

ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE TEST REPORT

Doc. 20021009R/Project No. 804

TEST STANDARD - USA CFR 47 PART 15

**STRATA PX W/TR4024/22 CONTROL BOARD
ELECTRONIC ARTICLE SURVEILLANCE
DETECTION SYSTEM**

FCC ID: DO4STRATAPX24-22

**CHECKPOINT SYSTEMS, INC.
THOROFARE, NJ**

**Test Dates: 14 August to 18 September 2002
Issue: October 15, 2002**

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AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR LABORATORY ACCREDITATION

PREFACE

This report documents product testing conducted to verify compliance of the specified EUT with applicable standards and requirements as identified herein. EUT, test instrument configurations, test procedures and recorded data are generally described or attached in the appendices of this report. The reader is referred to the applicable test standards for detailed procedures. The following table summarizes the test results obtained during this evaluation.

SUMMARY

The Checkpoint Systems, Inc., Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board as described in Section 2.1, was tested to the standards listed below, and found to have the following characteristics:

TEST	STANDARD	Frequency Range	RESULT
Radiated Emissions Intentional Radiator, Fundamental	FCC Part 15.223	1.705 to 10 MHz	Below Max. Permissible Limit
Radiated Emissions Intentional Radiator, Harmonics	FCC Part 15.209	10 MHz to 1 GHz	Below Max. Permissible Limit
Radiated Emissions Unintentional Radiator (Related to Digital Circuitry)	FCC Part 15.109	30 MHz to 1 GHz	Below Max. Permissible Limit
Conducted Emissions Unintentional & Intentional Radiators	FCC Part 15.207	450 kHz to 30 MHz	Below Max. Permissible Limit

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1.0 Client Information

Client Name: Checkpoint Systems, Inc.
101 Wolf Drive
Thorofare, NJ 08086

Coordinators: Gregory Sleet, Nimesh Shah

PCTC Test Personnel: Daniel J. Mis, Itamar Gonan

1.1 Requested Service

- Measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of sample product to FCC Part 15 requirements for an intentional radiator with fundamental operating in the frequency band of 1.704 MHz to 10 MHz.

1.2 Purpose of Test(s)

The purpose of testing was to verify compliance of the sample EUT to regulatory and/or qualification requirements adhered to by the client for product sale, distribution and use.

2.0 Description of the Equipment Under Test (EUT)**2.1 Equipment Family Description****2.1.1 General**

The Checkpoint Systems, Inc., Strata PX, with TR4024/22 control electronics, is a pulse-listen EAS system, which consists of three main components, the antenna, electronics, and the power supply.

The Strata system is a transceiver design using both a 3-loop, 2-loop, and a 1-loop antenna design. The Strata alternates between using the 2-loop antenna and the 3-loop antenna. The 1-loop antenna is used as a shield that is tied to ground. This technique provides the system with different views of the detection field allowing the system to improve detection by minimizing the holes typically found at the crossbars of typical swept antennas.

The TR4024/22 is the electronics PCB component of a pulse-listen Electronic Article Surveillance (EAS) detection system, which utilizes targets that are applied to merchandise. These targets resonate in the region of 8.2MHz. When an article of merchandise is purchased, the target is deactivated which causes it to no longer resonate. The pulse-listen EAS system typically monitors an area 3 feet on either side of the antenna in the 7.6MHz to 8.7MHz band, and triggers an alarm when a non-deactivated target is detected. The TR4024/22 electronics PCB consists of two class D HF transmitters, a synchronous I and Q receiver, an RF selector switch, a DDS, and a DSP-based computer used to detect the presence of the target. All control signals, interface signals and off-board communications are generated and controlled by a digital logic subsystem consisting of a dedicated communications microprocessor and a FPGA.

The external power supply is a linear type 24VDC 4.0 Amp design.

2.1.2 Detailed Description

2.1.2.1 Direct Digital Synthesizer (DDS) Operation

The Direct Digital Synthesizer (DDS) generates a sequence of 16 discrete frequencies from 8.6MHz to 7.6MHz (digital sweep). The DSP loads the DDS with the desired frequency for transmission. The DSP on power-up is initialized with the frequencies for transmission by the communications controller.

2.1.2.2 Transmitter Operation

The two transmitters are functionally identical: TX1 is used to drive the canceling 2-Loop antenna and TX2 drives the canceling 3-Loop antenna. Each TX is functioning in a push pull, class D mode of operation. The control signals are timed for 64 six-microsecond bursts at approximately a 100 hertz rate. The signals are grouped into 16 pairs of frequencies. The frequencies used are dictated by the digital sweep, which are controlled by the DSP. Each bin is transmitted two times for 6 us each. The pattern of 16 bins is used once for the 2 Loop and then repeated for the 3 Loop, this pattern constitutes the "frame" rate of the Strata System.

The overall duty cycle for transmitter operation is **3.84 percent**. This rate is derived by taking the amount of time that the transmitter is operational (2 antenna * 16 bins * 2 blasts per bin * 6 microseconds per blast = 384 microseconds) and dividing it by the frame rate of 100Hz (10 milliseconds) .

2.2 Equipment Sample

2.2.1 Identification

A pre-production model of the Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board was tested:

Description:	Electronic Article Surveillance System (Anti-Pilferage Device)
Model:	Strata PX with TR4024/22 Controller and Worldwide 425 Module
Serial Number	Strata PX: 121-28218-A TR4024/22 Controller: 747240C0P0090402018 425 Power Supply: 128194
Manufacturer:	Checkpoint SystemsCheckpoint Systems, Inc, Inc.
Received by PCTC:	14 August 2002
Sample type	Production Level Version

STRATA PX w/TR4024/22 CONTROL PCB

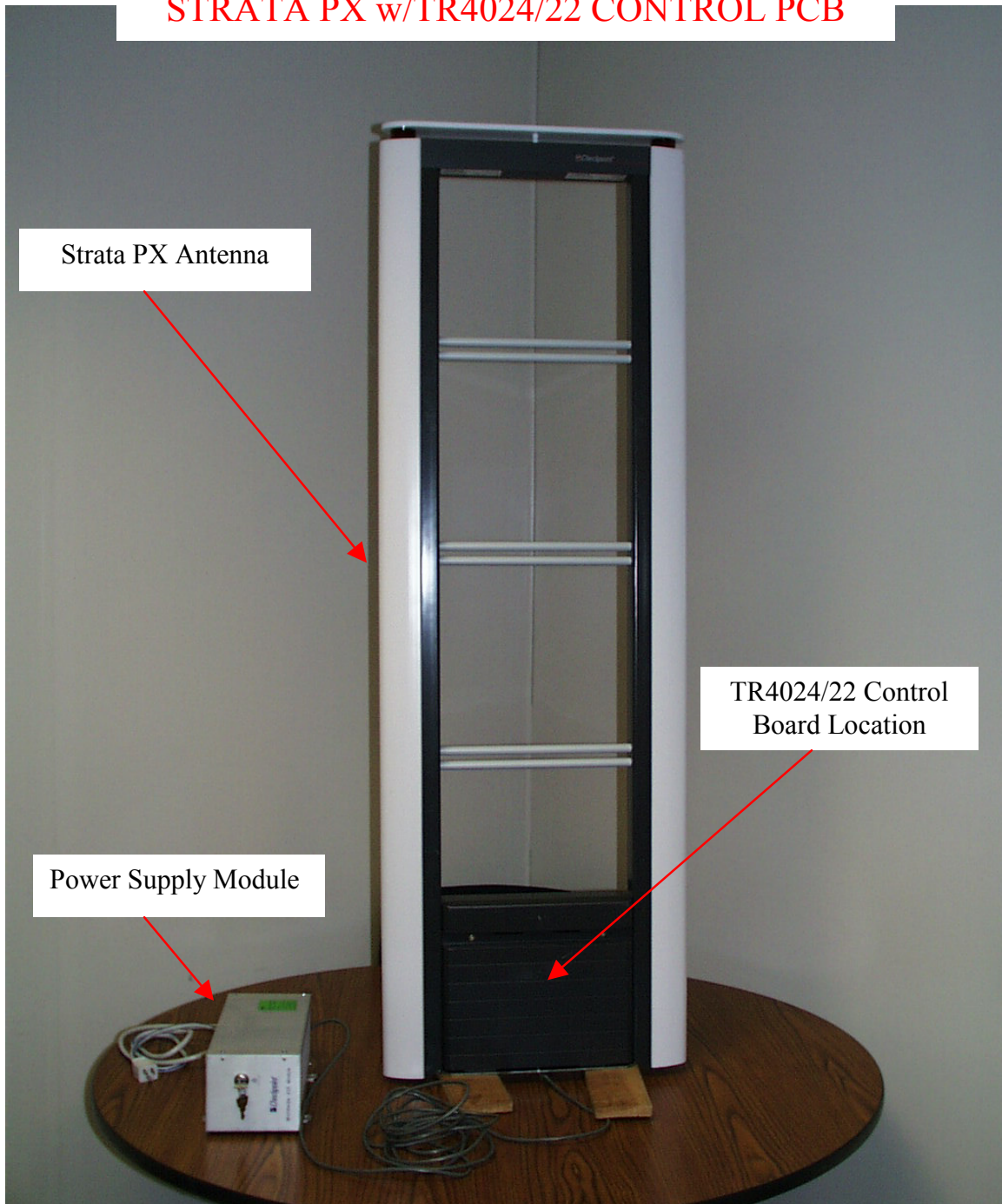


Photo 1 – Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board

2.2.2 Condition of Received Sample

An evaluation of the Checkpoint, Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board was conducted to verify test subject identity and condition and to ensure suitability for testing. No evidence of physical damages was noticed. The test item condition was deemed acceptable for the performance of the requested test services.

3.0 Applicable Requirements, Methods and Procedures

3.1 Applicable Requirements

The results of the measurement of the radio disturbance, fundamental and bandwidth, characteristics of the EUT described herein may be applied, and where appropriate provide a presumption of compliance to one or more of the following regulatory requirements or to other requirement at the discretion of the client, regulatory agencies, or other entities.

3.1.1 USA

47 CFR, Part 15

Subpart B, Unintentional Radiators

Subpart C, Intentional Radiators

(Including Clause 15.223: Operation in the band 1.705MHz to 10 MHz.)

3.2 Basic Test Methods and Procedures

The applicable regulatory product family or generic standards require that radio disturbance/interference tests be performed in accordance with the following:

- ANSI C63.4, 1992 “ Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz”.

Detailed descriptions of the test procedures are provided in Appendix 2 of this report.

4.0 Deviations or Exclusions from the Requirements and Standards

Per customer instructions and agreement with FCC, for measurement of the fundamental and harmonic emissions in the band 1.705 MHz to 10 MHz, a 20 dB reduction from the true peak is to be compared to the limits of 100 $\mu\text{V}/\text{meter}$ (40 $\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{meter}$) at 30 meters. The EUT is to be modulated as normally installed. True peak is the point at which the analyzer bandwidth is adjusted for minimum pulse desensitization. (A copy of the correspondence between Checkpoint and FCC is attached in Appendix 4 for reference).

Measurement of the fundamental -- 7.6 to 8.7 MHz -- was performed by setting a spectrum analyzer to “max-hold”, peak detector, a 300 kHz bandwidth, and a span from 7.2 to 9.2 MHz. A resolution bandwidth of 300 kHz was used because increasing the bandwidth above 300 kHz did not increase the detected peak of the fundamental.

5.0 Operation of the EUT During Testing

5.1 Test Environment

5.1.1 Climatic Environment

The following were the ambient conditions in the laboratory during testing:

Temperature:	$22^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$
Relative Humidity	$50\% \text{RH} \pm 10\%$

5.1.2 Electrical Power

The EUT was operated at electrical power voltages sufficient to ensure that the measured results were representative of operation of the EUT in the power environments in which it would be installed, as specified by the client. Specifically, the EUT was supplied AC power at 120 Vac/60 Hz for all testing described in this report.

5.2 Grounding

AC ground was provided to the power supply through the AC power cord.

5.3 Operating Mode

During testing, the EUT was continuously transmitting and monitoring for the presence of a security tag. By design, the EUT is not capable of “standby mode”. A security tag was swept through the field of the EUT antenna every 5 seconds to initiate a verification cycle. During this cycle, the EUT would indicate the presence of an article tag with an audible alarm and flashing red lamps on the upper corners of the antenna.

The TR4024/22 is a digital swept frequency-hopping transmitter. The TR4025 hops on discrete frequencies. The frequencies that can be transmitted by the TR4025 are as follows:

7.600708 MHz	7.673950 MHz	7.747192 MHz	7.820435 MHz
7.893677 MHz	7.966919 MHz	8.040161 MHz	8.113403 MHz
8.186646 MHz	8.259888 MHz	8.333130 MHz	8.406372 MHz
8.479614 MHz	8.552856 MHz	8.626099 MHz	8.699341 MHz

The restricted frequency bands (per FCC Part 15 Clause 15.205) in the operating frequency band of the EUT are as follows:

Frequency (MHz)	8.291 - 8.294	8.362 - 8.366	8.37625 - 8.38675	8.41425 - 8.41475
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The transmitter is not capable of hopping into or operating within the restricted frequency bands.

During an antenna's cycle, the system performs two "blasts" which are called a "bin". There are sixteen bins per frame. A bin consists of two "noise" cycles and two blast cycles, a blast is a transmit cycle and then a receive cycle. During the noise cycle, the system is not transmitting, only receiving ambient noise. This allows the system to establish the baseline noise level of the environment for later comparison. The system then transmits or "pulses" the field and then receives or "listens" for an echo of a tag signal. This frame is repeated on the other antenna.

A tag response need only be present on one of the antennas to cause an alarm. In effect, the system provides the best of both worlds, a 2-loop and 3-loop design. The switching between antenna loops minimizes the size of detection holes at the null points of the RF field.

The Strata system is a transceiver design using both a 3-loop, 2-loop, and a 1-loop antenna design. The Strata alternates between using the 2-loop antenna and the 3-loop antenna. The 1-loop antenna is used as a shield that is tied to ground. This technique provides the system with different views of the detection field allowing the system to improve detection by minimizing the holes typically found at the crossbars of typical swept antennas.

The two transmitters are functionally identical: TX1 is used to drive the canceling 2-Loop antenna and TX2 drives the canceling 3-Loop antenna. Each TX is functioning in a push pull, class D mode of operation. The control signals are timed for 64 six-microsecond bursts at approximately a 100 hertz rate. The signals are grouped into 16 pairs of frequencies. The frequencies used are dictated by the digital sweep, which are controlled by the DSP. Each bin is transmitted two times for 6 us each. The pattern of 16 bins is used once for the 2 Loop and then repeated for the 3 Loop, this pattern constitutes the "frame" rate of the Strata System.

The overall duty cycle for transmitter operation is **3.84 percent**. This rate is derived by taking the amount of time that the transmitter is operational (2 antenna * 16 bins * 2 blasts per bin * 6 microseconds per blast = 384 microseconds) and dividing it by the frame rate of 100Hz (10 milliseconds) .

5.4 Test Configurations

All testing described in this report was performed with the EUT in the equipment configuration shown below. The drawing shows the block diagram of the tested configuration used for the EMI and immunity tests along with AC power distribution. There were no other external interfaces or support equipment attached to the Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board.

Ferrite suppression devices are installed at the following locations on the TR4025 Controller (Note: These were installed as part of the overall design of the EUT and not as a direct result of the testing performed or to correct on-site failures):

1. Fair Rite P/N 2865000202 – 2 multi-aperture cores each on the TX1, TX2 antenna wires
2. Fair Rite P/N 2861006802 – 1 multi-aperture core to the speaker wires, (four turns through each side)
3. Fair Rite P/N 2643801502 – Add 1 shield bead to the antenna ground loop (four turns).
4. Fair Rite P/N 0443806406 – 1 suppression core (with three turns) on the DC cable

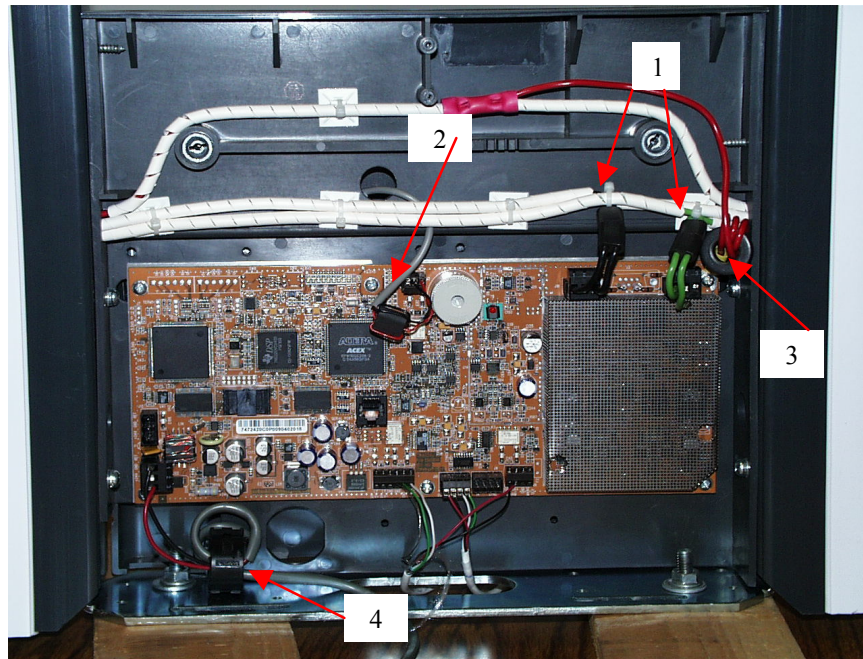


Photo 2 – Ferrite Locations

The TR4024/22 is different from previous pulse-listen transceivers because it does not use jumpers, DIP switches or potentiometers to modify its configuration. All operating parameters are now controlled by a software application running on a Palm Pilot connected to J1 on the TR4024/22 PCB. The application is known as the PDA-Assisted Service System (PASS).

The output power of the Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board is factory set by two digital potentiometers accessed through the PASS software application. located on the TR4025. TX1 PWR controls current to the “Loop 1” and TX2 PWR controls current to the “Loop 2.” These settings can be adjusted through a range of values between 0 and 31. Below are the settings used for this test.

EUT		Loop 1 (TX1)		Loop 2 (TX2)	
Model: Strata PX w/TR4024/22Controller		POT POSITION	CURRENT LEVEL	POT POSITION	CURRENT LEVEL
Serial: none	Forward current	24	430 mA	24	748 mA
	Reverse current	“	764 mA	“	384 mA
Date: 7/30/2001					
Notes: Settings for measurement of fundamental at 30 Meters (FCC)					

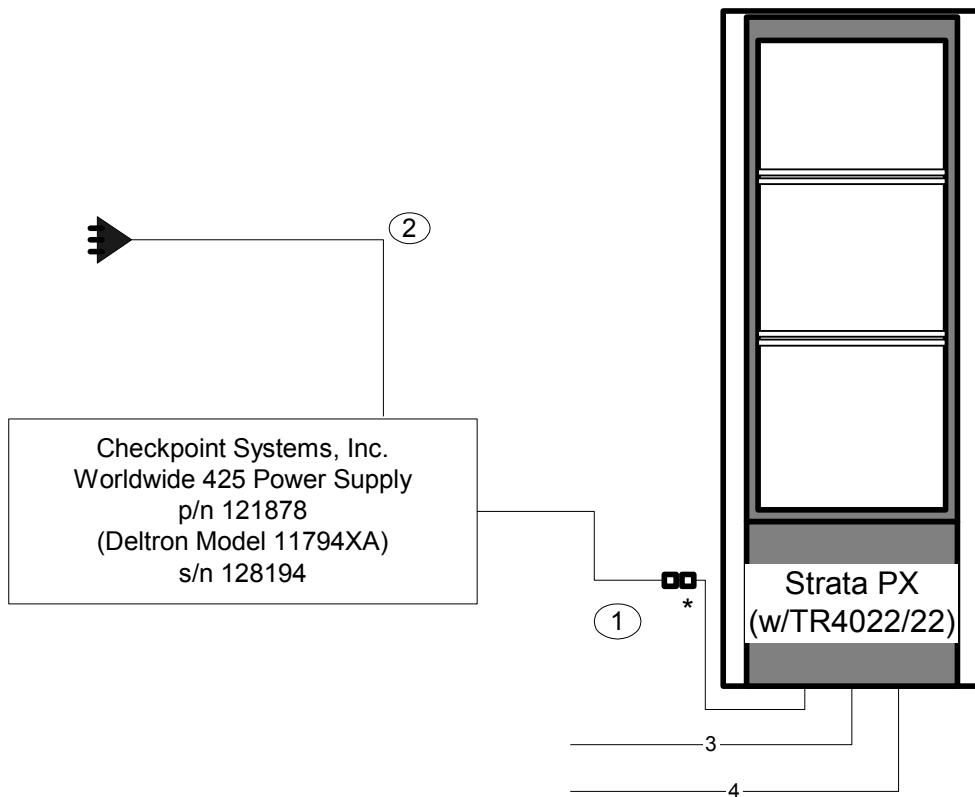


Figure 1 – Block Diagram, EMI Testing of Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board

Table 1 – Cable List of EUT configuration

#	Cable Description	Part Number	Manufacturer	Length
1	DC Power cable	-	Checkpoint Systems, Inc	20'
2	AC Line Cord, shielded	IMX 04	Eupen	2 Meters
3	Slave Cable, 4-conductor, shielded	-	Generic	10'
4	Sync Cable, 20', 4 conductor	-	Generic	20'

5.4.1 EUT Details

The following devices were installed in the test field during testing:

Description	Model #	Part #	Manufacturer	Serial #
Antenna	Strata PX	7778800	Checkpoint Systems, Inc.	121-29218-A
Control module	TR4024/22	7353656 Rev *60	Checkpoint Systems, Inc.	7472420C0P00 90402018
Power Supply	Worldwide 425 Module	11794XA	Deltron	128194

5.4.2 Support Equipment

No other equipment was used to support the operation of the Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board during testing.

5.5 EUT Modifications

There were no modifications added during testing.

6.0 Summary of Test Results

6.1 Emission Tests

6.1.1 Radiated Emission Test (18 September 2002)

Tables 2, 3 and 4 below show the detected field strengths as measured from the EUT(s) over the frequency range from 7.6 MHz to 30 MHz, at a distance of 30 meters compared to the maximum permissible FCC limit at 30 meters. All measurements were made using a magnetic field loop antenna, placed 1-meter above the ground plane. A description of the procedures used in the performance of this test is provided in Appendix 2.

• MEASUREMENT OF THE FUNDAMENTAL (Per Section 15.223):

Table 2 shows the true peak measurement of the fundamental and the comparison of the adjusted true peak to the average limit.

Table 2 – Fundamental E-Field Measurement – True Peak

Freq [MHz]	Height, Pol ⁽¹⁾ [cm 1/2/3]	Angle [Deg]	Peak Detector Voltage [dBuV]	Corr' Factor [dB/m] ⁽²⁾	Field Strength [dBuV/m]	FCC Average Limit @ 30m [dBuV/m]	Delta Limit [dB]
8.200 Fund*	100,1	002	59.0 Peak	-21.4	37.6	40	-2.4

* The true peak signal level of the fundamental was measured using a peak detector as described in section 4.0. True Peak was determined by increasing the receiver bandwidth until a point where the peak excursion stopped increasing.

- 1) Polarity of the measuring antenna is 1 - along measuring axis, 2 - along vertical axis, 3 horizontal axis. The reported signal is the highest of the signals measured along each of the axes.
- 2) The correction factor shown represents an antenna factor of -1.4 dB/m and the 20-dB reduction as specified in the measurement procedure.

• **MEASUREMENT RESULT -- AVERAGE**

As indicated earlier, the transmitter operates with a duty cycle of 3.84%. This would result in the following calculations for conversion from peak to average and a subsequent comparison of the fundamental with the average limit.

Table 3 – Calculated Average vs. Average Limit

Indicated Peak Detector Voltage ⁽¹⁾ :	59.0 dB μ V
Antenna Correction Factor ⁽²⁾ :	-1.4 dB/m
Corrected True Peak:	57.6 dB μ V/m
Pulse CW Duty Cycle:	3.84%
Correction to Average: 20 * Log ₁₀ (Duty Cycle)	-28.3 dB
Average Level: (Indicated True Peak + Avg Correction)	30.7 dB μ V
Antenna Correction Factor:	-1.4 dB/m
Corrected Average Field Strength: (Avg Value + C.F)	29.3 dB μ V/m
Limit:	40 dB μ V/m
Margin with Limit:	-10.7 dB
Peak Margin with Average Limit [Clause 15.35(b)]	17.6 dB

NOTES: (1) Peak meter reading taken from the receiver.

(2) The antenna correction factor is calibrated to yield a magnetic field. To this factor the plane wave E-Field correction (51.54 dB) is added to convert the measurement to an electric field strength value, or as follows for a measurement recorded at 8.2 MHz:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{E-Field Correction} &= \text{Antenna Correction Factor} \\ (-53.4 \text{ dB}) + (51.54 \text{ dB}) &= (-1.4 \text{ dB}) \end{aligned}$$

• **EMISSIONS OUTSIDE THE BAND 1.705 MHz to 10 MHz (Per Section 15.223):**

Table 4 shows the recorded levels of emissions of the harmonics found below 30 MHz specifically, signals outside the frequency range of 1.705 MHz to 10 MHz. These emissions were recorded using a quasi-peak detector as indicated in both the standard and the opinion letter on measurement requirements.

Table 4 – E-Field Emissions (< 1.705 MHz and > 10 MHz)

Freq [MHz]	Height, Pol ¹ [cm 1/2/3]	Angle [Deg]	Quasi-Peak Voltage [dBuV]	Corr' Factor [dB/m]	Field Strength [dBuV/m]	FCC QP Limit @ 30m [dBuV/m]	Delta Limit [dB]
16.40	100,1	270	18.6	-0.6	18.0	40	-22.0
24.60	100,1	270	19.4	1.1	20.5	40	-19.5

1) Polarity of the measuring antenna is 1 - along measuring axis, 2 - along vertical axis, 3 horizontal axis.

- **E-FIELD EMISSIONS 30 MHz to 1000 MHz (Per Section 15.209)**

Table 5 below shows the detected field strengths as measured from the EUT(s) over the frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz, at a distance of 3 meters compared to the maximum permissible FCC limit at 3 meters. A description of the procedures used in the performance of this test is provided in Appendix 2.

Table 5 – E-Field Emissions (30 MHz to 1000 MHz)

Freq [MHz]	Height, Pol [cm H/V]	Angle [Deg]	Quasi-Peak Voltage [dBuV]	Corr' Factor [dB/m]	Field Strength [dBuV/m]	FCC QP Class B Limit @ 3m [dBuV/m]	Delta Limit [dB]	Result
41.644	100,V	91	18.0	16.6	34.6	46	-11.4	Below limit
42.008	100,V	90	18.7	16.5	35.2	46	-10.8	Below limit
42.382	100,V	90	19.0	16.5	35.5	46	-10.5	Below limit
42.746	100,V	94	19.2	16.3	35.5	46	-10.5	Below limit
43.120	100,V	269	20.6	16.3	36.9	46	-9.1	Below limit
43.485	100,V	265	21.2	16.2	37.4	46	-8.6	Below limit
86.994	100,V	48	25.1	9.9	35.0	46	-11.0	Below limit
362.495	100,V	340	21.7	18.0	39.7	46	-6.3	Below limit
700.001	115,H	223	17.8	24.6	42.4	46	-3.6	Below limit
899.999	100,V	187	5.8	27.5	33.3	46	-12.7	Below limit
900.000	120,H	146	16.0	27.5	43.5	46	-2.5	Below limit

- Overall Result: All measured radiated emissions from the Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board are below the FCC 15.223 and 15.209 limits by a margin of at least 2.5 dB. Also, Peak emission levels do not exceed the 20 dB margin with the Average limit per 15.35(b).



Photo 3 -- Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board Radiated Emissions Test Setup -- Front View



Photo 4 -- Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board Radiated Emissions Test Setup – Rear View



Photo 5 - Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board Radiated Emissions Test Setup – Side View

6.1.2 Bandwidth Measurement (19 September 2002)

A plot of the operating bandwidth was recorded on the operating Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board after the measurement of the fundamental true peak emission level was completed. The conditions under which the plot was recorded are as follows:

- Antenna Separation: 30 Meters
- Antenna Type: Magnetic Field Loop Antenna
- Resolution Bandwidth: 300 kHz
- Video Bandwidth: 300 kHz
- Center Frequency: 8.2 MHz
- Frequency Span: 2 MHz
- Detector: Peak
- Sweep: Max Hold
- Vertical Scale: 10 dB/division
- Reference Level: 85 dB μ V

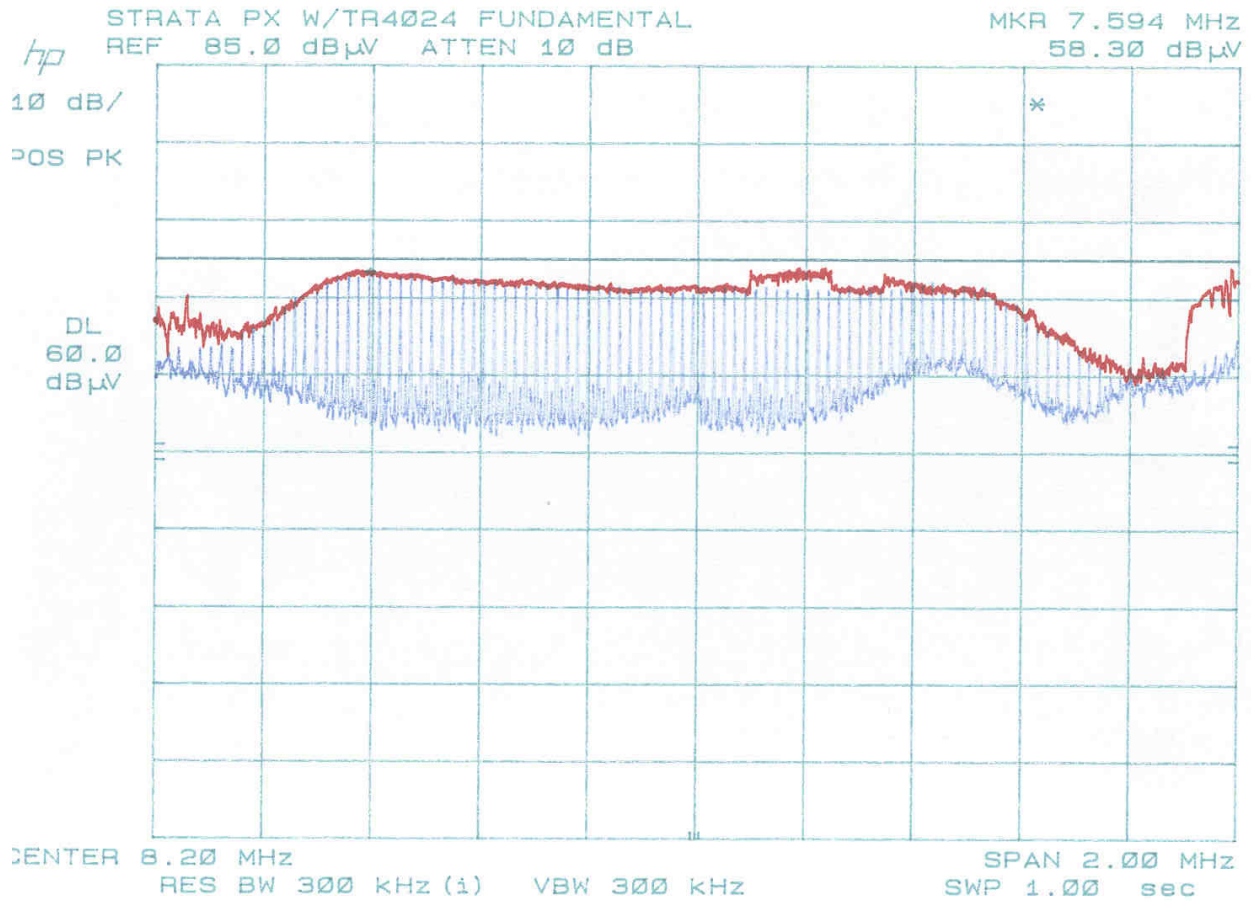


Photo 6 – Bandwidth Plot

The plot above confirms the transmitter bandwidth is 1.1 MHz as stated by the manufacturer. The bandwidth is 13.4% of the fundamental (1.1 MHz / 8.2 MHz) or not less than than 10% of the fundamental, and therefore, per FCC Section 15.223, the limit of 100 μ V/m (40 dB μ V/m) applies for emissions between 1.705 MHz and 10 MHz.

6.1.3 Conducted Emission Test (2 October 2002)

The following tables show the conducted emissions measurement results over the frequency range 450kHz to 30MHz for the EUT for devices operating under 47 CFR part 15C, where the limit of FCC 15.207 applies. A description of the procedures used in the performance of this test is provided in Appendix 2. The measurement of conducted emissions was performed with the Worldwide 425 power supply positioned on an 80-cm high table and the Strata PX antenna with integral TR4024/22 Control Board standing on the floor. This position created higher conducted emissions than positioning the power supply on the ground plane.

- Worldwide 425 Power Supply Module, Neutral Line 120VAC/60Hz

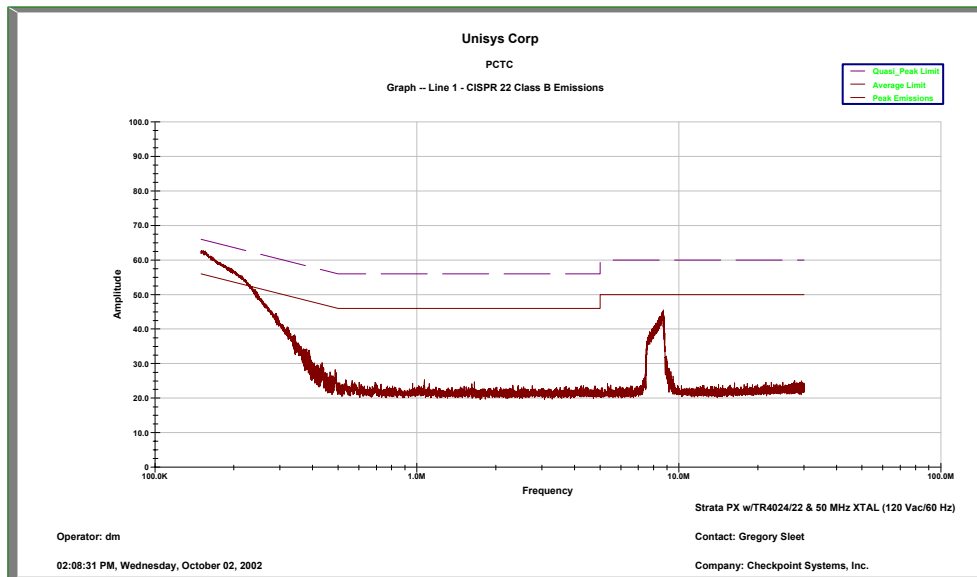


Figure 2 – Graph of AC Wireline Conducted Emissions - Neutral

Table 6 – Conducted Emissions, Neutral Line

Unisys Corp PCTC Table 1 – Line 1 Conducted Data Operator: dm Item Under Test: Strata PX w/TR4024/22 & 50 MHz XTAL (120 Vac/60 Hz) 02:08:30 PM, Wednesday, October 02, 2002 Contact: Gregory Sleet Company: Checkpoint Systems, Inc.					
	1	2	3	4	5
Frequency	Top 10	Peaks	Avg.	Margin with	Corr.
MHz	Peaks	Within 1	Limit	Avg. Limit	Factor
155.720 KHz	62.512	62.512	55.689	6.823	14.512
164.009 KHz	61.109	61.109	55.258	5.851	14.109
195.296 KHz	57.489	57.489	53.808	3.680	12.589
238.957 KHz	51.503	51.503	52.132	-0.629	11.503
241.993 KHz	51.336	51.336	52.028	-0.691	11.436
242.576 KHz	50.923		52.008	-1.084	11.423
245.728 KHz	50.654		51.900	-1.246	11.354
247.596 KHz	50.013		51.837	-1.825	11.313
267.365 KHz	46.770		51.199	-4.430	11.170
8.717 MHz	45.486		50.000	-4.514	10.286

The table above lists 5 frequencies where the peak detector level of the emission exceeded the average limit or was within 1 dB below the average limit. These 5 signals were re-measured using both a quasi-peak and average detector to verify their compliance with the Quasi-Peak and Average requirements of the standard. These further measurements are shown below in Table 7.

Table 7 – Quasi-Peak and Average Detector Measurements, Neutral Line

UNISYS PCTC Table 2 - Line 1 - CISPR 22 Class B Emissions Operator: dm Item Under Test: Strata PX w/TR4024/22 & 50 MHz XTAL (120 Vac/60 Hz) 02:29:50 PM, Wednesday, October 02, 2002 Contact: Gregory Sleet Company: Checkpoint Systems, Inc.							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Frequency	Q-P	Avg	Q-P	Avg	Q-P	Avg	Corr.
MHz	Meas't	Meas't	Limit	Limit	Margin	Margin	Factor
151.022 KHz	59.040	36.000	65.944	55.944	-6.903	-19.943	14.740
155.490 KHz	58.493	34.853	65.701	55.701	-7.208	-20.848	14.523
186.760 KHz	54.553	29.383	64.179	54.179	-9.626	-24.796	13.003
229.220 KHz	49.357	22.977	62.478	52.478	-13.121	-29.501	11.717
232.610 KHz	48.763	22.723	62.356	52.356	-13.593	-29.633	11.643

- Worldwide 425 Power Supply Module, Phase Line 120VAC/60Hz

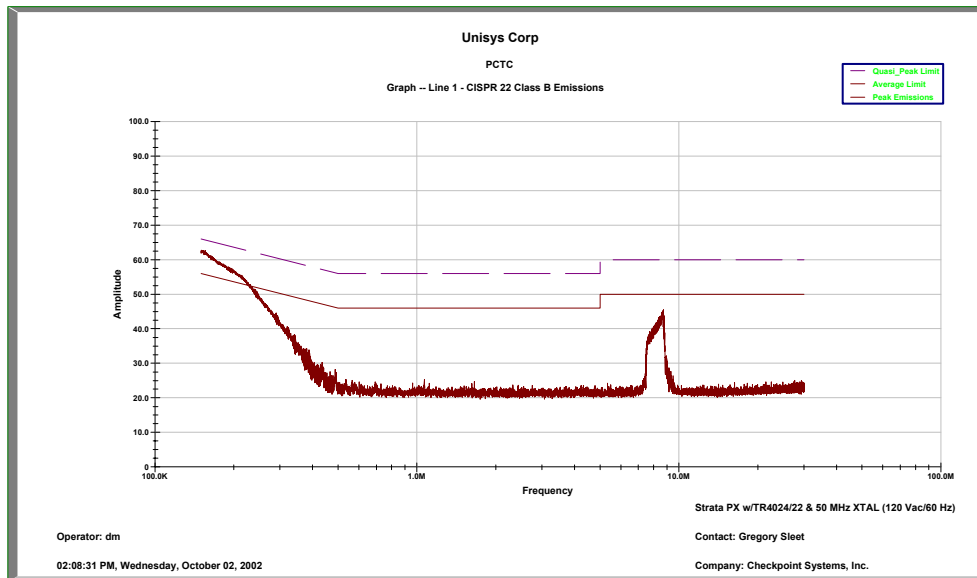


Figure 3 – Graph of AC Wireline Conducted Emissions - Phase

Table 8 – Conducted Emissions, Phase Line

Unisys Corp PCTC Table 1 - Line 2 – CISPR 22 Class B Emissions					
Operator: dm		Item Under Test: Strata PX w/TR4024/22 & 50 MHz XTAL (120 Vac/60 Hz)			
02:14:02 PM, Wednesday, October 02, 2002		Contact: Gregory Sleet			
		Company: Checkpoint Systems, Inc.			
	1	2	3	4	5
Frequency	Top 10	Peaks	Avg.	Margin with	Corr.
MHz	Peaks	Within 1	Limit	Avg. Limit	Factor
157.005 KHz	65.260	65.260	55.621	9.639	14.460
217.827 KHz	57.774	57.774	52.901	4.873	11.974
229.268 KHz	55.420	55.420	52.476	2.944	11.720
231.603 KHz	55.068	55.068	52.392	2.676	11.668
239.891 KHz	53.184	53.184	52.100	1.084	11.484
241.876 KHz	52.840	52.840	52.032	0.809	11.440
242.576 KHz	52.625	52.625	52.008	0.617	11.425
243.394 KHz	52.407	52.407	51.980	0.427	11.407
244.911 KHz	52.173	52.173	51.928	0.245	11.373
246.079 KHz	52.047	52.047	51.888	0.159	11.347
247.013 KHz		51.826	51.857	-0.031	11.326
248.413 KHz		51.795	51.810	-0.015	11.295
249.581 KHz		51.069	51.771	-0.702	11.269

The table above lists 10 frequencies where the peak detector level of the emission exceeded the average limit or was within 1 dB below the average limit. These signals were re-measured using both a quasi-peak and average detector to verify their compliance with the Quasi-Peak and Average requirements of the standard. These further measurements are shown below in Table 9.

Table 9 – Quasi-Peak and Average Detector Measurements, Phase Line

UNISYS PCTC							
Table 2 - Line 2 - CISPR 22 Class B Emissions							
Operator: dm				Item Under Test: Strata PX w/TR4024/22 & 50 MHz XTAL (120 Vac/60 Hz)			
02:23:54 PM, Wednesday, October 02, 2002				Contact: Gregory Sleet			
				Company: Checkpoint Systems, Inc.			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Frequency	Q-P	Avg	Q-P	Avg	Q-P	Avg	Corr.
MHz	Meas't	Meas't	Limit	Limit	Margin	Margin	Factor
153.690 KHz	61.771	35.731	65.798	55.798	-4.027	-20.067	14.621
207.890 KHz	55.235	26.025	63.289	53.289	-8.054	-27.264	12.195
220.250 KHz	53.250	24.350	62.809	52.809	-9.559	-28.459	11.920
222.580 KHz	52.599	23.886	62.722	52.722	-10.123	-28.836	11.869
231.010 KHz	51.052	22.962	62.413	52.413	-11.362	-29.452	11.682
232.600 KHz	50.796	22.364	62.356	52.356	-11.560	-29.993	11.646
233.500 KHz	50.556	22.606	62.324	52.324	-11.768	-29.718	11.626
234.810 KHz	50.237	22.577	62.278	52.278	-12.041	-29.701	11.597
235.130 KHz	50.320	22.270	62.266	52.266	-11.946	-29.996	11.590
236.780 KHz	49.793	22.833	62.208	52.208	-12.415	-29.375	11.553
237.870 KHz	49.489	23.749	62.170	52.170	-12.681	-28.421	11.529
240.080 KHz	49.120	28.665	62.093	52.093	-12.973	-23.428	11.480
240.890 KHz	49.042	29.562	62.065	52.065	-13.023	-22.503	11.462

- Overall Results:

- The Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board powered by the Worldwide 425 Module complied with the requirements of FCC 15.207 by a margin of at least 4 dB (Quasi-Peak Margin at 153 kHz, Phase line).

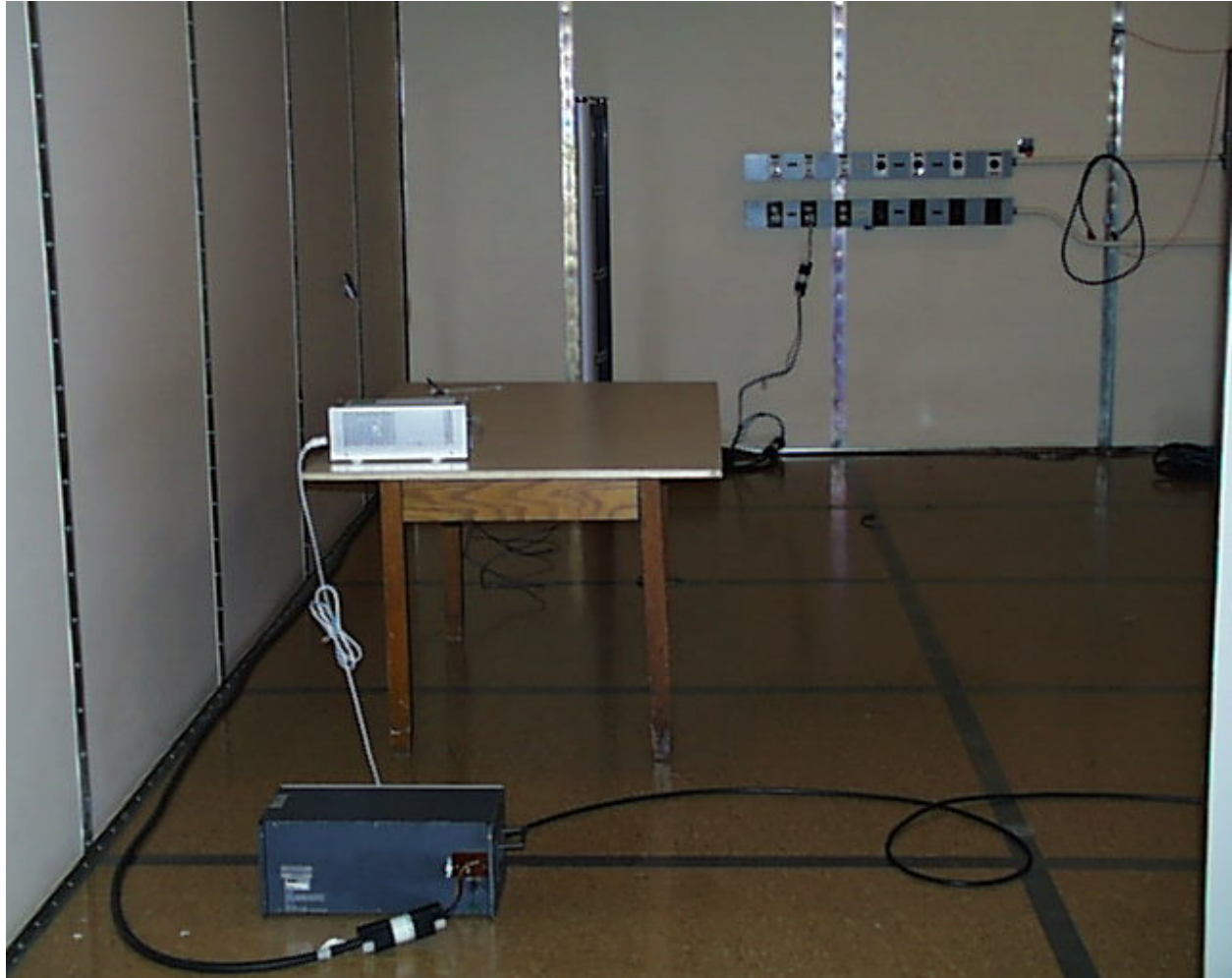


Photo 7 – Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board Conducted Emissions Test Setup



Photo 8 – Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board Conducted Emissions Test Setup



Photo 9 – Strata PX w/TR4024/22 Control Board Conducted Emissions Test Setup

Appendix 1 – Test Equipment Listing

Radio Disturbance Test Equipment

<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>ID No.</u>	<u>Last Cal Date</u>
QuasiPeak Adapter (10KHz - 1GHz)	85650A	Hewlett Packard	X717	4/26/02
QuasiPeak Adapter (10KHz - 1GHz)	85650A	Hewlett Packard	U182	8/8/02
Spectrum Analyzer Display	85662A	Hewlett Packard	U181	6/18/02
Spectrum Analyzer Display	85662A	Hewlett Packard	U180	8/7/02
Spectrum Analyzer (10KHz – 1.5GHz)	8566B	Hewlett Packard	X718	6/18/02
Spectrum Analyzer (10KHz – 1.5GHz)	8566B	Hewlett Packard	X719	8/7/02
RF Preselector (20 Hz to 2GHz)	85685A	Hewlett Packard	Y0312	6/18/02
RF Preselector (20 Hz to 2GHz)	85685A	Hewlett Packard	W927	8/7/02
Manual Receiver (9 kHz-1 GHz)	EMC-30 Mk IV	Electro Metrics	Y0331	3/1/02
LISN	MN2053	Chase Electric Limited	U776	8/8/02
Loop Antenna (300 Hz – 100 MHz)	BBH- 500/B	ARA	V640	7/3/02
Antenna (25MHz to 2GHz)	LFB-2025	ARA	B-962	2/26/02

Appendix 2 – Description Of Test Facility and Procedures

A.2.0 Description of Test Methods**A.2.1 Emissions Testing****A.2.1.1 Radiated Emissions Test****Test Facilities**

The test site is an all weather, open field measurement facility defined by an elliptical area of 3258 square meters, which is free of reflective metallic objects and extraneous electromagnetic signals. A non-metallic A-Frame enclosure covers 172 square meters of the ellipse. This enclosure contains a ground level 5 meter diameter turntable, capable of rotating equipment through a complete 360 degrees, and a 3 meter and 10 meter test range with remotely controlled antennae masts. The floor of the A-Frame and surface of the turntable are covered with a flat metal continuous ground plane. The ground plane extends outside the A-Frame to a distance of 35.6 meters from the center of the turntable. The width of the extension is 2.4 meters.

The ground plane is partially covered with protective insulating material. A cellar located beneath the ground level of the A-Frame structure houses personnel and instrumentation for remote control of the antennae, the turntable, and other equipment above ground level. The test site complies with the Attenuation Measurements specified in ANSI C63.4 - 1992, and is registered with FCC, and is accredited by AALA, VCCI, and NEMKO.

For electric field radiated emissions, the EUT and support peripherals or devices required to facilitate EUT operation were positioned either directly on the turntable surface or on a wooden table 80 cm. in height, depending on the size of the sample. Hardware not needed in the test field such as remote terminals or non standard exercisers, were placed in the basement below the turntable.

Procedures 9kHz to 30 MHz

Testing below 30 MHz was performed with the EUT configured on the test site as above. A loop antenna was placed at a distance of 30 meters from the EUT, one meter above the ground plane. The EUT was rotated 360° in order to obtain a maximum indication on the measuring receiver. This was repeated for each of the three polarizations of the antenna. The position of the antenna relative to the ground plane was noted in the reported data.

Procedures 1.704 MHz to 10 MHz

Testing below 30 MHz was performed with the EUT configured on the test site as above. A magnetic field loop antenna was placed at a distance of 30 meters from the EUT, one meter above the ground plane. The EUT was rotated 360° in order to obtain a maximum indication on the measuring receiver. This was repeated for each of the three polarization of the antenna.

Per the agreement between Checkpoint and FCC, testing in this frequency range for fundamental emissions, a 20 dB reduction from the true peak was compared with the average limit of 100 µV/meter (40 dBµV/meter) at a measurement distance of 30 meters. The unit under test shall be modulated as normally installed.

True peak was determined by setting the spectrum analyzer with peak detector, to “max-hold” and a frequency span from 7.2 to 9.2 MHz. The resolution bandwidth was increased until no further change was noted in the peak level of the emission. Because of the duty cycle and repetition rate of the pulsed signals, a bandwidth of 300 kHz was found to be sufficient to display the true peak level of the fundamental. This insured that pulse desensitization has been minimized. The peak level was then recorded.

Procedures 30 MHz to 1000 MHz

Initial measurements, for the purpose of identifying suspect emissions from the equipment under test, were performed by dividing the test frequency range into the following twenty bands:

1)	30 - 40 MHz	8)	108 - 148 MHz	15)	570 - 670 MHz
2)	40 - 50 MHz	9)	148 - 165 MHz	16)	670 - 770 MHz
3)	50 - 88 MHz	10)	165 - 200 MHz	17)	770 - 855 MHz
4)	88 - 93 MHz	11)	200 - 300 MHz	18)	855 - 875 MHz
5)	93 - 98 MHz	12)	300 - 450 MHz	19)	875 - 892 MHz
6)	98 - 103 MHz	13)	450 - 470 MHz	20)	892 - 1000 MHz
7)	103 - 108 MHz	14)	470 - 570 MHz		

Each of these bands was monitored on a spectrum analyzer display while the turntable was initially positioned at the reference 0 degree point. A mast mounted broadband antenna was located at a distance of 10 meters from the periphery of the EUT(s). The antenna was set to 1 meter height, for the vertical polarity and 2.5 meters height, for horizontal polarity for these suspect emission scans. All emissions with amplitudes 8 dB or less below the appropriate regulatory limit were identified and saved for later source identification and investigation. This initial suspect identification procedure was repeated for turntable positions of 90, 180 and 270 degrees.

The source of questionable emissions was verified by powering off the EUT(s). Those emissions remaining were removed from the suspect list. Valid suspect emissions were then maximized through cable manipulation. The highest six signals or all within 4 dB of the limit, identified during this initial investigation, were then maximized by rotating the turntable through a complete 360 degrees of azimuth and raising the antenna from 1 to 4 meters of elevation. When the EUT(s) azimuth, antenna height and polarization that produced the maximum indication were found, the emission amplitude and frequency were remeasured to obtain maximum peak and quasi-peak field strength. The frequencies and amplitudes of RFI emissions are recorded in this report in units derived as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Field Strength (dBuV/m)} &= \text{meter reading (dBuV)} \\ &+ \text{antenna factor (dB/m)} \\ &+ \text{Cable Loss (dB)} \end{aligned}$$

A.2.1.2 Conducted Emissions Test

Procedure 150 kHz To 30 MHz

Peak amplitude terminal voltage emissions at the power line input to the EUT(s) were measured with a spectrum analyzer, using a peak detector and the appropriate CISPR bandwidth, connected to the RF output of a 50 Ohm, 50 microhenry Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) installed in each power line. Measurements were made over the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz while the EUT(s) was operating as described in paragraph 5.3.

The significant amplitudes of emissions measured on the AC power lines of the EUT(s) are recorded in this report in units derived as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Peak Emission (dBuV)} &= \text{meter reading (dBuV)} \\ &+ \text{LISN factor (dB)} \end{aligned}$$

Note: For speed and convenience, a spectrum analyzer employing a peak detector was used as the measuring receiver to sweep through and record the spectrum. As a tool to judge compliance of the emissions, the peak detector sweep is displayed and graphed against the appropriate average limit. This type of measurement is valid given that the peak reading will always be greater than or equal to the average or quasi-peak reading. Peak emissions recorded with the spectrum analyzer that exceed the average limit, or are found to be within 2 dB of the average limit are re-measured using the spectrum analyzer detector function first set to quasi-peak and then to average. These measurements, if necessary, are recorded and printed below each graph.

Appendix 3 – Correspondence Letter

MAR 13 '97 10:59 TO-912105223396
JUL 27 '98 15:19 TO-918313442680

FROM-CHECKPOINT SYSTEMS INC
FROM-CHECKPOINT SYSTEMS INC

T-085 P.02/02 F-071
T-031 P.01/02 F-074



**CHECKPOINT SYSTEMS, INC.
FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION COVER**

To: F.C.C. Lab	Date: 7/26/96
Attention: Mr. Ed Gibbons	
Fax No: (609) 344-2366	No. of Pages: 2 (Incl. Cover)
From: Mr. Gregory E. Sleet CHECKPOINT SYSTEMS, INC. 101 WOLF DRIVE, P.O. BOX 188 THOROFARE, N.J. 08086	Telephone: (609) 344-2339 Direct Toll Free: (800) 287-8840 Ext. 2339 Fax No.: (609) 344-2366
PRIVACY AND CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE	
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Dear Mr. Gibbons:

Following up on our recent phone conversations, please confirm and if necessary correct our understanding of the points discussed below. Based on the details of our fax dated 7/3/96:

- ✓ • Our pulsed emissions will be treated as frequency hopping, where the bandwidth will be considered the spectrum contained between the lowest and highest carrier frequency we pulse.
- ✓ • A simple ratio of the maximum single restricted band infringed upon divided by the bandwidth of our fundamental emission must be less than 1% to satisfy section 15.205 of the rules.
- • For fundamental and harmonic emissions ~~below 30 MHz~~, a 20 dB reduction from the true peak is to be compared to the limits of 100uV/meter ~~and 30uV/meter~~ respectively at 30 meters. The unit is modulated as normally installed. True peak refers to the point at which the analyzer bandwidth is adjusted for minimum pulse desensitization.
- • For ~~emissions above 30 MHz~~ CISPR quasi-peak measurements will be made with the unit modulating as normally installed. Based on the bandwidth plot, care must be given to measure multiples of the worst case emission points. Limits are as specified in section 15.209.
- ✓ • Conducted emissions remain as specified in part 15 of the rules.

Ed Gibbons
8/2/96