

5 TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

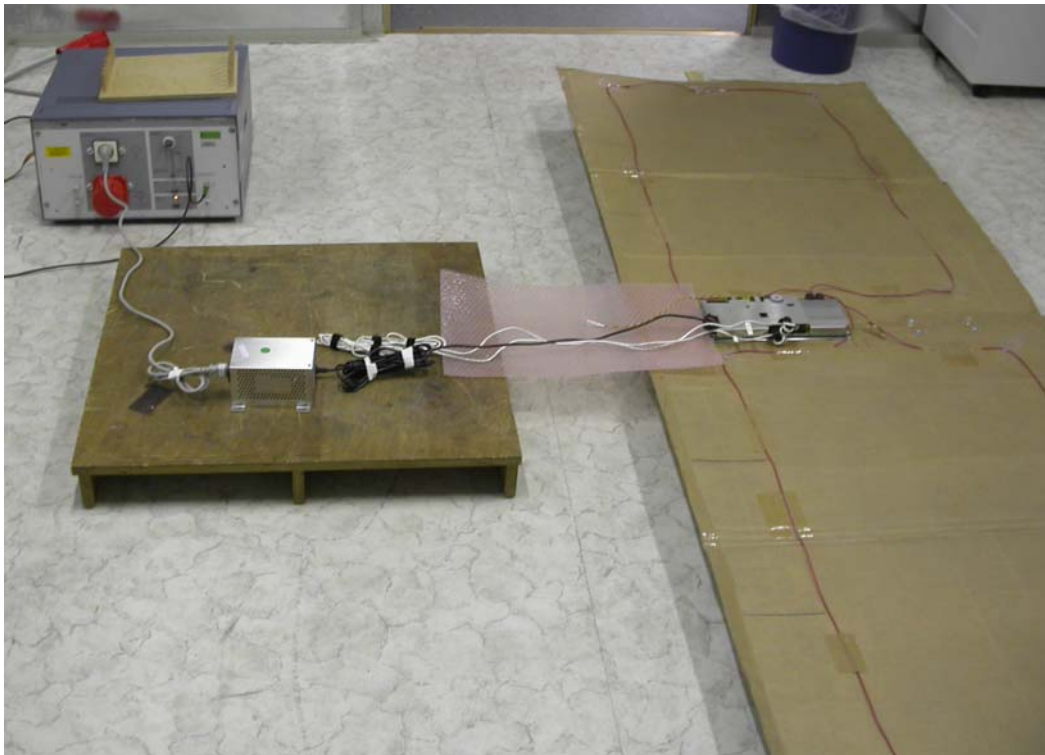
5.1 Conducted emissions

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part A 4.

5.1.1 Description of the test location

Test location: Shielded Room S2

5.1.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.1.3 Description of Measurement

The final level, expressed in dB μ V, is arrived at by taking the reading directly from the EMI receiver. This level is compared directly to the FCC Limit or to the CISPR limit, which is equivalent to the Australian AS 3548 limit.

To convert between dB μ V and μ V, the following conversions apply:

$$\text{dB}\mu\text{V} = 20(\log \mu\text{V})$$

$$\mu\text{V} = \text{Inverse log}(\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/20)$$

Conducted emissions on the 50 Hz and/or 60 Hz power interface of the EuT are measured in the frequency range of 150 kHz to 30 MHz. The measurements are performed using a receiver, which has CISPR characteristic bandwidth and quasi-peak detection, and a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN), with 50 Ω /50 μ H (CISPR 16) characteristics. Table top equipment is placed on a non-conducting table 80 centimeter's above the floor and is positioned 40 centimeter's from the vertical ground plane (wall) of the screen room. If the minimum passing margin appears to be less than 20 dB with a peak mode measurement, the emissions are remeasured using a tuned receiver with quasi-peak and average detection and recorded on the data sheets.

5.2 Field strength of the fundamental wave

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part CPR 1.

5.2.1 Description of the test location

Test location: Ohmstreet

Test distance: 30 metres

5.2.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.3 Spurious emissions (Magnetic field) 9 kHz – 30 MHz

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part SER 1.

5.3.1 Description of the test location

Test location: Ohmstreet

Test distance: 30 metres

5.3.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.4 Radiated emissions (electric field) 30 MHz – 1 GHz

For test instruments and accessories used see section 6 Part SER 2.

5.4.1 Description of the test location

Test location: OATS1

Test distance: 3 metres

5.4.2 Photo documentation of the test set-up



5.4.3 Description of Measurement

Spurious emissions from the EuT are measured in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 10 times the highest used frequency using a tuned receiver and appropriate broadband linearly polarized antennas. Measurements between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz are made with 120 kHz/6 dB bandwidth and quasi-peak detection. Table top equipment is placed on a 1.0 X 1.5 meter non-conducting table 80 centimetres above the ground plane. Floor standing equipment is placed directly on the turntable/ground plane. Interface cables that are closer than 40 centimetres to the ground plane are bundled in the center in a serpentine fashion so they are at least 40 centimetres from the ground plane. Cables to simulators/testers (if used in this test) are routed through the center of the table and to a screen room located outside the test area. The antenna was positioned 3, 10 or 30 meters horizontally from the EuT. To locate maximum emissions from the test sample the antenna is varied in height from 1 to 4 meters, measurement scans are made with both horizontal and vertical antenna polarization's and the EuT are rotated 360 degrees.

The final level, expressed in dB μ V/m, is arrived by taking the reading from the EMI receiver (Level dB μ V) and adding the correction factors and cable loss factor (Factor dB) to it. This is done automatically in the EMI receiver, where the correction factors are stored. This result then has the FCC or CISPR limit subtracted from it to provide the Delta which gives the tabular data as shown in the data sheets at page.