



### Report No.: FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0 Supersede Report No.: FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1

	1	
Applicant	Lectrosonics, Inc.	
FCC Model No.	HHA-B1	
IC Model No.	HHA/E07-B1	
Product Name	Handheld Transmitter	
Test Standard	47CFR 2.1093, IEEE C95.1-2005	
	RSS 102 Issue 5.0, IEEE 1528: 2013	
	IEEE 1528: 2013, IEC 62209-2: 2010	
Test Method	KDB 447498 D01 General RF Expos	
	KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measuremen	t 100MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
FCC ID	DBZHHAB1A	
IC	8024A-HHAB1A	
Date of test	07/13/2018 - 07/27/2018	
Issue Date	09/25/2018	
Test Result Pass Fail		
Equipment complied with	the specification	[x]
Equipment did not compl	y with the specification	[]
C	12ml	a
	Cipher	Chen Ge
Te	st Engineer	Engineer Reviewer
	This test report may be re	produced in full only
Test		applicable to the tested sample only
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• •

Issued By: SIEMIC Laboratories 775 Montague Expressway, Milpitas, 95035 CA



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 Test report No.
 FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0

 Page
 2 of 83

# Laboratory Introduction

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### Accreditations for Conformity Assessment

Country/Region	Accreditation Body	Scope
USA	FCC, A2LA	EMC, RF/Wireless, Telecom
Canada	IC, A2LA, NIST	EMC, RF/Wireless, Telecom
Taiwan	BSMI, NCC, NIST	EMC, RF, Telecom, Safety
Hong Kong	OFTA, NIST	RF/Wireless, Telecom
Australia	NATA, NIST	EMC, RF, Telecom, Safety
Korea	KCC/RRA, NIST	EMI, EMS, RF, Telecom, Safety
Japan	VCCI, JATE, TELEC, RFT	EMI, RF/Wireless, Telecom
Mexico	NOM, COFETEL, Caniety	Safety, EMC, RF/Wireless, Telecom
Europe	A2LA, NIST	EMC, RF, Telecom, Safety
Israel	MOC, NIST	EMC, RF, Telecom, Safety

### Accreditations for Product Certifications

Country	Accreditation Body	Scope
USA	FCC TCB, NIST	EMC, RF, Telecom
Canada	IC FCB, NIST	EMC, RF, Telecom
Singapore	iDA, NIST	EMC, RF, Telecom
EU	NB	EMC & Radio Equipment Directive (RED)
Japan	MIC (RCB 208)	RF, Telecom
Hong Kong	OFTA (US002)	RF, Telecom

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Test report No. FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0 Page 3 of 83

### **CONTENTS**

1	RE	EPORT REVISION HISTORY	5
2	ΕX	(ECUTIVE SUMMARY	6
3	CL	JSTOMER INFORMATION	6
4	TE	EST SITE INFORMATION	6
5	M	ODIFICATION	6
6	EL	JT INFORMATION	7
6	6.1	EUT Description	7
6	6.2	Radio Description	7
7	SL	JPPORTING EQUIPMENT/SOFTWARE AND CABLING DESCRIPTION	8
7	7.1	Supporting Equipment	8
7	7.2	Cabling Description	8
7	7.3	Test Software Description	8
8	TE	EST SUMMARY	9
9	SA	AR INTRODUCTION	10
I	ntroc	duction	10
5	SAR	Definition	10
10		SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP	11
C	DAS	SY V6.0 Complaince Dosimetric Assessment System	11
(	Comp	ponents of the cDASY6 System	11
L	_ight	-Beam Unit	13
F	Phan	toms	14
[	Devio	ce Holder for SAM-Twin Phantom	14
ļ	ASYE	6 Measurement Chain	15
[	Data	Evaluation	16
[	Dosir	netric (SAR) Measurements	19
		Measurements Scan Description	
		ition of Reference Points	
		Configuration – Positioning for Cheek / Touch	
		Configuration – Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt	
٦	est	Position – Body Worn Configurations	
11		MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	
12		LIQUID VALIDATION	
		o for Liquid Measurement	
l	iqui	d Dielectric Parameters	
13		SAR SYSTEM VERIFICATION	32
Ş	Syste	em Verification	32
ç	Syste	em Check	33
ç	Syste	em Validation	34

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Test report No. FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0 Page 4 of 83

Contraction of the		
14	OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT RESULTS	35
15	SAR TEST RESULTS	
16	SYSTEM PERFORMANCE PLOTS	
17	SAR TEST PLOTS	41
ANNEX	X A. TEST INSTRUMENT	44
ANNEX	X B. SIEMIC ACCREDITATION	45
ANNEX	X C. PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT	47
ANNEX	X D. DIPOLES CALIBRATION REPORT	58
ANNEX	X E. DAE CALIBRATION REPORT	79

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Test report No.	FCC-IC_SAR_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0
Page	5 of 83

#### **Report Revision History** 1

Report No.	Report Version	Description	Issue Date
FCC-IC_SAR_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1	None	Original	08/30/2018
FCC-IC_SAR_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0	Rev 1.0	Updated per reviewer	09/25/2018

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### 2 Executive Summary

The purpose of this test program was to demonstrate compliance of following product

Company:	Lectrosonics, Inc.
Product:	Handheld Transmitter
Model:	HHA-B1

against the current Stipulated Standards. The specified model product stated above has demonstrated compliance as a spot check with the Stipulated Standard listed on 1<sup>st</sup> page. The derived result is summarized in following table,

Rated, Measured conducted RF	Mode	Conducted Power (dBm)	Highest 10g SAR (Handheld)
output Power and SAR	537.600-607.950MHz	19.92	0.4818

Note: The EUT has one operation mode: Hand-held device and the 10g SAR limit is 4W/kg.

## 3 <u>Customer information</u>

Applicant Name	Lectrosonics, Inc.
Applicant Address	581 Laser Road, N.E., P.O. Box 15900, Rio Rancho, NM 87124, United States of America
Manufacturer Name	Lectrosonics, Inc.
Manufacturer Address	581 Laser Road, N.E., P.O. Box 15900, Rio Rancho, NM 87124, United States of America

### 4 Test site information

Lab performing tests	SIEMIC Laboratories
Lab Address	775 Montague Expressway, Milpitas, CA 95035
FCC Test Site No.	881796
IC Test Site No.	4842D-2
VCCI Test Site No.	A0133

### 5 Modification

Index	Item	Description	Note
-	-	-	-

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#### **EUT Information** 6

#### EUT Description <u>6.1</u>

Product Name	Handheld Transmitter
Model No.	HHA-B1
Trade Name	Lectrosonic, Inc.
Serial No.	N/A
Input Power	3VDC battery
Power Adapter Manu/Model	N/A
Power Adapter SN	N/A
Hardware version	N/A
Software version	N/A
Date of EUT received	07/12/2018
Equipment Class/ Category	TX (537.600-607.950MHz)
Port/Connectors	-
Remark	NONE

Additional EUT Information
Any variants of the primary device?  Yes  No
If yes, please list the different models & differences:
Accessories (Sold with device):
HHXTND extender, HH2SEN Adapter
The device uses configuration: ⊠Handheld Device □Body worn Device □Held to ear □Data Grip
Is the device being sold with multiple antenna options? □Yes ⊠No
Power Adaptor: With DC Adaptor With AC Adaptor
Battery Configuration:  Fixed Battery  Removable/Swappable

#### <u>6.2</u> Radio Description

HHA-B1:

Item	Decscription
Operating Band /Radio Type	UHF band
Modulation	FM
Antenna Type	External dipole antenna
Antenna Gain	2.15 dBi
Frequency TX(MHz)	537.600-607.950

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## 7 Supporting Equipment/Software and cabling Description

### 7.1 Supporting Equipment

Item	Supporting Equipment Description	Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Note
1	Laptop	Latitude E6510	N/A	Dell	-

### 7.2 Cabling Description

Name	Connection Start		Connection Stop		Length / shielding Info		Note
iname	From	I/O Port	То	I/O Port	Length (m)	Shielding	Note
USB	EUT	Laptop	EUT	Laptop	2	Unshielded	-

### 7.3 Test Software Description

Test Item	Software	Description
SAR Testing	N/A	Set the WLAN radio to transmit continuously in different test mode

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Test report No.	FCC-IC_SAR_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0
Page	9 of 83

#### Test Summary 8

Test Item	Test standard		Test Method/Procedure		Pass / Fail	
SAR	FCC	OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C	IEEE	Std 1528-2013, FCC KDBs	⊠ Pass	□ N/A

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### 9 SAR Introduction

#### Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field.

The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

### **SAR** Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density ( $\rho$ ).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where:

 $\sigma$  = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 $\rho$  = mass density of the tissue (kg/m3)

E = RMS electric field strength (V/m)

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### 10 SAR Measurement Setup

#### cDASY V6.0 Complaince Dosimetric Assessment System

The DASY6 system combines a sophisticated measurement system with a variety of probes (E-field, H-field, temperature, etc.) and a high-precision 6-axis robot positioner. The combination allows for completely automated measurement scans and evaluations with both field and position information, e.g., volume averages, peak search, and extrapolations. The main purpose is the measurement in the nearfield of radiators of highly non-isotropic fields for which the exact measurement location is critical.

Each of the numerous parameters of the many components of the dosimetric measurement system (phantom, medium, positioner, probe, electronics, measurement server, evaluation procedures) influences the measurement result.

#### Components of the cDASY6 System

LIGH TEACH SIGNAL LAMP ELECTRO OPTICAL CONVERTER G DASY6 **MEASURMENT SERVER** DIG N DOOR THERE DASTO ROBOT CABLE PC PHANTOM ROBOT MEDIUM CONTROLLE ATFORM DUЛ 6 0 1 DEVICE U5B HOLDER CS8C • • e MAIA BASE STATION ETH/GPIE SIMULATOR

The DASY6 system in cDASY6/DASY5 V5.2 SAR Configuration is shown below:

The cDASY6 system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

- Robot (6 Axis) & Parts
   -Controller
   -Teach Pendant
  - -Signal Lamps
  - -Remote Control
- Phantoms
- Platforms
- Tissue/Head Sim. Liquids
- Dielectric Measurement Kit
- DUT Holder
- Probes & Dipole Kit
- Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)
- Measurement Server
- Light Beam Unit
- Computer & Software
- MAIA / ANT

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## Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter, and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

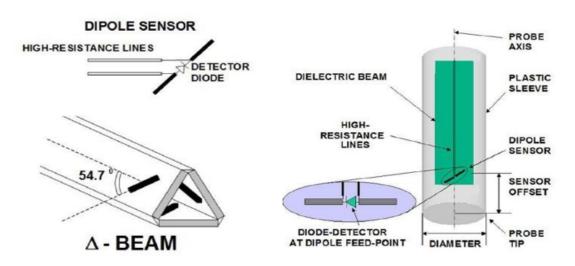
The input impedance of the DAE box is 200MOhm; the inputs are symmetric and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.



The DAE works with either two standard 9V batteries or two 9V (more precisely, 8.4V or 9.6V) rechargeable batteries. Because the electronics automatically power-down unused components during braking or between measurements, the battery lifetime depends on system usage. Typical lifetimes are >20 hours for standard and >10 hours for rechargeable batteries. Remove the batteries if you do not plan to use the DAE for a long period of time.

Probes

The DASY system can support many different probe types.



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Dosimetric Probes: These probes are specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities. They should not be used in air, since the spherical isotropy in air is poor ( $\pm$ 2dB). The dosimetric probes are specially calibrated in various liquids at different frequencies.

Free-Space Probes: These are electric and magnetic field probes specially designed for measurements in free space. The *z*-sensor is aligned to the probe axis, and the rotation angle of the *x*-sensor is specified. This allows the DASY system to automatically align the probe in the measurement grid for field component measurement. The free-space probes are generally not calibrated in liquid. (The H-field probes can be used in liquids without any change to the parameters.)

Temperature Probes: These small and sensitive temperature probes for general use are based on a completely different parameter set and evaluation procedures. Temperature rise features allow direct SAR evaluations with these probes.

Audio Magnetic Probes: The AM1D probes are active probes with a single sensor each for axial and radial measurement scans as defined for audio band magnetic (ABM) signals testing in the ANSI C63.19 standard. The AM1D probe is fully RF shielded.

Teaching Probe: Teaching Probes are special probes, which are used for performing mother scans to detect and record the phantom inner surface location. These probes are mounted on special purpose DAEs, shipped along with the probes.

Probe	Freq. Range	Tip Diameter	Sensor Offset	Rec. Sensor- Phantom Dist.
ES3DV3	10 MHz-4 GHz	4.0mm	2mm	3.0mm
EX3DV3	10 MHz-6 GHz	2.5mm	1mm	1.4mm

### Light-Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset, are measured. The software then corrects all movements within the measurement jobs, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.



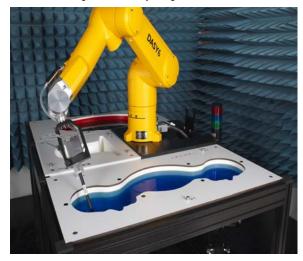
The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.

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### Phantoms

SPEAG phantoms are high-quality products constructed of materials compatible with all tissue simulating liquids, including aggressive, e.g., DGBE type, solvents. The shells are constructed with a very tight tolerance of less than 0.2mm, and all parameters correspond to those requested by SAR standards. Full computer-aided design (CAD) information have been predefined in the DASY6 software, enabling fast and easy usage.

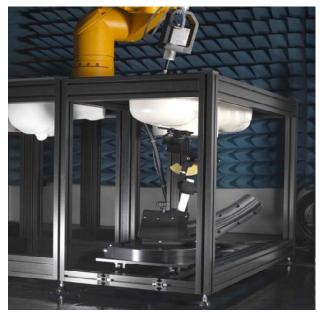


The SAM-Twin phantom (shown in front of DASY6) is a fiberglass shell phantom with shell thickness 2mm, except in the ear region where the thickness is increased to 6mm. The phantom has three measurement areas: 1) Left Head, 2) Right Head, and 3) Flat Section. For larger devices, the use of the ELI Phantom (shown behind DASY6) is required.

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz. ELI has been optimized for performance and can be integrated into a SPEAG standard phantom table. A cover is provided to prevent evaporation of water and changes in liquid parameters. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points.

### **Device Holder for SAM-Twin Phantom**

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5$ mm would produce uncertainty in the SAR of  $\pm 20\%$ . Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions at which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.



The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions described in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus, the device needs no repositioning when the angles are changed. The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss polyoxymethylene (POM) material, which has the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\varepsilon$ =3 and loss tangent  $\delta$ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

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Test report No.	FCC-IC_SAR_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0
Page	15 of 83

### **ASY6** Measurement Chain

The DASY6 dosimetric measurement system signal chain is shown in the figure below:

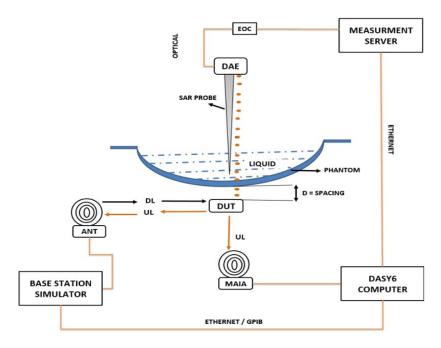


Figure 1: cDASY6 V6.4 Dosimetric Measurement System Signal Chain

The base-station simulator is controlled by the computer, to setup a specific test mode call with the device under test (DUT). The DUT is placed in the Device Holder and held at a fixed spacing / orientation with respect to the phantom. The phantom has a fixed geometry and thickness defined by the compliance standards. The phantom is filled with liquid medium of known permittivity and conductivity.

The uplink signal transmitted by the DUT is measured inside the medium by the probe, which is accurately positioned at a precisely known distance and defined orientation with respect to the phantom surface, normal at the point by the 6-axis robot positioner.

The dipole / loop sensors at the probe tips pick up the signal and generate a voltage, which is measured by the voltmeter inside the data acquisition electronics (DAE). The DAE returns digital values, which are converted to an optical signal and transmitted via the electro-optic converter (EOC) to the measurement server (MS). The data is finally recorded in the DASY6 software.

The Modulation and Interference Analyzer (MAIA) measures the uplink signal and the cDASY6 V6.4 software calculated signal characteristics such as bandwidth, modulation frequency, etc. and matches these with the known characteristics of the test mode call parameters set up via the base-station simulator. This is important, as the probe has different calibration factors for different types of uplink signals – to obtain an accurate reading, the uplink signal must match the probe calibration factors applied.

In case of a new or unknown signal, the MAIA is used to ascertain the best match of probe calibration factors depending on the characteristics of measured signal.

The free-space E-field / H-field measurement setup is also similar. The SAR probe is replaced by the E- an/or H-field probe, while the DUT is typically placed on a plane surface. The data acquisition and signaling processing via the DAE, EOC, and MS by the DASY6 software remains the same.

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### **Data Evaluation**

The fields and SAR are calculated from the measured voltage (probe voltage acquired by the DAE) and the following parameters:

	- Sensitivity	normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
Probe Parameters	- Conversion factor	ConvFi
Probe Parameters	- Diode compression point	dcpi
	- Probe Modulation Response Factors	$a_{i,b_{i,C_{i,d}}}$
Device Parameter	- Frequency	f
Device Parameter	- Crest factor	cf
Media Parameters	- Conductivity	σ
	- Relative Permittivity	ρ

Parameters are stored in the measurement file.

Approximated Probe Response Linearization using Crest Factor

This linearization method is enabled when a custom defined communication system is measured. The compensation applied is a function of the measured voltage, the detector diode compression points and the crest factor of the measured signal.

		$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cJ}{dcp_i}$		
with	Vi	= linearized voltage of channel i (uV)	(i = x, y, z)	
	Ui	= measured voltage of channel i (uV)	(i = x, y, z)	
	Cf	= crest factor of exciting field	(DASY parameter)	
	dcpi	= diode compression points of channel i (uV)	(Probe parameter, i = x,y,z)	

The resulting linearized voltage is only approximated because the probe is not calibrated to this specific signal.

Probe Response Linearization for Specific Calibrated Communication Signals

Modern communication protocols employ complex modulation schemes and channel access techniques. probe linearization using crest factor method may lead to large measurement errors over the full dynamic range when measuring complex modulations. DASY features an advanced probe response linearization that reduces the maximal measurement error while considerably increasing the probe dynamic range.

The measured voltage is first compensated:

$$V_{compi} = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{10^{\frac{d}{10}}}{dcp_i}$$

With	V <sub>compi</sub>	= compensated voltage of channel i ( $\mu N$ )	(i = x, y, z)
	Ui	= input voltage of channel i ( $\mu N$ )	(i = x, y, z)
	d	= PMR factor d (dB)	(Probe parameter)
	dcpi	= diode compression point of channel i ( $\mu$ N) $$	(Probe parameter, i = x,y,z)

The compensated voltage is converted in  $dB\sqrt{\mu V}$ :

$$V_{compi_{dB}\sqrt{\mu V}} = 10 \cdot \log_{10}(V_{compi})$$

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 Test report No.
 FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0

 Page
 17 of 83

A correction factor specific to the communication signal is calculated using the PMR factors:

$$corr_i = a_i \cdot e^{-\left(\frac{V_{compi_{dB}}\sqrt{\mu V}^{-b_i}}{c_i}\right)^2}$$

	= correction factor of channel i (dB)	(i = x,y,z)
$V_{compi_{dB}\sqrt{\mu V}}$	= compensated voltage of channel i $(dB\sqrt{\mu V})$	(i = x,y,z)
	= PMR factor a of channel i (dB)	(Probe parameter, $i = x,y,z$ )
$b_i$	= PMR factor b of channel i $(dB\sqrt{\mu V})$	(Probe parameter, $i = x,y,z$ )
$c_i$	= PMR factor c of channel i	$(Probe \ parameter, \ i = x, y, z)$

The voltage  $V_{i_{dB}\sqrt{\mu V}}$  is the linearized voltage in dB $\sqrt{\mu V}$ :

$$V_{i_{dB}\sqrt{\mu V}} = V_{compi_{dB}\sqrt{\mu V}} - corr_{i}$$

with			linearized voltage of channel i $(dB\sqrt{\mu V})$	(i = x,y,z)
	VcompidB / WV	=	compensated voltage of channel i $(dB\sqrt{\mu V})$	(i = x,y,z)
			correction factor of channel i (dB)	(i = x.y.z)

Finally, the linearized voltage is converted in  $\mu$ V:

$$V_i = 10^{\frac{V_{i_{dB}\sqrt{\mu V}}}{10}}$$

with 
$$V_i$$
 = linearized voltage of channel i  $(\mu V)$  (i = x,y,z)  
 $V_{i_{dB}\sqrt{\mu V}}$  = linearized voltage of channel i  $(dB\sqrt{\mu V})$  (i = x,y,z)

Field and SAR Calculation

The primary field data for each channel are calculated using the linearized voltage:

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{E} - \text{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}} \\ \mathbf{H} - \text{fieldprobes}: \qquad H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f} \\ \text{with } \begin{array}{l} V_i & = \text{linearized voltage of channel i} & (\mathbf{i} = \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{z}) \\ Norm_i & = \text{sensor sensitivity of channel i} & (\mathbf{i} = \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{z}) \\ \mu V/(V/\mathbf{m})^2 \text{ for E-field Probes} \\ ConvF & = \text{sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes} \\ f & = \text{carrier frequency [GHz]} \\ E_i & = \text{electric field strength of channel i in V/m} \\ H_i & = \text{magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m} \end{split}$$

The RMS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

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Test report No.FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0Page18 of 83

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

		$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$
with	$SAR \\ E_{tot} \\ \sigma \\  ho$	<ul> <li>= local specific absorption rate in mW/g</li> <li>= total field strength in V/m</li> <li>= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]</li> <li>= equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup></li> </ul>

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

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### **Dosimetric (SAR) Measurements**

The procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

Power Reference Measurement

The reference and drift jobs are useful jobs for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Both jobs measure the field at a specified reference position, at a selectable distance from the phantom surface. The reference position can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section. The reference job projects the selected point onto the phantom surface, orients the probe perpendicularly to the surface, and approaches the surface using the selected detection method.

#### Area Scan

An Area Scan job is part of the compliance testing protocol of the DUT. The main goal of this job is to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. The selection of these properties is highly dependent on the size (and position) of the DUT, frequency of operation, DUT-phantom offset and available time for the assessment. If the SAR distribution is a-priori not known, the grid extent should be such that it covers the whole area of the DUT.

#### Zoom Scan

For dosimetric application, it is necessary to assess the peak spatial SAR value averaged over a volume. For this purpose, fine resolution volume scans need to be performed at the peak SAR location(s) determined during the Area Scan. A measurement grid within a zoom scan is defined by the grid extents (X,Y,Z), Offsets and Step Sizes (X,Y,Z). While step sizes in X and Y are usually a fixed value, DASY6 software permits to have a graded step size for the Z direction, for which a grading ratio can be defined. Graded grids are useful for SAR evaluations at higher frequencies (> 2GHz) as the decay rate is high and a higher number of measurements closer to the phantom surface is required to accurately extrapolate the measured values to the phantom surface.

#### • Power Drift measurement

The drift job measures the field at the same location as the most recent reference job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last reference measurement. Several drift measurements are possible for one reference measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. In the properties of the Drift job, the user can specify a limit for the drift and have OPENSAR software stop the measurements if this limit is exceeded.

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### SAR Measurements Scan Description

#### Fast Scan Description

Fast Scan is used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1g and 10g of simulated tissue in only 10s provided the absorption pattern (antenna and frequency band). Fast Scans compare the measured pattern of a given test configuration to the ones measured previously. If a similar pattern shape (matching configuration) is found, a scaling factor defined as difference in amplitude of the two configurations is computed. The Area and Zoom Scans results available for the matching configuration are then scaled to assess the 1g and 10g SAR of the measured configuration.

#### Grid Settings

The grid extents used for Fast Scans are the same as for Area Scans.

#### Area Scan Description

Area Scans are used to determine the peak location of the measured field before doing a finer measurement around the hotspot. Area Scans measure a two-dimensional volume covering the full device under test area. cDASY6 V6.4 uses Fast Averaged SAR algorithm to compute the 1g and 10g of simulated tissue from the Area Scan.

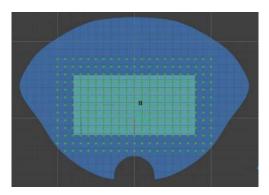
#### Grid Settings

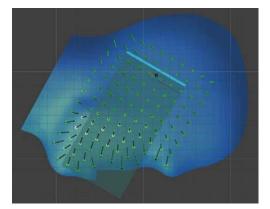
Automated Grid Settings

cDASY6 V6.4 automatically generates Area Scan grid settings based on device dimensions. The scan extent is defined by the device dimensions plus additional 15mm on each side.

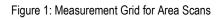
For Flat phantom sections both the device under test and the area scan are centered around the phantom device reference point. For Left Head and Right Head phantom sections, Area Scans are anchored to the ERP (Ear Reference Point) and oriented along the Ear Mouth line. The device under test position on this line is given by the speaker position which is always placed at the ERP. The scans extents are defined by the device height and width increased by 15mm on each side.

Figure 1 shows a typical area scan grid for Flat and Left Head phantom sections.





- (a) Flat Phantom Section
- (b) Left Head Phantom Section



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 Test report No.
 FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0

 Page
 21 of 83

Table 1 describes the Area Scan grid extents used in Flat, Left Head and Right Head phantom sections.

Section	Position	Extent X [mm]	Extent Y [mm]
Flat	TOP (SCREEN)	Width + 30	Height + 30
Flat	BOTTOM (COVER)	Width + 30	Height + 30
Flat	EDGE TOP	Thickness + 30	Width + 30
Flat	EDGE BOTTOM	Thickness + 30	Width + 30
Flat	EDGE LEFT	Thickness + 30	Height + 30
Flat	EDGE RIGHT	Thickness + 30	Height + 30
LEFT / RIGHT HEAD	CHEEK	Width + 30	Height + 30
LEFT / RIGHT HEAD	TILT	Width + 30	Height + 30

Table 1: Area Scan Grid Extents in Flat, Left Head and Right Head Phantom Sections

Area Scan grid steps and sensor distance to surface are defined in Table 2.

f	d sensor-surface	Step X, Y
[GHz]	[mm]	[mm]
0 - 2	3	14
2 - 3	3	14
3 - 4	3	10
4 - 6	3	10

Table 2: Area Scan Grid Settings in Flat Phantom Sections

**User defined Grid Settings** 

In cDASY6 V6.4 user defined grid settings can be applied as well. In the scan properties of the measurement the grid extent, grid step and grid offset can be changed after changing the default selection 'DUT dimensions + 15 mm' to 'User defined' see figure 2. and figure 3.

Project Overview	9 ×														
Scan visibility 🖕 Scaling 🖕															
⊿ Test plan															
⊿ Device		•													
Phantom: Flat HSL     Test Distance: 5															
▲ Position: FRONT (SCREEN)		•													
Communication System Group: GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)															
Communication System Band: E-GSM 900		•									•				
Communication System Channel: 37 (897.4 MHz)	M FS ASZS														
⊿ Debuit	M FS ASZS	•						198							
		120							1.6						
		•		1					1			 •		- 2	
				14	100										
		•	- de 1	1		1.0	1.0	1.0		14	100	100	100		
		۲													
∡ Grid Settings Area / Fast Scan															
∡ Grid Extents		•													
Based on DUT Dimensions + 15 mm	×														
Grid Extent X DUT Dimensions + 15 mm Grid Extent Y User Definition	_	<b>N</b>													
Grid Steps / Offsets															
Based on Preferences (Default Ruleset)															

Figure 2: Default grid settings based on DUT dimensions.

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3		Test report No.	FCC-IC_SAR_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0
SIEMIC		Page	22 of 83
A Bureau Veritas Group Company			
Pojet Coverview Scan visibility	→ X M I5 A525 M I5 A525		

Figure 3: Grid settings as specified by the user.

#### Special Case of Specialized Phantoms

For Headstand and Facedown phantoms, the DUT can't be defined using a simple brick shape. Also, the transmitting might operate in any area of the head. For these phantoms, cDASY6 V6.4 features a tool to easily define the measurable area: the user can directly draw the grid on the 3D view by defining a tetragonal with 4 points. Due to the geometry of the phantom, no area scan is performed in the Forearm phantom.

#### Zoom Scan Description

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1g and 10g of simulated tissue. Zoom scans measure a three-dimensional volume (cube). The bottom face of the cube is centered on the maximum of the preceding Area Scan in the same measurement group. For maxima at border of the phantom, auto extend zoom scan when maxima on boundary feature can be enabled in Application Preferences Scan Settings with Administrator access level.

#### Grid Settings

#### Automated Grid Settings

Zoom Scans are always anchored to the peak location of the preceding Area Scan. The sensor distance to the surface depends on the probe type used during measurement: 1.4mm for EX probes and 3mm for ES probes. Table 3 describes the grid settings used for Zoom Scans in Flat phantom sections.

f [GHz]	Extend XYZ [mm]	Step XY [mm]	Step Z [mm]	Graded	Grading Ratio [mm]
0 - 2	30 x 30 x 30	6	6	No	-
2 - 3	30 x 30 x 30	6	6	No	-
3 - 4	22 x 22 x 22	4	1.8	Yes	1.4
4 - 6	22 x 22 x 22	4	1.4	Yes	1.4

Table 3: Zoom Scan Grid Settings in Flat, Left Head and Right Head Phantom Sections

#### User defined Grid Settings

Similar like for Area Scans the grid settings for Zoom Scans can be customized. After selecting the 'User Defined' option, Grid extent x,y,z, grid step x,y,z as well as Graded grid and Grading ratio can be set by the user.

#### Power Monitoring Scan

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Power monitoring scans are used to monitor the power drift of the device under test. The local SAR strength is measured at a reference position at the beginning and at the end of the scan. The power drift is computed using the formula:

$$P_{drift}[dB] = 10 \cdot \log_{10} \frac{SAR_{beginning}}{SAR_{end}}$$

Power monitoring scans are available for fully integrated in Area and Zoom Scans. They can be enabled in Application Preferences Scan Settings. For Area Scans, the reference point is defined as the maximum location of the preceding Fast Scan. A Fast Scan will be automatically performed if none has been performed and power monitoring is enabled. For Zoom Scans, it is defined at the first point of the measured grid.

#### Check Scan

The Check Scan is used for system check purpose only and consists of a standard Zoom Scan (30x30x30mm) and a 1D Rotation Scan. The 1D Rotation Scan is anchored to the interpolated maximum of the preceding Zoom Scan. The extrapolated peak SAR value is extracted above the dipole center.

#### Validation Scan

The Validation Scan is used for system validation purpose only and consists of an extended Zoom Scan (50x30x30mm) and a 1D Rotation Scan. The 1D Rotation Scan is anchored to the interpolated maximum of the preceding Zoom Scan. The extrapolated peak SAR values are extracted above the dipole center and at 20mm transverse offset from the Zoom Scan.

#### Time Averaged SAR Scan

Time Averaged SAR applies to devices which can monitor and control the time averaged transmitted power in real-time over the period define in the applicable standards.

#### **DUT Stability Scan**

The DUT Stability Scan is used to measure the stability of the transmitting device power. This scan can be enabled in the scan properties at the bottom of the project overview window. The user specifies also the scan duration and the measurement interval (time between 2 measurement points). In case the measurement interval is set to 0, measurement points will be acquired continuously.

One measurement point corresponds to measurement samples averaged over the integration time specified in Application Preferences Scan Settings. For instance, if the measurement interval is 5s and the integration time 0.5s, a measurement point will be acquired every 5s. This measurement point corresponds to instantaneous SAR readings averaged over 0.5s. The result shows the DUT power drift in %.

$$SAR_{drift(\%)} = 100 \cdot \left(\frac{SAR_{max} - SAR_{min}}{SAR_{avg}} - \right)$$

*SAR*<sub>drift(%)</sub> is the SAR drift over the measured period in %

SARmin is the minimum measured SAR value

SAR<sub>max</sub> is the maximum measured SAR value

SAR<sub>avg</sub> is the SAR value averaged over all measurement points

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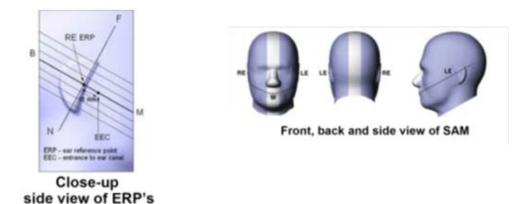


### **Device Reference Points**

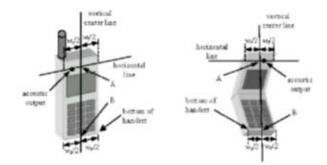
#### **Definition of Reference Points**

#### Ear Reference Point

Figure 6.2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 6.1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 6.1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].



Two imaginary lines on the device need to be established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device is placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Fig. 6.3). The "test device reference point" is than located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device is positioned so that the "vertical centerline" is bisecting the front surface of the device at its top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

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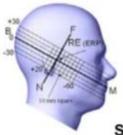
### Test Configuration – Positioning for Cheek / Touch

1. Position the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure below), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the device is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom



### Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

- 2. Translate the device towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until the device touches the ear.
- 3. While maintaining the device in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (called the reference plane).
- 4. Rotate the device around the vertical centerline until the device (horizontal line) is symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
- 5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE and maintaining the device contact with the ear, rotate the device about the line NF until any point on the device is in contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). See Figure below.



### Side view w/ relevant markings

### Test Configuration – Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the Cheek/Touch Position":

1. While maintaining the orientation of the device, retracted the device parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the device by 15 degrees.

2. Rotate the device around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.

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Test report No.	FCC-IC_SAR_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0
Page	26 of 83

3. While maintaining the orientation of the device, move the device parallel to the reference plane until any part of the device touches the head. (In this position, point A is located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the device shall be reduced. The tilted position is obtained when any part of the device is in contact with the ear as well as a second part of the device is in contact with the head (see Figure below).



Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position



### Position

## - Body Worn Configurations

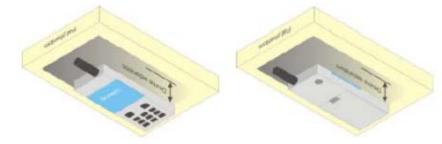
Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the accessories attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then, when multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration where a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. All test position spacing are documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

In all cases SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. Worst-case positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.



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 Test report No.
 FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0

 Page
 27 of 83

### 11 Measurement Uncertainty

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table below:

Uncertainty Distribution	Normal	Rectangle	Triangular	U Shape
Multi-plying Factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1 / √3	1 / √6	1 / √2

(a) Standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) K is the coverage factor

#### Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type -sum-by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %.

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#### DASY6 Uncertainty Budget is show in below table:

		DASY6 (Hand-H	6 Uncerta eld: 0.3					
	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	(Ci)	(Ci)	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	( <i>Vi</i> )
Error Description	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	vef
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0	0	±0.0%	±0.0%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	1	1	±5.5%	±5.5%	∞
Boundary Effects	±0.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response <sup>m</sup>	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	~
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.02%	R	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.6%	±1.6%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±15.0%	R	√3	1	1	±8.7%	±8.7%	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	Ν	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	Ν	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	~
Power Scaling <sup>p</sup>	±0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	∞
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	√3	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	∞
SAR Correction	±1.9%	Ν	1	1	0.84	±1.9%	±1.6%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.) DAK	±2.5%	Ν	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0%	±1.8%	∞
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) DAK	±2.5%	N	1	0.23	0.26	±0.6%	±0.7%	∞
Temp. unc Conductivity <sup>BB</sup>	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp. unc Permittivity BB	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Std. Uncertain	ty					±14.7%	±14.6%	1329
Expanded STD Uncertain	ntv					±29.3%	±29.2%	

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		DASY6 (Hand-H			•			
	Uncert.	Prob.	Div.	( <i>Ci</i> )	( <i>Ci</i> )	Std. Unc.	Std. Unc.	(Vij
Error Description Measurement System	value	Dist.		1g	10g	(1g)	(10g)	vei
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	∞
					-			
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0	0	±0.0%	±0.0%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	1	1	±5.5%	±5.5%	∞
Boundary Effects	±0.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response <sup>m</sup>	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	~
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	Ν	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	~
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	~
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	~
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	~
Probe Positioner	±0.04%	R	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	~
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	√3	1	1	±3.8%	±3.8%	~
Max. SAR Eval.	±12.0%	R	√3	1	1	±6.9%	±6.9%	~
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	±2.9%	Ν	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	14
Device Holder	±3.6%	Ν	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	~
Power Scaling <sup>p</sup>	±0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.0%	±0.0%	~
Phantom and Setup								
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.6%	R	√3	1	1	±3.8%	±3.8%	~
SAR Correction	±1.9%	Ν	1	1	0.84	±1.9%	±1.6%	~
Liquid Conductivity (mea.) DAK	±2.5%	Ν	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0%	±1.8%	~
Liquid Permittivity (mea.) DAK	±2.5%	Ν	1	0.23	0.26	±0.6%	±0.7%	~
Temp. unc Conductivity BB	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	~
Temp. unc Permittivity BB	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	×
Combined Std. Uncertainty						±14.5%	±14.4%	125
Expanded STD Uncertainty	v					±28.9%	±28.8%	

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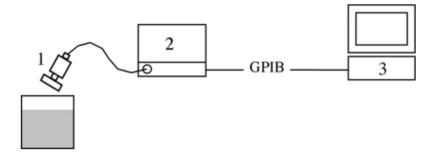
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## 12 Liquid Validation

### Setup for Liquid Measurement

The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the dielectric probe kit. The dielectric parameters measured are reported in each correspondent section.



- 1. Dielectric Probe Kit
- 2. Network Analyzer (e.g. Rohde & Schwartz ZVx series, Anritsu MSx, Agilent 8753)

  Frequency range in accordance with planned test frequencies (≥ 300 to 6000MHz) frequency resolution ≥ 1kHz
  Source Amplitude 0 10dBm
  Amplitude Resolution ≤ 0.02dB
  Port Isolation ≤ 40dB
  Phase Stability < 1°</li>
  Phase Resolution ≤ 0.1°

  3. PC with GPIB Controller

### **Liquid Dielectric Parameters**

The tissue dielectric parameters used in SAR tests should not exceed  $\pm 5.0\%$  of those specified in the standard. Deviations of the tissue dielectric parameters from the target values, and dielectric measurement uncertainties, can lead to different SAR distributions in the phantom. The peak SAR location and the corresponding SAR distribution may also shift due to phantom shell surface variations. The measurement procedures use vector network analyzers and dielectric probe kits, like the open-end coaxial probe DAK 3.5mm, for dielectric property measurements. The tolerance (k=1), deriving from inaccuracies in the calibration data, analyzer drift, and random errors, are usually  $\pm 2.5\%$  and  $\pm 5\%$  (normal distribution) for measured permittivity and conductivity, respectively. With the DAK (dielectric assessment kit) of SPEAG, the tolerance for both permittivity, as well as, conductivity can be reduced to  $\pm 2.5\%$  (k=1, normal distribution).

The standard requires that SAR measurements are conducted within 18°C and 25°C as well as within  $\pm 2$ °C of the temperature at which the dielectric parameters were measured.

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#### IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 P1528 recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528

Target Frequency	Не	ad	Во	dy
MHz	٦3	σ (S/m)	٦3	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	53.19	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

*Note:*  $\varepsilon_r$  = relative permittivity,  $\sigma$  = conductivity and  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### Liquid Validation Result:

Liquid type/Band(MHz)	Measured Date	Parameters	Measured	Target	Deviation (%)	Limit (%)
450 Body	07/15/2018	Permittivity	57.1	56.7	0.71	±5.00
		Conductivity	0.98	0.94	4.26	±5.00
600 Body	07/15/2018	Permittivity	56.5	56.1	0.71	±5.00
	07/15/2016	Conductivity	0.92	0.95	-3.16	±5.00

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 Test report No.
 FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0

 Page
 32 of 83

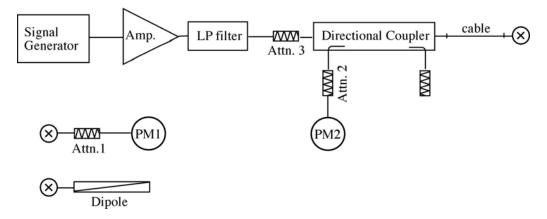
## 13 SAR System Verification

### System Verification

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the test liquid should be measured before the system verification and the measured liquid parameters must be entered in the DASY6 software. If the measured values differ from the target liquid parameters in the corresponding standards for testing compliance, the liquid composition should be adjusted. If the system verification is performed with slightly different (measured) liquid parameters, the expected SAR will also be different.

The reference dipole source must be placed beneath the flat phantom or the flat section of the SAM Twin Phantom with the correct distance spacer in place. The distance spacer should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking (little cross) and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. Accurate positioning is not necessary, since the system will search for the peak SAR location, except that the dipole arms should be parallel to the surface. The device holder for mobile phones can be left in place but should be rotated away from the dipole.

The forward power into the reference dipole source at the SMA connector should be determined as accurately as possible. The following section describe the recommended setup to measure the dipole input power. The actual dipole input power level can be between 20mW and several watts. The result can later be normalized to any power level. It is strongly recommended to note the actual power level used; otherwise this crucial information for later reference is lost.



The figure shows the recommended setup. The PM1 (incl. Att1) measures the forward power at the end of the cable where the dipole would be connected. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the dipole connector and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2. If the signal generator does not allow a setting in 0.01dB steps, the remaining difference at PM2 must be noted and considered in the normalization of the system check results.

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#### System Verification Results (Body)

Test Date	Test C	ondition	Freq. (MHz)	Target (W/kg)	Input Power (dBm)	Measured (W/kg)	Normalized SAR1g (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Limit (%)
	Temp (°C)	22							
07/15/2018	Humidity (%)	48	450	175.31	20	17.28	172.80	-1.43	±10.00
	ATM (mbar)	1012							
	Temp (°C)	22							
07/15/2018	Humidity (%)	48	600	170.58	20	16.95	169.50	-0.63	±10.00
	ATM (mbar)	1012							

Test Date	Test C	ondition	Freq. (MHz)	Target (W/kg)	Input Power (dBm)	Measured (W/kg)	Normalized SAR10g (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Limit (%)
	Temp (°C)	22							
07/15/2018	Humidity (%)	48	450	172.70	20	17.08	170.80	-1.10	±10.00
	ATM (mbar)	1012							
	Temp (°C)	22							
07/15/2018	Humidity (%)	48	600	168.80	20	16.52	165.20	-2.13	±10.00
	ATM (mbar)	1012							

### System Check

The system check procedure is a complete 1g and 10g peak spatial-average SAR measurement using a source having a previously determined system check target value. The measured 1g and 10g SAR are normalized to the target input power of the specific source and compared to their respective target values.

A description of the different measurement tasks to be performed is given below, together with the information that can be deduced from their results:

- The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the amplifier output power. If it is too high (above ±0.1dB), the system check should be repeated; some amplifiers have very high drift during warm-up. A stable amplifier gives drift results in the DASY6 system below ±0.02dB.
- The second step is optional. For probes with integrated optical surface detection sensor this step must be conducted, otherwise the step can be skipped. The Surface Check tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY6 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above ±0.1mm). In that case it is better to abort the system check and stir the liquid.
- The Area Scan measures the SAR above the dipole on a plane parallel to the surface. It is used to locate the approximate
  location of the peak SAR. The proposed scan uses large grid spacing for faster measurement; due to the symmetric field, the
  peak detection is reliable. If a finer graphic is desired, the grid spacing can be reduced. Grid spacing, and orientation have no
  influence on the SAR result.
- The Zoom Scan measures the field in a volume around the peak SAR value assessed in the previous Area Scan

If the system check gives reasonable results, the SAR peak, 1g and 10g spatial average SAR values normalized to 1W dipole input power give reference data for comparisons. The next sections analyze the expected uncertainties of these values, as well as additional checks for further information or troubleshooting.

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### System Validation

System validation is used for verifying the accuracy of a complete measurement system, and accuracy of the software and control algorithms used for a single or group of SAR measurements. The procedure consists of up to 6 steps:

- SAR Evaluation: A complete 1g and 10g peak spatial-average SAR measurement is performed using the System Check procedure.
- Extrapolation Routine: Local SAR values are measured along a vertical axis directly above the center line of the dipole. Additionally, this measurement is repeated along another vertical axis with a 2cm transverse offset from the dipole feed point. The measured values are extrapolated to the phantom surface and compared to the numerical target values.
- Probe Linearity for CW-equivalent Signals: SAR evaluation is repeated at different input power levels. The power levels are selected to produce a 1g spatial-average SAR values of approximately 10W/kg, 2W/kg, 0.4W/kg, and 0.12W/kg. The linearity is evaluated by comparing the SAR values normalized to the target input power.
- Probe Linearity for Periodic Pulse-Modulated Signals: Step A is repeated with periodic pulse-modulated signals having a
  duty factor of 0.1 and pulse repetition rate of 10 Hz. The power is adjusted to produce a 1 g peak spatial-average SAR of
  approximately 8 W/kg. The measured SAR values are normalized to the target input power and compared to the results of
  SAR Evaluation.
- Probe Linearity for Digital Modulations with Random Amplitude and Phase Characteristics: Probe Linearity for Periodic Pulse-Modulated Signals is repeated with the specific modulations that will be tested by the laboratory.
- Probe Axial Isotropy: The probe is rotated around its Z axis in steps of 15. The maximum and minimum recorded SAR values
  are used to compute the probe isotropy error. The novel calibration procedures PMR/SMC of SPEAG warranty the linear
  response for any calibrated communication system. We believe that validation is required only for non-calibrated signals or if
  probes are used outside the calibrated voltage range.

Target and measurement SAR after Normalized

Frequency (MHz)	Temp (ºC)	Humidity (%)	Validation Date	Probe SN	Validation Cycle	Validation Due
450	23	58	02/01/2018	EX3DV4 - SN7469	1 year	02/01/2019
600	23	58	02/01/2018	EX3DV4 - SN7469	1 year	02/01/2019
835	23	58	02/01/2018	EX3DV4 - SN7469	1 year	02/01/2019
900	23	58	02/01/2018	EX3DV4 - SN7469	1 year	02/01/2019
1800	23	58	02/01/2018	EX3DV4 - SN7469	1 year	02/01/2019
1900	23	58	02/01/2018	EX3DV4 - SN7469	1 year	02/01/2019
2000	23	58	02/01/2018	EX3DV4 - SN7469	1 year	02/01/2019
2450	23	58	02/01/2018	EX3DV4 - SN7469	1 year	02/01/2019
5200	23	58	02/01/2018	EX3DV4 - SN7469	1 year	02/01/2019
5400	23	58	02/01/2018	EX3DV4 - SN7469	1 year	02/01/2019
5600	23	58	02/01/2018	EX3DV4 - SN7469	1 year	02/01/2019
5800	23	58	02/01/2018	EX3DV4 - SN7469	1 year	02/01/2019

#### System Validation Status

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## 14 Output Power Measurement Results

Requirement(s):

Spec	Item	tem Requirement Applica							
-	-	Time averaged conducted ou	utput power to be n	neasured	$\boxtimes$				
Test Setup		Communication Tester/ Spectrum analyzer							
Test Procedure	Measurement using an Average Power Meter (PM)         Measurements may be performed using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.         -       Connect EUT's RF output power to power meter         -       Set EUT to be continuous transmission mode         -       Measurement the average output power using power meter and record the result								
Test Date	07/13/	2018	Environmental condition	Temperature22%Relative Humidity48%Atmospheric Pressure1012	-				
Remark	-								
Result	⊠ Pa	ss 🛛 🗆 Fail							

Test Data 🛛 Yes 🗆 N/A

Test Plot □ Yes 🖾 N/A

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Test report No.	FCC-IC_SAR_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0
Page	36 of 83

### Output Power measurement result

HHA-B1

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Power (dBm)	Declared (dBm)	Tune-up Low (dBm)	Tune-up High (dBm)
Low	537.600	20.08	20	19	21
Mid	576.000	19.92	20	19	21
High	607.900	19.54	20	19	21

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## 15 SAR Test Results

Requirement(s):

Spec	Item	Requirement			Applicable		
IEEE 1528: 2013	1			c (Uncontrolled Environment) in sue, for hand-held device, the limit	$\boxtimes$		
	2	SAR limit for Controlled Use and Trunk is 8 W/kg	Devices (Controlle	d Environment) in localized Head			
Test Method	IEC 62 44749 24822	1528: 2013 2209-2: 2010 8 D01 General RF Exposure G 7 SAR measurement procedur 65664 SAR Measurement Req	es for 802.11 a/b/g				
Test Setup	Refer	Refer to Section 6: SAR Measurement Setup					
Test Procedure	SAR n 2 3 4 5 6 7 SAR n 1 2 3 4	<ul> <li>Use client test software to s channel</li> <li>Measure output power thro</li> <li>Place the DUT in the positio</li> <li>Set scan area, grid size and</li> <li>Make SAR measurement for</li> <li>Find out the position with hi</li> <li>Measure additional SAR for</li> </ul>	ugh spectrum ana ons selected d other setting on i or the selected hig ighest SAR result r other modes at th ed the following ba	the DASY6 software hest output power channel at each ne highest SAR position asic steps:	testing position		
Test Date	07/13/	2018 – 07/27/2018	Environmental condition	Relative Humidity 55	oC % 08mbar		
Remark	N/A						
Result	🛛 Pa	ss 🛛 Fail					

Test Data	⊠ Yes	🗆 N/A

Test Plot  $\boxtimes$  Yes 🗆 N/A

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Test report No.	FCC-IC_SAR_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0
Page	38 of 83

## SAR Measurement Result:

HHA-B1 Hand-Held:

Freq Band (MHz)	Freq (MHz)	Position	Distan ce	Rated Power (dBm)	Measured Output Power (dBm)	Raw SAR 10g(W/kg)	Crest factor	Power Drift (dB)	Scaled SAR (Tune-up & Duty Cycle) (W/kg)	10g SAR Limit (W/kg)
	537.600	Side	0mm	20	20.08	0.473	1	0.01	0.4644	4
537.600- 607.950	576.000	Side	0mm	20	19.92	0.473	1	0.02	0.4818	4
	607.900	Side	0mm	20	19.54	0.413	1	0.03	0.4591	4

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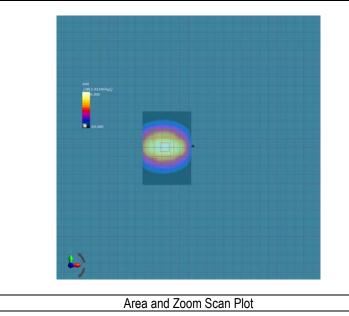


Test report No. FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0 Page 39 of 83

## 16 System Performance Plots

Test specification:	System Verification					
Environ Conditions:	Temp(oC):	22				
	Humidity (%):	48				
	Atmospheric(mPa):	1012	Decult	Deee		
Mains Power:	N/A		Result:	Pass		
Test Date:	07/15/2018					
Tested by:	Chen Ge					
Remarks:	System Validation, dipole, 0	System Validation, dipole, CW signal, duty cycle =1				

Frequency (MHz)	450	
Relative Permittivity (real part)	57.1	
Conductivity (S/m)	0.98	
Probe SN	EX3DV4 - SN7469	
DAE SN	DAE4 Sn1522	
Conversion Factor (dB)	4.2	
Area Scan Resolution (mm)	14.0 x 14.0	
Zoom Scan Resolution (mm)	6.0 x 6.0 x 6.0	
Zoom Scan Size (mm)	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0	
Power Drift (dB)	1.06	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	17.28	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	17.08	



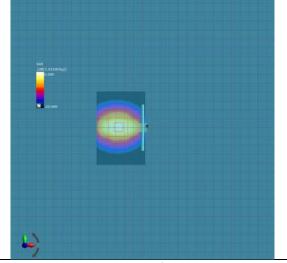
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Test report No. FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0 Page 40 of 83

Test specification:	System Validation			
·	Temp(oC): 22			
Environ Conditions:	Humidity (%):	48		
	Atmospheric(mPa):	1012	Decultu	Deee
Mains Power:	N/A		Result:	Pass
Test Date:	07/15/2018			
Tested by:	Chen Ge			
Remarks:	System Validation, dipole, (	CW signal, duty cycle =1		

Frequency (MHz)	600	
Relative permittivity (real part)	56.5	
Conductivity (S/m)	0.92	
Probe SN	EX3DV4 - SN7469	
DAE SN	DAE4 Sn1522	
Conversion Factor (dB)	6.18	
Area Scan Resolution	10.0 x 10.0	
Zoom Scan Resolution	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4	
Zoom Scan Size	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0	
Power Drift (dB)	0.88	
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	16.95	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	16.52	



Area and Zoom Scan Plot

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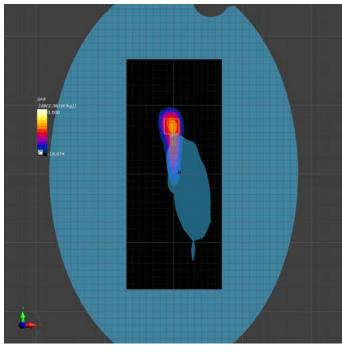


Test report No.FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0Page41 of 83

## 17 SAR Test Plots

### HHA-B1:

Test specification:	Body_Low_Side_(	Dmm				
	Temp(oC): 22	Temp(oC): 22				
Environ Conditions:	Humidity (%): 45					
	Atmospheric(mPa	): 1010	Decultu	Pass		
Mains Power:	N/A		Result	Pass		
Test Date:	07/15/2018 - 07/2	7/2018				
Tested by:	Chen Ge					
Remarks:	-					
Frequency (MHz)		537.6				
Relative Permittivity (real part)		57.1	57.1			
Conductivity (S/m)			0.98			
Probe SN		EX3DV4 - SN746	69			
DAE SN		DAE4 Sn1522				
Conversion Factor (dB)		11.09	11.09			
Area Scan Resolution (mm	າ)	14x14	14x14			
Zoom Scan Resolution (mr	m)	6x6x6	6x6x6			
Zoom Scan Size (mm)		30x30x30	30x30x30			
Power Drift (dB)		0.01	0.01			
SAR 10g (W/Kg)		0.473				



Area and Zoom Scan Plot

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Test report No. FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0 Page 42 of 83

Test specification:	Body_Mid_Side_	_0mm				
	Temp(oC): 22					
Environ Conditions:	Humidity (%): 45			esult: Pass		
	Atmospheric(mP	a): 1010	Decultu			
Mains Power:	N/A		Result:	Pass		
Test Date:	07/15/2018 - 07/	27/2018				
Tested by:	Chen Ge					
Remarks:	-					
Frequency (MHz)		576.0				
Relative Permittivity (real part)		57.1	57.1			
Conductivity (S/m)		0.98	0.98			
Probe SN		EX3DV4 - SN746	69			
DAE SN		DAE4 Sn1522	DAE4 Sn1522			
Conversion Factor (dB)		11.09				
Area Scan Resolution (mm	1)	14x14	14x14			
Zoom Scan Resolution (mr	m)	6x6x6	бхбхб			
Zoom Scan Size (mm)		30x30x30	30x30x30			
Power Drift (dB)		0.02				
SAR 10g (W/Kg)		0.473				



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Fest specification:	Body_High_Side_0mm					
	Temp(oC): 22					
Environ Conditions:	Humidity (%): 45					
	Atmospheric(mPa): 1010	0				
Mains Power:	N/A	-	Result:	Pass		
Fest Date:	07/15/2018 - 07/27/2018	8				
Fested by:	Chen Ge					
Remarks:	-					
Frequency (MHz)		607.9				
Relative Permittivity (real part	t)	57.1				
Conductivity (S/m)		0.98				
Probe SN		EX3DV4 - SN7469				
DAE SN		DAE4 Sn1522				
Conversion Factor (dB)		11.09				
Area Scan Resolution (mm)		14x14				
Zoom Scan Resolution (mm)		6x6x6				
Zoom Scan Size (mm)		30x30x30				
Power Drift (dB)		0.03				
SAR 10g (W/Kg)		0.413				
	SAR [det:.asiwke]] 0.002					

Area and Zoom Scan Plot

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Test report No. FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0 Page 44 of 83

## Annex A. TEST INSTRUMENT

Instrument	Model	Serial #	Cal Date	Cal Cycle	Cal Due	In use			
SAR		-							
PC	Dell-U2417H	CN-OXVNNT-WS200- 7AE-AONW-AO5	N/A	N/A	N/A	•			
MXG Vector Signal Generator	N5182A	MY47071065	06/28/2018	1 Year	06/28/2019	✓			
Digital Thermometer	DTM3000	1259033	N/A	N/A	N/A	•			
S-Parameter Network Analyzer	8753ES	US38161019	11/10/2017	1 Year	11/10/2018	✓			
Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	DAE4	1522	08/21/2017	1 Year	08/21/2018	•			
Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	MSTV1	2000H5	08/21/2017	1 Year	08/21/2018	•			
E-field PROBE	EX3DV4	7469	08/21/2017	1 Year	08/21/2018	•			
Mother Scan Teaching PROBE	TP6V2	N/A	08/21/2017	1 Year	08/21/2018	✓			
Dipole 2450 MHz	D2450V2	1002	08/17/2017	1 Year	08/17/2018	•			
Dipole 5.1-5.8 GHz	D5GHzV2	1267	08/17/2017	1 Year	08/17/2018	•			
Dielectric parameter probes	DAK3.5 probe	1261	08/22/2017	1 Year	08/22/2018	✓			
Light Beam Unit	LB5/80	1037	N/A	N/A	N/A	✓			
Modulation and Interference Analyzer	MAIA	1313	N/A	N/A	N/A				
Omni-Directional Ultra-Wideband	ANT	1116	N/A	N/A	N/A	•			
DUMMY PROBE	None	SN 31/10	N/A	N/A	N/A				
SAM-TWIN PHANTOM	Twin-SAM V8.0	1929	N/A	N/A	N/A				
ELI Phantom	ELI V8.0	2071	N/A	N/A	N/A	•			
PHANTOM TABLE	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	•			
6 AXIS ROBOT	Staubuli Tx 60 L	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	•			

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## Annex B. SIEMIC Accreditation

Accreditations	Document	Scope / Remark
ISO 17025 (A2LA)	A	Please see the documents for the detailed scope
ISO Guide 65 (A2LA)	A	Please see the documents for the detailed scope
TCB Designation		A1, A2, A3, A4, B1, B2, B3, B4, C
FCC DoC Accreditation	A	FCC Declaration of Conformity Accreditation
FCC Site Registration	A	3 meter site
FCC Site Registration	A	10 meter site
IC Site Registration	A	3 meter site
IC Site Registration	A	10 meter site
	R	Radio & Telecommunications Terminal Equipment: EN45001 – EN ISO/IEC 17025
EU NB		Electromagnetic Compatibility: EN45001 – EN ISO/IEC 17025
Singapore iDA CB(Certification Body)	10	Phase I, Phase II
Vietnam MIC CAB Accreditation	R	Please see the document for the detailed scope
	A	(Phase II) OFCA Foreign Certification Body for Radio and Telecom
Hong Kong OFCA	A	(Phase I) Conformity Assessment Body for Radio and Telecom
	A	Radio: Scope A – All Radio Standard Specification in Category I
Industry Canada CAB	A	Telecom: CS-03 Part I, II, V, VI, VII, VIII

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Test report No. FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0 Page 46 of 83

Japan Recognized Certification Body Designation	īī	Radio: A1. Terminal equipment for purpose of calling Telecom: B1. Specified radio equipment specified in Article 38-2, Paragraph 1, Item 1 of the Radio Law
		EMI: KCC Notice 2008-39, RRL Notice 2008-3: CA Procedures for EMI KN22: Test Method for EMIEMS: KCC Notice 2008-38, RRL Notice 2008-4: CA Procedures for EMS KN24, KN61000-4-2, -4-3, -4-4, -4-5, -4-6, -4-8, -4-11: Test Method for EMS
Korea CAB Accreditation	L	Radio:         RRL Notice 2008-26, RRL Notice 2008-2, RRL Notice 2008-10,           RRL Notice 2007-49, RRL Notice 2007-20, RRL Notice 2007-21, RRL Notice 2007-80, RRL Notice 2004-68
		Telecom: President Notice 20664, RRL Notice 2007-30, RRL Notice 2008-7 with attachments 1, 3, 5, 6; President Notice 20664, RRL Notice 2008-7 with attachment 4
Taiwan NCC CAB Recognition	A	LP0002, PSTN01, ADSL01, ID0002, IS6100, CNS14336, PLMN07, PLMN01, PLMN08
Taiwan BSMI CAB Recognition	A	CNS 13438
Japan VCCI	Þ	R-3083: Radiation 3 meter site C-3421: Main Ports Conducted Interference Measurement T-1597: Telecommunication Ports Conducted Interference Measurement
		EMC: AS/NZS CISPR 11, AS/NZS CISPR 14.1, AS/NZS CISPR22, AS/NZS 61000.6.3, AS/NZS 61000.6.4
Australia CAB Recognition	Ā	Radio communications: AS/NZS 4281, AS/NZS 4268, AS/NZS 4280.1, AS/NZS 4280.2, AS/NZS 4295, AS/NZS 4582, AS/NZS 4583, AS/NZS 4769.1, AS/NZS 4769.2, AS/NZS 4770, AS/NZS 4771
		Telecommunications: AS/ACIF S002:05, AS/ACIF S003:06, AS/ACIF S004:06 AS/ACIF S006:01, AS/ACIF S016:01, AS/ACIF S031:01, AS/ACIF S038:01, AS/ACIF S040:01, AS/ACIF S041:05, AS/ACIF S043.2:06, AS/ACIF S60950.1
Australia NATA Recognition	R	AS/ACIF S002, AS/ACIF S003, AS/ACIF S004, AS/ACIF S006, AS/ACIF S016,AS/ACIF S031, AS/ACIF S038, AS/ACIF S040, AS/ACIF S041, AS/ACIF S043.2

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## Annex C. Probe Calibration Report



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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



- S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
- C Service suisse d'étalonnage

S Servizio svizzero di taratura

Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL	Record and the second
A STATE OF A	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,v,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A. B. C. D	statilities (notify_cycle) of the KF signal
	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\phi$	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization 9	9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center).
	i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis
Company A 1	

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- Techniques", June 2013 b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from handheld and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
   c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
  implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
  in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx, y, z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom
  exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: EX3-7469\_Aug17

Page 2 of 38

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 Test report No.
 FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0

 Page
 49 of 83

EX3DV4 - SN:7469

August 21, 2017

# Probe EX3DV4

## SN:7469

Manufactured: Calibrated:

October 25, 2016 August 21, 2017

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: EX3-7469\_Aug17

Page 3 of 38

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EX3DV4- SN:7469

August 21, 2017

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7469

## **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X		-	
AL ( 1.1.1. 2.5	Sensor A	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm $(\mu V/(V/m)^2)^A$	0.45	0.45	0.57	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>8</sup>	99.0	and the second se		I 10.1 %
	35.0	97.0	92.5	

## Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dBõV	с	D dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	CW X 0.	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	139.7	±3.3 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		142.6	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		143.0	

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix.

#### Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V <sup>-1</sup>	T1 ms.V <sup>-2</sup>	T2 ms.V <sup>-1</sup>	T3 ms	T4 V <sup>-2</sup>	T5 V <sup>-1</sup>	Т6
Х	33.29	249.7	36.00	8.132	0	5.025	0.000		4.000
Y	32.92	246.5	35.79	5.819	0			0.333	1.003
7	45.41				0	5.006	0.000	0.326	1.002
Los .	40.41	349.0	37.55	8.873	0	5.004	0.655	0.392	1.007

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

 <sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
 <sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
 <sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the first value. field value.

Certificate No: EX3-7469\_Aug17

Page 4 of 38

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Test report No.	FCC-IC_SAR_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0
Page	51 of 83

EX3DV4- SN:7469

August 21, 2017

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7469

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
835	41.5	0.90	11.14	11.14	11.14	0.54	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.84	10.84	10.84	0.47	0.81	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	9.41	9.41	9.41	0.36	0.85	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	9.08	9.08	9.08	0.35	0.85	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	8.25	8.25	8.25	0.32	0.94	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	6.14	6.14	6.14	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	5.41	5.41	5.41	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	5.79	5.79	5.79	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

<sup>c</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz. <sup>F</sup> Al frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and d) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (e and d) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters. <sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: EX3-7469\_Aug17

Page 5 of 38

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EX3DV4-SN:7469

August 21, 2017

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7469

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
835	55.2	0.97	11.09	11.09	11.09	0.44	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	10.93	10.93	10.93	0.48	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	9.38	9.38	9.38	0.30	0.95	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	8.90	8.90	8.90	0.42	0.92	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	8.50	8.50	8.50	0.39	0.90	± 12.0 %
5250	48.9	5.36	5.41	5.41	5.41	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.65	4.65	4.65	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5750	48.3	5.94	4.90	4.90	4.90	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.
\* Al frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and n) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (s and n) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
• Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Certificate No: EX3-7469\_Aug17

Page 6 of 38

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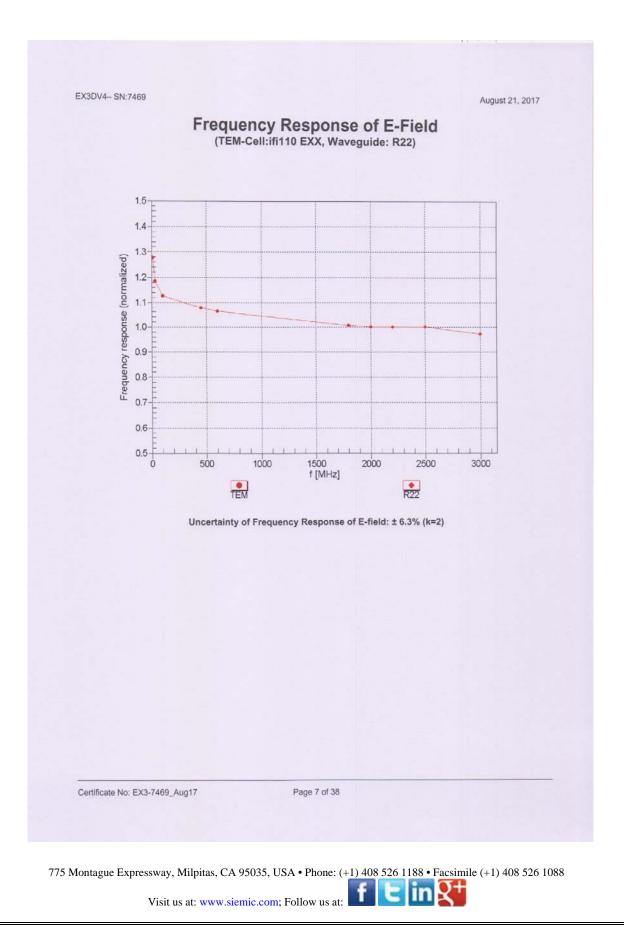
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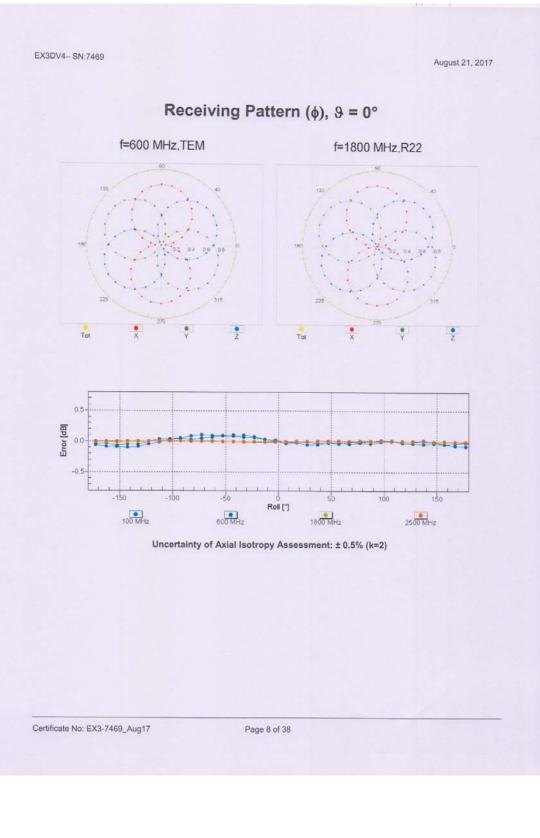


 Test report No.
 FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0

 Page
 53 of 83







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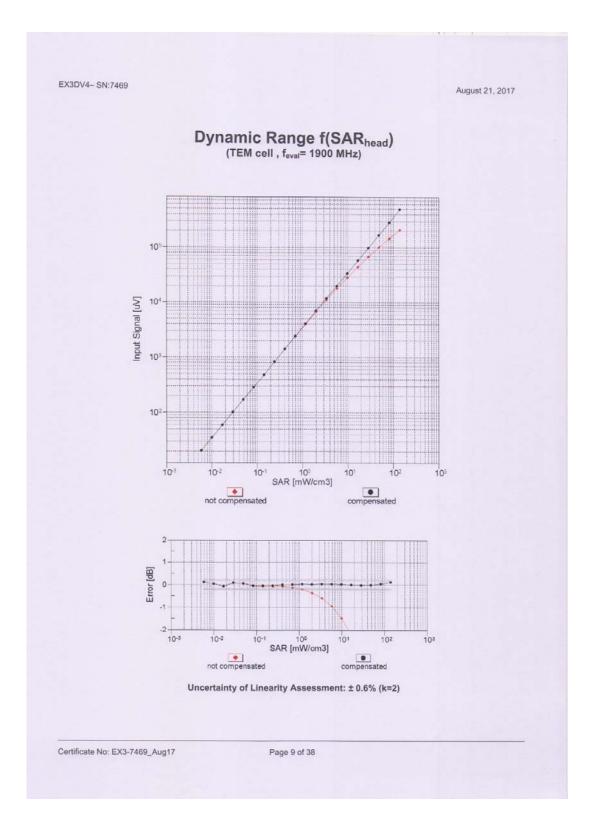
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 Test report No.
 FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0

 Page
 55 of 83

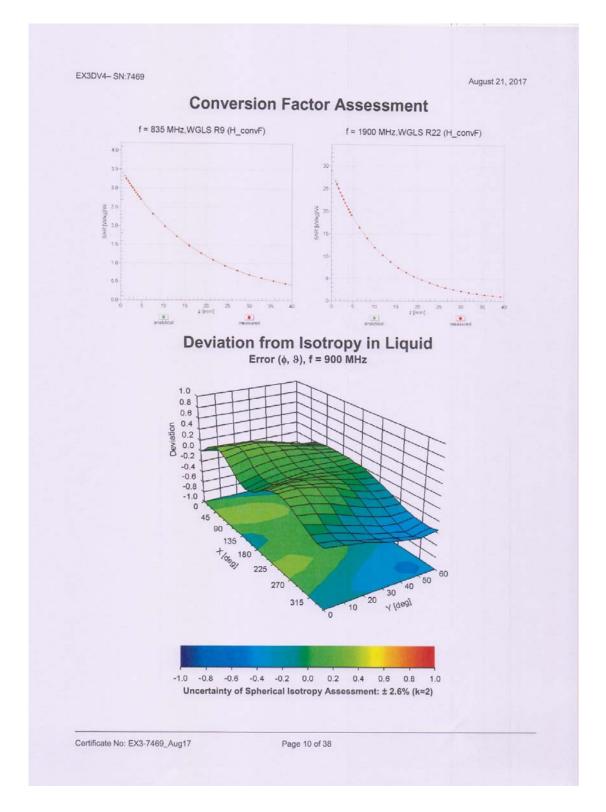


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FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0 Test report No. Page 57 of 83

EX3DV4- SN:7469

August 21, 2017

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7469

## Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	117.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Certificate No: EX3-7469\_Aug17

Page 11 of 38

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FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0 Test report No. Page 58 of 83

Annex D. Dipoles Calibration Report

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Multilateral Agreement for the	recognition of calibratio	n certificates		
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CALIDDATION			Certificate NO:	02450V2-1002_Aug17
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Object	D2450V2 - SN:	1002		
	22.00V2 - ON.	1002		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9			
		edure for dipole vali	idation kits abov	e 700 MHz
			10011011 Allo 2007	6 700 MHZ
Calibration date:	August 17, 2017	7		
This calibration certificate docum The measurements and the unce	ents the traceability to na entainties with confidence	tional standards, which rea probability are given on the	following pages and	are part of the certificate.
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## Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

## Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D2450V2-1002\_Aug17

Page 2 of 8

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### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	V32.10.0
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	inter option
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.8 ± 6 %	1.87 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 250 mW input power	6.17 W/kg

#### **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.1 ± 6 %	2.04 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	50.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)
SAB averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSI	anndition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL SAR measured SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	condition 250 mW input power normalized to 1W	6.09 W/kg

Certificate No: D2450V2-1002\_Aug17

Page 3 of 8

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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

## Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.9 Ω + 2.6 jΩ	-
Return Loss	- 27.0 dB	

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.3 Ω + 4.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.7 dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.154 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	December 29, 2016	

Certificate No: D2450V2-1002\_Aug17

Page 4 of 8

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 Test report No.
 FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0

 Page
 63 of 83

Date: 17.08.2017

## **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

## DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:1002

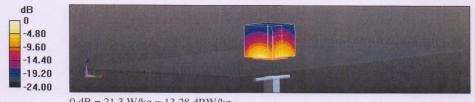
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.87 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 37.8;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(8.12, 8.12, 8.12); Calibrated: 31.05.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

#### **Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 109.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.17 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.3 W/kg



0 dB = 21.3 W/kg = 13.28 dBW/kg

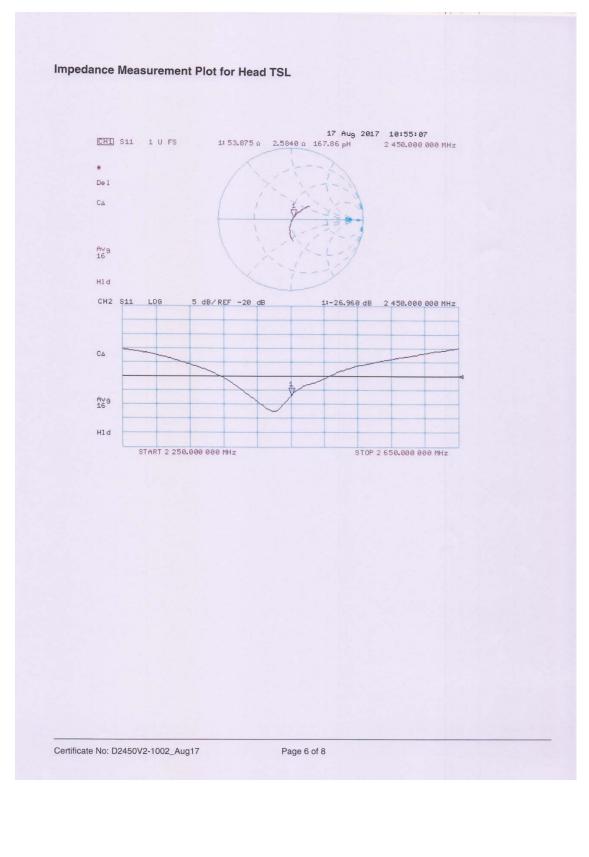
Certificate No: D2450V2-1002\_Aug17

Page 5 of 8

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 Test report No.
 FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0

 Page
 65 of 83

#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 17.08.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:1002

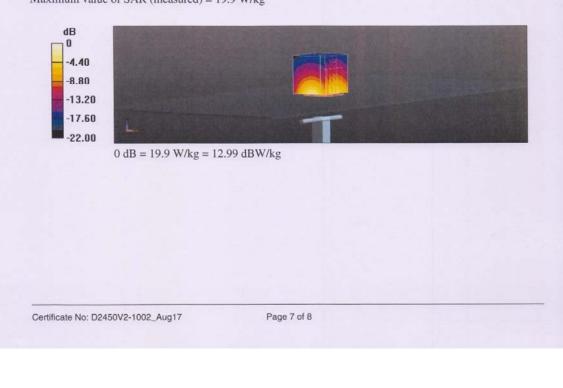
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 2.04 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 52.1;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7349; ConvF(8.1, 8.1, 8.1); Calibrated: 31.05.2017;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

#### Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

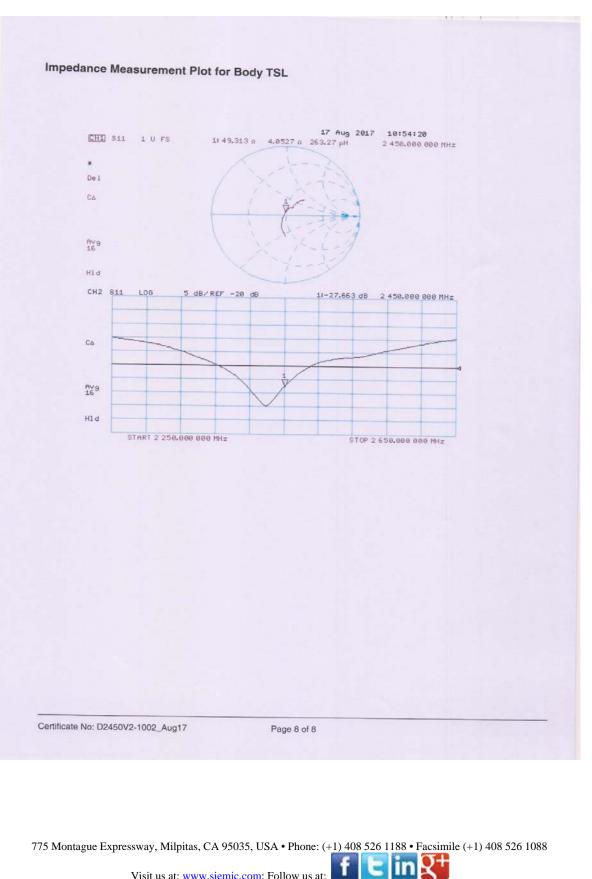
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 104.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg



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Test report No.	FCC-IC_SAR_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0
Page	66 of 83





hmid & Partner Engineering AG Ighausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich	, Switzerland	S C S	Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service
credited by the Swiss Accreditati e Swiss Accreditation Service	is one of the signatories	to the EA	creditation No.: SCS 0108
ent SIEMIC Inc	cognition of calibration (		D5GHzV2-1267_Aug17
ALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATE		
bject	D5GHzV2 - SN:1	267	
alibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-22.v2 Calibration proce	dure for dipole validation kits betw	ween 3-6 GHz
alibration date:	August 24, 2017		
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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

#### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
  of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1267\_Aug17

Page 2 of 13

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#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz ± 1 MHz	
riequency	5600 MHz ± 1 MHz 5750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

#### Head TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	36.3 ± 6 %	4.54 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	82.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.34 W/kg

#### Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.8 ± 6 %	4.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.49 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	84.9 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL SAR measured	condition 100 mW input power	2.42 W/kg

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1267\_Aug17

Page 3 of 13

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## Head TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.6 ± 6 %	5.07 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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Page 4 of 13

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#### Body TSL parameters at 5250 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.36 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.0 ± 6 %	5.46 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

## SAR result with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.78 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

	oonunon	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

#### Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.4 ± 6 %	5.93 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.99 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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Page 5 of 13

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## Body TSL parameters at 5750 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.3	5.94 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.2 ± 6 %	6.13 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

#### SAR result with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.88 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.19 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

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Page 6 of 13

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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.1 Ω - 3.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.6 Ω + 4.0 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.6 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.6 Ω + 3.2 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.0 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5250 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.2 Ω - 0.7 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 30.5 dB	

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.4 Ω + 4.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.7 dB

#### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5750 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.9 Ω + 4.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.1 dB

#### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.200 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

#### **Additional EUT Data**

N	Manufactured by	SPEAG		
N	Manufactured on	July 19, 2017		

Certificate No: D5GHzV2-1267\_Aug17

Page 7 of 13

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#### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 24.08.2017

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

#### DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1267

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5750 MHz Medium parameters used: f = 5250 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.54 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 36.3;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 4.91 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.8;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, Medium parameters used: f = 5750 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 5.07 S/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 35.6;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup> Phantom section: Flat Section Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3503; ConvF(5.58, 5.58, 5.58); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 31.12.2016, ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 31.12.2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 28.03.2017
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.0(1446); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7417)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 72.02 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.3 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 71.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.0 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm Reference Value = 70.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 8.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg

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Page 8 of 13

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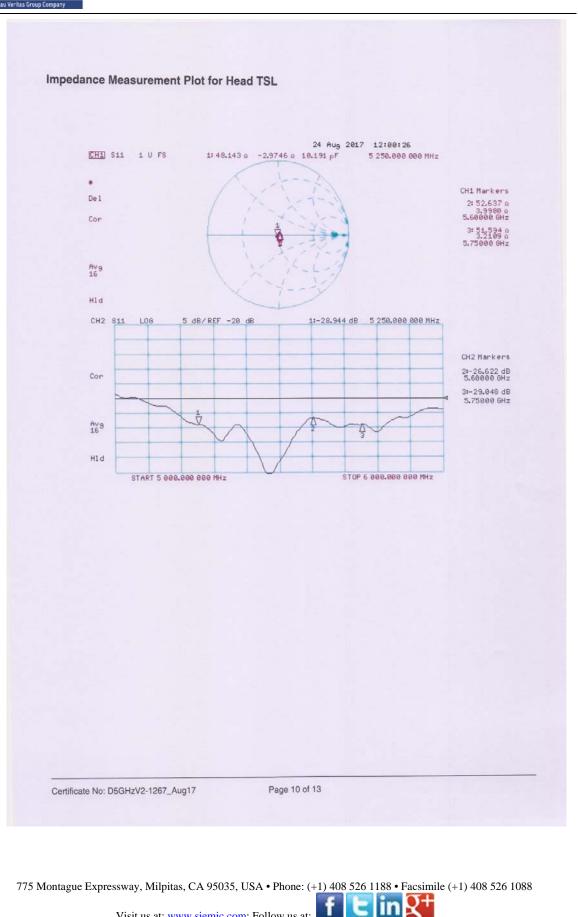


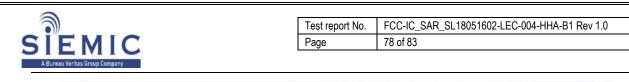
Test report No.	FCC-IC_SAR_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0
Page	76 of 83

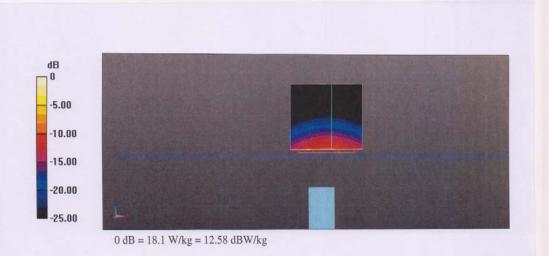
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Page	77 of 83







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Page 12 of 13

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Test report No. FCC-IC\_SAR\_SL18051602-LEC-004-HHA-B1 Rev 1.0 Page 79 of 83

## Annex E. DAE Calibration Report

libration Laboratory hmid & Partner Engineering AG ghausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich,			chweizerischer Kalibrierdienst ervice suisse d'étalonnage ervizio svizzero di taratura wiss Calibration Service
redited by the Swiss Accreditation Swiss Accreditation Service Itiliateral Agreement for the red ent SIEMIC Inc.	is one of the signatories to	the EA tificates	b.: SCS 0108
ALIBRATION C	ERTIFICATE		
oject	DAE4 - SD 000 D04	4 BM - SN: 1522	
alibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v29 Calibration procedu	ure for the data acquisition electr	onics (DAE)
alibration date:	August 21, 2017		
The measurements and the unce	ertainties with confidence pro	hal standards, which realize the physical unit bability are given on the following pages and facility: environment temperature ( $22 \pm 3$ )°C	
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence pro	facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	and humidity < 70%.
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards	rtainties with contidence pro cted in the closed laboratory TE critical for calibration)	facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C Cal Date (Certificate No.)	
The measurements and the unce	rtainties with confidence pro	facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C	and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-17
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards	rtainties with contidence pro cted in the closed laboratory TE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Sep-16 (No:19065) Check Date (in house)	and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-17 Scheduled Check
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  SN: 0810278  ID #  SE UWS 053 AA 1001	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Sep-16 (No:19065)	and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-17
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Auto DAE Calibration Unit	ID # SN: 0810278 ID # SN: 0810278 ID # SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UMS 006 AA 1002	Cal Date (Certificate No.) 09-Sep-16 (No:19065) Check Date (in house) 05-Jan-17 (in house check)	and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-17 Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-18 In house check: Jan-18 Signature
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Auto DAE Calibration Unit	TE critical for calibration)  ID #  SN: 0810278  ID #  SE UWS 053 AA 1001	Cal Date (Certificate No.)         09-Sep-16 (No:19065)         Check Date (in house)         05-Jan-17 (in house check)	scheduled Calibration Sep-17 Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-18 In house check: Jan-18 Signature
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& <u>Primary Standards</u> Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 <u>Secondary Standards</u> Auto DAE Calibration Unit Calibrator Box V2.1	rtainties with confidence pro cted in the closed laboratory TE critical for calibration) ID # SN: 0810278 ID # SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UMS 006 AA 1002 Name	Cal Date (Certificate No.)         09-Sep-16 (No:19065)         Check Date (in house)         05-Jan-17 (in house check)         05-Jan-17 (in house check)	and humidity < 70%. Scheduled Calibration Sep-17 Scheduled Check In house check: Jan-18 In house check: Jan-18 Signature
The measurements and the unce All calibrations have been condu Calibration Equipment used (M& Primary Standards Keithley Multimeter Type 2001 Secondary Standards Auto DAE Calibration Unit Calibrator Box V2.1 Calibrated by: Approved by:	ID # SN: 0810278 ID # SN: 0810278 ID # SE UWS 053 AA 1001 SE UMS 006 AA 1002 Name A. Gehring Sven Kühn	Cal Date (Certificate No.)         09-Sep-16 (No:19065)         Check Date (in house)         05-Jan-17 (in house check)         05-Jan-17 (in house check)         Enction         Laboratory Technician	sand humidity < 70%. <u>Scheduled Calibration</u> Sep-17 <u>Scheduled Check</u> In house check: Jan-18 In house check: Jan-18 Signature J. J. J

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS) The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

#### Glossary

DAE Connector angle

data acquisition electronics information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a
  result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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Page 2 of 5

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#### **DC Voltage Measurement**

A/D - Converter Reso	olution nominal		and a second	100 000
High Range:	1LSB =	6.1µV,	full range =	-100+300 mV
Thight the get			a 44	4 . 2001/

1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1......+3mV Low Range: DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
		405.067 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.430 ± 0.02% (k=2)
riigii riarige	400.011		
Low Range	3.98281 ± 1.50% (K=2)	0.070712 1.0000 (	

#### **Connector Angle**

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	94.5 ° ± 1 °	
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Page 3 of 5

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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

#### 1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199994.27	-1.52	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20004.60	2.89	0.01
Channel X - Input	-19996.73	4.15	-0.02
Channel Y + Input	199994.98	-0.58	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	19999.32	-2.30	-0.01
Channel Y - Input	-20001.84	-0.79	0.00
Channel Z + Input	199995.60	-0.33	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	19999.80	-1.91	-0.01
Channel Z - Input	-20000.61	0.46	-0.00

Low Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2001.28	-0.04	-0.00
Channel X + Input	202.66	0.83	0.41
Channel X - Input	-196.85	1.23	-0.62
Channel Y + Input	2001.13	-0.16	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200.92	-0.71	-0.35
Channel Y - Input	-198.50	-0.33	0.17
Channel Z + Input	2001.23	0.04	0.00
Channel Z + Input	201.09	-0.60	-0.30
Channel Z - Input	-198.58	-0.46	0.23

## 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	10.71	8.83
	- 200	-6.25	-8.22
Channel Y	200	1.31	1.60
	- 200	-3.41	-3.25
Channel Z	200	2.02	1.09
onumber 2	- 200	-2.03	-2.50

#### 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200		-1.13	-3.99
Channel Y	200	8.77	-	1.92
Channel Z	200	11.92	4.79	-

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Page 4 of 5

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#### 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

 DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

 High Range (LSB)
 Low Range (LSB)

 Channel X
 15962
 15868

 Channel Y
 16183
 14604

 Channel Z
 16035
 16366

### 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input  $10M\Omega$ 

	Average (µV)	min. Offset (µV)	max. Offset (µV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.77	-0.43	2.33	0.40
Channel Y	-0.56	-2.24	0.71	0.38
Channel Z	-0.80	-1.50	0.12	0.33

#### 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
200	200
200	200
200	200
	200 200

## 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values Supply (+ Vcc)	Alarm Level (VDC)	
	+7.9	
and the second se	-7.6	
Supply (- Vcc)		

## 9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No: DAE4-1522\_Aug17

Page 5 of 5

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