

MET Laboratories, Inc. *safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation* 914 WEST PATAPSCO AVENUE • BALTIMORE, MARYLAND 21230-3432 • PHONE (410) 354-3300 • FAX (410) 354-3313 33439 WESTERN AVENUE • UNION CITY, CALIFORNIA 94587 • PHONE (510) 489-6300 • FAX (510) 489-6372 3162 BELICK STREET • SANTA CLARA, CA 95054 • PHONE (408) 748-3585 • FAX (510) 489-6372 13501 MCCALLEN PASS • AUSTIN, TEXAS 78753 • PHONE (512) 287-2500 • FAX (512) 287-2513

May 2, 2016

Checkpoint Systems 101 Wolf Drive West Deptford, NJ 08086

Dear Shawn Singh,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for Class II Permissive Change compliance testing of the Checkpoint Systems, UHF RFID Reader/RFID POS READER V2 (CPiD RFID 400 RDR) as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15 Subpart C and RSS-247, Issue 1, May. 2015 for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours, MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell Documentation Department

Reference: (\Checkpoint Systems\EMC89161-FCC247 Rev. 2)

Certificates and reports shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written permission of MET Laboratories, Inc.



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Class II Permissive Change Test Report

for the

Checkpoint Systems UHF RFID Reader/RFID POS READER V2 (CPiD RFID 400 RDR)

Tested under the FCC Certification Rules contained in 15.247 Subpart C & RSS-247, Issue 1, May. 2015 for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC89161-FCC247 Rev. 2

May 2, 2016

Prepared For:

Checkpoint Systems 101 Wolf Drive West Deptford, NJ 08086

> Prepared By: MET Laboratories, Inc. 914 W. Patapsco Ave. Baltimore, MD 21230



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Class II Permissive Change Test Report

for the

Checkpoint Systems UHF RFID Reader/RFID POS READER V2 (CPiD RFID 400 RDR)

Tested under the FCC Certification Rules contained in 15.247 Subpart C & RSS-247, Issue 1, May. 2015 for Intentional Radiators

Mous

Djed Mouada, Project Engineer Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Juife Warl

Jennifer Warnell Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Part 15.247 and Industry Canada standard RSS-247 Issue 1 May 2015 under normal use and maintenance.

a Bajura.

Asad Bajwa, Director, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision	
Ø	April 6, 2016	Initial Issue.	
1	April 21, 2016	Engineer corrections.	
2	May 2, 2016	Editorial corrections.	



Table of Contents

I.	Executive Summary	1
	A. Purpose of Test	
	B. Executive Summary	
II.	Equipment Configuration	
	A. Overview	
	B. References	5
	C. Test Site	5
	D. Description of Test Sample	6
	E. Equipment Configuration	6
	F. Support Equipment	
	G. Ports and Cabling Information	7
	H. Mode of Operation	7
	I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation	7
	J. Modifications	7
	a) Modifications to EUT	7
	b) Modifications to Test Standard	7
	K. Disposition of EUT	7
III.	Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators	8
	§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge	
	§ 15.247(i) Maximum Permissible Exposure	
	RSS-102 (3.2) RF Exposure Evaluation of Devices	18
IV.	Test Equipment	
V.	Certification & User's Manual Information	21
	A. Certification Information	22
	B. Label and User's Manual Information	26



List of Tables

Table 1.	Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting	2
	EUT Summary Table	
	References	
Table 4.	Equipment Configuration	6
	Support Equipment	
	Ports and Cabling Information	
	Restricted Bands of Operation	
	Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)	
	Test Equipment List	

List of Plots

11
11
11
12
12
12
13
13
13
14
14
14

List of Figures

Figure 1	Block Diagram of	Test Configuration	
inguie it.	Dioen Diagram of	rest comiguration.	

List of Photographs

Table 1. QP Ir	ivestigation	15
Photograph 2.	Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup	16

AC	Alternating Current	
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor	
Cal	Calibration	
d	Measurement Distance	
dB	Decibels	
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp	
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt	
dBµA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter	
dBμV/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter	
DC	Direct Current	
Е	Electric Field	
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line	
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge	
EUT	Equipment Under Test	
f	Frequency	
FCC	Federal Communications Commission	
GRP	Ground Reference Plane	
Н	Magnetic Field	
НСР	Horizontal Coupling Plane	
Hz	Hertz	
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission	
kHz	kilohertz	
kPa	kilopascal	
kV	kilovolt	
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network	
MHz	Megahertz	
μΗ	microhenry	
μ	microfarad	
μs	microseconds	
NEBS	Network Equipment-Building System	
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency	
RF	Radio Frequency	
RMS	Root-Mean-Square	
ТWT	Traveling Wave Tube	
V/m	Volts per meter	
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane	

List of Terms and Abbreviations



I. Executive Summary

A. Purpose of Test

The purpose of this test is to file for a class 2 permissive change for higher antenna gain.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with Checkpoint Systems, quote number 1CHE1703. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2014.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	IC Reference RSS-247 Issue 1: 2015; RSS-GEN Issue 4: 2014	Description	Compliance
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d); §15.209; §15.205	RSS-247(5.5)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant

 Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting



II. Equipment Configuration

A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by Checkpoint Systems to perform testing on the UHF RFID Reader/RFID POS READER V2 (CPiD RFID 400 RDR), under Checkpoint Systems' quote number 1CHE1703.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Checkpoint Systems, UHF RFID Reader/RFID POS READER V2 (CPiD RFID 400 RDR).

Model(s) Tested:	UHF RFID Reader/RFID POS READER V2 (CPiD RFID 400 RDR)		
Model(s) Covered:	UHF RFID Reader/RFID POS READER V2 (CPiD RFID 400 RDR)		
	Primary Power: 120 VAC	C, 60 Hz	
EUT	FCC ID: DO4-MPOSREA IC ID: 3356B-MPOSREA		
Specifications:	Type of Modulations:	FHSS	
	Equipment Code:	DSS	
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	902.7-927.2MHz	
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.		
	Temperature: 15-35° C		
Environmental Test Conditions:	Relative Humidity: 30-60%		
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar		
Evaluated by:	Djed Mouada		
Report Type:	Class II Permissive Change to add higher gain antennas.		
Report Date(s):	May 2, 2016		

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

 Table 2. EUT Summary Table

B. References

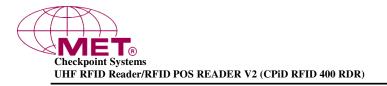
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies
ANSI C63.4:2014Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Vol Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz	
RSS-247, Issue 1, May. 2015 Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunications Devices (All Freque Bands): Category I Equipment	
RSS-GEN, Issue 4, Nov. 2014	General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus
ISO/IEC 17025:2005	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories
ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

 Table 3. References

C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 W. Patapsco Ave., Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.



D. Description of Test Sample

The Checkpoint Systems UHF RFID Reader/RFID POS READER V2 (CPiD RFID 400 RDR), Equipment Under Test (EUT), is a UHF RFID Reader System which communicates with targets that are applied to or incorporated into an item. The targets (typically referred to as tags or labels) serve to identify the item to which it is attached based on a unique ID stored on the target. RFID POS READER V2 is designed to work in Point of Sales applications.

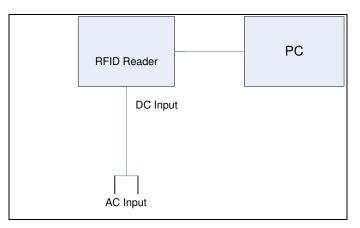


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration

E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number	Part Number	Serial Number	Revision
	UHF RFID Reader	RFID POS READER V2 (CPiD RFID 400 RDR)	10112394	10112394400Z1785098	
	Power Supply	GT-41082-1812-T2	TR9KE1000CPCKP- N(RV)	2514	

 Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Support Equipment

Support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number
	Notebook PC	IBM	T42

Table 5. Support Equipment

G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port Name on EUT	Cable Description	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Point
1	12 VDC	DC cable	1	1.5	No	12 VDC
2	AC Input	2 conductor	1	1.8	No	(120 V/60 Hz)
3	Ethernet	RJ45	1	2.0	No	Ethernet

Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information

H. Mode of Operation

The EUT will be operated in tag reading mode with power level set to 27 dBm.

I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

The Antenna 1-4 LEDs turn on whenever any respective antenna TX circuit is active.

J. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Checkpoint Systems upon completion of testing.



III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirements: §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
¹ 0.495–0.505	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35-5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9–150.05	2310-2390	15.35–16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358 36.	43–36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322–335.4	3600-4400	(²)

Table 7. Restricted Bands of Operation

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 - 0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6

Test Requirement(s): § 15.209 (a): Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 8.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a),Radiated Emission Limits (dBµV) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.00
88 - 216	43.50
216 - 960	46.00
Above 960	54.00

 Table 8. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)

Test Procedure: The transmitter was set to the mid channel at the highest output power and placed on a 0.8 m high wooden table inside in a semi-anechoic chamber. Measurements were performed with the EUT rotated 360 degrees and varying the adjustable antenna mast with 1 m to 4 m height to determine worst case orientation for maximum emissions. Measurement were repeated the measurement at the low and highest channels.

For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per \$15.33(a)(1) and \$15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

In accordance with §15.35(b) the limit on the radio frequency emissions as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function shall be 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit for the frequency being investigated unless a different peak emission limit is otherwise specified in the rules.

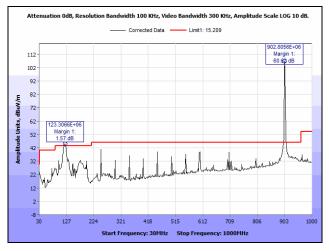
EUT Field Strength Final Amplitude = Raw Amplitude – Preamp gain + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Distance Correction Factor

- **Test Results:** The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of §15.247(d). The frequencies that appear to exceed the limit (below 1 GHz) were investigated with a QP detector and clear the limit.
- Test Engineer(s): Djed Mouada

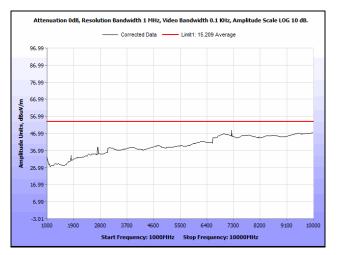
Test Date(s): 03/28/16



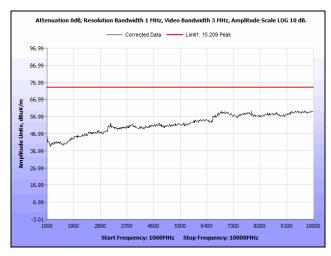
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results



Plot 1. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz - 1 GHz

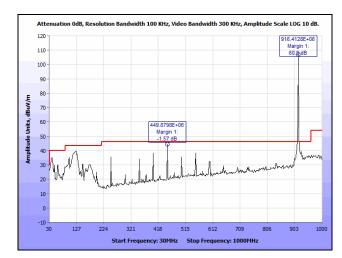


Plot 2. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, Average, 1 GHz – 10 GHz

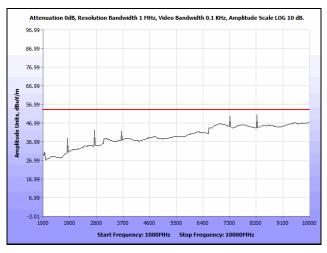


Plot 3. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, Peak, 1 GHz – 10 GHz

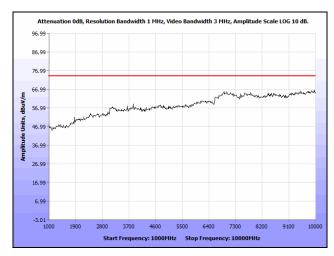




Plot 4. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, 30 MHz - 1 GHz

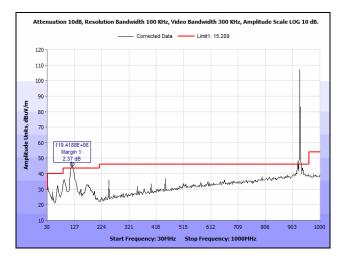


Plot 5. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, Average, 1 GHz – 10 GHz

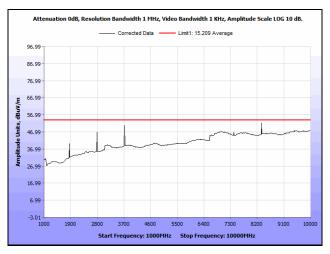


Plot 6. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Mid Channel, Peak, 1 GHz – 10 GHz

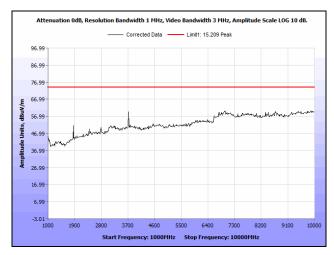




Plot 7. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz - 1 GHz

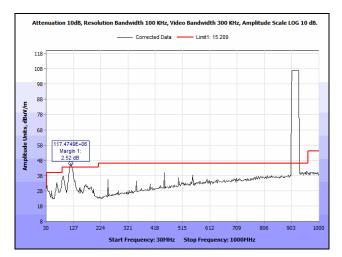


Plot 8. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, Average, 1 GHz – 10 GHz

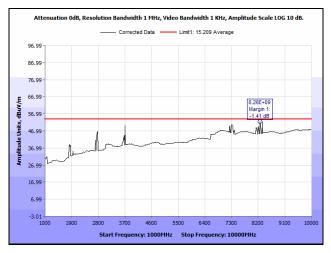


Plot 9. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, Peak, 1 GHz - 10 GHz

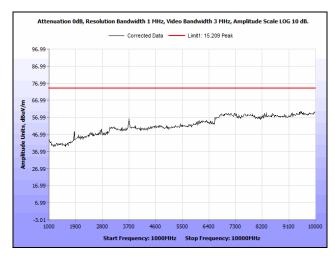




Plot 10. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Hopper, 30 MHz - 1 GHz



Plot 11. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Hopper, Average, 1 GHz – 10 GHz



Plot 12. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Hopper, Peak, 1 GHz – 10 GHz

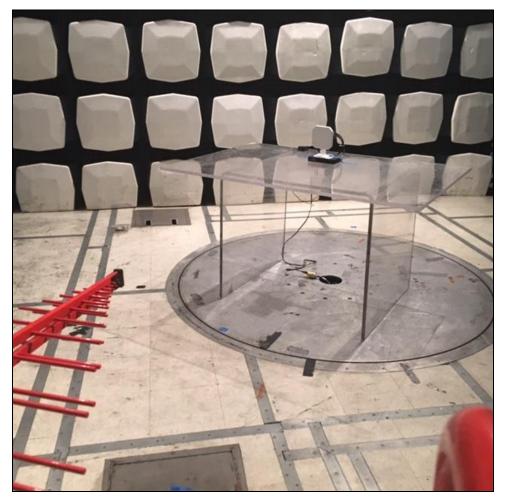


Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBµV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
117.47	56	Н	1.5421	6.91	13.95	1.20	0	22.06	43.5	-21.44
117.47	56	V	1.663	14.26	13.95	1.20	0	29.41	43.5	-14.09
119.3	60	Н	1.541	6.33	14.13	1.21	0	21.67	43.5	-21.83
119.3	60	V	1.541	16.71	14.13	1.21	0	32.05	43.5	-11.45
123.29	46	Н	1.54	5.89	14.33	1.22	0	21.44	43.5	-22.06
123.29	53	V	1.54	16.8	14.33	1.22	0	32.35	43.5	-11.15

 Table 1. QP Investigation



Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup



Photograph 2. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(i) Maximum Permissible Exposure

- **RF Exposure Requirements:** §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2): Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.
- **RF Radiation Exposure Limit: §1.1310:** As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter.

MPE Limit: EUT's operating frequencies @ 2400-2483.5 MHz; Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm² or 10 W/m²

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

 $S = PG / 4\pi R^2$ or $R = \int (PG / 4\pi S)$

where, S = Power Density (mW/cm²) P = Power Input to antenna (mW) G = Antenna Gain (numeric value) R = Distance (cm)

Test Results:

	FCC										
Frequency (MHz)	Con. Pwr. (dBm)	Con. Pwr. (mW)	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Ant. Gain numeric	Pwr. Density (mW/cm ²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)	Margin	Distance (cm)	Result		
927.2	27.08	510.505	2.5	1.778	0.18061	1	0.81939	20	Pass		

The safe distance where Power Density is less than the MPE Limit listed above was found to be 20 cm.

RSS-102(3.2)	RF Exposure Evaluation of Devices
RF Exposure Requirements:	RSS-102(3.2): A device requiring an RF exposure evaluation shall be made in accordance with the latest version of IEEE C95.3.
	If the device is designed such that more than one antenna can functionally transmit at the same time, the RF exposure evaluation shall be conducted while all antennas are transmitting. The individual exposure level ratios shall be totaled and used for compliance purposes.
	If the device has more than one antenna, but is not designed to have more than one antenna functionally transmit at the same time, the RF exposure evaluation of the device shall be performed for each of the individually transmitting antennas. The maximum RF field strength value shall be recorded and used for compliance purposes.
	If the device combines groups of simultaneous and non-simultaneous transmitting antennas, the worst-case of the above scenarios applies.
Exposure Limit:	For a device operating between $300 - 6000$ MHz the power density limit for RF Evaluation can be determined from the equation $0.02619 \text{ x } f^{0.6834} \text{ W/m}^2$, where <i>f</i> is the frequency in MHz.
	The Time-Averaged Maximum e.i.r.p. RF Evaluation Exemption limit for devices operating between $300 - 6000$ MHz can be found from the equation $0.0131 \text{ x } f^{0.6834}$ W, where <i>f</i> is the frequency in MHz.

Test Result:

	IC										
Frequency (MHz)	Con. Pwr. (dBm)	Con. Pwr. (mW)	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Ant. Gain numeric	Pwr. Density (W/m ²)	MPE Limit (W/m ²)	Margin	Distance (cm)	e.i.r.p. (W)	e.i.r.p. Exempt Limit (W)	Result
927.2	27.08	510.505	2.5	1.778	N/A	N/A	N/A	20	0.90782	1.3965	Exempt

The safe distance where Power Density is less than the MPE Limit listed above was found to be 20 cm.



IV. Test Equipment



Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T4483	ANTENNA; HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	10/08/2015	10/08/2017
1T4771	PSA SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4446A	11/25/2014	05/25/2016
1T4300B	SEMI-ANECHOIC 3M CHAMBER #1 D (2043A-1) (IC)	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	01/11/2015	01/11/2018
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	10/29/2014	10/29/2016
1T4753	ANTENNA - BILOG	SUNOL SCIENCES	JB6	3/9/2015	9/9/2016
1T4442	PRE-AMPLIFIER, MICROWAVE	MITEQ	AFS42- 01001800- 30-10P	SEE N	OTE

Table 9. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.





A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or preproduction stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.

- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
 - (i) Compliance testing;
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.¹ In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

 $^{^{1}}$ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

(a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.

(1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

- (i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.
- (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
- (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.



1. Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

- (a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:
 - (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The user's manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



End of Report