band power method: Prefer to use integrated average	
power measurement, as described in 8.3.2	
8.3.1.3 Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power Level	
Measurement Procedure Option 3:	
PKPM1 Peak-reading power meter method per Subclause	
11.9.1.3 of ANSI C63.10	

<sup>\*</sup> For measuring output power of a device transmitting a wide-band noise-like signal (i.e., digitally-modulated) where the peak power amplitude is a statistical parameter, the preferred methodology is to use integrated average power measurements, as described in 11.9.2 and 11.13.3 of ANSI C63.10.

If a radiated test configuration is used, then the measured power or field strength levels shall be converted to equivalent conducted power levels for comparison to the applicable output power limit. This may be accomplished by first measuring the radiated field strength or power levels using a methodology for maximum peak conducted power or maximum conducted (average) power as applicable and peak or average power spectral density as applicable. The radiated field strength or power level can then be converted to EIRP (see ANSI C63.10 for guidance). Therefore, the applicable output power limit shall be calculated as follows: calculated as follows:

EIRP (dBm) = E (dBuV/m) – 95.2

No non-compliance noted.

Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

# **OUTPUT PEAK POWER**

Summary of Peak Power Testing Data:

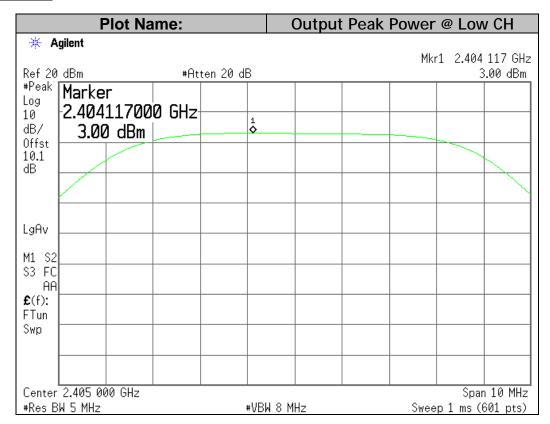
Zigbee Mode

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	SA Peak Power (dBm)	Peak Power at Module Output* (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low	2405	3.0	3.5	30	-26.50
Middle	2440	11.38	11.88	30	-18.12
High	2480	-2.44	-1.94	30	-31.94

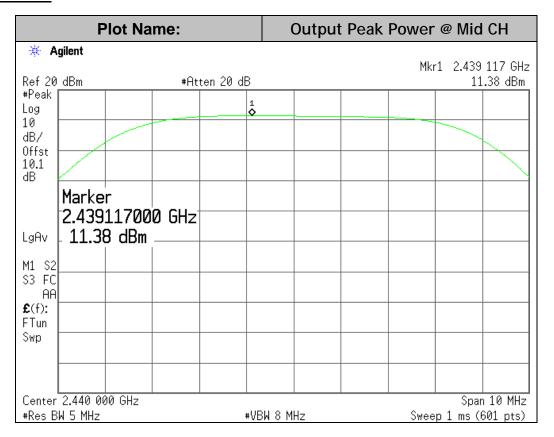
<sup>\*</sup> measurement cable connection with max. 0.5dB loss

Max. EIRP= 11.88+5.8=17.68dBm, 0.059mW.

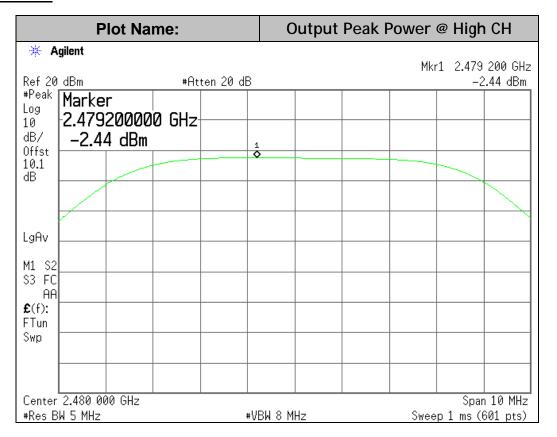
Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR



Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR



Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR



Report No: 0048-0415-01 FCC ID: DWNVAR Model: 5171079 & 5171078 IC: 12049A-VAR

# 7.3 MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE

#### LIMITS for FCC RF Exposure Evaluation

§1.1310 The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radio-frequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
its for Occupational	/Controlled Exposur	es	
614 1842/f	1.63 4.89/f	*(100) *(900/f²)	6
61.4	0.163	1.0 f/300	6
		5	6
for General Populati	on/Uncontrolled Exp	osure	
614	1.63	*(100)	30 30
	strength (V/m) hits for Occupational 614 1842/f 61.4 for General Populati 614	strength (V/m) strength (A/m)  iits for Occupational/Controlled Exposur  614 1.63 1842/f 4.89/f 61.4 0.163  for General Population/Uncontrolled Exp	Strength (V/m)   Strength (A/m)   Power density (mW/cm²)

TABLE 1—LIMITS FOR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)—Continued

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			f/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density
NOTE 1 TO TABLE 1: Occupational/controlled limits apply in situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment provided those persons are fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. Limits for occupational/controlled exposure also apply in situations when an individual is transient through a location where occupational/controlled limits apply provided he or she is made aware of the potential for exposure.

NOTE 2 TO TABLE 1: General population/uncontrolled exposures apply in situations in which the general public may be exposed, or in which persons that are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be fully aware of the potential for exposure or can not exercise control over their exposure.

#### LIMITS for FCC SAR Evaluation

#### KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01, section 2.1.3 SAR-Based Exemption:

"A more comprehensive exemption, considering a variable power threshold that depends on both the separation distance and power, is provided in § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(B). This exemption is applicable to the frequency range between 300 MHz and 6 GHz, with test separation distances between 0.5 cm and 40 cm, and for all RF sources in fixed, mobile, and portable device exposure conditions."

For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and test separation distances ≤ 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, and  $\leq$  7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,

where f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

Report No: 0048-0415-01

FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06, section 4.3.1 & Appendix A provides the SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds (ERP/Condcuted) to verify that the device is exempt from 1-g extremity SAR at different separation distances.

Details in calculation formula for reference, given in § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(B) to calculate the exemption:

$$P_{th} \; (\text{mW}) = \begin{cases} ERP_{20\;cm} (d/20\,\text{cm})^x & d \leq 20\,\text{cm} \\ ERP_{20\;cm} & 20\,\text{cm} < d \leq 40\,\text{cm} \end{cases}$$
 Where 
$$x = -\log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20\;cm}\sqrt{f}}\right) \; \text{and} \; f \text{ is in GHz};$$
 and 
$$ERP_{20\;cm} \; (\text{mW}) = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3\,\text{GHz} \leq f < 1.5\,\text{GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5\,\text{GHz} \leq f \leq 6\,\text{GHz} \end{cases}$$
 
$$d = \text{the separation distance (cm)};$$

Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

Report No: 0048-0415-01

#### LIMITS per ISED RSS-102, Section 2.5 & Table 1

#### Per 2.5.1 Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation — SAR Evaluation

Table 1: SAR evaluation - Exemption limits for routine evaluation based on frequency and separation distance

Frequency	Exemption Limits (mW)					
(MHz)	At separation distance of ≤5 mm	At separation distance of 10 mm	At separation distance of 15 mm	At separation distance of 20 mm	At separation distance of 25 mm	
≤300	71 mW	101 mW	132 mW	162 mW	193 mW	
450	52 mW	70 mW	88 mW	106 mW	123 mW	
835	17 mW	30 mW	42 mW	55 mW	67 mW	
1900	7 mW	10 mW	18 mW	34 mW	60 mW	
2450	4 mW	$7  \mathrm{mW}$	15 mW	30 mW	52 mW	
3500	2 mW	6 mW	16 mW	32 mW	55 mW	
5800	1 mW	6 mW	15 mW	27 mW	41 mW	

Frequency	Exemption Limits (mW)							
(MHz)	At separation distance of							
	30 mm	35 mm	40 mm	45 mm	≥50 mm			
≤300	223 mW	254 mW	284 mW	315 mW	345 mW			
450	141 mW	159 mW	177 mW	195 mW	213 mW			
835	80 mW	92 mW	105 mW	117 mW	130 mW			
1900	99 mW	153 mW	225 mW	316 mW	431 mW			
2450	83 mW	123 mW	173 mW	235 mW	309 mW			
3500	86 mW	124 mW	170 mW	225 mW	290 mW			
5800	56 mW	71 mW	85 mW	97 mW	106 mW			

For limb-worn devices where the 10 gram value applies, the exemption limits for routine evaluation in Table 1 are multiplied by a factor of 2.5.

Example: Exclusion Thresholds to verify that the device is exempt from 1-g SAR at separation distance of  $\leq$ 5 mm: For 900MHz Tx: 16mW (12dBm); For 2450MHz Tx: 4mW (6dBm).

#### Per 2.5.2 Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation – RF Exposure Evaluation

RF exposure evaluation is required if the separation distance between the user and/or bystander and the device's radiating element is greater than 20 cm, except when the device operates as follows:

- below 20 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance);
- at or above 20 MHz and below 48 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 4.49/f<sup>0.5</sup> W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz;
  at or above 48 MHz and below 300 MHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the
- device is equal to or less than 0.6 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance); at or above 300 MHz and below 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 1.31 x  $10^{-2} f^{0.6834}$  W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance), where f is in MHz; • at or above 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance).

In these cases, the information contained in the RF exposure technical brief may be limited to information that demonstrates how the e.i.r.p. was derived.

## Summary

For FCC and IC, that max. declared power level can be modified by any duty cycle over the time averaging period. Time-averaging period is a time period not to exceed 30 minutes for fixed RF sources or a time period inherent from device transmission characteristics not to exceed 30 minutes for mobile and portable RF sources.

For rf exposure, the averaging period is 6 minutes for ISED Canada and for FCC it varies by frequency but 1~60 second for RF exposure or the period specified by product design spec. for RF exposure can be used.

So the power value for RF exposure= Declared power x Duty Cycle factor

#### **CALCULATIONS for MPE distance and Power Density**

Given

$$E = \sqrt{(30 * P * G)} / d$$

and

$$S = E ^2 / 3770$$

where

E = Field Strength in Volts/meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power Density in milliwatts/square centimeter

Combining equations and rearranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$d = \sqrt{(30 * P * G) / (3770 * S)}$$

Changing to units of Power to mW and Distance to cm, using:

$$P(mW) = P(W) / 1000$$
 and

$$d (cm) = 100 * d (m)$$

vields

$$d = 100 * \sqrt{((30 * (P / 1000) * G) / (3770 * S))}$$
  
$$d = 0.282 * \sqrt{(P * G / S)}$$

where

d = distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

 $S = Power Density in mW/cm^2$ 

Substituting the logarithmic form of power and gain using: P

$$(mW) = 10 ^ (P (dBm) / 10)$$
 and  $G (numeric) = 10 ^ (G (dBi) / 10)$ 

yields

$$\begin{array}{ll} d = 0.282 * 10 \land ((P+G) / 20) / \sqrt{S} & Equation \ (1) \\ S = 0.0795 * 10 \land ((P+G)/10) / d^2 & Equation \ (2) \end{array}$$

where

d = MPE distance in cm

P = Power in dBm

G = Antenna Gain in dBi

 $S = Power Density Limit in mW/cm^2$ 

Equation (1) and the measured Output power is used to calculate the MPE distance.

Equation (2) and the measured Output power is used to calculate the Power density.

Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

#### **APPLICABLE LIMITS**

**RF Expoure** for separation >= 20cm

FCC: From §1.1310 Table 1 (B), for Public S = 1.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>; for Professional, S = 5.0 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> With formula of 1.31 x  $10^{-2}$  f 0.6834 W, more restricted EIRP limit value are 1.37W at 902MHz, 2.67W at 2400MHz.

# **SAR Exclusion Thresholds** for separation of >5~40cm:

FCC : Use Formular in FCC § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(B) & KDB 447498 D04. Calculated  $P_{th}$  =10.32mW at 10mm distance for 2.4GHz ISM Band device.

IC: Use RSS-102 Table1

Apply duty cycle factor & 2.5 factor for extremity or limb-worn devices: The power limit is 7x2.5=17.5mW for separation distance of 10 mm in 2.4GHz ISM band.

#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

For Hand-held /limb-worn usage: **SAR Exemption Evaluation Limit** (2.5 factor with 10-g extremity SAR) is 7x2.5=17.5mW for separation distance of 10 mm for 2.4GHz band.

EUT frequency band: 2.405-2.480GHz

Duty Cycle: Based on EUT design document, total duty cycle factor (DCF) is 20.87%.

---For FCC, P<sub>conducted</sub>=15mW. With DCF, it is 3.13mW <10.32mW;

--- For IC, EIRP=59mW. With DCF, it is 12.3mW <17.5mW.

According to the product design, minimum 10mm distance from antenna to user's hand/wrist is also well kept.

Therefore, EUT design & power meets this 10mm minimum separation requirement for SAR test exclusion.

EUT: **Ysia VAR\_5C HP Zigbee & Ysia VAR\_1C HP Zigbee** Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

#### 7.4 AVERAGE OUTPUT POWER

# **AVERAGE POWER LIMIT**

Section 15.247 permits the maximum conducted (average) output power to be measured as an alternative to the maximum peak conducted output power for demonstrating compliance to the limit. When this option is exercised, the measured power is to be referenced to the OBW rather than the DTS bandwidth (see ANSI C63.10 for measurement guidance).

# TEST PROCEDURE per FCC KDB 558074D01v05r02

Measurement Procedure for Fundamental Emission Output	Applicable to this EUT
Power	
8.3.2.2 Maximum Conducted (average) Output Power Level *	
Measurement Procedure Option 1 (Measurement using a	
spectrum analyzer (SA): per Subclause 11.9.2.2 of ANSI C63.10	
8.3.2.3 Maximum Conducted (average) Output Power Level *	
Measurement Procedure Option 2 (using a power meter(PM):	
per Subclause 11.9.2.3 of ANSI C63.10	

The transmitter output is connected to a RF broadband power meter.

#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted:

Channel	Frequency	Average Power	
	(MHz)	(dBm)	
Low	2405	2.15	
Middle	2440	10.45	
High	2480	-3.29	

<sup>\*</sup> Alternative method. EUT shall be configured to transmit continuously (min. 98% duty cycle at full power). The spectrum analyzer shall be set for bin-to-bin spacing ≤RBW/2.

Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

#### 7.5 PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

#### LIMIT

§15.247 (e) & RSS-247 Sec. 5.2(2)

For direct sequence systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

# TEST PROCEDURE per FCC KDB 558074D01v05r02

Measurement Procedure for Maximum Power Spectral Density	Applicable to this EUT
in the Fundamental Emission	
8.4 Measurement Procedure Method PKPSD (peak PSD) per	⊠preferred
Subclause 11.10.2 of ANSI C63.10	
8.4 Measurement Procedure for Average PSD** (6 methods:	
AVGPSD-1 & Alt, AVGPSD-2 & Alt, AVGPSD-3 & Alt) per	
Subclause 11.10.3~11.10.8 of ANSI C63.10	

#### **RESULTS**

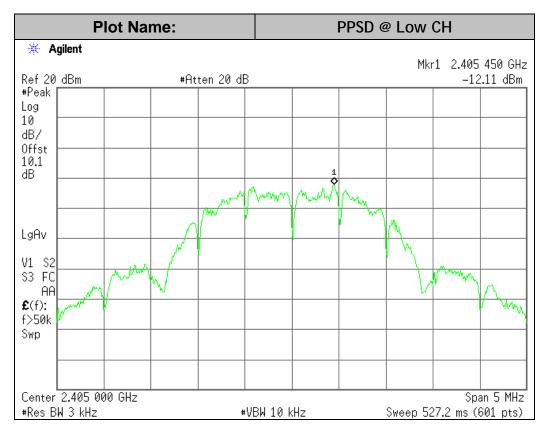
No non-compliance noted:

Summary of PPSD Testing Data:

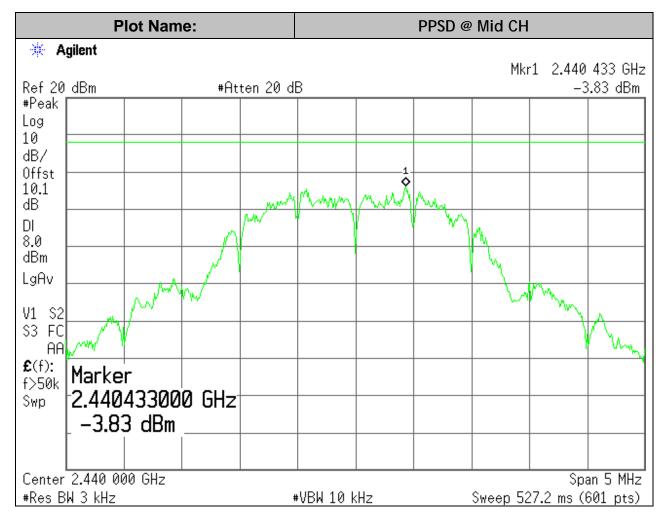
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PPSD (dBm/3KHz)	Limit (dBm/3KHz)	Margin (dB)
Low	2405	-12.11	8	-20.11
Middle	2440	-3.83	8	-11.83
High	2480	-17.67	8	-25.67

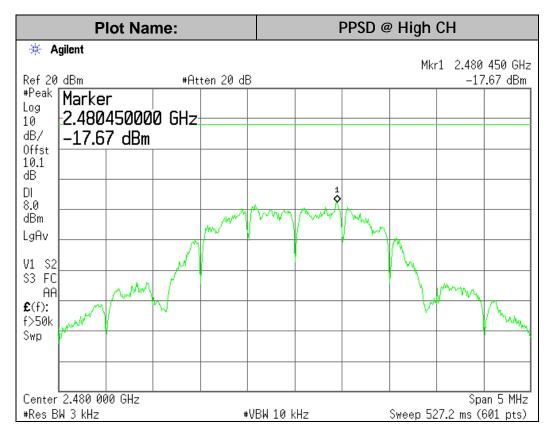
Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

#### **PEAK POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY**



Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR





EUT: Ysia VAR\_5C HP Zigbee & Ysia VAR\_1C HP Zigbee Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078

FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

#### 7.6 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

#### **LIMITS**

§15.247 (d) & RSS-247 Sec. 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) & RSS-Gen is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205 (a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) & RSS-Gen (see §15.205(c)).

## TEST PROCEDURE per FCC KDB 558074D01v05r02,

#### A. Section 8.5 DTS emissions in non-restricted frequency bands following the methods in Subclause 11.11 of ANSI C63.10

Conducted Measurement Procedure for	Applicable to this EUT		
Maximum Unwanted Emissions into	Peak Power limit:	Average Power	
Non-Restricted Frequency Bands	(-20dB)	Limit: (-30dB)	
ANSI C63.10, Sec.11.11.1-11.11.2 Measurement	$\boxtimes$		
Procedure-Reference Level (RBW=100KHz,			
VBW=300KHz)			
ANSI C63.10, Sec. 11.11.3 Measurement	□ preferred		
Procedure- Emission level*			

<sup>\*</sup> Different attenuation limit shall be used based on the measurement method of fundamental emission power and PSD.

#### B. Section 8.6 DTS emissions in restricted frequency bands following the methods in Subclause 11.12 of ANSI C63.10

Antenna-Port Conducted Measurement Procedure for Maximum	Applicable to
Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands**	this EUT
ANSI C63.10, Sec.11.12.2.3 CISPR Quasi-Peak Measurement (CISPR 16)	
ANSI C63.10, Sec.11.12.2.4 Peak Power Measurement	
ANSI C63.10, Sec.11.12.2.5 Average Power Measurement (three options)***	

<sup>\*\*</sup> To use this conducted testing method, per 12.2.2-12.2.6, the followings shall be taken as consideration:

- 1. Proper RBW and detector, per 15.35 a/b, shall be chosen in different frequency ranges;
- 2. Maximum transmitter antenna gain ( no less than 2dBi), G, shall be added to the measured power level to determine the EIRP;
- 3. Appropriate factor, A, shall be added to model worst case ground reflections: 6.0dB (f≤30MHz ) and 4.7dB ( f≤30 to 1000MHz)
- 4. Electric field strength can be obtained from the equation: E= EIRP-20log(d)+104.8+G (or 2.0) +A; Then compare to applicable limit;
- 5. Unwanted emissions from EUT cabinet or casing shall be measured via radiated emission test method per C63.10 (in this case, the antenna port may be terminated properly).
- 6. Absolute peak power limit of -21.2dBm within the unwanted emission bandwidth shall be used for meeting 15.35(b) requirement;
- Per 15.35(c), for pulse operation, Duty Cycle factor reduction can be applied for unwanted emissions that have the same pulse characteristics as does the fundamental emissions ( such as harmonics) pulse operation
- \*\*\* EUT shall be configured to transmit continuously (min. 98% duty cycle at full power). The spectrum analyzer shall be set for

Model: 5171079 & 5171078 bin-to-bin spacing  $\leq$ RBW/2.

# C. Section 8.7 DTS band-edge emission measurements following the methods in Subclause 11.13 of ANSI C63.10

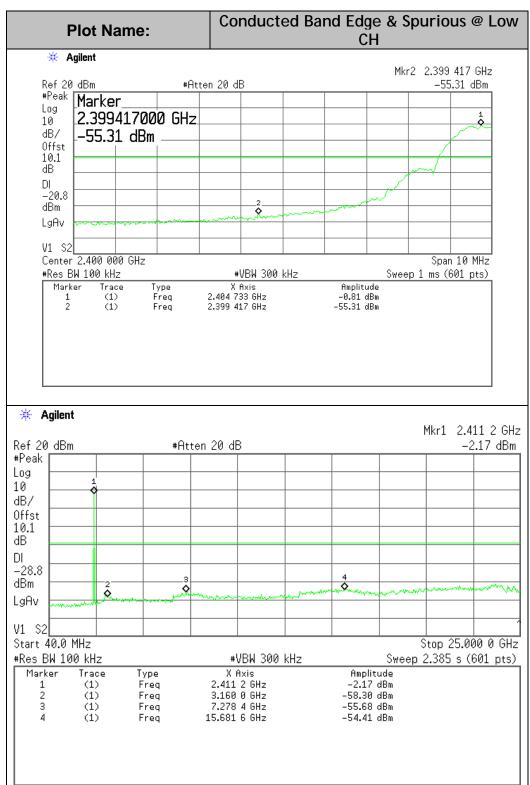
Report No: 0048-0415-01

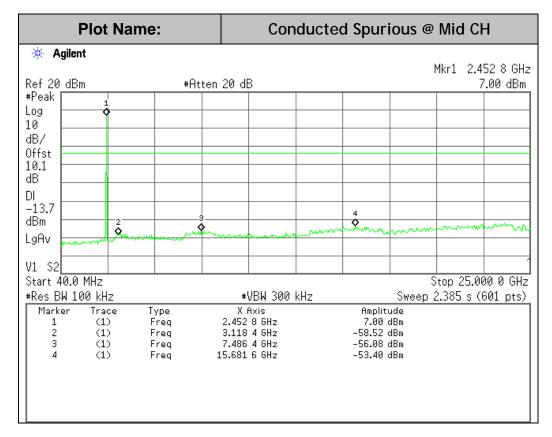
IC: 12049A-VAR

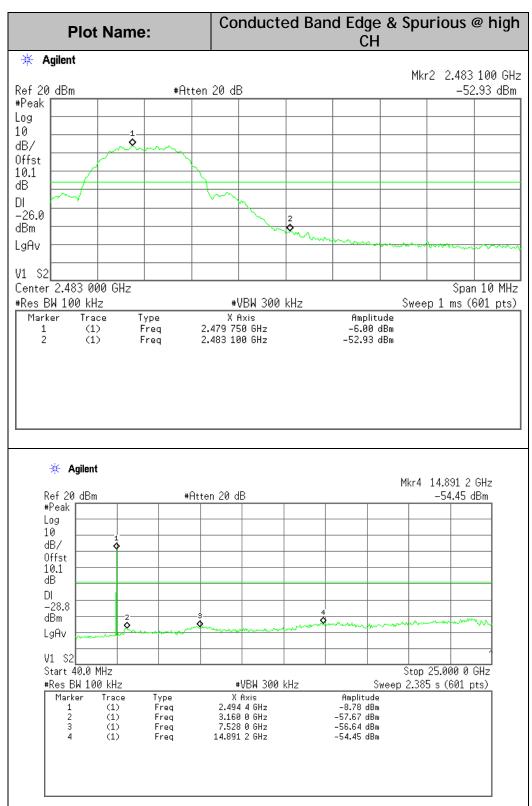
FCC ID: DWNVAR

Conducted Band-edge measurements	Applicable to this EUT
ANSI C63.10, Sec.11.13.2 Band-Edge Marker-Delta Method (per ANSI	
C63.10, Sec. 6.10.6) (within 2MHz)	
ANSI C63.10, Sec. 11.13.3.2~5 Band-Edge Integration Method (peak /	
average)	

#### **RESULTS:**







#### 7.7 RADIATED EMISSIONS

#### 7.7.1. TRANSMITTER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

#### **LIMITS**

§15.205 (a) RSS-102 Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHZ	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
1 0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(2)
13.36-13.41			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

§15.205 (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (d) and (e), the field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209 & RSS-Gen. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in Section 15.209 & RSS-Gen shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in Section 15.209 & RSS-Gen shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in Section 15.35 apply to these measurements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Above 38.6

Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

§15.209 (a) & RSS-Gen Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts /meter	Measurement Distance (meters)
30 – 88	100	3
88 – 216	150	3
216 – 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

§15.209 (b) & RSS-Gen In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

TEST PROCEDURE per FCC KDB 558074D01v05r02 Sec. 8.6 DTS emissions in restricted frequency bands following the method in Subclause 11.12.2.7 of ANSI C63.10 (Radiated method)
Also see Sec. 8.1 c)3): Additional measurement procedures and the allowance for duty cycle for DTS device out-of-band measurements in a restricted band for protocol-limited devices.

The EUT is set to transmit in a continuous mode. Established procedures in C63.4/C63.10 for performing radiated measurements shall be used. For cabinet emission measurements, the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. For portable devices, the EUT was tested in three orthogonal planes.

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak. For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz, and then the video bandwidth is set to 1 MHz for peak measurements and 10 Hz for average measurements.

The radio spectrum was investigated from the lowest frequency generated within the device (without going below 9 kHz) up to the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the rated transmitted emission. The emissions are investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

The emissions are investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels, if applicable. The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

#### **RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

# 7.7.2. TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS DATA

# (HARMONICS & SPURIOUS falling in restricted bands listed in Sec.15.205 and non-restricted bands \*) **HARMONICS EMISSIONS**

# **Zigbee Mode:**

**Low Channel Harmonics/Spurious** 

Freq. (MHz)	Position (H,V) X	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	0	PK Lim (dBu V/m)	QP/Avg. Lim (dBuV/ m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg.Ma r. (dBuV/m)
4810	H,X	3		49.0	46.0	74	54	-25.0	-8.0
7215	H,X	3		46.6	42.7	74	54	-27.4	-11.3
4810	V,X	3		47.6	44.3	74	54	-26.4	-9.7
7215	V,X	3		46.8	43.1	74	54	-27.2	-10.9

Freq. (MHz)	Position (H,V) X	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)		PK Lim (dBu V/m)	QP/Avg. Lim (dBuV/ m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg.Ma r. (dBuV/m)
4810	H,Y	3		46.2	41.6	74	54	-27.8	-12.4
7215	H,Y	3		46.9	42.5	74	54	-27.1	-11.5
4810	V,Y	3		47.0	42.7	74	54	-27.0	-11.3
7215	V,Y	3		47.7	42.8	74	54	-26.3	-11.2

Freq. (MHz)	Position (H,V) X	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	Avg@3m (dBuV/m)	PK Lim (dBu V/m)	QP/Avg. Lim (dBuV/ m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg.Ma r. (dBuV/m)
4810	H,Z	3		47.1	43.7	74	54	-26.9	-10.3
7215	H,Z	3		48.6	43.6	74	54	-25.4	-10.4
4810	V,Z	3		48.2	43.7	74	54	-25.8	-10.3
7215	V,Z	3		48.1	43.2	74	54	-25.9	-10.8

Middle Channel Harmonics/Spurious (Worst Case)

			Milauic	Chamici II	ar momes/s/	our ious (	vioist Ca	usc)	
Freq. (MHz)	Position (H,V) X	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	Avg@3m (dBuV/m)	PK Lim (dBu V/m)	QP/Avg. Lim (dBuV/ m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg.Ma r. (dBuV/m)
4880	H,X	3		44.1	41.4	74	54	-29.9	-12.6
7320	H,X	3		44.7	41.3	74	54	-29.3	-12.7
4880	V,X	3		44.5	41.2	74	54	-29.5	-12.8
7320	V,X	3		45.3	41.0	74	54	-28.7	-13.0

Freq. (MHz)	Position (H,V) X	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	Avg@3m (dBuV/m)	PK Lim (dBu V/m)	QP/Avg. Lim (dBuV/ m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg.Ma r. (dBuV/m)
4880	H,Y	3		46.4	42.7	74	54	-27.6	-11.3
7320	H,Y	3		44.1	41.6	74	54	-29.9	-12.4
4880	V,Y	3		46.9	43.8	74	54	-27.1	-10.2
7320	V,Y	3		47.2	43.0	74	54	-26.8	-11.0

Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

Freq. (MHz)	Position (H,V) X	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)	Avg@3m (dBuV/m)	PK Lim (dBu V/m)	QP/Avg. Lim (dBuV/ m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg.Ma r. (dBuV/m)
4880	H,Z	3		45.5	42.5	74	54	-28.5	-11.5
7320	H,Z	3		44.2	41.1	74	54	-29.8	-12.9
4880	V,Z	3		47.2	44.4	74	54	-26.8	-9.6
7320	V,Z	3		45.3	42.2	74	54	-28.7	-11.8

High Channel Harmonics/Spurious

	Tingir Chaimer Harmonics/Spurious											
Freq. (MHz)	Position (H,V) X	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)		PK Lim (dBu V/m)	QP/Avg. Lim (dBuV/ m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg.Ma r. (dBuV/m)			
4960	H,X	3		42.4	39.0	74	54	-31.6	-15.0			
7440	H,X	3		44.5	41.6	74	54	-29.5	-12.4			
4960	V,X	3		42.2	38.7	74	54	-31.8	-15.3			
7440	V,X	3		44.5	41.1	74	54	-29.5	-12.9			

Freq. (MHz)	Position (H,V) X	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)		PK Lim (dBu V/m)	QP/Avg. Lim (dBuV/ m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg.Ma r. (dBuV/m)
4960	H,Y	3		43.6	39.1	74	54	-30.4	-14.9
7440	H,Y	3		45.3	42.0	74	54	-28.7	-12.0
4960	V,Y	3		42.9	39.4	74	54	-31.1	-14.6
7440	V,Y	3		44.9	41.4	74	54	-29.1	-12.6

Freq. (MHz)	Position (H,V) X	Dist. (m)	D Corr (dB)	Peak@3m (dBuV/m)		PK Lim (dBu V/m)	QP/Avg. Lim (dBuV/ m)	PK Mar (dBuV/m)	QP/Avg.Ma r. (dBuV/m)
4960	H,Z	3		43.5	40.2	74	54	-30.5	-13.8
7440	H,Z	3		45.6	42.4	74	54	-28.4	-11.6
4960	V,Z	3		43.3	40.0	74	54	-30.7	-14.0
7440	V,Z	3		45.0	41.1	74	54	-29.0	-12.9

<sup>\*</sup> Data shown above represents the worst case in all applicable EUT orientations. No other significant emissions were found in the rest frequency range. For spurious in restricted band, the limit is per 15.209 & RSS-Gen. For the others, by measuring the field strength of fundamental (peak) with 100KHz RBW, the limit is 20dB below that level (here it is higher than the limit in 15.209 & RSS-Gen). In this case, all non-fundamental emission points are below 15.209 & RSS-Gen limit, so there is NO additional concern for non-restriction band limit compliance.

Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

Report No: 0048-0415-01

# SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (>1GHz & <=1GHz) within restricted band

The worst case data recorded for Transmitting Mode with Zigbee Mode @Mid Channel.

Frequency	Polarity (H,V))	Antenna Height	Peak Reading at 3m (2)	FCC/IC 3m Limit (1)	Difference
(MHz)		(m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)
163.2	Н	1.2	33.1	43.5	-10.4
175.1	Н	1.2	35.7	43.5	-7.8
169.0	V	1.1	31.8	43.5	-11.7

<sup>(1)</sup> Receiving mode spurious emissions shall be lower than the limit defined in FCC Sec. 15.209 & IC RSS-GEN.

<sup>(2)</sup> If the peak reading is less than the FCC/IC quasi-peak or average limit, it'll be not necessary to show the measured/calculated quasi-peak or average reading.

Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

## **Band Edge Data for EUT**

In addition, the band-edge requirements are also verified.

Testing procedure per KDB 558074D01:

The measurement of unwanted emissions at the edge of the authorized frequency bands can be complicated by the capture of RF energy from the fundamental emission within the RBW passband. The following techniques are permitted for use in performing a measurement of the unwanted emission level at the band edges.

#### 10.2.5.1 Marker-Delta Method

The marker-delta method, as described in KDB 913591 and in C63.10, can be used to perform measurements of the unwanted emissions level at the band-edges.

#### 10.2.5.2 Integrated Power Measurement

A narrower resolution bandwidth can be used at the band edge to improve the measurement accuracy provided that the measurement is subsequently integrated to the relevant bandwidth specification (e.g., 100 kHz within non-restricted bands and 1 MHz within restricted frequency bands).

#### Results:

The testing results for worst case based on pretesting results are shown as following and comply with the band-edge requirements for 2400-2483.5MHz DTS per FCC Part 15.247. EUT antenna with max gain was used for this testing.

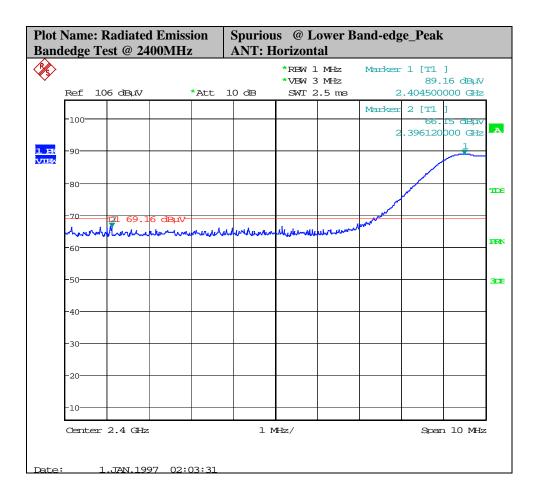
- H=Measurement antenna horizontal position
- V= Measurement antenna vertical position
- Using conventional manner for measuring the radiated emissions that are removed by more than two measurement bandwidths from band-edge, such as the emissions in the restricted band 2310-2390MHz & 2483.5-2500MHz, etc.
- Using conventional manner or if needed, using "delta" measurement technique for measuring the radiated emissions that are up to two measurement bandwidths removed from band-edge, such as the restricted band that begins at 2483.5MHz.
- The worst case for different EUT orientations was chosen for final data collection based on pre-scan testing results.

#### **EUT Duty Cycle Factor:**

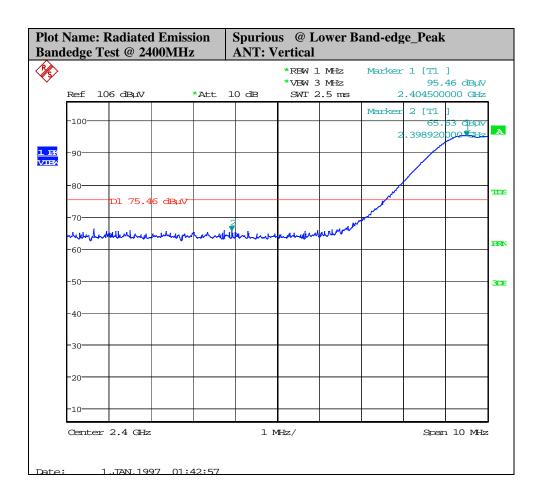
T Total Duty Cycle per product design document: 20.87%

It may not need to use the Duty Cycling correction factor if the output power from the 2.4GHz radio is low.

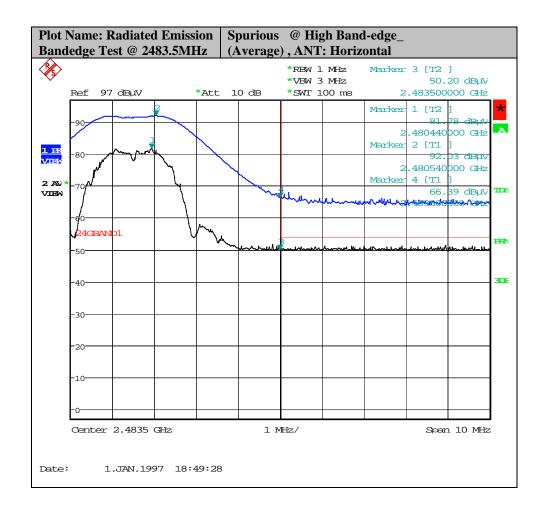
The following plots show band edge spurious are below the limit in FCC 15.247, 15.209 & RSS-247, RSS-Gen. PK limit=74dBuV/m and AVG limit=54dBuV/m.



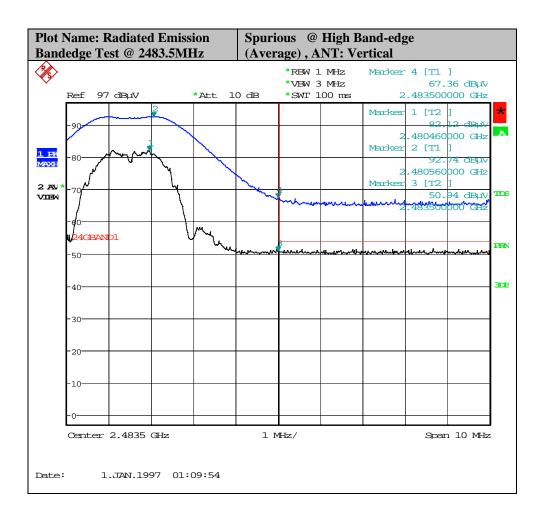
Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR



Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR



Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR



Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

Report No: 0048-0415-01

#### 7.8 CONDUCTED EMISSION

#### 7.8.1 Test Methods and Conditions

The EUT was under normal operational mode during the conducted emission test. EMI Receiver was scanned from 150KHz to 30MHz with maximum hold mode for maximum emission. Recorded data was sent to the plotter to generate output in linear format. At the input of the spectrum analyzer, a HP transient limiter is inserted for protective purpose. This limiter has a 10 dB attenuation in the range of 150KHZ to 30MHZ. That factor was automatically compensated by the receiver, so the readings are the corrected readings. The reference of the plot is the CISPR 22 Class B limit in following plots.

Conducted Emission Technical Requirements										
	Class A		Class B							
Frequency Range	Quasi-Peak dBuV	Average dBuV	Quasi-Peak DBuV	Average dBuV						
150kHz -0.5MHz	79 (8912uV)	66 (1995uV)	66-56	56-46						
0.5MHz-30MHz	73 (4467uV)	60 (1000uV)								
0.5MHz-5MHz			56	46 (250uV)						
5MHz-30MHz			60	50						

Emissions that have peak values close to the specification limit (if any) are also measured in the quasi-peak/average mode to determine compliance.

#### 7.8.2 Test Data

The following plots show the neutral and line conducted emissions for the standard operation.

Highest Data for AC Line Conducted Emissions									
Frequency (MHz)									
Peak Reading (dBuV)									
Average Reading (dBuV*)									

<sup>\*</sup> no need to show the average reading if the peak value is under average limit.

#### NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS EUT

Report No: 0048-0415-01 Model: 5171079 & 5171078 FCC ID: DWNVAR IC: 12049A-VAR

# 7.9 EUT RECEIVING MODE VERIFICATION

# **Radiated Test Data for Receiving Mode**

Frequency	Polarity	Antenna	Peak Reading	FCC/IC 3m	Difference
	(H,V))	Height	at 3m	Limit	
			(2)	(1)	
(MHz)		(m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)
116.3	Н	1.0	32.8	43.5	-10.7
158.4	Н	1.0	32.7	43.5	-10.8
178.8	Н	1.2	34.2	43.5	-9.3
194.1	Н	1.0	35.1	43.5	-8.4
522	Н	1.0	35.7	46.0	-10.3
684	Н	1.0	37.7	46.0	-8.3
716	Н	1.0	38.7	46.0	-7.3
758	Н	1.0	39.0	46.0	-7.0
898	Н	1.0	41.5	46.0	-4.5
100.6	V	1.1	31.7	43.5	-11.8
115.4	V	1.1	32.3	43.5	-11.2
155.4	V	1.1	33.1	43.5	-10.4
198.7	V	1.1	35.0	43.5	-8.5
392	V	1.1	33.1	46.0	-12.9
512	V	1.1	34.4	46.0	-11.6
746	V	1.1	38.6	46.0	-7.4
878	V	1.1	40.8	46.0	-5.2
900	V	1.1	41.6	46.0	-4.4

<sup>(1)</sup> Receiving mode spurious emissions shall be lower than the limit defined in FCC Sec. 15.209 & IC RSS-GEN.

<sup>(2)</sup> If the peak reading is less than the FCC/IC quasi-peak or average limit, it'll be not necessary to show the measured/ calculated quasi-peak or average reading.