



**SAR EVALUATION REPORT**

**FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093  
IEEE Std 1528-2013**

*For*  
**802.11a/b/g/n 2.4/5GHz Radio**

**FCC ID: DKNHG  
Model Name: ID:093**

**Report Number: 15U20961-S1  
Issue Date: 8/25/2015**

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NVLAP LAB CODE 200065-0

**Revision History**

Rev.	Date	Revisions	Revised By
--	8/25/2015	Initial Issue	--



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# 1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name	Echostar Technologies LLC			
FCC ID	DKNHG			
Model Name	ID:093			
Applicable Standards	FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 Published RF exposure KDB procedures IEEE Std 1528-2013			
<b>SAR Limits (W/Kg)</b>				
Exposure Category	Peak spatial-average(1g of tissue)			
General population / Uncontrolled exposure	1.6			
<b>The Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)</b>				
<b>RF Exposure Conditions</b>	<b>Equipment Class</b>			
	<b>Licensed</b>	<b>DTS</b>	<b>U-NII</b>	<b>DSS (BT)</b>
Standalone	N/A	1.557	1.520	N/A
Date Tested	8/10/2015 to 8/19/2015			
Test Results	Pass			
<p>UL Verification Services Inc. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL Verification Services Inc. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL Verification Services Inc. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL Verification Services Inc. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government (NIST Handbook 150, Annex A). This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.</p>				
Approved & Released By:			Prepared By:	
Devin Chang Senior Engineer UL Verification Services Inc.			Jose Abadilla Laboratory Technician UL Verification Services Inc.	

## 2. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE STD 1528-2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure [KDB](#) procedures:

- 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02
- 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- 690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03
- 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01

## 3. Facilities and Accreditation

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at

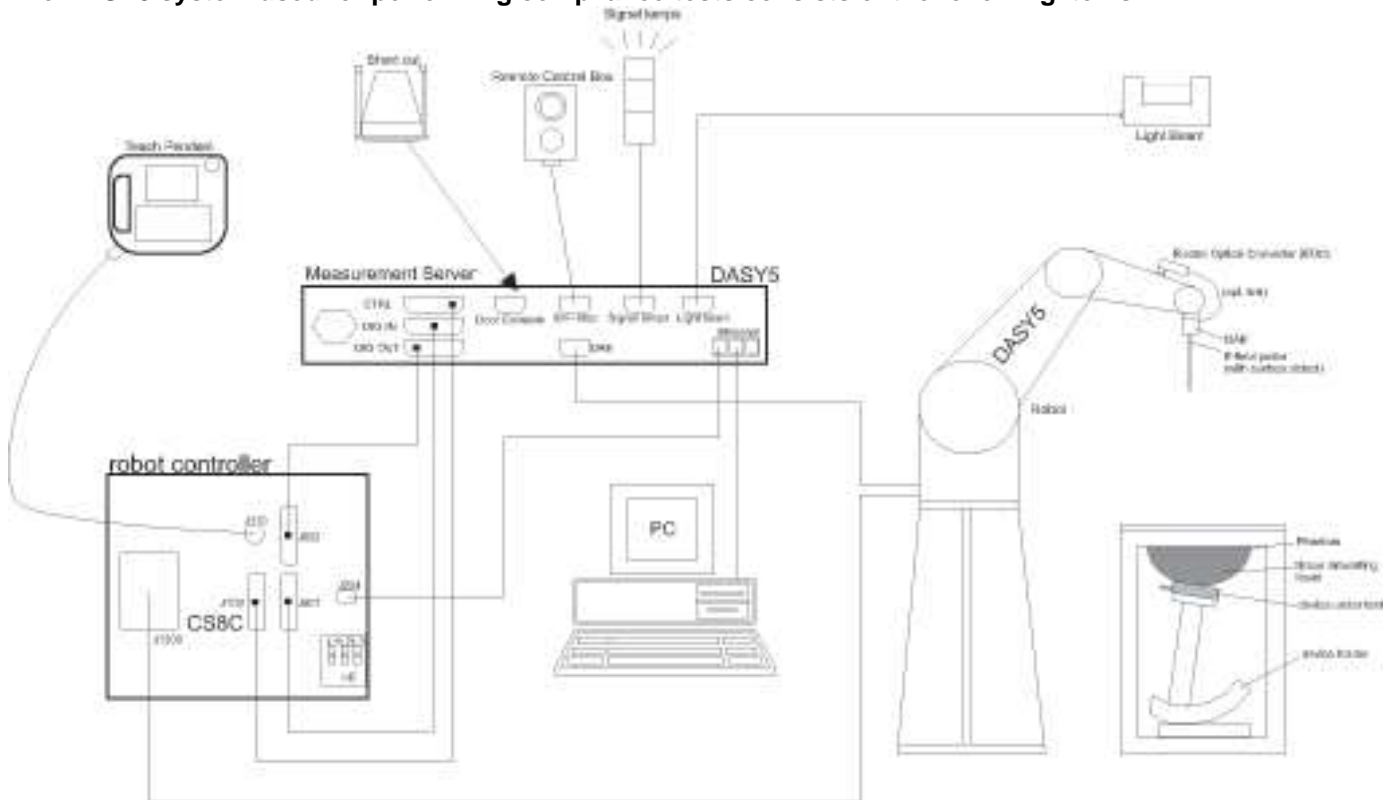
47173 Benicia Street	47266 Benicia Street
SAR Lab A	SAR Lab 1
SAR Lab B	SAR Lab 2
SAR Lab C	SAR Lab 3
SAR Lab D	SAR Lab 4
SAR Lab E	SAR Lab 5
SAR Lab F	
SAR Lab G	
SAR Lab H	

UL Verification Services Inc. is accredited by [NVLAP](#), Laboratory Code 200065-0.

## 4. SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment

### 4.1. SAR Measurement System

The DASY5 system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

## 4.2. SAR Scan Procedures

### Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface is 2.1 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

### Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1$ mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$	$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm $2 - 3$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm $4 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 10$ mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	



**Step 3: Zoom Scan**

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

		$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$		$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 8$ mm 2 – 3 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm*	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 5$ mm* 4 – 6 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm*	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	$\leq 5$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 4$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm	
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	$\leq 4$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\leq 3$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\leq 2.5$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\leq 2$ mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z	$\geq 30$ mm	3 – 4 GHz: $\geq 28$ mm 4 – 5 GHz: $\geq 25$ mm 5 – 6 GHz: $\geq 22$ mm	
Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4$ W/kg, $\leq 8$ mm, $\leq 7$ mm and $\leq 5$ mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

**Step 4: Power drift measurement**

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

**Step 5: Z-Scan (FCC only)**

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a one-dimensional grid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation the extrapolated distance should not be larger than the step size in Z-direction.

### 4.3. Test Equipment

The measuring equipment used to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturers' recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

#### Dielectric Property Measurements

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	MY40000980	4/17/2016
Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1087	11/11/2015
Shorting block	SPEAG	DAK-3.5 Short	SM DAK 200 BA	N/A
Thermometer	Traceable Calibration Control Co.	4242	122529162	10/8/2015

#### System Check

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Synthesized Signal Generator	HP	8665B	1000622	5/8/2016
Power Meter	Agilent	N1912A	MY50001018	9/3/2015
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9323A	US40411556	8/27/2015
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9323A	MY53070007	3/2/2016
Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-4D-00400600-50-30P	1795093	N/A
Directional coupler	Werlatone	C8060-102	2149	N/A
DC Power Supply	AMETEK	XT 15-4	1319A02778	N/A
Synthesized Signal Generator	HP	8665B	3744A01155	3/18/2016
Power Meter	HP	437B	3125U16345	6/15/2016
Power Meter	HP	437B	3125U12345	7/31/2016
Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2349A36506	9/29/2016
Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2702A76223	9/17/2015
Amplifier	MITEQ	AMF-4D-00400600-50-30P	1795092	N/A
Directional coupler	Werlatone	C8060-102	2141	N/A
DC Power Supply	BK PRECISION	1611	215-02292	N/A
E-Field Probe (SAR Lab B)	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3751	11/14/2015
E-Field Probe (SAR Lab C)	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3885	9/15/2015
Data Acquisition Electronics (SAR Lab B)	SPEAG	DAE4	1360	3/12/2016
Data Acquisition Electronics (SAR Lab C)	SPEAG	DAE3	427	1/14/2016
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	899	3/13/2016
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1003	2/20/2016

#### Other

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial No.	Cal. Due Date
Power Meter	Agilent	N1912A	MY551 96007	7/2/2017
Power Sensor	Agilent	N1921A	MY53260010	7/8/2016

### 5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

## 6. Device Under Test (DUT) Information

### 6.1. DUT Description

Device Dimension	Overall (Length x Width): 66 mm x 66 mm Overall Diagonal: 87.5 mm
Back Cover	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The rechargeable battery is not user accessible.
Battery Options	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The rechargeable battery is not user accessible.
Wi-Fi Direct	Wi-Fi Direct enabled devices transfer data directly between each other <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wi-Fi Direct (Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wi-Fi Direct (Wi-Fi 5 GHz)

### 6.2. Wireless Technologies

Wireless technologies	Frequency bands	Operating mode	Duty Cycle used for SAR testing
Wi-Fi	2.4 GHz	802.11b 802.11g 802.11n (HT20)	100%
	5.2/5.8 GHz	802.11a 802.11n (HT20) 802.11n (HT40)	100%
	Does this device support bands 5.60 ~ 5.65 GHz? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No		
	Does this device support Band gap channel(s)? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No		

### 6.3. Nominal and Maximum Output Power

KDB 447498 sec.4.1.(3) at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit

Upper limit (dB): -1.5 ~ 0.5		Max. RF Output Power (dBm)	
RF Air interface	Mode	Target	Max. tune-up tolerance limit
WiFi 2.4 GHz	802.11b	13.0	<b>13.5</b>
	802.11g	7.5	<b>8.0</b>
	802.11n HT20	7.0	<b>7.5</b>
WiFi 5.2 GHz	802.11a	14.5	<b>15.0</b>
	802.11n HT20	14.0	<b>14.5</b>
	802.11n HT40	12.5	<b>13.0</b>
WiFi 5.8 GHz	802.11a	13.5	<b>14.0</b>
	802.11n HT20	13.0	<b>13.5</b>
	802.11n HT40	11.5	<b>12.0</b>

## 7. RF Exposure Conditions (Test Configurations)

Refer to “SAR Photos and Ant locations” Appendix for the specific details of the antenna-to-antenna and antenna-to-edge(s) distances.

### 7.1. Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

Since the *Dedicated Host Approach* is applied, the standalone SAR test exclusion procedure in KDB 447498 § 4.3.1 is applied in conjunction with KDB 616217 § 4.3 to determine the minimum test separation distance:

- When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is ≤ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.
- When the separation distance from the antenna to an adjacent edge is > 5 mm, the actual antenna-to-edge separation distance is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

### SAR Test Exclusion Calculations for WLAN

#### Antennas < 50mm to adjacent edges

Tx Interface	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Separation Distances (mm)						Calculated Threshold Value					
		dBm	mW	Rear	Edge 1	Edge 2	Edge 3	Edge 4	Front	Rear	Edge 1	Edge 2	Edge 3	Edge 4	Front
Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	2462	13.50	22	9.2	10.24	24.33	53.36	39.19	5	3.8 -MEASURE-	3.5 -MEASURE-	14 -EXEMPT-	> 50 mm	0.9 -EXEMPT-	6.9 -MEASURE-
Wi-Fi 5.2 GHz	5240	15.00	32	9.2	10.24	24.33	53.36	39.19	5	8.1 -MEASURE-	7.3 -MEASURE-	3.1 -MEASURE-	> 50 mm	19 -EXEMPT-	14.7 -MEASURE-
Wi-Fi 5.8 GHz	5825	14.00	25	9.2	10.24	24.33	53.36	39.19	5	6.7 -MEASURE-	6 -MEASURE-	2.5 -EXEMPT-	> 50 mm	15 -EXEMPT-	12.1 -MEASURE-

**Note(s):**

According to KDB 447498, if the calculated threshold value is >3 then SAR testing is required.

#### Antennas > 50mm to adjacent edges

Tx Interface	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Separation Distances (mm)						Calculated Threshold Value					
		dBm	mW	Rear	Edge 1	Edge 2	Edge 3	Edge 4	Front	Rear	Edge 1	Edge 2	Edge 3	Edge 4	Front
Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	2462	13.50	22	9.2	10.24	24.33	53.36	39.19	5	< 50 mm	< 50 mm	< 50 mm	129.2 mW -EXEMPT-	< 50 mm	< 50 mm
Wi-Fi 5.2 GHz	5240	15.00	32	9.2	10.24	24.33	53.36	39.19	5	< 50 mm	< 50 mm	< 50 mm	99.1 mW -EXEMPT-	< 50 mm	< 50 mm
Wi-Fi 5.8 GHz	5825	14.00	25	9.2	10.24	24.33	53.36	39.19	5	< 50 mm	< 50 mm	< 50 mm	95.8 mW -EXEMPT-	< 50 mm	< 50 mm

**Note(s):**

According to KDB 447498, if the calculated Power threshold is less than the output power then SAR testing is required.

### 7.2. Required Test Configurations

The table below identifies the standalone test configurations required for this device according to the findings in Section 7.1:

Test Configurations	Rear	Edge 1	Edge 2	Edge 3	Edge 4	Front
		(Top Edge)	(Right Edge)	(Bottom Edge)	(Left Edge)	
Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Wi-Fi 5.2 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
Wi-Fi 5.8 GHz	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes

**Note(s):**

Yes = Testing is required.  
No = Testing is not required.

## 8. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

### 8.1. Dielectric Property Measurements

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within  $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3 – 4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

Tissue dielectric parameters were measured at the low, middle and high frequency of each operating frequency range of the test device.

#### Tissue Dielectric Parameters

FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 – 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5000	36.2	4.45	49.3	5.07
5100	36.1	4.55	49.1	5.18
5200	36.0	4.66	49.0	5.30
5300	35.9	4.76	48.9	5.42
5400	35.8	4.86	48.7	5.53
5500	35.6	4.96	48.6	5.65
5600	35.5	5.07	48.5	5.77
5700	35.4	5.17	48.3	5.88
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

#### IEEE Std 1528-2013

Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

#### Dielectric Property Measurements Results:

##### SAR Lab B

Date	Freq. (MHz)	Liquid Parameters		Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit $\pm$ (%)	
8/13/2015	Body 2450	e'	51.7500	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	51.75	52.70	-1.80	5
		e"	14.7900	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	2.01	1.95	3.32	5
	Body 2410	e'	51.9900	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	51.99	52.76	-1.46	5
		e"	14.7500	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	1.98	1.91	3.62	5
	Body 2475	e'	51.2000	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	51.20	52.67	-2.79	5
		e"	14.7300	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	2.03	1.99	2.11	5
8/17/2015	Body 2450	e'	51.2700	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	51.27	52.70	-2.71	5
		e"	14.4700	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	1.97	1.95	1.09	5
	Body 2410	e'	51.4000	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	51.40	52.76	-2.58	5
		e"	14.3600	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	1.92	1.91	0.88	5
	Body 2475	e'	51.2100	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	51.21	52.67	-2.77	5
		e"	14.5200	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	2.00	1.99	0.66	5

**SAR Lab C**

Date	Freq. (MHz)	Liquid Parameters		Measured	Target	Delta (%)	Limit ±(%)		
8/10/2015	Body 5180	e'	49.1300	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	49.13	49.05	0.17	5	
		e"	18.6000	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	5.36	5.27	1.63	5	
	Body 5200	e'	49.0900	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	49.09	49.02	0.14	5	
		e"	18.6100	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	5.38	5.29	1.63	5	
	Body 5600	e'	48.5900	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	48.59	48.48	0.23	5	
		e"	18.6200	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	5.80	5.76	0.64	5	
	Body 5800	e'	48.2400	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	48.24	48.20	0.08	5	
		e"	18.8600	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	6.08	6.00	1.37	5	
	Body 5825	e'	48.1700	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	48.17	48.20	-0.06	5	
		e"	18.9000	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	6.12	6.00	2.02	5	
	8/13/2015	Body 5180	e'	47.9400	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	47.94	49.05	-2.26	5
			e"	18.5700	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	5.35	5.27	1.46	5
Body 5200		e'	47.8800	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	47.88	49.02	-2.32	5	
		e"	18.5500	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	5.36	5.29	1.30	5	
Body 5600		e'	47.2700	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	47.27	48.48	-2.49	5	
		e"	18.8200	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	5.86	5.76	1.72	5	
Body 5800		e'	46.9700	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	46.97	48.20	-2.55	5	
		e"	19.0100	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	6.13	6.00	2.18	5	
Body 5825		e'	46.9000	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	46.90	48.20	-2.70	5	
		e"	19.0600	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	6.17	6.00	2.89	5	
8/17/2015		Body 5180	e'	47.4500	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	47.45	49.05	-3.26	5
			e"	18.1700	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	5.23	5.27	-0.72	5
	Body 5200	e'	47.4500	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	47.45	49.02	-3.20	5	
		e"	18.2100	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	5.27	5.29	-0.56	5	
	Body 5600	e'	46.8400	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	46.84	48.48	-3.38	5	
		e"	18.1300	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	5.65	5.76	-2.01	5	
	Body 5800	e'	46.5200	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	46.52	48.20	-3.49	5	
		e"	18.4200	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	5.94	6.00	-0.99	5	
	Body 5825	e'	46.4900	Relative Permittivity ( $\epsilon_r$ ):	46.49	48.20	-3.55	5	
		e"	18.4300	Conductivity ( $\sigma$ ):	5.97	6.00	-0.51	5	

## 8.2. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

### System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0  $\pm$ 0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be  $\geq$  15.0 cm for SAR measurements  $\leq$  3 GHz and  $\geq$  10.0 cm for measurements  $>$  3 GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.  
For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 (below 3 GHz) and/or 8x8x7 (above 3 GHz) fine cube was chosen for the cube.
- Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 3 mm.  
For 5 GHz band - Distance between probe sensors and phantom surface was set to 2.5 mm
- The dipole input power (forward power) was 100 mW.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

### Reference Target SAR Values

The reference SAR values can be obtained from the calibration certificate of system validation dipoles

System Dipole	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Freq. (MHz)	Target SAR Values (W/kg)		
				1g/10g	Head	Body
D2450V2	899	3/13/2015	2450MHz	1g	51.6	48.8
				10g	23.9	22.7
D5GHzV2	1003	2/20/2015	5200	1g	76.4	72.7
				10g	21.9	20.4
			5600	1g	79.6	77.0
				10g	22.8	21.3
			5800	1g	76.1	75.0
				10g	21.7	20.6

**System Check Results**

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within 10% of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

**SAR Lab B**

Date Tested	System Dipole		T.S. Liquid	Measured Results		Target (Ref. Value)	Delta $\pm 10\%$	Plot No.	
	Type	Serial #		Zoom Scan to 100 mW	Normalize to 1 W				
8/13/2015	2450MHz	899	Body	1g	4.82	48.20	48.8	-1.23	
				10g	2.23	22.30	22.7	-1.76	
8/17/2015	2450MHz	899	Body	1g	5.21	52.10	48.8	6.76	1,2
				10g	2.43	24.30	22.7	7.05	

**SAR Lab C**

Date Tested	System Dipole		T.S. Liquid	Measured Results		Target (Ref. Value)	Delta $\pm 10\%$	Plot No.	
	Type	Serial #		Zoom Scan to 100 mW	Normalize to 1 W				
8/10/2015	D5GHzV2 (5.2GHz)	1003	Body	1g	7.27	72.70	72.7	0.00	
				10g	2.04	20.40	20.4	0.00	
8/10/2015	D5GHzV2 (5.8GHz)	1003	Body	1g	7.12	71.20	75.0	-5.07	
				10g	1.98	19.80	20.6	-3.88	
8/13/2015	D5GHzV2 (5.2GHz)	1003	Body	1g	7.39	73.90	72.7	1.65	
				10g	2.08	20.80	20.4	1.96	
8/13/2015	D5GHzV2 (5.8GHz)	1003	Body	1g	7.00	70.00	75.0	-6.67	3,4
				10g	1.95	19.50	20.6	-5.34	
8/17/2015	D5GHzV2 (5.2GHz)	1003	Body	1g	7.45	74.50	72.7	2.48	
				10g	2.11	21.10	20.4	3.43	
8/17/2015	D5GHzV2 (5.8GHz)	1003	Body	1g	7.05	70.50	75.0	-6.00	
				10g	1.97	19.70	20.6	-4.37	



## 9. Conducted Output Power Measurement

### 9.1. Wi-Fi 2.4GHz (DTS Band)

#### Measured Results

Band (GHz)	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq. (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Max Output Power (dBm)	SAR Test (Yes/No)
2.4	802.11b	1 Mbps	1	2412	13.00	13.5	Yes
			6	2437	13.00		
			11	2462	13.25		
	802.11g	6 Mbps	1	2412	Not Required	8.0	No
			6	2437			
			11	2462			
	802.11n (HT20)	6.5 Mbps	1	2412		7.5	No
			6	2437			
			11	2462			

### 9.2. Wi-Fi 5GHz (U-NII Bands)

#### Measured Results

Band (GHz)	Mode	Data Rate	Ch #	Freq. (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Max Output Power (dBm)	SAR Test (Yes/No)
5.2 (U-NII 1)	802.11a	6 Mbps	36	5180	15.00	15.0	Yes
			40	5200	15.00		
			44	5220	15.00		
			48	5240	15.00		
	802.11n (HT20)	6.5 Mbps	36	5180	14.50	14.5	Yes
			40	5200	14.50		
			44	5220	14.50		
			48	5240	14.00		
	802.11n (HT40)	13.5 Mbps	38	5190	13.00	13.0	Yes
			46	5230	12.60		
5.8 (U-NII 3)	802.11a	6 Mbps	149	5745	13.30	14.0	Yes
			157	5785	13.80		
			165	5825	13.90		
	802.11n (HT20)	6.5 Mbps	149	5745	13.20	13.5	No
			157	5785	13.40		
			165	5825	13.50		
	802.11n (HT40)	13.5 Mbps	151	5755	11.50	12.0	No
159			5795	12.00			

## 10. Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

SAR Test Reduction criteria are as follows:

### KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802.11 v02:

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the initial test position(s) by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The initial test position(s) is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the reported SAR for the initial test position is:

- $\leq 0.4$  W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- $> 0.4$  W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the reported SAR is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
  - For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
  - When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the initial test position and subsequent test positions, when the reported SAR is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
  - The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.
- When the specified maximum output power is the same for both UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR measurements in UNII 2A with the channel with the highest measured output power. If the reported SAR for UNII 2A is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, SAR is not required for UNII 1; otherwise treat the remaining bands separately and test them independently for SAR.
- When the specified maximum output power is different between UNII 1 and UNII 2A, begin SAR with the band that has the higher specified maximum output. If the highest reported SAR for the band with the highest specified power is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg, testing for the band with the lower specified output power is not required; otherwise test the remaining bands independently for SAR.

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the *Maximum Value of SAR (measured)*. The position that produced the highest *Maximum Value of SAR* is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

### 10.1. Wi-Fi (DTS Band)

Frequency Band	Mode	Dist. (mm)	Test Position	Ch #.	Freq. (MHz)	Area Scan Max. SAR (W/kg)	Power (dBm)		1-g SAR (W/kg)		Plot No.
							Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	
2.4GHz	802.11b 1 Mbps	0	Rear	6	2437	0.714	13.50	13.00	0.629	0.706	
			Front	1	2412	1.100	13.50	13.00	0.722	0.810	
				6	2437	1.070	13.50	13.00	0.882	0.990	
				11	2462	1.790	13.50	13.25	1.410	1.494	
			Edge 1	1	2412	1.010	13.50	13.00	0.640	0.718	
				6	2437	1.030	13.50	13.00	0.993	1.114	
				11	2462	1.760	13.50	13.25	1.470	<b>1.557</b>	1

**Note(s):**

802.11g/n mode adjusted SAR is <1.2 therefore test reduction is implemented.

### 10.2. Wi-Fi (U-NII Band)

Frequency Band	Mode	Dist. (mm)	Test Position	Ch #.	Freq. (MHz)	Area Scan Max. SAR (W/kg)	Power (dBm)		1-g SAR (W/kg)		Plot No.
							Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	
5.2 GHz U-NII 1	802.11a 6 Mbps	0	Rear	40	5200	0.330	15.00	15.00			
			Front	40	5200	1.090	15.00	15.00	0.499	0.499	
			Edge 1	36	5180	2.700	15.00	15.00	1.480	1.480	
				40	5200	2.460	15.00	15.00	1.400	1.400	
				44	5220	2.920	15.00	15.00	1.470	1.470	
				48	5240	3.290	15.00	15.00	1.520	<b>1.520</b>	2
			Edge 2	40	5200	0.190	15.00	15.00			
5.2 GHz U-NII 1	802.11n HT20	0	Rear	40	5200	0.356	14.50	14.50			
			Front	40	5200	1.440	14.50	14.50	0.669	0.669	
			Edge 1	36	5180	1.610	14.50	14.50	0.956	0.956	
				40	5200	1.950	14.50	14.50	1.240	1.240	
				44	5220	2.130	14.50	14.50	1.440	1.440	
				48	5240	1.650	14.50	14.00	0.935	1.049	
			Edge 2	40	5200	0.169	14.50	14.50			
5.2 GHz U-NII 1	802.11n HT40	0	Rear	38	5190	0.238	13.00	13.00			
			Front	38	5190	0.937	13.00	13.00	0.323	0.323	
			Edge 1	38	5190	0.971	13.00	13.00	0.595	0.595	
			Edge 2	38	5190	0.069	13.00	13.00	0.595	0.595	

Frequency Band	Mode	Dist. (mm)	Test Position	Ch #.	Freq. (MHz)	Area Scan Max. SAR (W/kg)	Power (dBm)		1-g SAR (W/kg)		Plot No.
							Tune-up limit	Meas.	Meas.	Scaled	
5.8 GHz U-NII 3	802.11a 6 Mbps	0	Rear	165	5825	0.360	14.00	13.90			
			Front	165	5825	1.400	14.00	13.90	0.564	0.577	
			Edge 1	157	5785	1.640	14.00	13.80	1.050	1.099	
				165	5825	1.680	14.00	13.90	1.100	1.126	3

## 11. SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 1.6$  or  $2$  W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively); steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.8$  or  $2$  W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively), repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the **ratio of largest to smallest SAR** for the original and first repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$  or  $3$  (1-g or 10-g respectively) or when the original or repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.45$  or  $3.6$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g or 10-g respective SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first, or second repeated measurement is  $\geq 1.5$  or  $3.75$  W/kg (1-g or 10-g respectively) and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$  or  $3$  (1-g or 10-g respectively).

Frequency Band (MHz)	Air Interface	RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Repeated SAR (Yes/No)	Highest Measured SAR (W/kg)	First Repeated		Second Repeated		Third Repeated
						Measured SAR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	Measured SAR (W/kg)
2462	Wi-Fi 802.11b/g/n	Standalone	Edge 1	Yes	1.470	1.470	1.00	1.420	1.04	N/A
5240	Wi-Fi 802.11a/n	Standalone	Edge 1	Yes	1.520	1.480	1.03	1.430	1.06	N/A
5825	Wi-Fi 802.11a/n	Standalone	Edge 1	Yes	1.100	1.050	1.048	N/A	N/A	N/A

## 12. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Analysis

This device doesn't supported simultaneous transmission SAR.

## **Appendixes**

**Refer to separated files for the following appendixes.**

**A\_15U20961v0 SAR Photos & Ant. Locations**

**B\_15U20961v0 SAR System Check Plots**

**C\_15U20961v0 SAR Highest Test Plots**

**D\_15U20961v0 SAR Tissue Ingredients**

**E\_15U20961v0 SAR Probe Cal. Certificates**

**F\_15U20961v0 SAR Dipole Cal. Certificates**

**END OF REPORT**