June 22, 1999
Computime Limited 7/F., How Ming Fty. Bldg., 99 How Ming Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.
Dear Mr Dennis Sung:
Enclosed you will find your file copy of a Part 15 Certification (FCC ID: DI2-DRG1). We have forwarded the original, along with your check for \$940.00, to FCC.
For your reference, FCC will normally take another 40 days for reviewing the report. Approval will then be granted when no query is sorted.
Please contact me if you have any questions regarding the enclosed material.
Sincerely,
Wilbur Ng Assistant Manager
Enclosure



Computime Limited

Application
For
Certification
(FCC ID: DI2-DRG1)

Transmitter

WO# 99053081 WN/at June 22, 1999

- The test results reported in this test report shall refer only to the sample actually tested and shall not refer or be deemed to refer to bulk from which such a sample may be said to have been obtained.
- This report shall not be reproduced except in full without prior authorization from Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Limited
- For Terms And Conditions of the services, it can be provided upon request.

LIST OF EXHIBITS

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MEASUREMENT/TECHNICAL REPORT

Computime Limited - MODEL: DRG1 FCC ID: DI2-DRG1

June 22, 1999

This report concerns (check one:)	Original Grant <u>X</u>	Class II (Change
Equipment Type: Low Power Transm	itter (example: comp	outer, printer, mod	dem, etc.)
Deferred grant requested per 47 CFR	0.457(d)(1)(ii)?	Yes	No_X
	•	efer until:	date
Company Name agrees to notify the C	Commission by: date		
of the intended date of announcemen that date.	t of the product so the	nat the grant can	be issued on
Transition Rules Request per 15.37?		Yes	No_X_
If no, assumed Part 15, Subpart C Edition] provision.	for intentional radia	tor - the new 47	7 CFR [10-1-96
Report prepared by:		Wilbur Ng Intertek Testing S 2/F., Garment Ce	
		576, Castle Peak HONG KONG	
		Phone: 852-2713 Fax: 852-2743	

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List of attached file

Exhibit type	File Description	filename
Cover Letter	Letter of Agency	letter.pdf
Test Report	Test Report	report.doc
Operation Description	Technical Description	descri.pdf
Test Setup Photo	Radiated Emission	radiated1.jpg, radiated2.jpg
Test Report	Bandwidth Plot	bw.pdf
External Photo	External Photo	ophoto1.jpg to ophoto2.jpg
Internal Photo	Internal Photo	iphoto1.jpg to iphoto2.jpg
Block Diagram	Block Diagram	block.pdf
Schematics	Circuit Diagram	circuit.pdf
ID Label/Location	Label Artwork and Location	label.pdf
User Manual	User Manual	manual.pdf

EXHIBIT 1

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.0 **General Description**

1.1 Product Description

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) is a universal garage door transmitter operating at 300 MHz, 310 MHz and 390 MHz. The EUT is powered by 12V "23A" battery. This EUT is designed to work with most of the RF garage door openers. The Manufacturer switches (A, B & C) on the transmitter, PCB is used to change the

Manufacturer switches (A, B & C) on the transmitter, PCB is used to change the operating frequency with various position switches in order to match the model of its corresponding receiver. There are also 1-12 coding switches on the PCB to set in order to match the receiver unit. Pressing the button, the signal will be transmitted continuously and it will be stopped less than 1 second after releasing the button.

For electronic filing, the brief circuit description is saved with filename: descri.pdf

1.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is a single application for certification of a transmitter. The FCC ID of the receiver associated with this transmitter are EF4793DNR00001, HSX-MICRO-10 and HSX-XMULTI-CODE.

1.3 Test Methodology

Both AC mains line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (1992). All measurements were performed in Open Area Test Sites. Preliminary scans were performed in the Open Area Test Sites only to determine worst case modes. For each scan, the procedure for maximizing emissions in Appendices D and E were followed. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "Justification Section" of this Application.

1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the emission data is located at Garment Centre, 576 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with the FCC.

EXHIBIT 2

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.0 **System Test Configuration**

2.1 Justification

The system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it), and in the confines as outlined in C63.4 (1992.)

The EUT was powered from 1 fully charged 12V "23A" battery.

For maximizing emissions, the EUT was rotated through 360°, the antenna height was varied from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane, and the antenna polarization was changed. This step by step procedure for maximizing emissions led to the data reported in Exhibit 3.0.

The unit was operated standalone and placed in the center of the turntable.

The equipment under test (EUT) was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it). The EUT was mounted to a cardboard box, which enabled the engineer to maximize emissions through its placement in the three orthogonal axes.

The worst case bit sequence was applied during test.

For simplicity of testing, the unit was wired to transmit continuously.

2.2 EUT Exercising Software

There was no special software to exercise the device. Once the button is depressed, the unit transmits the typical signal. For simplicity of testing, the unit was wired to transmit continuously.

2.3 Special Accessories

There are no special accessories necessary for compliance of this product.

2.4 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by Computime Limited will be incorporated in each production model sold/leased in the United States.

No modifications were installed by Intertek Testing Services.

2.5 Support Equipment List and Description

This product was tested in a standalone configuration.

All the items listed under section 2.0 of this report are

Confirmed by:

Wilbur Ng Assistant Manager Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Ltd. Agent for Computime Limited

Signature

June 24, 1999

Date

EXHIBIT 3

EMISSION RESULTS

3.0 **Emission Results**

Data is included worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

3.1 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

$$FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV$$

where $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in $dB\mu V$

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AF = Antenna Factor in dB

AG = Amplifier Gain in dB

PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB

AV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV$$

3.1 Field Strength Calculation (cont'd)

Example

Assume a receiver reading of $62.0~dB\mu V$ is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4~dB and cable factor of 1.6~dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29~dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0~dB, and the resultant average factor was -10 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is $32~dB\mu V/m$. This value in $dB\mu V/m$ was converted to its corresponding level in $\mu V/m$.

 $RA = 62.0 dB\mu V$

AF = 7.4 dB

CF = 1.6 dB

AG = 29.0 dB

PD = 0 dB

AV = -10 dB

 $FS = 62 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29 + 0 + (-10) = 32 dB\mu V/m$

Level in mV/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32 dB μ V/m)/20] = 39.8 μ V/m

3.2 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Radiated Emission at 599.165 MHz

For electronic filing, the front view and back view of test configuration photograph is saved with filename: radiated1.jpg and radiated2.jpg respectively.

3.3 Radiated Emission Data

The data on the following page lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Judgement: Passed by 4.2 dB

TEST PERSONNEL:

Signature

Billy C. M. Chow, Compliance Engineer

Typed/Printed Name

24 June, 1999

Date

Company: Computime Limited Date of Test: June 17, 1999

Model: DRG1

Operating Frequency: 300 MHz

Table 1

Radiated Emissions

Polarity	Frequency	Reading	Antenna	Pre-	A verage	Net	Lim it	M argin
	(M Hz)	(dBµV)	Factor	Amp	Factor	at3m	at3m	(dB)
			(dB)	Gain	(-dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	
				(dB)				
Н	299.584	133.4	22.0	16	6.6	64.7	74.7	-10.0
Н	599.165	92.2	29.0	16	6.6	50 . 5	54.7	-4. 2
V	898.612	83.1	32.0	16	6.6	44.4	54.7	-10. 3
V	*1198.341	105.3	25 . 5	34	6.6	42.8	54.0	-11.2
V	*1497.841	104.4	25 . 5	34	6.6	41.9	54.0	-12.1
V	1801.309	104.7	26 . 5	34	6.6	42.5	54.7	-12.2
V	2100.893	100.3	29.1	34	6.6	40.7	54.7	-14.0
V	2400.381	100.0	29.1	34	6.6	40.4	54.7	-14. 3
V	*2700.102	101.1	29.1	34	6.6	42.2	54.0	-11.8
V	2999.671	99.9	29.1	34	6.6	40.3	54.7	-14.4
V	3299.400	99.0	31.4	34	6.6	41.7	54.7	-13.0

Notes: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meter. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna and average detector are used for the emission over 1000MHz.

*Emission within the restricted band meets the requirement of part 15.205. The corresponding limit as per 15.209 is based on Quasi peak detector data for frequencies below 1000 MHz and average detector data for frequencies over 1000 MHz.

Test Engineer: Billy C. M. Chow

Company: Computime Limited Date of Test: June 17, 1999

Model: DRG1

Operating Frequency: 310 MHz

Table 2

Radiated Emissions

Polarity	Frequency	Reading	A ntenna	Pre-	A verage	Net	Lim it	M argin
	(M Hz)	(dBµV)	Factor	Amp	Factor	at3m	at3m	(dB)
			(dB)	Gain	(-dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	
				(dB)				
Н	310.057	131.8	23.0	16	6.6	63 . 5	75 . 3	-11.8
V	619.739	0.08	29.0	16	6.6	37.7	55 . 3	-17 . 6
V	930.127	77.2	33.0	16	6.6	38 . 9	55 . 3	-16.4
Н	*1240.140	104.9	25 . 5	34	6.6	42.4	54.0	-11.6
V	*1549 . 572	98.1	26 . 5	34	6.6	36 . 6	54.0	<i>-</i> 17 . 4
V	1863.582	98.9	26 . 5	34	6.6	36.1	55 . 3	-19.2
V	2172.596	95.6	29.1	34	6.6	35.4	55 . 3	-19.9
V	2480.537	97.0	29.1	34	6.6	36.8	55 . 3	-18 . 5
V	*2790.823	97.0	29.1	34	6.6	38.1	54.0	-15. 9
V	3100.637	95 . 3	31.4	34	6.6	37 . 4	55 . 3	-17. 9
V	3410.627	95 . 5	31.4	34	6.6	37 . 6	55 . 3	-17. 7

Notes: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meter. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna and average detector are used for the emission over 1000MHz.

*Emission within the restricted band meets the requirement of part 15.205. The corresponding limit as per 15.209 is based on Quasi peak detector data for frequencies below 1000 MHz and average detector data for frequencies over 1000 MHz.

Test Engineer: Billy C. M. Chow

Company: Computime Limited Date of Test: June 17, 1999

Model: DRG1

Operating Frequency: 390 MHz

Table 3

Radiated Emissions

Polarity	Frequency	Reading	Antenna	Pre-	A verage	Net	Lim it	M argin
	(M Hz)	(dBµV)	Factor	Amp	Factor	at3m	at3m	(dB)
			(dB)	Gain	(-dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	
				(dB)				
V	389.154	137.2	25.0	16	6.0	67.0	79 . 2	-12.2
Н	778.174	86.4	31.0	16	6.0	42.2	59.2	-17. 0
V	*1165.869	93.6	25.5	34	6.0	31.1	54.0	-22.9
V	*1553.966	109.7	26.5	34	6.0	48.2	54.0	-5.8
V	1942.799	95 . 2	26.5	34	6.0	28.5	59 . 2	-30.7
V	*2330.738	86.8	29.1	34	6.0	27 . 9	54.0	-26.1
V	*2723.214	87.2	29.1	34	6.0	28.3	54.0	-25.7
V	3113.232	92.2	31.4	34	6.0	30.4	59.2	-28.8
V	3502.061	92.5	32.8	34	6.0	32.1	59 . 2	<i>-</i> 27 . 1
V	*3891.613	85 . 5	32.8	34	6.0	30.3	54.0	-23.7
V	*4280.699	84.7	34.2	34	6.0	30.9	54.0	-23.1

Notes: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meter. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna and average detector are used for the emission over 1000MHz.

*Emission within the restricted band meets the requirement of part 15.205. The corresponding limit as per 15.209 is based on Quasi peak detector data for frequencies below 1000 MHz and average detector data for frequencies over 1000 MHz.

Test Engineer: Billy C. M. Chow

EXHIBIT 4

EQUIPMENT PHOTOGRAPHS

4.0 **Equipment Photographs**

For electronic filing, the photographs of the tested EUT are saved with filename: ophoto1.jpg to ophoto2.jpg for external photo and iphoto1.jpg to iphoto2.jpg for internal photo.

EXHIBIT 5

PRODUCT LABELLING

5.0 **Product Labelling**

For electronic filing, the FCC ID label artwork and the label location are saved with filename: label.pdf

EXHIBIT 6

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

	6.0	Technical	\mathbf{S}	pecificat	ions
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For electronic filing, the block diagram and schematics of the tested EUT are saved with filename: block.pdf and circuit.pdf respectively.

EXHIBIT 7

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

7.0 **Instruction Manual**

For electronic filing, a preliminary copy of the Instruction Manual is saved with filename: manual.pdf

This manual will be provided to the end-user with each unit sold/leased in the United States.

EXHIBIT 8

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

8.0 **Miscellaneous Information**

This miscellaneous information includes details of the measured bandwidth, the test procedure and calculation of factors such as pulse desensitization and averaging factor.

8.1 Measured Bandwidth

For electronic filing, the plot shows the fundamental emission when modulated is saved with filename: bw.pdf. From the plot, the bandwidth is observed to be 48 kHz, 50 kHz and 260 kHz at 20 dBc where the bandwidth limit is 750 kHz for 300 MHz, 775 kHz for 310 MHz and 975 kHz for 390 MHz respectively.

Therefore, the unit meets the requirement of section 15.231(c).

Figure 8.1 Bandwidth

8.2 Discussion of Pulse Desensitization

The determination of pulse desensitivity was made in accordance with Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, *Spectrum Analysis ... Pulsed RF*.

Pulse desensitivity was not applicable for this device. The effective period (T_{eff}) was approximately 15 ms of 300 MHz, 15 ms of 310 MHz and 6.35 ms of 390 MHz for a digital "1" bit, as shown in the plots of Exhibit 8.3. With a resolution bandwidth (3 dB) of 100 kHz, the pulse desensitivity factor was 0 dB.

8.3 Calculation of Average Factor

Averaging factor in $dB = 20 \log (duty \text{ cycle})$

The specification for output field strengths in accordance with the FCC rules specify measurements with an average detector. During testing, a spectrum analyzer incorporating a peak detector was used. Therefore, a reduction factor can be applied to the resultant peak signal level and compared to the limit for measurement instrumentation incorporating an average detector.

The time period over which the duty cycle is measured is 100 milliseconds, or the repetition cycle, whichever is a shorter time frame. The worst case (highest percentage on) duty cycle is used for the calculation. The duty cycle is measured by placing the spectrum analyzer in zero scan (receiver mode) and linear mode at maximum bandwidth (3 MHz at 3 dB down) and viewing the resulting time domain signal output from the analyzer on a Tektronix oscilloscope. The oscilloscope is used because of its superior time base and triggering facilities.

The duty cycle of 300 MHz is simply the on-time divided by the period:

```
The duration of one cycle = 32 \text{ ms}
Effective period of the cycle = 15 \text{ ms}
DC = 15 \text{ ms} / 32 \text{ ms} = 0.47
```

Therefore, the averaging factor of 300 MHz is found by $20 \log_{10} 0.47 = -6.6 \text{ dB}$

The duty cycle of 310 MHz is simply the on-time divided by the period:

```
The duration of one cycle = 32 \text{ ms}
Effective period of the cycle = 15 \text{ ms}
DC = 15 \text{ ms} / 32 \text{ ms} = 0.47
```

Therefore, the averaging factor of 310 MHz is found by $20 \log_{10} 0.47 = -6.6 \text{ dB}$

The duty cycle of 390 MHz is simply the on-time divided by the period:

```
The duration of one cycle = 12.7 \text{ ms}
Effective period of the cycle = 6.35 \text{ ms}
DC = 12.7 \text{ ms} / 6.35 \text{ ms} = 0.5
```

Therefore, the averaging factor of 390 MHz is found by $20 \log_{10} 0.5 = -6.0 \text{ dB}$

8.4 Emissions Test Procedures

The following is a description of the test procedure used by Intertek Testing Services in the measurements of transmitters operating under Part 15, Subpart C rules.

The test set-up and procedures described below are designed to meet the requirements of ANSI C63.4 - 1992.

The transmitting equipment under test (EUT) is placed on a wooden turntable which is four feet in diameter and approximately one meter in height above the ground plane. During the radiated emissions test, the turntable is rotated and any cables leaving the EUT are manipulated to find the configuration resulting in maximum emissions. The EUT is adjusted through all three orthogonal axes to obtain maximum emission levels. The antenna height and polarization are varied during the testing to search for maximum signal levels. The height of the antenna is varied from one to four meters.

Detector function for radiated emissions is in peak mode. Average readings, when required, are taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in Exhibit 8.3.

The frequency range scanned is from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower. For line conducted emissions, the range scanned is 450 kHz to 30 MHz.

8.4 Emissions Test Procedures (cont'd)

The EUT is warmed up for 15 minutes prior to the test.

AC power to the unit is varied from 85% to 115% nominal and variation in the fundamental emission field strength is recorded. If battery powered, a new, fully charged battery is used.

Conducted measurements are made as described in ANSI C63.4 - 1992.

The IF bandwidth used for measurement of radiated signal strength was 100 kHz or greater when frequency is below 1000 MHz. Where pulsed transmissions of short enough pulse duration warrant, a greater bandwidth is selected according to the recommendations of Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2. A discussion of whether pulse desensitivity is applicable to this unit is included in this report (See Exhibit 8.2). Above 1000 MHz, a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz is used.

Transmitter measurements are normally conducted at a measurement distance of three meters. However, to assure low enough noise floor in the forbidden bands and above 1 GHz, signals are acquired at a distance of one meter or less. All measurements are extrapolated to three meters using inverse scaling, unless otherwise reported. Measurements taken at a closer distance are so marked.