SAR TEST REPORT

Test report No:	**EMC-FCC-A0012**
Type of Equipment:	**Portable Conference Transmitter**
Model Name:	**DLT 300**
Applicant:	**Williams Sound, LLC**
FCCID:	**CNMDLT300**
IC ID:	**1360A-DLT300**
FCC Rule Part:	**CFR §2.1093**
IC Rule Part:	**RSS-102 Issue 4 2010**
Test standards	**IEEE 15282003**
	ANSI/IEEE C95.1, C95.3
	KDB Publication
	IEC 62209-1 2005, 62209-2 2010
Max. SAR(1g)	**1.36 W/kg**

Test result: **Complied**

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample, the results contained in this testreport do not relate to other samples of the same product. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

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Date ofreceipt: 2014. 09.17

Date of testing: 2014. 10.10~ 10.13

Issued date: 2014. 10.27

Tested by: Min Kyoung-hoo

Approved by: Choi Cheon-sig

Contents

1. Applicant information

Applicant:	Williams Sound, LLC
Address:	10300 Valley View Road, Eden Prairie, MN55344, USA
Telephone No.:	+1-800-328-6190
Facsimile No.:	+1-952-943-2174
E-mail:	gregga@williamssound.com
Contact Person:	Paul Ingebrigsen
Manufacturer:	Williams Sound, LLC
Address:	10300 Valley View Road, Eden Prairie, MN55344, USA

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2. Laboratory information

Address

EMC compliance Ltd.

65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon- si, Gyeonggi-do, 443-390, Korea

Telephone No.: 82-31-336-9919 Facsimile No.: 82-505-299-8311

Certificate

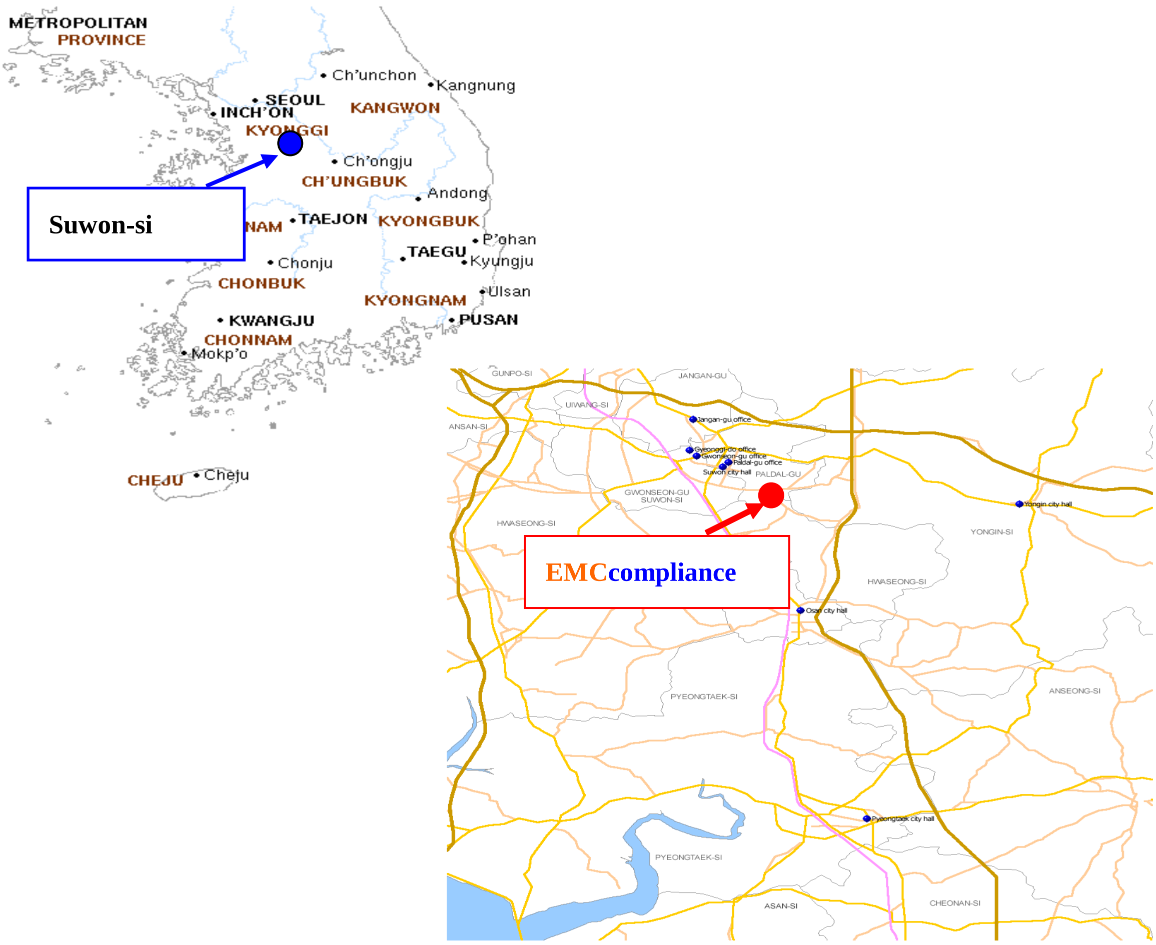
KOLAS No.: 231

FCCSite Registration No.: 687132

VCCI Site Registration No.: R-3327, G-198, C-3706, T-1849

IC Site Registration No.:8035A-2

SITE MAP



3. Identification of Sample

Mode of Operation	FHSS
Model Number	DLT 300
Serial Number	N/A
Sample Version	N/A
TxFreq.Range	FHSS : 2 402MHz ~ 2 476 MHz
Rx Freq.Range	FHSS : 2 402MHz ~ 2 476 MHz
RF Output Power	14 dBm Typical (Max. 16 dBm)
Antenna Type	Chip Ant. on Board
Antenna Gain	1.2 dBi
Normal Voltae	DC 3.7 V 2000 mA(Li-ion Polymer Battery)

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4.Test Result Summary

Frequency		RF Output Power (dBm)	Max. tune up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	EUT Position	Distance (mm)	Measured 1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaled 1 g SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.							
2402	1	14.0	16	1.585	Body Front	0	0.860	**1.36**

5. Report Overview

This report details the results of testing carried out on the samples listed in section 3, the results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

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6. Test Lab Declaration or Comments

None

7. Applicant Declaration or Comments

None

8. Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements and results are recorded and maintained at the laboratory performing the tests and measurement uncertainties are taken into account when comparing measurements to pass/ fail criteria.

8.1 Uncertainty of SAR equipments for measurement Head 300 MHz to 3GHz(IEEE 1528)

A	b	c	D	e = f(d,k)	g	i = c x g / e	k
Source of Uncertainty	**Description** IEEE P1528 (0.3 ~ 3 GHz)	**Tolerance/ Uncertainty value** ± %	**Probability Distribution**	**Div.**	**Ci** (1 g)	**Standard uncertainty** ± %, (1 g)	**Vi or Veff**
Measurement System							
Probe calibration(k=1)	E.2.1	6.30	N	1	1	6.30	∞
Axial isotropy	E.2.2	0.50	R	1.73	0.71	0.20	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	E.2.2	2.60	R	1.73	0.71	1.06	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.60	R	1.73	1	0.35	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
Readout electronics	E.2.6	0.30	N	1	1	0.30	∞
Response time	E.2.7	0.80	R	1.73	1	0.46	∞
Integration time	E.2.8	2.60	R	1.73	1	1.50	∞
RF ambient conditions–noise	E.6.1	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
RF ambient conditions–reflections	E.6.1	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	0.40	R	1.73	1	0.23	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	2.90	R	1.73	1	1.67	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.00	R	1.73	1	1.15	∞
Test Sample Related							
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	4.71	N	1	1	4.71	9
Device holder uncertainty	E.4.1	3.60	N	1	1	3.60	5
Output power variation—SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.00	R	1.73	1	2.89	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	6.10	R	1.73	1	3.52	∞
Liquid conductivity-measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	1.53	N	1	0.64	0.98	5
Liquid permittivity-measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.07	N	1	0.6	1.84	5
Liquid conductivity-deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.00	R	1.73	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid permittivity-deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.00	R	1.73	0.6	1.73	∞
Combined standard uncertainty				RSS		11.00	165
Expanded uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)				K=2		22.00	

8.2 Uncertainty of SAR equipments for measurement Body 300 MHz to 3GHz(IEEE 1528)

A	b	c	D	e = f(d,k)	g	i = c x g / e	k
Source of Uncertainty	Description IEEE P1528 (0.3 ~ 3 GHz)	Tolerance/ Uncertainty value ± %	Probability Distribution	Div.	Ci (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Vi or Veff
Measurement System							
Probe calibration(k=1)	E.2.1	6.30	N	1	1	6.30	∞
Axial isotropy	E.2.2	0.50	R	1.73	0.71	0.20	∞
Hemispherical isotropy	E.2.2	2.60	R	1.73	0.71	1.06	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.60	R	1.73	1	0.35	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
Readout electronics	E.2.6	0.30	N	1	1	0.30	∞
Response time	E.2.7	0.80	R	1.73	1	0.46	∞
Integration time	E.2.8	2.60	R	1.73	1	1.50	∞
RF ambient conditions–noise	E.6.1	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
RF ambient conditions–reflections	E.6.1	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	0.40	R	1.73	1	0.23	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	E.6.3	2.90	R	1.73	1	1.67	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	2.00	R	1.73	1	1.15	∞
Test Sample Related							
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	4.71	N	1	1	4.71	9
Device holder uncertainty	E.4.1	3.60	N	1	1	3.60	5
Output power variation—SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.00	R	1.73	1	2.89	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	7.50	R	1.73	1	4.33	∞
Liquid conductivity-measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	1.53	N	1	0.64	0.98	5
Liquid permittivity-measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.07	N	1	0.6	1.84	5
Liquid conductivity-deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.00	R	1.73	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid permittivity-deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.00	R	1.73	0.6	1.73	∞
Combined standard uncertainty				RSS		11.29	183
Expanded uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)				K=2		22.57	

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8.3Uncertainty of SAR equipments for measurement Head 300 MHz to 3GHz(IEC 62209-1)

A	*b*	*c*	D	*e = f(d,k)*	*g*	*i = c x g / e*	*k*
Source of Uncertainty	**Description** 62209-1	**Tolerance/ Uncertainty value**	**Probability Distribution**	**Div.**	**Ci**	**Standard uncertainty**	**Vi or Veff**
	(0.3 ~ 3 GHz)	± %			(10 g)	± %, (10 g)	
Measurement System							
Probe calibration	7.2.1	6.30	N	1	1	6.30	∞
Isotropy	7.2.1.2	1.87	R	1.73	1	1.08	∞
Linearity	7.2.1.5	0.60	R	1.73	1	0.35	∞
Boundary effect	7.2.1.3	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
Detection limits	7.2.1.4	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
Readout electronics	7.2.1.6	0.30	N	1	1	0.30	∞
Response time	7.2.1.7	0.80	R	1.73	1	0.46	∞
Integration time	7.2.1.8	2.60	R	1.73	1	1.50	∞
RF ambient conditions–noise	7.2.3.6	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
RF ambient conditions–reflections	7.2.3.6	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mech. restrictions	7.2.2.1	0.40	R	1.73	1	0.23	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	7.2.2.3	2.90	R	1.73	1	1.67	∞
Post-processing	7.2.4	2.00	R	1.73	1	1.15	∞
Test Sample Related							
Test sample positioning	7.2.2.4	4.11	N	1	1	4.11	9
Device holder uncertainty	7.2.2.4.2	3.60	N	1	1	3.60	5
Drift of output power (measured SAR drift)	7.2.3.5	5.00	R	1.73	1	2.89	∞
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	7.2.2.2	6.10	R	1.73	1	3.52	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	7.2.3.3	1.53	N	1	0.43	0.66	5
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	7.2.3.4	3.07	N	1	0.49	1.50	5
Liquid conductivity(target)	7.2.3.3	5.00	R	1.73	0.43	1.24	∞
Liquid permittivity(target)	7.2.3.4	5.00	R	1.73	0.49	1.41	∞
Combined standard uncertainty				RSS		10.55	189
Expanded uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)				K=2		21.09	

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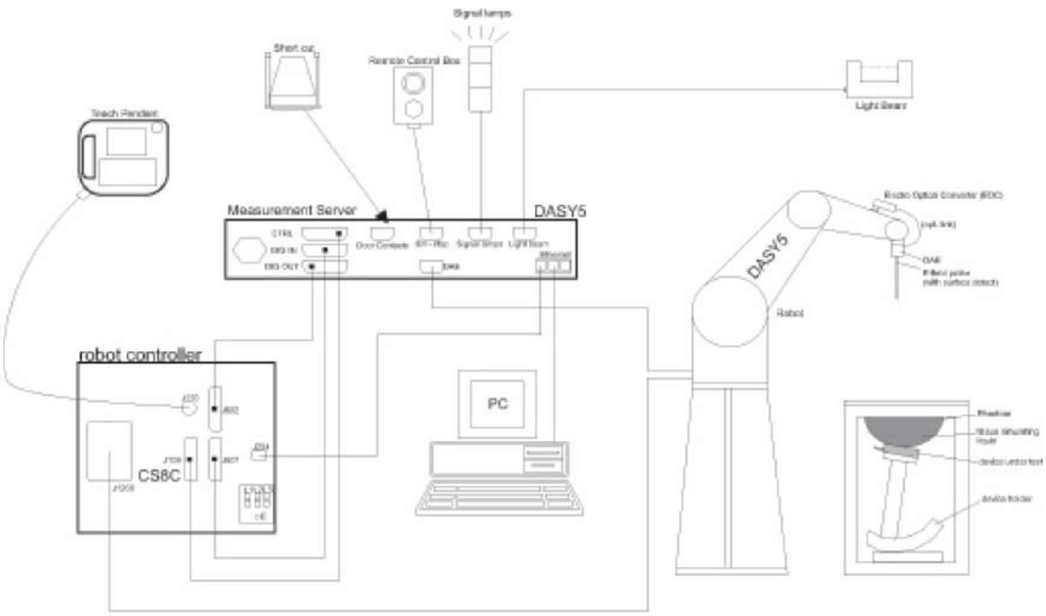
8.4 Uncertainty of SAR equipments for measurement Body 300 MHz to 3GHz(IEC 62209-2)

A	b	c	D	e = f(d,k)	g	i = c x g / e	k
Source of Uncertainty	Description 62209-2 (0.3 ~ 3 GHz)	Tolerance/ Uncertainty value ± %	Probability Distribution	Div.	Ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)	Vi or Veff
Measurement System							
Probe calibration	7.2.2.1	6.30	N	1	1	6.30	∞
Isotropy	7.2.2.2	1.87	R	1.73	1	1.08	∞
Linearity	7.2.1.3	0.60	R	1.73	1	0.35	∞
Probe modulation response	7.2.2.4	2.40	R	1.73	1	1.39	∞
Detection limits	7.2.2.6	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
Boundary effect	7.2.2.6	1.00	R	1.73	1	0.58	∞
Readout electronics	7.2.2.7	0.30	N	1	1	0.30	∞
Response time	7.2.2.8	0.80	R	1.73	1	0.46	∞
Integration time	7.2.2.9	2.60	R	1.73	1	1.50	∞
RF ambient conditions–noise	7.2.4.5	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
RF ambient conditions–reflections	7.2.4.5	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mech. restrictions	7.2.3.1	0.40	R	1.73	1	0.23	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	7.2.3.3	2.90	R	1.73	1	1.67	∞
Post-processing	7.2.5	2.00	R	1.73	1	1.15	∞
Test Sample Related							
Device holder uncertainty	7.2.3.4.2	3.60	N	1	1	3.60	5
Test sample positioning	7.2.3.4.3	4.11	N	1	1	4.11	9
Power scaling	L.3	0.00	R	1.73	1	0.00	∞
Drift of output power (measured SAR drift)	7.2.2.10	5.00	R	1.73	1	2.89	∞
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	7.2.3.2	7.50	R	1.73	1	4.33	∞
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	7.2.4.3	1.90	N	1	0.84	1.60	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	7.2.4.3	1.53	N	1	0.71	1.09	5
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	7.2.4.3	3.07	N	1	0.26	0.80	5
Liquid conductivity–temperature uncertainty	7.2.4.4	3.36	R	1.73	0.71	1.38	∞
Liquid permittivity–temperature uncertainty	7.2.4.4	0.40	R	1.73	0.26	0.06	∞
Combined standard uncertainty	7.3.1			RSS		10.93	218
Expanded uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)	7.3.2			K=2		21.86	

9. The SAR Measurement System



<SAR System Configuration>

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension foraccommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- Data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion,offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered withstandard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digitalcommunication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. TheEOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control ofthe robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

9.1 Isotropic E-field Probe EX3DV4

<EX3DV4 E-field Probe>

Construction	**:**	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g. DGBE).
Calibration	**:**	In air from 10 MHz to 6 GHz In brain simulating tissue (accuracy ± 6.3 %)
Frequency	**:**	10 MHz to >6 GHz; Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	**:**	±0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ±0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation normal to probe axis)
DynamicRange	**:**	5 µW/g to >100 mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2 dB
Srfce. Detect	**:**	±0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Dimensions	**:**	Overall length: 337 mm Tip length: 9 mm Body diameter: 10 mm Tip diameter: 2.5 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2 mm
Application	**:**	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

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9.2 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom

A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on the cover are possible.
On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.
Phantom specification:
DescriptionThe shell corresponds to the specifications of the SpecificAnthropomorphicMannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, IEC 62209-1 and IEC62209-2. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as bodymounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Referencemarkings on the phantomallow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions andmeasurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.
Shell Thickness2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)
Filling Volume Approx.25 liters
Dimensions Length:1 000 mm, Width: 500 mm, Height: 850 mm (Adjustable feet)

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9.3 Device Holder for Transmitters

<Device Holder for Transmitters>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. An accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions, in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity = 3 and loss tangent = 0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

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10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulant Liquids were measured by using the Speag DAK-3.5 in conjunction with Agilent E5071B Network Analyzer. The Conductivity (σ) and Permittivity (ρ) are listed in Table 1.For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulant Liquids was (22 ± 2) ℃.

Freq. (MHz)	Tissue Type	Limit/Measured	Permittivity (ρ)	Conductivity (σ)	Temp (℃)
2 402	Body	Recommended Limit	52.76 ± 5 % (50.13 ~ 55.40)	1.91 ± 5 % (1.81 ~ 2.00)	22 ± 2
		Measured, 2014-10-10	51.39	1.91	21.17
2 440	Body	Recommended Limit	52.71 ± 5 % (50.08 ~ 55.35)	1.94 ± 5 % (1.84 ~ 2.04)	22 ± 2
		Measured, 2014-10-10	51.28	1.96	21.17
2 450	Body	Recommended Limit	52.70 ± 5 % (50.07 ~ 55.34)	1.95 ± 5 % (1.85 ~ 2.05)	22 ± 2
		Measured, 2014-10-10	51.23	1.97	21.17
2 476	Body	Recommended Limit	52.67± 5 % (50.04 ~ 55.30)	1.92± 5 % (1.82 ~ 2.02)	22 ± 2
		Measured, 2014-10-10	51.35	2.00	21.17
2 402	Head	Recommended Limit	39.28± 5 % (37.32 ~ 41.25)	1.76± 5 % (1.67 ~ 1.85)	22 ± 2
		Measured, 2014-10-13	38.61	1.76	22.55
2 440	Head	Recommended Limit	39.22± 5 % (37.26 ~ 41.18)	1.79 ± 5 % (1.70 ~ 1.88)	22 ± 2
		Measured, 2014-10-13	38.46	1.80	22.55
2 450	Head	Recommended Limit	39.20 ± 5 % (37.24 ~ 41.16)	1.80 ± 5 % (1.71 ~ 1.89)	22 ± 2
		Measured, 2014-10-13	38.40	1.81	22.55
2 476	Head	Recommended Limit	39.17± 5 % (37.21 ~ 41.13)	1.83 ± 5 % (1.74 ~ 1.92)	22 ± 2
		Measured, 2014-10-13	38.25	1.84	22.55

<Table 1.Measurement result of Tissue electric parameters>

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The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99^{+}% Pure Sodium Chloride
Sugar: 98^{+}% Pure Sucrose
Water: De-ionized, 16 $M\Omega^{+}$ resistivity
HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose
DGBE: 99^{+}% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]
Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1, 3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

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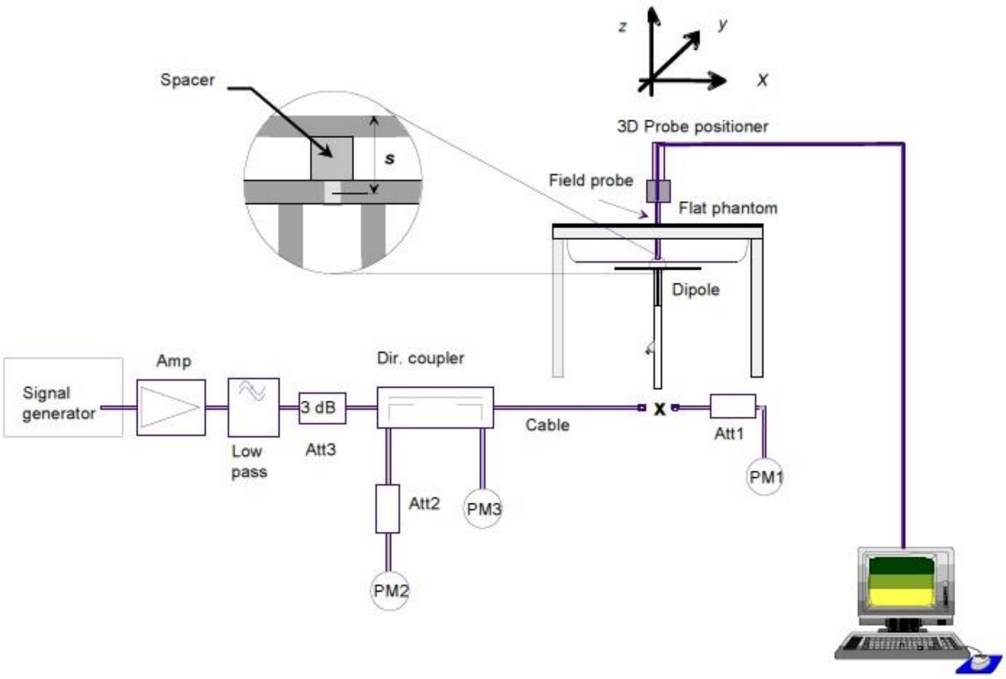
10.2 Test System Verification

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched below picture. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within ± 10% from the target SAR values. These tests were done at 2450 MHz. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table Table 2 (A power level of 250 ㎽ was input to the dipole antenna). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range (22 ± 2) ℃, the relative humidity was in the range (50 ± 20) % and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



Validation Kit	Dipole Ant. S/N	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Limit/Measurement (Normalized to 1 W)		
					1 g	10 g
D2450V2	895	2450	MSL_2450	Recommended Limit (Normalized)	50.9 ± 10 % (45.81 ~ 55.99)	23.6 ± 10 % (21.24 ~ 25.96)
				Measured, 2014-10-10	54.80	25.28
D2450V2	895	2450	HSL_2450	Recommended Limit (Normalized)	52.5 ± 10 % (47.25 ~ 57.75)	24.5 ± 10 % (22.05 ~ 26.95)
				Measured, 2014-10-13	56.00	25.60

<Table 2.Test System Verification Result>

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11. Operation Configurations

For the Wireless Transceiver SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the operating mode for can be controlled by EUT. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number is allocated to 1, 8 and 16 respectively in the case of 2402 ~ 2476 MHz. During the test,at the each test frequency channel, the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode.

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12. SAR Measurement Procedures

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement
The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift ofthe device under test in the batch process. The Minimum distance of probe sensors to surfacedetermines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. The minimum distance of probe sensorsto surface is 2 mm. This distance cannot be smaller than the Distance of sensor calibration points toprobe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan
The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doinga fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASYsoftware can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan hasmeasured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a rangeof the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. Forexample, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is arequirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only oneZoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. Forcases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increasedaccordingly.

Area Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measument 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scanjob within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates theaveraged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Parameters extracted from KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measument 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03.

<table>
<tr><th colspan="3"></th><th>≤ 3 GHz</th><th>> 3 GHz</th></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}</td><td>≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm
2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*</td><td>3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*
4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface</td><td colspan="2">uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$</td><td>≤ 5 mm</td><td>3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm
4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm
5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">graded grid</td><td>$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface</td><td>≤ 4 mm</td><td>3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm
4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm
5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td>$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points</td><td colspan="2">$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$</td></tr>
<tr><td>Minimum zoom scan volume</td><td colspan="2">x, y, z</td><td>≥ 30 mm</td><td>3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm
4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm
5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="5">Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.</td></tr>
</table>

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent powerreference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power DriftMeasurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last PowerReference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within abatch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1.

Step 5: Z-Scan

The Z Scan measures points along a vertical straight line. The line runs along the Z-axis of a onedimensionalgrid. In order to get a reasonable extrapolation, the extrapolated distance should not belarger than the step size in Z-direction.

* Z Scan Report on Liquid Measure the height Annex A.4 Liquid Depth photo to replace

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13. Test Equipment Information

Test Platform	SPEAG DASY5 System			
Description	SAR Test System (Frequency range 300MHz-6GHz)			
Software Reference	DASY5: V52.8.8.1222, SEMCAD: V14.6.10 (7331)			
Hardware Reference				
Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Date of Calibration	Due date of next Calibration
DASY5 Robot	TX90XL Speag	F12/5L7FA1/A/01	N/A	N/A
DASY5 Controller	TX90XL Speag	F12/5L7FA1/C/01	N/A	N/A
Phantom	TwinSAM Phantom	1724	N/A	N/A
Phantom	TwinSAM Phantom	1728	N/A	N/A
Mounting Device	Mounting Device	None	N/A	N/A
DAE	DAE4	1342	2014-07-24	2015-07-24
Probe	EX3DV4	3928	2014-01-15	2015-01-15
Dipole Validation Kits	D2450V2	895	2014-07-24	2016-07-24
Network Analyzer	E5071B	MY42403524	2014-07-15	2015-07-15
Dielectric Assessment Kit	DAK-3.5	1078	2014-08-19	2015-08-19
Dual Directional Coupler	772D	2839A00719	2014-08-29	2015-08-29
Signal Generator	E4438C	MY42080486	2014-02-11	2015-02-11
Power Amplifier	2055 BBS3Q7E9I	1005D/C0521	2014-05-15	2015-05-15
Dual Power Meter	E4419B	GB43312301	2014-07-17	2015-07-17
Power Sensor	8481H	3318A19377	2014-08-30	2015-08-30
Power Sensor	8481H	3318A19379	2014-08-30	2015-08-30
LP Filter	LA-30N	40058	2014-08-28	2015-08-28
Humidity/DataRecorder	MHB-382SD	73871	2014-08-26	2015-08-26

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14. RF Average Conducted Output Power

Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)	Max. tune up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor
2 402	14.00	16.00	1.585
2 440	**14.37**	16.00	1.455
2 476	14.03	16.00	1.574

15. SAR Test Results

15.1 SAR Result for Body(Separation Distance is 0 mm gap)

Frequency		Average Power (dBm)	Max. tune up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	EUT Position	Distance (mm)	Measured 1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaled 1 g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR Limit (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.								
2 440	8	14.37	16.00	1.455	Front	0	0.670	0.975	1.6
2 440	8	14.37	16.00	1.455	Back	0	0.651	0.947	
2 402	1	14.00	16.00	1.585	Front	0	0.860	**1.36**	
2 476	16	14.03	16.00	1.574	Front	0	0.499	0.785	

15.2 SAR Result for Head

Frequency		Average Power (dBm)	Max. tune up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	EUT Position		Measured 1 g SAR (W/kg)	Scaled 1 g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR Limit (W/kg)
MHz	Ch.								
2 440	8	14.37	16.00	1.455	Right	Cheek	0.223	0.334	1.6
2 440	8	14.37	16.00	1.455	Right	Tilt	0.132	0.192	
2 440	8	14.37	16.00	1.455	Left	Cheek	0.567	0.825	
2 440	8	14.37	16.00	1.455	Left	Tilt	0.244	0.355	
2 402	1	14.00	16.00	1.585	Left	Cheek	0.737	**1.17**	
2 476	16	14.03	16.00	1.574	Left	Cheek	0.431	0.678	

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16. Test System Verification Results

System check for 2450MHz-Body (2014-10-10)

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:895

Procedure Name: d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)

Communication System: UID 0, cw1; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.979 S/m; ε_r = 51.422; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

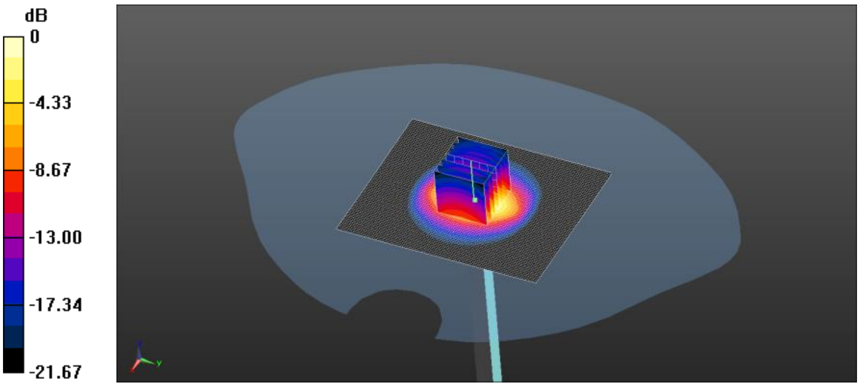
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3928; ConvF(6.84, 6.84, 6.84); Calibrated: 2014-01-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1342; Calibrated: 2014-07-24
- Phantom: SAM twin 1728; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1728
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequencies/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (81x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.4 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 102.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg



0 dB = 20.2 W/kg = 13.05 dBW/kg

System check for 2450MHz-Head(2014-10-13)

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:895

Procedure Name: d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)

Communication System: UID 0, cw1; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.808 S/m; ε_r = 38.403; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3928; ConvF(6.91, 6.91, 6.91); Calibrated: 2014-01-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1342; Calibrated: 2014-07-24
- Phantom: SAM twin SN1724; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1724
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequencies/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (81x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.6 W/kg

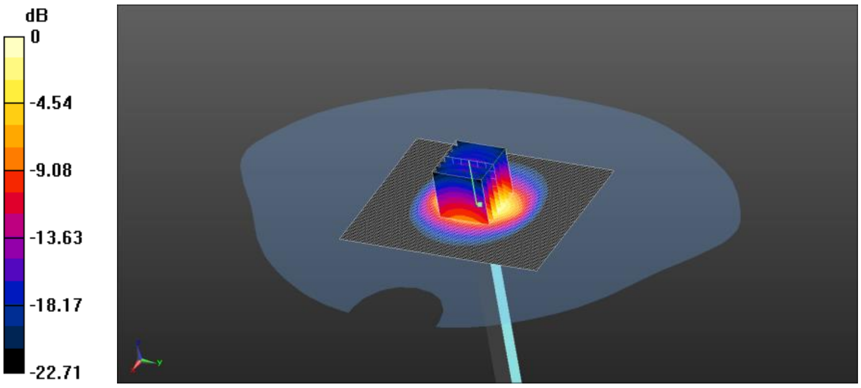
System Performance Check at Frequencies/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 111.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.4 W/kg



0 dB = 21.4 W/kg = 13.30 dBW/kg

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17. Test Results

Body_2402MHz_Body_Front_Gap0mm

DUT: DLT300; Type: Potable Conference Transmitter; Serial: N/A

Procedure Name: FHSS_ch1_f2 402_Body Front_gap 0mm

Communication System: UID 0, FHSS (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.905 S/m; ε_r = 51.54; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3928; ConvF(6.84, 6.84, 6.84); Calibrated: 2014-01-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1342; Calibrated: 2014-07-24
- Phantom: SAM twin 1728; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1728
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

DLT300/FHSS_ch1_f2 402_Body Front_gap 0mm/Area Scan (71x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.36 W/kg

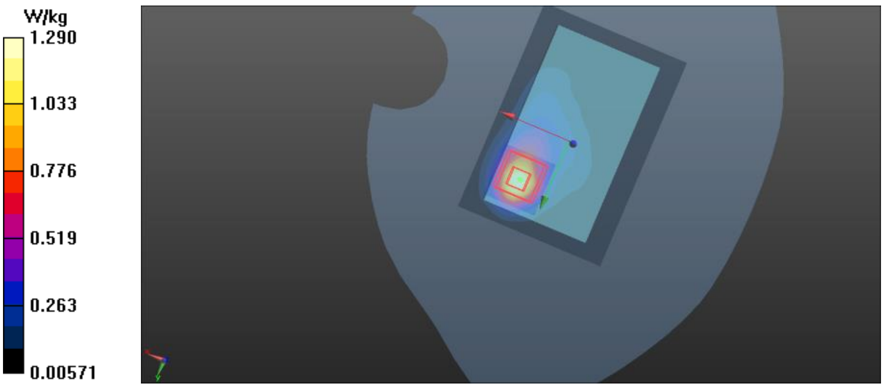
DLT300/FHSS_ch1_f2 402_Body Front_gap 0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.03 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.75 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.860 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.402 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 W/kg



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Head_2402MHz_ Left_Cheek

DUT: DLT300; Type: Portable Conference Transmitter; Serial: N/A

Procedure Name: FHSS_ch1_f2 402_Left cheek

Communication System: UID 0, FHSS (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.756 S/m; ε_r = 38.608; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3928; ConvF(6.91, 6.91, 6.91); Calibrated: 2014-01-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1342; Calibrated: 2014-07-24
- Phantom: SAM twin SN1724; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1724
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

DLT300/FHSS_ch1_f2 402_Left cheek_gap 0mm/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.21 W/kg

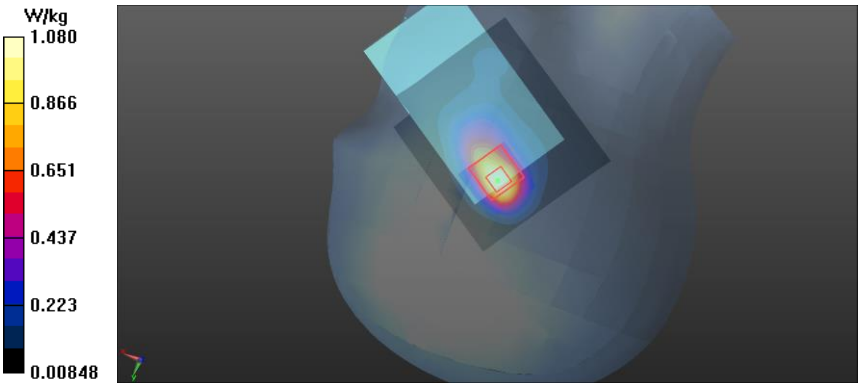
DLT300/FHSS_ch1_f2 402_Left cheek_gap 0mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.470 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.737 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.360 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg



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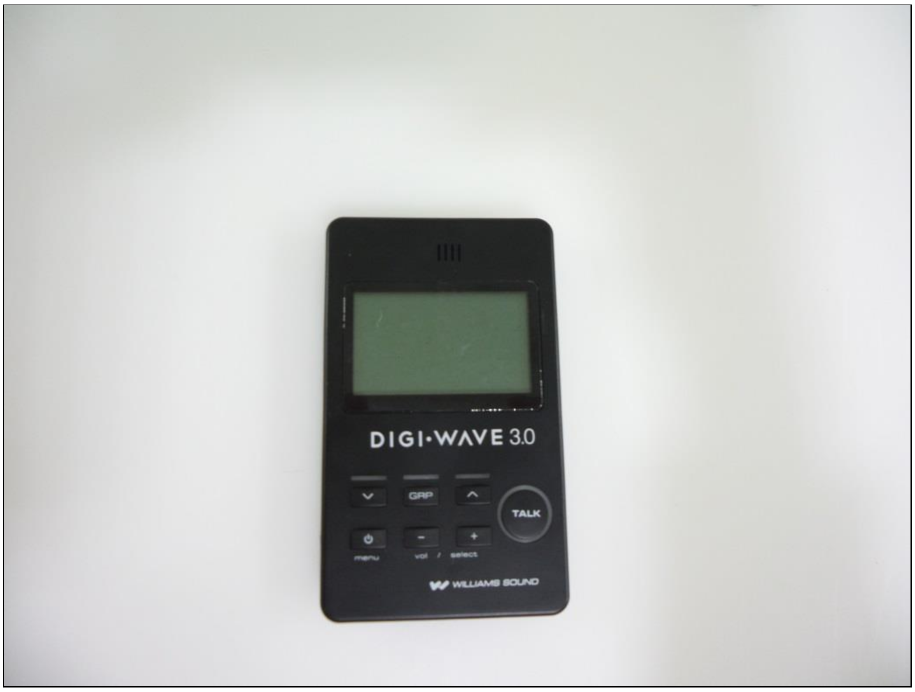
Annex A. Photographs

Annex A.1 EUT

Front View



Back View

Right side View

Left side View

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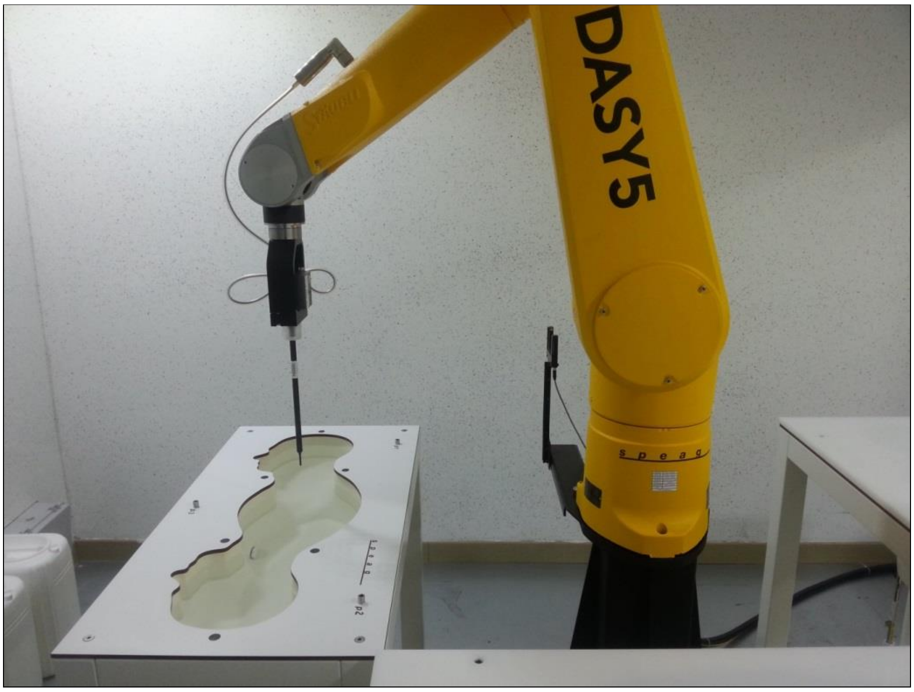
Top side View

Bottom side View

Annex A.2 Photographs of Test Setup



Photograph of the SAR measurement System

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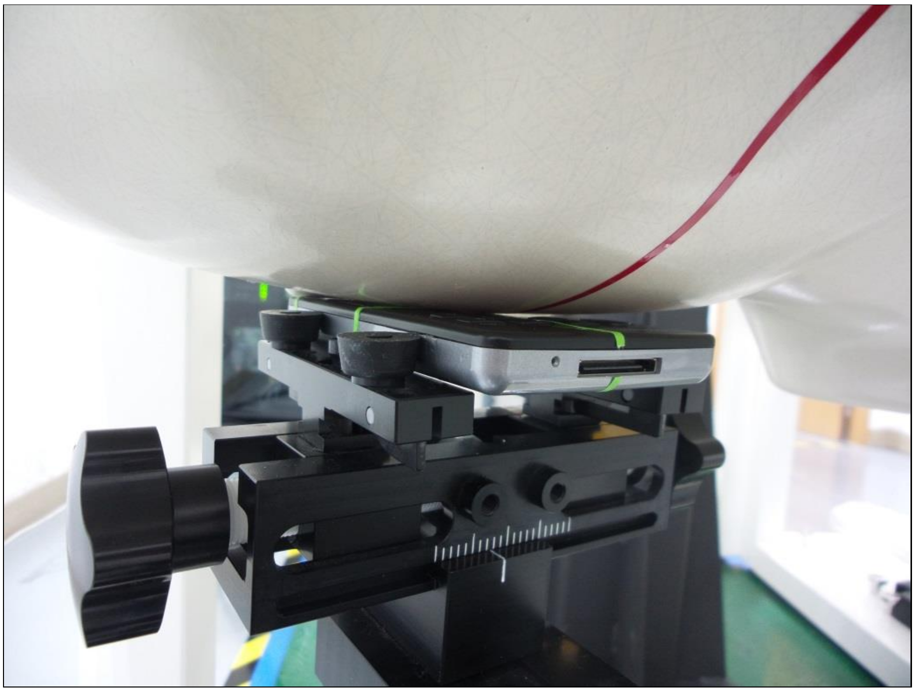
Annex A.3 Test Position

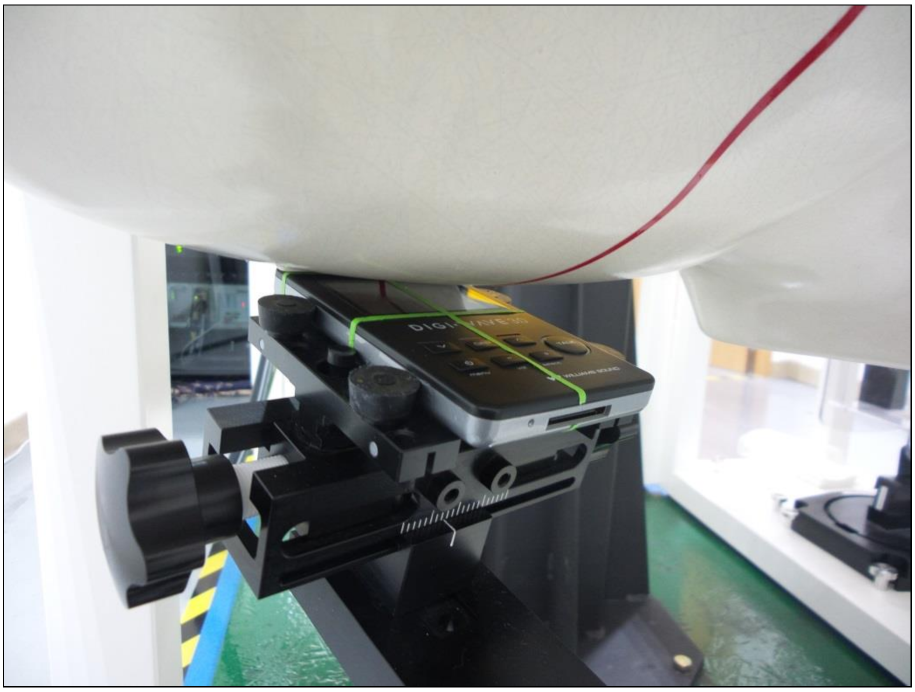
Body_Front

Body_Back

Right_Cheek



Right_Tilt



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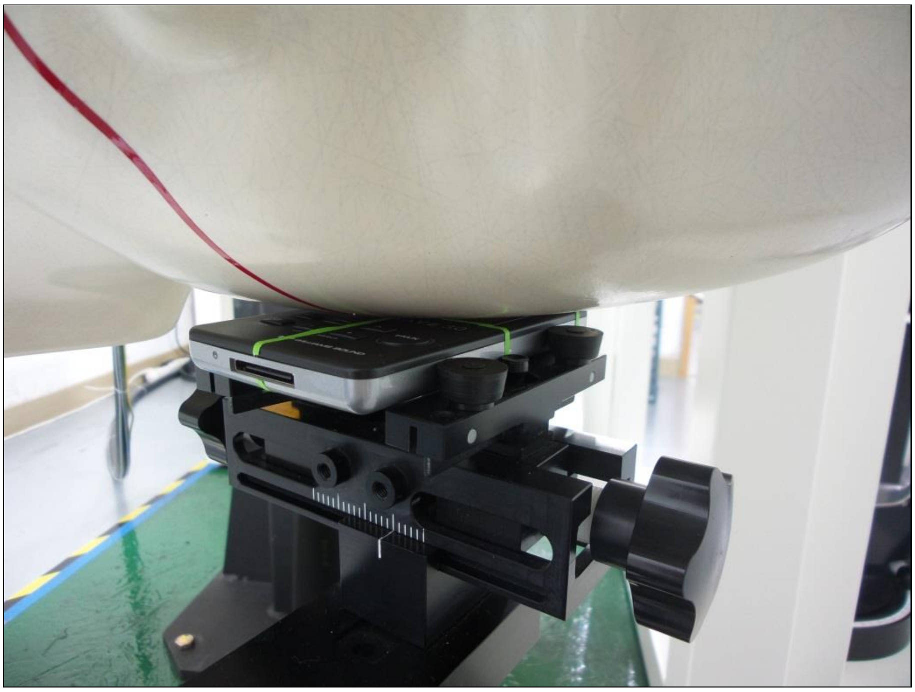
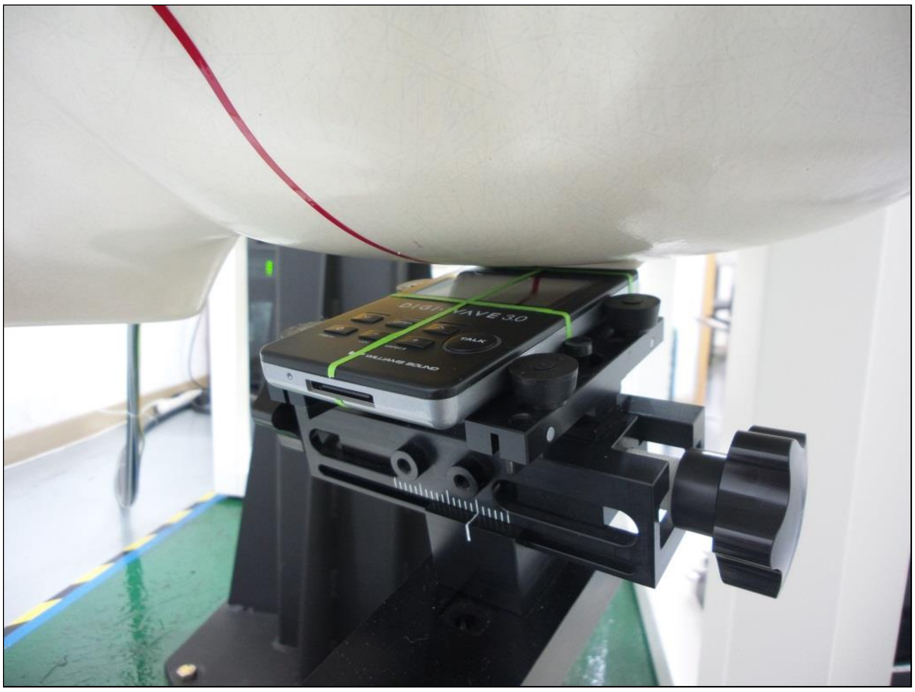
Left_Cheek



Left_Tilt



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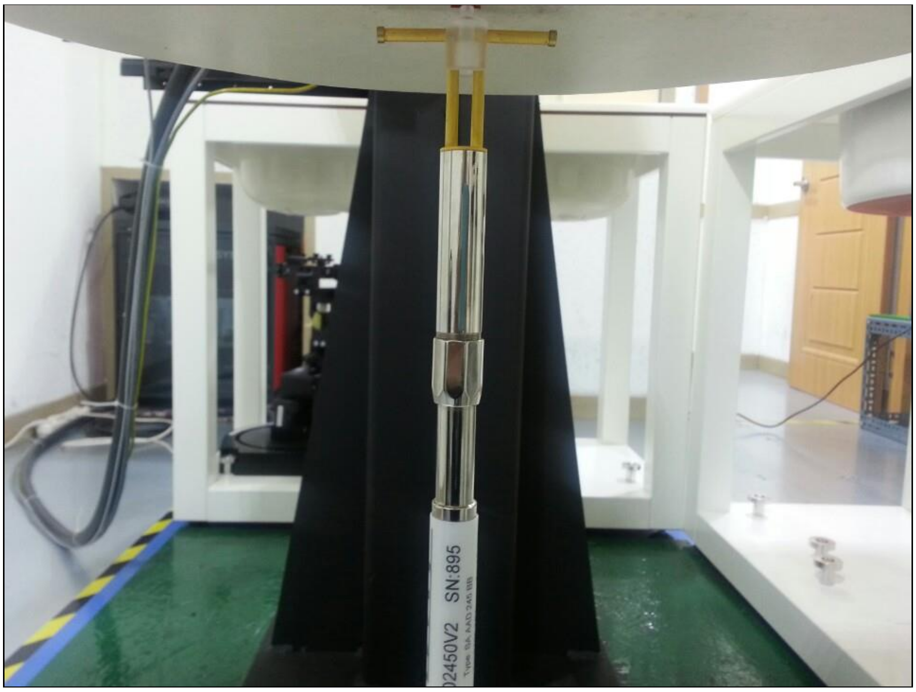
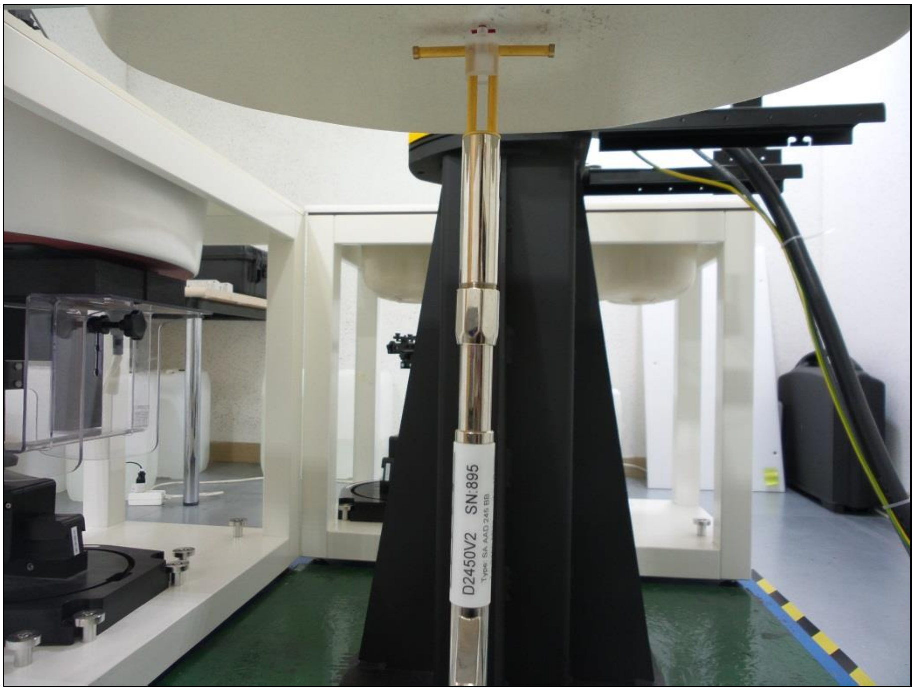
Body Validation 2450 MHz

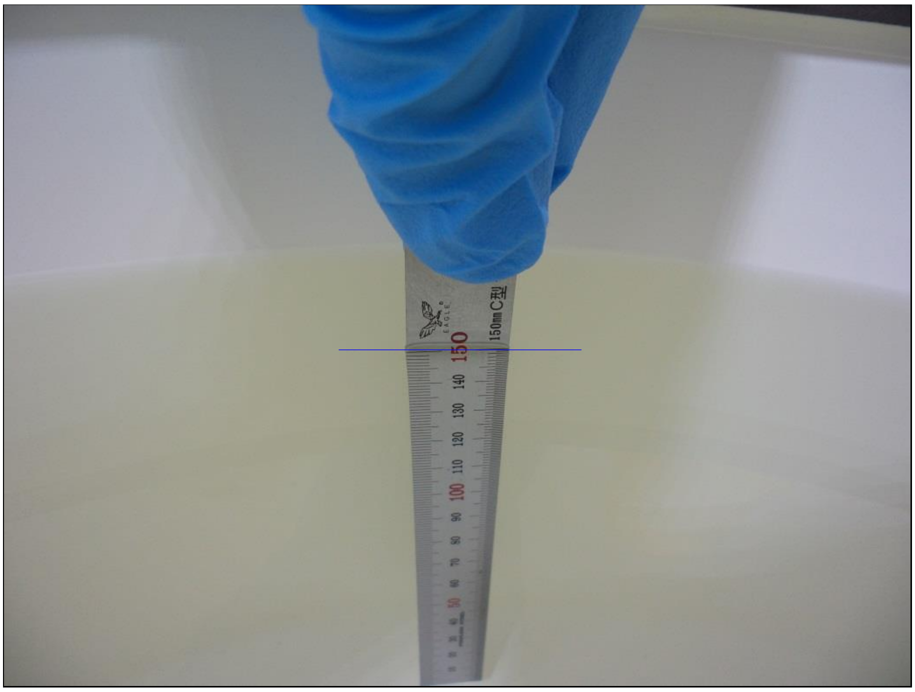


Head Validation 2450 MHz

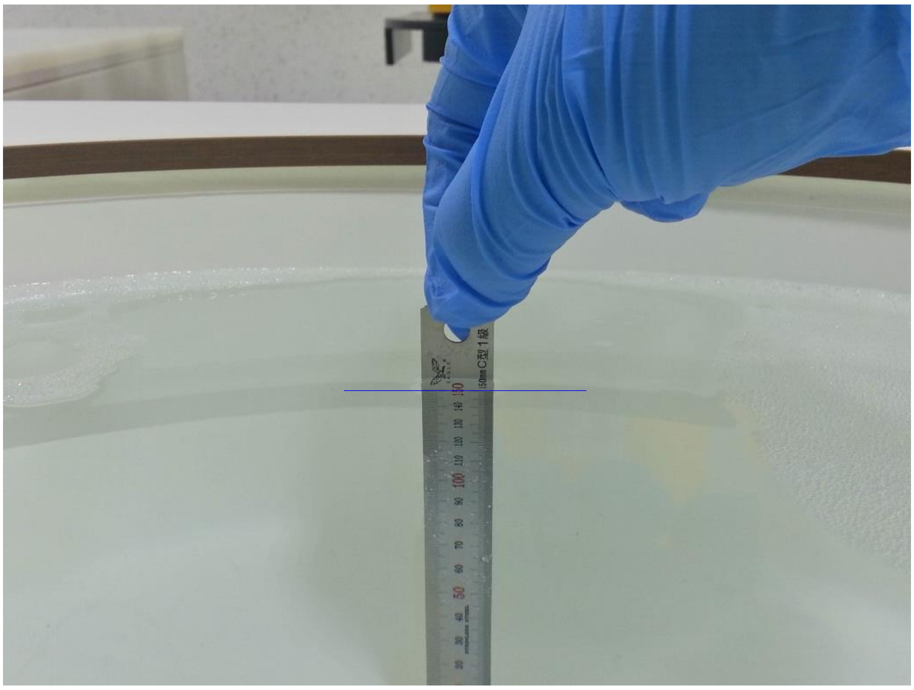


Annex A.4 Liquid Depth

Body 2450 MHz



Head 2450 MHz



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Annex B. Calibration certificate

Annex B.1 Probe Calibration certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **EMC Compliance (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3928_Jan14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3928
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	January 15, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01733)	Apr-14
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01737)	Apr-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01735)	Apr-14
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01738)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: January 15, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: EX3-3928_Jan14 Page 1 of 11

결재	작 성	검 토	승 인
	X		

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

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Probe EX3DV4

SN:3928

Manufactured: March 8, 2013
Calibrated: January 15, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

EMC complianceLtd.65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 443-390, Korea
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EX3DV4– SN:3928 January 15, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3928

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m)^2)[A]	0.50	0.23	0.56	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	97.4	89.0	98.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√µV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	167.7	±2.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		181.5	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		168.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Certificate No: EX3-3928_Jan14 Page 4 of 11

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3928

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	10.24	10.24	10.24	0.14	1.58	± 13.4 %
850	41.5	0.92	9.41	9.41	9.41	0.76	0.59	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.33	9.33	9.33	0.42	0.83	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.88	7.88	7.88	0.62	0.66	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.62	7.62	7.62	0.33	0.92	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.91	6.91	6.91	0.35	0.87	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	6.73	6.73	6.73	0.46	0.71	± 12.0 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.09	5.09	5.09	0.30	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.83	4.83	4.83	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.46	4.46	4.46	0.45	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.76	4.76	4.76	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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EX3DV4– SN:3928 January 15, 2014

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3928

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	10.53	10.53	10.53	0.06	1.20	± 13.4 %
850	55.2	0.99	9.33	9.33	9.33	0.80	0.64	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.21	9.21	9.21	0.52	0.77	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.65	7.65	7.65	0.38	0.88	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.31	7.31	7.31	0.31	0.98	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.84	6.84	6.84	0.77	0.55	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	6.61	6.61	6.61	0.80	0.50	± 12.0 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.39	4.39	4.39	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.21	4.21	4.21	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	3.96	3.96	3.96	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.07	4.07	4.07	0.30	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.10	4.10	4.10	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.
[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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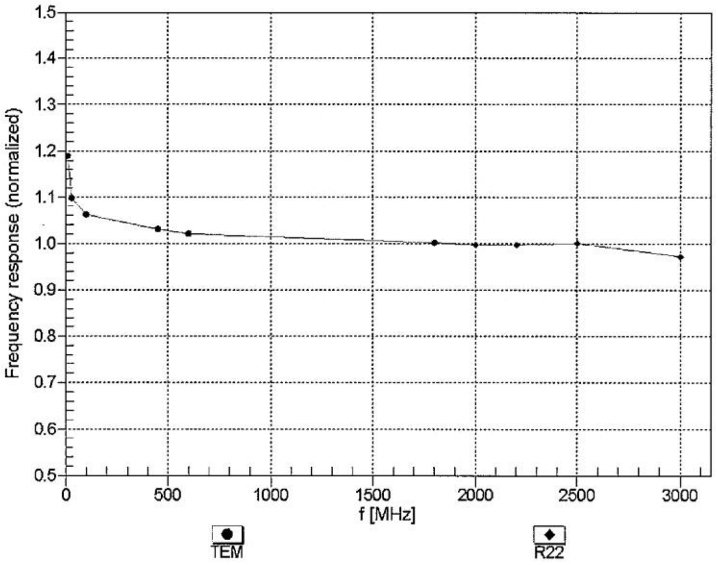
EX3DV4-- SN:3928 January 15, 2014

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

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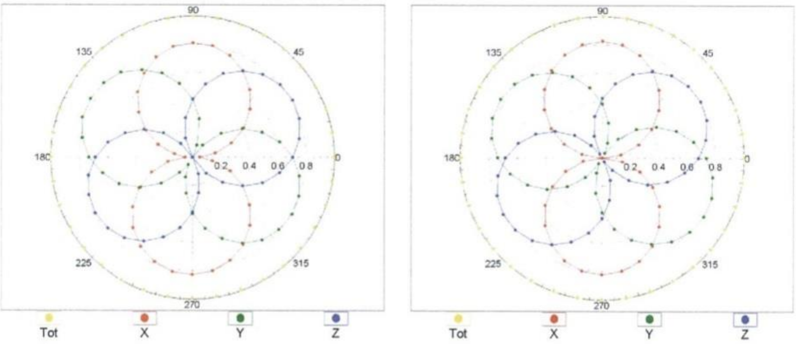
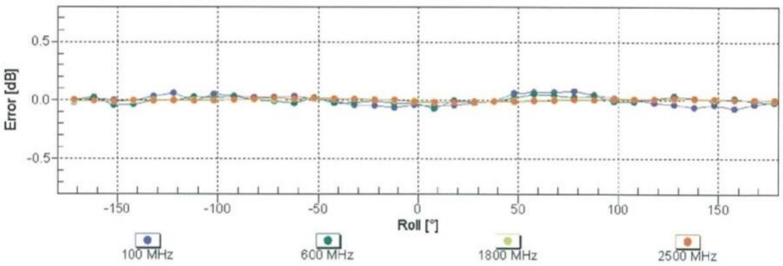
EX3DV4– SN:3928 January 15, 2014

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

f=600 MHz,TEM f=1800 MHz,R22





Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

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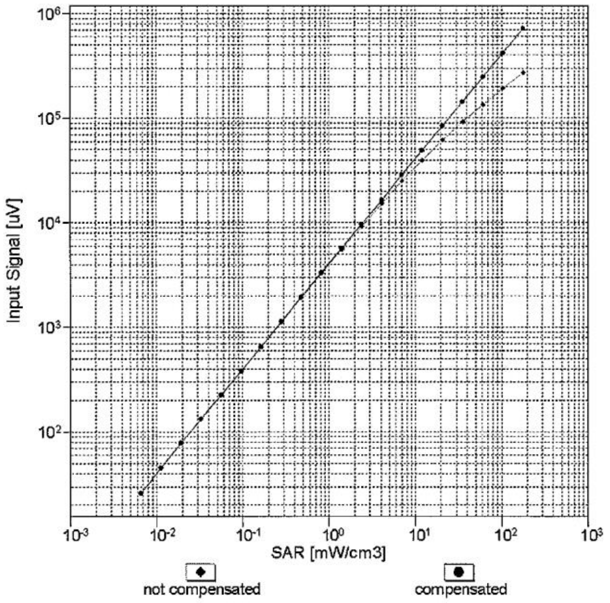
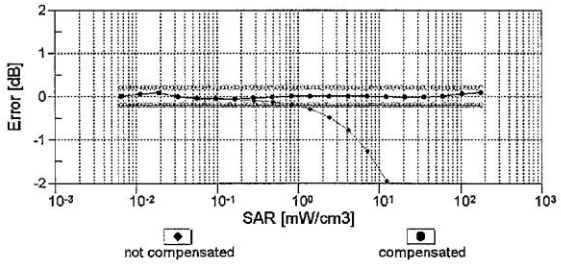
EX3DV4– SN:3928 January 15, 2014

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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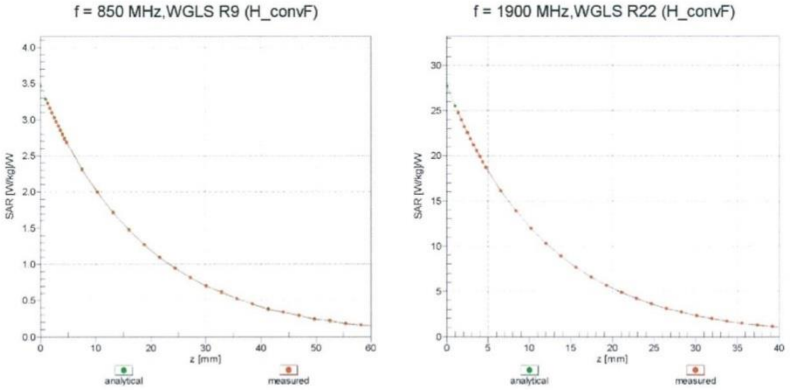
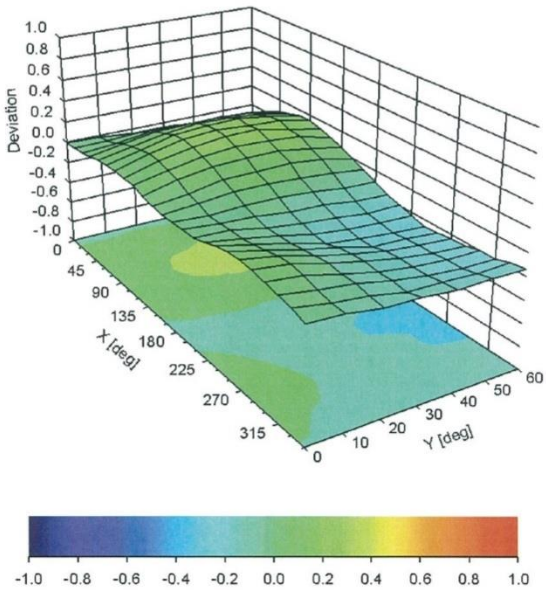
EX3DV4– SN:3928 January 15, 2014

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: EX3-3928_Jan14 Page 10 of 11

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3928

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-112
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

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Annex B.2 DAE Calibration certification

Calibration Laboratory of
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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client EMC Compliance (Dymstec)

Certificate No: DAE4-1342_Jul14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1342

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-06.v26
Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: July 24, 2014

결재	작성	검토	승인

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	01-Oct-13 (No:13976)	Oct-14
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Check Date (in house)**	**Scheduled Check**
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Eric Hainfeld	Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	i.V.

Issued: July 24, 2014

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Certificate No: DAE4-1342_Jul14 Page 1 of 5

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV , full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1.......+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.079 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.229 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.193 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.97194 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.97818 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.97832 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	36.5 ° ± 1 °

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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199994.48	-2.71	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20003.12	2.03	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-19998.22	2.56	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199994.97	-2.37	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20000.20	-0.94	-0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20001.55	-0.79	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199993.69	-3.29	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20000.13	-0.86	-0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20001.35	-0.58	0.00

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.66	-0.29	-0.01
Channel X	+ Input	201.58	0.18	0.09
Channel X	- Input	-198.71	-0.04	0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	2001.16	0.25	0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	201.20	-0.03	-0.02
Channel Y	- Input	-199.87	-1.04	0.53
Channel Z	+ Input	2001.06	0.27	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200.54	-0.49	-0.24
Channel Z	- Input	-200.16	-1.24	0.62

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	11.07	9.27
	- 200	-8.95	-10.56
Channel Y	200	0.81	0.58
	- 200	-2.58	-2.76
Channel Z	200	1.15	0.69
	- 200	-2.73	-3.02

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	4.50	-2.81
Channel Y	200	9.68	-	6.17
Channel Z	200	10.07	7.09	-

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4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15949	15477
Channel Y	16473	14871
Channel Z	15667	14031

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.59	-0.36	1.97	0.56
Channel Y	-0.70	-1.87	0.51	0.54
Channel Z	-0.60	-1.90	0.78	0.60

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	–0.01	-8	-9

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Annex B.3 Dipole Calibration certification

Calibration Laboratory of
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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **EMC Compliance (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-895_Jul14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: D2450V2 - SN: 895

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-05.v9
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: July 24, 2014

결재	작성	검토	승인

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Apr-14 (No. DAE4-601_Apr14)	Apr-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: July 24, 2014

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Certificate No: D2450V2-895_Jul14 Page 1 of 8

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	37.8 ± 6 %	1.85 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**52.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**24.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.6 ± 6 %	2.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**50.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.01 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**23.6 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

EMC compliance Ltd. 65, Sinwon-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 443-390, Korea
TEL: 82 31 336 9919 FAX: 82 505 299 8311
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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.0 Ω + 1.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.6 Ω + 3.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.157 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	June 19, 2012

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 24.07.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

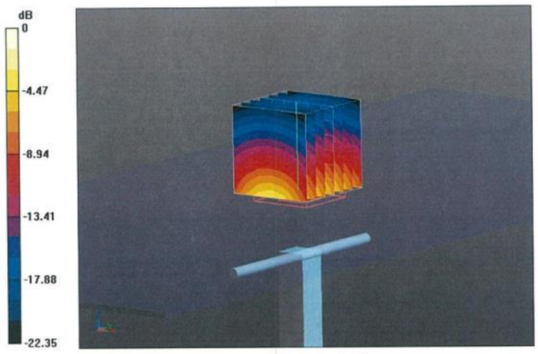
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 895

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.85 S/m; ε_r = 37.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 102.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.2 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.9 W/kg



0 dB = 17.9 W/kg = 12.53 dBW/kg

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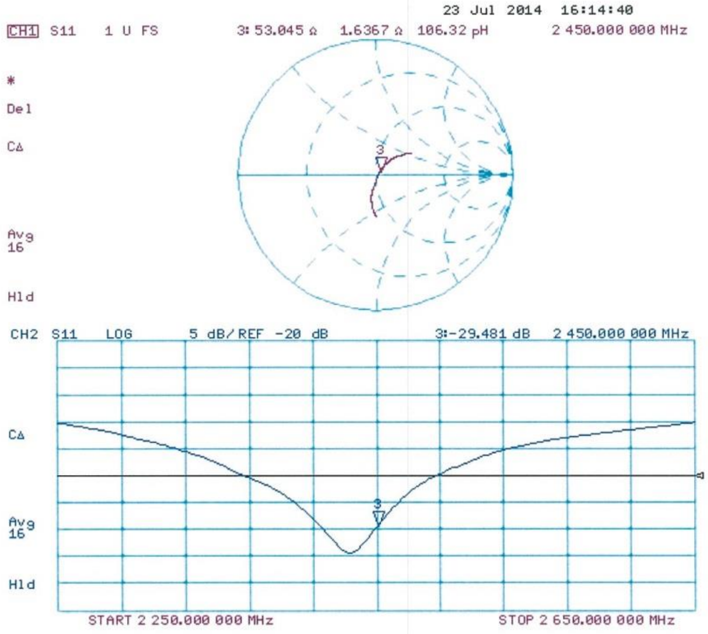
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 16.07.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

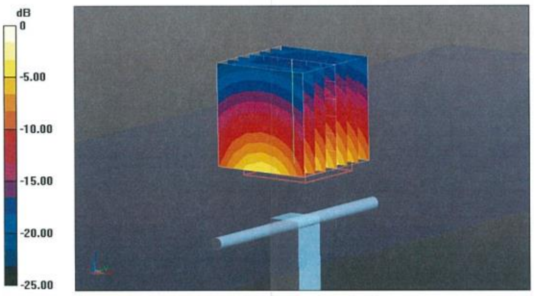
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 895

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.03 S/m; ε_r = 50.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 95.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.01 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.3 W/kg



0 dB = 17.3 W/kg = 12.38 dBW/kg

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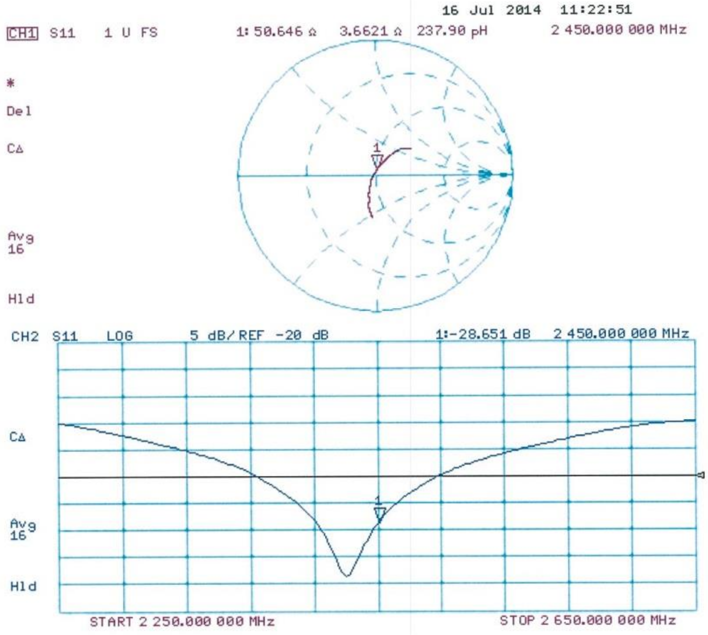
Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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-END OF REPORT -