



A Test Lab Techno Corp.

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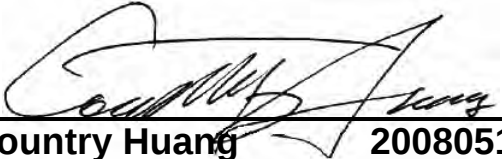
SAR EVALUATION REPORT



Test Report No.	:	0802FS29
Applicant	:	Inventec Corporation
FCC ID	:	DGIBC0312AAA000
Trade Name	:	velocitymobile
Model Number	:	Velocity 103
Product Type	:	PDA PHONE
Dates of Test	:	Apr. 08 ~ Apr. 17, 2008
Test Environment	:	Ambient Temperature : $22 \pm 2^{\circ} \text{C}$ Relative Humidity : 40 - 70 %
Test Specification	:	Standard C95.1-1999 IEEE Std. 1528-2003
Max. SAR	:	0.984 W/kg Head SAR 1.470 W/kg Body SAR
Test Lab	:	Chang-an Lab



1. The test operations have to be performed with cautious behavior, the test results are as attached.
2. The test results are under chamber environment of A Test Lab Techno Corp. A Test Lab Techno Corp. does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples.
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1. Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

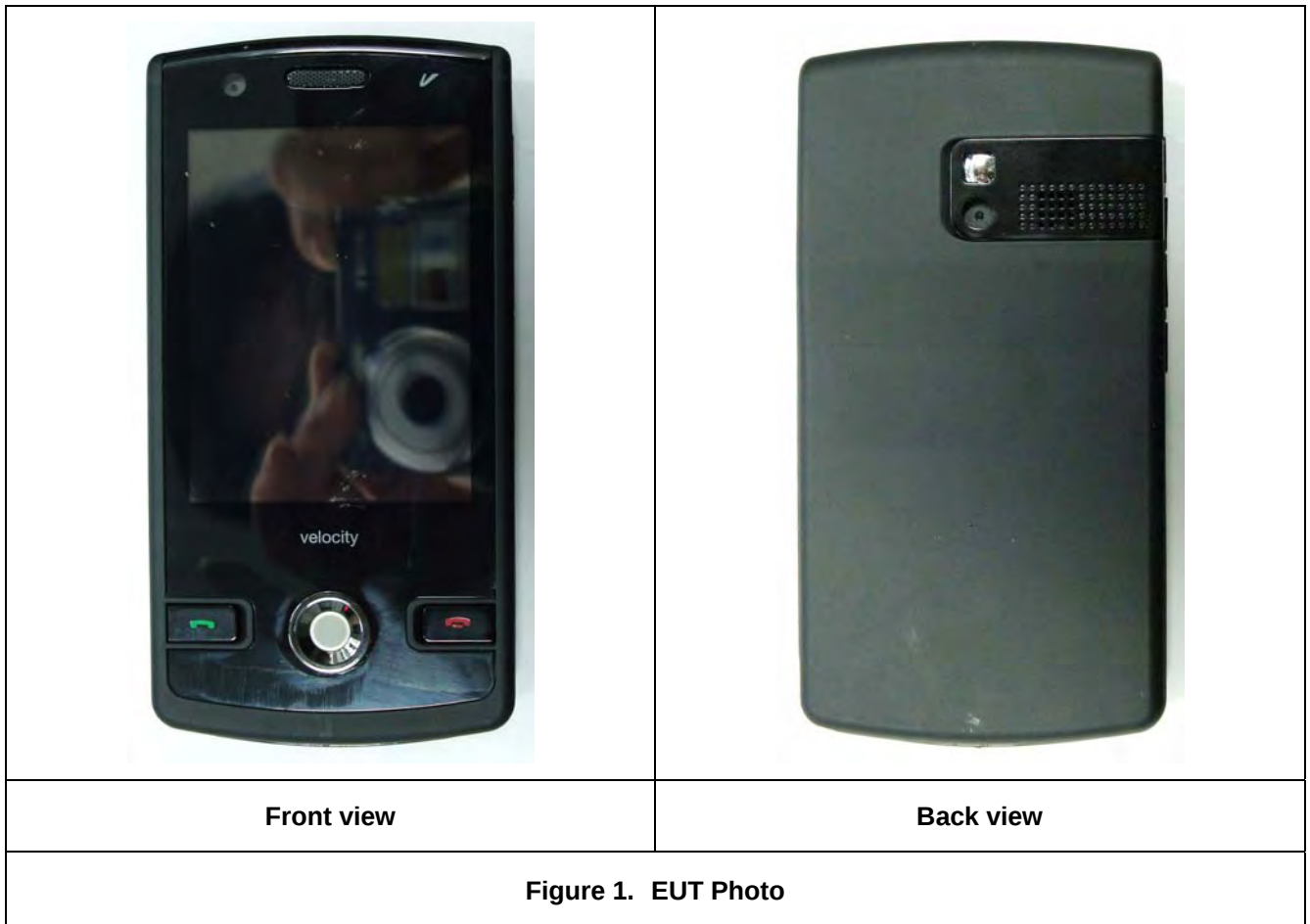
Applicant :

Inventec Corporation

Inventec Building, 66 Hou-Kang Street, Shih-Lin District, Taipei 11170, Taiwan

Manufacturer	:	Inventec Corporation
Manufacturer Address	:	Inventec Building, 66 Hou-Kang Street, Shih-Lin District, Taipei 11170, Taiwan
Product Type	:	PDA PHONE
Trade Name	:	velocitymobile
Model Number	:	Velocity 103
FCC ID	:	DGIBC0312AAA000
Test Device	:	Production Unit
Tx Frequency	:	824.2 - 848.8 MHz (GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 850) 1850.2 - 1909.8 MHz (PCS/GPRS/EGPRS 1900) 826.6 - 846.4 MHz (WCDMA/HSDPA Band V) 1852.6 - 1907.4 MHz (WCDMA/HSDPA Band II) 2412 - 2462 MHz (Wi-Fi 802.11b / 802.11g)
Max. RF Conducted Power	:	1.660 W (32.20 dBm) GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 850 0.724 W (28.60 dBm) PCS/GPRS/EGPRS 1900 0.160 W (22.05 dBm) WCDMA/HSDPA Band V 0.238 W (23.77 dBm) WCDMA/HSDPA Band II 0.068 W (18.31 dBm) Wi-Fi 802.11b 0.056 W (17.45 dBm) Wi-Fi 802.11g
Max. SAR Measurement	:	0.984 W/kg Head SAR 1.470 W/kg Body SAR
HW Version	:	N/A
SW Version	:	N/A
Antenna Type	:	Internal Type
Antenna Gain	:	-5.759 dB (GSM 850 / WCDMA Band V) -2.753 dB (PCS 1900 / WCDMA Band II) 1.71 dB (Wi-Fi 802.11b/802.11g)
Device Category	:	Portable
RF Exposure Environment	:	General Population / Uncontrolled
Battery Option	:	Standard
Application Type	:	Certification

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment / general population exposure limits specified in Standard C95.1-1999 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2003.



2. Other Accessories

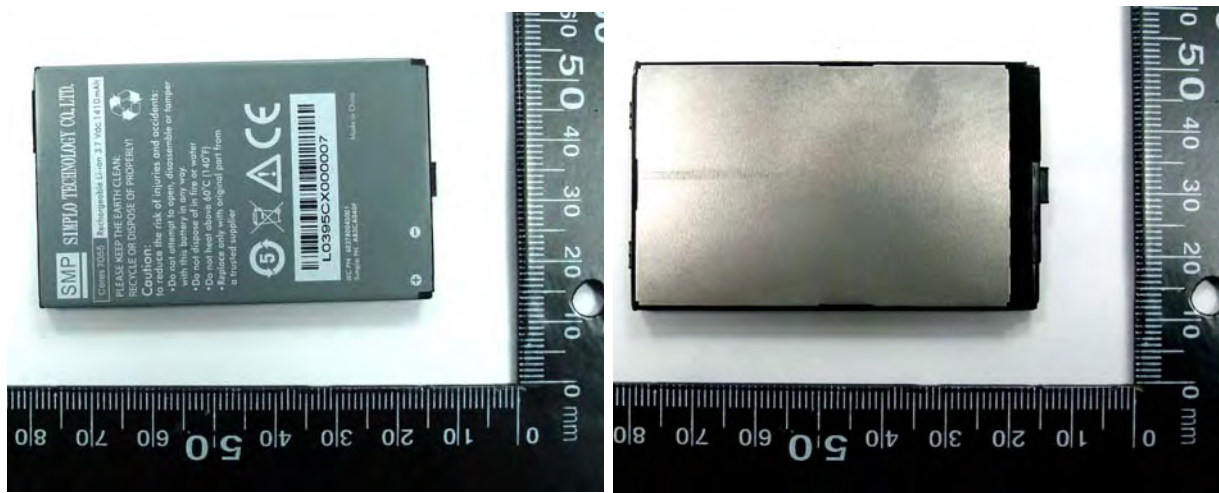


Figure 2. Li-ion Battery (3.7V 1410mAh)



Figure 3. AC Adapter



3. **Introduction**

The A Test Lab Techno Corp. has performed measurements of the maximum potential exposure to the user of **Inventec Corporation Trade Name : velocitymobile Model(s) : Velocity 103**. The test procedures, as described in American National Standards, Institute C95.1 - 1999 [1], FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [July 2001] were employed and they specify the maximum exposure limit of 1.6mW/g as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue for portable devices being used within 25cm between user and EUT in the uncontrolled environment. A description of the product and operating configuration, detailed summary of the test results, methodology and procedures used in the equipment used are included within this test report.



4. SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dw) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Figure 4).

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dw}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dw}{\rho dv} \right)$$

Figure 4. SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where :

σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m^3)

E = RMS electric field strength (V/m)

***Note :**

The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane [2]



5. SAR Measurement Setup

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot (working range greater than 0.9m) which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than $\pm 0.02\text{mm}$. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines (length = 300mm) to the data acquisition unit.

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The Measurement Server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chipdisk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with either the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronic box as well as the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O-board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board. The PC consists of the Intel Core(TM)2 CPU @1.86GHz computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY5, Post Processor SEMCAD, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection...etc. is connected to the Electro-optical converter (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the Measurement Server.

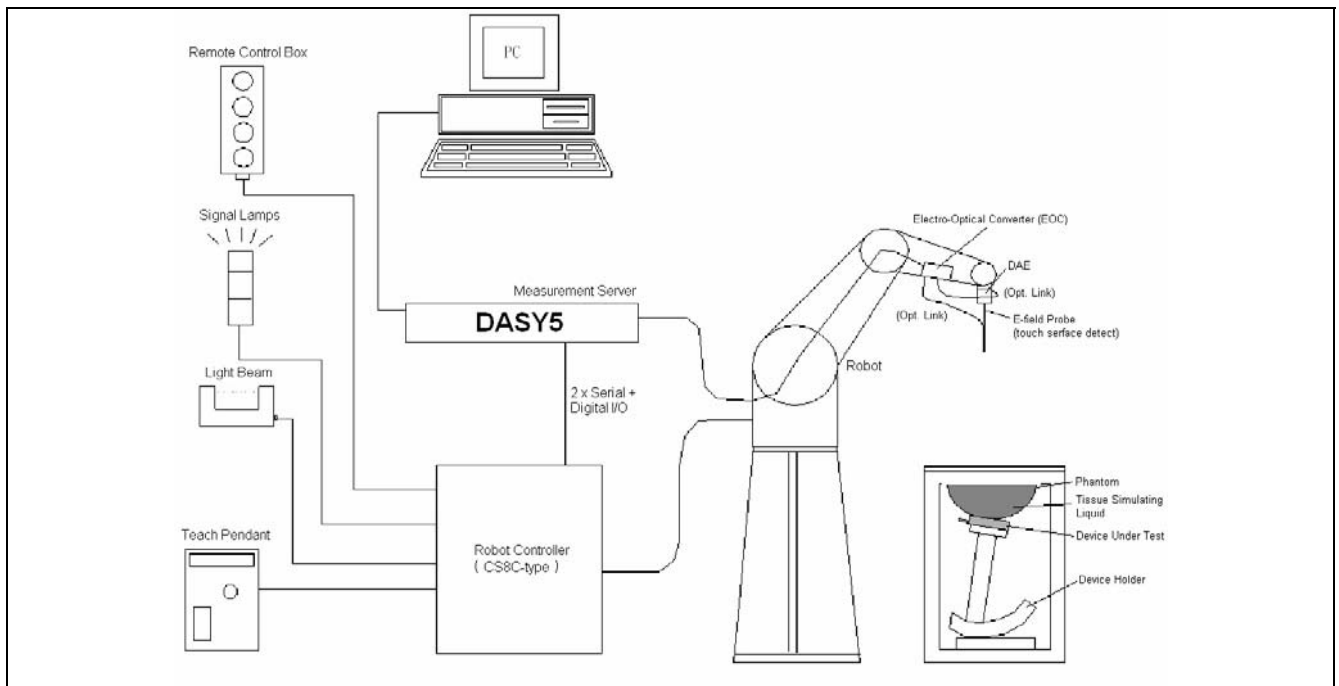


Figure 5. SAR Lab Test Measurement Setup

The DAE4 (or DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in [3] .



6. System Components

6.1 DASY5 E-Field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 or ET3DV6 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration [3] and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi-fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY5 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting. The approach is stopped when reaching the maximum.

6.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection System Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.q., glycol)
Calibration	In air from 10 MHz to 6 GHz In brain and muscle simulating tissue at frequencies of 900MHz, 1800MHz, 1950MHz, 5200MHz and 5500MHz and 5800MHz (accuracy $\pm 8\%$) Calibration for other liquids and frequencies upon request
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2dB
Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surface(EX3DV3 only)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330mm Tip length: 20mm Body diameter: 12mm Tip diameter: 2.5mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 6GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms



Figure 6. E-field Probe



**Figure 7.
Probe setup on robot**



6.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in [4] with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in [5] and found to be better than $\pm 0.25\text{dB}$. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1GHz, and in a wave guide above 1GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where :

Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (head or body),

ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where :

σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (kg/m^3).



6.2 Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller

Processor : Intel Core(TM)2 CPU
Clock Speed : @ 1.86GHz
Operating System : Windows XP Professional

Data Converter

Features : Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic
Software : DASY5 v5.0 (Build 91) & SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52
Connecting Lines : Optical downlink for data and status info
Optical uplink for commands and clock

6.3 Robot

Positioner : Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: TX90XL
Repeatability : ± 0.02 mm
No. of Axis : 6

6.4 Measurement Server

Processor : PC/104 with a 400MHz intel ULV Celeron
I/O-board : Link to DAE4(or DAE3)
16-bit A/D converter for surface detection system
Digital I/O interface
Serial link to robot
Direct emergency stop output for robot

6.5 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the SAM Twin Phantom V4.0, the Mounting Device (POM) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately, and repeat ably positioned according to the IEEE SCC34-SC2 and CENELEC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, and flat phantom).

***Note :** A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produced infinite number of configurations [6] . To produce the worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.

Larger DUT cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values. Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.



Figure 8. Device Holder

6.6 Phantom - SAM v4.0

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points with the robot.

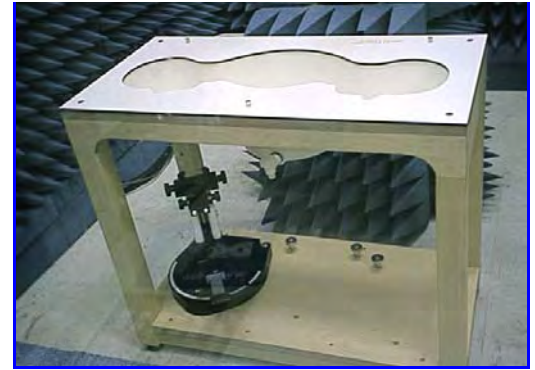


Figure 9. SAM Twin Phantom

Shell Thickness	2 $\pm$ 0.2 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	810×1000×500 mm (H×L×W)

Table 1. Specification of SAM v4.0

6.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

6.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension .DA4. The post processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.



6.7.2 Data Evaluation

The DASY5 post processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software :

Probe parameters :	- Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
	- Diode compression point	dcp _i
Device parameters :	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters :	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)
 U_i = input signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated :

E-field probes :

$$E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$



H-field probes :

$$H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)
 $Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)
 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$ for E-field Probes
 $ConvF$ = sensitivity enhancement in solution
 a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
 f = carrier frequency [GHz]
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
 Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude) :

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with **SAR** = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

***Note :** That the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770} \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = \frac{H_{tot}^2}{37.7}$$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²
 E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m
 H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m



7. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Filed Probe	ES3DV3	3150	Jan. 09, 2008	Jan. 09, 2009
SPEAG	900MHz System Validation Kit	D900V2	073	Mar. 17, 2008	Mar. 17, 2009
SPEAG	1800MHz System Validation Kit	D1950V2	1117	Dec. 20, 2007	Dec. 20, 2008
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	712	Jan. 30, 2008	Jan. 30, 2009
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	779	Nov. 30, 2007	Nov. 30, 2008
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phantom	SAM V4.0	TP-1150	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Robot	Staubli TX90XL	F07/564ZA1/C/01	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Software	DASY5 V5.0 Build 91	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Software	SEMCAD X V12.4 Build 52	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Measurement Server	SE UMS 011 AA	1025	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	CMU200	112387	Oct. 24, 2007	Oct. 24, 2008
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071B	MY42402996	Oct. 23, 2007	Oct. 23, 2008
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070C	US99360094	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Power Meter	E4418B	GB40206143	May. 28, 2007	May. 28, 2008
Agilent	Power Sensor	8481H	3318A20779	May. 28, 2007	May. 28, 2008
Agilent	Signal Generator	8648C	3847A05201	Jul. 03, 2007	Jul. 03, 2008
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50334	NCR	NCR
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W-SMA	D111103#5	NCR	NCR
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G-SMA	D042005 671800514	NCR	NCR

Table 2. Test Equipment List



8. Tissue Simulating Liquids

The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the tissue.

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit and an 8720ES Network Analyzer.

IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in 1528 recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in 1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been s

pecified in 1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equation and extrapolated according to the head parameter specified in 1528.

Target Frequency	Head		Body	
(MHz)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800 - 2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00
(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m ³)				

Table 3. Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms



8.1 Liquid Confirmation

8.1.1 Parameters

Liquid Verify								
Ambient Temperature : 22 ± 2 °C ; Relative Humidity : 40 -70%								
Liquid Type	Frequency	Temp (°C)	Parameters	Target Value	Measured Value	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)	Measured Date
900MHz Head	900MHz	22.0	ϵ_r	41.5	41.4	-0.24	± 5	Apr. 08, 2008
			σ	0.97	0.973	0.31	± 5	
900MHz Head	900MHz	22.0	ϵ_r	41.5	41.4	-0.24	± 5	Apr. 14, 2008
			σ	0.97	0.973	0.31	± 5	
900MHz Body	900MHz	22.0	ϵ_r	55.5	55.1	-0.72	± 5	Apr. 14, 2008
			σ	1.05	1.04	-0.95	± 5	
900MHz Body	900MHz	22.0	ϵ_r	55.5	55.1	-0.72	± 5	Apr. 16, 2008
			σ	1.05	1.04	-0.95	± 5	
1950MHz Head	1950MHz	22.0	ϵ_r	40.0	40.4	1.00	± 5	Apr. 11, 2008
			σ	1.40	1.43	2.14	± 5	
1950MHz Body	1950MHz	22.0	ϵ_r	53.3	52.6	-1.31	± 5	Apr. 16, 2008
			σ	1.52	1.55	1.97	± 5	
1950MHz Body	1950MHz	22.0	ϵ_r	53.3	52.6	-1.31	± 5	Apr. 17, 2008
			σ	1.52	1.55	1.97	± 5	
2450MHz Body	2450MHz	22.0	ϵ_r	52.7	52.4	-0.57	± 5	Apr. 17, 2008
			σ	1.95	1.96	0.51	± 5	

Table 4. Measured Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms

8.1.2 Liquid Depth

The liquid level was during measurement 15cm $\pm$ 0.5cm.

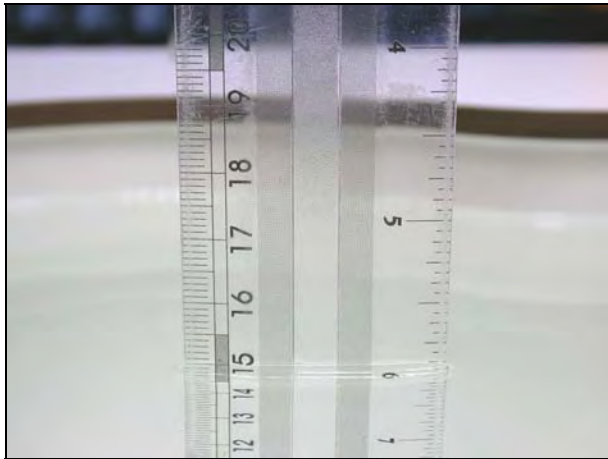


Figure 10. Head-Tissue-Simulating-Liquid



Figure 11. Body-Tissue-Simulating-Liquid



9. Measurement Process

9.1 Device and Test Conditions

The Test Device was provided by **Inventec Corporation** for this evaluation. The spatial peak SAR values were assessed for the lowest, middle and highest channels defined by **GSM 850** (#128=824.2MHz, #190=836.6MHz, #251=848.8MHz), **PCS 1900** (#512=1850.2MHz, #661=1880.0MHz, #810=1909.8MHz) , **WCDMA Band V** (#4133=826.6MHz, #4180=836MHz, #4232=846.6MHz), **WCDMA Band II** (#9263=1852.6MHz, #9400=1880.0MHz, #9537=1907.4MHz) and Wi-Fi 802.11b & 802.11g (Ch1 = 2412MHz , Ch6 = 2437MHz , Ch11 = 2462MHz) systems systems. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the manufacturer. The battery shall be fully charged before each measurement and there shall be no external connections.

Note:

1. The EUT has built-in test mode that used to evaluate SAR (802.11b/g).
2. The EUT take Li-ion batteries as its power source. Each test was preceded under the condition of fully-charged EUT.



Usage		Operates with a built-in test mode by client (802.11b/g)				
Simulating human Head/Body		Head & Body				
EUT Battery		Fully-charged with Li-ion batteries.				
Conducted power	Channel		Frequency (MHz)	Before SAR Test (dBm)	After SAR Test (dBm)	Note
	GSM850	Lowest - 128	824.2	32.20	32.19	-
		Middle - 190	836.6	32.15	32.14	-
		Highest - 251	848.8	31.76	31.75	-
	GSM850 GPRS	Lowest - 128	824.2	31.18	31.17	3Down2Up
		Middle - 190	836.6	31.58	31.57	3Down2Up
		Highest - 251	848.8	31.00	30.99	3Down2Up
	GSM850 EGPRS	Lowest - 128	824.2	26.00	25.99	3Down2Up
		Lowest - 128	824.2	26.08	26.07	3Down2Up
		Lowest - 128	824.2	26.00	25.99	3Down2Up
	PCS1900	Lowest - 512	1850.2	28.60	28.59	-
		Middle - 661	1880.0	28.48	28.47	-
		Highest - 810	1909.8	28.39	28.38	-
	PCS1900 GPRS	Lowest - 512	1850.2	28.38	28.37	3Down2Up
		Middle - 661	1880.0	28.07	28.06	3Down2Up
		Highest - 810	1909.8	28.19	28.18	3Down2Up
	PCS1900 EGPRS	Lowest - 512	1850.2	25.50	25.49	3Down2Up
		Middle - 661	1880.0	25.50	25.49	3Down2Up
		Highest - 810	1909.8	25.60	25.59	3Down2Up
	WCDMA Band V	Lowest - 4133	826.6	22.05	22.04	-
		Middle - 4180	836.0	21.80	21.79	-
		Highest - 4232	846.6	21.45	21.44	-
	HSDPA Band V	Lowest - 4133	826.6	19.75	19.74	-
		Middle - 4180	836.0	19.45	19.44	-
		Highest - 4232	846.6	19.05	19.04	-
	WCDMA Band II	Lowest - 9263	1852.6	23.77	23.76	-
		Middle - 9400	1880.0	22.85	22.84	-
		Highest - 9537	1907.4	22.45	22.44	-
	HSDPA Band II	Lowest - 9263	1852.6	21.75	21.74	-
		Middle - 9400	1880.0	22.80	22.79	-
		Highest - 9537	1907.4	22.45	22.44	-
	802.11b	1M	Lowest - 1	18.31	18.30	-
			Middle - 6	17.54	17.53	-
			Highest - 11	18.19	18.18	-
		11M	Lowest - 1	18.19	18.18	-
			Middle - 6	17.41	17.40	-
	802.11g	6M	Highest - 11	17.92	17.91	-
			Lowest - 1	17.45	17.44	-
			Middle - 6	17.26	17.25	-
		54M	Highest - 11	17.11	17.10	-
			Lowest - 1	17.21	17.20	-
			Middle - 6	16.99	16.98	-
		54M	Highest - 11	16.94	16.93	-
			Lowest - 1	16.94	16.93	-

9.2 System Performance Check

9.2.1 Symmetric Dipoles for System Validation

Construction	Symmetrical dipole with 1/4 balun enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA matched for use near flat phantoms filled with head simulating solutions Includes distance holder and tripod adaptor Calibration Calibrated SAR value for specified position and input power at the flat phantom in head simulating solutions.
Frequency	450, 900, 1800, 1950, 2000, 2450, 5000MHz
Return Loss	> 20 dB at specified validation position
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz); > 40 W (f > 1GHz)
Options	Dipoles for other frequencies or solutions and other calibration conditions are available upon request
Dimensions	D450V2 : dipole length 270 mm; overall height 330 mm D900V2 : dipole length 149 mm; overall height 330 mm D1800V2 : dipole length 72 mm; overall height 300 mm D1950V2 : dipole length 62 mm; overall height 300 mm D2000V2 : dipole length 65 mm; overall height 300 mm D2450V2 : dipole length 51.5 mm; overall height 300 mm D5GHzV2 : dipole length 20.6 mm; overall height 450 mm



Figure 12. Validation Kit



9.2.2 Validation

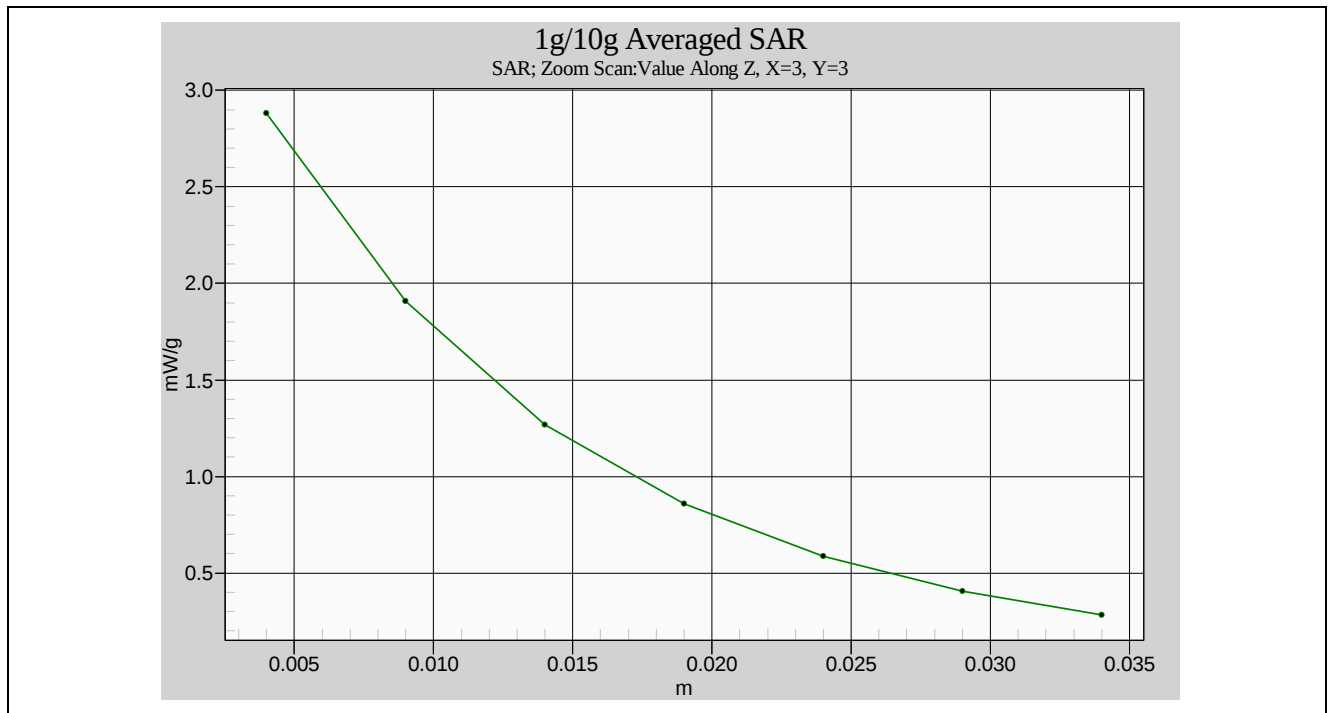
Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 7\%$. The validation was performed at 900MHz, 1950MHz and 2450MHz.

Validation kit		Mixture Type	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]		SAR _{10g} [mW/g]		Date of Calibration
D900V2-SN073		Head	10.76		6.92		Mar. 17, 2008
		Body	11.28		7.28		
D1950V2-SN1117		Head	40		20.96		Dec. 20, 2007
		Body	41.2		21.76		
D2450V2-SN712		Body	53.6		24.8		Jan. 30, 2008
Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)	SAR _{1g} (mW/g)	SAR _{10g} (mW/g)	Drift (dB)	Difference percentage		Date
					1g	10g	
900 (Head)	250mW	2.66	1.7	0.016	-1.1 %	-1.7 %	Apr. 08, 2008
	Normalize to 1 Watt	10.64	6.8				
900 (Head)	250mW	2.65	1.69	0.014	-1.5 %	-2.3 %	Apr. 14, 2008
	Normalize to 1 Watt	10.6	6.76				
900 (Body)	250mW	2.9	1.88	0.018	2.8 %	3.3 %	Apr. 14, 2008
	Normalize to 1 Watt	11.6	7.52				
900 (Body)	250mW	2.89	1.88	-0.001	2.5 %	3.3 %	Apr. 16, 2008
	Normalize to 1 Watt	11.56	7.52				
1950 (Head)	250mW	9.82	5.11	-0.006	-1.8 %	-2.5 %	Apr. 11, 2008
	Normalize to 1 Watt	39.28	20.44				
1950 (Body)	250mW	10.3	5.28	-0.002	0.0 %	-2.9 %	Apr. 16, 2008
	Normalize to 1 Watt	41.2	21.12				
1950 (Body)	250mW	10.3	5.29	0.016	0.0 %	-2.8 %	Apr. 17, 2008
	Normalize to 1 Watt	41.2	21.16				
2450 (Body)	250mW	12.8	6.12	-0.153	-4.5 %	-1.3 %	Apr. 17, 2008
	Normalize to 1 Watt	51.2	24.48				

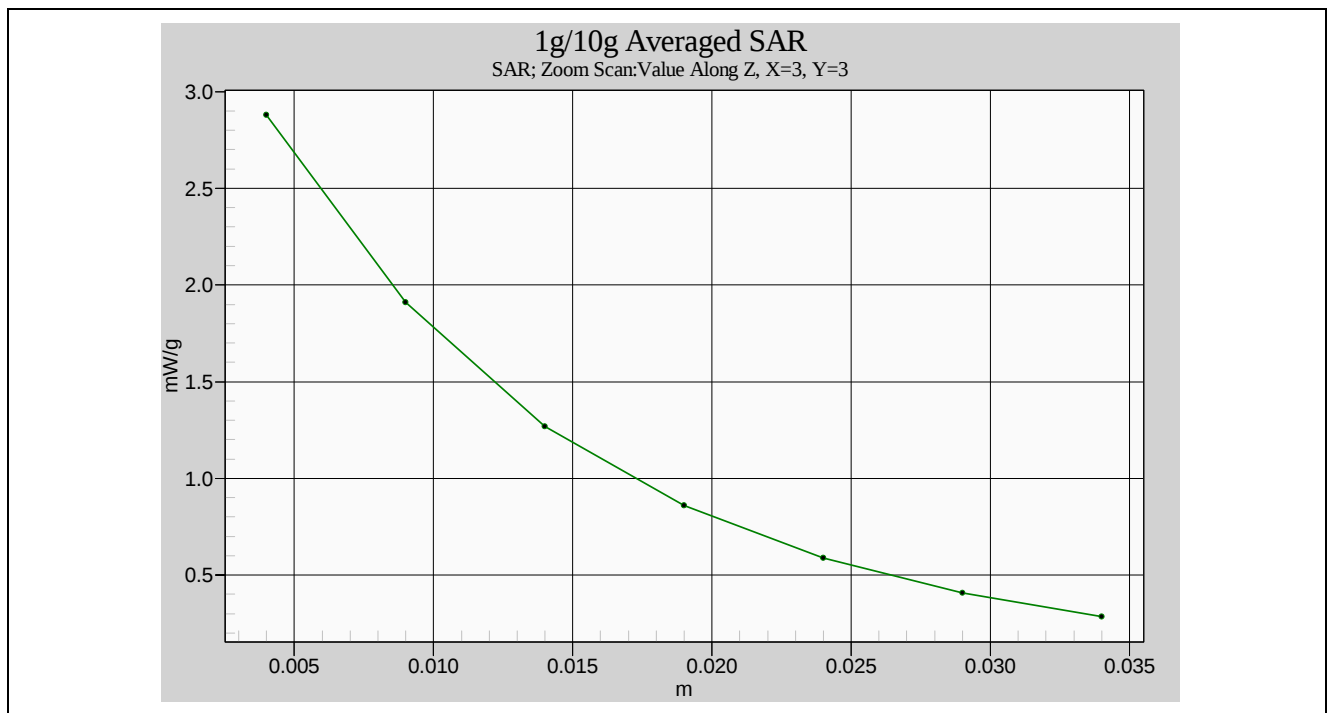
Detail results see Appendix A.



Z-axis Plot of System Performance Check



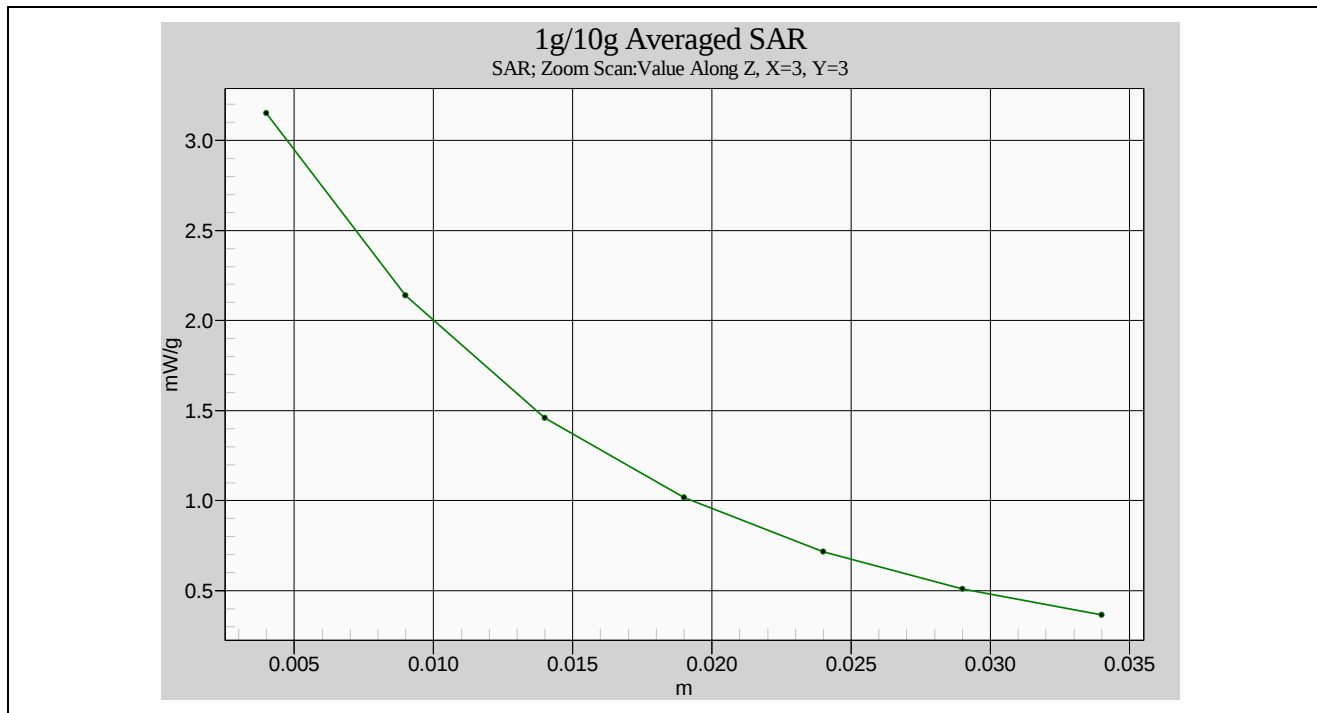
Head-Tissue-Simulating-Liquid 900MHz (2008.04.08)



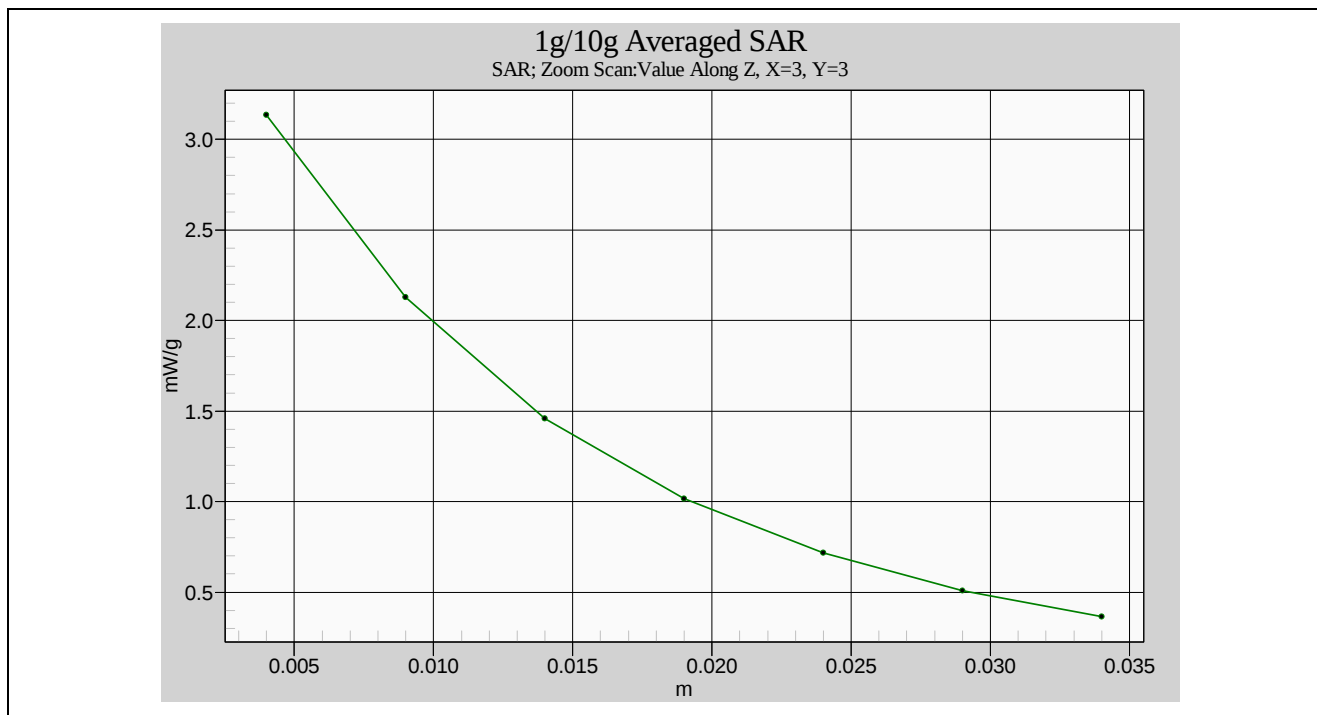
Head-Tissue-Simulating-Liquid 900MHz (2008.04.14)



Z-axis Plot of System Performance Check



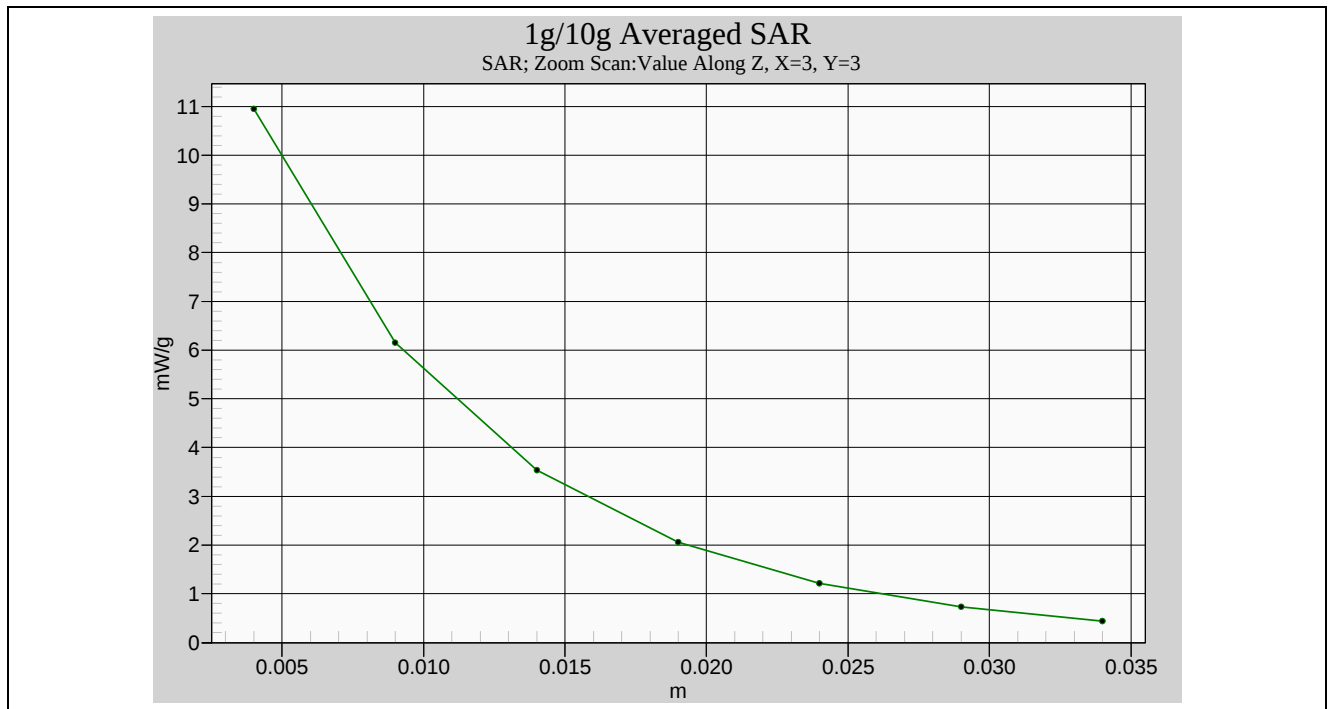
Body-Tissue-Simulating-Liquid 900MHz (2008.04.14)



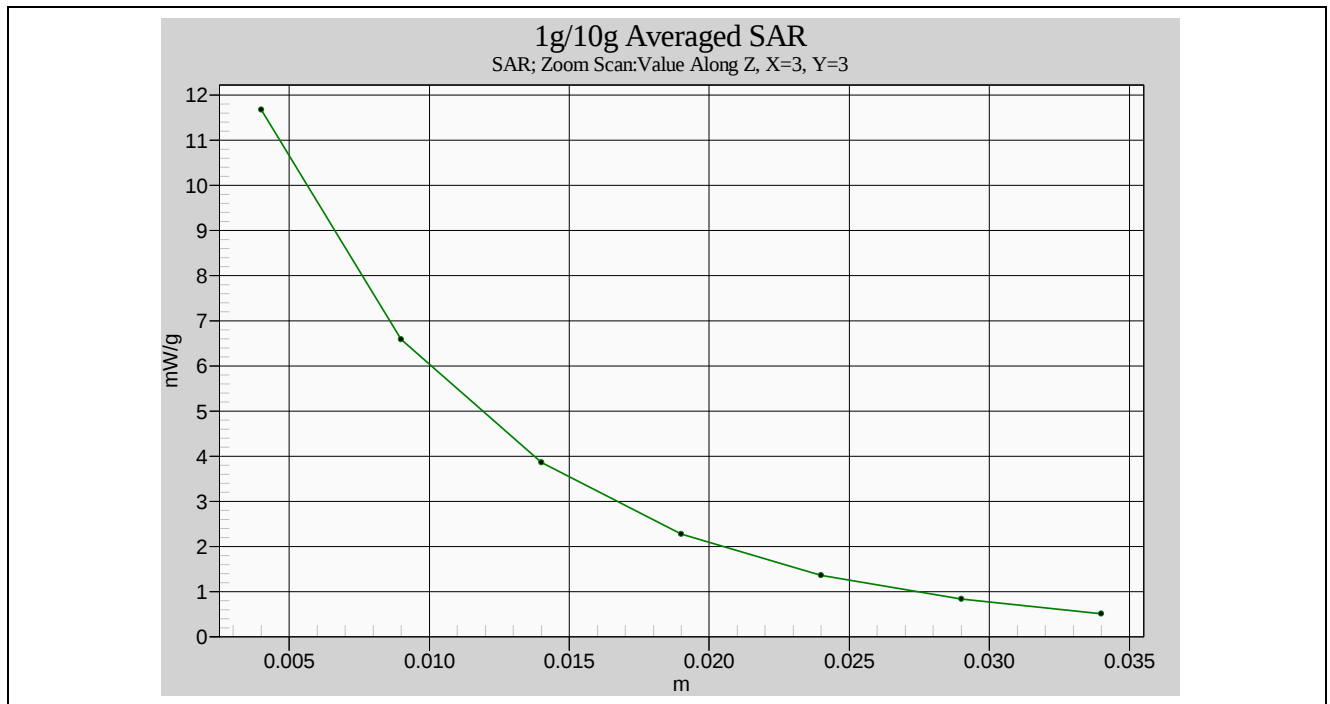
Body-Tissue-Simulating-Liquid 900MHz (2008.04.16)



Z-axis Plot of System Performance Check



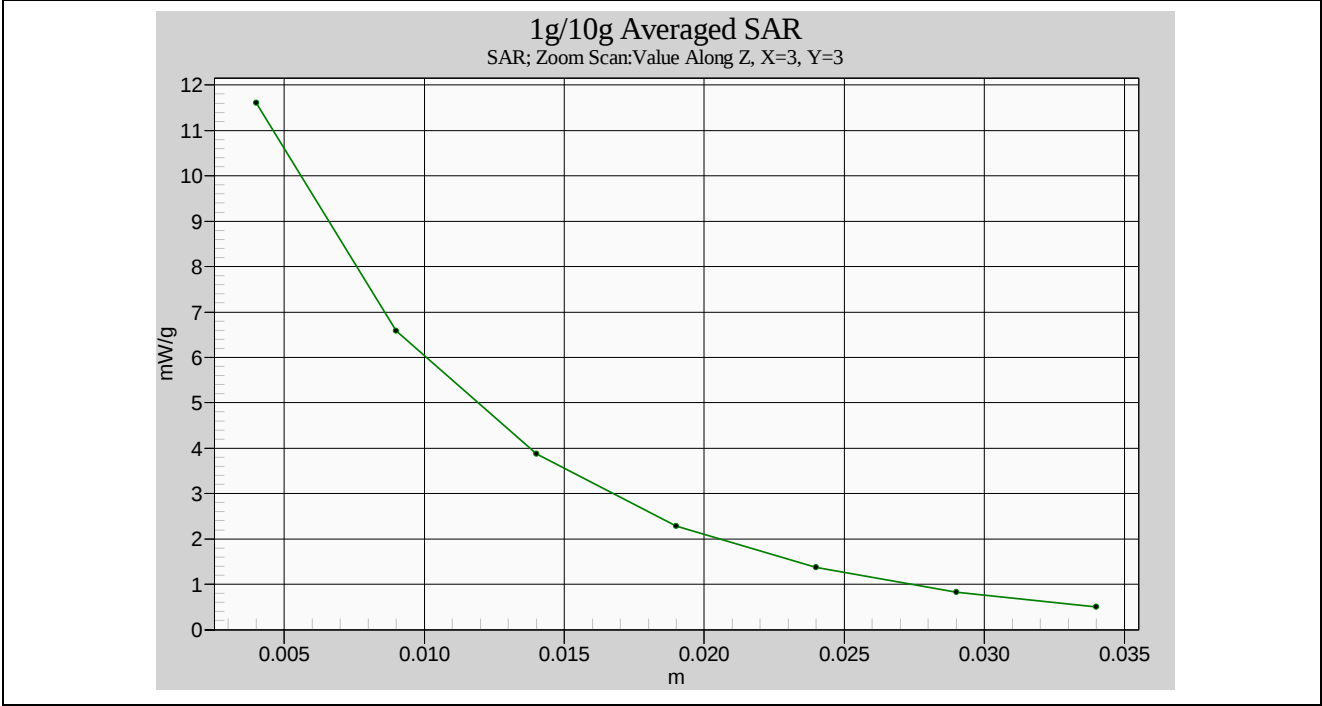
Head-Tissue-Simulating-Liquid 1950MHz



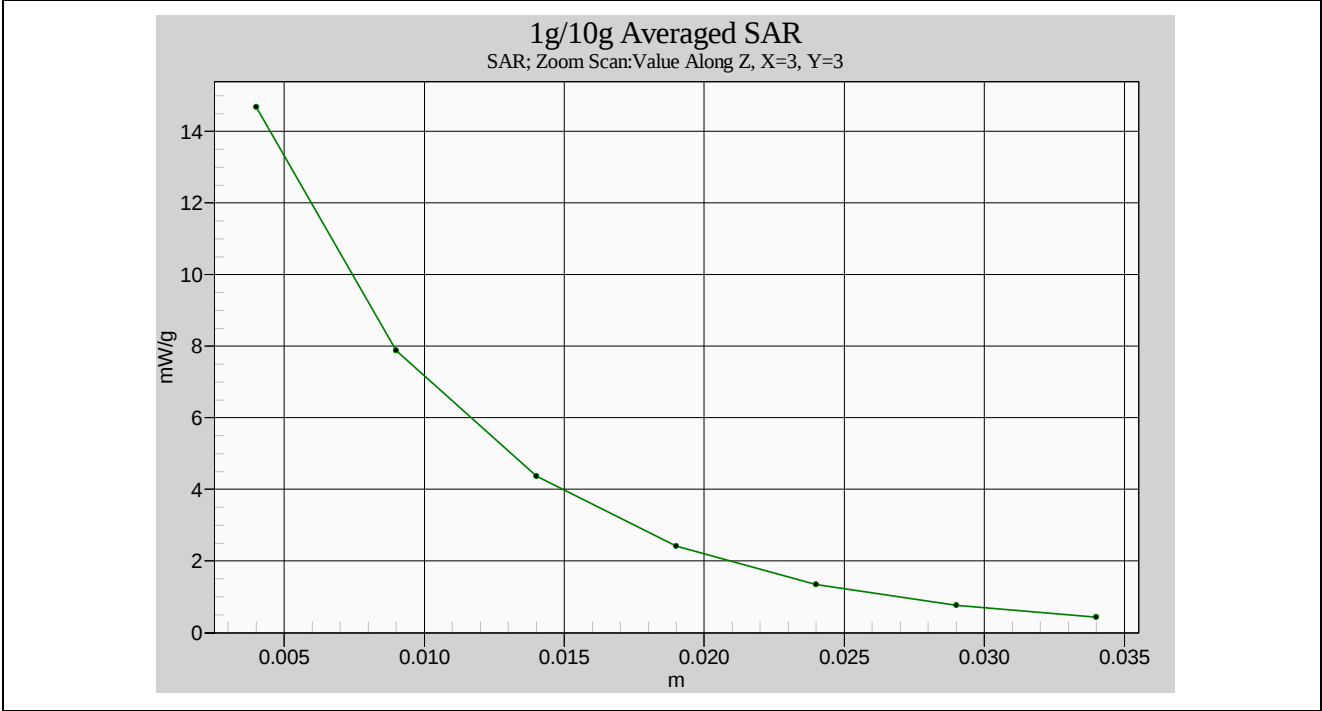
Body-Tissue-Simulating-Liquid 1950MHz (2008.04.16)



Z-axis Plot of System Performance Check



Body-Tissue-Simulating-Liquid 1950MHz (2008.04.17)



Body-Tissue-Simulating-Liquid 2450MHz



9.3 Dosimetric Assessment Setup

9.3.1 Body Test Position

Body - Worn Configuration

Body - Worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a handset output should be tested with a handset connected to the device.

Body - Worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 15 mm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances.

For this test :

☐ The EUT is placed into the holster/belt clip and the holster is positioned against the surface of the phantom in a normal operating position.

■ Since this EUT doesn't supply any body-worn accessory to the end user, for **GSM850 band**, **PCS1900 band**, **WCDMA Band V** and **WCDMA Band II** the distance of **20 mm** was tested to confirm the necessary "minimum SAR separation distance".

(* Note : This distance includes the 2 mm phantom shell thickness.)

■ Since this EUT doesn't supply any body-worn accessory to the end user, for **802.11b** and **802.11g** band the distance of **2 mm** was tested to confirm the necessary "minimum SAR separation distance".

(* Note : This distance includes the 2 mm phantom shell thickness.)



9.3.2 Measurement Procedures

The evaluation was performed with the following procedures :

- Surface Check :** A surface checks job gathers data used with optical surface detection. It determines the distance from the phantom surface where the reflection from the optical detector has its peak. Any following measurement jobs using optical surface detection will then rely on this value. The surface check performs its search a specified number of times, so that the repeatability can be verified. The probe tip distance is 1.3mm to phantom inner surface during scans.
- Reference :** The reference job measures the field at a specified reference position, at 4 mm from the selected section's grid reference point.
- Area Scan :** The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a finer measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an area scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maxima found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. Any following zoom scan within the same procedure will then perform fine scans around these maxima. The area covered the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm.
- Zoom Scan :** Zoom scans are used to assess the highest averaged SAR for cubic averaging volumes with 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures 5 x 5 x 7 points in a 32 x 32 x 30 mm cube whose base faces are centered around the maxima returned from a preceding area scan within the same procedure.
- Drift :** The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for each reference measurement. This allows monitoring of the power drift of the device in the batch process. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.



9.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The DASY5 software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR values. Based on the Draft: SCC-34, SC-2, WG-2 - Computational Dosimetry, IEEE P1529/D0.0 (Draft Recommended Practice for Determining the Spatial-Peak Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Associated with the Use of Wireless Handsets - Computational Techniques), a new algorithm has been implemented. The spatial-peak SAR can be computed over any required mass.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement in a volume of $(32 \times 32 \times 30) \text{mm}^3$ ($5 \times 5 \times 7$ points). The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan. If the 10g cube or both cubes are not entirely inside the measured volumes, the system issues a warning regarding the evaluated spatial peak values within the Postprocessing engine (SEMCAD). This means that if the measured volume is shifted, higher values might be possible. To get the correct values you can use a finer measurement grid for the area scan. In complicated field distributions, a large grid spacing for the area scan might miss some details and give an incorrectly interpolated peak location.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the Postprocessing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into three stages:

Interpolation and Extrapolation

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors which is located 1 to 2.7mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated.

In DASY5, the choice of the coordinate system defining the location of the measurement points has no influence on the uncertainty of the interpolation, Maxima Search and SAR extrapolation routines. The interpolation, Maxima Search and extrapolation routines are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method [7].



10. Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainties in SAR measurements are difficult to quantify due to several variables including biological, physiological, and environmental. However, we estimate the measurement uncertainties in SAR to be less than $\pm 21.9\%$ [8] .

According to Std. C95.3 [9] , the overall uncertainties are difficult to assess and will vary with the type of meter and usage situation. However, accuracy's of ± 1 to 3 dB can be expected in practice, with greater uncertainties in near-field situations and at higher frequencies (shorter wavelengths), or areas where large reflecting objects are present. Under optimum measurement conditions, SAR measurement uncertainties of at least ± 2 dB can be expected.

According to CENELEC [10] , typical worst-case uncertainty of field measurements is ± 5 dB. For well-defined modulation characteristics the uncertainty can be reduced to ± 3 dB.



Error Description	Uncertainty value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	(vi) v _{eff}
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	± 5.9 %	N	1	1	1	± 5.9 %	± 5.9 %	
Axial Isotropy	± 4.7 %	R		0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	± 9.6 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	± 1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Linearity	± 4.7 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	± 1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Readout Electronics	± 0.3 %	N	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	∞
Response Time	± 0.8 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	± 2.6 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %	∞
RF Ambient Noise	± 3.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	± 3.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	± 0.4 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	∞
Probe Positioning	± 2.9 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	± 1.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	± 2.9 %	N	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	145
Device Holder	± 3.6 %	N	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %	5
Power Drift	± 5.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	± 4.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	± 2.3 %	2.3 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	± 5.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	1.2 %	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	± 2.5 %	N	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	1.1 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	± 5.0 %	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	1.4 %	∞
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	± 2.5 %	N	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	1.2 %	∞
Combined Std. Uncertainty					± 10.9 %	± 10.7 %	387	
Expanded STD Uncertainty					± 21.9 %	± 21.4 %		

Table 5. Uncertainty Budget of DASY



11. SAR Test Results Summary

11.1 Head SAR

11.1.1 GSM 850 - Head SAR

Ambient :

Temperature (°C) :

22 ± 2

Relative HUMIDITY (%) :

40-70

Liquid :

Mixture Type :

HSL900

Liquid Temperature (°C) :

22.0

Depth of liquid (cm) :

15

Measurement :

Crest Factor :

8.3

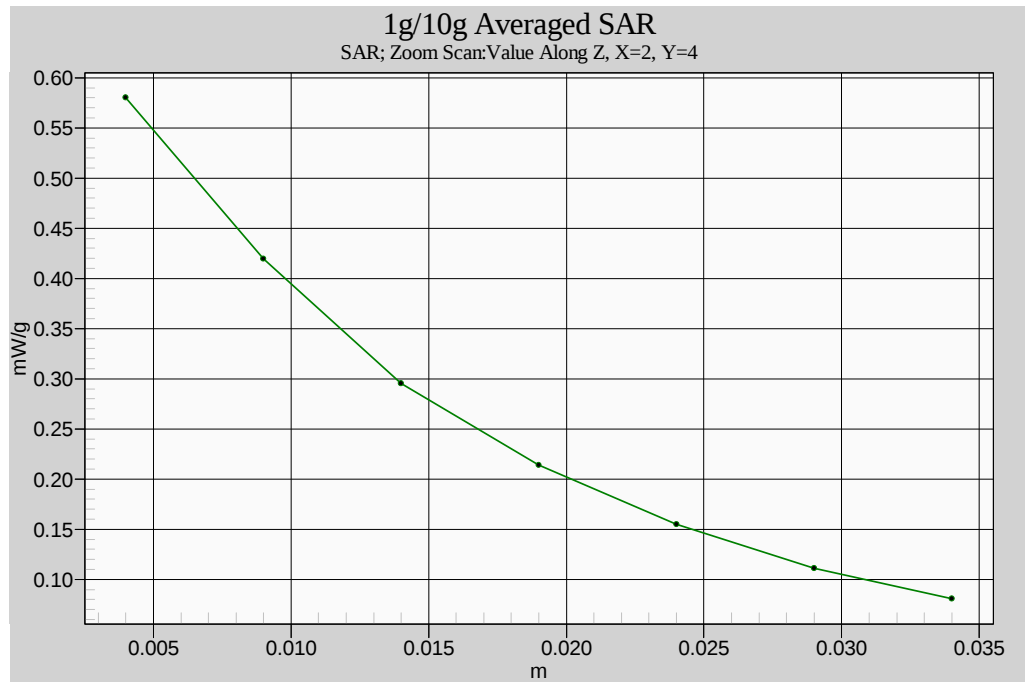
Probe S/N :

3150

Frequency		Band	Power (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	Accessory	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]	Power Drift (dB)	Remark
MHz	CH								
824.2	128	GSM 850	32.20	Right-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.473	-0.016	-
836.6	190	GSM 850	32.15	Right-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.545	0.004	-
848.8	251	GSM 850	31.76	Right-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.437	0.026	-
824.2	128	GSM 850	32.20	Right-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.357	0.020	-
836.6	190	GSM 850	32.15	Right-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.415	0.043	-
848.8	251	GSM 850	31.76	Right-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.337	0.025	-
824.2	128	GSM 850	32.20	Left-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.487	-0.029	-
836.6	190	GSM 850	32.15	Left-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.511	0.162	-
848.8	251	GSM 850	31.76	Left-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.389	-0.009	-
824.2	128	GSM 850	32.20	Left-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.366	0.037	-
836.6	190	GSM 850	32.15	Left-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.380	0.099	-
848.8	251	GSM 850	31.76	Left-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.277	0.080	-
Std. C95.1-1999 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				



Z-axis Plot of SAR Measurement



Z-axis Plot of Right-Cheek GSM850 CH190



11.1.2 PCS 1900 - Head SAR

Ambient :

Temperature (°C) : 22 ± 2

Relative HUMIDITY (%) : 40-70

Liquid :

Mixture Type : HSL1950

Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.0

Depth of liquid (cm) : 15

Measurement :

Crest Factor : 8.3

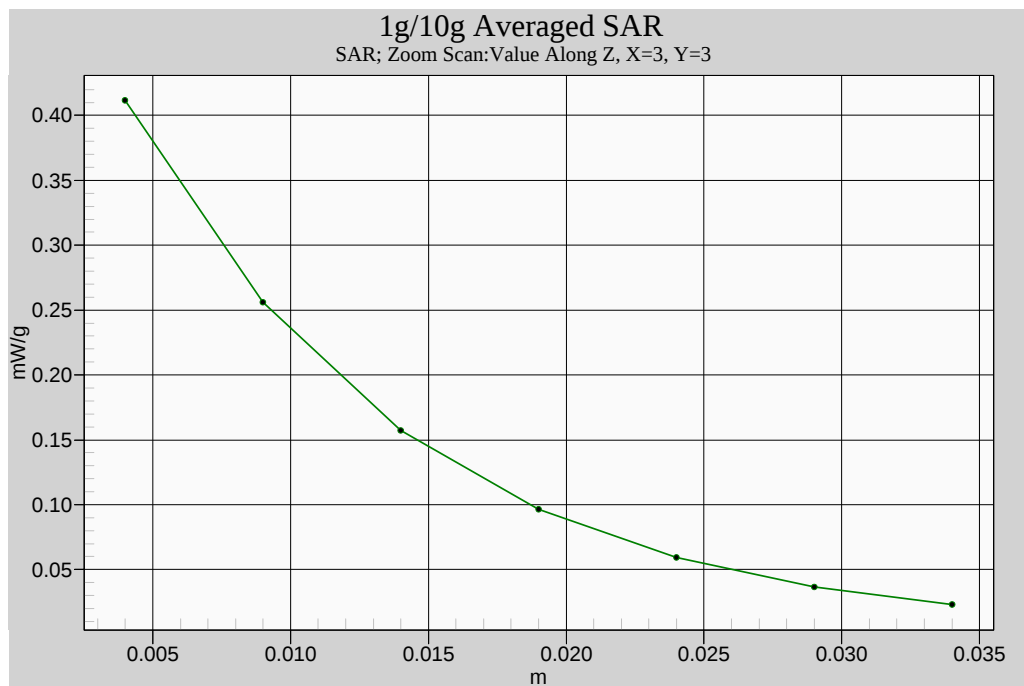
Probe S/N : 3150

Frequency		Band	Power (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	Accessory	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]	Power Drift (dB)	Remark
MHz	CH								
1850.2	512	PCS	28.60	Right-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.351	0.028	-
1880.0	661	PCS	28.48	Right-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.346	0.001	-
1909.8	810	PCS	28.39	Right-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.269	0.091	-
1850.2	512	PCS	28.60	Right-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.370	0.015	-
1880.0	661	PCS	28.48	Right-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.338	0.032	-
1909.8	810	PCS	28.39	Right-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.248	-0.113	-
1850.2	512	PCS	28.60	Left-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.215	-0.138	-
1880.0	661	PCS	28.48	Left-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.214	0.004	-
1909.8	810	PCS	28.39	Left-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.177	0.024	-
1850.2	512	PCS	28.60	Left-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.341	-0.141	-
1880.0	661	PCS	28.48	Left-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.317	-0.116	-
1909.8	810	PCS	28.39	Left-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.236	-0.182	-
Std. C95.1-1999 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

Detail results see Appendix B.



Z-axis Plot of SAR Measurement



Z-axis Plot of Right-Tilted PCS1900 CH512



11.1.3 WCDMA Band V - Head SAR

Ambient :

Temperature (°C) : 22 ± 2

Relative HUMIDITY (%) : 40-70

Liquid :

Mixture Type : HSL900

Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.0

Depth of liquid (cm) : 15

Measurement :

Crest Factor : 1

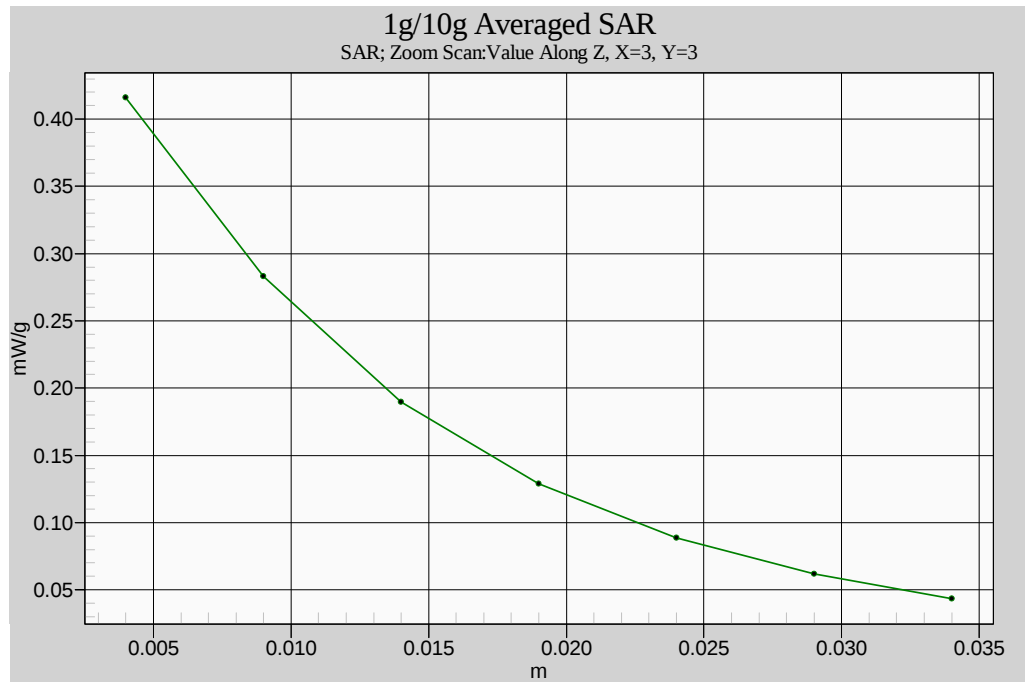
Probe S/N : 3150

Frequency		Band	Power (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	Accessory	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]	Power Drift (dB)	Remark
MHz	CH								
826.6	4133	WCDMA V	22.05	Right-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.276	0.008	-
836.0	4180	WCDMA V	21.80	Right-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.169	0.168	-
846.6	4232	WCDMA V	21.45	Right-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.385	0.002	-
826.6	4133	WCDMA V	22.05	Right-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.233	0.099	-
836.0	4180	WCDMA V	21.80	Right-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.131	0.110	-
846.6	4232	WCDMA V	21.45	Right-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.307	0.094	-
826.6	4133	WCDMA V	22.05	Left-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.264	0.082	-
836.0	4180	WCDMA V	21.80	Left-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.161	0.143	-
846.6	4232	WCDMA V	21.45	Left-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.379	0.035	-
826.6	4133	WCDMA V	22.05	Left-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.210	0.167	-
836.0	4180	WCDMA V	21.80	Left-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.127	0.192	-
846.6	4232	WCDMA V	21.45	Left-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.277	0.135	-
Std. C95.1-1999 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

Detail results see Appendix B.



Z-axis Plot of SAR Measurement



Z-axis Plot of Right-Cheek WCDMA Band V CH4232



11.1.4 WCDMA Band II - Head SAR

Ambient :

Temperature (°C) : 22 ± 2

Relative HUMIDITY (%) : 40-70

Liquid :

Mixture Type : HSL1950

Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.0

Depth of liquid (cm) : 15

Measurement :

Crest Factor : 1

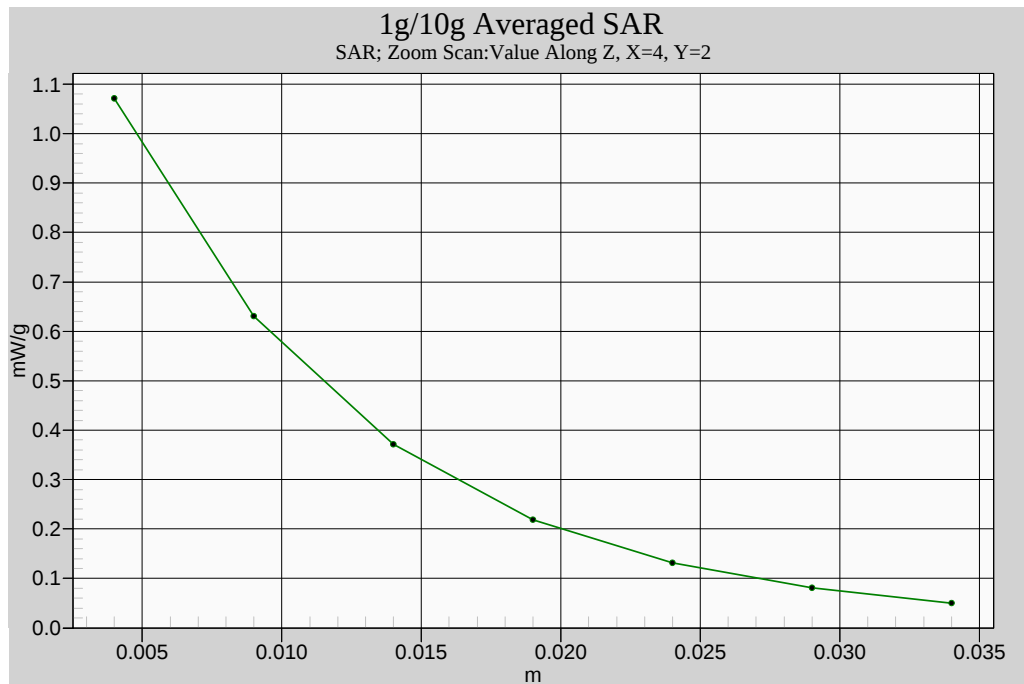
Probe S/N : 3150

Frequency		Band	Power (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	Accessory	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]	Power Drift (dB)	Remark
MHz	CH								
1852.6	9263	WCDMA II	23.77	Right-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.984	0.196	-
1880.0	9400	WCDMA II	22.85	Right-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.810	0.133	-
1907.4	9537	WCDMA II	22.45	Right-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.653	0.114	-
1852.6	9263	WCDMA II	23.77	Right-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.937	-0.005	-
1880.0	9400	WCDMA II	22.85	Right-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.720	0.001	-
1907.4	9537	WCDMA II	22.45	Right-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.567	0.036	-
1852.6	9263	WCDMA II	23.77	Left-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.601	0.014	-
1880.0	9400	WCDMA II	22.85	Left-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.485	0.026	-
1907.4	9537	WCDMA II	22.45	Left-cheek	Internal	N/A	0.410	0.034	-
1852.6	9263	WCDMA II	23.77	Left-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.872	0.066	-
1880.0	9400	WCDMA II	22.85	Left-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.667	0.099	-
1907.4	9537	WCDMA II	22.45	Left-Tilted	Internal	N/A	0.531	-0.001	-
Std. C95.1-1999 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

Detail results see Appendix B.



Z-axis Plot of SAR Measurement



Z-axis Plot of Right-Cheek WCDMA Band II CH9263



11.2 Body SAR

11.2.1 GSM 850 - Body SAR (20 mm separation)

Ambient :

Temperature (°C) : 22 ± 3 Relative HUMIDITY (%) : 40-70

Liquid :

Mixture Type : MSL900 Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.0
Depth of liquid (cm) : 15

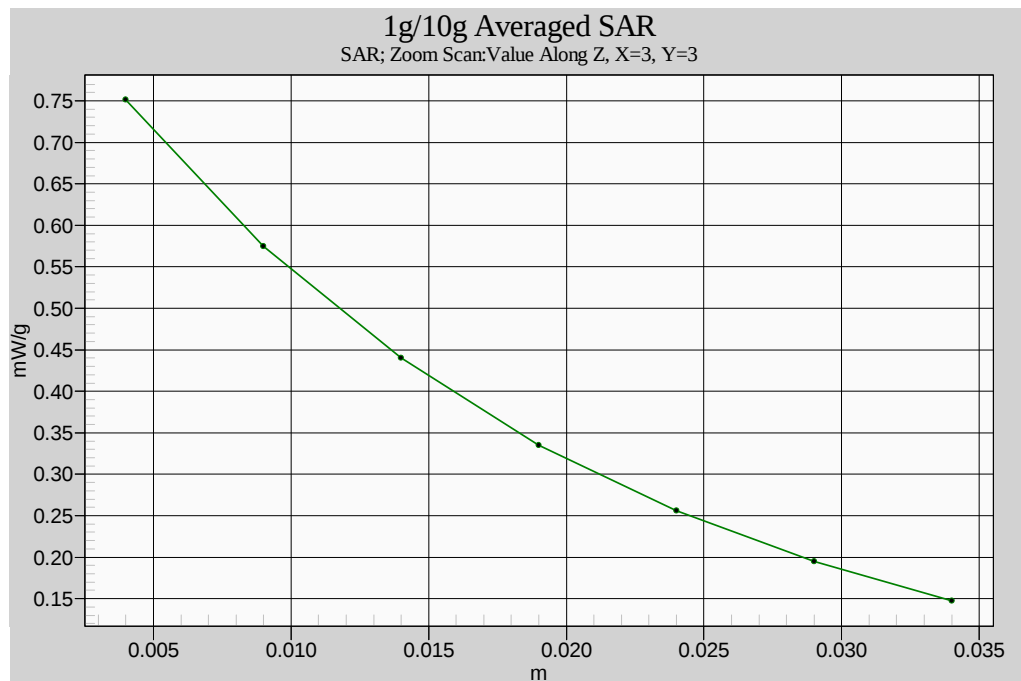
Measurement :

Crest Factor : 8.3 Probe S/N : 3150

Frequency		Band	Power (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	Accessory	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]	Power Drift (dB)	Remark
MHz	CH								
824.2	128	GSM 850	32.20	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.714	0.001	-
836.6	190	GSM 850	32.15	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.599	0.002	-
848.8	251	GSM 850	31.76	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.510	-0.031	-
Std. C95.1-1999 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

Detail results see Appendix B.

Z-axis Plot of SAR Measurement



Z-axis Plot of Flat GSM850 CH128



11.2.2 GPRS 850 - Body SAR (20 mm separation)

Ambient :

Temperature (°C) : 22 ± 3 Relative HUMIDITY (%) : 40-70

Liquid :

Mixture Type : MSL900 Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.0
Depth of liquid (cm) : 15

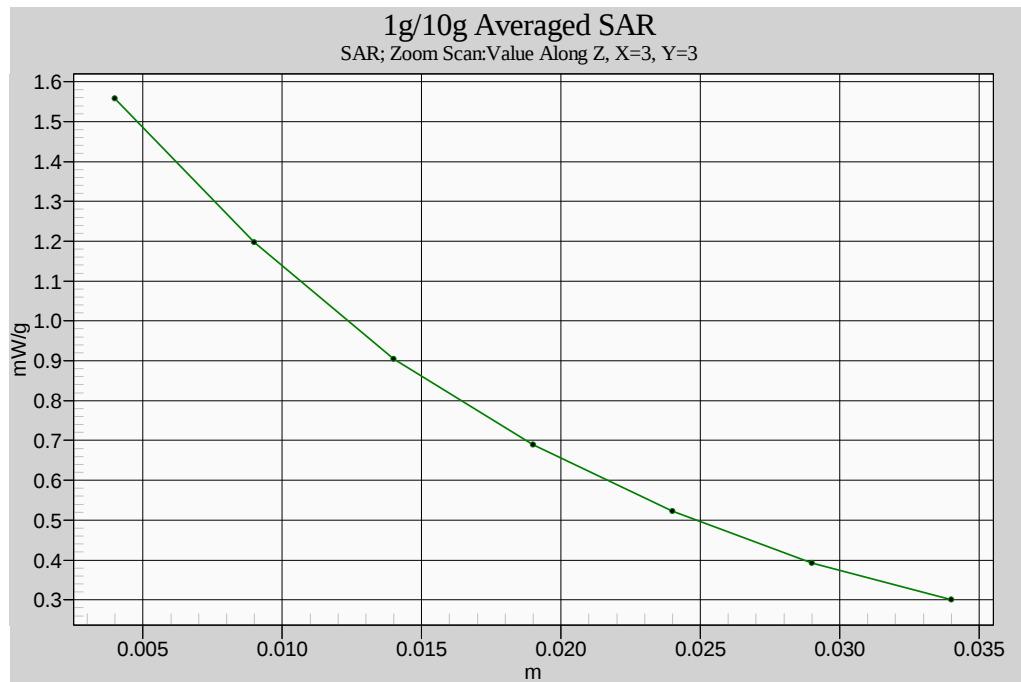
Measurement :

Crest Factor : 4.2 Probe S/N : 3150

Frequency		Band	Power (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	Accessory	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]	Power Drift (dB)	Remark
MHz	CH								
824.2	128	GPRS 850	31.18	Flat	Internal	N/A	1.470	0.144	3Down2Up
824.2	128	GPRS 850	31.15	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.714	0.017	3Down1Up
836.6	190	GPRS 850	31.58	Flat	Internal	N/A	1.190	-0.107	3Down2Up
848.8	251	GPRS 850	31.00	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.987	0.004	3Down2Up
Std. C95.1-1999 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

Detail results see Appendix B.

Z-axis Plot of SAR Measurement



Z-axis Plot of Flat GPRS 850 CH128 (3Down2Up)



11.2.3 EGPRS 850 - Body SAR (20 mm separation)

Ambient :

Temperature (°C) : 22 ± 2 Relative HUMIDITY (%) : 40-70

Liquid :

Mixture Type : MSL900 Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.0
Depth of liquid (cm) : 15

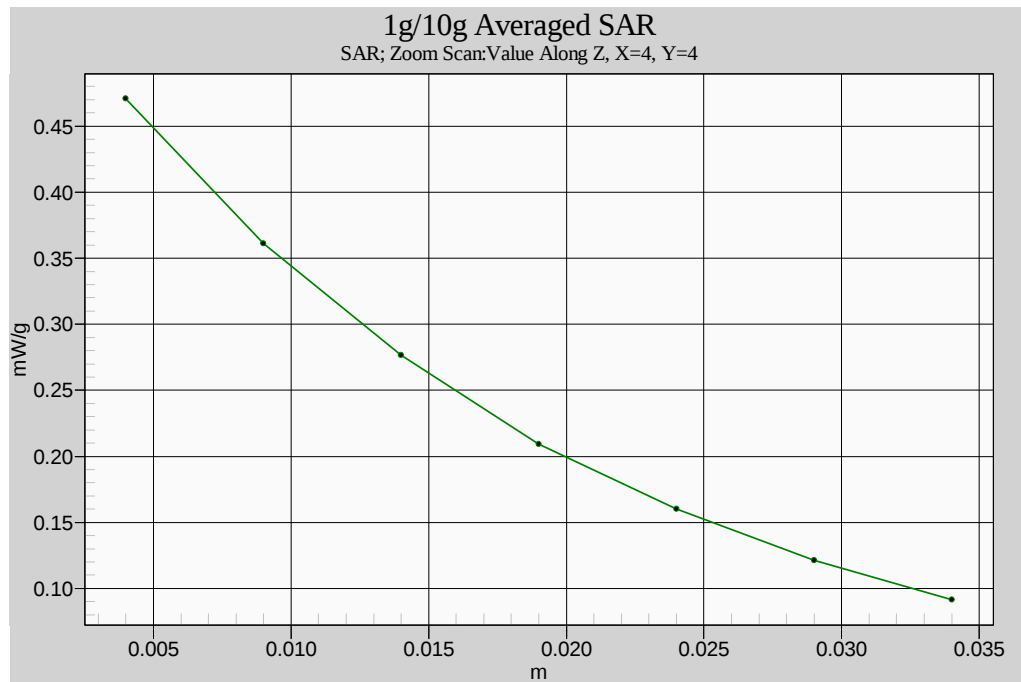
Measurement :

Crest Factor : 4.2 Probe S/N : 3150

Frequency		Band	Power (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	Accessory	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]	Power Drift (dB)	Remark
MHz	CH								
824.2	128	EGPRS 850	26.00	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.443	0.083	3Down2Up
824.2	128	EGPRS 850	25.97	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.223	0.076	3Down1Up
836.6	190	EGPRS 850	26.08	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.387	0.031	3Down2Up
848.8	251	EGPRS 850	26.00	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.341	0.016	3Down2Up
Std. C95.1-1999 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

Detail results see Appendix B.

Z-axis Plot of SAR Measurement



Z-axis Plot of Flat EGPRS 850 CH190 (3Down2Up)



11.2.4 PCS 1900 - Body SAR (20 mm separation)

Ambient :

Temperature (°C) : 22 ± 2

Relative HUMIDITY (%) : 40-70

Liquid :

Mixture Type : MSL1950

Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.0

Depth of liquid (cm) : 15

Measurement :

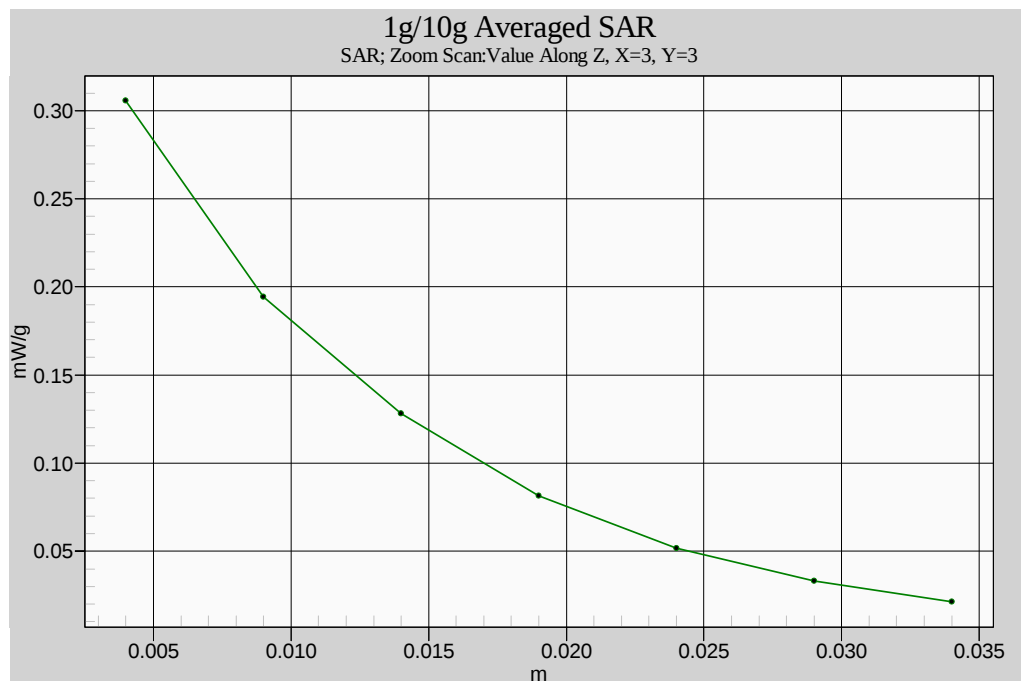
Crest Factor : 8.3

Probe S/N : 3150

Frequency		Band	Power (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	Accessory	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]	Power Drift (dB)	Remark
MHz	CH								
1850.2	512	PCS 1900	28.60	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.281	-0.028	-
1880.0	661	PCS 1900	28.48	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.223	0.018	-
1909.8	810	PCS 1900	28.39	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.174	-0.047	-
Std. C95.1-1999 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

Detail results see Appendix B.

Z-axis Plot of SAR Measurement



Z-axis Plot of Flat PCS CH512



11.2.5 GPRS 1900 - Body SAR (20 mm separation)

Ambient :

Temperature (°C) : 22 ± 2

Relative HUMIDITY (%) : 40-70

Liquid :

Mixture Type : MSL1950

Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.0

Depth of liquid (cm) : 15

Measurement :

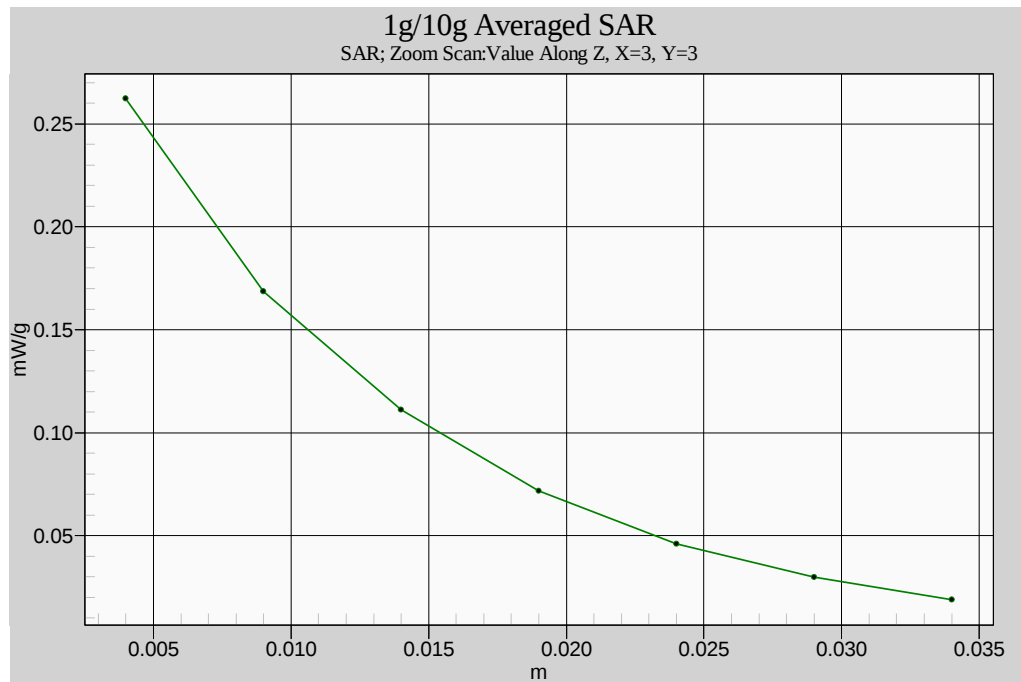
Crest Factor : 4.2

Probe S/N : 3150

Frequency		Band	Power (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	Accessory	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]	Power Drift (dB)	Remark
MHz	CH								
1850.2	512	GPRS 1900	28.38	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.244	-0.049	3Down2Up
1850.2	512	GPRS 1900	28.35	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.125	0.001	3Down1Up
1880.0	661	GPRS 1900	28.07	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.205	0.032	3Down2Up
1909.8	810	GPRS 1900	28.19	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.159	0.000	3Down2Up
Std. C95.1-1999 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

Detail results see Appendix B.

Z-axis Plot of SAR Measurement



Z-axis Plot of Flat GPRS 1900 CH512 (3Down2Up)



11.2.6 EGPRS 1900 - Body SAR (20 mm separation)

Ambient :

Temperature (°C) : 22 ± 3

Relative HUMIDITY (%) : 40-70

Liquid :

Mixture Type : MSL1950

Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.0

Depth of liquid (cm) : 15

Measurement :

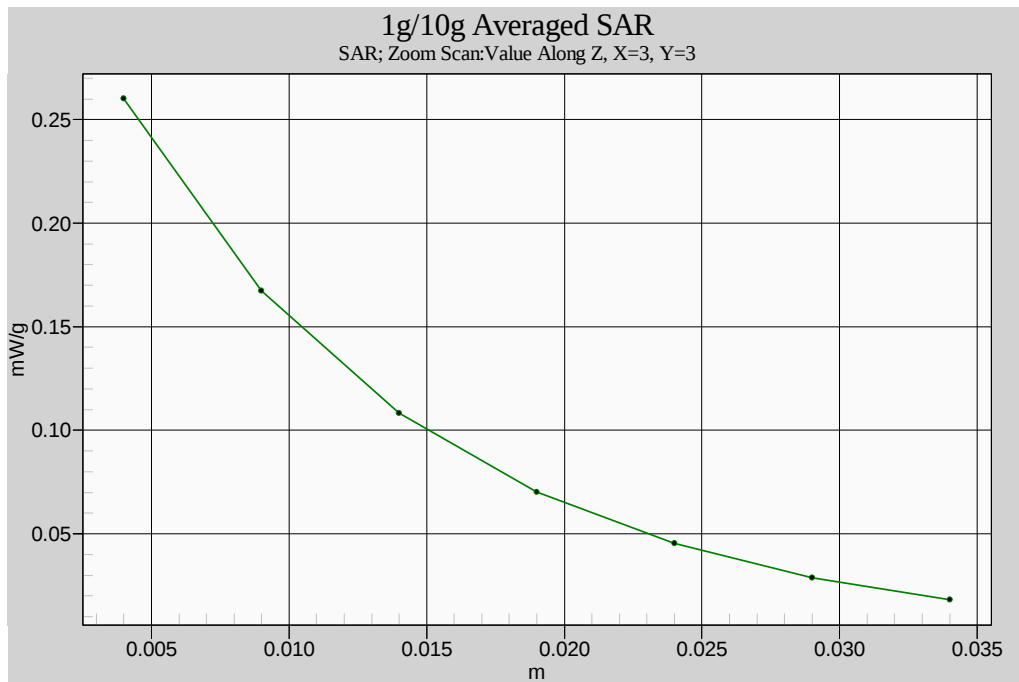
Crest Factor : 4.2

Probe S/N : 3150

Frequency		Band	Power (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	Accessory	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]	Power Drift (dB)	Remark
MHz	CH								
1850.2	512	EGPRS 1900	25.50	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.244	-0.007	3Down2Up
1850.2	512	EGPRS 1900	25.44	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.123	0.062	3Down1Up
1880.0	661	EGPRS 1900	25.50	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.203	0.019	3Down2Up
1909.8	810	EGPRS 1900	25.60	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.157	-0.021	3Down2Up
Std. C95.1-1999 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

Detail results see Appendix B.

Z-axis Plot of SAR Measurement



Z-axis Plot of Flat EGPRS 1900 CH512 (3Down2Up)



11.2.7 WCDMA Band V - Body SAR (20 mm separation)

Ambient :

Temperature (°C) : 22 ± 2 Relative HUMIDITY (%) : 40-70

Liquid :

Mixture Type : MSL900 Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.0
Depth of liquid (cm) : 15

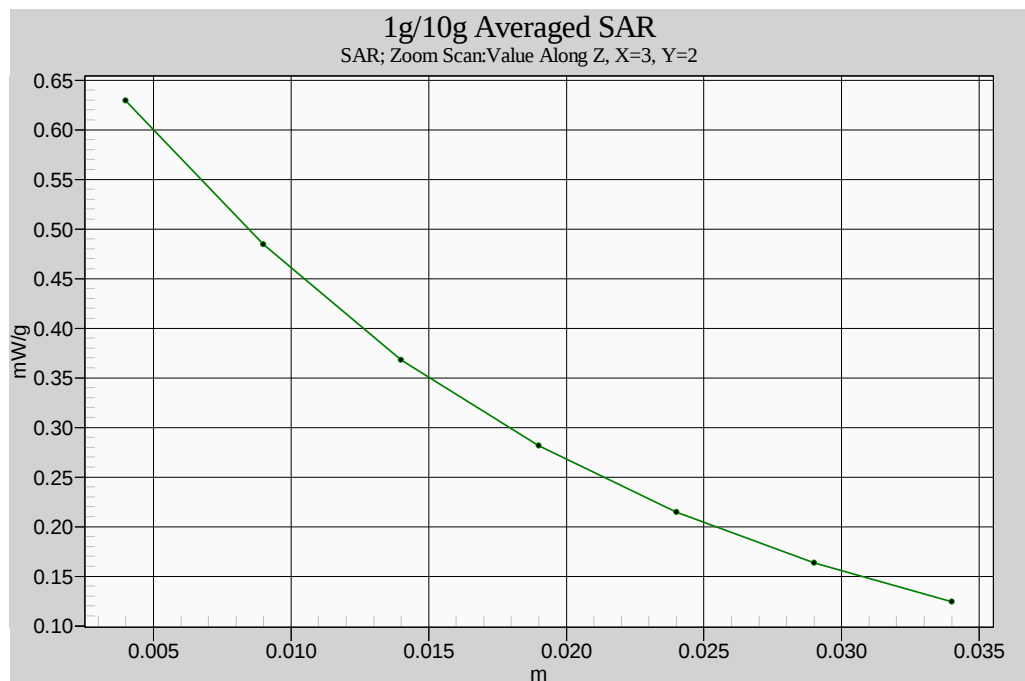
Measurement :

Crest Factor : 1 Probe S/N : 3150

Frequency		Band	Power (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	Accessory	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]	Power Drift (dB)	Remark
MHz	CH								
826.6	4133	WCDMA V	22.05	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.558	0.104	-
836.0	4180	WCDMA V	21.80	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.362	0.063	-
846.6	4232	WCDMA V	21.45	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.594	0.004	-
Std. C95.1-1999 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

Detail results see Appendix B.

Z-axis Plot of SAR Measurement



Z-axis Plot of Flat WCDMA Band V CH4232



11.2.8 HSDPA Band V - Body SAR (20 mm separation)

Ambient :

Temperature (°C) : 22 ± 2 Relative HUMIDITY (%) : 40-70

Liquid :

Mixture Type : MSL900 Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.0
Depth of liquid (cm) : 15

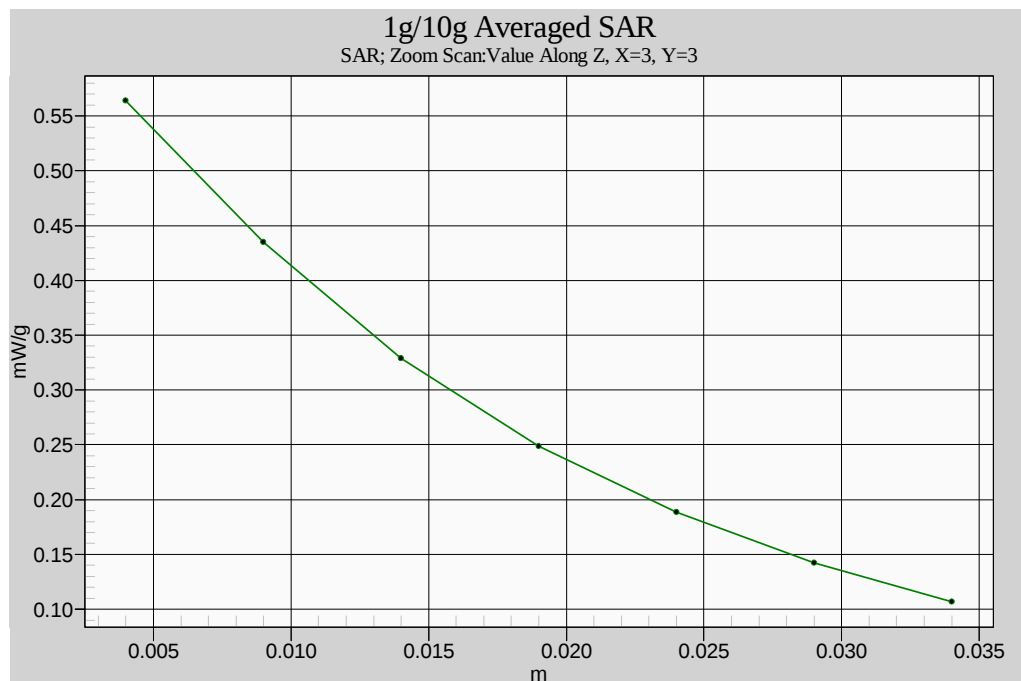
Measurement :

Crest Factor : 1 Probe S/N : 3150

Frequency		Band	Power (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	Accessory	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]	Power Drift (dB)	Remark
MHz	CH								
826.6	4133	HSDPA V	19.75	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.488	0.042	-
836.0	4180	HSDPA V	19.45	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.339	0.020	-
846.6	4232	HSDPA V	19.05	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.533	0.008	-
Std. C95.1-1999 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

Detail results see Appendix B.

Z-axis Plot of SAR Measurement



Z-axis Plot of Flat HSDPA Band V CH4232



11.2.9 WCDMA Band II - Body SAR (20 mm separation)

Ambient :

Temperature (°C) : 22 ± 2 Relative HUMIDITY (%) : 40-70

Liquid :

Mixture Type : MSL1950 Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.0
Depth of liquid (cm) : 15

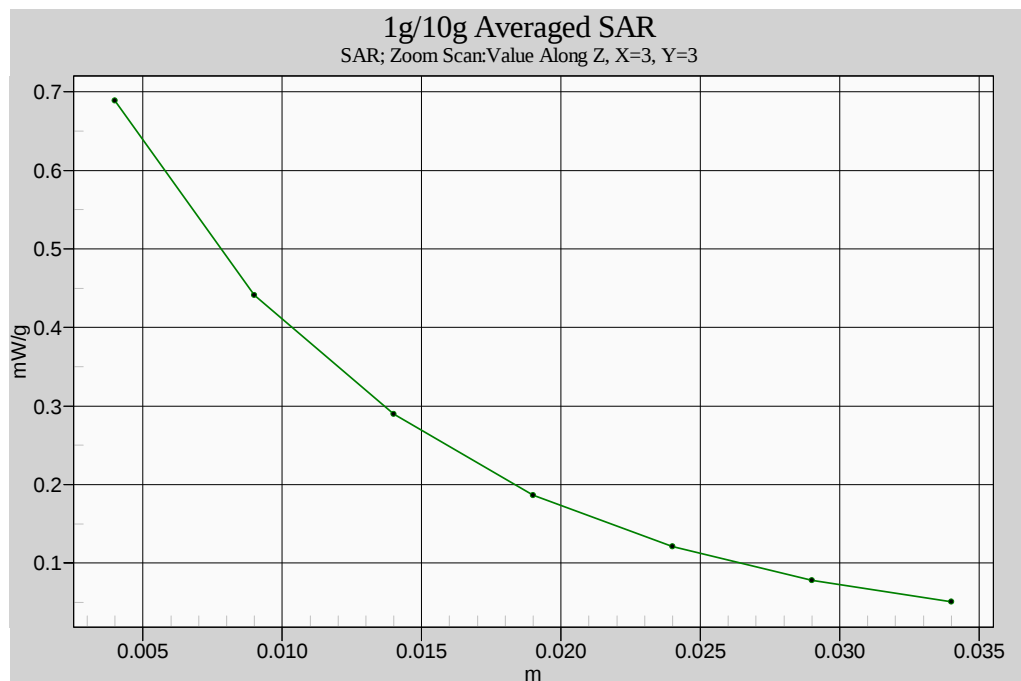
Measurement :

Crest Factor : 1 Probe S/N : 3150

Frequency		Band	Power (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	Accessory	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]	Power Drift (dB)	Remark
MHz	CH								
1852.6	9263	WCDMA II	23.77	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.643	-0.017	-
1880.0	9400	WCDMA II	22.85	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.488	-0.019	-
1907.4	9537	WCDMA II	22.45	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.374	-0.003	-
Std. C95.1-1999 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

Detail results see Appendix B.

Z-axis Plot of SAR Measurement



Z-axis Plot of Flat WCDMA Band II CH9263



11.2.10 HSDPA Band II - Body SAR (20 mm separation)

Ambient :

Temperature (°C) : 22 ± 2 Relative HUMIDITY (%) : 40-70

Liquid :

Mixture Type : MSL1950 Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.0
Depth of liquid (cm) : 15

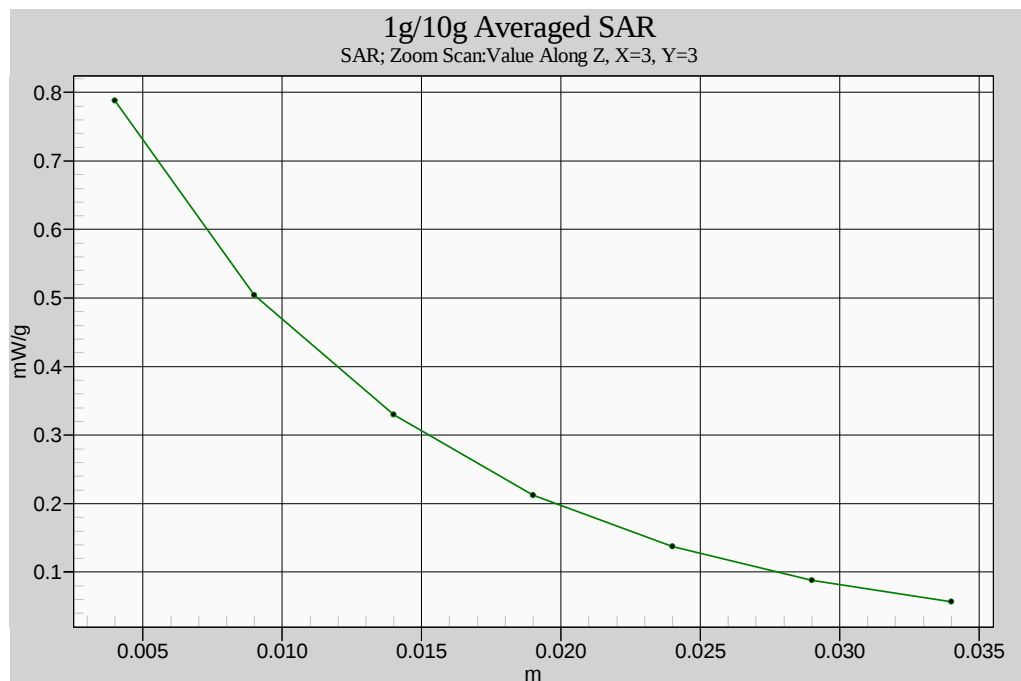
Measurement :

Crest Factor : 1 Probe S/N : 3150

Frequency		Band	Power (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	Accessory	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]	Power Drift (dB)	Remark
MHz	CH								
1852.6	9263	HSDPA II	21.75	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.737	-0.015	-
1880.0	9400	HSDPA II	22.80	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.542	-0.005	-
1907.4	9537	HSDPA II	22.45	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.432	-0.019	-
Std. C95.1-1999 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

Detail results see Appendix B.

Z-axis Plot of SAR Measurement



Z-axis Plot of Flat HSDPA Band II CH9263



11.2.11 Wi-Fi 802.11b - Body SAR (0 mm separation)

Ambient :

Temperature (°C) : 22 ± 2 Relative HUMIDITY (%) : 40-70

Liquid :

Mixture Type : MSL2450 Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.0
Depth of liquid (cm) : 15

Measurement :

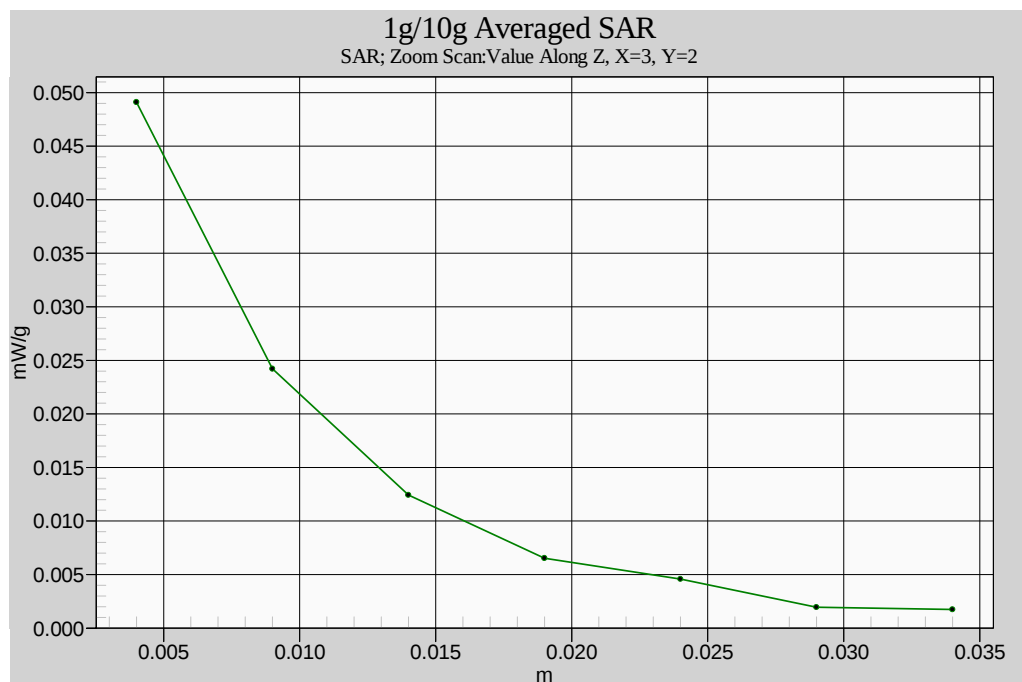
Crest Factor : 1 Probe S/N : 3510

Frequency		Band	Power (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	Accessory	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]	Power Drift (dB)	Remark
MHz	CH								
2412	1	802.11 b	18.31	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.012	0.131	1M
2437	6	802.11 b	17.54	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.027	0.119	1M
2462	11	802.11 b	18.19	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.042	-0.120	1M
2462	11	802.11 b	17.92	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.040	0.128	11M
Std. C95.1-1999 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

Detail results see Appendix B.

Note: 1M → Data rate 1MHz ; 11M → Data rate 11MHz

Z-axis Plot of SAR Measurement



Z-axis Plot of flat 802.11b CH11_ Data Rate 1M



11.2.12 Wi-Fi 802.11g - Body SAR (0 mm separation)

Ambient :

Temperature (°C) : 22 ± 2 Relative HUMIDITY (%) : 40-70

Liquid :

Mixture Type : MSL2450 Liquid Temperature (°C) : 22.0
Depth of liquid (cm) : 15

Measurement :

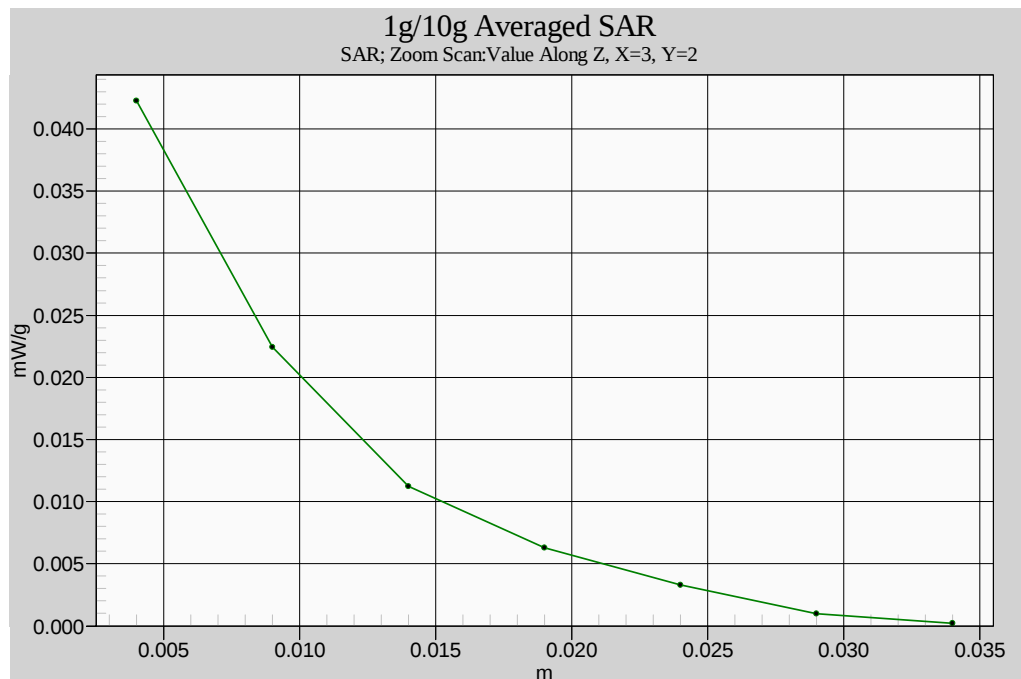
Crest Factor : 1 Probe S/N : 3510

Frequency		Band	Power (dBm)	Phantom Position	Antenna Position	Accessory	SAR _{1g} [mW/g]	Power Drift (dB)	Remark
MHz	CH								
2412	1	802.11 g	17.45	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.013	0.104	6M
2437	6	802.11 g	17.26	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.019	0.137	6M
2462	11	802.11 g	17.11	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.036	-0.001	6M
2462	11	802.11 g	16.94	Flat	Internal	N/A	0.026	-0.184	54M
Std. C95.1-1999 - Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram				

Detail results see Appendix B.

Note: 6M → Data rate 6MHz ; 54M → Data rate 54MHz

Z-axis Plot of SAR Measurement



Z-axis Plot of Flat 802.11g CH11_6M

11.3 Setup Photo

Head Setup

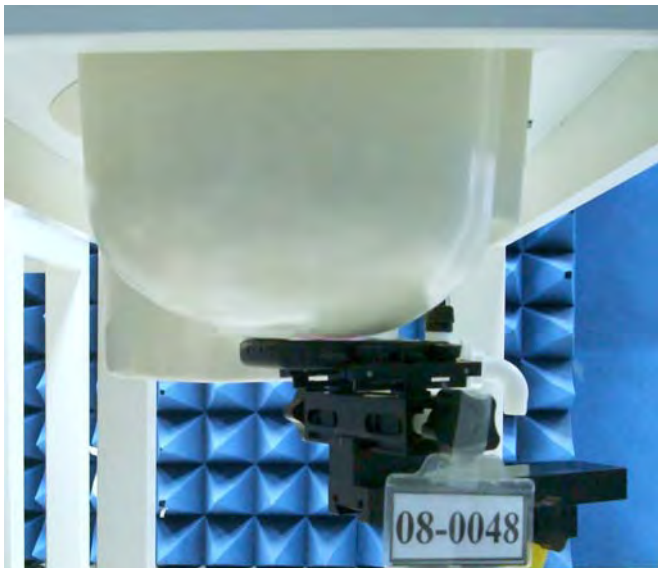


Figure 13. Right Head SAR Test Setup (Cheek)

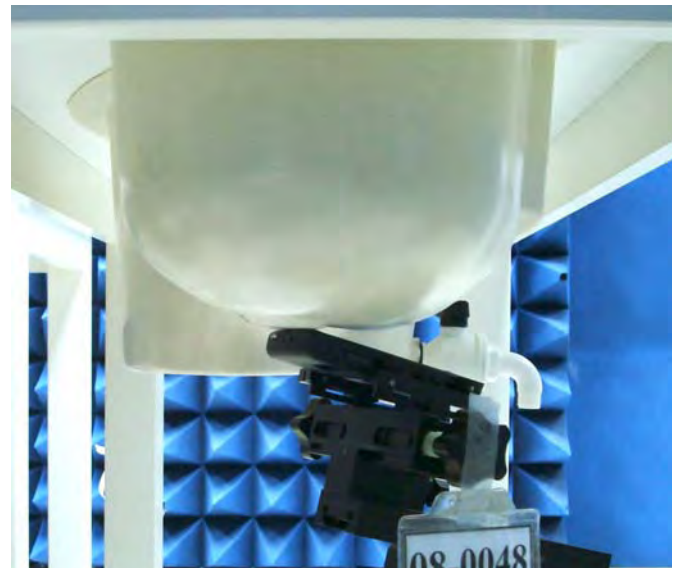


Figure 14. Right Head SAR Test Setup (Tilted)



Figure 15. Left Head SAR Test Setup (Cheek)



Figure 16. Left Head SAR Test Setup (Tilted)

Body Setup



Figure 17.Body SAR Test Setup (Flat Section) _ 20 mm separation



Figure 18.Body SAR Test Setup (Flat Section) _ 0 mm separation



11.4 Std. C95.1-1999 RF Exposure Limit

Human Exposure	Population Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)	Occupational Controlled Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)
Spatial Peak SAR* (head)	1.60	8.00
Spatial Peak SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Partial-Body)	1.60	8.00
Spatial Peak SAR**** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.00

Table 6. Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure

Notes :

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.
(defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole – body.
- *** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the partial – body.
- **** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue.
(defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Population / Uncontrolled Environments : are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational / Controlled Environments : are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).



12. Conclusion

The SAR test values found for the portable mobile phone **Inventec Corporation Trade Name : velocitymobile**
Model(s) : Velocity 103 is below the maximum recommended level of 1.6 W/kg (mW/g).



13. References

- [1] Std. C95.1-1999, "American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields, 300KHz to 100GHz", New York.
- [2] NCRP, National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements, "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", NCRP report NO. 86, 1986.
- [3] T. Schmid, O. Egger, and N. Kuster, "Automatic E-field scanning system for dosimetric assessments", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, pp, 105-113, Jan. 1996.
- [4] K. Poković, T. Schmid, and N. Kuster, "Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequency", in ICECOM'97, Dubrovnik, October 15-17, 1997, pp.120-124.
- [5] K. Poković, T. Schmid, and N. Kuster, "E-field probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids", in Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, 23-25 June, 1996, pp.172-175.
- [6] N. Kuster, and Q. Balzano, "Energy absorption mechanism by biological bodies in the near field of dipole antennas above 300MHz", IEEE Transaction on Vehicular Technology, vol. 41, no. 1, Feb. 1992, pp. 17-23.
- [7] Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988 , pp. 139-148.
- [8] N. Kuster, R. Kastle, T. Schmid, "Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with known precision", IEEE Transaction on Communications, vol. E80-B, no. 5, May 1997, pp. 645-652.
- [9] Std. C95.3-1991, "IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields – RF and Microwave, New York: IEEE, Aug. 1992.
- [10] CENELEC CLC/SC111B, European Prestandard (prENV 50166-2), Human Exposure to Electromagnetic Fields High-frequency: 10KHz-300GHz, Jan. 1995.



Appendix A - System Performance Check

See following Attached Pages for System Performance Check.



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/8/2008 5:40:03 PM Date/Time: 4/8/2008 5:48:20 PM

System Performance Check at 900MHz_20080408_Head

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:073

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.973 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

System Performance Check at 900MHz/Area Scan (61x121x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.89 mW/g

System Performance Check at 900MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

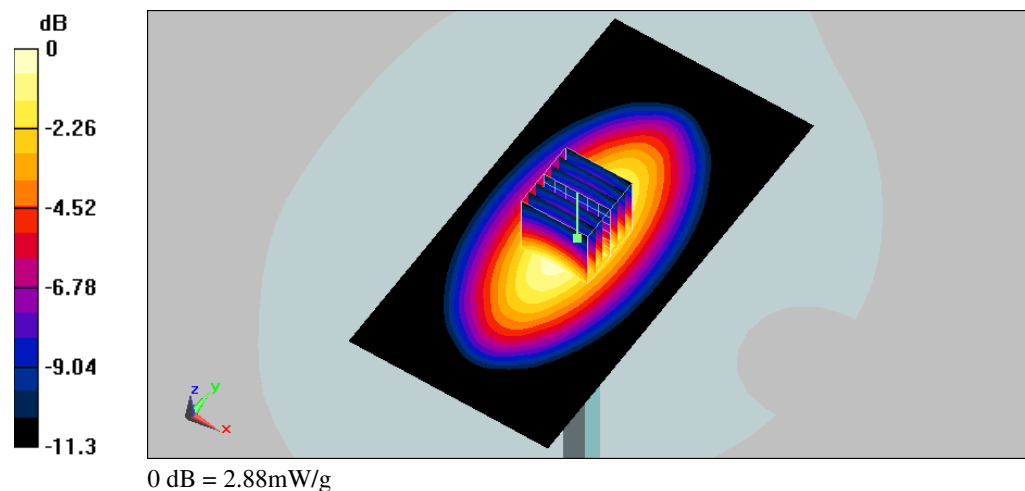
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.6 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.97 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.66 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 1.7 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.88 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/14/2008 9:44:11 AM Date/Time: 4/14/2008 9:52:31 AM

System Performance Check at 900MHz_20080414_Head

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:073

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.973 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

System Performance Check at 900MHz/Area Scan (61x121x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.88 mW/g

System Performance Check at 900MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

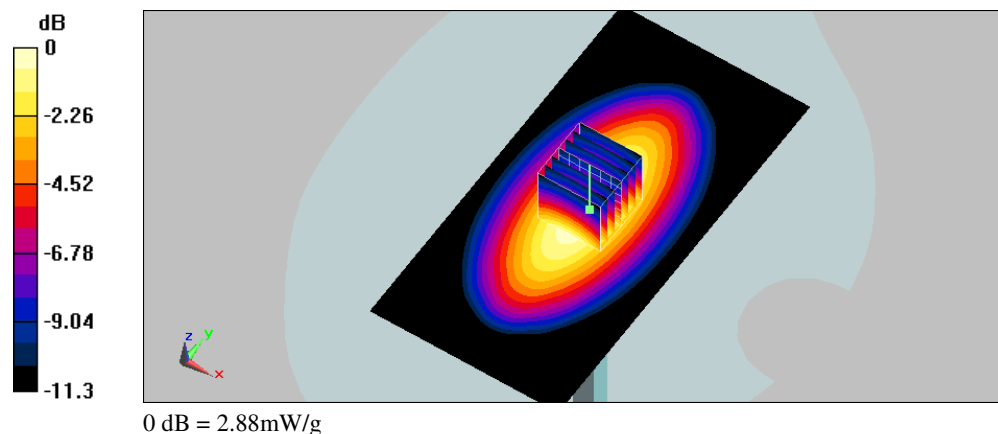
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.014 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.95 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.65 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.69 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.88 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/14/2008 9:56:20 PM Date/Time: 4/14/2008 10:04:35 PM

System Performance Check at 900MHz_20080414_Body

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:073

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.04 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6, 6, 6); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

System Performance Check at 900MHz/Area Scan (61x121x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.14 mW/g

System Performance Check at 900MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

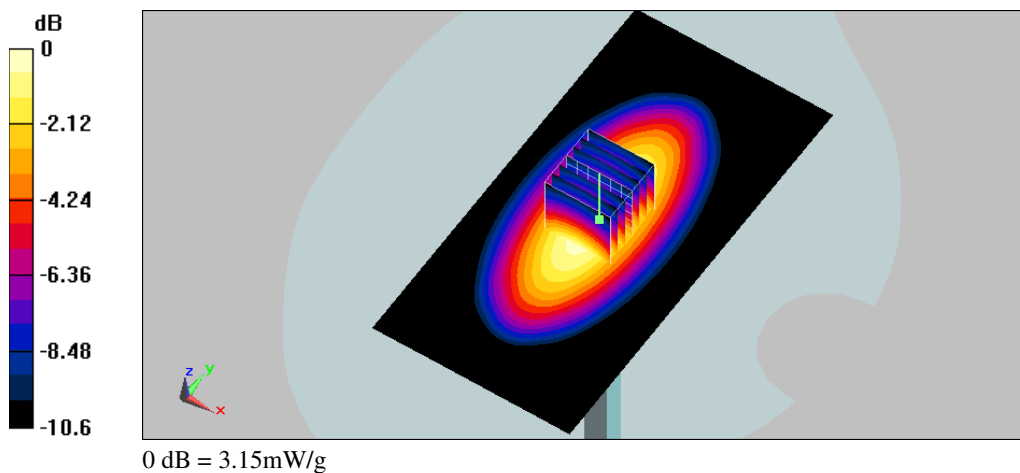
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.8 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.018 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.27 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.9 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 1.88 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.15 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/16/2008 12:32:57 PM Date/Time: 4/16/2008 12:41:17 PM

System Performance Check at 900MHz_20080416_Body

DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:073

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.04 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6, 6, 6); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

System Performance Check at 900MHz/Area Scan (61x121x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.15 mW/g

System Performance Check at 900MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

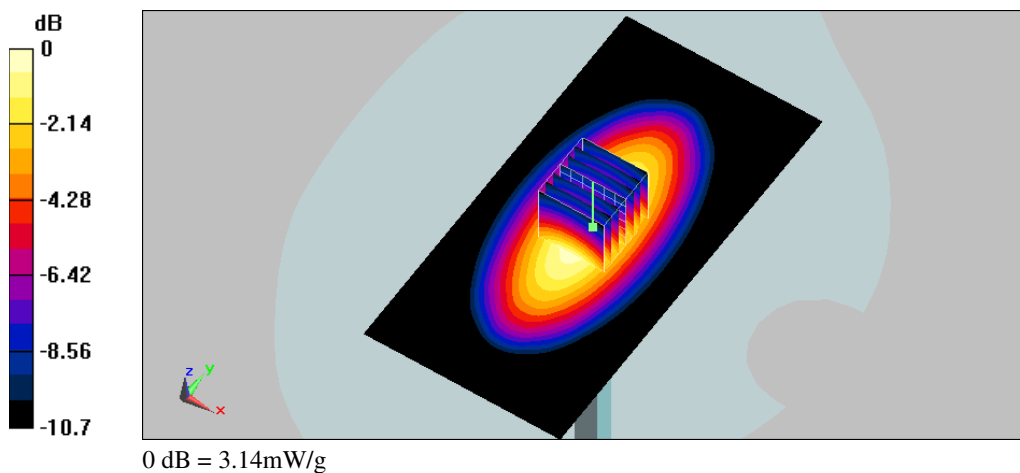
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 56.2 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.00133 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.89 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 1.88 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.14 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 1:27:47 AM Date/Time: 4/11/2008 1:32:10 AM

System Performance Check at 1950MHz_20080411_Head

DUT: Dipole 1950 MHz; Type: D1950V3; Serial: D1950V3 - SN:1117

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1950 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1950 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(4.84, 4.84, 4.84); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

System Performance Check at 1950MHz/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.3 mW/g

System Performance Check at 1950MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

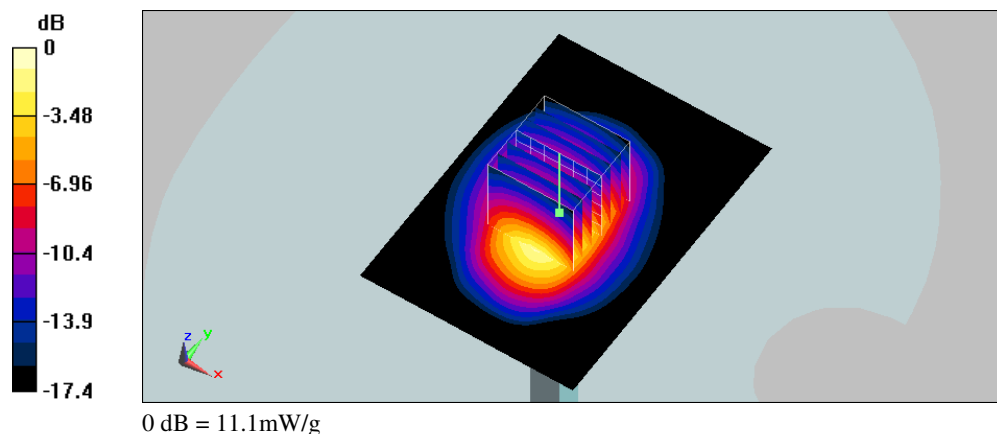
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 90.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00552 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.82 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.11 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.1 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/16/2008 8:15:23 PM Date/Time: 4/16/2008 8:19:43 PM

System Performance Check at 1950MHz_20080416_Body

DUT: Dipole 1950 MHz; Type: D1950V3; Serial: D1950V3 - SN:1117

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1950 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1950 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.55 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

System Performance Check at 1950MHz/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.1 mW/g

System Performance Check at 1950MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

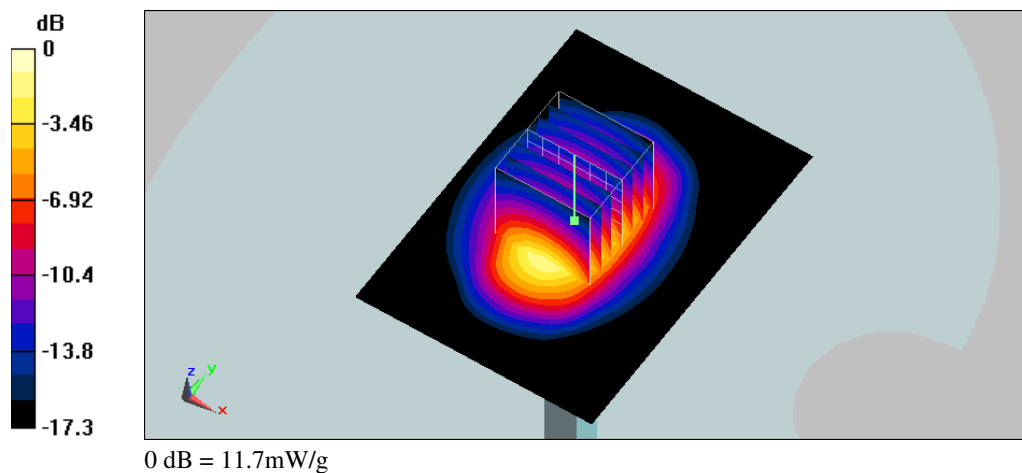
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 88 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00243 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.28 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/17/2008 8:03:40 PM Date/Time: 4/17/2008 8:08:04 PM

System Performance Check at 1950MHz_20080417_Body

DUT: Dipole 1950 MHz; Type: D1950V3; Serial: D1950V3 - SN:1117

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1950 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1950 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.55 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

System Performance Check at 1950MHz/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.7 mW/g

System Performance Check at 1950MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

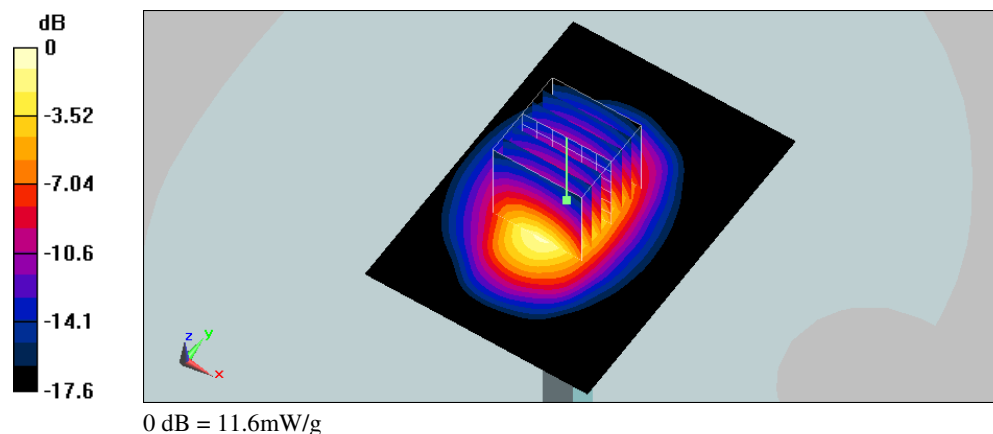
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 87.4 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 5.29 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/17/2008 2:00:39 PM Date/Time: 4/17/2008 2:06:30 PM

System Performance Check at 2450MHz_20080417_Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:712

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.96$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(4.19, 4.19, 4.19); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

System Performance Check at 2450MHz/Area Scan (71x71x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.3 mW/g

System Performance Check at 2450MHz/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

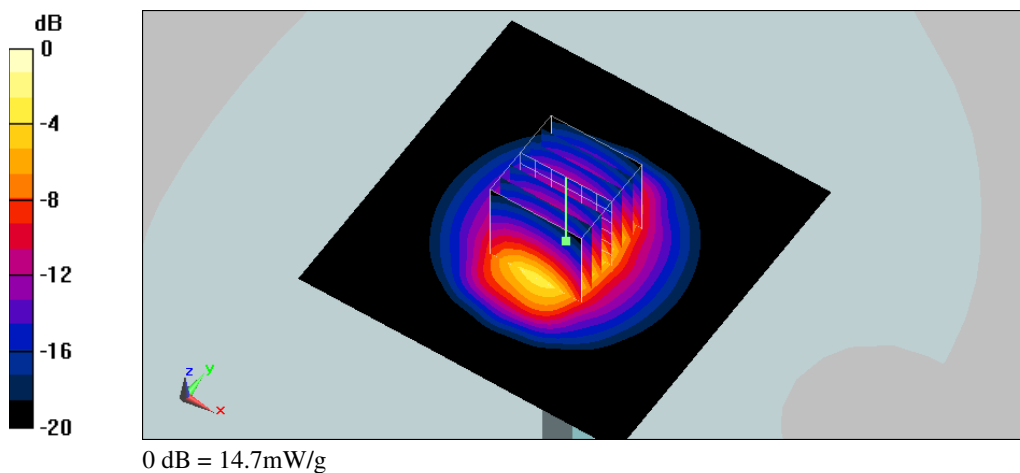
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 89.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.153 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.12 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.7 mW/g





Appendix B - SAR Measurement Data

See following Attached Pages for SAR Measurement Data.



Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/8/2008 6:22:06 PM

RC_GSM850 CH128

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Cheek/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.534 mW/g

Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

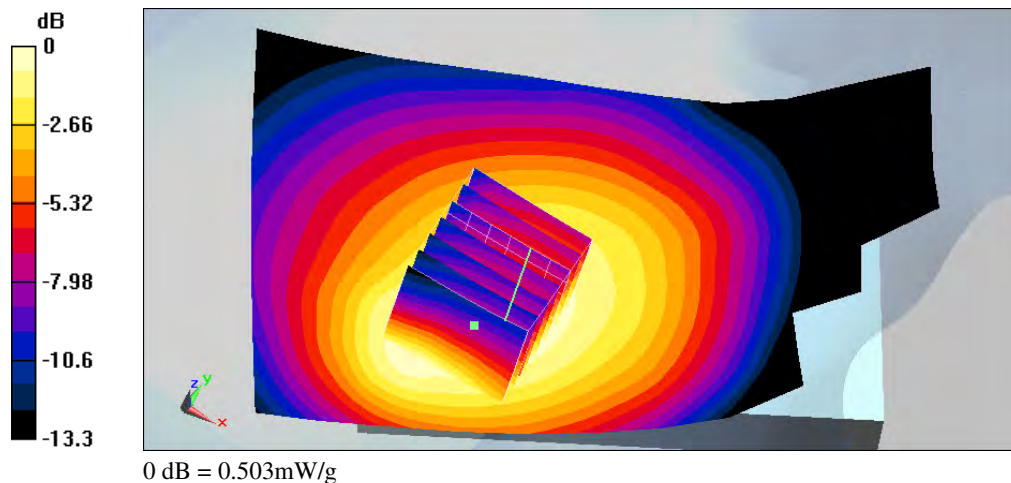
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 18.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.690 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.473 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.326 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.503 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/8/2008 6:49:12 PM

RC_GSM850 CH190

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC)

DASYS Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASYS, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Cheek/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.604 mW/g

Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

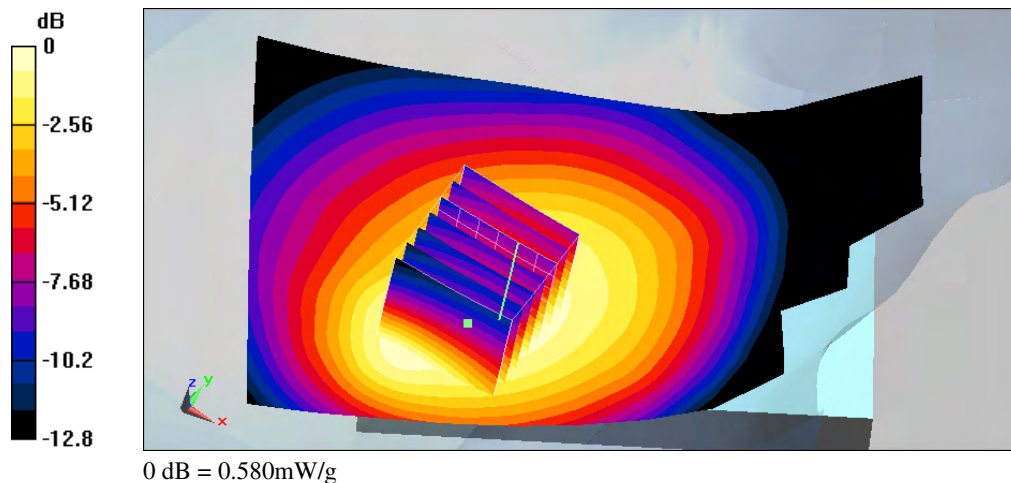
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 19.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00442 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.842 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.545 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.378 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.580 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/8/2008 7:09:31 PM

RC_GSM850 CH251

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.925$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Cheek/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.475 mW/g

Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

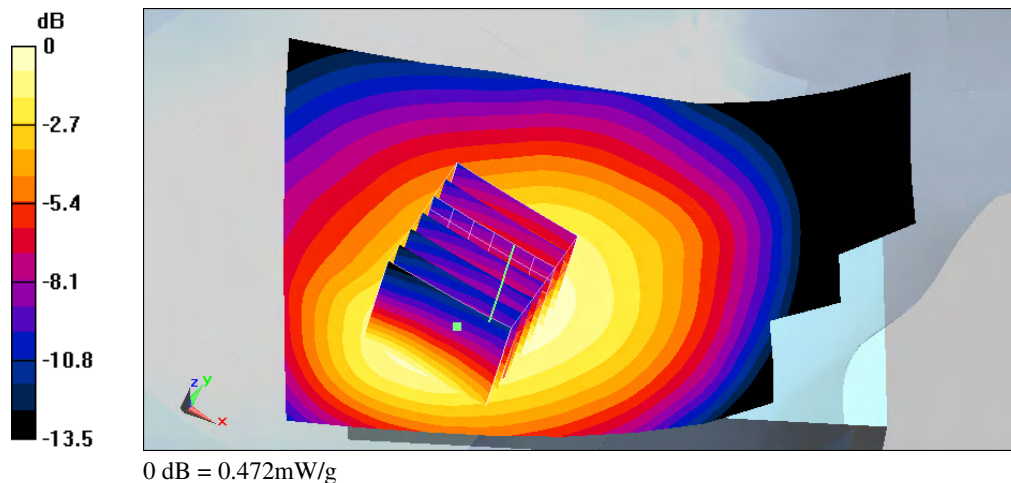
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 17 V/m; Power Drift = 0.026 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.658 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.437 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.299 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.472 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/8/2008 7:34:42 PM

RT_GSM850 CH128

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Tilted/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.388 mW/g

Right Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

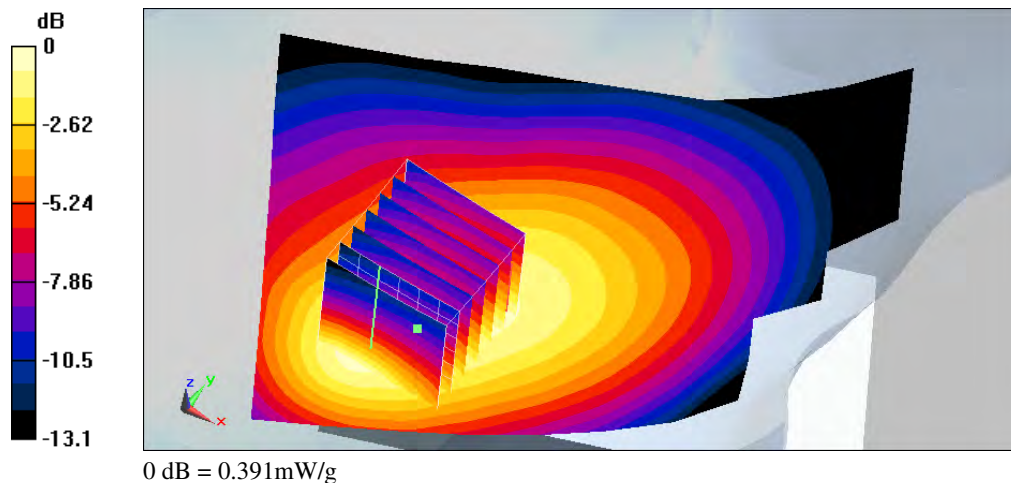
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 16.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.624 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.357 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.233 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.391 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/8/2008 7:55:53 PM

RT_GSM850 CH190

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Tilted/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.431 mW/g

Right Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

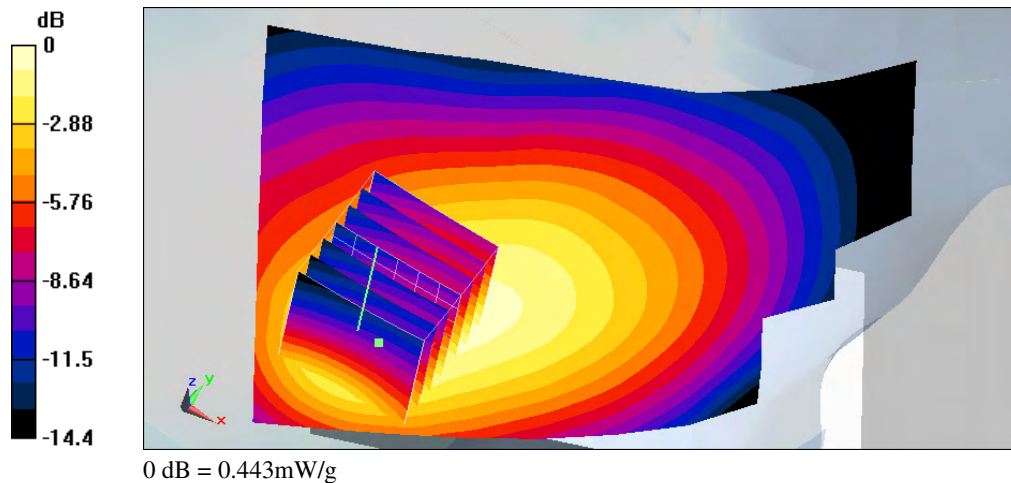
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 17.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.043 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.732 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.415 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.264 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.443 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/8/2008 8:19:45 PM

RT_GSM850 CH251

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.925$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Tilted/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.349 mW/g

Right Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

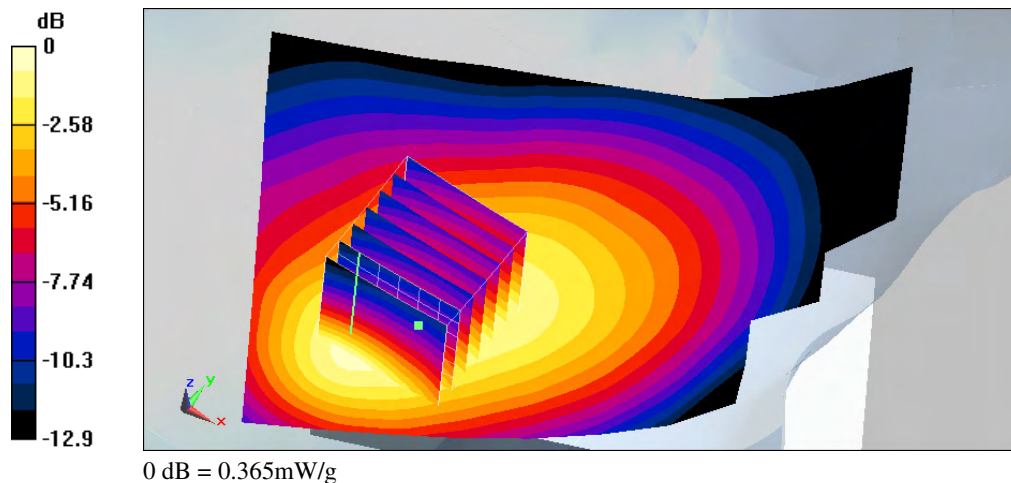
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.025 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.587 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.337 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.218 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.365 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/8/2008 9:38:10 PM

LC_GSM850 CH128

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.520 mW/g

Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

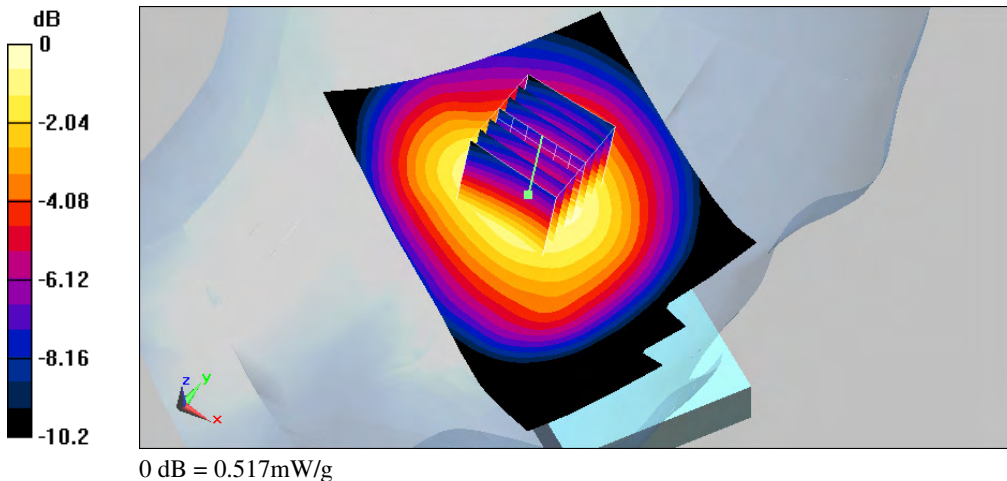
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.029 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.626 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.487 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.355 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.517 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/8/2008 9:01:22 PM

LC_GSM850 CH190

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.546 mW/g

Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

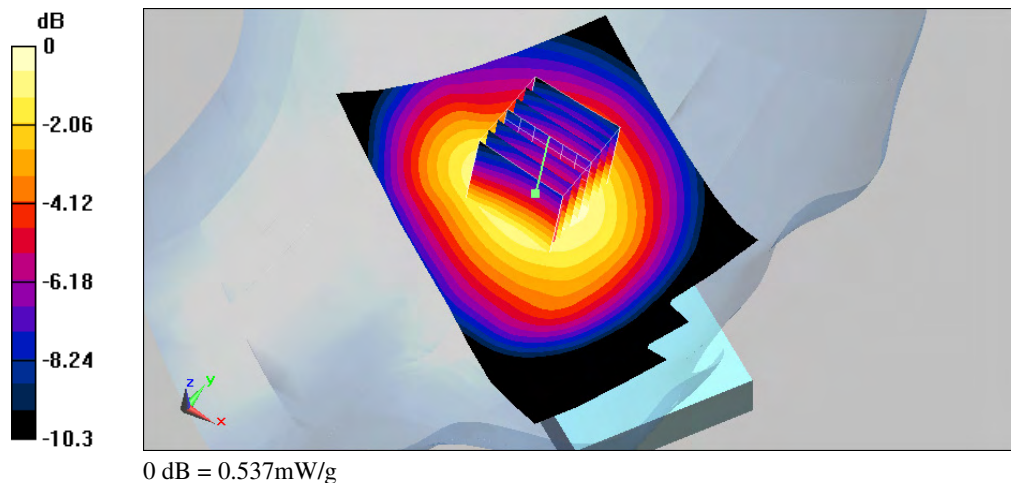
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 19.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.162 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.648 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.511 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.372 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.537 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/8/2008 9:19:44 PM

LC_GSM850 CH251

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.925$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.416 mW/g

Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

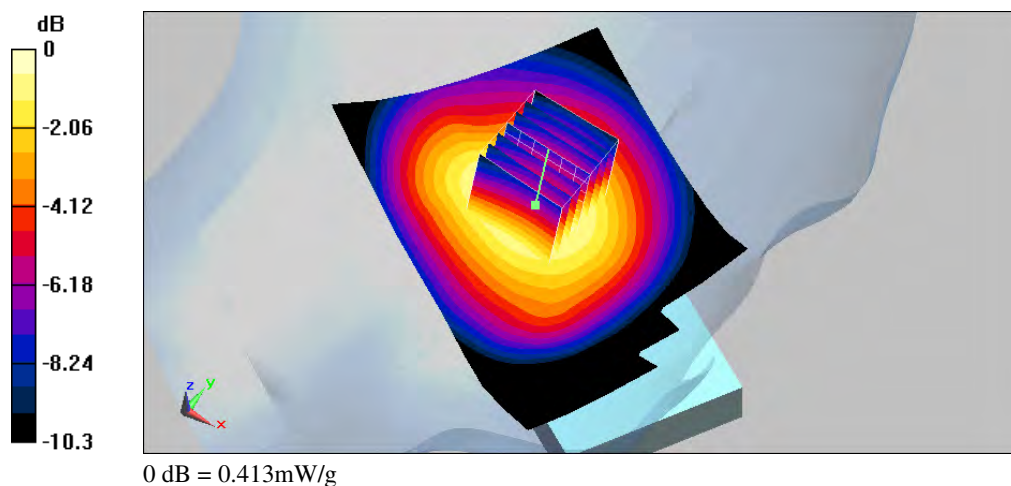
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 16.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00882 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.487 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.389 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.283 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.413 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/8/2008 11:15:28 PM

LT_GSM850 CH128

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Tilted/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.389 mW/g

Left Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

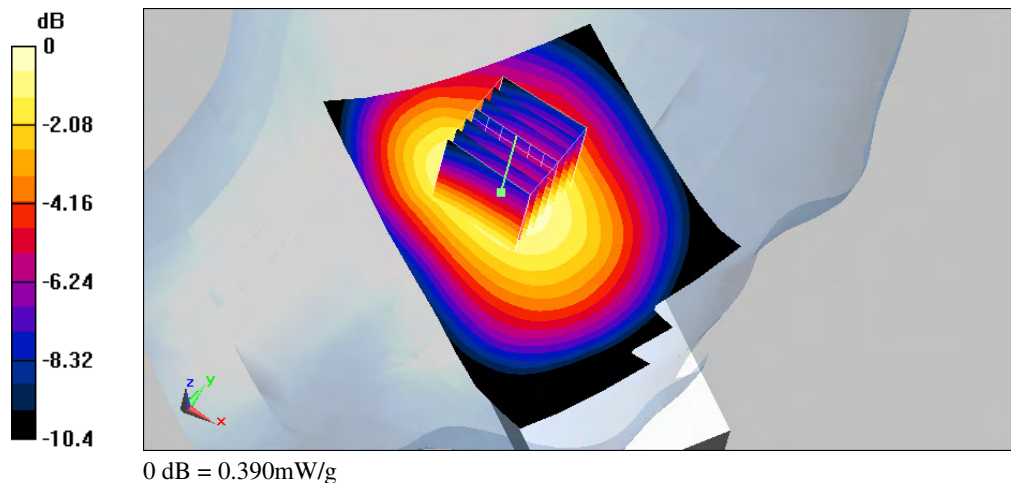
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.037 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.473 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.366 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.263 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.390 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/8/2008 10:57:11 PM

LT_GSM850 CH190

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Tilted/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.405 mW/g

Left Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

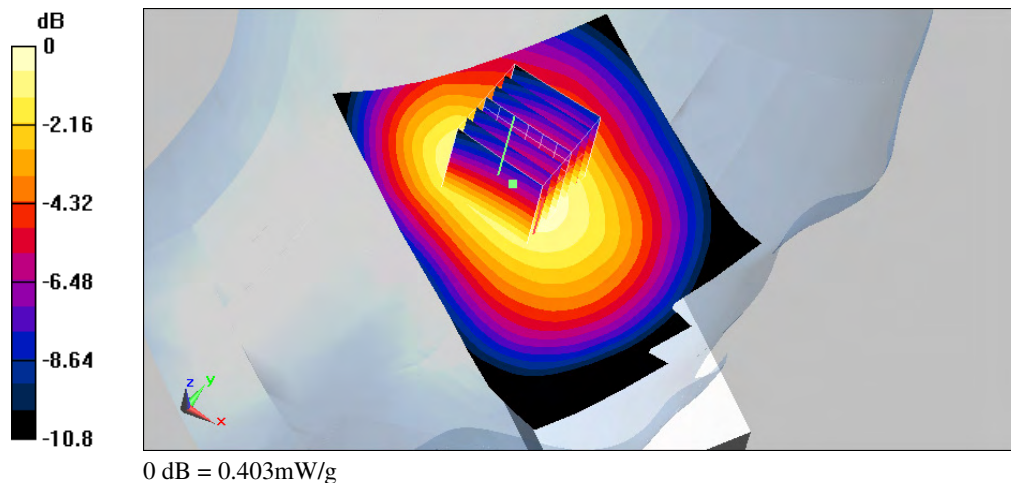
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 18.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.099 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.495 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.380 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.272 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.403 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/8/2008 10:35:29 PM

LT_GSM850 CH251

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.925$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Tilted/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.298 mW/g

Left Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

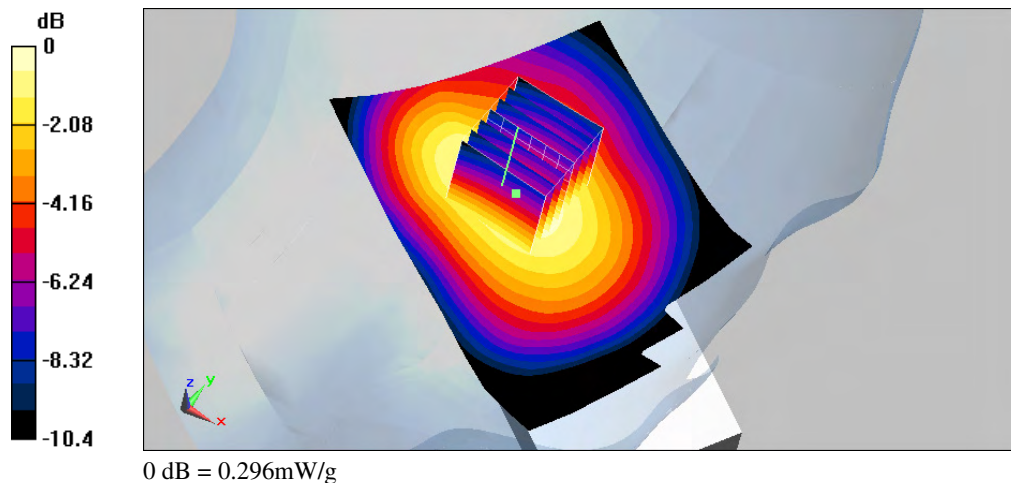
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 15.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.080 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.362 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.277 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.197 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.296 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 1:59:14 AM

RC_PCS CH512

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.34$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Cheek/Area Scan (91x131x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.385 mW/g

Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

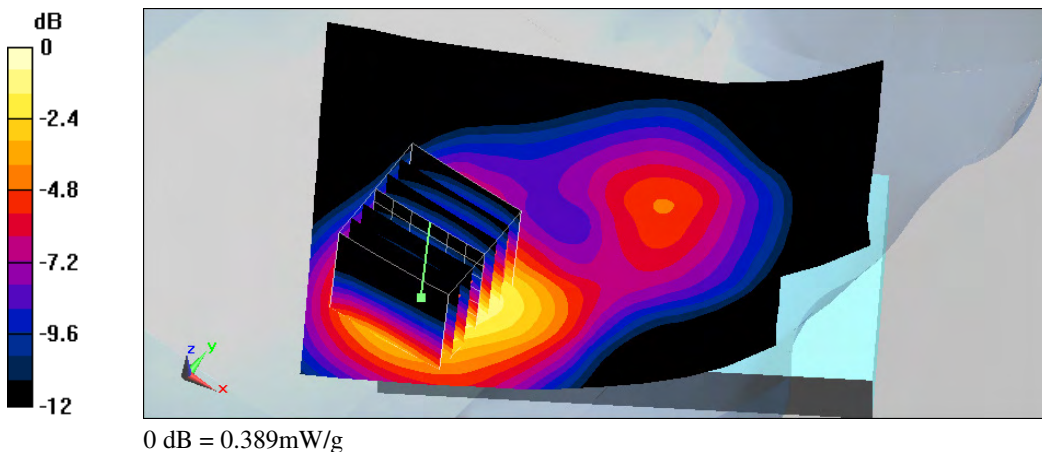
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 12.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.604 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.351 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.201 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.389 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 2:25:52 AM

RC_PCS CH661

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Cheek/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.380 mW/g

Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

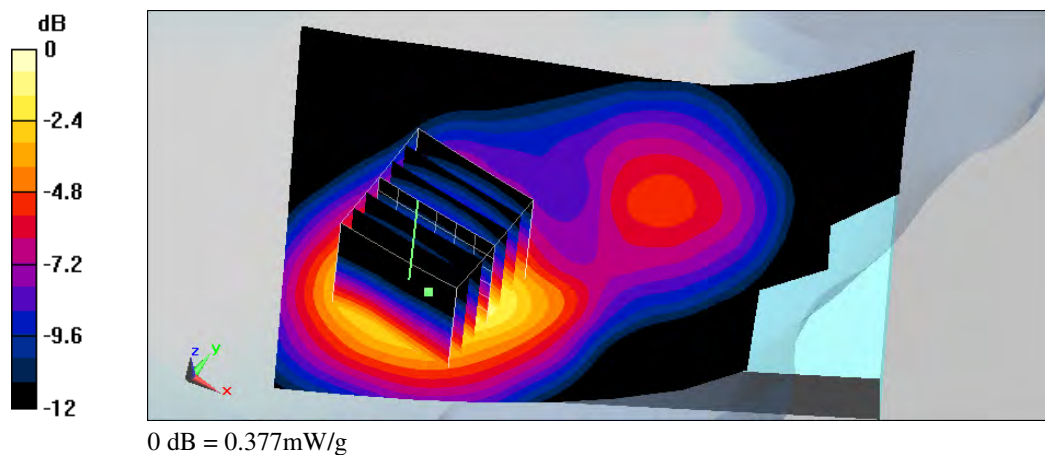
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000581 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.586 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.346 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.377 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 2:45:51 AM

RC_PCS CH810

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Cheek/Area Scan (61x91x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.298 mW/g

Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

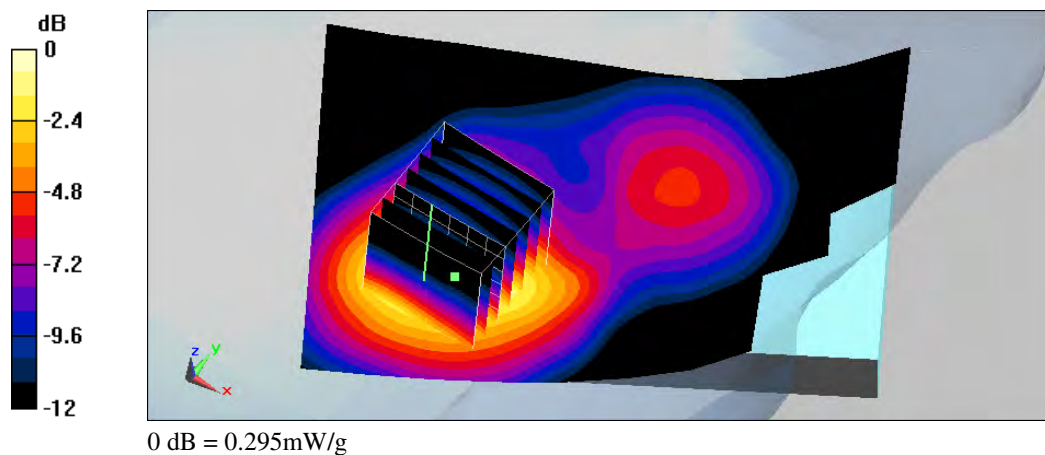
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.1 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.091 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.457 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.269 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.295 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 3:08:05 AM

RT_PCS CH512

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.34 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Tilted/Area Scan (91x131x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.432 mW/g

Right Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

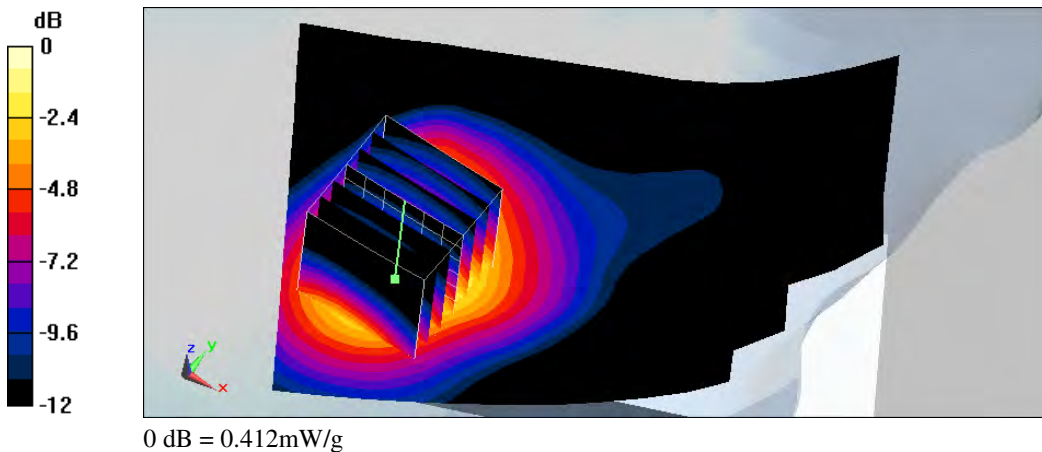
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.7 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.625 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.370 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.217 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.412 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 3:34:20 AM

RT_PCS CH661

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Tilted/Area Scan (91x131x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.394 mW/g

Right Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

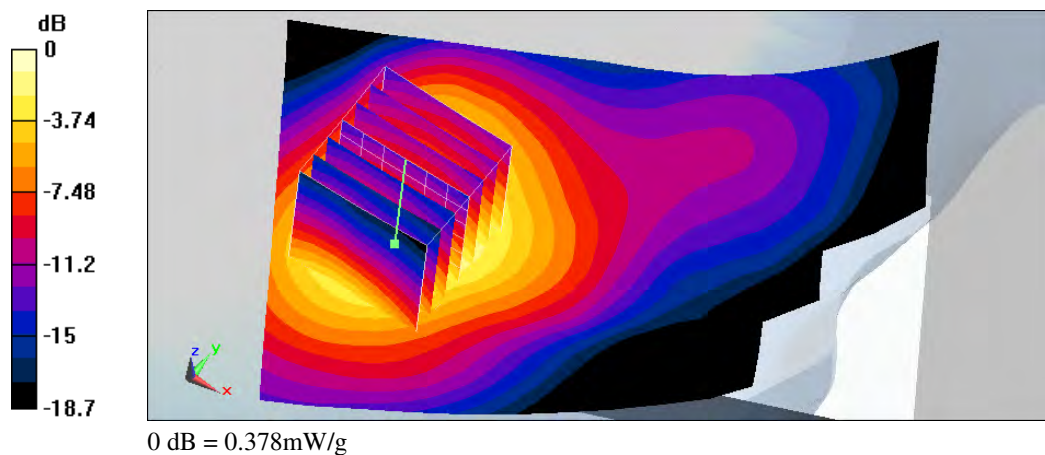
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 14.5 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.032 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.570 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.338 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.197 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.378 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 3:59:15 AM

RT_PCS CH810

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Tilted/Area Scan (91x131x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.275 mW/g

Right Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

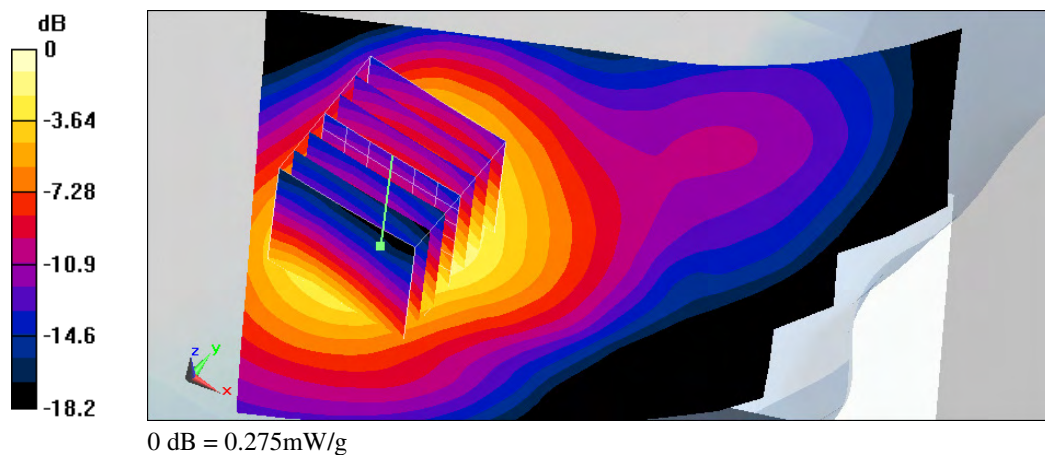
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.5 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.113 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.424 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.248 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.144 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.275 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 4:39:00 AM

LC_PCS CH512

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.34 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Cheek/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.247 mW/g

Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

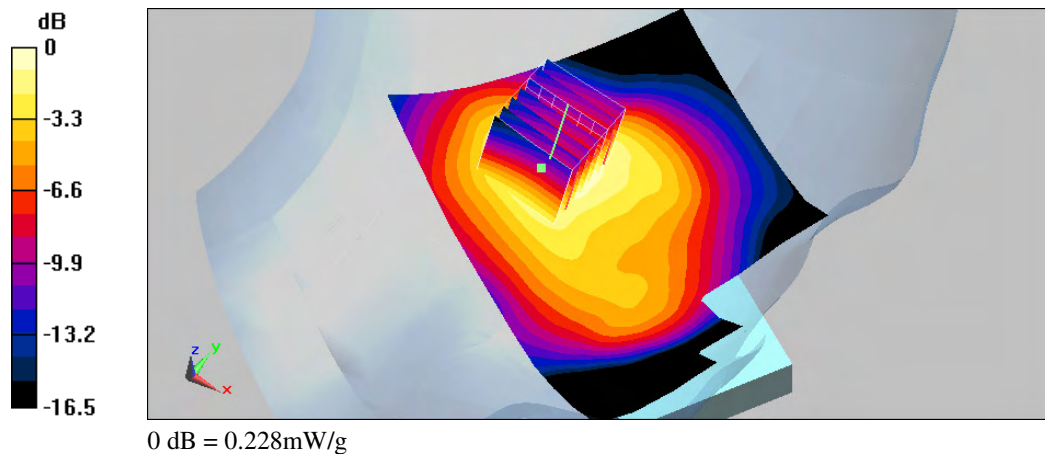
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.4 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.138 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.323 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.215 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.137 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.228 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 4:59:01 AM

LC_PCS CH661

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Cheek/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.240 mW/g

Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

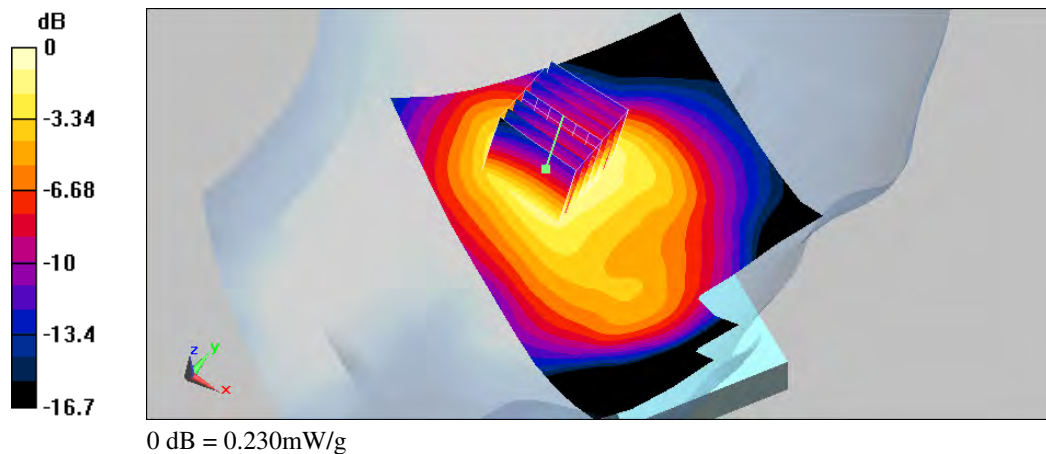
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00352 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.321 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.214 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.230 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 5:18:25 AM

LC_PCS CH810

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Cheek/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.198 mW/g

Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

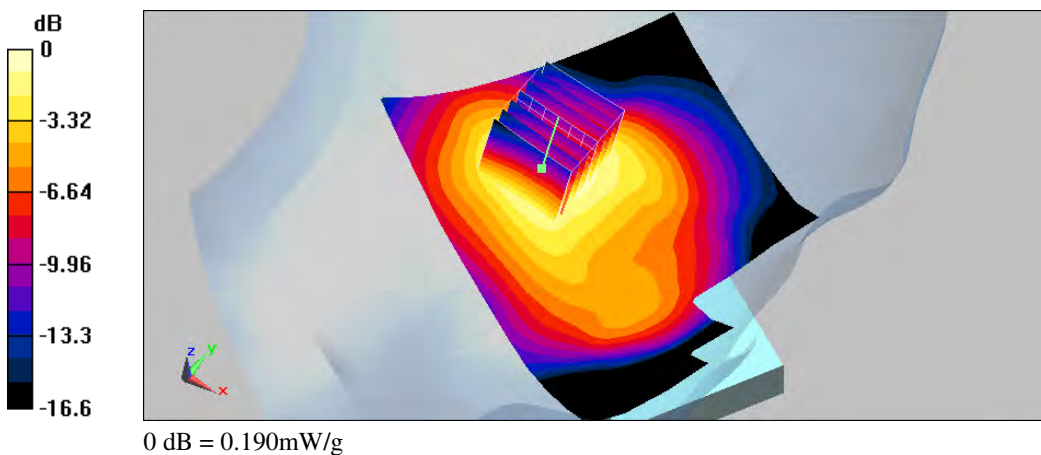
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.67 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.265 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.177 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.190 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 5:43:10 AM

LT_PCS CH512

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1850.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.34$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Tilted/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.372 mW/g

Left Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

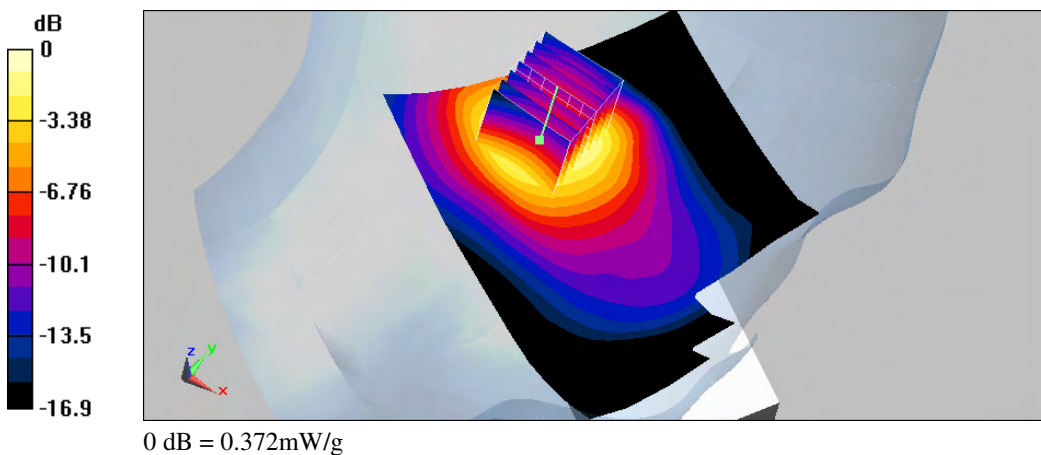
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 17 V/m; Power Drift = -0.141 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.526 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.341 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.206 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.372 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 6:03:11 AM

LT_PCS CH661

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Tilted/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.357 mW/g

Left Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

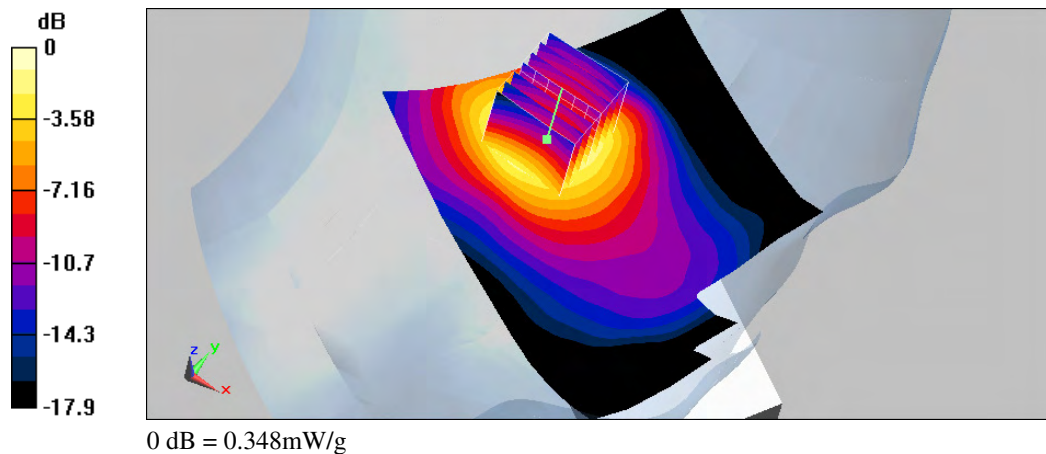
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.116 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.495 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.317 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.190 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.348 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 6:24:52 AM

LT_PCS CH810

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Tilted/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.265 mW/g

Left Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

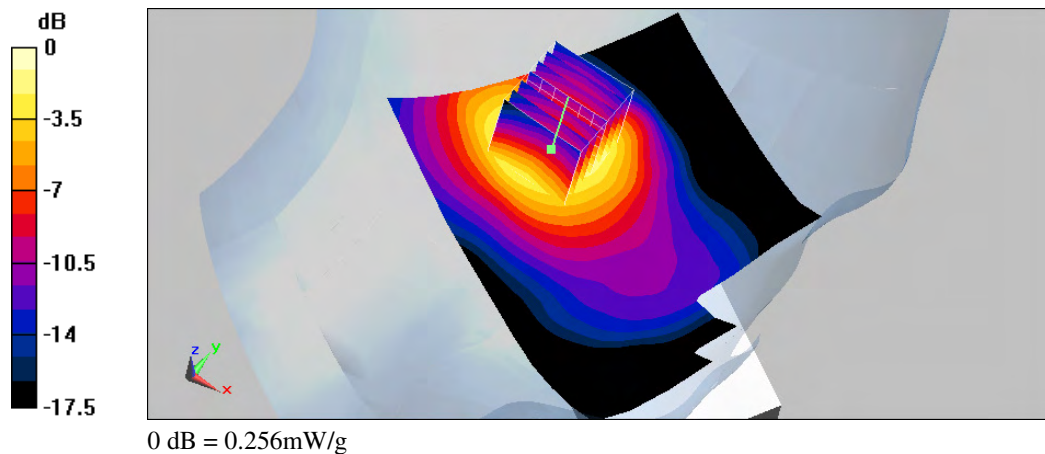
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 14.1 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.182 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.368 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.236 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.141 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.256 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/14/2008 10:39:09 AM

RC_WCDMA Band V CH4133

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 826.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 827$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.894$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Cheek/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.284 mW/g

Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

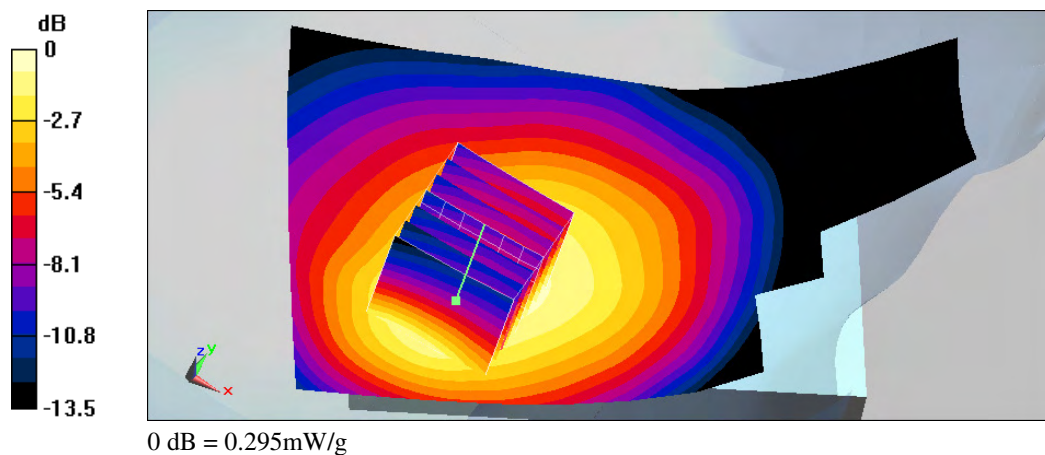
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 12.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00791 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.412 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.276 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.187 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.295 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/14/2008 11:01:14 AM

RC_WCDMA Band V CH4180

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 836 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.906 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Right Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

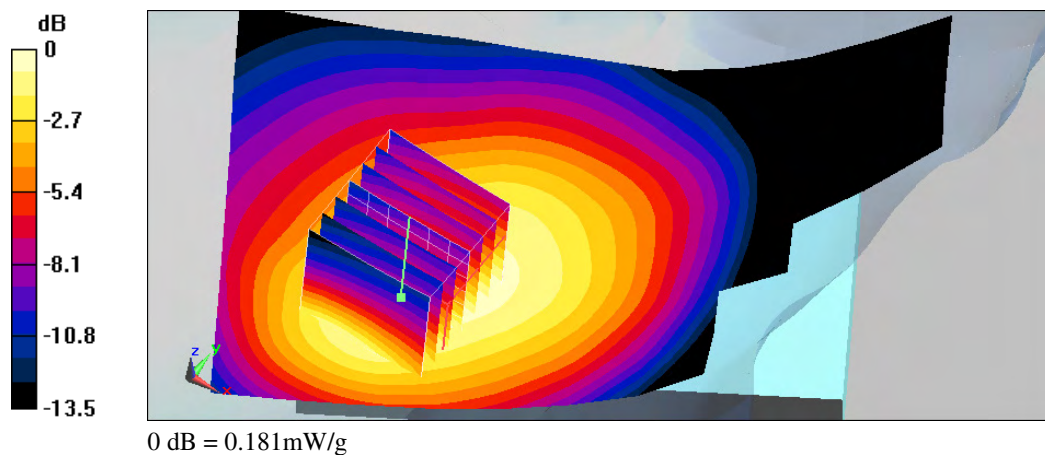
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Cheek/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.178 mW/g

Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 10.1 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.168 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.253 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.169 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.115 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.181 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/14/2008 11:20:12 AM

RC_WCDMA Band V CH4232

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 846.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 846.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.921$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Cheek/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.415 mW/g

Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

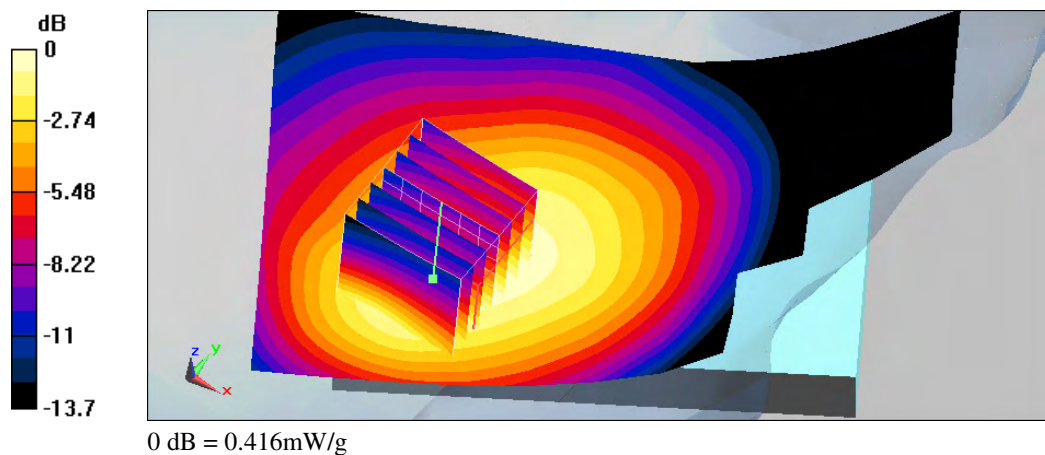
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 15.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00171 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.576 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.385 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.264 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.416 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/14/2008 11:45:44 AM

RC_WCDMA Band V CH4232

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 826.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 827$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.894$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Tilted/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.244 mW/g

Right Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

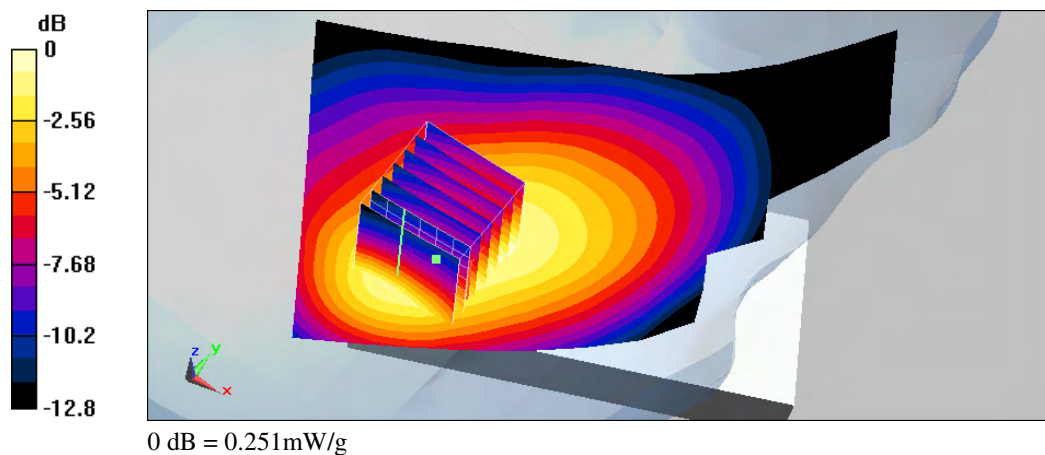
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.099 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.391 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.233 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.251 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/14/2008 12:11:10 PM

RT_WCDMA Band V CH4180

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 836 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.906 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Right Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

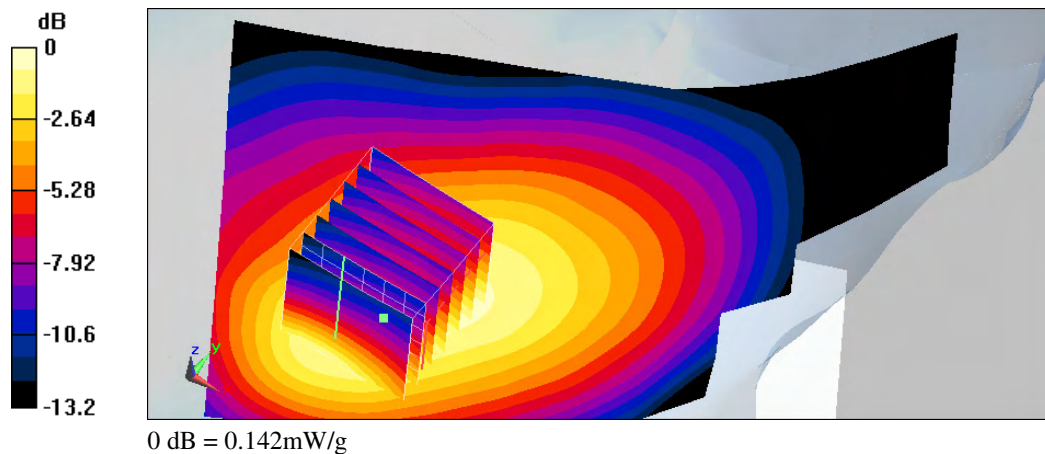
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Tilted/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.143 mW/g

Right Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 9.48 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.110 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.221 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.131 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.088 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.142 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/14/2008 12:31:02 PM

RT_WCDMA Band V CH4232

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 846.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 846.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.921$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Tilted/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.328 mW/g

Right Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

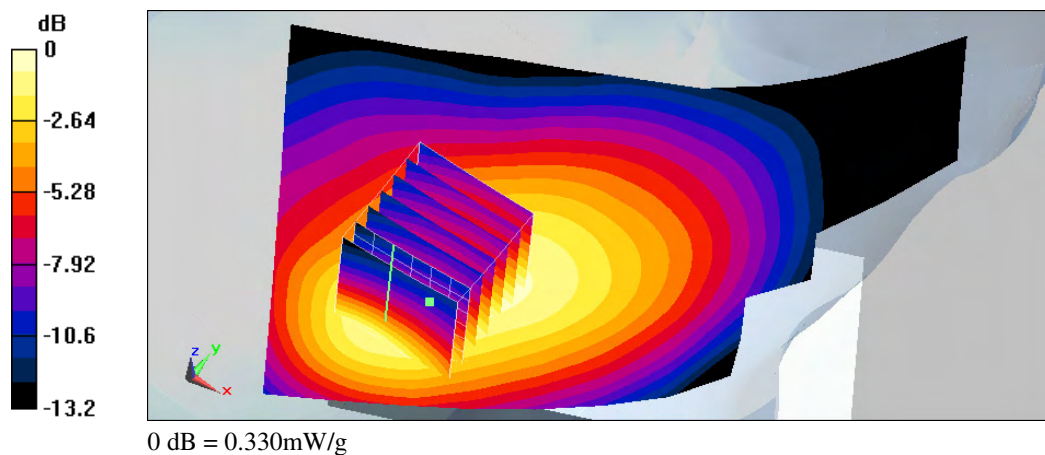
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.094 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.517 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.307 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.203 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.330 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/14/2008 4:44:41 PM

LC_WCDMA Band V CH4133

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 826.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 827$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.894$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.267 mW/g

Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

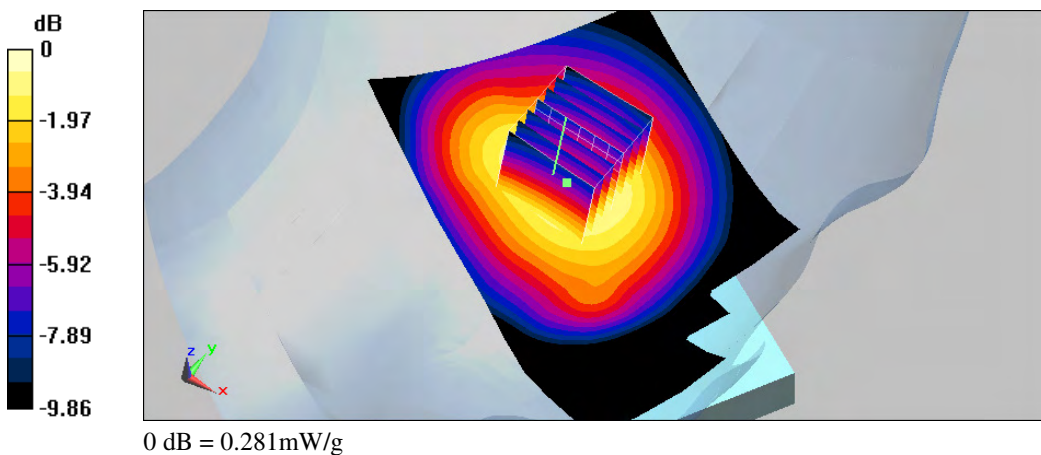
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 14.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.082 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.339 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.264 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.192 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.281 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/14/2008 5:08:39 PM

LC_WCDMA Band V CH4180

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 836 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.906 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Left Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

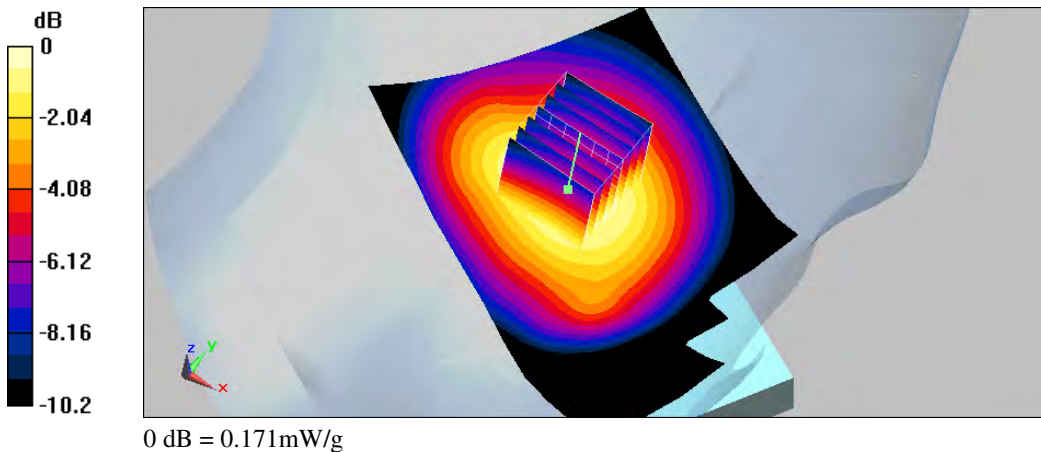
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.171 mW/g

Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 11.2 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.143 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.207 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.161 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.117 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.171 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/14/2008 5:31:08 PM

LC_WCDMA Band V CH4232

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 846.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 846.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.921$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Cheek/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.407 mW/g

Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

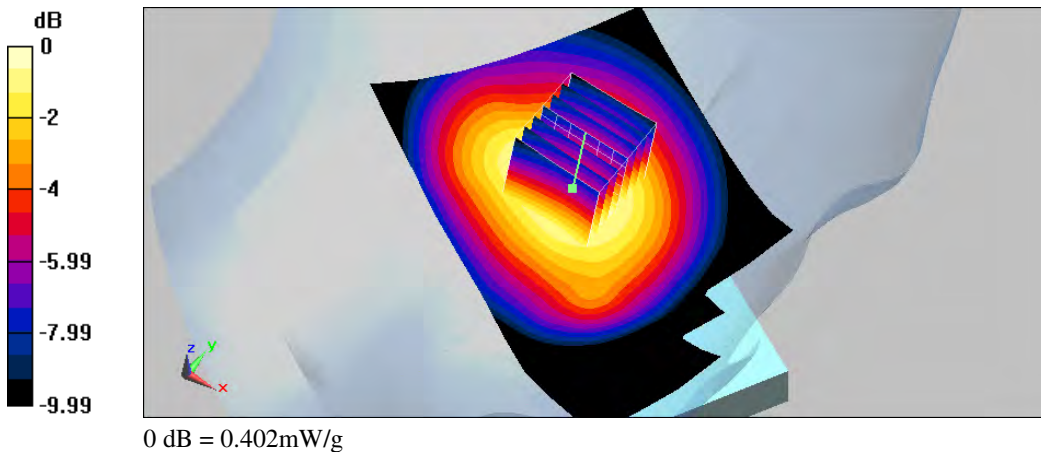
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.483 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.379 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.276 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.402 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/14/2008 5:56:16 PM

LT_WCDMA Band V CH4133

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 826.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 827$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.894$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Tilted/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.220 mW/g

Left Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

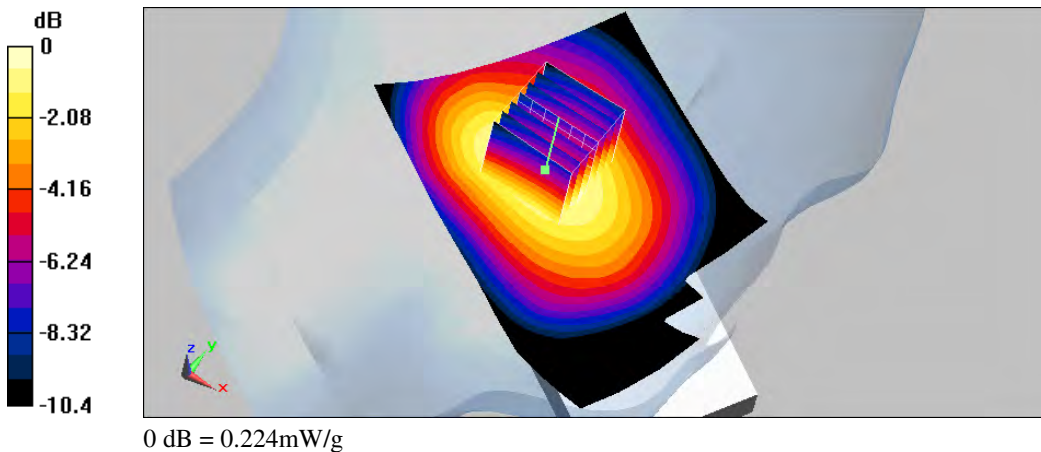
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 13.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.167 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.276 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.210 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.150 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.224 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/14/2008 6:18:16 PM

LT_WCDMA Band V CH4180

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 836 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 836 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.906 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Left Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

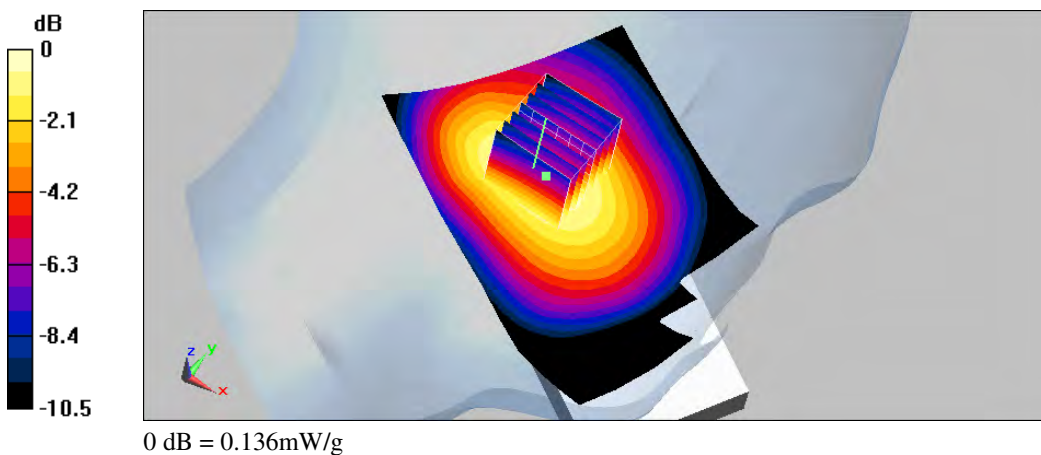
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Tilted/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.133 mW/g

Left Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 10.5 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.192 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.167 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.127 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.136 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/14/2008 6:37:22 PM

LT_WCDMA Band V CH4232

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band V; Frequency: 846.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 846.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.921$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Tilted/Area Scan (61x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.292 mW/g

Left Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

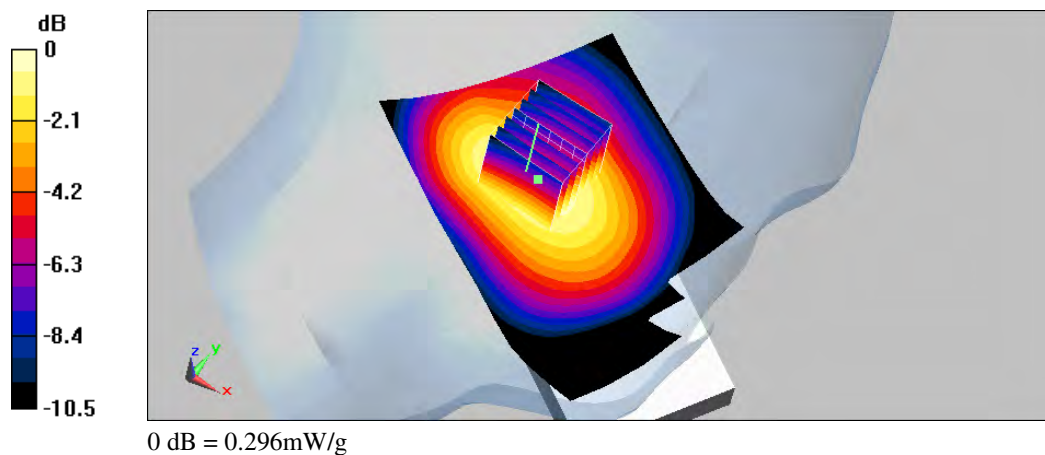
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 15.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.135 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.364 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.277 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.197 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.296 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 6:59:29 AM

RC_WCDMA Band II CH9263

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1852.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1853$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASYS, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Cheek/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 mW/g

Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

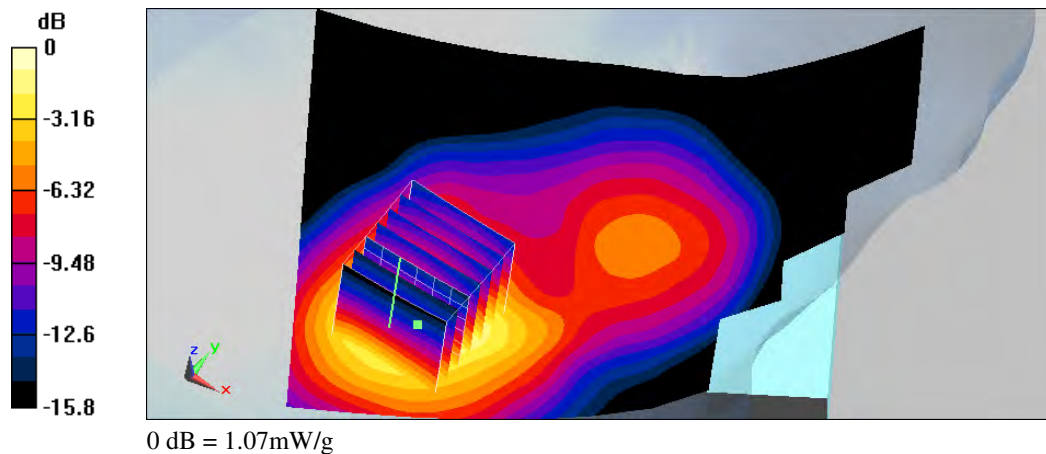
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.196 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.66 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.984 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.565 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 7:22:41 AM

RC_WCDMA Band II CH9400

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASYS, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Cheek/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.884 mW/g

Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

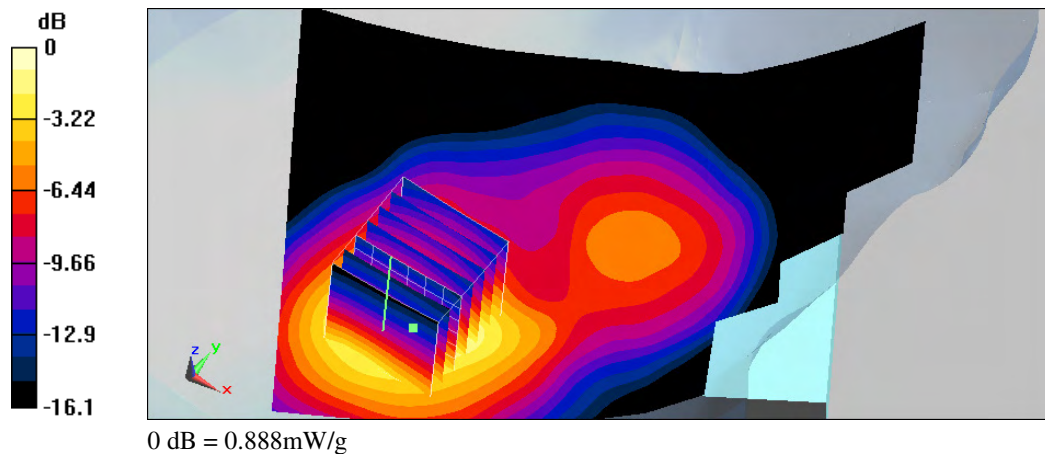
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17 V/m; Power Drift = 0.133 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.810 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.464 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.888 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 7:44:23 AM

RC_WCDMA Band II CH9537

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1907.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1907.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASYS, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Cheek/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.725 mW/g

Right Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

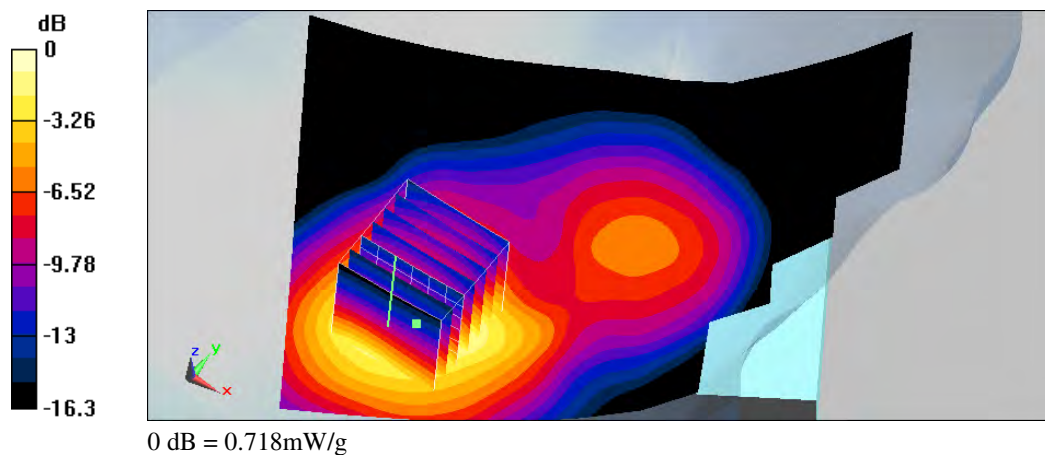
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.114 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.13 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.653 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.376 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.718 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 9:50:19 PM

RT_WCDMA Band II CH9263

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1852.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1853 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.35 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Tilted/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 mW/g

Right Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

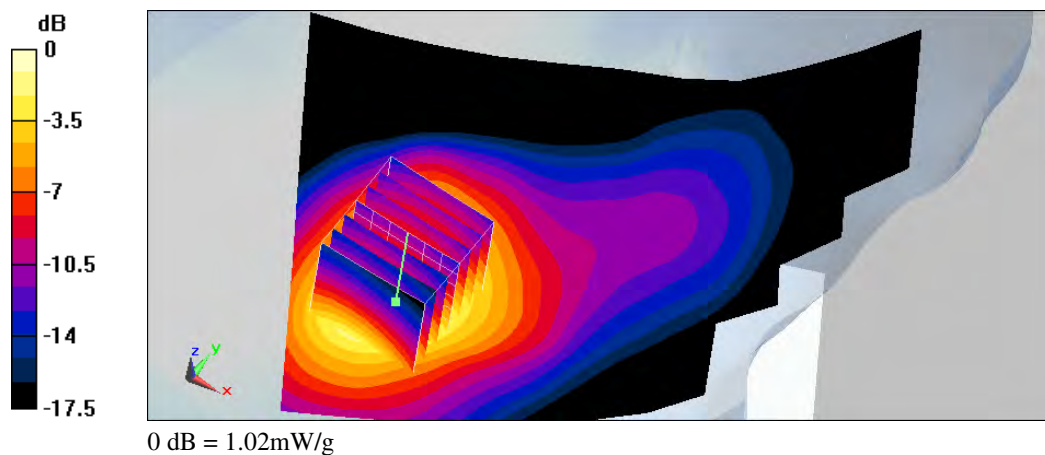
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 25.3 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.00503 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.55 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.937 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.555 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 10:12:16 PM

RT_WCDMA Band II CH9400

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASYS, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Tilted/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.818 mW/g

Right Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

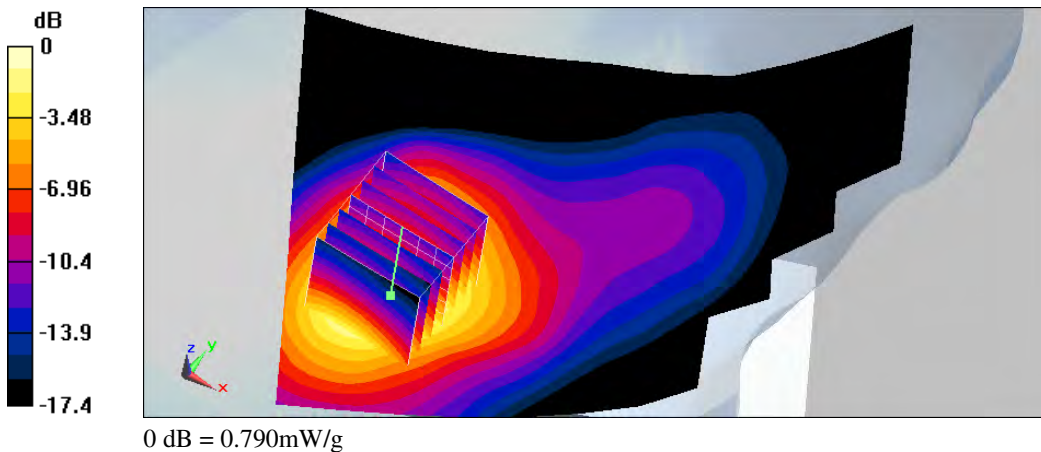
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 22.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000592 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.720 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.423 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.790 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 10:32:27 PM

RT_WCDMA Band II CH9537

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1907.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1907.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Right Tilted/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.628 mW/g

Right Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

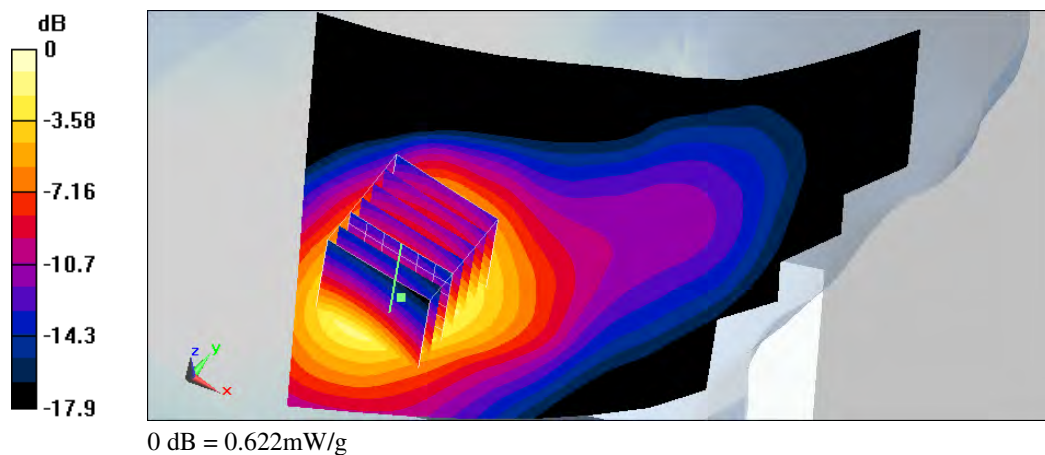
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 19.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.965 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.567 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.333 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.622 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 10:59:22 PM

LC_WCDMA Band II CH9263

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1852.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1853$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Cheek/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.653 mW/g

Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

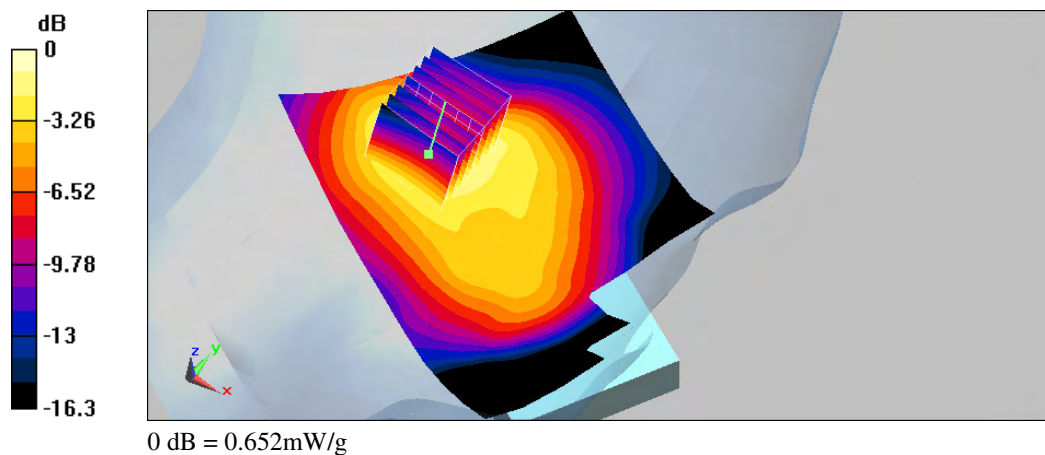
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.014 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.916 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.601 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.376 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.652 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 11:19:19 PM

LC_WCDMA Band II CH9400

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

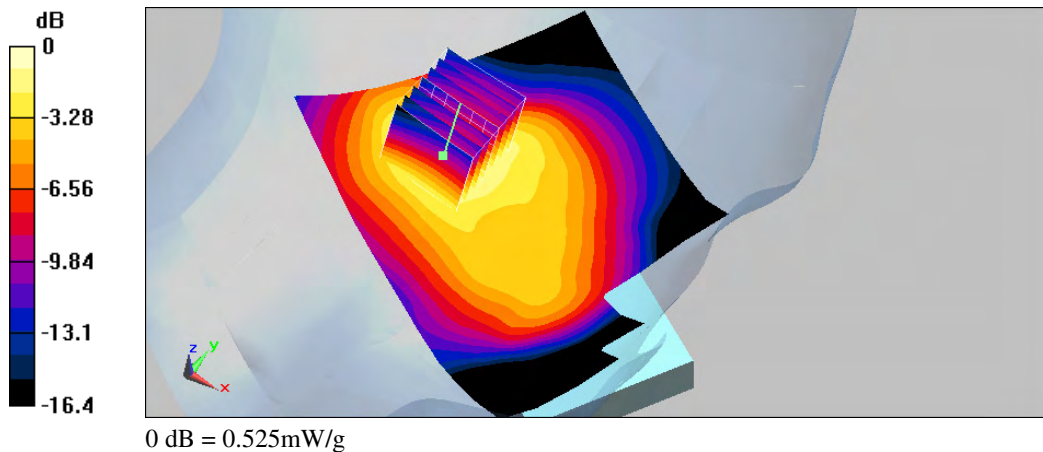
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Cheek/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.534 mW/g

Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
Reference Value = 18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.026 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.760 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.485 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.525 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/11/2008 11:39:17 PM

LC_WCDMA Band II CH9537

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1907.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1907.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Cheek/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.445 mW/g

Left Cheek/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

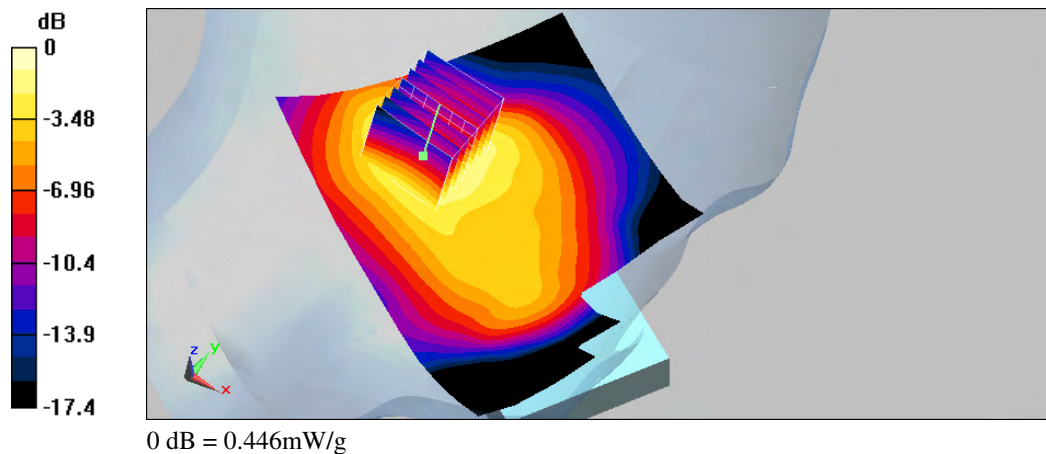
Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 16.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.034 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.626 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.410 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.254 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.446 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/12/2008 12:05:14 AM

LT_WCDMA Band II CH9263

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1852.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1853 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.35 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Tilted/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.942 mW/g

Left Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

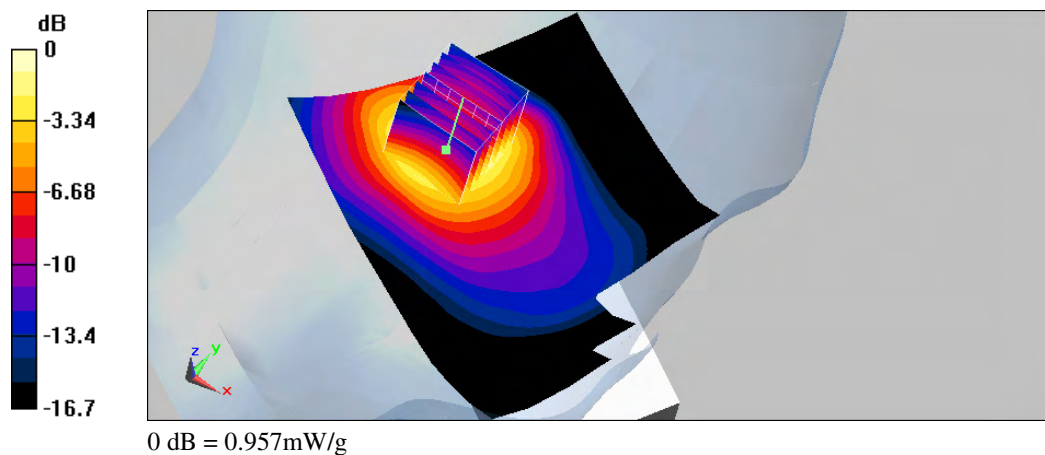
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 25.7 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.066 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.872 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.522 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.957 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/12/2008 12:25:01 AM

LT_WCDMA Band II CH9400

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Tilted/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.730 mW/g

Left Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

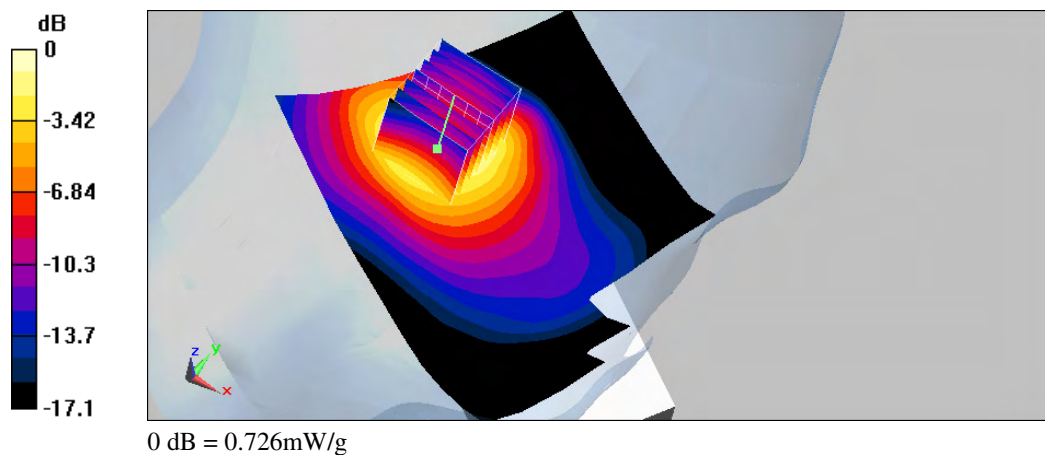
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 22.4 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.099 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.667 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.399 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.726 mW/g





Test Laboratory: A Test Lab Techno Corp.

Date/Time: 4/12/2008 12:45:26 AM

LT_WCDMA Band II CH9537

DUT: Velocity 103; Type: PDA PHONE; FCC ID: DGIBC0312AAA000

Communication System: WCDMA Band II; Frequency: 1907.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1907.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3150; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 1/9/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn779; Calibrated: 11/30/2007
- Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1150 and higher
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 91; SEMCAD X Version 12.4 Build 52

Left Tilted/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.580 mW/g

Left Tilted/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00176 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.848 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.531 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.316 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.578 mW/g

